



FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Report No: STS1608148H01

Issued for

AMS Communications Inc

11029 Harry Hines Blvd, Suite B 118, Dallas Tx 75229, USA

Product Name:	3G Smart phone
Brand Name:	Ojji
Model Name:	OJJI lite
Series Model:	N/A
FCC ID:	2AE2XOJJILITE
	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1
Test Standard:	FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
	IEEE 1528: 2013
Max. Report	Head:0.344 W/kg
SAR (1g):	Body:0.982 W/kg

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Test Report Certification

Applicant's name: AMS Communications Inc

Manufacture's Name.....: Candy High-Tech (H.K.) Limited

Product description

Product name: 3G Smart phone

Trademark: Ojji

Model and/or type reference : OJJI lite

Series Model: N/A

ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992

Standards.....: FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

IEEE 1528: 2013

The device was tested by Shenzhen STS Test Services Co., Ltd. in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in KDB 865664 The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

Date of Test

Date (s) of performance of tests..... 22 Aug. 2016

Date of Issue...... 24 Aug. 2016

Test Result..... Pass

Testing Engineer : Allen Chev

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1.General Information

Environmental evaluation measurements of specific absorption rate (SAR) distributions in emulated human head and body tissues exposed to radio frequency (RF) radiation from wireless portable devices for compliance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Federal Communications Commission (FCC).

1.1 EUT Description

Equipment	3G Sm	art phone						
Brand Name	Ojji	art priorio						
Model No.	O LILlit	OJJI lite						
Series Model		N/A						
FCC ID		2AE2XOJJILITE						
Model Difference		N/A						
Woder Difference	•							
Adapter	Output	Input: AC100-240V,150mA, 50/60 Hz Output: DC 5V, 600mA						
Battery	Charge	Voltage: 3.7V; E Limit: 4.275V; ty: 1000mAh						
Device Category	Portabl	е						
Product stage	Produc	tion unit						
RF Exposure		l Population / Uncontro	olled					
Environment								
IMEI		080000085 080000093						
Hardware Version	V2.0	7						
Software Version	s3017_	72_nand_bp202_htc	_42_2016_05_03_21_4	2				
Frequency Range	GSM 850:824.2~848.8MHz PCS1900:1850.2~1909.8MHz WCDMA Band II:1852.4~1907.6MHz WCDMA Band V:826.4~846.6MHz WLAN 802.11b/g/n(HT20):2412~2462MHz WLAN 802.11n(HT40):2422~2452MHz Bluetooth:2402~2480MHz							
	Band	Mode	Head	Body Worn and				
	DOE	0014.050	(W/kg)	Hotspot(W/kg)				
	PCE	GSM 850	0.135	0.589				
Max. Reported	PCE	GSM 1900	0.085	0.534				
SAR(1g):	PCE	WCDMA Band II	0.344	0.982				
	PCE	WCDMA Band V	0.041	0.140				
	DTS	WIFI	0.082	0.060				
	DSS	Bluetooth ^{Note}	0.021	0.011				
1-g Sum SAR			0.426	1.042				
FCC Equipment Class	Part 15	ed Portable Transmitt Spread Spectrum Tr Transmission System	ansmitter (DSS)					
Operating Mode:	GSM: GSM Voice; GPRS; EGPRS Class 12; WCDMA:RMC,HSDPA,HSUPA Release 6; WLAN: 802.11 b/g/n(HT20/40); Bluetooth: V2.1 + EDR (GFSK, π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK); Bluetooth: V4.0							
Antenna		VCDMA: PIFA Antenn	a					
Specification:		FI: PIFA Antenna						
SIM Card	Suppoi	t dual-SIM, dual stand	dby, the multiple SIM ca	rd with				
		es cannot transmitting	at the same time					
Hotspot Mode:	Suppoi							
DTM Mode:	Not Su	pport						





Note:

- 1. Bluetooth SAR was estimated
- 2. The dual SIM card mobile has 2 SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (Single active)
- 3. After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose SIM1 card to perform all tests.
- 4. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power







1.2 Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the SAR laboratory:

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	22~23
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	55~65

1.3 Test Factory

Shenzhen STS Test Services Co., Ltd.

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Baoan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

CNAS Registration No.: L7649; FCC Registration No.: 842334; IC Registration No.: 12108A-1







2.Test Standards And Limits

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 2	Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations
2	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz
3	IEEE Std. 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
4	FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06	Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies
5	FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
6	FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02	RF Exposure Reporting
7	FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01	SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices
8	FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01	Hotspot Mode SAR
9	FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03	SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets
10	FCC KDB 248227 D01 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02	SAR Considerations for 802.11 Devices

(A). Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

(B). Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

NOTE GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE PARTIAL BODY LIMIT 1.6 W/kg



3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 Definition Of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

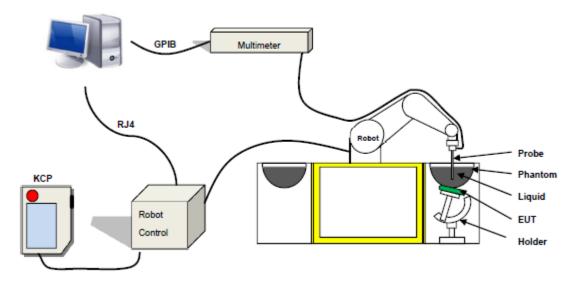
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue,

 $\boldsymbol{\rho}$ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SAR System

SATIMO SAR System Diagram:



Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue



The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

3.2.1 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 45/15 EPGO281 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Tip Diameter: 2.5 mm
- Length of Individual Dipoles: 2 mm
- Maximum external diameter: 8 mm
- Distance between dipoles / probe extremity: 2.7 mm

(repeatability better than +/- 1mm)

- Probe linearity: 0±2.60%(±0.11 dB)
- Axial Isotropy: < 0.25 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: < 0.25 dB
- Calibration range: 450MHz to 6GHz for head & body simulating liquid.

 Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole





3.2.2 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.



Figure-SN 32/14 SAM115



Figure-SN 32/14 SAM116

3.2.3 Device Holder



The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of \pm 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of \pm 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.



4. Tissue Simulating Liquids

4.1 Simulating Liquids Parameter Check

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Frequency	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	1,2-Propan ediol	X100	Water	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	σ	εr
750	/	/	/	0.79	/	64.81	/	34.40	0.97	41.8
835	/	/	/	0.79	/	64.81	/	34.40	0.97	41.8
900	/	/	/	0.79		64.81	/	34.40	0.97	41.8
1800	/	13.84	/	0.35	1	1	30.45	55.36	1.38	41.0
1900	/	13.84	1/	0.35	/	1	30.45	55.36	1.38	41.0
2000	/	7.99	1	0.16	/	/	19.97	71.88	1.55	41.1
2450	/	7.99	/	0.16	/	/	19.97	71.88	1.88	40.3
2600	/	7.99	/	0.16	1	/	19.97	71.88	1.88	40.3

Tissue dielectric parameters for head and body phantoms							
Frequency	3	ir	σ S/m				
	Head	Body	Head	Body			
300	45.3	58.2	0.87	0.92			
450	43.5	58.7	0.87	0.94			
900	41.5	55.0	0.97	1.05			
1450	40.5	54.0	1.20	1.30			
1800	40.0	53.3	1.40	1.52			
2450	39.2	52.7	1.80	1.95			
3000	38.5	52.0	2.40	2.73			
5800	35.3	48.2	5.27	6.00			



LIQUID MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Date: 22 Aug. 2016 Ambient condition: Temperature 22.7°C Relative humidity: 49%

Head Simulating Liquid		Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
Frequency	Temp. [°C]					
835 MHz	00.00	Permitivity:	41.50	41.9	0.96	±5
OSS IVITZ	22.30	Conductivity:	0.90	0.93	3.33	± 5
4000 MH-		Permitivity:	40.00	39.87	-0.33	± 5
1900 MHz	22.30	Conductivity:	1.40	1.43	2.14	±5
2450 MH=	2450 MHz 22.30	Permitivity:	39.20	40.1	2.30	± 5
Z45U MHZ		Conductivity:	1.80	1.83	1.67	± 5

Body Simulating Liquid		5 ,	.		D : (: 10/1	Limited[%]
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Parameters	Parameters Target Measured		Deviation[%]	
835 MHz	22.30	Permitivity:	55.20	54.6	-1.09	± 5
033 IVITZ	835 IVIHZ 22.30	Conductivity:	0.97	0.95	-2.06	± 5
	22.30	Permitivity:	53.30	52.4	-1.69	± 5
1900 MHz	22.30	Conductivity:	1.52	1.48	-2.63	± 5
0.450.141.1	22.20	Permitivity:	52.70	52.1	-1.14	± 5
2450 MHz	22.30	Conductivity:	1.95	2.01	3.08	± 5



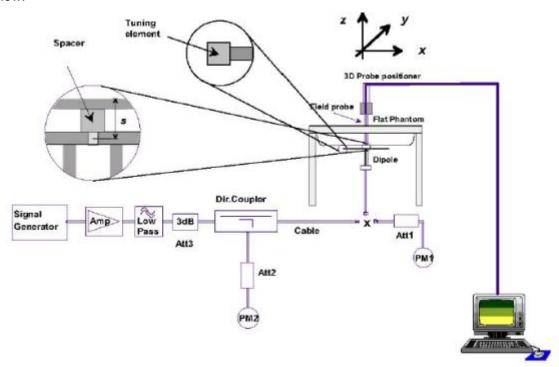


5. SAR System Validation

5.1 Validation System

Each SATIMO system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the SATIMO software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System kit includes a dipole, and dipole device holder.

