## RF Exposure evaluation

According to 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] • [ $\sqrt{f(GHz)}$ ]  $\leq 3.0$ 

for 1-g SAR and  $\leq$  7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{f}}(\mathsf{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison Worse case is as below:

| Mode  | Max. tune up | Frequency | Result | Limit |
|---|--------------|-----------|--------|-------|
|   | Power(dBm)   | (MHz)     |        |       |
| WIFI  | 9.5          | 2412      | 2.77   | 3.0   |
| BT  | 6.5          | 2480      | 1.41   | 3.0   |
| BLE   | -3           | 2480      | 0.16   | 3.0   |
| The transmitters cannot transmit signals simultaneously |              |           |        |       |

the max. tune up power for WIFI is  $8.5\pm1$ dBm, for BT is  $6\pm0.5$ dBm, and for BLE is  $-4\pm1$ dBm, therefore, the worst evaluation si 2.77 <3.0 for 1-g SAR, Then SAR evaluation is not required.