

# FCC SAR EVALUATION REPORT

# In accordance with the requirements of FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093), ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and IEEE Std 1528-2013

Product Name: Smartphone

Trademark: Polaroid

Model Name: PSPCK21NA

Serial Model: N/A

**Report No.**: SER171129603006E

FCC ID: 2ADWUPSPCK21NA

#### Prepared for

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#### **TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION**

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Report No.: SER171129603006E

**Product description** 

Product name .....: Smartphone

Trademark .....: Polaroid

Model and/or type reference : PSPCK21NA

Serial Model .....: N/A

FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 Standards.....

IEEE Std 1528-2013

Published RF exposure KDB procedures

This device described above has been tested by Shenzhen NTEK. In accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 and KDB 865664 D01. Testing has shown that this device is capable of compliance with localized specific absorption rate (SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992. The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

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#### **Date of Test**

Date (s) of performance of tests...... Dec. 06, 2017 ~ Dec. 15, 2017

Date of Issue ...... Dec. 29, 2017

Test Result ..... Pass

Prepared By

(Test Engineer)

(Cheng Jiawen)

Approved By (Lab Manager)



# $\ensuremath{\, imes \,} \ensuremath{\, imes$

REV.	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE	REMARK
Rev.1.0	Initial Test Report Release	Dec. 29, 2017	Cheng Jiawen



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#### 1. General Information

#### 1.1. RF exposure limits

(A).Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

(B).Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
80.0	1.6	4.0

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

#### **Occupational/Controlled Environments:**

Are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

#### **General Population/Uncontrolled Environments:**

Are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

NOTE
HEAD AND TRUNK LIMIT
1.6 W/kg
APPLIED TO THIS EUT



#### 1.2. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for PSPCK21NA are as follows.

	Max Reported SAR Value(W/kg)						
Band	1-g Head	1-g Body-Worn (Separation distance of 10mm)	1-g Hotspot (Separation distance of 10mm)	Max. SAR Summation			
GSM 850	0.360	0.649	0.649				
GSM 1900	0.388	1.358	1.358				
WCDMA Band V	0.120	0.232	0.232	1.483			
WCDMA Band II	0.313	1.175	1.175				
WLAN 2.4G	0.248	0.125	0.125				

NOTE: The Max. SAR Summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 & KDB 865664 D01.



## 1.3. EUT Description

Device Information						
Product Name	Smartphone					
Trade Name	Polaroid					
Model Name	PSPCK21NA					
Serial Model	N/A					
FCC ID	2ADWUPSPCK21NA					
Device Phase	Identical Prototype					
Exposure Category	General population / Uncor	ntrolled environme	nt			
Antenna	FPCB Antenna					
Battery Information	DC 3.8V, 2500mAh					
Device Operating Configurations						
Supporting Mode(s)	GSM 850/1900, WCDMA E	Band V/II, WLAN 2.	4G, Bluetooth			
Test Modulation	GSM(GMSK/8PSK), WCD	MA(QPSK), WLAN	(DSSS/OFDM),			
Test Modulation	Bluetooth(GFSK, π/4-DQP	SK, 8DPSK)				
Device Class	В					
	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)			
	GSM 850	824-849	869-894			
	GSM 1900 1850-1910		1930-1990			
Operating Frequency Range(s)	WCDMA Band V	824-849	869-894			
	WCDMA Band II	1850-1910	1930-1990			
	WLAN 2.4G	2412	-2462			
	Bluetooth	2402	-2480			
	Max Number of Timeslots	in Uplink	4			
GPRS Multislot Class(12)	Max Number of Timeslots	in Downlink	4			
	Max Total Timeslot		5			
	Max Number of Timeslots	in Uplink	4			
EDGE Multislot Class(12)	Max Number of Timeslots	in Downlink	4			
	Max Total Timeslot 5					
HSDPA UE Category	14					
HSUPA UE Category	6					
	4, tested with power level 5(GSM 850)					
Power Class	1, tested with power level 0(GSM 1900)					
Fower Class	3, tested with power control "all 1"(WCDMA Band V)					
3, tested with power control "all 1"(WCDMA Band II)						
	128-189-251(GSM 850)					
Test Channels (low-mid-high)	512-661-810(GSM 1900)					
1 est Ghaineis (low-mid-nigh)	4132-4182-4233(WCDMA Band V)					
	9262-9400-9538(WCDMA Band II)					



802.11 b/g/n:1-6-11(WLAN 2.4G)

## 1.4. Test specification(s)

FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
IEEE Std 1528-2013
KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting
KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance
KDB 248227 D01 802.11 WLAN SAR
KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures
KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot SAR

#### 1.5. Ambient Condition

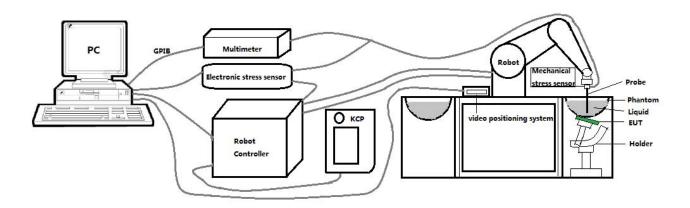
KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR

Ambient temperature	20°C – 24°C
Relative Humidity	30% – 70%



2. SAR Measurement System

#### 2.1. SATIMO SAR Measurement Set-up Diagram



These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system OPENSAR from SATIMO. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range: 901 mm), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ±0.03 mm. The SAR measurements were conducted with dosimetric probe (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

The first step of the field measurement is the evaluation of the voltages induced on the probe by the device under test. Probe diode detectors are nonlinear. Below the diode compression point, the output voltage is proportional to the square of the applied E-field; above the diode compression point, it is linear to the applied E-field. The compression point depends on the diode, and a calibration procedure is necessary for each sensor of the probe.

The Keithley multimeter reads the voltage of each sensor and send these three values to the PC. The corresponding E field value is calculated using the probe calibration factors, which are stored in the working directory. This evaluation includes linearization of the diode characteristics. The field calculation is done separately for each sensor. Each component of the E field is displayed on the "Dipole Area Scan Interface" and the total E field is displayed on the "3D Interface"



#### 2.2. Robot

The SATIMO SAR system uses the high precision robots from KUKA. For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (KUKA) from KUKA is used. The KUKA robot series have many features that are important for our application:



- High precision (repeatability ±0.03 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

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2.3. E-Field Probe

This E-field detection probe is composed of three orthogonal dipoles linked to special Schottky diodes with low detection thresholds. The probe allows the measurement of electric fields in liquids such as the one defined in the IEEE and CENELEC standards.

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 08/16 EPGO287 with following specifications is used



- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg

- Tip Diameter : 2.5 mm

- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 1 mm

- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 2 mm (repeatability better than ±1 mm).

Probe linearity: ±0.08 dBAxial isotropy: <0.25 dB</li>

- Hemispherical Isotropy: <0.50 dB

- Calibration range: 650MHz to 5900MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

- Lower detection limit: 7mW/kg

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°.

#### 2.3.1. E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than  $\pm 10\%$ . The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within  $\pm 0.25$ dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, and Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix D of this report.



## 2.4. SAM phantoms

## Photo of SAM phantom SN 16/15 SAM119



The SAM phantom is used to measure the SAR relative to people exposed to electro-magnetic field radiated by Smartphones.

## 2.4.1. Technical Data

Serial Number	Shell thickness	Filling volume	Dimensions	Positionner Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
SN 16/15 SAM119	2 mm ±0.2 mm	27 liters	Length:1000 mm Width:500 mm Height:200 mm	Gelcoat with fiberglass	3.4	0.02



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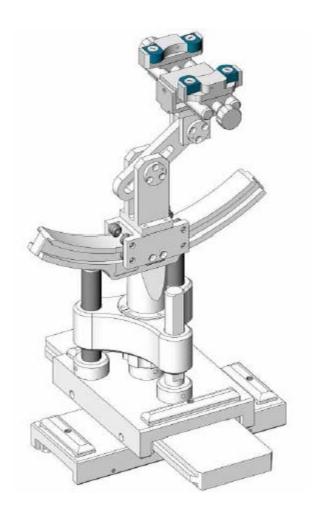
Serial Number	Left Head Right Head		Flat Part			
	2	2.02	2	2.08	1	2.09
	3	2.05	3	2.06	2	2.06
SN 16/15 SAM119	4	2.07	4	2.07	3	2.08
	5	2.08	5	2.08	4	2.10
	6	2.05	6	2.07	5	2.10
	7	2.05	7	2.05	6	2.07
	8	2.07	8	2.06	7	2.07
	9	2.08	9	2.06	-	-

The test, based on ultrasonic system, allows measuring the thickness with an accuracy of 10  $\mu m$ .



#### 2.5. Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1 degree.



Serial Number	Holder Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent	
SN 16/15 MSH100	Delrin	3.7	0.005	



2.6. Test Equipment List

This table gives a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment.

Devices used during the test described are marked  $\ igsim$ 

	Manufacturer	Name of	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calib	ration
	Manufacturer	Equipment	i ype/iviodei	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
	MVG	E FIELD PROBE	SSE2	SN 08/16 EPGO287	Sep. 18,	Sep. 17,
	WVO	ETILLDTROBL	JOLZ	3N 00/10 E1 00207	2017	2018
	MVG	450 MHz Dipole	SID450	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 06,	Apr. 05,
	WVO	400 WII IZ BIPOIC	010400	0G450-345	2015	2018
	MVG	750 MHz Dipole	SID750	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 06,	Apr. 05,
		7 00 1111 12 13 15010	0.5700	0G750-355	2015	2018
	MVG	835 MHz Dipole	SID835	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 06,	Apr. 05,
	101.0	000 Wii 12 Bipole	CIDOOO	0G835-347	2015	2018
	MVG	900 MHz Dipole	SID900	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 06,	Apr. 05,
		000 WH 12 Bipolo	CIBOOO	0G900-348	2015	2018
	MVG	1800 MHz Dipole	SID1800	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 06,	Apr. 05,
	101.0	1000 Wii 12 Bipole	012 1000	1G800-349	2015	2018
	MVG	1900 MHz Dipole	SID1900	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 06,	Apr. 05,
	WVO	1000 WII IZ BIPOIC	OID 1000	1G900-350	2015	2018
	MVG	2000 MHz Dipole	SID2000	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 06,	Apr. 05,
	WVO	2000 WII IZ BIPOIC	OIDZOOO	2G000-351	2015	2018
	MVG	2450 MHz Dipole	SID2450	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 06,	Apr. 05,
	WVO	2400 WII IZ BIPOIC	OIDZ400	2G450-352	2015	2018
	MVG	2600 MHz Dipole	SID2600	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 06,	Apr. 05,
	WVO	2000 WII IZ DIPOIE	31D2000	2G600-356	2015	2018
	MVG	5000 MHz Dipole	SWG5500	SN 13/14 WGA 33	Apr. 06,	Apr. 05,
	WVO	OCCO WIT IZ DIPOIC	0110000	014 10/14 440/100	2015	2018
	MVG	Liquid measurement Kit	SCLMP	SN 21/15 OCPG 72	NCR	NCR
	MVG	Power Amplifier	N.A	AMPLISAR_28/14_003	NCR	NCR
$\boxtimes$	KEITHLEY	Millivoltmeter	2000	4072790	NCR	NCR
		Universal radio				
$\boxtimes$	R&S	communication	CMU200	117858	Aug. 07,	Aug. 06,
		tester			2017	2018
		Wideband radio			Oct. 26,	Oct 25
	R&S		CMW500	103917	2017	Oct. 25, 2018
		tester			2017	2010
	HP	Nietowe de Are	07505	0440104400	Aug. 07,	Aug. 06,
	LIE	Network Analyzer	8753D	3410J01136	2017	2018



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	$\boxtimes$	Agilent	PSG Analog Signal Generator	E8257D	MY51110112	Aug. 07, 2017	Aug. 06, 2018
	$\boxtimes$	Agilent	Power meter	E4419B	MY45102538	Aug. 07, 2017	Aug. 06, 2018
	$\boxtimes$	Agilent	Power sensor	E9301A	MY41495644	Aug. 07, 2017	Aug. 06, 2018
	$\boxtimes$	Agilent	Power sensor	E9301A	US39212148	Aug. 07, 2017	Aug. 06, 2018
•	$\boxtimes$	MCLI/USA	Directional Coupler	CB11-20	0D2L51502	Aug. 07, 2017	Aug. 06, 2018



#### 3. SAR Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

#### <Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/Bluetooth power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/Bluetooth output power.

#### <SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix A demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the OPENSAR software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

#### 3.1. Power Reference

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

#### 3.2. Area scan & Zoom scan

The area scan is a 2D scan to find the hot spot location on the DUT. The zoom scan is a 3D scan above the hot spot to calculate the 1g and 10g SAR value.



Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16 mm \* 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme. Around this point, a cube of 30 \* 30 \*30 mm or 32 \* 32 \* 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 \* 5 or 8 \* 4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

From the scanned SAR distribution, identify the position of the maximum SAR value, in addition identify the positions of any local maxima with SAR values within 2 dB of the maximum value that will not be within the zoom scan of other peaks; additional peaks shall be measured only when the primary peak is within 2 dB of the SAR compliance limit (e.g., 1 W/kg for 1,6 W/kg 1 g limit, or 1,26 W/kg for 2 W/kg, 10 g limit).

Area scan & Zoom scan scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from (geometric center of pr			5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the m			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		
Maximum zoom scan s	Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$			$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform	grid: Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n)	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface		graded	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
	grid	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	an x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \ge 22 \text{ mm}$	

Note:  $\delta$  is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

<sup>\*</sup> When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is  $\leq 1.4$  W/kg,  $\leq 8$  mm,  $\leq 7$  mm and  $\leq 5$  mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



#### 3.3. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimise measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1 mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

#### 3.4. Volumetric Scan

The volumetric scan consists to a full 3D scan over a specific area. This 3D scan is useful form multi Tx SAR measurement. Indeed, it is possible with OpenSAR to add, point by point, several volumetric scan to calculate the SAR value of the combined measurement as it is define in the standard IEEE1528 and IEC62209.

#### 3.5. Power Drift

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In OpenSAR measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in V/m. If the power drifts more than ±5%, the SAR will be retested.



# 4. System Verification Procedure

#### 4.1. Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients (% of weight)				Head	Tissue			
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	900	1800	1900	2000	2450	2600
Water	34.40	34.40	34.40	55.36	55.36	57.87	57.87	57.87
NaCl	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.35	0.35	0.16	0.16	0.16
1,2-Propanediol	64.81	64.81	64.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.45	30.45	19.97	19.97	19.97
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.84	13.84	22.00	22.00	22.00
Ingredients (% of weight)				Body	Tissue			
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	900	1800	1900	2000	2450	2600
Water	50.30	50.30	50.30	69.91	69.91	71.88	71.88	71.88
NaCl	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.13	0.13	0.16	0.16	0.16
1,2-Propanediol	49.10	49.10	49.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.99	9.99	19.97	19.97	19.97
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	19.97	19.97	7.99	7.99	7.99



4.1.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameter are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The

measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within ±5% of the target values.

	1	-						
<b></b> .	Measured	Target T	issue	Measure	d Tissue			
Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	εr (±5%)	σ (S/m) (±5%)	εr	σ (S/m)	Liquid Temp.	Test Date	
Head	835	41.50	0.90	42.78	0.89	21.5 °C	Dec 07 2017	
850	633	(39.43~43.57)	(0.86~0.94)	42.70	0.09	21.5 0	Dec. 07, 2017	
Body	025	55.20	0.97	EE 11	0.99	24.4.00	Doc 06 2017	
850	835	(52.44~57.96)	(0.92~1.01)	55.14	0.99	21.4 °C	Dec. 06, 2017	
Head	1000	40.00	1.40	20.20	1.44	21.2 °C	Dec. 12, 2017	
1900	1900	(38.00~42.00)	(1.33~1.47)	39.39		21.2 C	Dec. 12, 2017	
Body	1900	53.30	1.52	53.25	1.56	21.2 °C	D 44 0047	
1900	1900	(50.64~55.96)	(1.44~1.59)	55.25	1.50	21.2 C	Dec. 11, 2017	
Head	2450	39.20	1.80	39.79	1.81	21.7.0	Dog 14 2017	
2450	2450	(37.24~41.16)	(1.71~1.89)	39.79	1.01	21.7 °C	Dec. 14, 2017	
Body	2450	52.70	1.95	52.65	1.96	21.5 °C	Dec. 15, 2017	
2450	2400	(50.07~55.33)	(1.85~2.04)	32.00	1.90			

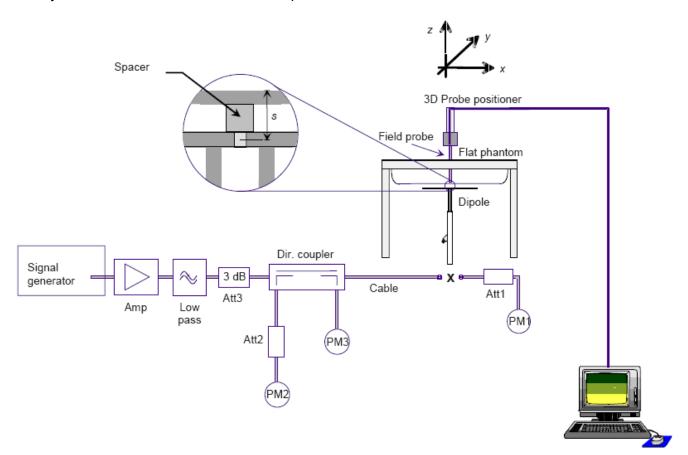
NOTE: The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.



4.2. System Verification Procedure

The system verification is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 100mW (below 5GHz) or 100mW (above 5GHz). To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system verification to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the system verification to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

The system verification is shown as below picture:





4.2.1. System Verification Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the verification data should be within its specification of ±10%. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance verification can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix B of this report.

System	Target SA (±10	Measure (Normalize		Liquid	Test Date	
Verification	1-g (W/Kg)	10-g (W/Kg)	1-g (W/Kg)	10-g (W/Kg)	Temp.	lest Date
835MHz Head	9.56 (8.60~10.51)	6.22 (5.60~6.84)	9.55	6.17	21.5 °C	Dec. 07, 2017
835MHz Body	9.48 (8.53~10.42)	6.29 (5.66~6.91)	9.10	5.92	21.4 °C	Dec. 06, 2017
1900MHz Head	39.70 (35.73~43.67)	20.50 (18.45~22.55)	41.59	21.46	21.2 °C	Dec. 12, 2017
1900MHz Body	38.43 (34.59~42.27)	20.34 (18.31~22.37)	40.11	20.57	21.2 °C	Dec. 11, 2017
2450MHz Head	52.40 (47.16~57.64)	24.00 (21.60~26.40)	55.14	24.64	21.7 °C	Dec. 14, 2017
2450MHz Body	49.32 (44.39~54.25)	22.89 (20.60~25.17)	48.95	22.78	21.5 °C	Dec. 15, 2017



### 5. SAR Measurement variability and uncertainty

#### 5.1. SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\ge 1.45$  W/kg ( $\sim 10\%$  from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

#### 5.2. SAR measurement uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.



## 6. RF Exposure Positions

#### 6.1. Ear and handset reference point

Figure 6.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M", the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE", and the right ERP is marked "RE".



Fig 6.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM phantom

#### 6.2. Definition of the cheek position

- 1. Define two imaginary lines on the handset, the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset: the midpoint of the width w<sub>t</sub> of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 6.2.1 and Figure 6.2.2), and the midpoint of the width w<sub>b</sub> of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 6.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 6.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- 2. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 6.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- 3. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP
- 4. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- 5. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.



6. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 6.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

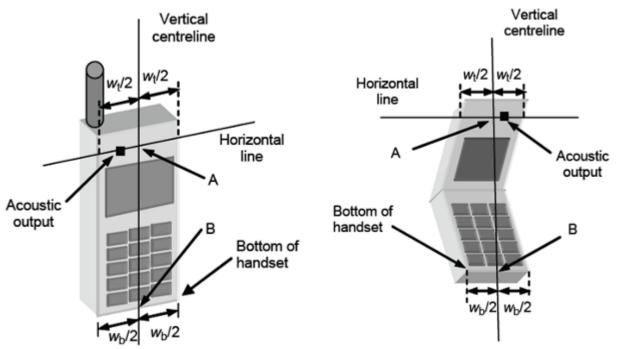


Fig 6.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

Fig 6.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

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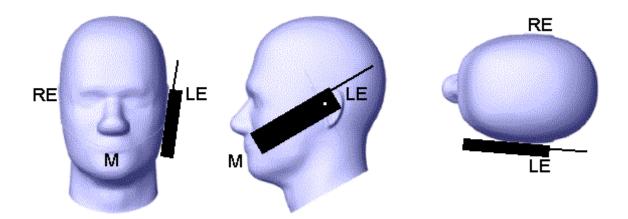


Fig 6.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.



#### 6.3. Definition of the tilt position

- 1. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, retract the handset parallel to the reference plane far enough away from the phantom to enable a rotation of the device by 15 degree.
- 2. Rotate the Handset around the horizontal line by 15 degree (see Figure 6.3.1).
- 3. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on a line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact is at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna with the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset shall be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any part of the handset is in contact with the pinna as well as a second part of the handset is in contact with the phantom, e.g., the antenna with the back of the head.



Figure 6.3.1 – Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

#### 6.4. Body Worn Accessory

- 1. Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 6.4.1). Per KDB 648474 D04, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.</p>
- 2. Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest



spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

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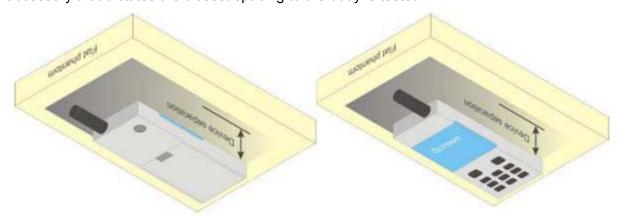


Figure 6.4.1 – Test positions for body-worn devices

#### 6.5. Wireless Router Devices

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WLAN simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC HDB Publication 941225 D06 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L  $\times$  W  $\ge$  9 cm  $\times$  5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WLAN transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WLAN transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.



# 7. RF Output Power

## 7.1. Maximum Tune-up Limit

Dond	Mada	The Tune-up Maximum	Donge	Measured
Band	Mode	Power (Customer	Range	Maximum Output
	CCM (CMCK)	Declared)(dBm)	2422	Power(dBm)
<u> </u>	GSM (GMSK)	32±1	31~33	32.37
	GPRS(GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32±1	31~33	32.21
	GPRS(GMSK, 2 Tx slot)	31±1	30~32	31.57
0014.050	GPRS(GMSK, 3 Tx slot)	29±1	28~30	29.82
GSM 850	GPRS(GMSK, 4 Tx slot)	28±1	27~29	28.64
<u> </u>	EDGE(8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	27±1	26~28	27.51
	EDGE(8PSK, 2 Tx slot)	26±1	25~27	26.27
	EDGE(8PSK, 3 Tx slot)	23±1	22~24	23.97
	EDGE(8PSK, 4 Tx slot)	22±1	21~23	22.94
<u> </u>	GSM (GMSK)	30±1	29~31	30.57
 	GPRS(GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	30±1	29~31	30.46
	GPRS(GMSK, 2 Tx slot)	29±1	28~30	29.52
GSM	GPRS(GMSK, 3 Tx slot)	27±1	26~28	27.77
1900	GPRS(GMSK, 4 Tx slot)	26±1	25~27	26.83
	EDGE(8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	27±1	26~28	27.21
  -	EDGE(8PSK, 2 Tx slot)	26±1	25~27	26.31
	EDGE(8PSK, 3 Tx slot)	24±1	23~25	24.69
	EDGE(8PSK, 4 Tx slot)	23±1	22~24	23.52
	RMC 12.2Kbps	22±1	21~23	22.64
	HSDPA Subtest-1	22±1	21~23	22.27
	HSDPA Subtest-2	22±1	21~23	21.84
	HSDPA Subtest-3	22±1	21~23	21.92
WCDMA	HSDPA Subtest-4	22±1	21~23	21.92
Band V	HSUPA Subtest-1	22±1	21~23	22.27
	HSUPA Subtest-2	22±1	21~23	22.07
	HSUPA Subtest-3	22±1	21~23	22.24
	HSUPA Subtest-4	22±1	21~23	22.17
	HSUPA Subtest-5	22±1	21~23	22.15
	RMC 12.2Kbps	22±1	21~23	22.92
	HSDPA Subtest-1	21±1	20~22	21.91
WCDMA	HSDPA Subtest-2	21±1	20~22	21.32
Band II	HSDPA Subtest-3	21±1	20~22	21.32
	HSDPA Subtest-4	21±1	20~22	21.31



	HSUPA S	Subtest-1	21±1	20~22	20.69
	HSUPA S	Subtest-2	21±1	20~22	20.57
	HSUPA S	Subtest-3	21±1	20~22	20.62
	HSUPA S	Subtest-4	21±1	20~22	20.48
	HSUPA S	Subtest-5	21±1	20~22	21.88
	802.11b		14.5±1	13.5~15.5	15.0
WLAN	802.11g		11.5±1	10.5~12.5	12.4
2.4G	802.11n-HT20		11.5±1	10.5~12.5	12.4
	802.11n-HT40		11.5±1	10.5~12.5	11.9
		1M	3±1	2~4	3.353
5	3.0	2M	2±1	1~3	2.291
Bluetooth		3M	3±1	2~4	2.955
	4.	.0	-4±1	-5~-3	-3.964

#### 7.2. GSM Conducted Power

Refer to KDB 447498 D01, the maximum output power (including tune-up tolerance) channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction. Therefore, the EUT was set in GSM850 GPRS (4TS) and GSM1900 GPRS (4TS).

