



LTE band 5





LTE band 5





LTE band 7

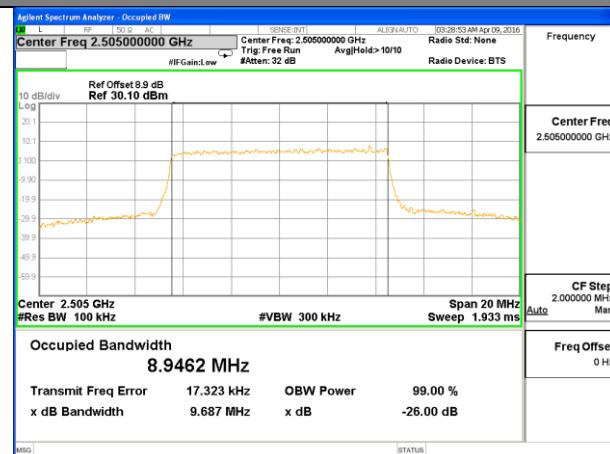




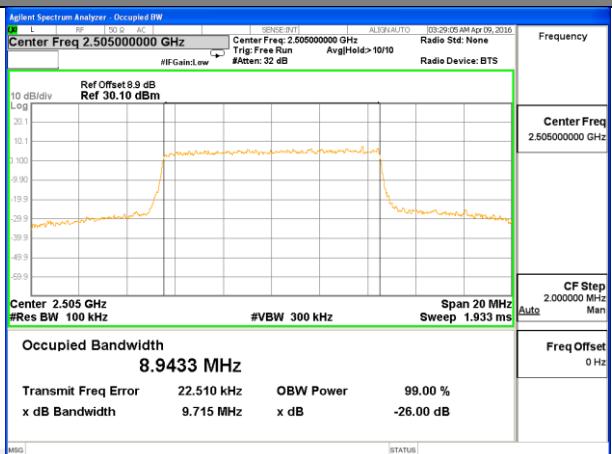
LTE band 7

LTE band 7 (99% and -26 Bandwidth)

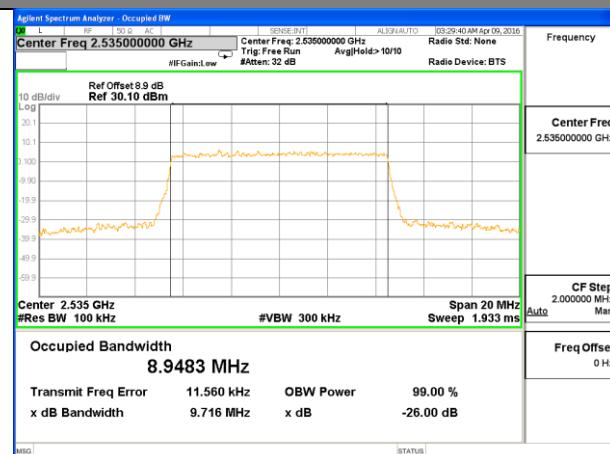
Lowest Channel / 10MHz / QPSK



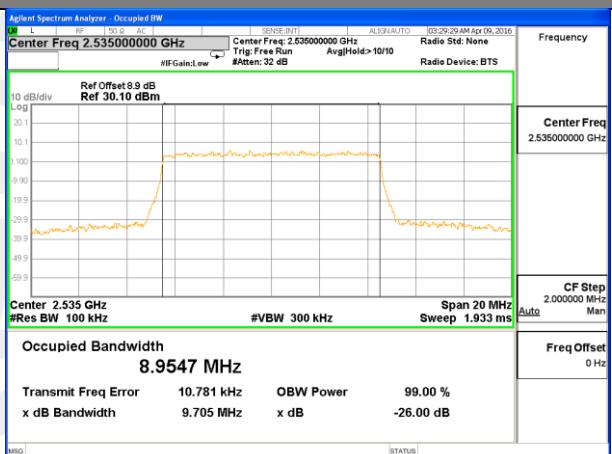
Lowest Channel / 10MHz / 16QAM



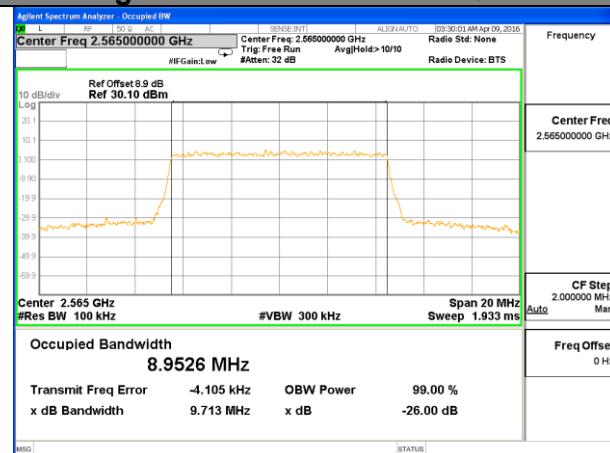
Middle Channel / 10MHz / QPSK



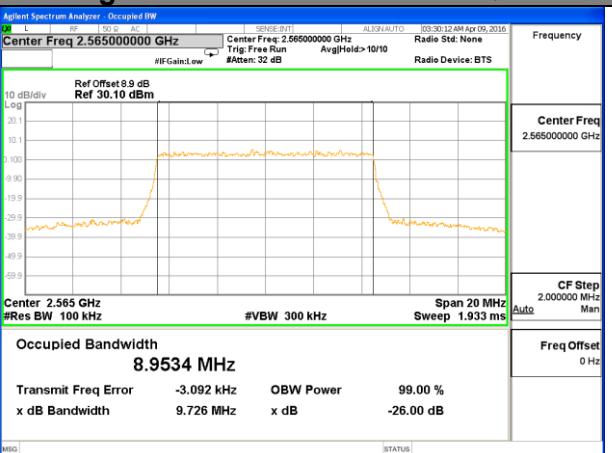
Middle Channel / 10MHz / 16QAM



Highest Channel / 10MHz / QPSK



Highest Channel / 10MHz / 16QAM

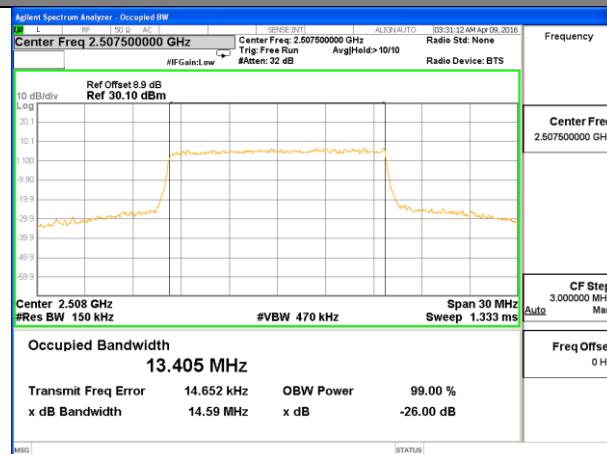




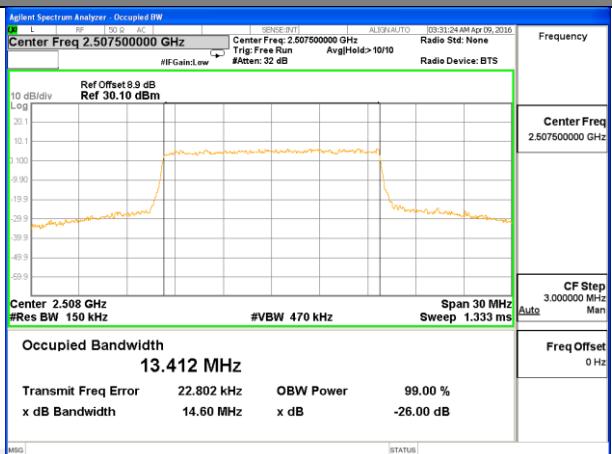
LTE band 7

LTE band 7 (99% and -26 Bandwidth)

