



FCC PART 15.247

## TEST REPORT

For

**Shenzhen Rakwireless Technology Co., Ltd.**

Room 506, Bldg B, New Compark, Pingshan First Road Taoyuan Street, XiLi town,  
Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China

**FCC ID: 2AF6B-RAK2247**

<b>Report Type:</b> Original Report	<b>Product Type:</b> LoRa Concentrator Module
<b>Report Number:</b> RSZ181207002-00B	
<b>Report Date:</b> 2018-12-24	
<b>Reviewed By:</b> RF Engineer	Rocky Kang <i>Rocky Kang</i>
<b>Prepared By:</b> Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) 6/F., West Wing, Third Phase of Wanli Industrial Building, Shihua Road, Futian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China Tel: +86-755-33320018 Fax: +86-755-33320008 <a href="http://www.baclcorp.com.cn">www.baclcorp.com.cn</a>	

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## GENERAL INFORMATION

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### Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

The *Shenzhen Rakwireless Technology Co., Ltd.*'s product, model number: *RAK2247(FCC ID: 2AF6B-RAK2247)* or the "EUT" in this report was a *LoRa Concentrator Module*, which was measured approximately: 50.95 mm (L) × 30.00 mm (W) × 4.50 mm (H), rated with input voltage: DC 3.3 V.

*\*All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from production sample serial number: 181207002 (Assigned by BACL, shenzhen).The EUT supplied by the applicant was received on 2018-12-07.*

### Objective

This report is prepared on behalf of *Shenzhen Rakwireless Technology Co., Ltd.* in accordance with Part 2-Subpart J, Part 15-Subparts A and C of the Federal Communication Commission's rules.

The tests were performed in order to determine compliance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 rules.

### Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

No Related Submittal.

### Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices.

All emissions measurement was performed at Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen). The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters.

**Measurement Uncertainty**

Parameter	uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±5%
RF Output Power with Power meter	±0.5dB
RF conducted test with spectrum	±1.5dB
AC Power Lines Conducted Emissions	±1.95dB
All emissions, radiated	±4.88dB
Temperature	±3℃
Humidity	±6%
Supply voltages	±0.4%

**Test Facility**

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect test data is located on the 6/F., West Wing, Third Phase of Wanli Industrial Building, Shihua Road, Futian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.

The test site has been approved by the FCC under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No. : 342867, the FCC Designation No. : CN1221.

The test site has been registered with ISED Canada under ISED Canada Registration Number 3062B.

## Description of Test Configuration

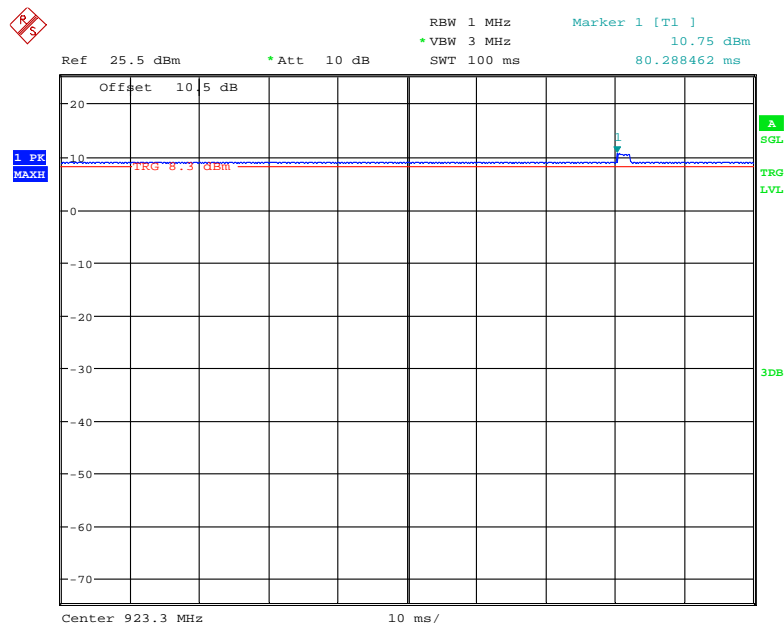
For LoRa mode, detailed Frequency as below:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
1	923.3	5	925.7
2	923.9	6	926.3
3	924.5	7	926.9
4	925.1	8	927.5

## Equipment Modifications

## EUT Exercise Software

## Duty cycle



Date: 19.DEC.2018 18:41:27

Band	Duty Cycle (%)	T(us)	1/T(kHz)	VBW Setting	10log(1/ Duty Cycle)
LoRa	100	-	-	10Hz	-

### Local Support Equipment List and Details

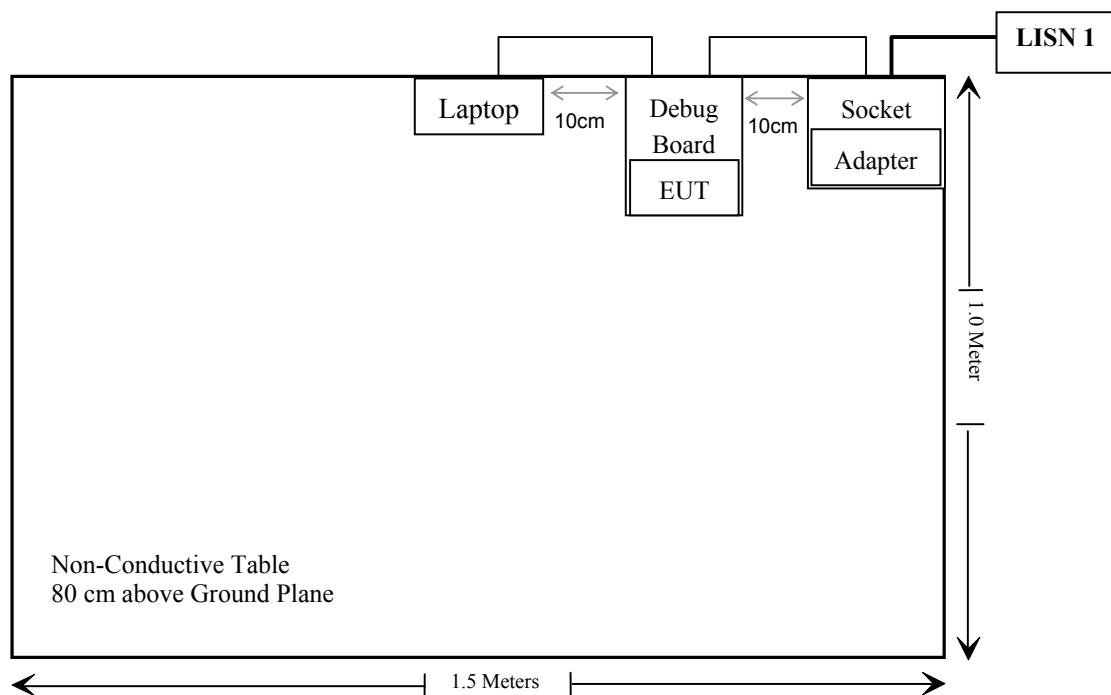
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
Rakwireless	Debug board	EVK-RAK833	20180518
Compaq	Laptop	CQ45	CND9524JMW

