SAR TEST REPORT

Reference No. WTS15S0628456E

FCC ID...... 2AEE8LAVASTARPLUS

Applicant: LAVA INTERNATIONAL (H.K) LIMITED

: UNIT L 1/F MAU LAM COMM BLDG 16-18 MAU LAM ST, JORDAN KL,

Address HI

Manufacturer: The same as above

Address : The same as above

Product Name: mobile phone

Model No. : Star Plus

Trade Name...... LAVA

: FCC 47 CFR Part2(2.1093)

Standards ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1999

IEEE 1528-2013 & Published RF Exposure KDB Procedures

Date of Receipt sample.... June. 24, 2015

Test Result Pass

Remarks:

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested, this test report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without prior written permission of the company. The report would be invalid without specific stamp of test institute and the signatures of compiler and approver.

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1 Laboratory Introduction

Waltek Service Co., Ltd. is a professional third-party testing and certification organization with multi-year product testing and certification experience. Established strictly in accordance with ISO/IEC Guide 65 and ISO/IEC 17025, our company has got recognition from CNAS (China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment) and International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC). At the same time, our company has been approved by some authoritative organizations, such as EMSD of Hongkong, UL, Intertek-ETL SEMKO, CSA, MET, TÜV Rheinland, TÜV SÜD, SGS, Nemko, FCC, IC of Canada, CPSC, TMICO and California Energy Commission (CEC). Since the set-up of our company, we sincerely help our customers to improve their products to achieve relative international standards. We are accepted by various clients in international market and well-known in the same industry.



There are several laboratories in our company which are equipped with advanced equipments for fully testing. It can provide testing and certification services for products exported around the world, also it can ensure that the products reach international standards in aspects of safety, electromagnetic compatibility, virulence, energy efficiency, reliability and so on. To enable our customers can get local services more directly and conveniently, and to realize our promise to provide more high quality services. Our company has set up product testing labs in South China and East China (Shenzhen, Dongguan, Foshan, Suzhou and Ningbo). We can provide our clients with accurate test and technical support services in good faith, and actively follow customer demand. These can fully demonstrate Waltek Services concept -- "One-stop Services".

Our company has many experienced engineers and customer service representatives to meet our customer's demand for a number of tests and provide superb technical guidance and modification service; At the same time we can provide global certification services by our global partners to help our customer's products to successfully extend to the global market.

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3 **General Information**

3.1 **General Description of E.U.T.**

Product Name : mobile phone

Model No. : Star Plus

Model Description : N/A

GSM Band(s) : GSM 850/900/1800/1900MHz

GPRS/EGPRS Class : 12

WCDMA Band(s) : FDD Band I/II/V

LTE Bnad(s) : LTE Band 2/4/7

Wi-Fi Specification : 802.11b/g/n HT20/n HT40

Bluetooth Version : Bluetooth v4.0 with BLE

GPS : Support

NFC : N/A Hardware Version : V2.0

Software Version : V1.1

3.2 **Details of E.U.T.**

Operation Frequency : GSM/GPRS/EGPRS 850: 824~849MHz

PCS/GPRS/EGPRS1900: 1850~1910MHz

WCDMA Band II: 1850-1910MHz WCDMA Band V: 824~849MHz LTE Band 2: 1850~1910MHz LTE Band 4: 1710~1755MHz LTE Band 7: 2500~2570MHz

WiFi:

802.11b/g/n HT20: 2412-2462MHz 802.11n HT40: 2422-2452MHz Bluetooth: 2402-2480MHz

Max. RF output power : GSM 850: 32.67dBm

EGPRS 850: 25.96dBm
PCS1900:29.66dBm
EGPRS 1900:25.78dBm
WCDMA Band II: 22.73dBm
WCDMA Band V: 22.42dBm

LTE Band 2: 23.69dBm LTE Band 4: 23.99dBm LTE Band 7: 23.87dBm

WiFi: 9.44dBm Bluetooth: 2.75dBm Reference No.: WTS15S0628456E Page 5 of 140

Max.SAR: 0.76 W/Kg 1g Head Tissue

1.16 W/Kg 1g Body Tissue1.16 W/Kg 1g Hotspot Tissue

Max Simultaneous SAR :1.35 W/Kg

Type of Modulation : GSM,GPRS: GMSK

EGPRS: GMSK, 8PSK

WCDMA: BPSK LTE: QPSK, 16QAM WiFi: CCK, OFDM

Bluetooth: GFSK, Pi/4 DQPSK,8DPSK

Antenna installation : GSM/WCDMA/LTE: internal permanent antenna

WiFi/Bluetooth: internal permanent antenna

Antenna Gain : GSM 850: 1.0dBi

PCS1900: 1.0dBi

WCDMA Band II: 1.0dBi WCDMA Band V: 1.0dBi LTE Band 2: 1.0dBi LTE Band 4: 1.0dBi LTE Band 7: 1.0dBi

WiFi: 0dBi

Bluetooth: 0dBi

Technical Data :Battery DC 3.8V, 2500mAh

DC 5V,1A, Charging form adapter

Adapter Input:100-300V~50/60Hz, 0.15A

Adapter :Manufacture: LAVA

Model No.: CLV-14

4 INTRODUCTION

Introduction

This measurement report shows compliance of the EUT with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1999 and FCC 47 CFR Part2 (2.1093)

.

The test procedures, as described in IEEE 1528-2013 Standard for IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques(300MHz~6GHz) and Published RF Exposure KDB Procedures

SAR Definition

SAR: Specific Absorption Rate

The SAR characterize the absorption of energy by a quantity of tissue

This is related to a increase of the temperature of these tissues during a time period.

DAS =
$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

DAS = $\frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$

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$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

SAR: Specific Absorption Rate

σ : Liquid conductivity

$$oe_r = e' - je''$$
 (complex permittivity of liquid)

$$\circ \sigma = \frac{\varepsilon'' \omega}{\varepsilon_0}$$

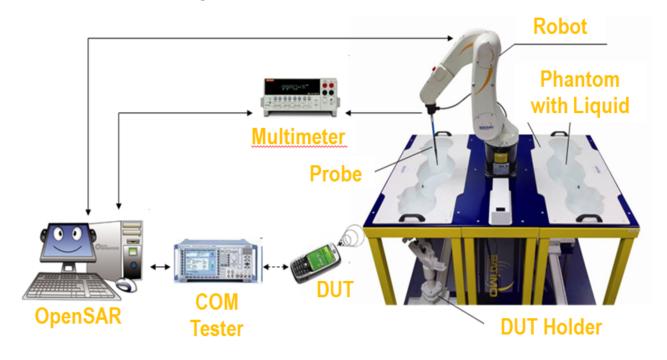
ρ: Liquid density
 ρ = 1000 g/L = 1000Kg/m³

where:

 σ = conductivity of the tissue (S/m) ρ = mass density of the tissue (kg/m3) E = rms electric field strength (V/m)

SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP

SAR bench sub-systems



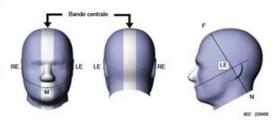
Scanning System (robot)

- It must be able to scan all the volume of the phantom to evaluate the tridimensional distribution of SAR.
- Must be able to set the probe orthogonal of the surface of the phantom (±30°).
- Detects stresses on the probe and stop itself if necessary to keep the integrity of the probe.



SAM Phantom (Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin)

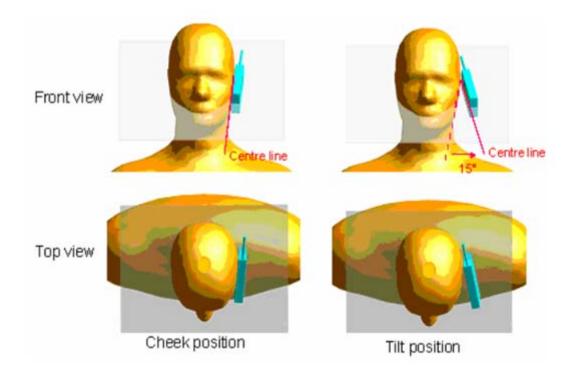
- The probe scanning of the E-Field is done in the 2 half of the normalized head.
- The normalized shape of the phantom corresponds to the dimensions of 90% of an adult head size.
- The materials for the phantom should not affect the radiation of the device under test (DUT)
 - Permittivity < 5
- The head is filled with tissue simulating liquid.
- The hand holding the DUT does not have to be modeled.



Blustration du fantôme donnant les points de référence des oreilles, RE et LE, le poin de référence de la bouche, M, la ligne de référence N-F et la bande centrale



Bi-section sagittale du fantôme avec périmètre étendu (montrée sur le côté comme lors des essais de DAS de l'appareil)



The OPENSAR system for performing compliance tests consist of the following items:

- 1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot (KUKA) with controller and software.
- 2. KUKA Control Panel (KCP).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- 4. The functions of the PC plug-in card are to perform the time critical task such as signal filtering, surveillance of the robot operation fast movement interrupts.
- 5. A computer operating Windows 7.
- 6. OPENSAR software.
- 7. Remote control with teaches pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- 8. The SAM phantom enabling testing left-hand right-hand and body usage.
- 9. The Position device for handheld EUT.
- 10. Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes (see Application Note).
- 11. System validation dipoles to validate the proper functioning of the system.

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Data Evaluation

The OPENSAR software automatically executes the following procedure to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the valuation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe	- Sensitivity	Norm _i
Parameters	- Conversion factor	ConvFi
	- Diode compression point	
	Dcpi	
Device	- Frequency	f
Parameter	- Crest factor	cf
Media Parametrs	- Conductivity	σ
1 arametrs	- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can either be found in the component documents or be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the OPENSAR components.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

Where V_i = Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 U_i = Input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = Crest factor of exciting field(DASY parameter)

dcp_i = Diode compression point (DASY parameter)

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From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: $E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$

H-field probes: $H_i = \sqrt{Vi} \cdot \frac{a_{i10} + a_{i11}f + a_{i12}f^2}{f}$

Where V_i = Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 $Norm_i$ = Sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2 for E0field Probes

ConvF= Sensitivity enhancement in solution

a_{ij} = Sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = Carrier frequency (GHz)

 E_i = Electric field strength of channel i in V/m

H_i = Magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} - \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

 $SAR - E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$

where SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [siemens/m]

 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field.

 P_{pee} - $\frac{E_{ne}^2}{3770}$ or P_{pee} - H_{ne}^2 :37.7

where P_{pwe} = Equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm2

 E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m Reference No.: WTS15S0628456E Page 12 of 140

SAR Evaluation - Peak Spatial - Average

The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps

Power Reference Measurement

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a finer measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in OPENSAR software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. The scan area is defined by an editable grid. This grid is anchored at the grid reference point of the selected section in the phantom. When the area scan's property sheet is brought-up, grid was at to 15 mm by 15 mm and can be edited by a user.

Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default zoom scan measures 5 x 5 x 7 points within a cube whose base faces are centered around the maximum found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. If the preceding Area Scan job indicates more then one maximum, the number of Zoom Scans has to be enlarged accordingly (The default number inserted is 1).

Power Drift measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have OPENSAR software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

SAR Evaluation – Peak SAR

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE1529 standard. It can be conducted for 1 g and 10 g. The OPENSAR system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such

as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maximum searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

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Extrapolation

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. They are used in the Cube Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the fourth order least square polynomial method for extrapolation. For a grid using 5x5x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1 g and 10 g cubes.

Definition of Reference Points

Ear Reference Point

Figure 6.2 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Phantom. The point "M" is the reference point for the center of the mouth, "LE" is the left ear reference point (ERP), and "RE" is the right ERP. The ERPs are 15mm posterior to the entrance to the ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 6.1. The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 6.1). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning [5].

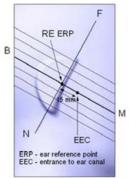


Figure 6.1 Close-up side view of ERP's



Figure 6.2 Front, back and side view of SAM

Device Reference Points

Two imaginary lines on the device need to be established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device is placed in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point" (See Fig. 6.3). The "test device reference point" is than located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device is positioned so that the "vertical centerline" is bisecting the front surface of the device at it's top and bottom edges, positioning the "ear reference point" on the outer surface of both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point [5].

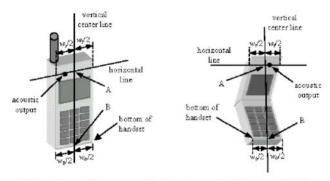


Figure 6.3 Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

Test Configuration - Positioning for Cheek / Touch

1. Position the device close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure below), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the device is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom



Figure 7.1 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek/Touch Position

- 2. Translate the device towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until the device touches the ear.
- 3. While maintaining the device in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (called the reference plane).
- 4. Rotate the device around the vertical centerline until the device (horizontal line) is symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
- 5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE and maintaining the device contact with the ear, rotate the device about the line NF until any point on the device is in contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek). See Figure below.

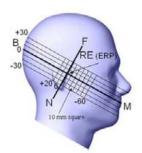


Figure 7.2 Side view w/ relevant markings

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Test Configuration - Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt

With the test device aligned in the Cheek/Touch Position":

- 1. While maintaining the orientation of the device, retracted the device parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the device by 15 degrees.
- 2. Rotate the device around the horizontal line by 15 degrees.
- 3. While maintaining the orientation of the device, move the device parallel to the reference plane until any part of the device touches the head. (In this position, point A is located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact is at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the device shall be reduced. The tilted position is obtained when any part of the device is in contact with the ear as well as a second part of the device is in contact with the head (see Figure below).

