

RF TEST REPORT

Test item : UO Dongle
Model No. : IW100
Order No. : DTNC1506-02808
Date of receipt : 2015-06-08
Test duration : 2015-07-15 ~ 2015-07-23
Date of issue : 2015-08-06
Use of report : FCC Original Grant

Applicant : INNOIO

#1306, kolon Aston B/D 212 Gasan Digital 1-ro Guemcheon-gu, Seoul,
153-768, South Korea

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Test specification : FCC Part 15.407 Subpart E

Test environment : See appended test report

Test result : ☒ Pass ☐ Fail

The test results presented in this test report are limited only to the sample supplied by applicant and the use of this test report is inhibited other than its purpose. This test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of DT&C Co., Ltd.

Tested by:



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Test Report Version

| Test Report No. | Date | Description |
|-----------------|---------------|---------------|
| DRTFCC1508-0178 | Aug. 06, 2015 | Initial issue |
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1. EUT Description

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| FCC Equipment Class | Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (UNII) |
| Product | UO Dongle |
| Model Name | IW100 |
| Hardware version | 1.0 |
| Software version | 1.0.8. |
| Power Supply | DC 3.7 V |
| Frequency Range | U-NII 1 (5150 ~ 5250MHz) ▪ 802.11a / n(HT20): 5180 ~ 5240 MHz U-NII 3 (5725 ~ 5850MHz) ▪ 802.11a / n(HT20): 5745 ~ 5825 MHz |
| Max. RF Output Power | U-NII 1 ▪ 802.11a: 11.74 dBm ▪ 802.11n(HT20): 10.28 dBm U-NII 3 ▪ 802.11a: 10.46 dBm ▪ 802.11n(HT20): 9.21dBm |
| Modulation type | OFDM |
| Antenna Specification | Antenna type : Internal Antenna Antenna gain ▪ U-NII 1 : 1.386 dBi ▪ U-NII 3 : 2.105 dBi |

2. Information about test items

2.1 Test mode / Channel Information

| 5GHz Band | Mode | Data Rate |
|-----------|---------------|-----------|
| U-NII 1 | 802.11a | 6Mbps |
| | 802.11n(HT20) | MCS 0 |
| U-NII 3 | 802.11a | 6Mbps |
| | 802.11n(HT20) | MCS 0 |

Note 1: The worst case data rate is determined as above test mode according to the power measurements.
And all test items were performed at the worst case data rate.

2.2 Tested Channel Information

| 5GHz Band | 802.11a/n(HT20) | |
|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Channel | Frequency [MHz] |
| U-NII 1 | 36 | 5180 |
| | 40 | 5200 |
| | 48 | 5240 |
| U-NII 3 | 149 | 5745 |
| | 157 | 5785 |
| | 165 | 5825 |

2.3 Auxiliary equipment

| Equipment | Model No. | Serial No. | Manufacturer | Note |
|-----------|-----------|------------|--------------|------|
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |

2.4 Tested environment

| | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|
| Temperature | : 21 °C ~ 24 °C |
| Relative humidity content | : 41 % ~ 47 % R.H. |
| Details of power supply | : DC 3.7 V |

2.5 EMI Suppression Device(s) / Modifications

EMI suppression device(s) added and/or modifications made during testing
→ None

3. Summary of Tests

| FCC Part Section(s) | Parameter | Limit | Test Condition | Status Note 1 |
|--|--|---|-------------------|---------------------|
| I. Transmitter Mode (TX) | | | | |
| 15.407(a) | Emission Bandwidth (26 dB Bandwidth) | N/A | Conducted | C |
| 15.407(e) | Minimum Emission Bandwidth (6 dB Bandwidth) | > 500 kHz in 5725 ~ 5850 MHz | | C |
| 15.407(a) | Maximum Conducted Output Power | 5150 ~ 5250 MHz : < 30 dBm or < 23.97 dBm 5250 ~ 5350 MHz & 5470 ~ 5725 MHz : 250 mW or < 11 + 10 log ₁₀ (B) dBm, whichever power is less. 5725 ~ 5850 MHz : < 30 dBm | | C Note 3 |
| 15.407(a) | Peak Power Spectral Density | 5150 ~ 5250 MHz : 11 dBm/MHz or 17 dBm/MHz 5250 ~ 5350 MHz & 5470 ~ 5725 MHz: 11 dBm/MHz 5725 ~ 5850 MHz: 30 dBm/500kHz | | C Note 4 |
| 15.407(g) | Frequency Stability | N/A | | C |
| 15.407(b) | Undesirable Emissions | 5150 ~ 5725 MHz: < -27 dBm/MHz EIRP 5725 ~ 5850 MHz: < -17 dBm/MHz EIRP or < -27 dBm/MHz EIRP | Radiated | C Note 5 |
| 15.205 15.209 15.407(b) | General Field Strength Limits(Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits) | Emissions in restricted bands must meet the radiated limits detailed in 15.209 | | C Note 6 |
| 15.407(h) | Dynamic Frequency Selection | FCC 15.407(h) | Conducted | NA Note 7 |
| 15.207 | AC Conducted Emissions | FCC 15.207 | AC Line Conducted | C |
| 15.203 | Antenna Requirements | FCC 15.203 | - | C |
| <p>Note 1: C = Comply NC = Not Comply NT = Not Tested NA = Not Applicable</p> <p>Note 2: The test items were performed according to the KDB789033 D02 V01 and ANSI C63.10-2013</p> <p>Note 3: (i) For access point operating in the band 5.15 - 5.25 GHz: < 30 dBm (ii) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15 - 5.25 GHz band: < 23.97 dBm</p> <p>Note 4: (i) For access point operating in the band 5.15 - 5.25 GHz: < 17 dBm/MHz (ii) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15 - 5.25 GHz band: < 11 dBm/MHz</p> <p>Note 5: For transmitters operating in the 5.725 - 5.85 GHz band: All emissions within the frequency range from the band edge to 10 MHz above or below the band edge shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -17 dBm/MHz; for frequencies 10 MHz or greater above or below the band edge, emissions shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz</p> <p>Note 6: These test items were performed in each axis and the worst case data was reported.</p> <p>Note 7: This device is not supported DFS Band.</p> | | | | |

4. Test Methodology

Generally the tests were performed according to the KDB789033 D02 v01. And ANSI C63.10-2013 was used to reference appropriate EUT setup and maximizing procedures of radiated spurious emission and AC line conducted emission testing

4.1 EUT configuration

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

4.2 EUT exercise

The EUT was operated in the test mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.407 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

4.3 General test procedures

Conducted Emissions

The power-line conducted emission test procedure is not described on the KDB789033 D02 v01. So this test was fulfilled with the requirements in Section 6.2 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

The EUT is placed on the wooden table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane and the conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30 MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and Average detector.

Radiated Emissions

Basically the radiated tests were performed with KDB789033 D02 v01. But some requirements and procedures like test site requirements, EUT setup and maximizing procedure were fulfilled with the requirements in Section 5 and 6 of the ANSI C63.10-2013 as stated on KDB789033 D02 v01.

The EUT is placed on a non-conductive table. For emission measurements at or below 1 GHz, the table height is 80 cm. For emission measurements above 1 GHz, the table height is 1.5 m. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the highest emission, the relative positions of the EUT were rotated through three orthogonal axis.

4.4 Description of test modes

A test program is used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting mode with maximum fixed duty cycle.

5. Instrument Calibration

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipments, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

6. Facilities and Accreditations

6.1 Facilities

The open area test site(OATS) or semi anechoic chamber and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated and conducted test data are located at the 42, Yurim-ro, 154beon-gil, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea 449-935. The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements..

- Semi anechoic chamber registration Number : 165783

6.2 Equipment

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of Linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and peak, quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements. Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers. Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements. All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16 - 1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

7. Antenna Requirements

According to FCC 47 CFR §15.203:

An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

The antenna is permanently attached. (Refer to Internal photo file.)
Therefore this E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203

8. TEST RESULT

8.1 Emission Bandwidth (26 dB Bandwidth)

■ Test Requirements

The bandwidth at 26 dB down from the highest in-band spectral density is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies. The 26 dB bandwidth is used to determine the conducted output power limit.

■ Test Configuration

Refer to the Appendix I.

■ TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer and used following test procedure of KDB789033 D02 V01.

1. Set resolution bandwidth (RBW) = approximately 1 % of the EBW.
2. Set the video bandwidth (VBW) > RBW.
3. Detector = **Peak**.
4. Trace mode = **Max hold**.

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the peak of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW / EBW ratio is approximately 1 %.

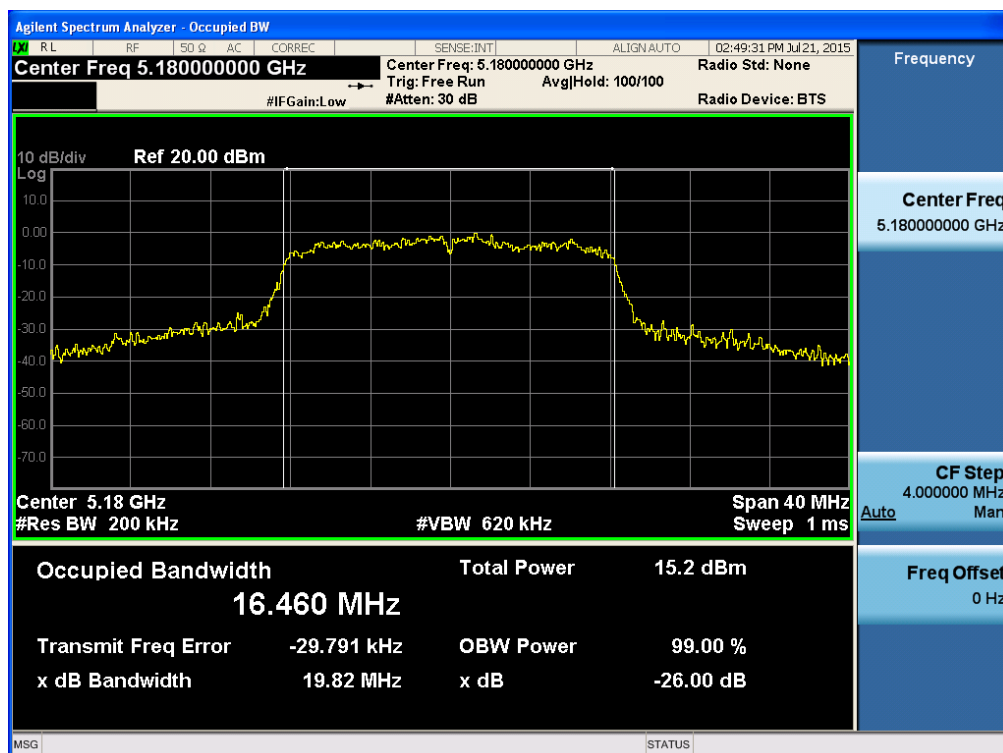
■ TEST RESULTS: **Comply**

| Mode | Band | Channel | Frequency [MHz] | Test Result [MHz] |
|---------------|---------|---------|-----------------|-------------------|
| 802.11a | U-NII 1 | 36 | 5180 | 19.82 |
| | | 40 | 5200 | 19.73 |
| | | 48 | 5240 | 19.38 |
| 802.11n(HT20) | U-NII 1 | 36 | 5180 | 19.12 |
| | | 40 | 5200 | 19.06 |
| | | 48 | 5240 | 19.12 |

■ Result Plots

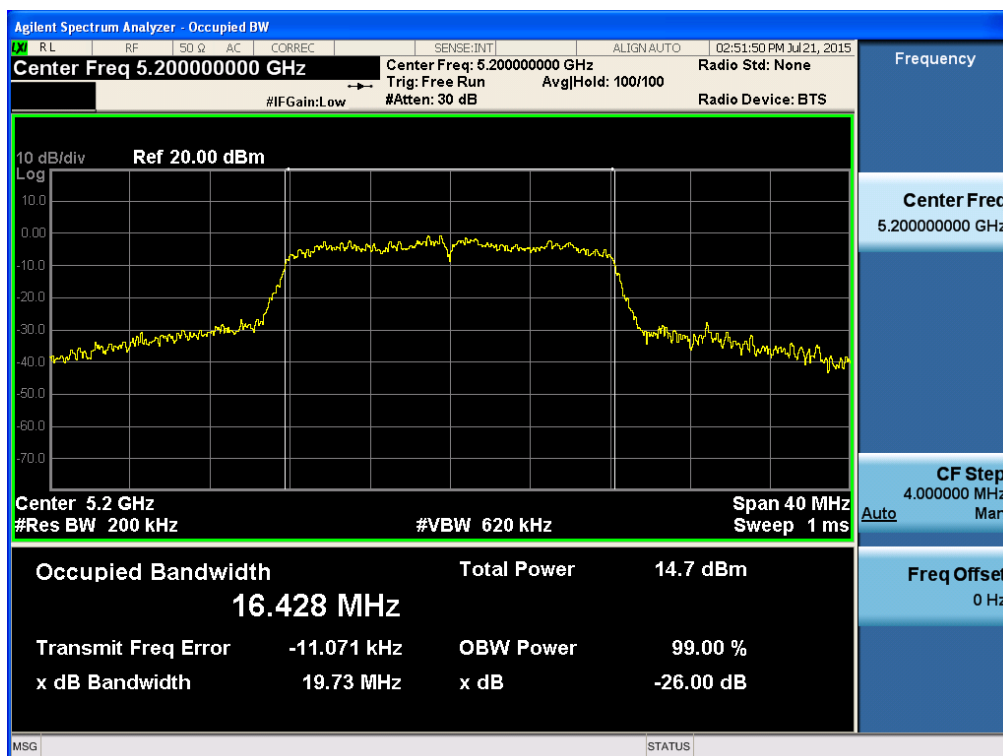
26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.36



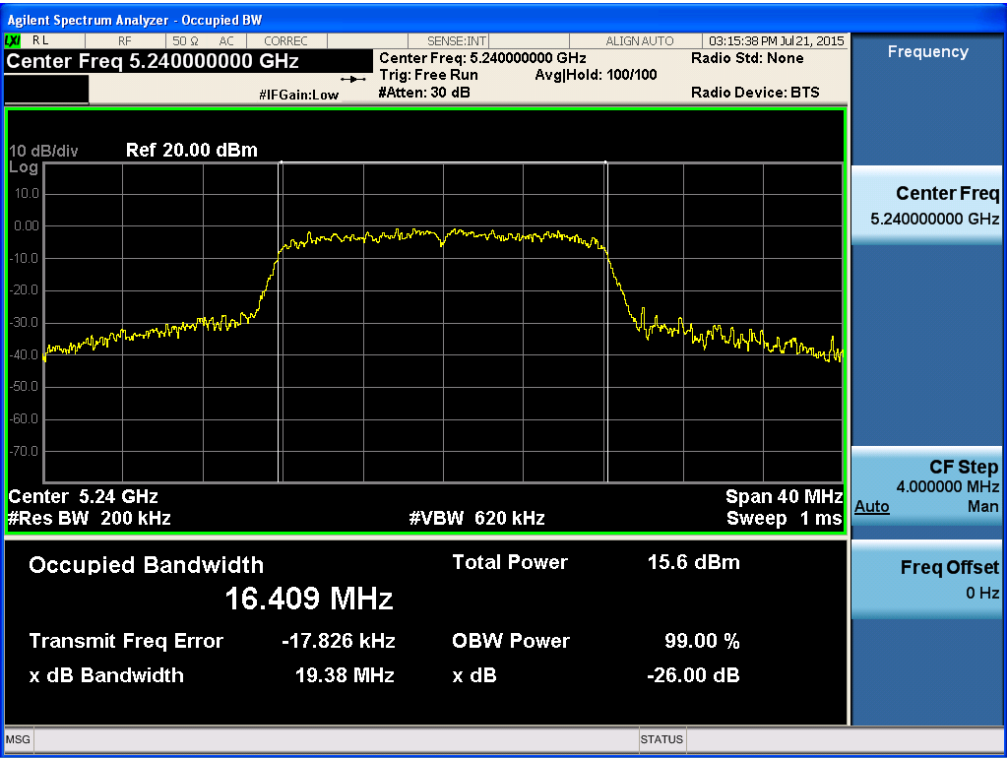
26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.40