Band GSM850	Burst-Av	eraged ou	tput Powe	r (dBm)	Frame-Averaged output Power (dBm)				
Tx Channel	Tune-up	128	189	251	Tune-up	128	189	251	
Frequency (MHz)	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	
GSM (GMSK)	33.00	32.37	32.24	32.22	23.97	23.34	23.21	23.19	
GPRS(GMSK, 1 TS)	33.00	32.21	32.19	32.18	23.97	23.18	23.16	23.15	
GPRS(GMSK, 2 TS)	32.00	31.57	31.52	31.51	25.98	25.55	25.50	25.49	
GPRS(GMSK, 3 TS)	30.00	29.82	29.75	29.76	25.74	25.56	25.49	25.50	
GPRS(GMSK, 4 TS)	29.00	28.61	28.62	28.64	25.99	25.60	25.61	25.63	
EDGE(8PSK, 1 TS)	28.00	27.51	27.34	27.32	18.97	18.48	18.31	18.29	
EDGE(8PSK, 2 TS)	27.00	26.27	26.14	25.98	20.98	20.25	20.12	19.96	
EDGE(8PSK, 3 TS)	24.00	23.97	23.95	23.86	19.74	19.71	19.69	19.60	
EDGE(8PSK, 4 TS)	23.00	22.94	22.92	22.87	19.99	19.93	19.91	19.86	
Band GSM1900	Burst-Av	eraged ou	tput Powe	r (dBm)	Frame-A	Frame-Averaged output Power (dBm)			
Tx Channel	Tune-up	512	661	810	Tune-up	512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)	(dBm)	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	(dBm)	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	
GSM (GMSK)	31.00	30.57	30.49	30.47	21.97	21.54	21.46	21.44	
GPRS(GMSK, 1 TS)	31.00	30.46	30.45	30.15	21.97	21.43	21.42	21.12	
GPRS(GMSK, 2 TS)	30.00	29.52	29.44	29.17	23.98	23.50	23.42	23.15	
GPRS(GMSK, 3 TS)	28.00	27.77	27.74	27.35	23.74	23.51	23.48	23.09	
GPRS(GMSK, 4 TS)	27.00	26.83	26.81	26.78	23.99	23.82	23.80	23.77	
EDGE(8PSK, 1 TS)	28.00	26.98	27.08	27.21	18.97	17.95	18.05	18.18	

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EDGE(8PSK, 2 TS)	27.00	26.14	26.25	26.31	20.98	20.12	20.23	20.29
EDGE(8PSK, 3 TS)	25.00	24.69	24.58	24.55	20.74	20.43	20.32	20.29
EDGE(8PSK, 4 TS)	24.00	23.52	23.49	23.47	20.99	20.51	20.48	20.46

Note: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 TS) - 9.03 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 TS) - 6.02 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 TS) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 TS) - 3.01 dB

#### 7.3. WCDMA Conducted Power

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

1. Release99 Setup Configuration

Mode	Subtest	Rel99
	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1
MCDMA Conoral Sottings	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC
WCDMA General Settings	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
	βc/βd	8/15

2. HSDPA Setup Configuration

2: Hobi Modap Configuration						
	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	
	Subtest	1	2	3	4	
	Loopback Mode	Test Mod	de 1			
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps	RMC			
WCDMA General Settings	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1			,	
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithn	n 2		,	
	βc	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15	
	βd	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15	
	Bd (SF)	64				
	βc/βd	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4	
	βhs	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15	
	D <sub>ACK</sub>	8			,	
	D <sub>NAK</sub>	8				
	DCQI	8			,	
HSDPA Specific	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3				
Settings	CQI Feedback (Table 5.2B.4)	4ms			,	
Octungs	CQI Repetition Factor (Table	2				
	5.2B.4)					
	Ahs =βhs/βc	30/15				

3. HSUPA Setup Configuration

		Mode	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	
		Subtest	1	2	3	4	5	
WCDMA Settings	General	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1					
		Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC					
		HSDPA FRC	H-Set1					
		HSUPA Test	HSUPA Loopback					
		Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2					



		βc	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15		
		βd	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	15/15		
		βec	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	24/15		
		βc/βd	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	15/15		
		βhs	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	30/15		
		βed	1309/225	94/75	47/15 47/15	56/75	134/15		
		CM (dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0		
		D <sub>ACK</sub>	8						
		D <sub>NAK</sub>	8						
	Specific	DCQI	8						
HSDPA		Ack-Nack repetition factor	3						
Settings	Opeomo	CQI Feedback (Table 5.2B.4)	4ms						
		CQI Repetition Factor (Table 5.2B.4)	2						
		Ahs = βhs/βc	30/15						
		D E-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7		
		DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0		
HSUPA	Specific	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21		
Settings		ETFCI (from 34.121 Table C.11.1.3)	75	67	92	71	81		
		Associated Max UL Data Rate kbps	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9		

#### 4. WCDMA Conducted Power Results

- 1) Refer to KDB 941225 D01, SAR for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
- 2) Refer to KDB 941225 D01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is  $\leq \frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq$  1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

Band		WCDMA	Band V	
Tx Channel	T	4132	4182	4233
Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up	826.4	836.4	846.6
RMC 12.2Kbps	23.00	22.64	22.57	22.52
HSDPA Subtest-1	23.00	21.84	22.27	21.65
HSDPA Subtest-2	23.00	21.52	21.84	21.35
HSDPA Subtest-3	23.00	21.55	21.92	21.36
HSDPA Subtest-4	23.00	21.54	21.92	21.27
HSUPA Subtest-1	23.00	21.72	22.27	21.74
HSUPA Subtest-2	23.00	21.62	22.07	21.64
HSUPA Subtest-3	23.00	21.73	22.24	21.63
HSUPA Subtest-4	23.00	21.62	22.17	21.57

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- Anne				
HSUPA Subtest-5	23.00	21.74	22.15	21.52
Band		WCDMA	Band II	
Tx Channel	_	9262	9400	9538
Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up	1852.4	1880	1907.6
RMC 12.2Kbps	23.00	22.92	22.35	21.95
HSDPA Subtest-1	22.00	21.91	21.35	20.83
HSDPA Subtest-2	22.00	21.32	20.73	20.21
HSDPA Subtest-3	22.00	21.32	20.74	20.23
HSDPA Subtest-4	22.00	21.31	20.71	20.18
HSUPA Subtest-1	22.00	20.32	20.69	20.15
HSUPA Subtest-2	22.00	20.33	20.57	20.12
HSUPA Subtest-3	22.00	20.41	20.62	20.29
HSUPA Subtest-4	22.00	20.35	20.48	20.15
HSUPA Subtest-5	22.00	21.88	21.32	20.92



## 7.4. WLAN & Bluetooth Output Power

## 7.4.1. Output Power Results Of WLAN

The output power of WLAN is as following:

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up	Output Power (dBm)
	1	2412	15.5	15.0
802.11b	6	2437	15.5	14.7
	11	2462		14.1
	1	2412	12.5	12.4
802.11g	6	2437	12.5	12.1
	11	2462	12.5	12.1
000 44	1	2412	12.5	12.4
802.11n	6	2437	12.5	11.9
(HT20)	11	2462	12.5	11.4
000 44 =	3	2422	12.5	11.9
802.11n	6	2437	12.5	11.6
(HT40)	9	2452	12.5	11.7

## 7.4.2. Output Power Results Of Bluetooth

The output power of Bluetooth is as following:

	Output Power (dBm)					
		•	Channel			
51 ( 11 ( 2 6 )	Data Rates	Tune-up	0CH	39CH	78CH	
Bluetooth(3.0)	1M	4.00	3.353	3.075	2.743	
	2M	3.00	2.291	2.284	1.994	
	3M	4.00	2.955	2.663	2.388	

	Channel	Tune-up	Output Power (dBm)
DI ( (( ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) (	0CH	-3.00	-3.964
Bluetooth(4.0)	19CH	-3.00	-3.975
	39CH	-3.00	-4.175



## 8. Antenna Location

Top Side



**Bottom Side** 

Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antennas Front Side Back Side Left Side Right Side Top Side Bottom Side						
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm
WLAN &	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm
Bluetooth	= 20111111	<b>-</b> 20111111	- 2011111	<u> - 2011111</u>	<u> </u>	, 2011111



Positions for SAR tests Antennas Front Side Back Side Left Side Right Side Top Side Bottom Side WWAN Main Yes Yes Yes Yes NO Yes WLAN & NO Yes NO Yes Yes Yes Bluetooth

#### 9. Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

Refer to FCC KDB 447498D01, the 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[ $\sqrt{f_{(GHZ)}}$ ]  $\leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- f<sub>(GHZ)</sub> is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- · The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	P <sub>max</sub>	P <sub>max</sub>	Distance	f	Calculation	SAR Exclusion	SAR test
Mode	(dBm)	(mW)	(mm)	(GHz)	Result	threshold	exclusion
Bluetooth	4	2.51	5	2.480	0.79	3.0	Yes

NOTE: Standalone SAR test exclusion for Bluetooth

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] \*  $[\sqrt{f_{(GHZ)}}/x]$  W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq$  50mm, where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	Position	P <sub>max</sub> (dBm)	P <sub>max</sub> (mW)	Distance (mm)	f (GHz)	х	Estimated SAR (W/Kg)
Bluetooth	Head	4	2.51	5	2.480	7.5	0.105
Bluetooth	Body	4	2.51	10	2.480	7.5	0.053
Bluetooth	Hotspot	4	2.51	10	2.480	7.5	0.053

NOTE: Estimated SAR calculation for Bluetooth



# 10. SAR Measurement Results

#### 10.1. SAR measurement results

#### General Notes:

- 1) Refer to KDB447498 D01, all measurement SAR results are scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit to demonstrate compliant.
- 2) Refer to KDB447498 D01, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\leq$  100 MHz. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 3) Refer to KDB865664 D01, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/Kg; if the deviation among the repeated measurement is ≤20%,and the measured SAR <1.45W/Kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 4) Refer to KDB648474 D04, SAR is evaluated without a headset connected to the device. When the standalone reported Body-Worn SAR is ≤1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset are required.
- 5) Refer to KDB865664 D02, SAR plot is only required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination; Plots are also required when the measured SAR is > 1.5 W/kg, or > 7.0 W/kg for occupational exposure. The published RF exposure KDB procedures may require additional plots; for example, to support SAR to peak location separation ratio test exclusion and/or volume scan post-processing(Refer to appendix C for details).



# 10.1.1. SAR measurement Result of GSM850

Test Position of	Test Test Solution of Channel Test Mode			SAR Value (W/kg)		Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR
Head	/Freq.	rest wide	1g	10g	Drift (±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1g (W/Kg)
Left Cheek	251/848.8	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.331	0.240	-2.90	28.64	29.00	0.360
Left Tilt 15 Degree	251/848.8	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.128	0.075	-3.74	28.64	29.00	0.139
Right Cheek	251/848.8	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.305	0.216	4.70	28.64	29.00	0.331
Right Tilt 15 Degree	251/848.8	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.113	0.068	0.54	28.64	29.00	0.123

NOTE: Head SAR test results of GSM850.

