

# **FCC REPORT**

# (Bluetooth)

**Applicant:** Telecell Mobile (H.K). Ltd

Address of Applicant: RM 1, 8/F Metro Centre 2, 21 Lam Hing Street. Kln Bay. Hong

Kong

**Equipment Under Test (EUT)** 

**Product Name:** Wi-Fi device

Model No.: T50R

FCC ID: 2ADX3T50R

Applicable standards: FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247

Date of sample receipt: 09 Mar., 2018

**Date of Test:** 09 Mar., to 03 Apr., 2018

Date of report issued: 03 Apr., 2018

Test Result: PASS \*

\* In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

#### Authorized Signature:



Bruce Zhang Laboratory Manager

This report details the results of the testing carried out on one sample. The results contained in this test report do not relate to other samples of the same product and does not permit the use of the CCIS product certification mark. The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report.

This report may only be reproduced and distributed in full. If the product in this report is used in any configuration other than that detailed in the report, the manufacturer must ensure the new system complies with all relevant standards.

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Report No: CCISE180302702

### 2 Version

Version No.	Date	Description
00	03 Apr., 2018	Original

Tested by: Date: 03 Apr., 2018

Test Engineer

Reviewed by: Date: 03 Apr., 2018

Project Engineer





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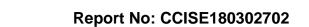


# 4 Test Summary

Test Items	Section in CFR 47	Result
Antenna Requirement	15.203 & 15.247 (c)	Pass
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	15.207	Pass
Conducted Peak Output Power	15.247 (b)(1)	Pass
20dB Occupied Bandwidth	15.247 (a)(1)	Pass
Carrier Frequencies Separation	15.247 (a)(1)	Pass
Hopping Channel Number	15.247 (a)(1)	Pass
Dwell Time	15.247 (a)(1)	Pass
Spurious Emission	15.205 & 15.209	Pass
Band Edge	15.247(d)	Pass

Pass: The EUT complies with the essential requirements in the standard.

N/A: N/A: Not Applicable.





### **5** General Information

### **5.1 Client Information**

Applicant:	Telecell Mobile (H.K). Ltd	
Address: RM 1, 8/F Metro Centre 2, 21 Lam Hing Street. Kln Bay. Hong Kong		
Manufacturer/ Factory:	Telecell Mobile (H.K). Ltd	
Address:	RM 1, 8/F Metro Centre 2, 21 Lam Hing Street. Kln Bay. Hong Kong	

5.2 General Description of E.U.T.

Product Name:	Wi-Fi device
Model No.:	T50R
Operation Frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Transfer rate:	1/2/3 Mbits/s
Number of channel:	79
Modulation type:	GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK
Modulation technology:	FHSS
Antenna Type:	Internal Antenna
Antenna gain:	-1.0 dBi
Power supply:	Rechargeable Li-ion polymer Battery DC3.8V, 4100mAh
AC adapter:	Model No.: N8C Input: AC110-240V 50/60Hz 0.3 A Output: DC 5.0V, 2.0A

Operation Frequency each of channel for GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK							
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
0	2402MHz	20	2422MHz	40	2442MHz	60	2462MHz
1	2403MHz	21	2423MHz	41	2443MHz	61	2463MHz
2	2404MHz	22	2424MHz	42	2444MHz	62	2464MHz
3	2405MHz	23	2425MHz	43	2445MHz	63	2465MHz
4	2406MHz	24	2426MHz	44	2446MHz	64	2466MHz
5	2407MHz	25	2427MHz	45	2447MHz	65	2467MHz
15	2417MHz	35	2437MHz	55	2457MHz	75	2477MHz
16	2418MHz	36	2438MHz	56	2458MHz	76	2478MHz
17	2419MHz	37	2439MHz	57	2459MHz	77	2479MHz
18	2420MHz	38	2440MHz	58	2460MHz	78	2480MHz
19	2421MHz	39	2441MHz	59	2461MHz		
18	2420MHz	38	2440MHz 2441MHz	58 59	2460MHz 2461MHz		

5.3 Test environment and test mode

Operating Environment:	
Temperature:	24.0 °C
Humidity:	54 % RH
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar
Test Modes:	
Non-hopping mode:	Keep the EUT in continuous transmitting mode with worst case data rate.
Hopping mode:	Keep the EUT in hopping mode.
Remark	GFSK (1 Mbps) is the worst case mode.

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The sample was placed 0.8m (below 1GHz)/1.5m (above 1GHz) above the ground plane of 3m chamber\*. Measurements in both horizontal and vertical polarities were performed. During the test, each emission was maximized by: having the EUT continuously working with a fresh battery, investigated all operating modes, rotated about all 3 axis (X, Y & Z) and considered typical configuration to obtain worst position, manipulating interconnecting cables, rotating the turntable, varying antenna height from 1m to 4m in both horizontal and vertical polarizations. The emissions worst-case are shown in Test Results of the following pages.

### 5.4 Description of Support Units

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit.

### 5.5 Measurement Uncertainty

Parameters	Expanded Uncertainty
Conducted Emission (9kHz ~ 30MHz)	2.14 dB (k=2)
Radiated Emission (9kHz ~ 30MHz)	4.24 dB (k=2)
Radiated Emission (30MHz ~ 1000MHz)	4.35 dB (k=2)
Radiated Emission (1GHz ~ 18GHz)	4.44 dB (k=2)
Radiated Emission (18GHz ~ 26.5GHz)	4.56 dB (k=2)

### 5.6 Laboratory Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

#### • FCC - Registration No.: 727551

Shenzhen Zhongjian Nanfang Testing Co., Ltd. has been accredited as a testing laboratory by FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The Registration No. is 727551.

### IC - Registration No.: 10106A-1

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Shenzhen Zhongjian Nanfang Testing Co., Ltd. has been Registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 10106A-1.

#### • CNAS - Registration No.: CNAS L6048

Shenzhen Zhongjian Nanfang Testing Co., Ltd. is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration laboratories for the competence of testing. The Registration No. is CNAS L6048.

#### A2LA - Registration No.: 4346.01

This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories. The test scope can be found as below link: https://portal.a2la.org/scopepdf/4346-01.pdf

### 5.7 Laboratory Location

Shenzhen Zhongjian Nanfang Testing Co., Ltd.

Address: No. B-C, 1/F., Building 2, Laodong No.2 Industrial Park, Xixiang Road,

Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Tel: +86-755-23118282, Fax: +86-755-23116366

Email: info@ccis-cb.com, Website: http://www.ccis-cb.com

Shenzhen Zhongjian Nanfang Testing Co., Ltd.
No. B-C, 1/F., Building 2, Laodong No.2 Industrial Park, Xixiang Road, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Telephone: +86 (0) 755 23118282 Fax: +86 (0) 755 23116366



### 5.8 Test Instruments list

Radiated Emission:					
Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Date (mm-dd-yy)	Cal. Due date (mm-dd-yy)
3m SAC	SAEMC	9m*6m*6m	966	07-22-2017	07-21-2020
Loop Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB1519B	00044	02-25-2018	02-24-2019
BiConiLog Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9163	497	02-25-2018	02-24-2019
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9120D	916	02-25-2018	02-24-2019
EMI Test Software	AUDIX	E3	6.110919b	N/A	N/A
Pre-amplifier	HP	8447D	2944A09358	02-25-2018	02-24-2019
Pre-amplifier	CD	PAP-1G18	11804	02-25-2018	02-24-2019
Spectrum analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP30	101454	02-25-2018	02-24-2019
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESRP7	101070	02-25-2018	02-24-2019
Cable	ZDECL	Z108-NJ-NJ-81	1608458	02-25-2018	02-24-2019
Cable	MICRO-COAX	MFR64639	K10742-5	02-25-2018	02-24-2019
Cable	SUHNER	SUCOFLEX100	58193/4PE	02-25-2018	02-24-2019

Conducted Emission:					
Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Date (mm-dd-yy)	Cal. Due date (mm-dd-yy)
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI	101189	02-25-2018	02-24-2019
Pulse Limiter	SCHWARZBECK	OSRAM 2306	9731	02-25-2018	02-24-2019
LISN	CHASE	MN2050D	1447	02-25-2018	02-24-2019
LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH3-Z5	8438621/010	07-21-2017	07-20-2018
Cable	HP	10503A	N/A	02-25-2018	02-24-2019
EMI Test Software	AUDIX	E3	6.110919b	N/A	N/A



### 6 Test results and measurement data

### 6.1 Antenna Requirement

#### Standard requirement: FCC Part 15 C Section 15.203 & 247(c)

15.203 requirement:

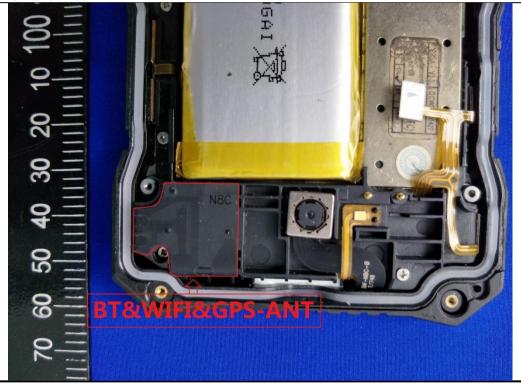
An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

15.247(c) (1)(i) requirement:

(i) Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band that is used exclusively for fixed. Point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

#### **E.U.T Antenna:**

The Bluetooth antenna is an internal antenna which permanently attached, and the best case gain of the antenna is -1.0dBi.





