

Report No. : SA170426C21

Applicant : Poynt Co.

Address : 490 S California Avenue Suite 200 Palo Alto, CA 94306 USA

Product : Smart Terminal

FCC ID : 2AFD7-P3303-C

Brand : POYNT

Model No. : P3303-C

Standards : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093), IEEE C95.1:1992, IEEE Std 1528:2013

KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, KDB 865664 D02 v01r02

KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 / KDB 447498 D01 v06 / KDB 941225 D01 v03r01

Sample Received Date : Apr. 26, 2017

Date of Testing : Jun. 01, 2017 ~ Aug. 01, 2017

Lab Address : No. 47-2, 14th Ling, Chia Pau Vil., Lin Kou Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Test Location : No. 19, Hwa Ya 2nd Rd, Wen Hwa Vil, Kwei Shan Dist., Taoyuan City 33383, Taiwan (R.O.C)

**CERTIFICATION:** The above equipment have been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch – Lin Kou Laboratories**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's SAR characteristics under the conditions specified in this report. It should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of our laboratory. The client should not use it to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any government agencies.

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Approved By:

Gordon Lin / Assistant Manager



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# **Release Control Record**

Report No.	Reason for Change	Date Issued
SA170426C21	Initial release	Aug. 04, 2017

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# 1. Summary of Maximum SAR Value

Equipment Class	Mode	Highest SAR-1g Body (W/kg)
	GSM850	0.83
	GSM1900	0.58
	WCDMA II	0.85
PCB	WCDMA V	1.33
	LTE 2	1.10
	LTE 4	1.24
	LTE 12	1.35
DTS	2.4G WLAN	0.65
	5.3G WLAN	1.19
NII	5.6G WLAN	0.93
	5.8G WLAN	0.83
DSS	Bluetooth	N/A
DXX	NFC	N/A
High and Ci		Body
Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR		1.56

#### Note:

1. The SAR criteria (Head & Body: SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg, and Extremity: SAR-10g 4.0 W/kg) for general population / uncontrolled exposure is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992.

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# 2. <u>Description of Equipment Under Test</u>

EUT Type	Smart Terminal
FCC ID	2AFD7-P3303-C
Brand Name	POYNT
Model Name	P3303-C
Tx Frequency Bands (Unit: MHz)	GSM850: 824.2 ~ 848.8 GSM1900: 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 ~ 1907.6 WCDMA Band V: 826.4 ~ 846.6 LTE Band 2: 1850.7 ~ 1909.3 (BW: 1.4M, 3M, 5M, 10M, 15M, 20M) LTE Band 4: 1710.7 ~ 1754.3 (BW: 1.4M, 3M, 5M, 10M, 15M, 20M) LTE Band 12: 699.7 ~ 715.3 (BW: 1.4M, 3M, 5M, 10M) WLAN: 2412 ~ 2462, 5180 ~ 5240, 5260 ~ 5320, 5500 ~ 5700, 5745 ~ 5825 Bluetooth: 2402 ~ 2480 NFC: 13.56
Uplink Modulations	GSM & GPRS : GMSK EDGE : 8PSK WCDMA : QPSK LTE : QPSK, 16QAM 802.11b : DSSS 802.11a/g/n : OFDM Bluetooth : GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK ANT+ : GFSK
Maximum Tune-up Conducted Power (Unit: dBm)	GSM850: 32.5 GSM1900: 29.5 WCDMA Band II: 23.0 WCDMA Band V: 23.0 LTE Band 2: 23.5 LTE Band 4: 23.5 LTE Band 12: 23.5 WLAN 2.4G: 18.5 WLAN 5.2G: 13.5 WLAN 5.3G: 13.5 WLAN 5.6G: 13.5 WLAN 5.6G: 12.5 Bluetooth: 7.0
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna (Peak Antenna Gain : 0.38 dBi for 2.4GHz, 2.50 dBi for 5GHz)
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

### Note:

1. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

### **List of Accessory:**

	Brand Name	WELL Tech Energy Inc.
Batterv	Model Name	P61B
Dattery	Power Rating	7.6Vdc, 2000mAh
	Туре	Li-ion Li-ion

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### 3. SAR Measurement System

### 3.1 <u>Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)</u>

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

### 3.2 SPEAG DASY52 System

DASY52 system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY52 software defined. The DASY52 software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion form the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

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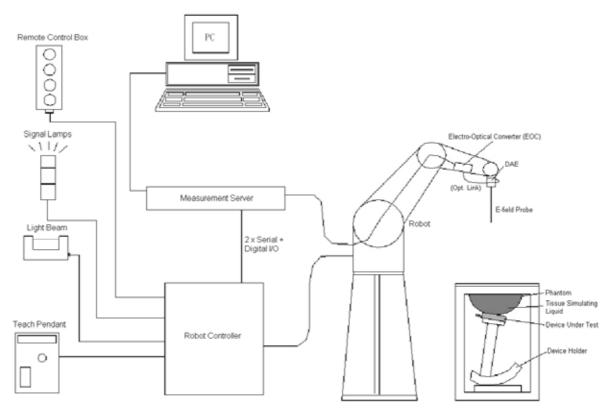


Fig-3.1 SPEAG DASY52 System Setup

#### 3.2.1 Robot

The DASY52 systems use the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version of CS8c from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- · Jerk-free straight movements
- · Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



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### 3.2.2 Probes

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

Model	EX3DV4	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

Model	ES3DV3	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Interleaved sensors. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	N/
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	AST .
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm	

Model	ET3DV6	/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system.  Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz to 2.3 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 6.8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm	

### 3.2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE3, DAE4		
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.		
Measurement	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV,		
Range	400mV)	17.50	
Input Offset Voltage	< 5μV (with auto zero)		
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA		
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm		

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### 3.2.4 Phantoms

Model	Model Twin SAM	
Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.	
Material Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)		
Shell Thickness	Shell Thickness $2 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm } (6 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm at ear point})$	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet	
Filling Volume approx. 25 liters		



Model	ELI	
Construction	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)	
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	
Filling Volume approx. 30 liters		



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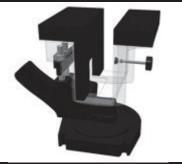


#### 3.2.5 **Device Holder**

Model	Mounting Device	_
Construction	In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).	
Material	POM	



Model	Laptop Extensions Kit	
Construction	Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner.	
Material	POM, Acrylic glass, Foam	



#### **System Validation Dipoles** 3.2.6

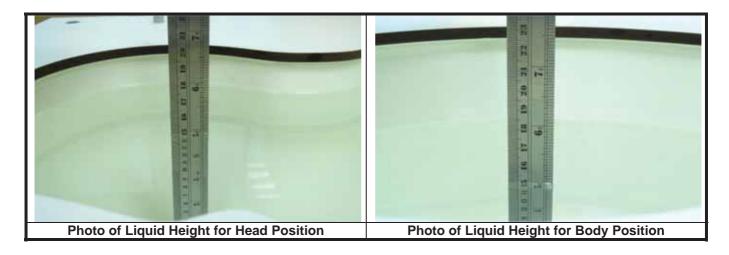
Model	D-Serial	
Construction	Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun. Enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions.	
Frequency	750 MHz to 5800 MHz	
Return Loss	> 20 dB	The state of the s
Power Capability	> 100 W (f < 1GHz), > 40 W (f > 1GHz)	

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### 3.2.7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in Table-3.1.



The dielectric properties of the head tissue simulating liquids are defined in IEEE 1528, and KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. For the body tissue simulating liquids, the dielectric properties are defined in KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a dielectric assessment kit and a network analyzer.

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**Table-3.1 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid** 

_		argets of Tissue Sillio		
Frequency (MHz)	Target Permittivity	Range of ±5%	Target Conductivity	Range of ±5%
()	1 Orimitary	For Head	Conductivity	2070
750	41.9	39.8 ~ 44.0	0.89	0.85 ~ 0.93
835	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.90	0.86 ~ 0.95
900	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
1450	40.5	38.5 ~ 42.5	1.20	1.14 ~ 1.26
1640	40.3	38.3 ~ 42.3	1.29	1.23 ~ 1.35
1750	40.3	38.1 ~ 42.1	1.37	1.30 ~ 1.44
1800	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1900	40.0		1.40	
		38.0 ~ 42.0		1.33 ~ 1.47
2000	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2300	39.5	37.5 ~ 41.5	1.67	1.59 ~ 1.75
2450	39.2	37.2 ~ 41.2	1.80	1.71 ~ 1.89
2600	39.0	37.1 ~ 41.0	1.96	1.86 ~ 2.06
3500	37.9	36.0 ~ 39.8	2.91	2.76 ~ 3.06
5200	36.0	34.2 ~ 37.8	4.66	4.43 ~ 4.89
5300	35.9	34.1 ~ 37.7	4.76	4.52 ~ 5.00
5500	35.6	33.8 ~ 37.4	4.96	4.71 ~ 5.21
5600	35.5	33.7 ~ 37.3	5.07	4.82 ~ 5.32
5800	35.3	33.5 ~ 37.1	5.27	5.01 ~ 5.53
		For Body		
750	55.5	52.7 ~ 58.3	0.96	0.91 ~ 1.01
835	55.2	52.4 ~ 58.0	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
900	55.0	52.3 ~ 57.8	1.05	1.00 ~ 1.10
1450	54.0	51.3 ~ 56.7	1.30	1.24 ~ 1.37
1640	53.8	51.1 ~ 56.5	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1750	53.4	50.7 ~ 56.1	1.49	1.42 ~ 1.56
1800	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
1900	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
2000	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
2300	52.9	50.3 ~ 55.5	1.81	1.72 ~ 1.90
2450	52.7	50.1 ~ 55.3	1.95	1.85 ~ 2.05
2600	52.5	49.9 ~ 55.1	2.16	2.05 ~ 2.27
3500	51.3	48.7 ~ 53.9	3.31	3.14 ~ 3.48
5200	49.0	46.6 ~ 51.5	5.30	5.04 ~ 5.57
5300	48.9	46.5 ~ 51.3	5.42	5.15 ~ 5.69
5500	48.6	46.2 ~ 51.0	5.65	5.37 ~ 5.93
5600	48.5	46.1 ~ 50.9	5.77	5.48 ~ 6.06
5800	48.2	45.8 ~ 50.6	6.00	5.70 ~ 6.30
3000	70.2	45.0 % 50.0	0.00	5.70 ~ 0.50

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The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

**Table-3.2 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid** 

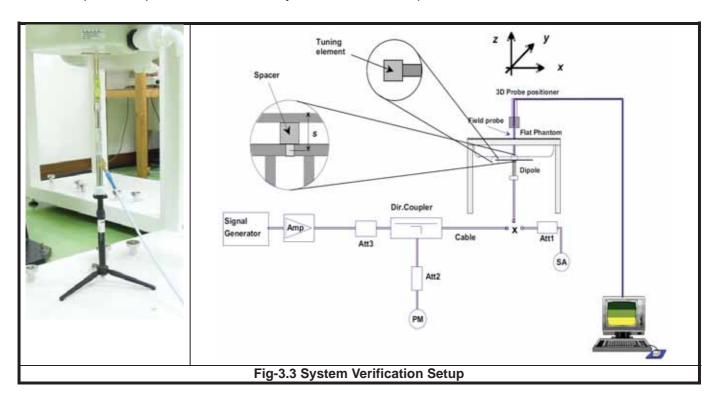
Tissue Type	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	Triton X-100	Water	Diethylene Glycol Mono- hexylether
H750	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	56.0	-	42.1	-
H835	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	57.0	-	41.1	-
H900	0.2	-	0.2	1.4	58.0	-	40.2	-
H1450	-	43.3	-	0.6	-	-	56.1	-
H1640	-	45.8	-	0.5	-	-	53.7	-
H1750	-	47.0	-	0.4	-	-	52.6	-
H1800	-	44.5	-	0.3	-	-	55.2	-
H1900	-	44.5	-	0.2	-	-	55.3	-
H2000	-	44.5	-	0.1	-	-	55.4	-
H2300	-	44.9	-	0.1	-	-	55.0	-
H2450	-	45.0	-	0.1	-	-	54.9	-
H2600	-	45.1	-	0.1	-	-	54.8	-
H3500	-	8.0	-	0.2	-	20.0	71.8	-
H5G	-	-	-	-	-	17.2	65.5	17.3
B750	0.2	-	0.2	0.8	48.8	-	50.0	-
B835	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.5	-	50.2	-
B900	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.2	-	50.5	-
B1450	-	34.0	-	0.3	-	-	65.7	-
B1640	-	32.5	-	0.3	-	-	67.2	-
B1750	-	31.0	-	0.2	-	-	68.8	-
B1800	-	29.5	-	0.4	-	-	70.1	-
B1900	-	29.5	-	0.3	-	-	70.2	-
B2000	-	30.0	-	0.2	-	-	69.8	-
B2300	-	31.0	-	0.1	-	-	68.9	-
B2450	-	31.4	-	0.1	-	-	68.5	-
B2600	-	31.8	-	0.1	-	-	68.1	-
B3500	-	28.8	-	0.1	-	-	71.1	-
B5G	-	-	-	-	-	10.7	78.6	10.7

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### 3.3 SAR System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The spectrum analyzer measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz, 100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter.

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

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### 3.4 SAR Measurement Procedure

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

The SAR measurement procedures for each of test conditions are as follows:

- (a) Make EUT to transmit maximum output power
- (b) Measure conducted output power through RF cable
- (c) Place the EUT in the specific position of phantom
- (d) Perform SAR testing steps on the DASY system
- (e) Record the SAR value

#### 3.4.1 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. According to KDB 865664 D01, the resolution for Area and Zoom scan is specified in the table below.

Items	<= 2 GHz	2-3 GHz	3-4 GHz	4-5 GHz	5-6 GHz
Area Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 15 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 10 mm	<= 10 mm
Zoom Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 8 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 4 mm
Zoom Scan (Δz)	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 3 mm	<= 2 mm
Zoom Scan Volume	>= 30 mm	>= 30 mm	>= 28 mm	>= 25 mm	>= 22 mm

#### Note:

When zoom scan is required and report SAR is <= 1.4 W/kg, the zoom scan resolution of  $\Delta x$  /  $\Delta y$  (2-3GHz: <= 8 mm, 3-4GHz: <= 7 mm, 4-6GHz: <= 5 mm) may be applied.

### 3.4.2 Volume Scan Procedure

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

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#### 3.4.3 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

#### 3.4.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

#### 3.4.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

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### 4. SAR Measurement Evaluation

### 4.1 EUT Configuration and Setting

### <Considerations Related to Proximity Sensor>

The device supports WWAN, WLAN, and Bluetooth capabilities. It is designed with a proximity sensor which can trigger/not trigger power reduction for GSM, WCDMA and LTE on Rear Face and Bottom Side of EUT for SAR compliance. Others RF capability (WLAN and Bluetooth) have no power reduction. The power levels for all wireless technologies and the power reduction please refer to section 4.6 of this report.

### Proximity Sensor Triggering Distances (KDB 616217 D04 §6.2)

The proximity sensor triggering distance was determined per KDB 616217 for rear face and applicable edge. Summary for power verification per distance was tabulated in the below table.

