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# **TEST REPORT**

**Vega AIS VAIS3E Aid to Navigation** 

tested to the specification

EN 301 843-1 v1.2.1 (2004-06)

**Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio Spectrum Matters (ERM);** 

ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for marine radio equipment and services;

Part 1: Common technical requirements

for

**Vesper Marine Ltd** 

This Test Report is issued with the authority of:

Andrew Cutler - General Manager



All tests reported herein have been performed in accordance with the laboratory's scope of accreditation

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# 1. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The **Vega AIS VAIS3E** Aid to Navigation complies with EN 301 843-1 v1.2.1 (2004-06).

### 2. RESULTS SUMMARY

The results of testing that was carried out in July 2014 are summarised below.

Electromagnetic emission tests:

Clause	Phenomenon	Application	Result
8.2	Radiated emissions	Enclosure of	Complies.
	(below 30 MHz)	ancillary equipment	
8.2	Radiated emissions	Enclosure of	Complies with a 10.4 dB
	(above 30 MHz)	ancillary equipment	margin at 162.660 (Horizontal)
			& 163.340 MHz. (Vertical).
8.3	Conducted emissions	DC power input/	Complies with a 26.7 dB
		output port	margin at 11.981 MHz
			(Quasi-Peak).
8.4	Conducted emissions	AC mains power	Not applicable
And the second		input/ output port	

Electromagnetic immunity tests:

Electromagnetic infinumity tests.							
Clause	Phenomenon	Application	Result				
9.2	RF electromagnetic field	Enclosure	Complies				
	(80 MHz to 2000 MHz)						
9.3	Electrostatic discharge	Enclosure	Complies				
9.4	Fast transients common	Signal and control	Complies				
	mode	ports, DC and AC					
		power ports					
9.5	RF common mode	Signal and control	Complies				
	(0.15 MHz - 80 MHz)	ports, DC and AC					
		power ports					
9.6.1	Short term power supply	AC power input ports	Not applicable – DC				
	variations		powered device				
9.6.2	Power supply failure	AC power input ports	Not applicable – DC				
			powered device				
9.7	Surges, line to line and	AC power input ports	Not applicable – DC				
	line to ground		powered device				

#### 3. INTRODUCTION

This report describes the tests and measurements for the purpose of determining compliance with the specification under the following conditions:

The test sample was selected by the client.

This report relates only to the sample tested.

This report contains no corrections or erasures.

Measurement uncertainties with statistical confidence intervals of 95% are shown below test results. Both class A and Class B uncertainties have been accounted for, as well as influence uncertainties where appropriate.

All compliance statements have been made with respect of the specification limit with no reference to the measurement uncertainty.

## 4. CLIENT INFORMATION

Company Name Vesper Marine Ltd

**Address** 103 Westhaven Drive, St Marys Bay,

City Auckland 1010

**Country** New Zealand

Contact David Kearney.

### 5. DESCRIPTION OF TEST SAMPLE

**Brand Name** Vega AIS

Model Number VAIS3E

**Product** Aid to Navigation

**Manufacturer** Vega Industries Ltd

Country of Origin New Zealand

Serial Number 21000010

This report can also be applied to the following model numbers VAIS1S, VAIS1E and VAIS3S.

The client advises that the model tested is a Type 3 device.

The label on the device indicates that the device is a Type 1 device however this label is incorrect and should indicate that it is a Type 3 device with operating receivers and as is evident from the General Test Setup.

The Type 3 VAIS3E model was used since it is the model with the most complexity and is otherwise electrically equivalent to the AIS1S, VAIS1E and VAIS3S models.

#### SETUPS AND PROCEDURES 6.

The sample was tested in accordance with EN 301 843 v1.2.1 (2004-06)

Electromagnetic emissions:

Method	Protected	Limit
Conducted	10 kHz - 150 kHz	96 dBuV- 50 dBuV
emissions	150 kHz – 350 kHz	60 dBuV- 50 dBuV
	350 kHz – 30 MHz	50 dBuV
Radiated	150 kHz – 300 kHz	80  dBuV/m - 52  dBuV/m
emissions	300 kHz – 30 MHz	52 dBuV/m - 34 dBuV/m
	30 MHz – 2 GHz	54 dBuV/m (120 kHz Bw)
	156 MHz – 165 MHz	24 dBuV/m Quasi-peak (9 kHz Bw)
		30 dBuV/m Peak (9 kHz Bw)

Electromagnetic immunity:

Method	Standard	Criteria
Conducted disturbances	EN 61000-4-6, 2004	A
3V r.m.s. 150 kHz – 80 MHz,		
10V r.m.s. spot frequencies		
Radiated disturbances	EN 61000-4-3, 2003	A
10V/m 80 MHz - 2 GHz		
Fast Transients (bursts)	EN 61000-4-4, 2004	В
-±1kV common mode signal/ control ports		
-±2kV AC power ports		
Slow transients (surges)	EN 61000-4-5, 2005	В
-±1 kV line/earth		
-±0.5 kV line/line		
Power supply short term variations	EN 61000-4-11, 2004	C
-± 20% voltage for 1.5s, AC power ports		
-± 10% frequency for 5s, AC power ports		
Power supply failure	EN 61000-4-11,2004	С
60s interruption, AC and DC power ports		
Electrostatic discharge	EN 61000-4-2, 2001	В
-±8 kV air		
-±6 kV contact discharges		

#### **Performance Criteria**

#### **Performance Criterion A:**

The EUT shall continue to operate as intended during and after the test. No degradation of performance or loss of function is allowed, as defined in the relevant equipment standard and in the technical specifications published by the manufacturer;

#### **Performance Criterion B:**

The EUT shall continue to operate as intended after the test. No degradation of performance or loss of function is allowed, as defined in the relevant equipment standard and in the technical specifications published by the manufacturer. During the test, degradation or loss of function or performance which is self- recoverable is however, allowed, but no change of actual operating state or stored data is allowed

#### **Performance Criterion C:**

Temporary degradation or loss of function or performance is allowed during the test, provided the function is self-recoverable, or can be restored at the end of the test by the operation of the controls, as defined in the relevant equipment standard and in the technical specifications published by the manufacturer.

#### **Test Set-up:**

The device was mounted upright and powered from an external 13.8 V lead acid battery.

The unit was tested with the GPS and VHF antennae attached.

The sense circuit was loaded with a 12 V battery and a 10 ohm load.

A remote ancillary AIS unit was set up which allowed monitoring of the device under test.

The AIS system displayed the current GPS position and would update every 3 minutes through a VHF transmission.

The device was connected via a serial cable to a remote laptop running HyperTerminal which allowed visualisation of the internal state of the device.

Immediately prior to the transmission of the position the on-screen code would update which indicated that the unit was correctly operating and that any missed transmission was due to interruption of the ancillary equipment.

The operation of the device was monitored visually for loss of AIS targeting on the ancillary equipment as well as disruption/corruption of the serial data on the remote laptop.

The manufacturer's minimum level of performance was that the device transmitted its AIS data every 3 minutes.

A receiver exclusion zone between 1500 - 1650 MHz was applied to the GPS receiver based upon that expressed in EN 301 489-3 for Class 1 Receivers operating between 1 - 2 GHz.

#### 7. TEST RESULTS

#### **Conducted emissions**

Conducted emissions testing was carried out over the frequency range of 10 kHz to 30 MHz.

Testing for conducted emissions was carried out at the laboratory's MacKelvie Street premises in a screened room.

The device was placed 0.8 m away from the closest edge of the artificial mains terminal network on the emissions test table which is 1 m x 1.5 m, and is 0.1 m above the screened room floor which acts as the horizontal ground plane and is 0.6 m away from the screened room wall which acts as the vertical ground plane.

Measurement uncertainty with a confidence interval of 95% is:

- Mains terminal tests (0.01- 30 MHz)  $\pm$  2.2 dB

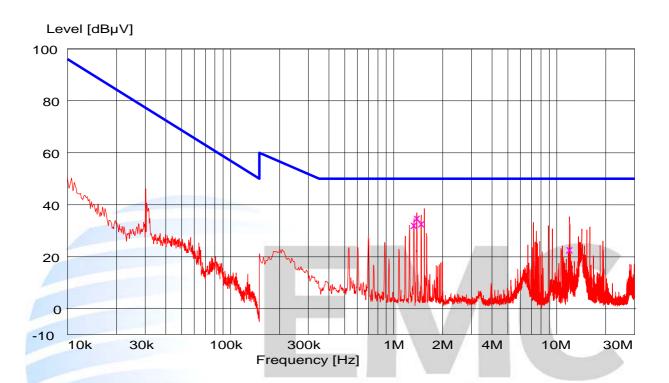


#### **Conducted Emissions – DC input power Port**

**Setup:** 

The device was powered from a linear supply at 13.2 volts DC. Attached to unit was a GPS and a VHF antenna. The signal control line was connected to a 12 volt battery and a 10 ohm load.