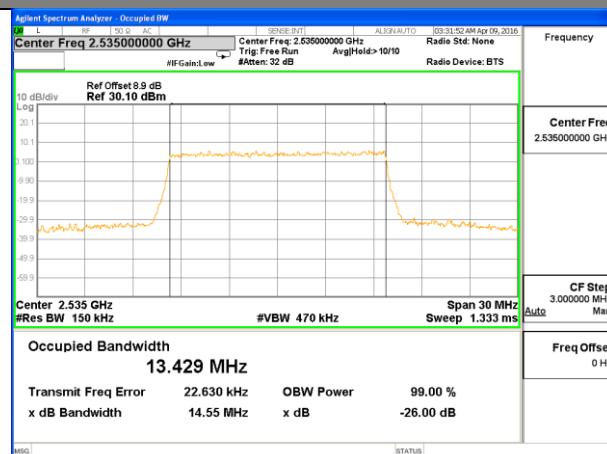
Lowest Channel / 15MHz / QPSK



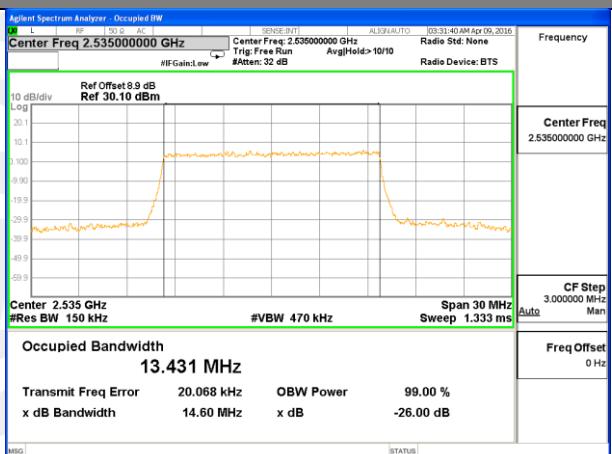
Lowest Channel / 15MHz / 16QAM



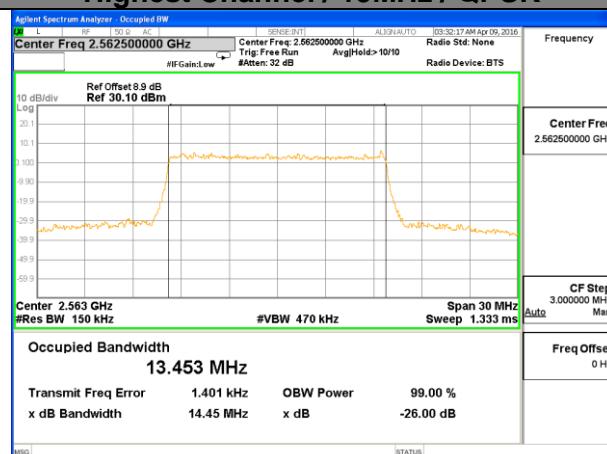
Middle Channel / 15MHz / QPSK



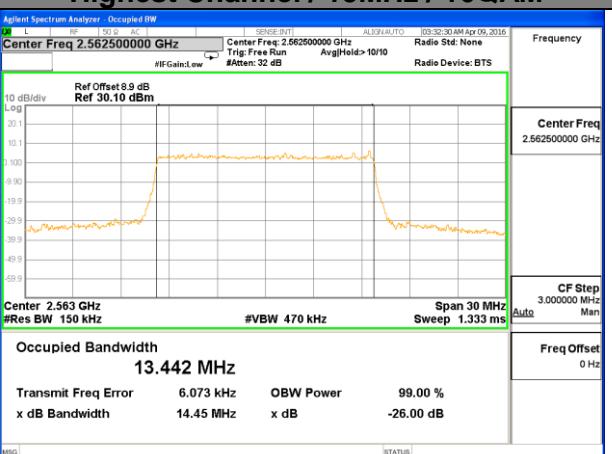
Middle Channel / 15MHz / 16QAM



Highest Channel / 15MHz / QPSK



Highest Channel / 15MHz / 16QAM

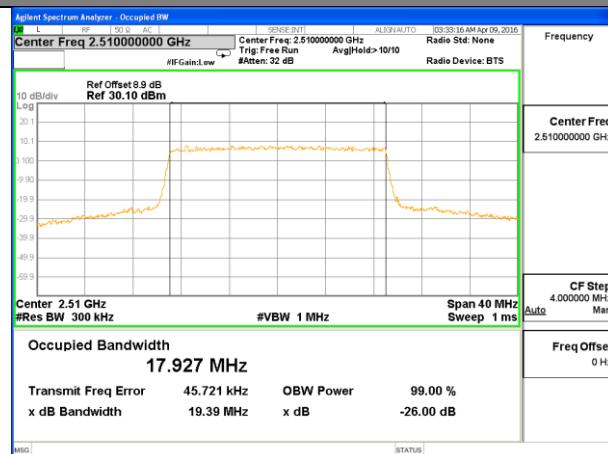




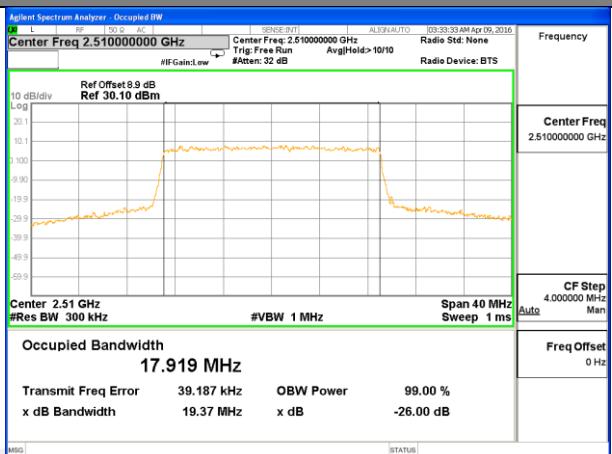
LTE band 7

LTE band 7 (99% and -26 Bandwidth)