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It's performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurement in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system validation setup is shown as below.



5.2 Validation Result

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %.

Ambient condition: Temperature 22.7°C Relative humidity: 49%

Freq.(MHz)	Power(mW)	Tested Value (W/Kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Target(W/Kg)	Tolerance(%)	Date
835 Head	100	0.961	9.61	9.56	0.52	2016-08-22
835 Body	100	0.951	9.51	9.56	-0.52	2016-08-22
1900 Head	100	4.011	40.11	39.7	1.03	2016-08-22
1900 Body	100	3.962	39.62	39.7	-0.20	2016-08-22
2450 Head	100	5.234	52.34	52.4	-0.11	2016-08-22
2450 Body	100	5.276	52.76	52.4	0.69	2016-08-22

Note: The tolerance limit of System validation ±10%.





6. SAR Evaluation Procedures

The procedure for assessing the average SAR value consists of the following steps:

The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

Area Scan& Zoom Scan:

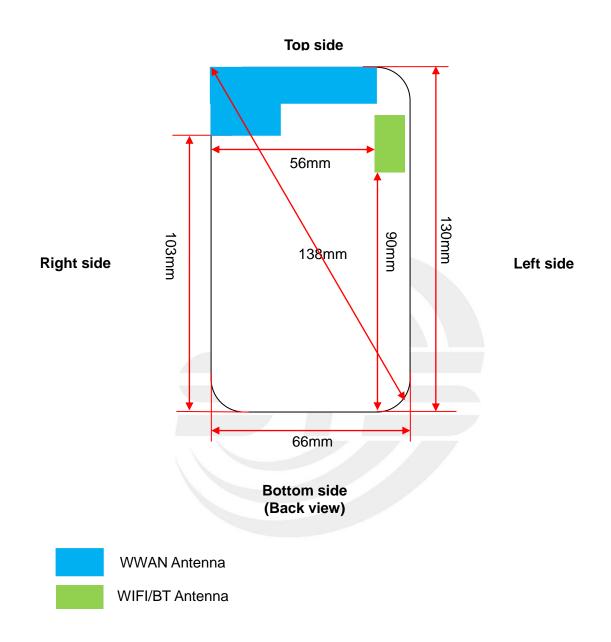
First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR -distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r01 quoted below.

When the 1-g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.



7. EUT Antenna Location Sketch

It is a 3G Smart phone, support GSM/WCDMA mode.





7.1 SAR test exclusion consider table

According with FCC KDB 447498 D01, appendix A, <SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100MHz ~ 6GHz and≤50mm>table, this device SAR test configurations consider as following:

D 1	Test position configurations								
Band	Front	Back	Right edge	Left edge	Top edge	Bottom edge			
WWAN	<5mm	<5mm	<5mm	<5mm	<5mm	103mm			
VVVVAIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No			
\\/\IEI/DT	<5mm	<5mm	56mm	<5mm	<5mm	90mm			
WIFI/BT	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No			

Note:

- maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units.
- 2. per KDB 447498 D01, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
- 3. per KDB 447498 D01, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; if the distance of the antenna to the user is <5mm, 5mm is user to determine SAR exclusion threshold
- 4. per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distance ≤50mm are determined by: [(max.power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, Mw)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]*[√f(GHZ))≤3.0 for 1-g SAR and≤7.5 for10-g extremity SAR ,f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison For <50mm distance, we just calculate mW of the exclusion threshold value(3.0)to do compare</p>
- per KDB 447498 D01, at 100 MHz to 6GHz and for test separation distances >50mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following

 a)[threshold at 50mm in step 1]+(test separation distance -50mm)*(f (MHz)/150)]Mw, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
 b) [threshold at 50mm in step1]+(test separation distance -50mm) *10]mW at>
- 6. Per KDB 447498 D02, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA output power is<0.25db higher than RMC 12.2Kbps,or reported SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is ≤1.2W/Kg, HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.
- 7. Per KDB 248227 D01, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion 8.for each frequency band ,testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of each of these configurations is less than 1/4db higher than those measured at the lower data rate than 11b mode ,thus the SAR can be excluded.

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1500MHz and≤6GHz

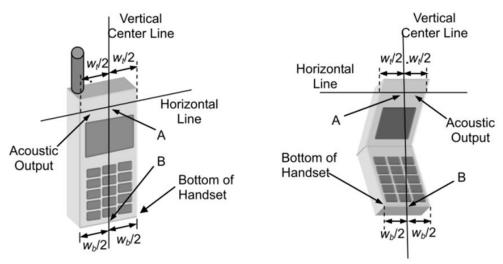


8. EUT Test Position

This EUT was tested in Right Cheek, Right Titled, Left Cheek, Left Titled, Front Face and Rear Face.

8.1 Define Two Imaginary Lines On The Handset

- (1) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width wb of the handset.
- (2) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (3)The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



Cheek Position

- 1)To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- 2)To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost



Title Position

- (1)To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (2) While maintaining the device in the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until with the ear is lost.

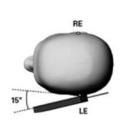


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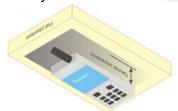






Body-worn Position Conditions:

Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. When the same wireless transmission configuration is used for testing body-worn accessory and hotspot mode SAR, respectively, in voice and data mode, SAR results for the most conservative *test separation distance* configuration may be used to support both SAR conditions. When the *reported* SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest *reported* SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for the body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

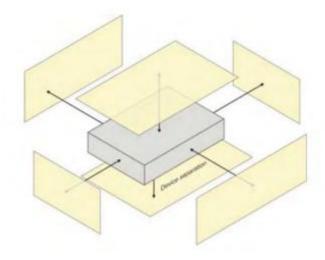




8.2 Hotspot mode exposure position condition

For handsets that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing function, the relevant hand and body exposure condition are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surface and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm form that surface or edge.

When form factor of a handset is smaller than 9cm x 5cm, a test separation distance of 5mm (instead of 10mm) is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separate distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration(surface).



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9. Uncertainty

9.1 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in IEEE 1528: 2013. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

NO	Source	Tol(%)	Prob. Dist.	Div. k	ci (1g)	ci (10g)	1gUi	10gUi	Veff
Meas	urement System			l				l	
1	Probe calibration	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.8	5.8	∞
2	Axial isotropy	3.5	R	√3	(1-cp) ^{1/2}	(1-cp) ^{1/2}	1.43	1.43	∞
3	Hemispherical isotropy	5.9	R	√3	$\sqrt{C_p}$	√Cp	2.41	2.41	∞
4	Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
5	Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.71	2.71	∞
6	System Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
7	Readout electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	∞
8	Response time	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	∞
9	Integration time	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
10	Ambient noise	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
11	Ambient reflections	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
12	Probe positioner mech. restrictions	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
13	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
14	Max.SAR evaluation	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Test s	ample related								
15	Device positioning	2.6	N	1	1	1	2.6	2.6	11



			Page 20 of 63 Repo			rt No.: STS1608148H01			
16	Device holder	3	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0	7
17	Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	8
Phant	Phantom and set-up								
18	Phantom uncertainty	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	8
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	5
20	Liquid conductivity (meas)	4	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.92	1.04	5
21	Liquid Permittivity (target)	2.5	Ν	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	8
22	Liquid Permittivity (meas)	5.0	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	8
Combined standard RSS $U_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{c}}$					$C_C = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n C_i^2 U}$	2 i	10.63%	10.54%	
Expanded uncertainty (P=95%) $U=k\ U_{C}\ , \mbox{k=2}$					21.26%	21.08%			