	Output	Power	Verifica	ation in	dBm fo	r EUT F	Rear Fac	се			
Distance (mm)	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
GSM850, GPRS 1Tx	27.5	27.1	27.0	27.2	27.2	27.5	32.1	32.4	32.2	32.0	32.0
GSM850, GPRS 2Tx	24.8	24.6	24.5	25.0	24.6	24.6	29.9	30.0	29.8	29.7	29.6
GSM850. EDGE 1Tx	22.0	22.0	22.2	22.5	22.1	22.0	26.1	26.3	26.1	26.1	26.5
GSM850, EDGE 2Tx	19.7	19.8	19.7	20.0	19.9	19.8	23.5	24.0	23.5	23.8	23.7
GSM1900. GPRS 1Tx	23.9	23.9	23.5	23.8	23.7	23.8	29.4	29.5	29.0	29.4	29.1
GSM1900, GPRS 2Tx	21.7	22.0	21.8	21.9	21.9	21.6	26.5	26.9	26.8	26.8	27.0
GSM1900, EDGE 1Tx	21.6	21.6	21.9	22.0	21.5	21.9	25.5	25.0	25.1	25.3	25.0
GSM1900, EDGE 2Tx	18.7	19.0	18.9	19.0	18.8	18.6	22.9	23.0	22.7	22.7	23.0
WCDMA II	17.6	17.6	17.9	17.9	18.0	17.8	22.9	22.7	23.0	22.9	22.9
WCDMA V	20.6	20.9	20.7	20.7	20.8	21.0	22.6	23.0	23.0	22.7	23.0
LTE 2	19.0	18.7	19.0	18.8	18.5	18.5	23.2	23.2	23.5	23.4	23.4
LTE 4	19.0	19.4	19.3	19.1	19.0	19.5	23.3	23.2	23.2	23.4	23.5
LTE 12	21.0	20.5	21.0	20.5	20.9	20.9	23.0	23.1	23.0	23.1	23.3

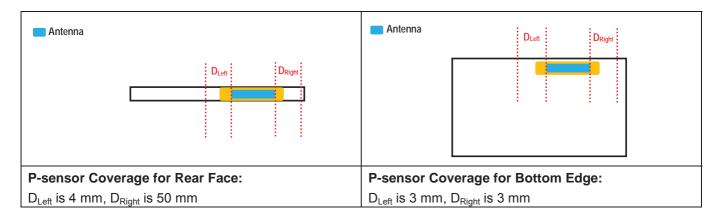
	Output F	Power V	erificat	ion in d	Bm for	<b>EUT</b> Bo	ttom E	dge			
Distance (mm)	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
GSM850, GPRS 1Tx	27.5	27.4	27.2	27.2	27.1	27.1	32.5	32.5	32.4	32.2	32.1
GSM850, GPRS 2Tx	24.6	24.6	25.0	24.8	24.9	24.7	29.5	30.0	29.9	29.8	29.9
GSM850. EDGE 1Tx	22.2	22.1	22.3	22.0	22.2	22.4	26.0	26.4	26.1	26.5	26.5
GSM850, EDGE 2Tx	20.0	19.9	19.5	19.9	19.9	19.8	23.9	23.5	24.0	24.0	23.7
GSM1900, GPRS 1Tx	23.6	23.7	23.6	23.7	24.0	24.0	29.3	29.3	29.3	29.5	29.3
GSM1900. GPRS 2Tx	22.0	21.6	21.8	21.6	21.6	21.9	26.6	26.9	26.7	26.8	26.9
GSM1900, EDGE 1Tx	21.5	21.7	21.7	21.6	21.9	21.9	25.5	25.0	25.3	25.5	25.2
GSM1900, EDGE 2Tx	18.9	18.8	19.0	18.8	18.8	18.6	22.9	22.5	22.5	22.6	22.9
WCDMA II	17.6	17.6	17.8	17.5	18.0	17.9	22.7	22.9	22.8	23.0	22.6
WCDMA V	20.6	20.9	20.6	20.7	21.0	20.6	22.9	22.8	22.5	22.6	22.5
LTE 2	18.5	18.5	19.0	19.0	18.6	18.6	23.3	23.0	23.2	23.1	23.4
LTE 4	19.5	19.3	19.4	19.3	19.2	19.5	23.3	23.0	23.0	23.4	23.1
LTE 12	20.7	20.7	20.8	20.7	20.5	20.6	23.4	23.5	23.1	23.0	23.1

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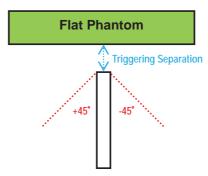
### Proximity Sensor Coverage (KDB 616217 D04 §6.3)

The proximity sensor coverage was determined per KDB 616217 for rear face and applicable edge. Summary for proximity sensor active region is illustrated in below.



### Proximity Sensor Tilt Angle Influences (KDB 616217 D04 §6.4)

The proximity sensor tilt angle influence was determined per KDB 616217 for applicable edge. Summary for proximity sensor tilt angle influence is shown in below.



	Separation					T	ilt Angl	е				
Orientation	Distance (mm)	-45°	-40°	-30°	-20°	-10°	0°	10°	20°	30°	40°	45°
Bottom Edge	14	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	On

### **Summary for Proximity Sensor Triggering Test**

According to the procedures noticed in KDB 616217 D04, the proximity sensor triggering distance is 18 mm for EUT Rear Face, and 14 mm for Bottom Side. The separation distance of 14 mm determined by the smallest triggering distance on Bottom Side is used to access the tilt angle influence and the sensor does not release during  $\pm 45$  degree. Therefore, the smallest separation distance for tilt angle influence is 13 mm for the Bottom Side. The conservation triggering distances based on the separation distance for the sensor trigger / not triggered as EUT with power reduction at 0 mm, and EUT without power reduction at 17 mm for EUT Rear Face, and 12 mm for Bottom Side were used to test SAR.

The power reduction is depends on the proximity sensor input. For a steady SAR test, the power reduction was enabled or disabled manually by engineering software during SAR testing.

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### <Connections between EUT and System Simulator>

For WWAN SAR testing, the EUT was linked and controlled by base station emulator. Communication between the EUT and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the communicating antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of EUT. The EUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during SAR testing.

### <Considerations Related to GSM / GPRS / EDGE for Setup and Testing>

The maximum multi-slot capability supported by this device is as below.

- 1. This EUT is class B device
- 2. This EUT supports GPRS multi-slot class 10 (max. uplink: 2, max. downlink: 4, total timeslots: 5)
- 3. This EUT supports EDGE multi-slot class 10 (max. uplink: 2, max. downlink: 4, total timeslots: 5)

For GSM850 frequency band, the power control level is set to 5 for GSM mode and GPRS (GMSK: CS1), and set to 8 for EDGE (GMSK: MCS1, 8PSK: MCS9). For GSM1900 frequency band, the power control level is set to 0 for GSM mode and GPRS (GMSK: CS1), and set to 2 for EDGE (GMSK: MCS1, 8PSK: MCS9).

SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.

### <Considerations Related to WCDMA for Setup and Testing> Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to body SAR with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, body SAR for HSDPA is measured using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, for the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA. HSDPA is configured according to the applicable UE category of a test device. The number of HS-DSCH / HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms and a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors ( $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_d$ ), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters ( $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{CQI}$ ) are set according to values indicated in below. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set.

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Sub-test	βο	β <sub>d</sub>	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	β√β₀	β <sub>HS</sub> <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	CM <sup>(3)</sup> (dB)	MPR <sup>(3)</sup> (dB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	64	12/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{HS}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_{c}$ .

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA,  $\Delta_{ACK}$  and  $\Delta_{NACK}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{HS}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$ , and  $\Delta_{CQI}$  = 24/15 with  $\beta_{HS}$  = 24/15 \*  $\beta_c$ .

Note 3: CM = 1 for  $\beta_0/\beta_0$  = 12/15,  $\beta_{HS}/\beta_c$  = 24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 11/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15.

#### Release 6 HSUPA Data Devices

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to body SAR with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, using H-Set 1 and QPSK for FRC and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 and power control algorithm 2, according to the highest reported body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA. When VOIP applies to head exposure, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body SAR measurements are applied to head exposure testing. Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a communication test set is required for output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSPA are configured according to the  $\beta$  values indicated in below.

Sub-test	βc	βd	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	$\beta_c$ / $\beta_d$	β <sub>HS</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	$oldsymbol{eta}_{ ext{ec}}$	β <sub>ed</sub> <sup>(4)(5)</sup>	β <sub>ed</sub> (SF)	β <sub>ed</sub> (Codes)	CM <sup>(2)</sup> (dB)	MPR (2)(6) (dB)	AG (5) Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (3)	15/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	64	11/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	22/15	209/225	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15		β <sub>ed</sub> 1: 47/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 2: 47/15		2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4,  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{COI}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{HS}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_{c}$ . For sub-test 5,  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{COI}$  = 5/15 with  $\beta_{HS}$  = 5/15 \*  $\beta_{c}$ .

Note 2: CM = 1 for β<sub>c</sub>/β<sub>d</sub> = 12/15, β<sub>HS</sub>/β<sub>c</sub> = 24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 10/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .

Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 5: β<sub>ed</sub> can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

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### <Considerations Related to LTE for Setup and Testing>

This device contains LTE transmitter which follows 3GPP standards, is category 3, supports both QPSK and QAM modulations, and supported LTE band and channel bandwidth is listed in below. The output power was tested per 3GPP TS 36.521-1 maximum transmit procedures for both QPSK and QAM modulation. The results please refer to section 4.6 of this report.

	EUT Supported LTE Band and Channel Bandwidth										
LTE Band BW 1.4 MHz BW 3 MHz BW 5 MHz BW 10 MHz BW 15 MHz BW 20 MHz											
2	V										
4	4 V V V V V V										
12	12 V V V V										

The LTE maximum power reduction (MPR) in accordance with 3GPP TS 36.101 is active all times during LTE operation. The allowed MPR for the maximum output power is specified in below.

		Ch	annel Bandwidth	/ RB Configuration	ons		LTE MPR		
Modulation	BW 1.4 MHz	BW 3 MHz	B MHz BW 5 MHz BW 10 MHz BW 15 MHz BW 20 MH						
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	1		
16QAM	<= 5	<= 4	<= 8	<= 12	<= 16	<= 18	1		
16QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	2		

**Note:** MPR is according to the standard and implemented in the circuit (mandatory).

In addition, the device is compliant with additional maximum power reduction (A-MPR) requirements defined in 3GPP TS 36.101 section 6.2.4 that was disabled for all FCC compliance testing.

During LTE SAR testing, the related parameters of operating band, channel bandwidth, uplink channel number, modulation type, and RB was set in base station simulator. When the EUT has registered and communicated to base station simulator, the simulator set to make EUT transmitting the maximum radiated power.

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### <Considerations Related to WLAN for Setup and Testing>

In general, various vendor specific external test software and chipset based internal test modes are typically used for SAR measurement. These chipset based test mode utilities are generally hardware and manufacturer dependent, and often include substantial flexibility to reconfigure or reprogram a device. A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement. The test frequencies established using test mode must correspond to the actual channel frequencies. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92 - 96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. In addition, a periodic transmission duty factor is required for current generation SAR systems to measure SAR correctly. The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

According to KDB 248227 D01, this device has installed WLAN engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. During WLAN SAR testing, this device was operated to transmit continuously at the maximum transmission duty with specified transmission mode, operating frequency, lowest data rate, and maximum output power.

### **Initial Test Configuration**

An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes in 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band.

### **Subsequent Test Configuration**

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. Additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq$  1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.

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### **SAR Test Configuration and Channel Selection**

When multiple channel bandwidth configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is using largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate, and lowest order 802.11 mode (i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n). After an initial test configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following.

- 1) The channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.
- 2) For channels with equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

#### Test Reduction for U-NII-1 (5.2 GHz) and U-NII-2A (5.3 GHz) Bands

For devices that operate in both U-NII bands using the same transmitter and antenna(s), SAR test reduction is determined according to the following.

- 1) When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is  $\leq$  1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition).
- 2) When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration.

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### **4.2 EUT Testing Position**

This hand-held device was tested on the body exposure conditions. Body SAR was tested on the Rear Face and Right Side (the edge which is the closest to transmitting antenna) with 0 cm separation distance.

#### 4.2.1 SAR Test Exclusion Evaluations

According to KDB 447498 D01, the SAR test exclusion condition is based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, and the minimum test separation distance required for the exposure conditions. The SAR exclusion threshold is determined by the following formula.

1. For the test separation distance <= 50 mm

$$\frac{\text{Max. Tune up Power}_{(mW)}}{\text{Min. Test Separation Distance}_{(mm)}} \times \sqrt{f_{(GHz)}} \leq 3.0 \text{ for SAR-1g,} \leq 7.5 \text{ for SAR-10g}$$

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

2. For the test separation distance > 50 mm, and the frequency at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz

$$\left[ \text{(Threshold at 50 mm in Step 1)} + \text{(Test Separation Distance} - 50 mm) \times \left( \frac{f_{\text{(MHz)}}}{150} \right) \right]_{\text{(mW)}}$$

3. For the test separation distance > 50 mm, and the frequency at > 1500 MHz to 6 GHz [(Threshold at 50 mm in Step 1) + (Test Separation Distance -50 mm) × 10]<sub>(mW)</sub>

	Max.	Max.		Rear Face			Left Side			Right Side			Top Side			Bottom Side	
Mode	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (mW)	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?												
GSM 850	24.0	251.19	5	46.3	YES	13.58	17	YES	13.58	17	YES	231.96	1193 mW	No	5	46.3	YES
GSM 1900	21.0	125.89	5	34.8	YES	13.58	12.8	YES	13.58	12.8	YES	231.96	1928 mW	No	5	34.8	YES
WCDMA II	23.0	199.53	5	55.1	YES	13.58	20.3	YES	13.58	20.3	YES	231.96	1928 mW	No	5	55.1	YES
WCDMA V	23.0	199.53	5	36.7	YES	13.58	13.5	YES	13.58	13.5	YES	231.96	1190 mW	No	5	36.7	YES
LTE 2	23.5	223.87	5	61.8	YES	13.58	22.8	YES	13.58	22.8	YES	231.96	1928 mW	No	5	61.8	YES
LTE 4	23.5	223.87	5	59.3	YES	13.58	21.8	YES	13.58	21.8	YES	231.96	1933 mW	No	5	59.3	YES
LTE 12	23.5	223.87	5	37.8	YES	13.58	13.9	YES	13.58	13.9	YES	231.96	1044 mW	No	5	37.8	YES

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	Max.	Max.		Rear Face			Left Side			Right Side			Top Side			Bottom Side	
Mode	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (mW)	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?												
WLAN 2.4G	18.5	70.79	5	22.2	YES	13	8.5	YES	39	2.8	No	17	6.5	YES	195	1546 mW	No
WLAN 5.2G	13.5	22.39	5	10.3	YES	13	3.9	YES	39	1.3	No	17	3	No	195	1516 mW	No
WLAN 5.3G	13.5	22.39	5	10.3	YES	13	4	YES	39	1.3	No	17	3	No	195	1515 mW	No
WLAN 5.6G	13.5	22.39	5	10.7	YES	13	4.1	YES	39	1.4	No	17	3.1	YES	195	1513 mW	No
WLAN 5.8G	12.5	17.78	5	8.6	YES	13	3.3	YES	39	1.1	No	17	2.5	No	195	1512 mW	No
BT	7	5.01	5	1.6	No	13	0.6	No	39	0.2	No	17	0.5	No	195	1545 mW	No

#### Note:

- 1. When separation distance <= 50 mm and the calculated result shown in above table is <= 3.0 for SAR-1g exposure condition, or <= 7.5 for SAR-10g exposure condition, the SAR testing exclusion is applied.
- 2. When separation distance > 50 mm and the device output power is less than the calculated result (power threshold, mW) shown in above table, the SAR testing exclusion is applied.

