



FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Report No: STS1506097H01

Issued for

NOITAVONNE INSTRUMENTS INC

11104 W.Airport Blvd.#225 Stafford, TX 77477,USA

Product Name:	WCDMA smart phone
Brand Name:	noitavonne
Model No.:	NOIT 21
Series Model:	N/A
FCC ID:	2AE4519NOIT21
	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1
Test Standard:	FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
	IEEE 1528: 2013
May CAD (4x)	Head:1.303 W/kg
Max. SAR (1g):	Body:1.480 W/kg

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Test Report Certification

Applicant's name NOITAVONNE INSTRUMENTS INC

Address 11104 W.Airport Blvd.#225 Stafford, TX 77477,USA

Manufacture's Name...... Shenzhen Siecom Communication Technology Development

Co.,Ltd.

Address : Wanrong building A 6F,4th Industry road, Net valley, Shekou,

Shenzhen, China

Product description

Product name: WCDMA smart phone

Trademark: noitavonne Model and/or type reference : NOIT 21

Serial Model: N/A

Standards ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992

FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

IEEE 1528: 2013

The device was tested by Shenzhen STS Test Services Co., Ltd. in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in KDB 865664 The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

Date of Test

Date (s) of performance of tests...... 19 Jun. 2015 Date of Issue....: 23 Jun. 2015

Test Result....: **Pass**

> Allen Chen Testing Engineer:

> > (Allen Chen)

Technical Manager:

Authorized Signatory:

(John Zou)

(Bovey Yang)





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1. General Information

1.1 EUT Description

Equipment	WCDMA smart phone				
Brand Name	noitavonne				
Model No.	NOIT 21				
Serial Model	N/A				
FCC ID	2AE4519NOIT21				
Model Difference	N/A				
Adapter	Input: AC100-240V, 0.2A, 50/60 H Output: DC 5V, 1000mA	Z			
Battery	Rated Voltage: 3.7V Charge Limit: 4.2V Capacity: 1300mAh				
Hardware Version	N/A				
Software Version	N/A				
Frequency Range	GSM 850:824.2 ~ 848.8 MHz PCS1900:1850.2 ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA II:1852.4~1907.6 MHz WCDMA V:826.4~846.6 MHz WLAN 802.11 b/g/n(HT20):2412~2462 MHz Bluetooth:2402~2480 MHz				
Transmit Power(Average):	GSM 850: 32.36dBm GSM 1900: 27.38dBm WCDMA II: 23.12dBm WCDMA V: 21.49dBm	802.11b: 14.76dBm 802.11g: 12.54dBm 802.11 n(HT20): 11.42dBm Bluetooth: 1.671dBm			
Max. Reported SAR(1g):	Head: GSM 850: 0.643 W/kg GSM 1900: 0.943 W/kg WCDMA II: 1.303 W/kg WCDMA V: 0.588 W/kg WIFI: 0.107 W/kg	Body: GSM 850: 1.248 W/kg GSM 1900: 1.398 W/kg WCDMA II: 1.480 W/kg WCDMA V: 0.704 W/kg WIFI: 0.063 W/kg			
Operating Mode:	GSM: GSM Voice, GPRS Class 12; WCDMA: RMC, HSDPA, HSUPA Release 6; WLAN: 802.11 b/g/n; Bluetooth: V2.1 + EDR (GFSK + π /4DQPSK+8DPSK)				
Antenna Specification:	GSM/WCDMA: PIFA Antenna BT/WIFI: PIFA Antenna				
Hotspot Mode:	Support				
DTM Mode:	Not Support				



1.2 Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the SAR laboratory:

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	22~23
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	55~65

1.3 Test Facility

Shenzhen STS Test Services Co., Ltd.

Add.: 1/F, Building B, Zhuoke Science Park, No. 190, Chongqing Road, Fuyong,

Baoan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

CNAS Registration No.: L7649

FCC Registration No.: 842334;IC Registration No.: 12108A-1





2. Test Standards And Limits

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 2	Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General
!	47 CFR Pail 2	Rules and Regulations
		IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human
2	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992	Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3
		kHz to 300 GHz
		Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak
	IEEE Std. 1528-2013	Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the
3		Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices:
		Measurement Techniques
	EOO KDD 447400 D0405-00	Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and
4	FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r02	Equipment Authorization Policies
5	FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r03	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
6	FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r01	RF Exposure Reporting
7	FCC KDB 941225 D01	SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices
8	FCC KDB 248227 D01 Wi-Fi SAR v02	SAR Considerations for 802.11 Devices

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. According to EN 50360 and 1999/519/EC the limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 2.0 W/kg as averaged over any 10 gram of tissue.

(A). Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

(B). Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body Partial-Body Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles

0.08 1.6 4.0

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 10 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

NOTE GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE PARTIAL BODY LIMIT 1.6 W/kg





3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 Definition Of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

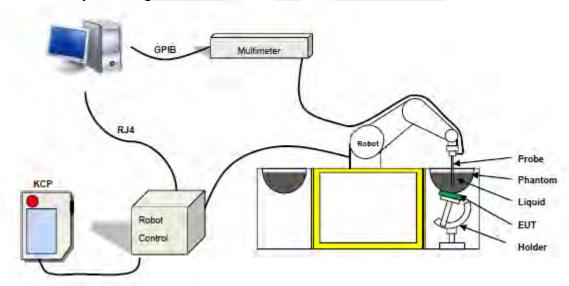
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue,

p is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SAR System

SATIMO SAR System Diagram:



Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue



The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

3.2.1 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 17/14 EP221 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Tip Diameter :5 mm
- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 2.7mm
- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 4 mm (repeatability better than +/- 1mm)
- Probe linearity: < 0.25 dB
- Axial Isotropy: < 0.25 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: < 0.25 dB
- Calibration range: 450MHz to 2600MHz for head & body simulating liquid. Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and suface normal line:less than 30°



Figure 1 - Satimo COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole



3.2.2 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.



SN 32/14 SAM116

3.2.3 Device Holder



The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of \pm 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of \pm 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.



4. Tissue Simulating Liquids

4.1 Simulating Liquids Parameter Check

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

LIQUID MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Date: June.19, 2015 Ambient condition: Temperature 22.0°C Relative humidity: 49%

Head Simulating Liquid			.		D : (; F0/1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	- Parameters Target Me		Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]	
835 MHz	21.5	Permitivity:	41.5	41.19	-0.75	#5	
633 IVITZ	21.5	Conductivity:	0.9	0.89	-1.11	± 5	
1900 MHz 2450 MHz	21.5	Permitivity:	40.0	39.44	-1.40	± 5	
		Conductivity:	1.4	1.42	1.43	± 5	
	21.5	Permitivity:	39.2	39.38	0.46	± 5	
	21.5	Conductivity:	1.8	1.77	-1.67	± 5	

Body Simulating Liquid		Danamatana	Townst	Manager	D = : i=ti = = [0/1	Lineite dIO/1	
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]	
835 MHz	21.5	Permitivity:	55.2	54.262	-1.70	± 5	
000 WII IZ	21.5	Conductivity:	0.97	0.99	2.06	± 5	
1900 MHz	21.5	Permitivity:	53.3	52.78	-0.98	± 5	
		Conductivity:	1.52	1.55	1.97	± 5	
2450 MHz	21.5	Permitivity:	52.7	52.41	-0.55	± 5	
		Conductivity:	1.95	1.93	-1.03	± 5	

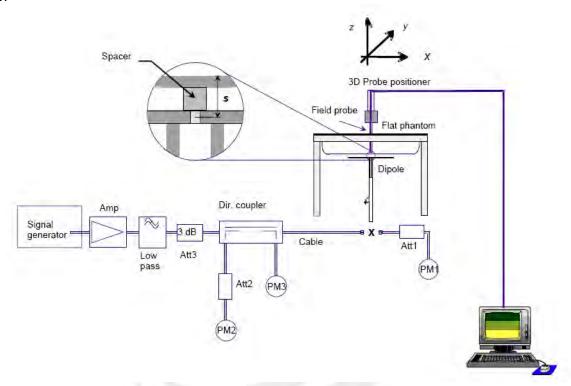


5. SAR System Validation

5.1 Validation System

Each SATIMO system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the SATIMO software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System kit includes a dipole, and dipole device holder.

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It's performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurement in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system validation setup is shown as below.



5.2 Validation Result

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %.

Ambient condition: Temperature 22.7°C Relative humidity: 49%

	nacim rompora			######################################		
Freq.(MHz)	Power(mW)	Tested Value (W/Kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Target(W/Kg)	Tolerance(%)	Date
835 Head	100	0.928	9.28	9.56	3.02	2015-06-19
835 Body	100	0.988	9.88	9.56	-3.24	2015-06-19
1900 Head	100	3.892	38.92	39.8	2.26	2015-06-19
1900 Body	100	4.124	41.24	39.8	-3.49	2015-06-19
2450 Head	100	5.156	51.56	52.4	1.63	2015-06-19
2450 Body	100	5.108	51.08	52.4	2.58	2015-06-19

Note: The tolerance limit of System validation ±10%.



6. SAR Evaluation Procedures

The procedure for assessing the average SAR value consists of the following steps: The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

Area Scan& Zoom Scan

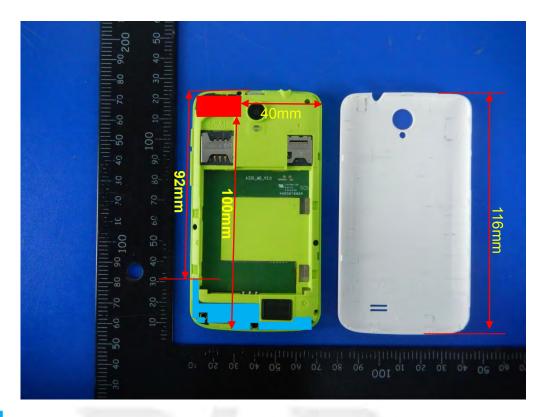
First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r01 quoted below.

When the 1-g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.



7. EUT Antenna Location Sketch

It is a WCDMA smart phone, support GSM mode and WCDMA mode.





WWAN Antenna



WIFI/BT Antenna



7.1 SAR TEST EXCLUSION CONSIDER TABLE

According with FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02, appendix A, <SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100MHz~6GHz and ≤50mm>table, this device SAR test configurations consider as following:

	Test position configurations								
Band	Front	Back	Left edge	Right edge	Top edge	Bottom edge			
0014050	<5mm	<5mm	<5mm	<5mm	92mm	<5mm			
GSM850	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes			
00144000	<5mm	<5mm	<5mm	<5mm	92mm	<5mm			
GSM1900	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes			
14/051/45	<5mm	<5mm	<5mm	<5mm	92mm	<5mm			
WCDMA Band2	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes			
	<5mm	<5mm	<5mm	<5mm	92mm	<5mm			
WCDMA Band5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes			
	<5mm	<5mm	40mm	<5mm	<5mm	100mm			
WLAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No			
51 1 11	<5mm	<5mm	40mm	<5mm	<5mm	100mm			
Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No			

Note:

- 1. maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units.
- 2. per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
- 3. per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; if the distance of the antenna to the user is <5mm, 5mm is user to determine SAR exclusion threshold
- 4. per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distance ≤50mm are determined by:
 - [(max.power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, Mw)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]*[$\sqrt{f(GHZ)}$) \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for10-g extremity SAR
 - f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
 - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
 - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
 - For <50mm distance, we just calculate mW of the exclusion threshold value(3.0)to do compare
- 5. per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, at 100 MHz to 6GHz and for test separation distances >50mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following
 - a)[threshold at 50mm in step 1]+(test separation distance -50mm)*(f (MHz)/150)]Mw, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
 - b) [threshold at 50mm in step1]+(test separation distance -50mm) *10]mW at>1500MHz and≤ 6GHz



- 6. Per KDB 447498 D02v02r02,RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA output power is<0.25db higher than RMC 12.2kbps,or reported SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is ≤1.2W/Kg, HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.
- 7. Per KDB 248227 D01v01r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine futher SAR exclusion 8.for each frequency band , testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of each of these configurations is less than 1/4db higher than those measured at the lower data rate than 11b mode , thus the SAR can be excluded.



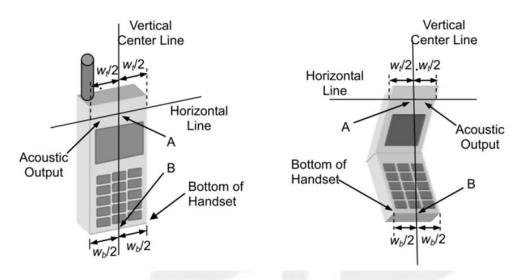


8. EUT Test Position

This EUT was tested in Right Cheek, Right Titled, Left Cheek, Left Titled, Front Face and Rear Face.

8.1 Define Two Imaginary Lines On The Handset

- (1)The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width wb of the handset.
- (2) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (3)The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



Cheek Position

- 1)To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- 2)To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost



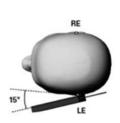
Title Position

- (1)To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (2) While maintaining the device in the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until with the ear is lost.









Body-worn Position Conditions

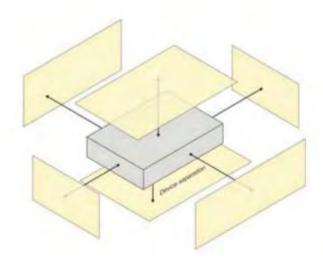
- (1) To position the EUT parallel to the phantom surface.
- (2) To adjust the EUT parallel to the flat phantom.
- (3) To adjust the distance between the EUT surface and the flat phantom to 5mm.





8.2 Hotspot mode exposure position condition

For handsets that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing function, the relevant hand and body exposure condition are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surface and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm form that surface or edge. When form factor of a handset is smaller than 9cm x 5cm, a test separation distance of 5mm(instead of 10mm)is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separate distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration(surface).