### External I/O Cable

Cable Description	Length (m)	From Port	To
Un-Shielding Detachable AC Power Cable	1.5	LISN 1	Adapter
Un-Shielding Detachable USB Cable	1.0	Debug Board	Laptop
Un-Shielding Detachable DC Cable	1.0	Debug Board	Adapter

### Block Diagram of Test Setup

For Conducted Emission:



**SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS**

FCC Rules	Description of Test	Result
§15.247 (i) & §1.1310 & §2.1091	Maximum Permissible exposure (MPE)	Compliance
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliance
§15.207 (a)	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Compliance
§15.205, §15.209, §15.247(d)	Spurious Emissions	Compliance
§15.247 (a)(2)	6 dB Emission Bandwidth	Compliance
§15.247(b)(3)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Compliance
§15.247(d)	100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge	Compliance
§15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	Compliance



**TEST EQUIPMENT LIST**

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
<b>Conducted Emissions Test</b>					
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCS30	100176	2018-07-11	2019-07-11
Rohde & Schwarz	LISN	ENV216	3560.6650.12-101613-Yb	2017-12-21	2018-12-21
Rohde & Schwarz	Transient Limiter	ESH3Z2	DE25985	2018-11-12	2019-11-12
Rohde & Schwarz	CE Test software	EMC 32	V8.53.0	NCR	NCR
Un-known	Conducted Emission Cable	78652	UF A210B-1-0720-504504	2018-11-12	2019-11-12
<b>Radiated Emission Test</b>					
Sunol Sciences	Horn Antenna	DRH-118	A052604	2017-12-22	2020-12-21
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSEM	845987/005	2018-06-23	2019-06-23
COM-POWER	Pre-amplifier	PA-122	181919	2018-11-12	2019-11-12
Sonoma instrument	Amplifier	310N	186238	2018-11-12	2019-11-12
Sunol Sciences	Broadband Antenna	JB1	A040904-1	2017-12-22	2020-12-21
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	101120	2018-01-11	2019-01-11
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	UFA147A-2362-100100	MFR64639 231029-003	2018-07-11	2021-07-10
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	104PEA	218124002	2018-11-12	2019-11-12
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	RG-214	1	2018-11-19	2019-05-21
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	RG-214	2	2018-11-12	2019-11-12
Rohde & Schwarz	Auto test software	EMC 32	V9.10	NCR	NCR
<b>RF Conducted Test</b>					
Agilent	USB wideband power meter	U2021XA	MY54250003	2018-06-23	2019-06-23
WEINSCHTEL	10dB Attenuator	5324	AU 3842	Each Time	
Rohde & Schwarz	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	FSU26	200120	2017-12-24	2018-12-24
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	RG-214	3	Each Time	

\* **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements that traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

## FCC §15.247 (I) & §1.1310 & §2.1091- MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

### Applicable Standard

According to subpart 15.247(i) and subpart §1.1310, systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) (§1.1310, §2.1091)

(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging Time (minutes)
0.3–1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34–30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f <sup>2</sup> )	30
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300–1500	/	/	f/1500	30
1500–100,000	/	/	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz; \* = Plane-wave equivalent power density;

According to §1.1310 and §2.1091 RF exposure is calculated.

### Calculated Formulary:

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance

$S = PG/4\pi R^2$  = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm<sup>2</sup>);

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW);

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator, the power gain factor, is normally numeric gain;

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm);

### Calculated Data:

The worst case as below:

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Gain		Max Tune-up Conducted Power		Evaluation Distance (cm)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	MPE Limit (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
	(dBi)	(numeric)	(dBm)	(mW)			
923.3-927.5	2.0	1.58	13	19.95	20	0.006	0.6

**Result:** The device meet FCC MPE at 20 cm distance

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## **FCC §15.203 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT**

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### **Applicable Standard**

According to § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the user of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with section §15.203 of the rules. §15.203 state that the subject device must meet the following criteria:

- a. Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b. Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.

Unit must be professionally installed, and installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

And according to FCC 47 CFR section 15.247 (b), if the transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

### **Antenna Connector Construction**

The EUT has a monopole antenna with a non-standard antenna jack which the maximum antenna gain is 2 dBi, fulfill the requirement of this section. Please refer to the EUT photos.

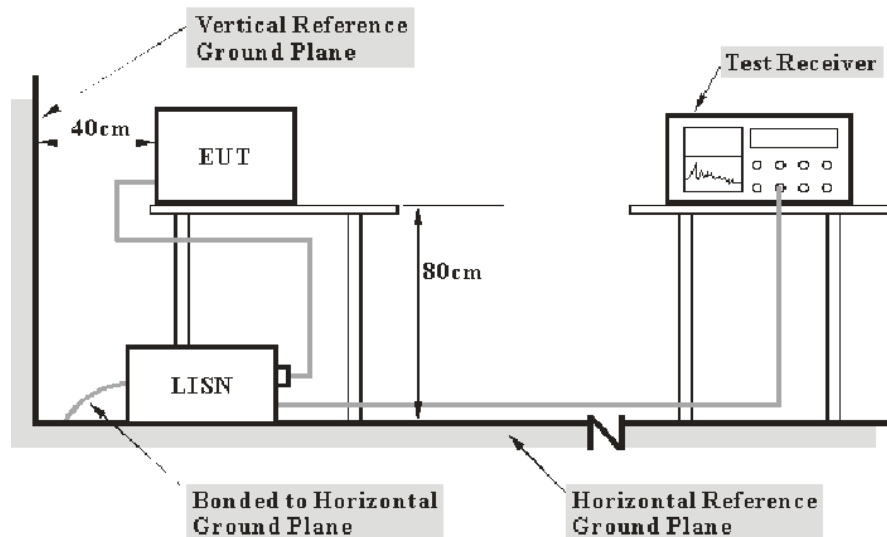
**Result:** Compliance.

## FCC §15.207 (a) – AC LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

### Applicable Standard

FCC§15.207

### EUT Setup



Note: 1. Support units were connected to second LISN.  
 2. Both of LISNs (AMN) 80 cm from EUT and at the least 80 cm from other units and other metal planes support units.

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.207 limits.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

### EMI Test Receiver Setup

The EMI test receiver was set to investigate the spectrum from 150 kHz to 30 MHz.

During the conducted emission test, the EMI test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	IF B/W
150 kHz – 30 MHz	9 kHz

## Test Procedure

During the conducted emission test, the adapter was connected to the outlet of the LISN.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions of the EUT.

All final data was recorded in the Quasi-peak and average detection mode.

## Corrected Factor & Margin Calculation

The Corrected factor is calculated by adding LISN VDF (Voltage Division Factor), Cable Loss and Transient Limiter Attenuation. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Correction Factor} = \text{LISN VDF} + \text{Cable Loss} + \text{Transient Limiter Attenuation}$$

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of 7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Corrected Amplitude}$$

## Test Results Summary

According to the recorded data in following table, the EUT complied with the FCC Part 15.207,

Refer to CISPR16-4-2:2011 and CISPR 16-4-1:2009, the measured level complies with the limit if

$$L_m + U_{(Lm)} \leq L_{lim} + U_{cispr}$$

In BACL,  $U_{(Lm)}$  is less than  $U_{cispr}$ , if  $L_m$  is less than  $L_{lim}$ , it implies that the EUT complies with the limit.