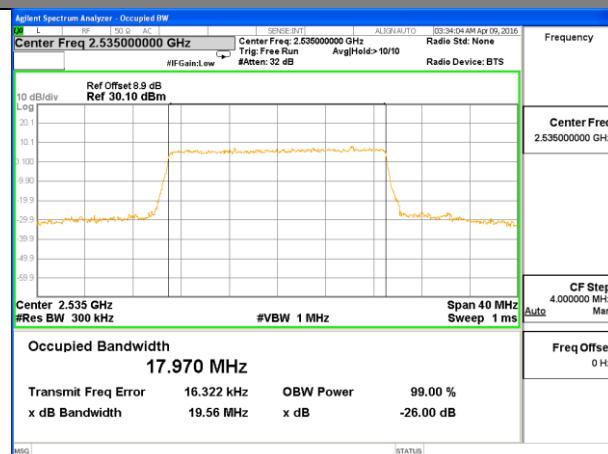
Lowest Channel / 20MHz / QPSK



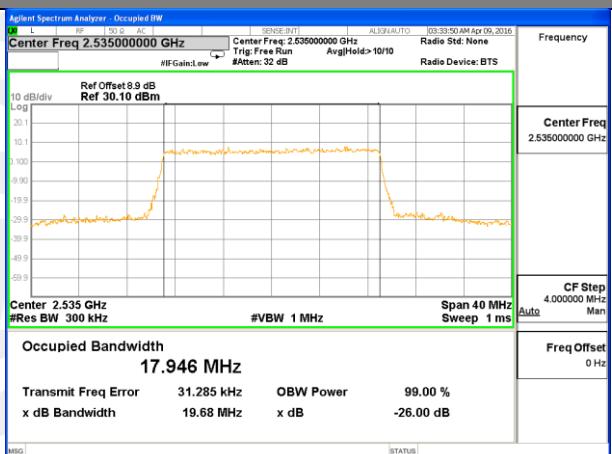
Lowest Channel / 20MHz / 16QAM



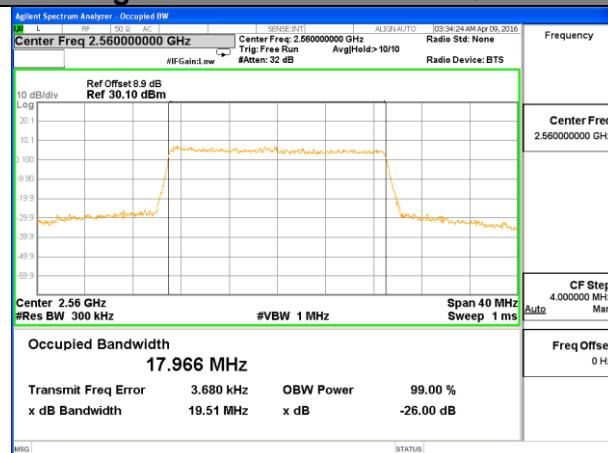
Middle Channel / 20MHz / QPSK



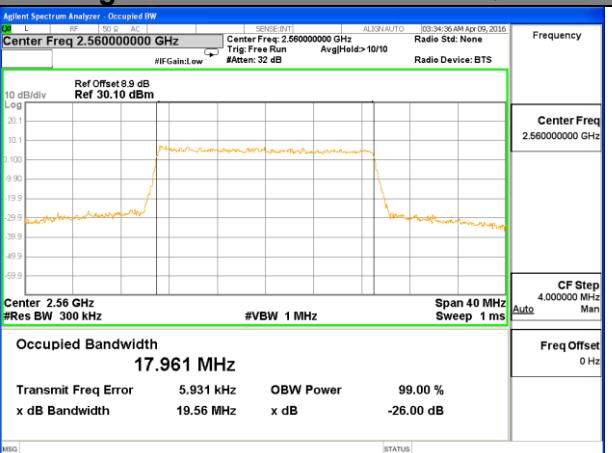
Middle Channel / 20MHz / 16QAM



Highest Channel / 20MHz / QPSK



Highest Channel / 20MHz / 16QAM

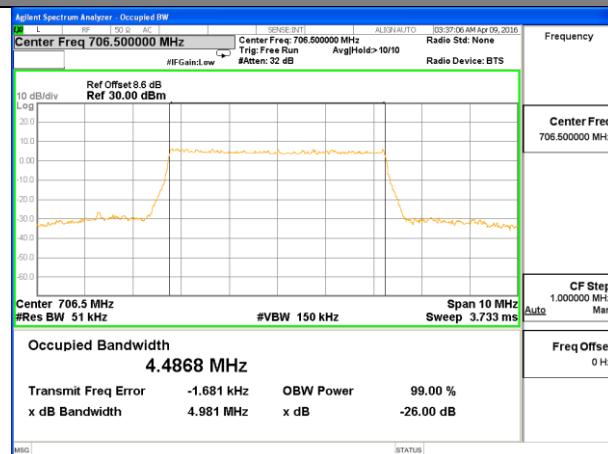




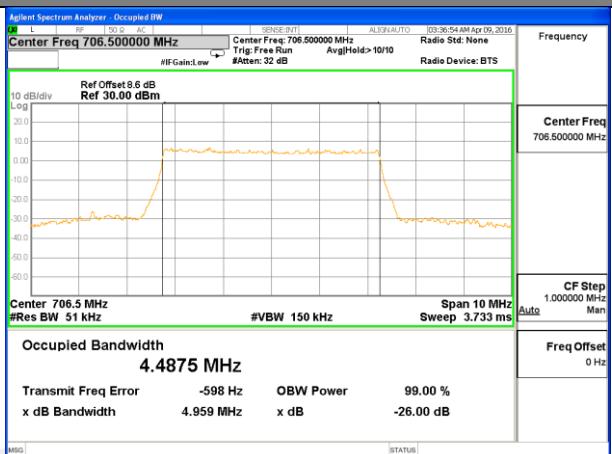
LTE band 17

LTE band 17 (99% and -26 Bandwidth)

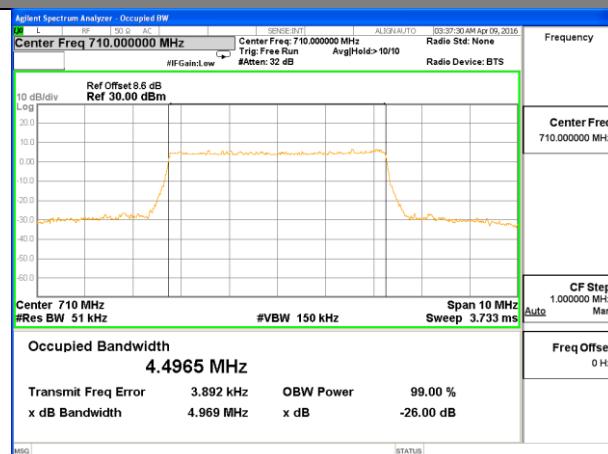
Lowest Channel / 5MHz / QPSK



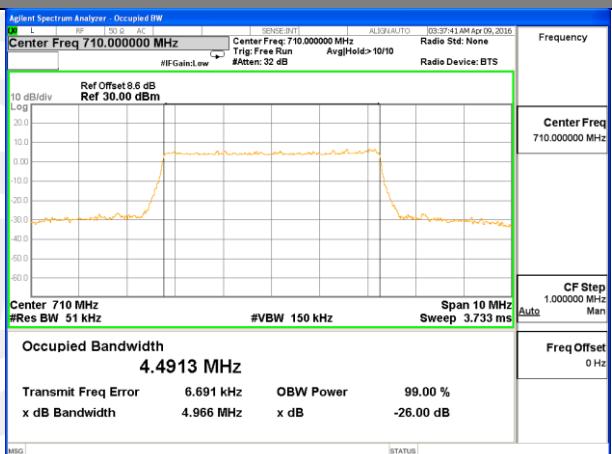
Lowest Channel / 5MHz / 16QAM



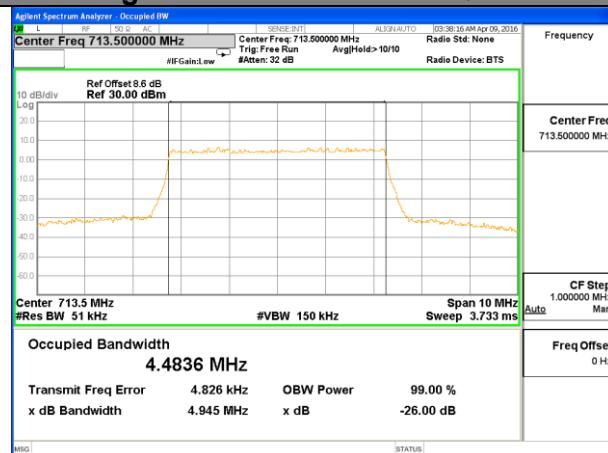
Middle Channel / 5MHz / QPSK



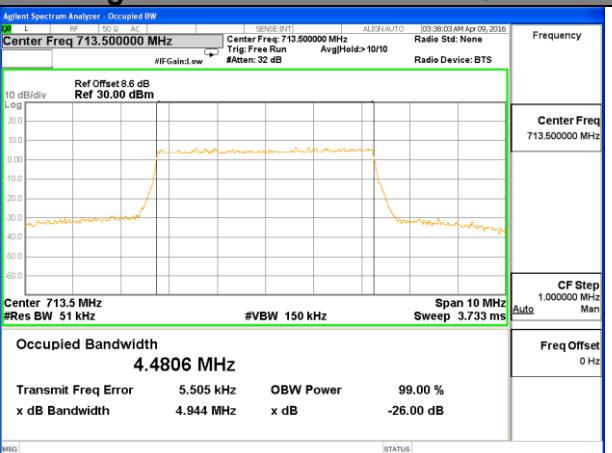
Middle Channel / 5MHz / 16QAM



Highest Channel / 5MHz / QPSK



Highest Channel / 5MHz / 16QAM

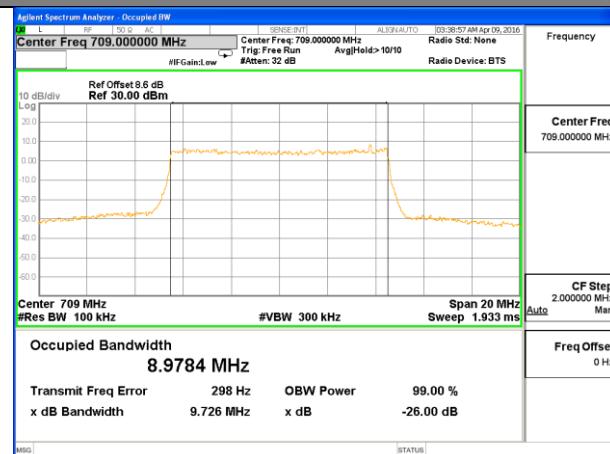




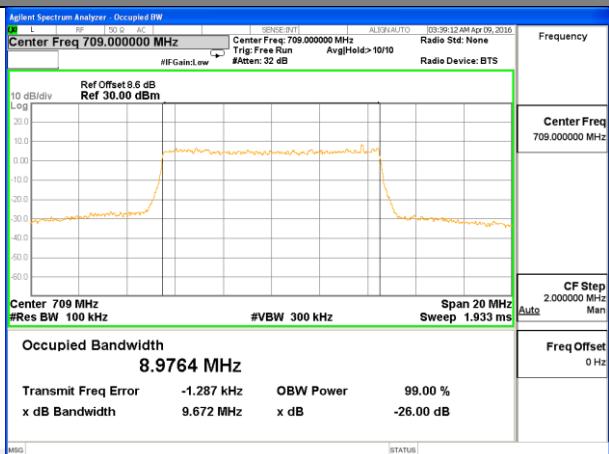
LTE band 17

LTE band 17 (99% and -26 Bandwidth)