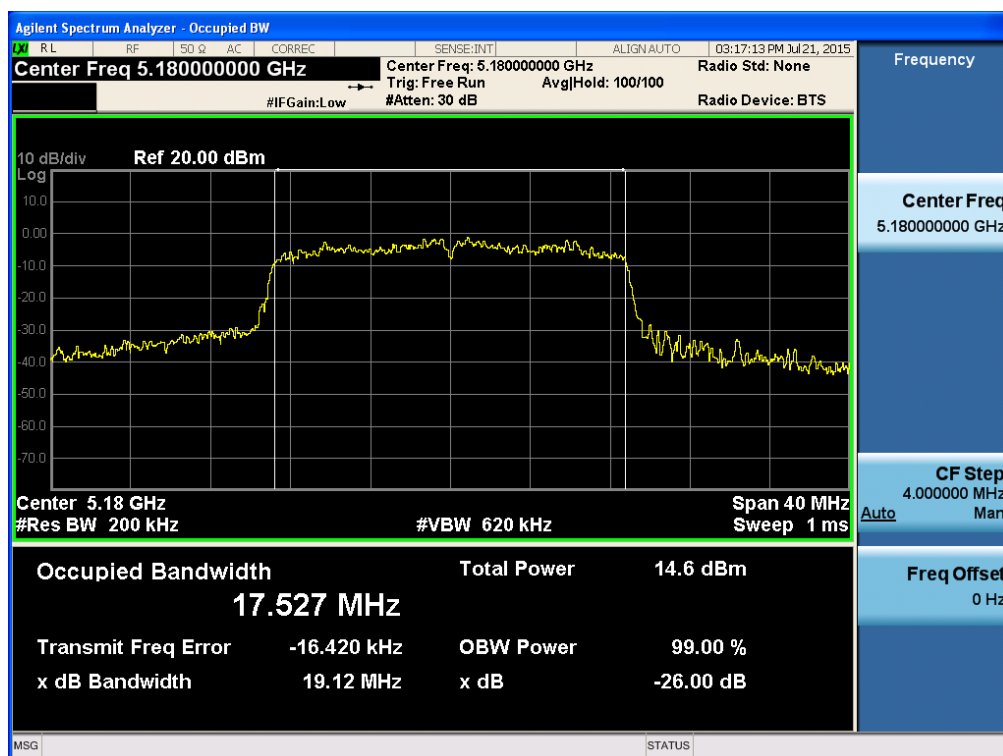
26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.48



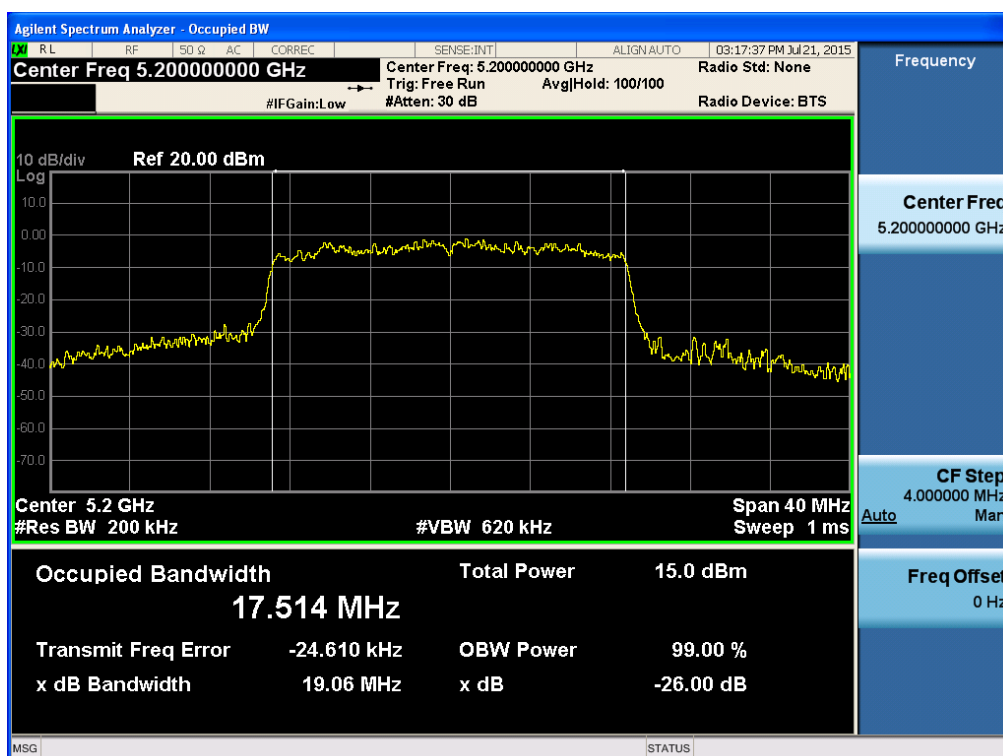
26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & Ch.36



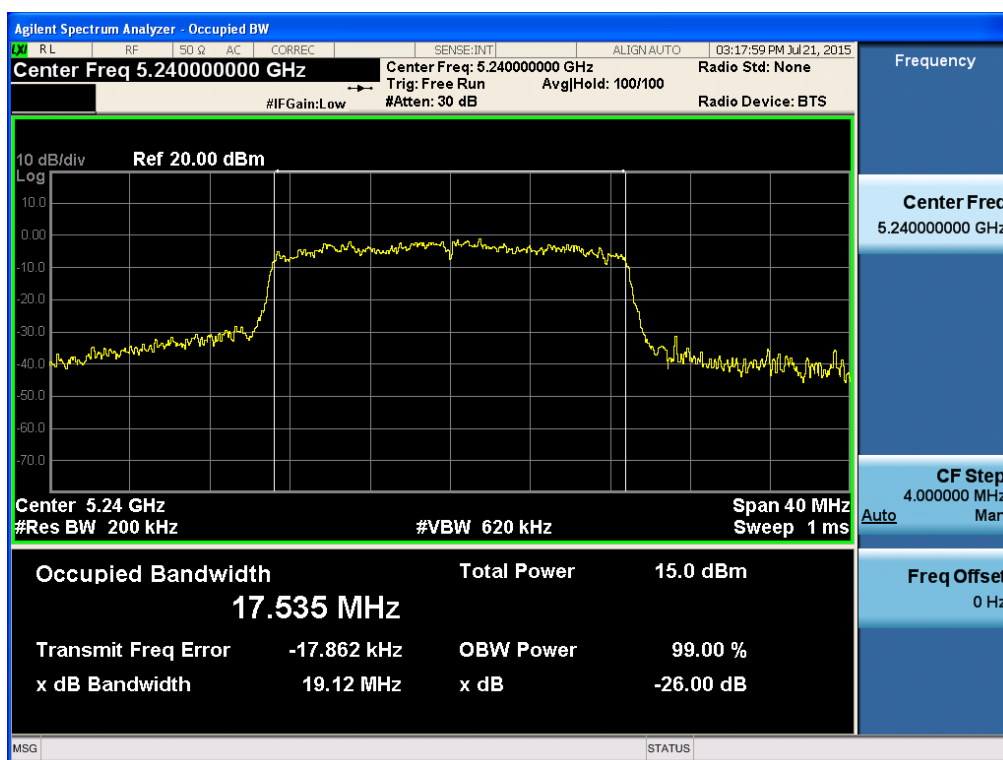
26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & Ch.40



26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & Ch.48



8.2 Minimum Emission Bandwidth (6 dB Bandwidth)

■ Test Requirements

Within the 5.725 - 5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

■ TEST CONFIGURATION

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

■ TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer and used following test procedure of **KDB789033 D02 V01**.

1. Set resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz
2. Set the video bandwidth $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$.
3. Detector = **Peak**.
4. Trace mode = **Max hold**.

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

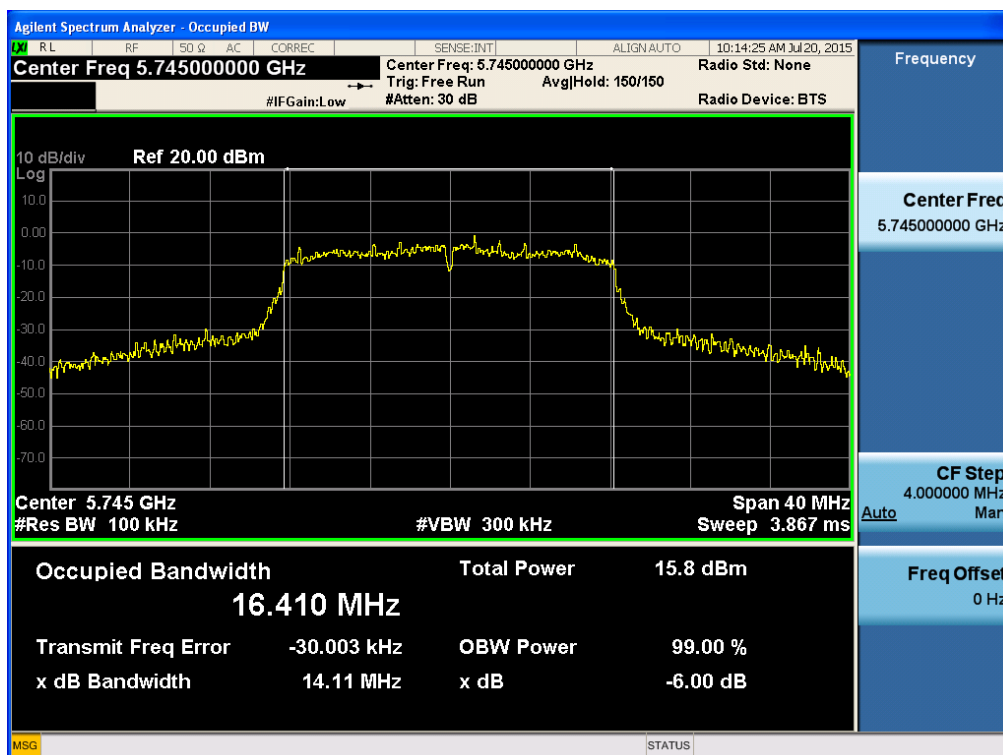
■ TEST RESULTS: **Comply**

| Mode | Band | Channel | Frequency [MHz] | Test Result [MHz] |
|----------------------|---------|---------|-----------------|-------------------|
| 802.11a | U-NII 3 | 149 | 5745 | 14.11 |
| | | 157 | 5785 | 14.75 |
| | | 165 | 5825 | 14.47 |
| 802.11n(HT20) | U-NII 3 | 149 | 5745 | 15.06 |
| | | 157 | 5785 | 15.04 |
| | | 165 | 5825 | 15.15 |

■ RESULT PLOTS

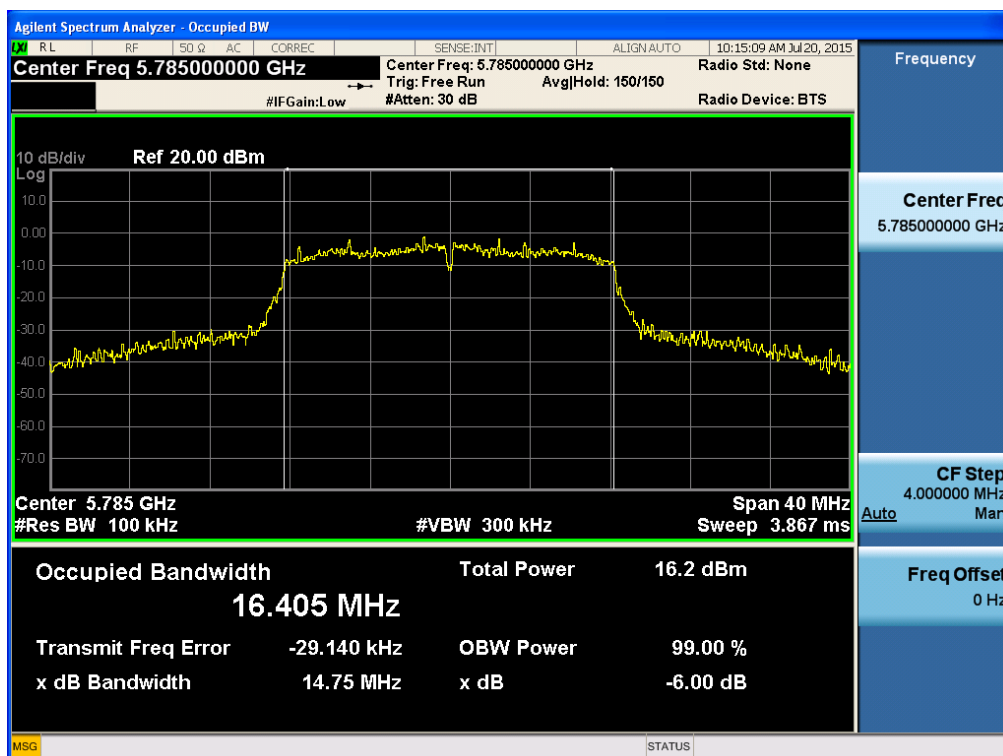
6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.149



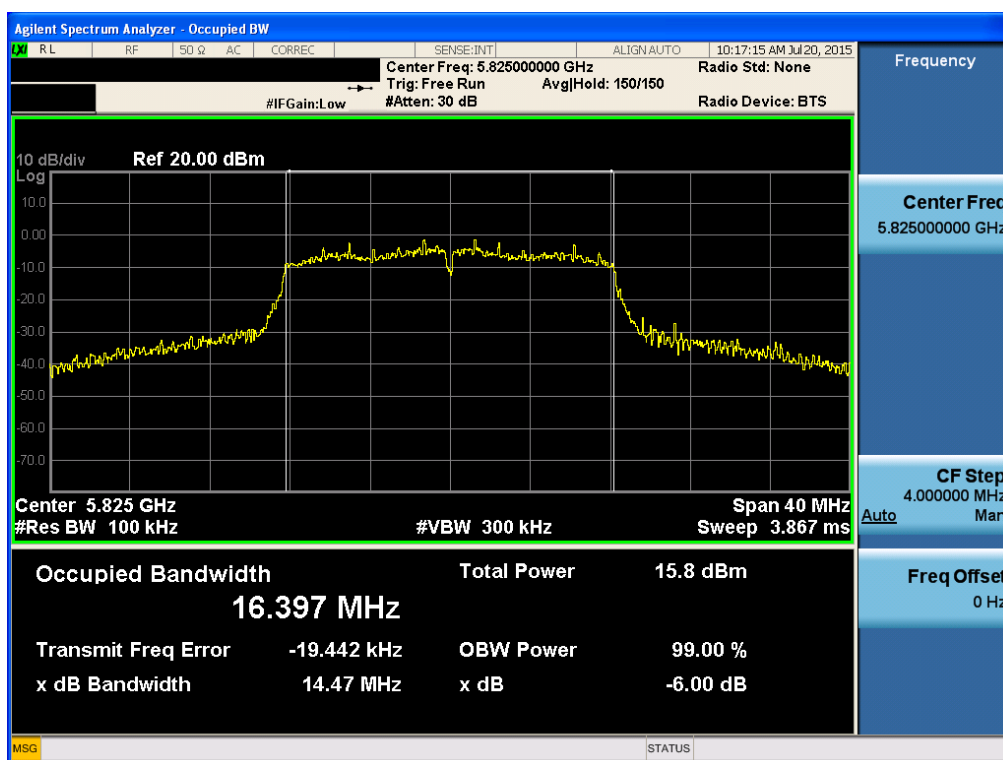
6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.157



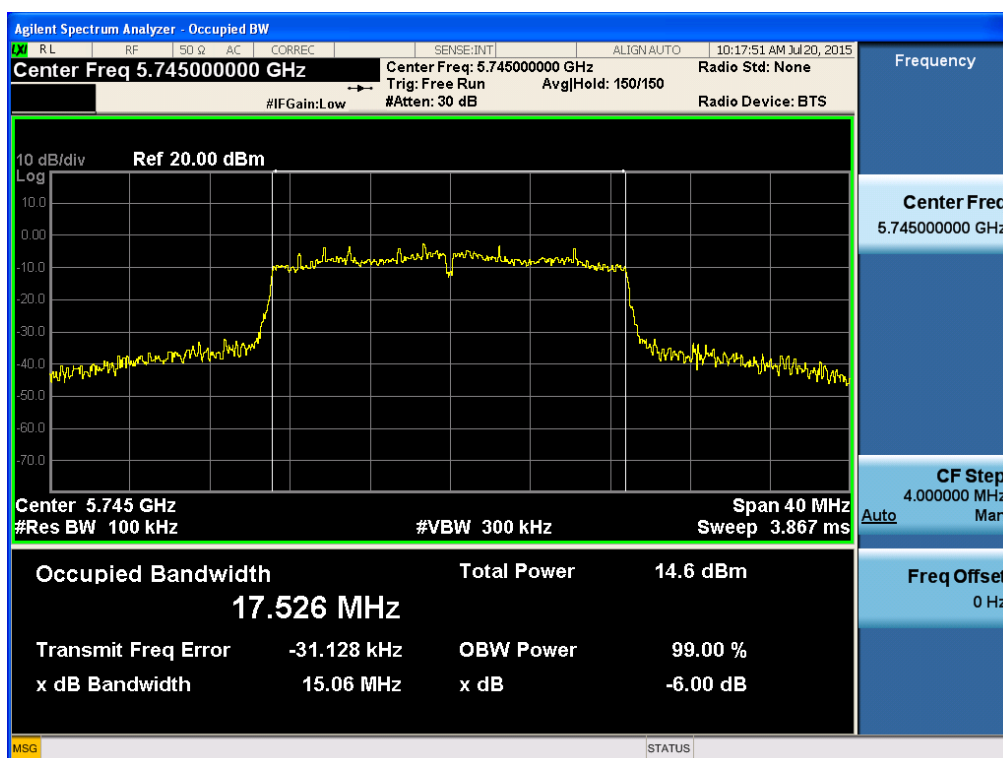
6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.165



