

SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

Wilken Technology Company Limited

PAYSANDU 1842, (CP 1416), BUENOS AIRES, Argentina

FCC ID:2AFDSS500

Report Type:		Product Type:
Original Report		mobile product
Test Engineer:	Terry XiaHou	Tary Kladou
Report Number:	RSZ150706008-2	0B
Report Date:	2015-07-23	
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Reviewed By:	SAR Engineer	
Prepared By:	6/F, the 3rd Phase	20018 320008

Note: This test report is prepared for the customer shown above and for the equipment described herein. It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp.

Attestation of Test Results						
	Company Name Wilken Technology Company Limited					
	EUT Description	Mobile phone				
EUT						
Information						
	Test Date	2015-07-13				
Frequency	I	Max. SAR Level(s) Reported	Limit(W/Kg)			
LTE Band 17	0.158 W/kg	1g Head SAR;0.240 W/kg 1g Body SAR				
Simultaneous	0.732 w	rith Head SAR;0.646 with Body SAR	1.6			
Hotspot	0.646 with Body SAR					
Applicable Standards	ANSI / IEEE C95.1 : 2005 IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fileds,3 kHz to 300 GHz. ANSI / IEEE C95.3 : 2002 IEEE Recommended Practice for Measurements and Computations of Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields With Respect to Human Exposure to SuchFields,100 kHz—300 GHz. IEEE1528:2013 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques IEC 62209-2: 2010 Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices-Human models, instrumentation, and procedures-Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz) KDB procedures KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02. KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02. KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03 KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01 KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03					

Note: This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision	
0	RSZ150706008-20B	Original Report	2015-06-24	

Note:

For GSM 850, PCS 1900, WCDMA 850, WCDMA 1900, LTE Band 2, LTE Band 4, LTE Band 7 SAR data, Simultaneous Transmission and Hotspots, please refer to the report RSZ150706008-20A.

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EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of Wilken Technology Company Limited and their product, FCC ID: 2AFDSS500, Model: S500 or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

Technical Specification

Product Type	Portable
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna
Body-Worn Accessories:	Headset
Face-Head Accessories:	None
Multi-slot Class:	Class12
Operation Mode :	GSM Voice, EDGE/GPRS Data, WCDMA, LTE, Wi-Fi and Bluetooth
	GSM 850 : 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX)
	PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX)
	WCDMA850: 824-849 MHz(TX); 869-894 MHz(RX)
	WCDMA1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX)
	LTE Band 2: 1850-1910MHz(TX); 1930-1990MHz(RX)
	LTE Band 4: 1710-1785MHz(TX); 2110-2155MHz(RX)
Frequency Band:	LTE Band 7: 2500-2570MHz(TX); 2620-2690MHz(RX)
	LTE Band 17: 704-716MHz(TX); 734-746MHz(RX)
	Wi-Fi(802.11b/g/n20): 2412MHz-2472MHz
	Wi-Fi(802.11n40): 2422MHz-2462MHz
	Bluetooth3.0: 2402MHz-2480MHz
	BLTE:2402MHz-2480MHz
	GSM 850 : 32.63 dBm
	PCS 1900: 29.17 dBm
	WCDMA 850: 22.67 dBm
	WCDMA 1900: 21.76 dBm
	LTE Band 2: 22.34 dBm
Conducted RF Power:	LTE Band 4: 23.20 dBm
Conducted RF Power:	LTE Band 7: 22.57 dBm
	LTE Band 17: 23.73 dBm
	Wi-Fi(802.11b/g/n20): 9.46 dBm
	Wi-Fi(802.11n40): 8.73 dBm
	Bluetooth3.0: 4.71 dBm
	BLTE: -2.56 dBm
Dimensions (L*W*H):	143 mm (L) × 71 mm (W) × 7 mm (H)
Power Source:	3.8 V _{DC} Rechargeable Battery
Normal Operation:	Head and Body-worn

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REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

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SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)				
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)			
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0			
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

CE Limit (10g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)				
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / (Occupational Uncontrolled Exposure Environment) (Occupational Controlled Exposure Environment)				
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10			
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

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FACILITIES

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect data is located at 6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building, Shi Hua Road, Fu Tian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. of China

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DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with ALSAS 10 Universal Integrated SAR Measurement system from APREL Laboratories.

ALSAS-10U System Description

ALSAS-10-U is fully compliant with the technical and scientific requirements of IEEE 1528, IEC 62209, CENELEC, ARIB, ACA, and the Federal Communications Commission. The system comprises of a six axes articulated robot which utilizes a dedicated controller. ALSAS-10U uses the latest methodologies. And FDTD modeling to provide a platform which is repeatable with minimum uncertainty.

Applications

Predefined measurement procedures compliant with the guidelines of CENELEC, IEEE, IEC, FCC, etc are utilized during the assessment for the device. Automatic detection for all SAR maxima are embedded within the core architecture for the system, ensuring that peak locations used for centering the zoom scan are within a 1mm resolution and a 0.05mm repeatable position. System operation range currently available up-to 6 GHz in simulated tissue.

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm2 step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.



Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the ALSAS-10U software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.

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ALSAS-10U Interpolation and Extrapolation Uncertainty

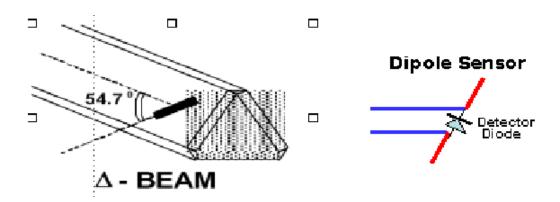
The overall uncertainty for the methodology and algorithms the used during the SAR calculation was evaluated using the data from IEEE 1528 based on the example f3 algorithm:

$$f_3(x, y, z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2} \cdot \left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2} \right)$$

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



SAR is assessed with a calibrated probe which moves at a default height of 5mm from the center of the diode, which is mounted to the sensor, to the phantom surface (in the Z Axis). The 5mm offset height has been selected so as to minimize any resultant boundary effect due to the probe being in close proximity to the phantom surface.

The following algorithm is an example of the function used by the system for linearization of the output from the probe when measuring complex modulation schemes.

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

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Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Calibration Method	Frequency Dependent Below 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in a TEM Cell Above 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in waveguide			
Sensitivity	$0.70 \ \mu V/(V/m)^2$ to $0.85 \ \mu V/(V/m)^2$			
Dynamic Range	0.0005 W/kg to 100 W/kg			
Isotropic Response	Better than 0.1 dB			
Diode Compression Point (DCP)	Calibration for Specific Frequency			
Probe Tip Diameter	< 2.9 mm			
Sensor Offset	1.56 (+/- 0.02 mm)			
Probe Length	289 mm			
Video Bandwidth	@ 500 Hz: 1 dB @ 1.02 kHz: 3 dB			
Boundary Effect	Less than 2.1% for distance greater than 0.58 mm			
Spatial Resolution The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4. diameter probe. The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2. diameter probe				

Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

ALSAS-10U incorporates a boundary detection unit with a sensitivity of 0.05mm for detecting all types of surfaces. The robust design allows for detection during probe tilt (probe normalize) exercises, and utilizes a second stage emergency stop. The signal electronics are fed directly into the robot controller for high accuracy surface detection in lateral and axial detection modes (X, Y, & Z).

The probe is mounted directly onto the Boundary Detection unit for accurate tooling and displacement calculations controlled by the robot kinematics. The probe is connect to an isolated probe interconnect where the output stage of the probe is fed directly into the amplifier stage of the Daq-Paq.

