

FCC RADIO TEST REPORT FCC ID: 2ADTY-M182

Product: Mobile Phone

Trade Name: Ole!
Model No: M182
Serial Model: N/A

Applicant's name: GUANGDONG GUANTONG HOLDING CO., Ltd

Address: NO.2,BEIAO AVENUE,DAWENBA,AOTOU,DAYABAY,HUIZHOU

Prepared By: Nowd Testing Services Co.,Ltd.

No. 606, FuerYuanjian Business Centre, 25 Zone, Bao'an District, Shenzhen,

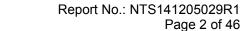
Guandong

Tel: (86) 755-27830065 Fax: (86) 755-27830095

Report No.: NTS141205029R1

Date of Test: Dec.05, 2014

Date of Rep. : Dec.14, 2014





TEST REPORT DECLARATION

Applicant : GUANGDONG GUANTONG HOLDING CO., Ltd

Address : NO.2,BEIAO AVENUE,DAWENBA,AOTOU,DAYABAY,HUIZHOU

Manufacturer : GUANGDONG GUANTONG HOLDING CO., Ltd

Address : NO.2,BEIAO AVENUE,DAWENBA,AOTOU,DAYABAY,HUIZHOU

EUT Description : Mobile Phone

Trademark : Ole!

Model No. : M182

Serial Model : N/A

Power Supply : DC 3.7V

Standards : FCC Part 22H and 24E

Test procedure : ANSI C63.4-2003, TIA/EIA 603

This device described above has been tested by Nowd Testing Services Co., Ltd., and the test results show that the equipment under test (EUT) is in compliance with the FCC requirements. And it is applicable only to the tested sample identified in the report.

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Date of Test:	Dec. 14, 2014		
Prepared by:	jack		
. ,	Jack Wu		
	Testing Engineer		
Reviewed by:	And		
	Andy Xie		
	Technical Manager		
Approved by:	Smouth		
	somnus		
	Authorized Signatory		

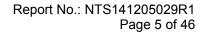


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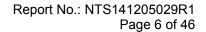


1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

A major technical description of EUT is described as following:

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Product Designation:	Mobile Phone		
Hardware version:			
Software version:			
Frequency Bands:	☐ GSM 850 ☐ PCS 1900 (U.S. Bands) ☐ GSM 900 ☐ DCS 1800 (Non-U.S. Bands) U.S. Bands: ☐ UMTS FDD Band II ☐ UMTS FDD Band V Non-U.S. Bands: ☐ UMTS FDD Band I ☐ UMTS FDD Band VIII		
Antenna:	PIFA Antenna		
Antenna gain:	-2.0 dBi		
Power Supply:	DC 3.7V by battery or DC 5.0V supplied by adapter		
Battery parameter:	DC 3.7V/500mAh		
Adapter Input:	AC 100-240V, 50-60Hz 0.2A		
Adapter Output:	DC 5.0V, 0.25A		
GPRS Class	Multi-Class12		
SIM CARD	The Phone has dual SIM Card sockets but only one of the dual SIM Card can be transmitting when the two SIM Cards are inserting the phone together. Anyone of the SIM Card socket was tested		
Extreme Vol. Limits:	DC3.4 V to 4.2 V (Nominal DC3.7 V)		
Extreme Temp. Tolerance	-10℃ to +50℃		
** Note: The High Voltage 4.2V and Low Voltage 3.4V was declared by manufacturer, The EUT couldn't be operate normally with higher or lower voltage.			





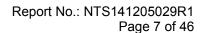
 MODE
 Max. Conducted Average Power (dBm)

 GSM850
 32.53

 GPRS 850
 32.63

 GSM1900
 29.28

 GPRS 1900
 29.29





1.2 RELATED SUBMITTAL(S) / GRANT (S)

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for **FCC ID: 2ADTY-M182** filing to comply with the FCC Part 22H&24E.

1.3 TEST METHODOLOGY

The radiated emission testing was performed according to the procedures of ANSI C 63.4: 2003; TIA/EIA 603 and FCC CFR 47 Rules of 2.1046, 2.1047, 2.1049, 2.1051, 2.1053, 2.1055, 2.1057.

1.4 TEST FACILITY

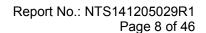
The test site used to collect the radiated data is located at:

Nowd Testing Services Co., Ltd.

No. 606, FuerYuanjian Business Centre, 25 Zone, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guandong The test site is constructed and calibrated to meet the FCC requirements in documents ANSI C63.4: 2009. FCC Registration No.:230614

1.5 MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTS

NAME OF EQUIPMENT	MANUFACTURER	MODEL	SERIAL NUMBER	LAST CALIBRATION	CALIBRATED UNTIL
SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT	E4440A	US44300399	2014.6.26	2015.6.25
TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESCI	A0304218	2014.6.26	2015.6.25
COMMUNICATION TESTER	AGILENT	8960	3104A03367	2014.6.26	2015.6.25
COMMUNICATION TESTER	R&S	CMU200	A0304247	2014.6.26	2015.6.25
TEST RECEIVER	R&S	FCKL1528	A0304230	2014.6.26	2015.6.25
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK8127	A0304233	2014.6.26	2015.6.25
CLIMATE CHAMBER	ALBATROSS			2014.6.26	2015.6.25
Loop Antenna	Daze	ZN30900N	SEL0097	2014.6.26	2015.6.25
Bilogical Antenna	A.H. Systems Inc.	SAS-521-4	N/A	2014.6.26	2015.6.25
HORN ANTENNA	EM	EM-AH-10180	N/A	2014.6.26	2015.6.25
HORN ANT	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	9170-181	2014.07.06	2015.07.05
SIGNAL GENERATOR	R&S	SMT 06	832080/007	2014.07.05	2015.07.04
POWER METER	R&S	NRVS	100696	2014.07.05	2015.07.04
POWER SENSOR	R&S	URV5-Z4	0395.1619.05	2014.07.05	2015.07.04
AMPLIFIER	EM	EM-30180	060538	2014.07.05	2015.07.04
COAXIAL CABLES	AOTS	N/A	N/A	2014.06.08	2015.06.07





1.6 SPECIAL ACCESSORIES

The battery and the charger, earphone supplied by the applicant were used as accessories and being tested with EUT intended for FCC grant together.

1.7 EQUIPMENT MODIFICATIONS

Not available for this EUT intended for grant.

2. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

2.1 EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commission's requirement and operating in a manner which intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

2.2 EUT EXERCISE

The Transmitter was operated in the maximum output power mode through Communication Tester. The TX frequency was fixed which was for the purpose of the measurements.

2.3 GENERAL TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

Item Number	Item Description		FCC Rules	
1	Output	Conducted output power	22.012(a) / 24.222 (b)	
1	Power	Radiated output power	22.913(a) / 24.232 (b)	
	Spurious Emission	Conducted		
2		spurious emission	2.1051 / 22.917 / 24.238	
	LIIIISSIOII	Radiated spurious emission		
3	Frequency Stability		2.1055 /24.235	
4	Occupied Bandwidth		2.1049 (h)(i)	
5	Emission Bandwidth		22.917(b) / 24.238 (b)	
6	Band Edge		22.917(b) / 24.238 (b)	
7	Peak-to-Average Ratio		24.232(d)	



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2.4 CONFIGURATION OF EUT SYSTEM

Fig. 2-1 Configuration of EUT System

EUT

Table 2-1 Equipment Used in EUT System

Item	Equipment	Model No.	ID or Specification	Note
1	Mobile Phone	M182	FCC ID: 2ADTY-M182	EUT

Note: All the accessories have been used during the test. the following "EUT" in setup diagram means EUT system.





3. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Item Number	Item Description		FCC Rules	Result
		Conducted		
1	Output	Output Power	22 012(a) / 24 222 (b)	Pass
'	Power	Radiated	22.913(a) / 24.232 (b)	F d 5 5
		Output Power		
		Conducted		
2	Spurious	Spurious Emission	0.4054./00.047./04.000	Door
	Emission	Radiated	2.1051 / 22.917 / 24.238	Pass
		Spurious Emission		
3	Mains Conducted Emission		15.107 / 15.207	Pass
4	Frequency Stability		2.1055 /24.235	Pass
5	Occupied Bandwidth		2.1049 (h)(i)	Pass
6	Emission Bandwidth		22.917(b) / 24.238 (b)	Pass
7	Band Edge		22.917(b) / 24.238 (b)	Pass
8	Peak-to-Av	verage Ratio	24.232(d)	Pass

4. DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

During the testing, the EUT was controlled via Rhode & Schwarz Digital Radio Communication Tester (CMU 200) to ensure max power transmission and proper modulation. Three channels (The top channel, the middle channel and the bottom channel) were chosen for testing on both GPRS850 and GPRS1900 frequency band.

Note: GSM/GPRS, GSM/GPRS1900 modes have been tested during the test. the worst condition (GSM850, GSM1900) be recorded in the test report if no other modes test data.





5. OUTPUT POWER

5.1 Conducted Output Power

5.1.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The EUT was setup for the max output power with pseudo random data modulation. Power was measured with Spectrum Analyzer. The measurements were performed on all modes(GPRS850, GPRS1900,) at 3 typical channels(the Top Channel, the Middle Channel and the Bottom Channel) for each band.

5.1.2 MEASUREMENT RESULT

Conducted Output Power Limits for GSM 850 MHZ			
Mode Nominal Peak Power		Tolerance(dB)	
GSM850	32 dBm	+/- 1	
GPRS 850-1TS:	32 dBm	+/- 1	
GPRS 850-2TS:	31 dBm	+/- 1	
GPRS 850-3TS:	30 dBm	+/- 1	
GPRS 850-4TS:	29 dBm	+/- 1	

Conducted Output Power Limits for PCS 1900 MHZ			
Mode Nominal Peak Power Tole		Tolerance(dB)	
GSM1900	29 dBm	+/- 1	
GPRS 1900-1TS:	29 dBm	+/- 1	
GPRS 1900-2TS:	28 dBm	+/- 1	
GPRS 1900-3TS:	26 dBm	+/- 1	
GPRS 1900-4TS:	25 dBm	+/- 1	





GSM 850:

	Eroguenov	Maximum
Mode	Frequency	Burst-Average Output
	(MHz)	Power
	824.2	32.53
GSM850	836.6	32.38
	848.8	32.35
ODDC050	824.2	32.63
GPRS850	836.6	32.41
(1 Slot)	848.8	32.37
CDDC050	824.2	31.84
GPRS850	836.6	31.63
(2 Slot)	848.8	31.56
CDDC050	824.2	30.16
GPRS850	836.6	29.88
(3 Slot)	848.8	29.75
CDDC050	824.2	29.06
GPRS850	836.6	28.73
(4 Slot)	848.8	28.51





PCS 1900:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Burst-Average Output
	, ,	Power
	1850.2	29.28
GSM1900	1880	29.04
	1909.8	28.94
CDD\$1000	1850.2	29.29
GPRS1900	1880	29.08
(1 Slot)	1909.8	29.02
CDD\$1000	1850.2	28.52
GPRS1900	1880	28.39
(2 Slot)	1909.8	28.34
CDD\$1000	1850.2	26.83
GPRS1900	1880	26.81
(3 Slot)	1909.8	26.87
CDDC4000	1850.2	25.72
GPRS1900	1880	25.75
(4 Slot)	1909.8	25.92



According to 3GPP 25.101 sub-clause 6.2.2 , the maximum output power is allowed to be reduced by following the table.

Table 6.1aA: UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

UE Transmit Channel Configuration	CM(db)	MPR(db)	
For all combinations of ,DPDCH,DPCCH	0≤ CM≤3.5	MAX(CM-1,0)	
HS-DPDCH,E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH	05 CIVIS3.5	IVIAX(CIVI-1,0)	

Note: CM=1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15.For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH,

HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

The device supports MPR to solve linearity issues (ACLR or SEM) due to the higher peak-to average ratios (PAR) of the HSUPA signal. This prevents saturating the full range of the TX DAC inside of device and provides a reduced power output to the RF transceiver chip according to the Cubic Metric (a function of the combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH).

When E-DPDCH channels are present the beta gains on those channels are reduced firsts to try to get the power under the allowed limit. If the beta gains are lowered as far as possible, then a hard limiting is applied at the maximum allowed level.

The SW currently recalculates the cubic metric every time the beta gains on the E-DPDCH are reduced. The cubic metric will likely get lower each time this is done. However, there is no reported reduction of maximum output power in the HSUPA mode since the device also provides a compensate for the power back-off by increasing the gain of TX_AGC in the transceiver (PA) device.

The end effect is that the DUT output power is identical to the case where there is no MPR in the device.