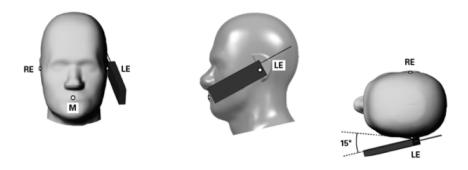
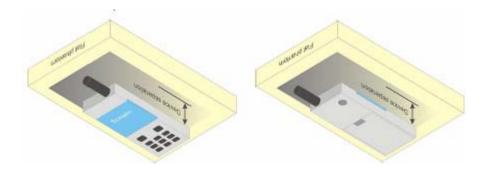


Figure 7.3 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15° Tilt Position

Test Position – Body Configurations

Body Worn Position

- (a) To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with either keypad up or down.
- (b) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- (c) To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 1.5 cm or holster surface and the flat phantom to 0 cm.



6 EXPOSURE LIMIT

In order for users to be aware of the body-worn operating requirements for meeting RF exposure compliance, operating instructions and cautions statements are included in the user's manual.

Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 8.1 Human Exposure Limits

	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIROMENT Professional Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ¹ Brain	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ² Whole Body	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ³ Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.00	20.00

¹ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

² The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

³ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

7 SYSTEM AND LIQUID VALIDATION

System Validation

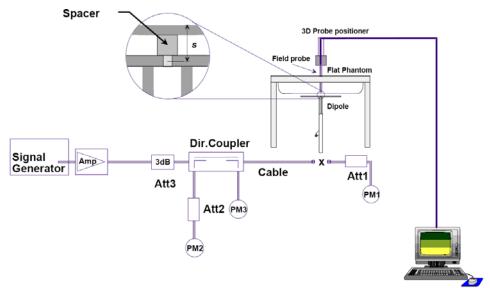


Fig 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

- 1. Signal Generator
- 2. Amplifier
- 3. Directional Coupler
- 4. Power Meter
- 5. Calibrated Dipole

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 30 dBm (1000 mW) before dipole is connected.

Numerical reference SAR values (W/kg) for reference dipole and flat phantom

Frequency (MHz)	1 g SAR	10 g SAR	Local SAR at surface (above feed-point)	Local SAR at surface (y = 2 cm offset from feed-point) ^a
300	3.0	2.0	4.4	2.1
450	4.9	3.3	7.2	3.2
835	9.5	6.2	4.1	4.9
900	10.8	6.9	16.4	5.4
1450	29.0	16.0	50.2	6.5
1800	38.1	19.8	69.5	6.8
1900	39.7	20.5	72.1	6.6
2000	41.1	21.1	74.6	6.5
2450	52.4	24.0	104.2	7.7
3000	63.8	25.7	140.2	9.5

Target and measurement SAR after Normalized:

Measurement Date	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type (head/body)	Target SAR1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR1g (W/kg)	Normalized SAR1g (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
July 3, 2015	835	head	9.53	0.947	9.47	-0.6
July 3, 2015	835	body	9.44	0.940	9.40	-0.4
July 6, 2015	1800	head	37.56	3.598	35.98	-4.2
July 6, 2015	1800	body	37.91	3.704	37.04	-23
July 8, 2015	1900	head	39.37	3.885	38.85	-1.3
July 8, 2015	1900	body	38.58	3.765	37.65	-2.4
July 11, 2015	2450	head	53.38	5.279	52.79	-1.1
July 11, 2015	2450	body	50.67	4.975	49.75	-1.8

Note: system check input power: 100mW

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Liquid Validation

The dielectric parameters were checked prior to assessment using the HP85070C dielectric probe kit. The dielectric parameters measured are reported in each correspondent section.

KDB 865664 recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters

The head and body tissue parameters given in this below table should be used to measure the SAR of transmitters operating in 100 MHz to 6 GHz frequency range. The tissue dielectric parameters of the tissue medium at the test frequency should be within the tolerance required in this document. The dielectric parameters should be linearly interpolated between the closest pair of target frequencies to determine the applicable dielectric parameters corresponding to the device test frequency.

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by IEEE Std 1528-2003 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in 1528 are derived from tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described above and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in 1528.

Target Frequency	Head		Во	ody
MHz	εr	σ (S/m)	εr	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

Liquid Confirmation Result:

Temperature: 21°C,	Temperature: 21°C , Relative humidity: 57% , Measured Date: July 3th, 2015				
025/MU=\	Description	Dielectric Parameters			
835(MHz)		εr	σ(s/m)		
Head	Target Value ±5% window	41.50 39.43 — 43.58	0.90 0.855 — 0.945		
1.000	Measurement Value	41.74	0.91		
Body	Target Value ±5% window	55.20 52.25 — 57.75	0.97 0.922 — 1.018		
	Measurement Value	55.48	0.98		

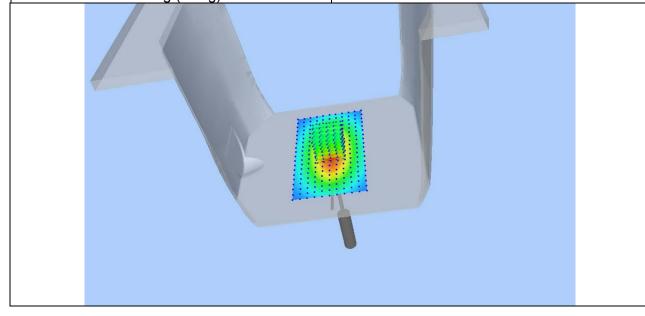
Temperature: 21°C,	Temperature: 21°C , Relative humidity: 57% , Measured Date: July 6th, 2015		
1800(MHz)	Description	Dielectric Parameters	
1000(181112)	Description	εr	σ(s/m)
Head	Target Value ±5% window	40.00 38.00 — 42.00	1.40 1.33 — 1.47
lioud	Measurement Value	40.75	1.39
Body	Target Value ±5% window	53.30 50.64 — 55.97	1.52 1.44 — 1.60
	Measurement Value	53.88	1.52

Temperature: 21°C,	Relative humidity: 57%, Me	easured Date: July 8th,	2015
1900(MHz)	Description	Dielectric Parameters	
1900(181112)		εr	σ(s/m)
Head	Target Value ±5% window	40.00 38.00 — 42.00	1.40 1.33 — 1.47
11000	Measurement Value	40.37	1.38
Body	Target Value ±5% window	53.30 50.64 — 55.97	1.52 1.44 — 1.60
Boay	Measurement Value	53.19	1.49

Temperature: 21°C , Relative humidity: 57% , Measured Date: July 11th, 2015				
2450(MHz)	Description	Dielectric Parameters		
2450(WIFIZ)		εr	σ(s/m)	
Head	Target Value ±5% window	39.20 37.24 — 41.16	1.80 1.71 — 1.89	
1.1000	Measurement Value	40.21	1.80	
Body	Target Value ±5% window	52.70 50.07 — 55.34	1.95 1.86 — 2.05	
	Measurement Value	53.41	1.98	

System Verification Plots Product Description: Dipole Model: SID835 Test Date: July 3th, 2015

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_835
Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.74
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
Input power	100mW
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP246
Crest factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	4.66
Sensor-surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.78
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.594714
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.947284



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Product Description: Dipole

Model: SID835

Test Date: July 3th, 2015

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_835	
Frequency (MHz)	835.000000	
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.48	
Conductivity (S/m)	0.98	
Input power	100mW	
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP246	
Crest factor	1.0	
Conversion Factor	4.80	
Sensor-surface	4mm dx=8mm dy=8mm	
Area Scan		
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm	
Variation (%)	-1.21	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.601847	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.940126	

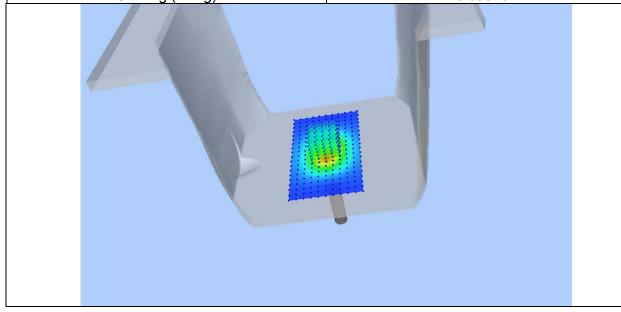
Reference No.: WTS15S0628456E Page 23 of 140

Product Description: Dipole

Model: SID1800

Test Date: July 6th, 2015

Medium(liquid type)	HSL 1800
Frequency (MHz)	1800.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.75
Conductivity (S/m)	1.39
Input power	100mW
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP246
Crest factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	3.86
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	1.30
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.984721
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.598462

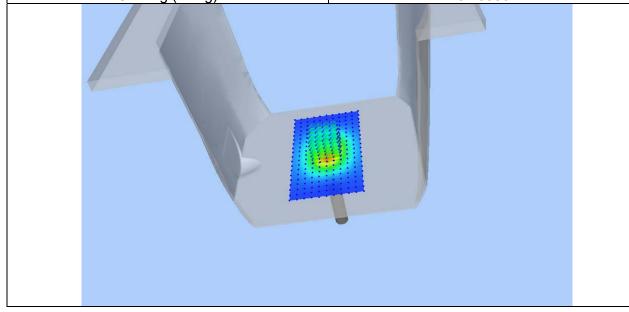


Product Description: Dipole

Model: SID1800

Test Date: July 6th, 2015

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1800
Frequency (MHz)	1800.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.88
Conductivity (S/m)	1.52
Input power	100mW
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP246
Crest factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	3.94
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-1.10
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.884629
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.703864



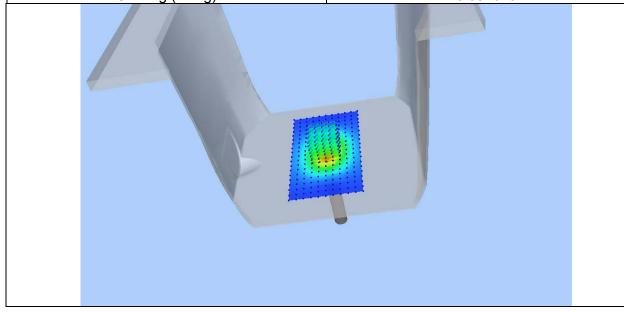
Reference No.: WTS15S0628456E Page 25 of 140

Product Description: Dipole

Model: SID1900

Test Date: July 8th, 2015

Medium(liquid type)	HSL 1900
Frequency (MHz)	1900.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.37
Conductivity (S/m)	1.38
Input power	100mW
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP246
Crest factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	4.45
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.52
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.974628
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.884629

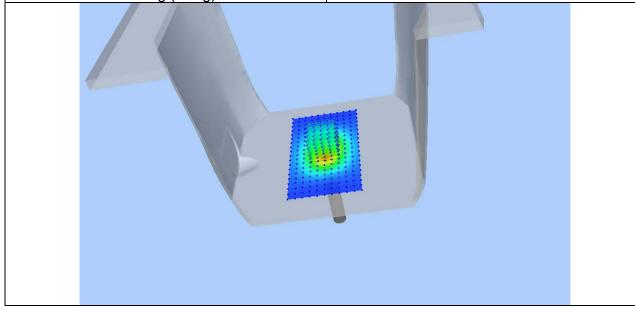


Product Description: Dipole

Model: SID1900

Test Date: July 8th, 2015

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1900.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.19
Conductivity (S/m)	1.49
Input power	100mW
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP246
Crest factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	4.57
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-1.37
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.946294
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.764926



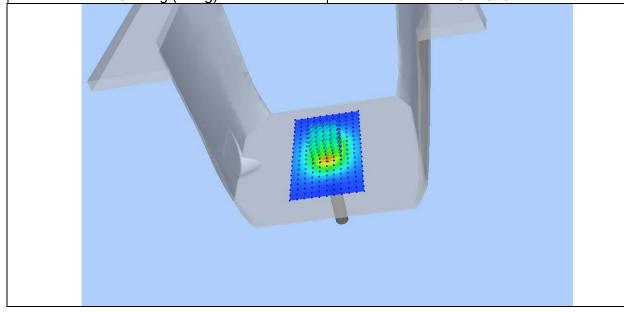
Reference No.: WTS15S0628456E Page 27 of 140

Product Description: Dipole

Model: SID2450

Test Date: July 11th, 2015

Medium(liquid type)	HSL 2450
` ' ' '	
Frequency (MHz)	2450.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.21
Conductivity (S/m)	1.80
Input power	100mW
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP246
Crest factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	3.83
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.24
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.378634
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.279467



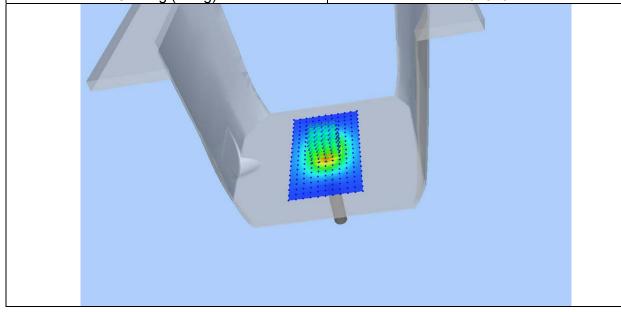
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Product Description: Dipole

Model: SID2450

Test Date: July 11th, 2015

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_2450
Frequency (MHz)	2450.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.41
Conductivity (S/m)	1.98
Input power	100mW
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP246
Crest factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	3.94
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.83
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.278458
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.975482



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8 TYPE A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience and specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table below:

Uncertainty Distribution	Normal	Rectangle	Triangular	U Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	1/k ^(b)	1 / √3	1/√6	1 / √2

(a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b) κ is the coverage factor

Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type -sumby taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %.