Test Position of Body-Worn	Test channel	Test Mode		Value (kg)	Power Drift	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR
with 10mm	/Freq.	1 est iviode	1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1g (W/Kg)
Front Side	251/848.8	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.465	0.287	2.68	28.64	29.00	0.505
Back Side	251/848.8	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.597	0.437	-0.72	28.64	29.00	0.649

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of GSM850

Test Position of Hotspot with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	_	Value (kg) 10g	Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g
	- 1	ODDC/OMC/		1.3	(	(- /	(- /	(W/Kg)
Front Side	251/848.8	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.465	0.287	2.68	28.64	29.00	0.505
Back Side	251/848.8	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.597	0.437	-0.72	28.64	29.00	0.649
Left Side	251/848.8	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.204	0.133	-2.17	28.64	29.00	0.222
Right Side	251/848.8	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.335	0.221	4.83	28.64	29.00	0.364
Bottom Side	251/848.8	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.160	0.097	1.92	28.64	29.00	0.174

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of GSM850



# 10.1.2. SAR measurement Result of GSM1900

Test Test Position of channe		Test Mode		Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR
Head	/Freq.	1 est Mode	1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1g (W/Kg)
Left Cheek	512/1850.2	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.263	0.158	-1.62	26.83	27.00	0.273
Left Tilt 15 Degree	512/1850.2	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.089	0.054	2.11	26.83	27.00	0.093
Right Cheek	512/1850.2	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.373	0.225	-1.26	26.83	27.00	0.388
Right Tilt 15 Degree	512/1850.2	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.131	0.076	2.05	26.83	27.00	0.136

NOTE: Head SAR test results of GSM1900

Test Position of	Test channel	Test Mode	_	Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducted power	Tune-up	Scaled SAR
Body-Worn with 10mm	/Freq.	1 CSt WIOGC	1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1g (W/Kg)
Front Side	512/1850.2	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	1.015	0.560	-4.85	26.83	27.00	1.056
Back Side	512/1850.2	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	1.306	0.638	2.18	26.83	27.00	1.358
Back Side - Repeated	512/1850.2	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	1.284	0.656	1.65	26.83	27.00	1.335
Back Side With Earphone	512/1850.2	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	1.208	0.610	1.07	26.83	27.00	1.256
Front Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.909	0.498	4.31	26.81	27.00	0.950
Front Side	810/1909.8	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.774	0.422	2.09	26.78	27.00	0.814
Back Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	1.176	0.661	-4.54	26.81	27.00	1.229
Back Side	810/1909.8	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	1.093	0.608	-3.99	26.78	27.00	1.150
Back Side With Earphone	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	1.057	0.572	1.16	26.81	27.00	1.104
Back Side With Earphone	810/1909.8	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.975	0.543	2.07	26.78	27.00	1.026

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of GSM1900

Test Position of Hotspot with	Test channel	Test Mode		Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR
10mm	/Freq.	1 oot mode	1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1g (W/Kg)
Front Side	512/1850.2	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	1.015	0.560	-4.85	26.83	27.00	1.056
Back Side	512/1850.2	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	1.306	0.638	2.18	26.83	27.00	1.358
Back Side - Repeated	512/1850.2	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	1.284	0.656	1.65	26.83	27.00	1.335
Left Side	512/1850.2	GPRS(GMSK	0.287	0.153	-3.05	26.83	27.00	0.298

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		4TS)						
Right Side	512/1850.2	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.348	0.203	-1.39	26.83	27.00	0.362
Bottom Side	512/1850.2	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.108	0.062	1.62	26.83	27.00	0.112
Front Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.909	0.498	4.31	26.81	27.00	0.950
Front Side	810/1909.8	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.774	0.422	2.09	26.78	27.00	0.814
Back Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	1.176	0.661	-4.54	26.81	27.00	1.229
Back Side	810/1909.8	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	1.093	0.608	-3.99	26.78	27.00	1.150

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of GSM1900

# 10.1.3. SAR measurement Result of WCDMA Band V

Test Position	Test		SAR	√alue	Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled
of Head	channel	Test Mode	lode (W/kg)		Drift	power	power	SAR 1g
от пеац	/Freq.		1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/Kg)
Left Cheek	4132/826.4	RMC12.2K	0.110	0.049	3.41	22.64	23.00	0.120
Left Tilt 15 Degree	4132/826.4	RMC12.2K	0.048	0.026	-1.22	22.64	23.00	0.052
Right Cheek	4132/826.4	RMC12.2K	0.098	0.054	1.16	22.64	23.00	0.106
Right Tilt 15 Degree	4132/826.4	RMC12.2K	0.050	0.025	1.65	22.64	23.00	0.054

NOTE: Head SAR test results of WCDMA Band V

Test Position	Test		SAR '	Value	Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled
of Body-Worn	channel	Test Mode	(W/	′kg)	Drift	power	power	SAR 1g
with 10mm	/Freq.		1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/Kg)
Front Side	4132/826.4	RMC12.2K	0.118	0.102	3.58	22.64	23.00	0.128
Back Side	4132/826.4	RMC12.2K	0.214	0.148	-0.75	22.64	23.00	0.232

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of WCDMA Band V

Test Position	Test		SAR '	Value	Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled
of Hotspot with	channel	Test Mode	(W/	′kg)	Drift	power	power	SAR 1g
10mm	/Freq.		1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/Kg)
Front Side	4132/826.4	RMC12.2K	0.118	0.102	3.58	22.64	23.00	0.128
Back Side	4132/826.4	RMC12.2K	0.214	0.148	-0.75	22.64	23.00	0.232
Left Side	4132/826.4	RMC12.2K	0.145	0.105	3.54	22.64	23.00	0.158
Right Side	4132/826.4	RMC12.2K	0.088	0.056	-0.17	22.64	23.00	0.096
Bottom Side	4132/826.4	RMC12.2K	0.062	0.038	2.57	22.64	23.00	0.067

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of WCDMA Band V



10.1.4. SAR measurement Result of WCDMA Band II

Test Position	Test		SAR	Value	Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled
of Head	channel	Test Mode	(W/	kg)	Drift	power	power	SAR 1g
от пеац	/Freq.		1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/Kg)
Left Cheek	9262/1852.4	RMC12.2K	0.156	0.093	-2.88	22.92	23.00	0.159
Left Tilt 15 Degree	9262/1852.4	RMC12.2K	0.088	0.054	1.32	22.92	23.00	0.090
Right Cheek	9262/1852.4	RMC12.2K	0.307	0.176	-2.52	22.92	23.00	0.313
Right Tilt 15 Degree	9262/1852.4	RMC12.2K	0.106	0.064	2.19	22.92	23.00	0.108

NOTE: Head SAR test results of WCDMA Band II

Test Position	Test		SAR	Value	Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled
of Body-Worn	channel	Test Mode	(W/	′kg)	Drift	power	power	SAR 1g
with 10mm	/Freq.		1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/Kg)
Front Side	9262/1852.4	RMC12.2K	0.674	0.341	-2.61	22.92	23.00	0.687
Back Side	9262/1852.4	RMC12.2K	1.124	0.604	0.69	22.92	23.00	1.145
Back Side -	9262/1852.4	RMC12.2K	1.084	0.543	2.11	22.92	23.00	1 104
Repeated	9202/1002.4	RIVIC 12.2K	1.004	0.543	2.11	22.92	23.00	1.104
Back Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	1.012	0.536	-3.22	22.35	23.00	1.175
Back Side	9538/1907.6	RMC12.2K	0.863	0.504	-1.25	21.95	23.00	1.099

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of WCDMA Band II

Test Position	Test		SAR	Value	Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled
of Hotspot with	channel	Test Mode	(W)	′kg)	Drift	power	power	SAR 1g
10mm	/Freq.		1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/Kg)
Front Side	9262/1852.4	RMC12.2K	0.674	0.341	-2.61	22.92	23.00	0.687
Back Side	9262/1852.4	RMC12.2K	1.124	0.604	0.69	22.92	23.00	1.145
Back Side -	9262/1852.4	RMC12.2K	1.084	0.543	2.11	22.92	23.00	1.104
Repeated	9202/1002.4	RIVIC 12.2K	1.004	0.545	2.11	22.92	23.00	1.104
Left Side	9262/1852.4	RMC12.2K	0.362	0.214	-1.54	22.92	23.00	0.369
Right Side	9262/1852.4	RMC12.2K	0.467	0.257	3.05	22.92	23.00	0.476
Bottom Side	9262/1852.4	RMC12.2K	0.204	0.133	-1.57	22.92	23.00	0.208
Back Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	1.012	0.536	-3.22	22.35	23.00	1.175
Back Side	9538/1907.6	RMC12.2K	0.863	0.504	-1.25	21.95	23.00	1.099

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of WCDMA Band II



#### 10.1.5. SAR measurement Result of WLAN 2.4G

	Toot		SAR	Value	Dower	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled
Test Position of	Test channel	Test Mode	(W)	′kg)	Power Drift	power	power	SAR
Head	/Freq.	rest widde	10	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1g
	/rieq.		1g	Tug	(±5 /6)			(W/Kg)
Left Cheek	1/2412	802.11 b	0.221	0.105	2.41	15.00	15.50	0.248
Left Tilt 15	1/2412	802.11 b	0.195	0.104	1.69	15.00	15.50	0.219
Degree	1/2412	002.11 0	0.193	0.104	1.09	13.00	15.50	0.219
Right Cheek	1/2412	802.11 b	0.090	0.047	-4.60	15.00	15.50	0.101
Right Tilt 15	1/2412	802.11 b	0.093	0.045	-1.67	15.00	15.50	0.104
Degree	1/2412	002.110	0.093	0.043	-1.07	13.00	13.50	0.104

NOTE: Head SAR test results of WLAN 2.4G

Test	Toot		SAR '	Value	Dower	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled
Position of	Test	Test Mode	(W/	kg)	Power Drift	power	power	SAR 1g
Body-Worn	channel	i est ivioue	10	100	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/Kg)
with 10mm	/Freq.		1g	10g	(±5 /6)			
Front Side	1/2412	802.11 b	0.083	0.044	0.31	15.00	15.50	0.093
Back Side	1/2412	802.11 b	0.111	0.058	1.64	15.00	15.50	0.125

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of WLAN 2.4G

Test	Test		SAR '	SAR Value		Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled
Position of		(W/ka)		Power Drift	power	power	SAR 1g	
Hotspot with 10mm	channel /Freq.	rest Mode	1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/Kg)
TOMM								
Front Side	1/2412	802.11 b	0.083	0.044	0.31	15.00	15.50	0.093
Back Side	1/2412	802.11 b	0.111	0.058	1.64	15.00	15.50	0.125
Right Side	1/2412	802.11 b	0.031	0.017	0.11	15.00	15.50	0.035
Top Side	1/2412	802.11 b	0.045	0.026	-1.05	15.00	15.50	0.050

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of WLAN 2.4G

# 10.2. Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

The Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities of this device are as below:

No.	Configuration	Head	Body	Hotspot	Note
1	GSM(Voice) + WLAN 2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	N/A	
2	WCDMA(Voice) + WLAN 2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	N/A	
3	GSM(Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	N/A	
4	WCDMA(Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	N/A	
5	GPRS/EDGE(data) + WLAN 2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot

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6	WCDMA(data) + WLAN 2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
7	GPRS/EDGE(data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth
	GFRS/EDGE(data) + Bidetootii(data)	168	162	162	Tethering
0	WCDMA(data)   Physicath(data)	Voo	Voo	Voo	Bluetooth
8	WCDMA(data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Tethering

#### NOTE:

- 1) This device supported VoIP in GPRS/EDGE and WCDMA (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).
- 2) This device WLAN 2.4GHz supports Hotspot operation.
- 3) WLAN 2.4GHz and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 4) EUT will choose each GSM and WCDMA according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- 5) The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.



# 10.3. SAR Summation Scenario

Per KDB 447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,

- Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
- SPLSR =  $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}$  / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is 2) determined from the square root of  $[(x_1-x_2)^2+(y_1-y_2)^2+(z_1-z_2)^2]$ , where  $(x_1, y_1, z_1)$  and  $(x_2, y_2, z_2)$  are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan. If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.

T 15		Scaled	SAR <sub>MAX</sub>	$\Sigma$ 1-g SAR	001.00	Б
lest P	osition	GSM 850	WLAN 2.4G	(W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
	Left Cheek	0.360	0.248	0.608	N/A	N/A
	Left Tilt 15 Degree	0.139	0.219	0.358	N/A	N/A
Head	Right Cheek	0.331	0.101	0.432	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt 15 Degree	0.123	0.104	0.227	N/A	N/A
	Front Side	0.505	0.093	0.598	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.649	0.125	0.773	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Back Side With Earphone	N/A	N/A	0.000	N/A	N/A
	Front Side	0.505	0.093	0.598	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.649	0.125	0.773	N/A	N/A
l lata a at	Left Side	0.222	N/A	0.222	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Right Side	0.364	0.035	0.399	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	N/A	0.050	0.050	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Side	0.174	N/A	0.174	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM850 and WLAN 2.4G.

T 15	•••	Scaled	SAR <sub>MAX</sub>	$\Sigma$ 1-g SAR	001.00	Б
lest P	osition	GSM 1900	WLAN 2.4G	(W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
	Left Cheek	0.273	0.248	0.521	N/A	N/A
	Left Tilt 15 Degree	0.093	0.219	0.311	N/A	N/A
Head	Right Cheek	0.388	0.101	0.489	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt 15 Degree	0.136	0.104	0.241	N/A	N/A
	Front Side	1.056	0.093	1.149	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	1.358	0.125	1.483	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Back Side					
	With	1.256	N/A	1.256	N/A	N/A
	Earphone					

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	Front Side	1.056	0.093	1.149	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Back Side	1.358	0.125	1.483	N/A	N/A
	Left Side	0.298	N/A	0.298	N/A	N/A
	Right Side	0.362	0.035	0.397	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	N/A	0.050	0.050	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Side	0.112	N/A	0.112	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM1900 and WLAN 2.4G.

