

SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

ONE DIAMOND ELECTRONICS INC.

1450 FRAZEE ROAD, SUITE 303, SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA, UNITED STATES

FCC ID: 2ADWUP5006A

Report Type: **Product Type:**

Original Report mobile phone

Report Number: RSZ161214006-20

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Attestation of Test Results							
	Company Name	ONE DIAMOND ELECTRONICS INC.					
	EUT Description	mobile phone					
EUT	Model Number	P5006A					
Information	FCC ID	2ADWUP5006A					
	Serial Number	16121400609					
	Test Date	ate 2016-12-26 and 2016-12-28 and 2016-12-29 and 2016-12-31					
МО	DE	Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/Kg)	Limit (W/Kg)				
CCM 050	1g Head SAR	0.27					
GSM 850	1g Body SAR	0.62					
PCC 1000	1g Head SAR	0.16					
PCS 1900	1g Body SAR	1.10					
WCDMA Dand 5	1g Head SAR	0.31					
WCDMA Band 5	1g Body SAR	0.46	1.6				
WCDMA D. 12	1g Head SAR	0.19					
WCDMA Band 2	1g Body SAR	0.98					
	1g Head SAR	0.60					
Simultaneous	1g Body SAR	1.24					
	1g Body SAR	1.24 (Hotspot)					

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FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093

Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices

IEEE1528:2013

IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques

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IEC 62209-2:2010

Applicable Standards

Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices-Human models, instrumentation, and procedures-Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)

KDB procedures

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06.

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03.

KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02

KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01

KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01

Note: This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision	
0	RSZ161214006-20	Original Report	2017-01-21	

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EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of ONE DIAMOND ELECTRONICS INC. and their product, FCC ID: 2AG4WP5006A, Model: P5006A or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

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Note:

- 1. The device is capable of personal hotspot mode. WLAN Hotspot mode permits the device to share its cellular data connection with other 2.4 GHz WLA N enabled devices.
- 2. All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from production sample serial number: 16121400609(Assigned by BACL, Taiwan). The EUT supplied by the applicant was received on 2016-12-16.

Technical Specification

Product Type	Portable
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna
Body-Worn Accessories:	Headset
Face-Head Accessories:	None
Multi-slot Class:	Class12
	GSM Voice, GPRS/EGPRS Data,
On weather Made	WCDMA(R99 (Voice+Data), HSUPA, HSDPA)
Operation Mode :	WLAN
	Bluetooth
	GSM 850 : 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX)
	PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX)
Frequency Band:	WCDMA850: 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX)
Frequency Band.	WCDMA1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX) ; 1930-1990 MHz(RX)
	WLAN(802.11b/g/n20/n40): 2412MHz-2472 MHz
	Bluetooth:2402-2480MHz
Dimensions (L*W*H):	14.4 cm (L) * 7.25 cm (W) * 0.97 cm (H)
Power Source:	3.8 V _{DC} Rechargeable Battery
Normal Operation:	Head and Body-worn

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REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For portable devices, the RF radiation exposure evaluation requirement was provided in part 2.1093. According to KDB447498 D01 "General RF Exposure Guidance", the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

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This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For portable devices, the limitation of exposure of the general public to electromagnetic fields was recommended on Council Recommendation 1999/519/EC. According to the Standard IEC62209-1/2, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body portable devices.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

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SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

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	SAR (W/kg)					
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)				
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4				
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0				
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0				

CE Limit (10g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)					
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)				
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4				
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10				
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0				

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

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FACILITIES

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Taiwan) to collect test data is located on the 70, Lane 169, Sec. 2, Datong Road, Xizhi Dist., New Taipei City 22183, Taiwan, R.O.C.

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DASY4 SAR Evaluation Procedure

Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method. The Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. By default, the Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 4mm. This distance can be modified by the user, but cannot be smaller than the Distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

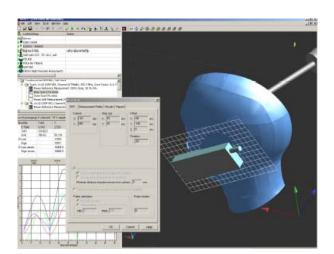
Area Scan

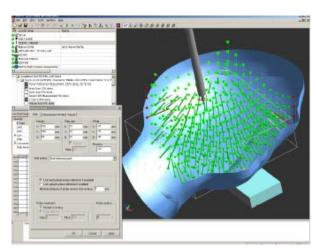
The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a finer measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY4 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids.