5.2 Radiated Output Power

5.2.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The measurements procedures specified in TIA-603C-2004 were applied.

- In an anechoic antenna test chamber, a half-wave dipole antenna for the frequency band of interest is placed at the reference centre of the chamber. An RF Signal source for the frequency band of interest is connected to the dipole with a cable that has been constructed to not interfere with the radiation pattern of the antenna. A known (measured) power (Pin) is applied to the input of the dipole, and the power received (Pr) at the chamber's probe antenna is recorded.
- The substitution method is used. Substitution values at each frequency are measured before and saved to the test software. A "reference path loss" is established as ARpl=Pin + 2.15 Pr. The ARpl is the attenuation of "reference path loss", and including the gain of receive antenna, the cable loss and the air loss. The measurement results are obtained as described below: Power=PMea+ARpl
- 3 The EUT is substituted for the dipole at the reference centre of the chamber and a scan is performed to obtain the radiation pattern.
- 4 From the radiation pattern, the co-ordinates where the maximum antenna gain occurs are identified.
- 5 The EUT is then put into continuously transmitting mode at its maximum power level.
- Power mode measurements are performed with the receiving antenna placed at the coordinates determined in Step 3 to determine the output power as defined in Rule 24.232 (b) and (c). The "reference path loss" from Step1 is added to this result.
- 7 This value is EIRP since the measurement is calibrated using a half-wave dipole antenna of known gain (2.15 dBi) and known input power (Pin).
- 8 ERP can be calculated from EIRP by subtracting the gain of the dipole, ERP = EIRP -2.15dBi..
- 9. Both horizontal and vertical antenna polarities were tested and performed pretest to three orthogonal axis. The worst case emissions were reported

5.2.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

This is the test for the maximum radiated power from the EUT. Rule Part 24.232(b) specifies, "Mobile/portable stations are limited to 2 watts e.i.r.p. Peak power" and 24.232(c) specifies that "Peak transmit power must be measured over any interval of continuous transmission using instrumentation calibrated in terms of an rms-equivalent voltage." Rule Part 22.913(a) specifies "Maximum ERP. The effective radiated power (ERP) of base transmitters and cellular repeaters must not exceed 500 Watts. The ERP of mobile transmitters and auxiliary test transmitters must not exceed 7 Watts."

Mode	Nominal Peak Power
GSM 850	<=38.45 dBm (7W)
PCS 1900	<=33 dBm (2W)





5.2.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

Radiated Power (ERP) for GSM 850 MHZ				
		Result		
Mode	Frequency	Max. Peak ERP	Polarization	Conclusion
		(dBm)	Of Max. ERP	
	824.2	26.29	Horizontal	Pass
	824.2	28.17	Vertical	Pass
0014050	836.6	27.24	Horizontal	Pass
GSM850	836.6	29.64	Vertical	Pass
	848.8	27.54	Horizontal	Pass
	848.8	29.29	Vertical	Pass

	Radiated Power (ERP) for GPRS 850 MHZ				
		Re			
Mode	Frequency	Max. Peak ERP	Polarization	Conclusion	
		(dBm)	Of Max. ERP		
	824.2	27.75	Horizontal	Pass	
	824.2	28.68	Vertical	Pass	
GPRS850	836.6	28.77	Horizontal	Pass	
GFR3630	836.6	28.31	Vertical	Pass	
	848.8	28.47	Horizontal	Pass	
	848.8	27.97	Vertical	Pass	





Radiated Power (E.I.R.P) for PCS 1900 MHZ Result Mode **Frequency** Max. Peak **Polarization** Conclusion E.I.R.P.(dBm) Of Max. E.I.R.P. Pass 1850.2 Horizontal 27.89 Pass 1850.2 26.43 Vertical 1880.0 28.44 Horizontal **Pass** PCS1900 1880.0 26.61 Vertical Pass 1909.8 28.71 Horizontal Pass Vertical Pass 1909.8 27.58

	Radiated Power (E.I.R.P) for GPRS 1900 MHZ				
	Result				
Mode	Frequency	Max. Peak	Polarization	Conclusion	
		E.I.R.P.(dBm)	Of Max. E.I.R.P.		
	1850.2	26.61	Horizontal	Pass	
	1850.2	26.86	Vertical	Pass	
GPRS	1880.0	26.96	Horizontal	Pass	
1900	1880.0	26.59	Vertical	Pass	
	1909.8	26.73	Horizontal	Pass	
	1909.8	26.68	Vertical	Pass	

NOTE 1: in the part, result the worst case GPRS 1slot for GSM 850 and PCS1900,





6. SPURIOUS EMISSION

6.1 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION

6.1.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the EUT.

- 1, Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the equipment of PCS1900 band, this equates to a frequency range of 30 MHz to 19.1 GHz, data taken from 30 MHz to 20 GHz. For GSM850, data taken from 30 MHz to 9 GHz.
- 2, Determine EUT transmit frequencies: the following typical channels were chosen to conducted emissions testing.

Typical Channels for testing of GSM/GPRS 850 MHz		
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	
128	824.2	
190	836.6	
251	848.8	

Typical Channels for testing of PCS/ GPRS 1900 MHz		
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	
512	1850.2	
661	1880.0	
810	1909.8	

6.1.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

On any frequency outside frequency band of the USPCS spectrum, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P, in Watts) by at least 43+10Log(P) dB. For all power levels +30 dBm to 0 dBm, this becomes a constant specification limit of -13 dBm.

6.1.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

PLEASE REFER TO: APPENDIX I TEST PLOTS FOR CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION

Note: 1. Below 30MHZ no Spurious found and The GSM modes is the worst condition.

2. As no emission found in standby or receive mode, no recording in this report.





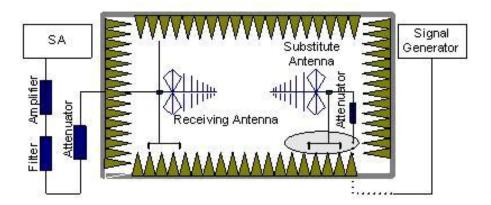
6.2 Radiated Spurious Emission

6.2.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The measurements procedures specified in TIA-603C-2004 were used for testing. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment. The resolution bandwidth is set 1MHz as outlined in Part 24.238. The measurements were performed on all modes(GPRS850, GPRS1900) at 3 typical channels(the Top Channel, the Middle Channel and the Bottom Channel) for each band.Only shown the worst data.

