# SAR TEST REPORT

For

GL Technologies (Hong Kong) Limited

Portable 4G LTE Router

Test Model: GL-E750C4

Prepared for : GL Technologies (Hong Kong) Limited

: FLAT/RM 103B, Enterprise Place 5W Science Park, Shatin, Address

N.T. Hong Kong

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October 18, 2019 Date of receipt of test sample

Number of tested samples

Serial number : Prototype

Date of Test October 18, 2019~October 30, 2019

Date of Report : November 18, 2019 **SAR TEST REPORT** 

Report Reference No. .....: LCS191011018AEB

Date Of Issue .....: November 18, 2019

Testing Laboratory Name.....: Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Address .....: 1/F., Xingyuan Industrial Park, Tongda Road, Bao' an Avenue,

Bao' an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Testing Location/ Procedure......: Full application of Harmonised standards ■

Partial application of Harmonised standards

Other standard testing method

Applicant's Name.....: GL Technologies (Hong Kong) Limited

Address .....: FLAT/RM 103B, Enterprise Place 5W Science Park, Shatin, N.T.

Hong Kong

**Test Specification:** 

Standard .....: IEEE Std C95.1, 2005& IEEE Std 1528<sup>TM</sup>-2013&FCC Part 2.1093

Test Report Form No. ....: LCSEMC-1.0

TRF Originator .....: Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Master TRF....: Dated 2014-09

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Test Item Description. ..... Portable 4G LTE Router

Trade Mark .....: GL-iNET

Model/Type Reference .....: GL-E750C4

WCDMA Band II/V/IV;

Operation Frequency .....: LTE Band2/4/5/12/13/14;

WLAN2.4G, WLAN5.2G,SRD5.8G

Modulation Type .....: Refer to page 7

DC 3.7V by Rechargeable Li-Polymer Battery(7200mAh)

Ratings : Recharged by 5V/2A Charger

Result .....: Positive

Compiled by:

Cherrie Way

Supervised by:

Approved by:

Cherrie Wang/ File administrators

Jin Wang / Technique principal

Gavin Liang/ Manager

# **SAR -- TEST REPORT**

Test Report No.: LCS191011018AEB November 18, 2019
Date of issue

Test Model..... : GL-E750C4 EUT.....: Portable 4G LTE Router Applicant.....: : GL Technologies (Hong Kong) Limited Address.....: FLAT/RM 103B, Enterprise Place 5W Science Park, Shatin, N.T. Hong Kong Telephone.....: : / Fax.....: : / Manufacturer.....: Shenzhen Guanglianzhitong Tech Co., Ltd Address.....: Room 305-306, Skyworth Digital Building, Shiyan Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, China Telephone.....: : / Fax.....:: : / Factory.....: : / Address.....: : / Telephone.....: : / Fax.....: : /

Test Result	Positive
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The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.

It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

HENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD	FCC ID: 2AFIW-E750C4	Report No.: LCS191011018AEB

# **Revison History**

Revision Issue Date		Revisions	Revised By	
000	000 November 18, 2019		Gavin Liang	

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# 1.TEST STANDARDS AND TEST DESCRIPTION

### 1.1. Test Standards

<u>IEEE Std C95.1, 2005</u>: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 KHz to 300 GHz. It specifies the maximum exposure limit of 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

<u>IEEE Std 1528™-2013</u>: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

FCC Part 2.1093: Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices

KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance : Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

KDB648474 D04: Handset SAR v01r03: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets

KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz : SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

KDB865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

KDB248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR: SAR Guidance For leee 802.11 (Wi-Fi) Transmitters

KDB941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures: 3G SAR Meaurement Procedures

KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode: SAR Evaluation Procedures For Portable Devices With Wireless Router Capabilities

KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices: SAR Evaluation Considerations For LTE Devices

# 1.2. Test Description

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power . And Test device is identical prototype.

