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FCC SAR TEST REPORT

For

CELUMAX MOBILE S.A.S

Cra 20#13-61 ofc 201 Bogota-Colombia

Product Name: Mobile Phone

Model No. : Pixel

FCC ID : 2AEXB-PIXEL

Date of Receipt: 1th Jan. 2016

Date of Test : 3th Jan. 2016

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Issue By

Shenzhen Sunway Communication CO.,LTD Testing Center

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Shenzhen, Guangdong, China 518104,

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1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing are as follows.

<Highest SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	1g-SAR (W/kg)	Highest 1g-SAR (W/kg)	
Head	GSM850	0.427	0.621	
пеац	GSM1900	0.621	0.021	
Body Worn	GSM850	1.187	4 407	
(1.5cm Gap)	GSM1900	0.796	1.187	

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.

<Highest simultaneous transmission SAR>

	Position	Frequency Band	Bluetooth	Max Sum
Highest SAR value for Head	Left Cheek	0.621	0.105	0.726
Highest SAR value for Body	Back	1.187	0.035	1.222

According to the above table, the maximum sum of reported SAR values for GSM and BT is **1.222**W/kg (1g).



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2. SAR Evaluation compliance

Product Name:	Mobile Phone		
Brand Name:	SOLE		
Model Name:	Pixel		
Applicant:	CELUMAX MOBILE S.A.S		
Address:	Cra 20#13-61 ofc 201 Bogota-Colombia		
Manufacturer:	Shenzhen Kleadtone Technology Co., Limited		
Address:	Room 506-507,E Bldg, Dianzi Fuhua Jidi,Taojindi, Longsheng community, Longhua District, Shenzhen, China		
Applicable Standard:	FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 IEEE 1528-2013 FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04 FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02 FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03 FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01		
Test Engineer:	Li.zhao		
Reviewed By	Tomy. Lize		
Performed Location:	Shenzhen Sunway Communication CO.,LTD Testing Center 1/F,BuildingA, SDG Info Port, KefengRoad, Hi-Tech Park, Nanshan District,Shenzhen, Guangdong, China 518104 Tel: +86-755- 36615880 Fax: +86-755- 86525532		



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3. General Information:

3.1 EUT Description:

	EUT Information				
Product Name	Mobile Phone				
Brand Name	SOLE				
Model Name	Pixel				
Hardware Version					
Software Version					
Tx Frequency	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz				
Mode	GSM/GPRS Bluetooth				
GSM/GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.				



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3.2 Test Environment:

Ambient conditions in the SAR laboratory:

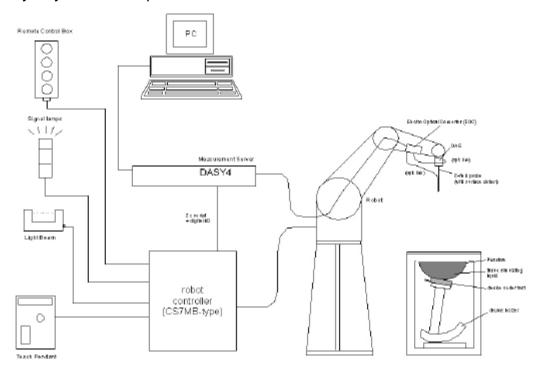
Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	22~23
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	55~65



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4. SAR Measurement System:

4.1 Dasy4 System Description:



The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc.
- ➤ The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to the DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 2000 or Windows XP.
- DASY4 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- > Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



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5. System Components:

DASY4 Measurement Server:



Calibration: No calibration required.

The DASY4 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 166MHz low-power pentium, 32MB chipdisk and 64MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with either the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronic box as well as the 16-bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY4 I/O-board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE):



Calibration: Recommended once a year

The data acquisition electronics consists of a highly sensitive electrometer grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD converter and a command decoder and control logic unit.

Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

Dosimetric Probes:



Calibration: Recommended once a year

Model: ES3DV3,

Frequency: 10MHz to 3G, Linearity:±0.2dB, Dynamic Range: 10 µW/g to100 mW/g

Directivity:

± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to

probe axis)

These probes are specially designed and calibrated for use in liquids with high permittivities. They should not be used in air, since the spherical isotropy in air is poor (±2 dB). The dosimetric probes have special calibrations in various liquids at different frequencies.



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Light Beam unit:



Calibration: No calibration required.

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip. The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm.

SAM Twin Phantom:



The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left hand
- Right hand
- Flat phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom:



The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity "=3 and loss tangent _=0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered



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6. Tissue Simulating Liquid

6.1 The composition of the tissue simulating liquid:

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(σ)	(εr)
For Head								
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1800,1900,2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
	For Body							
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1800,1900,2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3

6.2 Tissue Calibration Result:

Fraguanay		Dielectric I	Parameters	Tissue Temp.	
Frequency	Description	Permittivity	Conductivity	-	Date
(MHz)		(εr)	(σ)	(℃)	
000	Reference	41.50±5%	$0.97\!\pm\!5\%$	NA	
900 (Head)	Reference	(39.425~43.574)	(0.9215~1.0185)	INA	2016/01/3
(Head)	Measurement	42.15	0.982	22.7	
4000	Reference	40.00±5%	1.40±5%	NA	
1900	Reference	(38.00~42.00)	(1.33~1.47)	INA	2016/01/3
(Head)	Measurement	40.5	1.47	22.6	

Fraguency	Fraguenay		Parameters	Ticque Tomp	
Frequency (MHz)	Description	Permittivity (εr)	Conductivity (σ)	Tissue Temp. (°C)	Date
000	Reference	55.2±5%	0.97±5%	NA	
900 (Body)	Reference	(52.44~57.96)	(0.9215~1.0185)	INA	2016/01/4
(Body)	Measurement	54.7	0.96	22.5	
1000	Reference	53.3±5%	1.52±5%	NA	
1900	Reference	(50.635~55.965)	(1.444~1.596)	INA	2016/01/4
(Body)	Measurement	53.6	1.53	22.5	



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Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (900 MHz) (depth>15cm)



Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (900 MHz) (depth>15cm)



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Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (1900 MHz) (depth>15cm)



Liquid depth in the Body Phantom (1900 MHz) (depth>15cm)

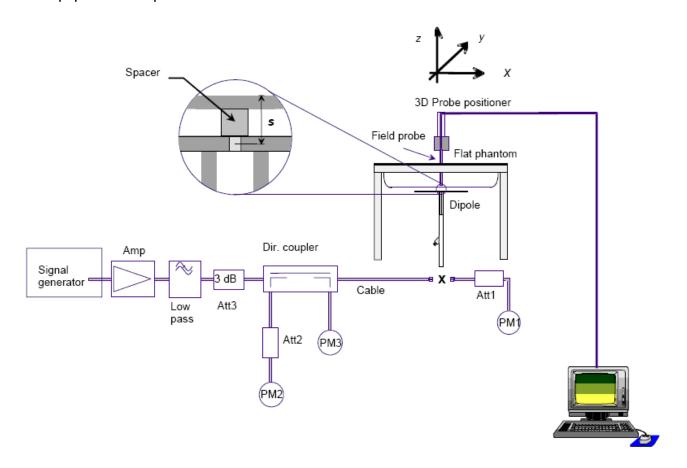


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7. SAR System Validation

7.1 Validation System:

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:



7.2 Validation Dipoles:

The dipoles used is based on the IEEE-1528/EN62209-1 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of both IEEE-1528/EN62209-1 and FCC Supplement C.