The scanning area is defined by an editable grid. This grid is anchored at the grid reference point of the selected section in the phantom. When the Area Scan's property sheet is brought-up, grid settings can be edited by a user.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE 1528-2013, IEC 62209-1:2006 and IEC 62209-2:2010 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

After measurement is completed, all maxima and their coordinates are listed in the Results property page. The maximum selected in the list is highlighted in the 3-D view. For the secondary maxima returned from an Area Scan, the user can specify a lower limit (peak SAR value), in addition to the Find secondary maxima within x dB condition. Only the primary maximum and any secondary maxima within x dB from the primary maximum and above this limit will be measured.





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Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan measures 5 x 5 x 7 points within a cube whose base faces are centered around the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

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Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement job measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

Z-Scan

The Z Scan job measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z axis of a one-dimensional grid. A user can anchor the grid to the section reference point, to any defined user point or to the current probe location. As with any other grids, the local Z axis of the anchor location establishes the Z axis of the grid.



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DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY4 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:

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DASY4 System Description

The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplication, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital
 communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC
 signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 profesional operating system and the DASY42 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

DASY4 Measurement Server

The DASY4 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY4 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



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The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifer with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

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ET3DV6 E-Field Probes

Frequency	10 MHz – 2.3 GHz Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 2.3 GHz)
Directivity	±0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.4 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g – >100 mW/g; Linearity: ±0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 6.8 mm (body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm
Application	General dosimetric measurements up to 2.3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6 mm). The phantom has three measurement areas:

- Left hand
- _ Right hand
- _ Flat phantom

The phantom table for the DASY systems based on the TX90XL and RX160L robots have the size of $100 \times 50 \times 85$ cm (L xWx H). The phantom table for the compact DASY systems based on the RX60L robot have the size of $100 \times 75 \times 91$ cm (L xWx H); these tables are reinforced for mounting of the robot onto the table.



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For easy dislocation these tables have fork lift cut outs at the bottom.

The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different liquids)

A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during o_-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible.

Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.

Robots

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The DASY4 system uses the high precision industrial robots RX90XL from Staubli SA (France). The TX robot family is the successor of the well known RX robot family and offers the same features important for our application:

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- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm2 step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY4 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.

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Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

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Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

Frequency	Head '	Tissue	Body	Tissue
(MHz)	εr	O (S/m)	εr	O (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

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EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Robot	RX60	5N26A1	N/A	N/A
DASY4 Test Software	DASY4.5	N/A	N/A	N/A
DASY4 Measurement Server	DASY 4.5.12	1470	N/A	N/A
Data Acquistion Electronics	DAE4	527	2016/10/19	2017/10/18
E-Field Probe	ET3DV6	1664	2016/11/17	2017/11/16
Dipole, 835 MHz	D835V2	454	2015/08/17	2018/08/16
Dipole,1900 MHz	D1900V2	5d207	2015/07/14	2018/07/13
Mounting Device	N/A	SD 000 H01 KA	N/A	N/A
Twin SAM	Twin SAM V5.0	1368	N/A	N/A
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	TS-835-H	N/A	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	TS-835-B	N/A	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	TS-1900-H	N/A	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	TS-1900-B	N/A	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8753D	3410A05361	2016/3/22	2017/3/21
Dielectric probe kit	85070B	050207	N/A	N/A
Signal Generator	8648C	3623A02870	2016/5/30	2017/5/29
Wideband Radio Communcation Tester	CMU-200	110822	2016/05/11	2017/05/10
Power Meter	E4418B	US39402167	2016/5/30	2017/5/29
Power Meter Sensor	E9301A	US39210953	2016/5/30	2017/5/29
Power Amplifier	5S1G4	71377	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	488Z	N/A	N/A	N/A
attenuator	20dB, 100W	N/A	N/A	N/A

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SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



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Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency Liquid		Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Туре	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ΄ (S/m)	(%)
824.2	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Head	40.85	0.92	41.56	0.90	-1.708	2.222	±5
826.4	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Head	41.18	0.92	41.54	0.90	-0.867	2.222	±5
835	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Head	41.35	0.91	41.50	0.90	-0.361	1.111	±5
836.6	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Head	41.62	0.88	41.50	0.90	0.289	-2.222	±5
846.6	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Head	40.57	0.90	41.50	0.91	-2.241	-1.099	±5
848.8	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Head	40.90	0.93	41.50	0.91	-1.446	2.198	±5

 $[*]Liquid\ Verification\ was\ performed\ on\ 2016-12-26.$

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Frequency Liquid		Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Туре	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	ε _r	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ΄ (S/m)	(%)
824.2	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Body	54.34	0.96	55.24	0.97	-1.629	-1.031	±5
826.4	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Body	55.20	0.96	55.23	0.97	-0.054	-1.031	±5
835	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Body	54.66	0.98	55.20	0.97	-0.978	1.031	±5
836.6	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Body	54.31	0.98	55.20	0.97	-1.612	1.031	±5
846.6	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Body	55.15	1.00	55.16	0.98	-0.018	2.041	±5
848.8	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Body	54.49	0.98	55.16	0.99	-1.215	-1.010	±5