### 1.3. General Remarks

Date of receipt of test sample		October 18, 2019
Testing commenced on	:	October 18, 2019
Testing concluded on	:	October 30, 2019

# 1.4. Product Description

The GL Technologies (Hong Kong) Limited. Model: GL-E750C4 or the "EUT" as referred to in this report; more general information as follows, for more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.

	·
General Description	
Product Name:	Portable 4G LTE Router
Test Model:	GL-E750C4
Additional Model No.:	1
Modulation Type:	QPSK for UMTS; QPSK, 16QAM for LTE
Hardware Version:	V1.0
Software Version:	3.100
Power supply:	DC 3.7V by Rechargeable Li-Polymer Battery(7200mAh)
i ower suppry.	Recharged by 5V/2A Charger
Device category:	Portable Device
Exposure category:	General population/uncontrolled environment
EUT Type:	Prototype
Hotspot:	Supported, power not reduced when Hotspot open
VoIP	Supported

The EUT is WCDMA,LTE, Portable 4G LTE Router. the Portable 4G LTE Router is intended for speech and Multimedia Message Service (MMS) transmission. It is equipped with WCDMA Band II, Band IV, Band V, LTE Band 2, LTE Band 4, Band5, Band12, Band13,Band14, WiFi2.4G, WiFi2.4G and SRD5.8G camera functions. For more information see the following datasheet

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TEST	TING LABORATORY LTD FCC ID: 2AFIW-E750C4 Report No.: LCS191011018AEB		
Technical Characteristics			
UMTS			
Support Networks	WCDMA RMC12.2K,HSDPA,HSUPA		
Operation Band:	UMTS FDD Band II/V/IV		
Modulation Type:	QPSK for WCDMA/HSUPA/HSDPA		
Power Class:	Class 3		
WCDMA Release Version:	R8		
HSDPA Release Version:	Release 8		
HSUPA Release Version:	Release 7		
DC-HSUPA Release Version:	Not Supported		
LTE	1 Not Supported		
Support Band	LTE FDD band 2, 4, 5, 12, 13, 14		
Power Class:	Class 3		
Modulation Type:	QPSK/16QAM		
LTE Release Version:	Release 9		
VolTE	Not Support		
WIFI 2.4G	Not Support		
Frequency Range:	2412MHz ~ 2462MHz		
. , ,	11 channels for 20MHz bandwidth(2412MHz~2462MHz)		
Operation frequency: T1 channels for 20MHz bandwidth(2412MHz~2462MHz) 7 channels for 40MHz bandwidth(2422MHz~2452MHz)			
Type of Modulation:	IEEE 802.11b: DSSS(CCK,DQPSK,DBPSK); IEEE 802.11g/n: OFDM(64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)		
Channel separation:	5MHz		
Antenna Description	Internal antenna (Ant_1: 2.4G WIFI), 1.61dBi(max.) Internal antenna (Ant_2: 2.4G WIFI), 1.87dBi(max.)		
WIFI(5.2G Band)			
Frequency Range:	5180MHz ~ 5240MHz		
Channel Number:	4 Channels for 802.11a, 802.11n(HT20), 802.11ac(VHT20) 2 Channels for 802.11n(HT40), 802.11ac(VHT40) 1 Channels for 802.11ac(VHT80)		
Modulation Type:	802.11a/n/ac: OFDM		
Antenna Description:	Internal Antenna, 3.53dBi(Max.)		
SRD(5.8G Band)			
Frequency Range:	5745-5825MHz		
Channel Number:	5 channels for 20MHz bandwidth(5745-5825MHz)		
	2 channels for 40MHz bandwidth(5755~5795MHz)		
1	1 channels for 80MHz bandwidth(5775MHz)		
Modulation Type:	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac: OFDM		
Antenna Description:	Internal Antenna,3.53dBi(Max.)		