		Scaled	SAR <sub>MAX</sub>	E4 = 04D		
Test P	osition	WCDMA Band V	WLAN 2.4G	Σ1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
	Left Cheek	0.120	0.248	0.367	N/A	N/A
Head	Left Tilt 15 Degree	0.052	0.219	0.271	N/A	N/A
неао	Right Cheek	0.106	0.101	0.207	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt 15 Degree	0.054	0.104	0.159	N/A	N/A
	Front Side	0.128	0.093	0.221	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.232	0.125	0.357	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Back Side With Earphone	N/A	N/A	0.000	N/A	N/A
	Front Side	0.128	0.093	0.221	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.232	0.125	0.357	N/A	N/A
	Left Side	0.158	N/A	0.158	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Right Side	0.096	0.035	0.130	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	N/A	0.050	0.050	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Side	0.067	N/A	0.067	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of WCDMA Band V and WLAN 2.4G.

Test Position		Scaled	SAR <sub>MAX</sub>	74 ~ CAD		
		WCDMA Band II	WLAN 2.4G	Σ1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
	Left Cheek	0.159	0.248	0.407	N/A	N/A
	Left Tilt 15 Degree	0.090	0.219	0.308	N/A	N/A
Head	Right Cheek	0.313	0.101	0.414	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt 15 Degree	0.108	0.104	0.212	N/A	N/A
	Front Side	0.687	0.093	0.780	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	1.175	0.125	1.300	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Back Side					
	With	N/A	N/A	0.000	N/A	N/A
	Earphone					

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Report No.: SER171129603006E

	Front Side	0.687	0.093	0.780	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	1.175	0.125	1.300	N/A	N/A
	Left Side	0.369	N/A	0.369	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Right Side	0.476	0.035	0.510	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	N/A	0.050	0.050	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Side	0.208	N/A	0.208	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of WCDMA Band II and WLAN 2.4G.

Test Position		Scaled	SAR <sub>MAX</sub>	Σ1-g SAR	001.00	Damasula
		GSM 850	Bluetooth	(W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
	Left Cheek	0.360	0.105	0.465	N/A	N/A
Hand	Left Tilt 15 Degree	0.139	0.105	0.245	N/A	N/A
Head	Right Cheek	0.331	0.105	0.437	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt 15 Degree	0.123	0.105	0.228	N/A	N/A
	Front Side	0.505	0.053	0.558	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.649	0.053	0.701	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Back Side With Earphone	N/A	N/A	0.000	N/A	N/A
	Front Side	0.505	0.053	0.558	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.649	0.053	0.701	N/A	N/A
	Left Side	0.222	N/A	0.222	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Right Side	0.364	0.053	0.417	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	N/A	0.053	0.053	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Side	0.174	N/A	0.174	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM850 and Bluetooth

Test Position		Scaled	SAR <sub>MAX</sub>	$\Sigma$ 1-g SAR	001.00	Б
		GSM 1900	Bluetooth	(W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
	Left Cheek	0.273	0.105	0.379	N/A	N/A
Hood	Left Tilt 15 Degree	0.093	0.105	0.198	N/A	N/A
Head	Right Cheek	0.388	0.105	0.493	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt 15 Degree	0.136	0.105	0.242	N/A	N/A
	Front Side	1.056	0.053	1.108	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	1.358	0.053	1.411	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Back Side					
	With	1.256	N/A	1.256	N/A	N/A
	Earphone					
l leter et	Front Side	1.056	0.053	1.108	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Back Side	1.358	0.053	1.411	N/A	N/A

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Report No.: SER171129603006E

Left Side	0.298	N/A	0.298	N/A	N/A
Right Side	0.362	0.053	0.415	N/A	N/A
Top Side	N/A	0.053	0.053	N/A	N/A
Bottom Side	0.112	N/A	0.112	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM1900 and Bluetooth

Test Position		Scaled	SAR <sub>MAX</sub>	\( \frac{1}{2} \)		
		WCDMA Band V	Bluetooth	Σ1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
	Left Cheek	0.120	0.105	0.225	N/A	N/A
Head	Left Tilt 15 Degree	0.052	0.105	0.158	N/A	N/A
Head	Right Cheek	0.106	0.105	0.212	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt 15 Degree	0.054	0.105	0.160	N/A	N/A
	Front Side	0.128	0.053	0.181	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.232	0.053	0.285	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Back Side With Earphone	N/A	N/A	0.000	N/A	N/A
	Front Side	0.128	0.053	0.181	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.232	0.053	0.285	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Left Side	0.158	N/A	0.158	N/A	N/A
	Right Side	0.096	0.053	0.148	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	N/A	0.053	0.053	N/A	N/A
NOTE 4	Bottom Side	0.067	N/A	0.067	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of WCDMA Band V and Bluetooth

N/A

N/A



Bottom Side

Scaled SAR<sub>MAX</sub>  $\Sigma$  1-g SAR **Test Position WCDMA SPLSR** Remark Bluetooth (W/Kg) Band II Left Cheek 0.159 0.105 0.264 N/A N/A Left Tilt 15 0.090 N/A 0.105 0.195 N/A Degree Head Right Cheek 0.313 0.105 0.418 N/A N/A Right Tilt 15 N/A 0.108 0.105 0.213 N/A Degree Front Side 0.687 0.053 N/A N/A 0.739 Back Side 1.175 0.053 1.228 N/A N/A Body-Worn Back Side With N/A N/A 0.000 N/A N/A Earphone Front Side 0.687 0.053 N/A N/A 0.739 Back Side N/A 1.175 0.053 1.228 N/A Left Side N/A N/A N/A 0.369 0.369 Hotspot Right Side 0.476 0.053 0.528 N/A N/A Top Side N/A 0.053 0.053 N/A N/A

N/A

0.208

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of WCDMA Band II and Bluetooth

0.208



11. Appendix A. Photo documentation

	Table of contents	
Test Facility		
Product Photo		
Test Positions		
Liquid depth		



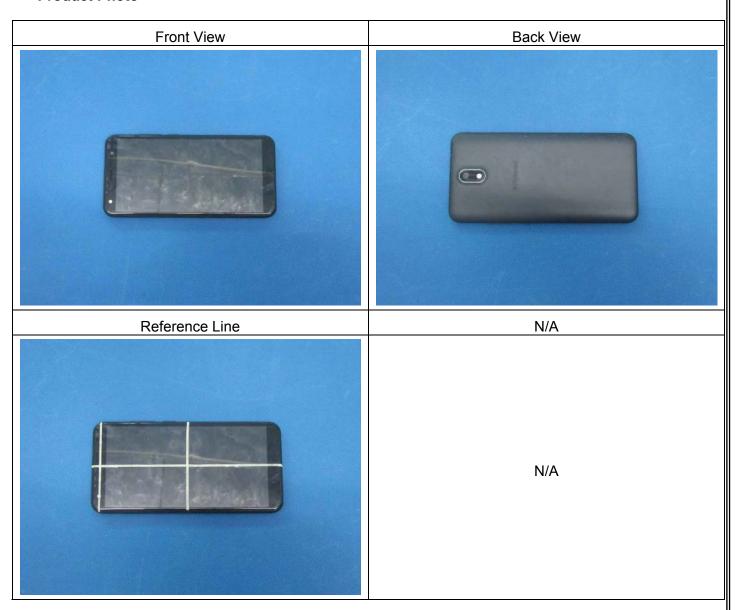
# **Test Facility**

# Measurement System SATIMO





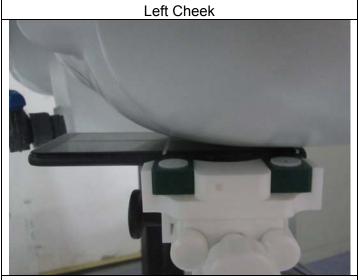
# **Product Photo**





# **Test Positions**





Left Tilt 15 Degree

Report No.: SER171129603006E



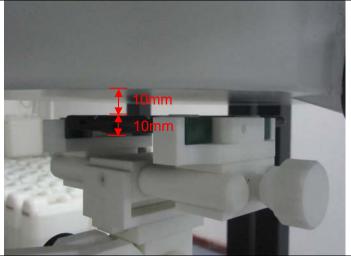
Right Cheek



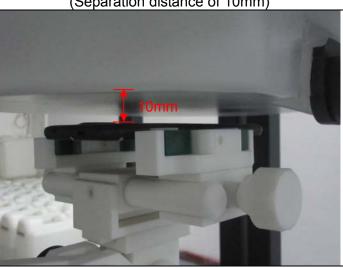
Right Tilt 15 Degree



Front Side (Separation distance of 10mm)

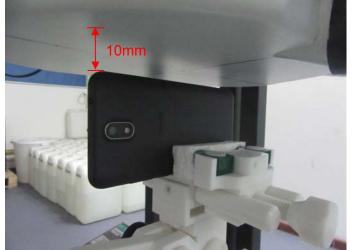


Back Side (Separation distance of 10mm)

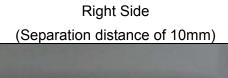


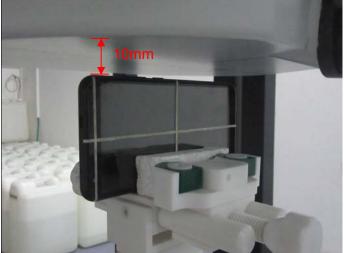


Left Side (Separation distance of 10mm)



Top Side (Separation distance of 10mm)





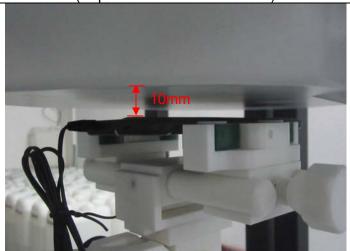
Bottom Side (Separation distance of 10mm)



Back Side With Earphone (Separation distance of 10mm)



N/A



N/A



# Liquid depth



Body 850MHz depth (15.1cm)

Body 1900MHz depth (15.4cm)







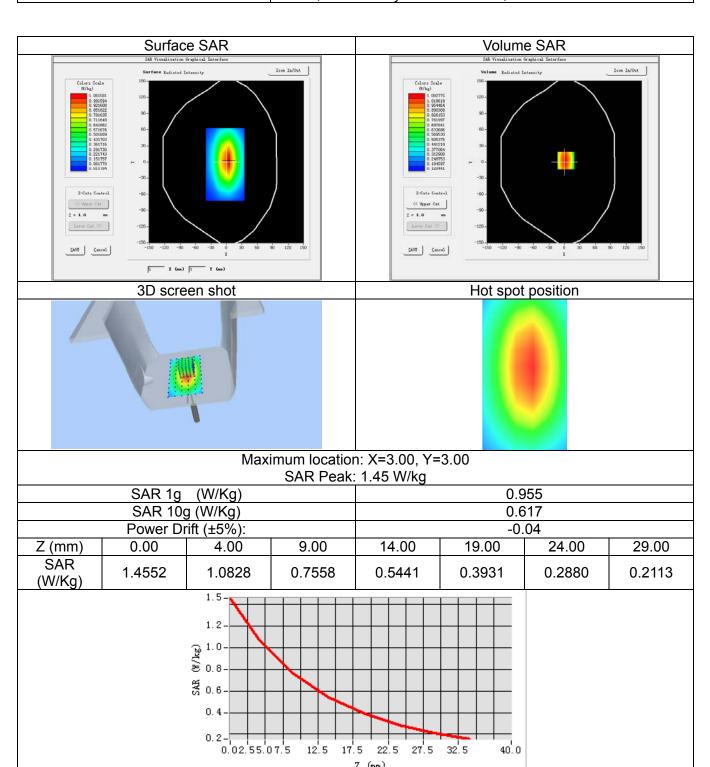
12. Appendix B. System Check Plots

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System Performance Check - SID835 - Head
System Performance Check - SID835 - Body
System Performance Check - SID1900 - Head
System Performance Check - SID1900 - Body
System Performance Check - SID2450 - Head
System Performance Check - SID2450 - Body



# System Performance Check - SID835-Head

Data of magazinamenti	Doc 07 2047
Date of measurement:	Dec. 07, 2017
Signal:	Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835.00MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.00
ConvF:	1.48
Liquid Parameters:	Relative permittivity (real part): 42.78; Conductivity (S/m): 0.89;
Device Position:	Dipole
Area Scan:	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h=5.00mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, h=5.00mm