Daq-Paq (Analog to Digital Electronics)

ALSAS-10U incorporates a fully calibrated Daq-Paq (analog to digital conversion system) which has a 4 channel input stage, sent via a 2 stage auto-set amplifier module. The input signal is amplified accordingly so as to offer a dynamic range from $5\mu V$ to 800mV. Integration of the fields measured is carried out at board level utilizing a Co-Processor which then sends the measured fields down into the main computational module in digitized form via an RS232 communications port. Probe linearity and duty cycle compensation is carried out within the main Daq-Paq module.

ADC	12 Bit
Amplifier Range	20 mV to 200 mV and 150 mV to 800 mV
Field Integration	Local Co-Processor utilizing proprietary integration algorithms
Number of Input Channels	4 in total 3 dedicated and 1 spare
Communication	Packet data via RS232

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Axis Articulated Robot

ALSAS-10U utilizes a six axis articulated robot, which is controlled using a Pentium based real-time movement controller. The movement kinematics engine utilizes proprietary (Thermo CRS) interpolation and extrapolation algorithms, which allow full freedom of movement for each of the six joints within the working envelope. Utilization of joint 6 allows for full probe rotation with a tolerance better than 0.05mm around the central axis.



Robot/Controller Manufacturer	Thermo CRS		
Number of Axis	Six independently controlled axis		
Positioning Repeatability	0.05 mm		
Controller Type	Single phase Pentium based C500C		
Robot Reach	710 mm		
Communication	RS232 and LAN compatible		

ALSAS Universal Workstation

ALSAS Universal workstation allows for repeatability and fast adaptability. It allows users to do calibration, testing and measurements using different types of phantoms with one set up, which significantly speeds up the measurement process.

Universal Device Positioner

The universal device positioner allows complete freedom of movement of the EUT. Developed to hold a EUT in a free-space scenario any additional loading attributable to the material used in the construction of the positioner has been eliminated. Repeatability has been enhanced through the linear scales which form the design used to indicate positioning for any given test scenario in all major axes. A 15° tilt indicator is included for the of aid cheek to tilt movements for head SAR analysis. Overall uncertainty for measurements have been reduced due to the design of the Universal device positioner, which allows positioning of a device in as near to a free-space scenario as possible, and by providing the means for complete repeatability.

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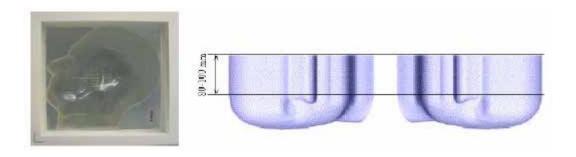


Phantom Types

The ALSAS-10U allows the integration of multiple phantom types. SAM Phantoms fully compliant with IEEE 1528, Universal Phantom, and Universal Flat.

APREL SAM Phantoms

The SAM phantoms developed using the IEEE SAM CAD file. They are fully compliant with the requirements for both IEEE 1528 and FCC Supplement C. Both the left and right SAM phantoms are interchangeable, transparent and include the IEEE 1528 grid with visible NF and MB lines.



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APREL Laboratories Universal Phantom

The Universal Phantom is used on the ALSAS-10U as a system validation phantom. The Universal Phantom has been fully validated both experimentally from 800MHz to 6GHz and numerically using XFDTD numerical software.

The shell thickness is 2mm overall, with a 4mm spacer located at the NF/MB intersection providing an overall thickness of 6mm in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528.

The design allows for fast and accurate measurements, of handsets, by allowing the conservative SAR to be evaluated at on frequency for both left and right head experiments in one measurement.



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Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)									
(% by weight)	45	0	835		915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (Nacl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton x-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (s/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

Frequency	Head	Tissue	Body	Tissue
(MHz)	Er	O'(S/m)	£r	O'(S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

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EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	Calibration Date	S/N
CRS F3 robot	ALS-F3	N/A	RAF0805352
CRS F3 Software	ALS-F3-SW	N/A	N/A
CRS C500C controller	ALS-C500	N/A	RCF0805379
Probe mounting device & Boundary	ALS-PMDPS-3	N/A	120-00270
Universal Work Station	ALS-UWS	N/A	100-00157
Data Acquisition Package	ALS-DAQ-PAQ-3	2014-10-14	110-00212
Miniature E-Field Probe	ALS-E-020	2014-10-14	500-00283
Dipole, 750MHz	ALS-D-750-S-2	2013-10-08	177-00505
Dipole Spacer	ALS-DS-U	N/A	250-00907
Device holder/Positioner	ALS-H-E-SET-2	N/A	170-00510
Left ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-L	N/A	130-00311
Right ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-R	N/A	140-00359
UniPhantom	ALS-P-UP-1	N/A	150-00413
Simulated Tissue 750 MHz Head	ALS-TS-750-H	Each Time	269-01008
Simulated Tissue 750 MHz Body	ALS-TS-750-B	Each Time	269-02107
Directional couple	DC6180A	N/A	0325849
Power Amplifier	5S1G4	N/A	71377
Dielectric probe kit	HP85070B	2015-06-12	N/A
Attenuator	3dB	2015-05-07	5402
Network analyzer	8752C	2015-06-02	3410A02356
Synthesized Sweeper	HP 8341B	2015-06-02	2624A00116
WIDEBAND RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	CMW500	2015-04-18	114772
EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	2015-06-12	101746

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SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency Liquid		Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
1	Type	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	O'(S/m)	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ (S/m)	(%)
709.0	Head	41.07	0.88	41.95	0.89	-2.098	-1.124	±5
709.0	Body	53.81	0.95	55.50	0.96	-3.045	-1.042	±5
710.0	Head	41.11	0.88	41.95	0.89	-2.002	-1.124	±5
/10.0	Body	53.80	0.96	55.50	0.96	-3.063	0.000	±5
711.0	Head	41.09	0.88	41.95	0.89	-2.050	-1.124	±5
/11.0	Body	53.78	0.96	55.50	0.96	-3.099	0.000	±5

^{*}Liquid Verification was performed on 2015-07-13.

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Please refer to the following tables.