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### 4.3 Tissue Verification

The measuring results for tissue simulating liquid are shown as below.

Test Date	Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Target Conductivity (σ)	Target Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Conductivity Deviation (%)	Permittivity Deviation (%)
Jul. 18, 2017	Body	750	23.5	0.959	53.094	0.96	55.5	-0.10	-4.34
Jul. 27, 2017	Body	750	23.1	0.961	54.281	0.96	55.5	0.10	-2.20
Jul. 24, 2017	Body	835	23.4	1.005	57.810	0.97	55.2	3.61	4.73
Jul. 27, 2017	Body	835	23.1	1.001	55.454	0.97	55.2	3.20	0.46
Jul. 15, 2017	Body	1750	23.4	1.443	53.336	1.49	53.4	-3.15	-0.12
Jul. 28, 2017	Body	1750	23.3	1.452	51.574	1.49	53.4	-2.55	-3.42
Jul. 15, 2017	Body	1900	23.4	1.571	53.026	1.52	53.3	3.36	-0.51
Jul. 28, 2017	Body	1900	23.3	1.575	51.251	1.52	53.3	3.62	-3.84
Jun. 01, 2017	Body	2450	23.2	1.997	51.334	1.95	52.7	2.41	-2.59
Jun. 03, 2017	Body	2450	23.1	1.997	51.524	1.95	52.7	2.41	-2.23
Jul. 17, 2017	Body	2450	23.3	2.036	53.386	1.95	52.7	4.41	1.30
Aug. 01, 2017	Body	2450	23.3	2.022	50.925	1.95	52.7	3.69	-3.37
Jun. 03, 2017	Body	5250	23.4	5.459	47.074	5.36	48.9	1.85	-3.73
Jun. 03, 2017	Body	5600	23.4	5.923	46.514	5.77	48.5	2.65	-4.09
Jun. 03, 2017	Body	5800	23.4	6.189	46.111	6.00	48.2	3.15	-4.33

#### Note:

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid must be measured within 24 hours before the SAR testing and within  $\pm 5\%$  of the target values. Liquid temperature during the SAR testing must be within  $\pm 2\%$ .

### 4.4 System Validation

The SAR measurement system was validated according to procedures in KDB 865664 D01. The validation status in tabulated summary is as below.

T4	Ducks			Measured	Measured	Va	lidation for C	w	Valida	tion for Modu	lation
Test Date	Probe S/N	Calibrati	Calibration Point		Permittivity $(\epsilon_r)$	Sensitivity Range	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Modulation Type	Duty Factor	PAR
Jul. 18, 2017	3753	Body	750	0.959	53.094	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
Jul. 27, 2017	7351	Body	750	0.961	54.281	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
Jul. 24, 2017	3971	Body	835	1.005	57.810	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
Jul. 27, 2017	7351	Body	835	1.001	55.454	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
Jul. 15, 2017	7375	Body	1750	1.443	53.336	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
Jul. 28, 2017	7351	Body	1750	1.452	51.574	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
Jul. 15, 2017	7375	Body	1900	1.571	53.026	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
Jul. 28, 2017	7351	Body	1900	1.575	51.251	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
Jun. 01, 2017	3971	Body	2450	1.997	51.334	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Jun. 03, 2017	3820	Body	2450	1.997	51.524	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Jul. 17, 2017	3753	Body	2450	2.036	53.386	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Aug. 01, 2017	3753	Body	2450	2.022	50.925	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Jun. 03, 2017	3820	Body	5250	5.459	47.074	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Jun. 03, 2017	3820	Body	5600	5.923	46.514	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Jun. 03, 2017	3820	Body	5800	6.189	46.111	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass

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### 4.5 System Verification

The measuring result for system verification is tabulated as below.

Test Date	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	1W Target SAR-1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W SAR-1g (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
Jul. 18, 2017	Body	750	8.77	2.11	8.44	-3.76	1013	3753	916
Jul. 27, 2017	Body	750	8.77	2.16	8.64	-1.48	1013	7351	861
Jul. 24, 2017	Body	835	9.57	2.40	9.60	0.31	4d121	3971	579
Jul. 27, 2017	Body	835	9.57	2.47	9.88	3.24	4d121	7351	861
Jul. 15, 2017	Body	1750	37.50	8.99	35.96	-4.11	1055	7375	917
Jul. 28, 2017	Body	1750	37.50	9.53	38.12	1.65	1055	7351	861
Jul. 15, 2017	Body	1900	40.10	9.83	39.32	-1.95	5d036	7375	917
Jul. 28, 2017	Body	1900	40.10	10.10	40.40	0.75	5d036	7351	861
Jun. 01, 2017	Body	2450	51.10	12.70	50.80	-0.59	737	3971	1431
Jun. 03, 2017	Body	2450	51.10	13.10	52.40	2.54	737	3820	360
Jul. 17, 2017	Body	2450	51.10	12.90	51.60	0.98	737	3753	916
Aug. 01,2017	Body	2450	51.10	12.30	49.20	-3.72	737	3753	861
Jun. 03, 2017	Body	5250	77.60	7.93	79.30	2.19	1019	3820	360
Jun. 03, 2017	Body	5600	79.60	7.69	76.90	-3.39	1019	3820	360
Jun. 03, 2017	Body	5800	77.30	7.83	78.30	1.29	1019	3820	360

### Note:

Comparing to the reference SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

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### 4.6 Maximum Output Power

### 4.6.1 Maximum Target Conducted Power

The maximum conducted average power (Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

	Maximum Bu Output		Maximum Fra Output	Power	
Mode	GSM850 (without Power	GSM850 (with Power	GSM850 (without Power	GSM850 (without Power	Reduction (dB)
	Reduction)	Reduction)	Reduction)	Reduction)	
GPRS (GMSK, 1Tx-slot)	32.5	27.5	23.5	18.5	5.0
GPRS (GMSK, 2Tx-slot)	30.0	25.0	24.0	19.0	5.0
EDGE (8PSK, 1Tx-slot)	26.5	22.5	17.5	13.5	4.0
EDGE (8PSK, 2Tx-slot)	24.0	20.0	18.0	14.0	4.0

	Maximum Bu Output		Maximum Fra Output	Power	
Mode	GSM1900 (without Power Reduction)	GSM1900 (with Power Reduction)	GSM1900 (without Power Reduction)	GSM1900 (with Power Reduction)	Reduction (dB)
GPRS (GMSK, 1Tx-slot)	29.5	24.0	20.5	15.0	5.5
GPRS (GMSK, 2Tx-slot)	27.0	22.0	21.0	16.0	5.0
EDGE (8PSK, 1Tx-slot)	25.5	22.0	16.5	13.0	3.5
EDGE (8PSK, 2Tx-slot)	23.0	19.0	17.0	13.0	4.0

### Note:

- 1. SAR testing was performed on the maximum frame-averaged power mode.
- 2. The frame-averaged power is linearly proportion to the slot number configured and it is linearly scaled the maximum burst-averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method is shown as below: Frame-averaged power = 10 x log (Burst-averaged power mW x Slot used / 8)

Mode	WCDMA Band II (without Power Reduction)	WCDMA Band II (with Power Reduction)	Power Reduction (dB)
RMC 12.2K	23.0	18.0	5.0
HSDPA	23.0	18.0	5.0
HSUPA	23.0	18.0	5.0

Mode	WCDMA Band V (without Power Reduction)	WCDMA Band V (with Power Reduction)	Power Reduction (dB)
RMC 12.2K	23.0	21.0	2.0
HSDPA	23.0	21.0	2.0
HSUPA	23.0	21.0	2.0

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Mode	LTE 2 (without Power Reduction)	LTE 2 (with Power Reduction)	Power Reduction (dB)
Maximum Target Power	23.5	19.0	4.5

Mode	LTE 4 (without Power Reduction)	LTE 4 (with Power Reduction)	Power Reduction (dB)
Maximum Target Power	23.5	19.5	4.0

Mode	LTE 12 (without Power Reduction)	LTE 12 (with Power Reduction)	Power Reduction (dB)
Maximum Target Power	23.5	21.0	2.5

Mode	2.4G WLAN	5.2G WLAN	5.3G WLAN	5.6G WLAN	5.8G WLAN
802.11b	Ch1: 17.0 Ch6~11: 18.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11g	15.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11a	N/A	13.5	13.5	13.5	12.5
802.11n HT20	14.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	12.5
802.11n HT40	14.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	12.5

Mode	2.4G Bluetooth
	Ch 0 :4.5
Bluetooth DH	Ch39: 7.0
	Ch 78: 4.0

### 4.6.2 Measured Conducted Power Result

The measuring conducted average power (Unit: dBm) is shown as below.

Band		GSM850			GSM1900						
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810					
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8					
	EUT without Power Reduction (P-Sensor NOT Triggered)										
	Maximum Burst-Averaged Output Power										
GPRS (GMSK, 1Tx-slot)	32.21	32.33	32.39	29.14	29.15	29.08					
GPRS (GMSK, 2Tx-slot)	29.49	29.61	29.67	26.55	26.56	26.49					
EDGE (8PSK, 1Tx-slot)	26.21	26.33	26.39	25.30	25.31	25.24					
EDGE (8PSK, 2Tx-slot)	23.65	23.77	23.83	22.75	22.76	22.69					
	EU <sup>-</sup>	Γ with Power Re	duction (P-Senso	or Triggered)							
		Maximum Burst	-Averaged Outp	ut Power							
GPRS (GMSK, 1Tx-slot)	27.06	27.11	27.08	23.85	23.87	23.79					
GPRS (GMSK, 2Tx-slot)	24.89	24.99	24.96	21.77	21.82	21.74					
EDGE (8PSK, 1Tx-slot)	22.34	22.47	22.44	21.56	21.60	21.46					
EDGE (8PSK, 2Tx-slot)	19.63	19.68	19.66	18.51	18.54	18.39					

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Band	V	WCDMA Band	II	V	WCDMA Band	V	3GPP
Channel	9262	9400	9538	4132	4182	4233	MPR
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6	826.4	836.4	846.6	(dB)
	EUT v	without Power	Reduction (P	-Sensor NOT	Triggered)		
RMC 12.2K	22.98	22.95	22.85	22.88	22.93	22.92	-
HSDPA Subtest-1	22.97	22.96	22.78	22.89	22.91	22.84	0
HSDPA Subtest-2	22.46	22.42	22.25	21.90	21.94	21.82	0
HSDPA Subtest-3	21.99	21.62	21.86	21.41	21.08	20.97	0.5
HSDPA Subtest-4	21.49	21.48	21.37	21.17	21.20	21.09	0.5
HSUPA Subtest-1	22.47	22.35	22.25	21.92	21.95	21.88	0
HSUPA Subtest-2	19.78	19.79	19.53	19.72	19.70	19.63	2
HSUPA Subtest-3	20.48	20.39	20.31	20.36	20.32	20.21	1
HSUPA Subtest-4	19.99	19.98	19.77	19.93	19.96	19.89	2
HSUPA Subtest-5	22.39	22.40	22.31	21.86	21.90	21.89	0
	E	UT with Powe	r Reduction (I	-Sensor Trig	gered)		
RMC 12.2K	17.55	17.60	17.46	20.69	20.80	20.67	-
HSDPA Subtest-1	17.48	17.52	17.39	20.67	20.78	20.64	-
HSDPA Subtest-2	17.50	17.55	17.41	20.63	20.74	20.61	-
HSDPA Subtest-3	17.50	17.55	17.41	20.69	20.76	20.63	-
HSDPA Subtest-4	17.52	17.57	17.44	20.64	20.75	20.59	-
HSUPA Subtest-1	17.36	17.40	17.27	20.27	20.38	20.18	-
HSUPA Subtest-2	17.55	17.58	17.43	19.46	19.55	19.42	-
HSUPA Subtest-3	17.45	17.50	17.36	19.90	20.00	19.85	-
HSUPA Subtest-4	17.43	17.48	17.34	19.74	19.82	19.69	-
HSUPA Subtest-5	17.53	17.59	17.41	20.66	20.77	20.64	-

				QPSK				16QAM		
Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 18607 1850.7 MHz	Mid CH 18900 1880.0 MHz	High CH 19193 1909.3 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	Low CH 18607 1850.7 MHz	Mid CH 18900 1880.0 MHz	High CH 19193 1909.3 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
		E	UT without	Power Re	duction (P-	Sensor NO	T Triggered	l)		
	1	0	22.64	22.62	22.73	0	21.58	21.56	21.67	1
	1	2	22.27	22.25	22.36	0	21.21	21.19	21.30	1
	1	5	22.10	22.08	22.19	0	21.04	21.02	21.13	1
2 / 1.4M	3	0	22.36	22.34	22.45	0	21.30	21.28	21.39	1
	3	1	22.15	22.13	22.24	0	21.09	21.07	21.18	1
	3	3	22.14	22.12	22.23	0	21.08	21.06	21.17	1
	6	0	21.57	21.55	21.66	1	20.51	20.49	20.60	2
			EUT wit	h Power Re	eduction (P	-Sensor Tri	iggered)			
	1	0	18.16	18.41	18.29	0	17.22	17.46	17.36	1
	1	2	17.45	17.78	17.62	0	16.53	16.85	16.69	1
	1	5	17.33	17.71	17.49	0	16.41	16.77	16.63	1
2 / 1.4M	3	0	17.07	17.10	17.08	0	16.06	16.11	16.02	1
	3	1	17.04	17.06	17.02	0	16.01	16.05	16.04	1
	3	3	17.03	17.05	17.01	0	16.02	16.06	16.03	1
	6	0	16.59	16.89	16.79	1	15.54	15.89	15.82	2

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				QPSK				16QAM		
Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 18615	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19185	3GPP MPR	Low CH 18615	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19185	3GPP MPR
	5.25		1851.5 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1908.5 MHz	(dB)	1851.5 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1908.5 MHz	(dB)
		E	UT without	Power Re	duction (P-	Sensor NO	T Triggered	l)		
	1	0	22.75	22.73	22.84	0	21.69	21.67	21.78	1
	1	7	22.38	22.36	22.47	0	21.32	21.30	21.41	1
	1	14	22.21	22.19	22.30	0	21.15	21.13	21.24	1
2 / 3M	8	0	21.72	21.70	21.81	1	20.66	20.64	20.75	2
	8	3	21.51	21.49	21.60	1	20.45	20.43	20.54	2
	8	7	21.50	21.48	21.59	1	20.44	20.42	20.53	2
	15	0	21.68	21.66	21.77	1	20.62	20.60	20.71	2
			EUT wit	h Power Re	eduction (P	-Sensor Tri	iggered)			
	1	0	18.18	18.45	18.34	0	17.23	17.50	17.39	1
	1	7	17.58	17.79	17.71	0	16.61	16.88	16.76	1
	1	14	17.40	17.71	17.54	0	16.45	16.81	16.63	1
2 / 3M	8	0	16.87	17.12	17.03	1	15.80	16.20	16.06	2
	8	3	16.48	16.68	16.53	1	15.39	15.68	15.54	2
	8	7	16.57	16.81	16.68	1	15.54	15.84	15.73	2
	15	0	16.73	16.94	16.84	1	15.60	15.99	15.88	2