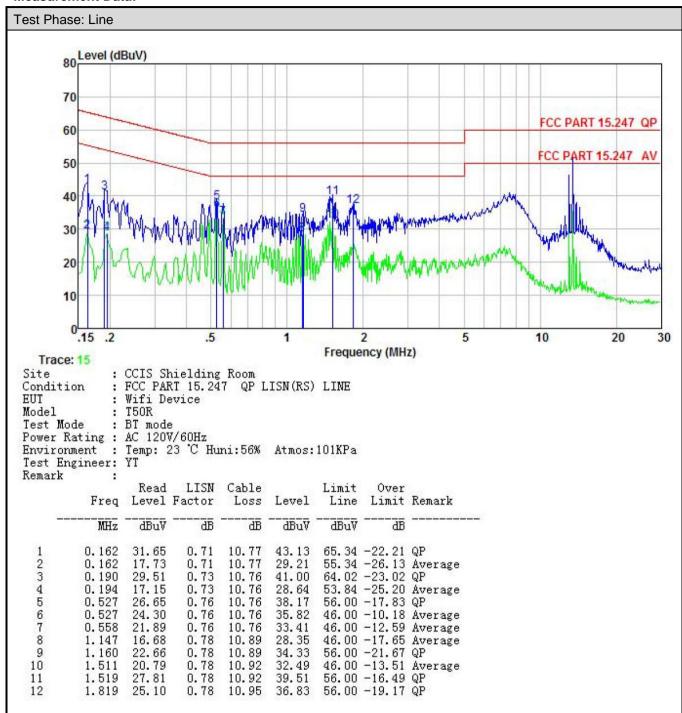


### **6.2 Conducted Emissions**

Test Requirement:	FCC Part 15 C Section 15.207		
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013		
Test Frequency Range:	150 kHz to 30 MHz		
Class / Severity:	Class B		
Receiver setup:	RBW=9 kHz, VBW=30 k	Hz, Sweep time=auto	
Limit:	Frequency range	Limit (	dBuV)
<del>-</del>	(MHz)	Quasi-peak	Áverage
	0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
	0.5-5	56	46
	5-30	60	50
	* Decreases with the log	arithm of the frequency.	
Test setup:	Reference	Plane	
	AUX Equipment  Test table/Insulation plane  Remark EUT: Equipment Under Test LISN: Line Impedence Stabilization Ne Test table height=0.8m	EMI Receiver	ower
Test procedure:	<ol> <li>The E.U.T and simulators are connected to the main power through a line impedance stabilization network (L.I.S.N.). This provides a 50ohm/50uH coupling impedance for the measuring equipment.</li> <li>The peripheral devices are also connected to the main power through a LISN that provides a 50ohm/50uH coupling impedance with 50ohm termination. (Please refer to the block diagram of the test setup and photographs).</li> <li>Both sides of A.C. line are checked for maximum conducted interference. In order to find the maximum emission, the relative positions of equipment and all of the interface cables must be changed according to ANSI C63.4: 2014 on conducted measurement.</li> </ol>		
Test Instruments:	Refer to section 5.8 for d		
Test mode:	Hopping mode		
Test results:	Pass		



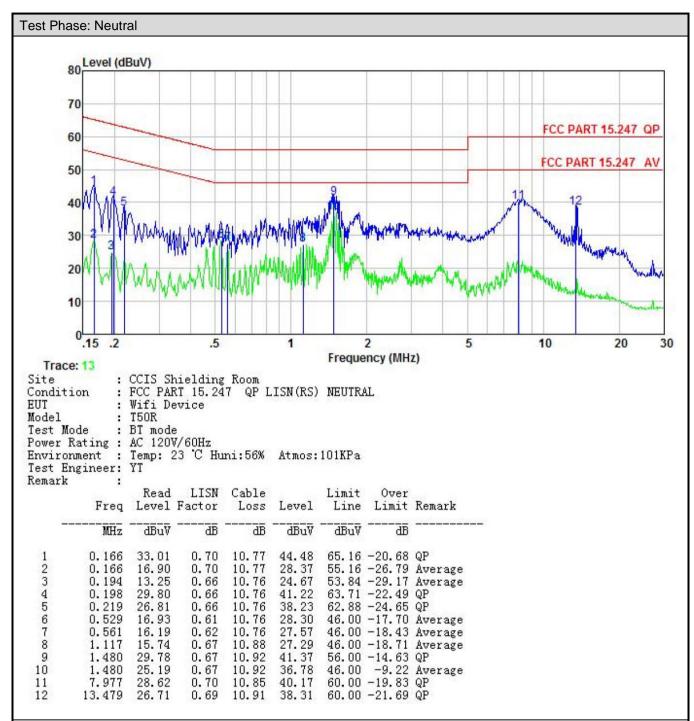
#### **Measurement Data:**



#### Notes

- 1. An initial pre-scan was performed on the line and neutral lines with peak detector.
- 2. Quasi-Peak and Average measurement were performed at the frequencies with maximized peak emission.
- 3. Final Level =Receiver Read level + LISN Factor + Cable Loss.





#### Notes:

- 1. An initial pre-scan was performed on the line and neutral lines with peak detector.
- 2. Quasi-Peak and Average measurement were performed at the frequencies with maximized peak emission.
- 3. Final Level =Receiver Read level + LISN Factor + Cable Loss.





# **6.3 Conducted Output Power**

Test Requirement:	FCC Part 15 C Section 15.247 (b)(1)		
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013 and DA00-705		
Receiver setup:	RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz, Detector=Peak (If 20dB BW ≤1 MHz) RBW=3MHz, VBW=10MHz, Detector=Peak (If 20dB BW > 1 MHz and < 3MHz)		
Limit:	For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.		
Test setup:			
Test Instruments:	Refer to section 5.8 for details		
Test mode:	Non-hopping mode		
Test results:	Pass		

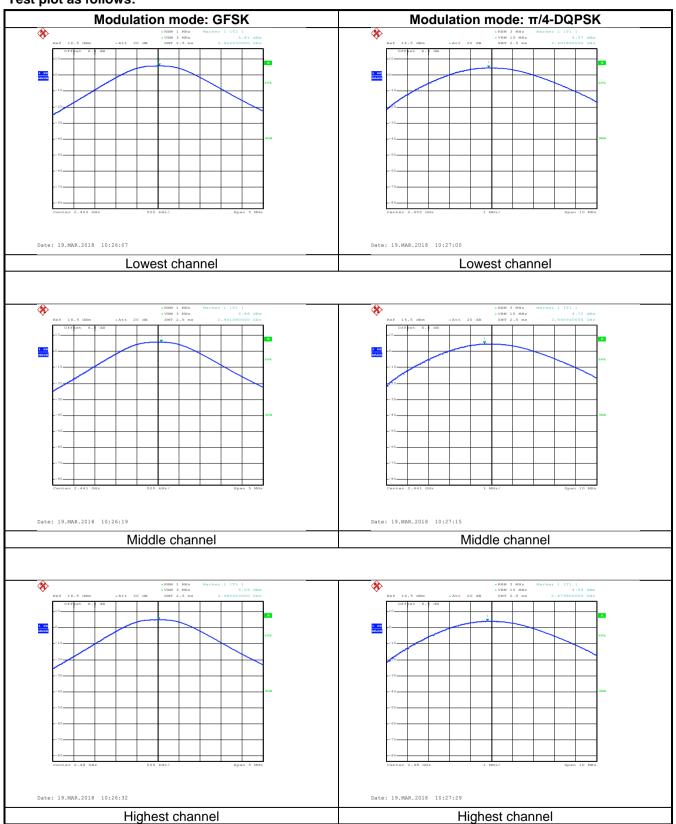
#### **Measurement Data:**

Test channel	Peak Output Power (dBm) Limit (dBm)		Result		
	GFSK mo	de			
Lowest channel	5.81	30.00	Pass		
Middle channel	5.88	30.00	Pass		
Highest channel	5.09	30.00	Pass		
	π/4-DQPSK i	mode			
Lowest channel 4.57 21.00 Pass					
Middle channel	4.72	21.00	Pass		
Highest channel 4.05		21.00	Pass		
8DPSK mode					
Lowest channel	4.60	21.00	Pass		
Middle channel	4.75	21.00	Pass		
Highest channel	4.14	21.00	Pass		

