

Prediction of MPE limit at a given distance

Equation from page 18 of OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = \frac{P G}{4 \pi R^2} = \frac{\text{EIRP}}{4 \pi R^2} = \frac{E^2 D^2}{120 \pi R^2}$$

where: S = power density
P = power input to the antenna
G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator
R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna
EIRP = equivalent isotropically radiated power
E = field strength of fundamental emission
D = distance when measured field strength

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|--|--------------|-----------|
| Field strength of fundamental emission: | 44.3 | [dBμV/m] |
| Field strength of fundamental emission: | 164 | [μV/m] |
| Measured distance of fundamental emission: | 3 | [m] |
| Antenna gain(typical): | -63.50 | [dBi] |
| Equivalent isotropically radiated power: | 0.0000081 | [mW] |
| Prediction distance: | 20 | [cm] |
| Prediction frequency: | 13.56 | [MHz] |
| MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency: | 0.97 | [mW/cm^2] |
| Power density at prediction frequency: | 0.0000000017 | [mW/cm^2] |
| | 0.000000017 | [W/m^2] |
| Maximum allowable antenna gain: | 24.1 | [dBi] |
| Margin of Compliance: | 87.6 | [dB] |