				QPSK				16QAM		
Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 18625 1852.5	Mid CH 18900 1880.0	High CH 19175 1907.5	3GPP MPR (dB)	Low CH 18625 1852.5	Mid CH 18900 1880.0	High CH 19175 1907.5	3GPP MPR (dB)
			MHz	MHz	MHz	Concer NO	MHz	MHz	MHz	
		1			duction (P-					·
	1	0	22.83	22.81	22.92	0	21.77	21.75	21.86	1
	1	12	22.46	22.44	22.55	0	21.40	21.38	21.49	1
	1	24	22.29	22.27	22.38	0	21.23	21.21	21.32	1
2 / 5M	12	0	21.80	21.78	21.89	1	20.74	20.72	20.83	2
	12	6	21.59	21.57	21.68	1	20.53	20.51	20.62	2
	12	13	21.58	21.56	21.67	1	20.52	20.50	20.61	2
	25	0	21.76	21.74	21.85	1	20.70	20.68	20.79	2
			EUT wit	h Power Re	eduction (P	-Sensor Tri	ggered)			
	1	0	18.24	18.48	18.37	0	17.33	17.56	17.47	1
	1	12	17.72	17.90	17.83	0	16.72	16.97	16.90	1
	1	24	17.59	17.84	17.68	0	16.62	16.92	16.79	1
2 / 5M	12	0	17.04	17.28	17.23	1	15.95	16.36	16.24	2
	12	6	16.62	16.87	16.75	1	15.55	15.88	15.73	2
	12	13	16.70	16.97	16.86	1	15.66	16.03	15.90	2
	25	0	16.82	17.11	16.94	1	15.82	16.16	15.99	2

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				QPSK				16QAM		
Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 18650 1855.0 MHz	Mid CH 18900 1880.0 MHz	High CH 19150 1905.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	Low CH 18650 1855.0 MHz	Mid CH 18900 1880.0 MHz	High CH 19150 1905.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
		E	UT without	Power Re	duction (P-	Sensor NO	T Triggered	i)		
	1	0	22.96	22.94	23.05	0	21.90	21.88	21.99	1
	1	24	22.59	22.57	22.68	0	21.53	21.51	21.62	1
	1	49	22.42	22.40	22.51	0	21.36	21.34	21.45	1
2 / 10M	25	0	21.93	21.91	22.02	1	20.87	20.85	20.96	2
	25	12	21.72	21.70	21.81	1	20.66	20.64	20.75	2
	25	25	21.71	21.69	21.80	1	20.65	20.63	20.74	2
	50	0	21.89	21.87	21.98	1	20.83	20.81	20.92	2
			EUT wit	h Power Re	eduction (P	-Sensor Tri	iggered)			
	1	0	18.35	18.56	18.46	0	17.39	17.60	17.50	1
	1	24	17.73	17.99	17.88	0	16.84	17.03	16.97	1
	1	49	17.60	17.92	17.78	0	16.61	16.97	16.81	1
2 / 10M	25	0	17.12	17.38	17.28	1	16.16	16.40	16.29	2
	25	12	16.75	16.94	16.84	1	15.71	15.92	15.79	2
	25	25	16.80	17.06	16.97	1	15.75	16.06	15.94	2
	50	0	16.97	17.20	17.04	1	15.90	16.20	16.13	2

				QPSK				16QAM		
Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 18675	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19125	3GPP MPR	Low CH 18675	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19125	3GPP MPR
DVV	Size	Oliset	1857.5 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1902.5 MHz	(dB)	1857.5 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1902.5 MHz	(dB)
						Songer NO	T Triggered		IVITIZ	
					i				00.00	_
	1	0	23.05	23.03	23.14	0	21.99	21.97	22.08	1
	1	37	22.68	22.66	22.77	0	21.62	21.60	21.71	1
	1	74	22.51	22.49	22.60	0	21.45	21.43	21.54	1
2 / 15M	36	0	22.02	22.00	22.11	1	20.96	20.94	21.05	2
	36	19	21.81	21.79	21.90	1	20.75	20.73	20.84	2
	36	39	21.80	21.78	21.89	1	20.74	20.72	20.83	2
	75	0	21.98	21.96	22.07	1	20.92	20.90	21.01	2
			EUT wit	h Power Re	eduction (P	-Sensor Tri	iggered)			
	1	0	18.40	18.61	18.52	0	17.45	17.66	17.57	1
	1	37	17.84	18.06	17.95	0	16.90	17.09	17.03	1
	1	74	17.73	18.00	17.86	0	16.74	17.03	16.92	1
2 / 15M	36	0	17.25	17.49	17.36	1	16.27	16.50	16.35	2
	36	19	16.88	17.10	17.01	1	15.85	16.04	15.89	2
	36	39	16.96	17.21	17.06	1	15.96	16.18	16.02	2
	75	0	17.04	17.31	17.21	1	16.09	16.29	16.14	2

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				QPSK				16QAM		
Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 18700 1860.0 MHz	Mid CH 18900 1880.0 MHz	High CH 19100 1900.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	Low CH 18700 1860.0 MHz	Mid CH 18900 1880.0 MHz	High CH 19100 1900.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
		E	UT without	Power Re	duction (P-	Sensor NO	T Triggered	1)		
	1	0	23.17	23.15	23.26	0	22.11	22.09	22.20	1
	1	50	22.80	22.78	22.89	0	21.74	21.72	21.83	1
	1	99	22.63	22.61	22.72	0	21.57	21.55	21.66	1
2 / 20M	50	0	22.14	22.12	22.23	1	21.08	21.06	21.17	2
	50	25	21.93	21.91	22.02	1	20.87	20.85	20.96	2
	50	50	21.92	21.90	22.01	1	20.86	20.84	20.95	2
	100	0	22.10	22.08	22.19	1	21.04	21.02	21.13	2
			EUT wit	h Power Re	eduction (P	-Sensor Tri	iggered)			
	1	0	18.46	18.66	18.57	0	17.49	17.71	17.60	1
	1	50	17.94	18.12	18.01	0	16.97	17.15	17.03	1
	1	99	17.82	18.07	17.96	0	16.88	17.10	16.96	1
2 / 20M	50	0	17.41	17.58	17.52	1	16.36	16.56	16.48	2
	50	25	17.03	17.23	17.10	1	16.02	16.18	16.08	2
	50	50	17.13	17.32	17.20	1	16.10	16.29	16.23	2
	100	0	17.22	17.42	17.32	1	16.18	16.40	16.30	2

				QPSK				16QAM		
Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 19957 1710.7	Mid CH 20175 1732.5	High CH 20393 1754.3	3GPP MPR (dB)	Low CH 19957 1710.7	Mid CH 20175 1732.5	High CH 20393 1754.3	3GPP MPR (dB)
			MHz	MHz	MHz		MHz	MHz	MHz	
		1			duction (P-	Sensor NO		1)		
	1	0	22.67	22.76	22.59	0	21.59	21.68	21.51	1
	1	2	21.98	22.07	21.90	0	20.90	20.99	20.82	1
	1	5	21.96	22.05	21.88	0	20.88	20.97	20.80	1
4 / 1.4M	3	0	22.52	22.61	22.44	0	21.44	21.53	21.36	1
	3	1	22.14	22.23	22.06	0	21.06	21.15	20.98	1
	3	3	22.10	22.19	22.02	0	21.02	21.11	20.94	1
	6	0	21.60	21.69	21.52	1	20.52	20.61	20.44	2
			EUT wit	h Power Re	eduction (P	-Sensor Tri	ggered)			
	1	0	18.80	19.02	18.96	0	17.82	18.06	18.00	1
	1	2	17.93	18.31	18.21	0	17.10	17.32	17.26	1
	1	5	17.76	18.08	18.02	0	16.85	17.04	16.95	1
4 / 1.4M	3	0	17.55	17.82	17.73	0	17.51	16.78	16.71	1
	3	1	17.52	17.52	17.53	0	17.53	17.54	17.54	1
	3	3	17.51	17.53	17.54	0	17.52	17.55	17.55	1
	6	0	17.06	17.54	17.36	1	16.08	16.45	16.41	2

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				QPSK				16QAM		
Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 19965 1711.5 MHz	Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	High CH 20385 1753.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	Low CH 19965 1711.5 MHz	Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	High CH 20385 1753.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
		E	UT without	Power Re	duction (P-	Sensor NO	T Triggered	i)		
	1	0	22.79	22.88	22.71	0	21.71	21.80	21.63	1
	1	7	22.10	22.19	22.02	0	21.02	21.11	20.94	1
	1	14	22.08	22.17	22.00	0	21.00	21.09	20.92	1
4 / 3M	8	0	21.91	22.00	21.83	1	20.83	20.92	20.75	2
	8	3	21.53	21.62	21.45	1	20.45	20.54	20.37	2
	8	7	21.49	21.58	21.41	1	20.41	20.50	20.33	2
	15	0	21.72	21.81	21.64	1	20.64	20.73	20.56	2
			EUT wit	h Power Re	eduction (P	-Sensor Tri	iggered)			
	1	0	18.85	19.06	19.01	0	17.84	18.11	18.04	1
	1	7	18.19	18.37	18.29	0	17.10	17.38	17.26	1
	1	14	17.77	18.13	18.09	0	16.94	17.13	16.97	1
4 / 3M	8	0	17.58	17.92	17.89	1	16.51	16.83	16.75	2
	8	3	17.12	17.43	17.35	1	16.05	16.40	16.25	2
	8	7	17.05	17.28	17.21	1	16.03	16.22	16.16	2
	15	0	17.24	17.62	17.52	1	16.29	16.60	16.53	2

				QPSK						
Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 19975 1712.5	Mid CH 20175 1732.5	High CH 20375 1752.5	3GPP MPR (dB)	Low CH 19975 1712.5	Mid CH 20175 1732.5	High CH 20375 1752.5	3GPP MPR (dB)
			MHz	MHz Power Per	MHz	Sonsor NO	MHz T Triggered	MHz	MHz	
	1	0	22.88	22.97	22.80	0	21.80	21.89	21.72	1
	1									1
	1	12	22.19	22.28	22.11	0	21.11	21.20	21.03	1
	1	24	22.17	22.26	22.09	0	21.09	21.18	21.01	1
4 / 5M	12	0	22.00	22.09	21.92	1	20.92	21.01	20.84	2
	12	6	21.62	21.71	21.54	1	20.54	20.63	20.46	2
	12	13	21.58	21.67	21.50	1	20.50	20.59	20.42	2
	25	0	21.81	21.90	21.73	1	20.73	20.82	20.65	2
			EUT wit	h Power Re	eduction (P	-Sensor Tri	ggered)			
	1	0	18.88	19.11	19.08	0	17.93	18.16	18.11	1
	1	12	18.13	18.42	18.33	0	17.12	17.45	17.35	1
	1	24	17.94	18.20	18.16	0	16.90	17.22	17.09	1
4 / 5M	12	0	17.76	17.97	17.92	1	16.60	16.99	16.86	2
	12	6	17.31	17.54	17.52	1	16.24	16.54	16.47	2
	12	13	17.21	17.41	17.27	1	16.17	16.37	16.31	2
	25	0	17.57	17.71	17.66	1	16.51	16.73	16.66	2

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				QPSK			16QAM			
Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 20000 1715.0 MHz	Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	High CH 20350 1750.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	Low CH 20000 1715.0 MHz	Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	High CH 20350 1750.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
		E	UT without	Power Re	duction (P-	Sensor NO	T Triggered	d)		
	1	0	22.99	23.08	22.91	0	21.91	22.00	21.83	1
	1	24	22.30	22.39	22.22	0	21.22	21.31	21.14	1
	1	49	22.28	22.37	22.20	0	21.20	21.29	21.12	1
4 / 10M	25	0	22.11	22.20	22.03	1	21.03	21.12	20.95	2
	25	12	21.73	21.82	21.65	1	20.65	20.74	20.57	2
	25	25	21.69	21.78	21.61	1	20.61	20.70	20.53	2
	50	0	21.92	22.01	21.84	1	20.84	20.93	20.76	2
			EUT wit	h Power Re	eduction (P	-Sensor Tri	iggered)			
	1	0	18.97	19.17	19.13	0	18.02	18.22	18.19	1
	1	24	18.36	18.52	18.47	0	17.23	17.56	17.48	1
4 / 10M	1	49	17.96	18.30	18.20	0	17.08	17.33	17.28	1
	25	0	17.90	18.07	18.02	1	16.73	17.08	16.96	2
	25	12	17.43	17.68	17.60	1	16.33	16.66	16.54	2
	25	25	17.36	17.53	17.48	1	16.28	16.49	16.39	2
	50	0	17.64	17.82	17.73	1	16.60	16.82	16.77	2

				QPSK						
Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 20025 1717.5	Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	High CH 20325 1747.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	Low CH 20025 1717.5 MHz	Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	High CH 20325 1747.5	3GPP MPR (dB)
		F	MHz LIT without		duction (P-	Sensor NO			MHz	
	1	0	23.13	23.22	23.05	0	22.05	22.14	21.97	1
	1	37	22.44	22.53	22.36	0	21.36	21.45	21.28	1
	1	74	22.42	22.51	22.34	0	21.34	21.43	21.26	1
4 / 15M	36	0	22.25	22.34	22.17	1	21.17	21.26	21.09	2
	36	19	21.87	21.96	21.79	1	20.79	20.88	20.71	2
	36	39	21.83	21.92	21.75	1	20.75	20.84	20.67	2
	75	0	22.06	22.15	21.98	1	20.98	21.07	20.90	2
			EUT wit	h Power Re	eduction (P	-Sensor Tri	ggered)			
	1	0	19.03	19.22	19.19	0	18.07	18.27	18.23	1
	1	37	18.33	18.58	18.49	0	17.31	17.61	17.50	1
	1	74	18.23	18.37	18.27	0	17.10	17.40	17.38	1
4 / 15M	36	0	17.91	18.17	18.07	1	16.89	17.19	17.12	2
	36	19	17.65	17.82	17.72	1	16.58	16.78	16.68	2
	36	39	17.47	17.68	17.59	1	16.42	16.64	16.59	2
	75	0	17.80	17.95	17.83	1	16.59	16.92	16.83	2

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				QPSK							
Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 20050 1720.0	Mid CH 20175 1732.5	High CH 20300 1745.0	3GPP MPR (dB)	Low CH 20050 1720.0	Mid CH 20175 1732.5	High CH 20300 1745.0	3GPP MPR (dB)	
			MHz	MHz	MHz	(3.2)	MHz	MHz	MHz	()	
	EUT without Power Reduction (P-Sensor NOT Triggered)										
	1	0	23.25	23.34	23.17	0	22.17	22.26	22.09	1	
	1	50	22.56	22.65	22.48	0	21.48	21.57	21.40	1	
	1	99	22.54	22.63	22.46	0	21.46	21.55	21.38	1	
4 / 20M	50	0	22.37	22.46	22.29	1	21.29	21.38	21.21	2	
	50	25	21.99	22.08	21.91	1	20.91	21.00	20.83	2	
	50	50	21.95	22.04	21.87	1	20.87	20.96	20.79	2	
	100	0	22.18	22.27	22.10	1	21.10	21.19	21.02	2	
			EUT wit	h Power Re	eduction (P	-Sensor Tri	ggered)				
	1	0	19.08	19.27	19.24	0	18.11	18.31	18.27	1	
	1	50	18.35	18.63	18.60	0	17.53	17.65	17.59	1	
	1	99	18.30	18.44	18.41	0	17.29	17.46	17.42	1	
4 / 20M	50	0	18.06	18.25	18.21	1	17.07	17.26	17.21	2	
	50	25	17.68	17.92	17.83	1	16.65	16.89	16.82	2	
	50	50	17.63	17.80	17.72	1	16.58	16.76	16.73	2	
	100	0	17.89	18.04	18.02	1	16.71	17.02	16.93	2	

