



FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Report No: STS1511172H01

Issued for

AMS COMMUNICATIONS INC

11029 Harry Hines Blvd, Suite B 118, Dallas Tx 75229, USA

Product Name:	MOBILE PHONE
Brand Name:	LUSH
Model No.:	Lush Q
Series Model:	N/A
FCC ID:	2AE2XLUSHQ
	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1
Test Standard:	FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
	IEEE 1528: 2013
May SAR (4e)	Head:0.354W/kg
Max. SAR (1g):	Body:1.133W/kg

Any reproduction of this document must be done in full. No single part of this document may be represented in this report is only applicable to presented Test sample.

Shenzhen STS Test Services Co., Ltd.

1/F., Building B, Zhuoke Science Park, No.190, Chongqing Road,
Fuyong Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
TEL: +86-755 3688 6288 FAX: +86-755 3688 6277 E-mail:sts@stsapp.com





Test Report Certification

Applicant's name AMS COMMUNICATIONS INC

Address...... 11029 Harry Hines Blvd, Suite B 118, Dallas Tx 75229, USA

Manufacture's Name...... SHENZHEN HONGKAIJIAWEI TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD

Address: 11/F,BLOCK 3,JINCHENG INDUSTRIAL PARK,LONGHUA NEW

DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, CHINA

Product description

Product name: MOBILE PHONE

Trademark: LUSH

Model and/or type reference .: Lush Q

Series Model: N/A

Standards ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992

FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

IEEE 1528: 2013

The device was tested by Shenzhen STS Test Services Co., Ltd. in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in KDB 865664 The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

Date of Test....:

Date (s) of performance of tests.....: 27 Nov. 2015

Date of Issue.....: 03 Dec. 2015

Test Result..... Pass

Testing Engineer: Allen Chen

(Allen Chen)

Technical Manager:

Authorized Signatory:

(John Zou)

1200 10

(Bovey Yang)



Report No.: STS1511172H01



TABLE OF CONTENS

General Information	4
1.1 EUT Description	4
1.2 Test Environment	5
1.3 Test Factory	5
2. Test Standards And Limits	6
3. SAR Measurement System	7
3.1 Definition Of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)	7
3.2 SAR System	7
3.2.1 Probe 3.2.2 Phantom	8 9
3.2.3 Device Holder	9
4. Tissue Simulating Liquids	10
4.1 Simulating Liquids Parameter Check	10
5. SAR System Validation	11
5.1 Validation System	11
5.2 Validation Result	11
6. SAR Evaluation Procedures	12
7. EUT Test Position	13
7.1 Define Two Imaginary Lines On The Handset	13
8. Uncertainty	15
8.1 Measurement Uncertainty	15
8.2 System validation Uncertainty	17
9. Conducted Power Measurement	19
11. EUT And Test Setup Photo	21
11.1 EUT Photo	21
11.2 Setup Photo	24
12. SAR Result Summary	28
12.1 Head SAR	28
12.2 Body SAR	28
12.3 repeated SAR measurement	29
13. Equipment List	31
Appendix A. System Validation Plots	32
Appendix B. SAR Test Plots	40
Appendix C. Probe Calibration And Dipole Calibration Report	55





1. General Information

1.1 EUT Description

Equipment	MOBILE PHONE	
Brand Name	LUSH	
Model No.	Lush Q	
Serial Model	N/A	
FCC ID	2AE2XLUSHQ	
Model Difference	N/A	
Adapter	Input: AC110-240V, 200mA,50Hz output: DC5V,500mA	
Battery	Rated Voltage: 3.7V Charge Limit: 4.2V Capacity: 600mAh	
Hardware Version	S3132_MBPCB_V1.1	
Software Version	S3132_149C_A_ML_MEM3232_H.	2001_V0.3.pac
Frequency Range	GSM 850: 824.2 ~ 848.8 MHz PCS1900: 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 ~ 2480 MHz	
Transmit Power(MAX):	GSM 850: 28.96dBm GSM 1900:24.31dBm Bluetooth: 2.841dBm	
Max. Reported SAR(1g):	Head: GSM 850: 0.354W/kg GSM 1900: 0.340W/kg	Body: GSM 850: 1.133 W/kg GSM 1900: 0.325 W/kg
Operating Mode:	GSM: GSM Voice, GPRS Class 12 Bluetooth: V2.1+EDR(GFSK+ π /4E	
Antenna Specification:	GSM: PIFA Antenna BT: Dipole Antenna	
Hotspot Mode:	Not Support	
DTM Mode:	Not Support	



1.2 Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the SAR laboratory:

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	22~23
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	55~65

1.3 Test Factory

Shenzhen STS Test Services Co., Ltd.

Add.: 1/F, Building B, Zhuoke Science Park, No. 190, Chongqing Road, Fuyong,

Baoan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

CNAS Registration No.: L7649 FCC Registration No.: 842334; IC Registration No.: 12108A-1



2. Test Standards And Limits

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 2	Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations
2	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz
3	IEEE Std. 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
4	FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06	Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies
5	FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
6	FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02	RF Exposure Reporting

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. According to EN 50360 and 1999/519/EC the limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 2.0 W/kg as averaged over any 10 gram of tissue.

(A). Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
		22.2
0.4	8.0	20.0

(B). Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists,	Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0	

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 10 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

NOTE GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE PARTIAL BODY LIMIT 1.6 W/kg



3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 Definition Of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

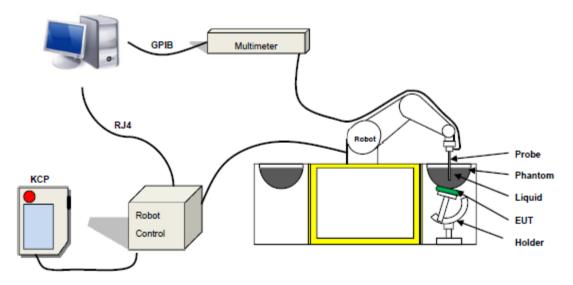
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue,

 ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SAR System

SATIMO SAR System Diagram:



Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue



The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

3.2.1 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 17/14 EP221 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Tip Diameter :5 mm
- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 2.7mm
- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 4 mm (repeatability better than +/- 1mm)
- Probe linearity: < 0.25 dB
- Axial Isotropy: < 0.25 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: < 0.25 dB
- Calibration range: 450MHz to 2600MHz for head & body simulating liquid. Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and suface normal line:less than 30°



Figure 1 - Satimo COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole



3.2.2 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.





3.2.3 Device Holder



The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of \pm 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of \pm 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.