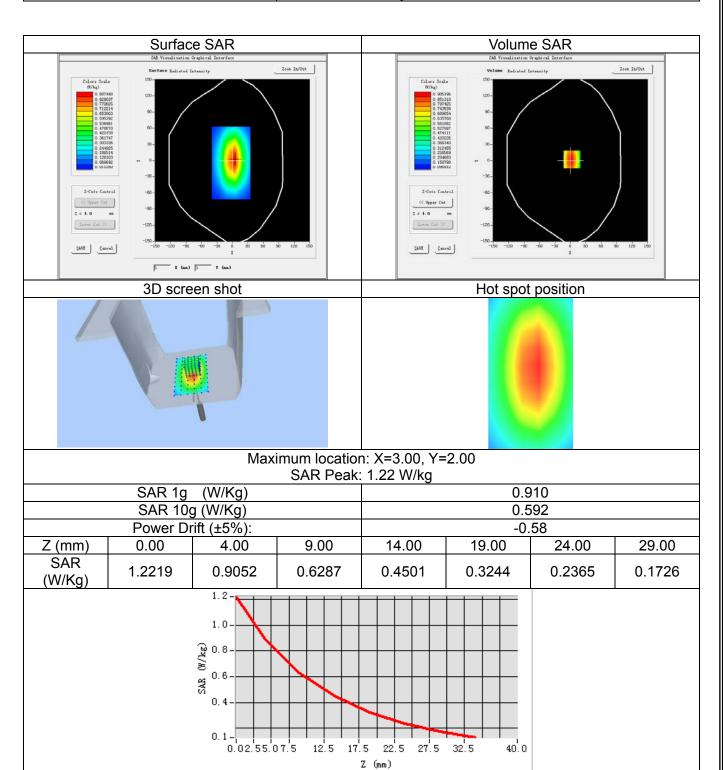


Z (mm)



# System Performance Check - SID835-Body

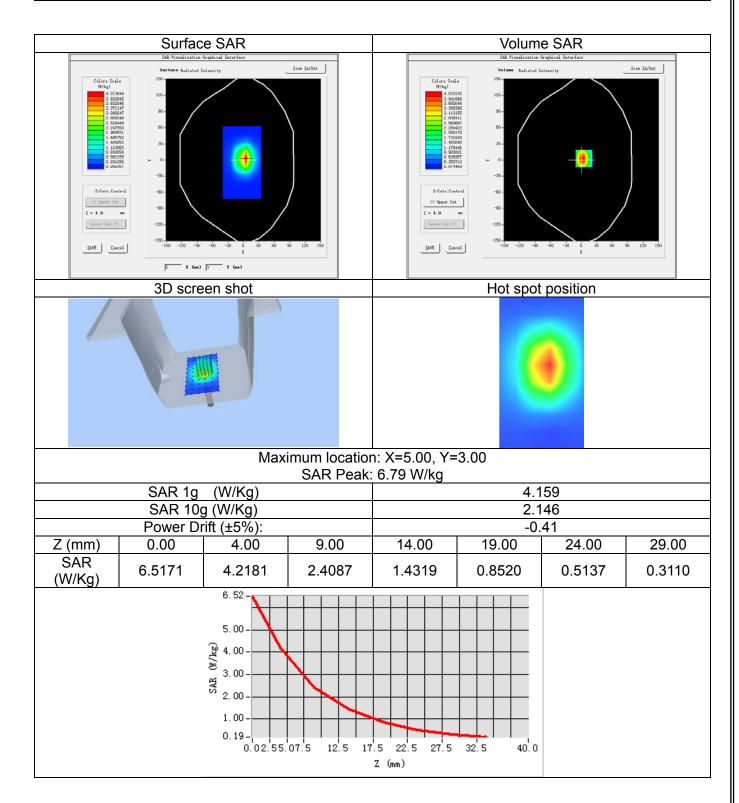
Date of measurement:	Dec. 06, 2017
Signal:	Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835.00MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.00
ConvF:	1.53
Liquid Parameters:	Relative permittivity (real part): 55.14; Conductivity (S/m): 0.99;
Device Position:	Dipole
Area Scan:	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h=5.00mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, h=5.00mm





System Performance Check - SID1900-Head

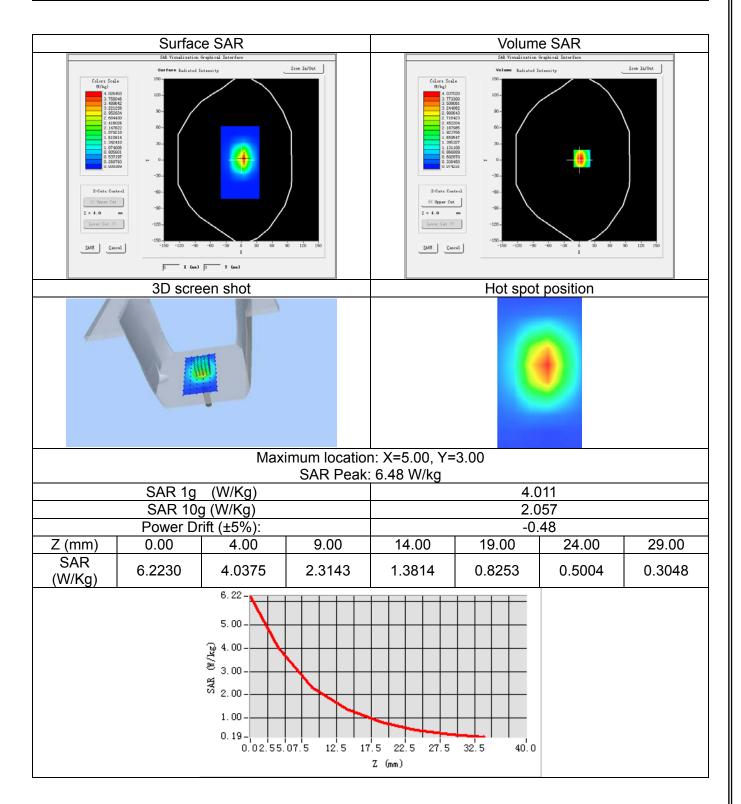
Date of measurement:	Dec. 12, 2017
Signal:	Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900.00MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.00
ConvF:	2.00
Liquid Parameters:	Relative permittivity (real part):39.39; Conductivity (S/m): 1.44;
Device Position:	Dipole
Area Scan:	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h=5.00mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, h=5.00mm





# System Performance Check - SID1900-Body

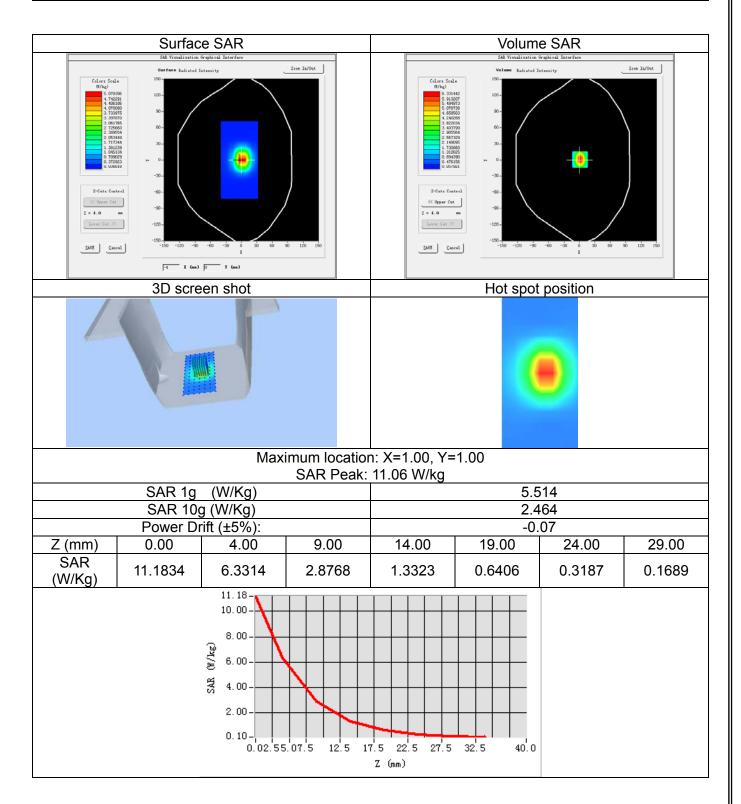
Date of measurement:	Dec. 11, 2017
Signal:	Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900.00MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.00
ConvF:	2.07
Liquid Parameters:	Relative permittivity (real part): 53.25; Conductivity (S/m): 1.56;
Device Position:	Dipole
Area Scan:	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h=5.00mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, h=5.00mm





#### System Performance Check - SID2450-Head

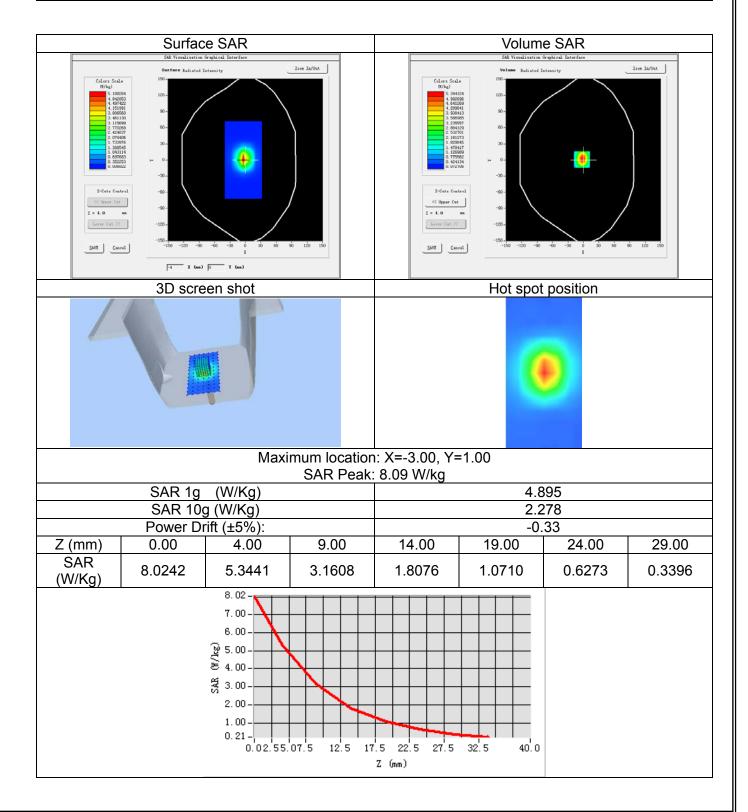
Date of measurement:	Dec. 14, 2017
Signal:	Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450.00MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.00
ConvF:	2.18
Liquid Parameters:	Relative permittivity (real part): 39.79; Conductivity (S/m): 1.81;
Device Position:	Dipole
Area Scan:	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h=5.00mm
Zoom Scan:	7x7x7, dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm, h=5.00mm





System Performance Check - SID2450-Body

Date of measurement:	Dec. 15, 2017
Signal:	Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450.00MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.00
ConvF:	2.27
Liquid Parameters:	Relative permittivity (real part): 52.65; Conductivity (S/m): 1.96;
Device Position:	Dipole
Area Scan:	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h=5.00mm
Zoom Scan:	7x7x7, dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm, h=5.00mm





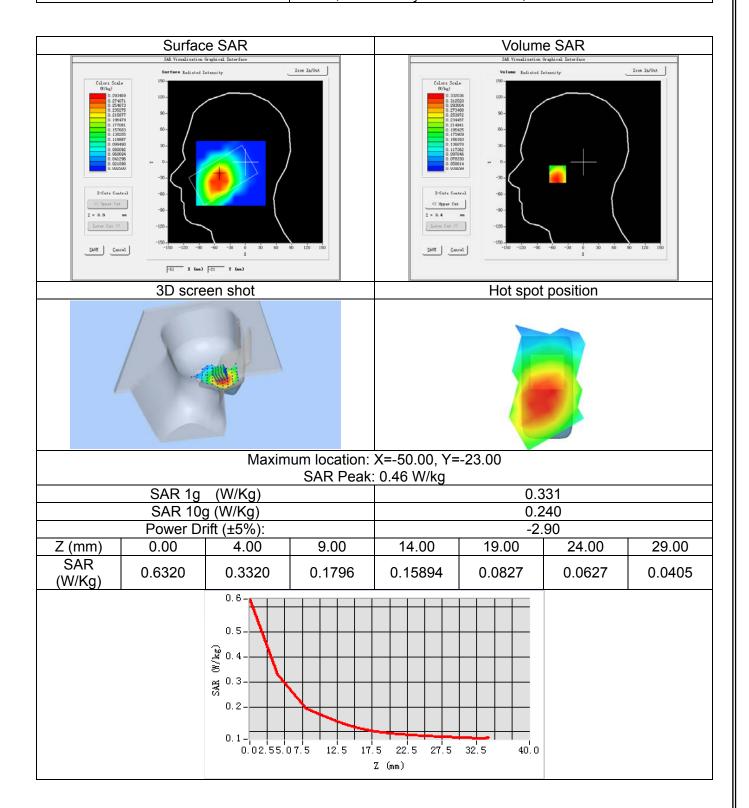
13. Appendix C. Plots of High SAR Measurement

