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Project Number: 15E5599-2a

Prepared for:

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By

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FCC Site Registration: 92592

Industry Canada Assigned Site Code: 8517A-2

FCC ID: 2AFILTRNRMT1

IC: 2703-TRNRMT1

Date

6th Nov 2015

FCC EQUIPMENT AUTHORISATION

Test Report

EUT Description

Remote control

Authorised:

John McAuley

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RF Exposure Exhibit – Technical Report

1.0 SAR Evaluation FCC

SAR Exclusion Limits

Excerpt from 447498 KDB (47498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02)

Section 4.3.1 Standalone SAR Test exclusion considerations

4.3.1. Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

1) The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, 25 where

- $f_{(GHz)}$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation ²⁶
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds in the step 2 below

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum *test separation distance* is ≤ 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum *test separation distance* is ≤ 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 5) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

- 2) At 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for *test separation distances* > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following, and as illustrated in Appendix B:²⁷
 - a) [Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm)·($f_{(MHz)}/150$)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
 - b) [Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm)·10] mW at > 1500 MHz and < 6 GHz
- 3) At frequencies below 100 MHz, the following may be considered for SAR test exclusion, and as illustrated in Appendix C:²⁸
 - a) The power threshold at the corresponding test separation distance at 100 MHz in step 2) is multiplied by $[1 + \log(100/f_{(MHz)})]$ for test separation distances > 50 mm and < 200 mm
 - b) The power threshold determined by the equation in a) for 50 mm and 100 MHz is multiplied by $\frac{1}{2}$ for test separation distances \leq 50 mm
 - c) SAR measurement procedures are not established below 100 MHz. When SAR test exclusion cannot be applied, a KDB inquiry is required to determine SAR evaluation requirements for any test results to be acceptable.

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1.1 Extremity SAR

Prediction frequency: f	2.466	GHz
Maximum power of channel : P	0.12	mW
Minimum separation distance: D	5	mm
Calculation	0.04	
Numeric Threshold for 10g SAR	7.5	
SAR Test not required		
Estimated SAR Value [0.04/7.5]*0.08	0	W/Kg

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2.0 SAR Evaluation IC

RSS102 Issue 5 Section 2.5.1 Exemption Limits for Routine Evaluation — SAR Evaluation

Note the Radiated field strength was measured at 3 metres distance and the conversion formula below was used to determine the EIRP in dBm

$$EIRP (dBm) = E_{3m} (dBuV/m) - 95.2$$

Prediction frequency:	2466	MHz
EIRP Peak	-9.1	dBm
Time Averaging Factor	0.00	dB
Tune up factor	0	dB
Minimum separation distance: D	5	mm
EIRP Peak	0.12	mW
Exemption limit for Routine Evaluation SAR :	9.92	mW
Extremity; General pop/Uncontrolled		
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Test Result : Exempt from SAR Evaluation		