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7.3 Validation Result:

Frequency (MHz)	Description	SAR(1g) W/Kg	SAR(10g) W/Kg	Tissue Temp. (°C)	Date
900	Reference	10.7±10% (9.63~11.77)	6.87±10% (6.18~7.49)	NA	2016/01/3
(Head)	Measurement	10.48	6.92	22.7	
1900	Reference	40.6±10% (36.54~44.66)	21.3±10% (19.17~23.43)	NA	2016/01/3
(Head)	Measurement	39.32	20.84	22.6	
900 (Dod!)	Reference	10.7±10% (9.63~11.77)	6.94±10% (6.246~7.634)	NA	2016/01/4
(Body)	Measurement	9.84	6.48	22.5	
1900	Reference	40.1±10% (36.09~44.11)	21.3±10% (19.17~23.43)	NA	2016/01/4
(Body)	Measurement	40.8	21.64	22.5	



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8. SAR Evaluation Procedures:

The procedure for assessing the average SAR value consists of the following steps:

Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

> Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a finer measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY4 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. The scanning area is defined by an editable grid. This grid is anchored at the grid reference point of the selected section in the phantom. When the Area Scan's property sheet is brought-up, grid settings can be edited by a user.

Zoom Scan

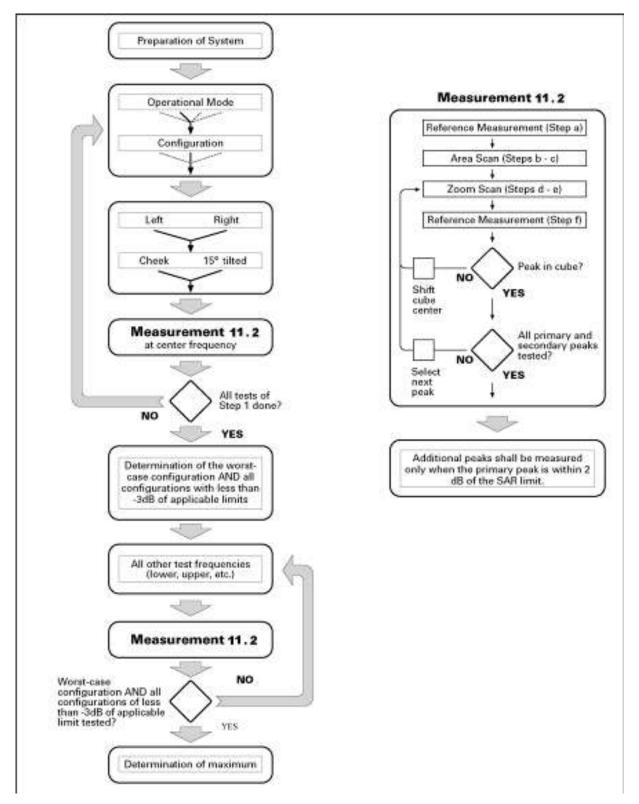
Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan measures 7 x 7 x 7 points (5mmx5mmx5mm) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure.

Power Drift Measurement

The Power Drift Measurement job measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement.



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Block diagram of the tests to be performed



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9. SAR Exposure Limits

9.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

9.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.



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10. Measurement Uncertainty:

NO	Source	Uncert.	Prob. Dist.	Div. k	ci (1g)	ci (10g)	Stand. Uncert. ui (1g)	Stand. Uncert. ui (10g)	Veff
1	Repeat	0.04	N	1	1	1	0.04	0.04	9
Instru	ument								
2	Probe calibration	7	N	2	1	1	3.5	3.5	∞
3	Axial isotropy	4.7	R	√3	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
4	Hemispherical isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	∞
5	Boundary effect	1.0	R	√ <u>2</u>	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
6	Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
7	Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
8	Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
9	Response time	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
10	Integration time	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
11	Ambient noise	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
12	Ambient reflections	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
13	Probe positioner mech. restrictions	0.4	R	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
14	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	2.9	R	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
15	Max.SAR evaluation	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Test	sample related								
16	Device positioning	3.8	N	1	1	1	3.8	3.8	99



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17	Device holder	5.1	N	1	1	1	5.1	5.1	5
18	Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phan	tom and set-up								
19	Phantom uncertainty	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
20	Liquid conductivity (target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	8
21	Liquid conductivity (meas)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.2	∞
22	Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.5	∞
23	Liquid Permittivity (meas)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2	∞
Combined standard			RSS	U_{c}	$U_C = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n} C_i^2 U_i^2}$		12.2%	11.9%	236
_	anded uncertainty 95%)	$U \equiv K U_{c} . K \equiv Z$						23.8%	



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11. Conducted Power Measurement:

<GSM Conducted Power>

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the mid channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
- 2. According to October 2013TCB Workshop, for GSM / GPRS, the number of time slots to test for SAR should correspond to the highest frame-average maximum output power configuration, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for head and body-worn SAR testing, the EUT was set in GPRS (2 Tx slot) for GSM850/GSM1900 band due to their highest frame-average power.
- 3. For Body Worn SAR testing, GPRS should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS 2 Tx slots for GSM850/GSM1900 band due to its highest frame-average power.

Band GSM850	Burst Av	erage Pow	er (dBm)	Frame-Av	Frame-Average Power (dBm)		
TX Channel	128	190	251	128	190	251	
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	824.2	836.6	848.8	
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.40	32.27	32.98	23.37	23.24	23.95	
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	32.44	32.30	32.02	23.41	23.27	22.99	
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	31.49	31.30	30.96	25.47	25.28	24.94	
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1	29.53	29.28	28.91	25.27	25.02	24.65	
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1	28.38	28.22	27.93	25.37	25.21	24.92	
•							
Band GSM1900	Burst Av	erage Pow	ver (dBm)	Frame-A	erage Pow	ver (dBm)	
Band GSM1900 TX Channel	Burst Av 512	erage Pow 661	ver (dBm) 810	Frame-Av	erage Pow 661	ver (dBm) 810	
			. ,				
TX Channel	512	661	810	512	661	810	
TX Channel Frequency (MHz)	512 1850.2	661 1880	810 1909.8	512 1850.2	661 1880	810 1909.8	
TX Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	512 1850.2 28.88	661 1880 28.88	810 1909.8 28.90	512 1850.2 19.85	661 1880 19.85	810 1909.8 19.87	
TX Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	512 1850.2 28.88 28.74	661 1880 28.88 28.75	810 1909.8 28.90 28.78	512 1850.2 19.85 19.71	661 1880 19.85 19.72	810 1909.8 19.87 19.75	

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB



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<Bluetooth Conducted Power>

Mode Band	Max.Average power(dBm)
2.4GHz Bluetooth	3.83

Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance,

mm)] $[\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

- · f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- · Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- · The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Bluetooth Max Turn up Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	exclusion thresholds
4	0	2.48	0.79

Per KDB 447498 D01, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 0.79 which is <= 3, SAR testing is not required.