4. Tissue Simulating Liquids

4.1 Simulating Liquids Parameter Check

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

LIQUID MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Date: 27 Nov, 2015 Ambient condition: Temperature 23.4°C Relative humidity: 43%

Head Simulating Liquid		D	Tanad	Manageral	Desire the effort	Lineite alfo/1	
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]	
835 MHz	MHz 22.30 -	Permitivity:	41.5	41.2	-0.72	±5	
033 WI 12		22.50	Conductivity:	0.9	0.88	-2.22	± 5
1900 MHz 22.	22.30	Permitivity:	40	39.51	-1.23	± 5	
1900 WII 12	22.30	Conductivity:	1.4	1.37	-2.14	± 5	

Body Simu	Body Simulating Liquid		- .		D : .: F0/1	Limited[%]	
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Parameters Targe		Measured	Deviation[%]		
835 MHz	35 MHz 22.30	Permitivity:	55.2	54.24	-1.74	± 5	
033 WII IZ		Conductivity:	0.97	0.93	-4.12	± 5	
1900 MHz	22.30	Permitivity:	53.3	52.77	-0.99	± 5	
	22.30	Conductivity:	1.52	1.56	2.63	± 5	

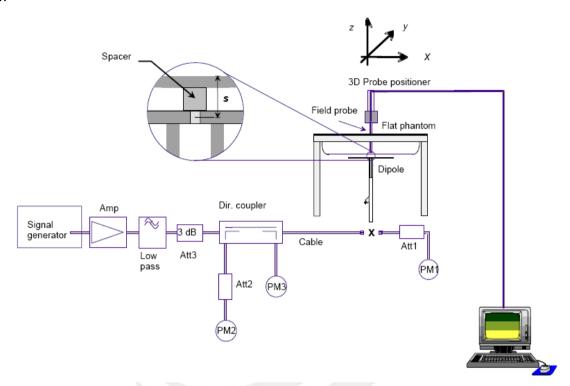


5. SAR System Validation

5.1 Validation System

Each SATIMO system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the SATIMO software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System kit includes a dipole, and dipole device holder.

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It's performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurement in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system validation setup is shown as below.



5.2 Validation Result

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %.

Ambient condition: Temperature 23.5°C Relative humidity: 45%

Freq.(MHz)	Power(mW)	Tested Value (W/Kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Target(W/Kg)	Tolerance(%)	Date
835 Head	100	0.932	9.32	9.56	-2.51	2015-11-27
835 Body	100	0.974	9.74	9.56	1.88	2015-11-27
1900 Head	100	3.891	38.91	39.8	-2.24	2015-11-27
1900 Body	100	4.016	40.16	39.8	0.90	2015-11-27

Note: The tolerance limit of System validation ±10%.





6. SAR Evaluation Procedures

The procedure for assessing the average SAR value consists of the following steps: The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

Area Scan& Zoom Scan

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r01 quoted below.

When the 1-g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.



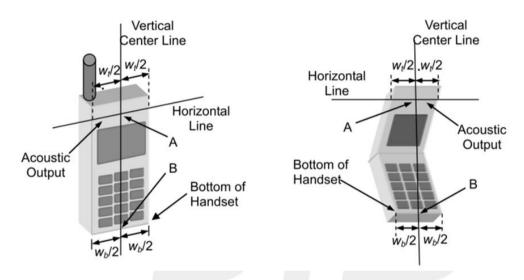


7. EUT Test Position

This EUT was tested in Right Cheek, Right Titled, Left Cheek, Left Titled, Front Face and Rear Face.

7.1 Define Two Imaginary Lines On The Handset

- (1) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width wb of the handset.
- (2) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (3)The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



Cheek Position

- 1)To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- 2)To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost



Title Position

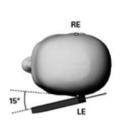
- (1)To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (2) While maintaining the device in the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until with the ear is lost.











Report No.: STS1511172H01

- Body-worn Position Conditions
 (1) To position the EUT parallel to the phantom surface.
 (2) To adjust the EUT parallel to the flat phantom.
- (3) To adjust the distance between the EUT surface and the flat phantom to 5mm.





8. Uncertainty

8.1 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in IEEE 1528: 2003. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

				Т					
NO	Source	Tol(%)	Prob. Dist.	Div. k	ci (1g)	ci (10g)	1gUi	10gUi	Veff
Measi	urement System□								
1	Probe calibration	5.8	Ν	1	1	1	5.8	5.8	8
2	Axial isotropy	3.5	R	√3	(1-cp) ^{1/2}	(1-cp) ^{1/2}	1.43	1.43	8
3	Hemispherical isotropy	5.9	R	√3	$\sqrt{C_p}$	√Cp	2.41	2.41	80
4	Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
5	Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.71	2.71	8
6	System Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
7	Readout electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	8
8	Response time	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	80
9	Integration time	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
10	Ambient noise	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
11	Ambient reflections	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
12	Probe positioner mech. restrictions	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	80
13	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
14	Max.SAR evaluation	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	8
Test s	ample related								
15	Device positioning	2.6	N	1	1	1	2.6	2.6	11
16	Device holder	3	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0	7



(P=95%)

Page 16 of 55 Report No.: STS1511172H01 Drift of output 17 5.0 R √3 1 1 2.89 2.89 power Phantom and set-up Phantom 18 4.0 R √3 1 1 2.31 2.31 ∞ uncertainty Liquid conductivity 19 2.5 Ν 1 0.78 0.71 1.95 1.78 5 (target) Liquid conductivity 20 Ν 5 4 1 0.23 0.26 0.92 1.04 (meas) Liquid Permittivity 21 2.5 Ν 1 0.78 0.71 1.95 1.78 ∞ (target) Liquid Permittivity 22 5.0 1 0.23 0.26 1.15 1.30 Ν (meas) $U_{C} = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n} C_{i}^{2} U_{i}^{2}}$ Combined standard RSS 10.63% 10.54% Expanded uncertainty $U = k \ U_C$,k=2

21.26%

21.08%



8.2 System validation Uncertainty

						I			
NO	Source	Tol(%)	Prob. Dist.	Div. k	ci (1g)	ci (10g)	1gUi	10gUi	Veff
Meas	urement System□								
1	Probe calibration	5.8	Ν	1	1	1	5.8	5.8	8
2	Axial isotropy	3.5	R	√3	(1-cp) ^{1/2}	(1-cp) ^{1/2}	1.43	1.43	8
3	Hemispherical isotropy	5.9	R	√3	$\sqrt{C_p}$	√Cp	2.41	2.41	8
4	Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
5	Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.71	2.71	8
6	System Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
7	Modulation response	0	N	1	1	1	0	0	8
8	Readout electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	8
9	Response time	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	8
10	Integration time	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
11	Ambient noise	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
12	Ambient reflections	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
13	Probe positioner mech. restrictions	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
14	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
15	Max.SAR evaluation	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	8
Dipole	•								
16	Deviation of experimental source from	4	N	1	1	1	4.00	4.00	80
17	Input power and SAR drit measurement	5	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	8



(P=95%)

Page 18 of 55 Report No.: STS1511172H01 Dipole Axis to ∞ 18 2 R √3 1 1 liquid Distance Phantom and set-up Phantom 19 4.0 R √3 1 1 2.31 2.31 ∞ uncertainty Uncertainty in SAR 20 correction for 2.0 Ν 1 0.84 1.68 1 2 ∞ deviation(in Liquid conductivity 2 1 0.84 2.00 1.68 21 Ν 1 ∞ (target) Liquid conductivity 22 (temperature 2.5 1 0.78 0.71 1.95 1.78 Ν 5 uncertainty) Liquid conductivity 23 1 0.23 0.26 0.92 5 4 Ν 1.04 (meas) Liquid Permittivity 24 2.5 Ν 0.78 0.71 1.95 1.78 (target) Liquid Permittivity 25 (temperature 2.5 Ν 0.78 0.71 1.95 1.78 5 uncertainty) Liquid Permittivity ∞ 26 5.0 Ν 1 0.23 0.26 1.15 1.30 (meas) $U_{C} = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n} C_{i}^{2} U_{i}^{2}}$ RSS Combined standard 10.15% 10.05% Expanded uncertainty