9.2 System validation Uncertainty

		ı				Т	ı		
NO	Source	Tol(%)	Prob. Dist.	Div. k	ci (1g)	ci (10g)	1gUi	10gUi	Veff
Meas	urement System								
1	Probe calibration	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.8	5.8	8
2	Axial isotropy	3.5	R	√3	(1-cp) ^{1/2}	(1-cp) ^{1/2}	1.43	1.43	8
3	Hemispherical isotropy	5.9	R	√3	$\sqrt{C_{ m p}}$	√Cp	2.41	2.41	8
4	Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
5	Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.71	2.71	8
6	System Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
7	Modulation response	0	N	1	1	1	0	0	8
8	Readout electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	8
9	Response time	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	8
10	Integration time	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
11	Ambient noise	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
12	Ambient reflections	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
13	Probe positioner mech. restrictions	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
14	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
15	Max.SAR evaluation	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	8
Dipole									
16	Deviation of experimental source from	4	N	1	1	1	4.00	4.00	∞



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				1		1		1	
17	Input power and SAR drit measurement	5	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
18	Dipole Axis to liquid Distance	2	R	√3	1	1			∞
Phantom and set-up									
19	Phantom uncertainty	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
20	Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation(in	2.0	N	1	1	0.84	2	1.68	_∞
21	Liquid conductivity (target)	2	N	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	∞
22	Liquid conductivity (temperature uncertainty)	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	5
23	Liquid conductivity (meas)	4	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.92	1.04	5
24	Liquid Permittivity (target)	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	∞
25	Liquid Permittivity (temperature uncertainty)	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	5
26	Liquid Permittivity (meas)	5.0	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	∞
Comb	ined standard	RSS $U_{C} = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n} C_{i}^{2} U_{i}^{2}}$					10.15%	10.05%	
Expanded uncertainty $U = k \ U_{C} \ , \mbox{k=2}$						20.29%	20.10%		



10. Conducted Power Measurement

10.1 Test Result

Burst Average Power (dBm)							
Band		GSM 850			PCS 1900		
Channel	128	190	251	512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	
GSM(GMSK, 1-Slot)	31.02	31.03	31.02	30.03	29.90	29.85	
GPRS (GMSK, 1-Slot)	30.92	30.95	30.93	28.82	28.68	28.71	
GPRS (GMSK, 2-Slot)	30.48	30.48	30.51	28.40	28.24	28.24	
GPRS (GMSK, 3-Slot)	29.00	29.07	29.09	26.96	26.79	26.80	
GPRS (GMSK, 4-Slot)	28.56	28.64	28.64	26.55	26.39	26.39	
EGPRS(8PSK, 1-Slot)	30.62	30.61	30.64	28.62	28.58	28.61	
EGPRS(8PSK, 2-Slot)	30.13	30.17	30.18	28.13	28.09	28.17	
EGPRS(8PSK, 3-Slot)	28.67	28.74	28.77	26.69	26.61	26.77	
EGPRS(8PSK, 4-Slot)	28.20	28.30	28.33	26.24	26.15	26.31	

Remark: GPRS, CS4 coding scheme. EGPRS, MCS9 coding scheme. Multi-Slot Class 8, Support Max 4 downlink, 1 uplink, 5 working link Multi-Slot Class 10, Support Max 4 downlink, 2 uplink, 5 working link Multi-Slot Class 12, Support Max 4 downlink, 4 uplink, 5 working link

Fram- Average Power(dBm)							
Band		GSM 850			PCS 1900		
Channel	128	190	251	512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	
GSM(GMSK, 1-Slot)	21.99	22.00	21.99	21.00	20.87	20.82	
GPRS (GMSK, 1-Slot)	21.89	21.92	21.90	19.79	19.65	19.68	
GPRS (GMSK, 2-Slot)	24.46	24.46	24.49	22.38	22.22	22.22	
GPRS (GMSK, 3-Slot)	24.74	24.81	24.83	22.70	22.53	22.54	
GPRS (GMSK, 4-Slot)	25.55	25.63	25.63	23.54	23.38	23.38	
EGPRS(8PSK, 1-Slot)	21.59	21.58	21.61	19.59	19.55	19.58	
EGPRS(8PSK, 2-Slot)	24.11	24.15	24.16	22.11	22.07	22.15	
EGPRS(8PSK, 3-Slot)	24.41	24.48	24.51	22.43	22.35	22.51	
EGPRS(8PSK, 4-Slot)	25.19	25.29	25.32	23.23	23.14	23.30	

Remark

- 1. SAR testing was performed on the maximum frame-averaged power mode.
- 2. The frame-averaged power is linearly proportion to the slot number configured and it is linearly scaled the maximum

burst-averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method is shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) – 9.03 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) – 6.02 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) – 3.01 dB



WCDMA

Band	WCDMA Band V			WCDMA Band II		
Channel	4132	4183	4233	9262	9400	9538
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.6	846.6	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6
AMR 12.2Kbps	22.82	22.80	22.87	22.02	21.30	21.45
RMC 12.2Kbps	22.85	22.83	22.91	22.06	21.35	21.48
HSDPA Subtest-1	21.76	21.78	21.76	21.13	21.12	21.12
HSDPA Subtest-2	21.28	21.34	21.36	20.70	20.65	20.72
HSDPA Subtest-3	20.95	20.86	20.90	20.24	20.19	20.25
HSDPA Subtest-4	20.46	20.37	20.59	19.81	19.72	19.79
HSUPA Subtest-1	21.70	21.71	21.27	21.03	21.07	20.70
HSUPA Subtest-2	20.79	20.77	20.30	20.07	20.14	19.73
HSUPA Subtest-3	20.77	20.32	19.89	20.02	19.66	19.35
HSUPA Subtest-4	20.42	20.01	19.51	19.60	19.23	19.04
HSUPA Subtest-5	18.96	18.52	18.02	18.15	17.83	17.55

According to 3GPP 25.101 sub-clause 6.2.2, the maximum output power is allowed to be reduced by following the table.

Table 6.1A: UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

UE Transmit Channel Configuration	CM(db)	MPR(db)
For all combinations of ,DPDCH,DPCCH HS-DPDCH,E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH	0≤ CM≤3.5	MAX(CM-1,0)

Note: CM=1 for $\beta c/\beta d=12/15$, $\beta hs/\beta c=24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH,

E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

The device supports MPR to solve linearity issues (ACLR or SEM) due to the higher peak-to average ratios (PAR) of the HSUPA signal. This prevents saturating the full range of the TX DAC inside of device and provides a reduced power output to the RF transceiver chip according to the Cubic Metric (a function of the combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH).

When E-DPDCH channels are present the beta gains on those channels are reduced firsts to try to get the power under the allowed limit. If the beta gains are lowered as far as possible, then a hard limiting is applied at the maximum allowed level.

The SW currently recalculates the cubic metric every time the beta gains on the E-DPDCH are reduced. The cubic metric will likely get lower each time this is done .However, there is no reported reduction of maximum output power in the HSUPA mode since the device also provides a compensation for the power back-off by increasing the gain of TX_AGC in the transceiver (PA) device.

The end effect is that the DUT output power is identical to the case where there is no MPR in the device.