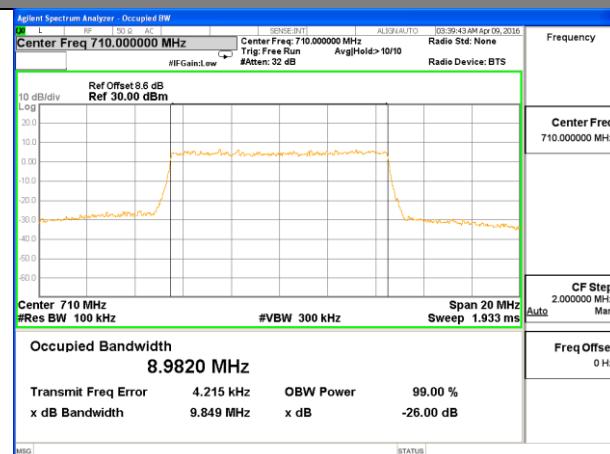
Lowest Channel / 10MHz / QPSK



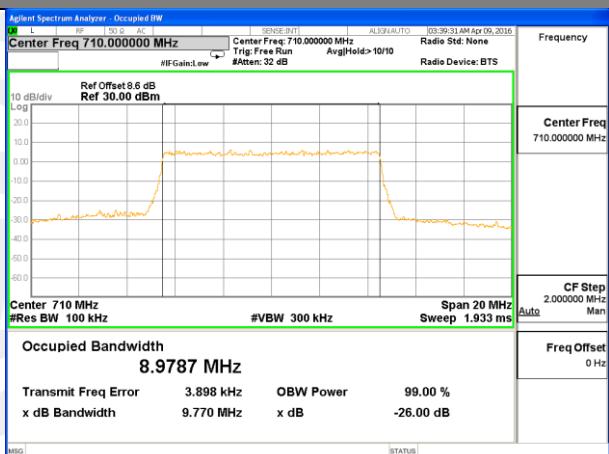
Lowest Channel / 10MHz / 16QAM



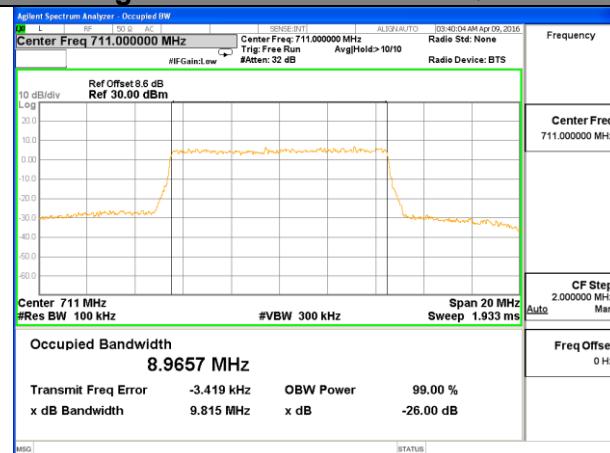
Middle Channel / 10MHz / QPSK



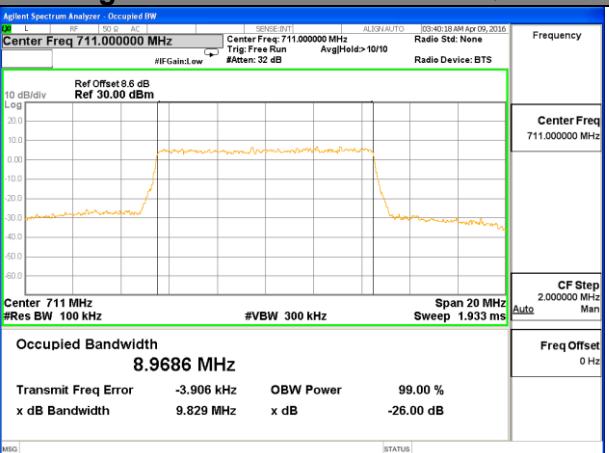
Middle Channel / 10MHz / 16QAM



Highest Channel / 10MHz / QPSK



Highest Channel / 10MHz / 16QAM





7. CONDUCTED BAND EDGE

7.1 DESCRIPTION OF CONDUCTED BAND EDGE MEASUREMENT

7.1.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

1. §22.917(a)

For operations in the 824 – 849 MHz band, the FCC limit is $43 + 10\log_{10}(P[\text{Watts}])$ dB below the transmitter power P(Watts) in a 100kHz bandwidth. However, in the 1MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed.

2. §24.238 (a)

For operations in the 1850-1910 and 1930-1990 MHz band, the FCC limit is $43 + 10\log_{10}(P[\text{Watts}])$ dB below the transmitter power P(Watts) in a 1MHz bandwidth. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed

3. §27.53 (h)

For operations in the 1710 – 1755 MHz band, the FCC limit is $43 + 10\log_{10}(P[\text{Watts}])$ dB below the transmitter power P(Watts) in a 1 MHz bandwidth. However, in the 1MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed.

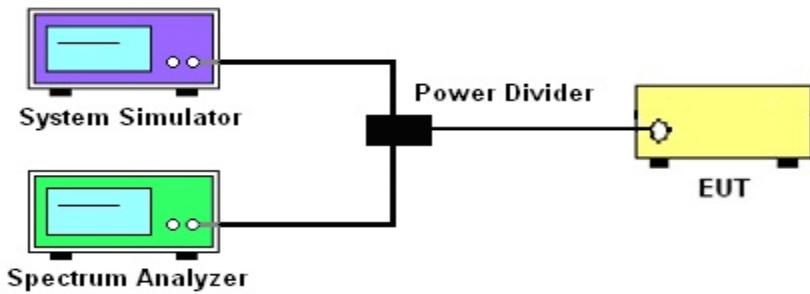
4. §27.53(m)(4/6)

For operations in the 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz band this section, the attenuation factor shall be not less than $40 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between the channel edge and 5 megahertz from the channel edge, $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 5 megahertz and X megahertz from the channel edge, and $55 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies more than X megahertz from the channel edge, where X is the greater of 6 megahertz or the actual emission bandwidth as defined in paragraph (m)(6) of this section. In addition, the attenuation factor shall not be less than $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2490.5 MHz and 2496 MHz and $55 + 10 \log (P)$ dB at or below 2490.5 MHz. Mobile Satellite Service licensees operating on frequencies below 2495 MHz may also submit a documented interference complaint against BRS licensees operating on channel BRS Channel 1 on the same terms and conditions as adjacent channel BRS or EBS licensees.

5. §27.53 (g)

For operations in the 698 -746 MHz band, the FCC limit is $43 + 10\log_{10}(P[\text{Watts}])$ dB below the transmitter power P(Watts) in a 100 kHz bandwidth. However, in the 100 kilohertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to a licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed.

7.1.2 TEST SETUP



7.1.3 TEST PROCEDURES

1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v02r02 Section 6.0.
2. The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer and system simulator via a power divider.
3. The band edges of low and high channels for the highest RF powers were measured. Set RBW $\geq 1\%$ EBW in the 1MHz band immediately outside and adjacent to the band edge.
4. Set spectrum analyzer with RMS/AVG detector
5. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.
6. The limit line is derived from $43 + 10\log(P)$ dB below the transmitter power P(Watts)
 $= P(W) - [43 + 10\log(P)] \text{ (dB)}$
 $= [30 + 10\log(P)] \text{ (dBm)} - [43 + 10\log(P)] \text{ (dB)}$
 $= -13 \text{ dBm.}$

Band 7:

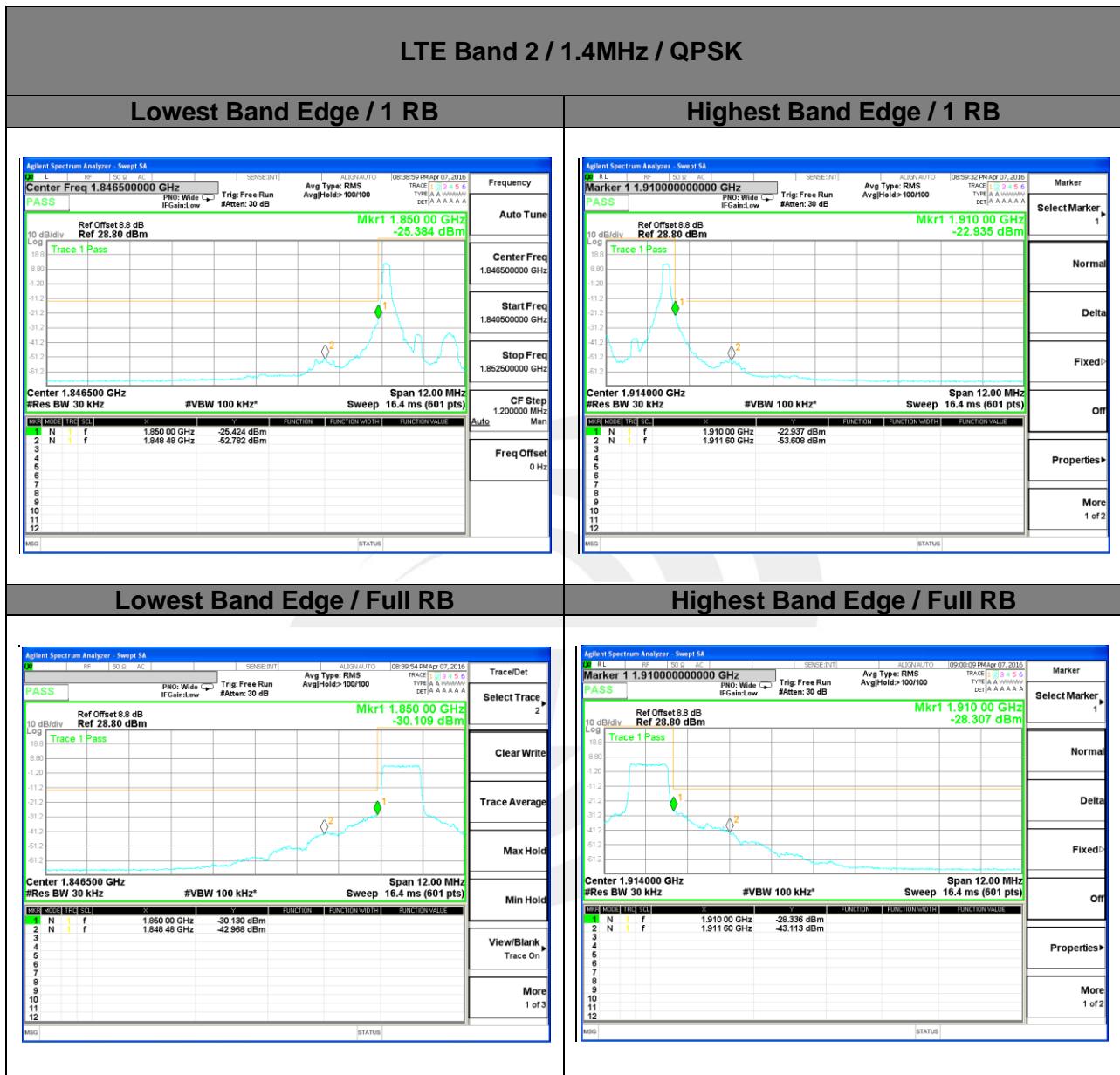
$$\begin{aligned}
 &= P(W) - [55 + 10\log(P)] \text{ (dB)} \\
 &= [30 + 10\log(P)] \text{ (dBm)} - [55 + 10\log(P)] \text{ (dB)} \\
 &= -25 \text{ dBm.}
 \end{aligned}$$

	LTE					
LTE BW	1.4M	3M	5M	10M	15M	20M
Span	12MHz	13MHz	15MHz	20MHz	25MHz	30MHz
RBW	30kHz	100kHz	100kHz	300kHz	300kHz	300kHz
VBW	100kHz	300kHz	300kHz	1000kHz	1000kHz	1000kHz
Detector	RMS	RMS	RMS	RMS	RMS	RMS
Trace	Max	Max	Max	Max	Max	Max
Sweep Count	Auto	Auto	Auto	Auto	Auto	Auto