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GSM 850 Head	
GSM 850 Body	
GSM 1900 Head	
GSM 1900 Body	
WCDMA Band V Head	
WCDMA Band V Body	
WCDMA Band II Head	
WCDMA Band II Body	
WLAN 2.4G Head	
WLAN 2.4G Body	



# GSM850\_GPRS(GMSK 4TS)\_Ch251\_Left Cheek

Date of measurement:	Dec. 07, 2017
Signal:	Communication System: GPRS(GMSK 4TS); Frequency: 848.80MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08
ConvF:	1.48
Liquid Parameters:	Relative permittivity (real part): 42.53; Conductivity (S/m): 0.91;
Device Position:	Cheek
Area Scan:	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h=5.00mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, h=5.00mm





# GSM850\_GPRS(GMSK 4TS)\_Ch251\_Back Side\_10mm

0.2-

0.02.55.07.5

12.5

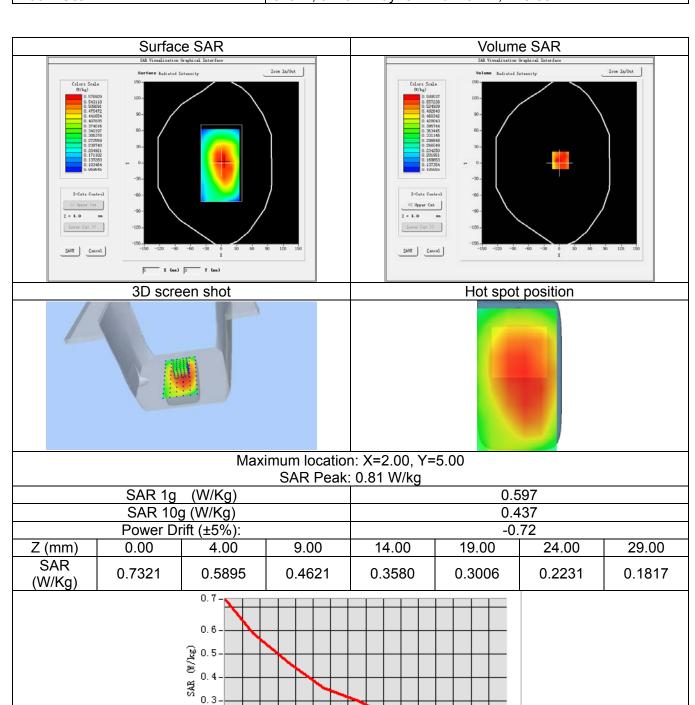
17.5

Z (mm)

22.5 27.5 32.5

40.0

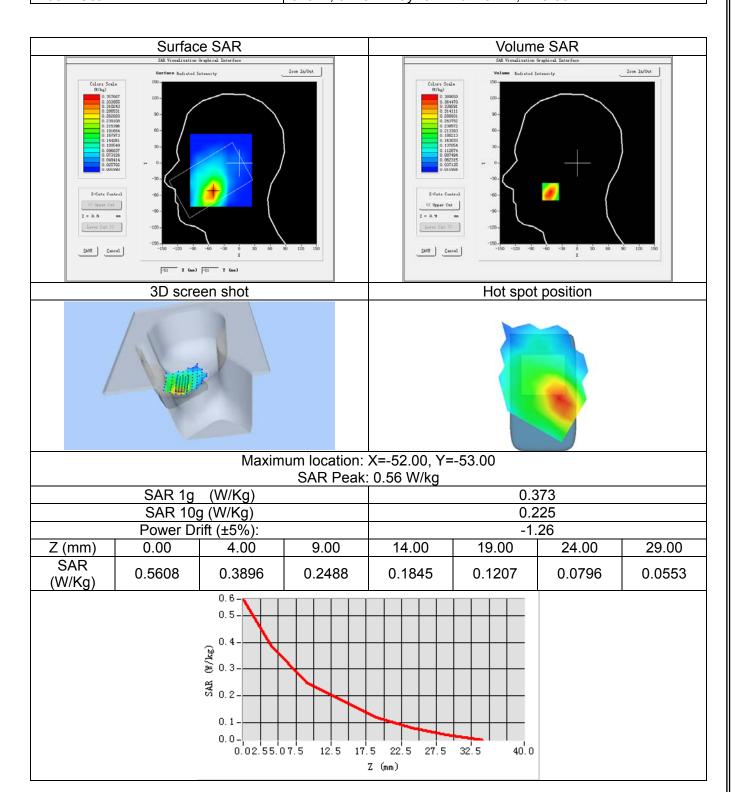
Date of measurement:	Dec. 06, 2017
Signal:	Communication System: GPRS(GMSK 4TS); Frequency: 848.80MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08
ConvF:	1.53
Liquid Parameters:	Relative permittivity (real part): 54.96; Conductivity (S/m): 1.00;
Device Position:	Body
Area Scan:	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h=5.00mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, h=5.00mm





# GSM1900\_GPRS(GMSK 4TS)\_Ch512\_Right Cheek

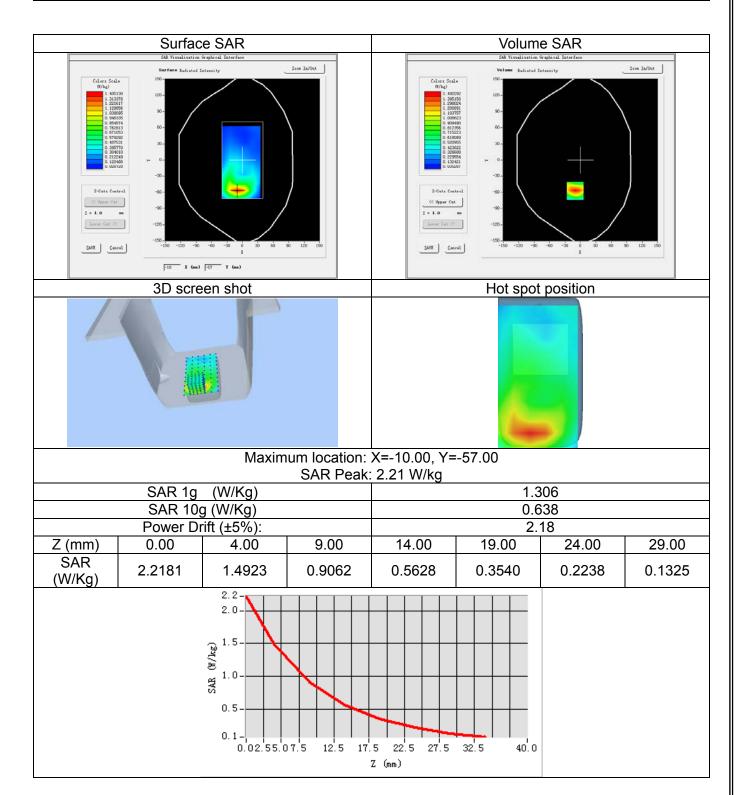
Date of measurement:	Dec. 12, 2017
Signal:	Communication System: GPRS(GMSK 4TS); Frequency: 1850.20MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08
ConvF:	2.00
Liquid Parameters:	Relative permittivity (real part): 39.63; Conductivity (S/m): 1.42;
Device Position:	Cheek
Area Scan:	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h=5.00mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, h=5.00mm





GSM1900\_GPRS(GMSK 4TS)\_Ch512\_Back Side\_10mm

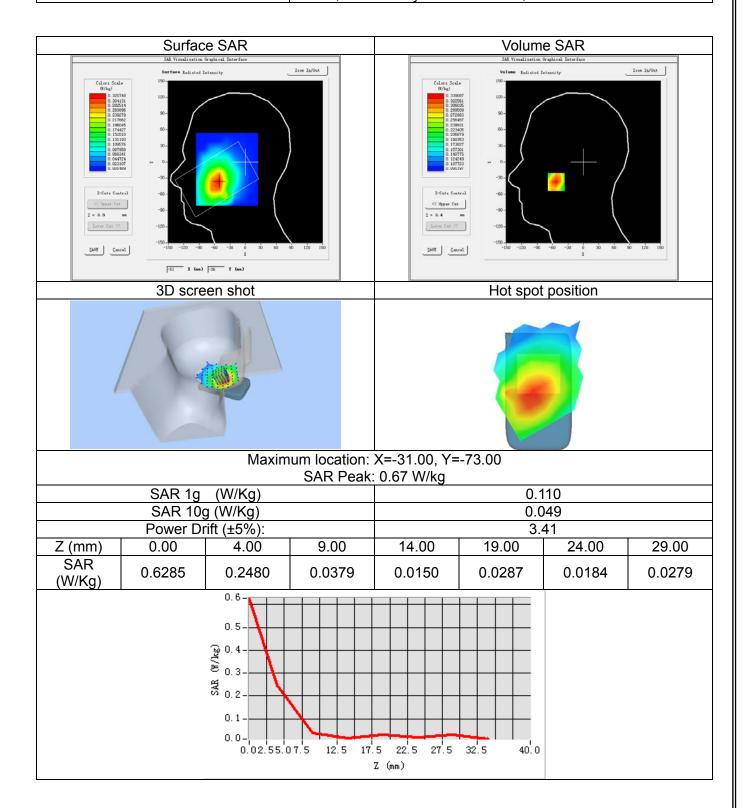
Date of measurement:	Dec. 11, 2017
Signal:	Communication System: GPRS(GMSK 4TS); Frequency: 1850.20MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08
ConvF:	2.07
Liquid Parameters:	Relative permittivity (real part): 53.44; Conductivity (S/m): 1.54;
Device Position:	Body
Area Scan:	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h=5.00mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, h=5.00mm





# WCDMA Band V\_RMC 12.2Kbps\_Ch4132\_Left Cheek

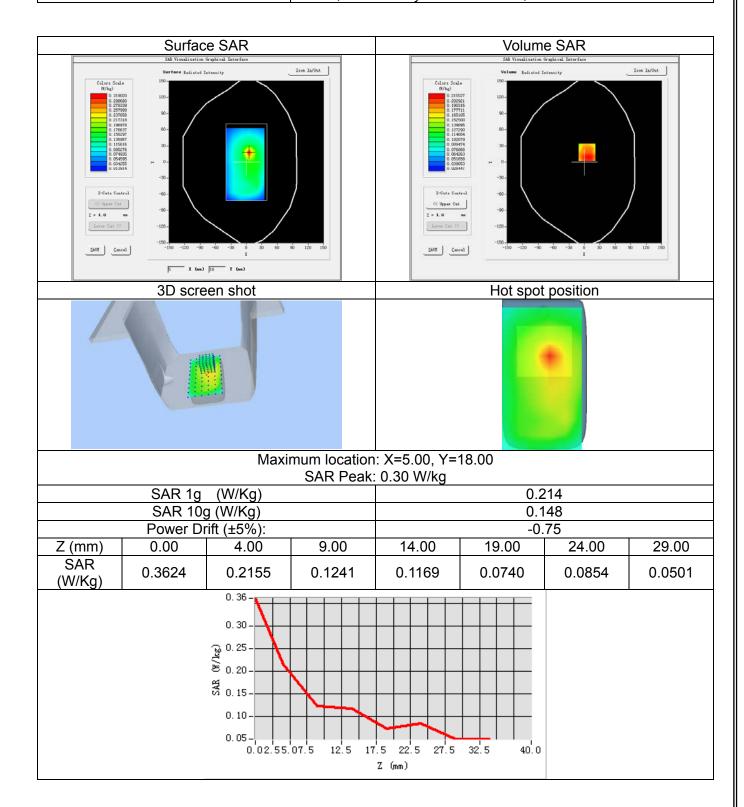
Date of measurement:	Dec. 07, 2017
Signal:	Communication System: WCDMA-FDD(WCDMA); Frequency: 826.40MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.00
ConvF:	1.48
Liquid Parameters:	Relative permittivity (real part): 42.85; Conductivity (S/m): 0.88;
Device Position:	Cheek
Area Scan:	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h=5.00mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, h=5.00mm