The COMOSAR Uncertainty Budget is show in below table:

UNCERTAINTY F	OR S	YST	EM F	PERF	ORM <i>A</i>	ANCE	CHEC	K
Uncertainty Component	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	1 g ui (± %)	10 g ui (± %)	vi
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	5,8	N	1	1	1	5,8	5,8	∞
Axial Isotropy	3,5	R	√3	(1- cp)1/2	(1- cp)1/2	1,42887	1,42887	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	5,9	R	√3	√Ср	√Ср	2,40866	2,40866	∞
Boundary Effect	1	R	√3	1	1	0,57735	0,57735	8
Linearity	4,7	R	√3	1	1	2,71355	2,71355	8
System Detection Limits	1	R	√3	1	1	0,57735	0,57735	8
Readout Electronics	0,5	N	1	1	1	0,5	0,5	8
Response Time	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	8
Integration Time	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,80829	0,80829	8
RF Ambient Conditions	3	R	√3	1	1	1,73205	1,73205	8
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,80829	0,80829	8
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,80829	0,80829	8
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	2,3	R	√3	1	1	1,32791	1,32791	8
Dipole								
Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	2	N	√3	1	1	1,1547	1,1547	N-1
Input Power and SAR drift measurement	5	R	√3	1	1	2,88675	2,88675	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4	R	√3	1	1	2,3094	2,3094	8
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	5	R	√3	0,64	0,43	1,84752	1,2413	8
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	4	N	1	0,64	0,43	2,56	1,72	М
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	5	R	√3	0,6	0,49	1,73205	1,41451	8
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	5	N	1	0,6	0,49	3	2,45	М
Combined Standard Uncertainty		RSS				9.6671	9.1646	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL)		k				19.3342	18.3292	

UNCERTAINTY EVALUATION FOR HANDSET SAR TEST								
Uncertainty Component	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c _i (1 g)	c _i (10 g)	1 g u _i (± %)	10 g u _i (± %)	Vį
Measurement System								VI
Probe Calibration	5,8	N	1	1	1	5,8	5,8	∞
Axial Isotropy	3,5	R	√3	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	1,43	1,43	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	5,9	R	√3	√C _p	√Cp	2,41	2,41	8
Boundary Effect	1	R	√3	1	1	0,58	0,58	∞
Linearity	4,7	R	√3	1	1	2,71	2,71	8
System Detection Limits	1	R	√3	1	1	0,58	0,58	∞
Readout Electronics	0,5	N	1	1	1	0,50	0,50	∞
Response Time	0	R	√3	1	1	0,00	0,00	∞
Integration Time	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,81	0,81	8
RF Ambient Conditions	3	R	√3	1	1	1,73	1,73	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,81	0,81	8
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,81	0,81	8
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	2,3	R	√3	1	1	1,33	1,33	8
Test sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	2,6	N	1	1	1	2,60	2,60	N-1
Device Holder Uncertainty	3	N	1	1	1	3,00	3,00	N-1
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	5	R	√3	1	1	2,89	2,89	8
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4	R	√3	1	1	2,31	2,31	8
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	5	R	√3	0,64	0,43	1,85	1,24	8
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	4	N	1	0,64	0,43	2,56	1,72	М
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	5	R	√3	0,6	0,49	1,73	1,41	8
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	5	N	1	0,6	0,49	3,00	2,45	М
Combined Standard Uncertainty		RSS				10.39	9.92	-
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL)		k				20.78	19.84	

9 TEST INSTRUMENT

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Mod el	Serial Number	Calibratio n Date	Calibration Due
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753E	JP38160684	2015-04- 02	2016-04-01
Universal Radio Communicatio n Tester	ROHDE&SC HW ARZ	CMU200	112461	2015-03- 23	2016-03-22
E-Field Probe	MVG	SSE5	SN 07/15 EP246	2015-03- 16	2016-03-15
DIPOLE 835	MVG	SID835	SN 09/15 DIP 0G835- 358	2015-03- 16	2016-03-15
DIPOLE 1800	MVG	SID1800	SN 09/15 DIP 1G800- 360	2015-03- 16	2016-03-15
DIPOLE 1900	MVG	SID1900	SN 09/15 DIP 1G900- 361	2015-03- 16	2016-03-15
DIPOLE 2450	MVG	SID2450	SN 09/15 DIP 2G450- 363	2015-03- 16	2016-03-15
Limesar Dielectric Probe	MVG	SCLMP	SN 11/15 OCPG 69	2015-03- 16	2016-03-15
Power Amplifier	BONN	BLWA 0830 - 160/100/40 D	128740	2014-09- 15	2015-09-14
Signal Generator	R&S	SMB100A	105942	2014-09- 15	2015-09-14
Power Meter	R&S	NRP2	102031	2014-09- 15	2015-09-14

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10 OUTPUT POWER VERIFICATION

Test Condition:

1. Conducted Measurement

EUT was set for low, mid, high channel with modulated mode and highest RF output power.

The base station simulator was connected to the antenna terminal.

2 Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty

All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz - 40GHz is $\pm 1.5\text{dB}$.

3 Environmental Conditions

Temperature 23°C
Relative Humidity 53%
Atmospheric Pressure 1019mbar

4 Test Date: July 3,2015

Tested By: Damon Wang

Test Procedures:

mobile phone radio output power measurement

- 1. The transmitter output port was connected to base station emulator.
- 2. Establish communication link between emulator and EUT and set EUT to operate at maximum output power all the time.
- 3. Select lowest, middle, and highest channels for each band and different possible test mode.
- 4. Measure the conducted peak burst power and conducted average burst power from EUT antenna port.

Other radio output power measurement

The output power was measured using power meter at low, mid, and hi channels.

Source-based Time Averaged Burst Power Calculation:

For TDMA, the following duty cycle factor was used to calculate the source-based time average power

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Duty cycle factor	-9.03 dB	-6.02 dB	-4.26 dB	-3.01 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

Remark: <u>Time slot duty cycle factor = 10 * log (1 / Time Slot Duty Cycle)</u>

Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Uplink) – 9.03 dB Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Uplink) – 6.02 dB Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Uplink) – 3.01 Db

Test Result:

Burst Average Power (dBm);									
Band	GSM850					PCS19	900		
Channel	128	190	251	Tune up Power tolerant	512	661	810	Tune up Power tolerant	
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	1	1850.2	1880	1909.8	/	
GSM Voice	32.57	32.67	32.56	32±1	29.65	29.43	29.23	29±1	
GPRS Multi-Slot Class8 (1 Uplink)	32.51	32.57	32.51	32±1	29.66	29.46	29.26	29±1	
GPRS Multi-Slot Class10 (2 Uplink)	31.64	31.67	31.43	32±1	28.78	28.69	28.61	28±1	
GPRS Multi-Slot Class12 (4 Uplink)	28.65	28.66	28.51	28±1	25.82	25.85	25.79	25±1	
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class8 (1 Uplink)	25.82	25.96	25.93	25±1	25.78	25.72	25.41	25±1	
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class10 (2 Uplink)	24.80	24.93	24.93	24±1	24.80	24.83	24.55	24±1	
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class12 (4 Uplink)	21.85	21.98	21.94	21±1	21.78	21.71	21.88	21±1	

Remark:

GPRS, CS1 coding scheme.
GPRS, MCS5 coding scheme.
Multi-Slot Class 8, Support Max 4 downlink, 1 uplink, 5 working link

Multi-Slot Class 10 , Support Max 4 downlink, 2 uplink , 5 working link

Multi-Slot Class 12, Support Max 4 downlink, 4 uplink, 5 working link

Source Based time Average Power (dBm)												
Band	GSM850				PCS1900							
Channel	975	62	124	Time Average factor	512	699	885	Time Average factor				
Frequency (MHz)	880.2	902.4	914.8	/	1710.2	1747.6	1784.8	/				
GSM Voice	23.54	23.64	23.53	-9.03	20.62	20.40	20.20	-9.03				
GPRS Multi-Slot Class8 (1 Uplink)	23.48	23.54	23.48	-9.03	20.63	20.43	20.23	-9.03				
GPRS Multi-Slot Class10 (2 Uplink)	25.62	25.65	25.41	-6.02	22.76	22.67	22.59	-6.02				
GPRS Multi-Slot Class12 (4 Uplink)	25.64	25.65	25.50	-3.01	22.81	22.84	22.78	-3.01				
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class8 (1 Uplink)	16.79	16.93	16.90	-9.03	16.75	16.69	16.38	-9.03				
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class10 (2 Uplink)	18.78	18.91	18.91	-6.02	18.78	18.81	18.53	-6.02				
EGPRS Multi-Slot Class12 (4 Uplink)	18.84	18.97	18.93	-3.01	18.77	18.70	18.87	-3.01				

Remark:

Time average factor = 1 uplink , 10*log(1/8)=-9.03dB , 2 uplink , 10*log(2/8)=-6.02dB , 4 uplink , 10*log(4/8)=-3.01dB

Source based time average power = Burst Average power + Time Average factor

Note: DUT was set in GPRS-Multi-slot Class12 with 4Uplink due to the Maximum source-base time average output power for body SAR.

WCDMA - Average Power (dBm)											
Band	WCDMA Band II				WCDMA Band V						
Channel	9262	9400	9538	Tune up Power tolerant	4132	4183	4233	Tune up Power tolerant			
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880	1907.6	1	826.4	836.6	846.6	1			
RMC 12.2k	22.73	22.50	22.70	22±1	22.42	22.27	22.40	22±1			
HSDPA Subtest-	21.32	21.21	21.40	21±1	21.44	21.22	21.37	21±1			
HSDPA Subtest-	21.15	20.85	20.89	21±1	21.22	20.96	21.74	21±1			
HSDPA Subtest-	20.97	20.91	21.34	21±1	20.84	21.04	21.80	21±1			
HSDPA Subtest-	21.51	21.31	21.86	21±1	21.54	21.65	20.92	21±1			
HSUPA Subtest-	21.46	21.31	21.57	21±1	21.45	21.19	21.42	21±1			
HSUPA Subtest-	20.38	21.51	21.00	21±1	21.79	20.97	21.12	21±1			
HSUPA Subtest-	21.35	21.49	21.79	21±1	21.12	21.53	21.29	21±1			
HSUPA Subtest-	21.54	21.66	21.14	21±1	21.34	20.88	20.97	21±1			
HSUPA Subtest-	21.69	21.17	21.46	21±1	21.25	21.46	21.76	21±1			

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LTE Power Reduction

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlined in section 6.2 of the 3GPP TS36.101 specification.

The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

Modulation	Cha	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (RB)									
	1.4 MHz										
QPSK	>5	>4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1				
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1				
16 QAM	> 5	>4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2				

The allowed A-MPR values specified below in Table 6.2.4.-1 of 3GPP TS36.101 are in addition to the allowed MPR requirements. All the measurements below were performed with A-MPR disabled, by using Network Signalling Value of "NS_01".

Table 6.2.4-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR)

Network Signalling value	Requirements (sub-clause)	E-UTRA Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources Blocks ($N_{ m RB}$)	A-MPR (dB)
NS_01	6.6.2.1.1	Table 5.5-1	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 5.6-1	NA
			3	>5	≤ 1
		0 4 10 00 05	5	>6	≤ 1
NS_03	6.6.2.2.1	2, 4,10, 23, 25, 35, 36	10	>6	≤ 1
			15	>8	≤ 1
			20	>10	≤ 1
NS 04	6.6.2.2.2	41	5	>6	≤ 1
140_04	0.0.2.2.2	41	10, 15, 20	See Tab	le 6.2.4-4
NS_05	6.6.3.3.1	1	10,15,20	≥ 50	≤ 1
NS_06	6.6.2.2.3	12, 13, 14, 17	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 5.6-1	n/a
NS_07	6.6.2.2.3 6.6.3.3.2	13	10	Table 6.2.4-2	Table 6.2.4-2
NS_08	6.6.3.3.3	19	10, 15	> 44	≤ 3
NS_09	6.6.3.3.4	21	10, 15	> 40 > 55	≤ 1 ≤ 2
NS_10		20	15, 20	Table 6.2.4-3	Table 6.2.4-3
NS_11	6.6.2.2.1	231	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 6.2.4-5	Table 6.2.4-5
NS_32	-	-	-	-	-
Note 1: A	pplies to the lower l	block of Band 23, i.e.	a carrier place	d in the 2000-201	10 MHz region.