The procedure of radiated spurious emissions is as follows:

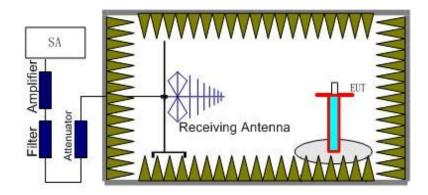
a) Pre-calibration With pre-calibration method, the Radiated Spurious Emissions(RSE) is calculated as, RSE=Rx (dBuV) +CL (dB) +SA (dB) +Gain (dBi) -107 (dBuV to dBm) The SA is calibrated using following setup.



b) EUT was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna. A receiving antenna was placed on the antenna mast 3 meters from the test item for emission measurements. The height of receiving antenna is 0.8m. The test setup refers to figure below. Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the test item and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization. The radiated emission measurements of all non-harmonic and harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector and 1MHz bandwidth.







Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, middle, and lower carrier frequencies of the PCS 1900 band (1850.2 MHz, 1880 MHz and 1909.8 MHz) ,GSM850 band (824.2MHz, 836.6MHz, 848.8MHz), UMTS band II(1852.4MHz, 1880MHz, 1907.6MHz), UMTS band V(826.4MHz, 835.0MHz, 846.6MHz). It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of any band into any of the other blocks.

The substitution method is used. Substitution values at each frequency are measured before and saved to the test software. A "reference path loss" is established and the A_{Rpl} is the attenuation of "reference path loss", and including the gain of receive antenna, the gain of the preamplifier, the cable loss and the air loss. The measurement results are obtained as described below: Power=P_{Mea}+A_{Rpl}

6.2.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

(a) On any frequency outside a licensee's frequency block (e.g. A, D, B, etc.) within the USPCS spectrum, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P, in Watts) by at least 43+10Log(P) dB. The specification that emissions shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB, translates in the relevant power range (1 to 0.001 W) to -13 dBm. At 1 W the specified minimum attenuation becomes 43 dB and relative to a 30 dBm (1 W) carrier becomes a limit of -13 dBm. At 0.001 W (0 dBm) the minimum attenuation is 13 dB, which again yields a limit of -13 dBm. In this way a translation of the specification from relative to absolute terms is carried out.

Note: only result the worst condition of each test mode:





6.2.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

GSM 850:

	Test Re	sults for Cha	nnel 128/824.	2 MHz	
requency(MHz)	Power(dBm)	A _{Rpl} (dBm)	P _{Mea} (dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Polarity
1648.4	-22.92	7.8	-15.12	-13.00	Vertical
1648.4	-33.43	7.8	-25.63	-13.00	Horizontal
2472.6	-26.95	11	-15.95	-13.00	Vertical
2472.6	-33.13	11	-22.13	-13.00	Horizontal
3296.8	-31.89	12.3	-19.59	-13.00	Horizontal
3296.8	-35.26	12.3	-22.96	-13.00	Vertical
Test Results for Channel 190/836.6 MHz					
1673.2	-21.13	8	-13.13	-13.00	Vertical
1673.2	-35.57	8	-27.57	-13.00	Horizontal
2509.8	-20.46	11.2	-9.26	-13.00	Vertical
2509.8	-28.79	11.2	-17.59	-13.00	Horizontal
3346.4	-25.54	12.6	-12.94	-13.00	Horizontal
3346.4	-32.26	12.6	-19.66	-13.00	Vertical
	Test Re	sults for Cha	nnel 251/848.	8 MHz	
1697.6	-19.89	8.1	-11.79	-13.00	Vertical
1697.6	-30.02	8.1	-21.92	-13.00	Horizontal
2546.4	-21.94	11.69	-10.25	-13.00	Vertical
2546.4	-28.31	11.69	-16.62	-13.00	Horizontal
3395.2	-26.22	12.92	-13.3	-13.00	Horizontal
3395.2	-32.12	12.92	-19.2	-13.00	Vertical





PCS 1900:

	Test Res	ults for Char	nnel 512/1850	.2MHz	
Frequency(MHz)	Power(dBm)	A _{Rpl} (dBm)	P _{Mea} (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Polarity
3700.4	-31.14	13.42	-17.72	-13.00	Horizontal
3700.4	-37.05	13.42	-23.63	-13.00	Vertical
5550.6	-30.92	17.12	-13.8	-13.00	Vertical
5550.6	-24.47	17.12	-7.35	-13.00	Horizontal
7400.8	-31.81	19.26	-12.55	-13.00	Horizontal
7400.8	-34.26	19.26	-15	-13.00	Vertical
	Test Re	sults for Cha	nnel 661/1880	0.0MHz	
3760	-32.48	13.76	-18.72	-13.00	Horizontal
3760	-35.65	13.76	-21.89	-13.00	Vertical
5640	-32.46	17.56	-14.9	-13.00	Vertical
5640	-42.65	17.56	-25.09	-13.00	Horizontal
7520	-42.22	19.6	-22.62	-13.00	Horizontal
7520	-42.77	19.6	-23.17	-13.00	Vertical
	Test Re	sults for Cha	nnel 810/1909	0.8MHz	
3819.6	-21.15	13.87	-7.28	-13.00	Horizontal
3819.6	-32.14	13.87	-18.27	-13.00	Vertical
5729.4	-38.52	17.66	-20.86	-13.00	Vertical
5729.4	-36.69	17.66	-19.03	-13.00	Horizontal
7639.2	-37.82	19.75	-18.07	-13.00	Horizontal
7639.2	-32.45	19.75	-12.7	-13.00	Vertical

Note: Below 30MHZ no Spurious found.





7. FREQUENCY STABILITY

7.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the EUT in a "call mode". This is accomplished with the use of R&S CMU200 DIGITAL RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER.

- 1 , Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
- 2 , Subject the EUT to overnight soak at -10℃.
- 3 , With the EUT, powered via nominal voltage, connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on channel 661 for PCS 1900 band , channel 190 for GSM 850 band, channel 9400 for UMTS band II and channel 4175 for UMTS band V measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of Powering up the EUT, to prevent significant self-warming.
- 4 , Repeat the above measurements at 10° C increments from -10°C to +50°C. Allow at least 1 1/2 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
- 5 , Re-measure carrier frequency at room temperature with nominal voltage. Vary supply voltage from minimum voltage to maximum voltage, in 0.1Volt increments re-measuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at nominal voltage for 1 1/2 hours unpowered, to allow any self-heating to stabilize, before continuing.
- 6 , Subject the EUT to overnight soak at +50°C.
- 7 , With the EUT, powered via nominal voltage, connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on the centre channel, measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of Powering up the EUT, to prevent significant self-warming.
- 8 , Repeat the above measurements at 10° C increments from $+50^{\circ}$ C to -10° C. Allow at least 1 1/2 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
- 9 , At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5°C during the measurement procedure.