Dook	Average	Ougei Pook V
Peak	Average	Quasi Peak A



### Final Quasi-Peak Measurements

Frequency	Level	Limit	Margin	Rechecks
MHz	dΒμV	dΒμV	dB	$dB\mu V$
1.332000	32.70	50	17.3	Ambient
1.386000	35.30	50	14.7	Ambient
1.476000	33.20	50	16.8	Ambient
11.981000	23.30	50	26.7	26.2

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#### Radiated emissions (0.15 MHz to 2000 MHz)

Radiated emissions testing were carried out over the frequency range of 0.15 to 2000 MHz at the laboratory's open area test site - located at 670 Kawakawa-Orere Road, Orere Point, Auckland, New Zealand.

Before testing was carried out, a receiver Self Test and Long calibration routine was undertaken. Additionally, a check of all connecting cables and programmed antenna factors was carried out.

The device was placed on the test tabletop, which was a total of 0.8 m above the test site ground plane.

Measurements of the radiated field were made with the antenna located at a 3 m horizontal distance from the boundary of the devices under test.

In addition measurements were made between 156.0 - 165.0 MHz with a quasi peak limit of 24 dB $\mu$ V/m being applied (30 dB $\mu$ V/m in peak).

Testing was carried out in the various modes in which the device operated. Any external cables were orientated for the worst-case emissions level.

When an emission is located, it is positively identified and its maximum level is found by rotating the automated turntable, and by varying the antenna height with an automated antenna tower.

The emission is measured in both vertical and horizontal antenna polarisations above 30 MHz.

Between 0.15 - 30 MHz a loop antenna was used the centre of which was 1.5 metres above the test site ground plane.

During the test, a number of ambient emissions are identified (list of which can be provided upon request).

The emission level is determined in field strength by taking the following into consideration:

Level  $(dB\mu V/m)$  = Receiver Reading  $(dB\mu V)$  + Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Coax Loss (dB)

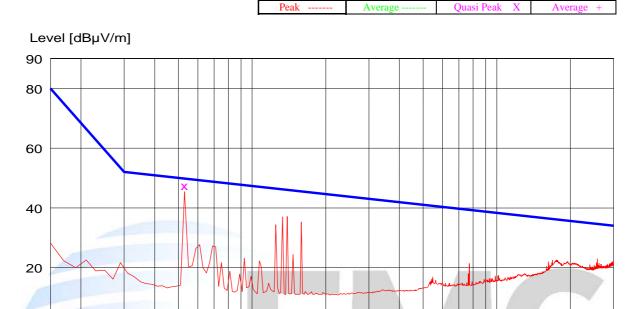
**Result:** Complies

Measurement uncertainty with a confidence interval of 95% is:

- Free radiation tests  $(0.15 - 2000 \text{ MHz}) \pm 4.5 \text{ dB}$ 

### Radiated emissions (below 30 MHz)

**Setup:** The device was powered from a linear supply at 13.2 volts DC. Attached to unit was a GPS and a VHF antenna. The signal control line was connected to a 12 volt battery and a 10 ohm load.



Final Quasi-Peak Measurements

300k

500k

1M

Frequency [Hz]

0

150k

-10

Frequency	Level	Limit	Margin	Rechecks
MHz	dBμV/m	dBμV/m	dB	dBμV/m
0.530000	47.70	49.8	2.1	Ambient

2M

**3M** 

5M

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7M 10M

30M

#### Radiated Emissions (30 – 2000 MHz)

The device was powered from a single 12 V lead acid battery.

A VHF and a GPS antennae were attached.

The signal control line was connected to a 12 volt battery and a 10 ohm load.

A remote AIS unit was configured to indicate the device was operating.