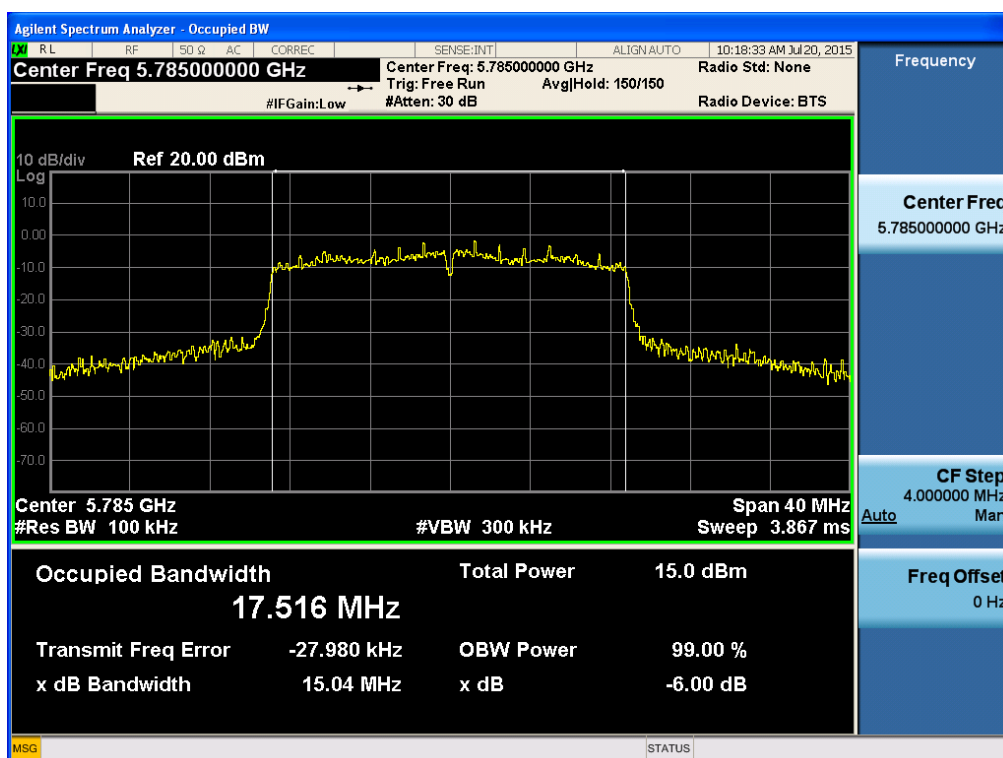
6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.149



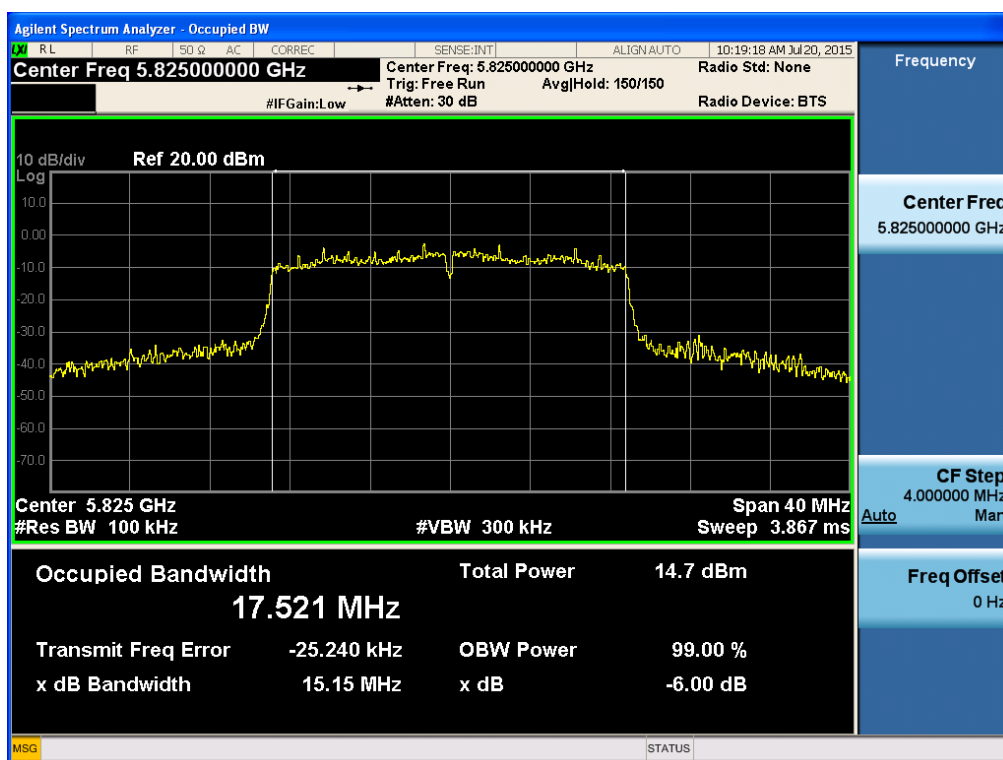
6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & Ch.157



6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & Ch.165



8.3 Maximum Conducted Output Power

■ Test Requirements

(1) For the band 5.15 - 5.25 GHz.

(i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15 - 5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).

(ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15 - 5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15 - 5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15 - 5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(2) For the 5.25 - 5.35 GHz and 5.47 - 5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or $11 \text{ dBm} + 10 \log B$, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

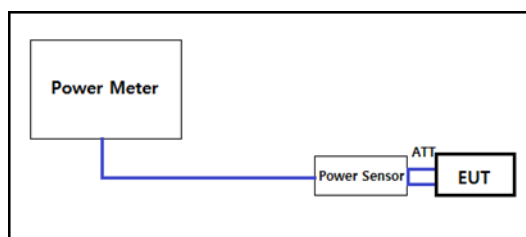
(3) For the band 5.725 - 5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

- Output power Limit Calculation

| Bands | Mode | Power Limit [mW] | Calculated Limit [dBm] | ANT Gain | Determined Limit [dBm] |
|----------------|---------------|------------------|------------------------|--------------|------------------------|
| U-NII 1 | 802.11a | 1000 | 30.00 | 1.386 | 30.00 |
| | 802.11n(HT20) | 1000 | 30.00 | 1.386 | 30.00 |

| Bands | Mode | Power Limit [mW] | Calculated Limit [dBm] | ANT Gain | Determined Limit [dBm] |
|----------------|---------------|------------------|------------------------|--------------|------------------------|
| U-NII 3 | 802.11a | 1000 | 30.00 | 2.105 | 30.00 |
| | 802.11n(HT20) | 1000 | 30.00 | 2.105 | 30.00 |

■ Test Configuration



■ Test Procedure

Maximum Conducted Output Power is measured using Measurement Procedure **Method PM - G of KDB789033 D02 V01**

Measurements may be performed using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Since the measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction factor is required.

■ Test Results: **Comply**

| Mode | Channel | Frequency [MHz] | Test Result [dBm] |
|---------------|---------|-----------------|-------------------|
| 802.11a | 36 | 5180 | 11.74 |
| | 40 | 5200 | 11.66 |
| | 48 | 5240 | 11.11 |
| | 149 | 5745 | 10.46 |
| | 157 | 5785 | 10.28 |
| | 165 | 5825 | 9.68 |
| 802.11n(HT20) | 36 | 5180 | 9.95 |
| | 40 | 5200 | 10.28 |
| | 48 | 5240 | 9.64 |
| | 149 | 5745 | 8.84 |
| | 157 | 5785 | 9.21 |
| | 165 | 5825 | 8.78 |

8.4 Maximum Power Spectral Density

■ Test requirements

(1) For the band 5.15 - 5.25 GHz.

(i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15 - 5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 MHz band. ^{note1}

(ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15 - 5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 MHz band. ^{note1}

(iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15 - 5.25 GHz, transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi.

(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15 - 5.25 GHz band, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band. ^{note1}

(2) For the 5.25 - 5.35 GHz and 5.47 - 5.725 GHz bands, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band. ^{note1}

(3) For the band 5.725 - 5.85 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500 kHz band. ^{note1,note2}

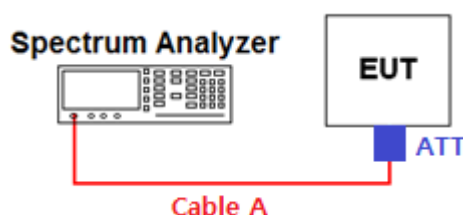
Note1: If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Note2: Fixed point - to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information.

- Peak Power Spectral Density Limit Calculation

| Band | Limit [dBm] | ANT Gain [dBi] | Determined Limit [dBm] |
|---------|-------------|----------------|------------------------|
| U-NII-1 | 17 | 1.386 | 17 |
| U-NII-3 | 30 | 2.105 | 30 |

■ Test configuration



■ Test procedure

Maximum Power Spectral Density is measured using Measurement Procedure of **KDB789033 D02 V01**

- 1) Create an average power spectrum for the EUT operating mode being tested by following the instructions in section II.E.2. for measuring maximum conducted output power using a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver: select the appropriate test method (SA - 1, SA - 2, SA - 3, or alternatives to each) and apply it up to, but not including, the step labeled, "Compute power...". (This procedure is required even if the maximum conducted output power measurement was performed using a power meter, method PM.)
- 2) Use the peak search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum and record its value.
- 3) Make the following adjustments to the peak value of the spectrum, if applicable:
 - a) **If Method SA - 2 or SA - 2 Alternative was used, add $10 \log(1 / x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the peak of the spectrum.**
 - b) If Method SA - 3 Alternative was used and the linear mode was used in step II.E.2.g (viii), add 1 dB to the final result to compensate for the difference between linear averaging and power averaging.
- 4) The result is the Maximum PSD over 1 MHz reference bandwidth.
- 5) For devices operating in the bands 5.15 - 5.25 GHz, 5.25 - 5.35 GHz, and 5.47 - 5.725 GHz, the above procedures make use of 1 MHz RBW to satisfy directly the 1 MHz reference bandwidth specified in §15.407(a)(5). For devices operating in the band 5.725 - 5.85 GHz, the rules specify a measurement bandwidth of 500 kHz. Many spectrum analyzers do not have 500 kHz RBW, thus a narrower RBW may need to be used. The rules permit the use of a RBWs less than 1 MHz, or 500 kHz, "provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth" to show the total power over the specified measurement bandwidth (i.e., 1 MHz, or 500 kHz). If measurements are performed using a reduced resolution bandwidth (< 1 MHz, or < 500 kHz) and integrated over 1 MHz, or 500 kHz bandwidth, the following adjustments to the procedures apply:
 - a) Set $RBW \geq 1 / T$, where T is defined in section II.B.1.a). (Refer to Appendix II)
 - b) Set $VBW \geq 3 RBW$.
 - c) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz, add $10 \log(500 \text{ kHz} / RBW)$ to the measured result, whereas RBW (< 500 kHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
 - d) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 1 MHz, add $10 \log(1 \text{ MHz} / RBW)$ to the measured result, whereas RBW (< 1 MHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
 - e) Care must be taken to ensure that the measurements are performed during a period of continuous transmission or are corrected upward for duty cycle.

Note: As a practical matter, it is recommended to use reduced RBW of 100 kHz for the sections 5.c) and 5.d) above, since RBW = 100 kHz is available on nearly all spectrum analyzers.

■ Test result: **Comply****- U-NII 1**

| Mode | Channel | Frequency [MHz] | Reading [dBm] | T.F [dB] Note 1 | Test Result [dBm] |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------|---------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 802.11a | 36 | 5180 | 2.828 | 0.18 | 3.008 |
| | 40 | 5200 | 2.573 | | 2.753 |
| | 48 | 5240 | 2.209 | | 2.389 |
| 802.11n(HT20) | 36 | 5180 | 1.326 | 0.14 | 1.466 |
| | 40 | 5200 | 1.792 | | 1.932 |
| | 48 | 5240 | 0.910 | | 1.050 |

Note 1: T.F = $10\log(1 \text{ MHz} / 1\text{MHz}) + \text{D.C.F}$

For D.C.F., please refer to appendix II.

Note 2: Test Result = Measurement Data + T.F

- U-NII 3

| Mode | Channel | Frequency [MHz] | Reading [dBm] | T.F [dB] Note 1 | Test Result [dBm] |
|---------------|------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 802.11a | 149 | 5745 | -8.320 | 7.17 | -1.150 |
| | 157 | 5785 | -7.917 | | -0.747 |
| | 165 | 5825 | -8.471 | | -1.301 |
| 802.11n(HT20) | 149 | 5745 | -8.876 | 7.13 | -1.746 |
| | 157 | 5785 | -9.010 | | -1.880 |
| | 165 | 5825 | -9.251 | | -2.121 |

Note 1: T.F = $10\log(500 \text{ kHz} / 100 \text{ kHz}) + \text{D.C.F}$

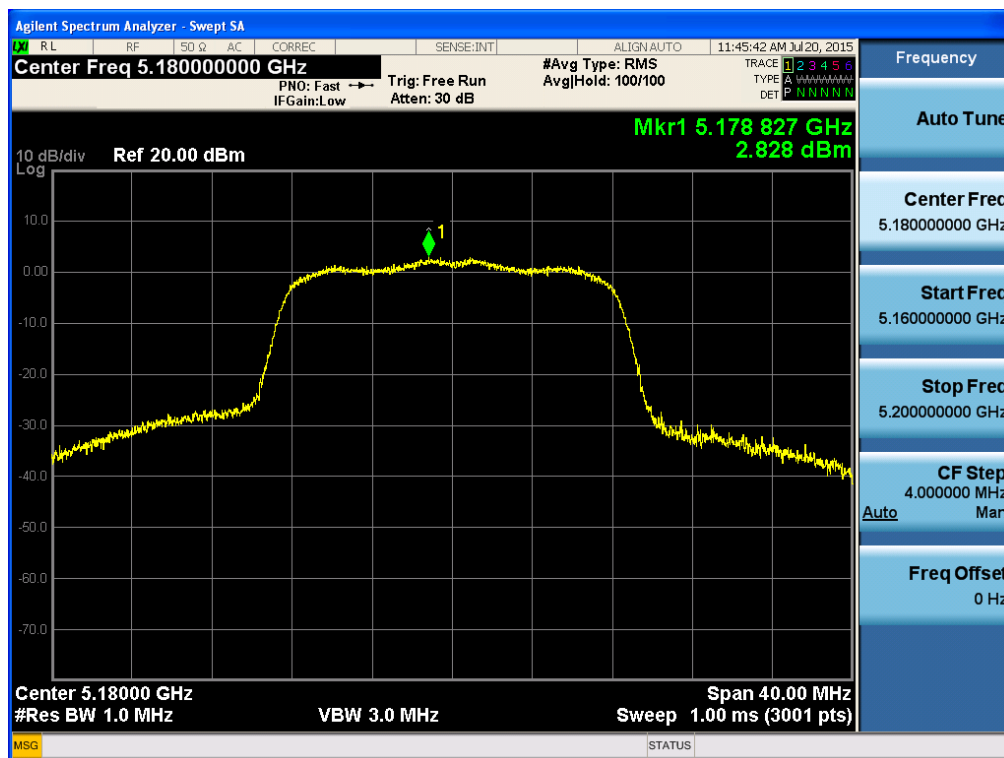
For D.C.F., please refer to appendix II.