# 1.5. Statement of Compliance

The maximum of results of SAR found during testing for **GL-E750C4** are follows:

<Highest Reported standalone SAR Summary>

	Frequency Band	Hotspot (Report SAR <sub>1-</sub> <sub>g</sub> (W/kg)	Body-worn (Report SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	
		(Separation Distance 5mm)		
	WCDMA Band V	0.814	0.814	
	WCDMA Band IV	1.312	1.312	
PCE	WCDMA Band II	1.472	1.472	
	LTE Band 2	0.989	0.989	
	LTE Band 4	0.960	0.960	
	LTE Band 5	0.613	0.613	
	LTE Band 12	0.034	0.034	
	LTE Band 13	0.214	0.214	
	LTE Band 14	0.273	0.273	
DTS	WIFI2.4G Ant0	0.063	0.063	
DIS	WIFI2.4G Ant1	0.056	0.056	
NII	5GWLAN U-NI-1 Ant1	0.072	0.072	
	5GWLAN U-NI-3 Ant1	0.092	0.092	

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.

<Highest Reported simultaneous SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Classment Class	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)
Rody worn	PCE	1.555
Body-worn (hotspot open)	DTS	1.555
	NII	1.555

# 2.TEST ENVIRONMENT

# 2.1. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

Site Description

EMC Lab.

: FCC Registration Number is 254912.

Industry Canada Registration Number is 9642A-1. EMSD Registration Number is ARCB0108.

UL Registration Number is 100571-492. TUV SUD Registration Number is SCN1081. TUV RH Registration Number is UA 50296516-001.

NVLAP Accreditation Code is 600167-0. FCC Designation Number is CN5024.

CAB identifier: CN0071

### 2.2. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	18-25 ° C
Humidity:	40-65 %
_	
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar

### 2.3. SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)			
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)		
Spatial Average(averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4		
Spatial Peak(averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.6	8.0		
Spatial Peak(hands/wrists/ feet/anklesaveraged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0		

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

# 2.4. Equipments Used during the Test

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal Date	Due Date
1	PC	Lenovo	G5005	MY42081102	N/A	N/A
2	SAR Measurement system	SATIMO	4014_01	SAR_4014_01	N/A	N/A
3	Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY49072627	2019-06-11	2020-06-10
4	Multimeter	Keithley	MiltiMeter 2000	4059164	2018-11-15	2019-11-14
5	S-parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	US38432944	2018-11-15	2019-11-14
6	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	103818-1	2018-11-15	2019-11-14
7	E-Field PROBE	SATIMO	SSE2	SN 31/17 EPGO324	2019-10-08	2020-10-07
8	DIPOLE 750	SATIMO	SID 750	SN 07/14 DIP 0G750-302	2018-10-01	2021-09-30
9	DIPOLE 835	SATIMO	SID 835	SN 07/14 DIP 0G835-303	2018-10-01	2021-09-30
10	DIPOLE 1800	SATIMO	SID 1800	SN 07/14 DIP 1G800-301	2018-10-01	2021-09-30
11	DIPOLE 1900	SATIMO	SID 1900	SN 38/18 DIP 1G900-466	2018-09-01	2021-08-31
12	DIPOLE 2450	SATIMO	SID 2450	SN 07/14 DIP 2G450-306	2018-10-01	2021-09-30
13	DIPOLE 5000-6000	MVG	SWG5500	SN 49/16 WGA 43	2018-09-24	2021-09-23
14	COMOSAR OPENCoaxial Probe	SATIMO	OCPG 68	SN 40/14 OCPG68	2018-11-15	2019-11-14
15	SAR Locator	SATIMO	VPS51	SN 40/14 VPS51	2018-11-15	2019-11-14
16	Communication Antenna	SATIMO	ANTA57	SN 39/14 ANTA57	2018-11-15	2019-11-14
17	FEATURE PHONEPOSITIONING DEVICE	SATIMO	MSH98	SN 40/14 MSH98	N/A	N/A
18	DUMMY PROBE	SATIMO	DP60	SN 03/14 DP60	N/A	N/A
19	SAM PHANTOM	SATIMO	SAM117	SN 40/14 SAM117	N/A	N/A
20	Liquid measurement Kit	HP	85033D	3423A03482	2018-11-15	2019-11-14
21	Power meter	Agilent	E4419B	MY45104493	2019-06-11	2020-06-10
22	Power meter	Agilent	E4419B	MY45100308	2018-11-28	2019-11-27
23	Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY41495616	2018-11-28	2019-11-27
24	Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY41495234	2019-06-11	2020-06-10
25	Directional Coupler	MCLI/USA	4426-20	03746	2019-06-11	2020-06-10