	750 MHz Head			750 MHz Body	7
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''
701.0	41.0990	22.2742	701.0	53.7752	24.2215
702.0	41.0059	22.3685	702.0	53.8112	24.2206
703.0	41.0748	22.2970	703.0	53.8575	24.2120
704.0	41.1017	22.2968	704.0	53.8410	24.2412
705.0	41.0701	22.3582	705.0	53.8484	24.2631
706.0	41.1047	22.3955	706.0	53.8095	24.2016
707.0	41.0425	22.3647	707.0	53.8021	24.2186
708.0	41.0828	22.3312	708.0	53.7635	24.2741
709.0	41.0681	22.3560	709.0	53.8088	24.2135
710.0	41.1058	22.3334	710.0	53.8010	24.2123
711.0	41.0912	22.3571	711.0	53.7859	24.2584
712.0	41.0520	22.3703	712.0	53.8042	24.1938
713.0	41.0382	22.3655	713.0	53.8468	24.2899
714.0	41.0422	22.3316	714.0	53.8182	24.1450
715.0	41.0890	22.3593	715.0	53.8611	24.2346
716.0	41.0381	22.3857	716.0	53.8335	24.2317
717.0	41.0388	22.3761	717.0	53.8588	24.2923
718.0	41.0242	22.3631	718.0	53.8241	24.2859
719.0	41.0116	22.3730	719.0	53.8279	24.2565
720.0	41.0864	22.3412	720.0	53.8191	24.3074
721.0	41.0370	22.4159	721.0	53.7961	24.2411
722.0	41.0265	22.3532	722.0	53.8427	24.1451
723.0	41.0237	22.3875	723.0	53.8527	24.3129
724.0	41.0998	22.3204	724.0	53.7961	24.2674
725.0	41.0277	22.3762	725.0	53.7948	24.2293
726.0	41.0170	22.3877	726.0	53.8093	24.1816
727.0	41.0136	22.3909	727.0	53.8679	24.2114
728.0	41.0157	22.2962	728.0	53.8612	24.1106
729.0	41.0387	22.3663	729.0	53.7653	24.2761
730.0	41.0138	22.3170	730.0	53.7696	24.1629
731.0	40.9968	22.3532	731.0	53.7677	24.2960
732.0	41.0632	22.4166	732.0	53.8117	24.2144
733.0	41.0269	22.3136	733.0	53.7879	24.2517
734.0	41.0027	22.3331	734.0	53.8310	24.2750
735.0	41.0897	22.4365	735.0	53.8591	24.2226
736.0	41.0264	22.3031	736.0	53.7948	24.2283
737.0	41.0494	22.4126	737.0	53.7646	24.2720
738.0	41.0139	22.2658	738.0	53.8214	24.1934
739.0	41.0306	22.3767	739.0	53.8390	24.2369
740.0	41.0651	22.4094	740.0	53.7972	24.2101
741.0	41.0900	22.3387	741.0	53.8620	24.2727
742.0	41.0230	22.3276	742.0	53.8682	24.1675
743.0	41.0212	22.3571	743.0	53.8062	24.2674
744.0	41.0083	22.4315	744.0	53.8398	24.2121
745.0	41.0814	22.3994	745.0	53.8338	24.2468
746.0	41.1017	22.3263	746.0	53.7955	24.2478
747.0	41.0912	22.3313	747.0	53.8257	24.1676
748.0	41.0445	22.4180	748.0	53.8167	24.1740
749.0	41.0998	22.3101	749.0	53.7893	24.1369
750.0	41.0314	22.4027	750.0	53.8045	24.1496
751.0	41.0317	22.4049	751.0	53.8397	24.1896

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System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



Probe and dipole antenna List and Detail

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
APREL	Probe	ALS-E-020	500-00283	2014-10-14	2015-10-13
APREL	APREL Dipole antenna(750MHz)		177-00505	2013-10-08	2016-10-07

System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type		ed SAR Kg)	Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2015-07-13	750	Head	1g	8.527	8.500	0.318	±10
2013-07-13	750	Body	1g	8.725	8.540	2.166	±10

^{*}All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

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SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

System Performance Check 750 MHz Head Liquid

Dipole 750 MHz; Type: ALS-D-750-S-2; S/N: 177-00505

Product Data

Device Name : Dipole 750 MHz Serial No. : 177-00505 Type : Dipole

Model : ALS-D-750-S-2

Frequency Band : 750

Max. Transmit Pwr
Drift Time : 3 min(s)
Power Drift-Start : 8.605 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish
Power Drift (%) : 0.708

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni Type : Uni-Phantom Serial No. : System Default

Location : Center Description : Default

Phantom Data

Tissue Data

: Head Type Serial No. : 269-01008 Frequency : 750.0 MHz Last Calib. Date : 13-Jul-2015 : 20.00 °C Temperature Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C Humidity : 56.00 RH% : 41.94 F/m Epsilon Sigma : 0.92 S/m Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Name : E-Field Model : E-020

Type : E-Field Triangle Serial No. : 500-00283 Last Calib. Date : 14-Oct-2014

Frequency Band : 750 Duty Cycle Factor : 1 Conversion Factor : 6.0

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

Measurement Data

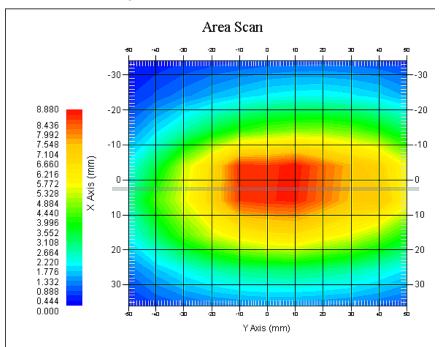
Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete Tissue Temp. : 21.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C

Area Scan : 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

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1 gram SAR value : 8.527 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 5.763 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 8.816 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 12.634 W/kg



750 MHz System Validation with Head Tissue

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Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

System Performance Check 750 MHz Body Liquid

Dipole 750 MHz; Type: ALS-D-750-S-2; S/N: 177-00505

Product Data

Device Name : Dipole 750 MHz Serial No. : 177-00505 Type : Dipole

Model : ALS-D-750-S-2

Frequency Band : 750

Max. Transmit Pwr : 1 W

Drift Time : 3 min(s)

Power Drift-Start : 8.803 W/kg

Power Drift-Finish : 8.669 W/kg

Power Drift (%) : -1.733

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni Type : Uni-Phantom Serial No. : System Default

Location : Center Description : Default

Phantom Data

Tissue Data

: Body Type 269-02107 Serial No. : 750.0 MHz Frequency Last Calib. Date : 13-Jul-2015 : 20.00 °C Temperature : 21.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 56.00 RH% Humidity : 54.59 F/m Epsilon Sigma : 0.98 S/m Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Name : E-Field Model : E-020

Type : E-Field Triangle Serial No. : 500-00283 Last Calib. Date : 14-Oct-2014

Frequency Band : 750 Duty Cycle Factor : 1 Conversion Factor : 5.5

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

Measurement Data

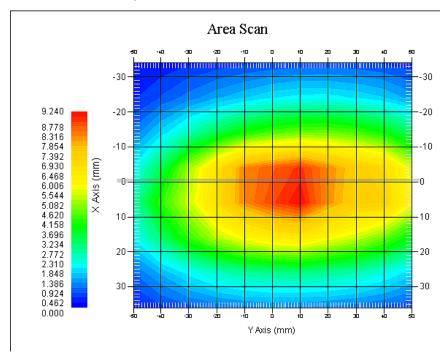
Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete Tissue Temp. : 21.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C

Area Scan : 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

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1 gram SAR value : 8.725 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 6.127 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 9.077 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 14.366 W/kg



750 MHz System Validation with Body Tissue

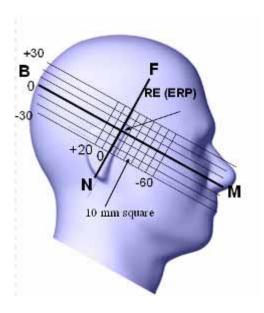
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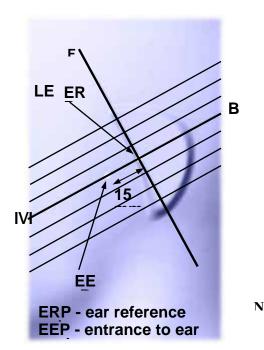
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¼ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:





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Cheek/Touch Position

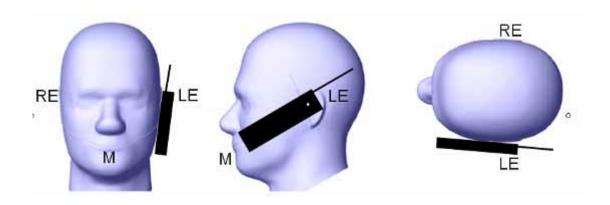
The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

- When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.
- o (or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

Cheek / Touch Position



Ear/Tilt Position

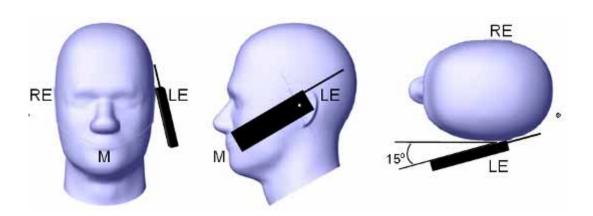
With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

- 1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.
- 2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point isby 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

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If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tilt/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

Ear /Tilt 15° Position



Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.