Note 2: Test Result = Measurement Data + T.F

■ RESULT PLOTS

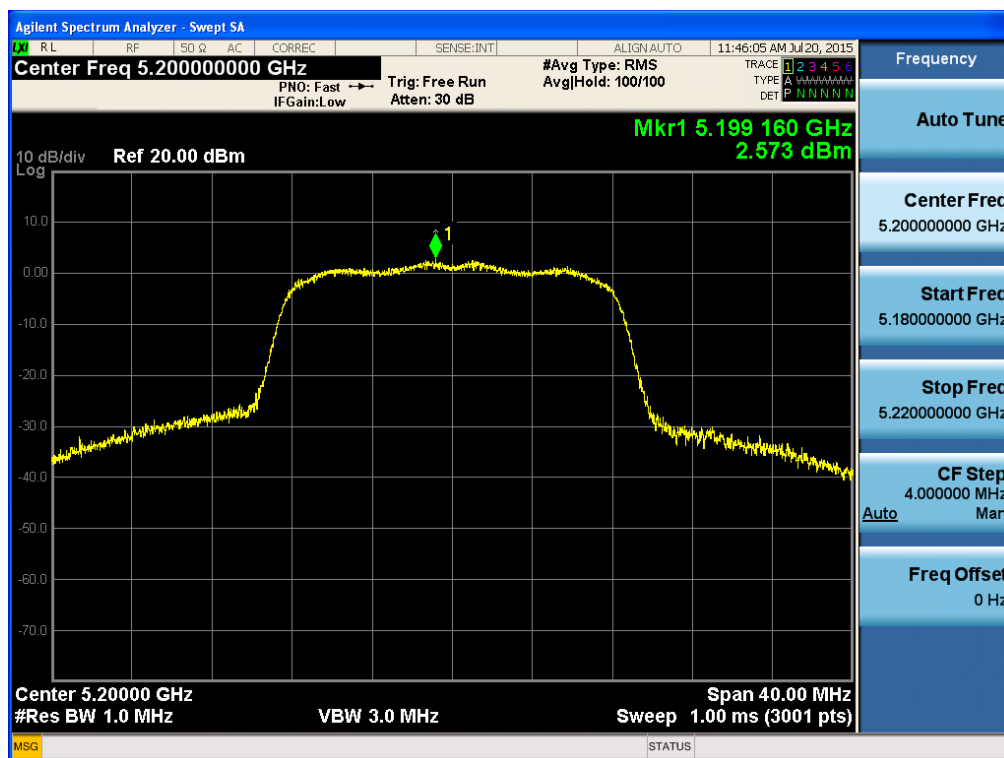
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.36



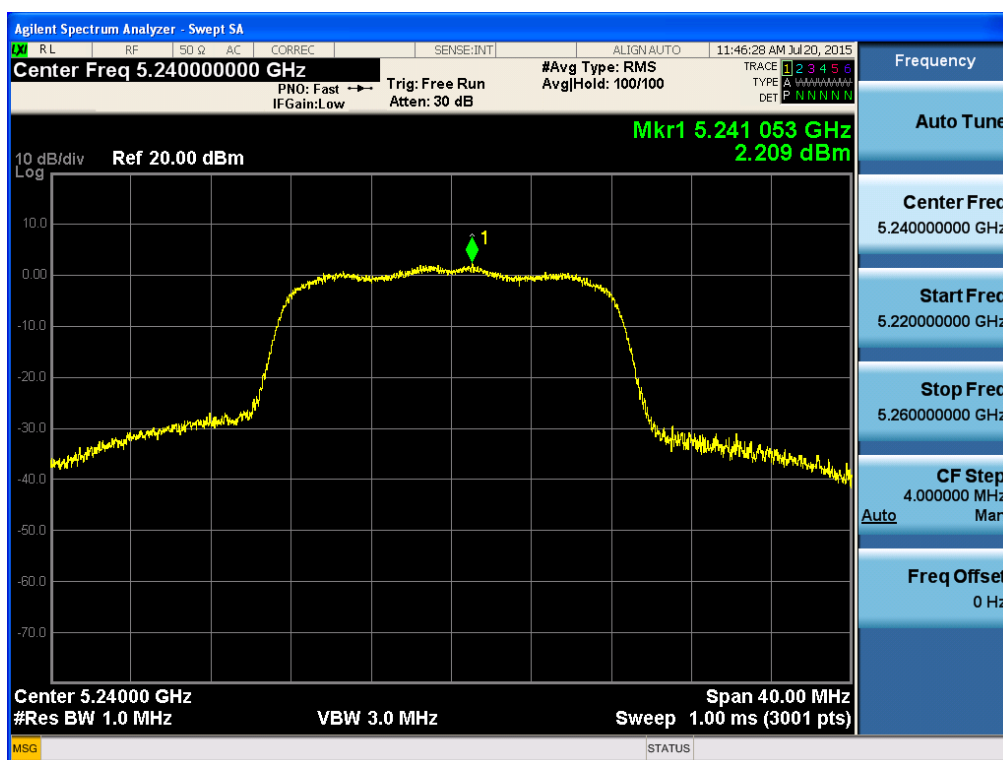
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.40



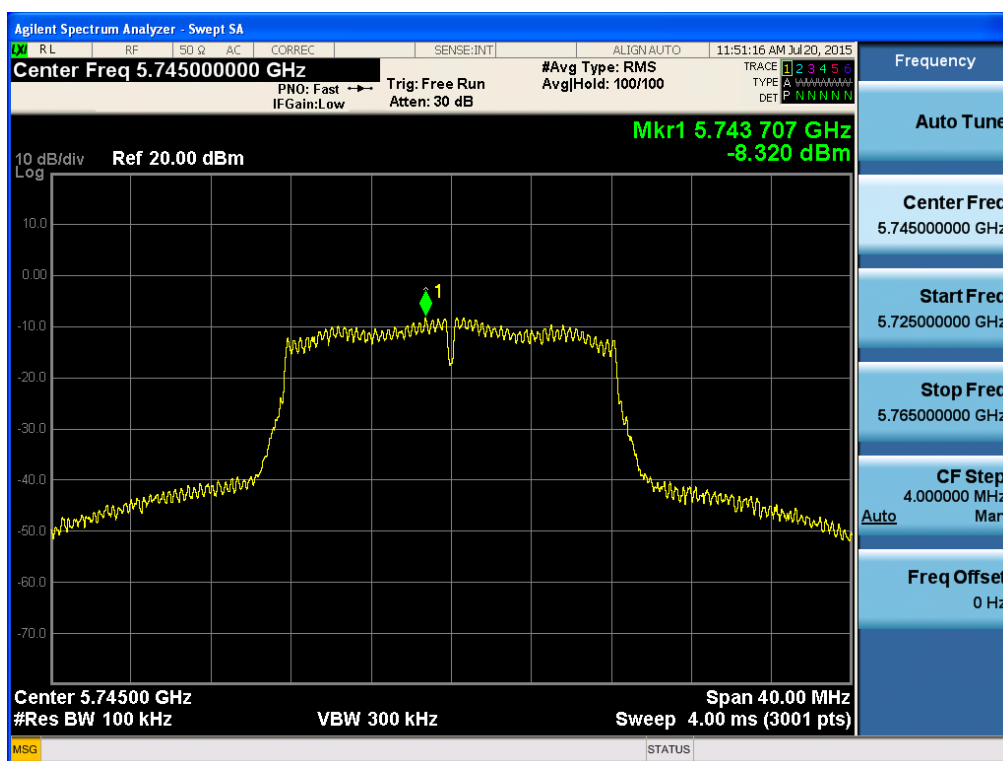
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.48



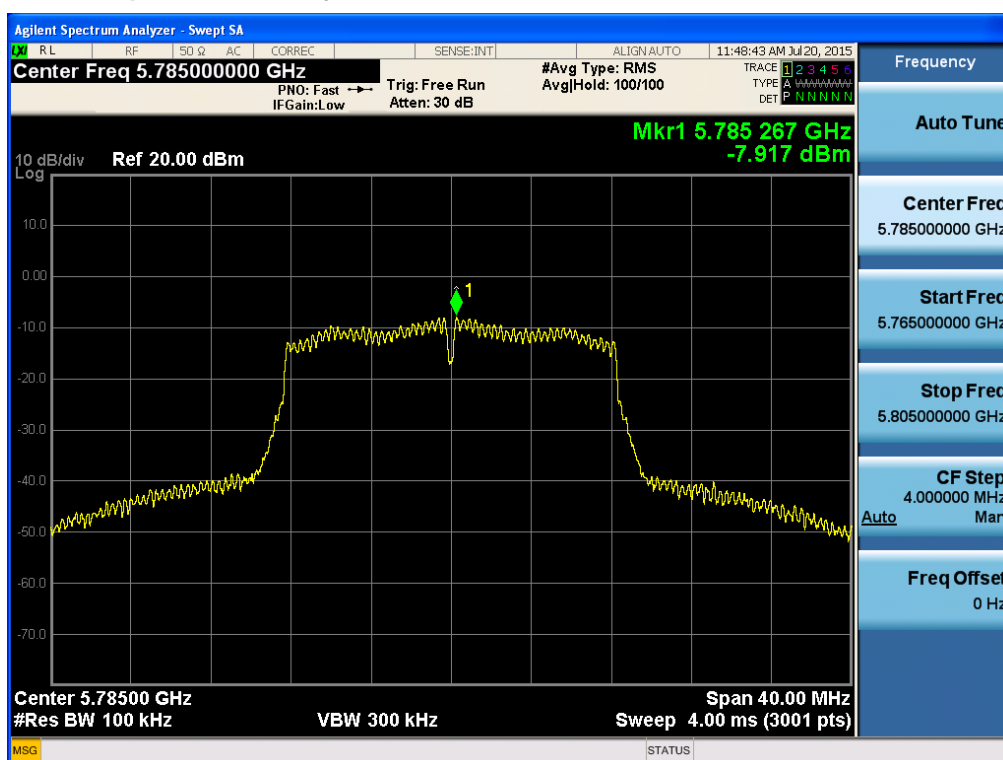
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.149



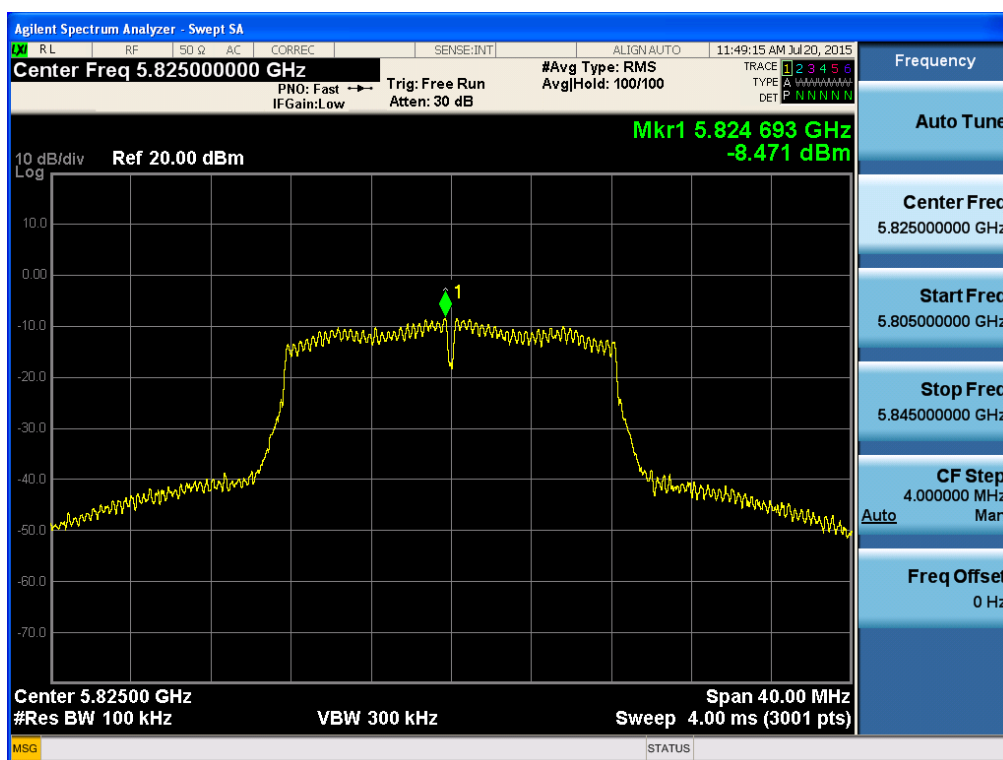
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.157



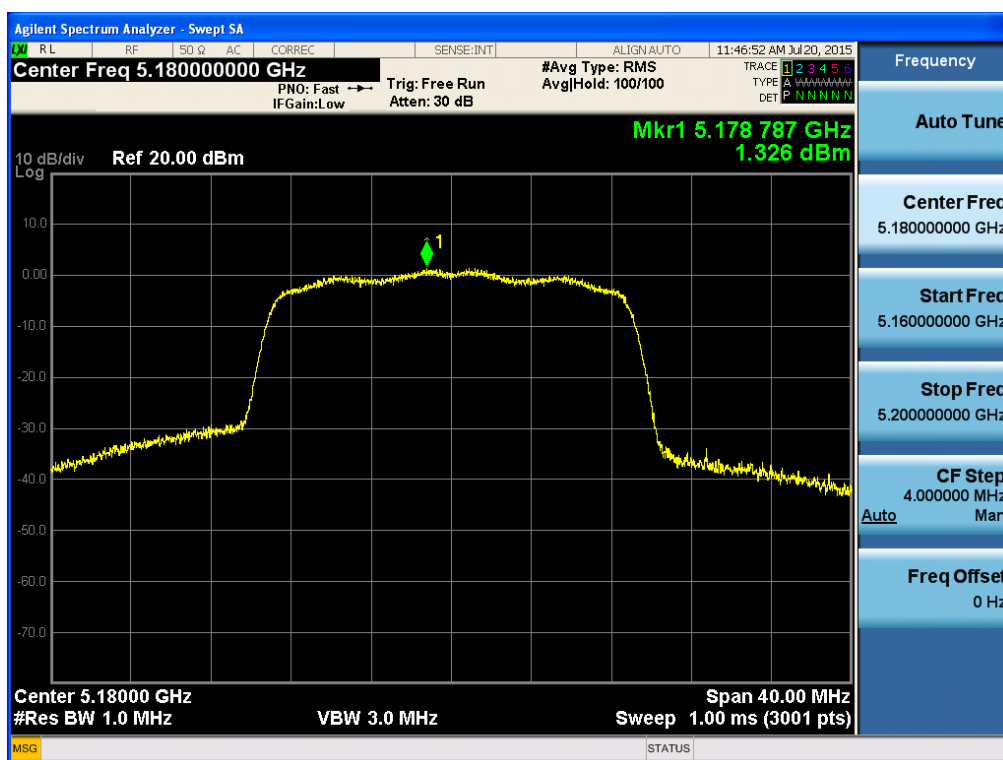
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.165



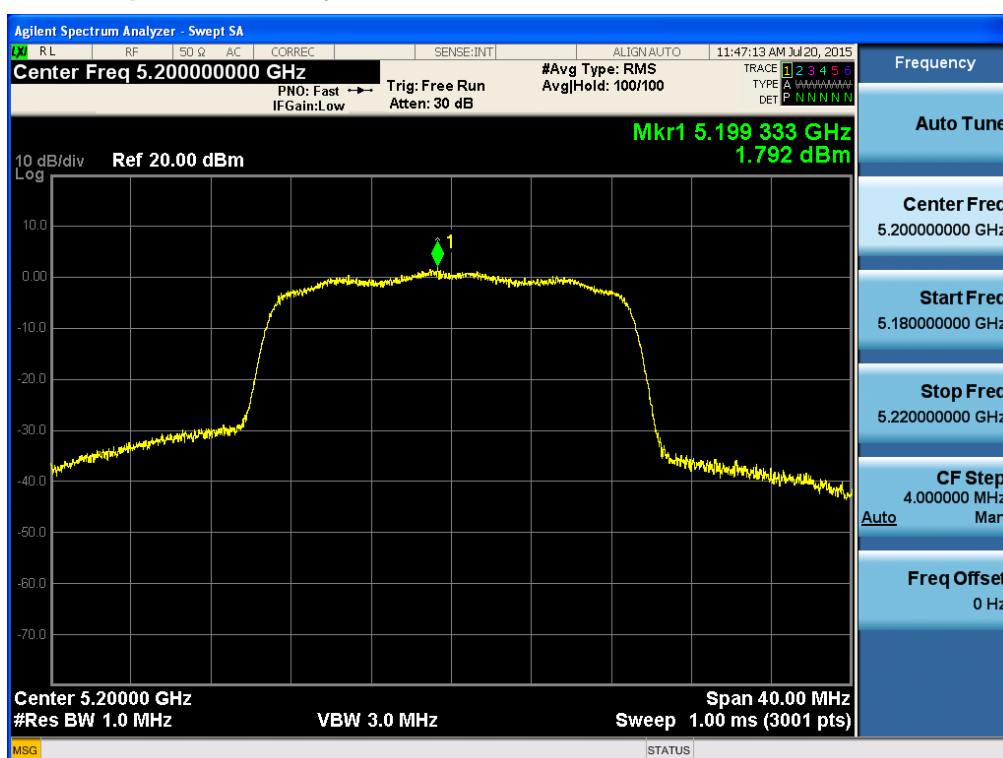
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & Ch.36