LTE Band 2:

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)
				1	0	23.61	23.0±1
				1	2	23.47	23.0±1
				1	5	23.56	23.0±1
			QPSK	3	0	23.42	23.0±1
				3	1	23.41	23.0±1
				3	2	23.38	23.0±1
	10007	1050.7		6	0	22.68	23.0±1
	18607	1850.7		1	0	22.56	22.0±1
				1	2	22.62	22.0±1
				1	5	22.25	22.0±1
			16QAM	3	0	22.40	22.0±1
				3	1	22.71	22.0±1
				3	2	22.36	22.0±1
				6	0	21.54	22.0±1
				1	0	23.38	23.0±1
				1	2	23.48	23.0±1
				1	5	23.26	23.0±1
			QPSK	3	0	23.14	23.0±1
				3	1	23.69	23.0±1
				3	2	23.39	23.0±1
4 48411-	40000	4000		6	0	22.36	23.0±1
1.4MHz	18900	1880	16QAM	1	0	22.14	22.0±1
				1	2	22.51	22.0±1
				1	5	22.42	22.0±1
				3	0	22.14	22.0±1
				3	1	22.08	22.0±1
				3	2	22.23	22.0±1
				6	0	21.11	22.0±1
				1	0	22.70	23.0±1
				1	2	22.85	23.0±1
				1	5	22.74	23.0±1
			QPSK	3	0	22.69	23.0±1
				3	1	22.16	23.0±1
				3	2	22.27	23.0±1
	40400	4000.0		6	0	22.09	23.0±1
	19193	1909.3		1	0	22.00	22.0±1
				1	2	22.12	22.0±1
				1	5	22.66	22.0±1
			16QAM	3	0	21.26	22.0±1
				3	1	21.20	22.0±1
				3	2	21.63	22.0±1
				6	0	21.30	22.0±1

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)
				1	0	23.62	23.0±1
				1	8	23.24	23.0±1
				1	14	23.39	23.0±1
			QPSK	6	0	22.67	23.0±1
				6	4	22.47	23.0±1
				6	9	22.61	23.0±1
	18615	1851.5		15	0	22.50	23.0±1
	10015	1051.5		1	0	22.81	22.0±1
				1	8	22.57	22.0±1
				1	14	22.89	22.0±1
			16QAM	6	0	21.53	22.0±1
				6	4	21.45	22.0±1
				6	9	21.10	22.0±1
				15	0	21.43	22.0±1
				1	0	23.30	23.0±1
				1	8	23.06	23.0±1
				1	14	23.67	23.0±1
			QPSK	6	0	22.38	23.0±1
				6	4	22.33	23.0±1
				6	9	22.27	23.0±1
2N4LI=	10000	1880		15	0	22.18	23.0±1
3MHz	18900	1000	16QAM	1	0	22.23	22.0±1
				1	8	22.46	22.0±1
				1	14	22.59	22.0±1
				6	0	21.20	22.0±1
				6	4	21.11	22.0±1
				6	9	21.06	22.0±1
				15	0	21.04	22.0±1
				1	0	23.07	23.0±1
				1	8	23.45	23.0±1
				1	14	23.26	23.0±1
			QPSK	6	0	22.80	23.0±1
				6	4	22.40	23.0±1
				6	9	22.33	23.0±1
	10195	1908.5		15	0	22.37	23.0±1
	19185	1900.5		1	0	22.33	22.0±1
				1	8	22.49	22.0±1
				1	14	22.64	22.0±1
			16QAM	6	0	21.34	22.0±1
				6	4	21.30	22.0±1
				6	9	21.13	22.0±1
				15	0	21.27	22.0±1

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)
				1	0	22.65	22.0±1
				1	12	22.36	22.0±1
				1	24	22.49	22.0±1
			QPSK	12	0	21.55	22.0±1
				12	6	21.46	22.0±1
				12	11	21.12	22.0±1
	18625	1050 F		25	0	21.47	22.0±1
	18023	1852.5		1	0	21.40	21.0±1
				1	12	21.18	21.0±1
				1	24	21.00	21.0±1
			16QAM	12	0	20.78	21.0±1
				12	6	20.71	21.0±1
				12	11	20.52	21.0±1
				25	0	20.43	21.0±1
				1	0	22.32	22.0±1
				1	12	22.23	22.0±1
				1	24	22.42	22.0±1
			QPSK	12	0	21.24	22.0±1
				12	6	21.37	22.0±1
				12	11	21.05	22.0±1
5 1 1 1 -	40000	4000		25	0	21.15	22.0±1
5MHz	18900	1880	16QAM	1	0	21.40	21.0±1
				1	12	21.62	21.0±1
				1	24	21.28	21.0±1
				12	0	21.06	21.0±1
				12	6	21.38	21.0±1
				12	11	21.16	21.0±1
				25	0	20.06	21.0±1
				1	0	22.21	22.0±1
				1	12	22.14	22.0±1
				1	24	22.38	22.0±1
			QPSK	12	0	21.48	22.0±1
				12	6	21.33	22.0±1
				12	11	21.29	22.0±1
	40475	4007.5		25	0	21.21	22.0±1
	19175	1907.5		1	0	21.53	21.0±1
				1	12	21.35	21.0±1
				1	24	21.26	21.0±1
			16QAM	12	0	21.11	21.0±1
				12	6	21.35	21.0±1
				12	11	21.26	21.0±1
				25	0	20.27	21.0±1

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)
				1	0	22.72	22.0±1
				1	24	22.70	22.0±1
				1	49	22.53	22.0±1
			QPSK	25	0	21.48	22.0±1
				25	12	21.44	22.0±1
				25	24	21.51	22.0±1
	40050	4055		50	0	21.41	22.0±1
	18650	1855		1	0	21.90	21.0±1
				1	24	21.89	21.0±1
				1	49	21.52	21.0±1
			16QAM	25	0	21.13	21.0±1
				25	12	21.11	21.0±1
				25	24	21.05	21.0±1
				50	0	20.32	21.0±1
) 1880		1	0	22.08	22.0±1
				1	24	21.77	22.0±1
				1	49	21.78	22.0±1
			QPSK	25	0	21.18	22.0±1
				25	12	21.11	22.0±1
				25	24	21.05	22.0±1
40MI I-	10000			50	0	21.14	22.0±1
10MHz	18900	1880	16QAM	1	0	21.28	21.0±1
				1	24	21.00	21.0±1
				1	49	21.05	21.0±1
				25	0	20.46	21.0±1
				25	12	20.15	21.0±1
				25	24	20.36	21.0±1
				50	0	20.05	21.0±1
				1	0	22.52	22.0±1
				1	24	22.16	22.0±1
				1	49	22.25	22.0±1
			QPSK	25	0	21.49	22.0±1
				25	12	21.67	22.0±1
				25	24	21.32	22.0±1
	10150	1905		50	0	21.41	22.0±1
	19150	1900		1	0	21.47	21.0±1
				1	24	21.25	21.0±1
				1	49	21.27	21.0±1
			16QAM	25	0	20.81	21.0±1
				25	12	20.59	21.0±1
				25	24	20.55	21.0±1
				50	0	20.34	21.0±1

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)
				1	0	23.01	22.5±1
				1	37	22.72	22.5±1
				1	74	22.87	22.5±1
			QPSK	36	0	22.12	22.5±1
				36	16	22.19	22.5±1
				36	35	22.05	22.5±1
	40075	4057.5		75	0	22.03	22.5±1
	18675	1857.5		1	0	22.38	21.5±1
				1	37	22.11	21.5±1
				1	74	22.10	21.5±1
			16QAM	36	0	21.45	21.5±1
				36	16	21.12	21.5±1
				36	35	21.43	21.5±1
				75	0	20.90	21.5±1
				1	0	22.88	22.5±1
				1	37	22.54	22.5±1
				1	74	22.59	22.5±1
			QPSK	36	0	21.87	22.5±1
				36	16	21.74	22.5±1
				36	35	21.63	22.5±1
451411-	40000	4000		75	0	21.87	22.5±1
15MHz	18900	00 1880	16QAM	1	0	21.82	21.5±1
				1	37	21.59	21.5±1
				1	74	21.66	21.5±1
				36	0	21.21	21.5±1
				36	16	21.13	21.5±1
				36	35	21.22	21.5±1
				75	0	20.78	21.5±1
				1	0	22.91	22.5±1
				1	37	22.74	22.5±1
				1	74	22.58	22.5±1
			QPSK	36	0	22.03	22.5±1
				36	16	22.12	22.5±1
				36	35	21.95	22.5±1
	10405	1000 5		75	0	22.00	22.5±1
	19125	1902.5		1	0	22.03	21.5±1
				1	37	22.10	21.5±1
				1	74	22.07	21.5±1
			16QAM	36	0	21.36	21.5±1
				36	16	21.74	21.5±1
				36	35	21.23	21.5±1
				75	0	20.84	21.5±1

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)
				1	0	23.17	22.5±1
				1	49	22.98	22.5±1
				1	99	23.10	22.5±1
			QPSK	50	0	21.90	22.5±1
				50	24	21.79	22.5±1
				50	49	21.80	22.5±1
	40700	4000		100	0	21.82	22.5±1
	18700	1860		1	0	22.23	21.5±1
				1	49	22.06	21.5±1
				1	99	21.85	21.5±1
			16QAM	50	0	21.64	21.5±1
				50	24	21.55	21.5±1
				50	49	21.43	21.5±1
				100	0	20.75	21.5±1
				1	0	23.12	22.5±1
		1880		1	49	23.37	22.5±1
				1	99	23.22	22.5±1
			QPSK	50	0	21.71	22.5±1
				50	24	21.63	22.5±1
				50	49	21.45	22.5±1
201411-	10000			100	0	21.72	22.5±1
20MHz	18900	1880	16QAM	1	0	21.90	21.5±1
				1	49	21.77	21.5±1
				1	99	21.62	21.5±1
				50	0	21.39	21.5±1
				50	24	21.13	21.5±1
				50	49	21.23	21.5±1
				100	0	20.66	21.5±1
				1	0	22.74	22.5±1
				1	49	22.47	22.5±1
				1	99	22.40	22.5±1
			QPSK	50	0	21.81	22.5±1
				50	24	21.80	22.5±1
				50	49	21.96	22.5±1
	10100	1900		100	0	21.79	22.5±1
	19100	1900		1	0	22.20	21.5±1
				1	49	22.06	21.5±1
				1	99	22.12	21.5±1
			16QAM	50	0	21.63	21.5±1
				50	24	21.33	21.5±1
				50	49	21.22	21.5±1
				100	0	20.72	21.5±1

LTE Band 4:

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)
				1	0	23.23	23.0±1
				1	2	23.19	23.0±1
				1	5	23.41	23.0±1
			QPSK	3	0	23.53	23.0±1
				3	1	23.66	23.0±1
				3	2	23.58	23.0±1
	19957	1710.7		6	0	23.44	23.0±1
	19957	17 10.7		1	0	23.22	23.0±1
				1	2	23.04	23.0±1
				1	5	23.41	23.0±1
			16QAM	3	0	23.45	23.0±1
				3	1	23.39	23.0±1
				3	2	23.22	23.0±1
				6	0	23.44	23.0±1
				1	0	23.66	23.0±1
		1722 5		1	2	23.70	23.0±1
			QPSK	1	5	23.86	23.0±1
				3	0	23.78	23.0±1
				3	1	23.77	23.0±1
				3	2	23.86	23.0±1
4 4 5 4 1 1 -	004==			6	0	23.70	23.0±1
1.4MHz	20175	1732.5		1	0	23.75	23.0±1
			16QAM	1	2	23.89	23.0±1
				1	5	23.62	23.0±1
				3	0	23.50	23.0±1
				3	1	23.67	23.0±1
				3	2	23.62	23.0±1
				6	0	23.62	23.0±1
				1	0	23.37	23.0±1
				1	2	23.47	23.0±1
				1	5	23.39	23.0±1
			QPSK	3	0	23.51	23.0±1
				3	1	23.59	23.0±1
				3	2	23.44	23.0±1
	00000	47540		6	0	23.38	23.0±1
	20393	1754.3		1	0	23.42	23.0±1
				1	2	23.24	23.0±1
				1	5	23.56	23.0±1
			16QAM	3	0	23.26	23.0±1
				3	1	23.18	23.0±1
				3	2	23.22	23.0±1
				6	0	23.29	23.0±1

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)
				1	0	23.41	23.0±1
				1	8	23.53	23.0±1
				1	14	23.40	23.0±1
			QPSK	6	0	23.48	23.0±1
				6	4	23.32	23.0±1
				6	9	23.48	23.0±1
	40005	4744.5		15	0	23.54	23.0±1
	19965	1711.5		1	0	23.93	23.0±1
				1	8	23.65	23.0±1
				1	14	23.55	23.0±1
			16QAM	6	0	23.53	23.0±1
				6	4	23.41	23.0±1
				6	9	23.49	23.0±1
				15	0	23.57	23.0±1
		75 1732.5		1	0	23.72	23.0±1
				1	8	23.79	23.0±1
			QPSK	1	14	23.80	23.0±1
				6	0	23.74	23.0±1
				6	4	23.69	23.0±1
				6	9	23.82	23.0±1
ON 41 I-	00475			15	0	23.76	23.0±1
3MHz	20175		16QAM	1	0	23.82	23.0±1
				1	8	23.96	23.0±1
				1	14	23.80	23.0±1
				6	0	23.71	23.0±1
				6	4	23.52	23.0±1
				6	9	23.60	23.0±1
				15	0	23.68	23.0±1
				1	0	23.41	23.0±1
				1	8	23.41	23.0±1
				1	14	23.28	23.0±1
			QPSK	6	0	23.40	23.0±1
				6	4	23.36	23.0±1
				6	9	23.44	23.0±1
	20385	1753.5		15	0	23.48	23.0±1
	20385	1733.3		1	0	23.43	23.0±1
				1	8	23.60	23.0±1
				1	14	23.54	23.0±1
			16QAM	6	0	23.32	23.0±1
				6	4	23.27	23.0±1
				6	9	23.49	23.0±1
				15	0	23.52	23.0±1