WIFI

Mode	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
	1	2412	14.10
802.11b	6	2437	14.20
	11	2462	14.20
	1	2412	10.40
802.11g	6	2437	11.50
	11	2462	10.40
	1	2412	10.30
802.11n(HT 20)	6	2437	11.40
	11	2462	10.50
	3	2422	9.33
802.11n(HT 40)	6	2437	10.53
	9	2452	9.63

Bluetooth

Mode	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
	0	2402	-4.860
GFSK(1Mbps)	39	2441	-4.600
	78	2480	-3.470
	0	2402	-5.550
π/4-DQPSK(2Mbps)	39	2441	-5.300
	78	2480	-5.170
	0	2402	-5.260
8DPSK(3Mbps)	39	2441	-5.030
	78	2480	-5.870

BT 4.0

Mode	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
	1	2402	-8.600
GFSK(1Mbps)	20	2440	-8.100
	40	2480	-9.000



10.2 Tune-up Power

Mode	GSM850(AVG)	GSM1900(AVG)		
GSM/PCS	31±1dBm	30±1dBm		
GPRS (1 Slot)	30±1dBm	28±1dBm		
GPRS (2 Slot)	30±1dBm	28±1dBm		
GPRS (3 Slot)	29±1dBm	26±1dBm		
GPRS (4 Slot)	28±1dBm	26±1dBm		
EDGE (1 Slot)	30±1dBm	28±1dBm		
EDGE (2 Slot)	30±1dBm	28±1dBm		
EDGE (3 Slot)	28±1dBm	26±1dBm		
EDGE (4 Slot)	28±1dBm	26±1dBm		

Mode	WCDMA Band V(AVG)	WCDMA Band II(AVG)		
AMR	22±1dBm	21.1±1dBm		
RMC	22±1dBm	21.1±1dBm		
HSDPA Subtest-1	21±1dBm	21±1dBm		
HSDPA Subtest-2	21±1dBm	20±1dBm		
HSDPA Subtest-3	20±1dBm	20±1dBm		
HSDPA Subtest-4	20±1dBm	19±1dBm		
HSUPA Subtest-1	21±1dBm	21±1dBm		
HSUPA Subtest-2	20±1dBm	20±1dBm		
HSUPA Subtest-3	20±1dBm	20±1dBm		
HSUPA Subtest-4	20±1dBm	19±1dBm		
HSUPA Subtest-5	18±1dBm	18±1dBm		

Mode	WIFI(AVG)
IEEE 802.11b	14±1dBm
IEEE 802.11g	11±1dBm
IEEE 802.11n(HT 20)	11±1dBm
IEEE 802.11n(HT 40)	10±1dBm

Mode	BT(AVG)
GFSK	-4±1dBm
π/4-DQPSK	-5±1dBm
8DPSK	-5±1dBm

Mode	BT 4.0(AVG)		
GFSK	-9±1dBm		

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10.3 SAR Test Exclusions Applied

Per FCC KDB 447498D01, the 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHZ)}$] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- f(GHZ) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

$$\frac{\textit{Max Power of Channel (mW)}}{\textit{Test Separation Dist (mm)}} * \sqrt{\textit{Frequency(GHz)}} \le 3.0$$

Based on the maximum conducted power of **Bluetooth Head** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance,

Bluetooth Head SAR was not required; $[(0.501/5)^* \sqrt{2.480}] = 0.16 < 3.0$.

Based on the maximum conducted power of **Bluetooth Body** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance,

Bluetooth Body SAR was not required; $[(0.501/10)^* \sqrt{2.480}] = 0.08 < 3.0$.

Based on the maximum conducted power of **2.4 GHz WIFI Head** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance,

2.4 GHz WIFI Head SAR was required; $[(31.623/5)^* \sqrt{2.437}] = 9.87 > 3.0$.

Based on the maximum conducted power of **2.4 GHz WIFI Body** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance,

2.4 GHz WIFI Body SAR was required; $[(31.623/10)^* \sqrt{2.437}] = 4.94 > 3.0$.





11. EUT And Test Setup Photo

11.1 EUT Photo

Front side



Back side



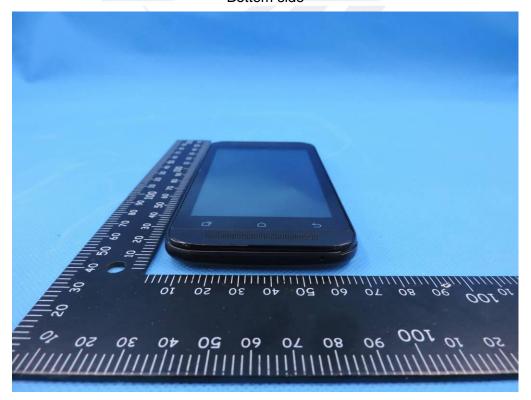




Top side



Bottom side







Left side



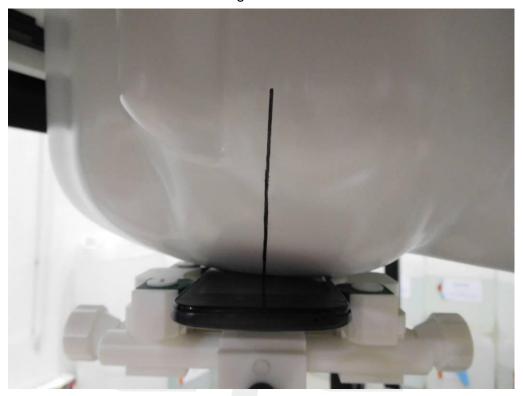
Right side



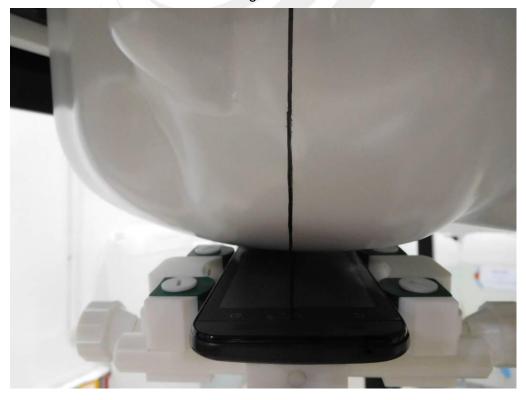


11.2 Setup Photo

Right Touch



Right Tilt

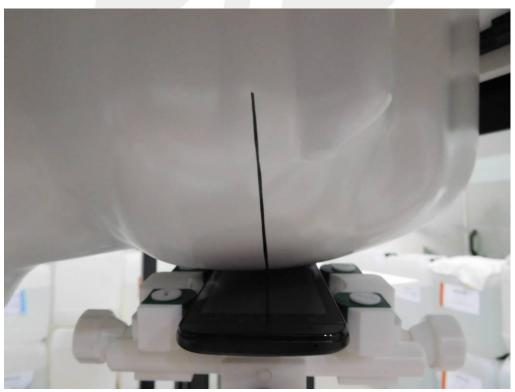




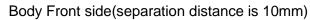
Left Touch

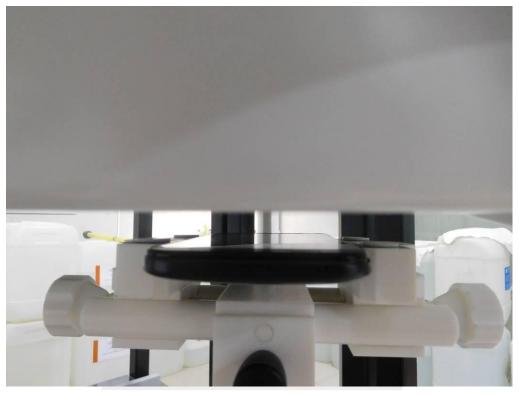


Left Tilt

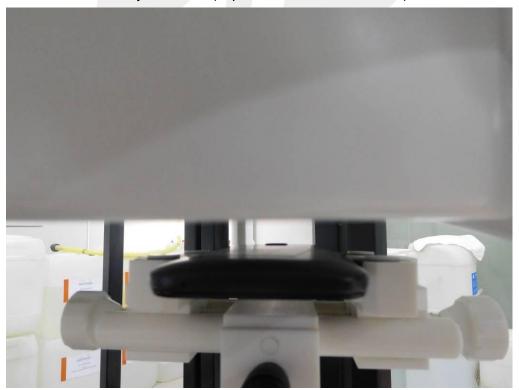








Body Back side(separation distance is 10mm)





Body left side(separation distance is 10mm)



Body right side(separation distance is 10mm)

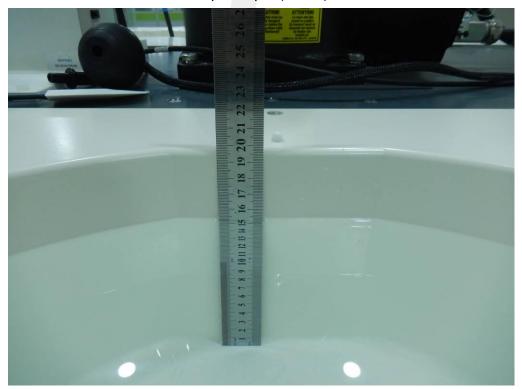




Body top side(separation distance is 10mm)



Liquid depth (15 cm)