#### Note:

- 1) Per KDB865664D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the test laboratory has adopted three year extended calibration interval. Each measured dipole is expected to evalute with following criteria at least on annual interval.
- a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated values;
- c) The most recent return-loss results, measued at least annually, deviates by no more than 20% from the previous measurement;
- d) The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually is within  $5\Omega$  from the provious measurement.
- 2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.

# 3.SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

# 3.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The OPENSAR system for performing compliance tests consist of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (KUKA) with controller and software.

KUKA Control Panel (KCP)

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with a Video Positioning System(VPS).

The stress sensor is composed with mechanical and electronic when the electronic part detects a change on the electro-mechanical switch, It sends an "Emergency signal" to the robot controller that to stop robot some moves

A computer operating Windows XP.

#### **OPENSAR** software

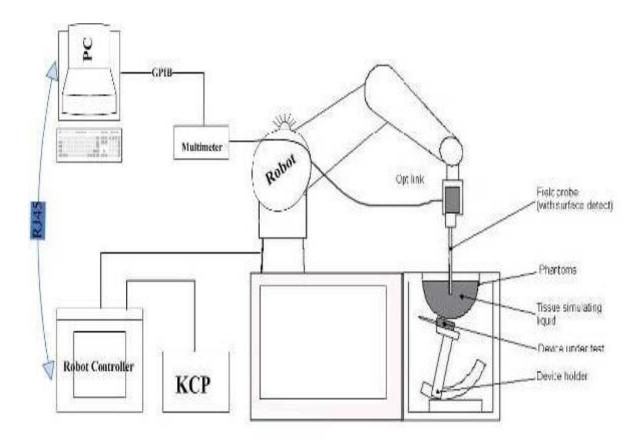
Remote control with teaches pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The SAM phantom enabling testing left-hand right-hand and body usage.

The Position device for handheld EUT

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes .

System validation dipoles to validate the proper functioning of the system.



# 3.2. OPENSAR E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EPGO324 (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

**Probe Specification** 

ConstructionSymmetrical design with triangular core

Interleaved sensors

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

CalibrationISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

Frequency 450 MHz to 6 GHz;

Linearity: 0.25dB(450 MHz to 6 GHz)

Directivity 0.25 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 0.01W/kg to > 100 W/kg;

Linearity: 0.25 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16mm)

Tip diameter: 5 mm (Body: 8 mm)

Distance from probe tip to sensor centers: 2.5 mm

Application General dosimetry up to 6 GHz

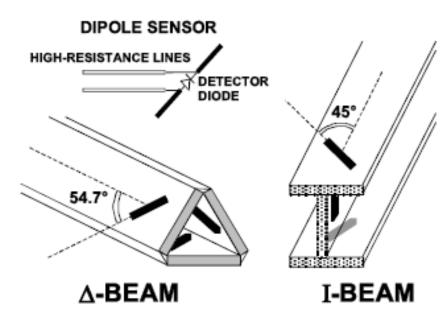
Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones



### Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

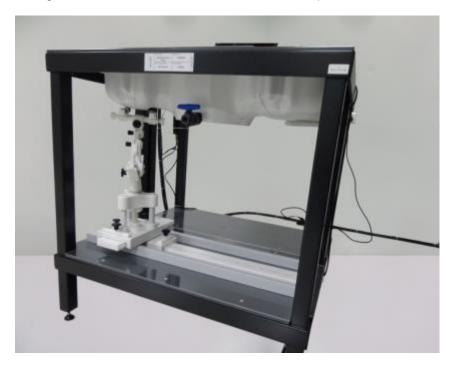
The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