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12. Results and Test photos:

12.1 SAR result summary:

Head

Те	Test Case of Head		Meas.	Target		Meas. SAR	Scale	Power	
Band	Test Position	СН	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Factor	(W/kg) 1g Avg.	SAR (W/kg)	Drift <±0.2 dB	Plot
	Right Cheek	Ch190	32.27	33.00	1.183	0.361	0.427	0.016	#1
GSM	Right Tilt	Ch190	32.27	33.00	1.183	0.183	0.216	0.056	
850	Left Cheek	Ch190	32.27	33.00	1.183	0.353	0.418	0.103	
	Left Tilt	Ch190	32.27	33.00	1.183	0.183	0.216	0.008	
	Right Cheek	Ch661	28.88	29.50	1.153	0.315	0.363	-0.060	
GSM	Right Tilt	Ch661	28.88	29.50	1.153	0.217	0.250	0.071	
1900	Left Cheek	Ch661	28.88	29.50	1.153	0.538	0.621	0.091	#2
	Left Tilt	Ch661	28.88	29.50	1.153	0.141	0.163	0.035	

Body Worn (15mm between DUT and Flat Phantom)

Test	Test Case of Head			Target		Meas. SAR	Scale	Power	
Band	Test Position	СН	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Factor	(W/kg) 1g Avg.	SAR (W/kg)	Drift <±0.2 dB	Plot
	Front	Ch190	31.30	32.00	1.175	0.497	0.584	-0.138	
GPRS850	Back	Ch190	31.30	32.00	1.175	1.01	1.187	0.134	#3
(2 Tx slots)	Back	Ch128	31.49	32.00	1.125	0.952	1.071	0.124	
	Back	Ch251	30.96	32.00	1.271	0.884	1.123	0.008	
GPRS1900	Front	Ch661	27.81	28.00	1.045	0.46	0.481	0.012	
(2Tx slots)	Back	Ch661	27.81	28.00	1.045	0.762	0.796	-0.129	#4



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12.2 Repeat SAR:

Tes	t Case of Head	d	Meas.	Target		Meas. SAR	Scale	Power	
Band	Test Position	СН	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Factor	(W/kg) 1g Avg.	SAR (W/kg)	Drift <±0.2 dB	Ratio
GPRS850 (2 Tx slots)	Back	Ch190	31.30	32.00	1.175	0.997	1.171	-0.081	1.01

Note:

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
- 4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

12.3 Evaluation of Simultaneous:

BT* - Estimated SAR for Bluetooth

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

Mayimum Dawar	Exposure Position	Head	Body-worn	
waximum Power	rimum Power Test separation		15 mm	
4dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.105W/kg	0.035W/kg	

Per KDB 447498 D01, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Conclusion:

According to the above table, the sum of reported SAR values for GSM and BT $\,<$ 1.6W/kg. So the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required for BT transmitter.



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12.4 DUT and setup photos photos:



Front



Back



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Left Cheek Left Tilt



Right Cheek Right Tilt



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Front of the EUT with 1.5 cm Gap

Back of the EUT with 1.5 cm Gap



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13. Equipment List:

NO.	Instrument	Manufacturer	Model	S/N	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
1	Communication Tester	Agilent	E5515C	MY502672 64	Dec 27 th 2015	Dec 26 th 2016
2	E-field Probe	Speag	ES3DV3	3221	Jan 31th 2015	Jan 30th 2016
3	Dielectric Probe Kit	Speag	DAK	1038	N/A	N/A
4	DAE	Speag	DAE4	905	Jul 16th 2015	Jul 15th 2016
5	SAM TWIN phantom	Speag	SAM	1360/1432	N/A	N/A
6	Robot	Stabuli	TX60L	N/A	N/A	N/A
7	Device Holder	Speag	SD000H0 1HA	N/A	N/A	N/A
8	Vector Network	Agilent	E5071C	MY461076 15	Jan 6 th 2015	Jan 7 th 2016
9	Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY490722 79	Nov 27 th 2015	Nov 26 th 2016
10	Amplifier	Mini-circult	ZHL-42W	QA098002	N/A	N/A
11	Power Meter	Agilent	N1419A	MY500015 63	Nov 27 th 2015	Nov 26 th 2016
12	Power Sensor	Agilent	N8481H	MY510200 10	Nov 27 th 2015	Nov 26 th 2016
13	Directional Coupler	Agilent	772D	MY461512 75	Nov 27 th 2015	Nov 26 th 2016
14	Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	MY482206 07	Nov 27 th 2015	Nov 26 th 2016
15	Dipole 900MHz	Speag	D900V2	1d086	Aug 9 th 2013	Aug 8 th 2016
16	Dipole 1900MHz	Speag	D1900V2	5d194	Jan 7 th 2015	Aug 6 th 2018





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Appendix A. System validation plots:

Date: 1/3/2016

DUT: Dipole 900MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN: 1d086 Program Name: System Performance Check at 900 MHz Head

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz; $\sigma = 0.982 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.15$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(6.13, 6.13, 6.13); Calibrated: 1/31/2015

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 7/16/2015

- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1432

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

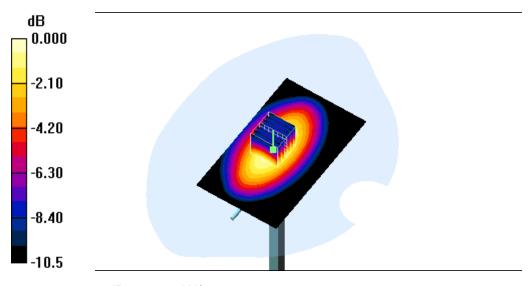
d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.82 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.523 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.068 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.62 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.73 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.90 mW/g



0 dB = 2.90 mW/g



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Date: 1/3/2016

DUT: Dipole 1900MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d194

Program Name: System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Head

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.47 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(5.20, 5.20, 5.20); Calibrated: 1/31/2015
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 7/16/2015
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1360
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

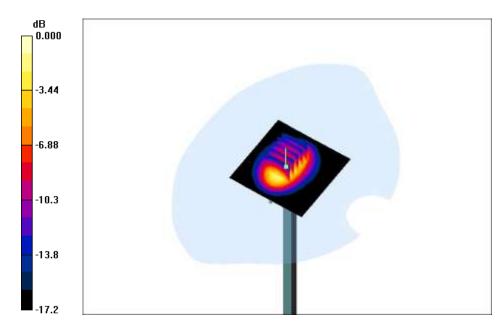
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.3 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 80.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.005 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.83 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.21 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.2 mW/g



0 dB = 11.2 mW/g

S

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Date: 1/4/2016

DUT: Dipole 900MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN: 1d086 Program Name: System Performance Check at 900 MHz Body

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(6.16, 6.16, 6.16); Calibrated: 1/31/2015
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 7/16/2015
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1432
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

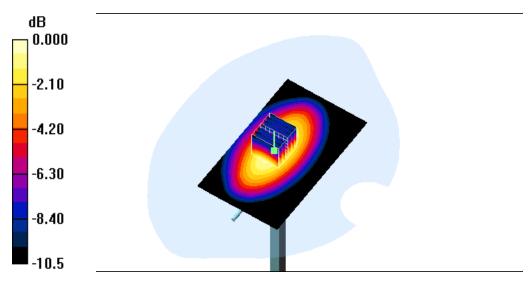
d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.72 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.523 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.068 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.46 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.62 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.80 mW/g



0 dB = 2.90 mW/g



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Date: 1/4/2016

DUT: Dipole 1900MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d194

Program Name: System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Body

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.53 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79); Calibrated: 1/31/2015

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 7/16/2015

- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1360

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

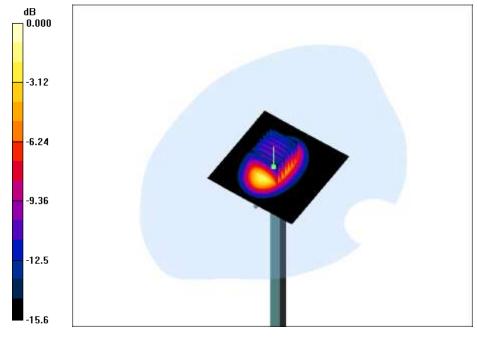
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.8 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.109 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.41 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.5 mW/g



0 dB = 12.5 mW/g



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Appendix B. Max SAR Test plots:

#1

Date: 1/3/2016

Test Laboratory: SUNWAY COMMUNICATION CO.,LTD.