7.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

7.2.1 For Hand carried battery powered equipment

According to the JTC standard the frequency stability of the carrier shall be accurate to within 0.1 ppm of the received frequency from the base station. This accuracy is sufficient to meet Sec. 24.235, Frequency Stability. The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. As this transceiver is considered "Hand carried, battery powered equipment" Section 2.1055(d)(2) applies. This requires that the lower voltage for frequency stability testing be specified by the manufacturer. This transceiver is specified to operate with an input voltage of between 3.4VDC and 4.2VDC, with a nominal voltage of 3.7VDC. Operation above or below these voltage limits is prohibited by transceiver software in order to prevent improper operation as well as to protect components from overstress. These voltages represent a tolerance of -10 % and +12.5 %. For the purposes of measuring frequency stability these voltage limits are to be used.





7.2.2 For equipment powered by primary supply voltage

According to the JTC standard the frequency stability of the carrier shall be accurate to within 0.1 ppm of the received frequency from the base station. This accuracy is sufficient to meet Sec. 24.235, Frequency Stability. The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. For this EUT section 2.1055(d)(1) applies. This requires varying primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment, the normal environment temperature is 20°C.

7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

Frequency Error Against Voltage for GSM 850 band				
Voltage (V) Frequency Error (Hz) Frequency Error (ppm)				
3.4	18	0.021		
3.7	22	0.027		
4.2	17	0.021		

Frequency Error Against Temperature for GSM 850 band				
Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (ppm)		
-10	42	0.051		
0	51	0.062		
10	48	0.058		
20	39	0.047		
30	45	0.055		
40	44	0.053		
50	49	0.059		

Note: The EUT doesn't work below -10°C





Frequency Error Against Voltage for GSM 1900 band				
Voltage (V) Frequency Error (Hz) Frequency Error (ppm)				
3.4	22	0.012		
3.7	25	0.014		
4.2	23	0.012		

Frequency Error Against Temperature for GSM 1900 band			
Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (ppm)	
-10	47	0.025	
0	42	0.023	
10	52	0.028	
20	46	0.025	
30	51	0.028	
40	53	0.029	
50	44	0.024	

Note: The EUT doesn't work below -10°C

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8. BANDWIDTH

8.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The test set up and general procedure is similar to conducted peak output power test. Only different for setting the measurement configuration of the measuring instrument of Spectrum Analyzer.

8.2APPLICABLE STANDARD

FCC §2.1049, §22.917, §22.905 and §24.238.

8.3 TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. The EUT was connected to Spectrum Analyzer and Base Station via power divider.
- 2. The 99% and 26 dB occupied bandwidth (BW) of the middle channel for the highest RF powers.
- 3. Details according with KDB 971168 section 4.1 & 4.2.

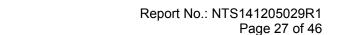
8.4 MEASUREMENT RESULT

Occupied Bandwidth (99%) for GSM 850 band			
Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (99%)(kHz)	
Low Channel	824.2	246.854	
Middle Channel	836.6	248.594	
High Channel	848.8	249.659	

Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc) for GSM850 band			
Mode Frequency(MHz) Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc)(k		Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc)(kHz)	
Low Channel	824.2	315.834	
Middle Channel	836.6	318.150	
High Channel	848.8	325.796	

Occupied Bandwidth (99%) for GSM1900 band			
Mode Frequency(MHz) Occupied Bandwidth (99%)(kH			
Low Channel	1850.2	246.243	
Middle Channel	1880.0	249.536	
High Channel	1909.8	241.094	

Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc) for GSM1900 band			
Mode Frequency(MHz) Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc)(
Low Channel	1850.2	319.069	
Middle Channel	1880.0	318.654	
High Channel	1909.8	316.144	





9. BAND EDGE

9.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The test set up and general procedure is similar to conducted peak output power test. Only different for setting the measurement configuration of the measuring instrument of Spectrum Analyzer.

9.2 APPLICABLE STANDARD

According to § 22.917(a), the power of any emissions outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.

According to §24.238(a), the power of any emissions outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.

9.3 TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. The EUT was connected to Spectrum Analyzer and Base Station via power divider.
- 2. The Band Edges of low and high channels for the highest RF powers were measured. Setting RBW as roughly BW/100.
- 3. Details according with KDB 971168 section 6.0.

9.4 MEASUREMENT RESULT

Please refers to Appendix III for compliance test plots for band edges



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11. Peak-to-Average Ratio

11.1.1 DESCRIPTION OF THE PAR MEASUREMENT

The peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.

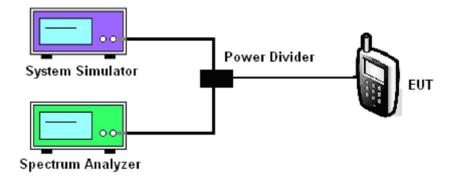
11.1.2 MEASURING INSTRUMENTS

See list of measuring instruments of this test report.

11.1.3 TEST PROCEDURES

- 1. The EUT was connected to Spectrum Analyzer and Base Station via power divider.
- 2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
- 3. For GSM/EGPRS operating modes:
 - a. Set the RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz, Peak detector in spectrum analyzer.
 - b. Set EUT in maximum power output, and triggered the burst signal.
- c. Measured respectively the Peak level and Mean level, and the deviation was recorded as Peak to Average Ratio.
- 4. For UMTS operating modes:
 - a. Set the CCDF (Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function) option in spectrum analyzer.
 - b. The highest RF powers were measured and recorded the maximum PAPR level associated with a probability of 0.1 %.