 $U = k \ U_{\scriptscriptstyle C}$,k=2

21.29%

21.10%



9. Conducted Power Measurement

RF Output Power (dBm)								
Band		GSM 850			PCS 1900			
Channel	128	190	251	512	661	810		
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8		
GSM(GMSK, 1-Slot)	28.52	28.61	28.96	24.31	23.87	24.06		
GPRS (GMSK, 1-Slot)	28.47	28.62	29.10	24.17	23.52	24.34		
GPRS (GMSK, 2-Slot)	27.50	27.66	28.26	23.18	22.69	23.39		
GPRS (GMSK, 3-Slot)	26.13	26.46	26.90	21.86	21.47	22.01		
GPRS (GMSK, 4-Slot)	25.55	25.77	26.37	21.17	20.96	21.32		
EGPRS(8PSK, 1-Slot)	/	/	/	/	/	/		
EGPRS(8PSK, 2-Slot)	/	/	/	/	/	/		
EGPRS(8PSK, 3-Slot)	/	/	/	/	/	/		
EGPRS(8PSK, 4-Slot)	/	/	1	/	1	/		

Remark: GPRS, CS4 coding scheme. EGPRS, MCS9 coding scheme. Multi-Slot Class 8, Support Max 4 downlink, 1 uplink, 5 working link Multi-Slot Class 10, Support Max 4 downlink, 2 uplink, 5 working link Multi-Slot Class 12, Support Max 4 downlink, 4 uplink, 5 working link

Fram- RF Output Power(dBm)								
Band		GSM 850		PCS 1900				
Channel	128	190	251	512	661	810		
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8		
GSM(GMSK, 1-Slot)	19.52	19.61	19.96	15.31	14.87	15.06		
GPRS (GMSK, 1-Slot)	19.47	19.62	20.10	15.17	14.52	15.34		
GPRS (GMSK, 2-Slot)	21.50	21.66	22.26	17.18	16.69	17.39		
GPRS (GMSK, 3-Slot)	21.87	22.20	22.64	17.60	17.21	17.75		
GPRS (GMSK, 4-Slot)	22.55	22.77	23.37	18.17	17.96	18.32		
EGPRS(8PSK, 1-Slot)	/	/	/	/	/	/		
EGPRS(8PSK, 2-Slot)	/	/	/	/	/	/		
EGPRS(8PSK, 3-Slot)	/	/	/	/	/	/		
EGPRS(8PSK, 4-Slot)	/	/	/	/	/	/		

Remark:

- 1. SAR testing was performed on the maximum frame-averaged power mode.
- 2. The frame-averaged power is linearly proportion to the slot number configured and it is linearly scaled the maximum

burst-averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method is shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB



Bluetooth

Mode	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	PEAK Power (dBm)
	0	2402	0.988
GFSK(1M)	39	2441	1.366
	78	2480	2.841
	0	2402	0.503
π/4-DQPSK(2bps)	39	2441	1.053
	78	2480	2.084
	0	2402	0.421
8-DPSK(3Mbps)	39	2441	1.029
	78	2480	2.347

Turn Power

Mode	GSM850(AVG)	GSM1900(AVG)
GSM/PCS	28.0±1dBm	23.5±1dBm
GPRS (1 Slot)	28.2±1dBm	23.5±1dBm
GPRS (2 Slot)	27.3±1dBm	22.5±1dBm
GPRS (3 Slot)	26.0±1dBm	21.1±1dBm
GPRS (4 Slot)	25.5±1dBm	20.5±1dBm

Mode	BT2.1(PEAK)
GFSK	1.9±1dBm
π/4-DQPSK	1.5±1dBm
8DPSK	1.4±1dBm



11. EUT And Test Setup Photo

11.1 EUT Photo





Back side









Top side



Bottom side









Left side

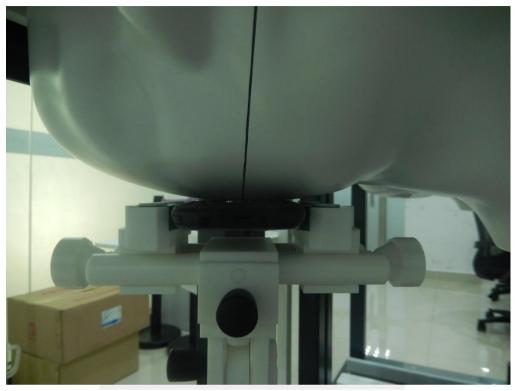


Right side

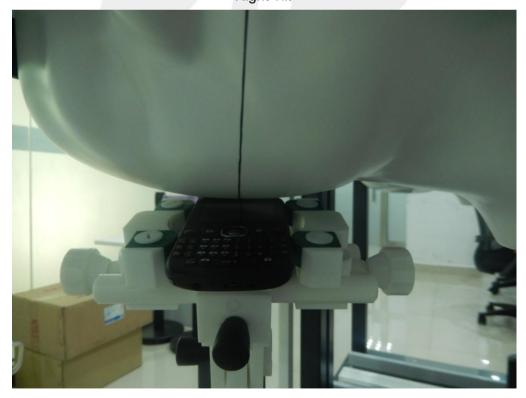




Right Touch



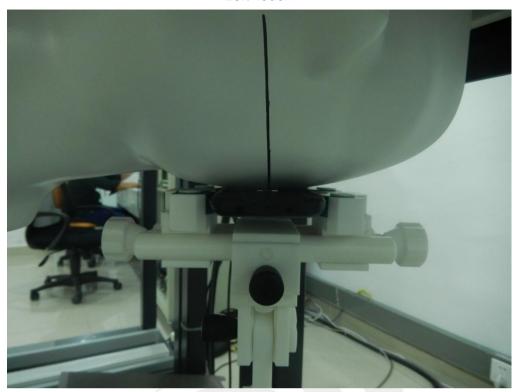
Right Tilt



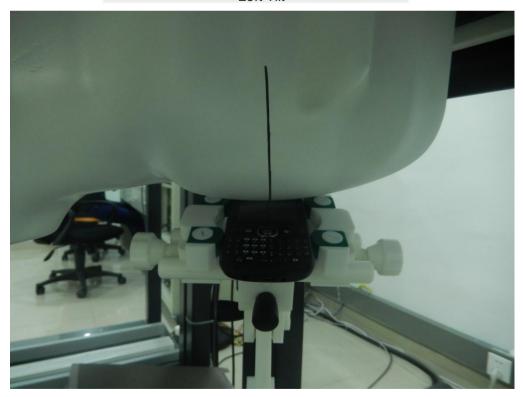




Left Touch

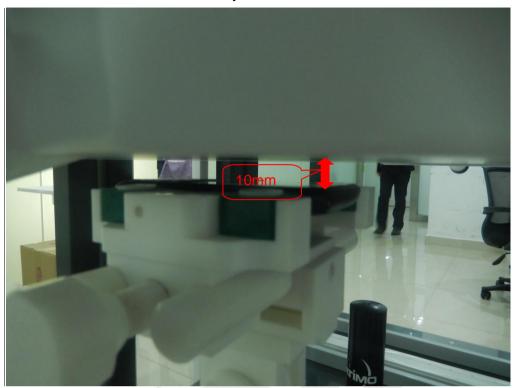


Left Tilt





Body Front side



Body Back side





Liquid depth (15 cm)