9. Uncertainty

9.1 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in IEEE 1528: 2003. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

_	T	ı	ı	ı	I	ı	1				
NO	Source	Tol(%)	Prob. Dist.	Div. k	ci (1g)	ci (10g)	1gUi	10gUi	Veff		
Meas	Measurement System										
1	Probe calibration	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.8	5.8	8		
2	Axial isotropy	3.5	R	√3	(1-cp) ^{1/2}	(1-cp) ^{1/2}	1.43	1.43	8		
3	Hemispherical isotropy	5.9	R	√3	√Cp	√Cp	2.41	2.41	8		
4	Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	8		
5	Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.71	2.71	8		
6	System Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	8		
7	Readout electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	8		
8	Response time	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	8		
9	Integration time	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8		
10	Ambient noise	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8		
11	Ambient reflections	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8		
12	Probe positioner mech. restrictions	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8		
13	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8		
14	Max.SAR evaluation	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	8		
Test s	sample related										
15	Device positioning	2.6	N	1	1	1	2.6	2.6	11		
16	Device holder	3	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0	7		
	l	L	L	L	L	L	L				



Expanded uncertainty (P=95%)

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17	Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞	
Phantom and set-up										
18	Phantom uncertainty	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞	
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	2.5	Z	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	5	
20	Liquid conductivity (meas)	4	Z	1	0.23	0.26	0.92	1.04	5	
21	Liquid Permittivity (target)	2.5	Z	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	∞	
22	Liquid Permittivity (meas)	5.0	Ν	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	8	
Comb	ined standard		RSS	$U_{c} = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n} C_{i}^{2} U_{i}^{2}}$			10.63%	10.54%		

U = k $U_{\scriptscriptstyle C}$,k=2

21.08%



9.2 System validation Uncertainty

		Τ	ı	ı	T	T	I		1
NO	Source	Tol(%)	Prob. Dist.	Div. k	ci (1g)	ci (10g)	1gUi	10gUi	Veff
Meas	urement System								
1	Probe calibration	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.8	5.8	8
2	Axial isotropy	3.5	R	√3	(1-cp) ^{1/2}	(1-cp) ^{1/2}	1.43	1.43	8
3	Hemispherical isotropy	5.9	R	√3	$\sqrt{C_p}$	√Cp	2.41	2.41	80
4	Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
5	Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.71	2.71	8
6	System Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	80
7	Modulation response	0	N	1	1	1	0	0	80
8	Readout electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	80
9	Response time	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	8
10	Integration time	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
11	Ambient noise	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
12	Ambient reflections	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
13	Probe positioner mech. restrictions	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	80
14	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
15	Max.SAR evaluation	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Dipole	•								
16	Deviation of experimental source from	4	N	1	1	1	4.00	4.00	8
17	Input power and SAR drit measurement	5	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞



Page 21 of 114 Report No.: STS1506097H01 Dipole Axis to 2 ∞ 18 R √3 1 1 liquid Distance Phantom and set-up Phantom 19 4.0 R √3 1 1 2.31 2.31 ∞ uncertainty Uncertainty in SAR 20 correction for 2.0 1 0.84 1.68 Ν 1 2 ∞ deviation(in Liquid conductivity 2 Ν 0.84 2.00 1.68 21 1 1 ∞ (target) Liquid conductivity 22 (temperature 2.5 1 0.78 0.71 1.95 1.78 5 Ν uncertainty) Liquid conductivity 23 1 0.23 0.26 0.92 5 4 Ν 1.04 (meas) Liquid Permittivity 0.78 24 2.5 Ν 1 0.71 1.95 1.78 (target) Liquid Permittivity 25 (temperature 2.5 Ν 0.78 0.71 1.95 1.78 5 uncertainty) Liquid Permittivity ∞ 26 5.0 Ν 1 0.23 0.26 1.15 1.30 (meas) $U_{C} = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n} C_{i}^{2} U_{i}^{2}}$ RSS Combined standard 10.15% 10.05%

U = k $U_{\scriptscriptstyle C}$,k=2

21.29%

21.10%

Expanded uncertainty

(P=95%)



10. Conducted Power Measurement

Test Result:

Maximum Burst-Averaged Output Power (dBm)								
Band		GSM 850		PCS 1900				
Channel	128	190	251	512	661	810		
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8		
GSM(GMSK, 1-Slot)	32.36	32.27	32.16	27.38	27.19	27.12		
GPRS (GMSK, 1-Slot)	32.33	32.28	32.12	27.41	27.23	27.16		
GPRS (GMSK, 2-Slot)	30.29	30.23	30.24	25.38	25.27	25.16		
GPRS (GMSK, 3-Slot)	28.68	28.49	28.52	24.05	23.92	23.87		
GPRS (GMSK, 4-Slot)	26.56	26.47	26.48	22.17	22.13	22.08		

Remark: GPRS, CS4 coding scheme.

Multi-Slot Class 8, Support Max 4 downlink, 1 uplink, 5 working link Multi-Slot Class 10, Support Max 4 downlink, 2 uplink, 5 working link Multi-Slot Class 12, Support Max 4 downlink, 4 uplink, 5 working link

Maximum Frame-Averaged Output Power(dBm)								
Band		GSM 850		PCS 1900				
Channel	128	190	251	512	661	810		
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8		
GSM(GMSK, 1-Slot)	23.36	23.27	23.16	18.38	18.19	18.12		
GPRS (GMSK, 1-Slot)	23.33	23.28	23.12	18.41	18.23	18.16		
GPRS (GMSK, 2-Slot)	24.29	24.23	24.24	19.38	19.27	19.16		
GPRS (GMSK, 3-Slot)	24.42	24.23	24.26	19.79	19.66	19.61		
GPRS (GMSK, 4-Slot)	23.56	23.47	23.48	19.17	19.13	19.08		

Remark:

- 1. SAR testing was performed on the maximum frame-averaged power mode.
- 2. The frame-averaged power is linearly proportion to the slot number configured and it is linearly scaled the maximum

burst-averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method is shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB



Band	WCDMA Band V		WCDMA Band II			
Channel	4132	4182	4233	9263	9400	9537
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.6	846.6	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6
RMC 12.2Kbps	21.15	21.49	21.13	22.48	22.84	23.12
HSDPA Subtest-1	20.31	21.06	20.06	22.02	22.56	22.74
HSDPA Subtest-2	20.04	20.12	19.89	21.98	21.82	22.15
HSDPA Subtest-3	19.31	19.25	18.98	20.35	20.54	20.65
HSDPA Subtest-4	20.44	20.42	20.37	19.53	19.66	19.84
HSUPA Subtest-1	20.23	20.62	20.28	21.65	21.98	22.37
HSUPA Subtest-2	19.92	20.06	20.08	19.33	19.64	19.92
HSUPA Subtest-3	19.35	19.23	19.01	18.99	19.05	19.27
HSUPA Subtest-4	20.34	20.27	20.11	20.13	20.12	20.26
HSUPA Subtest-5	18.36	18.31	18.17	19.25	19.28	19.45

According to 3GPP 25.101 sub-clause 6.2.2, the maximum output power is allowed to be reduced by following the table.

Table 6.1A: UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

UE Transmit Channel Configuration	CM(db)	MPR(db)
For all combinations of ,DPDCH,DPCCH	0≤ CM≤3.5	MAX(CM-1,0)
HS-DPDCH,E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH		100 00 1,0)

Note: CM=1 for β c/ β d=12/15, β hs/ β c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH.

E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

The device supports MPR to solve linearity issues (ACLR or SEM) due to the higher peak-to average ratios (PAR) of the HSUPA signal. This prevents saturating the full range of the TX DAC inside of device and provides a reduced power output to the RF transceiver chip according to the Cubic Metric (a function of the combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH).

When E-DPDCH channels are present the beta gains on those channels are reduced firsts to try to get the power under the allowed limit. If the beta gains are lowered as far as possible, then a hard limiting is applied at the maximum allowed level.

The SW currently recalculates the cubic metric every time the beta gains on the E-DPDCH are reduced. The cubic metric will likely get lower each time this is done. However, there is no reported reduction of maximum output power in the HSUPA mode since the device also provides a compensation for the power back-off by increasing the gain of TX. AGC in the transceiver (PA) device.

The end effect is that the DUT output power is identical to the case where there is no MPR in the device.



Mode	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
	1	2412	14.13
802.11b	6	2437	14.43
	11	2462	14.76
	1	2412	12.32
802.11g	6	2437	12.43
	11	2462	12.54
	1	2412	11.03
802.11n(HT-20)	6	2437	11.35
	11	2462	11.42

Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB publication 248227 D01Wi-Fi SAR v02:

- 1. Powermeasurements were performed for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- 2. For transmission modes with the same maximum output power specification, power were measured for the largest Channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate.
- 3. For transmission modes with identical maximum specified output power, channel bandwidth, modulation and data rates, power measurements were required for all identical configurations.
- 4. For each transmission mode configuration, powers were measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there were at least 3 channels supported. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels were measured.
- 5. The bolded data rate and channel above were tested for SAR.

Bluetooth

Mode	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
	0	2402	0.632
GFSK(1M)	39	2441	1.599
	78	2480	1.671
	0	2402	-0.857
π/4-DQPSK(2bps)	39	2441	0.295
	78	2480	1.265
	0	2402	-1.850
8-DPSK(3Mbps)	39	2441	-0.653
	78	2480	0.797



Mode	GSM850(AVG)	GSM1900(AVG)
GSM/PCS	31.5±1dBm	26.5±1dBm
GPRS (1 Slot)	31.5±1dBm	26.5±1dBm
GPRS (2 Slot)	29.5±1dBm	24.5±1dBm
GPRS (3 Slot)	28.0±1dBm	23.5±1dBm
GPRS (4 Slot)	26.0±1dBm	21.5±1dBm

Mode	WCDMA Band V(AVG)	WCDMA Band II(AVG)
AMR	20.5±1dBm	22.5±1dBm
HSDPA Subtest-1	19.5±1dBm	22.0±1dBm
HSDPA Subtest-2	19.5±1dBm	21.5±1dBm
HSDPA Subtest-3	18.5±1dBm	20.0±1dBm
HSDPA Subtest-4	19.5±1dBm	19.0±1dBm
HSUPA Subtest-1	20.0±1dBm	21.5±1dBm
HSUPA Subtest-2	19.5±1dBm	19.0±1dBm
HSUPA Subtest-3	18.5±1dBm	18.5±1dBm
HSUPA Subtest-4	19.5±1dBm	19.5±1dBm
HSUPA Subtest-5	17.5±1dBm	18.5±1dBm

Mode	WIFI(AVG)
IEEE 802.11b	14.0±1dBm
IEEE 802.11g	12.0±1dBm
IEEE 802.11n HT20	11.0±1dBm

	BT(AVG)				
Mode	Low	Middle	High		
GFSK	1.0±1dBm	1.0±1dBm	1.0±1dBm		
π/4-DQPSK	0.0±1dBm	0.0±1dBm	1.0±1dBm		
8DPSK	-1±1dBm	0.0±1dBm	0.0±1dBm		



11. EUT And Test Setup Photo

11.1 EUT Photo



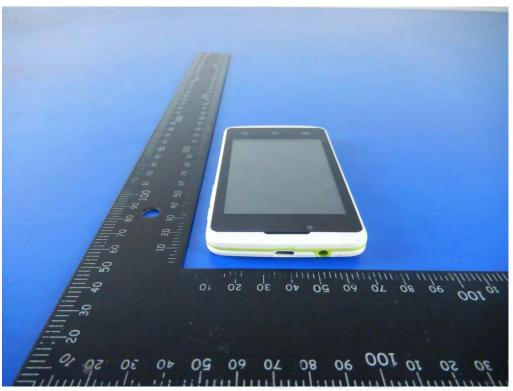


Back side





Top side

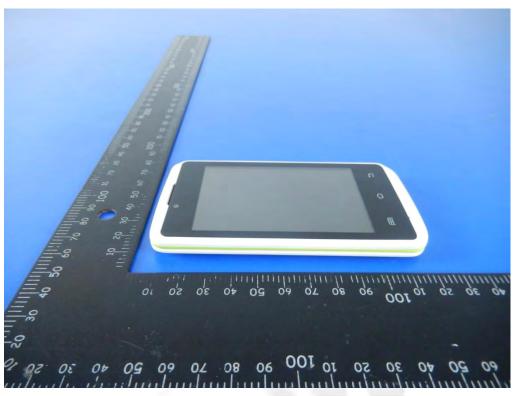


Bottom side

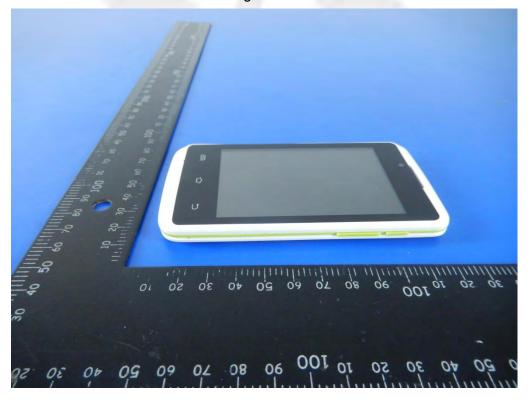




Left side

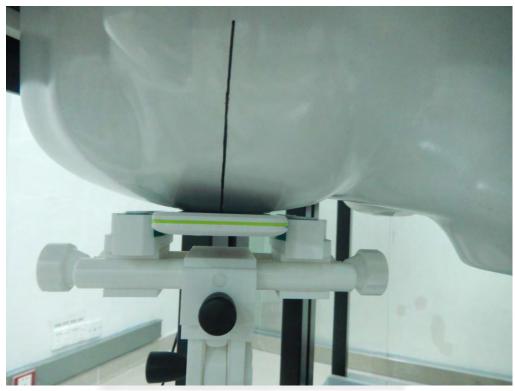


Right side







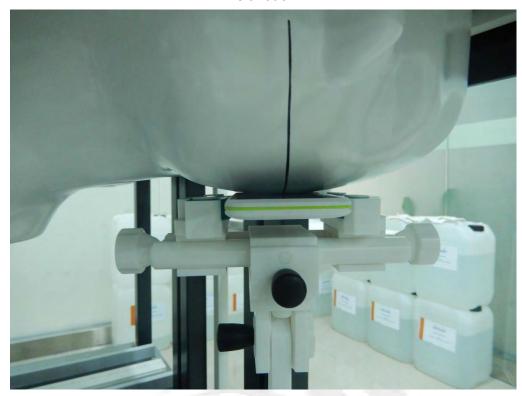


Right Tilt

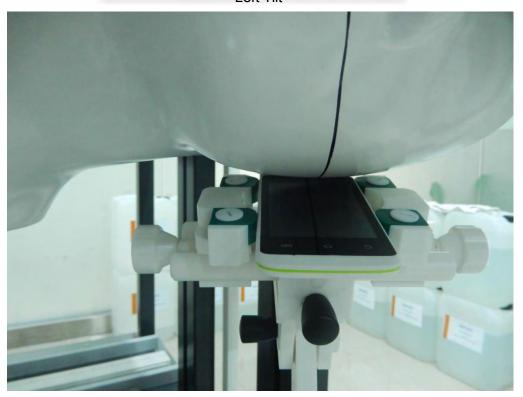




Left Touch

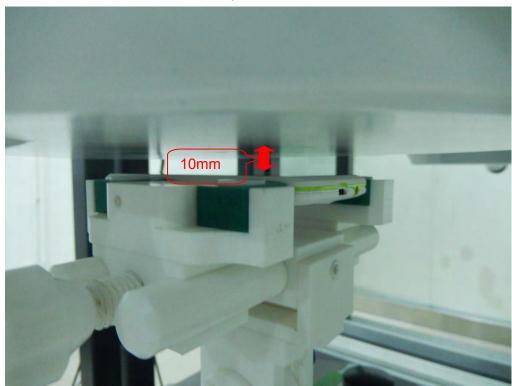


Left Tilt

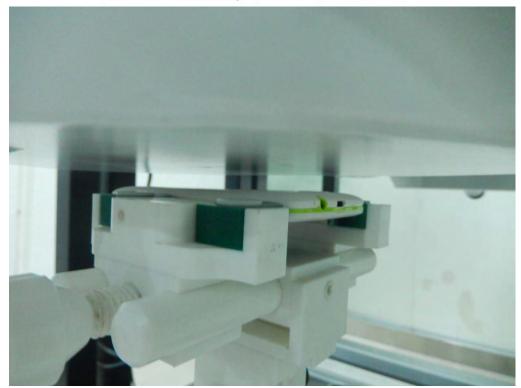




Body Front side



Body Back side

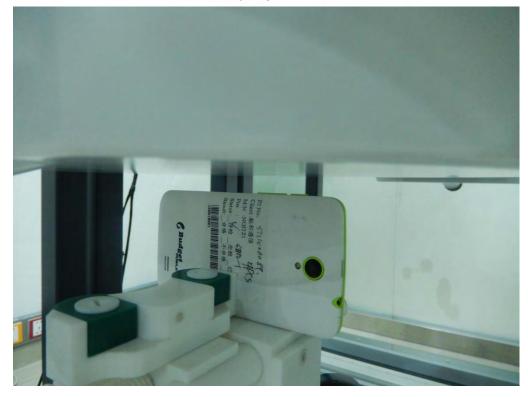




Body Left side



Body Right side





Body Top side



Body Bottom side





Liquid depth (15 cm)





12. SAR Result Summary

12.1 Head SAR

Band	Mode	Test Position	Channel	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
GSM 850 GSM1900		Right Cheek	CH 128	0.623	-0.12	32.5	32.36	0.643	1
	Voice	Right Tilt	CH 128	0.434	0.14	32.5	32.36	0.448	2
GSIVI 650	voice	Left Cheek	CH 128	0.615	-0.08	32.5	32.36	0.635	3
	Noice Position Channel	CH 128	0.475	-0.03	32.5	32.36	0.491	4	
			CH 512	0.896	-0.02	27.5	27.38	0.921	13
			CH 661	0.878	0.06	27.5	27.19	0.943	14
GSM1000	Voice		CH 810	0.786	0.11	27.5	27.12	0.858	15
GSM1900 WCDMA II			CH 512	0.214	-0.05	27.5	27.38	0.220	16
			CH 512	0.552	-0.11	27.5	27.38	0.567	17
		Left Tilt	CH 512	0.206	-0.02	27.5	27.38	0.212	18
	RMC		CH 9262	1.030	-0.06	23.5	22.48	1.303	29
			CH 9400	1.070	0.12	23.5	22.84	1.246	30
WCDMA II			CH 9537	1.01	0.03	23.5	23.12	1.102	31
VVCDIVIA II			CH 9537	0.379	-0.06	23.5	23.12	0.414	32
			CH 9537	0.658	0.14	23.5	23.12	0.718	33
		Left Tilt	CH 9537	0.410	-0.03	23.5	23.12	0.447	34
			CH4182	0.541	0.04	21.5	21.49	0.542	45
WCDMA V	DMC		CH4182	0.370	0.13	21.5	21.49	0.371	46
VV CDIVIA V	NIVIC		CH4182	0.587	-0.04	21.5	21.49	0.588	47
		Left Tilt	CH4182	0.411	0.11	21.5	21.49	0.412	48