12. SAR Result Summary

12.1 Head SAR

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
		Right Cheek	190	0.072	-3.26	32	31.03	0.090	/
		Right Tilt	190	0.093	-3.52	32	31.03	0.116	/
GSM 850	Voice	Left Cheek	190	0.108	-0.68	32	31.03	0.135	1
		Left Tilt	190	0.100	-3.46	32	31.03	0.125	/
		Right Cheek	512	0.068	-0.76	31	30.03	0.085	3
GSM1900	Voice	Right Tilt	512	0.056	-3.14	31	30.03	0.070	/
GSM1900		Left Cheek	512	0.059	-1.48	31	30.03	0.074	/
		Left Tilt	512	0.040	-1.04	31	30.03	0.050	/
WCDMA Band II	RMC	Right Cheek	9262	0.173	-0.66	22.1	22.06	0.175	/
		Right Tilt	9262	0.178	-0.95	22.1	22.06	0.180	/
		Left Cheek	9262	0.341	-1.52	22.1	22.06	0.344	5
		Left Tilt	9262	0.330	-1.23	22.1	22.06	0.333	/
	RMC	Right Cheek	4233	0.040	-3.56	23	22.91	0.041	7
WCDMA Band V		Right Tilt	4233	0.032	-1.14	23	22.91	0.033	/
		Left Cheek	4233	0.039	-1.30	23	22.91	0.040	/
		Left Tilt	4233	0.031	-2.10	23	22.91	0.032	/

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Duty cycle(%)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
WIFI	802.11b	Right Cheek	6	0.068	-3.24	15	14.20	100	0.082	9
		Right Tilt	6	0.062	-2.91	15	14.20	100	0.075	/
		Left Cheek	6	0.065	-3.70	15	14.20	100	0.078	/
		Left Tilt	6	0.060	-3.08	15	14.20	100	0.072	/

Note:

- 1.Per KDB 248227- When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg. (The highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power was **0.044** W/Kg for Head)
- 2. Per KDB865664 D01, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is <0.80 W/kg



12.2 Body-worn and Hotspot SAR

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
		Front side	251	0.081	-4.33	29	28.64	0.088	/
		Back side	251	0.542	-1.85	29	28.64	0.589	2
GSM 850	GPRS Data-4 Slot	Left side	251	0.212	-2.73	29	28.64	0.230	/
		Right side	251	0.157	-0.33	29	28.64	0.171	/
		Top side	251	0.089	-3.94	29	28.64	0.097	/
		Front side	512	0.047	-4.91	27	26.55	0.052	/
		Back side	512	0.481	-2.65	27	26.55	0.534	4
GSM1900	GPRS Data-4 Slot	Left side	512	0.032	-2.49	27	26.55	0.035	/
		Right side	512	0.049	-3.94	27	26.55	0.054	/
		Top side	512	0.081	0.09	27	26.55	0.090	/
		Front side	9262	0.121	-2.75	22.1	22.06	0.122	/
		Back side	9262	0.973	-0.38	22.1	22.06	0.982	6
		Back side	9400	0.954	-0.72	22.1	22.06	0.963	/
WCDMA Band II	RMC	Back side	9538	0.885	-0.56	22.1	22.06	0.893	/
		Left side	9262	0.024	-3.98	22.1	22.06	0.024	/
		Right side	9262	0.125	-1.79	22.1	22.06	0.126	/
		Top side	9262	0.166	1.72	22.1	22.06	0.168	/
		Front side	4233	0.017	-2.72	23	22.91	0.017	/
		Back side	4233	0.137	3.02	23	22.91	0.140	8
WCDMA Band V	RMC	Left side	4233	0.056	-2.07	23	22.91	0.057	/
24.14		Right side	4233	0.036	-3.14	23	22.91	0.037	/
		Top side	4233	0.018	-1.87	23	22.91	0.018	/

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Duty cycle(%)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
		Front side	6	0.009	-2.93	15	14.20	100	0.011	/
\\\\\\	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Back side	6	0.050	-2.50	15	14.20	100	0.060	10
WIFI 802.11b	Left side	6	0.028	-1.50	15	14.20	100	0.034	/	
		Top side	6	0.007	-2.16	15	14.20	100	0.008	/

Note:

- 1. The test separation of all above table is 10mm.
- 2. Per KDB 248227- When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg. (The highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power was **0.032** W/Kg for Body)
- 3. When the user enables the personal Wireless router functions for the handsets, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the Wi-Fi transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal.

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Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation:

Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

Position	Simultaneous state
	1. GSM + WIFI
	2. GSM + Bluetooth
Head	3. WCDMA + WIFI
	4. WCDMA + Bluetooth
	1. GSM + WIFI
	2. GSM + Bluetooth
Body	3. WCDMA + WIFI
	4. WCDMA + Bluetooth

NOTE:

- 1. Bluetooth and WIFI can't simultaneous transmission at the same time.
- 2. For simultaneous transmission at head and body exposure position, 2 transmitters simultaneous transmission was the worst state.
- 3. Based upon KDB 447498 D01 v05, BT SAR is excluded as below table.
- 4. If the test separation distance is <5mm, 5mm is used for excluded SAR calculation.
- 5. For minimum test separation distance \leq 50mm,Bluetooth standalone SAR is excluded according to [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/ (min. test separation distance, mm) · [\sqrt{f} (GHz) /x] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR
- 6. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 7. KDB 447498 / 4.3.2 (2) when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:
 - a) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[\sqrt{f} (GHz) /x] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm; Where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
 - b) 0.4W/Kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0W/Kg for 10-g SAR, when the separation distance is >50mm.

Estimated SAR		Maximum Power		Antenna	Frequency(GHz)	Stand alone
		dBm	mW	to user(mm)		SAR(1g) [W/kg]
DT	Head	4	0.501	5	2.480	0.021
ВТ	Body	1	0.501	10	2.480	0.011



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Simultaneous Mode	Position	Mode	Max. 1-g SAR (W/kg)	1-g Sum SAR (W/kg)	
	Head	GSM Voice	0.135	0.217	
GSM + WIFI	пеац	WIFI	0.082	0.217	
GSIVI + WIFI	Pody	GSM Data	0.589	0.649	
	Body	WIFI	0.060	0.049	
	Head	GSM Voice	0.135	0.156	
GSM + Bluetooth	пеац	Bluetooth	0.021	0.156	
GSW + Bluetooth	Pody	GSM Data	0.589	0.610	
	Body	Bluetooth	0.011		
	Head	WCDMA RMC	0.344	0.426	
WCDMA + WIFI	пеац	WIFI	0.082	0.420	
WODINA + WIFI	5/1	WCDMA RMC	0.982	1.042	
	Body	WIFI	0.060	1.042	
WCDMA + Bluetooth	Head	WCDMA RMC	0.344	0.365	
	пеаи	Bluetooth	0.021	0.303	
VVCDIVIA + DIUE(00(I)	Pody	WCDMA RMC	0.982	0.993	
)	Body	Bluetooth	0.011	0.883	

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna.

When the sum of SAR 1g of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR 1g is greater than the SAR limit (SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.



13. Equipment List

Kind of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Last Calibration	Calibrated Until
835MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID835	SN 30/14 DIP0G835-332	2014.09.01	2017.08.31
1900MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID1900	SN 30/14 DIP1G900-333	2014.09.01	2017.08.31
2450MHzDipole	SATIMO	SID2450	SN 30/14 DIP2G450-335	2014.09.01	2017.08.31
E-Field Probe	MVG	SSE2	SN 45/15 EPGO281	2015.10.12	2016.10.11
Antenna	SATIMO	ANTA3	SN 07/13 ZNTA52	2014.09.01	2017.08.31
Waveguide	SATIMO	SWG5500	SN 13/14 WGA32	2014.09.01	2017.08.31
Phantom1	SATIMO	SAM	SN 32/14 SAM115	N/A	N/A
Phantom2	SATIMO	SAM	SN 32/14 SAM116	N/A	N/A
SAR TEST BENCH	SATIMO	GSM and WCDMA mobile phone POSITIONNIN G SYSTEM	SN 32/14 MSH97	N/A	N/A
SAR TEST BENCH	SATIMO	LAPTOP POSITIONNIN G SYSTEM	SN 32/14 LSH29	N/A	N/A
Dielectric Probe Kit	SATIMO	SCLMP	SN 32/14 OCPG52	2015.09.01	2016.08.31
Multi Meter	Keithley	Multi Meter 2000	4050073	2015.11.20	2016.11.19
Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY50140530	2015.11.18	2016.11.17
Power Meter	R&S	NRP	100510	2015.10.25	2016.10.24
Power Meter	HP	EPM-442A	GB37170267	2015.10.24	2016.10.23
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z11	101919	2015.10.24	2016.10.23
Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2702A65976	2015.10.24	2016.10.23
Network Analyzer	Agilent	5071C	EMY46103472	2015.12.12	2016.12.11
Attenuator 1	PE	PE7005-10	N/A	2015.10.25	2016.10.24
Attenuator 2	PE	PE7005-3	N/A	2015.10.24	2016.10.23
Attenuator 3	Woken	WK0602-XX	N/A	2015.12.12	2016.12.11
Dual Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	50422	2015.11.18	2016.11.17