				QPSK						
Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 23017 699.7	Mid CH 23095 707.5	High CH 23173 715.3	3GPP MPR (dB)	Low CH 23017 699.7	Mid CH 23095 707.5	High CH 23173 715.3	3GPP MPR (dB)
			MHz	MHz	MHz	(GD)	MHz	MHz	MHz	(42)
EUT without Power Reduction (P-Sensor NOT Triggered)										
	1	0	23.10	23.06	23.09	0	22.03	21.99	22.02	1
	1	2	22.91	22.87	22.90	0	21.84	21.80	21.83	1
40.4	1	5	22.92	22.88	22.91	0	21.85	21.81	21.84	1
12 / 1.4M	3	0	21.98	21.94	21.97	0	20.91	20.87	20.90	1
1.4101	3	1	21.92	21.88	21.91	0	20.85	20.81	20.84	1
	3	3	21.92	21.88	21.91	0	20.85	20.81	20.84	1
	6	0	21.95	21.91	21.94	1	20.88	20.84	20.87	2
			EUT wit	h Power Re	eduction (P	-Sensor Tri	ggered)			
	1	0	20.50	20.66	20.45	0	19.54	19.70	19.51	1
	1	2	20.23	20.41	20.21	0	19.38	19.50	19.25	1
12 / 1.4M	1	5	20.15	20.34	20.12	0	19.21	19.42	19.12	1
	3	0	19.39	19.58	19.32	0	18.41	18.64	18.31	1
	3	1	19.25	19.51	19.23	0	18.26	18.56	18.21	1
	3	3	19.23	19.46	19.21	0	18.18	18.50	18.17	1
	6	0	19.39	19.60	19.32	1	18.50	18.67	18.29	2

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				QPSK				16QAM		
Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 23025 700.5 MHz	Mid CH 23095 707.5 MHz	High CH 23165 714.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	Low CH 23025 700.5 MHz	Mid CH 23095 707.5 MHz	High CH 23165 714.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
	-	E	UT without	Power Re	duction (P-	Sensor NO	T Triggered	d)		
	1	0	23.22	23.18	23.21	0	22.15	22.11	22.14	1
	1	7	23.03	22.99	23.02	0	21.96	21.92	21.95	1
	1	14	23.04	23.00	23.03	0	21.97	21.93	21.96	1
12 / 3M	8	0	22.10	22.06	22.09	1	21.03	20.99	21.02	2
	8	3	22.04	22.00	22.03	1	20.97	20.93	20.96	2
	8	7	22.04	22.00	22.03	1	20.97	20.93	20.96	2
	15	0	22.07	22.03	22.06	1	21.00	20.96	20.99	2
			EUT wit	h Power Re	eduction (P	-Sensor Tri	iggered)			
	1	0	20.55	20.71	20.52	0	19.54	19.75	19.52	1
	1	7	20.36	20.49	20.26	0	19.36	19.49	19.29	1
	1	14	20.22	20.43	20.11	0	19.25	19.43	19.16	1
12 / 3M	8	0	19.56	19.68	19.47	1	18.51	18.70	18.43	2
	8	3	19.41	19.62	19.39	1	18.39	18.64	18.33	2
	8	7	19.38	19.60	19.36	1	18.35	18.62	18.32	2
	15	0	19.60	19.70	19.44	1	18.57	18.72	18.45	2

				QPSK				16QAM		
Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 23035 701.5	Mid CH 23095 707.5	High CH 23155 713.5	3GPP MPR (dB)	Low CH 23035 701.5	Mid CH 23095 707.5	High CH 23155 713.5	3GPP MPR (dB)
			MHz	MHz	MHz duction (P-	Songer NO	MHz	MHz	MHz	
	4	î i			1				00.00	4
	1	0	23.31	23.27	23.30	0	22.24	22.20	22.23	1
	1	12	23.12	23.08	23.11	0	22.05	22.01	22.04	1
	1	24	23.13	23.09	23.12	0	22.06	22.02	22.05	1
12 / 5M	12	0	22.19	22.15	22.18	1	21.12	21.08	21.11	2
	12	6	22.13	22.09	22.12	1	21.06	21.02	21.05	2
	12	13	22.13	22.09	22.12	1	21.06	21.02	21.05	2
	25	0	22.16	22.12	22.15	1	21.09	21.05	21.08	2
			EUT wit	h Power Re	eduction (P	-Sensor Tri	ggered)			
	1	0	20.59	20.76	20.58	0	19.65	19.81	19.63	1
	1	12	20.43	20.57	20.38	0	19.45	19.62	19.41	1
	1	24	20.33	20.50	20.25	0	19.37	19.56	19.30	1
12 / 5M	12	0	19.71	19.79	19.60	1	18.64	18.81	18.57	2
	12	6	19.58	19.74	19.54	1	18.52	18.75	18.51	2
	12	13	19.53	19.72	19.51	1	18.49	18.72	18.48	2
	25	0	19.68	19.80	19.57	1	18.64	18.84	18.58	2

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				QPSK				16QAM		
Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 23060 704.0 MHz	Mid CH 23095 707.5 MHz	High CH 23130 711.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	Low CH 23060 704.0 MHz	Mid CH 23095 707.5 MHz	High CH 23130 711.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
		E	UT without	Power Re	duction (P-	Sensor NO	T Triggered	i)		
	1	0	23.44	23.40	23.43	0	22.37	22.33	22.36	1
	1	24	23.25	23.21	23.24	0	22.18	22.14	22.17	1
	1	49	23.26	23.22	23.25	0	22.19	22.15	22.18	1
12 / 10M	25	0	22.32	22.28	22.31	1	21.25	21.21	21.24	2
	25	12	22.26	22.22	22.25	1	21.19	21.15	21.18	2
	25	25	22.26	22.22	22.25	1	21.19	21.15	21.18	2
	50	0	22.29	22.25	22.28	1	21.22	21.18	21.21	2
			EUT wit	h Power Re	eduction (P	-Sensor Tri	iggered)			
	1	0	20.79	20.91	20.85	0	19.70	19.86	19.69	1
	1	24	20.52	20.63	20.45	0	19.51	19.67	19.47	1
	1	49	20.42	20.57	20.32	0	19.45	19.61	19.33	1
12 / 10M	25	0	19.75	19.90	19.72	1	18.81	18.90	18.71	2
	25	12	19.70	19.85	19.67	1	18.66	18.84	18.63	2
	25	25	19.67	19.83	19.66	1	18.65	18.82	18.62	2
	50	0	19.78	19.91	19.72	1	18.76	18.92	18.69	2

### <WLAN 2.4G>

Mode		802.11b						
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	1 (2412) 6 (2437) 11 (2462)						
Average Power	15.31	18.22	18.19					

### <WLAN 5.3G>

Mode	802.11n	(HT40)
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	54 (5270)	62 (5310)
Average Power	13.46	11.99

# <WLAN 5.6G>

Mode	802.11n (HT40)						
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	102 (5510)	110 (5550)	134 (5670)				
Average Power	12.83	12.89	12.92				

### <WLAN 5.8G>

Mode	802.11n	(HT40)
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	151 (5755)	159 (5795)
Average Power	12.42	12.48

# <Bluetooth>

Mode		Bluetooth						
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	0 (2402)	39 (2441)	78 (2480)					
Average Power	4.06	6.70	3.82					

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### 4.7 SAR Testing Results

#### 4.7.1 SAR Test Reduction Considerations

#### <KDB 447498 D01, General RF Exposure Guidance>

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- (1) ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- (2) ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- (3) ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

#### <KDB 941225 D01, 3G SAR Measurement Procedures>

The mode tested for SAR is referred to as the primary mode. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. Both primary and secondary modes must be in the same frequency band. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is  $\leq 1/4$  dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

#### <KDB 941225 D05, SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices>

### (1) QPSK with 1 RB and 50% RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is  $\geq 1.45$  W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

#### (2) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100% RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

#### (3) Higher order modulations

SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > 1/2 dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

### (4) Other channel bandwidth

SAR is required when the highest maximum output power of the smaller channel bandwidth is > 1/2 dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.

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### <KDB 248227 D01, SAR Guidance for Wi-Fi Transmitters>

- (1) For handsets operating next to ear, hotspot mode or mini-tablet configurations, the initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When the reported SAR of initial test position is <= 0.4 W/kg, SAR testing for remaining test positions is not required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is <= 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.
- (2) For WLAN 2.4 GHz, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. When the reported SAR is <= 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel. For OFDM modes (802.11g/n), SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and it is <= 1.2 W/kg.
- (3) For WLAN 5 GHz, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power. When the reported SAR of initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for the subsequent highest measured output power channel until the reported SAR result is <= 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are measured. For other transmission modes, SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and it is <= 1.2 W/kg.

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# 4.7.2 SAR Results for Body Exposure Condition

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (mm)	Ch.	Power Reduction	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS10	Rear Face	17	251	w/o	30.0	29.67	1.08	-0.14	0.198	0.21
	GSM850	GPRS10	Left Side	0	251	w/o	30.0	29.67	1.08	-0.03	0.090	0.10
	GSM850	GPRS10	Right Side	0	251	w/o	30.0	29.67	1.08	0.05	0.122	0.13
	GSM850	GPRS10	Bottom Side	12	251	w/o	30.0	29.67	1.08	0.07	0.176	0.19
01	GSM850	GPRS10	Rear Face	0	189	w/	25.0	24.99	1.00	0.11	0.832	0.83
	GSM850	GPRS10	Bottom Side	0	189	w/	25.0	24.99	1.00	0.01	0.287	0.29
	GSM850	GPRS10	Rear Face	0	128	w/	25.0	24.89	1.03	-0.15	0.803	0.82
	GSM850	GPRS10	Rear Face	0	251	w/	25.0	24.96	1.01	-0.18	0.813	0.82
	GSM850	GPRS10	Rear Face	0	189	w/	25.0	24.99	1.00	0.11	0.827	0.83
	GSM1900	GPRS10	Rear Face	17	661	w/o	27.0	26.56	1.11	0.02	0.132	0.15
	GSM1900	GPRS10	Left Side	0	661	w/o	27.0	26.56	1.11	0.09	0.135	0.15
	GSM1900	GPRS10	Right Side	0	661	w/o	27.0	26.56	1.11	-0.06	0.063	0.07
	GSM1900	GPRS10	Bottom Side	12	661	w/o	27.0	26.56	1.11	-0.1	0.194	0.21
02	GSM1900	GPRS10	Rear Face	0	661	w/	22.0	21.82	1.04	-0.11	0.554	<b>0.58</b>
	GSM1900	GPRS10	Bottom Side	0	661	w/	22.0	21.82	1.04	0.01	0.413	0.43
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	17	9262	w/o	23.0	22.98	1.00	0.07	0.156	0.16
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Left Side	0	9262	w/o	23.0	22.98	1.00	-0.06	0.217	0.22
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	9262	w/o	23.0	22.98	1.00	0.03	0.095	0.10
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Bottom Side	12	9262	w/o	23.0	22.98	1.00	0.14	0.214	0.21
03	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	0	9400	w/	18.0	17.60	1.10	-0.03	0.777	0.85
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Bottom Side	0	9400	w/	18.0	17.60	1.10	0.07	0.616	0.68
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	0	9262	w/	18.0	17.55	1.11	-0.08	0.758	0.84
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	0	9538	w/	18.0	17.46	1.13	-0.05	0.755	0.85
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	0	9400	w/	18.0	17.60	1.10	0.11	0.769	0.84
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	17	4182	w/o	23.0	22.93	1.02	-0.02	0.217	0.22
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Left Side	0	4182	w/o	23.0	22.93	1.02	-0.03	0.122	0.12
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	4182	w/o	23.0	22.93	1.02	0.05	0.174	0.18
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Bottom Side	12	4182	w/o	23.0	22.93	1.02	0.07	0.173	0.18
04	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	0	4182	w/	21.0	20.80	1.05	-0.01	1.27	1.33
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Bottom Side	0	4182	w/	21.0	20.80	1.05	0.08	0.463	0.48
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	0	4132	w/	21.0	20.69	1.07	-0.15	1.11	1.19
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	0	4233	w/	21.0	20.67	1.08	-0.11	1.16	1.25
	WCDMA V	HSDPA Subtest-1	Rear Face	0	4182	w/	21.0	20.78	1.05	0.05	1.03	1.08
	WCDMA V	HSUPA Subtest-5	Rear Face	0	4182	w/	21.0	20.77	1.05	-0.17	1.08	1.14
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	0	4182	w/	21.0	20.80	1.05	-0.01	1.22	1.28

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Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (mm)	Ch.	Power Reduction	RB#	RB Offset	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	17	19100	w/o	1	0	23.5	23.26	1.06	0.02	0.346	0.37
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Left Side	0	19100	w/o	1	0	23.5	23.26	1.06	0.09	0.326	0.34
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Right Side	0	19100	w/o	1	0	23.5	23.26	1.06	-0.04	0.114	0.12
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	12	19100	w/o	1	0	23.5	23.26	1.06	-0.09	0.431	0.46
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	18900	w/	1	0	19.0	18.66	1.08	0.01	0.927	1.00
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	18900	w/	1	0	19.0	18.66	1.08	-0.08	0.771	0.83
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	17	19100	w/o	50	0	22.5	22.23	1.06	0.04	0.271	0.29
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Left Side	0	19100	w/o	50	0	22.5	22.23	1.06	0.01	0.274	0.29
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Right Side	0	19100	w/o	50	0	22.5	22.23	1.06	0.06	0.098	0.10
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	12	19100	w/o	50	0	22.5	22.23	1.06	-0.03	0.369	0.39
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	18900	w/	50	0	18.0	17.58	1.10	-0.07	0.797	0.88
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	18900	w/	50	0	18.0	17.58	1.10	0.11	0.583	0.64
05	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	18700	w/	11	0	19.0	18.46	1.13	0.18	0.891	1.01
05	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	19100	w/	100	0	19.0	18.57	1.10	-0.1	0.667	1.10
	LTE 2	QPSK20M QPSK20M	Rear Face Rear Face	0	18900 19100	w/ w/	100 1	0	18.0 19.0	17.42 18.57	1.14 1.10	0.01 -0.1	0.667 0.987	0.76 1.09
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face Left Side	17	20175	w/o	1	0	23.5	23.34	1.04	0.06	0.165	0.17
	LTE 4	QPSK20M QPSK20M		0	20175	w/o	1	0	23.5 23.5	23.34	1.04	-0.06	0.335	0.35
	LTE 4 LTE 4	QPSK20M	Right Side Bottom Side	12	20175 20175	w/o	1	0	23.5	23.34 23.34	1.04	0.02	0.069	0.07 0.32
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	20175	W/O	1	0	19.5	19.27	1.04	0.01	1.06	1.12
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	20175	w/ w/	1	0	19.5	19.27	1.05	-0.08	0.816	0.86
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	17	20175	w/o	50	0	22.5	22.46	1.03	-0.03	0.010	0.00
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Left Side	0	20175	w/o	50	0	22.5	22.46	1.01	0.04	0.124	0.13
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Right Side	0	20175	w/o	50	0	22.5	22.46	1.01	0.04	0.254	0.26
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	12	20175	w/o	50	0	22.5	22.46	1.01	0.09	0.033	0.00
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	20175	w/	50	0	18.5	18.25	1.06	0.03	0.837	0.89
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	20175	w/	50	0	18.5	18.25	1.06	0.13	0.626	0.66
06	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	20050	W/	1	0	19.5	19.08	1.10	-0.03	1.13	1.24
- 00	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	20300	w/	1	0	19.5	19.24	1.06	-0.08	0.985	1.05
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	20050	w/	50	0	18.5	18.06	1.11	0.01	0.931	1.03
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	20300	w/	50	0	18.5	18.21	1.07	0.07	0.773	0.83
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	20050	w/	1	0	19.5	19.08	1.10	0.15	0.861	0.95
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	20300	w/	1	0	19.5	19.24	1.06	0.13	0.708	0.75
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	20175	w/	100	0	18.5	18.04	1.11	0.12	0.856	0.95
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	20175	w/	100	0	18.5	18.04	1.11	-0.08	0.618	0.69
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	20050	w/	1	0	19.5	19.08	1.10	-0.03	1.1	1.21
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Rear Face	17	23060	w/o	1	0	23.5	23.44	1.01	-0.02	0.262	0.27
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Left Side	0	23060	w/o	1	0	23.5	23.44	1.01	-0.06	0.065	0.07
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Right Side	0	23060	w/o	1	0	23.5	23.44	1.01	0.05	0.152	0.15
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Bottom Side	12	23060	w/o	1	0	23.5	23.44	1.01	0.03	0.181	0.18
	LTE 12	1	Rear Face	0	23095	w/	1	0	21.0	20.91	1.02	0.08	1.280	1.31
	LTE 12		Bottom Side	0	23095	w/	1	0	21.0	20.91	1.02	0.07	0.432	0.44
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Rear Face	17	23060	w/o	25	0	22.5	22.32	1.04	-0.01	0.233	0.24
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Left Side	0	23060	w/o	25	0	22.5	22.32	1.04	0.07	0.058	0.06
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Right Side	0	23060	w/o	25	0	22.5	22.32	1.04	0.05	0.146	0.15
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Bottom Side	12	23060	w/o	25	0	22.5	22.32	1.04	0.02	0.091	0.09
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	23095	w/	25	0	20.0	19.90	1.02	-0.01	1.08	1.11
	LTE 12		Bottom Side	0	23095	w/	25	0	20.0	19.90	1.02	-0.11	0.328	0.34
	LTE 12		Rear Face	0	23060	w/	1	0	21.0	20.79	1.05	0.05	1.25	1.31
07	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	23130	w/	11	0	21.0	20.85	1.04	0.06	1.30	1.35
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	23060	w/	25	0	20.0	19.75	1.06	-0.16	0.06	0.06
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	23130	w/	25	0	20.0	19.72	1.07	-0.18	1.08	1.15
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	23095	w/	50	0	20.0	19.91	1.02	0.11	1.07	1.09
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	23130	w/	1	0	21.0	20.85	1.04	0.06	1.27	1.31