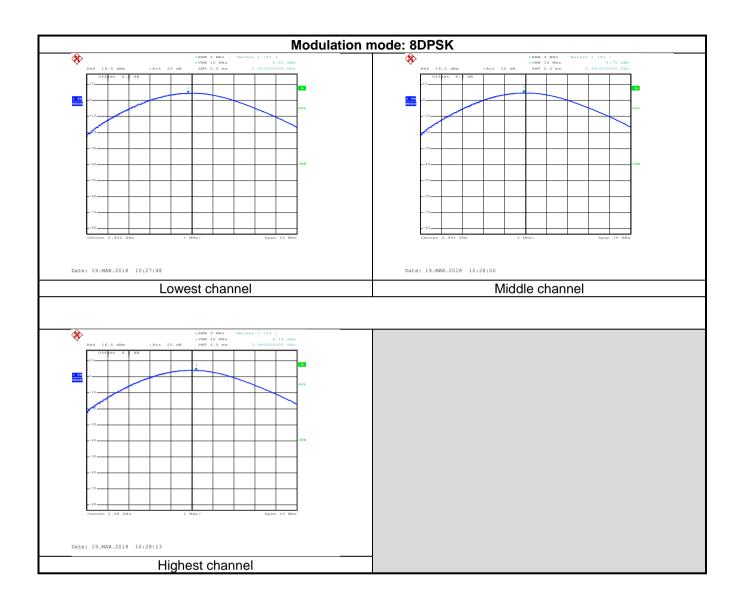




#### Test plot as follows:











6.4 20dB Occupy Bandwidth

Test Requirement:	FCC Part 15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1)		
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013 and DA00-705		
Receiver setup:	RBW=30 kHz, VBW=100 kHz, detector=Peak		
Limit:	NA		
Test setup:	Spectrum Analyzer  E.U.T  Non-Conducted Table  Ground Reference Plane		
Test Instruments:	Refer to section 5.8 for details		
Test mode:	Non-hopping mode		
Test results:	Pass		

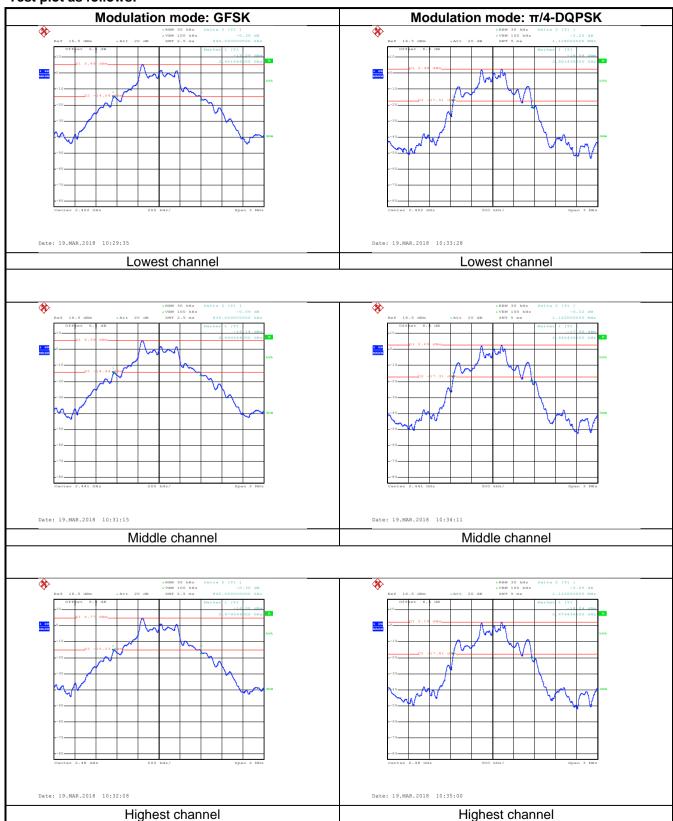
#### **Measurement Data:**

Toot shannel	20dB Occupy Bandwidth (kHz)					
Test channel	GFSK π/4-DQPSK 8DPSK					
Lowest	840 1128 1176					
Middle	836 1122 1176					
Highest	840 1122 1176					

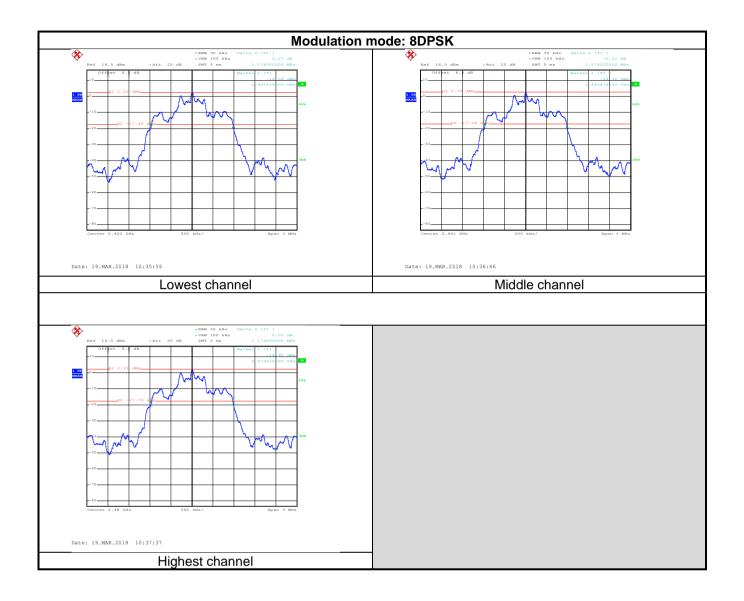




#### Test plot as follows:











6.5 Carrier Frequencies Separation

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Test Requirement:	FCC Part 15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013 and DA00-705
Receiver setup:	RBW=100 kHz, VBW=300 kHz, detector=Peak
Limit:	<ul><li>a) 0.025MHz or the 20dB bandwidth (whichever is greater)</li><li>b) 0.025MHz or 2/3 of the 20dB bandwidth (whichever is greater)</li></ul>
Test setup:	Spectrum Analyzer  E.U.T  Non-Conducted Table  Ground Reference Plane
Test Instruments:	Refer to section 5.8 for details
Test mode:	Hopping mode
Test results:	Pass



#### **Measurement Data:**

Test channel	Carrier Frequencies Separation (kHz)		Result		
	GFSK				
Lowest	1004	840.00	Pass		
Middle	1004	840.00	Pass		
Highest	1004	840.00	Pass		
	π/4-DQPSK mo	de			
Lowest	1004	752.00	Pass		
Middle	1004	752.00	Pass		
Highest	1004	752.00	Pass		
8DPSK mode					
Lowest	1004	784.00	Pass		
Middle	1004	784.00	Pass		
Highest	1004	784.00	Pass		

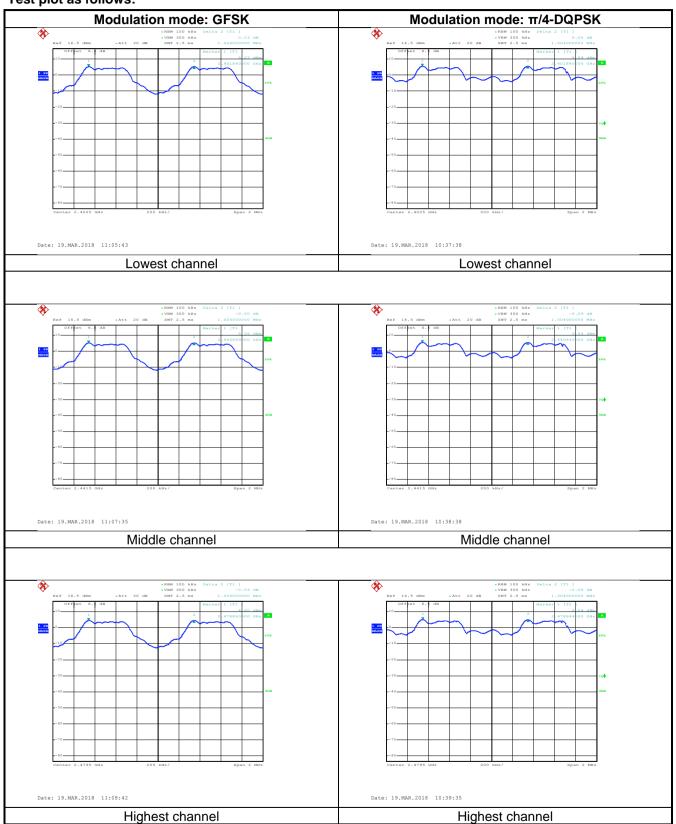
Note: According to section 6.4

		The state of the s
Mode	20dB bandwidth (kHz) (worse case)	Limit (kHz) (Carrier Frequencies Separation)
GFSK	840	840.00
π/4-DQPSK	1128	752.00
8DPSK	1176	784.00