Band	Mode	Test Position	Channel	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Duty cycle(%)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
WIFI	DATA	Right Cheek	CH11	0.047	0.08	15	14.76	100	0.050	54
		Right Tilt	CH11	0.043	-0.08	15	14.76	100	0.045	55
		Left Cheek	CH11	0.101	0.11	15	14.76	100	0.107	56
		Left Tilt	CH11	0.054	0.07	15	14.76	100	0.057	57



12.2 Body SAR And Hotspot

Band	Mode	Test Position	Channel	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn -up Power(d Bm)	Meas.Ou tput Power(d Bm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
GSM 850		Front side	CH 128	0.723	-0.05	29	28.68	0.778	5
	GPRS Data-3 Slot (hotspot)	Back side	CH 128	1.110	0.07	29	28.49	1.248	7
		Back side	CH 190	1.020	0.04	29	28.52	1.139	8
		Back side	CH 251	0.918	-0.01	29	28.68	0.988	9
		Left side	CH 128	0.601	-0.12	29	28.68	0.647	10
		Right side	CH 128	0.702	0.06	29	28.68	0.756	11
		Bottom side	CH 128	0.188	0.03	29	28.68	0.202	12
	GPRS Data-3 Slot (hotspot)	Front side	CH 512	1.070	-0.12	24.5	24.05	1.187	19
		Front side	CH 661	1.050	-0.12	24.5	23.92	1.200	20
		Front side	CH 810	0.987	-0.05	24.5	23.87	1.141	21
GSM 1900		Back side	CH 512	1.260	0.07	24.5	24.05	1.398	22
		Back side	CH 661	1.220	0.09	24.5	23.92	1.394	24
		Back side	CH 810	1.130	0.04	24.5	23.87	1.306	25
		Left side	CH 512	0.193	0.03	24.5	24.05	0.214	26
		Right side	CH 512	0.526	0.07	24.5	24.05	0.583	27
		Bottom side	CH 512	0.546	0.07	24.5	24.05	0.606	28
	RMC (body-worn and hotspot)	Front side	CH 9263	1.040	0.02	23.5	22.48	1.315	35
		Front side	CH 9400	1.040	-0.04	23.5	22.84	1.211	36
		Front side	CH 9537	0.936	0.07	23.5	23.12	1.022	37
WCDMA II		Back side	CH 9263	1.170	0.00	23.5	22.48	1.480	38
		Back side	CH 9400	1.260	0.10	23.5	22.84	1.467	39
		Back side	CH 9537	1.130	0.04	23.5	23.12	1.233	40
		Left side	CH 9537	0.238	-0.08	23.5	23.12	0.260	42
		Right side	CH 9537	0.695	-0.07	23.5	23.12	0.759	43
		Bottom side	CH 9537	0.698	-0.14	23.5	23.12	0.762	44
WCDMA V	RMC (body-worn and hotspot)	Front side	CH4182	0.629	-0.07	21.5	21.49	0.630	49
		Back side	CH4182	0.702	-0.02	21.5	21.49	0.704	50
		Left side	CH4182	0.449	-0.09	21.5	21.49	0.450	51
		Right side	CH4182	0.463	-0.01	21.5	21.49	0.464	52
		Bottom side	CH4182	0.114	0.07	21.5	21.49	0.114	53

Band	Mode	Test Position	Channel	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn -up Power(d Bm)	Meas.Ou tput Power(d Bm)	Duty cycle(%)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
WIFI	DATA (body- worn and hotspot)	Front side	CH11	0.021	0.10	15	14.76	100	0.022	58
		Back side	CH11	0.060	0.10	15	14.76	100	0.063	59
		Left side	CH11	0.044	0.16	15	14.76	100	0.046	60
		Top side	CH11	0.030	-0.03	15	14.76	100	0.032	61





Note:

- 1. The test separation of all above table is 10mm.
- 2. Per KDB 248227- When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg. (The highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power was **0.064** W/Kg for Head and **0.038** W/Kg for Body/Hotspot)

Repeated SAR

Band	Mode	Test Position	Channel	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
GSM 850	GPRS Data-3 Slot (hotspot)	Back side	CH 128	1.090	-0.14	29	28.68	1.173	4
GSM 1900	GPRS Data-3 Slot (hotspot)	Back side	CH 512	1.250	-0.02	24.5	24.05	1.386	21
WCDMA II	RMC (body-worn and hotspot)	Back side	CH 9400	1.260	0.00	23.5	22.84	1.467	39

12.3 repeated SAR measurement

Band	Mode	Test Position	Channel	Original Measured SAR 1g(mW/g)	1 st Repeated SAR 1g	Ratio	Original Measured SAR 1g(mW/g)	2nd Repeated SAR 1g	Ratio
GSM 850	GPRS Data-3 Slot (hotspot)	Back side	CH 128	1.110	1.090	1.02	-	-	1
GSM 1900	GPRS Data-3 Slot (hotspot)	Back side	CH 512	1.260	1.250	1.01	-	-	-
WCDMA II	RMC (body-worn and hotspot)	Back side	CH 9400	1.260	1.260	1.00	-	-	-

Note

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01V01,for each frequency band ,repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/Kg.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01V01,if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is ≤1.2and the measured SAR<1.45W/Kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is ≥ 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45W/Kg
- 4. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.



Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation:

Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

Position	Simultaneous state	
	1. GSM + WIFI	
111	2. GSM + Bluetooth	
Head	3. WCDMA + WIFI	
	4. WCDMA + Bluetooth	
	1. GSM + WIFI	
	2. GSM + Bluetooth	
Body	3. WCDMA + WIFI	
	4. WCDMA + Bluetooth	

NOTE:

- 1. Bluetooth and WIFI can't simultaneous transmission at the same time.
- 2. For simultaneous transmission at head and body exposure position, 2 transmitters simultaneous transmission was the worst state.
- 3. Based upon KDB 447498 D01 v05, BT SAR is excluded as below table.
- 4. If the test separation distance is <5mm, 5mm is used for excluded SAR calculation.
- 5. For minimum test separation distance \leq 50mm,Bluetooth standalone SAR is excluded according to [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/ (min. test separation distance, mm) $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR
- 6. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 7. KDB 447498 / 4.3.2 (2) when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:
- a) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[\sqrt{f} (GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm; Where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
- b) 0.4W/Kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0W/Kg for 10-g SAR, when the separation distance is >50mm.

Estimated SAR		Maximum Average Power		Antenna	Frequency(GHz)	Stand alone
		dBm	mW	to user(mm)		SAR(1g) [W/kg]
	Head	2.0	1.58	5	2.480	0.066
ВТ	Body	2.0	1.56	10	2.480	0.033



Simultaneous Mode	Position	Mode	Max. 1-g SAR (W/kg)	1-g Sum SAR (W/kg)	
	Head	GSM Voice	0.943	1.050	
GSM + WIFI	Heau	WIFI	0.107		
GSW + WIFI	Pody worn	GSM DATA	1.398	1.461	
	Body-worn	WIFI	0.063	1.401	
	Head	GSM Voice	0.943	1.000	
GSM + Bluetooth	пеац	Bluetooth	0.066	1.009	
GSW + Bluetooth	Body-worn	GSM Voice	1.398	1.431	
		Bluetooth	0.033		
	Head	WCDMA RMC	1.303	1.410	
MCDMA DMC : MIEI	пеац	WIFI	0.107	1.410	
WCDMA RMC+ WIFI	Body-worn	WCDMA RMC	1.480	1.542	
	Hotspot	WIFI	0.063	1.543	
WCDMA RMC+ Bluetooth	Lload	WCDMA RMC	1.303	1.260	
	Head	Bluetooth	0.066	1.369	
	Body-worn	WCDMA RMC	1.480	1 512	
	Hotspot	Bluetooth	0.033	1.513	

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna.

When the sum of SAR 1g of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR 1g is greater than the SAR limit (SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.



13. Equipment List

Kind of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Last Calibration	Calibrated Until
835MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID835	SN 30/14 DIP0G835-332	2014.09.01	2015.08.31
1900MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID1900	SN 30/14 DIP1G900-333	2014.09.01	2015.08.31
2450MHzDipole	SATIMO	SID2450	SN 30/14 DIP2G450-335	2014.09.01	2015.08.31
E-Field Probe	SATIMO	SSE5	SN 17/14 EP221	2014.09.01	2015.08.31
Antenna	SATIMO	ANTA3	SN 07/13 ZNTA52	2014.09.01	2015.08.31
Waveguide	SATIMO	SWG5500	SN 13/14 WGA32	2014.09.01	2015.08.31
Phantom1	SATIMO	SAM	SN 32/14 SAM115	2014.09.01	2015.08.31
Phantom2	SATIMO	SAM	SN 32/14 SAM116	2014.09.01	2015.08.31
SAR TEST BENCH	SATIMO	GSM and WCDMA mobile phone POSITIONNIN G SYSTEM	SN 32/14 MSH97	2014.09.01	2015.08.31
SAR TEST BENCH	SATIMO	LAPTOP POSITIONNIN G SYSTEM	SN 32/14 LSH29	2014.09.01	2015.08.31
Dielectric Probe Kit	SATIMO	SCLMP	SN 32/14 OCPG52	2014.09.01	2015.08.31
Multi Meter	Keithley	Multi Meter 2000	4050073	2014.11.20	2015.11.19
Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY50140530	2014.11.18	2015.11.17
Power Meter	R&S	NRP	100510	2014.10.25	2015.10.24
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z11	101919	2014.10.24	2015.10.23
Network Analyzer	Agilent	5071C	EMY46103472	2014.12.12	2015.12.11



Appendix A. System Validation Plots

System Performance Check Data (835MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

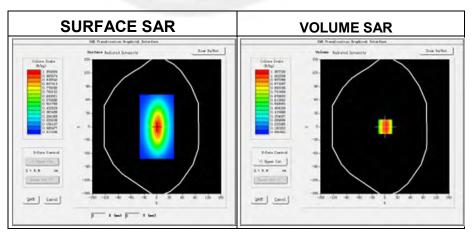
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2015-06-19

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

Experimental conditions

Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	-		
Band	835MHz		
Channels	-		
Signal	CW		
Frequency (MHz)	835MHz		
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.19		
Relative permittivity	18.72		
Conductivity (S/m)	0.89		
Power drift (%)	0.45		
Ambient Temperature:	22.7°C		
Liquid Temperature:	22.3°C		
ConvF:	4.83		
Crest factor:	1:1		



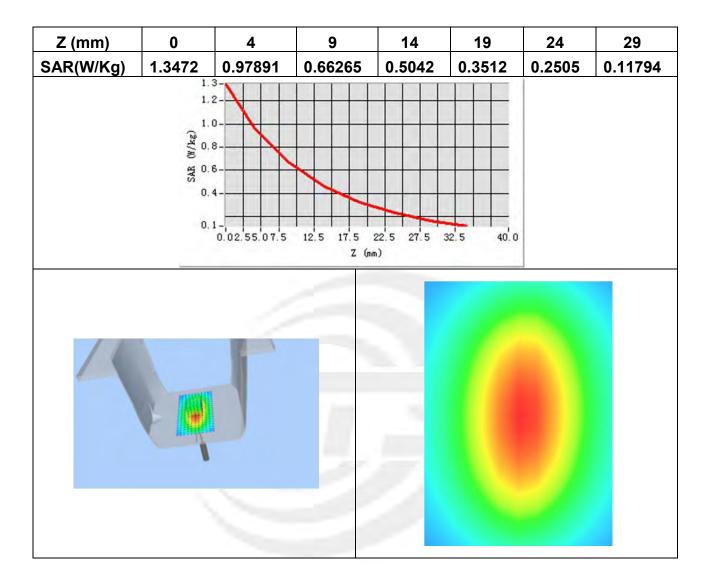
Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 1.46 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.612584
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.928356



Z Axis Scan





System Performance Check Data (835MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

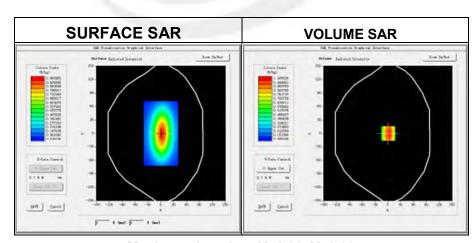
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2015-06-19

Measurement duration: 14 minutes 13 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Probe	
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	-
Band	835MHz
Channels	
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	835MHz
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.26
Relative permittivity	21.408187
Conductivity (S/m)	0.99
Power drift (%)	0.090000
Ambient Temperature:	22.7°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.3°C
ConvF:	5.02
Crest factor:	1:1



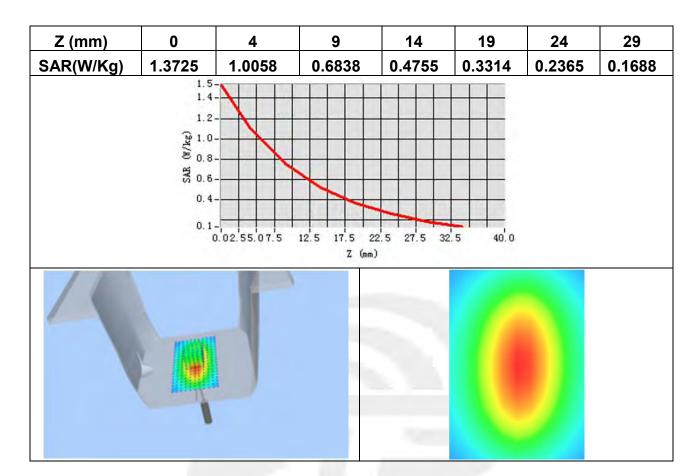
Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 1.48 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.695261
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.987695



Z Axis Scan





System Performance Check Data (1900MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

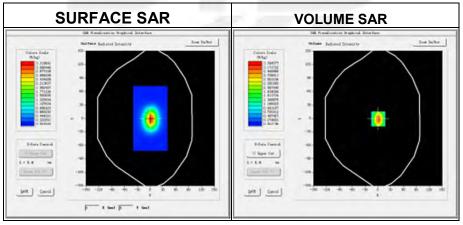
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2015-06-19

Measurement duration: 14 minutes 12 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	-
Band	1900MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	1900MHz
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.44
Relative permittivity	13.26
Conductivity (S/m)	1.42
Power drift (%)	0.47
Ambient Temperature:	22.7°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.3°C
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF:	4.71
Crest factor:	1:1



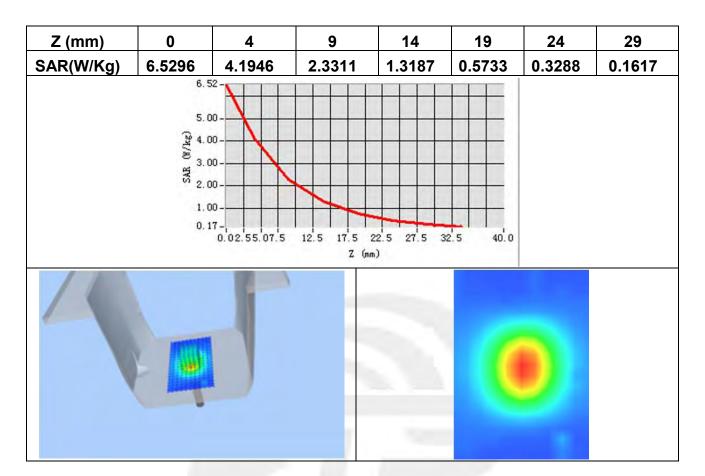
Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 5.39 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.975658
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.892354