WCDMA Band V\_RMC 12.2Kbps\_Ch4132\_Back Side\_10mm

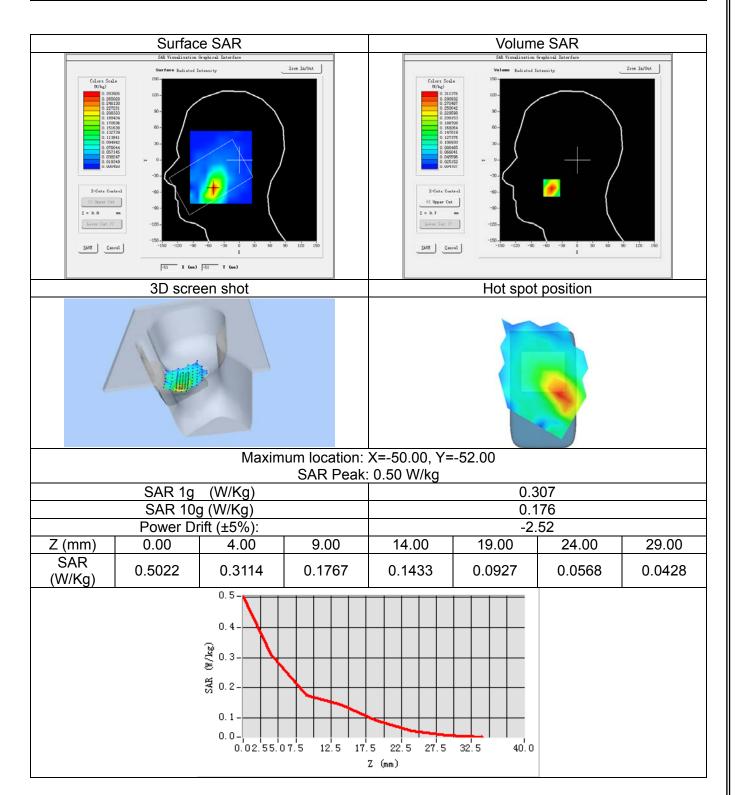
Date of measurement:	Dec. 06, 2017
Signal:	Communication System: WCDMA-FDD(WCDMA); Frequency: 826.40MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.00
ConvF:	1.53
Liquid Parameters:	Relative permittivity (real part): 55.23; Conductivity (S/m): 0.98;
Device Position:	Body
Area Scan:	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h=5.00mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, h=5.00mm





WCDMA Band II\_RMC 12.2Kbps\_Ch9262\_Right Cheek

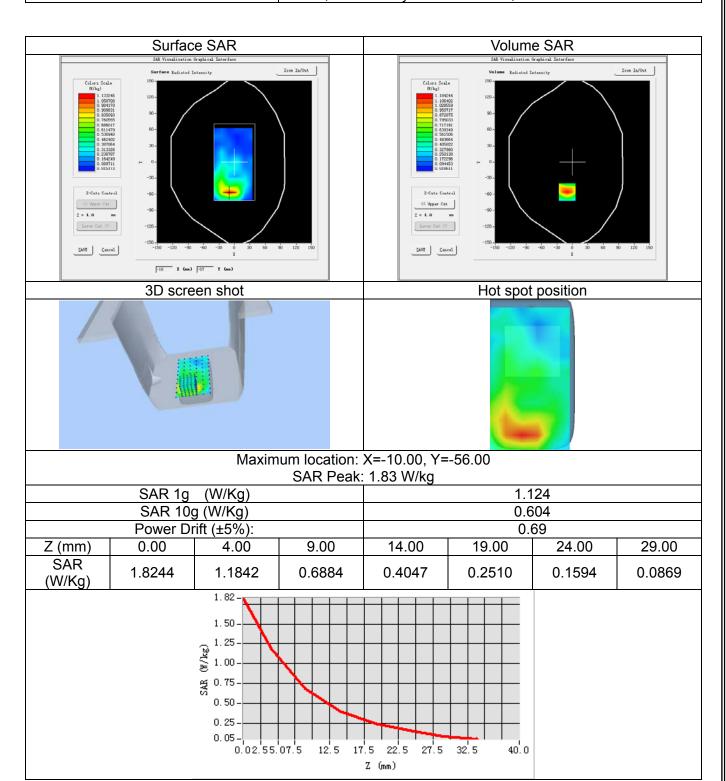
Date of measurement:	Dec. 12, 2017
Signal:	Communication System: WCDMA-FDD(WCDMA); Frequency: 1852.40MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.00
ConvF:	2.00
Liquid Parameters:	Relative permittivity (real part): 39.60; Conductivity (S/m): 1.42;
Device Position:	Cheek
Area Scan:	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h=5.00mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, h=5.00mm





WCDMA Band II\_RMC 12.2Kbps\_Ch9262\_Back Side\_10mm

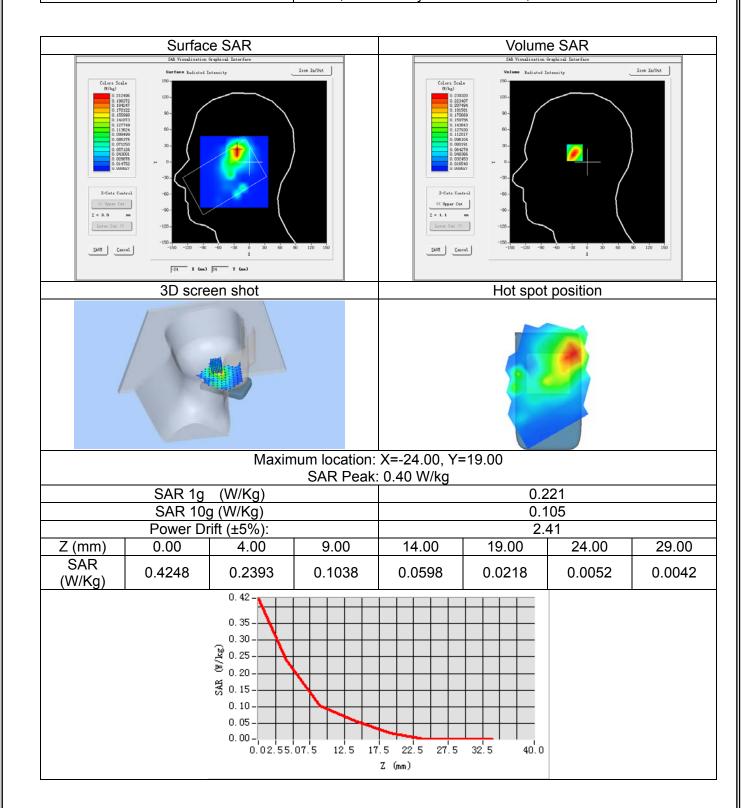
Date of measurement:	Dec. 11, 2017
Signal:	Communication System: WCDMA-FDD(WCDMA); Frequency: 1852.40MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.00
ConvF:	2.07
Liquid Parameters:	Relative permittivity (real part): 53.44; Conductivity (S/m): 1.54;
Device Position:	Body
Area Scan:	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h=5.00mm
Zoom Scan:	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, h=5.00mm





WLAN 2.4G\_802.11b\_Ch1\_ Left Cheek

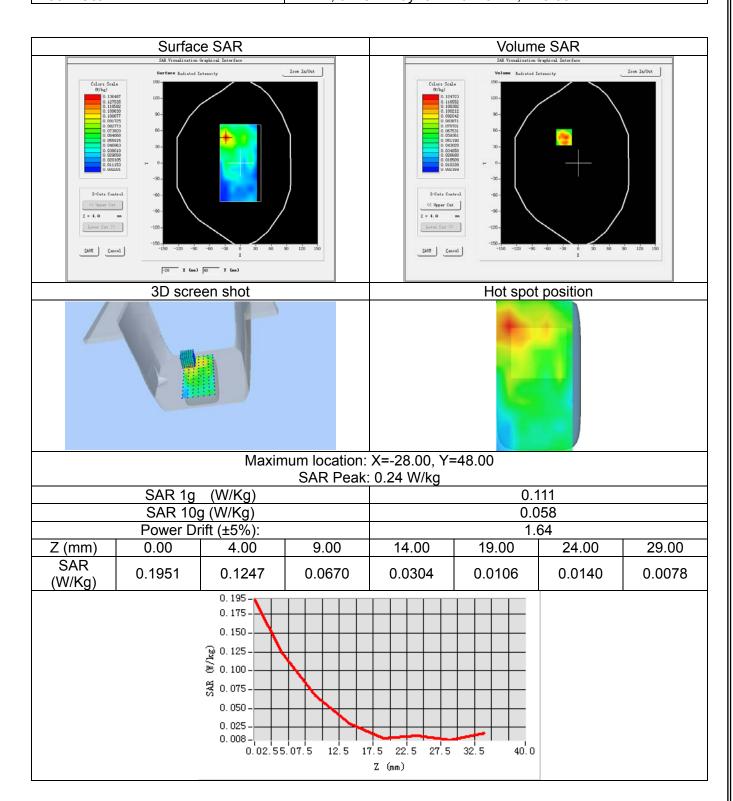
Date of measurement:	Dec. 14, 2017
Signal:	Communication System: WLAN 802.11a/b/g/n/ac; Frequency: 2412.00MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.00
ConvF:	2.18
Liquid Parameters:	Relative permittivity (real part): 39.98; Conductivity (S/m): 1.77;
Device Position:	Cheek
Area Scan:	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h=5.00mm
Zoom Scan:	7x7x7, dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm, h=5.00mm





#### WLAN 2.4G\_802.11b\_Ch1\_Back Side\_10mm

Date of measurement:	Dec. 15, 2017
Signal:	Communication System: WLAN 802.11a/b/g/n/ac; Frequency: 2412.00MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.00
ConvF:	2.27
Liquid Parameters:	Relative permittivity (real part): 52.85; Conductivity (S/m): 1.90;
Device Position:	Body
Area Scan:	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h=5.00mm
Zoom Scan:	7x7x7, dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm, h=5.00mm





14. Appendix D. Calibration Certificate

Table of contents	
E Field Probe - SN 08/16 EPGO287	
835 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 0G835-347	
1900 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 1G900-350	
2450 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352	
Extended Calibration Certificate	





# **COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report**

Ref: ACR.261.2.17.SATU.A

Shenzhen NTEK Testing Technology Co., Ltd.
BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK,
SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET,
BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA
MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 08/16 EPGO287

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144





Calibration Date: 09/18/2017

#### Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in MVG USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.







#### COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.2.17.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	9/18/2017	Jes
Checked by:	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	9/18/2017	Jes
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	9/18/2017	them thethoustri

	Customer Name
Distribution:	NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY
	CO., LTD.

Issue	Date	Modifications	
A	9/18/2017	Initial release	

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#### COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.2.17.SATU.A

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#### COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.2.17.SATU.A

#### DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test			
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE		
Manufacturer	MVG		
Model	SSE2		
Serial Number	SN 08/16 EPGO287		
Product Condition (new / used)	Used		
Frequency Range of Probe	0.4 GHz-6GHz		
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.208 MΩ		
	Dipole 2: R2=0.196 MΩ		
	Dipole 3: R3=0.196 MΩ		

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

#### 2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

#### MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

#### 3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

#### 3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

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#### 3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

#### 3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 - 360 degrees in 15 degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis  $(0^{\circ}-180^{\circ})$  in  $15^{\circ}$  increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis  $(0^{\circ}-360^{\circ})$ .

#### 3.5 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

#### 4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Incident or forward power	3.00%	Rectangular	√3	1	1.732%
Reflected power	3.00%	Rectangular	√3	1	1.732%
Liquid conductivity	5.00%	Rectangular	√3	1	2.887%
Liquid permittivity	4.00%	Rectangular	√3	1	2.309%
Field homogeneity	3.00%	Rectangular	√3	1	1.732%
Field probe positioning	5.00%	Rectangular	√3	1	2.887%
Field probe linearity	3.00%	Rectangular	√3	1	1.732%
Combined standard uncertainty					5.831%
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					12.0%

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#### 5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters		
Liquid Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Humidity	45 %	

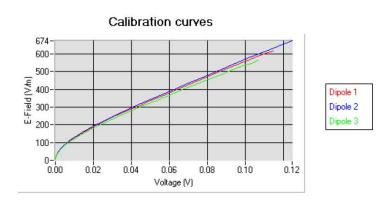
#### 5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

Normx dipole		
$1 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	$2 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	$3 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$
0.69	0.78	0.61

DCP dipole 1	DCP dipole 2	DCP dipole 3
(mV)	(mV)	(mV)
92	90	96

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain H-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{{E_1}^2 + {E_2}^2 + {E_3}^2}$$



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