11.1.4 TEST SETUP







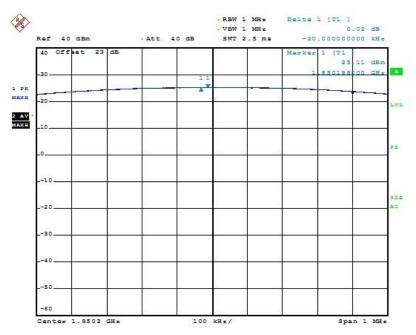
11.1.5 TEST RESULT OF PEAK-TO-AVERAGE RATIO

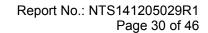
Modes	GSM1900(GSM)		
Channel	512 661 810		
Channel	(Low) (Mid) (High	(High)	
Frequency(MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8
Peak-to-Average Ratio (dB)	0.02	0.01	0.01

11.1.6 TEST RESULT (PLOTS) OF PEAK-TO-AVERAGE RATIO

Band : GSM 1900	Test Mode :	GSM Link
------------------------	-------------	----------

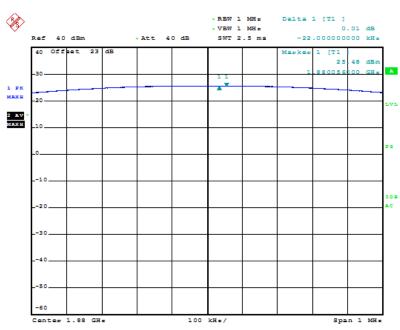
Peak-to-Average Ratio on Channel 512



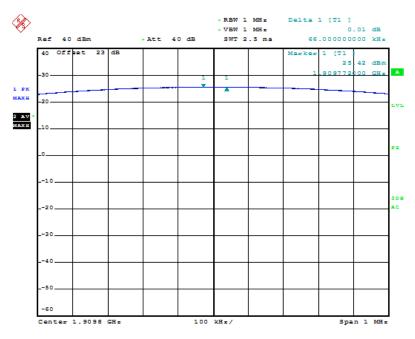




Peak-to-Average Ratio on Channel 661



Peak-to-Average Ratio on Channel 810





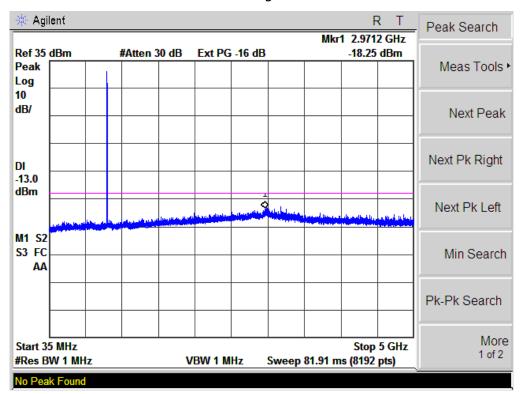


APPENDIX I
TEST PLOTS FOR CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION
TEST FEOTS FOR CONDUCTED SPORIOUS EMISSION

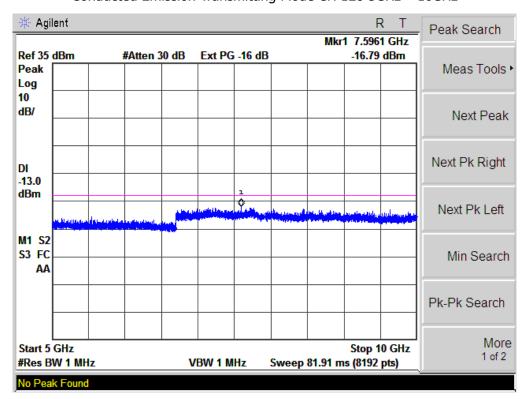




CONDUCTED EMISSION IN GSM 850 BAND
Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 128 30MHz – 5GHz



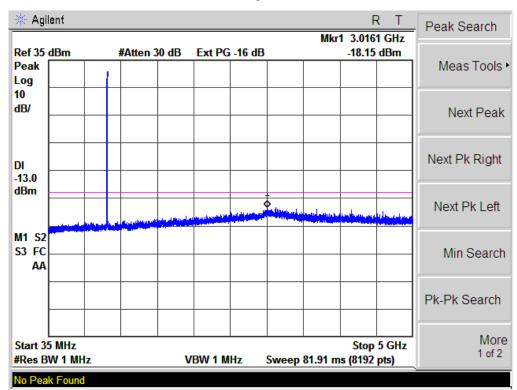
Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 128 5GHz - 10GHz



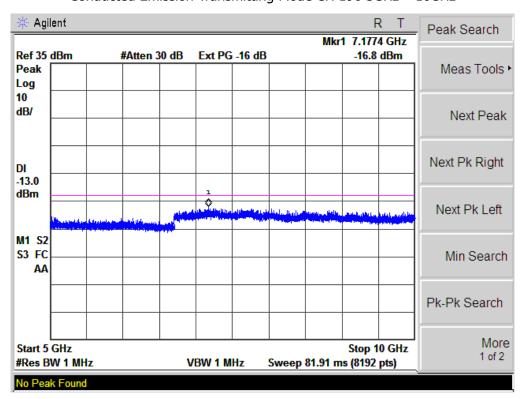




Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 190 30MHz - 5GHz



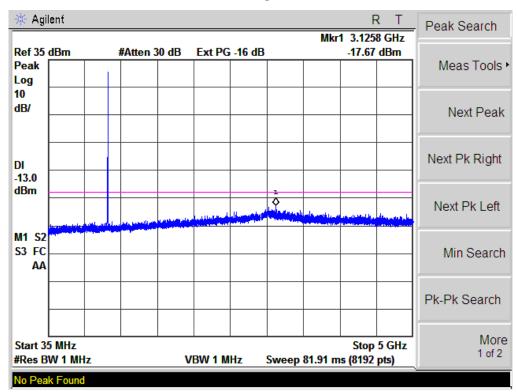
Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 190 5GHz - 10GHz



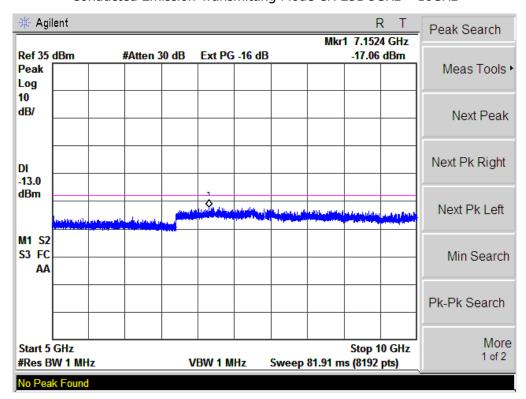




Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 251 30MHz - 5GHz



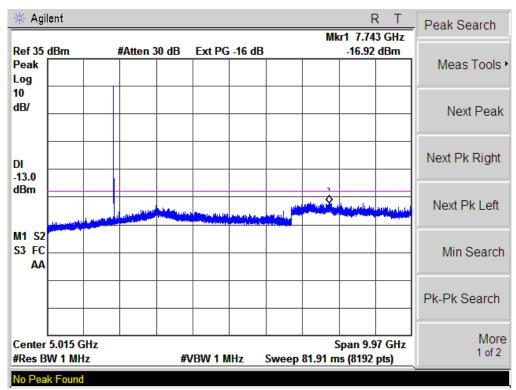
Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 251 5GHz - 10GHz