Z Axis Scan





System Performance Check Data (1900MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

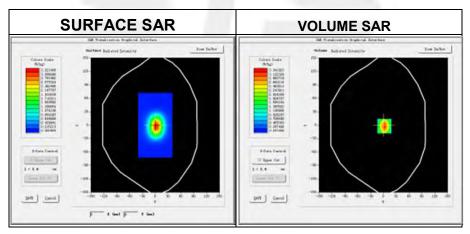
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2015-06-19

Measurement duration: 14 minutes 46 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Device Position	-
Band	1900MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	1900
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.78
Relative permittivity	12.87531
Conductivity (S/m)	1.55
Power drift (%)	0.37
Ambient Temperature:	22.7°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.3°C
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF:	4.85
Crest factor:	1:1



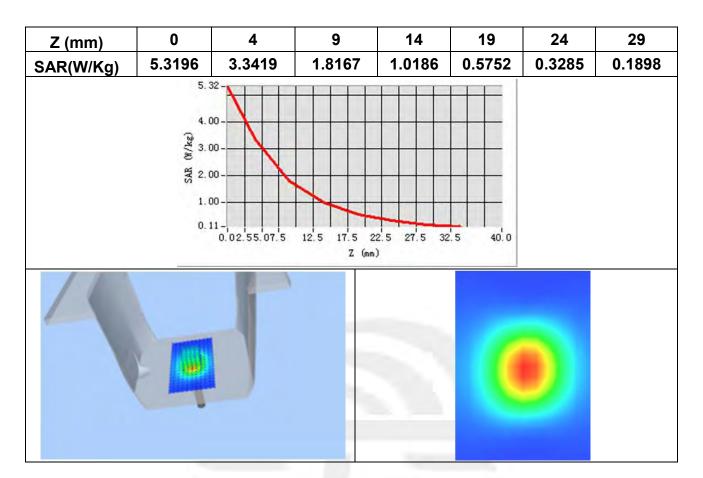
Maximum location: X=2.00, Y=2.00

SAR Peak: 5.27 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.135625
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.123621



Z Axis Scan





System Performance Check Data (2450MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

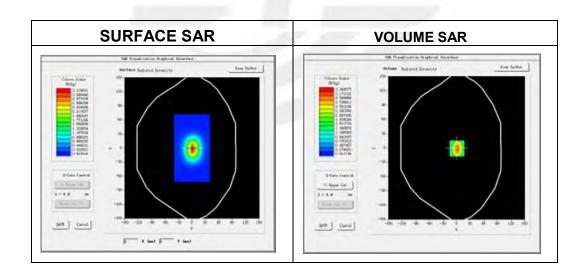
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2015-06-19

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 51 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Device Position	Validation plane
Band	2450 MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	2450
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.38
Relative permittivity	12.930000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.77
Power drift (%)	-1.200000
Ambient Temperature	22.7°C
Liquid Temperature	22.3°C
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.11
Crest factor:	1:1

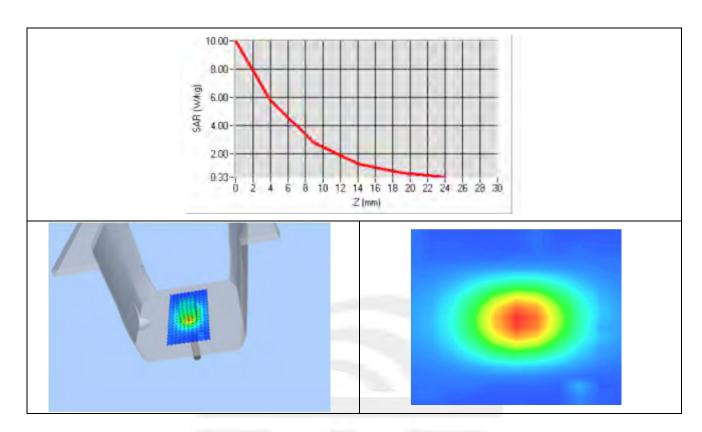


Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=6.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.635821
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.156285



Z Axis Scan





System Performance Check Data (2450MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

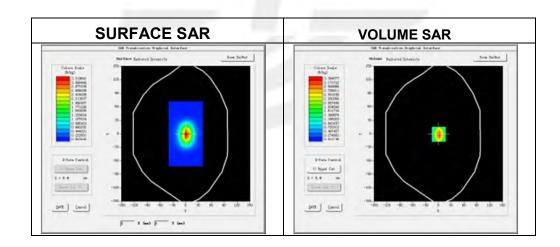
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2015-06-19

Measurement duration: 14 minutes 23 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Device Position	Validation plane
Band	2450 MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	2450
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.41
Relative permittivity	12.930000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.93
Power drift (%)	-1.200000
Ambient Temperature	22.7°C
Liquid Temperature	22.3°C
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.25
Crest factor:	1:1

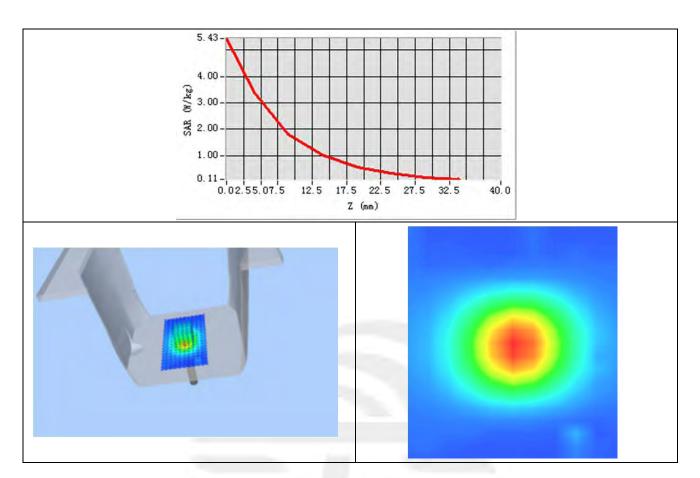


Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.536281
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.108165



Z Axis Scan





Appendix B. SAR Test Plots

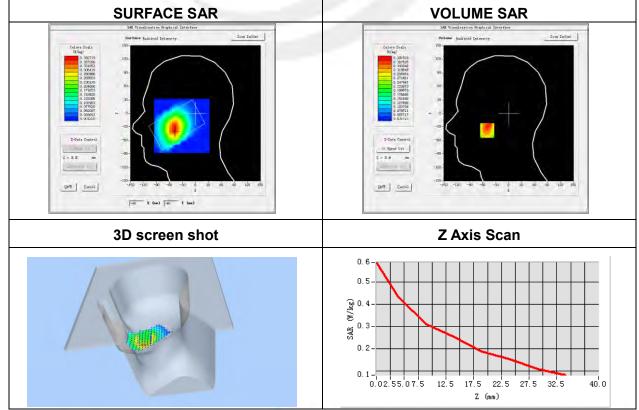
Plot 1: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.83
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.32)
Frequency (MHz)	824.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.27
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
Variation (%)	-0.12

Maximum location: X=-50.00, Y=-38.00

SAR Peak: 0.78 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.465622
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.622578





Plot 2: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.83
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Soon	5x5x7,dx=8mmdy=8mmdz=5mm,
Zoom Scan	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.32)
Frequency (MHz)	824.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.27
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
Variation (%)	0.14

Maximum location: X=-27.00, Y=-16.00

SAR Peak: 0.54 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.330879
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.433737





Plot 3: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(℃)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(ℂ)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.83
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.32)
Frequency (MHz)	824.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.27
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
Variation (%)	-0.08

Maximum location: X=-53.00, Y=-33.00

SAR Peak: 0.90 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg) 0.546280

SAR 1g (W/Kg) 0.614634



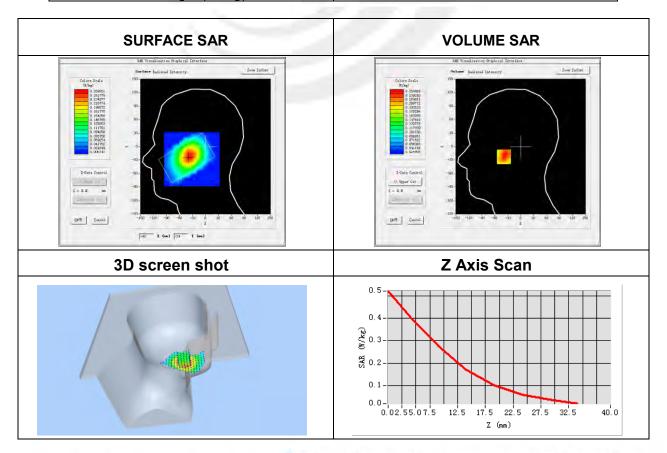


Plot 4: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(ℂ)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.83
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.32)
Frequency (MHz)	824.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.27
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
Variation (%)	-0.03

Maximum location: X=-38.00, Y=-23.00 SAR Peak: 0.59 W/kg

	<u> </u>
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.362529
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.474612



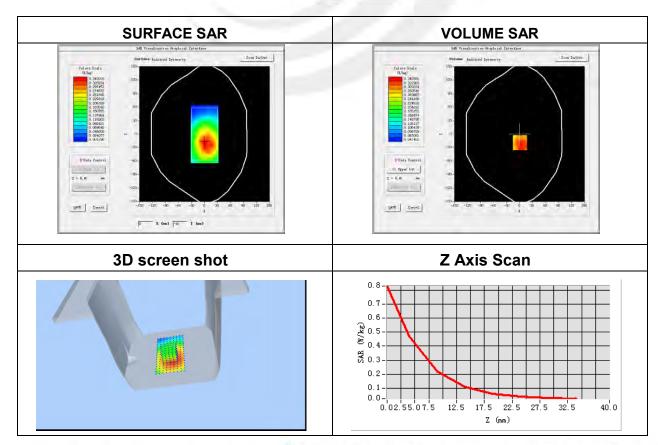


Plot 5: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(℃)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(℃)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	5.02
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Front
Band	GPRS 850
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle:2.66 (Crest factor:2.66)
Frequency (MHz)	824.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.96
Variation (%)	-0.05

Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=-19.00 SAR Peak: 0.93 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.533434
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.723041





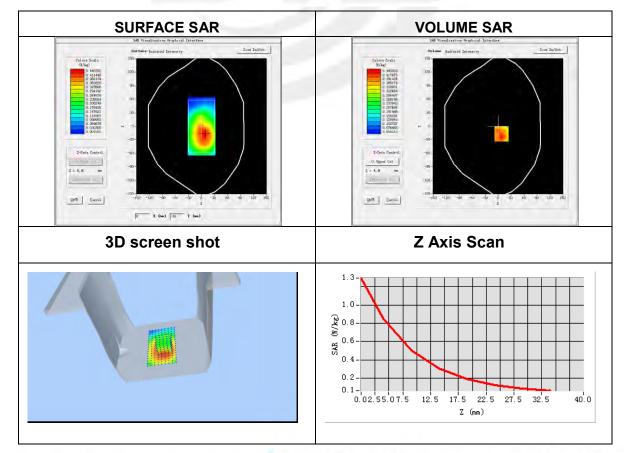
Plot 6: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Test Data	2013-00-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(で)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	5.02
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Back
Band	GPRS 850
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle:2.66 (Crest factor:2.66)
Frequency (MHz)	824.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.96
Variation (%)	0.07

Maximum location: X=8.00, Y=-17.00

SAR Peak: 1.41 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.828240
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.110327





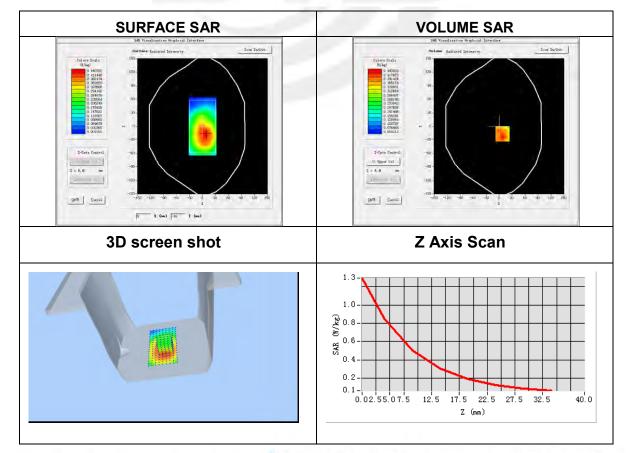
Plot 7: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
icsi Data	2010-00-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(で)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	5.02
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Back-repeated
Band	GPRS 850
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle:2.66 (Crest factor:2.66)
Frequency (MHz)	824.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.96
Variation (%)	-0.14

Maximum location: X=8.00, Y=-17.00

SAR Peak: 1.43 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.839240
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.090327



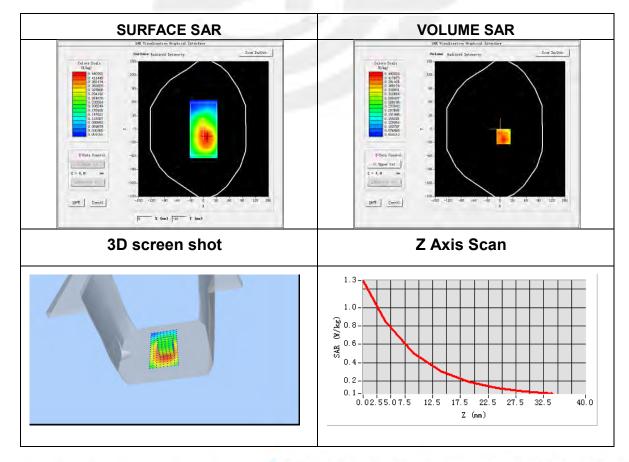


Plot 8: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(℃)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	5.02
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Back
Band	GPRS 850
Channels	Middle
Signal	Duty Cycle:2.66 (Crest factor:2.66)
Frequency (MHz)	836.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.96
Variation (%)	0.04

Maximum location: X=8.00, Y=-17.00 SAR Peak: 1.31 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.750240
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.020327



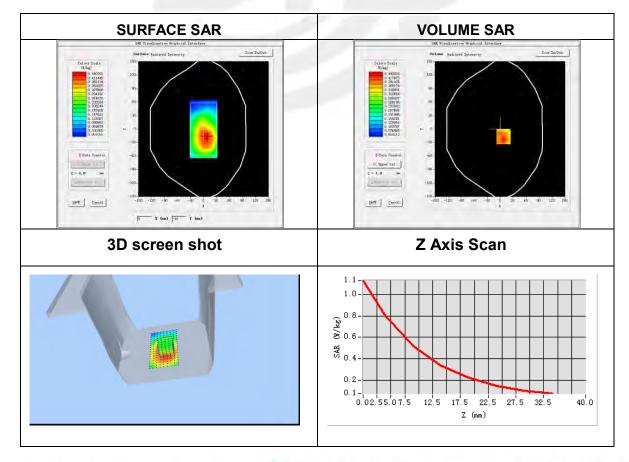


Plot 9: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	5.02
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Back
Band	GPRS 850
Channels	High
Signal	Duty Cycle:2.66 (Crest factor:2.66)
Frequency (MHz)	848.8
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.96
Variation (%)	-0.01

Maximum location: X=8.00, Y=-17.00 SAR Peak: 1.17 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.677240
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.918327



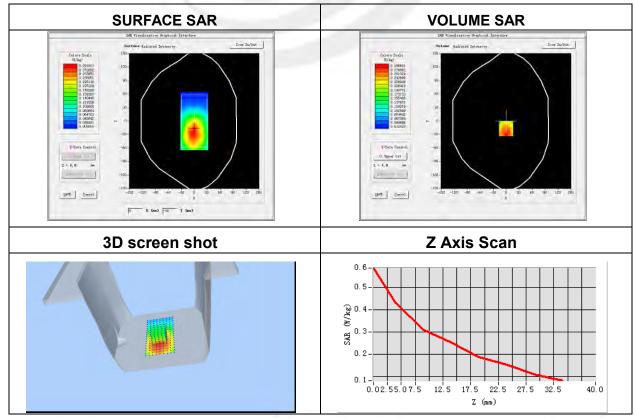


Plot 10: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(で)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	5.02
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body left side
Band	GPRS 850
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle:2.66 (Crest factor:2.66)
Frequency (MHz)	824.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.96
Variation (%)	-0.12

Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=-17.00 SAR Peak: 0.82 W/kg

	•
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.427613
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.601001



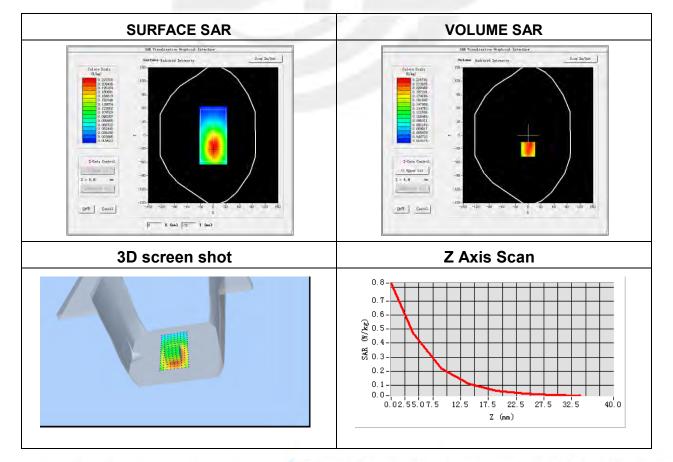


Plot 11: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(℃)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	5.02
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body right side
Band	GPRS 850
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle:2.66 (Crest factor:2.66)
Frequency (MHz)	824.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.96
Variation (%)	0.06

Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=-31.00 SAR Peak: 0.96 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.493236
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.702406



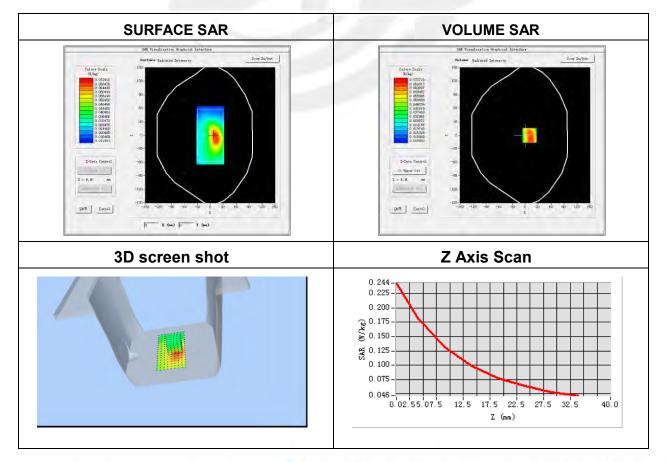


Plot 12: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	5.02
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body bottom side
Band	GPRS 850
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle:2.66 (Crest factor:2.66)
Frequency (MHz)	824.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.96
Variation (%)	0.03

Maximum location: X=10.00, Y=0.00 SAR Peak: 0.37 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.104958
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.187755



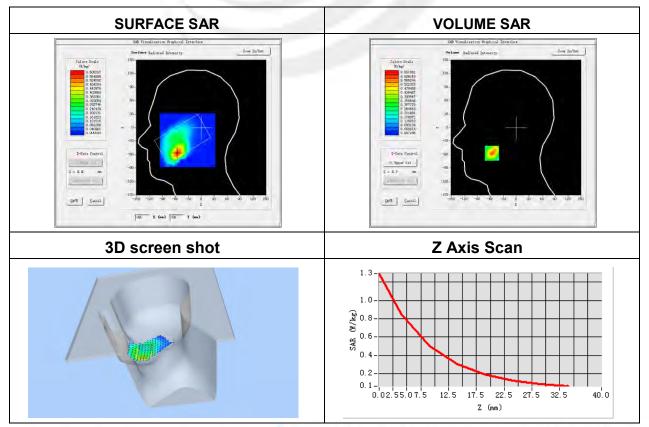


Plot 13: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.71
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.32)
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.57
Conductivity (S/m)	1.43
Variation (%)	-0.02

Maximum location: X=-56.00, Y=-57.00 SAR Peak: 1.61 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.483337
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.895774



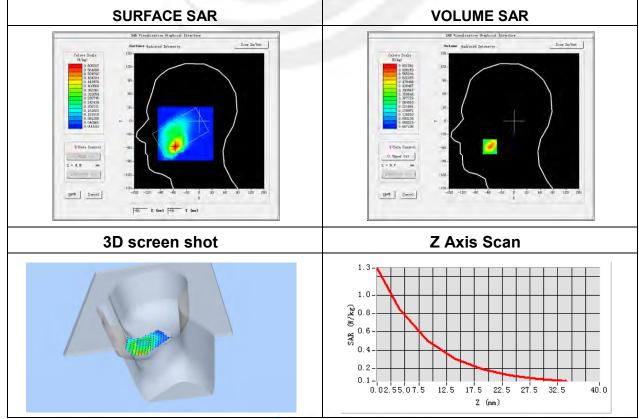


Plot 14: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.71
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.32)
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.57
Conductivity (S/m)	1.43
Variation (%)	0.06

Maximum location: X=-56.00, Y=-57.00 SAR Peak: 1.59 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.474337
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.877774



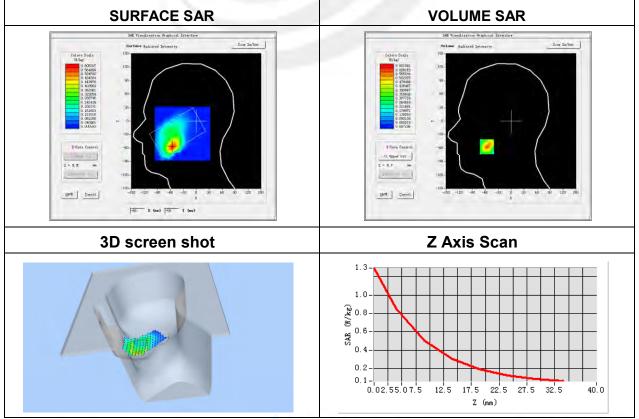


Plot 15: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(℃)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.71
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM1900
Channels	High
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.32)
Frequency (MHz)	1909.8
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.57
Conductivity (S/m)	1.43
Variation (%)	0.11

Maximum location: X=-56.00, Y=-57.00 SAR Peak: 1.44 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.420337
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.785774



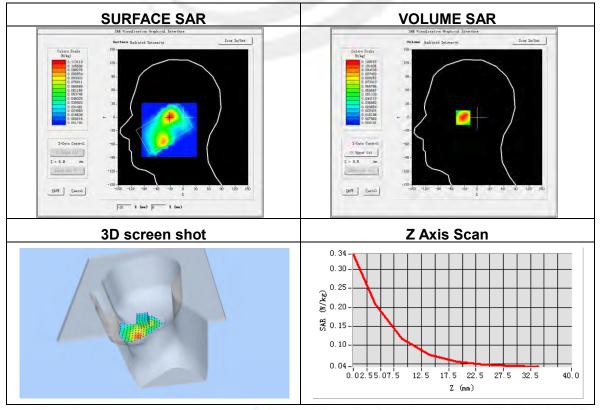


Plot 16: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(℃)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(℃)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.71
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.32)
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.57
Conductivity (S/m)	1.43
Variation (%)	-0.05

Maximum location: X=-31.00, Y=1.00 SAR Peak: 0.36 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.126736
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.214245



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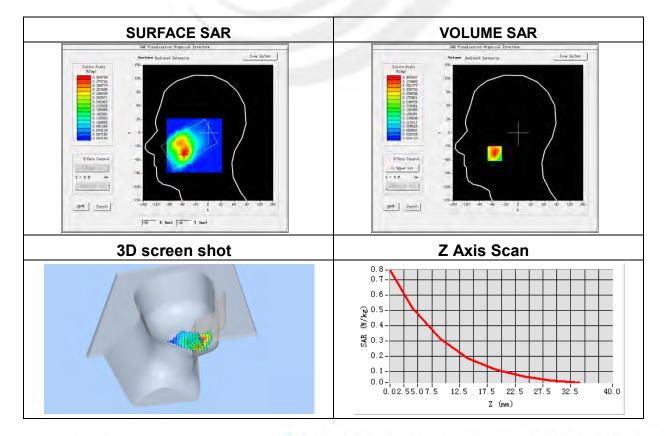


Plot 17: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.71
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomSoon	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
ZoomScan	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.32)
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.57
Conductivity (S/m)	1.43
Variation (%)	-0.11

Maximum location: X=-54.00, Y=-46.00 SAR Peak: 0.93 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.312411
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.552126





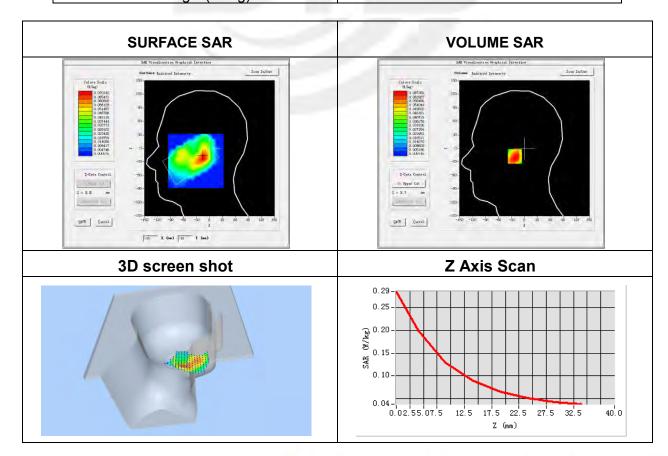
Plot 18: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(℃)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.71
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.32)
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.57
Conductivity (S/m)	1.43
Variation (%)	-0.02

Maximum location: X=-15.00, Y=-18.00

SAR Peak: 0.37 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.112206
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.206141





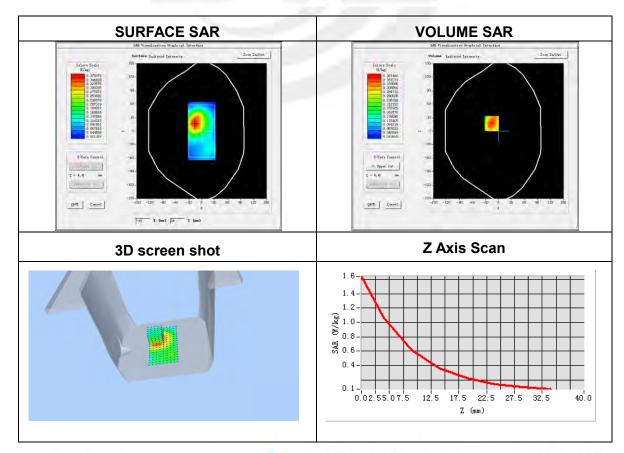
Plot 19: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(℃)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(♥)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.85
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body front
Band	GPRS 1900
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle:2.66 (Crest factor:2.66)
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.68
Conductivity (S/m)	1.51
Variation (%)	-0.12

Maximum location: X=-16.00, Y=17.00

SAR Peak:2.02 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.581094
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.070328





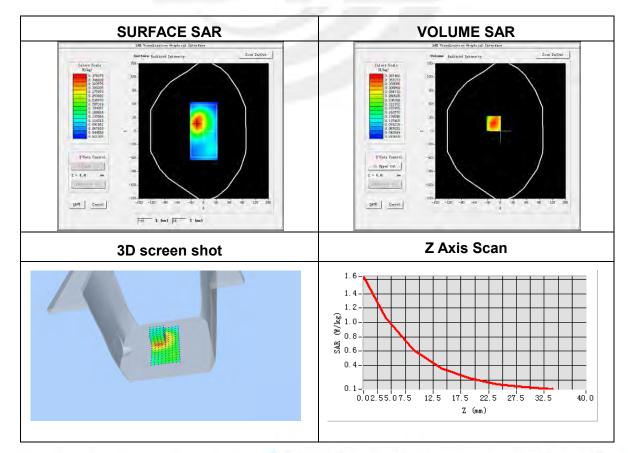
Plot 20: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.85
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body front
Band	GPRS 1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	Duty Cycle:2.66 (Crest factor:2.66)
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.68
Conductivity (S/m)	1.51
Variation (%)	-0.12

Maximum location: X=-16.00, Y=17.00

SAR Peak: 2.01 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.568094
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.050228





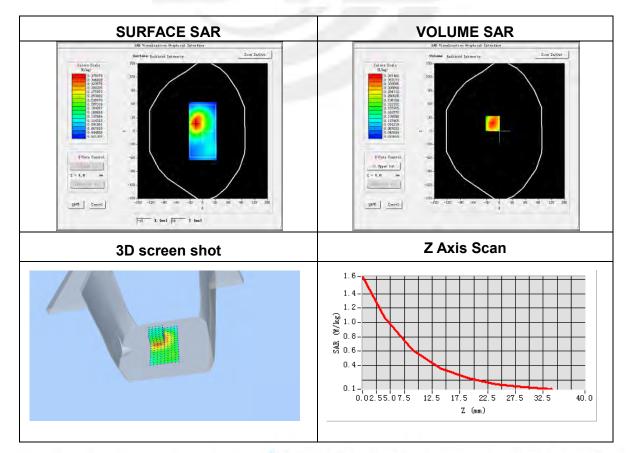
Plot 21: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(℃)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.85
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body front
Band	GPRS 1900
Channels	High
Signal	Duty Cycle:2.66 (Crest factor:2.66)
Frequency (MHz)	1909.8
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.68
Conductivity (S/m)	1.51
Variation (%)	-0.05

Maximum location: X=-16.00, Y=17.00

SAR Peak: 1.90 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.533094
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.986928





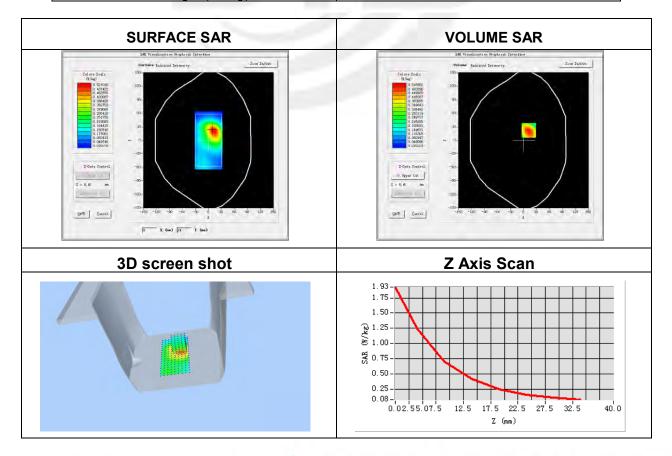
Plot 22: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.85
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Behind
Band	GPRS 1900
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle:2.66 (Crest factor:2.66)
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.68
Conductivity (S/m)	1.51
Variation (%)	0.07

Maximum location: X=12.00, Y=22.00

SAR Peak: 2.41 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.683636
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.260417



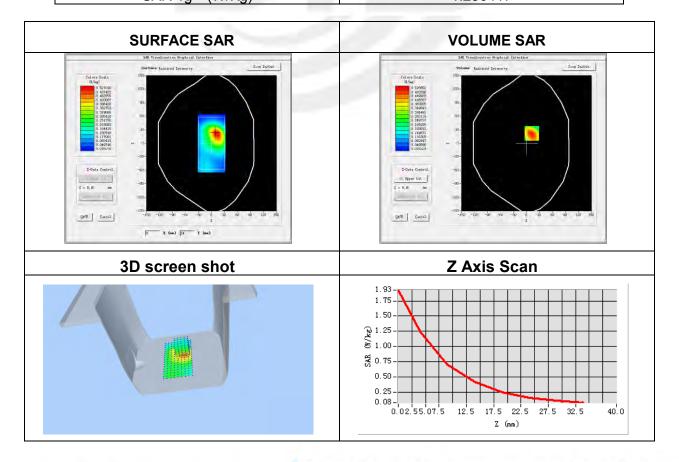


Plot 23: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.85
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Behind-repeated
Band	GPRS 1900
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle:2.66 (Crest factor:2.66)
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.68
Conductivity (S/m)	1.51
Variation (%)	-0.02