Figure 5 - Test positions for body-worn devices

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SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

- Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.
- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 35 mm x 35 mm x 35 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
 - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

Test methodology

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02.

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02.

KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01 KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03

KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r03

KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02

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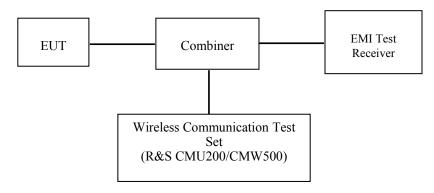
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through sufficient attenuation.



GSM/WCDMA/LTE

Radio Configuration

The power measurement was configured by the Wireless Communication Test Set CMU200 for all Radio configurations except the HSPA+/DC-HSDPA configured by E5515C.

GSM

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection: Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support $> \tilde{G}SM + only$

MS Signal

> 33 dBm for GSM 850

> 30 dBm for PCS 1900

BS Signal:Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz

Mode > BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level > -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe)

BCCH Channel >choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB

TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping >Off

AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

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GPRS

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection: Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support > GSM + GPRS or GSM + EGSM

Main Service > Packet Data

Service selection > Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off

MS Signal:Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of time slots and power setting

> Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma

> 33 dBm for GPRS 850

> 30 dBm for GPRS 1900

BS Signal: Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz

Mode >BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level >-85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe)

BCCH Channel > choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB

Slot Config > Unchanged (if already set under MS signal)

TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping >Off

Main Timeslot >3

Network: Coding Scheme > CS4 (GPRS)

Bit Stream > 2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream

AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

WCDMA Release 99

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT has a nominal maximum output power of 24dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

WCDMA	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1	
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC	
General Settings	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2	
	c / βd	8/15	

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HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	
	Subset	1	2	3	4	
	Loopback Mode			Test Mode		
	Rel99 RMC			12.2kbps RM	IC	
	HSDPA FRC			H-Set1		
WCDMA	Power Control Algorithm			Algorithm2	2	
WCDMA	c	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15	
General Settings	d	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15	
Settings	d (SF)			64		
	c/ d	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4	
	hs	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15	
	MPR(dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5	
	DACK			8		
	DNAK			8		
HSDPA	DCQI			8		
Specific	Ack-Nack repetition			3		
Settings	factor					
2 1111182	CQI Feedback	4ms				
	CQI Repetition Factor	2				
	Ahs= hs/ c			30/15		

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HSUPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	
	Subset	1	2	3	4	5	
	Loopback Mode			Test Mode 1			
	Rel99 RMC			2.2kbps RM	C		
	HSDPA FRC			H-Set1			
	HSUPA Test		HS	UPA Loopba	ack		
	Power Control	Power Control					
WCDM	Algorithm			Algorithm2			
A	С	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15	
General	d	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0	
Settings	ec	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	5/15	
	c/ d	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	-	
	hs	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15	
	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0	
	MPR(dB)	0	2	1	2	0	
	DACK	-		8	ı		
	DNAK			8			
	DCQI			8			
HSDPA	Ack-Nack repetition			2			
Specific	factor	3					
Settings	CQI Feedback			4ms			
	CQI Repetition			2			
	Factor			2			
	Ahs= hs/ c			30/15			
	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7	
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0	
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21	
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81	
	Associated Max UL	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9	
	Data Rate kbps	242.1	1/4.9	402.0	203.8	300.9	
			T 11 F	E WEGI	E TEC	NI 11 E	
		E-TFC		E-TFCI		CI 11 E	
HSUPA		E-TFC		11 E-TFCI		TPO 4	
Specific		E-TFO				CI 67	
Settings		E-TFCI E-TF		PO4 E-TFCI	E-1FC. E-TF	I PO 18	
g	Reference E FCls	E-TFC	-	92		I PO23	
	Reference E_Feis	E-TFC		E-TFCI		CI 75	
		E-TFC		PO 18		I PO26	
		E-TF		1010		CI 81	
		E-TFCI				I PO 27	
			~ -·			~ - <i>'</i>	

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LTE

For UE Power Class 1 and 3, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in Table 6.2.2-1due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1 and 3

Modulation	Cha	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N _{RB})						
	1.4	3.0	5	10	15	20		
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz		
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1	
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1	
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2	

For UE Power Class 1 and 3 the specific requirements and identified subclauses are specified in Table 6.2.4-1 along with the allowed A-MPR values that may be used to meet these requirements. The allowed A-MPR values specified below in Table 6.2.4-1 to 6.2.4-15 are in addition to the allowed MPR requirements specified in subclause 6.2.3.

Table 6.2.4-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR)

Network Signalling value	Requirements (subclause)	E-UTRA Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources Blocks (N _{RB})	A-MPR (dB)
NS_01	6.6.2.1.1	Table 5.5-1	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 5.6-1	N/A
			3	>5	≤1
		2, 4,10, 23, 25,	5	>6	≤1
NS_03	6.6.2.2.1	2, 4, 10, 23, 25, 35, 36	10	>6	≤ 1
		33, 30	15	>8	≤1
			20	>10	≤1
NS_04	6.6.2.2.2	41	5	>6	≤1
143_04		41	10, 15, 20		6.2.4-4
NS_05	6.6.3.3.1	1	10,15,20	≥ 50	≤1
NS_06	6.6.2.2.3	12, 13, 14, 17	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 5.6-1	N/A
NS_07	6.6.2.2.3 6.6.3.3.2	13	10	Table	6.2.4-2
NS_08	6.6.3.3.3	19	10, 15	> 44	≤ 3
NS 09	6.6.3.3.4	21	10, 15	> 40	≤1
140_09	0.0.3.3.4		10, 15	> 55	≤2
NS_10		20	15, 20	Table	6.2.4-3
NS_11	6.6.2.2.1	23	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20		6.2.4-5
NS_12	6.6.3.3.5	26	1.4, 3, 5	Table	6.2.4-6
NS_13	6.6.3.3.6	26	5		6.2.4-7
NS_14	6.6.3.3.7	26	10, 15	Table	6.2.4-8
NS_15	6.6.3.3.8	26	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15		6.2.4-9 6.2.4-10
NS_16	6.6.3.3.9	27	3, 5, 10		Table 6.2.4-12, 6.2.4-13
NS_17	6.6.3.3.10	28	5, 10	Table 5.6-1	N/A
NS 18	6.6.3.3.11	28	5	≥2	≤1
			10, 15, 20	≥1	≤ 4
NS_19	6.6.3.3.12	44	10, 15, 20	Table (6.2.4-14
NS_20	6.2.2 6.6.2.2.1 6.6.3.2	23	5, 10, 15, 20	Table (6.2.4-15
NS_32	-	-	-	-	-

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Maximum Output Power among production units

Max Target Power for Production Unit (dBm)							
M - 1 - /D 1		Channel					
Mode/Band	Low	Middle	High				
LTE Band 17	23.80	23.80	23.80				

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Test Results:

LTE Band 17:

BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size&	Ave Tx Power (dBm)				
		Resource Block Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	23.61	23.76	23.71		
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=12	23.38	22.83	22.90		
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	23.24	22.78	22.97		
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=0	23.04	23.71	23.09		
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=6	23.15	22.15	22.08		
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=11	22.63	22.69	22.26		
5M		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	23.22	22.78	22.37		
3101	16QAM	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	22.86	22.94	22.84		
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=12	22.70	22.31	21.88		
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	22.37	22.53	22.18		
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=0	22.64	22.58	22.36		
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=6	21.75	21.75	21.45		
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=11	21.77	22.14	21.74		
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	22.02	22.27	21.15		
	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	23.65	23.73	23.59		
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	22.89	23.35	22.92		
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	23.10	23.00	23.42		
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	23.28	23.13	22.66		
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=12	22.53	22.75	22.33		
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=24	22.15	22.86	22.44		
10M		RB Size=50, RB Offset=0	22.39	22.61	21.97		
TOIVI	16QAM	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	22.70	22.81	22.74		
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	22.16	22.05	22.69		
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	21.81	21.95	22.05		
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	22.13	21.82	22.52		
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=12	21.79	21.44	21.87		
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=24	21.99	21.58	22.41		
		RB Size=50, RB Offset=0	21.33	21.49	21.75		

Note:

- 1. SAR for LTE band exposure configurations is measured according to the procedures of KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02.
- 2. The CMW500 Wideband Radio Communication tester is used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control is used to keep the radio transmitters the max output power during the test.
- 3. KDB941225D05v02- SAR for higher order modulation is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg

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SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	21-24			
Relative Humidity:	50-53 %			
ATM Pressure:	1001-1002 mbar			

Testing was performed by Terry XiaHou on 2015-07-13

LTE Band 17:

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Left Head Cheek	709	1RB,0ffset=0	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	710	1RB,0ffset=0	-1.162	23.73	23.80	1.016	0.144	0.146	/
	711	1RB,0ffset=0	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	709	50% RB,offset=0	1.964	23.28	23.80	1.127	0.131	0.148	/
Left Head Tilt	709	1RB,0ffset=0	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	710	1RB,0ffset=0	1.932	23.73	23.80	1.016	0.103	0.105	/
	711	1RB,0ffset=0	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	709	50% RB,offset=0	-0.922	23.28	23.80	1.127	0.077	0.087	/
Right Head Cheek	709	1RB,0ffset=0	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	710	1RB,0ffset=0	-2.038	23.73	23.80	1.016	0.155	0.158	1#
	711	1RB,0ffset=0	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	709	50% RB,offset=0	-1.711	23.28	23.80	1.127	0.126	0.142	/
Right Head Tilt	709	1RB,0ffset=0	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	710	1RB,0ffset=0	-2.807	23.73	23.80	1.016	0.092	0.093	/
	711	1RB,0ffset=0	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	709	50% RB,offset=0	2.642	23.28	23.80	1.127	0.083	0.094	/

Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. SAR for LTE band exposure configurations is measured according to the procedures of KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02.
- 3. KDB941225D05- SAR for higher order modulation is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg
- 4. KDB941225D05- For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, when the reported SAR measured for the Highest output power channel is <1.45 W/kg, tests for the remaining required test channels are optional.

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- 5.KDB941225D05- For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are 0.8 W/kg.
- 6. KDB941225D05- Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offset the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 7. Worst case SAR for 50% RB allocation is selected to be tested.

Mobile Hot-Spot Test Result

The DUT is capable of functioning as a Wi-Fi to Cellular Mobile hotspot. Additional SAR testing was performed according to KDB 941225 D06. Testing was performed with a separation of 1cm between the DUT and the flat phantom. The DUT was positioned for SAR tests with the front and back surfaces facing the phantom, and also with the edges facing the phantom in which the transmitting antenna is <2.5 cm from the edge. Each transmit band was utilized for SAR testing. The tested mode has been selected within each band that exhibits the highest time average output power.

LTE Band 17:

EUT	Enggueney		Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR	(W/Kg)	
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Drift (%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	709	1RB,0ffset=0	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back	710	1RB,0ffset=0	1.461	23.73	23.80	1.016	0.236	0.240	2#
(10mm)	711	1RB,0ffset=0	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	709	50% RB,offset=0	2.074	23.28	23.80	1.127	0.212	0.239	/
	709	1RB,0ffset=0	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Left	710	1RB,0ffset=0	-0.830	23.73	23.80	1.016	0.133	0.135	/
(10mm)	711	1RB,0ffset=0	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	709	50% RB,offset=0	2.333	23.28	23.80	1.127	0.120	0.135	/
	709	1RB,0ffset=0	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body- Right	710	1RB,0ffset=0	2.267	23.73	23.80	1.016	0.157	0.160	/
(10mm)	711	1RB,0ffset=0	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	709	50% RB,offset=0	0.726	23.28	23.80	1.127	0.133	0.150	/
	709	1RB,0ffset=0	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-	710	1RB,0ffset=0	-1.687	23.73	23.80	1.016	0.081	0.082	/
Bottom (10mm)	711	1RB,0ffset=0	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
()	709	50% RB,offset=0	-1.561	23.28	23.80	1.127	0.065	0.073	/

Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. SAR for LTE band exposure configurations is measured according to the procedures of KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02.
- 3. KDB941225D05- SAR for higher order modulation is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg
- 4. KDB941225D05- For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, when the reported SAR measured for the Highest output power channel is <1.45 W/kg, tests for the remaining required test channels are optional.
- 5.KDB941225D05- For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are 0.8 W/kg.
- 6. KDB941225D05- Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offset the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 7. Worst case SAR for 50% RB allocation is selected to be tested.

SAR Plots (Summary of the Highest SAR Values)

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

LTE FDD Band17; Right-Head-Cheek (710 MHz Middle Channel);

Measurement Data

Test mode : RB1 Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type: : Complete

Area Scan : 8x11x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.002 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.002 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -2.038

Tissue Data

 Type
 : Head

 Frequency
 : 710 MHz

 Epsilon
 : 41.11 F/m

 Sigma
 : 0.88 S/m

 Density
 : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

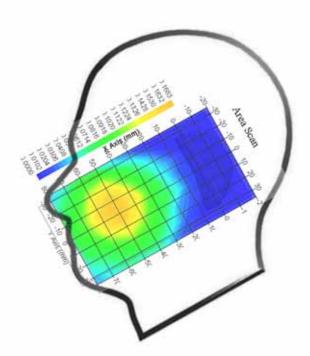
Serial No. : 500-00283
Frequency Band : 750
Duty Cycle Factor : 1
Conversion Factor : 6.0

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.155 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.103 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.162 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.251 W/kg

Plot 1#



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Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

LTE FDD Band17; Body-Worn-Back (710 MHz Middle Channel);

Measurement Data

Test mode : 1RB
Crest Factor : 1
Scan Type : : Complete

Area Scan : 8x11x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.211 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.214 W/kg Power Drift (%) : 1.461

Tissue Data

 Type
 : Body

 Frequency
 : 710 MHz

 Epsilon
 : 53.80 F/m

 Sigma
 : 0.96 S/m

 Density
 : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

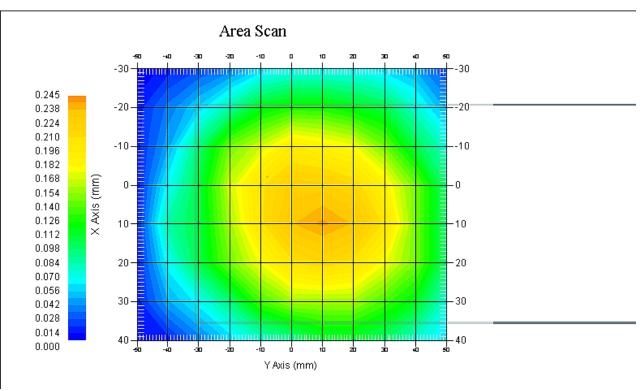
Serial No. : 500-00283
Frequency Band : 750
Duty Cycle Factor : 1
Conversion Factor : 5.5