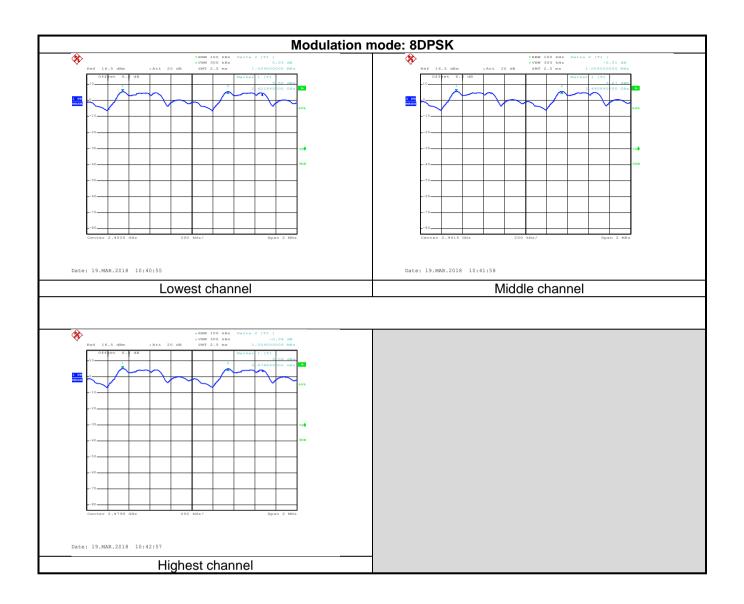




#### Test plot as follows:











**6.6 Hopping Channel Number** 

Test Requirement:	FCC Part 15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1)		
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013 and DA00-705		
Receiver setup:	RBW=100 kHz, VBW=300 kHz, Frequency range=2400MHz-2483.5MHz, Detector=Peak		
Limit:	15 channels		
Test setup:	Spectrum Analyzer  E.U.T  Non-Conducted Table  Ground Reference Plane		
Test Instruments:	Refer to section 5.8 for details		
Test mode:	Hopping mode		
Test results:	Pass		

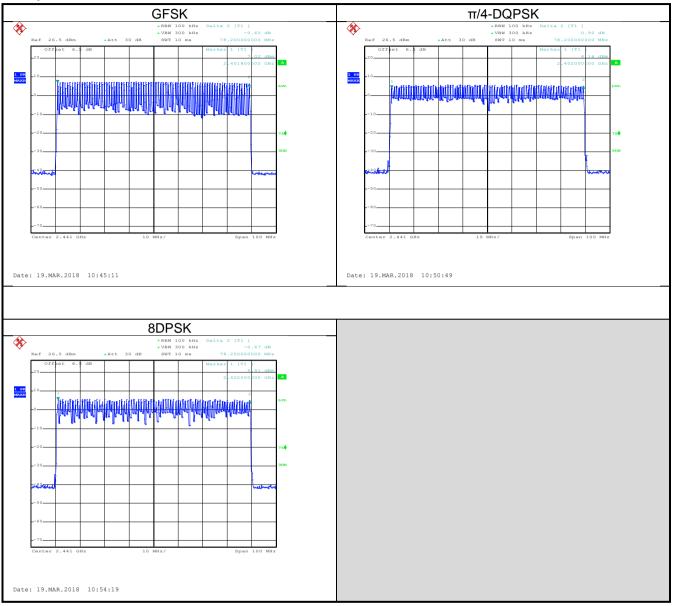
#### **Measurement Data:**

Mode	Hopping channel numbers	Limit	Result
GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK	79	15	Pass





#### Test plot as follows:





### 6.7 Dwell Time

Test Requirement:	FCC Part 15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1)		
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013 and KDB DA00-705		
Receiver setup:	RBW=1 MHz, VBW=1 MHz, Span=0 Hz, Detector=Peak		
Limit:	0.4 Second		
Test setup:	Spectrum Analyzer  E.U.T  Non-Conducted Table  Ground Reference Plane		
Test Instruments:	Refer to section 5.8 for details		
Test mode:	Hopping mode		
Test results:	Pass		

#### Measurement Data (Worse case):

Mode	Packet	Dwell time (second)	Limit (second)	Result
	DH1	0.12608		
GFSK	DH3	0.26784	0.4	Pass
	DH5	0.31317		
	2-DH1	0.12672		
π/4-DQPSK	2-DH3	0.26688	0.4	Pass
	2-DH5	0.31317		
	3-DH1	0.12672		
8DPSK	3-DH3	0.26688	0.4	Pass
	3-DH5	0.31317		

Note:

The test period = 0.4 Second/Channel x 79 Channel = 31.6 s

Calculation Formula: Dwell time = Ton time per hop \* Hopping numbers \* Period

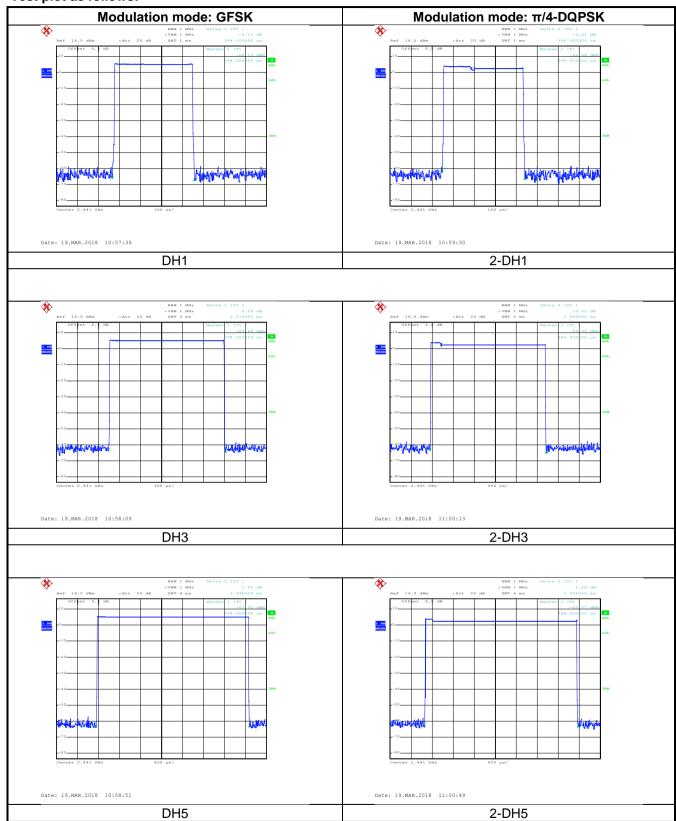
For example:

DH1 time slot=0.394\*(1600/(2\*79))\*31.6=126.08ms DH3 time slot=1.674\*(1600/(4\*79))\*31.6=267.84ms DH5 time slot=2.936\*(1600/(6\*79))\*31.6=313.17ms

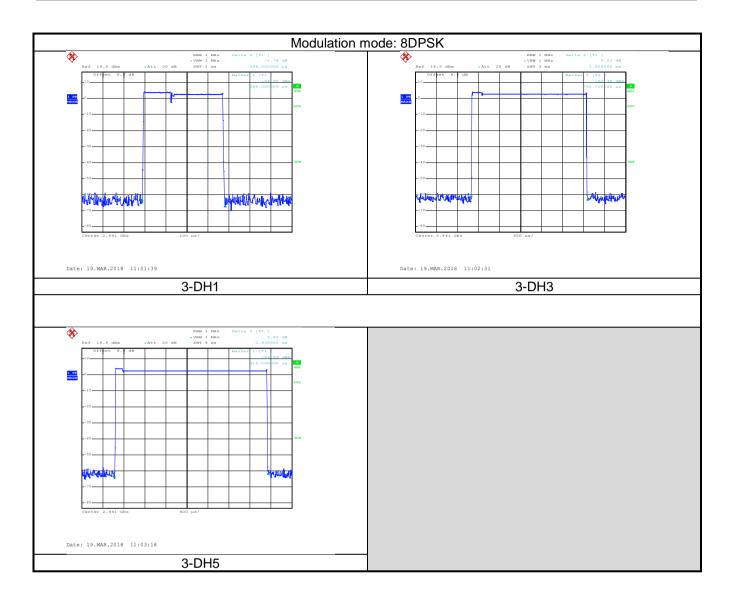




#### Test plot as follows:







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### 6.8 Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

## Test Requirement: FCC Part 15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1) requirement:

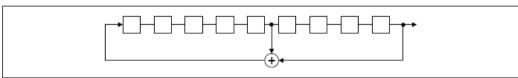
Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

Alternatively. Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a Pseudorandom ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

#### **EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence**

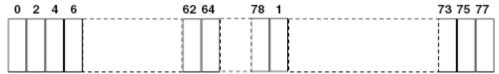
The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONEs; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones.

- · Number of shift register stages: 9
- Length of pseudo-random sequence: 2<sup>9</sup>-1 = 511 bits
- Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence

An example of Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence as follow:



Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.

The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.