Maximum location: X=12.00, Y=22.00 SAR Peak: 2.41 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg) 0.691236 SAR 1g (W/Kg) 1.250417



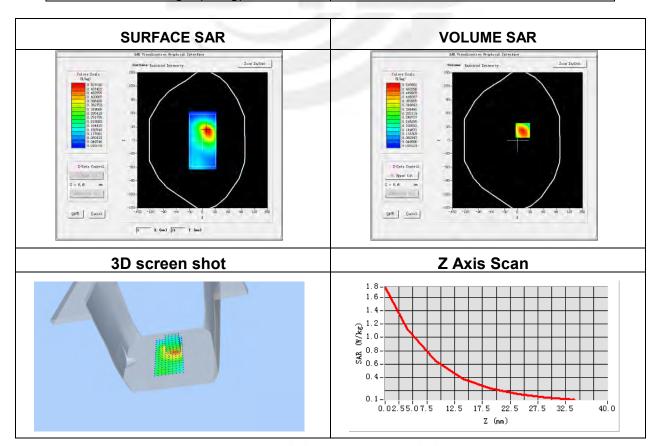


Plot 24: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(ℂ)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(℃)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.85
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Behind
Band	GPRS 1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	Duty Cycle:2.66 (Crest factor:2.66)
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.68
Conductivity (S/m)	1.51
Variation (%)	0.09

Maximum location: X=12.00, Y=22.00 SAR Peak: 2.33 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.661636
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.220417



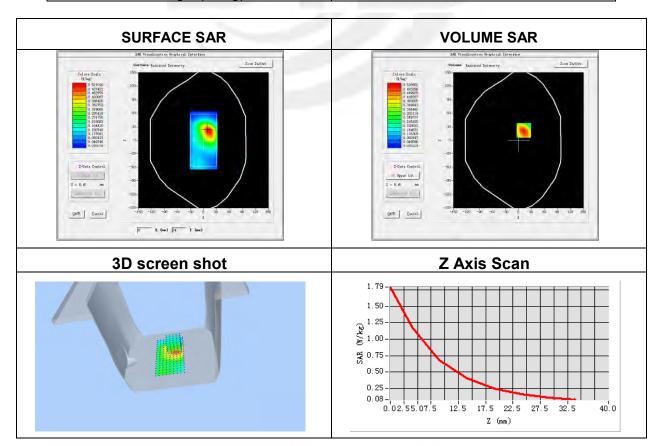


Plot 25: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(℃)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.85
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Behind
Band	GPRS 1900
Channels	High
Signal	Duty Cycle:2.66 (Crest factor:2.66)
Frequency (MHz)	1909.8
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.68
Conductivity (S/m)	1.51
Variation (%)	0.04

Maximum location: X=12.00, Y=22.00 SAR Peak:2.15 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.616636
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.130417



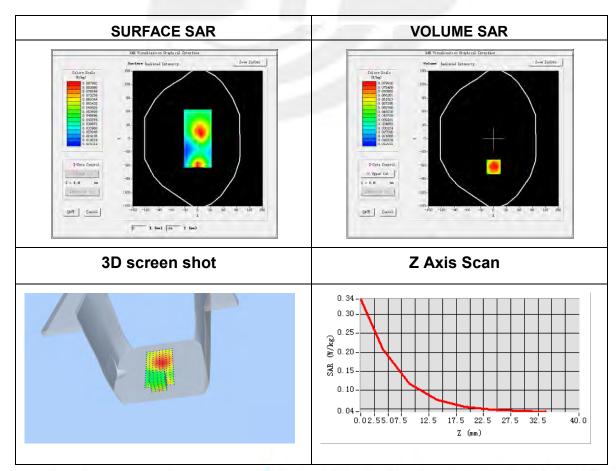


Plot 26: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.85
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body left side
Band	GPRS 1900
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle:2.66 (Crest factor:2.66)
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.68
Conductivity (S/m)	1.51
Variation (%)	0.03

Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=-63.00 SAR Peak: 0.35 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.108467
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.193111



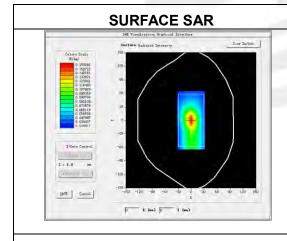


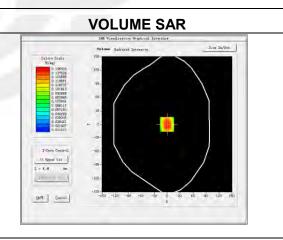
Plot 27: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.85
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body right side
Band	GPRS 1900
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle:2.66 (Crest factor:2.66)
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.68
Conductivity (S/m)	1.51
Variation (%)	0.07

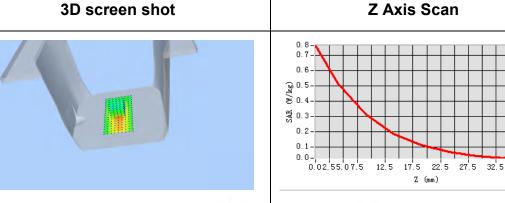
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00 SAR Peak: 0.99 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.284472
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.525959





3D screen shot



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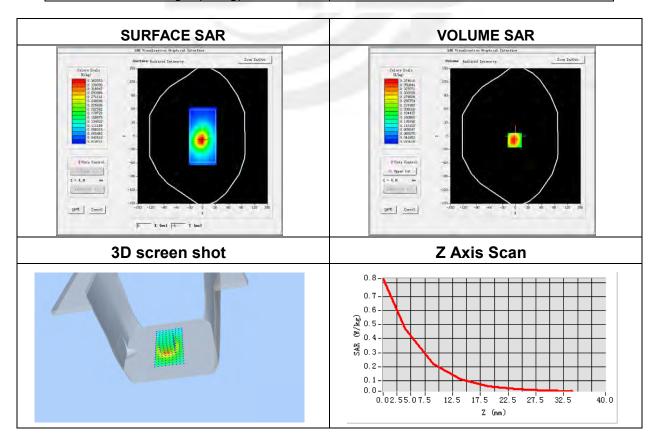
Plot 28: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(ℂ)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.85
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body bottom side
Band	GPRS 1900
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle:2.66 (Crest factor:2.66)
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.68
Conductivity (S/m)	1.51
Variation (%)	0.07

Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=-9.00

SAR Peak: 1.00 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.296068
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.546218





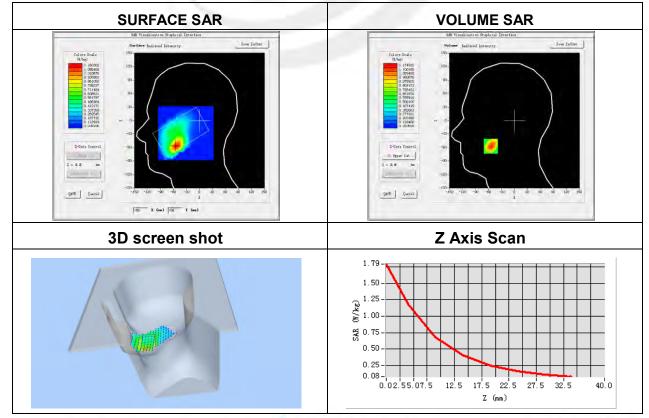
Plot 29: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(℃)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.71
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	WCDMA II
Channels	Low
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.00
Conductivity (S/m)	1.40
Variation (%)	-0.06

Maximum location: X=-55.00, Y=-57.00

SAR Peak: 2.32 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.714735
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.030209





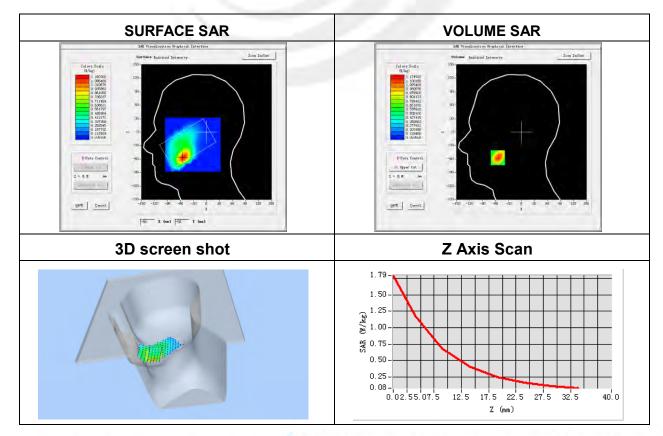
Plot 30: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(℃)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(℃)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.71
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	WCDMA II
Channels	Middle
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.00
Conductivity (S/m)	1.40
Variation (%)	0.12

Maximum location: X=-55.00, Y=-57.00

SAR Peak: 2.30 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.716735
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.070309



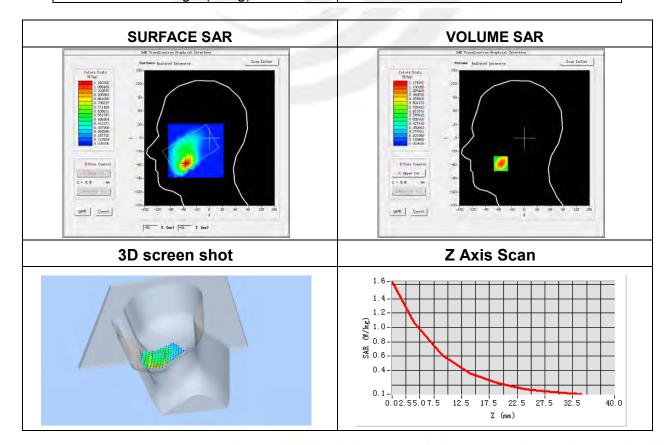


Plot 31: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(ℂ)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(ℂ)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.71
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	WCDMA II
Channels	High
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1907.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.00
Conductivity (S/m)	1.40
Variation (%)	0.03

Maximum location: X=-55.00, Y=-57.00 SAR Peak: 2.09 W/kg

	3
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.640735
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.010309



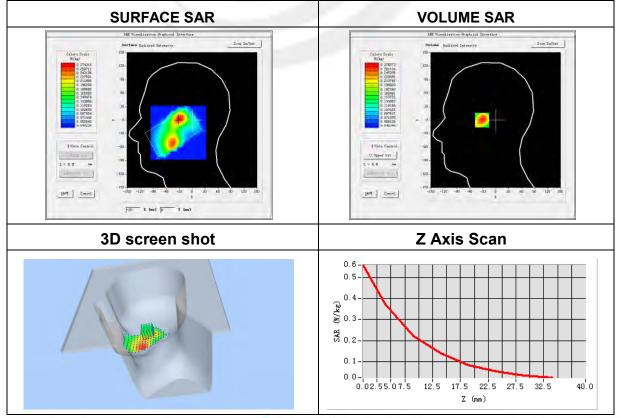


Plot 32: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.71
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	WCDMA II
Channels	High
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1907.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.00
Conductivity (S/m)	1.40
Variation (%)	-0.06

Maximum location: X=-30.00, Y=2.00 SAR Peak: 0.67 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.215021
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.379265





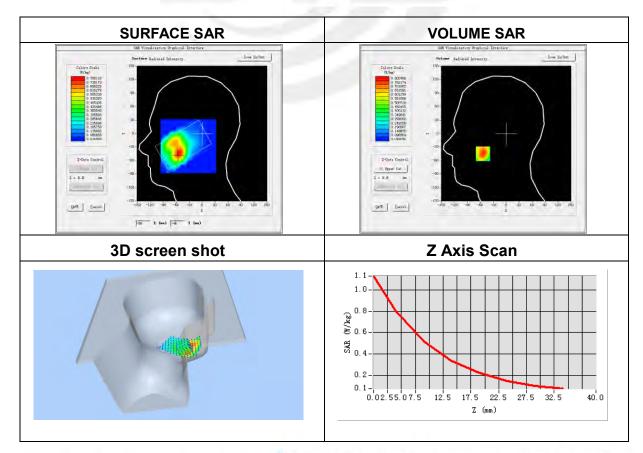
Plot 33: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(ℂ)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.71
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	WCDMA II
Channels	High
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1907.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.00
Conductivity (S/m)	1.40
Variation (%)	0.14

Maximum location: X=-54.00, Y=-45.00

SAR Peak: 1.11 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.383645
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.657645





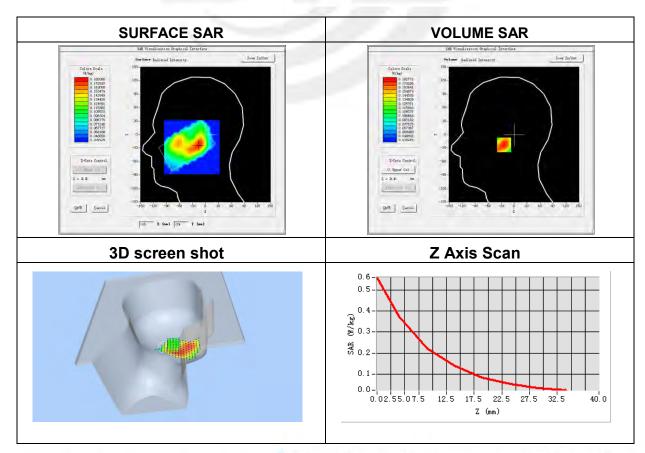
Plot 34: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(ℂ)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.71
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomSoon	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
ZoomScan	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	WCDMA II
Channels	High
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1907.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.00
Conductivity (S/m)	1.40
Variation (%)	-0.03

Maximum location: X=-16.00, Y=-23.00

SAR Peak: 0.75 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.222822
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.409906





Plot 35: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

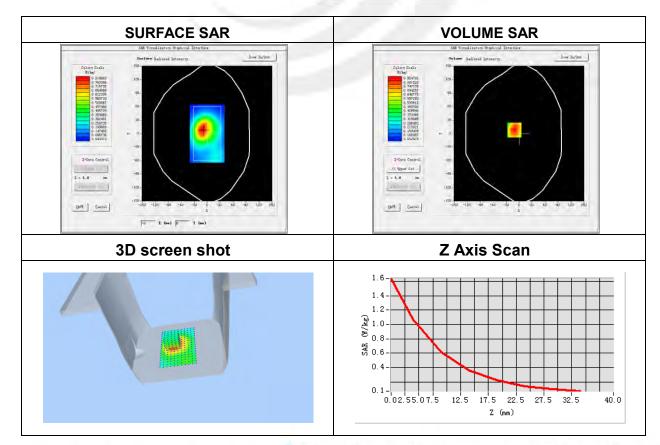
Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.85
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Front
Band	WCDMA II
Channels	Low
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.30
Conductivity (S/m)	1.52
Variation (%)	0.02

Maximum location: X=-11.00, Y=8.00

SAR Peak: 1.94 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg) 0.576460

SAR 1g (W/Kg) 1.040208



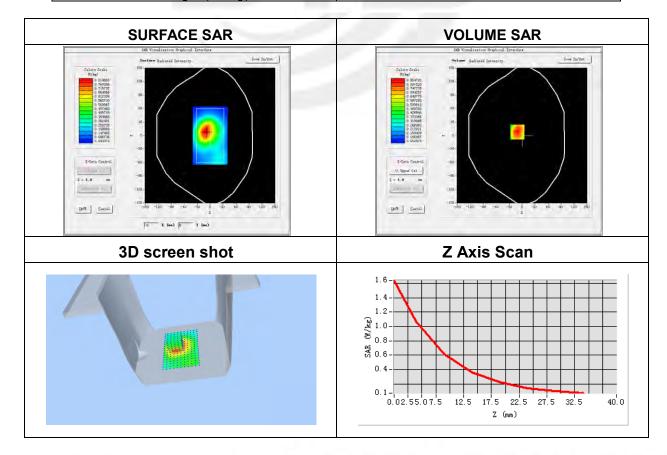


Plot 36: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.85
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Front
Band	WCDMA II
Channels	Middle
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.30
Conductivity (S/m)	1.52
Variation (%)	-0.04