GSM850_GSM Voice_Right Cheek_Ch190

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.919 mho/m; ϵ_r = 41.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(6.25, 6.25, 6.25); Calibrated: 1/31/2015

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 7/16/2015

- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1432

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Right Cheek/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.386 mW/g

Right Cheek/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

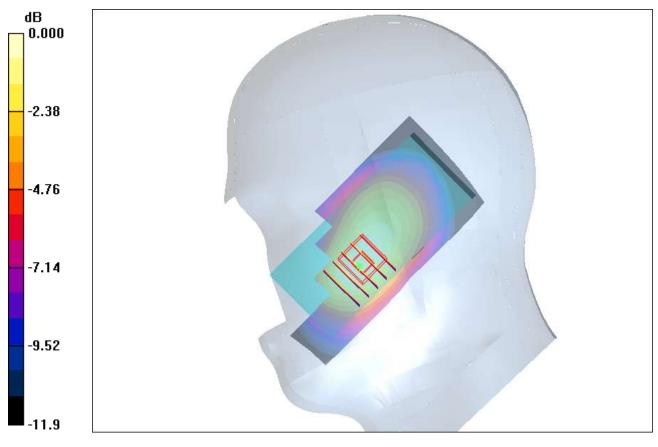
Reference Value = 8.56 V/m; Power Drift = 0.016 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.479 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.361 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.255 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.380 mW/g



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0 dB = 0.380 mW/g



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#2

Date: 1/3/2016

Test Laboratory: SUNWAY COMMUNICATION CO.,LTD.

GSM1900_GSM Voice_Left Cheek_Ch661

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.39 mho/m; ϵ_r = 39.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(5.20, 5.20, 5.20); Calibrated: 1/31/2015

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 7/16/2015

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.583 mW/g

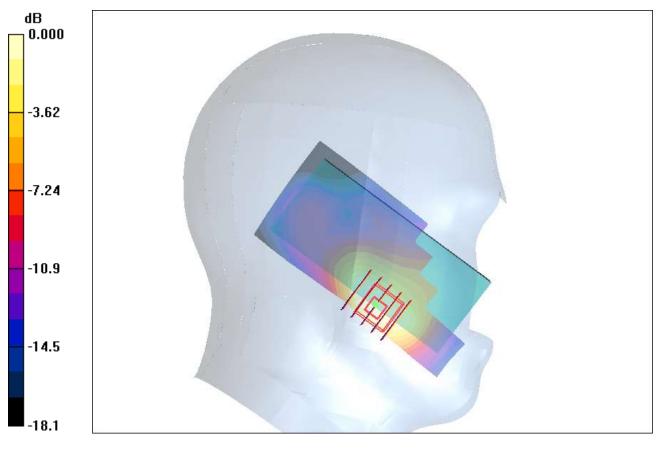
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1360
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Left Cheek/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.600 mW/g

Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.61 V/m; Power Drift = 0.091 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.13 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.538 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.282 mW/g



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0 dB = 0.583 mW/g



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#3

Date: 1/4/2016

Test Laboratory: SUNWAY COMMUNICATION CO.,LTD.

GSM850_GPRS(2 Tx slots)_Back_1.5cm_Ch190

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.973$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 56$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3221; ConvF(6.29, 6.29, 6.29); Calibrated: 1/31/2015
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 7/16/2015
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1432
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Back/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.07 mW/g

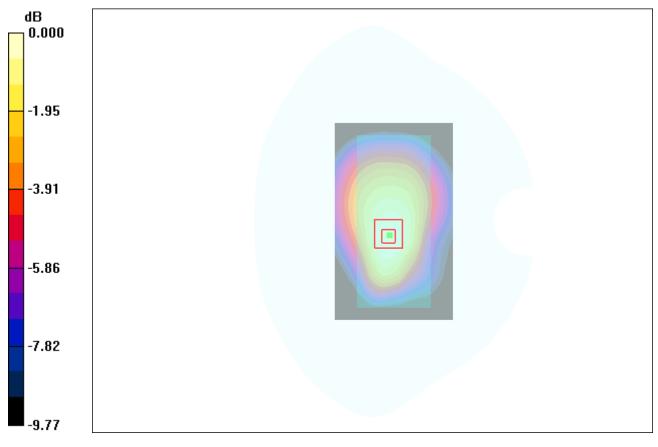
Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 33.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.134 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.25 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.01 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.746 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.07 mW/g



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0 dB = 1.07 mW/g



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#4

Date: 1/4/2016

Test Laboratory: SUNWAY COMMUNICATION CO.,LTD.

GSM1900_GPRS(2 Tx slots)_Back_1.5cm_Ch661

Communication System: GPRS1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.52 mho/m; ε_r = 52.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79); Calibrated: 1/31/2015

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 7/16/2015

- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1360

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Back/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.06 mW/g

Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

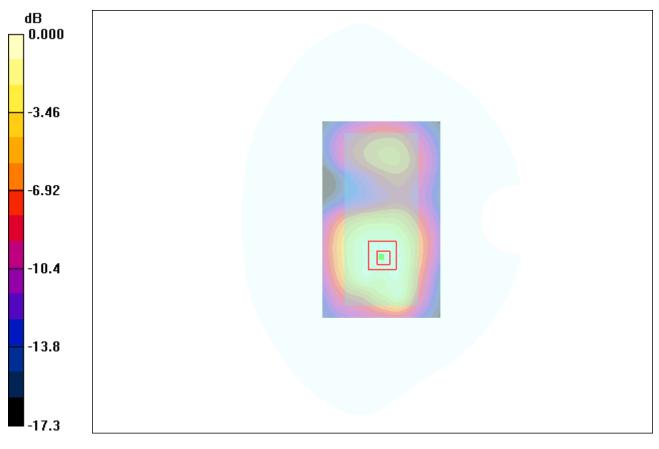
Reference Value = 16.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.129 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.64 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.762 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.470 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.04 mW/g



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0 dB = 1.04 mW/g



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Appendix C. Probe Calibration Data:



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Client GCCT Certificate No: Z15-97014

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object ES3DV3 - SN:3221 Calibration Procedure(s) FD-Z11-2-004-01 Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes Calibration date: January 31, 2015 This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3) C and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) ID# Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 101919 01-Jul-14 (CTTL, No.J14X02146) Jun-15 Power sensor NRP-Z91 101547 01-Jul-14 (CTTL, No.J14X02146) Jun-15 Power sensor NRP-Z91 101548 01-Jul-14 (CTTL, No.J14X02146) Jun-15 18N50W-10dB 13-Mar-14(TMC,No.JZ14-1103) Reference10dBAttenuator Mar-16 18N50W-20dB 13-Mar-14(TMC,No.JZ14-1104) Reference20dBAttenuator Mar-16 Reference Probe EX3DV4 SN 3617 28-Aug-14(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Aug14) Aug-15 DAE4 SN 777 17-Sep-14 (SPEAG, DAE4-777_Sep14) Sep -15 Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Secondary Standards ID# 01-Jul-14 (CTTL, No.J14X02145) SignalGeneratorMG3700A 6201052605 Jun-15 Network Analyzer E5071C MY46110673 15-Feb-14 (TMC, No.JZ14-781) Feb-15 Function Name Signature Calibrated by: SAR Test Engineer Yu Zongying Reviewed by: Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Issued: February 02, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Deputy Director of the laboratory

Certificate No: Z15-97014 Page 1 of 11

Lu Bingsong

Approved by:



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Glossary:

TSL NORMx,y,z tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

ConvF DCP

diode compression point

CF A,B,C,D crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization Φ

Φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization θ

8 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i

θ=0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

 b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z* frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This
 linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the
 frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx, y, z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VRx,y,z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the
 data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor
 media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the
 probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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Probe ES3DV3

SN: 3221

Calibrated: January 31, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No; Z15-97014

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN: 3221

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm(µV/(V/m)2)A	1.08	1.39	1.06	±10.8%
DCP(mV) ⁸	103.1	100.5	103.7	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc E (k=2)	
0	cw	cw	×	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	261.1	±2.6%
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		292.6		
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		262.2	IJ	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

⁸ Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6).