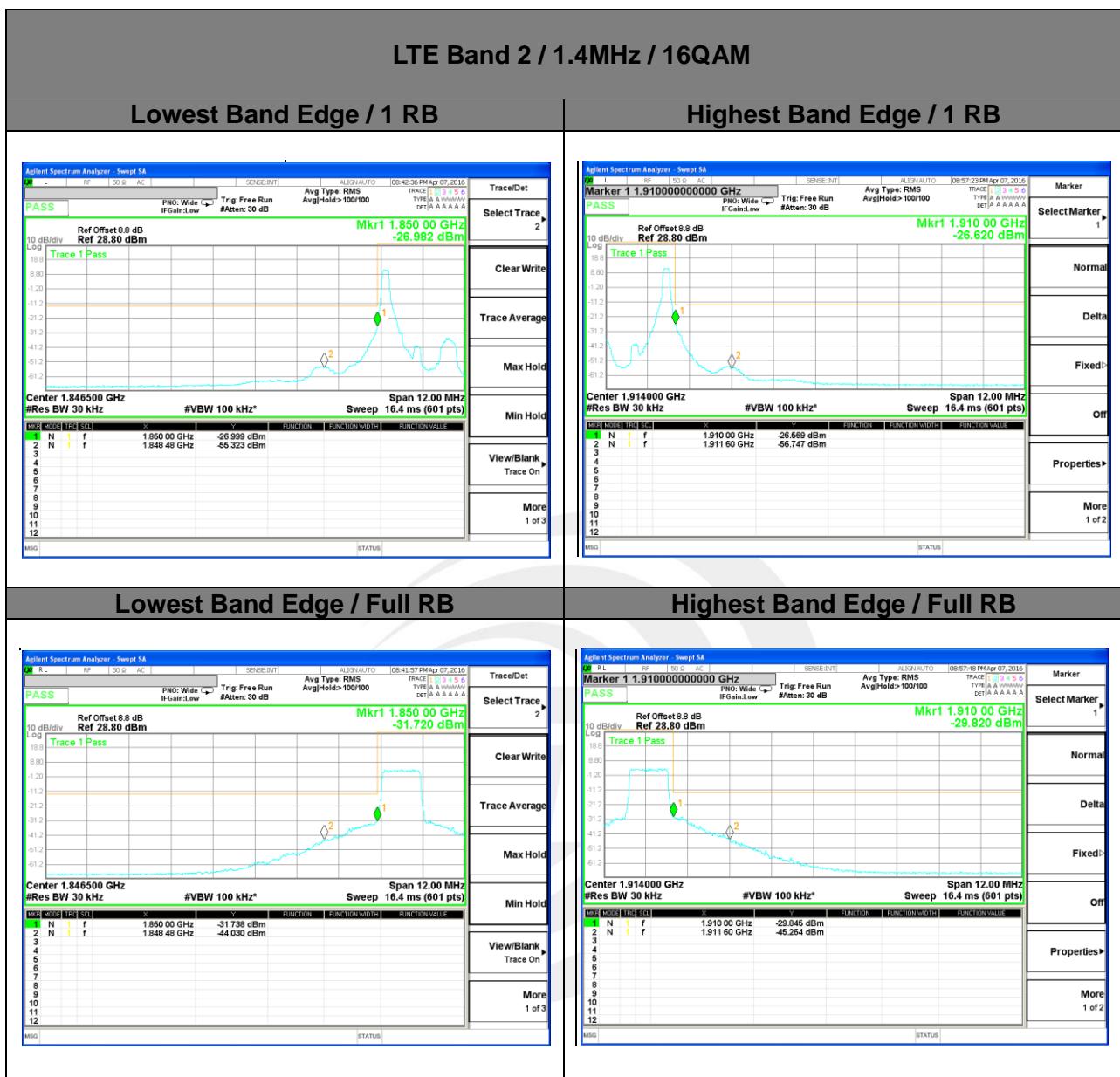
7.1.4 MEASUREMENT RESULT

LTE band 2



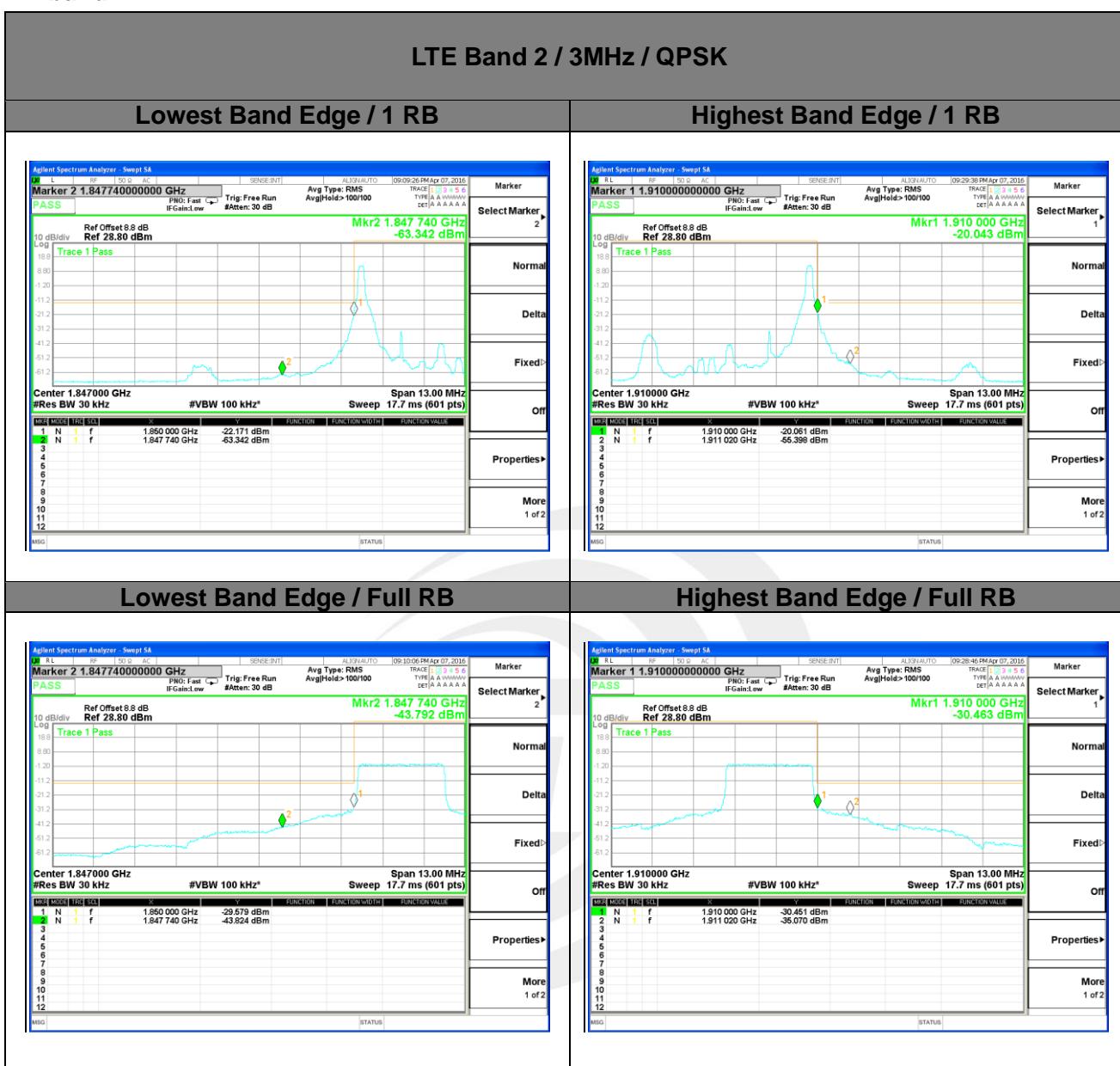


LTE band 2



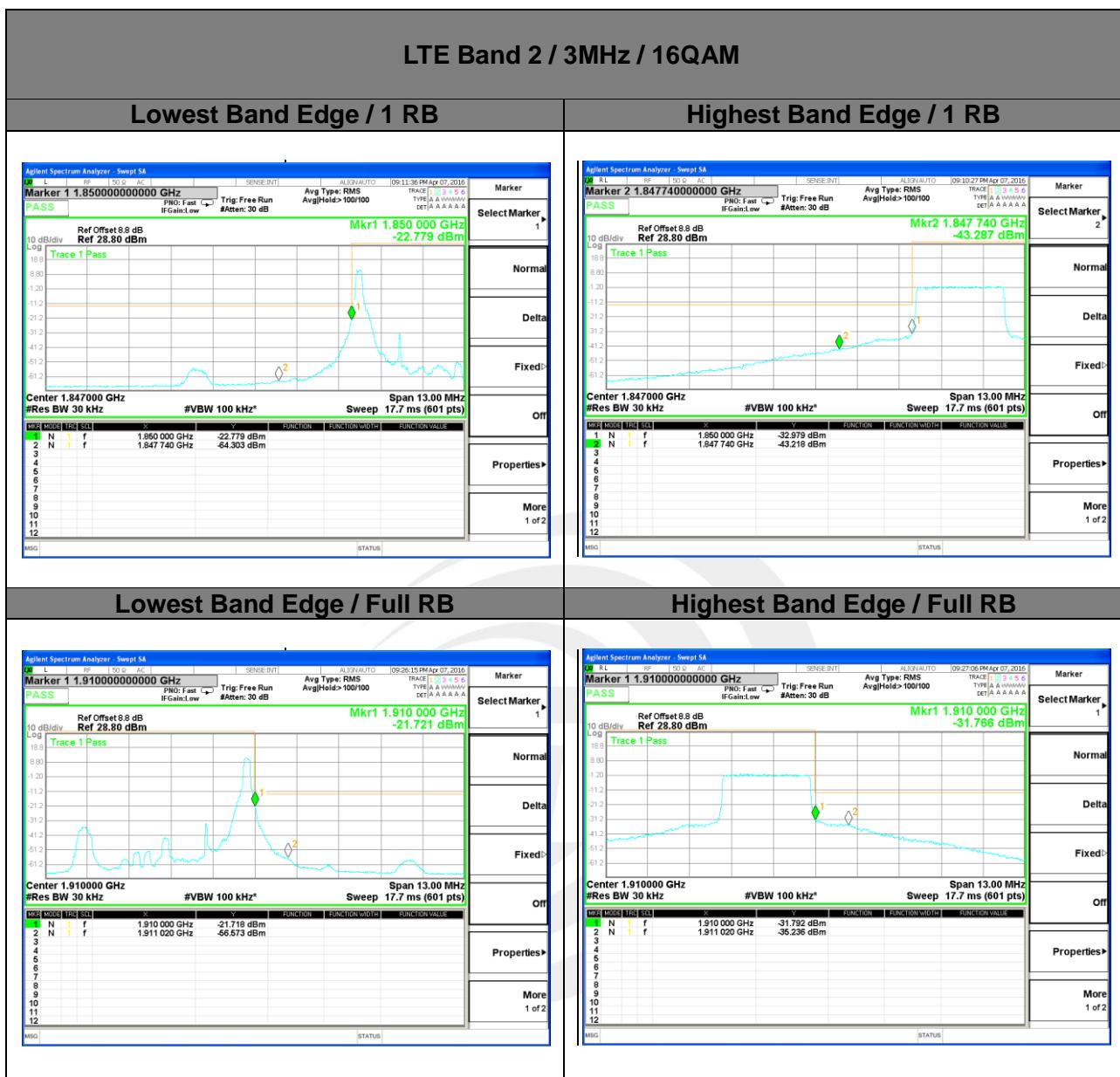