Maximum location: X=-11.00, Y=8.00 SAR Peak: 1.95 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.576328
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.040164



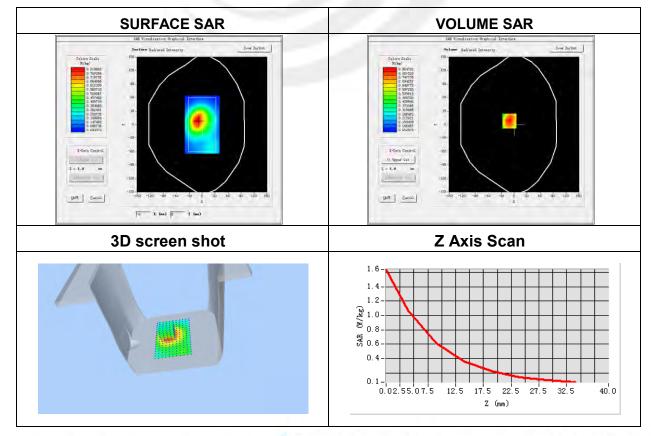


Plot 37: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(℃)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.85
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Front
Band	WCDMA II
Channels	High
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1907.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.30
Conductivity (S/m)	1.52
Variation (%)	0.07

Maximum location: X=-11.00, Y=8.00 SAR Peak: 1.75 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.521460
SAR 1a (W/Ka)	0.935808



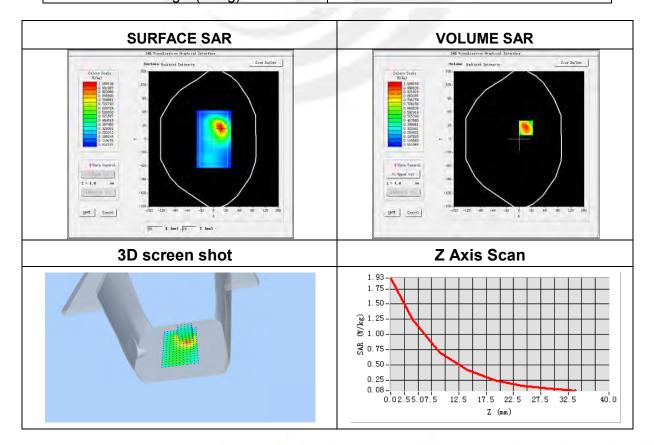


Plot 38: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(℃)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.85
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back side
Band	WCDMA II
Channels	Low
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.71
Conductivity (S/m)	1.40
Variation (%)	0.00

Maximum location: X=16.00, Y=25.00 SAR Peak: 2.40 W/kg

o, t. oo = 1.0 1g	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.686688
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.170355



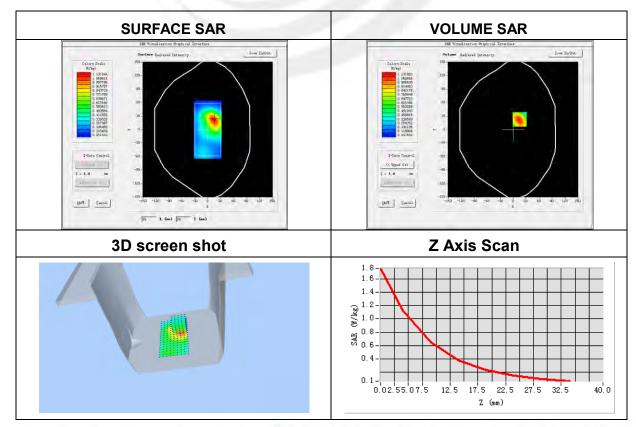


Plot 39: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(ℂ)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(℃)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.85
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
7	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
ZoomScan	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back side
Band	WCDMA II
Channels	Middle
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.71
Conductivity (S/m)	1.40
Variation (%)	0.10

Maximum location: X=15.00, Y=23.00 SAR Peak: 2.40 W/kg

	3
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.684209
SAR 1a (W/Ka)	1.260286



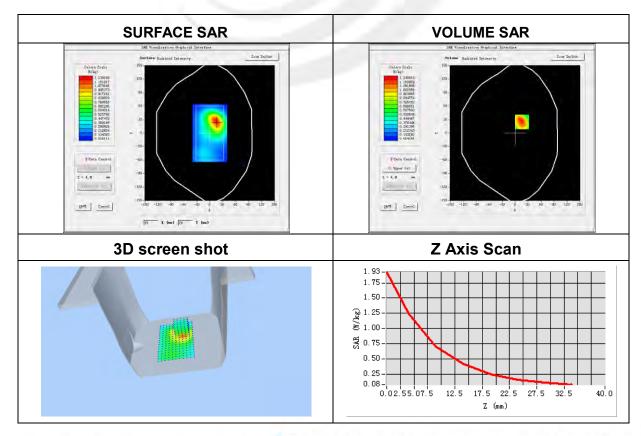


Plot 40: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(℃)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.85
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomSoon	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
ZoomScan	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back side
Band	WCDMA II
Channels	High
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1907.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.71
Conductivity (S/m)	1.40
Variation (%)	0.04

Maximum location: X=16.00, Y=25.00 SAR Peak: 2.16 W/kg

	<u> </u>
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.610265
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.130435



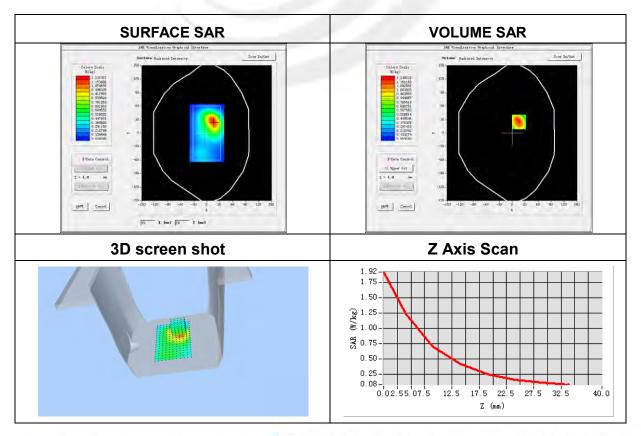


Plot 41: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(℃)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.85
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomSoon	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
ZoomScan	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back side-repeated
Band	WCDMA II
Channels	High
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1907.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.71
Conductivity (S/m)	1.40
Variation (%)	0.00

Maximum location: X=16.00, Y=25.00 SAR Peak: 1.98 W/kg

	9
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.585167
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.260327



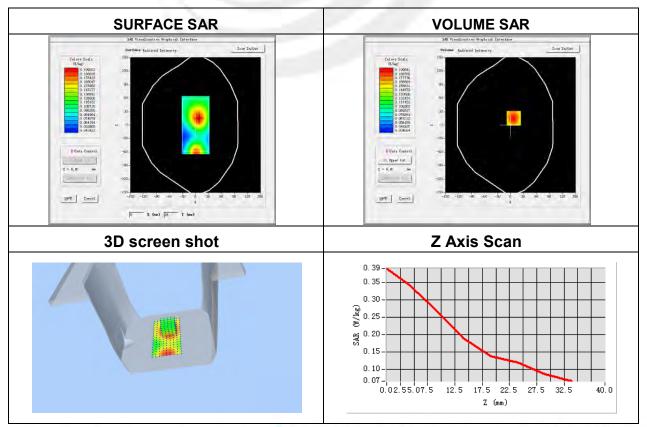


Plot 42: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(ℂ)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(ℂ)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.85
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body left side
Band	WCDMA II
Channels	High
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1907.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.30
Conductivity (S/m)	1.52
Variation (%)	-0.08

Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=15.00 SAR Peak: 0.43 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.132796
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.237647





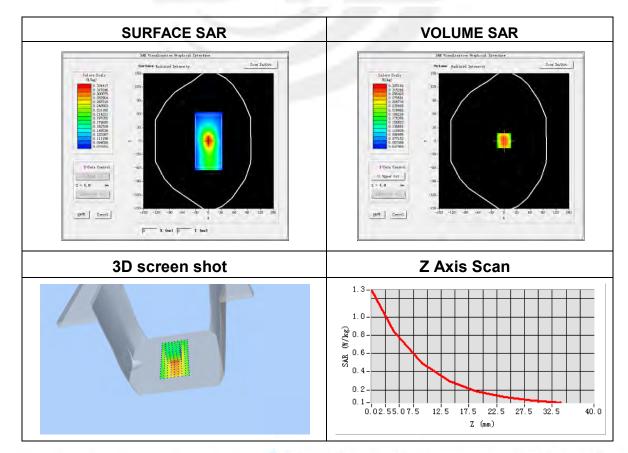
Plot 43: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(℃)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(で)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.85
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body right side
Band	WCDMA II
Channels	High
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1907.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.30
Conductivity (S/m)	1.52
Variation (%)	-0.07

Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=1.00

SAR Peak: 1.38 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.371276
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.694820



1/F., Building B, Zhuoke Science Park, No.190, Chongqing Road, Fuyong Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China Tel: 0755-36886288 Fax: 0755-36886277 Http://www.stsapp.com E-mail: sts@stsapp.com

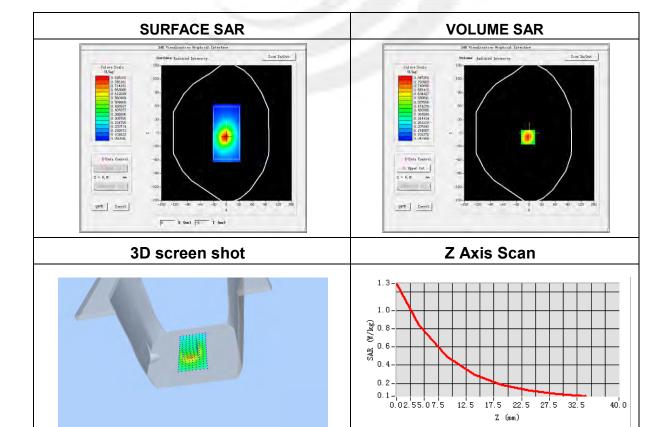


Plot 44: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(で)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.85
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Bottom side
Band	WCDMA II
Channels	High
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1907.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.30
Conductivity (S/m)	1.52
Variation (%)	-0.14

Maximum location: X=-3.00, Y=-9.00 SAR Peak: 1.44 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.410008
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.698323





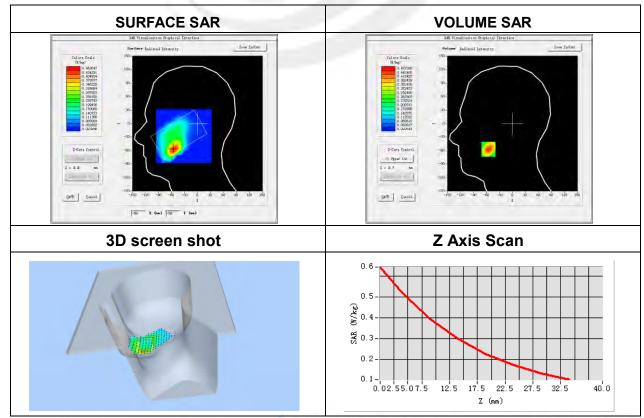
Plot 45: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

•	•
Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.83
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	WCDMA V
Channels	Middle
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	836.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.27
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
Variation (%)	0.04

Maximum location: X=-56.00, Y=-57.00

SAR Peak: 0.68 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.402919
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.540533





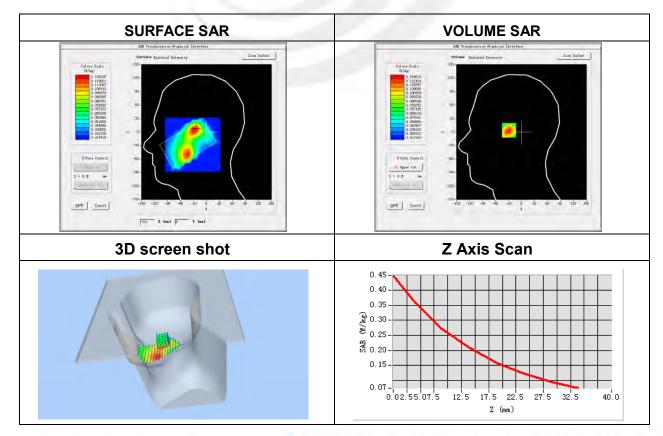
Plot 46: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(℃)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.83
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	WCDMA V
Channels	Middle
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	836.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.27
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
Variation (%)	0.13

Maximum location: X=-27.00, Y=6.00

SAR Peak: 0.46 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.279155
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.370207





Plot 47: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

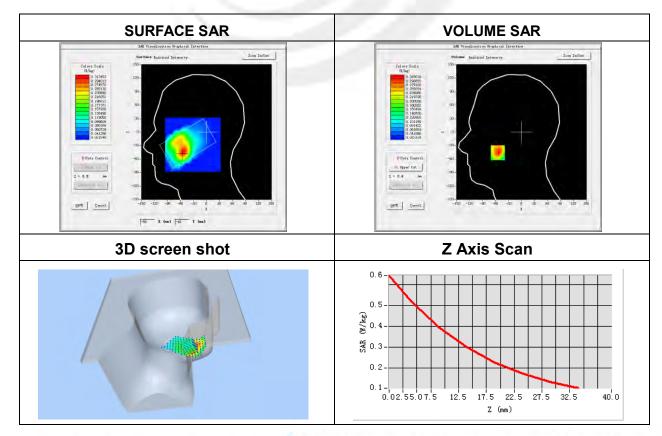
Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(℃)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.83
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	WCDMA V
Channels	Middle
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	836.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.27
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
Variation (%)	-0.04

Maximum location: X=-55.00, Y=-46.00

SAR Peak: 0.73 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg) 0.439015

SAR 1g (W/Kg) 0.586676





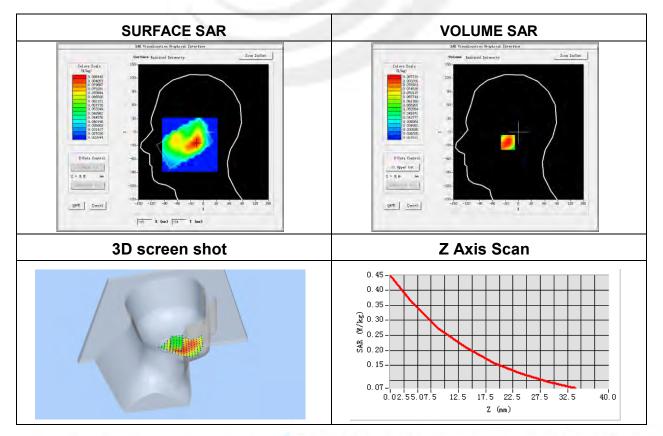
Plot 48: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(℃)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.83
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	WCDMA V
Channels	Middle
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	836.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.27
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
Variation (%)	0.11

Maximum location: X=-17.00, Y=-23.00

SAR Peak: 0.51 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.310985
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.410905



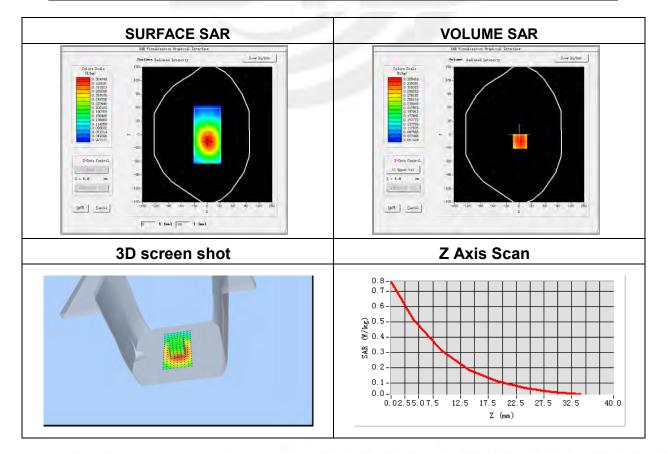


Plot 49: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	5.02
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body front
Band	WCDMA V
Channels	Middle
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	836.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.96
Variation (%)	-0.07