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.236 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.182 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.240 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.393 W/kg

Plot 2#



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APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

According to **IEEE1528:2013**, the uncertainty budget has been determined for the Head SAR measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c _i ¹ (1-g)	c _i ¹ (10-g)	Standard Uncertainty (1-g) %	Standard Uncertainty (10-g) %
		Measure	ment Syst	em			
Probe Calibration	3.5	normal	1	1	1	3.5	3.5
Axial Isotropy	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-cp)^{1/2}$	$(1-cp)^1$	1.5	1.5
Hemispherical Isotropy	10.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	√ср	√ср	4.4	4.4
Boundary Effect	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0
Response Time	0.8	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Integration Time	1.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0
RF Ambient Condition -Noise	0.6	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3
RF Ambient Condition - Reflections	3.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner Mech. Restrictions	0.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Extrapolation and Integration	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.1	2.1
		Test sar	nple relate	ed			
Test sample positioning	2.0	normal	1	1	1	2.0	2.0
Device Holder Uncertainty	4.0	normal	1	1	1	6.215	6.215
Drift of Output Power	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.67	2.67
		Phantoi	n and Setu	ıp			
Phantom Uncertainty	3.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.0	2.0
SAR correction in permittivity and conductivity	1.2	normal	1	1	0.85	1.2	1.0
Liquid conductivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.9	3.6
Liquid permittivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.25	0.29	1.3	1.5
conductivity—temperat ure	1.1	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.5	0.5
permittivity—temperatu re	1.3	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.23	0.2	0.2
Combined Uncertainty		RSS				10.78	10.55
Expanded uncertainty (coverage factor=2)		Normal(k=2)				21.56	21.10

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According to IEC62209-2:2010, the uncertainty budget has been determined for the Body SAR measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c _i ¹ (1-g)	c _i ¹ (10-g)	Standard Uncertainty (1-g) %	Standard Uncertainty (10-g) %
		Measure	ment Syst	em			
Probe Calibration	3.5	normal	1	1	1	3.5	3.5
Axial Isotropy	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5
Boundary Effect	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0
Response Time	0.8	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Integration Time	1.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0
RF Ambient Condition -Noise	0.6	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3
RF Ambient Condition - Reflections	3.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner Mech. Restrictions	0.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Extrapolation and Integration	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.1	2.1
		Test sar	nple relate	ed	1		T
Test sample positioning	2.0	normal	1	1	1	2.0	2.0
Device Holder Uncertainty	4.0	normal	1	1	1	6.215	6.215
Drift of Output Power	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.67	2.67
		Phantor	n and Setu	up			
Phantom Uncertainty	3.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.0	2.0
SAR correction in permittivity and conductivity	1.2	normal	1	1	0.84	1.2	1.0
Liquid conductivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.9	3.6
Liquid permittivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.23	0.26	1.3	1.5
conductivity—temperat ure	1.1	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.5	0.5
permittivity—temperatu re	1.3	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.2	0.2
Combined Uncertainty Expanded uncertainty		RSS			-	9.58	9.49
(coverage factor=2)		Normal(k=2)				19.16	18.98

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APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No.: PC-1598

Task No: BACL-5778

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

> Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe Record of Calibration Head and Body Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories Model No.: E-020 Serial No.: 500-00283

Calibration Procedure: D01-032-E020-V2, D22-012-Tissue, D28-002-Dipole

Project No: BACL-5745

Calibrated: 14th October 2014 Released on: 14th October 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr. OTTAWA, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613) 435-8306

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Division of APREL Inc.

Introduction

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the references listed below. Calibration is performed using accepted methodologies as per the references listed below. Probes are calibrated for air, and tissue and the values reported are the results from the physical quantification of the probe through meteorgical practices.

Calibration Method

Probes are calibrated using the following methods.

<1000MHz

TEM Cell for sensitivity in air

Standard phantom using temperature transfer method for sensitivity in tissue

>1000MHz

Waveguide* method to determine sensitivity in air and tissue

*Waveguide is numerically (simulation) assessed to determine the field distribution and power

The boundary effect for the probe is assessed using a standard flat phantom where the probe output is compared against a numerically simulated series of data points

References

- IEEE Standard 1528
 - IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
- o EN 62209-1
 - Human Exposure to RF Fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices Human models. instrumentation, and procedures-Part 1: Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held mobile wireless devices
- o IEC 62209-2
 - Human exposure to RF fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless devices Human models, instrumentation, and procedures Part 2: specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices (30 MHz 6 GHz)
- o TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

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This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

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Division of APREL Inc.

Conditions

Probe 500-00283 was a recalibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: $22 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ +/= $1.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Temperature of the Tissue: $21 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ +/- $1.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Relative Humidity: < 60%

Primary Measurement Standards

 Instrument
 Serial Number
 Cal due date

 Tektronix USB Power Meter
 11C940
 May 14, 2015

 Signal Generator HP 83640B
 3844A00689
 Feb 12, 2015

Secondary Measurement Standards

Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C 002106 Feb. 20, 2015

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Dan Brooks, Test Engineer

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This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

SAR Evaluation Report 44 of 70

Division of APREL Inc.

Probe Summary

Probe Type: E-Field Probe E020

Serial Number: 500-00283

Frequency: As presented on page 5

1.56 Sensor Offset: Sensor Length: 2.5

Tip Enclosure: Composite* Tip Diameter: < 2.9 mm Tip Length: 55 mm **Total Length:** 289 mm

*Resistive to recommended tissue recipes per IEEE-1528

Sensitivity in Air

Channel X: Channel Y: 1.2 μV/(V/m)² 1.2 μV/(V/m)² 1.2 μV/(V/m)² Channel Z:

Diode Compression Point: 95 mV

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This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

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NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Inc.

Calibration for Tissue (Head H. Body B)

Frequency	Tissue Type	Measured Epsilon	Measured Sigma	Standard Uncertainty (%)	Calibration Frequency Range (MHz)	Conversion Factor
450 H	Head	43.59	0.86	3.5	±50	5.7
450 B	Body	56.74	0.94	3.5	±50	5.8
750 H	Head	42.98	0.92	3.5	±50	6.0
750 B	Body	43.05	0.93	3.5	±50	5.5
835 H	Head	43.42	0.94	3.5	±50	5.9
835 B	Body	55.77	1.01	3.5	±50	5.9
900 H	Head	41.87	1.06	3.5	±50	6.0
900 B	Body	55.62	1.05	3.5	±50	5.9
1450 H	Head	X	×	X	×	х
1450 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1500 H	Head	X	X	X	X	Х
1500 B	Body	X	X	X	×	х
1640 H	Head	X	X	×	X	X
1640 B	Body	X	X	X	×	X
1750 H	Head	38.23	1.38	3.5	±75	5.4
1750 B	Body	52.86	1.54	3.5	±75	5.3
1800 H	Head	×	X	X	X	X
1800 B	Body	Х	X	X	X	X
1900 H	Head	40.20	1.38	3.5	±75	4.8
1900 B	Body	52.63	1.46	3.5	±75	4.5
2000 H	Head	X	X	×	X	X
2000 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
2100 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
2100 B	Body	×	X	×	×	×
2300 H	Head	X	×	×	X	×
2300 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
2450 H	Head	37.26	1.84	3.5	±75	4.9
2450B	Body	53.61	1.9	3.5	±75	4.3
3000 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
3000 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
3600 H	Head	37.49	3.16	3.5	±100	4.5
3600 B	Body	49.94	3.86	3.5	±100	4.0
5250 H	Head	35.51	4.78	3.5	±100	3.0
5250 B	Body	47.54	5.11	3.5	±100	2.8
5600 H	Head	36.05	5.15	3.5	±100	2.8
5600 B	Body	46.49	5.72	3.5	±100	2.2
5800 H	Head	45.99	6.01	3.5	±100	3.2
5800 B	Body	35.6	5.37	3.5	±100	2.5

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Division of APREL Inc.