12. SAR Result Summary

12.1 Head SAR

Band	Mode	Test Position	Channel	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
		Right Cheek	CH 251	0.321	1.01	29.0	28.96	0.324	1
GSM 850	Voice	Right Tilt	CH 251	0.200	-0.09	29.0	28.96	0.202	2
G3W 630	VOICE	Left Cheek	CH 251	0.351	-1.78	29.0	28.96	0.354	3
		Left Tilt	CH 251	0.198	1.04	29.0	28.96	0.200	4
		Right Cheek	CH 512	0.325	1.99	24.50	24.31	0.340	10
GSM1900	Voice	Right Tilt	CH 512	0.084	1.73	24.50	24.31	0.088	11
G3M1900	voice	Left Cheek	CH 512	0.224	-0.46	24.50	24.31	0.234	12
		Left Tilt	CH 512	0.080	1.28	24.50	24.31	0.084	13

12.2 Body SAR

Band	Mode	Test Positio n	Channel	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
	F		CH 251	0.364	-1.06	26.5	26.37	0.375	5
GSM	GPRS Data-4	Back side	CH 128	0.904	-0.63	26.5	25.55	1.125	6
850	Slot	Back side	CH 190	0.958	-5.84	26.5	25.77	1.133	7
		Back side	CH 251	0.844	-2.57	26.5	26.37	0.870	9
GSM	GPRS Data-4	Front side	CH 810	0.170	-0.56	21.5	21.32	0.177	14
1900	Slot	Back side	CH 810	0.312	-0.05	21.5	21.32	0.325	15

Note:

- 1. Two card slot can't work at the same time.
- 2. The test separation of all above table is 10mm.



Repeated SAR

Band	Mode	Test Position	Channel	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
GSM 850	GPRS Data-4 Slot	Back side	CH 190	0.956	-4.48	26.5	25.77	1.131	8

12.3 repeated SAR measurement

Band	Mode	Test Position	Channel	Original Measured SAR 1g(mW/g)	1 st Repeated SAR 1g	Ratio	Original Measured SAR 1g(mW/g)	2nd Repeated SAR 1g	Ratio
GSM 850	GPRS Data-4 Slot	Back side	CH 190	0.958	0.956	1.00	-	-	-

Note:

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01V01,for each frequency band ,repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/Kg.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01V01,if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is ≤1.2and the measured SAR <1.45W/Kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is ≥ 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45W/Kg
- 4. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.



Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation:

Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

Position	Simultaneous state
Head	GSM + Bluetooth
Body	GSM + Bluetooth

NOTE:

- 1. For simultaneous transmission at head and body exposure position, 2 transmitters simultaneous transmission was the worst state.
- 2. Based upon KDB 447498 D01 v05, BT SAR is excluded as below table.
- 3. If the test separation distance is <5mm, 5mm is used for excluded SAR calculation.
- 4. For minimum test separation distance ≤ 50 mm,Bluetooth standalone SAR is excluded according to [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/ (min. test separation distance, mm) $\cdot [\sqrt{f} (GHz)/x] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR
- 5. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 6. KDB 447498 / 4.3.2 (2) when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:
- a) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[\sqrt{f} (GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm; Where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
- b) 0.4W/Kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0W/Kg for 10-g SAR, when the separation distance is >50mm.

Estimated	Estimated SAR		m Average ower	Antenna	Frequency(GHz)	Stand alone	
		dBm	mW	to user(mm)	,	SAR(1g) [W/kg]	
DT	Head	2.0	1.05	5	2.480	0.082	
ВТ	Body	2.9	1.95	10	2.480	0.041	

Simultaneous Mode	Position	Mode	Max. 1-g SAR (W/kg)	1-g Sum SAR (W/kg)
	Head	GSM Voice	0.354	0.436
CCM - Divoto oth	пеац	Bluetooth	0.082	0.436
GSM + Bluetooth	Dody	GSM Data	1.133	1 171
	Body	Bluetooth	0.041	1.174

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna.

When the sum of SAR 1g of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR 1g is greater than the SAR limit (SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.





13. Equipment List

Kind of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Last Calibration	Calibrated Until
835MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID835	SN 30/14	2014.09.01	2017.08.31
1900MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID1900	DIP0G835-332 SN 30/14 DIP1G900-333	2014.09.01	2017.08.31
E-Field Probe	SATIMO	SSE5	SN 17/14 EP221	2015.09.01	2016.08.31
Antenna	SATIMO	ANTA3	SN 07/13 ZNTA52	2014.09.01	2017.08.31
Waveguide	SATIMO	SWG5500	SN 13/14 WGA32	2014.09.01	2017.08.31
Phantom1	SATIMO	SAM	SN 32/14 SAM115	N/A	N/A
Phantom2	SATIMO	SAM	SN 32/14 SAM116	N/A	N/A
SAR TEST BENCH	SATIMO	GSM and WCDMA mobile phone POSITIONNIN G SYSTEM	SN 32/14 MSH97	N/A	N/A
SAR TEST BENCH	SATIMO	LAPTOP POSITIONNIN G SYSTEM	SN 32/14 LSH29	N/A	N/A
Dielectric Probe Kit	SATIMO	SCLMP	SN 32/14 OCPG52	2015.09.01	2016.08.31
Multi Meter	Keithley	Multi Meter 2000	4050073	2015.11.20	2016.11.19
Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY50140530	2015.11.18	2016.11.17
Power Meter	R&S	NRP	100510	2015.10.25	2016.10.24
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z11	101919	2015.10.24	2016.10.23
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1027253	2015.10.10	2016.10.09
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z21	103971	2014.12.12	2015.12.11
Network Analyzer	Agilent	5071C	EMY46103472	2014.12.12	2015.12.11
Attenuator 1	PE	PE7005-10	N/A	2015.10.25	2016.10.24
Attenuator 2	PE	PE7005-3	N/A	2015.10.24	2016.10.23
Attenuator 3	Woken	WK0602-XX	N/A	2014.12.12	2015.12.11
Dual Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	50422	2015.11.18	2016.11.17



Appendix A. System Validation Plots

System Performance Check Data (835MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

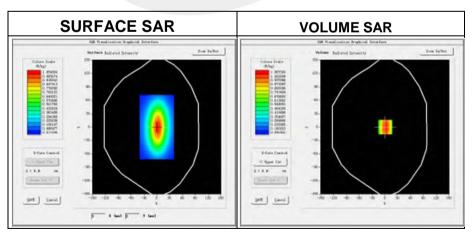
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2015-11-27