LTE band 2



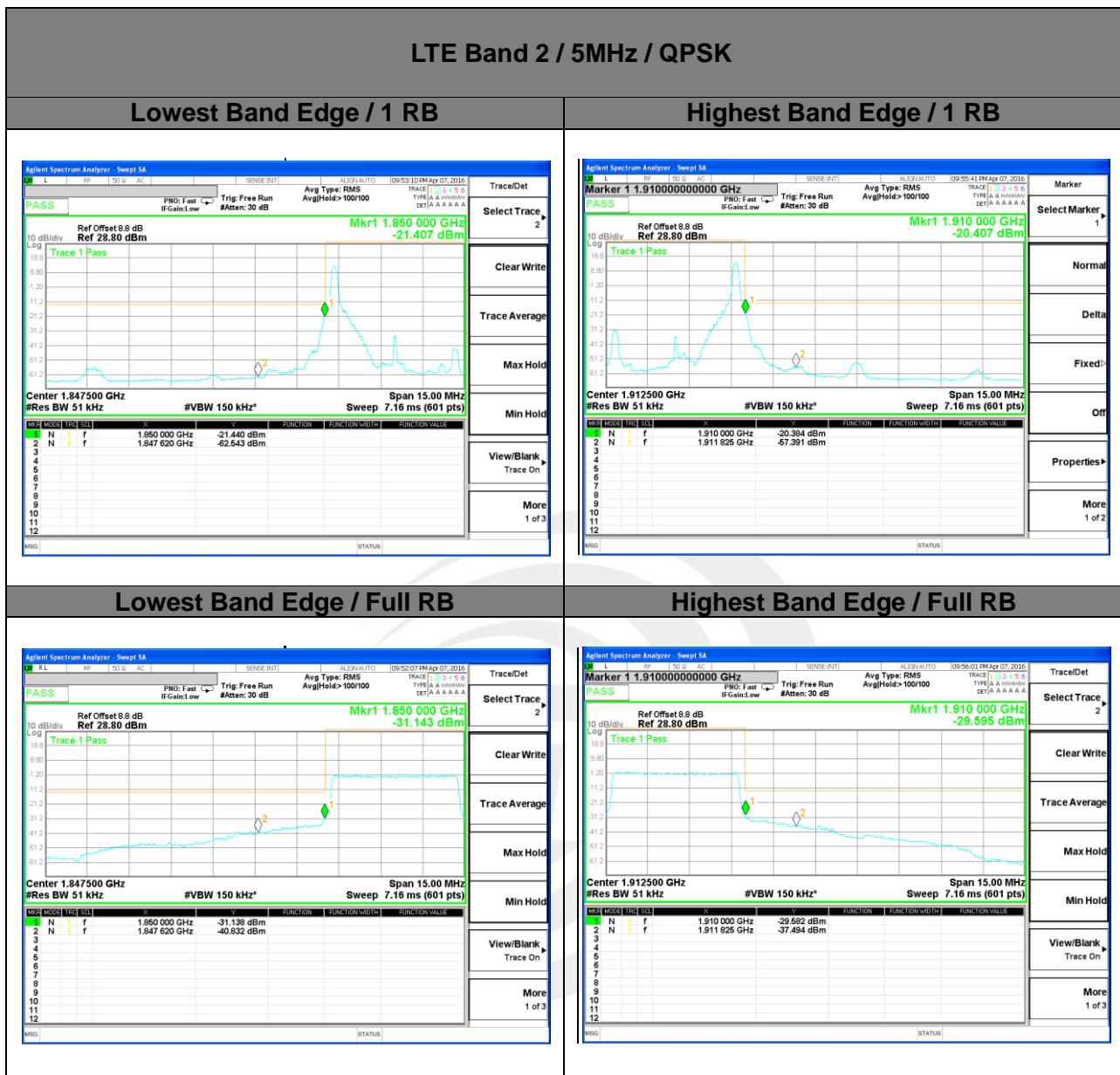


LTE band 2



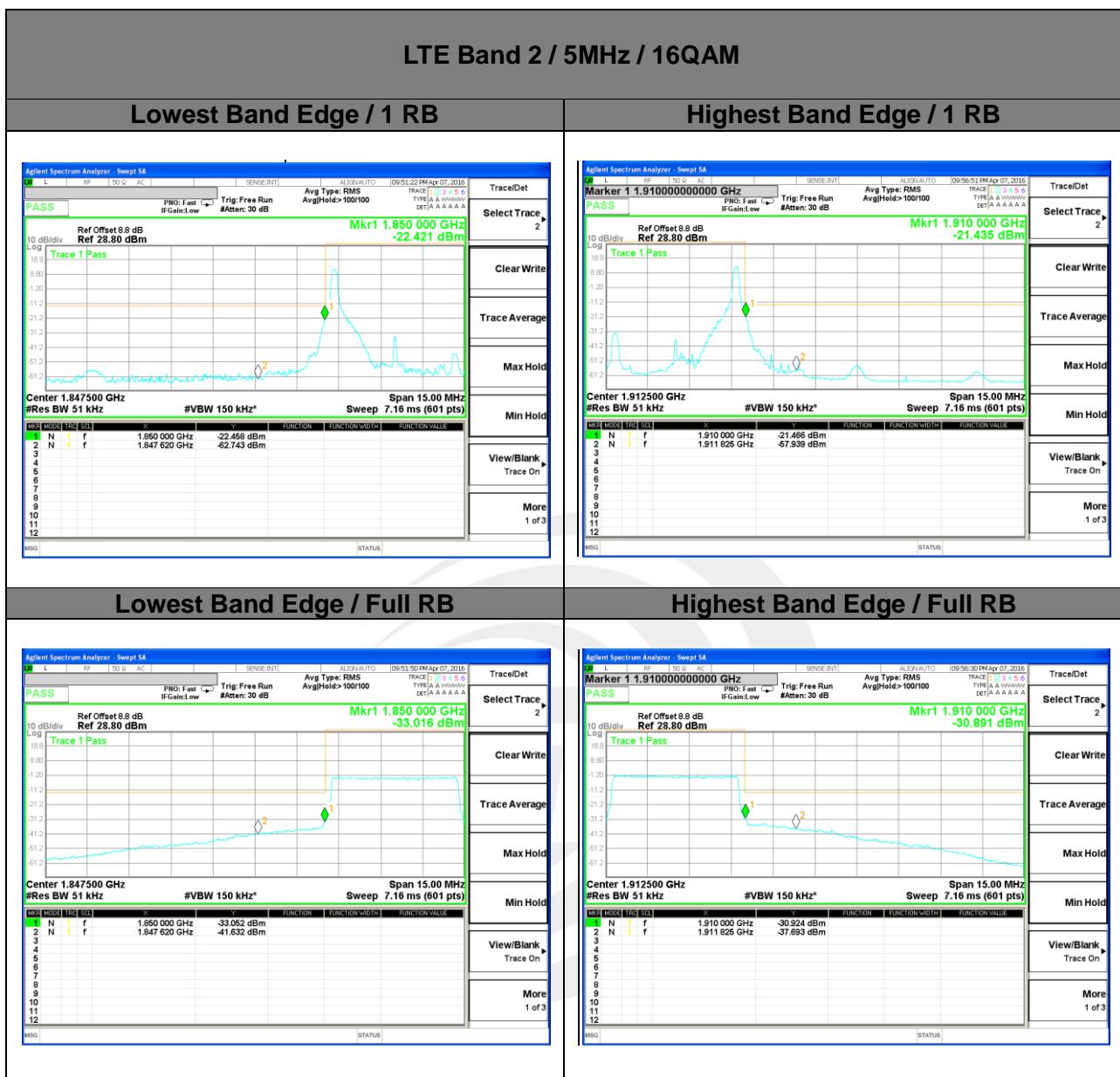


LTE band 2



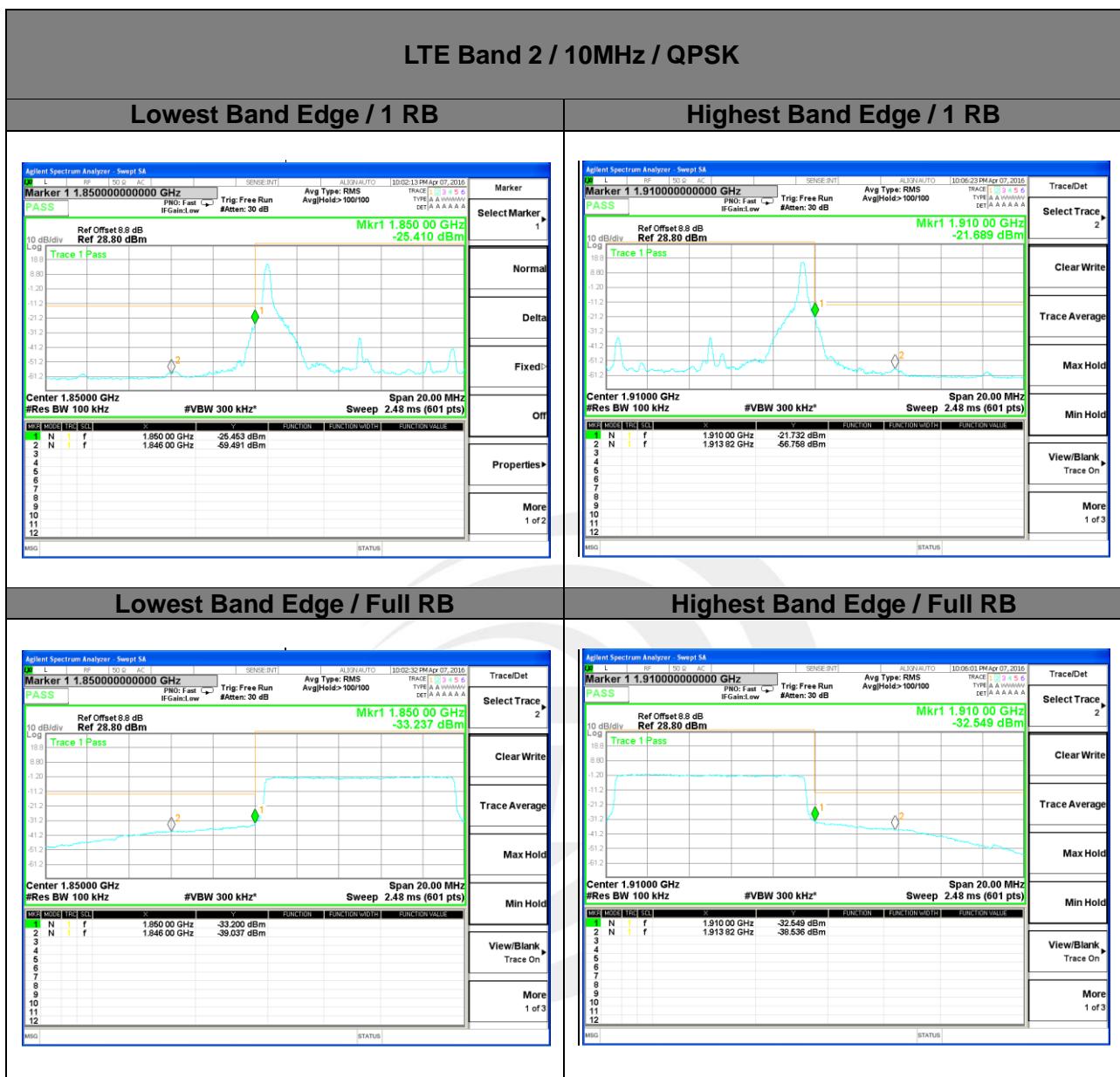