# 6.9 Band Edge

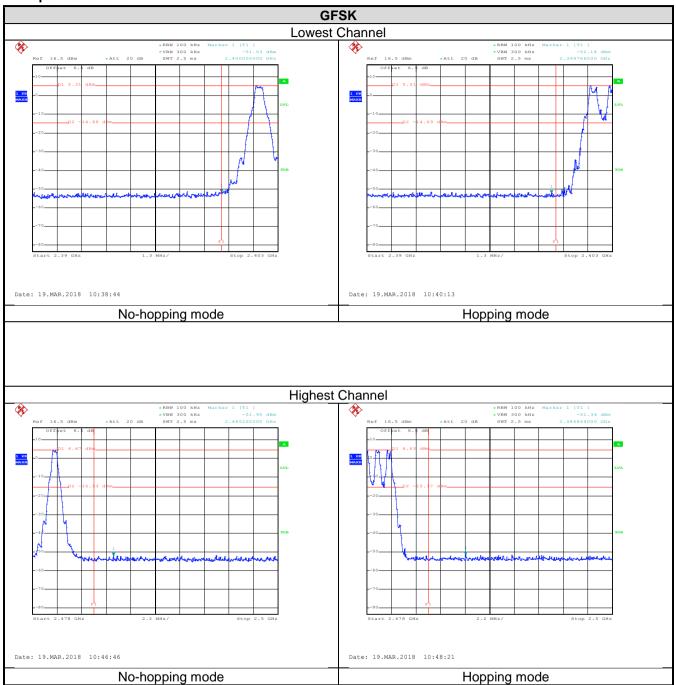
# 6.9.1 Conducted Emission Method

Test Requirement:	FCC Part 15 C Section 15.247 (d)			
•	` '			
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013 and DA00-705			
Receiver setup:	RBW=100 kHz, VBW=300 kHz, Detector=Peak			
Limit:	In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.			
Test setup:	Spectrum Analyzer  E.U.T  Non-Conducted Table  Ground Reference Plane			
Test Instruments:	Refer to section 5.8 for details			
Test mode:	Non-hopping mode and hopping mode			
Test results:	Pass			

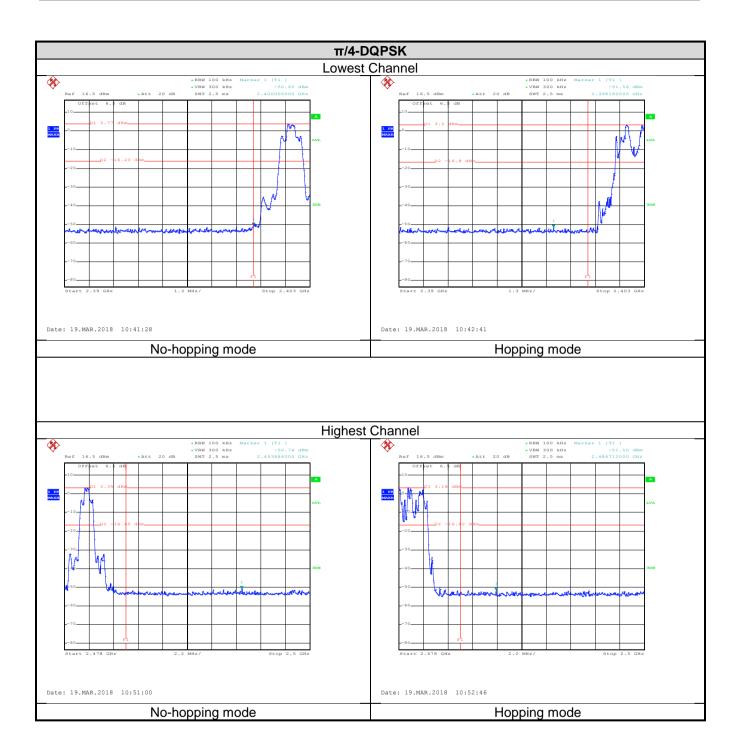




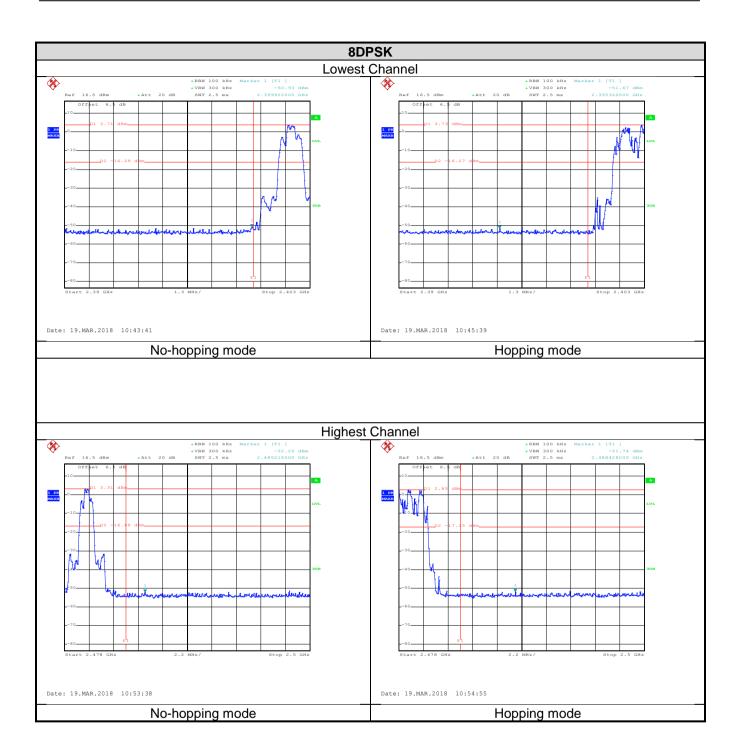
#### Test plot as follows:











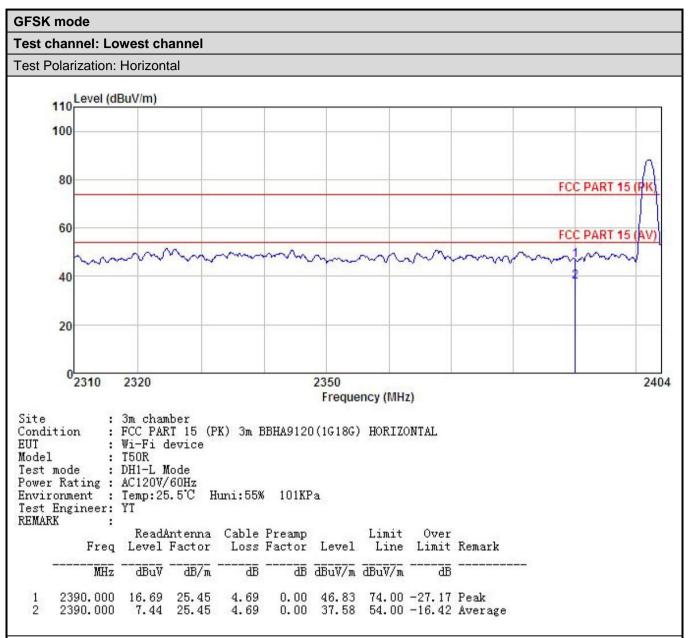


#### 6.9.2 Radiated Emission Method

maximum reading.  5. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.  6. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.  Test Instruments:  Refer to section 5.8 for details		Test Description Method  Took Description 15 CO Part 45 C Caption 45 200 and 45 205						
Test Procedure:  1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5meters above the ground at a 3 meter camber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.  2. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.  3. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the highest radiation to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.  4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rota table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.  5. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.  6. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-fested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.	•			5.208	anu 13.200			
Test Distance:  Receiver setup:  Frequency Above 1GHz Peak 1MHz Above 1GHz Peak 1MHz Above 1GHz RMS 1MHZ Average Value  Frequency Limit (dBuV/m @3m) Remark Above 1GHz Above 1GH								
Receiver setup:    Frequency	. , , ,		JI 14					
Above 1GHz  RMS  RMS  RMS  RMS  RMS  RMS  RMS  RM			Dotoct	or	DR\\\/	\/E	2///	Pemark
Test Procedure:  1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5meters above the ground at a 3 meter camber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.  2. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.  3. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.  4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rota table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.  5. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.  6. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.  Test Instruments:  Refer to section 5.8 for details	Receiver Setup.	Frequency						
Limit:  Frequency Limit (dBuV/m @3m) Remark Above 1GHz 74.00 Peak Value  Test setup:  1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5meters above the ground at a 3 meter camber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.  2. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.  3. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.  4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rota table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.  5. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.  6. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.  Test Instruments: Refer to section 5.8 for details		Above 1GHz						
Test Procedure:  1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5meters above the ground at a 3 meter camber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.  2. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.  3. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the enaximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.  4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rota table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.  5. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.  6. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.	Limit	Frequen				L	/11 12	
Test Procedure:  1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5meters above the ground at a 3 meter camber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.  2. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.  3. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.  4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rota table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.  5. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.  6. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.	Limit	rrequen	Су	LIII	•	)111)	Δι	
Test Procedure:  1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5meters above the ground at a 3 meter camber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.  2. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.  3. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.  4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rota table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.  5. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.  6. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that idid not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.  Test Instruments:  Refer to section 5.8 for details		Above 1G	SHz					
ground at a 3 meter camber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.  2. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.  3. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.  4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rota table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.  5. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.  6. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.  Test Instruments:  Refer to section 5.8 for details	Test setup:	AE EUT 3m (Turntable) Ground Reference Plane						
	Test Procedure:	<ol> <li>ground at a 3 meter camber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.</li> <li>The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.</li> <li>The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.</li> <li>For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rota table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.</li> <li>The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.</li> <li>If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or</li> </ol>						
	Test Instruments:							
l est mode: Non-hopping mode	Test mode:	Non-hopping mode						
Test results: Passed	Test results:	Passed						