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 $[*]Liquid\ Verification\ was\ performed\ on\ 2016-12-28.$

Frequency Liquid		Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Туре	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ΄ (S/m)	(%)
1850.2	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Head	40.75	1.41	40.00	1.40	1.875	0.714	±5
1852.4	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Head	40.15	1.38	40.00	1.40	0.375	-1.429	±5
1880	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Head	39.54	1.42	40.00	1.40	-1.150	1.429	±5
1900	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Head	40.60	1.39	40.00	1.40	1.500	-0.714	±5
1907.6	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Head	39.76	1.43	40.00	1.40	-0.600	2.143	±5
1909.8	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Head	40.24	1.41	40.00	1.40	0.600	0.714	±5

^{*}Liquid Verification was performed on 2016-12-29.

Frequency	Liquid	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Туре	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ΄ (S/m)	(%)
1850.2	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Body	52.16	1.49	53.30	1.52	-2.139	-1.974	±5
1852.4	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Body	52.65	1.49	53.30	1.52	-1.220	-1.974	±5
1880	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Body	51.46	1.52	53.30	1.52	-3.452	0.000	±5
1900	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Body	52.31	1.51	53.30	1.52	-1.857	-0.658	±5
1907.6	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Body	51.73	1.53	53.30	1.52	-2.946	0.658	±5
1909.8	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Body	51.32	1.52	53.30	1.52	-3.715	0.000	±5

^{*}Liquid Verification was performed on 2016-12-31.

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System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

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System Verification Setup Block Diagram



System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Measured SAR (W/Kg)		Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)	Plot #
2016-12-26	835	Head	1g	9.64	9.39	2.662	±10	1
2016-12-28	835	Body	1g	9.48	9.59	-1.147	±10	2
2016-12-29	1900	Head	1g	44.4	40.7	9.091	±10	3
2016-12-31	1900	Body	1g	44.0	40.4	8.911	±10	4

Note:

- 1. The power inputted to dipole is 0.25Watt; the SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power
- 2. For SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA, please refer to the APPENDIX A.

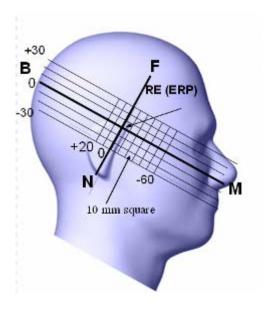
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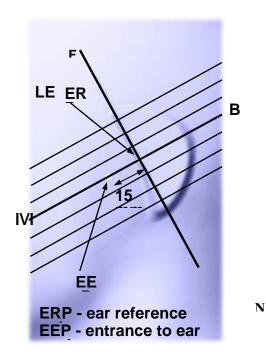
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¼ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:





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Cheek/Touch Position

The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

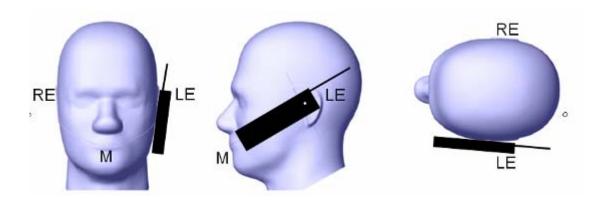
• When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.

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o (or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

Cheek / Touch Position



Ear/Tilt Position

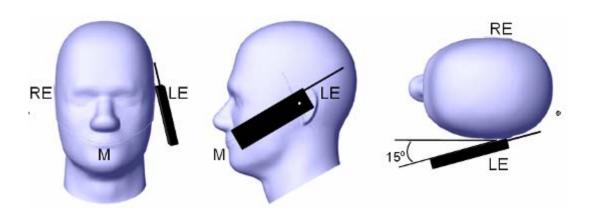
With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

- 1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.
- 2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point is by 15°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

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If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tile/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

Ear /Tilt 15° Position



Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

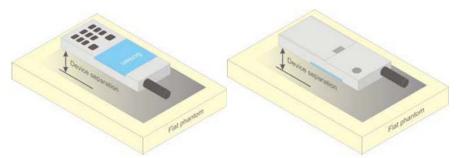


Figure 5 - Test positions for body-worn devices

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SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

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- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
 - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

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CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

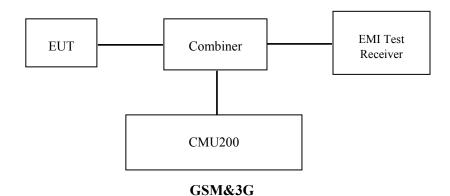
Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through sufficient attenuation.

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Radio Configuration

The power measurement was configured by the Wireless Communication Test Set CMU200 for all Radio configurations.