Appendix A. System Validation Plots

System Performance Check Data (835MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2016-08-22

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

Experimental conditions

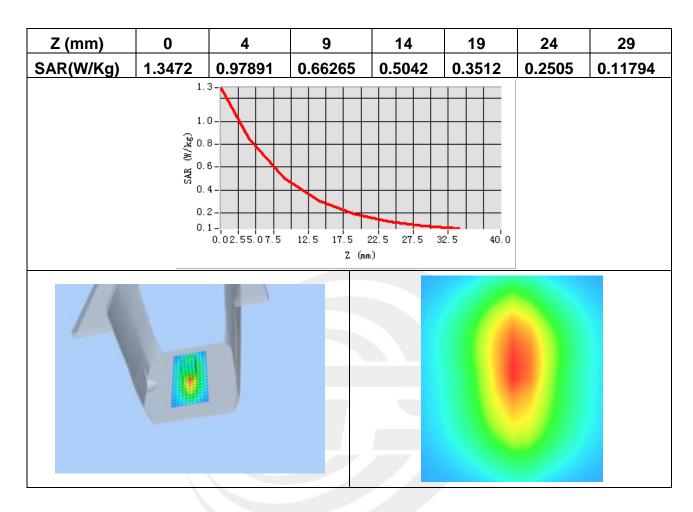
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	-		
Band	835MHz		
Channels	-		
Signal	CW		
Frequency (MHz)	835MHz		
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.90		
Relative permittivity	18.72		
Conductivity (S/m)	0.93		
Power drift (%)	0.45		
Ambient Temperature:	22.7°C		
Liquid Temperature:	22.3°C		
Probe	SN 45/15 EPGO281		
ConvF:	1.78		
Crest factor:	1:1		

Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 1.40 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.646624
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.960982









System Performance Check Data (835MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2016-08-22

Measurement duration: 14 minutes 13 seconds

Experimental conditions.

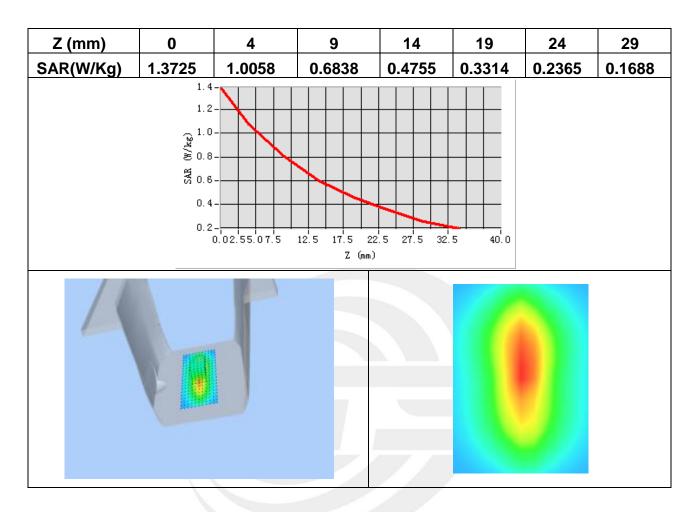
Probe			
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	-		
Band	835MHz		
Channels			
Signal	CW		
Frequency (MHz)	835MHz		
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.60		
Relative permittivity	21.408187		
Conductivity (S/m)	0.95		
Power drift (%)	0.090000		
Ambient Temperature:	22.7°C		
Liquid Temperature:	22.3°C		
Probe	SN 45/15 EPGO281		
ConvF:	1.85		
Crest factor:	1:1		

Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 1.45 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.623458
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.951034







System Performance Check Data (1900MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

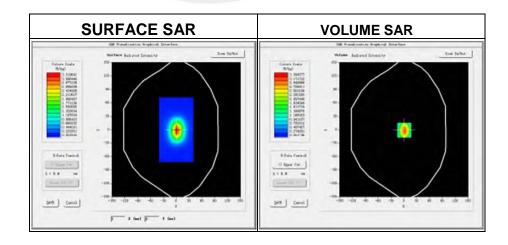
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2016-08-22

Measurement duration: 14 minutes 12 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	-		
Band	1900MHz		
Channels	<u>-</u>		
Signal	CW		
Frequency (MHz)	1900MHz		
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.87		
Relative permittivity	13.26		
Conductivity (S/m)	1.43		
Power drift (%)	0.47		
Ambient Temperature:	22.7°C		
Liquid Temperature:	22.3°C		
Probe	SN 45/15 EPGO281		
ConvF:	2.10		
Crest factor:	1:1		





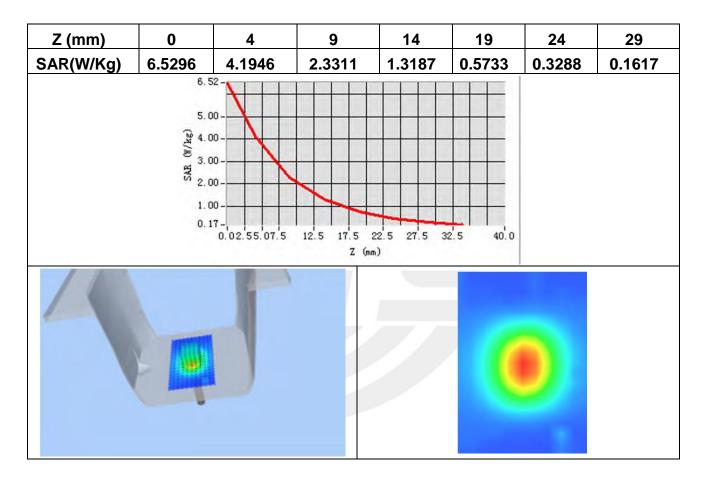


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Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 5.80 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.023454
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.010686





System Performance Check Data (1900MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

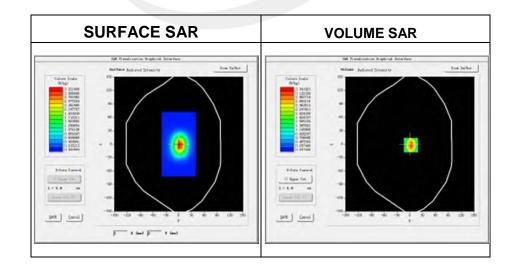
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2016-08-22

Measurement duration: 14 minutes 46 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Device Position	-
Band	1900MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	1900
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.40
Relative permittivity	12.87531
Conductivity (S/m)	1.48
Power drift (%)	0.37
Ambient Temperature:	22.7°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.3°C
Probe	SN 45/15 EPGO281
ConvF:	2.16
Crest factor:	1:1





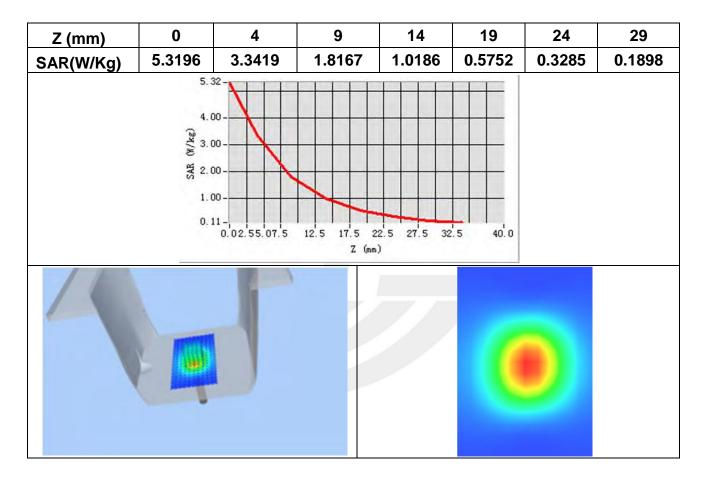


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Maximum location: X=2.00, Y=2.00

SAR Peak: 5.30 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.156748
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.961712





System Performance Check Data (2450MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

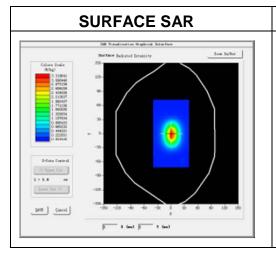
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