E Uncertainly is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN: 3221

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.36	6.36	6.36	0.41	1.42	±12%
835	41.5	0.90	6.25	6.25	6.25	0.41	1.47	±12%
900	41.5	0.97	6.13	6.13	6.13	0.35	1.63	±12%
1750	40.1	1.37	5.33	5.33	5.33	0.46	1.55	±12%
1900	40.0	1.40	5.20	5.20	5.20	0.71	1.25	±12%
2000	40.0	1.40	5.12	5.12	5.12	0.70	1.25	±12%
2300	39.5	1.67	4.77	4.77	4.77	0.59	1.45	±12%
2450	39.2	1.80	4.50	4.50	4.50	0.85	1.16	±12%
2600	39.0	1.96	4.35	4.35	4.35	0.76	1.26	±12%

^c Frequency validity of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

FAt frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^GAlpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



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Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Hittp://www.chinattl.com

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN: 3221

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ⁶ (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.28	6.28	6.28	0.38	1.63	±12%
835	55.2	0.97	6.29	6.29	6.29	0.44	1.54	±12%
900	55.0	1.05	6.16	6.16	6.16	0.49	1.45	±12%
1750	53.4	1.49	5.00	5.00	5.00	0.61	1.34	±12%
1900	53.3	1.52	4.79	4.79	4.79	0.61	1.36	±12%
2000	53.3	1.52	4.75	4.75	4.75	0.48	1.62	±12%
2300	52.9	1.81	4.65	4.65	4.65	0.63	1.48	±12%
2450	52.7	1.95	4.49	4.49	4.49	0.88	1.16	±12%
2600	52.5	2.16	4.37	4.37	4.37	0.71	1.32	±12%

Frequency validity of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

*At frequency below 2 CHz, the validity of tiesus parameters (size of size of s

FAt frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

⁹ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

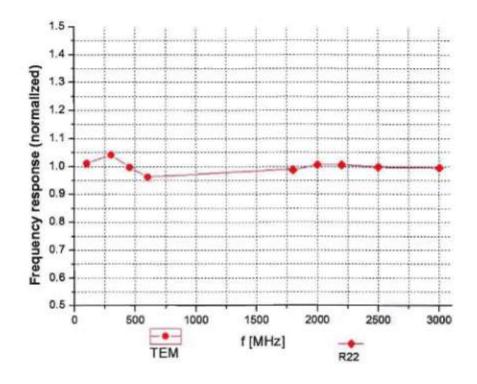


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Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.5% (k=2)



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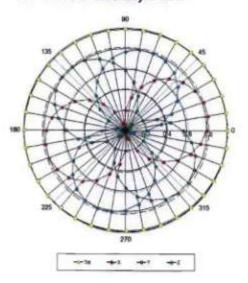
Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504

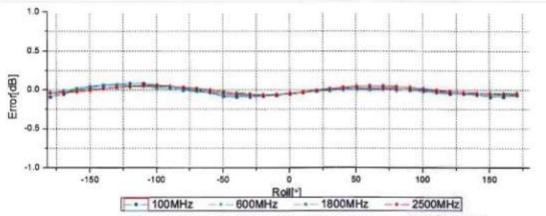
Receiving Pattern (Φ), θ=0°

f=600 MHz, TEM

180

f=1800 MHz, R22





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ±0.9% (k=2)

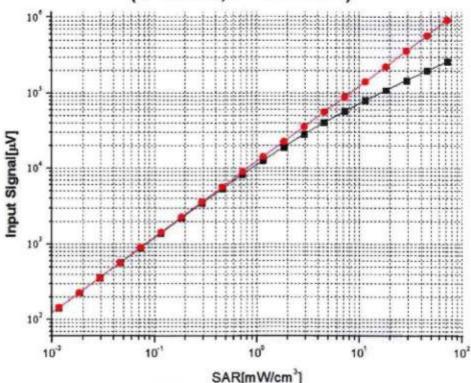


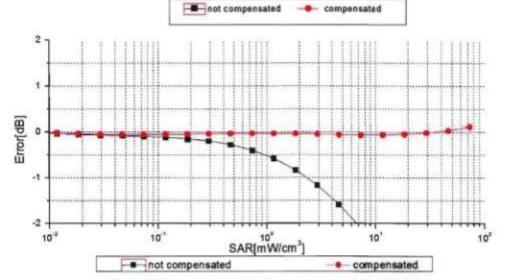
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Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.9% (k=2)

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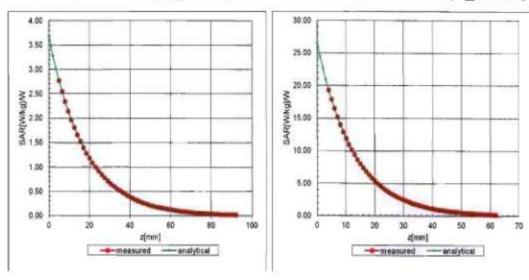


Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

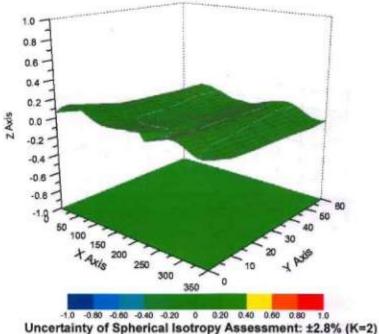
Conversion Factor Assessment

f=900 MHz, WGLS R9(H_convF)

f=1750 MHz, WGLS R22(H_convF)



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid





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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN: 3221

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	36.5
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	10mm
Tip Diameter	4mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3mm

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Appendix D. DAE Calibration Data:





Add: No.51 Xueyuar Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel. +86-10-62304633-2218 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2209 | http://www.chinattl.cn

Certificate No: 715-97093

Client : Aud	len	Certificate	No: Z15-97093
CALIBRATION	CERTIFICA	TE	
Object	DAE4	- SN: 905	
Calibration Procedure(s)	FD-Z1	1-2-002-01 ation Procedure for the Data Acquisi	tion Electronics
Calibration date:	July 1	6, 2015	
measurements(SI). The r pages and are part of the	neasurements and certificate. en conducted in	traceability to national standards, which the uncertainties with confidence proba- the closed laboratory facility: environ for calibration)	ability are given on the following
Primary Standards	ID# C	al Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Process Calibrator 753	1971018	06-July-15 (CTTL, No:J15X04257)	July-16
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	ASP
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	200
Approved by:	Lu Bingsong	Deputy Director of the laboratory	\$2 NISTZ
			ssued: July 17, 2015
This calibration certificat	e shall not be repr	oduced except in full without written app	proval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z15-97093

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Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2218 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2209 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

Glossary:

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X

to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.