GSM

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection: Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support > GSM + only

MS Signal

> 33 dBm for GSM 850

> 30 dBm for PCS 1900

BS Signal:Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz

Mode > BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level > -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe)

BCCH Channel >choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping >Off

AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

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GPRS

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection: Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support > GSM + GPRS or GSM + EGSM

Main Service > Packet Data

Service selection > Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off

MS Signal:Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of time slots and power setting

> Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma

> 33 dBm for GPRS 850

> 30 dBm for GPRS 1900

BS Signal: Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz

Mode >BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level >-85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe)

BCCH Channel > choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB

Slot Config > Unchanged (if already set under MS signal)

TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping >Off

Main Timeslot >3

Network: Coding Scheme > CS4 (GPRS)

Bit Stream > 2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream

AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings.

EGPRS

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection: Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support > GSM + EGPRS

Main Service > Packet Data

Service selection > Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off

MS Signal:Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of time slots and power setting

> Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma

> 27 dBm for EGPRS 850

> 25 dBm for EGPRS 1900

BS Signal: Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz

Mode >BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level >-85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe)

BCCH Channel > choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB

Slot Config > Unchanged (if already set under MS signal)

TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping >Off

Main Timeslot >3

Network: Coding Scheme > MCS5 (EGPRS)

Bit Stream >2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream

AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input

Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

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WCDMA Release 99

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT has a nominal maximum output power of 24dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

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WCDMA	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC
General Settings	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
	β c / βd	8/15

HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA		
	Subset	1	2	3	4		
	Loopback Mode Test Mode 1						
	Rel99 RMC			12.2kbps RMC			
	HSDPA FRC			H-Set1			
WCDMA Power Control Algorithm Algorithm2							
General	βς	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15		
Settings	βd	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15		
	βd (SF)	F) 64					
	βc/ βd	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4		
	βhs	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15		
	MPR(dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5		
	DACK			8			
	DNAK			8			
HSDPA	DCQI			8			
Specific	Ack-Nack repetition			3			
Settings	factor			<i></i>			
Sectings	CQI Feedback			4ms			
	CQI Repetition Factor			2			
	Ahs=βhs/ βc			30/15			

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HSUPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

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	Mode	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA			
	Subset	1	2	3	4	5			
	Loopback Mode			Test Mode 1					
	Rel99 RMC			12.2kbps RMC					
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1							
	HSUPA Test	HSUPA Loopback							
	Power Control			A loorithm?					
WCDMA	Algorithm			Algorithm2					
General	βс	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15			
Settings	βd	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0			
	βес	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	5/15			
	βc/ βd	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	-			
	βhs	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15			
	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0			
	MPR(dB)	0	2	1	2	0			
	DACK			8					
	DNAK			8					
HSDPA	DCQI	8							
Specific	Ack-Nack repetition			3					
Settings	factor								
	CQI Feedback			4ms					
	CQI Repetition Factor			2					
	Ahs=βhs/βc			30/15					
	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7			
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0			
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21			
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81			
	Associated Max UL	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9			
	Data Rate kbps								
HSUPA		E-TFC	CI 11 E		E-TFC	CI 11 E			
Specific		E-TFC		E-TFCI		I PO 4			
Settings		E-TF		11		CI 67			
~ ceeings			I PO 18	E-TFCI		I PO 18			
	Reference E FCls	E-TF		PO4	E-TF				
		E-TFC		E-TFCI		I PO23			
		E-TF		92		CI 75			
			I PO26	E-TFCI		I PO26			
		E-TF		PO 18 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27					
		E-1FC	I PO 27		E-IFC	1 PO 2/			

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For 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n-HT20 mode, 13 channels are provided to testing:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
1	2412	8	2447
2	2417	9	2452
3	2422	10	2457
4	2427	11	2462
5	2432	12	2467
6	2437	13	2472
7	2442	/	/

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For 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n-HT20 mode, EUT was tested with Channel 1, 7 and 13

For 802.11n-HT40 mode, 9 channels are provided to testing:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
1	2422	6	2447
2	2427	7	2452
3	2432	8	2457
4	2437	9	2462
5	2442	/	/

EUT was tested with Channel 1, 5 and 9.