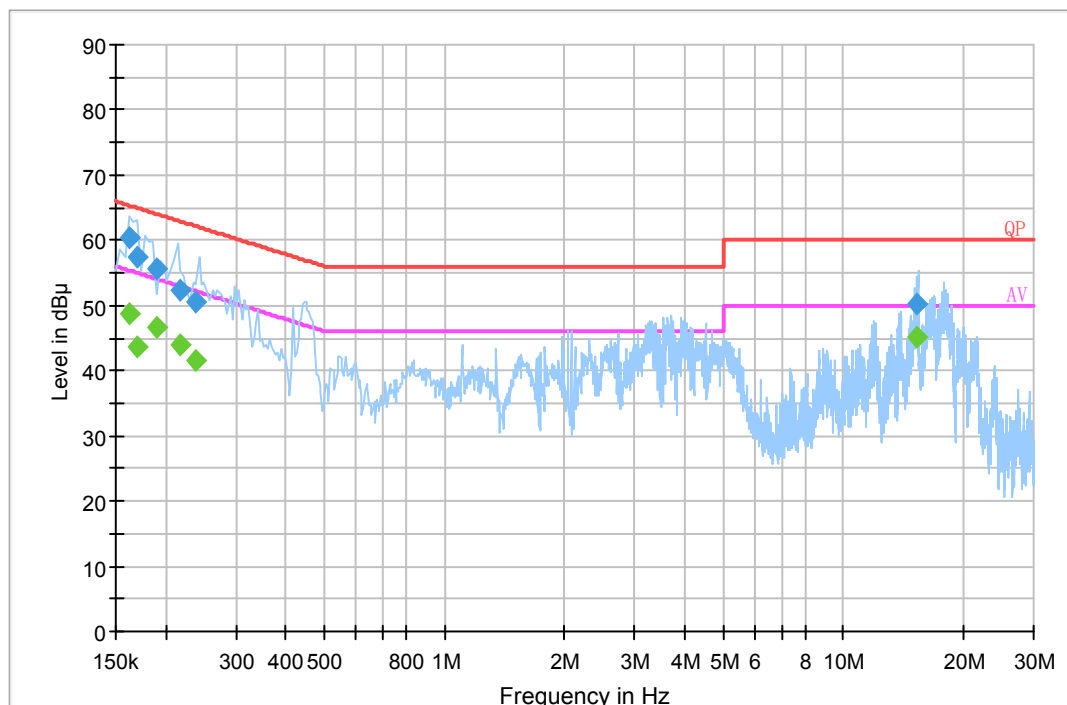
## Test Data

### Environmental Conditions

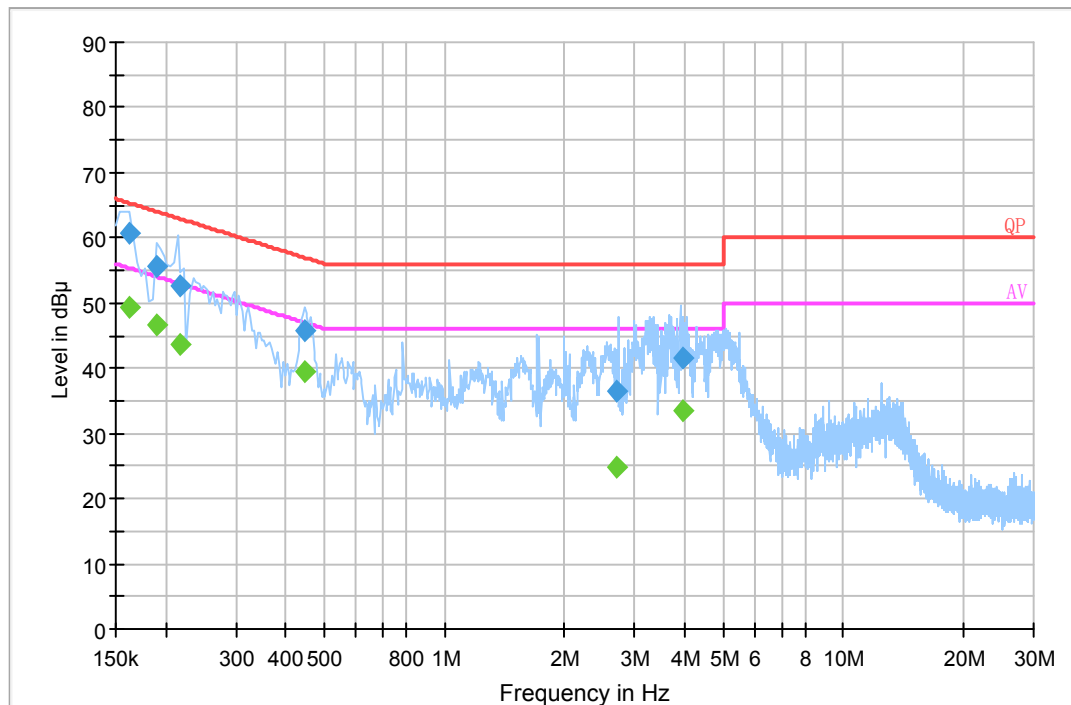
Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	50 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Haiguo Li on 2018-12-22.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

**AC 120V/60 Hz, Line**

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)	Detector (PK/Ave./QP)
0.161500	60.5	19.8	65.4	4.9	QP
0.169500	57.3	19.8	65.0	7.7	QP
0.189500	55.7	19.8	64.1	8.4	QP
0.218501	52.4	19.7	62.9	10.5	QP
0.237500	50.5	19.7	62.2	11.7	QP
15.359450	50.2	20.2	60.0	9.8	QP
0.161500	48.9	19.8	55.4	6.5	Ave.
0.169500	43.7	19.8	55.0	11.3	Ave.
0.189500	46.5	19.8	54.1	7.6	Ave.
0.218501	44.0	19.7	52.9	8.9	Ave.
0.237500	41.7	19.7	52.2	10.5	Ave.
15.359450	45.2	20.2	50.0	4.8	Ave.

**AC 120V/60 Hz, Neutral**

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)	Detector (PK/Ave./QP)
0.161500	60.6	19.7	65.4	4.8	QP
0.189500	55.7	19.7	64.1	8.4	QP
0.217500	52.5	19.7	62.9	10.4	QP
0.447310	45.7	19.7	56.9	11.2	QP
2.696930	36.5	19.9	56.0	19.5	QP
3.951530	41.7	19.9	56.0	14.3	QP
0.161500	49.3	19.7	55.4	6.1	Ave.
0.189500	46.7	19.7	54.1	7.4	Ave.
0.217500	43.5	19.7	52.9	9.4	Ave.
0.447310	39.3	19.7	46.9	7.6	Ave.
2.696930	24.7	19.9	46.0	21.3	Ave.
3.951530	33.5	19.9	46.0	12.5	Ave.