Certificate No: Z15-97093

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Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Teli +86-10-62304633-2218 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2209 E-mail: cttl@chinatl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

DC Voltage Measurement

AD - Converter Resolution nominal
High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 µV, full range = -100...+300 mV
Low Range: 1LSB = 61 nV, full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	х	Y	Z
High Range	404.672 ± 0.15% (k=2)	405.235 ± 0.15% (k=2)	404.825 ± 0.15% (k=2)
Low Range	3.98116 ± 0.7% (k=2)	4.00286 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.99735 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	269° ± 1 °

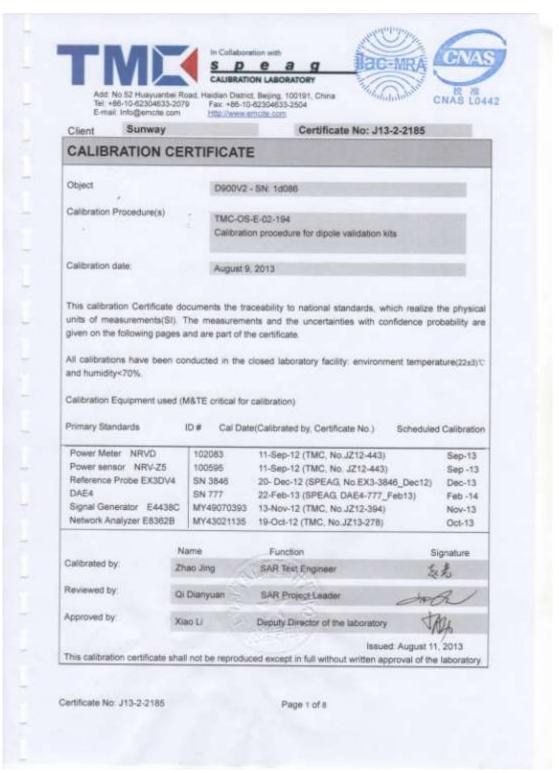
Certificate No: Z15-97093

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Appendix E. Dipole Calibration Data:





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Add: No 52 Husyuanbei Ross, I Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 E-mail: Info@emote.com

aribei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China 133-3079 Fax: +86-10-62204633-2504 e-com Http://www.stmcile.com

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx.y.z
N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

il IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003

 b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)".
 February 2005

c) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL. The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

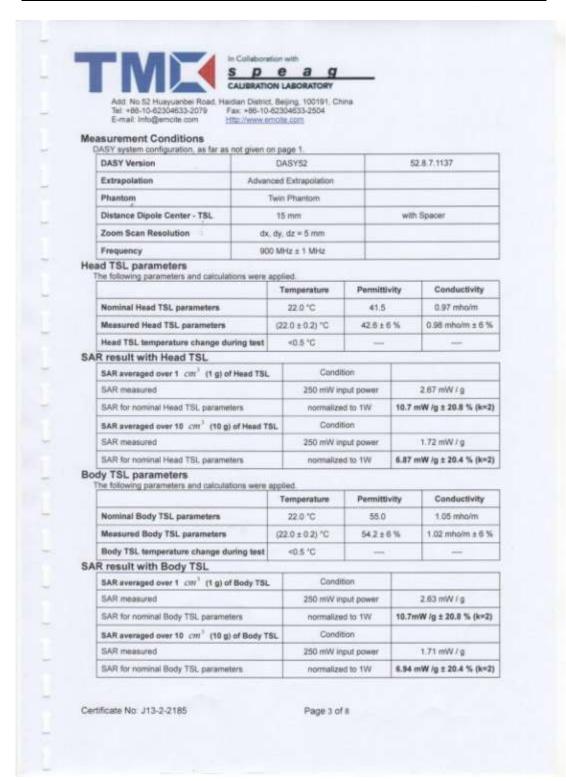
The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No. J13-2-2185

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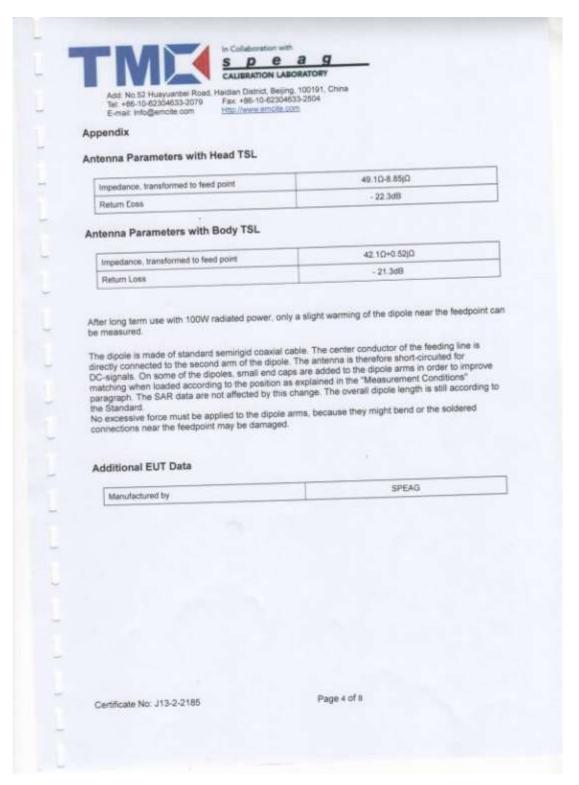


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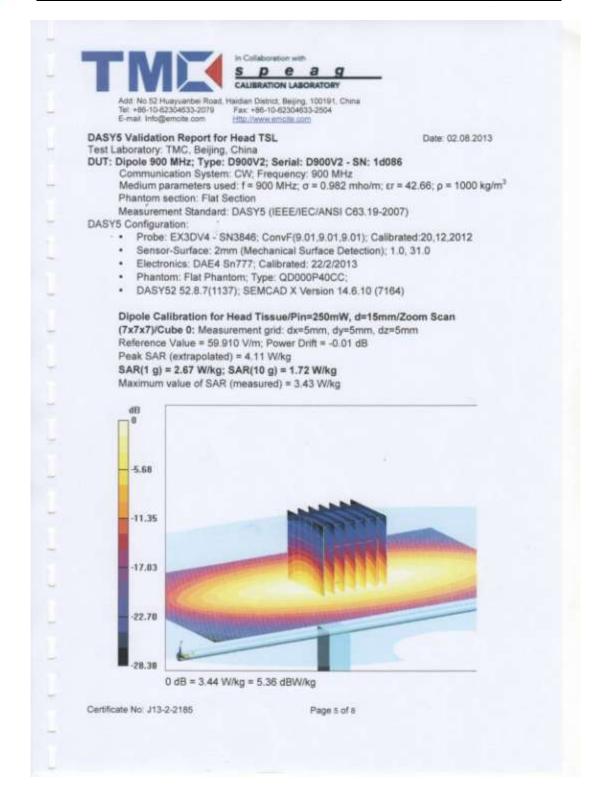