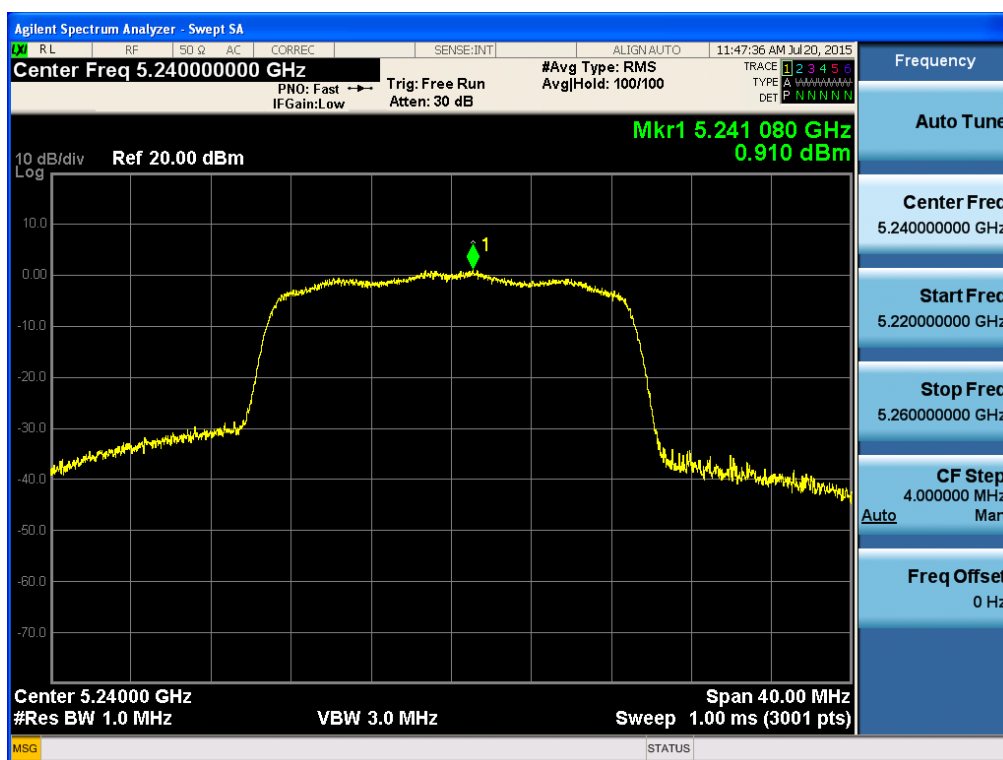
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & Ch.40



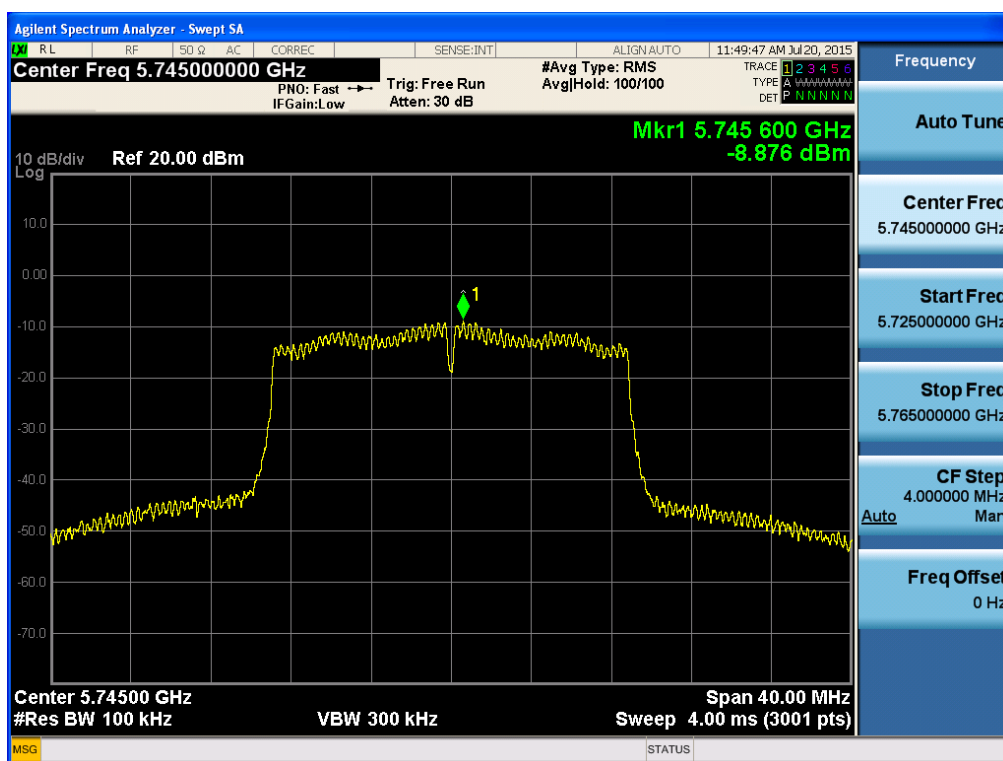
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & Ch.48



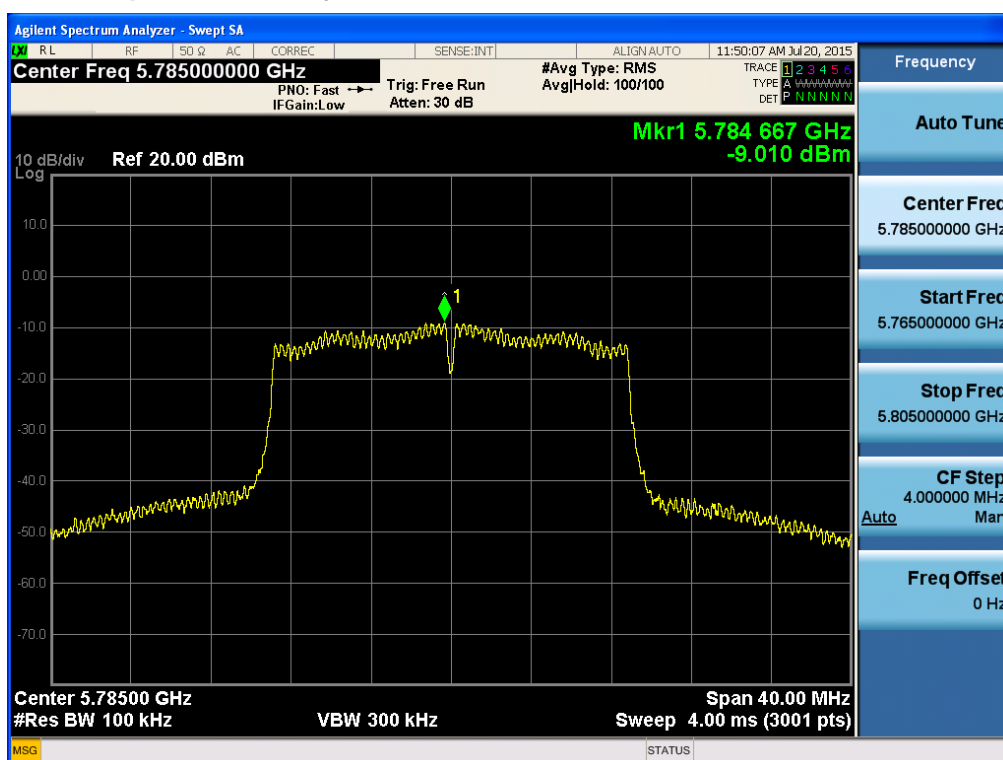
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & Ch.149



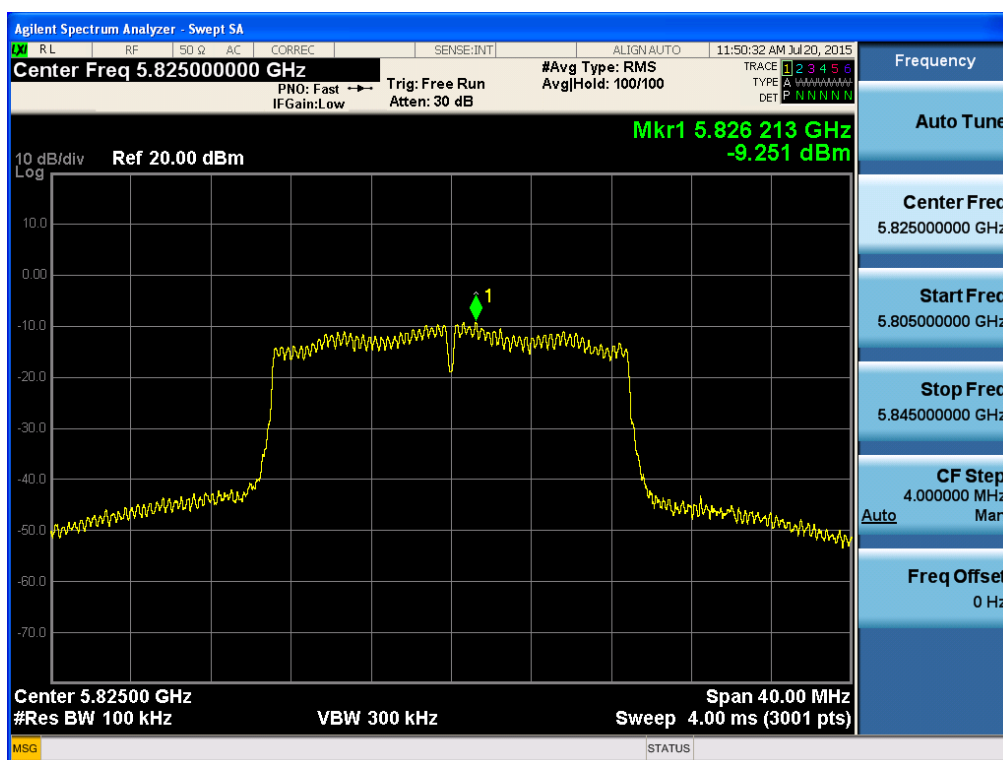
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & Ch.157



Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & Ch.165



8.5 Frequency Stability

■ Test requirements

Manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the user's manual.

■ Test Procedure

The EUT was placed inside of an environmental chamber as the temperature in the chamber was varied between -20 °C and +50 °C. The temperature was incremented by 10 °C intervals and the unit was allowed to stabilize at each measurement. The center frequency of the transmitting channel was evaluated at each temperature and the frequency deviation from the channel's center frequency was recorded.

■ Test Result : **Comply**

U-NII-1 & U-NII-2A : (5150 MHz ~ 5350 MHz)

| 26 dB Bandwidth Reference | |
|---------------------------|----------------|
| Low edge(MHz) | High edge(MHz) |
| 5,170.705 | NA |

| Supply Voltage (V DC) | TEMP (°C) | Operating Frequency | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------|-------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| | | 5180 MHz | | | NA | | |
| | | Measured Frequency (Hz) | Deviation (%) | 26dBc low edge ^{Note 2} (Hz) | Measured Frequency (Hz) | Deviation (%) | 26dBc low edge ^{Note 3} (Hz) |
| 3.700 | +25(Ref) | 5,179,969,060 | -0.000597 | 5,170,674,060 | - | - | - |
| | +50 | 5,179,972,346 | -0.000534 | 5,170,677,346 | - | - | - |
| | +40 | 5,179,973,484 | -0.000512 | 5,170,678,484 | - | - | - |
| | +30 | 5,179,970,218 | -0.000575 | 5,170,675,218 | - | - | - |
| | +20 | 5,179,967,438 | -0.000629 | 5,170,672,438 | - | - | - |
| | +10 | 5,179,973,692 | -0.000508 | 5,170,678,692 | - | - | - |
| | 0 | 5,179,976,238 | -0.000459 | 5,170,681,238 | - | - | - |
| | -10 | 5,179,984,310 | -0.000303 | 5,170,689,310 | - | - | - |
| | -20 | 5,179,991,054 | -0.000173 | 5,170,696,054 | - | - | - |
| 3.550 | +25 | 5,179,969,128 | -0.000596 | 5,170,674,128 | - | - | - |
| 4.255 | +25 | 5,179,969,436 | -0.000590 | 5,170,674,436 | - | - | - |

Note 1: 26 dB Bandwidth Reference Low edge (Hz) + (Measured Frequency (Hz) - Operating Frequency (Hz)) = 26dBc low edge (Hz)

Note 2: 26 dB Bandwidth Reference High edge (Hz) + (Measured Frequency (Hz) - Operating Frequency (Hz)) = 26dBc High edge (Hz)

U-NII-3 : (5725 MHz ~ 5850 MHz)

| 6 dB Bandwidth Reference | |
|--------------------------|----------------|
| Low edge(MHz) | High edge(MHz) |
| 5,736.425 | 5,832.515 |

| Supply Voltage (V DC) | TEMP (°C) | Operating Frequency | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------|-------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | 5745 MHz | | | 5825 MHz | | |
| | | Measured Frequency (Hz) | Deviation (%) | 6dBc low edge ^{Note 2} (Hz) | Measured Frequency (Hz) | Deviation (%) | 6dBc low edge ^{Note 3} (Hz) |
| 3.700 | +25(Ref) | 5,744,966,457 | -0.000584 | 5,736,391,457 | 5,824,965,538 | -0.000592 | 5,832,480,538 |
| | +50 | 5,744,973,621 | -0.000459 | 5,736,398,621 | 5,824,993,110 | -0.000118 | 5,832,508,110 |
| | +40 | 5,744,974,645 | -0.000441 | 5,736,399,645 | 5,824,974,884 | -0.000431 | 5,832,489,884 |
| | +30 | 5,744,969,430 | -0.000532 | 5,736,394,430 | 5,824,968,380 | -0.000543 | 5,832,483,380 |
| | +20 | 5,744,965,997 | -0.000592 | 5,736,390,997 | 5,824,964,831 | -0.000604 | 5,832,479,831 |
| | +10 | 5,744,972,834 | -0.000473 | 5,736,397,834 | 5,824,972,517 | -0.000472 | 5,832,487,517 |
| | 0 | 5,744,977,208 | -0.000397 | 5,736,402,208 | 5,824,977,735 | -0.000382 | 5,832,492,735 |
| | -10 | 5,744,985,923 | -0.000245 | 5,736,410,923 | 5,824,986,329 | -0.000235 | 5,832,501,329 |
| | -20 | 5,744,993,584 | -0.000112 | 5,736,418,584 | 5,824,993,693 | -0.000108 | 5,832,508,693 |
| 3.550 | +25 | 5,744,966,325 | -0.000586 | 5,736,391,325 | 5,824,965,693 | -0.000589 | 5,832,480,693 |
| 4.255 | +25 | 5,744,966,219 | -0.000588 | 5,736,391,219 | 5,824,965,735 | -0.000588 | 5,832,480,735 |

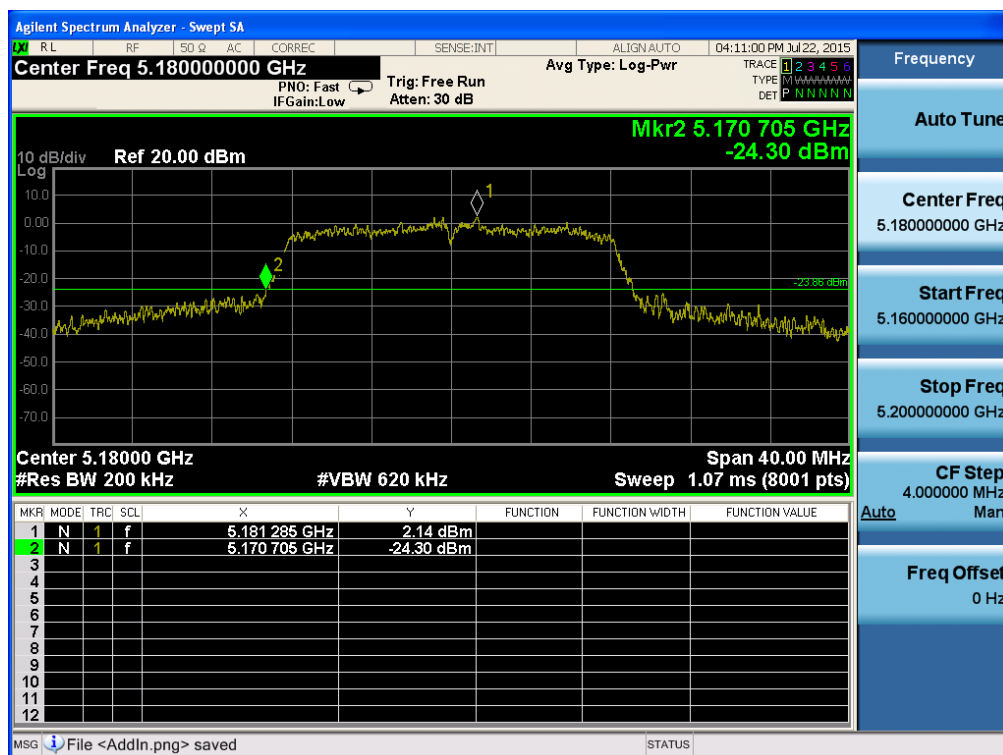
Note 1: 6 dB Bandwidth Reference Low edge (Hz) + (Measured Frequency (Hz) - Operating Frequency (Hz)) = 6dBc low edge (Hz)

