RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environment impact of human exposure to radio frequency(RF) Radiation as specified in §1.1307(b)

FCC ID: 2AFDGVA-HS002B

EUT Specification

EUT	Base Station					
Frequency band (Operating)	WLAN : 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz					
	\square WLAN: 5.18GHz ~ 5.32GHz / 5.50GHz ~ 5.70GHz					
	□WLAN: 5.745GHz ~ 5825GHz					
	⊠Others: 915MHz					
Device category	□Portable (<20cm separation)					
	⊠Mobile (>20cm separation)					
	Others					
Exposure classification	\square Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm2)					
	⊠General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm2)					
Antenna diversity	⊠Single antenna					
	☐Multiple antennas					
	☐Tx diversity					
	☐Rx diversity					
	☐Tx/Rx diversity					
Max. output power	WiFi:21.36 dBm (136.8mW) ;951MHz:79.62dBuV/m(0.027mW)					
Antenna gain (Max)	Max) WiFi:2 dBi;915MHz: 1dBi					
Evaluation applied	⊠MPE Evaluation					
	□SAR Evaluation					

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure(MPE)

Frequency	Electric Field	Magnetic Field Power		Average			
Range(MHz)	Strength(V/m)	Strength(A/m)	Density(mW/cm ²)	Time			
(A) Limits for Occupational/Control Exposures							
300-1500			F/300	6			
1500-100000			6				
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrol Exposures							
300-1500		F/1500		6			
1500-100000			1	30			

Friis transmission formula: Pd=(Pout*G)\(4*pi*R2)

Where

Pd= Power density in mW/cm²

Pout=output power to antenna in Mw

G= gain of antenna in linear scale

Pi=3.1416

R= distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm Pd the limit of MPE, 1mW/cm2. If we know the maximum gain of the antenna and

total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the distance

where the MPE limit is reached.

Measurement Result

WiFi:

Operating Mode	Channel	Measured	Tune up	Max. Tune	Antenna	Power density	Power density
	Frequency	Power	tolerance	up Power	Gain	at 20cm	Limits
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBi)	(mW/cm^2)	(mW/cm^2)
802.11b	2412	20.11	20.11±1	21.11	2	0.0407	1
	2437	20.42	20.42±1	21.42	2	0.0437	1
	2462	20.30	20.30±1	21.3	2	0.0425	1
802.11g	2412	21.09	21.09±1	22.09	2	0.0510	1
	2437	21.36	21.36±1	22.36	2	0.0543	1
	2462	20.92	20.92±1	21.92	2	0.0491	1
802.11n (HT20)	2412	20.80	20.80±1	21.8	2	0.0477	1
	2437	20.98	20.98±1	21.98	2	0.0497	1
	2462	20.79	20.79±1	21.79	2	0.0476	1

915MHz:

Channel	Max	Max		Max.	Max.	Antonno	Power	Power density
Frequenc	Output	Output	Tolerance	Tune up	Tune up	Antenna Gain	density at	Limits
y	Power	Power		Power	Power	(dBi)	20cm	(mW/cm ²)
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBm)		(dBm)	(mW)		(mW/cm^2)	(III W/CIII)
915	79.62	-15.64	±1	-14.64	0.034	1	0.000009	1

$$E = EIRP - 20log D + 104.8$$

where:

 $E = electric field strength in dB\mu V/m$,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

EIRP=E-104.8+20logD=79.62-104.8+20log3=-15.64dBm

WiFi+915MHz simultaneous (802.11g is the worst case for WiFi):

0.0543 + 0.000009 = 0.054309 < 1

The SAR is not necessary.