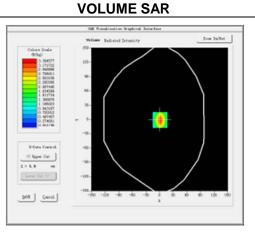
Date of measurement: 2016-08-22

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 51 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Device Position	Validation plane
Band	2450 MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	2450
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.10
Relative permittivity	12.93
Conductivity (S/m)	1.83
Power drift (%)	-1.20
Ambient Temperature	22.7°C
Liquid Temperature	22.3°C
Probe	SN 45/15 EPGO281
ConvF	2.21
Crest factor:	1:1





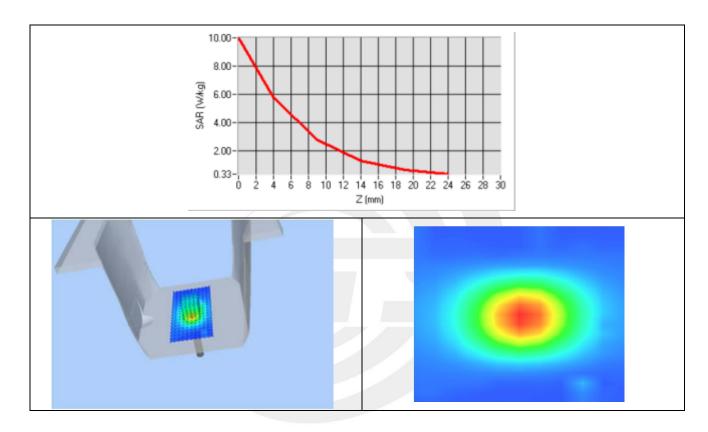


Report No.: STS1608148H01



Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=6.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.435556
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.234276





System Performance Check Data (2450MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

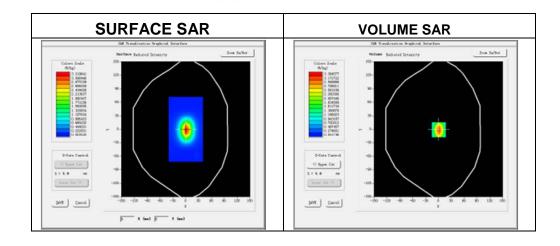
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2016-08-22

Measurement duration: 14 minutes 23 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Device Position	Validation plane
Band	2450 MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	2450
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.10
Relative permittivity	12.930
Conductivity (S/m)	2.01
Power drift (%)	-1.20
Ambient Temperature	22.7°C
Liquid Temperature	22.3°C
Probe	SN 45/15 EPGO281
ConvF	2.28
Crest factor:	1:1



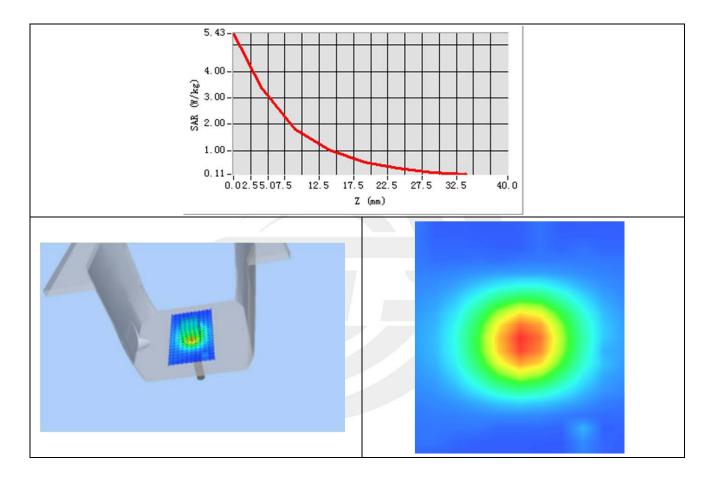






Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.135453
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.276387





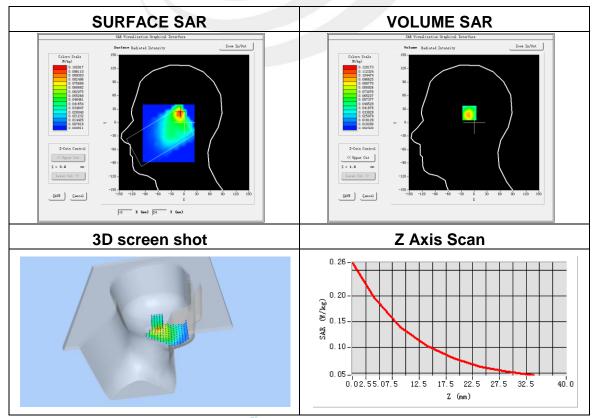
Appendix B. SAR Test Plots

Plot 1: DUT: 3G Smart phone; EUT Model: OJJI lite

Test Date	2016-08-22
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 45/15 EPGO281
ConvF	1.78
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM850
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.32)
Frequency (MHz)	836.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.90
Variation (%)	-0.68

Maximum location: X=-8.00, Y=23.00 SAR Peak: 0.26 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.053086
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.108271



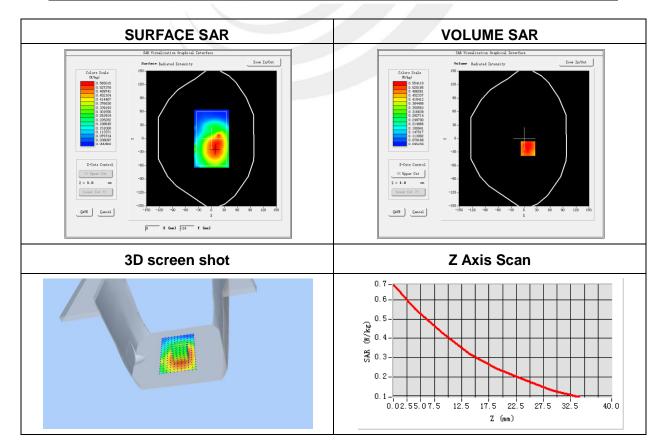


Plot 2: DUT: 3G Smart phone; EUT Model: OJJI lite

Test Date	2016-08-22
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 45/15 EPGO281
ConvF	1.85
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back side
Band	GPRS 850
Channels	High
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:2.00 (Crest factor: 2.0)
Frequency (MHz)	848.8
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.20
Conductivity (S/m)	0.97
Variation (%)	-1.85

Maximum location: X=9.00, Y=-22.00 SAR Peak: 0.75 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.389041
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.542108



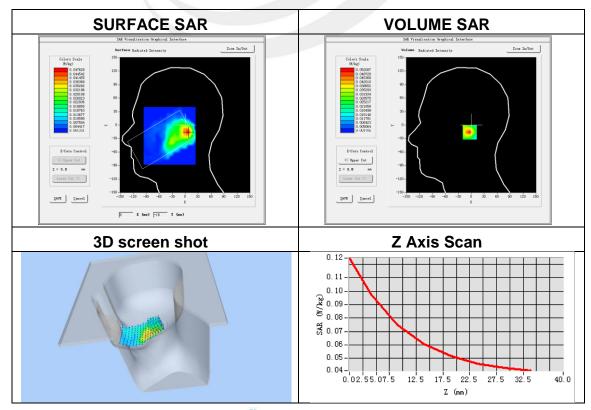


Plot 3: DUT: 3G Smart phone; EUT Model: OJJI lite

Test Date	2016-08-22
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 45/15 EPGO281
ConvF	2.10
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
7	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
ZoomScan	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.32)
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.00
Conductivity (S/m)	1.40
Variation (%)	-0.76

Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=-16.00 SAR Peak: 0.12 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.033942
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.068308



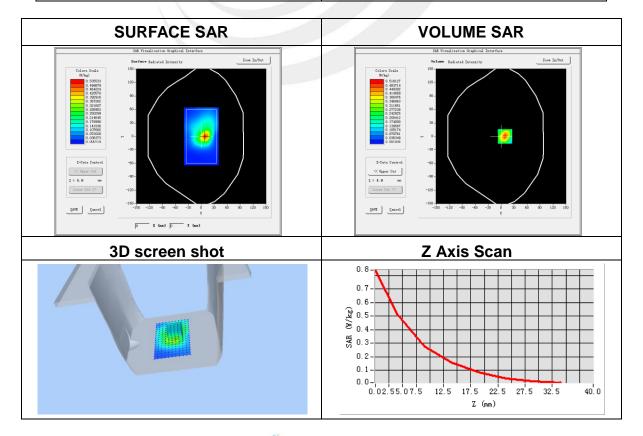


Plot 4: DUT: 3G Smart phone; EUT Model: OJJI lite

Test Date	2016-08-22
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 45/15 EPGO281
ConvF	2.16
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back side
Band	GPRS 1900
Channels	High
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:2.00 (Crest factor: 2.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1909.8
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.30
Conductivity (S/m)	1.52
Variation (%)	-2.65