Note 2: 6 dB Bandwidth Reference High edge (Hz) + (Measured Frequency (Hz) - Operating Frequency (Hz)) = 6dBc High edge (Hz)

RESULT PLOTS

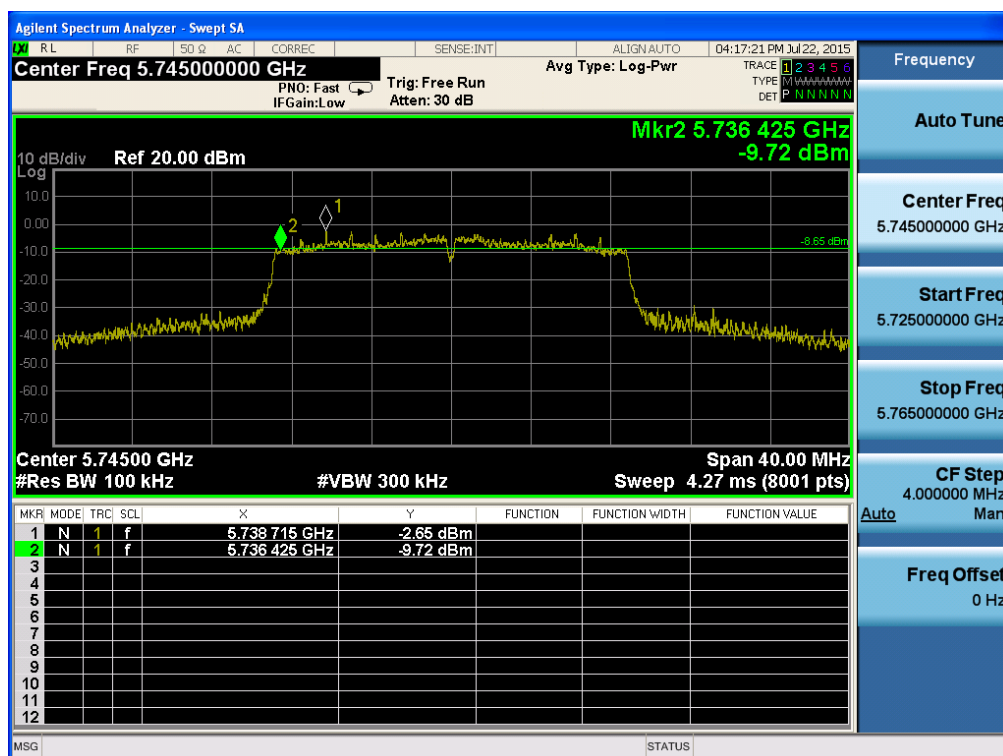
26 dB Bandwidth Reference

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.36



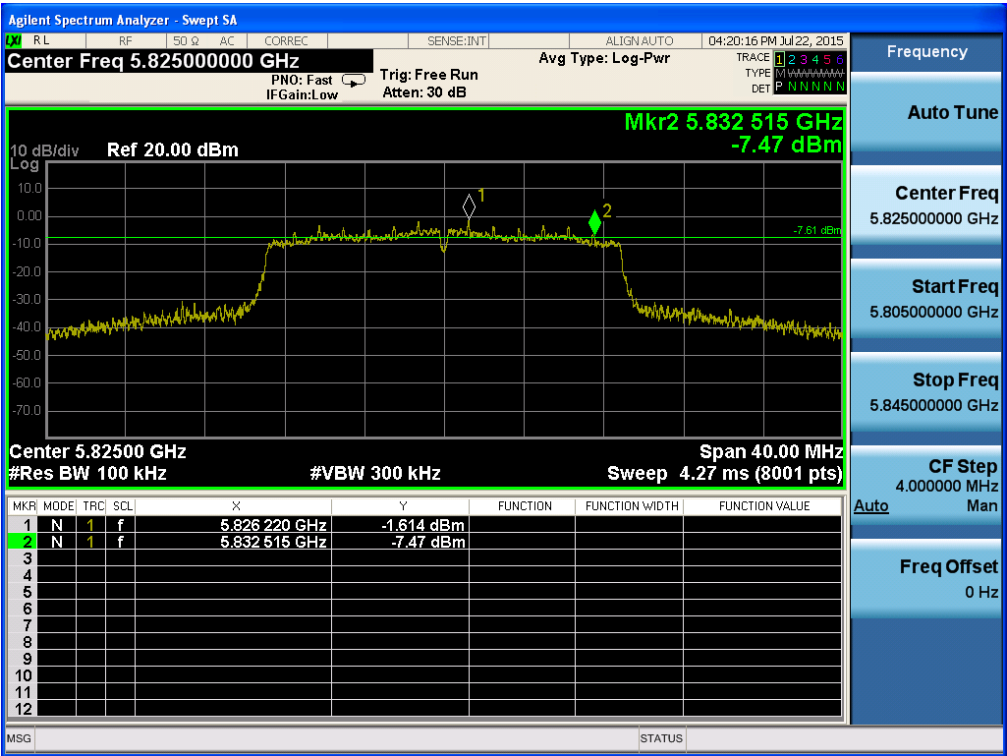
6 dB Bandwidth Reference

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & Ch.149



6 dB Bandwidth Reference

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & Ch.165



8.6 Radiated Spurious Emission Measurements

■ Test Procedure

• FCC Part 15.209(a) and (b)

| Frequency (MHz) | Limit (uV/m) | Measurement Distance (meter) |
|-----------------|--------------|------------------------------|
| 0.009 – 0.490 | 2400/F(KHz) | 300 |
| 0.490 – 1.705 | 24000/F(KHz) | 30 |
| 1.705 – 30.0 | 30 | 30 |
| 30 ~ 88 | 100 ** | 3 |
| 88 ~ 216 | 150 ** | 3 |
| 216 ~ 960 | 200 ** | 3 |
| Above 960 | 500 | 3 |

** Except as provided in 15.209(g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54 - 72 MHz, 76 – 88 MHz, 174 – 216 MHz or 470 – 806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g. 15.231 and 15.241.

• FCC Part 15.205 (a): Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

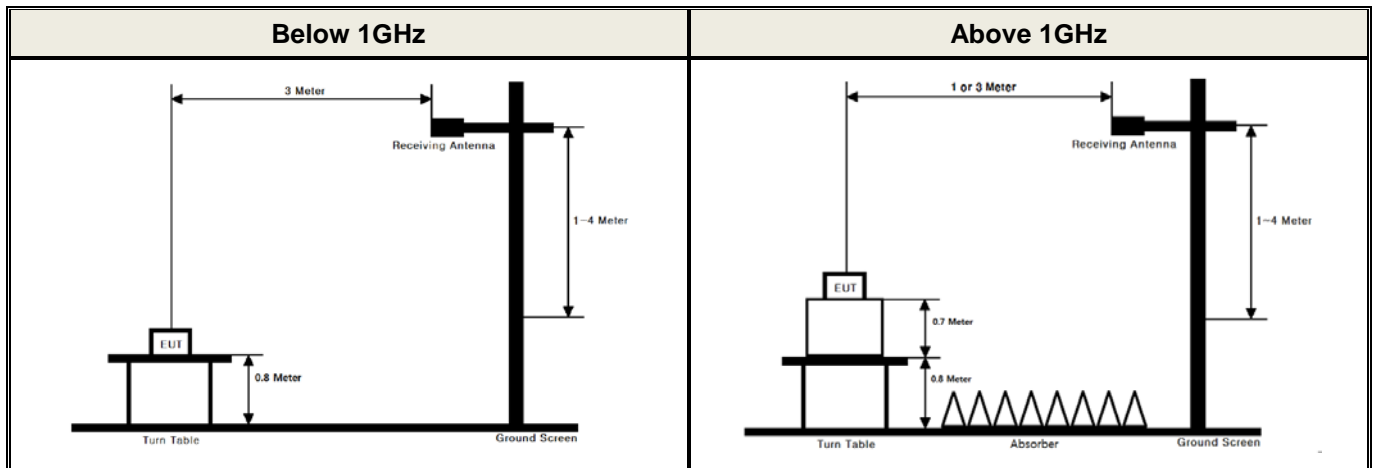
| MHz | MHz | MHz | MHz | GHz | GHz |
|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|
| 0.009 ~ 0.110 | 8.41425 ~ 8.41475 | 108 ~ 121.94 | 1300 ~ 1427 | 4.5 ~ 5.15 | 14.47 ~ 14.5 |
| 0.495 ~ 0.505 | 12.29 ~ 12.293 | 123 ~ 138 | 1435 ~ 1626.5 | 5.35 ~ 5.46 | 15.35 ~ 16.2 |
| 2.1735 ~ 2.1905 | 12.51975 ~ 12.52025 | 149.9 ~ 150.05 | 1645.5 ~ 1646.5 | 7.25 ~ 7.75 | 17.7 ~ 21.4 |
| 4.125 ~ 4.128 | 12.57675 ~ 12.57725 | 160.52475 ~ 160.52525 | 1660 ~ 1710 | 8.025 ~ 8.5 | 22.01 ~ 23.12 |
| 4.17725 ~ 4.17775 | 13.36 ~ 13.41 | 160.7 ~ 160.9 | 1718.8 ~ 1722.2 | 9.0 ~ 9.2 | 23.6 ~ 24.0 |
| 4.20725 ~ 4.20775 | 16.42 ~ 16.423 | 162.0125 ~ 167.17 | 2200 ~ 2300 | 9.3 ~ 9.5 | 31.2 ~ 31.8 |
| 6.215 ~ 6.218 | 16.69475 ~ 16.69525 | 167.72 ~ 173.2 | 2310 ~ 2390 | 10.6 ~ 12.7 | 36.43 ~ 36.5 |
| 6.26775 ~ 6.26825 | 16.80425 ~ 16.80475 | 240 ~ 285 | 2483.5 ~ 2500 | 13.25 ~ 13.4 | Above 38.6 |
| 6.31175 ~ 6.31225 | 25.5 ~ 25.67 | 322 ~ 335.4 | 2655 ~ 2900 | | |
| 8.291 ~ 8.294 | 37.5 ~ 38.25 | 399.90 ~ 410 | 3260 ~ 3267 | | |
| 8.362 ~ 8.366 | 73 ~ 74.6 | 608 ~ 614 | 3332 ~ 3339 | | |
| 8.37625 ~ 8.38675 | 74.8 ~ 75.2 | 960 ~ 1240 | 3345.8 ~ 3358 | | |
| | | | 3600 ~ 4000 | | |

• **FCC Part 15.205(b):** The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §15.35 apply to these measurements.

• **FCC Part 15.407 (b):** Undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

- (1) For transmitters operating in the **5.15 - 5.25 GHz band**: all emissions outside of the **5.15 - 5.35 GHz band** shall not exceed an **EIRP of -27 dBm / MHz**.
- (2) For transmitters operating in the **5.25 - 5.35 GHz band**: all emissions outside of the **5.15 - 5.35 GHz band** shall not exceed an **EIRP of -27 dBm / MHz**.
- (3) For transmitters operating in the **5.47 - 5.725 GHz band**: all emissions outside of the **5.47 - 5.725 GHz band** shall not exceed an **EIRP of -27 dBm / MHz**.
- (4) For transmitters operating in the **5.725 - 5.85 GHz band**: All emissions within the frequency range from the band edge to 10 MHz above or below the band edge shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -17 dBm / MHz; for frequencies 10 MHz or greater above or below the band edge, emissions shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm / MHz.
- (5) The emission measurements shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. A lower resolution bandwidth may be employed near the band edge, when necessary, provided the measured energy is integrated to show the total power over 1 MHz.
- (6) Unwanted emissions **below 1 GHz** must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in **Section 15.209**. Further, any U-NII devices using an **AC power line** are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in **Section 15.207**.
- (7) The provisions of §15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section
- (8) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the upper and lower frequency band edges as the design of the equipment permits.

■ Test Procedure



■ Test Procedure

1. The EUT is placed on a non-conductive table. For emission measurements at or below 1 GHz, the table height is 80 cm. For emission measurements above 1 GHz, the table height is 1.5 m.
2. The turn table shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
3. EUT is set 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4 m to find out the highest emissions.
4. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
5. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
6. Repeat above procedures until the measurements for all frequencies are complete.

Radiated spurious emission measured using following Measurement Procedure of KDB789033 D02 V01

► General Requirements for Unwanted Emissions Measurements

The following requirements apply to all unwanted emissions measurements, both in and outside of the restricted bands:

■ EUT Duty Cycle

- (1) The EUT shall be configured or modified to **transmit continuously** except as stated in (ii), below. The intent is to test at 100 percent duty cycle; however a small reduction in duty cycle (**to no lower than 98 percent**) is permitted if required by the EUT for amplitude control purposes. Manufacturers are expected to provide software to the test lab to permit such continuous operation.
- (2) If **continuous transmission (or at least 98 percent duty cycle) cannot be achieved** due to hardware limitations of the EUT (e.g., overheating), the following additions to the measurement and reporting procedures are required:
 - The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
 - Measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal.
 - Adjustments to measurement procedures (e.g., increasing test time and number of traces averaged) shall be performed as described in the procedures below.
 - The test report shall include the following additional information:
 - The reason for the duty cycle limitation.
 - The duty cycle achieved for testing and the associated transmit duration and interval between transmissions.
 - The sweep time and the amount of time used for trace stabilization during max-hold measurements for peak emission measurements.
- (3) **Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty factor is not permitted. Compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission - not on an average across on and off times of the transmitter.**

► Measurements below 1000 MHz

- a) Follow the requirements in section II.G.3, "General Requirements for Unwanted Emissions Measurements".
- b) Compliance shall be demonstrated using **CISPR quasi-peak detection**; however, **peak detection** is permitted as an alternative to quasi-peak detection.

► **Measurements Above 1000 MHz (Peak)**

- a) Follow the requirements in section II.G.3, "General Requirements for Unwanted Emissions Measurements".
- b) Peak emission levels are measured by setting the analyzer as follows:
 - (i) **RBW = 1 MHz.**
 - (ii) **VBW ≥ 3 MHz.**
 - (iii) **Detector = Peak.**
 - (iv) Sweep time = Auto.
 - (v) Trace mode = Max hold.
 - (vi) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. Note that if the transmission is not continuous, the time required for the trace to stabilize will increase by a factor of approximately $1/x$, where x is the duty cycle. For example, at 50 percent duty cycle, the measurement time will increase by a factor of two relative to measurement time for continuous transmission.