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)
				1	0	23.58	23.0±1
				1	49	23.50	23.0±1
				1	99	23.66	23.0±1
			QPSK	12	0	23.64	23.0±1
				12	24	23.80	23.0±1
				12	49	23.51	23.0±1
	40075	4740.5		25	0	23.63	23.0±1
	19975	1712.5		1	0	23.46	23.0±1
				1	49	23.48	23.0±1
				1	99	23.55	23.0±1
			16QAM	12	0	23.36	23.0±1
				12	24	23.47	23.0±1
				12	49	23.77	23.0±1
				25	0	23.66	23.0±1
				1	0	23.83	23.0±1
				1	49	23.80	23.0±1
		75 1722 5		1	99	23.91	23.0±1
			QPSK	12	0	23.82	23.0±1
				12	24	23.70	23.0±1
				12	49	23.79	23.0±1
5N41 I-	00475			25	0	23.75	23.0±1
5MHz	20175	1732.5	16QAM	1	0	23.85	23.0±1
				1	49	23.65	23.0±1
				1	99	23.69	23.0±1
				12	0	23.73	23.0±1
				12	24	23.71	23.0±1
				12	49	23.83	23.0±1
				25	0	23.74	23.0±1
				1	0	23.22	23.0±1
				1	49	23.36	23.0±1
				1	99	23.48	23.0±1
			QPSK	12	0	23.22	23.0±1
				12	24	23.15	23.0±1
				12	49	23.34	23.0±1
	20275	1752.5		25	0	23.17	23.0±1
	20375	1752.5		1	0	23.44	23.0±1
				1	49	23.54	23.0±1
				1	99	23.61	23.0±1
			16QAM	12	0	23.51	23.0±1
				12	24	23.29	23.0±1
				12	49	23.48	23.0±1
				25	0	23.14	23.0±1

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)
				1	0	23.26	23.0±1
				1	49	23.30	23.0±1
				1	99	23.21	23.0±1
			QPSK	25	0	23.29	23.0±1
				25	24	23.45	23.0±1
				25	49	23.33	23.0±1
	20000	1715		50	0	23.36	23.0±1
	20000	1715		1	0	23.65	23.0±1
				1	49	23.52	23.0±1
				1	99	23.39	23.0±1
			16QAM	25	0	23.40	23.0±1
				25	24	23.15	23.0±1
				25	49	23.22	23.0±1
				50	0	23.33	23.0±1
				1	0	23.58	23.0±1
				1	49	23.58	23.0±1
				1	99	23.47	23.0±1
			QPSK	25	0	23.47	23.0±1
				25	24	23.60	23.0±1
				25	49	23.51	23.0±1
10MHz	20175	1732.5		50	0	23.47	23.0±1
TUIVITIZ	20175	1/32.5	16QAM	1	0	23.64	23.0±1
				1	49	23.66	23.0±1
				1	99	23.52	23.0±1
				25	0	23.44	23.0±1
				25	24	23.23	23.0±1
				25	49	23.36	23.0±1
				50	0	23.40	23.0±1
				1	0	23.21	23.0±1
				1	49	23.30	23.0±1
				1	99	23.22	23.0±1
			QPSK	25	0	23.16	23.0±1
				25	24	23.08	23.0±1
				25	49	23.11	23.0±1
	20350	1750		50	0	23.18	23.0±1
		1730		1	0	23.14	23.0±1
				1	49	23.22	23.0±1
				1	99	23.24	23.0±1
			16QAM	25	0	23.30	23.0±1
				25	24	23.29	23.0±1
				25	49	23.12	23.0±1
				50	0	23.17	23.0±1

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)
				1	0	23.28	23.0±1
				1	49	23.24	23.0±1
				1	99	23.55	23.0±1
			QPSK	36	0	23.42	23.0±1
				36	24	23.63	23.0±1
				36	49	23.27	23.0±1
	20005	4747.5		75	0	23.50	23.0±1
	20025	1717.5		1	0	23.66	23.0±1
				1	49	23.99	23.0±1
				1	99	23.58	23.0±1
			16QAM	36	0	23.61	23.0±1
				36	24	23.41	23.0±1
				36	49	23.33	23.0±1
				75	0	23.47	23.0±1
			QPSK	1	0	23.58	23.0±1
		1732.5		1	49	23.66	23.0±1
				1	99	23.54	23.0±1
				36	0	23.61	23.0±1
				36	24	23.50	23.0±1
				36	49	23.49	23.0±1
451411-	20175			75	0	23.58	23.0±1
15MHz	20175		16QAM	1	0	23.63	23.0±1
				1	49	23.66	23.0±1
				1	99	23.45	23.0±1
				36	0	23.78	23.0±1
				36	24	23.35	23.0±1
				36	49	23.47	23.0±1
				75	0	23.53	23.0±1
				1	0	23.35	23.0±1
				1	49	23.40	23.0±1
				1	99	23.57	23.0±1
			QPSK	36	0	23.32	23.0±1
				36	24	23.23	23.0±1
				36	49	23.40	23.0±1
	20325	1747.5		75	0	23.32	23.0±1
	20325	1/4/.5		1	0	23.65	23.0±1
				1	49	23.66	23.0±1
				1	99	23.49	23.0±1
			16QAM	36	0	23.41	23.0±1
				36	24	23.16	23.0±1
				36	49	23.20	23.0±1
				75	0	23.25	23.0±1

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)
				1	0	23.34	23.0±1
				1	49	23.41	23.0±1
				1	99	23.20	23.0±1
			QPSK	50	0	23.34	23.0±1
				50	24	23.28	23.0±1
				50	49	23.59	23.0±1
	20050	4700		100	0	23.41	23.0±1
	20050	1720		1	0	23.43	23.0±1
				1	49	23.37	23.0±1
				1	99	23.09	23.0±1
			16QAM	50	0	23.55	23.0±1
				50	24	23.36	23.0±1
				50	49	23.52	23.0±1
				100	0	23.35	23.0±1
		1732.5	QPSK	1	0	23.57	23.0±1
				1	49	23.51	23.0±1
				1	99	23.56	23.0±1
				50	0	23.49	23.0±1
				50	24	23.44	23.0±1
				50	49	23.14	23.0±1
001411	20175			100	0	23.41	23.0±1
20MHz			16QAM	1	0	23.57	23.0±1
				1	49	23.60	23.0±1
				1	99	23.45	23.0±1
				50	0	23.24	23.0±1
				50	24	23.47	23.0±1
				50	49	23.30	23.0±1
				100	0	23.29	23.0±1
				1	0	23.47	23.0±1
				1	49	23.52	23.0±1
				1	99	23.36	23.0±1
			QPSK	50	0	23.19	23.0±1
				50	24	23.20	23.0±1
				50	49	23.02	23.0±1
	00000	4745		100	0	23.17	23.0±1
	20300	1745		1	0	23.46	23.0±1
				1	49	23.42	23.0±1
				1	99	23.55	23.0±1
			16QAM	50	0	23.18	23.0±1
				50	24	23.25	23.0±1
				50	49	23.32	23.0±1
				100	0	23.20	23.0±1

LTE Band 7:

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)
				1	0	21.87	21.0±1
				1	49	21.35	21.0±1
				1	99	21.55	21.0±1
			QPSK	12	0	20.77	21.0±1
				12	24	20.86	21.0±1
				12	49	20.52	21.0±1
	20775	2502.5		25	0	20.68	21.0±1
	20113	2302.3		1	0	21.01	20.5±1
				1	49	21.12	20.5±1
				1	99	21.03	20.5±1
			16QAM	12	0	20.62	20.5±1
				12	24	20.44	20.5±1
				12	49	20.21	20.5±1
				25	0	19.65	20.5±1
			QPSK	1	0	21.76	21.0±1
		2535		1	49	21.41	21.0±1
				1	99	21.54	21.0±1
				12	0	20.74	21.0±1
				12	24	20.47	21.0±1
				12	49	20.70	21.0±1
5MHz	21100			25	0	20.69	21.0±1
JIVII IZ			16QAM	1	0	20.76	20.5±1
				1	49	20.63	20.0±1
				1	99	20.59	20.0±1
				12	0	20.38	20.0±1
				12	24	20.15	20.0±1
				12	49	20.00	20.0±1
				25	0	19.76	20.0±1
				1	0	21.29	21.0±1
				1	49	21.39	21.0±1
				1	99	21.24	21.0±1
			QPSK	12	0	21.30	21.0±1
				12	24	21.59	21.0±1
				12	49	21.63	21.0±1
	21425	2567.5		25	0	21.25	21.0±1
	21723	2307.3		1	0	21.27	21.0±1
				1	49	21.47	21.0±1
				1	99	21.56	21.0±1
			16QAM	12	0	21.39	21.0±1
				12	24	21.12	21.0±1
				12	49	21.26	21.0±1
				25	0	21.37	21.0±1

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)
				1	0	23.87	23.0±1
				1	49	23.51	23.0±1
				1	99	23.56	23.0±1
			QPSK	25	0	22.69	23.0±1
				25	24	22.62	23.0±1
				25	49	22.80	23.0±1
	20000	2505		50	0	22.66	23.0±1
	20800	2505		1	0	23.22	22.5±1
				1	49	23.15	22.5±1
				1	99	23.11	22.5±1
			16QAM	25	0	22.47	22.5±1
				25	24	22.16	22.5±1
				25	49	22.14	22.5±1
				50	0	21.71	22.5±1
			QPSK	1	0	23.75	23.0±1
		2535		1	49	23.45	23.0±1
				1	99	23.48	23.0±1
				25	0	22.70	23.0±1
				25	24	22.58	23.0±1
				25	49	22.63	23.0±1
10MHz	21100			50	0	22.66	23.0±1
TUIVITZ			16QAM	1	0	22.86	22.5±1
				1	49	22.84	22.5±1
				1	99	22.79	22.5±1
				25	0	22.81	22.5±1
				25	24	22.74	22.5±1
				25	49	22.59	22.5±1
				50	0	21.73	22.5±1
				1	0	22.42	23.0±1
				1	49	22.07	23.0±1
				1	99	22.40	23.0±1
			QPSK	25	0	22.19	23.0±1
				25	24	22.59	23.0±1
				25	49	22.87	23.0±1
	21400	2565		50	0	23.05	23.0±1
	21400	2505		1	0	21.52	22.5±1
				1	49	21.87	22.5±1
				1	99	21.91	22.5±1
			16QAM	25	0	22.02	22.5±1
				25	24	22.15	22.5±1
				25	49	22.00	22.5±1
				50	0	22.21	22.5±1

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)
				1	0	23.00	22.5±1
				1	49	22.74	22.5±1
				1	99	22.89	22.5±1
			QPSK	36	0	21.94	22.5±1
				36	24	21.88	22.5±1
				36	49	21.90	22.5±1
	20005	0507.5		75	0	21.91	22.5±1
	20825	2507.5		1	0	22.17	22.5±1
				1	49	22.00	22.5±1
				1	99	21.92	22.5±1
			16QAM	36	0	22.12	22.5±1
				36	24	21.74	22.5±1
				36	49	21.88	22.5±1
				75	0	21.86	22.5±1
		2535	QPSK	1	0	23.70	23.0±1
				1	49	23.36	23.0±1
				1	99	23.56	23.0±1
				36	0	22.76	23.0±1
				36	24	22.81	23.0±1
				36	49	22.63	23.0±1
45MH-	24400			75	0	22.74	23.0±1
15MHz	21100		16QAM	1	0	23.24	22.5±1
				1	49	23.11	22.5±1
				1	99	22.95	22.5±1
				36	0	22.63	22.5±1
				36	24	22.22	22.5±1
				36	49	22.54	22.5±1
				75	0	21.77	22.5±1
				1	0	22.86	22.0±1
				1	49	22.74	22.0±1
				1	99	22.36	22.0±1
			QPSK	36	0	21.67	22.0±1
				36	24	21.76	22.0±1
				36	49	21.52	22.0±1
	21275	2562.5		75	0	21.41	22.0±1
	21375	2002.5		1	0	21.94	22.0±1
				1	49	21.96	22.0±1
				1	99	21.85	22.0±1
			16QAM	36	0	21.63	22.0±1
				36	24	21.65	22.0±1
				36	49	21.66	22.0±1
				75	0	21.47	22.0±1

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)
				1	0	22.94	22.0±1
				1	49	22.57	22.0±1
				1	99	22.74	22.0±1
			QPSK	50	0	21.77	22.0±1
				50	24	21.74	22.0±1
				50	49	21.69	22.0±1
	00050	0540		100	0	21.73	22.0±1
	20850	2510		1	0	22.13	22.0±1
				1	49	22.01	22.0±1
				1	99	21.98	22.0±1
			16QAM	50	0	21.79	22.0±1
				50	24	21.70	22.0±1
				50	49	21.71	22.0±1
				100	0	21.79	22.0±1
			QPSK	1	0	23.83	23.0±1
		2535		1	49	23.51	23.0±1
				1	99	23.55	23.0±1
				50	0	22.68	23.0±1
				50	24	22.66	23.0±1
				50	49	22.59	23.0±1
001411	21100			100	0	22.61	23.0±1
20MHz			16QAM	1	0	23.01	22.5±1
				1	49	22.85	22.5±1
				1	99	22.87	22.5±1
				50	0	22.25	22.5±1
			·	50	24	21.89	22.5±1
				50	49	21.93	22.5±1
				100	0	21.65	22.5±1
				1	0	23.13	22.5±1
				1	49	22.98	22.5±1
				1	99	22.79	22.5±1
			QPSK	50	0	21.85	22.5±1
				50	24	21.63	22.5±1
				50	49	21.54	22.5±1
	0.46==	0.5.5		100	0	21.52	22.5±1
	21350	2560		1	0	22.57	22.5±1
				1	49	22.54	22.5±1
				1	99	22.46	22.5±1
			16QAM	50	0	22.30	22.5±1
			-,	50	24	22.21	22.5±1
				50	49	22.12	22.5±1
				100	0	21.63	22.5±1

WIFI Mode (2.4G)

Mode	Channel number	Frequency (MHz)	Data rate(Mbps)	Average Output Power(dBm)	Average Tune up limited(dBm)
	1	2412	1	9.06	8.5±1
802.11b	6	2437	1	9.44	8.5±1
	11	2462	1	9.07	8.5±1
	1	2412	6	9.18	8.5±1
802.11g	6	2437	6	9.33	8.5±1
· ·	11	2462	6	9.37	8.5±1
	1	2412	MCS0	9.13	8.5±1
802.11n(HT20)	6	2437	MCS0	9.34	8.5±1
	11	2462	MCS0	9.35	8.5±1
	3	2422	MCS0	9.27	8.5±1
802.11n(HT40)	6	2437	MCS0	9.29	8.5±1
	9	2452	MCS0	9.10	8.5±1

Bluetooth Measurement Result

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)	Tune up limited(dBm)
	2402	2.32	2.0±1
GFSK	2441	0.30	0.5±1
	2480	2.75	2.0±1
	2402	1.16	2.0±1
π/4DQPSK	2441	-0.47	0.5±1
	2480	1.92	2.0±1
	2402	1.39	2.0±1
8DPSK	2441	-0.37	0.5±1
	2480	1.78	2.0±1

BLE Measurement Result

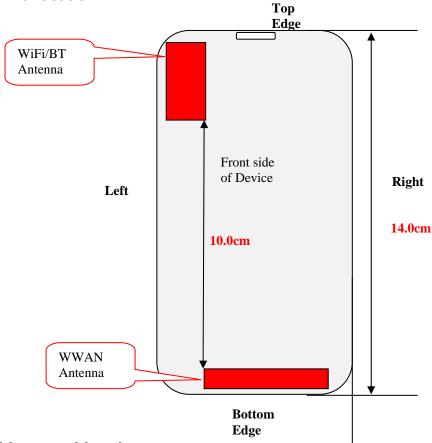
	Channel number	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	
	0	2402	-5.03	-5.0±1	
ſ	19	2440	-5.57	-5.0±1	
Ī	39	2480	-4.51	-5.0±1	

Note: 1. Both WIFI and BT power was test and only Maximum Power was provide here.