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Maximum Output Power among production units

Max Target Power for Production Unit (dBm)							
M	I - /D I	Channel					
Miod	le/Band	Low	Middle	High			
GS	M 850	32.00	32.00	32.00			
GPRS 1 TX Slot		32.00	32.00	32.00			
GPRS	2 TX Slot	31.80	31.80	31.80			
GPRS	3 TX Slot	29.00	29.00	29.00			
GPRS	4 TX Slot	27.90	27.90	27.90			
EGPRS	1 TX Slot	25.70	25.70	25.70			
EGPRS	2 TX Slot	24.40	24.40	24.40			
EGPRS	3 TX Slot	21.80	21.80	21.80			
EGPRS	4 TX Slot	20.10	20.10	20.10			
PC	S 1900	28.50	28.50	28.50			
GPRS	1 TX Slot	28.50	28.50	28.50			
GPRS	2 TX Slot	27.70	27.70	27.70			
GPRS	3 TX Slot	25.90	25.90	25.90			
GPRS	4 TX Slot	24.50	24.60	24.80			
EGPRS	1 TX Slot	26.10	26.10	26.10			
EGPRS	2 TX Slot	25.10	25.10	25.10			
EGPRS	3 TX Slot	23.10	23.10	23.10			
EGPRS	4 TX Slot	21.70	21.70	21.70			
	Rel 99	22.80	22.80	22.80			
WCDMA	HSDPA	21.80	21.80	21.80			
Band 5	HSUPA	21.90	21.90	21.90			
	HSPA+	21.80	21.80	21.80			
	Rel 99	22.10	22.10	22.10			
WCDMA	HSDPA	21.10	21.10	21.10			
Band 2	HSUPA	21.20	21.20	21.20			
	HSPA+	21.00	21.00	21.00			
W	LAN	8.50	8.50	8.50			
Blu	ietooth	6.5	6.5	6.5			
I	BLE	-1.0	-1.0	-1.0			

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Test Results:

GSM:

Band GSM850	Burst Average Power (dBm) Frame-Average Po			verage Pow	ower (dBm)	
TX Channel	128	190	251	128	190	251
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	824.2	836.6	848.8
GSM 1 Tx slot	31.78	31.88	31.95	22.78	22.88	22.95
GPRS 1 Tx slot	31.79	31.90	31.98	22.79	22.90	22.98
GPRS 2 Tx slots	30.55	30.64	30.75	24.55	24.64	24.75
GPRS 3 Tx slots	28.75	28.87	28.95	24.49	24.61	24.69
GPRS 4 Tx slots	27.63	27.76	27.86	24.63	24.76	24.86
EGPRS 1 Tx slot	25.42	25.64	25.61	16.42	16.64	16.61
EGPRS 2 Tx slots	24.23	24.32	24.33	18.23	18.32	18.33
EGPRS 3 Tx slots	21.52	21.70	21.70	17.26	17.44	17.44
EGPRS 4 Tx slots	20.00	20.05	20.05	17.00	17.05	17.05

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Band GSM1900	Burst Average Power (dBm)		Frame-Average Power (dBm)			
TX Channel	512	661	810	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	1850.2	1880	1909.8
GSM 1 Tx slot	28.16	28.30	28.44	19.16	19.30	19.44
GPRS 1 Tx slot	28.10	28.18	28.40	19.10	19.18	19.40
GPRS 2 Tx slots	27.34	27.44	27.62	21.34	21.44	21.62
GPRS 3 Tx slots	25.57	25.67	25.87	21.31	21.41	21.61
GPRS 4 Tx slots	24.48	24.56	24.77	21.48	21.56	21.77
EGPRS 1 Tx slot	26.08	25.45	24.85	17.08	16.45	15.85
EGPRS 2 Tx slots	25.06	24.35	23.74	19.06	18.35	17.74
EGPRS 3 Tx slots	23.02	22.25	21.61	18.76	17.99	17.35
EGPRS 4 Tx slots	21.66	20.71	20.06	18.66	17.71	17.06

Note:

- 1. Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMU200) was used for the measurement of GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots.
- 2. For GSM voice, 1 timeslot has been activated with power level 5 (850 MHz band) and 0 (1900 MHz band).
- 3. For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).
- 4. For EGPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 6(850 MHz band) and 5(1900 MHz band).
- 5. The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

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Results (12.2kbps RMC)

WCDMA Band 5:

	WCDMA V			
Fred	826.4	836.6	846.6	
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	22.44	22.76	22.32
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	21.28	21.69	21.18
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	21.15	21.62	21.09
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.33	21.79	21.25
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.21	21.66	21.07
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	21.34	21.75	21.21
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	21.23	21.63	21.11
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	21.44	21.86	21.32
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	21.30	21.66	21.17
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	21.44	21.83	21.33
3GPP Rel 7	HSPA+ (16QAM) Subtest-1	21.33	21.74	21.23

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WCDMA Band 2:

	WCDMA II			
Fred	Frequency (MHz)			1907.6
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	22.09	21.97	21.70
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	21.01	20.90	20.66
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	20.90	20.82	20.59
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.08	21.02	20.71
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	20.93	20.84	20.55
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	21.00	20.96	20.74
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	20.88	20.86	20.70
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	21.04	21.05	20.83
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	20.96	20.88	20.68
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	21.11	21.04	20.83
3GPP Rel 7	HSPA+ (16QAM) Subtest-1	20.93	20.97	20.79

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Note:

1. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model 1.