► **Measurements Above 1000 MHz (Method AD)**

- (i) **RBW = 1 MHz.**
- (ii) **VBW ≥ 3 MHz.**
- (iii) **Detector = RMS**, if $\text{span} / (\# \text{ of points in sweep}) \leq \text{RBW} / 2$. Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If the condition is not satisfied, the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- (iv) Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS)
 - As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging. Some analyzers require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- (v) Sweep time = Auto.
- (vi) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces if the transmission is continuous. If the transmission is not continuous, the number of traces shall be increased by a factor of $1/x$, where x is the duty cycle. For example, with 50 percent duty cycle, at least 200 traces shall be averaged.
- (vii) If tests are performed with the EUT transmitting at a duty cycle less than 98 percent, a correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
 - **If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step (iv) above, the correction factor is $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.**
For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50 percent, then 3 dB must be added to the measured emission levels.
 - If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step (iv) above, the correction factor is $20 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle. For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50 percent, then 6 dB must be added to the measured emission levels.
 - If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (100 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

■ Measurement Data:

Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9kHz ~ 40GHz) : 802.11a & U-NII-1

| Tested Channel | Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | DCCF (dB) | DCF (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|------------------|-----------------|---------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|-----------|----------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 36 (5180 MHz) | 5019.650 | V | Y | PK | 57.81 | 3.72 | N/A | N/A | 61.53 | 74.00 | 12.47 |
| | 5020.100 | V | Y | AV | 45.02 | 3.72 | 0.18 | N/A | 48.92 | 54.00 | 5.08 |
| | 5149.500 | V | Y | PK | 62.85 | 3.77 | N/A | N/A | 66.62 | 74.00 | 7.38 |
| | 5149.850 | V | Y | AV | 47.88 | 3.77 | 0.18 | N/A | 51.83 | 54.00 | 2.17 |
| | 6906.430 | V | Y | PK | 51.25 | 5.15 | N/A | N/A | 56.40 | 68.20 | 11.80 |
| | 10360.560 | H | Y | PK | 47.86 | 9.36 | N/A | -9.54 | 47.68 | 68.20 | 20.52 |
| 40 (5200 MHz) | 5040.200 | V | Y | PK | 55.41 | 3.73 | N/A | N/A | 59.14 | 74.00 | 14.86 |
| | 5040.000 | V | Y | AV | 45.34 | 3.73 | 0.18 | N/A | 49.25 | 54.00 | 4.75 |
| | 5359.850 | V | Y | PK | 56.28 | 3.97 | N/A | N/A | 60.25 | 74.00 | 13.75 |
| | 5359.910 | V | Y | AV | 46.01 | 3.97 | 0.18 | N/A | 50.16 | 54.00 | 3.84 |
| | 6933.240 | V | Y | PK | 50.65 | 5.18 | N/A | N/A | 55.83 | 68.20 | 12.37 |
| | 10400.130 | H | Y | PK | 47.24 | 9.49 | N/A | -9.54 | 47.19 | 68.20 | 21.01 |
| 48 (5240 MHz) | 5079.950 | V | Y | PK | 58.27 | 3.75 | N/A | N/A | 62.02 | 74.00 | 11.98 |
| | 5080.000 | V | Y | AV | 46.32 | 3.75 | 0.18 | N/A | 50.25 | 54.00 | 3.75 |
| | 5400.250 | V | Y | PK | 53.76 | 3.97 | N/A | N/A | 57.73 | 74.00 | 16.27 |
| | 5399.800 | V | Y | AV | 45.24 | 3.97 | 0.18 | N/A | 49.39 | 54.00 | 4.61 |
| | 6986.270 | V | Y | PK | 50.28 | 5.23 | N/A | N/A | 55.51 | 68.20 | 12.69 |
| | 10480.530 | H | Y | PK | 47.06 | 9.51 | N/A | -9.54 | 47.03 | 68.20 | 21.17 |

Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9kHz ~ 40GHz) : 802.11a & U-NII-3

| Tested Channel | Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | DCCF (dB) | DCF (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-------------------|-----------------|---------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|-----------|----------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 149 (5745 MHz) | 5552.400 | V | Y | PK | 58.83 | 4.10 | N/A | N/A | 62.93 | 68.20 | 5.27 |
| | 5714.470 | V | Y | PK | 58.43 | 4.35 | N/A | N/A | 62.78 | 68.20 | 5.42 |
| | 5724.900 | V | Y | PK | 69.13 | 4.37 | N/A | N/A | 73.50 | 78.20 | 4.70 |
| | 5897.500 | V | Y | PK | 53.07 | 4.79 | N/A | N/A | 57.86 | 68.20 | 10.34 |
| | 7659.580 | V | Y | AV | 49.84 | 5.74 | 0.18 | N/A | 55.76 | 74.00 | 18.24 |
| | 7659.740 | V | Y | PK | 42.56 | 5.74 | N/A | N/A | 48.30 | 54.00 | 5.70 |
| | 11487.100 | H | Y | PK | 47.31 | 10.74 | N/A | -9.54 | 48.51 | 74.00 | 25.49 |
| | 11486.700 | H | Y | AV | 36.16 | 10.74 | 0.18 | -9.54 | 37.54 | 54.00 | 16.46 |
| 157 (5785 MHz) | 5584.900 | V | Y | PK | 60.10 | 4.15 | N/A | N/A | 64.25 | 68.20 | 3.95 |
| | 5945.000 | V | Y | PK | 54.08 | 4.79 | N/A | N/A | 58.87 | 68.20 | 9.33 |
| | 7713.870 | V | Y | PK | 50.43 | 5.74 | N/A | N/A | 56.17 | 74.00 | 17.83 |
| | 7713.050 | V | Y | AV | 42.96 | 5.74 | 0.18 | N/A | 48.88 | 54.00 | 5.12 |
| | 11570.000 | H | Y | PK | 49.81 | 11.49 | N/A | -9.54 | 51.76 | 74.00 | 22.24 |
| | 11570.450 | H | Y | AV | 36.72 | 11.49 | 0.18 | -9.54 | 38.85 | 54.00 | 15.15 |
| 165 (5825 MHz) | 5645.800 | V | V | PK | 56.60 | 4.25 | N/A | N/A | 60.85 | 68.20 | 7.35 |
| | 5850.600 | V | V | PK | 61.41 | 4.76 | N/A | N/A | 66.17 | 78.20 | 12.03 |
| | 5860.120 | V | V | PK | 55.54 | 4.77 | N/A | N/A | 60.31 | 68.20 | 7.89 |
| | 5991.200 | V | V | PK | 55.60 | 4.79 | N/A | N/A | 60.39 | 68.20 | 7.81 |
| | 7766.280 | V | V | PK | 49.43 | 5.75 | N/A | N/A | 55.18 | 74.00 | 18.82 |
| | 7766.350 | V | V | AV | 41.66 | 5.75 | 0.18 | N/A | 47.59 | 54.00 | 6.41 |
| | 11651.300 | H | Y | PK | 49.21 | 11.61 | N/A | -9.54 | 51.28 | 74.00 | 22.72 |
| | 11649.500 | H | Y | AV | 37.86 | 11.61 | 0.18 | -9.54 | 40.11 | 54.00 | 13.89 |

Note.

1. No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.
2. Sample Calculation.
 $\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Result}$ / $\text{Result} = \text{Reading} + \text{T.F} + \text{DCCF} + \text{DCF}$ / $\text{T.F} = \text{AF} + \text{CL} - \text{AG}$
 Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,
 DCCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor, DCF = Distance Correction Factor
3. Measurement Distance = 3 m for below 10 GHz, Measurement Distance = 1 m for above 10 GHz.
 Therefore Distance Correction Factor (DCF) : $-9.54 \text{ dB} = 20 \cdot \log(1\text{m} / 3\text{m})$
4. The limit is converted to field strength.
 $E [\text{dBuV/m}] = \text{EIRP} [\text{dBm}] + 95.2 \text{ dB} = -27 \text{ dBm} + 95.2 = 68.2 \text{ dBuV/m}$
 $= -17 \text{ dBm} + 95.2 = 78.2 \text{ dBuV/m}$
5. If peak measurement satisfy the average limit, then average measurement are not required.

■ **Measurement Data:**

Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9kHz ~ 40GHz) : 802.11n(HT20) & U-NII-1

| Tested Channel | Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | DCCF (dB) | DCF (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|------------------|-----------------|---------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|-----------|----------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 36 (5180 MHz) | 5020.100 | V | Y | PK | 54.73 | 3.72 | N/A | N/A | 58.45 | 74.00 | 15.55 |
| | 5020.000 | V | Y | AV | 44.22 | 3.72 | 0.14 | N/A | 48.08 | 54.00 | 5.92 |
| | 5149.850 | V | Y | PK | 62.94 | 3.77 | N/A | N/A | 66.71 | 74.00 | 7.29 |
| | 5145.850 | V | Y | AV | 46.26 | 3.77 | 0.14 | N/A | 50.17 | 54.00 | 3.83 |
| | 6906.480 | V | Y | PK | 51.84 | 5.15 | N/A | N/A | 56.99 | 68.20 | 11.21 |
| | 10360.830 | H | Y | PK | 46.94 | 9.36 | N/A | -9.54 | 46.76 | 68.20 | 21.44 |
| 40 (5200 MHz) | 5040.260 | V | Y | PK | 54.97 | 3.73 | N/A | N/A | 58.70 | 74.00 | 15.30 |
| | 5040.020 | V | Y | AV | 44.62 | 3.73 | 0.14 | N/A | 48.49 | 54.00 | 5.51 |
| | 5359.670 | V | Y | PK | 56.68 | 3.97 | N/A | N/A | 60.65 | 74.00 | 13.35 |
| | 5359.940 | V | Y | AV | 44.90 | 3.97 | 0.14 | N/A | 49.01 | 54.00 | 4.99 |
| | 6932.830 | V | Y | PK | 50.76 | 5.18 | N/A | N/A | 55.94 | 68.20 | 12.26 |
| | 10400.910 | H | Y | PK | 47.88 | 9.49 | N/A | -9.54 | 47.83 | 68.20 | 20.37 |
| 48 (5240 MHz) | 5079.900 | V | Y | PK | 57.13 | 3.75 | N/A | N/A | 60.88 | 74.00 | 13.12 |
| | 5080.050 | V | Y | AV | 46.66 | 3.75 | 0.14 | N/A | 50.55 | 54.00 | 3.45 |
| | 5400.100 | V | Y | PK | 51.78 | 3.97 | N/A | N/A | 55.75 | 74.00 | 18.25 |
| | 5399.950 | V | Y | AV | 44.63 | 3.97 | 0.14 | N/A | 48.74 | 54.00 | 5.26 |
| | 6986.470 | V | Y | PK | 49.87 | 5.23 | N/A | N/A | 55.10 | 68.20 | 13.10 |
| | 10480.690 | H | Y | PK | 46.88 | 9.51 | N/A | -9.54 | 46.85 | 68.20 | 21.35 |

Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9kHz ~ 40GHz) : 802.11n(HT20) & U-NII-3

| Tested Channel | Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | DCCF (dB) | DCF (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-------------------|-----------------|---------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|-----------|----------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 149 (5745 MHz) | 5544.300 | V | Y | PK | 58.55 | 4.10 | N/A | N/A | 62.65 | 68.20 | 5.55 |
| | 5714.630 | V | Y | PK | 58.01 | 4.35 | N/A | N/A | 62.36 | 68.20 | 5.84 |
| | 5724.100 | V | Y | PK | 67.30 | 4.37 | N/A | N/A | 71.67 | 78.20 | 6.53 |
| | 5898.900 | V | Y | PK | 51.21 | 4.79 | N/A | N/A | 56.00 | 68.20 | 12.20 |
| | 7659.720 | V | Y | AV | 49.36 | 5.74 | 0.14 | N/A | 55.24 | 74.00 | 18.76 |
| | 7659.980 | V | Y | PK | 43.02 | 5.74 | N/A | N/A | 48.76 | 54.00 | 5.24 |
| | 11492.800 | H | Y | PK | 48.54 | 10.74 | N/A | -9.54 | 49.74 | 74.00 | 24.26 |
| | 11491.400 | H | Y | AV | 35.95 | 10.74 | 0.14 | -9.54 | 37.29 | 54.00 | 16.71 |
| 157 (5785 MHz) | 5586.900 | V | Y | PK | 58.33 | 4.15 | N/A | N/A | 62.48 | 68.20 | 5.72 |
| | 5946.480 | V | Y | PK | 55.21 | 4.79 | N/A | N/A | 60.00 | 68.20 | 8.20 |
| | 7713.460 | V | Y | PK | 50.65 | 5.74 | N/A | N/A | 56.39 | 74.00 | 17.61 |
| | 7713.000 | V | Y | AV | 43.84 | 5.74 | 0.14 | N/A | 49.72 | 54.00 | 4.28 |
| | 11568.850 | H | Y | PK | 48.05 | 11.49 | N/A | -9.54 | 50.00 | 74.00 | 24.00 |
| | 11568.400 | H | Y | AV | 36.69 | 11.49 | 0.14 | -9.54 | 38.78 | 54.00 | 15.22 |
| 165 (5825 MHz) | 5643.080 | V | V | PK | 56.55 | 4.25 | N/A | N/A | 60.80 | 68.20 | 7.40 |
| | 5850.950 | V | V | PK | 62.61 | 4.76 | N/A | N/A | 67.37 | 78.20 | 10.83 |
| | 5860.080 | V | V | PK | 56.57 | 4.77 | N/A | N/A | 61.34 | 68.20 | 6.86 |
| | 5985.380 | V | V | PK | 54.70 | 4.79 | N/A | N/A | 59.49 | 68.20 | 8.71 |
| | 7766.120 | V | V | PK | 48.52 | 5.75 | N/A | N/A | 54.27 | 74.00 | 19.73 |
| | 7766.390 | V | V | AV | 41.74 | 5.75 | 0.14 | N/A | 47.63 | 54.00 | 6.37 |
| | 11651.500 | H | Y | PK | 46.86 | 11.61 | N/A | -9.54 | 48.93 | 74.00 | 25.07 |
| | 11650.400 | H | Y | AV | 36.53 | 11.61 | 0.14 | -9.54 | 38.74 | 54.00 | 15.26 |

Note.

1. No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.
2. Sample Calculation.
 $\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Result}$ / $\text{Result} = \text{Reading} + \text{T.F} + \text{DCCF} + \text{DCF}$ / $\text{T.F} = \text{AF} + \text{CL} - \text{AG}$
 Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,
 $\text{DCCF} = \text{Duty Cycle Correction Factor}$, $\text{DCF} = \text{Distance Correction Factor}$
3. Measurement Distance = 3 m for below 10 GHz, Measurement Distance = 1 m for above 10 GHz.
 Therefore Distance Correction Factor (DCF) : $-9.54 \text{ dB} = 20 \cdot \log(1\text{m} / 3\text{m})$
4. The limit is converted to field strength.
 $\text{E} [\text{dBuV/m}] = \text{EIRP} [\text{dBm}] + 95.2 \text{ dB} = -27 \text{ dBm} + 95.2 = 68.2 \text{ dBuV/m}$
 $= -17 \text{ dBm} + 95.2 = 78.2 \text{ dBuV/m}$
5. If peak measurement satisfy the average limit, then average measurement are not required.

8.7 AC Conducted Emissions

■ TEST PROCEDURE:

The conducted emissions are measured in the shielded room with a spectrum analyzer in peak hold. Emissions closest to the limit are measured in the quasi-peak mode (QP) and average mode (AV) with the tuned receiver using a bandwidth of 9 kHz. The emissions are maximized further by cable manipulation and Exerciser operation. The highest emissions relative to the limit are listed.

■ Measurement Data: **Comply**

Note 1: See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots and data.

■ Minimum Standard: FCC Part 15.207(a)

| Frequency Range (MHz) | Conducted Limit (dBuV) | |
|--------------------------|------------------------|------------|
| | Quasi-Peak | Average |
| 0.15 ~ 0.5 | 66 to 56 * | 56 to 46 * |
| 0.5 ~ 5 | 56 | 46 |
| 5 ~ 30 | 60 | 50 |

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

AC Line Conducted Emissions (Graph)

Test Mode: U-NII 1 & 802.11a

Results of Conducted Emission

DTNC

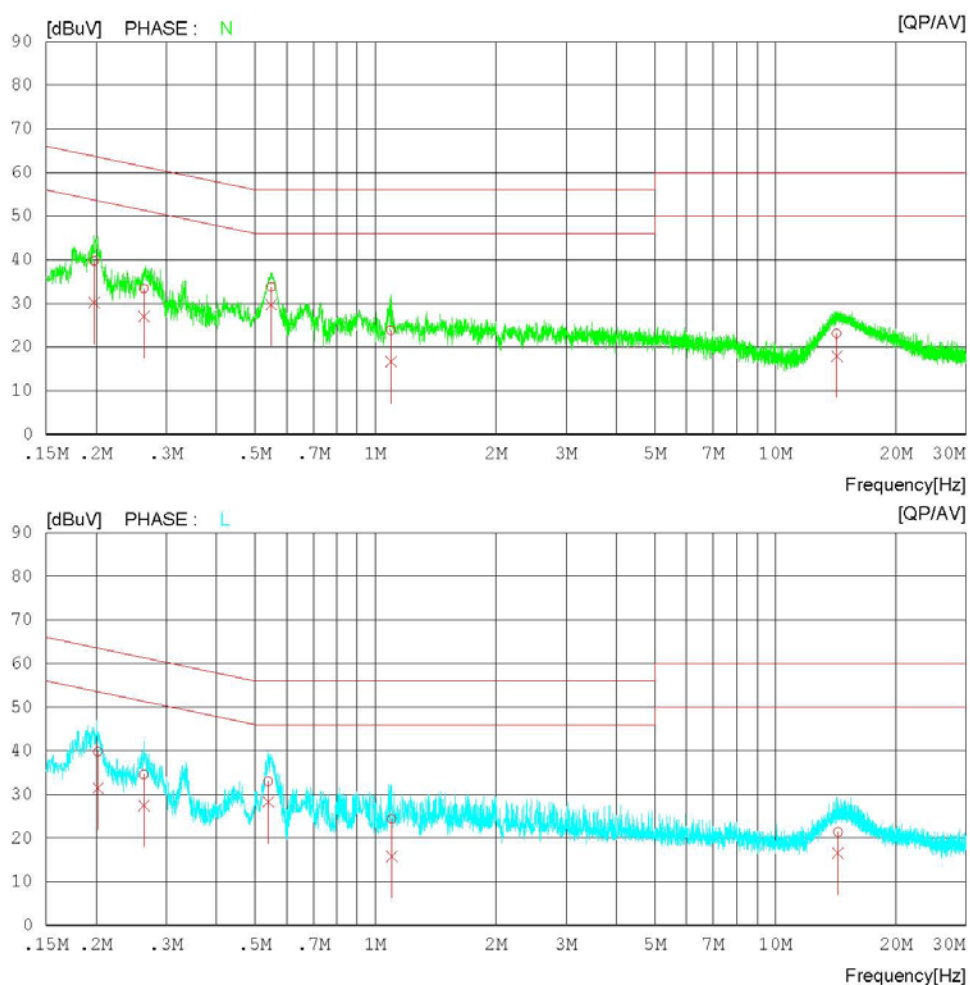
Date : 2015-07-21

Order No. :
Model No. : IW100
Serial No. : Identical prototype
Test Condition : WLAN(5.1GHz)