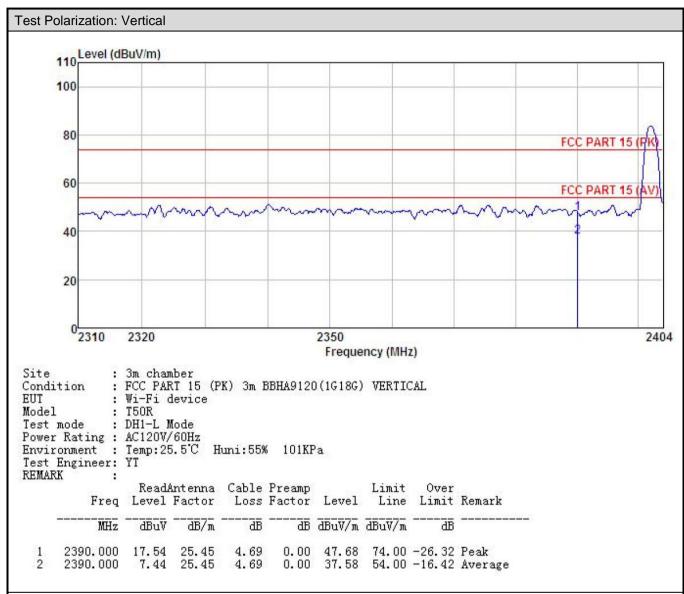


1. Final Level = Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Preamplifier Factor.

2. The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.





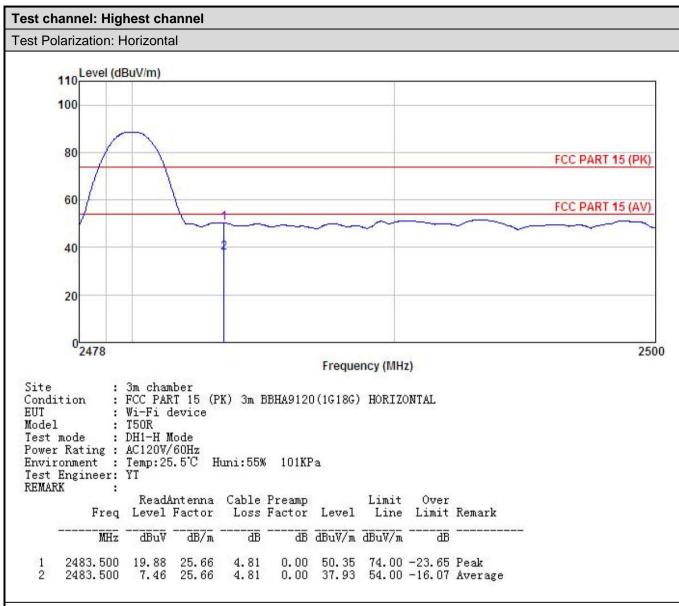


1. Final Level =Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Preamplifier Factor.

2. The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.





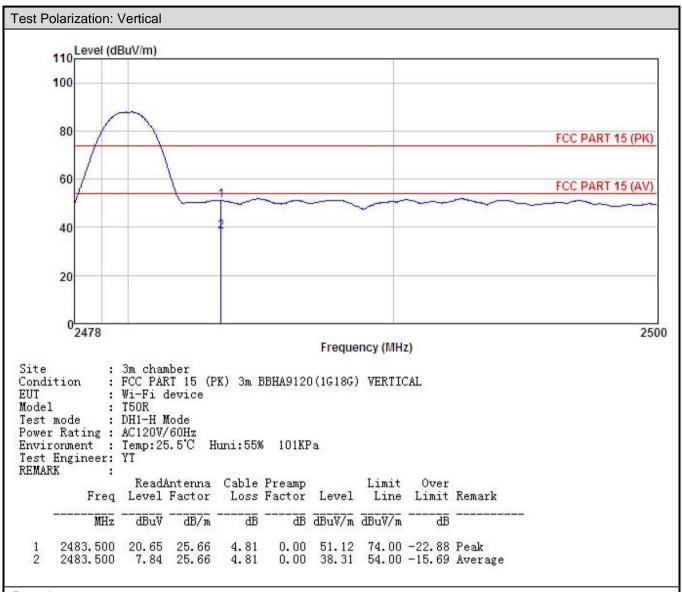


1. Final Level = Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Preamplifier Factor.

2. The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.





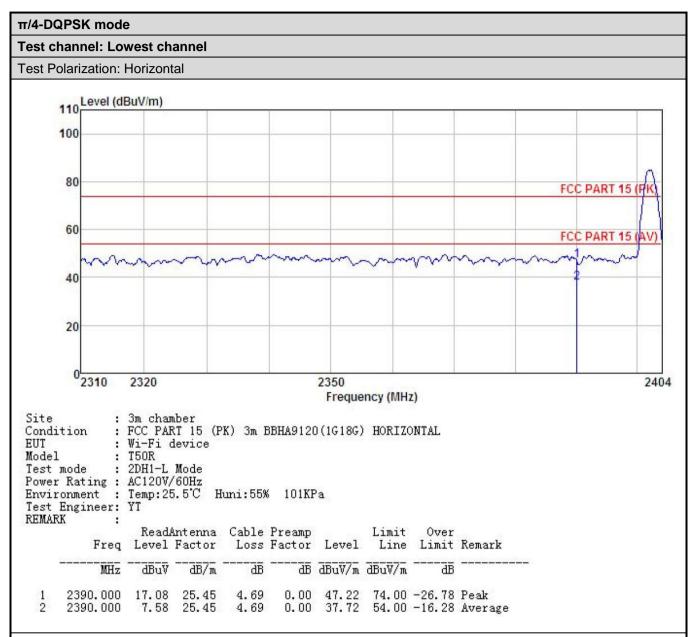


1. Final Level =Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Preamplifier Factor.

2. The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.





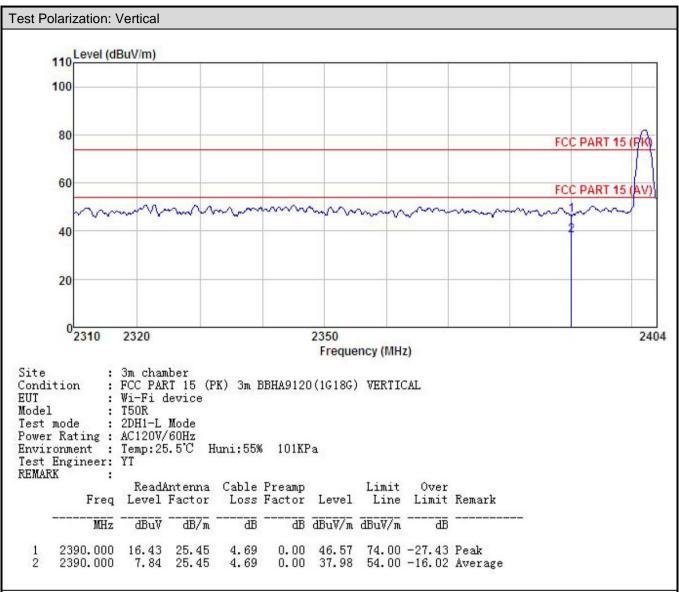


1. Final Level =Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Preamplifier Factor.

2. The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.



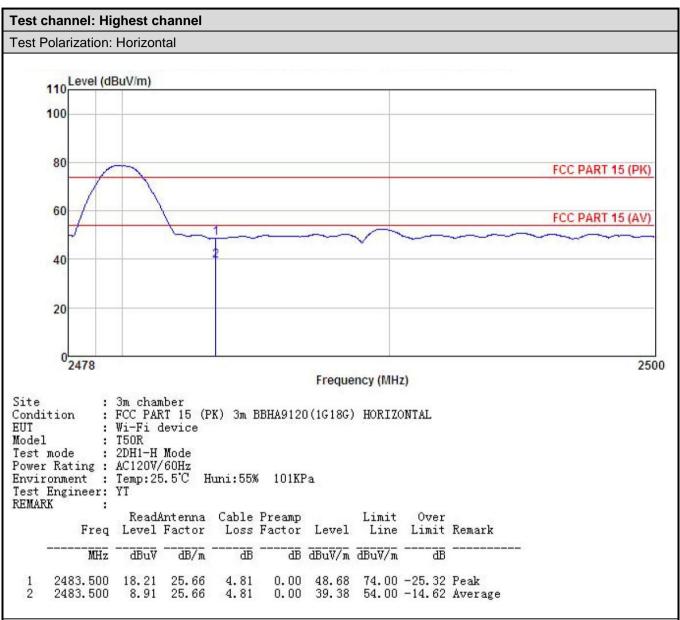




- 1. Final Level =Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Preamplifier Factor.
- 2. The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.