**Note:**

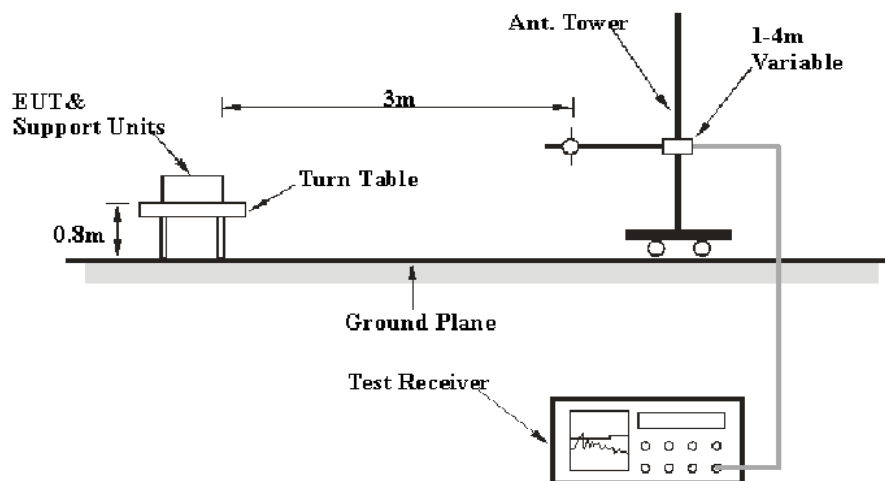
- 1) Correction Factor = LISN VDF (Voltage Division Factor) + Cable Loss + Transient Limiter Attenuation
- 2) Corrected Amplitude = Reading + Correction Factor
- 3) Margin = Limit – Corrected Amplitude

**FCC §15.209, §15.205 & §15.247(d) - SPURIOUS EMISSIONS****Applicable Standard**

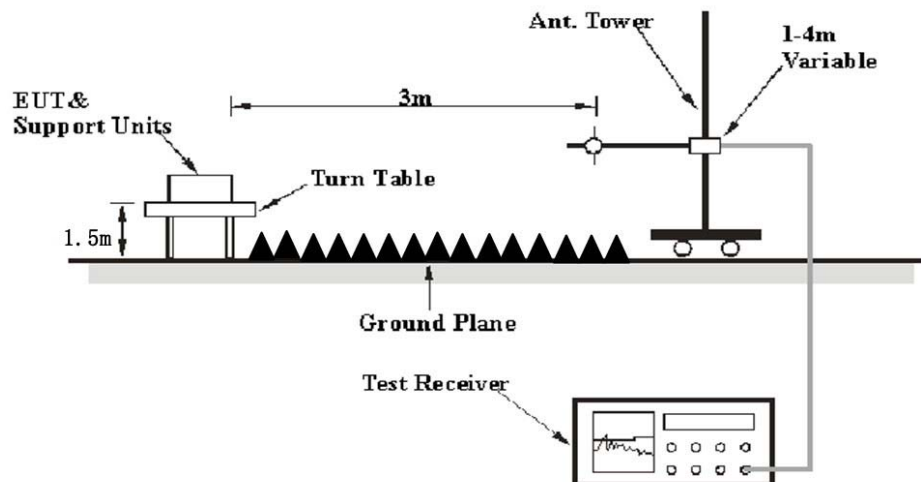
FCC §15.247 (d); §15.209; §15.205;

**EUT Setup**

**Below 1 GHz:**



**Above 1GHz:**



The radiated emission tests were performed in the 3 meters test site, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10-2013. The specification used was the FCC 15.209, and FCC 15.247 limits.



## EMI Test Receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup

The system was investigated from 30 MHz to 10 GHz.

During the radiated emission test, the EMI test receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup were set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	RBW	Video B/W	IF B/W	Measurements
30 MHz – 1000 MHz	100 kHz	300 kHz	120 kHz	QP
Above 1 GHz	1MHz	3 MHz	/	PK
	1MHz	10 Hz <sup>Note 1</sup>	/	Average
	1MHz	> 1/T <sup>Note 2</sup>	/	Average

Note 1: when duty cycle is no less than 98%

Note 2: when duty cycle is less than 98%

## Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

Data was recorded in Quasi-peak detection mode for frequency range of 30 MHz-1 GHz, peak and Average detection modes for frequencies above 1 GHz.

## Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Meter Reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Corrected Amplitude} = \text{Meter Reading} + \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Loss} - \text{Amplifier Gain}$$

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of 7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Corrected Amplitude}$$

## Test Results Summary

According to the recorded data in following table, the EUT complied with the FCC Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C, section 15.205, 15.209 and 15.247.

Refer to CISPR16-4-2:2011 and CISPR 16-4-1:2009, the measured level complies with the limit if

$$L_m + U_{(Lm)} \leq L_{lim} + U_{cispr}$$

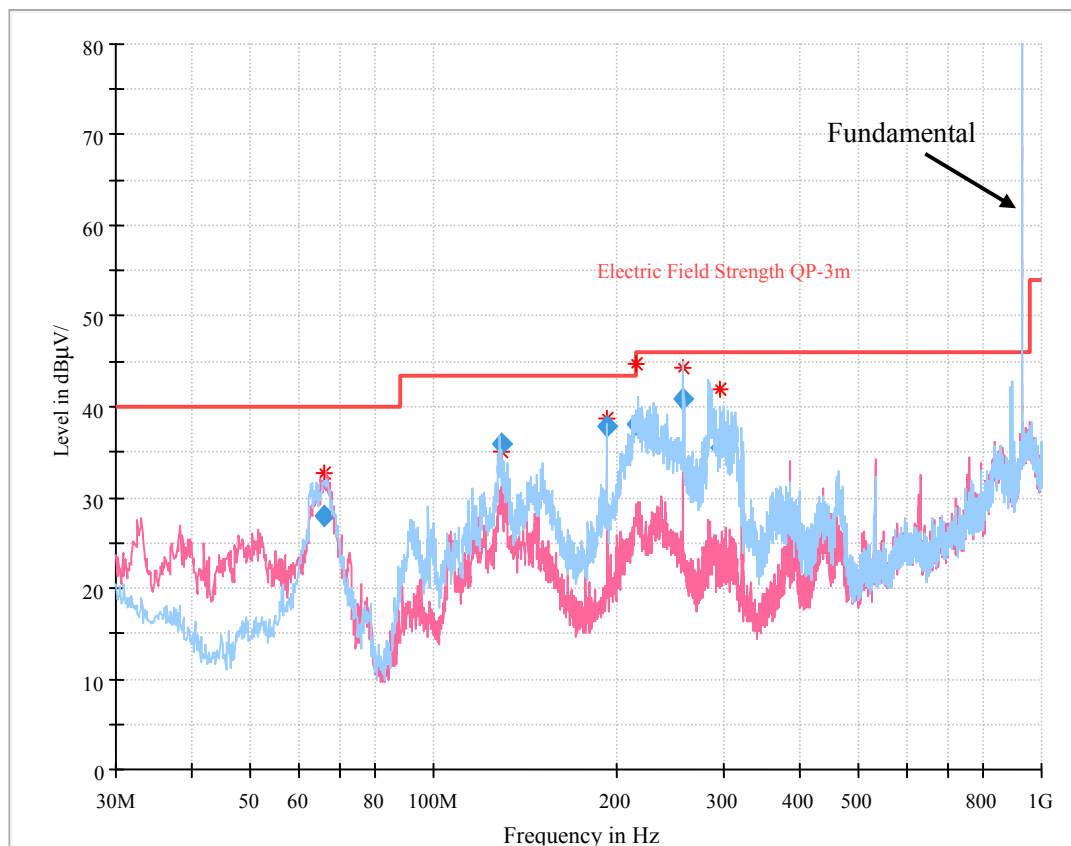
In BACL,  $U_{(Lm)}$  is less than  $U_{cispr}$ , if  $L_m$  is less than  $L_{lim}$ , it implies that the EUT complies with the limit.