LTE band 2



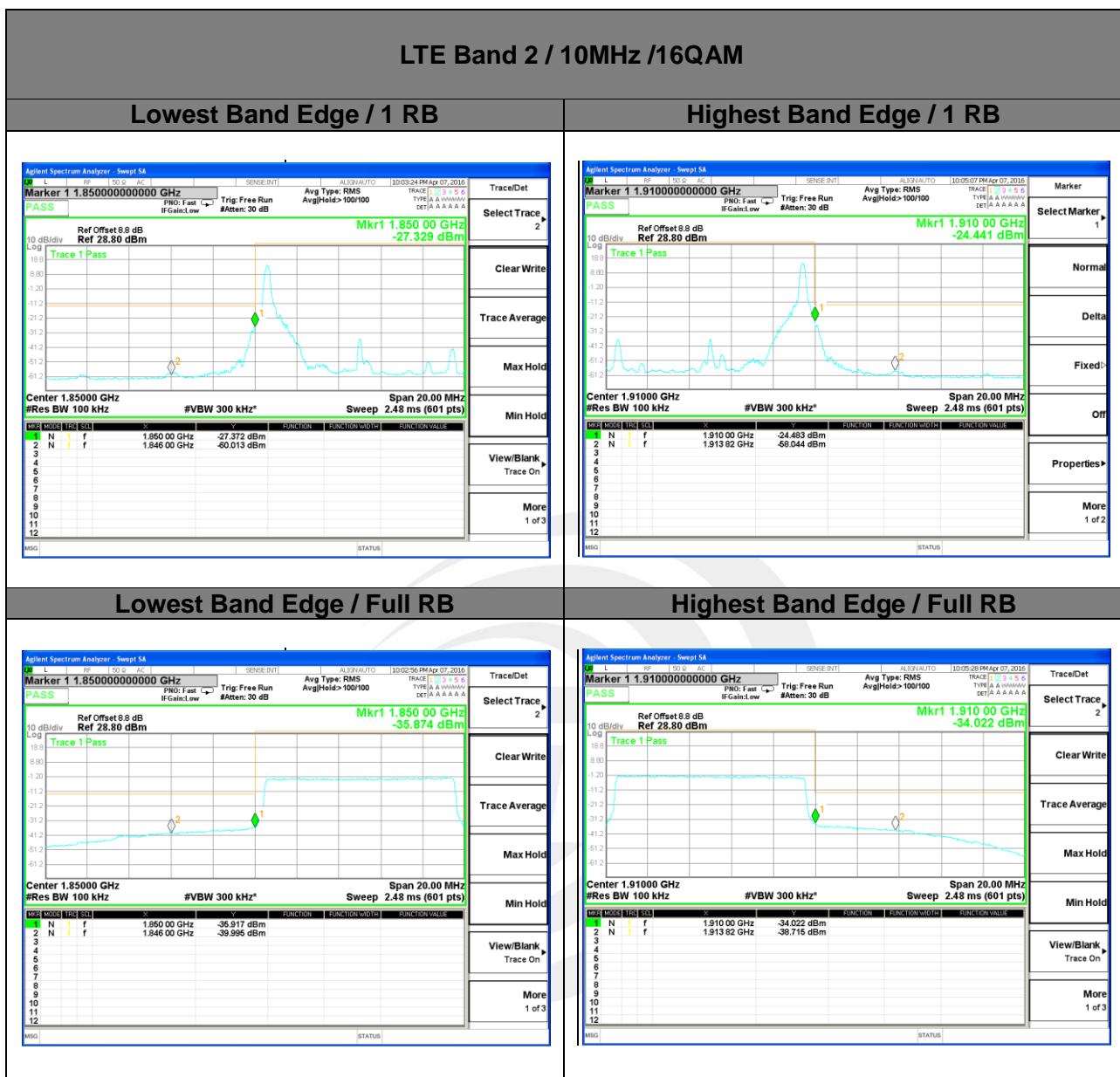


LTE band 2



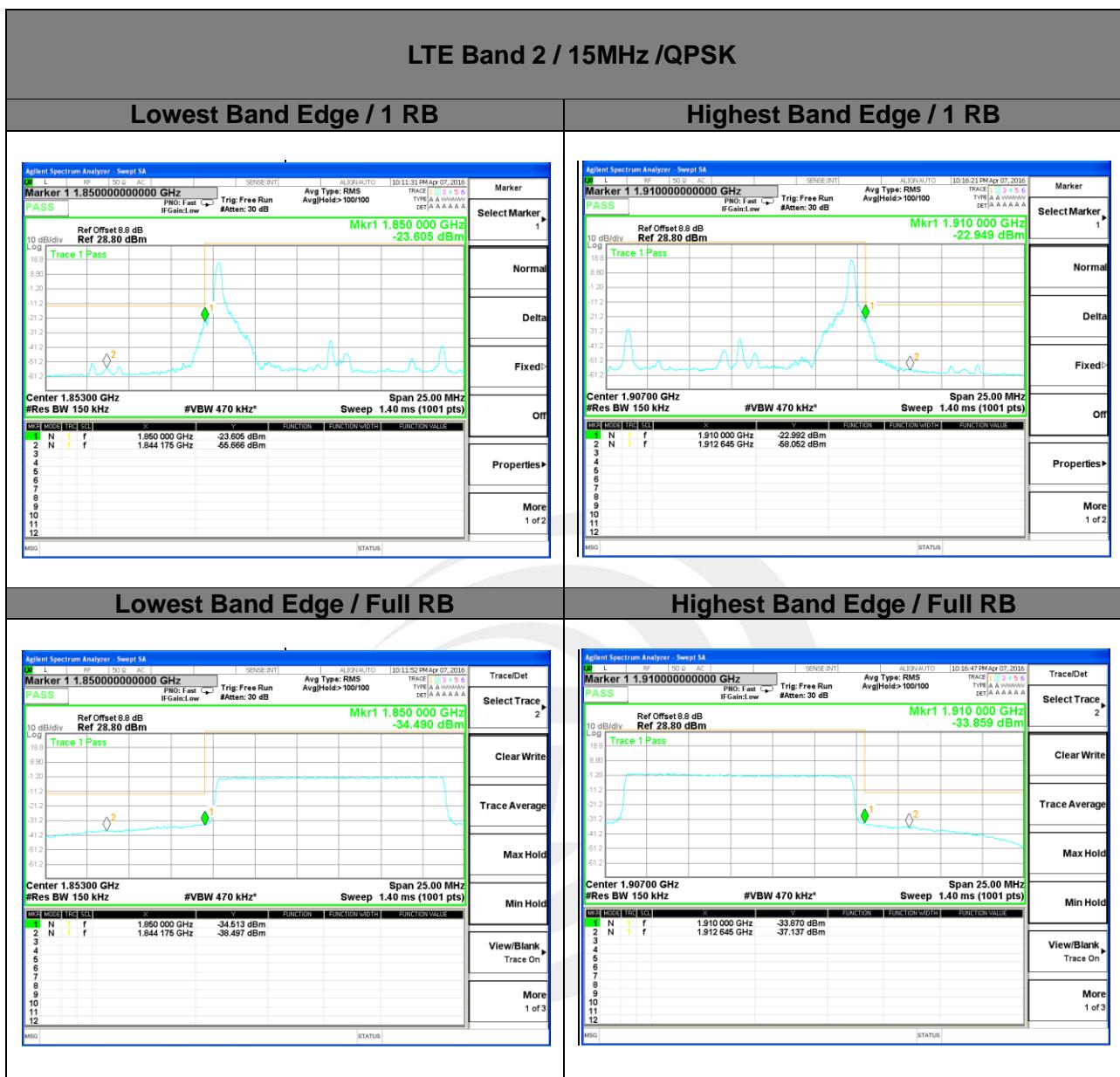


LTE band 2





LTE band 2





LTE band 2