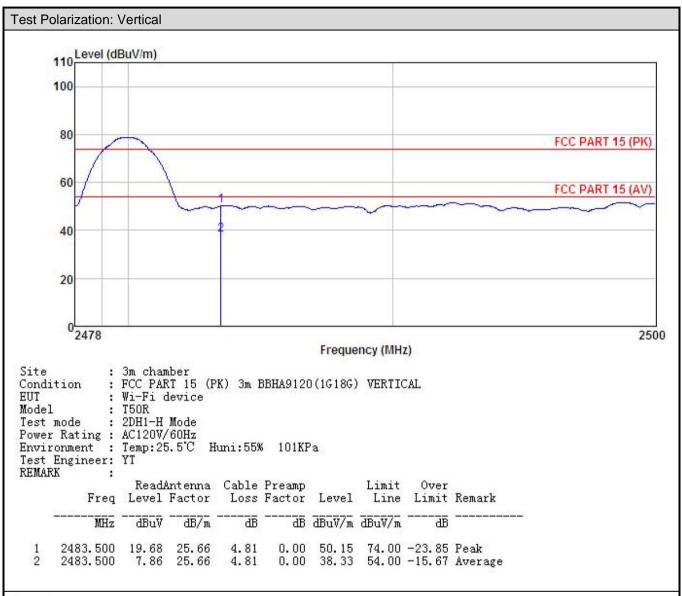




1. Final Level =Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Preamplifier Factor.

2. The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.



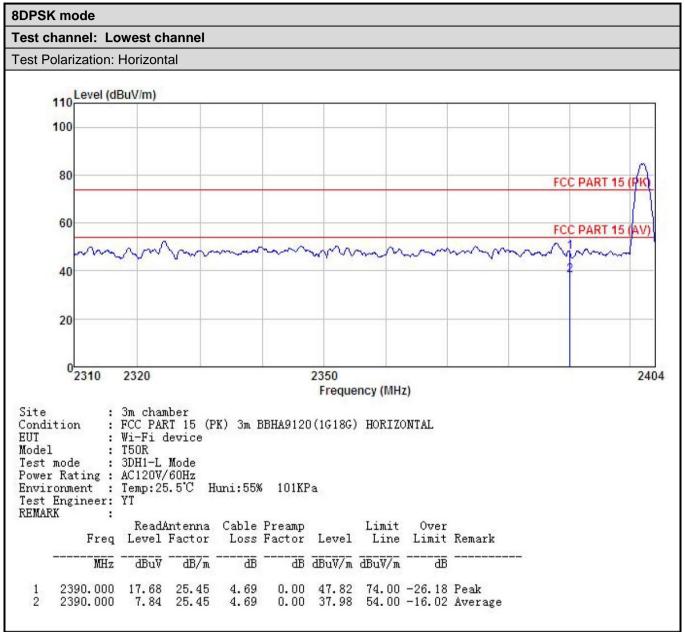


1. Final Level =Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Preamplifier Factor.

2. The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.



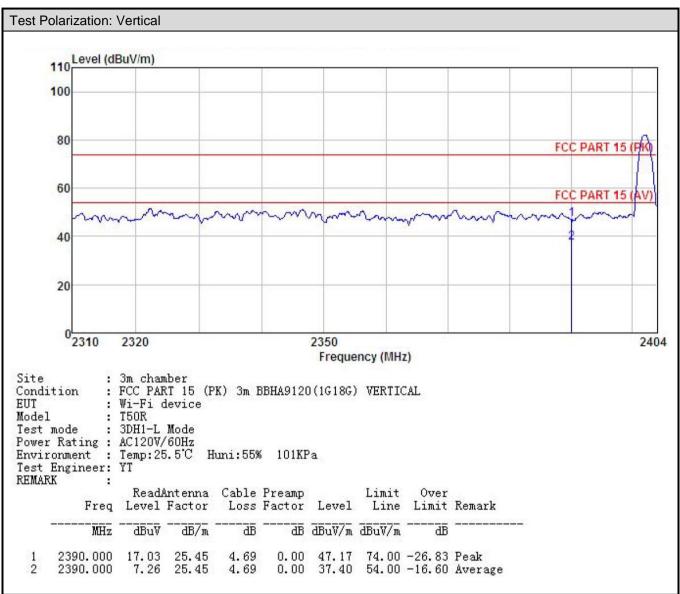




- 1. Final Level =Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Preamplifier Factor.
- 2. The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.





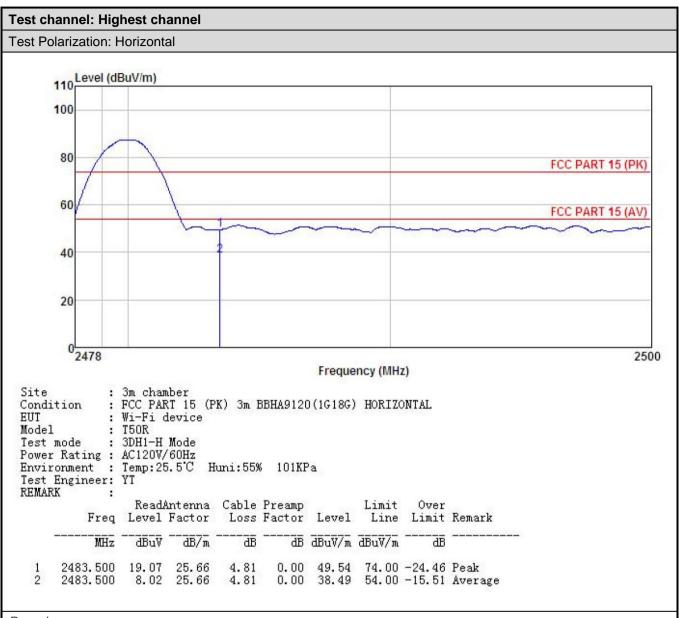


1. Final Level =Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Preamplifier Factor.

2. The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.



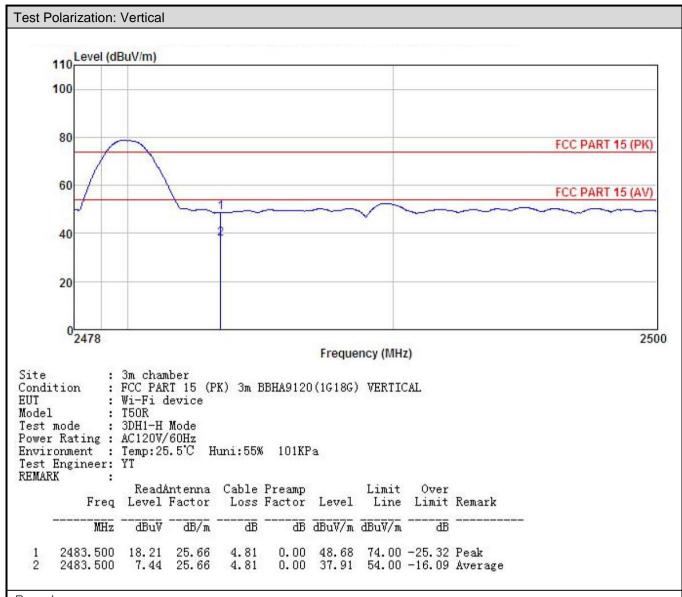




1. Final Level = Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Preamplifier Factor.

The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.





1. Final Level =Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Preamplifier Factor.

2. The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.



# 6.10 Spurious Emission

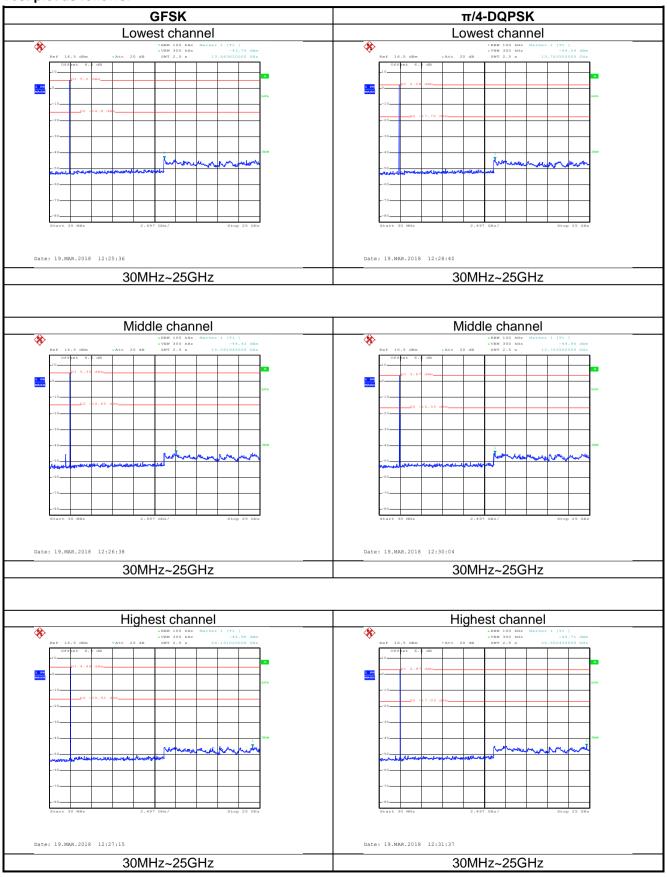
# 6.10.1 Conducted Emission Method

Test Requirement:	FCC Part 15 C Section 15.247 (d)				
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013 and DA00-705				
Limit:	In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.				
Test setup:	Spectrum Analyzer  E.U.T  Non-Conducted Table  Ground Reference Plane				
Test Instruments:	Refer to section 5.8 for details				
Test mode:	Non-hopping mode				
Test results:	Pass				