Boundary Effect:

Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2.1% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 0.58mm.

Report No: RSZ150706008-20B

Spatial Resolution:

The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe. The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe.

DAQ-PAQ Contribution

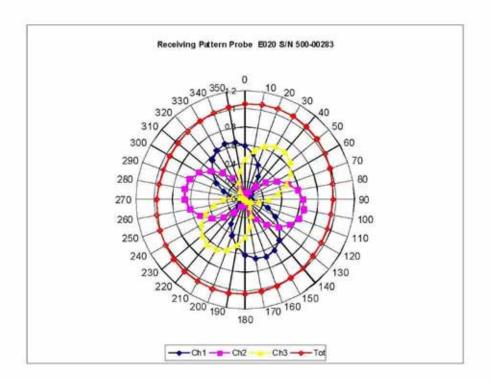
To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of 5 M Ω .

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Division of APREL Inc.

Receiving Pattern Air

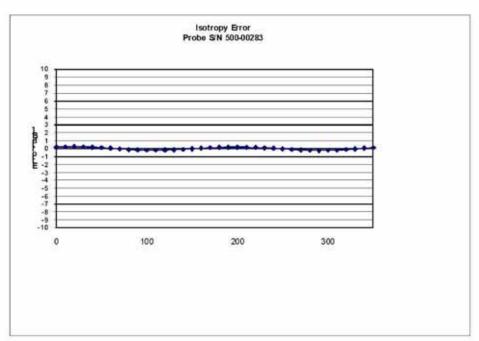


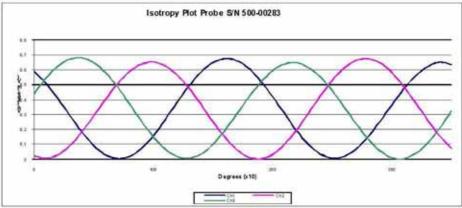
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NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Inc.

Isotropy Error Air





Isotropicity Tissue:

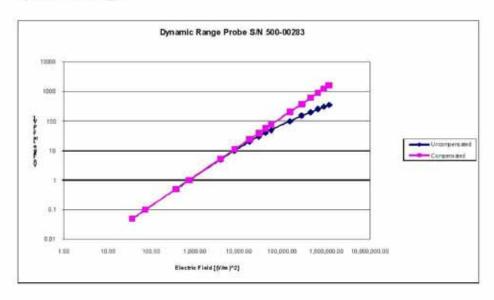
0.10 dB

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Division of APREL Inc.

Dynamic Range

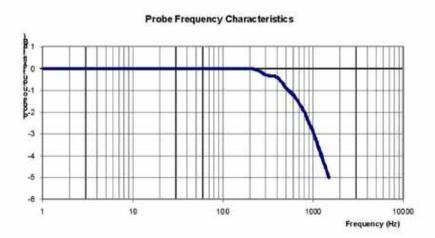


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Division of APREL Inc.

Video Bandwidth



Video Bandwidth at 500 Hz 1 dB Video Bandwidth at 1.02 KHz: 3 dB

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2014.

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APPENDIX C DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No: DC-1532 Project Number: BACL-5745

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories Part number: ALS-D-750-S-2 Frequency: 750 MHz Serial No: 177-00505

Customer: BACL

Calibrated: 8th of October 2013 Released on: 8th of October 2013

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

303 Terry Fox Drive, Suite 102 Kanata, Ontario CANADA K2K3J1 Division of APREL TEL: (613) 435-8300

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Conditions

Dipole 177-00505 was a new calibration, removed from stock.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this device has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within this report has been reviewed for accuracy.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Dan Brooks, Test Engineer

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

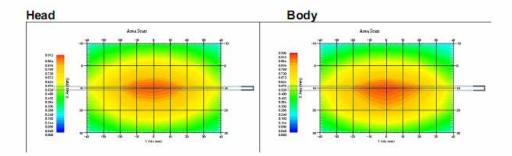
Length: 180.2 mm **Height:** 97.0 mm

Electrical Calibration

Test	Result Head	Result Body
S11 R/L	-27.621 dB	-21.672 dB
SWR	1.106 U	1.201 U
Impedance	52.505 Ω	55.933 Ω

System Validation Results

Frequency 750 MHz	1 Gram	10 Gram	
Head	8.5	54.0	
Body	8.54	5.42	



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Division of APREL Laboratories

Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 177-00505. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 130 MHz to 26 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 2225.

References

- SSI-TP-018-ALSAS Dipole Calibration Procedure
- SSI-TP-016 Tissue Calibration Procedure
- IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"
- IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
- Part 1: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for handheld devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)"
- IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
- Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for handheld devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"
- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Draft Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

Conditions

Dipole 177-00505 was a new calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 20 °C +/- 0.5°C

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Division of APREL Laboratories,

Dipole Calibration Results

Mechanical Verification

APREL	APREL	Measured	Measured
Length	Height	Length	Height
180.0 mm	97.8 mm	180.2 mm	97.0 mm

Tissue Validation

Tissue 750MHz	Measured Head	Measured Body
Dielectric constant, ε _r	42.7	56.6
Conductivity, o [S/m]	0.85	0.94

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical1%Positioning Error1.22%Electrical1.7%Tissue2.2%Dipole Validation2.2%

TOTAL 8.32% (16.64% K=2)

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Electrical Calibration

Test	Result Head	Result Body
S11 R/L	-27.621 dB	-21.672 dB
SWR	1.106 U	1.201 U
Impedance	52.505 Ω	55.933 Ω

The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

S11 Parameter Return Loss

HEAD





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Division of APREL Laboratories.

SWR



Body

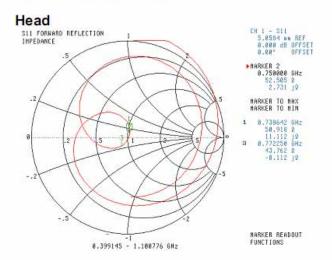


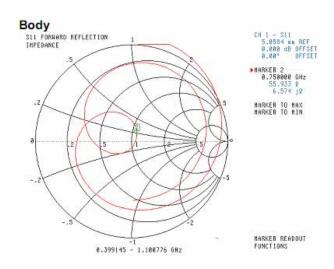
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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Smith Chart Dipole Impedance





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Division of APREL Laboratories,

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2013.