Maximum location: X=2.00, Y=-15.00 SAR Peak: 0.80 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.464064
e, ii (10g (1771tg)	0.101001
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.629030
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.029030





Plot 50: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

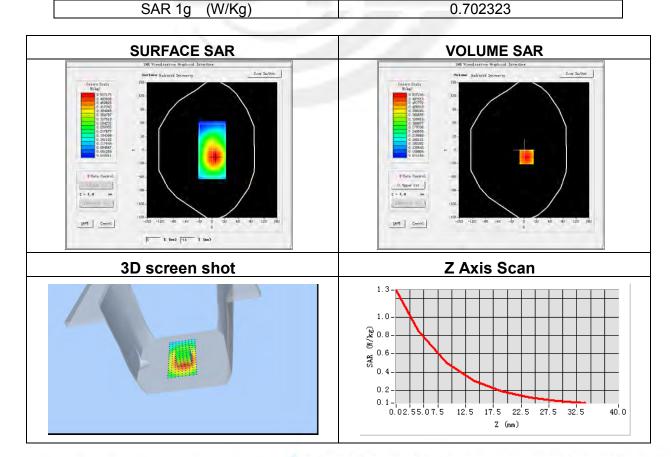
Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(ℂ)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	5.02
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back
Band	WCDMA V
Channels	Middle
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	836.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.96
Variation (%)	-0.02

Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=-15.00

SAR Peak: 1.30 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg) 0.589715

SAR 1g (W/Kg) 0.702323



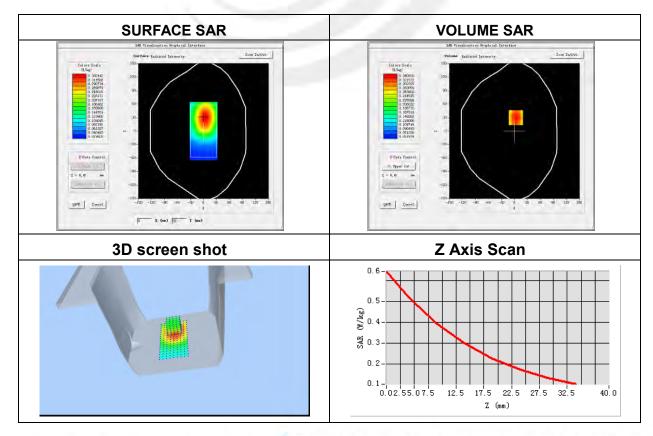


Plot 51: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(℃)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	5.02
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body left side
Band	WCDMA V
Channels	Middle
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	836.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.96
Variation (%)	-0.09

Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=30.00 SAR Peak: 0.61 W/kg

	9
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.317570
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.448580



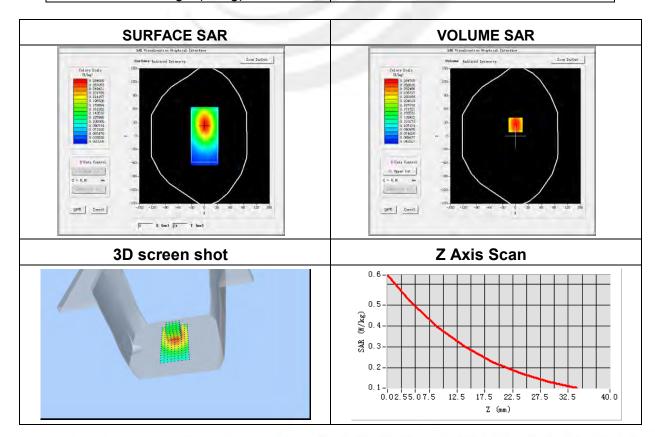


Plot 52: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(℃)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(C)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	5.02
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body right side
Band	WCDMA V
Channels	Middle
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	836.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.96
Variation (%)	-0.01

Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=25.00 SAR Peak: 0.64 W/kg

	9
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.323518
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.463251



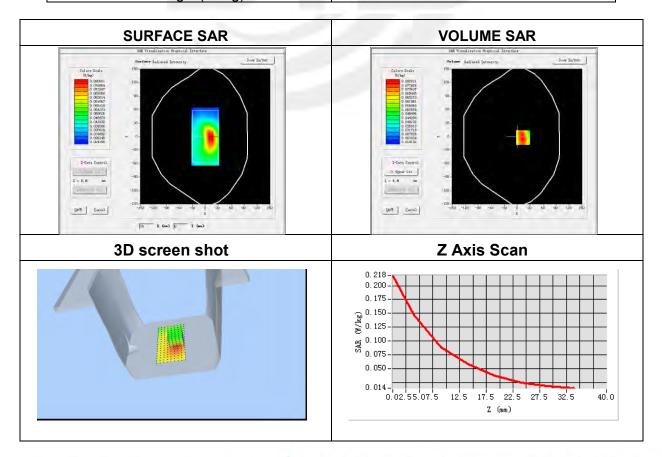


Plot 53: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Ambient Temperature(C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(℃)	22.30
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	5.02
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body bottom side
Band	WCDMA V
Channels	Middle
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	836.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.96
Variation (%)	0.07

Maximum location: X=14.00, Y=-2.00 SAR Peak: 0.22 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.065734
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.113742



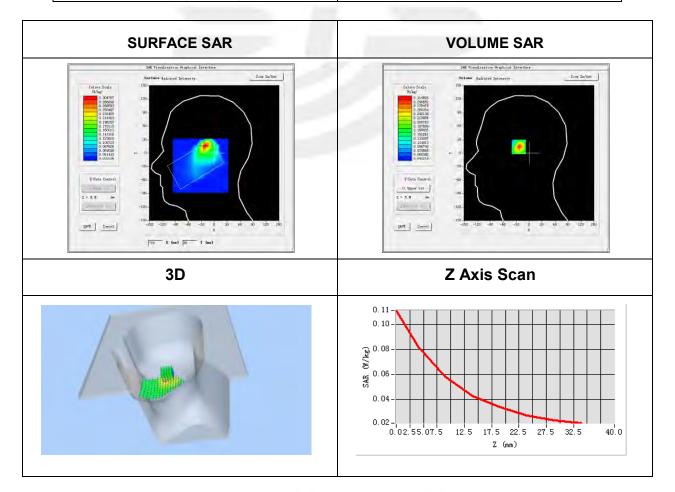


Plot 54: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.11
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM
Channels	High
Signal	IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	2462
Relative permittivity (real part)	37.8
Conductivity (S/m)	1.86
Variation (%)	0.08

Maximum location: X=-22.00, Y=16.00 SAR Peak: 0.11 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.028532
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.046784



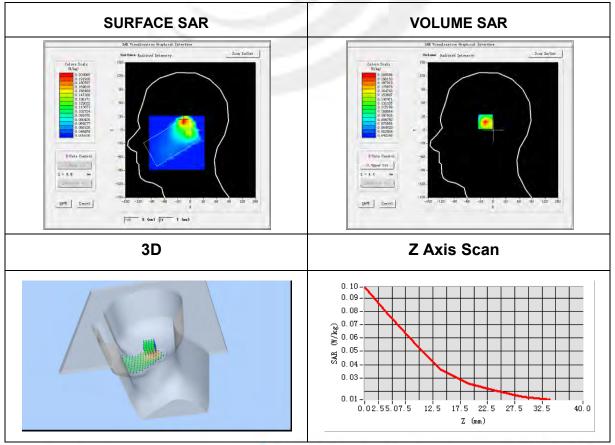


Plot 55: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.11
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM
Channels	High
Signal	IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	2462
Relative permittivity (real part)	37.8
Conductivity (S/m)	1.86
Variation (%)	-0.08

Maximum location: X=-16.00, Y=21.00 SAR Peak: 0.10 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.023218
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.042716



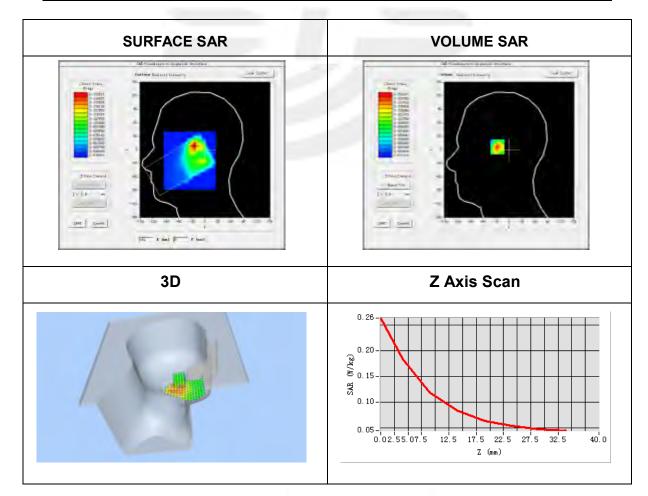


Plot 56: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.11
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM
Channels	High
Signal	IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	2462
Relative permittivity (real part)	37.8
Conductivity (S/m)	1.86
Variation (%)	0.11

Maximum location: X=-16.00, Y=0.00 SAR Peak: 0.26 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.050241
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.100901



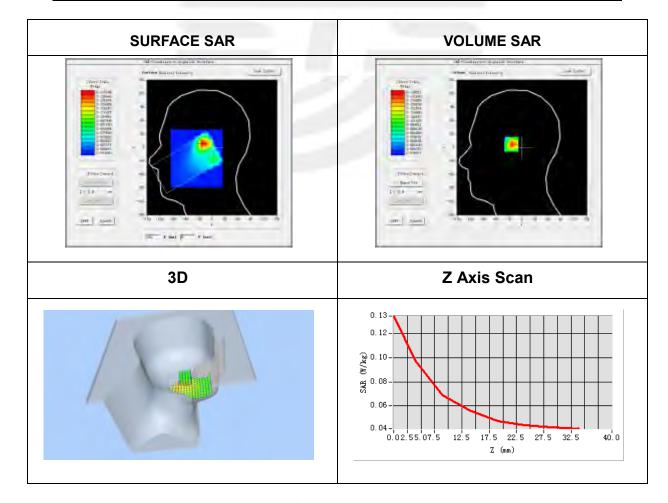


Plot 57: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

2015-06-19
SN 17/14 EP221
4.11
dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Left head
Tilt
IEEE 802.11b ISM
High
IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)
2462
37.8
1.86
0.07

Maximum location: X=-9.00, Y=3.00 SAR Peak: 0.14 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.026957
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.053705



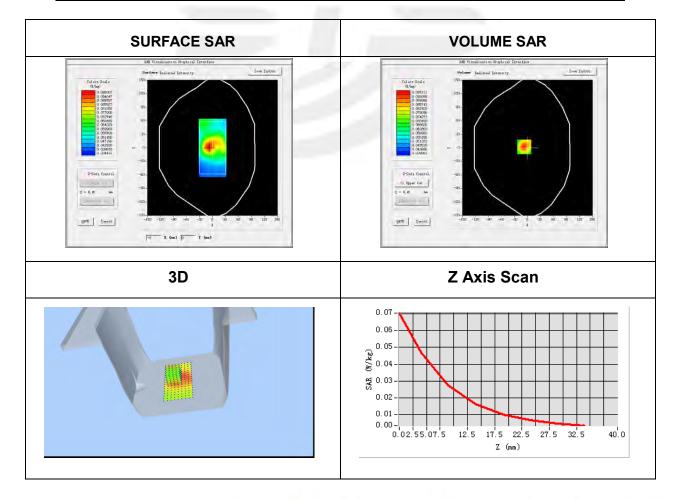


Plot 58: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.25
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Front side
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM
Channels	High
Signal	IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	2462
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.2
Conductivity (S/m)	1.95
Variation (%)	0.10

Maximum location: X=-8.00, Y=2.00 SAR Peak: 0.07 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.013463
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.021399



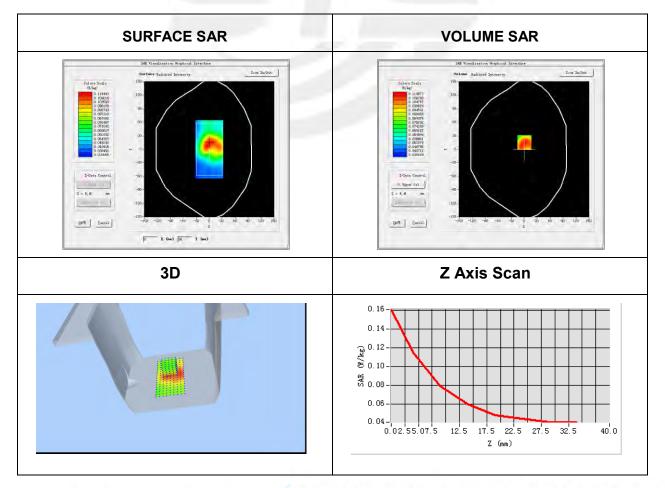


Plot 59: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

Test Data	2015-06-19
Probe	SN 17/14 EP221
ConvF	4.25
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back side
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM
Channels	High
Signal	IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	2462
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.2
Conductivity (S/m)	1.95
Variation (%)	0.10

Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=15.00 SAR Peak: 0.17 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.032105
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.059677



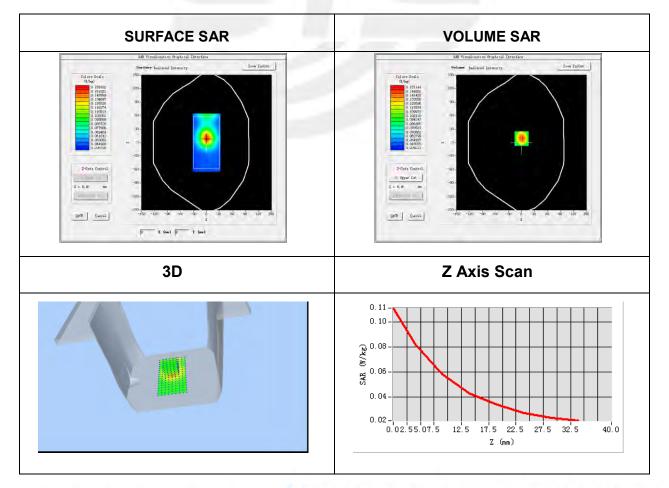


Plot 60: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

2015-06-19
SN 17/14 EP221
4.25
dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Validation plane
Body left side
IEEE 802.11b ISM
High
IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)
2462
51.2
1.95
0.16

Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=9.00 SAR Peak: 0.11 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.022158
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.043917



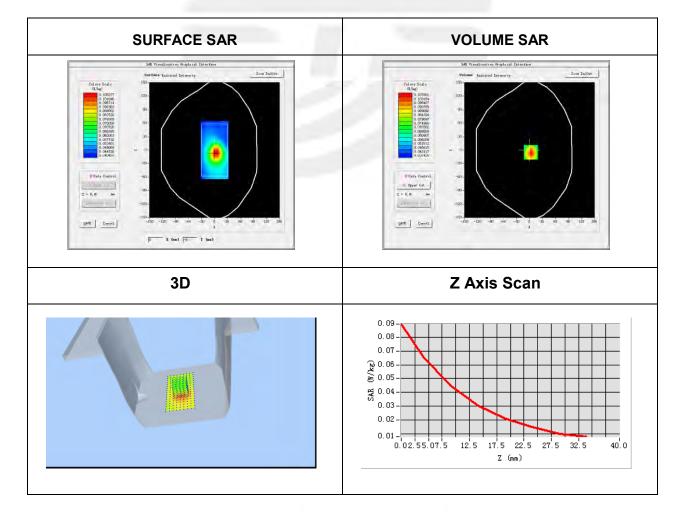


Plot 61: DUT: WCDMA smart phone; EUT Model: NOIT 21

2015-06-19
SN 17/14 EP221
4.25
dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Validation plane
Body top side
IEEE 802.11b ISM
High
IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)
2462
51.2
1.95
-0.03

Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=-5.00 SAR Peak: 0.09 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.014778
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.030115





Appendix C. Probe Calibration And Dipole Calibration Report

Refer the appendix Calibration Report.

*****END OF THE REPORT***