Reference No. :
Power Supply : 120 V 60 Hz
Temp/Humi. : 24 °C 47 % R.H.
Operator : J.J.LEE

Memo : 802.11a / 5200MHz

LIMIT : FCC P15.207 QP
FCC P15.207 AV



AC Line Conducted Emissions (Data List)

Test Mode: U-NII 1 & 802.11a

Results of Conducted Emission

DTNC

Date : 2015-07-21

| | | | | | |
|----------------|---|---------------------|---------------|---|-----------------|
| Order No. | : | | Reference No. | : | |
| Model No. | : | IW100 | Power Supply | : | 120 V 60 Hz |
| Serial No. | : | Identical prototype | Temp/Humi. | : | 24 °C 47 % R.H. |
| Test Condition | : | WLAN(5.1GHz) | Operator | : | J.J.LEE |

Memo : 802.11a / 5200MHz

LIMIT : FCC P15.207 QP
FCC P15.207 AV

| NO | FREQ [MHz] | READING | | C.FACTOR [dB] | RESULT | | LIMIT | | MARGIN | | PHASE |
|----|---------------|--------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------|
| | | QP [dBuV] | AV [dBuV] | | QP [dBuV] | AV [dBuV] | QP [dBuV] | AV [dBuV] | QP [dBuV] | AV [dBuV] | |
| 1 | 0.19788 | 29.6 | 20.2 | 10.0 | 39.6 | 30.2 | 63.7 | 53.7 | 24.1 | 23.5 | N |
| 2 | 0.26331 | 23.4 | 17.0 | 10.0 | 33.4 | 27.0 | 61.3 | 51.3 | 27.9 | 24.3 | N |
| 3 | 0.54790 | 23.8 | 19.7 | 10.0 | 33.8 | 29.7 | 56.0 | 46.0 | 22.2 | 16.3 | N |
| 4 | 1.09320 | 13.8 | 6.6 | 10.0 | 23.8 | 16.6 | 56.0 | 46.0 | 32.2 | 29.4 | N |
| 5 | 14.24900 | 12.9 | 7.7 | 10.2 | 23.1 | 17.9 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 36.9 | 32.1 | N |
| 6 | 0.20244 | 29.6 | 21.3 | 10.1 | 39.7 | 31.4 | 63.5 | 53.5 | 23.8 | 22.1 | L |
| 7 | 0.26348 | 24.4 | 17.3 | 10.1 | 34.5 | 27.4 | 61.3 | 51.3 | 26.8 | 23.9 | L |
| 8 | 0.53974 | 23.0 | 18.3 | 10.0 | 33.0 | 28.3 | 56.0 | 46.0 | 23.0 | 17.7 | L |
| 9 | 1.09840 | 14.2 | 5.6 | 10.1 | 24.3 | 15.7 | 56.0 | 46.0 | 31.7 | 30.3 | L |
| 10 | 14.35060 | 10.5 | 5.7 | 10.8 | 21.3 | 16.5 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 38.7 | 33.5 | L |

AC Line Conducted Emissions (Graph)

Test Mode: U-NII 3 & 802.11a

Results of Conducted Emission

DTNC

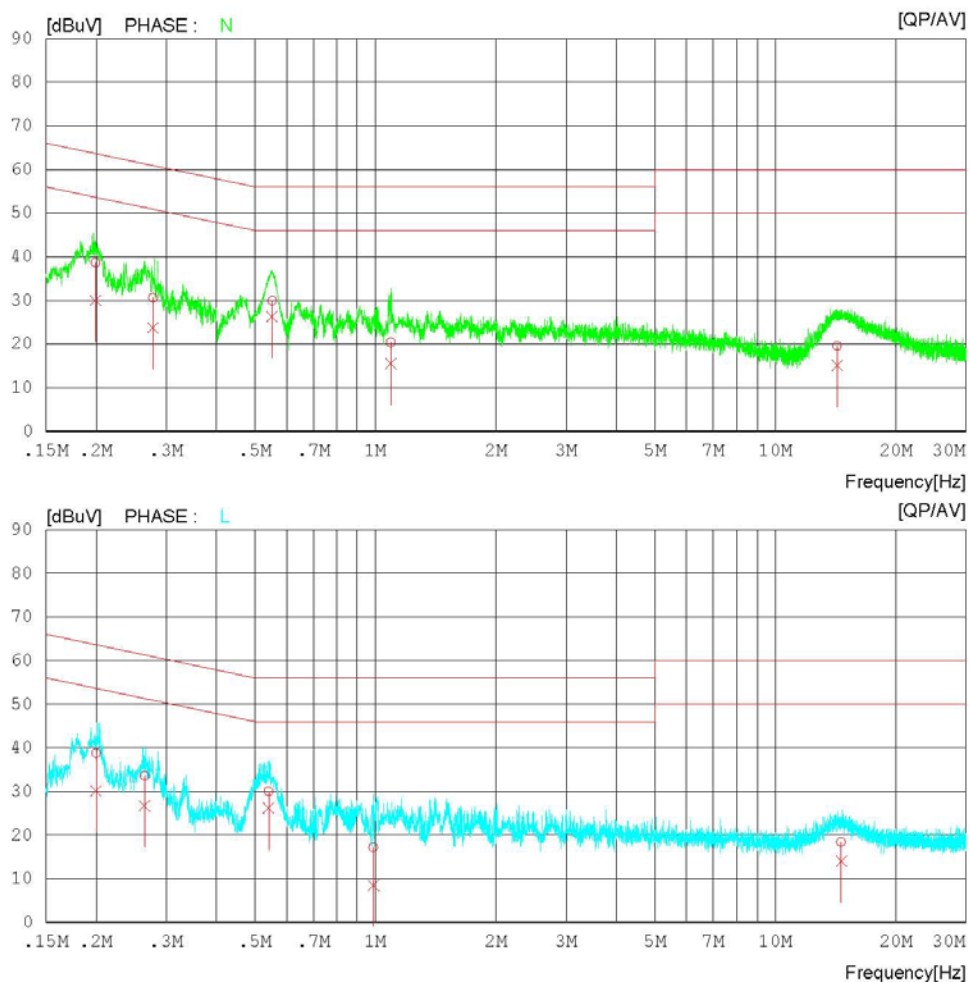
Date : 2015-07-21

Order No. :
Model No. : IW100
Serial No. : Identical prototype
Test Condition : WLAN(5.8GHz)

Reference No. :
Power Supply : 120 V 60 Hz
Temp/Humi. : 24 °C 47 % R.H.
Operator : J.J.LEE

Memo : 802.11a / 5785MHz

LIMIT : FCC P15.207 QP
FCC P15.207 AV



AC Line Conducted Emissions (Data List)

Test Mode: U-NII 3 & 802.11a

Results of Conducted Emission

DTNC

Date : 2015-07-21

| | | | | | |
|----------------|---|---------------------|---------------|---|-----------------|
| Order No. | : | | Reference No. | : | |
| Model No. | : | IW100 | Power Supply | : | 120 V 60 Hz |
| Serial No. | : | Identical prototype | Temp/Humi. | : | 24 °C 47 % R.H. |
| Test Condition | : | WLAN(5.8GHz) | Operator | : | J.J.LEE |
| Memo | : | 802.11a / 5785MHz | | | |

LIMIT : FCC P15.207 QP
FCC P15.207 AV

| NO | FREQ [MHz] | READING | | C.FACTOR [dB] | RESULT | | LIMIT | | MARGIN | | PHASE |
|----|---------------|--------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------|
| | | QP [dBuV] | AV [dBuV] | | QP [dBuV] | AV [dBuV] | QP [dBuV] | AV [dBuV] | QP [dBuV] | AV [dBuV] | |
| 1 | 0.19939 | 28.7 | 20.0 | 10.0 | 38.7 | 30.0 | 63.6 | 53.6 | 24.9 | 23.6 | N |
| 2 | 0.27768 | 20.5 | 13.8 | 10.0 | 30.5 | 23.8 | 60.9 | 50.9 | 30.4 | 27.1 | N |
| 3 | 0.55144 | 19.9 | 16.3 | 10.0 | 29.9 | 26.3 | 56.0 | 46.0 | 26.1 | 19.7 | N |
| 4 | 1.09260 | 10.4 | 5.5 | 10.0 | 20.4 | 15.5 | 56.0 | 46.0 | 35.6 | 30.5 | N |
| 5 | 14.28800 | 9.4 | 4.8 | 10.2 | 19.6 | 15.0 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 40.4 | 35.0 | N |
| 6 | 0.19994 | 28.6 | 20.1 | 10.1 | 38.7 | 30.2 | 63.6 | 53.6 | 24.9 | 23.4 | L |
| 7 | 0.26444 | 23.4 | 16.6 | 10.1 | 33.5 | 26.7 | 61.3 | 51.3 | 27.8 | 24.6 | L |
| 8 | 0.54019 | 20.0 | 16.2 | 10.0 | 30.0 | 26.2 | 56.0 | 46.0 | 26.0 | 19.8 | L |
| 9 | 0.98851 | 7.1 | -1.5 | 10.0 | 17.1 | 8.5 | 56.0 | 46.0 | 38.9 | 37.5 | L |
| 10 | 14.61600 | 7.5 | 3.2 | 10.8 | 18.3 | 14.0 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 41.7 | 36.0 | L |

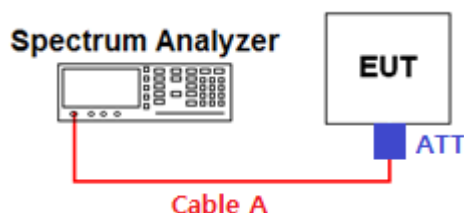
9. List of Test Equipment

| Type | Manufacturer | Model | Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd) | Next.Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd) | S/N |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Agilent Technologies | N9020A | 15/01/19 | 16/01/19 | MY46471096 |
| Spectrum Analyzer | Agilent Technologies | N9030A | 14/10/21 | 15/10/21 | MY53310140 |
| Dynamic Measurement DC Source | Agilent Technologies | 66332A | 15/01/22 | 16/01/22 | GB37470200 |
| Multimeter | FLUKE | 17B | 15/04/27 | 16/04/27 | 26030065WS |
| Power Meter & Sensor | Anritsu | ML2495A MA2490A | 15/03/26 | 16/03/26 | 1306007 1249001 |
| Thermohygrometer | BODYCOM | BJ5478 | 15/02/26 | 16/02/26 | 1209 |
| Signal Generator | Rohde Schwarz | SMF100A | 15/06/29 | 16/06/29 | 102341 |
| Vector Signal Generator | Rohde Schwarz | SMBV100A | 15/01/06 | 16/01/06 | 255571 |
| 2W 3dB Attenuator | SMAJK | SMAJK-2-3 | 14/10/21 | 15/10/21 | 3 |
| High-pass filter | Wainwright | WHNX8.5 | 14/09/11 | 15/09/11 | 1 |
| Low Noise Pre Amplifier | TSJ | MLA-010K01-B01- 27 | 15/04/09 | 16/04/09 | 1844538 |
| PreAmplifier | Agilent | 8449B | 14/11/06 | 15/11/06 | 3008A02108 |
| PreAmplifier | A.H. SYSTEMS | PAM-1840VH | 14/12/12 | 15/12/12 | 163 |
| Loop Antenna | Schwarzbeck | FMZB1513 | 14/04/29 | 16/04/29 | 1513-128 |
| TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna | SCHWARZBECK | VULB 9160 | 14/04/04 | 16/04/04 | 3357 |
| HORN ANT | ETS | 3117 | 14/05/12 | 16/05/12 | 140394 |
| HORN ANT | A.H.Systems | SAS-574 | 15/04/30 | 17/04/30 | 154 |
| EMI TEST RECEIVER | R&S | ESR7 | 14/10/21 | 15/10/21 | 101109 |
| EMI TEST RECEIVER | R&S | ESCI | 15/02/25 | 16/02/25 | 100364 |
| FREQUENCY CONVERTER | Taejin Electronic | CVCF | 14/09/11 | 15/09/11 | ZU0033 |
| ARTIFICIAL MAINS NETWORK | Narda S.T.S. / PMM | PMM L2-16B | 15/06/26 | 16/06/26 | 000WX20305 |
| Temp & Humi Test Chamber | SJ Science | SJ-TH-S50 | 14/10/21 | 15/10/21 | SJ-TH-S50-130930 |

APPENDIX I

Conducted Test set up Diagram

Conducted Measurement



APPENDIX II

Duty Cycle Information

Test Procedure

Duty Cycle [$X = \text{On Time} / (\text{On} + \text{Off time})$] is measured using Measurement Procedure of KDB789033 D02 V01

1. Set the center frequency of the spectrum analyzer to the center frequency of the transmission.
2. Set RBW \geq EBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.
3. Set VBW \geq RBW. Set detector = peak.
4. Note : The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both **RBW and VBW are $> 50 / T$** , where T is defined in section II.B.1.a), and **the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100**. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if $T \leq 16.7$ microseconds.)

T : The minimum transmission duration over which the transmitter is on and is transmitting at its maximum power control level for the tested mode of operation.

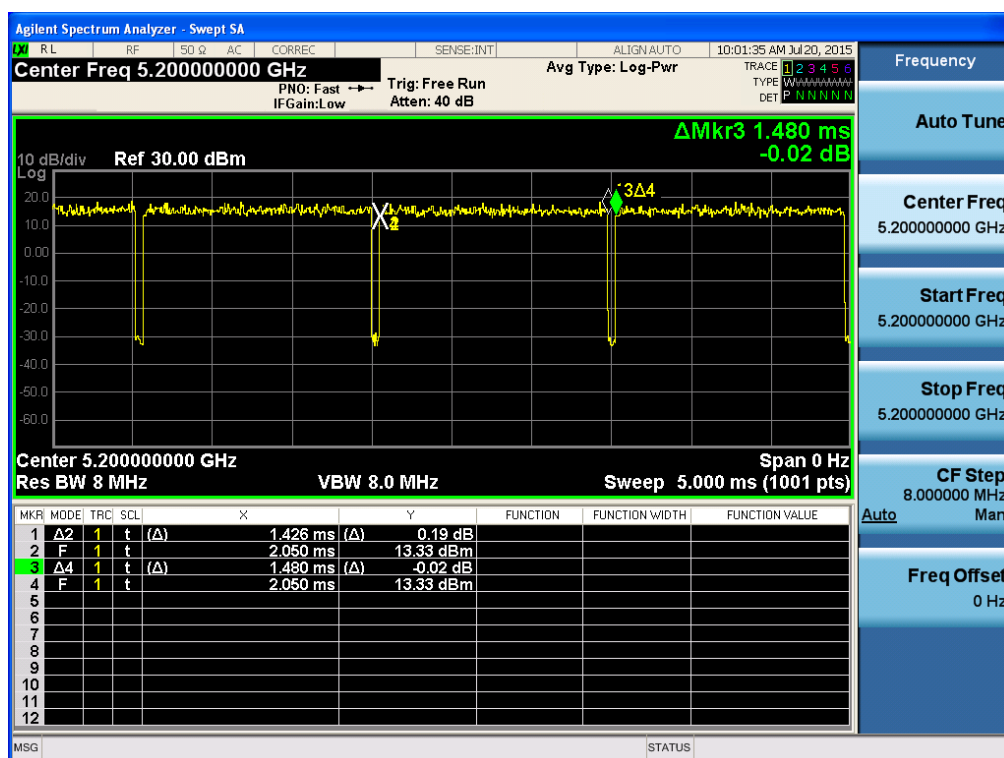
($T = \text{On time}$ of the above table since the EUT operates with above fixed Duty Cycle and it is the minimum On time)

TEST DATA

| Mode | Channel | Tested Frequency [MHz] | Maximum Achievable Duty Cycle (x) = On / (On+Off) | | | Duty Cycle Correction Factor [dB] | 1/ T [Hz] |
|----------------|---------|------------------------|---|-----------------|------|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| | | | On Time [ms] | On+OffTime [ms] | x | | |
| 802.11a | 40 | 5200 | 1.426 | 1.480 | 0.96 | 0.18 | 701.27 |
| 802.11n (HT20) | 40 | 5200 | 1.325 | 1.365 | 0.97 | 0.14 | 754.72 |

Duty Cycle

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.40



Duty Cycle

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & Ch.40