### 3.3. Phantoms

The SAM Phantom SAM117 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is in compliance with the specification set in IEEE P1528 and CENELEC EN62209-1, EN62209-2:2010. The phantom enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of allpredefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robo

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



**SAM Twin Phantom** 

### 3.4. Device Holder

In combination with the Generic Twin PhantomSAM117, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatedly positioned according to the FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



Device holder supplied by SATIMO

# 3.5. Scanning Procedure

### The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps

#### Power Reference Measurement

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

#### Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

dania within a range of 2 ab will be absorbaned.							
	≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz					
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \text{ mm} \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$					
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°					
	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm					
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension measurement plane orientat above, the measurement rescorresponding x or y dimen at least one measurement po	ion, is smaller than the olution must be $\leq$ the sion of the test device with					

#### Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

Maximum zoom scan	spatial res	olution: Δx <sub>Zoom</sub> , Δy <sub>Zoom</sub>	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm*	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform	grid: Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n)	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}$ : $\leq 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}$ : $\leq 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}$ : $\leq 2 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	$\leq 4 \text{ mm}$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
	grid	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1) \text{ mm}$		
Minimum zoom x, y, z		$\geq 30 \; mm$	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm		

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

<sup>\*</sup> When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

#### Power Drift measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have OPENSAR software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

# 3.6. Data Storage and Evaluation

### **Data Storage**

The OPENSAR software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

#### **Data Evaluation**

The OPENSAR software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2

Conversion factor ConvFiDiode compression point Dcpi

Device parameters: - Frequency f

- Crest factor cf

Media parameters: - Conductivity  $\sigma$  - Density  $\rho$ 

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the OPENSAR components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Ui = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field dcpi = diode compression point

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E – fieldprobes : 
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

$${
m H-field probes}: \qquad H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot rac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$
 I of channel i (i = x, y, z)

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i

Normi = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

= sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes aij

= carrier frequency [GHz]

Εi = electric field strength of channel i in V/m = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m Ηi

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.  $SAR=E_{tot}^2\cdot\frac{\sigma}{\rho\cdot 1'000}$ 

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

> Etot = total field strength in V/m

= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] σ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

# 3.7. Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

### General considerations

This standard specifies two handset test positions against the head phantom - the "cheek" position and the "tilt" position.

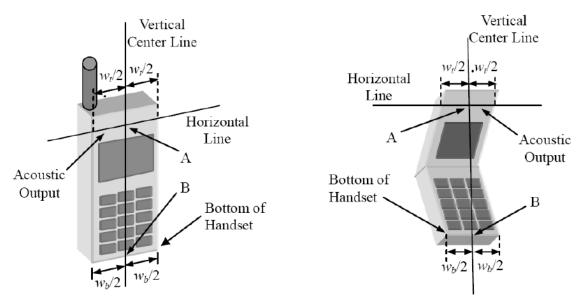
The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field

$$P_{\text{(pwe)}} = \frac{E_{\text{tot}}^2}{3770} \text{ or } P_{\text{(pwe)}} = H_{\text{tot}}^2.37.7$$

Where P<sub>pwe</sub>=Equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm2

E<sub>tot</sub>=total electric field strength in V/m

H<sub>tot</sub>=total magnetic field strength in A/m



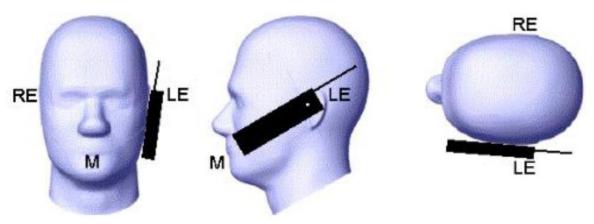
Wt Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic