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

Experimental conditions

Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	-
Band	835MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	835MHz
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.35
Relative permittivity	18.72
Conductivity (S/m)	0.87
Power drift (%)	0.45
Ambient Temperature:	23.5°C
Liquid Temperature:	23.4°C
ConvF:	4.83
Crest factor:	1:1



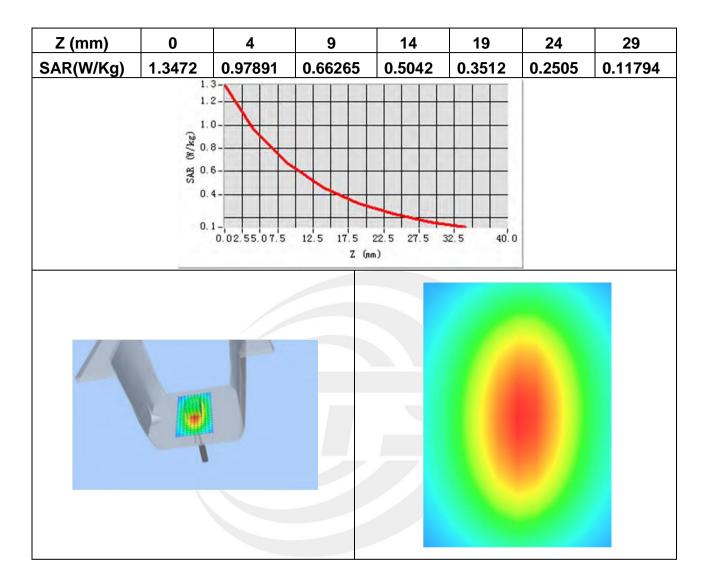
Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 1.40 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.616383
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.948734



Z Axis Scan





System Performance Check Data (835MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

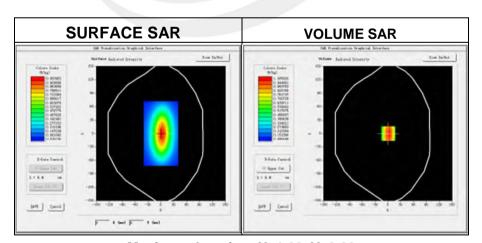
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2015-11-27

Measurement duration: 14 minutes 13 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Probe	
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	-
Band	835MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	835MHz
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.70
Relative permittivity	21.408187
Conductivity (S/m)	0.98
Power drift (%)	0.090000
Ambient Temperature:	23.5°C
Liquid Temperature:	23.4°C
ConvF:	5.02
Crest factor:	1:1



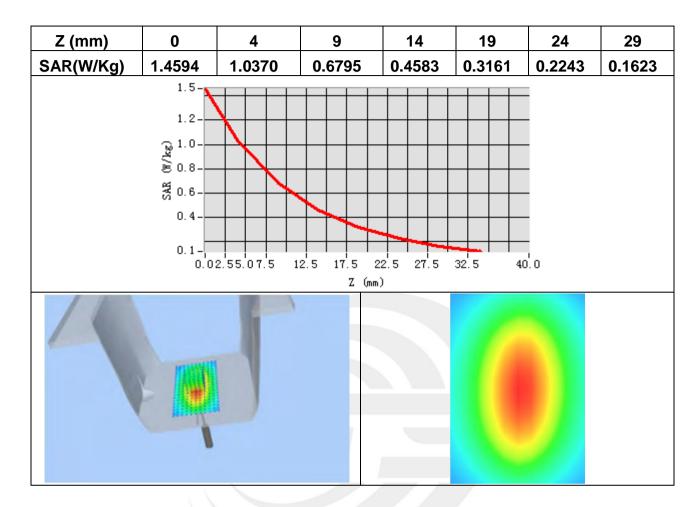
Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 1.46 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.632676
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.994494



Z Axis Scan





System Performance Check Data (1900MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

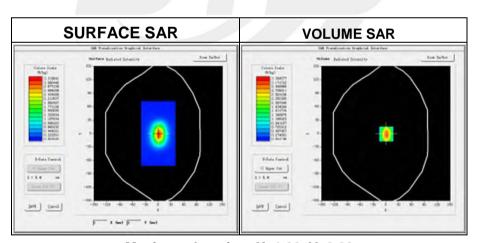
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2015-11-27

Measurement duration: 14 minutes 12 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Phantom	Validation plane	
Device Position	-	
Band	1900MHz	
Channels	-	
Signal	CW	
Frequency (MHz)	1900MHz	
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.87	
Relative permittivity	13.26	
Conductivity (S/m)	1.402	
Power drift (%)	0.47	
Ambient Temperature:	23.5°C	
Liquid Temperature:	23.4°C	
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221	
ConvF:	4.71	
Crest factor:	1:1	



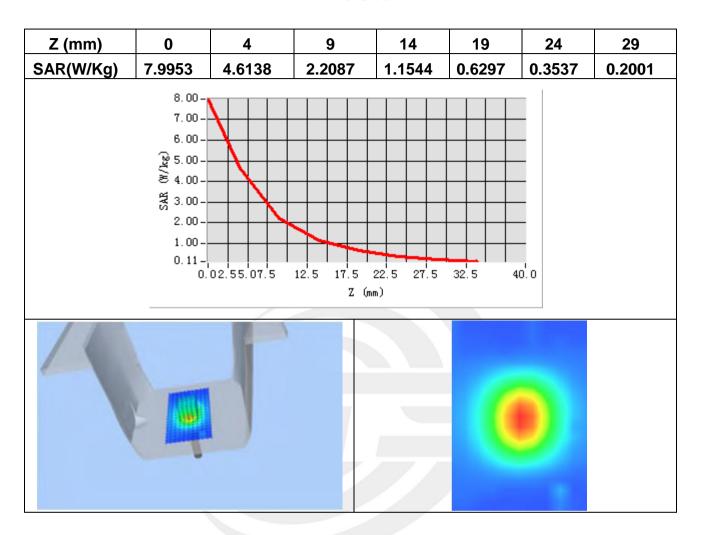
Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 7.90 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.028813
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.304987



Z Axis Scan





System Performance Check Data (1900MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

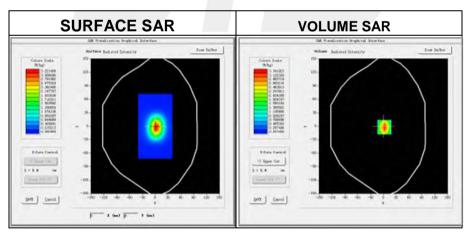
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2015-11-27

Measurement duration: 14 minutes 46 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Device Position	-
Band	1900MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	1900
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.31
Relative permittivity	12.87531
Conductivity (S/m)	1.50
Power drift (%)	0.37
Ambient Temperature:	23.5°C
Liquid Temperature:	23.4°C
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF:	4.85
Crest factor:	1:1