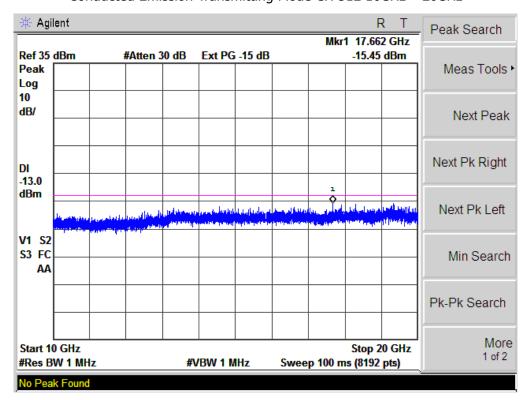




CONDUCTED EMISSION IN GSM1900 BAND
Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 512 30MHz – 10GHz



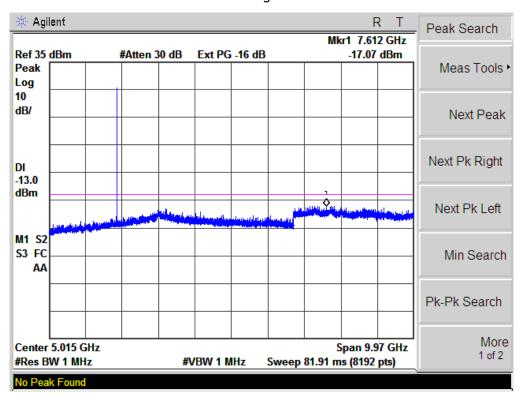
Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 512 10GHz - 20GHz



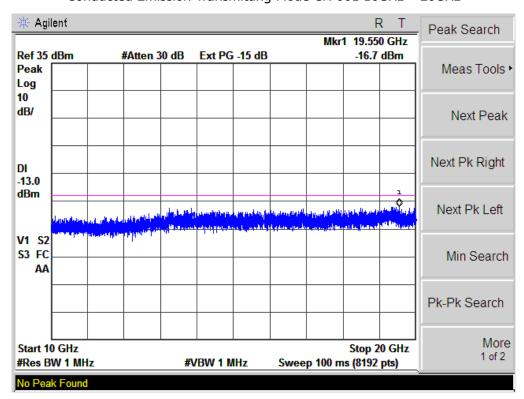




Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 661 30MHz - 10GHz



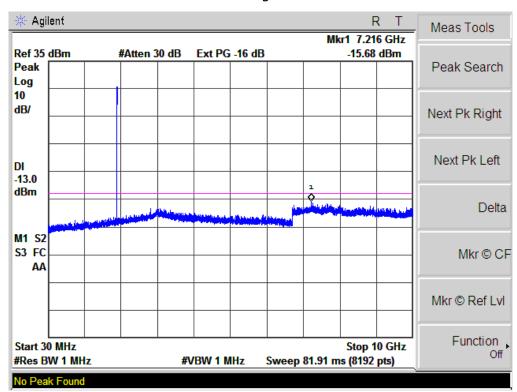
Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 661 10GHz - 20GHz



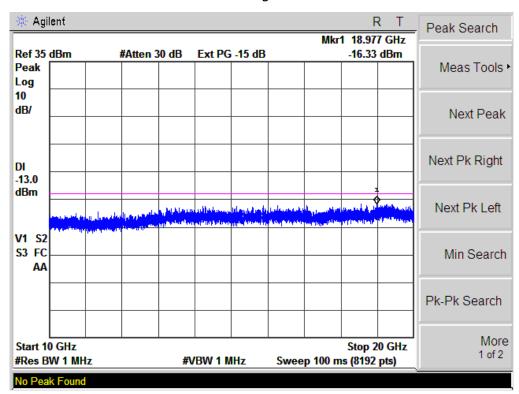




Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 810 30MHz - 10GHz



Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 810 10GHz - 20GHz





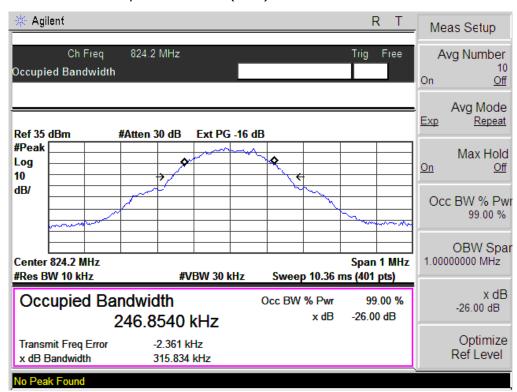


APPENDIX II TEST PLOTS FOR OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99%) EMISSION BANDWIDTH (-26dBC)

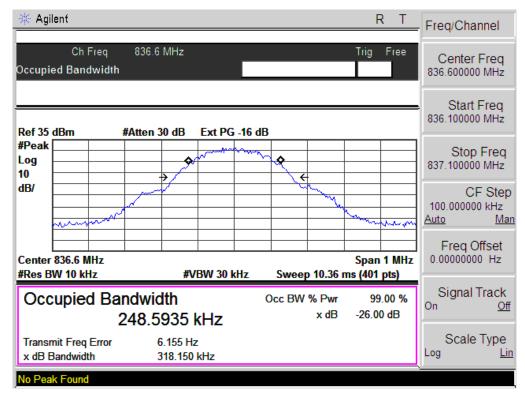




Occupied Bandwidth (99%) GSM 850 BAND CH 128



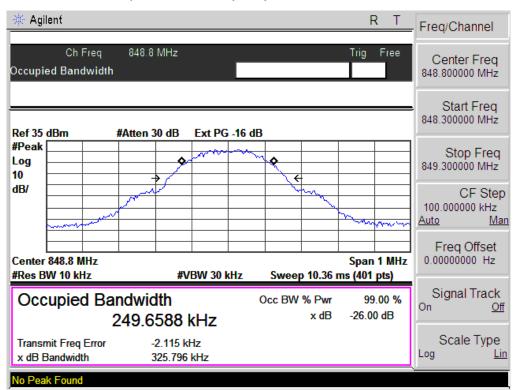
Occupied Bandwidth (99%) GSM 850 BAND CH 190