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2. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.

Bluetooth

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)
	0	2402	6.14
BDR(GFSK)	39	2441	6.33
	78	2480	6.07
	0	2402	5.94
EDR(4-DQPSK)	39	2441	6.12
	78	2480	5.88
	0	2402	6.11
EDR(8DPSK)	39	2441	6.27
	78	2480	6.01
	0	2402	-1.73
BLE	19	2440	-1.37
	39	2480	-1.54

WLAN

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)
	2412		7.64
802.11b	2442	1Mbps	7.84
	2472		8.23
	2412		7.35
802.11g	2442	6Mbps	7.49
	2472		8.25
	2412		7.30
802.11n-HT20	2442	MCS0	7.49
	2472		8.36
	2422		7.67
802.11n-HT40	2442	MCS0	7.40
	2462		8.37

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SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	21.9-22.3 ℃	21.9-23.2 ℃	22.7-23.6 °C	22.6-23.5 ℃
Relative Humidity:	46 %	58 %	56 %	56 %
ATM Pressure:	1013 mbar	1015 mbar	1013 mbar	1013 mbar
Test Date:	2016-12-26	2016-12-28	2016-12-29	2016-12-31

Testing was performed by Andy Shih, David Hsu, Angelo Chang

Mobile Hot-Spot Test Result

The DUT is capable of functioning as a Wi-Fi to Cellular Mobile hotspot. Additional SAR testing was performed according to KDB 941225 D06. Testing was performed with a separation of 1cm between the DUT and the flat phantom. The DUT was positioned for SAR tests with the front and back surfaces facing the phantom, and also with the edges facing the phantom in which the transmitting antenna is <2.5 cm from the edge. Each transmit band was utilized for SAR testing. The tested mode has been selected within each band that exhibits the highest time average output power.

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GSM 850:

Plot No.	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
5	GSM	Head Left Cheek	0mm	836.6	31.88	32.00	1.028	0.242	0.249
6	GSM	Head Left Tilt	0mm	836.6	31.88	32.00	1.028	0.132	0.136
7	GSM	Head Right Cheek	0mm	836.6	31.88	32.00	1.028	0.259	0.266
8	GSM	Head Right Tilt	0mm	836.6	31.88	32.00	1.028	0.178	0.183
9	GSM	Body-Worn-Back	10mm	836.6	31.88	32.00	1.028	0.419	0.431
10	GPRS	Hotspot-Back	10mm	836.6	27.76	27.80	1.009	0.617	0.623
11	GPRS	Hotspot-Right	10mm	836.6	27.76	27.80	1.009	0.49	0.495
12	GPRS	Hotspot-Bottom	10mm	836.6	27.76	27.80	1.009	0.281	0.284

Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- 4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 1DL+4UL is the worst case.

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PCS 1900:

Plot		Test	Gap	Freq.	Average	Tune-Up	Tune-up	Measured	Reported
No.	Mode	Position	(mm)	(MHz)	Power	Limit	Scaling	1g SAR	1g SAR
NO.		Fosition	(11111)	(WITZ)	(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
13	GSM	Head Left Cheek	0mm	1880	28.30	28.50	1.047	0.148	0.155
14	GSM	Head Left Tilt	0mm	1880	28.30	28.50	1.047	0.014	0.015
15	GSM	Head Right Cheek	0mm	1880	28.30	28.50	1.047	0.122	0.128
16	GSM	Head Right Tilt	0mm	1880	28.30	28.50	1.047	0.035	0.037
17	GSM	Body-Worn-Back	10mm	1880	28.30	28.50	1.047	0.474	0.496
18	GPRS	Hotspot-Back	10mm	1850.2	24.48	24.50	1.005	1.04	1.045
19	GPRS	Hotspot-Back	10mm	1880	24.56	24.60	1.009	1.08	1.090
20	GPRS	Hotspot-Back	10mm	1909.8	24.77	24.80	1.007	1.05	1.057
21	GPRS	Hotspot-Right	10mm	1880	24.56	24.60	1.009	0.157	0.158
22	GPRS	Hotspot-Bottom	10mm	1850.2	24.48	24.50	1.005	0.906	0.910
23	GPRS	Hotspot-Bottom	10mm	1880	24.56	24.60	1.009	0.805	0.812
24	GPRS	Hotspot-Bottom	10mm	1909.8	24.77	24.80	1.007	0.889	0.895

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Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- 4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 1DL+4UL is the worst case.