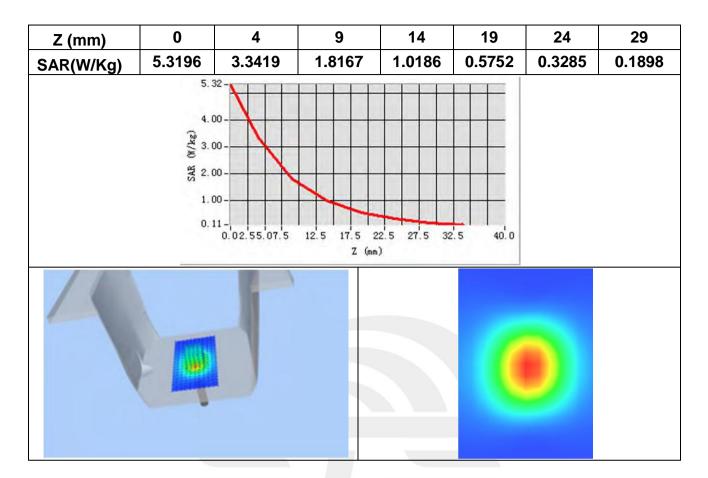
Maximum location: X=2.00, Y=2.00

SAR Peak: 5.58 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.021180
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.197824



Z Axis Scan





Appendix B. SAR Test Plots

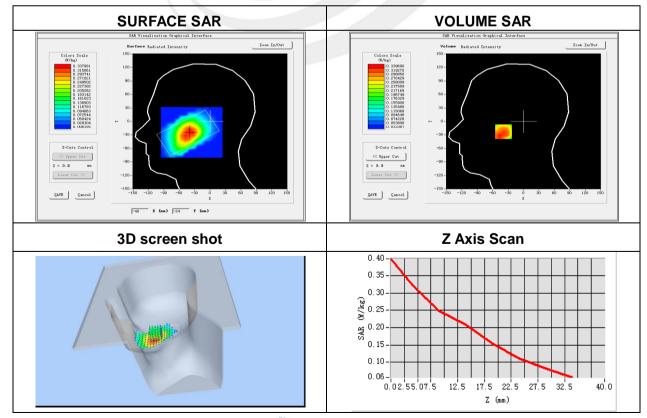
Plot 1: DUT: MOBILE PHONE; EUT Model: Lush Q

Test Data	2015-11-27
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.83
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM850
Channels	High
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.32)
Frequency (MHz)	848.8
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.27
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
Variation (%)	1.01

Maximum location: X=-39.00, Y=-23.00

SAR Peak: 0.43 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.230493
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.320531





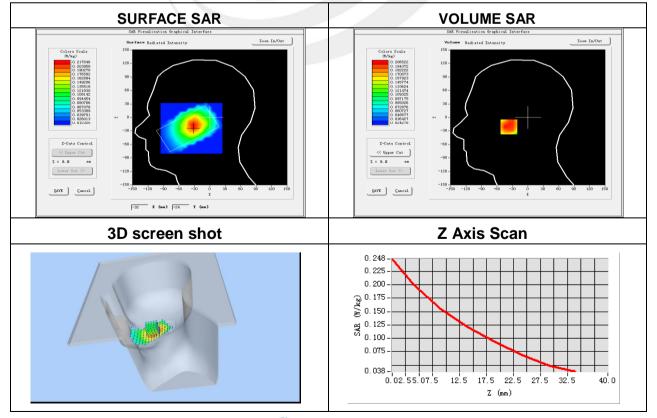
.Plot 2: DUT: MOBILE PHONE; EUT Model: Lush Q

Test Data	2015-11-27
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.83
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mmdy=8mmdz=5mm,
Zoon Scan	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	GSM850
Channels	High
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.32)
Frequency (MHz)	848.8
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.27
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
Variation (%)	-0.09

Maximum location: X=-32.00, Y=-21.00

SAR Peak: 0.27 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.141144
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.200014



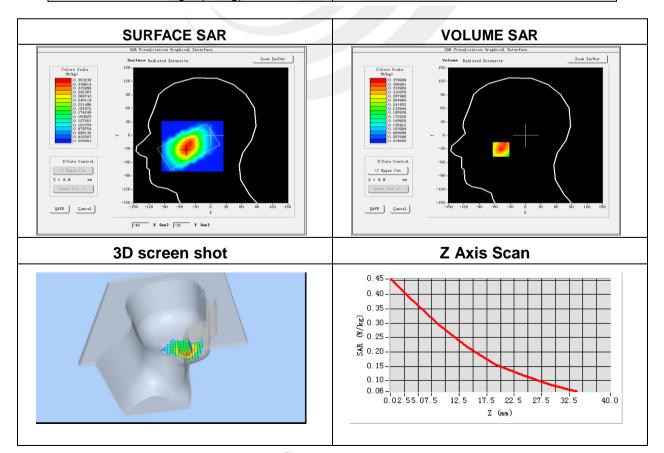


Plot 3: DUT: MOBILE PHONE; EUT Model: Lush Q

Test Data	2015-11-27
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.83
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM850
Channels	High
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.32)
Frequency (MHz)	848.8
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.27
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
Variation (%)	-1.78

Maximum location: X=-48.00, Y=-31.00 SAR Peak: 0.47 W/kg

	- 3
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.248314
SAR 1a (W/Ka)	0.350549



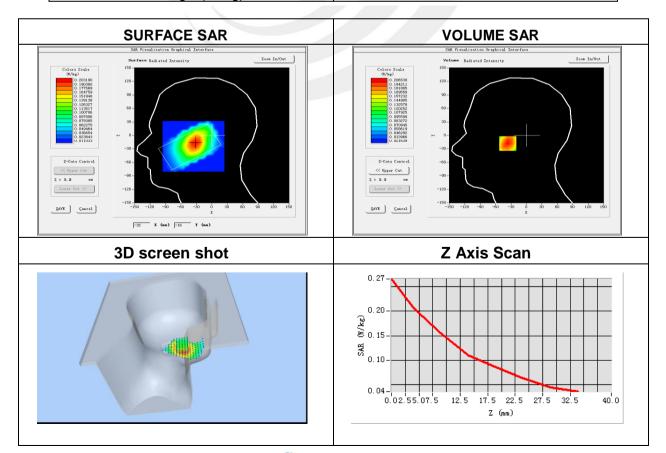


Plot 4: DUT: MOBILE PHONE; EUT Model: Lush Q

Test Data	2015-11-27
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.83
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	GSM850
Channels	High
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.32)
Frequency (MHz)	848.8
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.27
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
Variation (%)	1.04

Maximum location: X=-33.00, Y=-18.00 SAR Peak: 0.27 W/kg

	- J
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.136990
SAR 1a (W/Ka)	0.198278



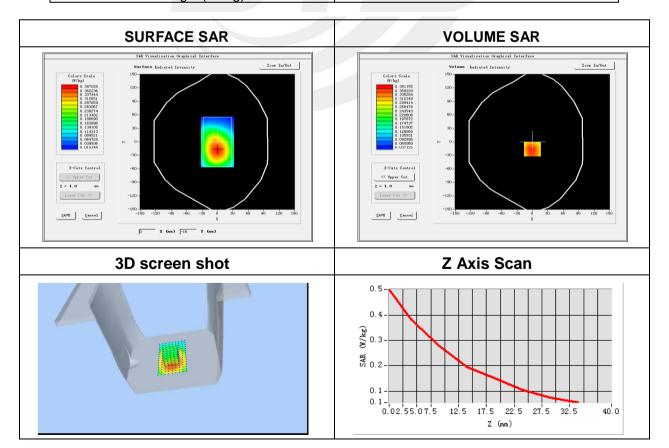


Plot 5: DUT: MOBILE PHONE; EUT Model: Lush Q

Test Data	2015-11-27
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	5.02
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Front
Band	GPRS 850
Channels	High
Signal	Duty Cycle: 2.00 (Crest factor: 2.0)
Frequency (MHz)	848.8
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.96
Variation (%)	-1.06

Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=-16.00 SAR Peak: 0.50 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.250759
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.364156



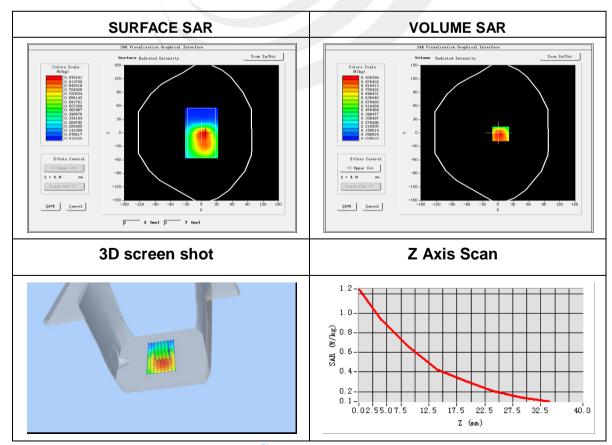


Plot 6: DUT: MOBILE PHONE; EUT Model: Lush Q

Test Data	2015-11-27
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	5.02
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Back
Band	GPRS 850
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 2.00 (Crest factor: 2.0)
Frequency (MHz)	848.8
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.96
Variation (%)	-0.63

Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=-2.00 SAR Peak: 1.32 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.588046
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.903583



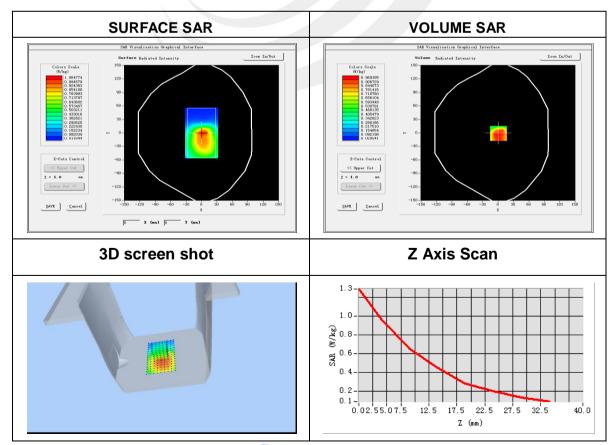


Plot 7: DUT: MOBILE PHONE; EUT Model: Lush Q

Test Data	2015-11-27
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	5.02
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Back
Band	GPRS 850
Channels	Middle
Signal	Duty Cycle: 2.00 (Crest factor: 2.0)
Frequency (MHz)	848.8
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.96
Variation (%)	-5.84

Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=-1.00 SAR Peak: 1.48 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.613560
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.957985



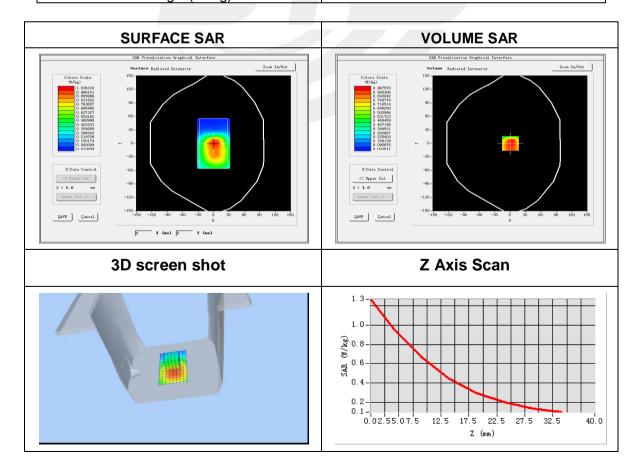


Plot 8: DUT: MOBILE PHONE; EUT Model: Lush Q

Test Data	2015-11-27
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	5.02
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Back side-repeated
Band	GPRS 850
Channels	Middle
Signal	Duty Cycle: 2.00 (Crest factor: 2.0)
Frequency (MHz)	848.8
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.96
Variation (%)	-4.48

Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=-0.00 SAR Peak: 1.49 W/kg

	3
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.603815
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.955927





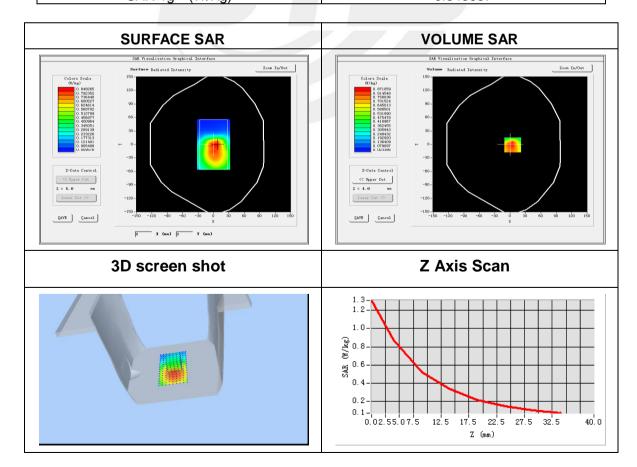
Plot 9: DUT: MOBILE PHONE; EUT Model: Lush Q

Test Data	2015-11-27
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	5.02
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Back
Band	GPRS 850
Channels	High
Signal	Duty Cycle: 2.00 (Crest factor: 2.0)
Frequency (MHz)	848.8
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.96
Variation (%)	-2.57

Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=-1.00

SAR Peak: 1.42 W/kg

	<u> </u>
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.499833
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.843657





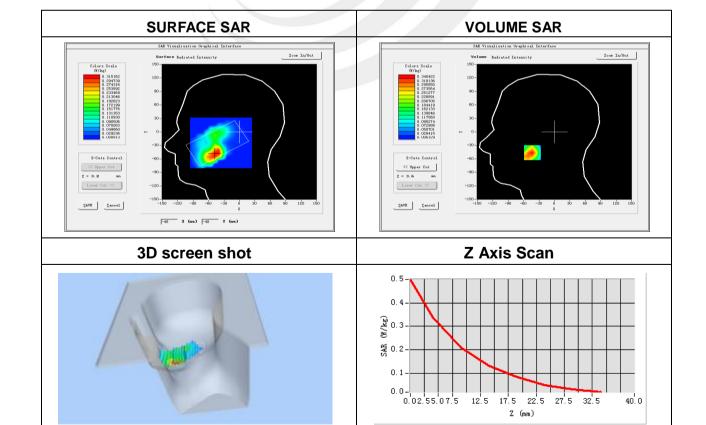
Plot 10: DUT: MOBILE PHONE; EUT Model: Lush Q

Test Data	2015-11-27
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.71
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.32)
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.57
Conductivity (S/m)	1.43
Variation (%)	1.99