**Test Data****Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	50 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Haiguo Li on 2018-12-21.

Test range 30MHz – 10GHz, please refer to the following tables and plots.

**Worst case at Low Channel:**

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Antenna height (cm)	Antenna Polarity	Turntable position (degree)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
66.064125	28.02	272.0	V	335.0	-20.4	40.00	11.98
128.928875	35.92	316.0	H	274.0	-13.7	43.50	7.58
192.881500	37.82	167.0	H	96.0	-14.8	43.50	5.68
214.601250	37.98	141.0	H	64.0	-13.9	43.50	5.52
257.224125	40.93	117.0	H	138.0	-13.6	46.00	5.07
296.436125	35.55	116.0	H	197.0	-10.9	46.00	10.45

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Turntable Degree	Rx Antenna		Corrected Factor (dB/m)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	FCC Part 15.247/205/209	
	Reading (dBμV)	PK/QP/Ave.		Height (m)	Polar (H/V)			Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
Low Channel (923.3 MHz)									
902	23.51	QP	115	1.4	V	4.4	27.91	46	18.09
1864.72	45.62	PK	129	1.9	V	-1.24	44.38	74	29.62
1864.72	30.52	Ave.	129	1.9	V	-1.24	29.28	54	24.72
2824.62	43.61	PK	61	1.4	V	3.12	46.73	74	27.27
2824.62	28.43	Ave.	61	1.4	V	3.12	31.55	54	22.45
Middle Channel(925.1MHz)									
1792.83	44.31	PK	160	1.3	V	-1.51	42.80	74	31.20
1792.83	29.68	Ave.	160	1.3	V	-1.51	28.17	54	25.83
2793.51	42.36	PK	5	1.4	V	3.12	45.48	74	28.52
2793.51	28.67	Ave.	5	1.4	V	3.12	31.79	54	22.21
High Channel(927.5 MHz)									
928	27.48	QP	99	1.7	V	7.4	34.88	46	11.12
1849.43	44.86	PK	99	1.5	V	-1.41	43.45	74	30.55
1849.43	30.16	Ave.	99	1.5	V	-1.41	28.75	54	25.25
2837.65	43.28	PK	221	1.5	V	3.22	46.50	74	27.50
2837.65	28.16	Ave.	221	1.5	V	3.22	31.38	54	22.62

**Note:**

Corrected Factor = Antenna factor (RX) + Cable Loss – Amplifier Factor

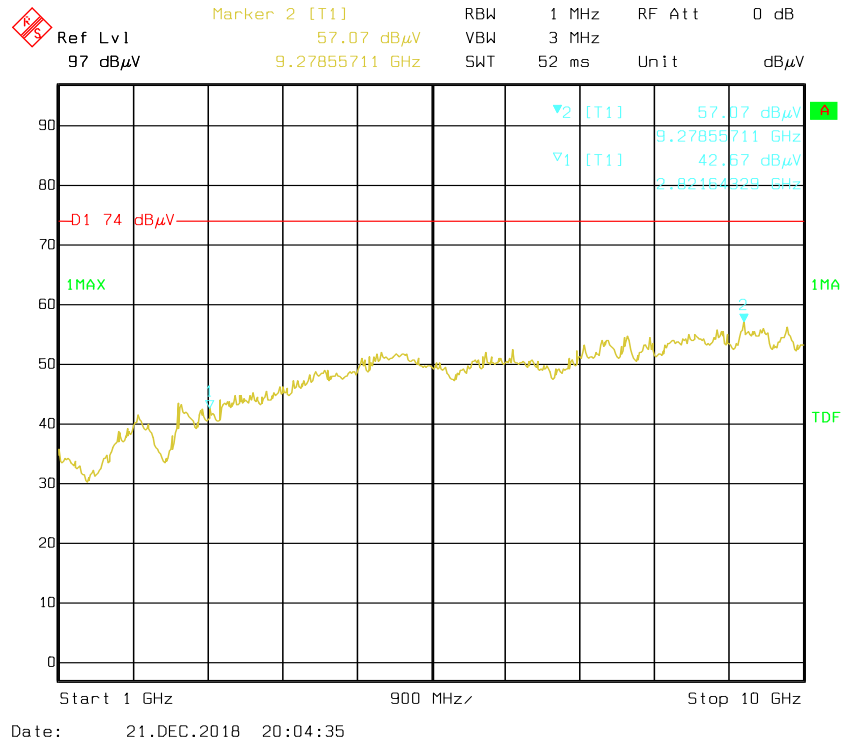
Corrected Amplitude = Corrected Factor + Reading

Margin = Limit - Corrected. Amplitude

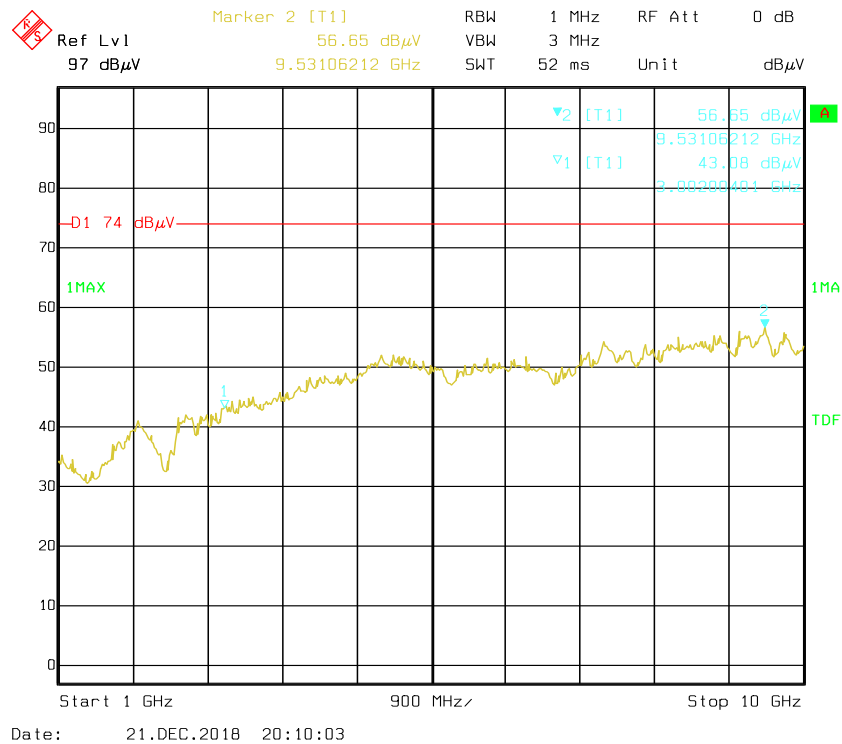
The other spurious emission which is 20dB to the limit was not recorded.