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Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (mm)	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Rear Face	0	6	18.5	18.22	1.07	0.05	0.052	0.06
80	2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Right Side	0	6	18.5	18.22	1.07	-0.08	0.612	<mark>0.65</mark>
	2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Top Side	0	6	18.5	18.22	1.07	0.00	0.000	0.00
	5.3G WLAN	802.11n HT40	Rear Face	0	54	13.5	13.46	1.01	0.11	0.204	0.21
09	5.3G WLAN	802.11n HT40	Right Side	0	54	13.5	13.46	1.01	-0.1	1.18	<mark>1.19</mark>
	5.3G WLAN	802.11n HT40	Right Side	0	62	13.5	11.99	1.42	-0.08	0.749	1.06
	5.3G WLAN	802.11n HT40	Right Side	0	54	13.5	13.46	1.01	0.15	1.16	1.17
	5.6G WLAN	802.11n HT40	Rear Face	0	134	13.5	12.92	1.14	0.11	0.137	0.16
10	5.6G WLAN	802.11n HT40	Right Side	0	134	13.5	12.92	1.14	-0.1	0.811	0.93
	5.6G WLAN	802.11n HT40	Top Side	0	134	13.5	12.92	1.14	0.01	0.0013	0.00
	5.6G WLAN	802.11n HT40	Right Side	0	110	13.5	12.89	1.15	0.08	0.794	0.91
	5.6G WLAN	802.11n HT40	Right Side	0	134	13.5	12.92	1.14	0.07	0.801	0.92
	5.8G WLAN	802.11n HT40	Rear Face	0	159	12.5	12.48	1.00	0.17	0.113	0.11
11	5.8G WLAN	802.11n HT40	Right Side	0	159	12.5	12.48	1.00	0.13	0.826	0.83
	5.8G WLAN	802.11n HT40	Right Side	0	151	12.5	12.42	1.02	-0.05	0.688	0.70
	5.8G WLAN	802.11n HT40	Right Side	0	159	12.5	12.48	1.00	0.08	0.813	0.82

Plot No.	Band	Test Position	Separation Distance (mm)	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
16	BT	Rear Face	0	39	7.0	6.70	1.07	0.00	0.00	0.00

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### 4.7.3 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are  $\leq 1.45$  W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is  $\leq 1.10$ , the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

#### SAR repeated measurement procedure:

- 1. When the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
- 2. When the highest measured SAR is >= 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20, or when the original or repeated measurement is >= 1.45 W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
- 4. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20, and the original, first or second repeated measurement is >= 1.5 W/kg, perform a third repeated measurement.

Band	Test Position	Ch.	Original Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	1st Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio	2nd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio	3rd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio
GSM850	Rear Face	189	0.832	0.827	1.01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
WCDMA V	Rear Face	4182	1.27	1.22	1.04	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LTE 2	Rear Face	19100	1	0.987	1.01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LTE 4	Rear Face	20050	1.13	1.1	1.03	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LTE 12	Rear Face	23130	1.30	1.27	1.02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
5.3G WLAN	Right Side	54	1.18	1.16	1.02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
5.6G WLAN	Right Side	134	0.811	0.801	1.01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
5.8G WLAN	Right Side	159	0.826	0.813	1.02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

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#### 4.7.4 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation

#### <Possibilities of Simultaneous Transmission>

The simultaneous transmission possibilities for this device are listed as below.

Simultaneous TX Combination	Capable Transmit Configurations	Body Exposure Condition
1	GSM + BT	Yes
2	WCDMA + BT	Yes
3	LTE + BT	Yes

#### Note:

- 1. The WLAN 2.4G and WLAN 5G cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 2. The WLAN and Bluetooth cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 2. The WWAN and WLAN cannot transmit simultaneously.

#### <Estimated SAR Calculation>

According to KDB 447498 D01, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR was estimated according to following formula to result in substantially conservative SAR values of <= 0.4 W/kg to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\text{Max.Tune up Power}_{(mW)}}{\text{Min.Test Separation Distance}_{(mm)}} \times \frac{\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}}{7.5}$$

If the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is used for estimated SAR calculation. When the test separation distance is > 50 mm, the 0.4 W/kg is used for SAR-1g.

Mode / Band	Frequency (GHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Test Position	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)
GSM 850	0.8488	24.0	Body	5	0.40
GSM 1900	1.9098	21.0	Body	5	0.40
WCDMA II	1.9076	23.0	Body	5	0.40
WCDMA V	0.8466	23.0	Body	5	0.40
LTE 2	1.9093	23.5	Body	5	0.40
LTE 4	1.7543	23.5	Body	5	0.40
WLAN (NII)	5.2	13.5	Body	5	0.40
WLAN (NII)	5.3	13.5	Body	5	0.40
WLAN (NII)	5.6	13.5	Body	5	0.40
WLAN (NII)	5.8	12.5	Body	5	0.40
BT (DSS)	2.48	7.0	Body	5	0.21

#### Note:

- 1. The separation distance is determined from the outer housing of the EUT to the user.
- 2. When standalone SAR testing is not required, an estimated SAR can be applied to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

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### <SAR Summation Analysis>

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. When the sum of  $SAR_{1g}$  of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit ( $SAR_{1g}$  1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of  $SAR_{1g}$  is greater than the SAR limit ( $SAR_{1g}$  1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.

No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis	
			Rear Face	0.83	0.21	1.04	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required	
	CCMOEO		Left Side	0.10	0.21	0.31	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required	
1	GSM850 +	Body	Body	Right Side	0.13	0.21	0.34	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	BT (DSS)		Top Side	0.40	0.21	0.61	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required	
			Bottom Side	0.29	0.21	0.50	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required	
			Rear Face	0.58	0.21	0.79	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required	
	GSM1900		Left Side	0.15	0.21	0.36	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required	
2	+	Body	Right Side	0.07	0.21	0.28	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required	
	BT (DSS)			Top Side	0.40	0.21	0.61	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.43	0.21	0.64	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required	
			Rear Face	0.85	0.21	1.06	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required	
	WCDMA II	Body		Left Side	0.22	0.21	0.43	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
3	+		Right Side	0.10	0.21	0.31	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required	
	BT (DSS)		Top Side	0.40	0.21	0.61	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required	
			Bottom Side	0.68	0.21	0.89	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required	
			Rear Face	1.33	0.21	1.54	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required	
	WCDMA V		Left Side	0.12	0.21	0.33	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required	
4	+	Body	Right Side	0.18	0.21	0.39	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required	
	BT (DSS)		Top Side	0.40	0.21	0.61	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required	
			Bottom Side	0.48	0.21	0.69	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required	

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No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis						
			Rear Face	1.10	0.21	1.31	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required						
	LTE 2		Left Side	0.34	0.21	0.55	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required						
5	5 +	Body	Right Side	0.12	0.21	0.33	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required						
	BT (DSS)		Top Side	0.40	0.21	0.61	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required						
			Bottom Side	0.64	0.21	0.85	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required						
			Rear Face	1.24	0.21	1.45	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required						
	LTE 4	Body	Left Side	0.35	0.21	0.56	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required						
6	+		Body	Body	Body	Body	Body	Body	Right Side	0.07	0.21	0.28	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	BT (DSS)		Top Side	0.40	0.21	0.61	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required						
			Bottom Side	0.95	0.21	1.16	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required						
			Rear Face	1.35	0.21	1.56	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required						
	LTE 12		Left Side	0.07	0.21	0.28	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required						
7		+ Body Right  BT (DSS)  Top S	Right Side	0.15	0.21	0.36	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required						
			Top Side	0.40	0.21	0.61	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required						
			Bottom Side	0.34	0.21	0.55	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required						

Test Engineer: Willy Chang, and Eric Wu

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# 5. Calibration of Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	SN	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D750V3	1013	Aug. 30, 2016	1 Year
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d121	Aug. 25, 2016	1 Year
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1750V2	1055	Aug. 31, 2016	1 Year
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d036	Jan. 23, 2017	1 Year
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	737	Aug. 26, 2016	1 Year
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1019	Aug. 23, 2016	1 Year
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7351	Dec. 20, 2016	1 Year
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3971	Mar. 24, 2017	1 Year
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3753	May 05, 2017	1 Year
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7375	Dec. 08, 2016	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE3	360	Nov. 08, 2016	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE3	579	Sep. 05, 2016	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	861	May. 22, 2017	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	916	Dec. 15, 2016	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	917	Jan. 06, 2017	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	1431	Mar. 20, 2017	1 Year
Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	151084	Oct. 18, 2016	1 Year
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSL6	102006	Mar. 27, 2017	1 Year
ENA Series Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46214281	Jun. 13, 2016	1 Year
ENA Series Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46214281	Jun. 06, 2017	1 Year
MXG Analong Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY50143868	Jul. 07, 2016	1 Year
MXG Analong Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY50143868	Jul. 10, 2017	1 Year
Vector Signal Generator	Anritsu	MG3710A	6201599977	Mar. 27, 2017	1 Year
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1218009	Jul. 06, 2016	1 Year
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1218009	Jul. 12, 2017	1 Year
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1207252	Jul. 06, 2016	1 Year
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1207252	Jul. 12, 2017	1 Year
Thermometer	YFE	YF-160A	130504591	Mar. 24, 2017	1 Year
Power Amplifier	AR	5S1G4	0339656	Sep. 21, 2016	1 Year
Attenuator	MTJ	MTJ6011-03	N/A	Sep. 21, 2016	1 Year
Attenuator	Woken	00800A1G01L- 10	N/A	Sep. 21, 2016	1 Year
Directional Coupler	Woken	0110A05602O- 10	11122702	Sep. 21, 2016	1 Year
Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1151	Aug. 25, 2016	1 Year
ELI Phantom	SPEAG	QD OVA 001 BB	1043	N/A	N/A
ELI Phantom	SPEAG	QD OVA 001 BB	1039	N/A	N/A
ELI Phantom	SPEAG	QD OVA 002 AA	1204	N/A	N/A
ELI Phantom	SPEAG	QD OVA 002 AA	1245	N/A	N/A

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# 6. Measurement Uncertainty

Source of Uncertainty	Uncertainty (± %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 1g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 10g)	Vi		
Measurement System										
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	8		
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	√0.5	√0.5	1.9	1.9	8		
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	√0.5	√0.5	3.9	3.9	8		
Boundary Effect	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	8		
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	8		
Detection Limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	8		
Probe Modulation Response	3.5	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.0	2.0	8		
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	8		
Response Time	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	8		
Integration Time	1.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.0	1.0	8		
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	8		
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	8		
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	8		
Probe Positioning with Respect to Phantom	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	8		
Post-processing	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞		
Test Sample Related	_									
Test Sample Positioning	3.9 / 2.06	Normal	1	1	1	3.9	2.1	35		
Device Holder Uncertainty	2.9 / 4.1	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	4.1	11		
Power Drift of Measurement	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	8		
Power Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	8		
Phantom and Setup										
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and Thickness Tolerances)	6.1	Rectangular	√3	1	1	3.5	3.5	8		
Liquid Conductivity ( Temperature Uncertainty)	3.24	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.3	∞		
Liquid Conductivity (Measured)	2.88	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	2.2	2.0	43		
Liquid Permittivity (Temperature Uncertainty)	1.13	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.2	0.2	∞		
Liquid Permittivity (Measured)	2.50	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.6	0.7	54		
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 11.4 %	± 11.2 %			
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						± 22.8 %	± 22.4 %			

Head SAR Uncertainty Budget for Frequency Range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz

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Source of Uncertainty	Uncertainty (± %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 1g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 10g)	Vi
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	1	6.55	6.55	œ
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	<sub>∞</sub>
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	<sub>∞</sub>
Detection Limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	<sub>∞</sub>
Probe Modulation Response	3.5	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.0	2.0	<sub>∞</sub>
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	<sub>∞</sub>
Response Time	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	<sub>∞</sub>
Integration Time	1.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.0	1.0	<sub>∞</sub>
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	<sub>∞</sub>
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	<sub>∞</sub>
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	œ
Probe Positioning with Respect to Phantom	6.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9	<sub>∞</sub>
Post-processing	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	<sub>∞</sub>
Test Sample Related		_						
Test Sample Positioning	3.9 / 2.06	Normal	1	1	1	3.9	2.1	35
Device Holder Uncertainty	2.9 / 4.1	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	4.1	11
Power Drift of Measurement	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Power Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and Thickness Tolerances)	6.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	3.8	3.8	8
Liquid Conductivity ( Temperature Uncertainty)	3.24	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Measured)	2.88	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	2.2	2.0	43
Liquid Permittivity (Temperature Uncertainty)	1.13	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.2	0.2	∞
Liquid Permittivity (Measured)	2.50	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.6	0.7	54
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 12.5 %	± 12.3 %	
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						± 25.0 %	± 24.6 %	