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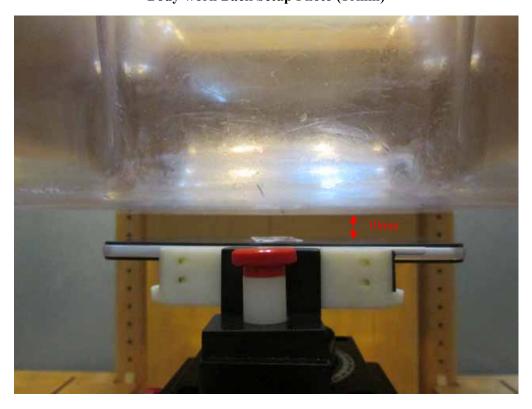
Report No: RSZ150706008-20B

APPENDIX D EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS



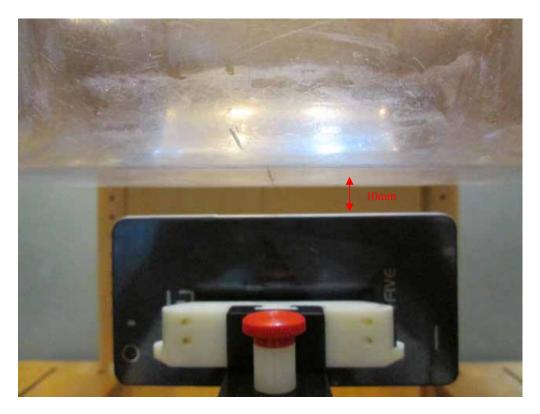


Body-worn Back Setup Photo (10mm)

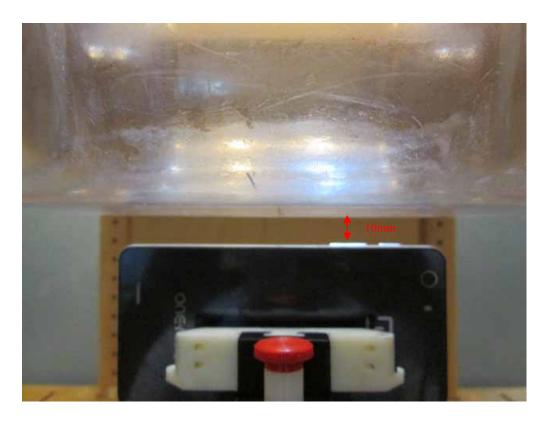


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Body-worn Left Setup Photo (10mm)



Body-worn Right Setup Photo (10mm)

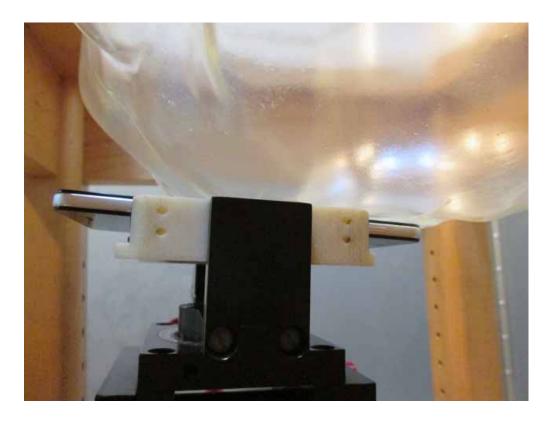


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Body-worn Bottom Setup Photo (10mm)

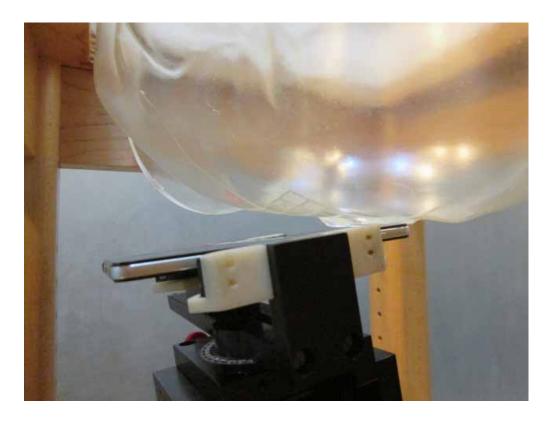


Left Head Touch Setup Photo

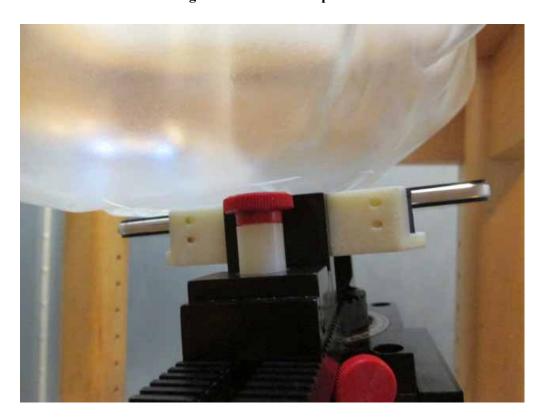


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Left Head Tilt Setup Photo

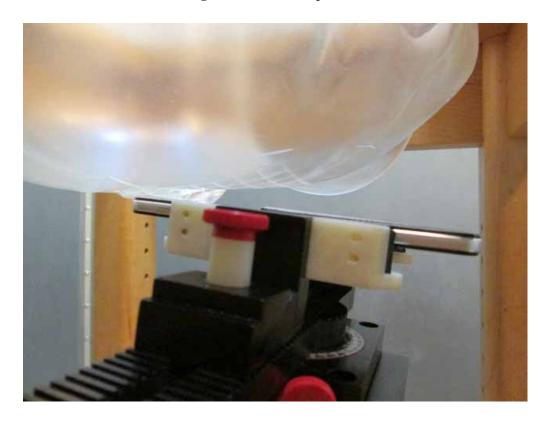


Right Head Touch Setup Photo



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Right Head Tilt Setup Photo



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APPENDIX E EUT PHOTOS

EUT – Front View



EUT – Back View



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EUT –Left Side View



EUT – Right Side View



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EUT - Top View



EUT – Bottom View



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EUT – Uncover View



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APPENDIX F INFORMATIVE REFERENCES

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- [2] David L. Means Kwok Chan, Robert F. Cleveland, \Evaluating compliance with FCC guidelines for human exposure to radiofrequency electromagnetic fields", Tech. Rep., Federal Communication Commission, O ce of Engineering & Technology, Washington, DC, 1997.
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- [6] ANSI, ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz, The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, NY 10017, 1992.
- [7] Katja Pokovic, Thomas Schmid, and Niels Kuster, \Robust setup for precise calibration of E-field probes in tissue simulating liquids at mobile communications frequencies", in ICECOM _ 97, Dubrovnik, October 15 {17, 1997, pp. 120-24.
- [8] Katja Pokovic, Thomas Schmid, and Niels Kuster, \E-field probe with improved isotropy in brain simulating liquids", in Proceedings of the ELMAR, Zadar, Croatia, 23 {25 June, 1996, pp. 172-175.
- [9] Volker Hombach, Klaus Meier, Michael Burkhardt, Eberhard K. uhn, and Niels Kuster, \The dependence of EM energy absorption upon human head modeling at 900 MHz", IEEE Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 44, no. 10, pp. 1865-1873, Oct. 1996.
- [10] Klaus Meier, Ralf Kastle, Volker Hombach, Roger Tay, and Niels Kuster, \The dependence of EM energy absorption upon human head modeling at 1800 MHz", IEEE Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques, Oct. 1997, in press.
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- [13] NIS81 NAMAS, \The treatment of uncertainty in EMC measurement", Tech. Rep., NAMAS Executive, National Physical Laboratory, Teddington, Middlesex, England, 1994.
- [14] Barry N. Taylor and Christ E. Kuyatt, \Guidelines for evaluating and expressing the uncertainty of NIST measurement results", Tech. Rep., National Institute of Standards and Technology, 1994. Dosimetric Evaluation of Sample device, month 1998 10.

***** END OF REPORT *****

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