Freq	Vert	Horiz	Limit	Margin		
MHz	dBμV/m	dBμV/m	dBμV/m	dB	Result	Antenna
33.240	19.5		54.0	34.5	Pass	Vertical
43.080	16.7		54.0	37.3	Pass	Vertical
44.520	18.3		54.0	35.7	Pass	Vertical
53.840	17.2		54.0	36.8	Pass	Vertical
55.640	20.4		54.0	33.6	Pass	Vertical
64.880	22.6		54.0	31.4	Pass	Vertical
75.600		14.7	54.0	39.3	Pass	Horizontal
77.000		18.4	54.0	35.6	Pass	Horizontal
77.560		19.1	54.0	34.9	Pass	Horizontal
137.220	19.7	18.3	54.0	34.3	Pass	Vertical
152.640	22.4		54.0	31.6	Pass	Vertical
162.660		19.6	30.0	10.4	Pass	Horizontal
163.340	19.6		30.0	10.4	Pass	Vertical
164.330	18.7		30.0	11.3	Pass	Vertical
185.820	18.7		54.0	35.3	Pass	Vertical
192.000		17.4	54.0	36.6	Pass	Horizontal
249.060		19.1	54.0	34.9	Pass	Horizontal
269.760		18.4	54.0	35.6	Pass	Horizontal
324.100		23.2	54.0	30.8	Pass	Horizontal
326.400	30.3		54.0	23.7	Pass	Vertical
345.600	34.7	28.6	54.0	19.3	Pass	Vertical
364.800	31.3		54.0	22.7	Pass	Vertical
384.000	35.8	32.3	54.0	18.2	Pass	Vertical
403.200		32.5	54.0	21.5	Pass	Horizontal
422.400		30.0	54.0	24.0	Pass	Horizontal
439.900	28.4		54.0	25.6	Pass	Vertical
460.800	32.2		54.0	21.8	Pass	Vertical
480.000	33.5		54.0	20.5	Pass	Vertical
537.600		28.3	54.0	25.7	Pass	Horizontal
604.300		27.4	54.0	26.6	Pass	Horizontal
947.600	29.9	31.4	54.0	22.6	Pass	Horizontal

No further emissions observed within 15 dB of the limit when measurements were attempted up to 2000 MHz when using vertical or horizontal polarizations

#### Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Field

RF Electromagnetic Field testing was required to be carried out at 10 V/m, between 80 - 2000 MHz, in 1% steps with a 3 second dwell time using a 1 kHz 80% AM modulated carrier.

The test was repeated at 10 V/m, between 80 - 2000 MHz, in 10% steps with a 180 second dwell time using a 400 Hz 80% AM modulated carrier.

Testing was carried out using a bilog antenna in both vertical and horizontal polarisations.

The device was required to meet performance criteria A.

The calibration uncertainties for Radiated Susceptibility to EN 61000-4-3 are: 80 - 2000 MHz  $\pm 1.1 \text{ V/m}$ 

Pretesting of the device, over a period of time, was carried out into all four faces of the device which showed that the front face with display was the worst case face.

Final testing was carried out with the RF being injected into the top, base GPS/Beacon ports, Sensor/Digital/Analog/Weather ports and the VHF port faces of the device.

#### **Observations:**

No effects observed.

Result: Complies.

The device did not display susceptibility, except as described as above, to Radiated RF Electromagnetic Fields during the test and it did not change state or lose stored data.

The device operated normally after the test.

#### **Conducted RF Susceptibility**

Conducted RF susceptibility testing was carried out between 150 kHz and 80 MHz at  $3V_{rms}$  with a 400 Hz tone 80% AM modulated.

Additional spot checks were carried out at 10  $V_{rms}$  at 2, 3, 4, 6.2, 8.2, 12.6, 16.5, 18.8, 22 and 25 MHz.

Testing was carried out in 1% steps with a dwell time of 5 seconds.

The device is required to meet performance criteria A.

Described below are the calibration uncertainties for Radio frequency continuous conducted susceptibility to EN 61000-4-6:

0.15 - 80.0 MHz  $\pm 1.42 \text{ dB}$ 

The following ports were tested:

<b>Port Tested</b>	Method	Observation	Result
DC Power Port	DC M2 CDN	No effects observed.	Pass
Serial Cable	FCC Clamp	No effects observed.	Pass
Sensor Cable	FCC Clamp	No effects observed.	Pass

Testing was not carried out on the VHF antenna port or the GPS antenna port.

Result: Complies.

The device did not display susceptibility, except as described as above, to Radiated RF Electromagnetic Fields during the test and it did not change state or lose stored data.

The device operated normally after the test.

#### **Electrical Fast Transients (EFT/B)**

 $\pm$  1.0 kV transients were injected on to the signal control cables using a capacitive clamp.

Testing was carried out for 3 minutes while the device was being operated.

The device was required to meet performance criteria B.