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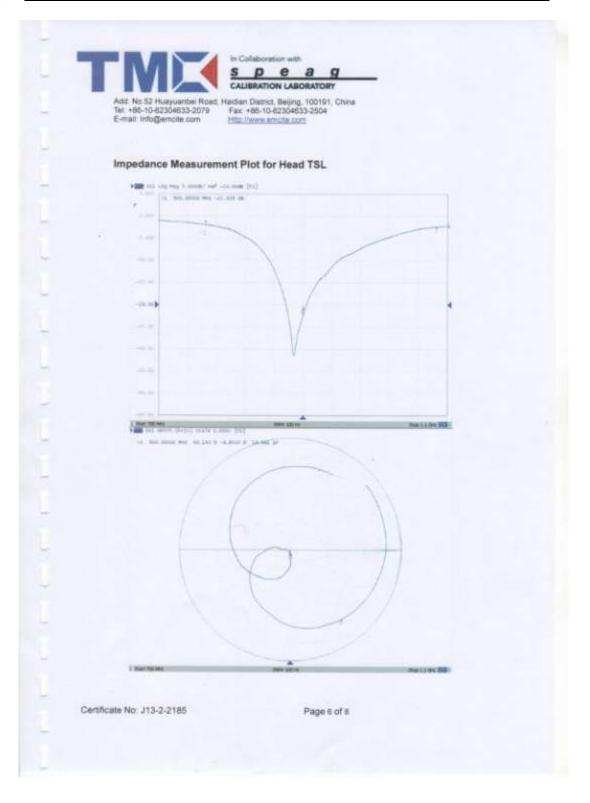


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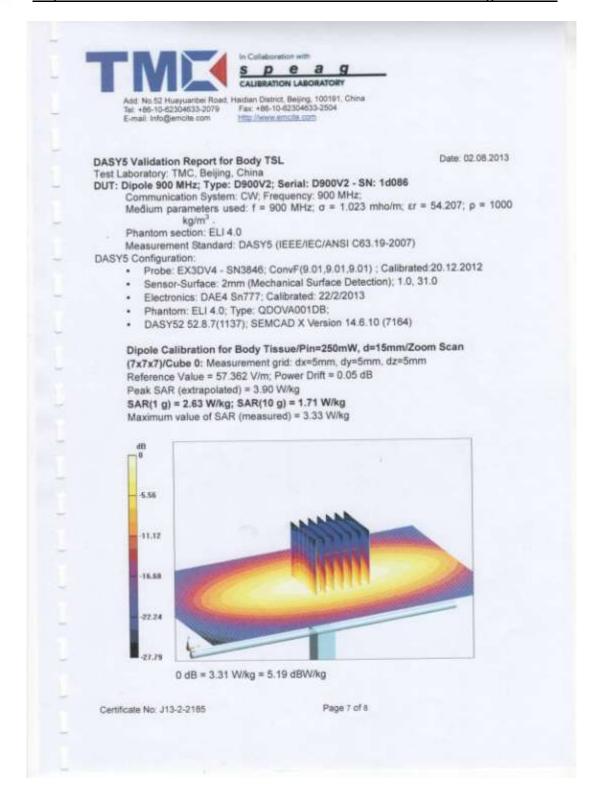


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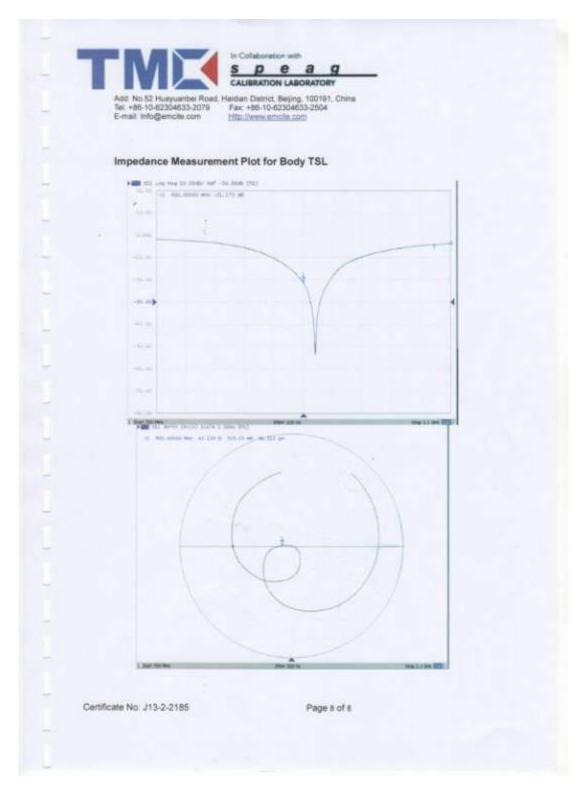


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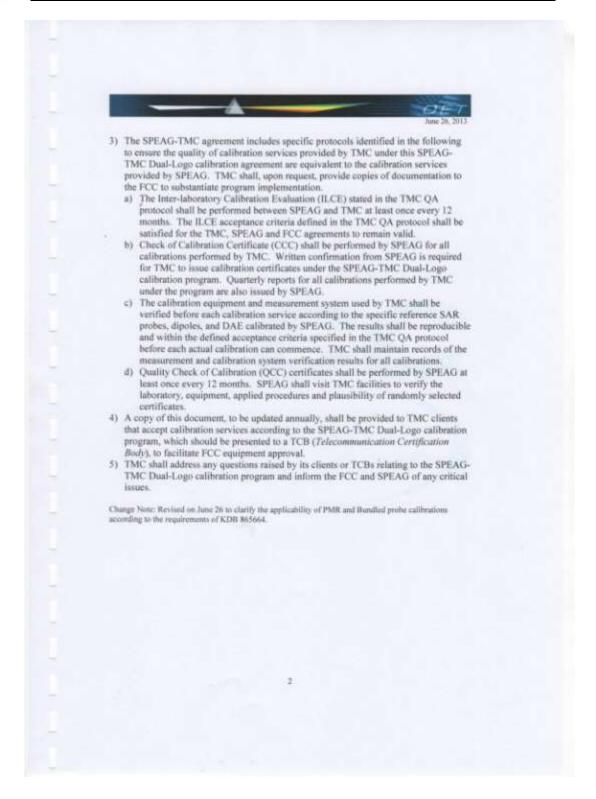
Acceptable Conditions for SAR Measurements Using Probes and Dipoles Calibrated under the SPEAG-TMC Dual-Logo Calibration Program to Support FCC Equipment Certification

The acceptable conditions for SAR measurements using probes, dipoles and DAEs calibrated by TMC (Telecommunication Metrology Center of MITT in Beijing, China), under the Dual-Logo Calibration Certificate program and quality assurance (QA) protocols established between SPEAG (Schmid & Purtner Engineering AG, Switzerland) and TMC, to support FCC (U.S. Federal Communications Commission) equipment certification are defined and described in the following.

- 1) The agreement established between SPEAG and TMC is only applicable to calibration services performed by TMC where its clients (companies and divisions of such companies) are headquartered in the Greater China Region, including Taiwan and Hong Kong. This agreement is subject to renewal at the end of each calendar year between SPEAG and TMC. TMC shall inform the FCC of any changes or early termination to the agreement.
- 2) Only a subset of the calibration services specified in the SPEAG-TMC agreement, while it remains valid, are applicable to SAR measurements performed using such equipment for supporting FCC equipment certification. These are identified in the following.
 - a) Calibration of dosimetric (SAR) probes EX3DVx, ET3DVx and ES3DVx.
 - i) Free-space E-field and H-field probes, including those used for HAC (hearing aid compatibility) evaluation, temperature probes, other probes or equipment not identified in this document, when calibrated by TMC, are excluded and cannot be used for measurements to support FCC equipment certification.
 - ii) Signal specific and bundled probe calibrations based on PMR (probe modulation response) characteristics are handled according to the requirements of KDB \$65664; that is, "Until standardized procedures are available to make such determination, the applicability of a signal specific probe calibration for testing specific wireless modes and technologies is determined on a case-by-case basis through KDB inquiries, including SAR system verification requirements."
 - b) Calibration of SAR system validation dipoles, excluding HAC dipoles.
 - c) Calibration of data acquisition electronics DAE3Vx, DAE4Vx and DAEasyVx.
 - d) For FCC equipment certification purposes, the frequency range of SAR probe and dipole calibrations is limited to 700 MHz - 6 GHz and provided it is supported by the equipment identified in the TMC QA protocol (a separate attachment to this document).
 - The identical system and equipment setup, measurement configurations, hardware, evaluation algorithms, calibration and QA protocols, including the format of calibration certificates and reports used by SPEAG shall be applied by TMC.
 - The calibrated items are only applicable to SPEAG DASY 4 and DASY 5 or higher version systems.