2. SAR Test Exclusion Threshold for WIFI&BT is about 9.6mW, the maximum tune up power of WIFI is 9.5dBm=10^(9.5/10)=8.91mW, BT is 3.0dBm=10^(3/10)=1.99mW, no stand-alone SAR is required.

11 EXPOSURE CONDITIONS CONSIDERATION

EUT antenna location:



Test position consideration:

rest position consideration.										
Distance of EUT antenna-to-edge/surface(mm), Test distance:10mm										
Antennas	Antennas Back side Front side Left Edge Right Edge Top Edge Bottom Edge									
WWAN	2	7	22	2	128	2				
WLAN	2	7	3	61	13	109				
Bluetooth	2	7	3	61	13	109				

	Test distance:10mm									
Antennas	Back side	Front side	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge				
WWAN	YES	YES	YES	YES	NO	YES				
WLAN	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO				
Bluetooth	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO				

Note:

- 1. Head/Body-worn/Hotspot mode SAR assessments are required.
- 2. Referring to KDB 941225 D06v02, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm * 5cm, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.
- 3. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for handsets the test separation distance is determined by the smallest distance between

the outer surface of the device and the user, which is 0 mm for head SAR, 10 mm for hotspot SAR, and 10 mm for body-worn SAR.

Waltek Services (Shenzhen) Co.,Ltd.

Reference No.: WTS15S0628456E Page 56 of 140

12SAR TEST RESULTS

Test Condition:

1. SAR Measurement

The distance between the EUT and the antenna of the emulator is more than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB less than the output power of EUT.

2 Environmental Conditions Temperature 23°C

Relative Humidity 57%

Atmospheric Pressure 1019mbar

3 Test Date : July 3,2015- July 11,2015

Tested By: Damon Wang

Generally Test Procedures:

1. Establish communication link between EUT and base station emulation by air link.

- 2. Place the EUT in the selected test position. (Cheek, tilt or flat)
- 3. Perform SAR testing at middle or highest output power channel under the selected test mode. If the measured 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, then testing for the other channel will not be performed.
- 4. When SAR is<0.8W/kg, no repeated SAR measurement is required

For WCDMA test:

- KDB941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA when the average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than 0.25dB higher than measured without HSDPA using 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC<75% of the SAR limit.
- KDB941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for handset with HSPA capabilities when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSUPA/HSDPA active is less than 0.25dB higher than that measure without HSUPA/HSDPA using 12.2kbps RMC AND THE maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is<75% of the SAR limit

For LTE test:

- 1. According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r01:
 - a. Per Section 4.2.1, SAR is required for QPSK 1 RB Allocation for the largest bandwidth
- i. The required channel and offset combination with the highest maximum output power is required for SAR.
 - ii. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required. Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the RB offset configuration with highest output power for that channel.
 - iii. When the reported SAR for a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all RB offset configurations for that channel.
 - b. Per Section 4.2.2, SAR is required for 50% RB allocation using the largest bandwidth following the same procedures outlined in Section 5.2.1.
 - c. Per Section 4.2.3, QPSK SAR is not required for the 100% allocation when the highest maximum output power for the 100% allocation is less than the highest maximum output power of the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations and the reported SAR for the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations is < 0.8 W/kg.
 - d. Per Section 4.2.4 and 4.3, SAR tests for higher order modulations and lower bandwidths configurations are not required when the conducted power of the required test configurations determined by Sections 4.2.1 through 4.2.3 is less than or equal to ½ dB

higher than the equivalent configuration using QPSK modulation and when the QPSK SAR for those configurations is <1.45 W/kg.

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SAR Summary Test Result:

Reference No.: WTS15S0628456E

GSM850:

Date of Measur	red : July 3	8th,2015		Hotspot/	Body-Wo	orn Separatio	n of Distanc	e: 10mm
Position	Channel	Mode	SAR 1g(W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Power Drift (%)	Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	measured output power (dBm)	Scaled Maximum SAR(W/kg)
Right Head Cheek	Mid	Voice call	0.507	1.6	-1.92	33	32.63	0.55
Right Head Tilt	Mid	Voice call	0.331	1.6	-1.48	33	32.63	0.36
Left Head Cheek	Mid	Voice call	0.502	1.6	3.17	33	32.63	0.55
Left Head Tilt	Mid	Voice call	0.306	1.6	-3.83	33	32.63	0.33
Body Front side	Mid	GPRS Class12	0.728	1.6	-3.14	29	28.66	0.79
Body Back-side	Mid	GPRS Class12	0.678	1.6	-1.49	29	28.66	0.73
Body Right EDGE	Mid	GPRS Class12	0.390	1.6	-0.34	29	28.66	0.42
Body Left EDGE	Mid	GPRS Class12	0.529	1.6	1.84	29	28.66	0.57
Body Bottom EDGE	Mid	GPRS Class12	0.259	1.6	-2.22	29	28.66	0.28

WCDMA BAND V:

Date of Measur	Date of Measured : July 3th,2015					Hotspot/Body-Worn Separation of Distance: 10mm					
Position	Channel	Mode	SAR 1g(W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Power Drift (%)	Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	measured output power (dBm)	Scaled Maximum SAR(W/kg)			
Right Head Cheek	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.419	1.6	-0.51	23	22.27	0.50			
Right Head Tilt	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.239	1.6	-0.54	23	22.27	0.28			
Left Head Cheek	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.431	1.6	-0.22	23	22.27	0.51			
Left Head Tilt	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.208	1.6	3.49	23	22.27	0.25			
Body Front side	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.387	1.6	-0.36	23	22.27	0.46			
Body Back-side	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.442	1.6	-0.33	23	22.27	0.52			
Body Right EDGE	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.199	1.6	1.25	23	22.27	0.24			
Body Left EDGE	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.285	1.6	-0.19	23	22.27	0.34			
Body Bottom EDGE	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.147	1.6	-0.51	23	22.27	0.17			

PCS1900:

Date of Measured : July 8th,2015 Hotspot/Body-Worn Separation of Distance: 10mm										
Date of Measur	rea : July &	stn,2015		Hotspot/Body-Worn Separation of Distance: 10mm						
Position	Channel	Mode	SAR 1g(W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Power Drift (%)	Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	measured output power (dBm)	Scaled Maximum SAR(W/kg)		
Right Head Cheek	Mid	Voice call	0.300	1.6	-0.13	30	29.43	0.34		
Right Head Tilt	Mid	Voice call	0.124	1.6	1,73	30	29.43	0.14		
Left Head Cheek	Mid	Voice call	0.262	1.6	-2.18	30	29.43	0.30		
Left Head Tilt	Mid	Voice call	0.114	1.6	2.72	30	29.43	0.13		
Body Front side	Mid	GPRS Class12	0.649	1.6	0.19	26	25.85	0.67		
Body Back-side	Low	GPRS Class12	0.749	1.6	0.43	26	25.82	0.78		
Body Back-side	Mid	GPRS Class12	0.806	1.6	-0.86	26	25.85	0.83		
Body Back-side	High	GPRS Class12	0.989	1.6	-0.34	26	25.79	1.04		
Body Back-side	High	GPRS Class12	0.955	1.6	2.03	26	25.79	1.00		
Body Right EDGE	Mid	GPRS Class12	0.412	1.6	-1.06	26	25.85	0.43		
Body Left EDGE	Mid	GPRS Class12	0.237	1.6	1.68	26	25.85	0.25		
Body Bottom EDGE	Low	GPRS Class12	0.963	1.6	2.28	26	25.82	1.00		
Body Bottom EDGE	Mid	GPRS Class12	0.898	1.6	-0.20	26	25.85	0.93		
Body Bottom EDGE	High	GPRS Class12	1.104	1.6	-0.65	26	25.79	1.16		
Body Bottom EDGE	High	GPRS Class12	1.105	1.6	1.00	26	25.79	1.16		

WCDMA BAND II:

11 4 2 111 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1									
Date of Measur	red : July 8	3th,2015		Hotspot/Body-Worn Separation of Distance: 10mm					
Position	Channel	Mode	SAR 1g(W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Power Drift (%)	Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	measured output power (dBm)	Scaled Maximum SAR(W/kg)	
Right Head Cheek	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.531	1.6	0.57	23	22.50	0.60	
Right Head Tilt	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.071	1.6	0.81	23	22.50	0.08	
Left Head Cheek	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.394	1.6	0.12	23	22.50	0.44	
Left Head Tilt	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.092	1.6	0.74	23	22.50	0.10	
Body Front side	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.705	1.6	-1.10	23	22.50	0.79	
Body Back-side	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.777	1.6	-0.60	23	22.50	0.87	
Body Right EDGE	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.294	1.6	-0.30	23	22.50	0.33	
Body Left EDGE	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.159	1.6	-0.78	23	22.50	0.18	
Body Bottom EDGE	Low	RMC 12.2kbps	0.709	1.6	-0.61	23	22.73	0.75	
Body Bottom EDGE	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.934	1.6	0.04	23	22.50	1.05	
Body Bottom EDGE	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.952	1.6	-0.09	23	22.50	1.07	
Body Bottom EDGE	High	RMC 12.2kbps	0.894	1.6	-0.46	23	22.70	0.96	

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LTE Band 7(2500):

Date of Measured : July 11th, 2015 Hotspot/Body-Worn Separation Distance:1.0cm										co:1 0cm	
Date of Mea	isureu : J	uiy i ilii, 2	1010			поізро	u Bouy-W	Maximum	מנוטוו טוסנמוו	Ce. 1.0CIII	
Position	Channel	Bandwidth (MHz)	MPR (dB)	RB Size	RB Offset	SAR 1g(W/kg)	Power Drift (%)	Turn-up Power (dBm)	measured output power (dBm)	Scaled Maximum SAR(W/kg)	
Right Head Cheek	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.085	-1.66	24	23.51	0.10	
Right Head Cheek	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.061	1.28	24	22.60	0.08	
Right Head Tilt	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.036	0.49	24	23.51	0.04	
Right Head Tilt	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.024	-1.40	24	22.60	0.03	
Left Head Cheek	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.087	-2.73	24	23.51	0.10	
Left Head Cheek	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.066	-1.99	24	22.60	0.09	
Left Head Tilt	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.025	2.76	24	23.51	0.03	
Left Head Tilt	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.021	-0.17	24	22.60	0.03	
Body Front side	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.483	-2.82	24	23.51	0.54	
Body Front side	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.372	0.64	24	22.60	0.51	
Body Back-side	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.663	-0.03	24	23.51	0.74	
Body Back-side	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.669	0.02	24	22.60	0.92	
Body Right EDGE	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.127	-0.20	24	23.51	0.14	
Body Right EDGE	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.092	-0.97	24	22.60	0.13	
Body Left EDGE	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.051	-0.45	24	23.51	0.06	
Body Left EDGE	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.041	-0.50	24	22.60	0.06	
Body Bottom EDGE	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.644	0.41	24	23.51	0.72	
Body Bottom EDGE	Mid	20	1	50	24 0.502 -0.20 24 22.60 0.69						
	Modulation: QPSK					Limit: 1.6W/kg averaged over 1gram					

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LTE Band 4 (1700):