Described below are the calibration uncertainties for Electrically Fast Transient Bursts to IEC 61000-4-4:

-Peak Output Voltage Upeak	3.0 %
-Rise Time tr	2.5 %
-Pulse Width tw	2.0 %
-Burst Frequency fb	1.0 %
-Burst Duration tb	1.0 %
-Burst Period trep	1.0 %

The following ports were tested:

<b>Port Tested</b>	Method	Observation	Result
Sensor Cable	Clamp	The 3 minute AIS transmission was not received by	Pass
		the ancillary equipment. The next transmission	
		(at 6 minute mark) was received.	
Serial Cable	Clamp	The 3 minute AIS transmission was not received by	Pass
		the ancillary equipment. The next transmission	
		(at 6 minute mark) was received.	

Testing was not carried out on the VHF antenna port or the GPS antenna port

#### Result: Complies.

The device did display susceptibility to Electrical Fast Transient/Burst (EFT/B) during testing but the device complied with the prescribed performance criteria B.

The device operated normally after the test.

#### **Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)**

ESD testing was required to be carried out with  $\pm 8$  kV air discharges and  $\pm 6$  kV contact discharges being applied.

The device was required to meet performance criteria B.

The calibration uncertainties for Electrostatic Discharge to IEC 61000-4-2 are:

- DC Voltage	0.04%
- Peak Current	4%
- Rise Time	2.5%
- Curve decay points at 30 and 60 nS	5%

10 x  $\pm$  2 kV,  $\pm$  4 kV, $\pm$  6 kV, Contact discharges were applied at one second intervals as follows:

<b>Point of Contact</b>	Observation	Result
HCP	No effects observed.	Pass
VCP (top)	No effects observed.	Pass
VCP (base)	No effects observed.	Pass
VCP (GPS & Beacon ports)	No effects observed.	Pass
VCP (VHF Port)	No effects observed.	Pass
VCP (Sensor Port)	No effects observed.	Pass
Metal Orientation Tubes (x6)	No effects observed.	Pass
GPS Connector	No effects observed.	Pass
VHF Connector	No effects observed.	Pass
Casing Screws (x4)	No effects observed.	Pass
HCP	No effects observed.	Pass

10 x  $\pm$  2 kV,  $\pm$  4 kV,  $\pm$  8 kV Air discharges were applied at one second intervals as follows:

Point of Contact	Observation	Result
Casing Seam	No discharges occurred	Pass
Sensor Cable	No discharges occurred	Pass
Beacon Cable	No discharges occurred	Pass
Weather Cable Port	No effects observed.	Pass
Digital Port	No effects observed.	Pass
Analog Port	No effects observed.	Pass

#### Result: Complies.

The device did not display susceptibility to Electrostatic Discharges throughout the test and continued to operate normally after the test.

### 8. EQUIPMENT USED

<b>Instrument:</b>	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No	Asset Ref
2m Triple Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HM020	843885/004	-
Aerial Controller	EMCO	1090	9112-1062	RFS 3710
Aerial Mast	EMCO	1070-1	9203-1661	RFS 3708
Anechoic Material	Rantec	ERP24 Cones	1	-
Anechoic Material	Rantec	Ferrite Tiles	1	-
Biconical Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBA 9106	-	RFS 3612
Bilog Antenna	EMCO	3141	9707-1071	E1596
Coax Cable	Sucoflex	104PA	2736/4PA	-
ESD Gun	Schaffner	NSG 435	1261	E1426
Log periodic Antenna	Schwarzbec	VUSLP 9111	9111-2801	3785
Loop Antenna	EMCO	6502	9003-2485	3798
Measurement Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESHS 10	838693/002	3800
Measurement Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESIB-40	100171	R-27-1
Microwave RF Amplifier	Ophir	5162FE	1029	E3786
Power Amplifier	IFI	M75	B373-1098	RFS 3773
Power Amplifier	Amplifier Research	10W1000	8329	E1138
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMP04	1035 5005 04	E1560
Turntable	EMCO	1080-1-2.1	9109-1578	RFS 3709

All Test Equipment was within calibration at the time of testing.

### 9. ACCREDITATIONS

The tests were carried out in accordance with the terms of EMC Technologies (NZ) Ltd's International Accreditation New Zealand (IANZ) Accreditation to NZS/IEC/ ISO 17025.

All measurement equipment was calibrated in accordance with the terms of EMC Technologies (NZ) Ltd's International Accreditation New Zealand (IANZ) Accreditation to NZS/IEC/ ISO 17025.

International Accreditation New Zealand has Mutual Recognition Arrangements for testing and calibration with a number of accreditation bodies in various economies. This includes NATA (Australia), UKAS (UK), SANAS (South Africa), NVLAP (USA), A2LA (USA), SWEDAC (Sweden). Further details can be supplied on request.

# 10. PHOTOGRAPHS