Maximum location: X=9.00, Y=0.00 SAR Peak: 0.84 W/kg

	<u> </u>
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.234135
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.480710



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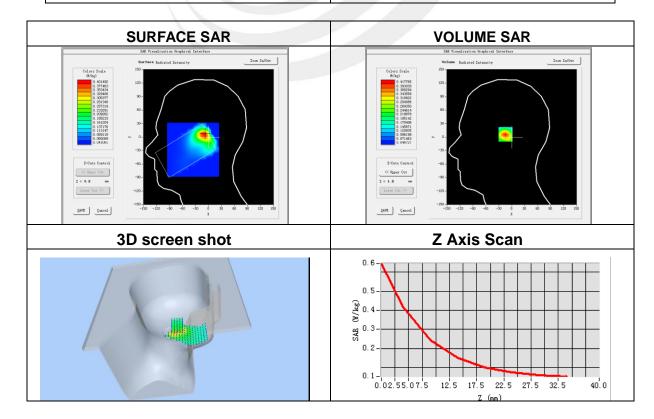


Plot 5: DUT: 3G Smart phone; EUT Model: OJJI lite

Test Date	2016-08-22
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 45/15 EPGO281
ConvF	2.10
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	WCDMA II
Channels	Low
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.00
Conductivity (S/m)	1.40
Variation (%)	-1.52

Maximum location: X=-10.00, Y=6.00 SAR Peak: 0.60 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.163671
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.341251



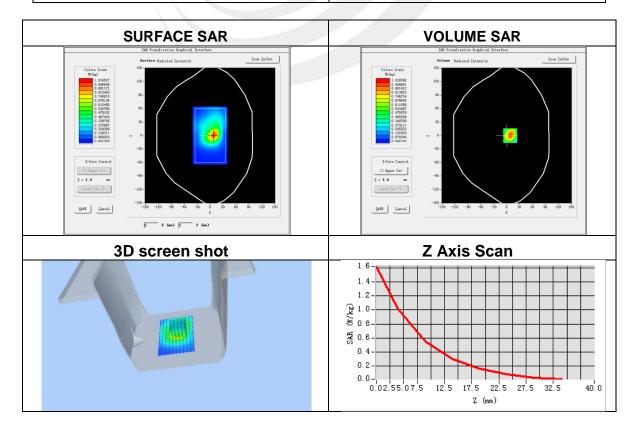


Plot 6: DUT: 3G Smart phone; EUT Model: OJJI lite

Test Date	2016-08-22
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 45/15 EPGO281
ConvF	2.16
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
7	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
ZoomScan	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back side
Band	WCDMA II
Channels	Low
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.71
Conductivity (S/m)	1.40
Variation (%)	-0.38

Maximum location: X=8.00, Y=0.00 SAR Peak: 1.67 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.491250
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.972520



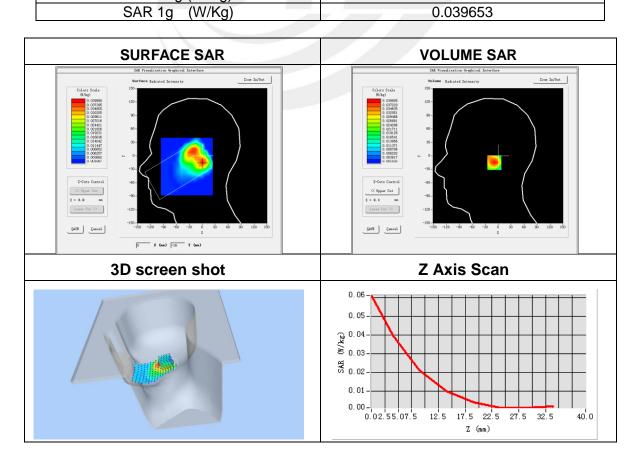


Plot 7: DUT: 3G Smart phone; EUT Model: OJJI lite

Test Date	2016-08-22
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 45/15 EPGO281
ConvF	1.78
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	WCDMA V
Channels	High
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	846.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.27
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
Variation (%)	-3.56

Maximum location: X=-0.00, Y=-15.00

SAR Peak: 0.07 W/kg
SAR 10g (W/Kg) 0.019418



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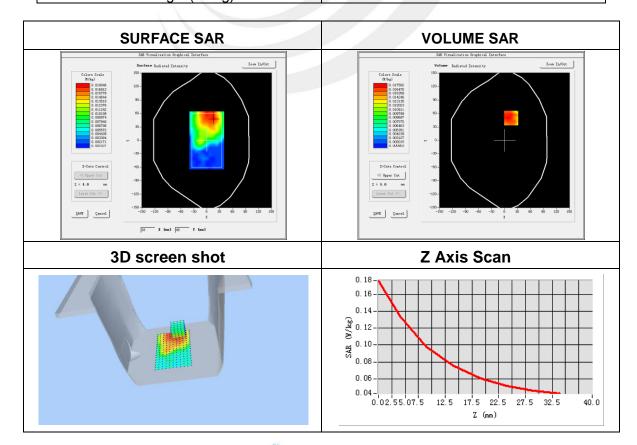


Plot 8: DUT: 3G Smart phone; EUT Model: OJJI lite

Test Date	2016-08-22
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 45/15 EPGO281
ConvF	1.85
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
Zoomscan	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back side
Band	WCDMA V
Channels	High
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	846.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.96
Variation (%)	3.02

Maximum location: X=15.00, Y=50.00 SAR Peak: 0.18 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg) 0.097345 SAR 1g (W/Kg) 0.137198



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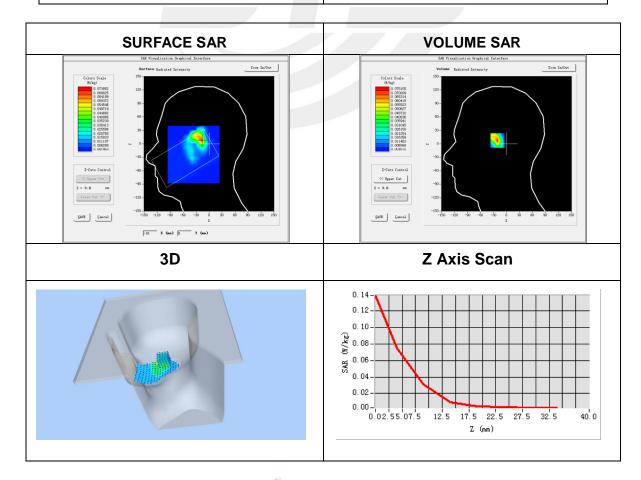


Plot 9: DUT:3G Smart phone; EUT Model: OJJI lite

2016-08-22
SN 45/15 EPGO281
2.21
dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Right head
Cheek
IEEE 802.11b ISM
Middle
IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)
2437
39.23
1.79
-3.24

Maximum location: X=-18.00, Y=9.00 SAR Peak: 0.14 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.033545
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.068255



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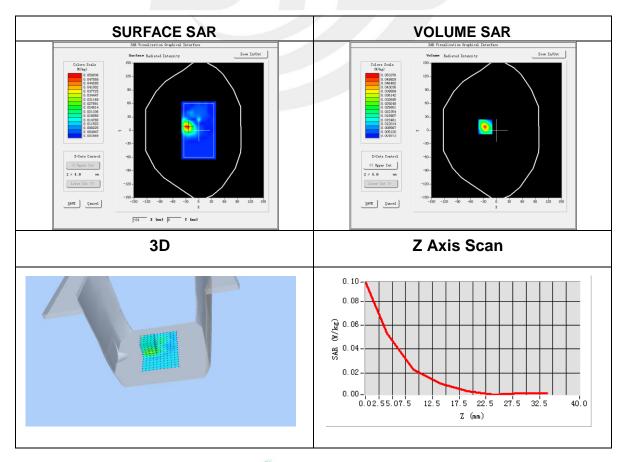


Plot 10: DUT: 3G Smart phone; EUT Model: OJJI lite

Test Date	2016-08-22
Probe	SN 45/15 EPGO281
ConvF	2.28
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back side
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM
Channels	Middle
Signal	IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	2437
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.40
Conductivity (S/m)	1.94
Variation (%)	-2.50

Maximum location: X=-26.00, Y=8.00 SAR Peak: 0.10 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.019769
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.049613









Appendix C. Probe Calibration And Dipole Calibration Report

Refer the appendix Calibration Report.



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