

## RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

### EUT Specification

EUT	CB18
Frequency band (Operating)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 2.400GHz ~ 2.460GHz <input type="checkbox"/> Others
Device category	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Portable (<20cm separation) <input type="checkbox"/> Mobile (>20cm separation) <input type="checkbox"/> Others
Exposure classification	<input type="checkbox"/> Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm <sup>2</sup> ) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
Antenna diversity	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Single antenna <input type="checkbox"/> Multiple antennas <input type="checkbox"/> Tx diversity <input type="checkbox"/> Rx diversity <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tx/Rx diversity
Max. output power	2.400-2.460GHz: 0.24mW
Antenna gain (Max)	0 dBi
Evaluation applied	<input type="checkbox"/> MPE Evaluation* <input type="checkbox"/> SAR Evaluation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A

#### Remark:

1. The maximum output power is 0.24mW at 2460MHz (with 1 numeric antenna gain.)
2. DTS device is not subject to routine RF evaluation; MPE estimate is used to justify the compliance.
3. For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.

## TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.

$$\text{eirp} = \text{ptx} \times \text{gt} = (\text{Exd})^2/30$$

Where:

Pt = transmitter output power in watts,

gt = numeric gain of the transmitting antenna (unitless),

E = electric field strength in V/m, ---  $10^{(\text{dBuV/m}/20)}/10^6$

d = measurement distance in meters (m) --- 3m

$$\text{So Pt} = (\text{Exd})^2/30 \times \text{gt}$$

Maximum Field strength: 89.02 dBuV/m @3m –Channel high:2460MHz

Refer to FCC Part 15C 15.249 Test Report page 12.

Ant gain = 0dBi; so Ant numeric gain=1

$$\text{So, Pt} = \{[(10^{(89.02/20)}/10^6) \times 3]^2/30 \times 1\} \times 1000\text{mW} = 0.24 \text{ mW}$$

**Standard Requirement:**

According to 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05

- 1) The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances*  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot$

$[\sqrt{f_{\text{(GHz)}}}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR,<sup>16</sup> where

- $f_{\text{(GHz)}}$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation<sup>17</sup>
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum *test separation distance* is  $\leq 50$  mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum *test separation distance* is  $< 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Tune-up Maximum rated power (mW)		0.24
Body	Antenna to user (mm)	5
	Frequency(GHz)	2.460
	Test result	0.075
	SAR exclusion threshold	3

Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01 exclusion thresholds is  $0.075 < 3$ , RF exposure evaluation is not required.