WCDMA Band 5:

Plot No.	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
25	RMC	Head Left Cheek	0mm	836.6	22.76	22.80	1.009	0.272	0.275
26	RMC	Head Left Tilt	0mm	836.6	22.76	22.80	1.009	0.159	0.160
27	RMC	Head Right Cheek	0mm	836.6	22.76	22.80	1.009	0.303	0.306
28	RMC	Head Right Tilt	0mm	836.6	22.76	22.80	1.009	0.177	0.179
29	RMC	Hotspot & Body-Worn	10mm	836.6	22.76	22.80	1.009	0.451	0.455
30	RMC	Hotspot-Right	10mm	836.6	22.76	22.80	1.009	0.33	0.333
31	RMC	Hotspot-Bottom	10mm	836.6	22.76	22.80	1.009	0.206	0.208

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WCDMA Band 2:

Plot No.	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
32	RMC	Head Left Cheek	0mm	1880	21.97	22.10	1.030	0.185	0.191
33	RMC	Head Left Tilt	0mm	1880	21.97	22.10	1.030	0.064	0.066
34	RMC	Head Right Cheek	0mm	1880	21.97	22.10	1.030	0.169	0.174
35	RMC	Head Right Tilt	0mm	1880	21.97	22.10	1.030	0.053	0.055
36	RMC	Hotspot & Body-Worn	10mm	1852.4	22.09	22.10	1.002	0.974	0.976
37	RMC	Hotspot & Body-Worn	10mm	1880	21.97	22.10	1.030	0.932	0.960
38	RMC	Hotspot & Body-Worn	10mm	1907.6	21.70	22.10	1.096	0.878	0.963
39	RMC	Hotspot-Right	10mm	1880	21.97	22.10	1.030	0.151	0.156
40	RMC	Hotspot-Bottom	10mm	1880	21.97	22.10	1.030	0.705	0.726

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Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 4. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
- 5. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.
- 6. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

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SAR Measurement Variability

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results

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- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg.
- When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

The Highest Measured SAR Configuration in Each Frequency Band

Head

			Meas. SA	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio	
Frequency Band	Freq.(MHz)	Freq.(MHz) EUT Position			
/	/	/	/	/	/

Body

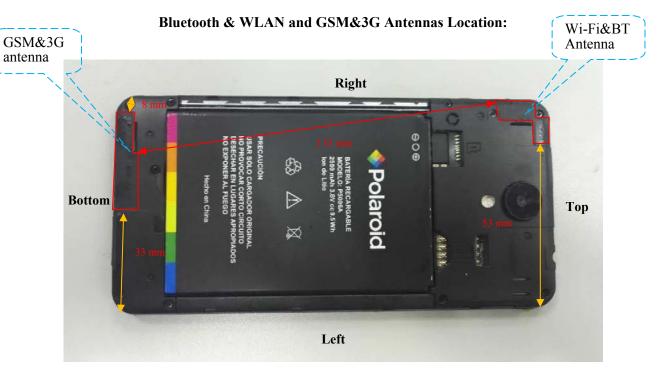
			Meas. SA	Largest to	
Frequency Band	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	Original	Repeated	Smallest SAR Ratio
PCS 1900	1880	Hotspot-Back	1.08	1.001	1.079
PCS 1900	1850.2	Hotspot-Bottom	0.906	0.902	1.004
WCDMA Band 2	1852.4	Hotspot & Body-Worn	0.974	0.962	1.012

Note:

Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20.

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SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION



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Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simultane	Antonnos Distance (mm)			
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?	Antennas Distance (mm)	
GSM + WCDMA	×	×	0	
GSM + Bluetooth	√	×	115	
GSM + WLAN	$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	115	
WCDMA + Bluetooth	$\sqrt{}$	×	115	
WCDMA + WLAN	√	V	115	

Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Mada	Position	Max tune-up power		Distance	Calculated	Threshold	SAR Test
Mode		(dBm)	(mW)	(mm)	value	(1-g)	Exclusion
Bluetooth	Head	6.5	4.467	0	1.4	3	Yes
Bluetooth	Body	6.5	4.467	10	0.7	3	Yes
WLAN	Head	8.5	7.079	0	2.2	3	Yes
WLAN	Body	8.5	7.079	10	1.1	3	Yes

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The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* \leq 50 mm are determined by:

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[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- 1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
- 2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
- 3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
- 4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

Standalone SAR estimation:

Mada	Dogidion.	Max tun	e-up power	Distance	Estimated 1-9
Mode	Position	(dBm)	(mW)	(mm)	(W/kg)
Bluetooth	Head	6.5	4.467	0	0.188
Bluetooth	Body	6.5	4.467	10	0.094
WLAN	Head	8.5	7.079	0	0.297
WLAN	Body	8.5	7.079	10	0.148

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[(max. power of channel, including **tune-up tolerance**, mW)/(min. test separation distance,mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion

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Simultaneous SAR test exclusion considerations:

Mada(CAD1+CAD2)	D	Reported S	ΣSAR <		
Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	SAR1	SAR2	1.6W/kg	
	Head Left Cheek	0.249	0.188	0.437	
	Head Left Tilt	0.136	0.188	0.324	
GSM 850 + Bluetooth	Head Right Cheek	0.266	0.188	0.454	
	Head Right Tilt	0.183	0.188	0.371	
	Body Worn Back	0.431	0.094	0.525	
	Head Left Cheek	0.155	0.188	0.343	
	Head Left Tilt	0.015	0.188	0.203	
PCS1900 + Bluetooth	Head Right Cheek	0.128	0.188	0.316	
	Head Right Tilt	0.037	0.188	0.225	
	Body Worn Back	0.496	0.094	0.59	
	Head Left Cheek	0.275	0.188	0.463	
WODALA D. 15	Head Left Tilt	0.160	0.188	0.348	
WCDMA Band 5 +	Head Right Cheek	0.306	0.188	0.494	
Bluetooth	Head Right Tilt	0.179	0.188	0.367	
	Body Back	0.455	0.094	0.549	
WCDMA Band 2 + Bluetooth	Head Left Cheek	0.191	0.188	0.379	
	Head Left Tilt	0.066	0.188	0.254	
	Head Right Cheek	0.174	0.188	0.362	
	Head Right Tilt	0.055	0.188	0.243	
	Body Back	0.976	0.094	1.070	

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Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported S	Reported SAR(W/kg)		
, , ,		SAR1	SAR2	1.6W/kg	
	Head Left Cheek	0.249	0.297	0.546	
	Head Left Tilt	0.136	0.297	0.433	
GSM 850+ WLAN	Head Right Cheek	0.266	0.297	0.563	
	Head Right Tilt	0.183	0.297	0.48	
	Body Worn Back	0.431	0.148	0.579	
CDDC 050 . HH AN	Hotspot-Back	0.623	0.148	0.771	
GPRS 850 + WLAN (Hotspot)	Hotspot-Right	0.495	0.148	0.643	
(Hotspot)	Hotspot-Bottom	0.284	0.148	0.432	
	Head Left Cheek	0.155	0.297	0.452	
	Head Left Tilt	0.015	0.297	0.312	
PCS1900 + WLAN	Head Right Cheek	0.128	0.297	0.425	
	Head Right Tilt	0.037	0.297	0.334	
	Body Worn Back	0.496	0.148	0.644	
CDDC 1000 - WH 4N	Hotspot-Back	1.090	0.148	1.238	
GPRS 1900 + WLAN (Hotspot)	Hotspot-Right	0.158	0.148	0.306	
	Hotspot-Bottom	0.910	0.148	1.058	
	Head Left Cheek	0.275	0.297	0.572	
WCDMA Dan 15 L WI AND	Head Left Tilt	0.16	0.297	0.457	
WCDMA Band 5+ WLAN	Head Right Cheek	0.306	0.297	0.603	
	Head Right Tilt	0.179	0.297	0.476	
	Hotspot-Back	0.455	0.148	0.603	
WCDMA Band 5+ WLAN (Hotspot)	Hotspot-Right	0.333	0.148	0.481	
(Hotspot)	Hotspot-Bottom	0.208	0.148	0.356	
	Head Left Cheek	0.191	0.297	0.488	
WCDMA Dow 12 : WI AND	Head Left Tilt	0.066	0.297	0.363	
WCDMA Band 2+ WLAN	Head Right Cheek	0.174	0.297	0.471	
	Head Right Tilt	0.055	0.297	0.352	
WGDM P. 12 WW.	Hotspot-Back	0.976	0.148	1.124	
WCDMA Band 2+ WLAN	Hotspot-Right	0.156	0.148	0.304	
(Hotspot)	Hotspot-Bottom	0.726	0.148	0.874	

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Note:

- 1. Hotspot mode SAR is only required for the edges within 25mm from the transmitting antenna located. 2. Hotspot Mode is not feasible during voice calls.

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APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

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Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)	
Measurement system								
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6	
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	
Detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	
Response time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	
Integration time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9	
Post-processing	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	
		Test sample	e related					
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8	
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3	
Drift of output power	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	
Phantom and set-up								
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1	
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2	
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0	
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.3	23.9	

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Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)	
Measurement system								
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6	
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	
Modulation Response	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	
RF ambient conditions—reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5	
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9	
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	
		Test sample	e related					
Device holder Uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3	
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8	
Power scaling	4.5	R	√3	1	1	2.6	2.6	
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	
		Phantom an	d set-up					
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.1	0.9	
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1	
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2	
Temp. unc Conductivity	1.7	R	√3	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7	
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.3	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0	
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.1	
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.5	24.2	

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Appendixes

Refer to separated files for the following appendixes.

APPENDIX A SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA & SAR plots. APPENDIX B PROBE & DIPOLES CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES. APPENDIX C TEST POSITION PHOTOS.

***** END OF REPORT *****

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