The vertical data is worst than horizon data, only show the vertical data in this report.

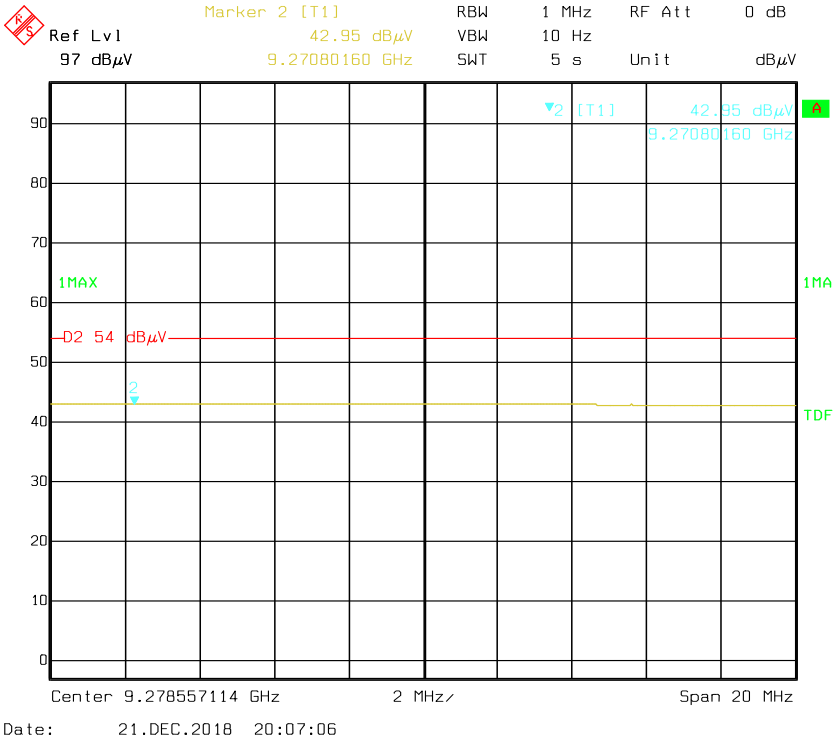
### Pre-scan with High channel for Peak Horizontal



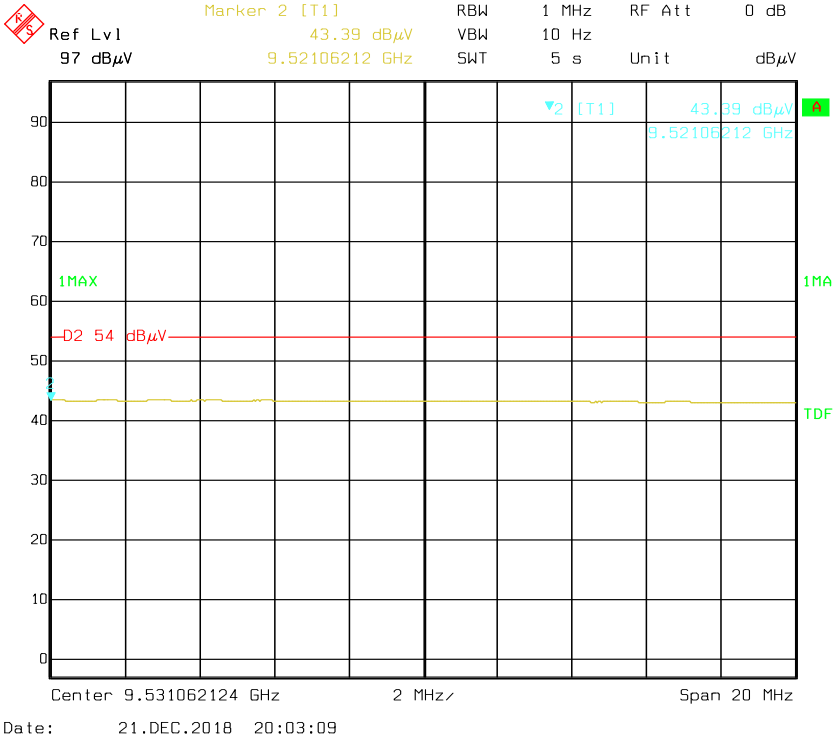
### Vertical



Pre-scan for Average Horizontal



Vertical



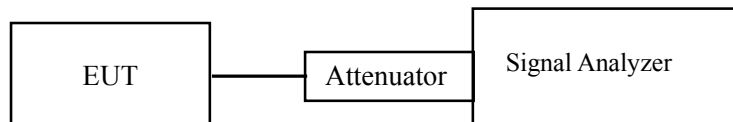
## FCC §15.247(a) (2) – 6 dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH

### Applicable Standard

Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

### Test Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
3. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 6 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.



### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	52 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Kiki Kong on 2018-12-19.*

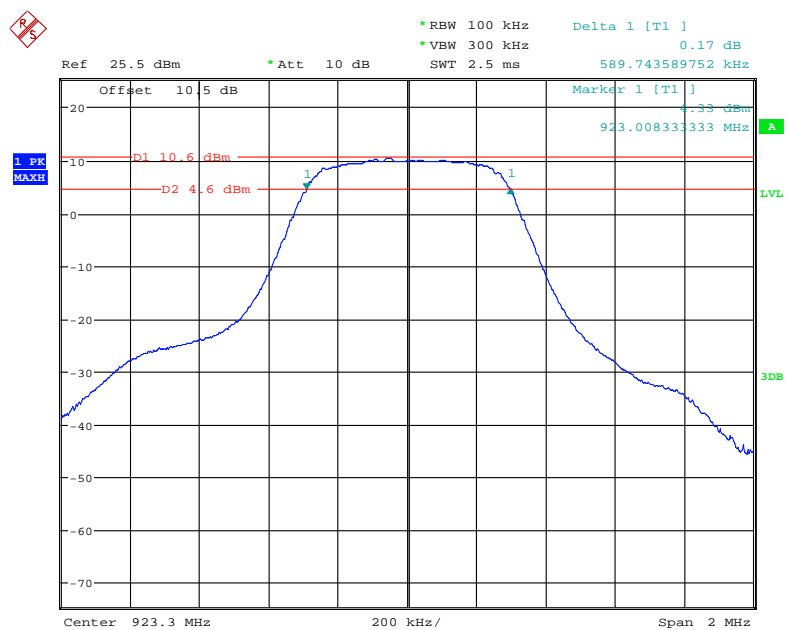
**Test Result:** Pass.