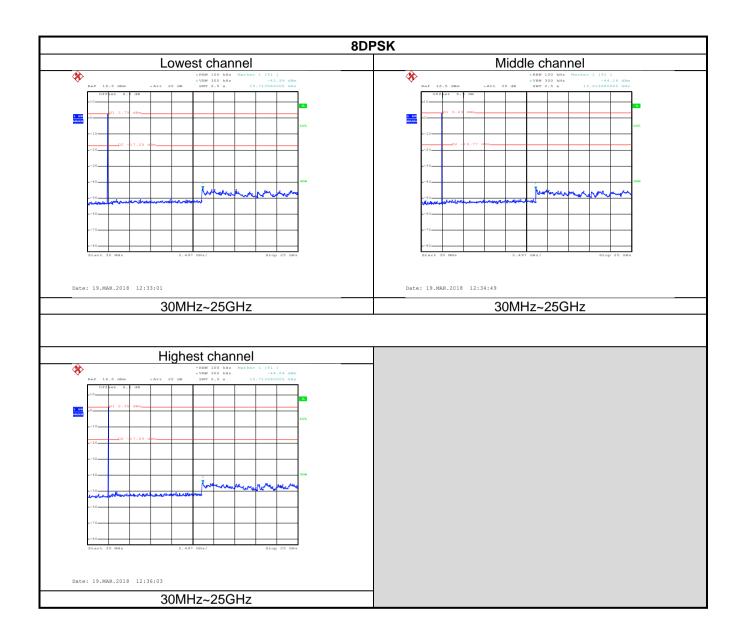




# Test plot as follows:









# 6.10.2 Radiated Emission Method

Test Requirement:	FCC Part 15 C Section 15.209								
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10: 2013								
Test Frequency Range:	9 kHz to 25 GHz								
Test Distance:	3m								
Receiver setup:	Frequency Detector RBW VBW Rei						Remark		
	30MHz-1GHz	Quasi-pe	peak 120kHz		300kHz Q		Quasi-peak Value		
	Above 1GHz	Peak		1MHz	3M⊦	łz	Peak Value		
	Above 1G112	RMS		1MHz 3MH		z Average Value			
Limit:	Frequency Limit (dBuV/m				@3m) Remark				
	30MHz-88M	ИHz	40.0			Quasi-peak Value			
	88MHz-216N	MHz	43.5			(	Quasi-peak Value		
	216MHz-960	MHz	46.0			Quasi-peak Value			
	960MHz-1G	Hz	54.0			Quasi-peak Value			
	Above 1GI	H <sub>7</sub>	54.0				Average Value		
	Above IGI	14	74.0				Peak Value		
	Above 1GHz  Above 1GHz  Antenna Tower  Test Receiver  Test Receiver								
							na Tower		
Test Procedure:	1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8m(below 1GHz) /1.5m(above 1GHz) above the ground at a 3 meter chamber. The table								





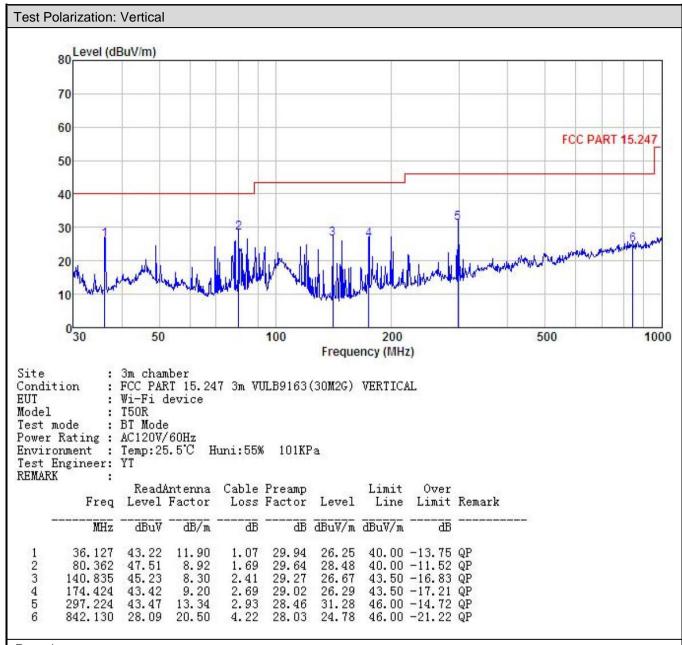
	<ul><li>was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.</li><li>The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.</li></ul>		
	3. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.		
	4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rota table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.		
	<ol><li>The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.</li></ol>		
	6. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.		
Test Instruments:	Refer to section 5.8 for details		
Test mode:	Non-hopping mode		
Test results:	Pass		
Remark:	<ol> <li>Pre-scan all kind of the place mode (X-axis, Y-axis, Z-axis), and found the Y-axis is the worst case.</li> <li>9 kHz to 30 MHz is noise floor, so only shows the data of above</li> </ol>		
	30MHz in this report.		





# Measurement Data (worst case):

### **Below 1GHz:**

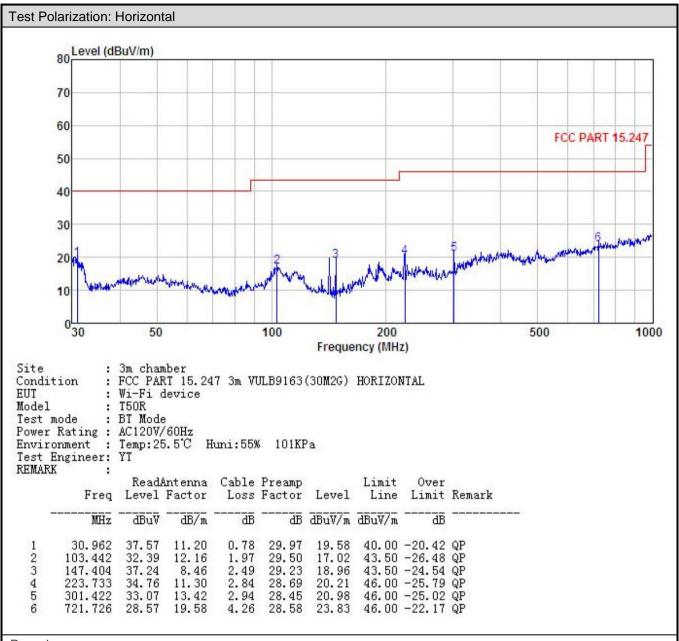


### Remark:

- 1. Final Level = Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Preamplifier Factor.
- 2. The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.







<sup>1.</sup> Final Level =Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Preamplifier Factor.

<sup>2.</sup> The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.





# **Above 1GHz:**

Above IGHZ.			<b>T</b>						
				annel: Lowe					
Detector: Peak Value									
Frequency (MHz)	Read Level (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamp Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	
4804.00	49.52	30.85	6.80	41.81	45.36	74.00	-28.64	Vertical	
4804.00	48.21	30.85	6.80	41.81	44.05	74.00	-29.95	Horizontal	
Detector: Average Value									
Frequency (MHz)	Read Level (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamp Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	
4804.00	39.62	30.85	6.80	41.81	35.46	54.00	-18.54	Vertical	
4804.00	40.12	30.85	6.80	41.81	35.96	54.00	-18.04	Horizontal	
				annel: Mido					
		T		tector: Peak	Value		T		
Frequency (MHz)	Read Level (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamp Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	
4882.00	49.58	31.20	6.86	41.84	45.80	74.00	-28.20	Vertical	
4882.00	50.47	31.20	6.86	41.84	46.69	74.00	-27.31	Horizontal	
			Dete	ctor: Averag	ge Value				
Frequency (MHz)	Read Level (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamp Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	
4882.00	39.62	31.20	6.86	41.84	35.84	54.00	-18.16	Vertical	
4882.00	38.51	31.20	6.86	41.84	34.73	54.00	-19.27	Horizontal	
			Test ch	annel: Highe	est channel				
1		1		tector: Peak	Value		ı		
Frequency (MHz)	Read Level (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamp Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	
4960.00	49.68	31.63	6.91	41.87	46.35	74.00	-27.65	Vertical	
4960.00	48.72	31.63	6.91	41.87	45.39	74.00	-28.61	Horizontal	
Detector: Average Value									
Frequency (MHz)	Read Level (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamp Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	
4960.00	39.62	31.63	6.91	41.87	36.29	54.00	-17.71	Vertical	
4960.00	40.01	31.63	6.91	41.87	36.68	54.00	-17.32	Horizontal	

### Remark:

<sup>1.</sup> Final Level =Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Preamplifier Factor.

<sup>2.</sup> The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.