W<sub>b</sub>Width of the bottom of the handset

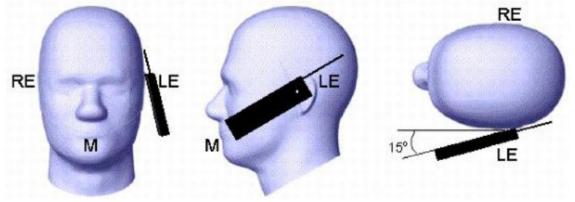
A Midpoint of the widthwoof the handset at the level of the acoustic output

B Midpoint of the width w<sub>b</sub> of the bottom of the handset

Picture 1-a Typical "fixed" case handset Picture 1-b Typical "clam-shell" case handset



Picture 2 Cheek position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM



Picture 3 Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

For body SAR test we applied to FCC KDB941225, KDB447498, KDB248227, KDB648654;

# 3.8. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The liquid is consisted of water,salt,Glycol,Sugar,Preventol and Cellulose.The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case.It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664.

The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

Ingredient	7501	ИНz	8351	ИНz	1800	MHz	1900	MHz	2450	MHz	2600	)MHz	5000	MHz
(% Weight)	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	39.28	51.3	41.45	52.5	54.5	40.2	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2	60.3	71.4	65.5	78.6
Preventol	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HEC	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	45.33	59.31	44.92	59.10	36.80	26.70	39.10	28.40	0.00	0.00
Triton X- 100	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	17.2	10.7

Target Frequency	He	ead	В	ody
(MHz)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	σ(S/m)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	σ(S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

# 3.9. Tissue equivalent liquid properties

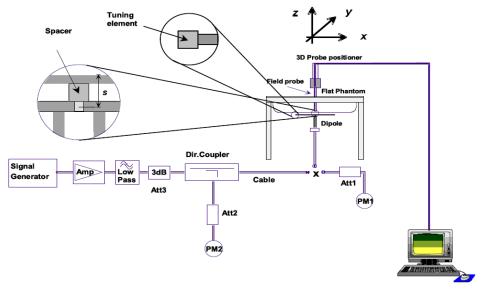
Dielectric Performance of Head and Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Test Eng	ineer: Haylie C	ao							
Tissue	Measured	Targe	t Tissue		Measure	d Tissue		Liquid	
Type	Frequency (MHz)	σ	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	σ	Dev.	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	Dev.	Temp.	Test Data
750B	750	0.99	56.57	0.96	-3.03%	56.15	-0.74%	22.3	10/18/2019
835B	835	0.97	55.20	0.99	2.06%	56.28	1.96%	22.5	10/21/2019
1800B	1800	1.52	53.30	1.47	-3.29%	53.44	0.26%	21.4	10/22/2019
1900B	1900	1.52	53.30	1.50	-1.32%	52.74	-1.05%	22.7	10/24/2019
2450B	2450	1.95	52.70	2.00	2.56%	52.10	-1.14%	21.2	10/28/2019
5200B	5200	5.30	49.01	5.22	-1.51%	49.57	1.14%	21.6	10/29/2019
5800B	5800	6.00	48.20	5.87	-2.17%	47.69	-1.06%	23.1	10/30/2019

# 3.10. System Check

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the decice test frequency. The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system ( $\pm 10$  %).



The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20 dBm (100mW) before dipole is connected.



Photo of Dipole Setup

### **Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations**

Referring to KDB 865664D01V01r04, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended. While calibration intervals not exceed 3 years.