Please refer to the following table and plots.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

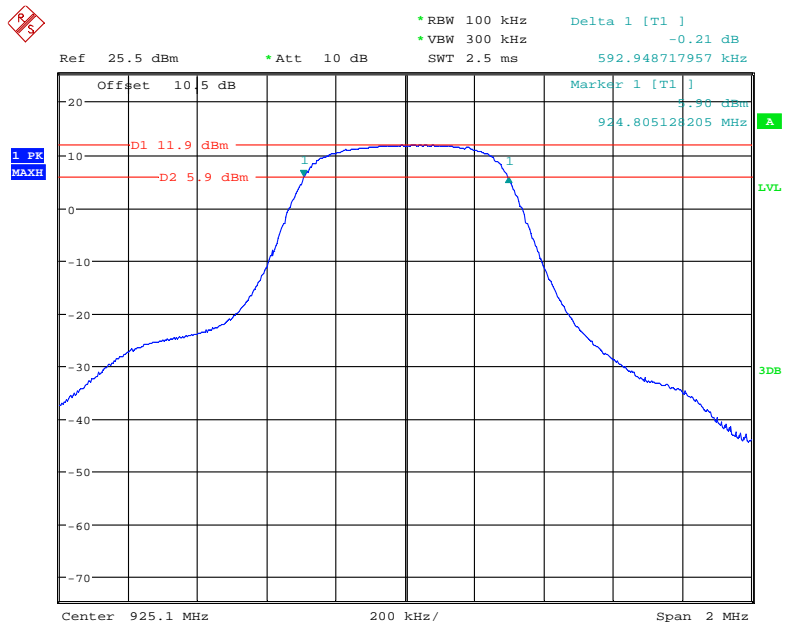
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Emission Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)
Low	923.3	0.590	≥500
Middle	925.1	0.593	≥500
High	927.5	0.567	≥500

### Low Channel



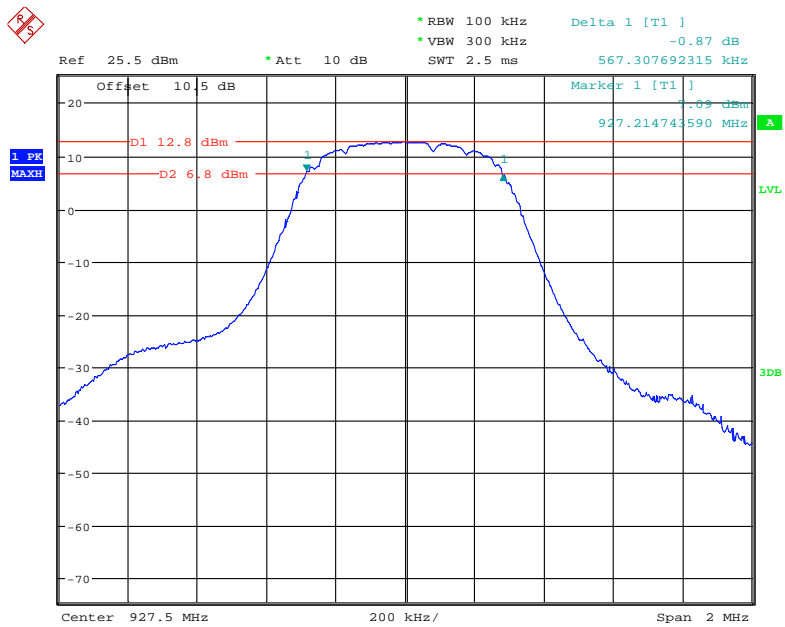
Date: 19.DEC.2018 18:58:13

### Middle Channel



Date: 19.DEC.2018 18:56:26

### High Channel



Date: 19.DEC.2018 18:54:01



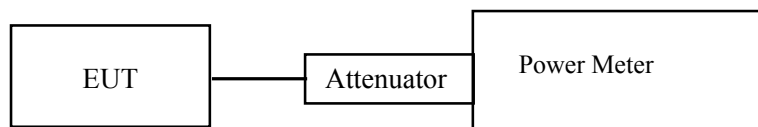
## FCC §15.247(b) (3) - MAXIMUM CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

### Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(b) (3), for systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

### Test Procedure

1. Place the EUT on a bench and set it in transmitting mode.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to one test equipment.
3. Add a correction factor to the display.



### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	25 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	52 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Kiki Kong on 2018-12-19.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

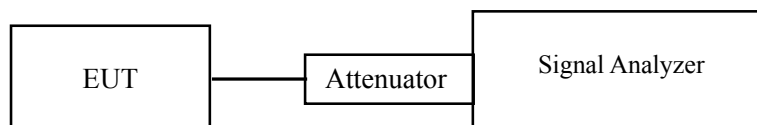
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
Low	923.3	10.58	30
Middle	925.1	11.94	30
High	927.5	12.70	30

**FCC §15.247(d) – 100 kHz BANDWIDTH OF FREQUENCY BAND EDGE****Applicable Standard**

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

**Test Procedure**

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW to 100 kHz and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 300 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

**Test Data****Environmental Conditions**

<b>Temperature:</b>	25 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	52 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.0 kPa

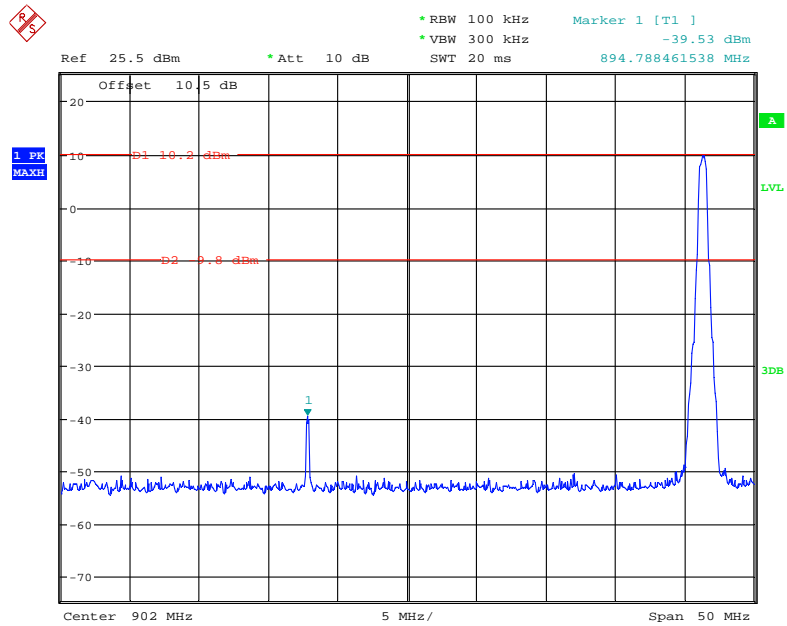
*The testing was performed by Kiki Kong on 2018-12-19.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

**Test Result:** Compliance

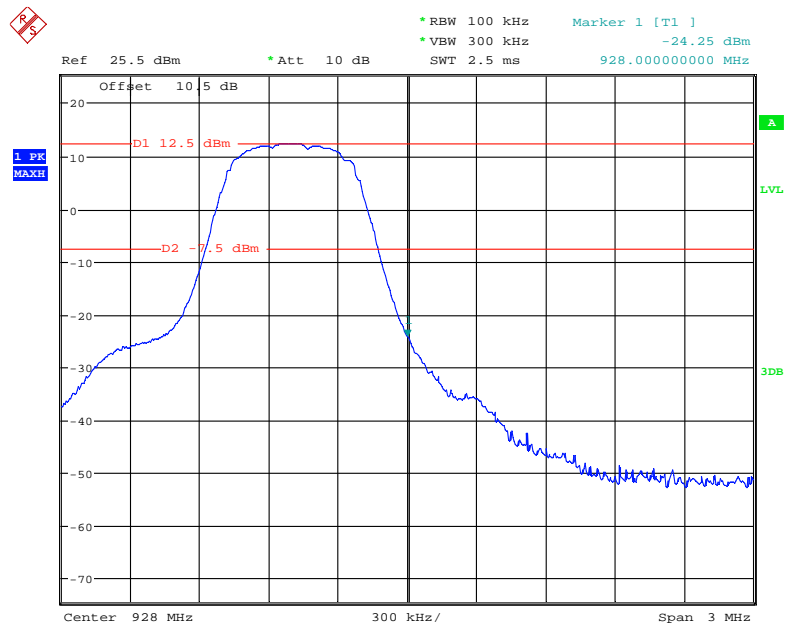
Please refer to the following plots.