Maximum location: X=-43.00, Y=-46.00

SAR Peak: 0.50 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.178613
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.324839



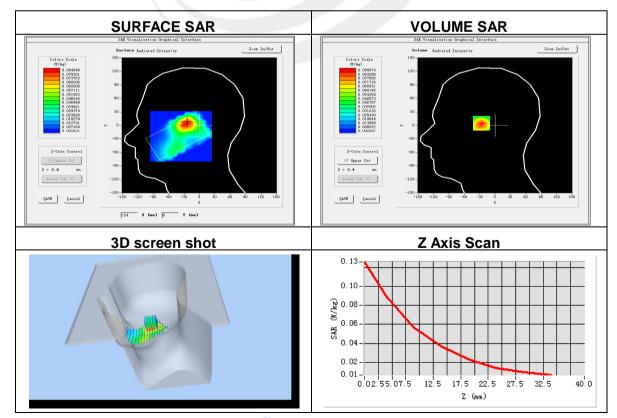


Plot 11: DUT: MOBILE PHONE; EUT Model: Lush Q

Test Data	2015-11-27
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.71
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomCoon	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
ZoomScan	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.32)
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.57
Conductivity (S/m)	1.43
Variation (%)	1.73

Maximum location: X=-24.00, Y=6.00 SAR Peak: 0.13 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.049947
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.084349



1/F., Building B, Zhuoke Science Park, No.190, Chongqing Road, Fuyong Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China Tel: 0755-36886288 Fax: 0755-36886277 Http://www.stsapp.com E-mail: sts@stsapp.com

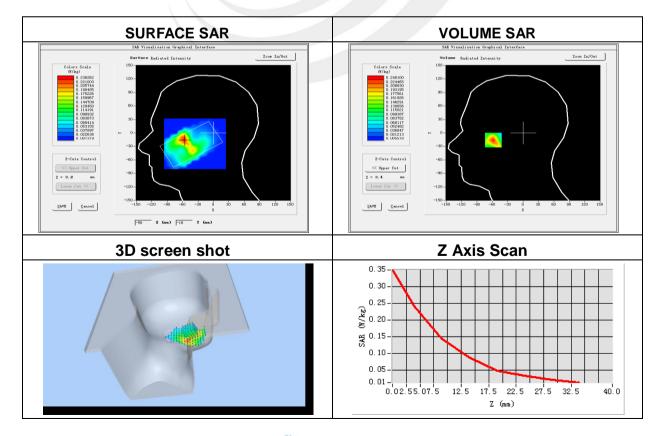


Plot 12: DUT: MOBILE PHONE; EUT Model: Lush Q

Test Data	2015-11-27
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.71
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.32)
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.57
Conductivity (S/m)	1.43
Variation (%)	-0.46

Maximum location: X=-58.00, Y=-14.00 SAR Peak: 0.36 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.120545
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.224140



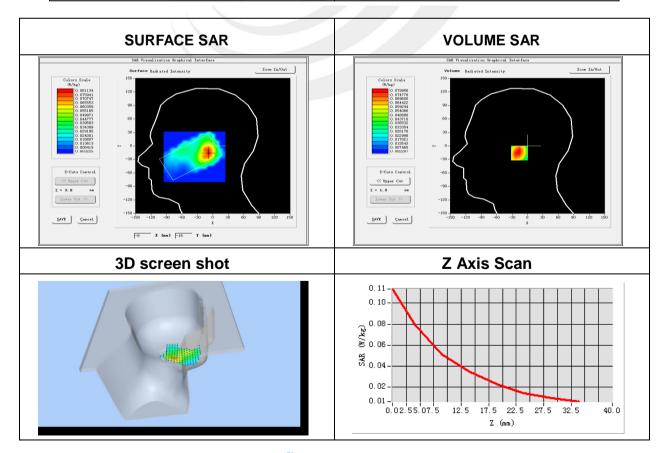


Plot 13: DUT: MOBILE PHONE; EUT Model: Lush Q

Test Data	2015-11-27
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.71
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
70	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
ZoomScan	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.32)
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.57
Conductivity (S/m)	1.43
Variation (%)	1.28

Maximum location: X=-8.00, Y=-16.00 SAR Peak: 0.12 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.047213
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.079855



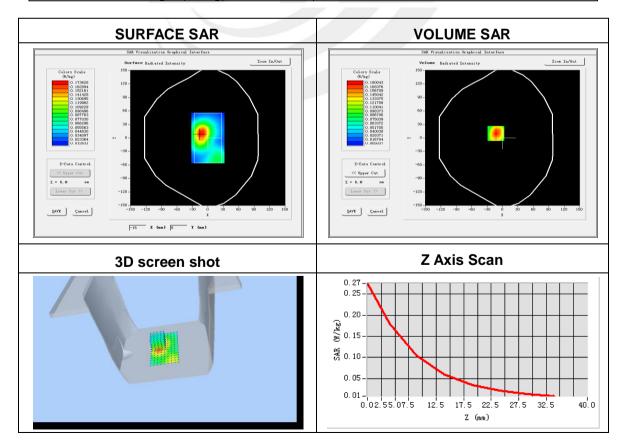


Plot 14: DUT: MOBILE PHONE; EUT Model: Lush Q

Test Data	2015-11-27
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.85
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body front
Band	GPRS 1900
Channels	High
Signal	Duty Cycle:2.00 (Crest factor:2.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1909.8
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.68
Conductivity (S/m)	1.51
Variation (%)	-0.56

Maximum location: X=-13.00, Y=10.00 SAR Peak:0.28 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.095010
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.170458



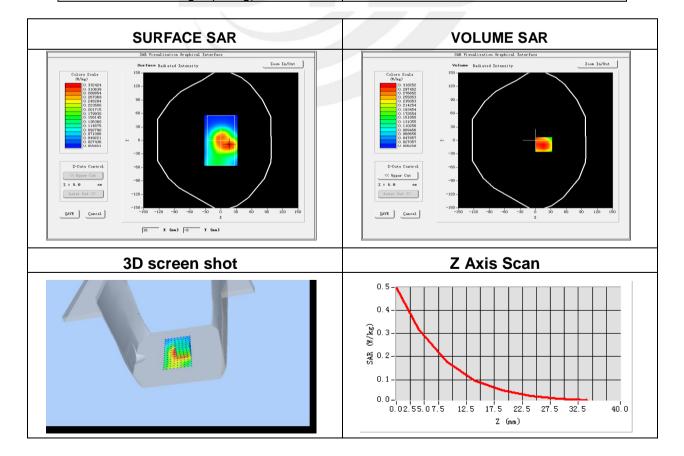


Plot 15: DUT: MOBILE PHONE; EUT Model: Lush Q

Test Data	2015-11-27
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.85
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back
Band	GPRS 1900
Channels	High
Signal	Duty Cycle:4.00 (Crest factor:4.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1909.8
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.68
Conductivity (S/m)	1.51
Variation (%)	-0.05

Maximum location: X=16.00, Y=-9.00 SAR Peak: 0.53 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.175145
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.312427





Appendix C. Probe Calibration And Dipole Calibration Report

Refer the appendix Calibration Report.

*****END OF THE REPORT***