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Project Number: 14E5499-2a

Prepared for:

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FCC EQUIPMENT AUTHORISATION

**Test Report** 

**EUT Description** 

**Sports Performance Sensor for Athletes** 

Authorised:

John McAuley

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#### 1.0 SAR Evaluation

#### **SAR Exclusion Limits**

Excerpt from 447498 KDB (47498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02)

#### Section 4.3.1 Standalone SAR Test exclusion considerations

#### 4.3.1. Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

1) The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances*  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $[\sqrt{f_{\text{(GHz)}}}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR,  $^{25}$  where

- $f_{(GHz)}$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation<sup>26</sup>
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds in the step 2 below

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq$  50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq$  5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 5) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

- 2) At 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for *test separation distances* > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following, and as illustrated in Appendix B:<sup>27</sup>
  - a) [Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm)·(  $f_{(MHz)}/150$ )] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
  - b) [Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm)·10] mW at > 1500 MHz and  $\leq$  6 GHz
- 3) At frequencies below 100 MHz, the following may be considered for SAR test exclusion, and as illustrated in Appendix C:<sup>28</sup>
  - a) The power threshold at the corresponding test separation distance at 100 MHz in step 2) is multiplied by  $[1 + \log(100/f_{(MHz)})]$  for test separation distances > 50 mm and < 200 mm
  - b) The power threshold determined by the equation in a) for 50 mm and 100 MHz is multiplied by  $\frac{1}{2}$  for test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm
  - c) SAR measurement procedures are not established below 100 MHz. When SAR test exclusion cannot be applied, a KDB inquiry is required to determine SAR evaluation requirements for any test results to be acceptable.

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## Appendix 1

# **Head and Body SAR**

Prediction frequency: f	2.48	GHz
Maximum power of channel : P	1	mW
Minimum separation distance: D	5	mm
Calculation	0.2	
Numeric Threshold for 1g SAR	3	
SAR Test not required		
Estimated SAR Value [0.2/3]*0.4	0.03	W/Kg

Power measured as conducted with antenna gain of 2.0dB