### Band Edge, Left Side



Date: 19.DEC.2018 19:09:49

### Band Edge, Right Side



Date: 19.DEC.2018 19:11:28

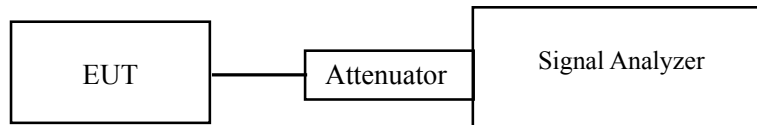
## FCC §15.247(e) - POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

### Applicable Standard

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

### Test Procedure

1. Use this procedure when the maximum peak conducted output power in the fundamental emission is used to demonstrate compliance.
2. Set the RBW to:  $3\text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100\text{ kHz}$ .
3. Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$ .
4. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
5. Detector = peak.
6. Sweep time = auto couple.
7. Trace mode = max hold.
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
10. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.



### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	52 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

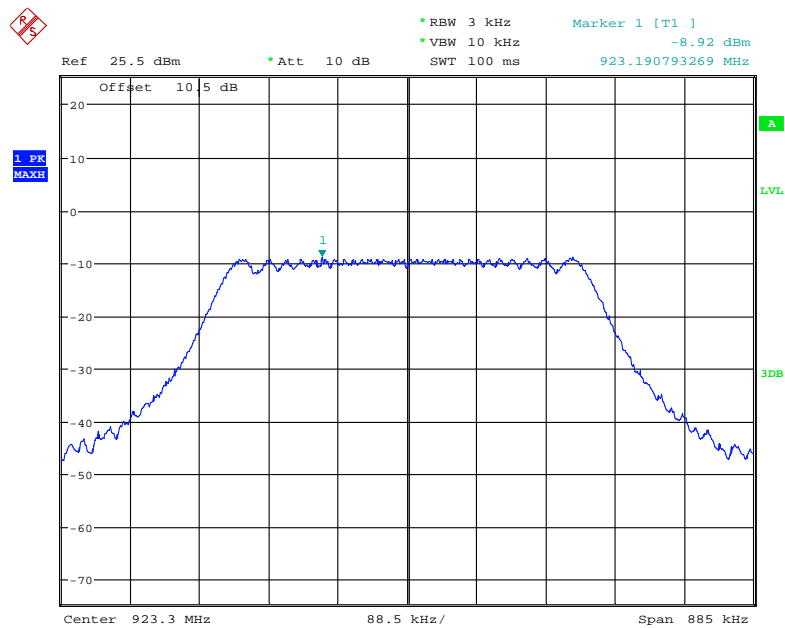
*The testing was performed by Kiki Kong on 2018-12-19.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

**Test Result:** Pass

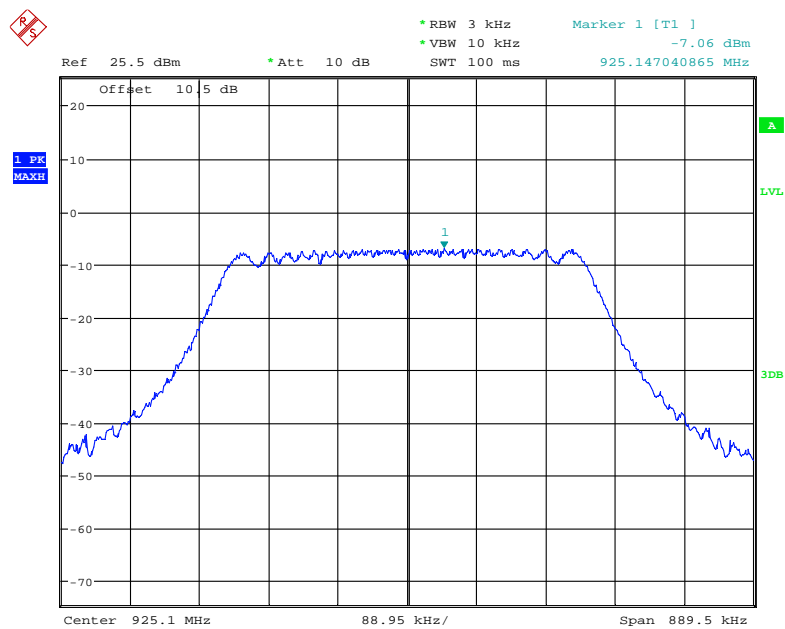
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PSD (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
Low	923.3	-8.92	$\leq 8$
Middle	925.1	-7.06	$\leq 8$
High	927.5	-6.36	$\leq 8$

### Power Spectral Density, Low Channel



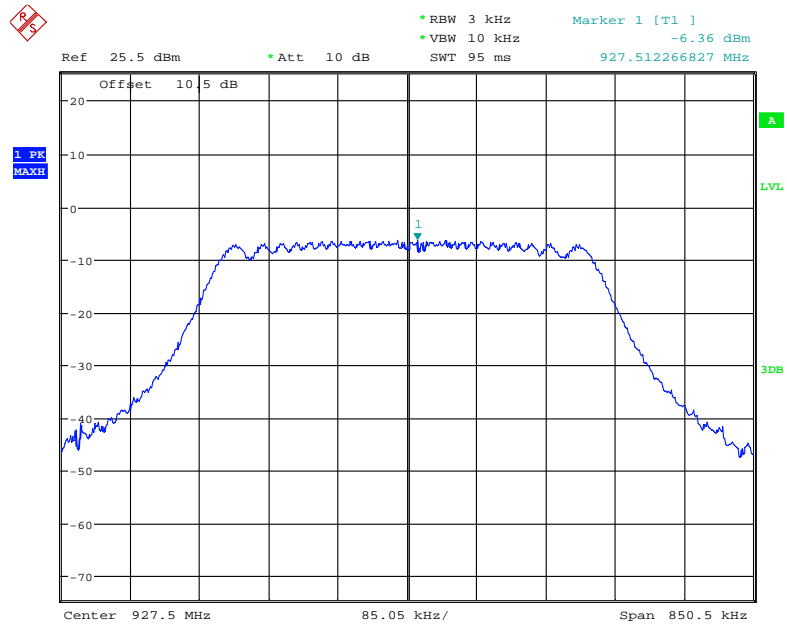
Date: 19.DEC.2018 19:01:39

### Power Spectral Density, Middle Channel



Date: 19.DEC.2018 19:03:33

### Power Spectral Density, High Channel



Date: 19.DEC.2018 19:04:52

\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*