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D900V2, serial no. 1d086 Extended Dipole Calibrations

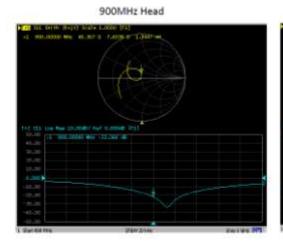
Referring to KDB 865664D01V01r03, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

			D900V2, se	rial no. 1	d086			
	900 Head				900 Body			
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2013-8-9	-22.3		49.2		-21.3		42.1	
2014-8-8	-22.21	0.41	49.12	-0.08	-21.1	0.94	42.25	-0.15
2015-8-4	-22.1	0.9	48.4	-0.8	-21.4	-0.5	43.1	1.0

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.

Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

<Dipole Verification Data>- D900V2, serial no. 1d086







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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

CALIBRATION (CERTIFICATE	(control of the control of the contr	o: D1900V2-5d194_Jan15
Object ,	D1900V2 - SN: 5	d194	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05,v9	dure for dipole validation kits abo	nuo 700 MH*
		and the deposit value and the same	700 MHZ
Calibration date:	January 07, 2015		
This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unce	ents the traceability to nat rhaintles with confidence p	onal standards, which realize the physical un robability are given on the following pages as	nits of measurements (SI), nd are part of the certificate.
All calibrations have been condu	cled in the closed laborato	y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*	C and humidity < 70%
			-0.000000000000000000000000000000000000
Calibration Equipment used (M&	FE critical for calibration)		
	FE critical for calibration)	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A		Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02029)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-15
Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 6461A	ID # GB37480704 US37292783	The state of the s	
Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k)	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)	Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Apr-15
Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Apr-15 Apr-15
Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES30V3	ID # GB37480704 US57292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-14 (No. ESS-3205_Dec14)	Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-15
Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES30V3 DAE4	ID # GB37480704 US\$7292783 MY41092317 SN: 5068 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02029) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02029) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-14 (No. ESS-3205_Dec14) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Apr-15 Apr-15
Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8461A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES30V3 DAE4 Secondary Standards	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5068 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14) 16-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14) Check Date (in house)	Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-15 Aug-15 Scheduled Check
Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attentator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES30V3 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator RAS SMT-06	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # 100005	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02029) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02029) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02029) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14) Check Date (in house)	Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-15 Aug-15 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-16
Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8461A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES30V3 DAE4 Secondary Standards	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5068 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14) 16-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14) Check Date (in house)	Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-15 Aug-15 Scheduled Check
Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attentator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES30V3 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator RAS SMT-06	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047 2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # 100005 US37390585 S4205	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02029) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02029) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-02021) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-14 (No. E53-3205_Dec14) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14) Check Date (in house) 04-Aug-96 (in house check Oct-13) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-16 Aug-15 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-16 In house check: Oct-15
Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES30V3 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator RAS SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5068 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # 100005 US37390585 S4205	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02029) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02029) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-02021) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 03-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14) Check Date (in house) 04-Aug-96 (in house check Oct-13) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-15 Aug-15 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-16
Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attentator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES30V3 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator RAS SMT-06	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047 2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # 100005 US37390585 S4205	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02029) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02029) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-02021) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-14 (No. E53-3205_Dec14) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14) Check Date (in house) 04-Aug-96 (in house check Oct-13) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-16 Aug-15 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-16 In house check: Oct-15
Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES30V3 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator RAS SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	ID # GB37480704 US372992783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # 100005 US37390585 S4205 Name Claudio Lautter	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02029) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02029) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-02021) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14) Check Date (in house) 04-Aug-96 (in house check Oct-13) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14) Function Laboratory Technician	Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-16 Aug-15 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-16 In house check: Oct-15
Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attentastor Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES30V3 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E Calibrated by:	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5068 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # 100005 US37390585 S4205	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02029) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02029) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-02021) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 03-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14) Check Date (in house) 04-Aug-96 (in house check Oct-13) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-16 Aug-15 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-16 In house check: Oct-15

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeeghausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z

not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- EC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following perameters and calculations were applied.

*	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.1 ± 6 %	1.39 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.1 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.6 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL condition		
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.32 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.3 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.3 ± 6 %	1.50 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.95 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.1 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.31 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.3 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.7 Ω + 4.9 μΩ	
Return Loss	- 24.5 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.9 Ω + 5.1 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 25.6 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

All and the second seco	
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.201 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the leedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
Manufactured on	May 06, 2014	

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 07.12.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d194

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.39$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

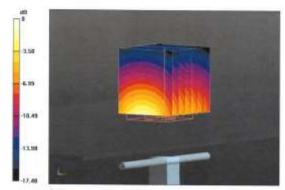
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type; QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 98.35 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.32 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.7 W/kg

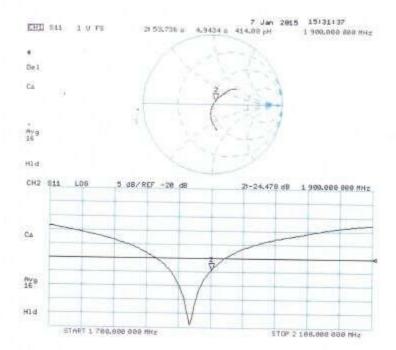


0 dB = 12.7 W/kg = 11.04 dBW/kg



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 07.01.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d194

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.5 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.65, 4.65, 4.65); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- · Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 95.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.8 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9.95 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.31 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.6 W/kg

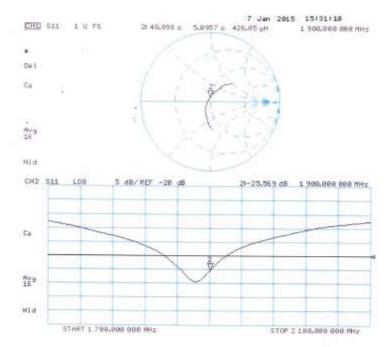


0 dB = 12.6 W/kg = 11.00 dBW/kg



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





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China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment

LABORATORY ACCREDITATION CERTIFICATE

(Registration No. CNAS L6487)

Shenzhen Sunway Communication Co., Ltd. Testing Center

1/F., Building A, SDG Info Port, Kefeng Road, Hi-Tech Park,

Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories(CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories) for the competence of testing.

The scope of accreditation is detailed in the attached appendices bearing the same registration number as above. The appendices form an integral part of this certificate.

Date of Issue: 2013-10-29 Date of Expiry: 2016-10-28

Date of Initial Accreditation: 2013-10-29

Date of Update: 2013-10-29

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Signed on behalf of China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment

China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) is authorized by Certification and Accreditation Administration of the People's Republic of China (CNCA) to operate the national accreditation schemes for conformity assessment, CNAS is the signatory to International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation Multilateral Recognition Arrangement (ILAC MRA) and Asia Pacific Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation Multilateral Recognition Arrangement (APLAC MRA).

No.CNASAL2

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