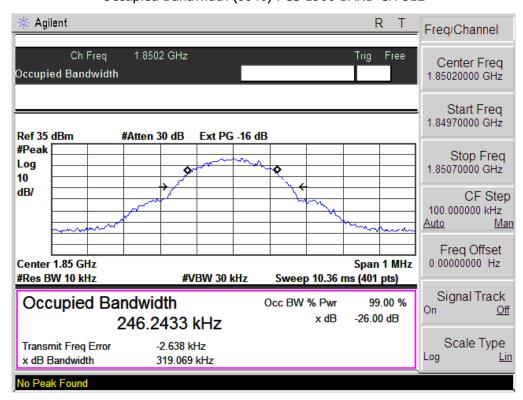




Occupied Bandwidth (99%) GSM 850 BAND CH 251



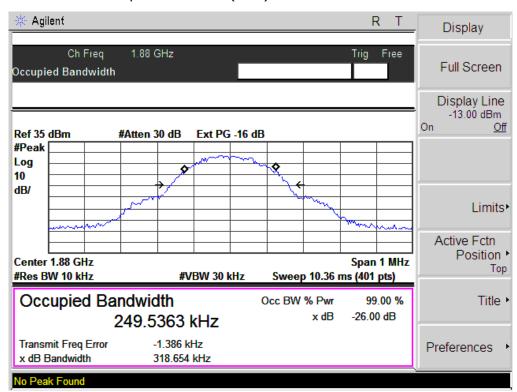
Occupied Bandwidth (99%) PCS 1900 BAND CH 512



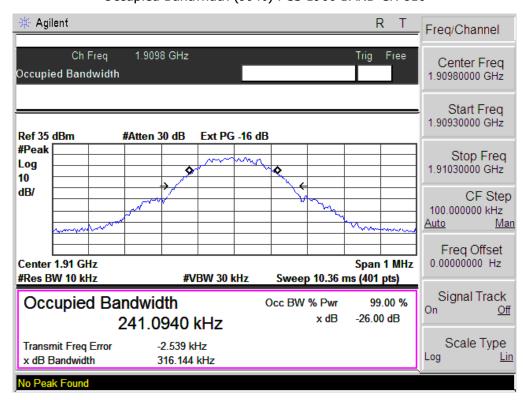




Occupied Bandwidth (99%) PCS 1900 BAND CH 661



Occupied Bandwidth (99%) PCS 1900 BAND CH 810





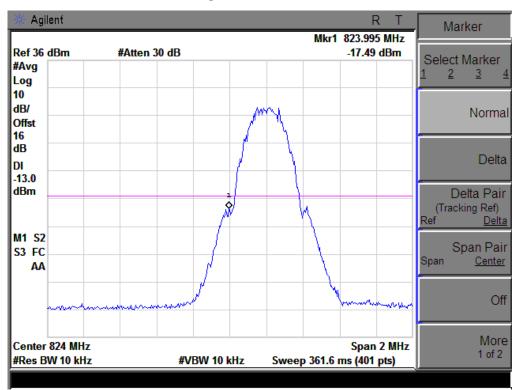


APPENDIX III	
TEST PLOTS FOR BAND EDGES	

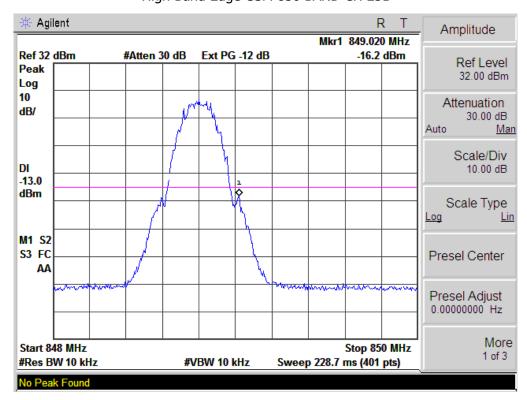




Low Band Edge GSM 850 BAND CH 128



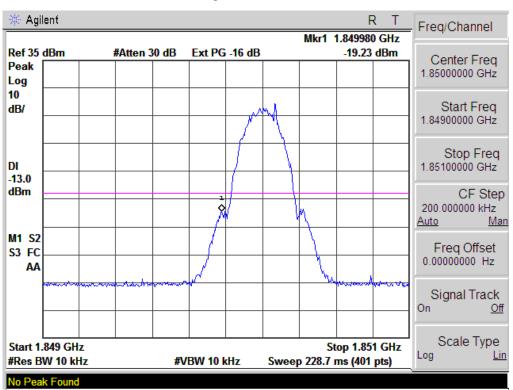
High Band Edge GSM 850 BAND CH 251



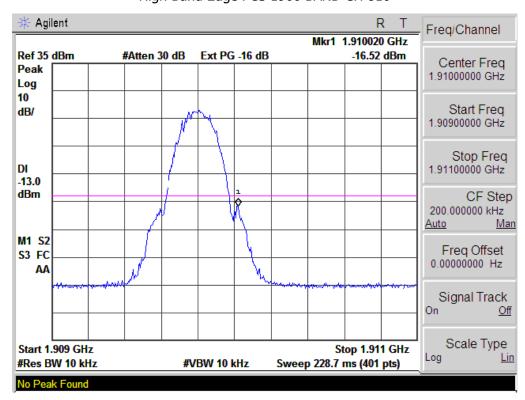




Low Band Edge PCS 1900 BAND CH 512



High Band Edge PCS 1900 BAND CH 810

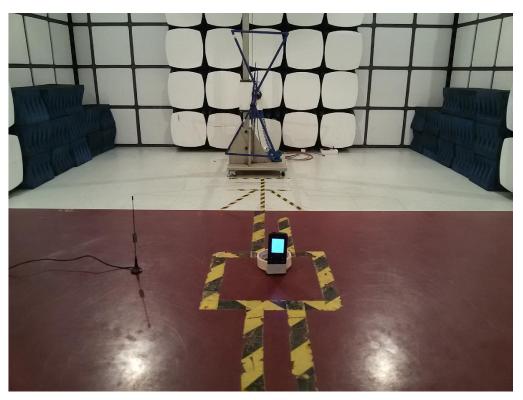






APPENDIX IV PHOTOGRAPHS OF TEST SETUP

RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSION









----END OF REPORT----