Date of Mea)15			Hotspot/Body-Worn Separation Distance:1.0cm					
Position	Channel	Bandwidth (MHz)	MPR (dB)	RB Size	RB Offset	SAR 1g(W/kg)	Power Drift (%)	Maximum Turn-up Power (dBm)	measured output power (dBm)	Scaled Maximum SAR(W/kg)	
Right Head Cheek	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.440	1.44	24	23.51	0.49	
Right Head Cheek	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.439	-0.58	24	23.44	0.50	
Right Head Tilt	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.065	-2.14	24	23.51	0.07	
Right Head Tilt	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.074	0.63	24	23.44	0.08	
Left Head Cheek	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.354	0.57	24	23.51	0.40	
Left Head Cheek	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.353	1.34	24	23.44	0.40	
Left Head Tilt	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.096	-1.45	24	23.51	0.11	
Left Head Tilt	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.114	-0.05	24	23.44	0.13	
Body Front side	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.523	-0.60	24	23.51	0.59	
Body Front side	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.512	-0.17	24	23.44	0.58	
Body Back-side	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.677	-0.19	24	23.51	0.76	
Body Back-side	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.660	-0.47	24	23.44	0.75	
Body Right EDGE	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.266	-0.53	24	23.51	0.30	
Body Right EDGE	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.259	-0.22	24	23.44	0.29	
Body Left EDGE	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.084	0.78	24	23.51	0.09	
Body Left EDGE	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.083	-0.45	24	23.44	0.09	
Body Bottom EDGE	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.431	-0.45	24	23.51	0.48	
Body Bottom EDGE	Mid	20	1	50	24 0.446 0.15 24 23.44 (0.51		
	Modulati	on: QPSK				Limit: 1.6W/kg averaged over 1gram					

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LTE Band 2 (1900):

Date of Mea	sured : J	July 8th, 20)15			Hotspot/Body-Worn Separation Distance:1.0cm					
Position	Channel	Bandwidth (MHz)	MPR (dB)	RB Size	RB Offset	SAR 1g(W/kg)	Power Drift (%)	Maximum Turn-up Power (dBm)	measured output power (dBm)	Scaled Maximum SAR(W/kg)	
Right Head Cheek	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.621	1.39	23.5	23.37	0.64	
Right Head Cheek	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.492	-1.60	23.5	21.63	0.76	
Right Head Tilt	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.123	0.95	23.5	23.37	0.13	
Right Head Tilt	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.082	-0.75	23.5	21.63	0.13	
Left Head Cheek	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.593	-0.78	23.5	23.37	0.61	
Left Head Cheek	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.367	-0.36	23.5	21.63	0.56	
Left Head Tilt	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.120	1.00	23.5	23.37	0.12	
Left Head Tilt	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.102	-1.21	23.5	21.63	0.16	
Body Front side	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.649	-0.22	23.5	23.37	0.67	
Body Front side	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.548	-0.29	23.5	21.63	0.84	
Body Back-side	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.735	-0.03	23.5	23.37	0.76	
Body Back-side	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.72	-1.03	23.5	21.63	0.88	
Body Right EDGE	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.341	0.30	23.5	23.37	0.35	
Body Right EDGE	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.272	-0.03	23.5	21.63	0.42	
Body Left EDGE	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.189	-0.16	23.5	23.37	0.19	
Body Left EDGE	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.150	-0.72	23.5	21.63	0.23	
Body Bottom EDGE	Mid	20	0	1	49	0.748	0.48	23.5	23.37	0.77	
Body Bottom EDGE	Mid	20	1	50	24	0.589	-0.47	23.5	21.63	0.91	
	Modulati	on: QPSK				Limit: 1.6W/kg averaged over 1gram					

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Measurement variability consideration

According to KDB 865664 D01v01 section 2.8.1, repeated measurements are required following the procedures as below:

- 1. Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2. When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3. Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
 Measured SAR (W/Kg)

Repeated SAR:

				measured SAR(W/kg)					
Band	Position	Channel	Mode	Original	1st Repeated		2nd Repeated		
					Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio	
GSM1900	Body Back side	High	GPRS Class12	0.989	0.955	1.04	NA	NA	
GSM1900	Body Bottom EDGE	High	GPRS Class12	1.104	1.105	1.00	NA	NA	
WCDMA1900	Body Bottom EDGE	Mid	RMC 12.2kbps	0.934	0.952	1.02	NA	NA	

Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis.

No.	Applicable Simultaneous Transmission Combination
1.	WWAN+BT
2.	WWAN+WIFI

Note:

- 1. For simultaneous transmission analysis, WiFi and Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 v05 base on the formula below:
 - (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}/x$] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

- 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the *test separation distances* is > 50 mm.²¹
- 2. If the test separation distances is≤5mm, 5mm is used for estimated SAR calculation.
- 3. WIFI maximum tune up power is 9.5dBm, BT's maximum tune up power is 3.0dBm and the estimated SAR is listed below.

Test position	Head(0cm)	Body-worn(1.0cm)	
WIFI Estimated SAR(W/kg)	0.37	0.19	
BT Estimated SAR(W/kg)	0.08	0.04	

Maximum Summation:

	WWAN	WIFI	ВТ			
position	Max. Scaled SAR	Max. Scaled SAR	Max. Scaled SAR	WWAN+WIFI	WWAN+BT	
Head 0cm	0.76	0.37	0.08	1.13	0.84	
Body 1.0cm	1.16	0.19	0.04	1.35	1.20	

Note: 1g-SAR scalar summation<1.6W/kg, so no simultaneous SAR is required.

13SAR MEASUREMENT REFERENCES

References

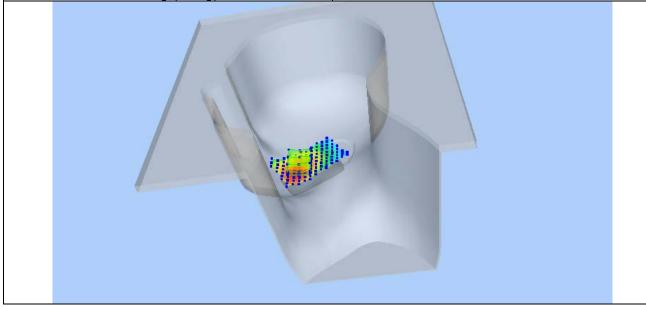
- 1. FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- 2. IEEE Std. C95.1-1991, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3kHz to 300GHz", 1991
- 3. IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average
 - Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices:
 - Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- 4. IEC 62209-2, "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices—Human models, instrumentation, and procedures Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate(SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body(frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", April 2010
- 5. FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Feb 7th, 2014
- 6. FCC KDB 941225 D04 v01, "Evaluation SAR for GSM/(E)GPRS Dual Transfer Mode", January 27 2010
- 7. FCC KDB 941225 D03 v01, "Evaluation SAR Test Reduction Procedures for GSM/GPRS/EDGE", December 2008
- 8. FCC KDB 865664 D01, "SAR Measurement Requirements 100MHz to 6GHz", Feb 7^{th} , 2014
- 9. FCC KDB648474 D04, SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets. Dec 4th, 2013
- 10.FCC KDB 941225 D06 V02, SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities, Oct 16th, 2014.
- 11.FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r03, "SAR Evaluation for LTE Devices", Dec. 5th, 2013
- 12.FCC KDB 941225 D02, "SAR Guidance for HSPA, HSPA+, DC-HSDPA and 1x-Advanced", May 28th, 2013

Maxmum SAR measurement Plot Test Mode:GSM850MHz, Mid channel (Right Head Cheek) Product Description:mobile phone

Model:Star Plus

Test Date:July 3th,2015

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_850					
Frequency (MHz)	836.60000					
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.74					
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91					
Crest Factor	8.0					
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP246					
Conversion Factor	4.66					
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm					
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm					
Variation (%)	-1.92					
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.398125					
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.507219					

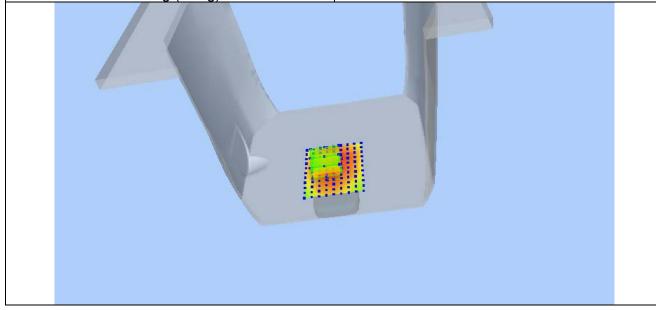


Test Mode:GPRS850MHz, Mid channel(Body, Back Surface) Product Description:mobile phone

Model:Star Plus

Test Date:July 3th,2015

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_850				
Frequency (MHz)	836.60000				
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.48				
Conductivity (S/m)	0.98				
Crest Factor	2.0				
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP246				
Conversion Factor	4.80				
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm				
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm				
Variation (%)	-3.14				
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.545358				
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.728124				



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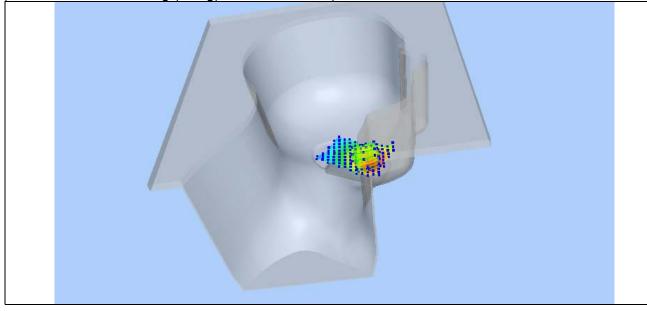
Test mode: WCDMA BAND $V\,,$ Middle channel (Left Head Cheek)

Product Description: mobile phone

Model: Star Plus

Test Date: July 3th, 2015

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	835.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.74
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
Crest factor	1.0
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP246
Conversion Factor	4.66
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.22
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.320581
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.430613



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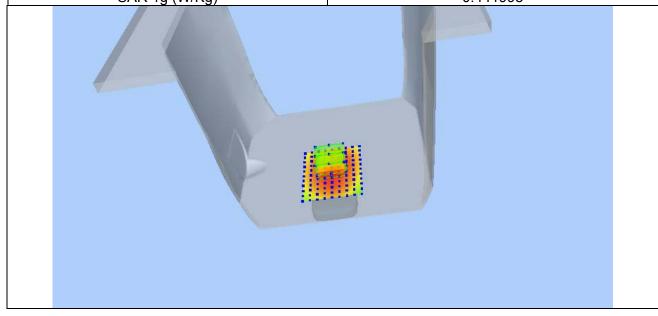
Test mode: WCDMA BAND \boldsymbol{V} , Middle channel (Body, Back Surface)

Product Description: mobile phone

Model: Star Plus

Test Date: July 3th, 2015

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	835.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.48
Conductivity (S/m)	0.98
Crest factor	1.0
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP246
Conversion Factor	4.80
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.33
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.332359
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.441998



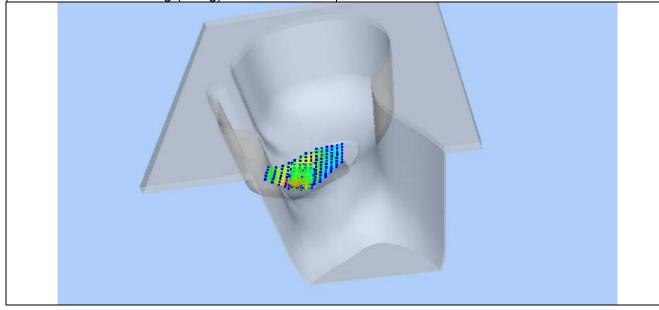
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Test mode: GSM1900, Middle channel (Right Head Cheek) Product Description: mobile phone

Model: Star Plus

Test Date: July 8th, 2015

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.37
Conductivity (S/m)	1.38
Crest factor	8.0
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP246
Conversion Factor	4.45
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.13
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.188957
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.300480



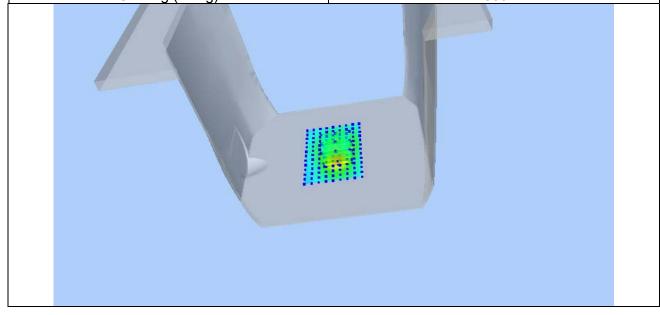
Page 71 of 140 Reference No.: WTS15S0628456E

Test mode: GPRS1900, High channel (Body,Bottom Edge) repeated measured Product Description: mobile phone

Model: Star Plus

Test Date: July 8th, 2015

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1909.8000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.19
Conductivity (S/m)	1.49
Crest factor	2.0
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP246
Conversion Factor	4.57
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	1.00
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.603032
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.105341



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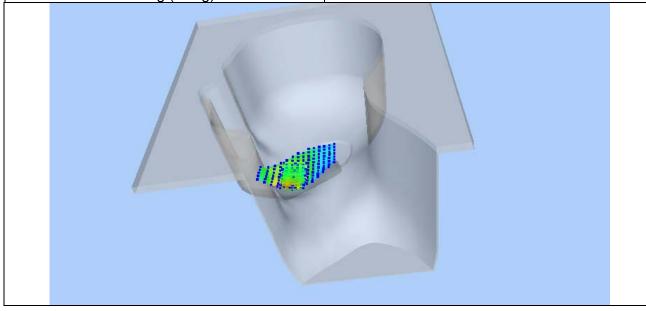
Test mode: WCDMA BAND ${\rm II}$, Middle channel (Right Head Cheek)

Product Description: mobile phone

Model: Star Plus

Test Date: July 8th, 2015

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.37
Conductivity (S/m)	1.38
Crest factor	1.0
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP246
Conversion Factor	4.45
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.57
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.313392
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.530680