Head SAR Uncertainty Budget for Frequency Range of 3 GHz to 6 GHz

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Source of Uncertainty	Uncertainty (± %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 1g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 10g)	Vi
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	√0.5	√0.5	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	√0.5	√0.5	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	<sub>∞</sub>
Detection Limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Probe Modulation Response	3.5	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.0	2.0	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	<sub>∞</sub>
Response Time	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Integration Time	1.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	8
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with Respect to Phantom	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Post-processing	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Test Sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	4.38 / 1.35	Normal	1	1	1	4.4	1.4	29
Device Holder Uncertainty	2.9 / 4.1	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	4.1	11
Power Drift of Measurement	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Power Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and Thickness Tolerances)	7.2	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.2	4.2	8
Liquid Conductivity ( Temperature Uncertainty)	3.24	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Measured)	2.88	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	2.2	2.0	43
Liquid Permittivity (Temperature Uncertainty)	1.13	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.2	0.2	∞
Liquid Permittivity (Measured)	2.50	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.6	0.7	54
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 11.8 %	± 11.3 %	
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						± 23.6 %	± 22.6 %	

Body SAR Uncertainty Budget for Frequency Range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz

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Source of Uncertainty	Uncertainty (± %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 1g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 10g)	Vi
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	1	6.55	6.55	œ
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Detection Limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Probe Modulation Response	3.5	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.0	2.0	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Integration Time	1.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with Respect to Phantom	6.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
Post-processing	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	4.38 / 1.35	Normal	1	1	1	4.4	1.4	29
Device Holder Uncertainty	2.9 / 4.1	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	4.1	11
Power Drift of Measurement	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	<sub>∞</sub>
Power Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and Thickness Tolerances)	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	8
Liquid Conductivity ( Temperature Uncertainty)	3.24	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Measured)	2.88	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	2.2	2.0	43
Liquid Permittivity (Temperature Uncertainty)	1.13	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.2	0.2	<sub>∞</sub>
Liquid Permittivity (Measured)	2.50	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.6	0.7	54
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 12.8 %	± 12.4 %	
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						± 25.6 %	± 24.8 %	

Body SAR Uncertainty Budget for Frequency Range of 3 GHz to 6 GHz

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# 7. Information on the Testing Laboratories

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

### Taiwan HwaYa EMC/RF/Safety/Telecom Lab:

Add: No. 19, Hwa Ya 2nd Rd, Wen Hwa Vil., Kwei Shan Hsiang, Taoyuan Hsien 333, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Tel: 886-3-318-3232 Fax: 886-3-327-0892

#### Taiwan LinKo EMC/RF Lab:

Add: No. 47-2, 14th Ling, Chia Pau Vil., Linkou Dist., New Taipei City 244, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Tel: 886-2-2605-2180 Fax: 886-2-2605-1924

#### Taiwan HsinChu EMC/RF Lab:

Add: No. 81-1, Lu Liao Keng, 9th Ling, Wu Lung Vil., Chiung Lin Township, Hsinchu County 307, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Tel: 886-3-593-5343 Fax: 886-3-593-5342

Email: <a href="mailto:service.adt@tw.bureauveritas.com">service.adt@tw.bureauveritas.com</a>

Web Site: www.adt.com.tw

The road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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# Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

The plots for system verification with largest deviation for each SAR system combination are shown as follows.

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# **System Check\_B750\_170718**

# **DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; SN: 1013**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B06T09N1\_0718 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.959$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.094$ ;  $\rho = 0.959$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.094$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 53.094$ 

Date: 2017/07/18

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.8 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.5 °C

# **DASY5** Configuration:

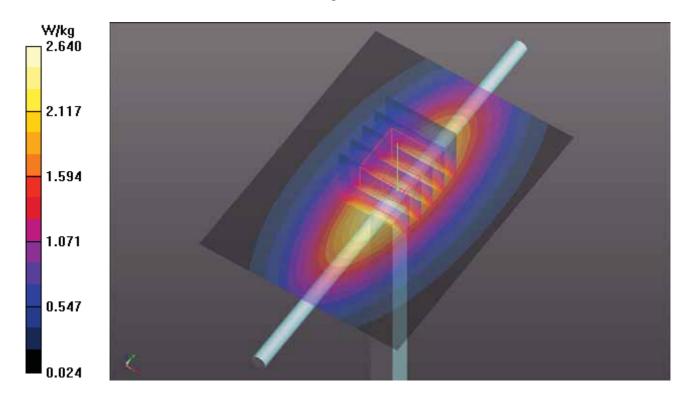
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3753; ConvF(9.43, 9.43, 9.43); Calibrated: 2017/05/05;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn916; Calibrated: 2016/12/15
- Phantom: ELI Phantom\_1043; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.64 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 52.64 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.4 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.65 W/kg



# **System Check\_B835\_170727**

# **DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; SN: 4d121**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B07T10N3\_0727 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.001$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 55.454$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2017/07/27

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.1 °C

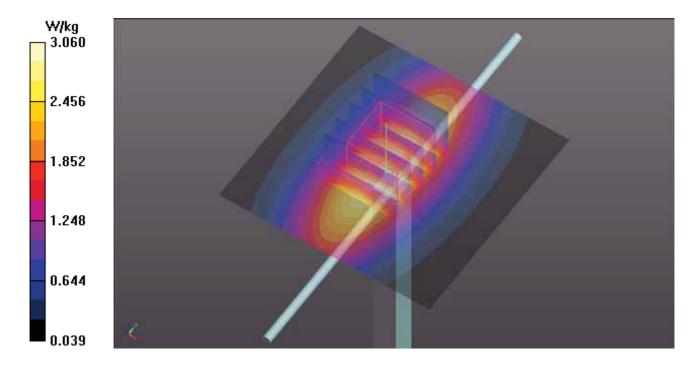
# **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7351; ConvF(10.31, 10.31, 10.31); Calibrated: 2016/12/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2017/05/22
- Phantom: ELI Phantom\_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.06 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 53.39 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.55 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.47 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.69 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.07 W/kg



# System Check\_B1750\_170715

### **DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; SN: 1055**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B16T20N1\_0715 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.443$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.336$ ;  $\rho = 1.443$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.336$ 

Date: 2017/07/15

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.9 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.4 °C

# **DASY5** Configuration:

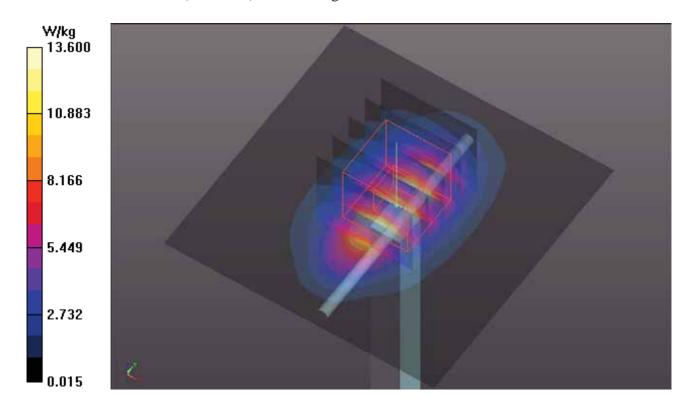
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7375; ConvF(8.22, 8.22, 8.22); Calibrated: 2016/12/08;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn917; Calibrated: 2017/01/06
- Phantom: ELI Phantom\_1206; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.6 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 100.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.99 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.83 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.6 W/kg



# System Check\_B1900\_170612

### **DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; SN: 5d036**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B16T20N2\_0612 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.556$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.824$ ;  $\rho = 1.556$  Medium:  $\epsilon_r = 51.824$ 

Date: 2017/06/12

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.3 °C

# **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(8.14, 8.14, 8.14); Calibrated: 2016/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2016/09/05
- Phantom: ELI Phantom\_1245; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.8 W/kg

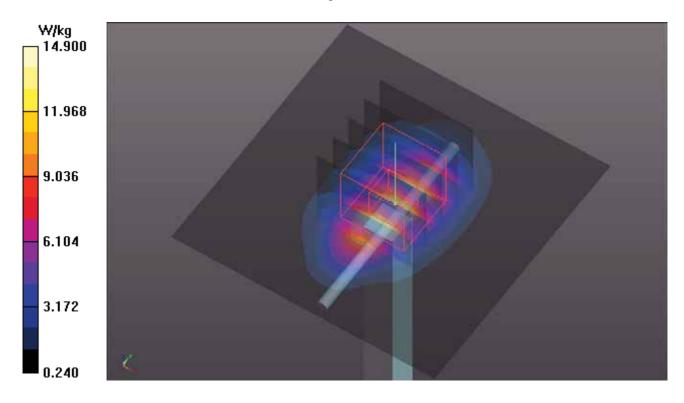
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 100.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.63 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.99 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.9 W/kg



# System Check\_B2450\_170801

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; SN: 737** 

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B19T27N1\_0801 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.022$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.925$ ;  $\rho = 1.020$  Medium:  $\epsilon_r = 1.020$  Medium:  $\epsilon_r = 1.020$  MHz;  $\epsilon_r = 1$ 

Date: 2017/08/01

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.8 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.3 °C

# **DASY5** Configuration:

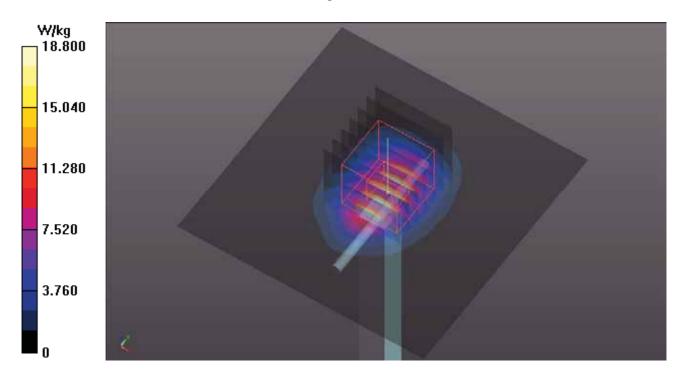
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3753; ConvF(7.27, 7.27, 7.27); Calibrated: 2017/05/05;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2017/05/22
- Phantom: ELI Phantom 1039; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.8 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 97.99 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.66 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg



# System Check\_B5250\_170603

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B34T60N1\_0603 Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.459$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 47.074$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2017/06/03

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.8 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.4 °C

# **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3820; ConvF(4.19, 4.19, 4.19); Calibrated: 2016/06/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn360; Calibrated: 2016/11/08
- Phantom: ELI Phantom\_1043; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

**Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.0 W/kg

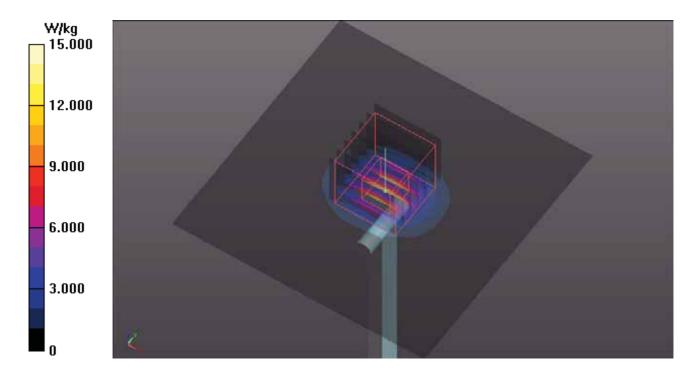
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 60.31 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.93 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.24 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.4 W/kg



# System Check\_B5600\_170603

# DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B34T60N1\_0603 Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.923$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 46.514$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2017/06/03

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.8 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.4 °C

# **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3820; ConvF(3.54, 3.54, 3.54); Calibrated: 2016/06/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn360; Calibrated: 2016/11/08
- Phantom: ELI Phantom\_1043; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

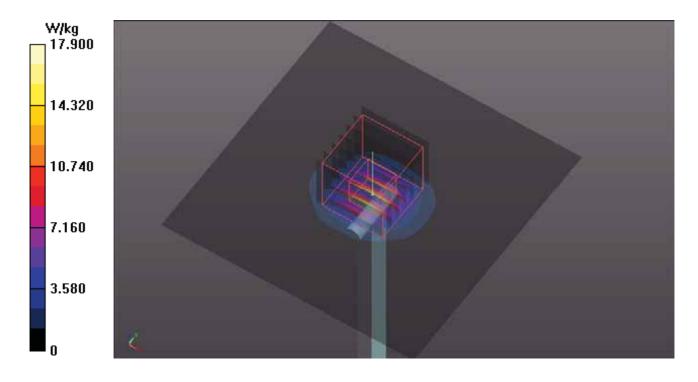
**Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.9 W/kg

**Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 66.19 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.69 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.14 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.9 W/kg



# System Check\_B5800\_170603

### DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B34T60N1\_0603 Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz;  $\sigma = 6.189$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 46.111$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2017/06/03

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.8 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.4 °C

# **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3820; ConvF(3.7, 3.7, 3.7); Calibrated: 2016/06/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn360; Calibrated: 2016/11/08
- Phantom: ELI Phantom\_1043; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

**Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.2 W/kg

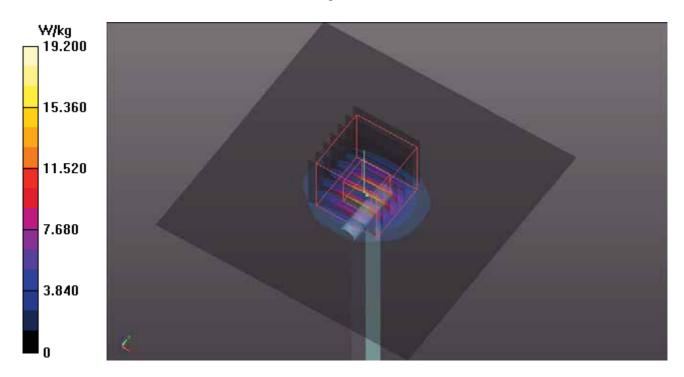
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 56.51 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 38.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.83 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.18 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.0 W/kg







# Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

The SAR plots for highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination, and measured SAR > 1.5 W/kg are shown as follows.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Issued Date : Aug. 04, 2017

Report No.: SA170426C21

# P01 GSM850\_GPRS10\_Rear Face\_0cm\_Ch189\_P-Sensor\_w

### DUT: 170426C21

Communication System: GPRS10; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

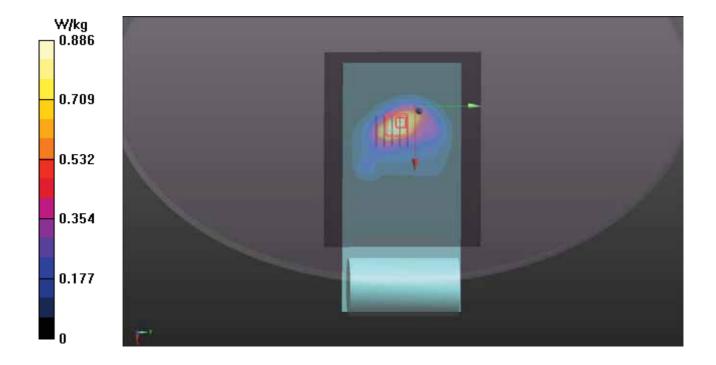
Medium: B07T10N3\_0727 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.002$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 55.446$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2017/07/27

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.7  $^{\circ}$ C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.1  $^{\circ}$ C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7351; ConvF(10.31, 10.31, 10.31); Calibrated: 2016/12/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2017/05/22
- Phantom: ELI Phantom\_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)
- Area Scan (141x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.886 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 28.81 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.68 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.832 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.441 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.27 W/kg



# P02 GSM1900\_GPRS10\_Rear Face\_0cm\_Ch661\_P-Sensor\_w

### DUT: 170426C21

Communication System: GPRS10; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

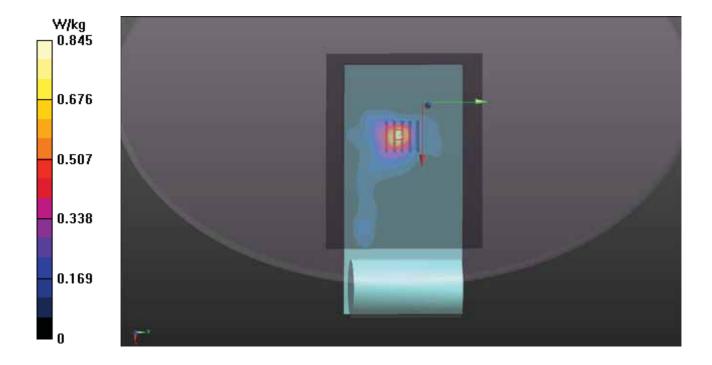
Medium: B16T20N1\_0728 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.56$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.238$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2017/07/28

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.8 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.3 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7351; ConvF(8.14, 8.14, 8.14); Calibrated: 2016/12/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2017/05/22
- Phantom: ELI Phantom\_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)
- Area Scan (141x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.845 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 21.95 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.18 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.554 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.284 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.936 W/kg



# P03 WCDMA II\_RMC12.2K\_Rear Face\_0cm\_Ch9400\_P-Sensor\_w

### DUT: 170426C21

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

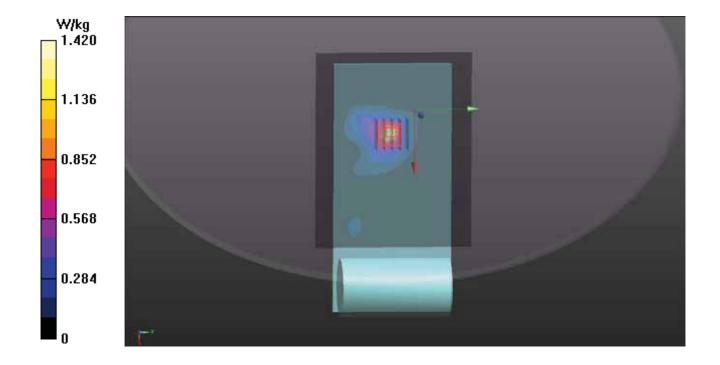
Medium: B16T20N1\_0728 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.56$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.238$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2017/07/28

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.8 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.3 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7351; ConvF(8.14, 8.14, 8.14); Calibrated: 2016/12/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2017/05/22
- Phantom: ELI Phantom\_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)
- Area Scan (141x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.42 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 29.94 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.61 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.777 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.395 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.28 W/kg



# P04 WCDMA V\_RMC12.2K\_Rear Face\_0cm\_Ch4182\_P-Sensor\_w

### DUT: 170426C21

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

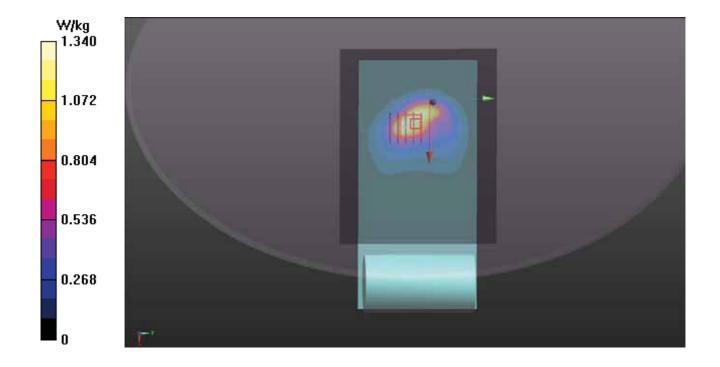
Medium: B07T10N3\_0727 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.002$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 55.446$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2017/07/27

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.7  $^{\circ}$ C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.1  $^{\circ}$ C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7351; ConvF(10.31, 10.31, 10.31); Calibrated: 2016/12/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2017/05/22
- Phantom: ELI Phantom\_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)
- **Area Scan (141x111x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.34 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 34.80 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.57 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.27 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.622 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.00 W/kg



# P05 LTE 2\_QPSK20M\_Rear Face\_0cm\_Ch19100\_P-Sensor\_w\_1RB\_OS0

### DUT: 170426C21

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B16T20N1\_0728 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.575$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.251$ ;  $\rho = 1.575$  Medium:  $\epsilon_r = 51.251$ 

Date: 2017/07/28

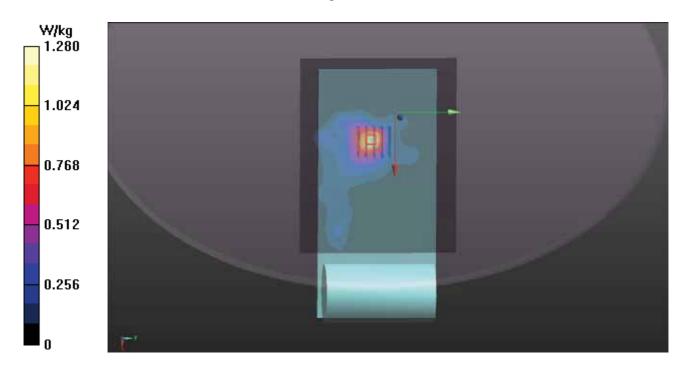
 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.2 °C

# **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7351; ConvF(8.14, 8.14, 8.14); Calibrated: 2016/12/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2017/05/22
- Phantom: ELI Phantom\_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)
- Area Scan (141x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.28 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 26.60 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.08 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1 W/kg: SAR(10 g) = 0.506 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.506 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.59 W/kg



# P06 LTE 4\_QPSK20M\_Rear Face\_0cm\_Ch20050\_P-Sensor\_w\_1RB\_OS0

### DUT: 170426C21

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

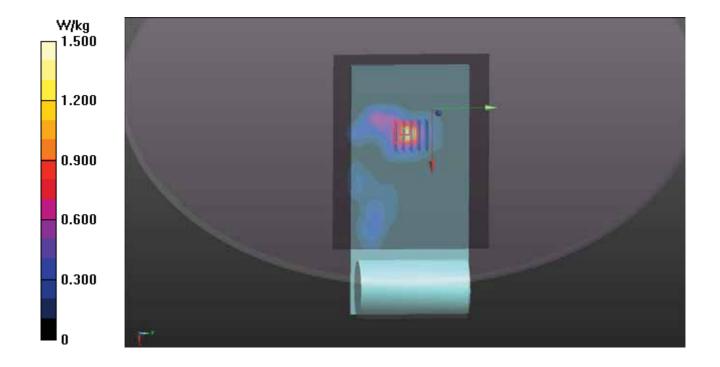
Medium: B16T20N1\_0728 Medium parameters used: f = 1720 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.423$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.645$ ;  $\rho = 1.423$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.645$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.645$ 

Date: 2017/07/28

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.8 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.3 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7351; ConvF(8.45, 8.45, 8.45); Calibrated: 2016/12/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2017/05/22
- Phantom: ELI Phantom\_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)
- Area Scan (141x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.50 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 33.15 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.39 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.571 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.86 W/kg



# P07 LTE 12\_QPSK10M\_Rear Face\_0cm\_Ch23130\_P-Sensor\_w\_1RB\_OS0

### DUT: 170426C21

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 711 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

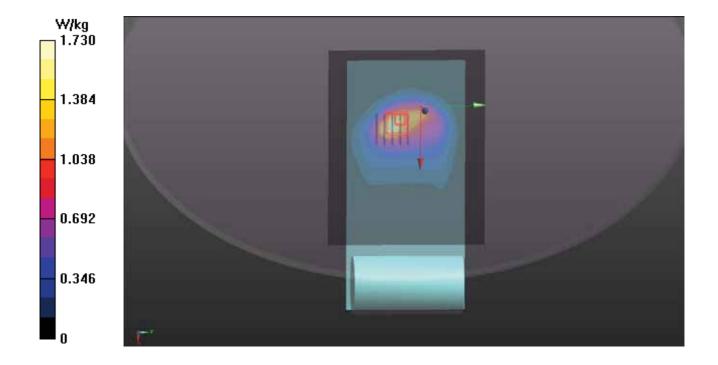
Medium: B06T09N1\_0727 Medium parameters used: f = 711 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.925$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.685$ ;  $\rho = 0.925$  Medium:  $\epsilon_r = 54.685$ 

Date: 2017/07/27

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.1 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7351; ConvF(10.43, 10.43, 10.43); Calibrated: 2016/12/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2017/05/22
- Phantom: ELI Phantom\_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)
- Area Scan (141x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.73 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 42.55 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.70 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.30 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.767 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.17 W/kg



# P08 2.4G WLAN\_802.11b\_Right Side\_0cm\_Ch6

### **DUT: 170426C23**

Communication System: WLAN\_2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

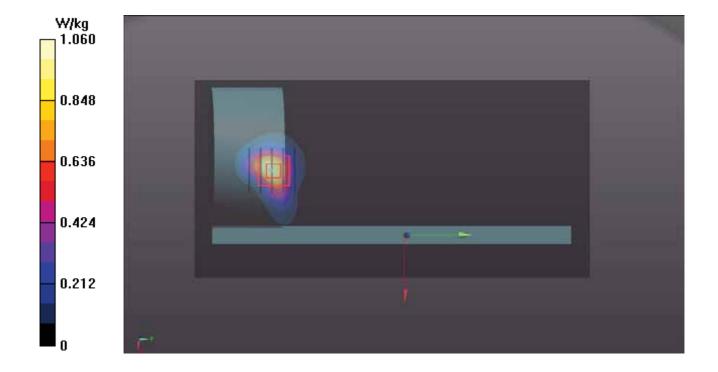
Medium: B19T27N4\_0603 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.982$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.552$ ;  $\rho = 1.982$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.552$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.552$ 

Date: 2017/06/03

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.6°C; Liquid Temperature: 23.1°C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3820; ConvF(6.79, 6.79, 6.79); Calibrated: 2016/06/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn360; Calibrated: 2016/11/08
- Phantom: ELI Phantom\_1043; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)
- Area Scan (121x241x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.06 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 20.78 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.14 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.612 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.322 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.891 W/kg



# P04 5.3G WLAN\_802.11n HT40\_Right Side\_0cm\_Ch54

### **DUT: 170426C23**

Communication System: WLAN\_5G; Frequency: 5270 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.22

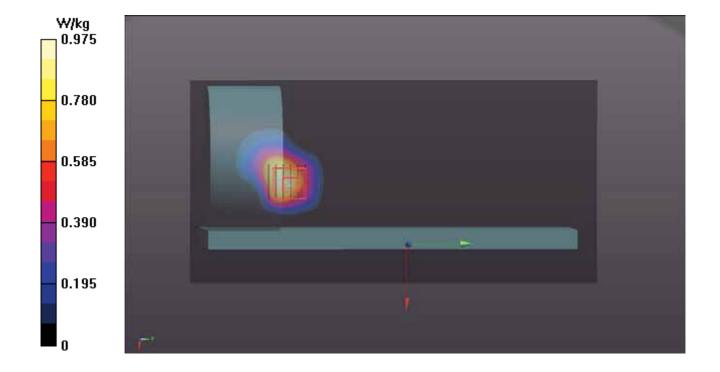
Medium: B34T60N1\_0603 Medium parameters used: f = 5270 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.501$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 47.081$ ;  $\rho = 5.501$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 47.081$ 

Date: 2017/06/03

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.8 °C; Liquid Temperature: 23.4 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3820; ConvF(3.95, 3.95, 3.95); Calibrated: 2016/06/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn360; Calibrated: 2016/11/08
- Phantom: ELI Phantom\_1043; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)
- Area Scan (141x281x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.975 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 13.25 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.47 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.18 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.389 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.80 W/kg



# P10 5.6G WLAN\_802.11n HT40\_Right Side\_0cm\_Ch134

### **DUT: 170426C23**

Communication System: WLAN\_5G; Frequency: 5670 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.24

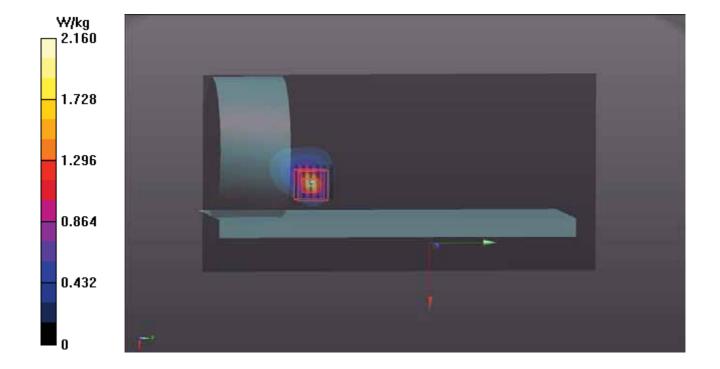
Medium: B34T60N1\_0603 Medium parameters used: f = 5670 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.99$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 46.331$ ;  $\rho = 1.00$ 

Date: 2017/06/03

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.8 °C; Liquid Temperature: 23.4 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3820; ConvF(3.54, 3.54, 3.54); Calibrated: 2016/06/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn360; Calibrated: 2016/11/08
- Phantom: ELI Phantom\_1043; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)
- Area Scan (141x281x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.16 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 20.67 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.02 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.811 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.224 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.14 W/kg



# P11 5.8G WLAN\_802.11n HT40\_Right Side\_0cm\_Ch159

### **DUT: 170426C23**

Communication System: WLAN\_5G; Frequency: 5795 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

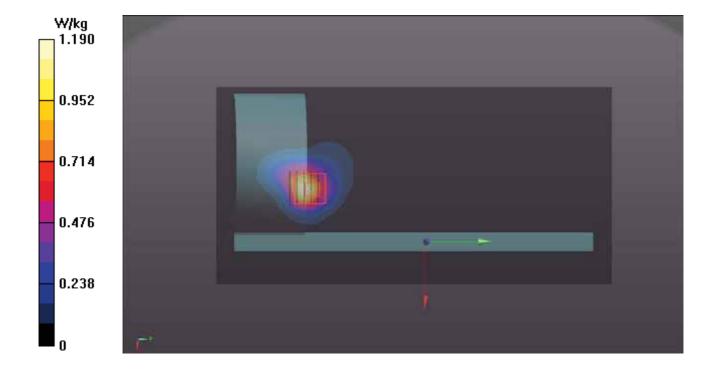
Medium: B34T60N1\_0603 Medium parameters used: f = 5795 MHz;  $\sigma = 6.176$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 46.112$ ;  $\rho = 6.176$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 46.112$ 

Date: 2017/06/03

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.8 °C; Liquid Temperature: 23.4 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3820; ConvF(3.7, 3.7, 3.7); Calibrated: 2016/06/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn360; Calibrated: 2016/11/08
- Phantom: ELI Phantom\_1043; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)
- Area Scan (141x281x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.19 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 13.88 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.54 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.826 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.250 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.99 W/kg



# P16 BT\_Rear Face\_0cm\_Ch39

**DUT: 170426C23** 

Communication System: BT; Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:3.24

Medium: B19T27N4\_0801 Medium parameters used: f=2441 MHz;  $\sigma=1.987$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r=51.542$ ;  $\rho=1.987$  Medium:  $\epsilon_r=1.987$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r=1.987$  S/m;

Date: 2017/08/01

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.9 °C; Liquid Temperature: 23.3 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3753; ConvF(7.27, 7.27, 7.27); Calibrated: 2017/05/05;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2017/05/22
- Phantom: ELI Phantom\_1039; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)
- Area Scan (121x241x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0 W/kg