Reference No.: WTS15S0628456E Page 73 of 140

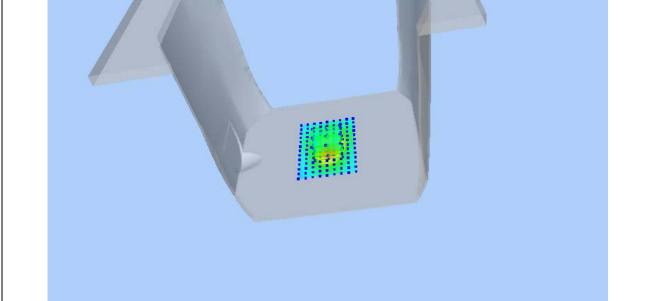
Test mode: WCDMA BAND II, Middle channel (Body, Back Surface) repeated measured

Product Description: mobile phone

Model: Star Plus

Test Date: July 8th, 2015

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900	
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0000	
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.19	
Conductivity (S/m)	1.49	
Crest factor	1.0	
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP246	
Conversion Factor	4.57	
Sensor-Surface	4mm	
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm	
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm	
Variation (%)	-0.09	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.515316	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.952075	

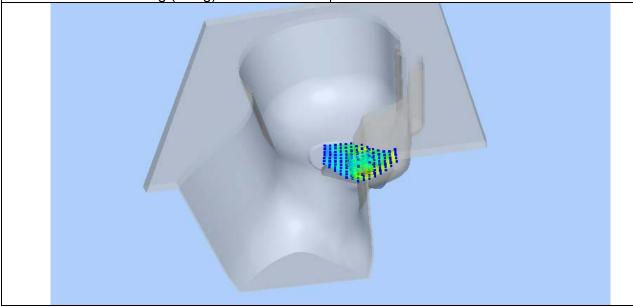


Test Mode:LTE BAND7, Mid channel (Left Head Cheek) Product Description:mobile phone

Model:Star Plus

Test Date:July 11th,2015

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_2450
Frequency (MHz)	2535.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.21
Conductivity (S/m)	1.80
Crest Factor	1.0
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP246
Conversion Factor	3.83
Bandwidth(MHz)	20
RB Allocation	1
RB Offset	49
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-1.54
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.041475
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.086671

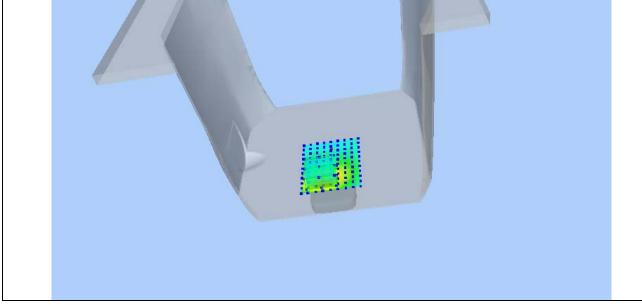


Test Mode:LTE BAND7, Mid channel (Body, Back Surface) Product Description:mobile phone

Model:Star Plus

Test Date:July 11th,2015

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_2450			
Frequency (MHz) 2535.0000				
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.41			
Conductivity (S/m)	1.98			
Crest Factor	1.0			
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP246			
Conversion Factor	3.94			
Bandwidth(MHz)	20			
RB Allocation	50			
RB Offset 24				
Area Scan dx=8mm dy=8mm				
Zoom Scan 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5				
Variation (%) 0.02				
SAR 10g (W/Kg) 0.332615				
SAR 1g (W/Kg) 0.669891				



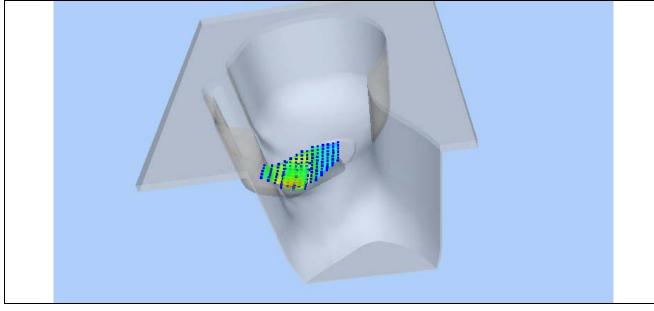
Test Mode:LTE BAND4, Mid channel (Right Head Cheek)

Product Description:mobile phone

Model:Star Plus

Test Date:July 6th,2015

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1800
Frequency (MHz)	1732.5000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.75
Conductivity (S/m)	1.39
Crest Factor	1.0
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP246
Conversion Factor	3.86
Bandwidth(MHz)	20
RB Allocation	1
RB Offset	49
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	1.44
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.271727
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.440279

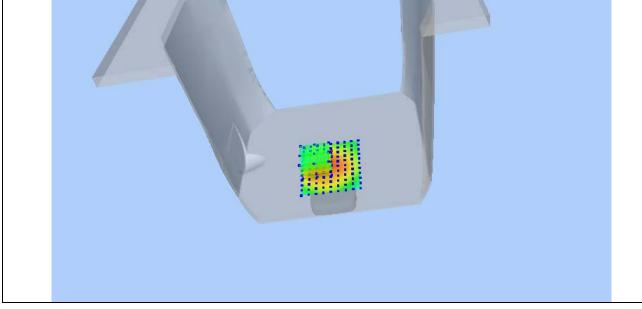


Test Mode:LTE BAND4, Mid channel (Body, Back Surface) Product Description:mobile phone

Model:Star Plus

Test Date:July 6th,2015

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1800	
Frequency (MHz)	1732.5000	
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.88	
Conductivity (S/m)	1.52	
Crest Factor	1.0	
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP246	
Conversion Factor	3.94	
Bandwidth(MHz)	20	
RB Allocation	1	
RB Offset	49	
Area Scan dx=8mm dy=8mm		
Zoom Scan 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5		
Variation (%) -0.19		
SAR 10g (W/Kg) 0.412749		
SAR 1g (W/Kg) 0.676682		



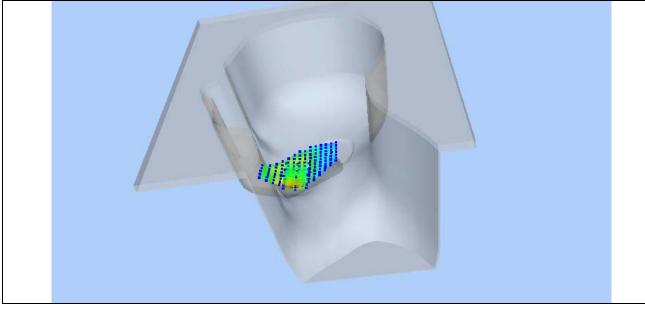
Test Mode:LTE BAND2, Mid channel (Right Head Cheek)

Product Description:mobile phone

Model:Star Plus

Test Date:July 8th,2015

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.37
Conductivity (S/m)	1.38
Crest Factor	1.0
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP246
Conversion Factor	4.45
Bandwidth(MHz)	20
RB Allocation	1
RB Offset	49
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	1.39
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.372612
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.620705

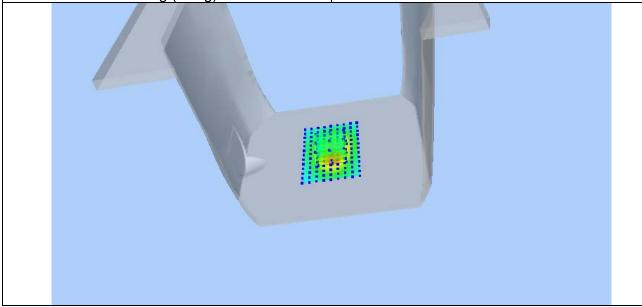


Test Mode:LTE BAND2, Mid channel (Body, Bottom Edge) Product Description:mobile phone

Model:Star Plus

Test Date:July 8th,2015

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.19
Conductivity (S/m)	1.49
Crest Factor	1.0
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP246
Conversion Factor	4.57
Bandwidth(MHz)	20
RB Allocation	1
RB Offset	49
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.48
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.422312
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.747767



14 Calibration reports-Probe



COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.92.1.15.SATU.A

WALTEK SERVICES (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD 1/F., FUKANGTAI BUILDING, WEST BAIMA ROAD, SONGGANG STREET
BAOAN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG 518105, CHINA

MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 07/15 EP246

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144





03/16/2015

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in MVG USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



Ref: ACR.92.1.15.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	4/2/2015	Jes
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	4/2/2015	Jes
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	4/2/2015	him Puthowski

	Customer Name
Distribution:	Waltek Services (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd

Date	Modifications	
4/2/2015	Initial release	
		2007 0000 Mg 1000 Mg 1

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Ref: ACR.92.1.15.SATU.A

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Ref: ACR.92.1.15.SATU.A

1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test		
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE	
Manufacturer	MVG	
Model	SSE5	
Serial Number	SN 07/15 EP246	
Product Condition (new / used)	New	
Frequency Range of Probe	0.7 GHz-3GHz	
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.178 MΩ	
	Dipole 2: R2=0.177 MΩ	
	Dipole 3: R3=0.180 MΩ	

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	4.5 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	2.7 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

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3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 - 360 degrees in 15 degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis $(0^{\circ}-180^{\circ})$ in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis $(0^{\circ}-360^{\circ})$.

3.5 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Incident or forward power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Reflected power	3.00%	Rectangular	$-\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Liquid conductivity	5.00%	Rectangular	$-\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%
Liquid permittivity	4.00%	Rectangular	$-\sqrt{3}$	1	2.309%
Field homogeneity	3.00%	Rectangular	$-\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Field probe positioning	5.00%	Rectangular	$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$	1	2.887%

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Field probe linearity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Combined standard uncertainty					5.831%
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					12.0%

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

	Calibration Parameters	
Liquid Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Humidity	45 %	

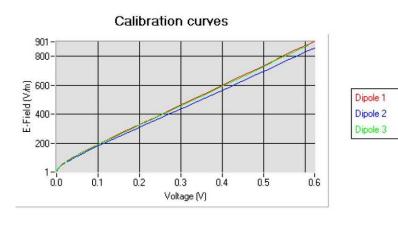
5.1 <u>SENSITIVITY IN AIR</u>

	Normy dipole $2 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	
6.41	6.49	6.16

DCP dipole 1	DCP dipole 2	DCP dipole 3
(mV)	(mV)	(mV)
93	94	91

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain H-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{{E_1}^2 + {E_2}^2 + {E_3}^2}$$

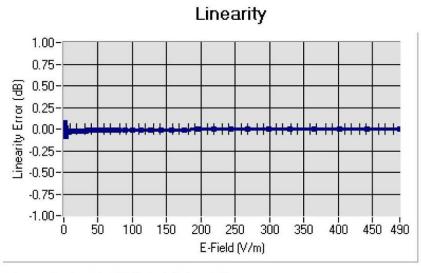


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5.2 LINEARITY



Linearity: I+/-1.95% (+/-0.09dB)

5.3 <u>SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID</u>

<u>Liquid</u>	Frequency (MHz +/- 100MHz)	Permittivity	Epsilon (S/m)	<u>ConvF</u>
HL750	750	41.85	0.90	4.35
BL750	750	56.28	0.98	4.50
HL850	835	42.59	0.90	4.66
BL850	835	53.19	0.97	4.80
HL900	900	42.25	0.97	4.36
BL900	900	56.41	1.08	4.48
HL1800	1800	41.10	1.39	3.86
BL1800	1800	53.00	1.52	3.94
HL1900	1900	40.88	1.43	4.45
BL1900	1900	53.93	1.55	4.57
HL2000	2000	39.52	1.44	4.02
BL2000	2000	53.65	1.54	4.13
HL2450	2450	38.85	1.79	3.83
BL2450	2450	52.70	1.94	3.94
HL2600	2600	38.16	1.93	3.83
BL2600	2600	51.55	2.21	3.98

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 7mW/kg

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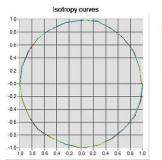


Ref: ACR.92.1.15.SATU.A

5.4 ISOTROPY

HL900 MHz

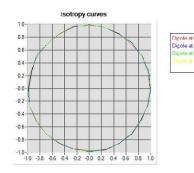
- Axial isotropy: 0.04 dB - Hemispherical isotropy: 0.06 dB



Dipole at 0' Dipole at 30' Dipole at 60'

HL1800 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.04 dB- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.06 dB



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Ref: ACR.92.1.15.SATU.A

6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

	Equi	pment Summary S	Sheet	
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Model MVG SN-20/09-SAM71 Validated. No cal required. Characterized prior to test. No cal required. No cal required. No cal required. Characterized prior to test. No cal required. No cal required. Characterized prior to test. No cal required. P ECP-E26A US37181460 Characterized prior to test. No cal required. P ECP-E26A O1386 Characterized prior to test. No cal required. Validated. No cal required.		
Flat Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71		
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA		
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2013	02/2016
Reference Probe	MVG	EP 94 SN 37/08	10/2014	10/2015
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2013	12/2016
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2013	12/2016
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2013	12/2016
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2013	12/2016
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386		
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712	Committee and the committee of the commi	a and a second and a second and a second
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701		
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701		
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	8/2012	8/2015

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SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.92.3.15.SATU.A

WALTEK SERVICES (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD 1/F., FUKANGTAI BUILDING, WEST BAIMA ROAD, SONGGANG STREET BAOAN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG 518105, CHINA

MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 835 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 09/15 DIP 0G835-358

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144





03/16/2015

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.92.3.15.SATU.A

19	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	4/2/2015	Jes
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	4/2/2015	JES
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	4/2/2015	them Putthowsk

_	Customer Name
Distribution :	Waltek Services (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd

Issue	Date	Modifications	
A	A 4/2/2015	Initial release	
		- P	

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