SID750 SN 07/14 DIP 0G750-302 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-10-01	-34.80		50.7		1.6	
2019-10-01	-34.35	-1.29	51.2	0.5	1.5	-0.1

SID835 SN 07/14 DIP 0G835-303 Extend Dipole Calibrations

	Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
Ī	2018-10-01	-24.49		54.9		2.8	
ſ	2019-10-01	-24.17	-1.31	54.5	-0.4	2.6	-0.2

SID1800 SN 30/14 DIP 1G800-301 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-10-01	-20.26		43.1		6.9	
2019-10-01	-20.13	-0.64	42.9	-0.2	6.7	-0.2

SID1900 SN 38/18 DIP 1G900-466 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)				
2018-09-24	-26.43		50.5		4.7					
2019-09-24	-26.33	-0.38	50.2	-0.3	4.5	-0.2				

SID2450 SN 07/14 DIP 2G450-306 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-10-01	-25.59		44.7		-1.1	
2019-10-01	-25.68	0.35	44.8	0.1	-1.0	0.1

SID5200 SN 49/16 DIP WGA43 Extend Dipole Calibrations

	CIBO200 CIT 10/10 Bit W C/110 Exteria Bipole Galibrations										
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)					
2018-09-24	-8.59		19.38		13.50						
2019-09-24	-8.62	0.35	19.25	-0.13	13.47	-0.03					

SID5800 SN 49/16 DIP WGA43 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-09-24	-11.37		54.79		25.47	
2019-09-24	-11.42	0.44	54.68	-0.11	25.26	-0.21

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD	FCC ID: 2AFIW-E750C4	Report No.: LCS191011018AEB
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Mixture	Fraguanay		CAD	CAD	Drift	1W T	arget	Difference	percentage	Liquid	
Type	Frequency (MHz)	Power	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	SAR <sub>10g</sub> (W/kg)	(%)	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	SAR <sub>10g</sub> (W/kg)	1g	10g	Liquid Temp	Date
		100 mW	0.869	0.543							
Body	750	Normalize to 1 Watt	8.69	5.43	-0.01	8.49	5.55	2.36%	-2.16%	22.3	10/18/2019
		100 mW	0.977	0.628							
Body	835	Normalize to 1 Watt	9.77	6.28	-1.24	9.56	6.22	2.20%	0.96%	22.5	10/21/2019
		100 mW	3.862	2.024							
Body	1800	Normalize to 1 Watt	38.62	20.24	-3.01	38.40	20.10	0.57%	0.70%	21.4	10/22/2019
		100 mW	4.216	2.158							
Body	1900	Normalize to 1 Watt	42.16	21.58	4.87	39.70	20.50	6.20%	5.27%	22.7	10/24/2019
		100 mW	5.367	2.389							
Body	2450	Normalize to 1 Watt	53.67	23.89	-2.69	52.40	24.00	2.42%	-0.46%	21.2	10/28/2019
		100 mW	15.574	5.419							
Body	5200	Normalize to 1 Watt	155.74	54.19	-1.25	159.00	56.90	-2.05%	-4.76%	21.6	10/29/2019
		100 mW	18.451	6.127							
Body	5800	Normalize to 1 Watt	184.51	61.27	-0.23	181.20	61.50	1.83%	-0.37%	23.1	10/30/2019

#### Report No.: LCS191011018AEB

# 3.11. SAR measurement procedure

The measurement procedures are as follows:

### 3.11.1 Conducted power measurement

- a. For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- b. Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- c. For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously Transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- d. Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

### 3.11.2 GSM Test Configuration

SAR tests for GSM 850 and GSM 1900, a communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link. Using CMU200 the power level is set to "5" for GSM 850, set to "0" for GSM 1900. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslots is 4. the EGPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslots is 4.

SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. GSM voice and GPRS data use GMSK, which is a constant amplitude modulation with minimal peak to average power difference within the time-slot burst. For EDGE, GMSK is used for MCS 1 – MCS 4 and 8-PSK is used for MCS 5 – MCS 9; where 8-PSK has an inherently higher peak-to-average power ratio. The GMSK and 8-PSK EDGE configurations are considered separately for SAR compliance. The GMSK EDGE configurations are grouped with GPRS and considered with respect to time-averaged maximum output power to determine compliance. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to 8-PSK EDGE with GMSK GPRS/EDGE as the primary mode.

# 3.11.3 UMTS Test Configuration

3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

In the following procedures, the mode tested for SAR is referred to as the primary mode. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. Both primary and secondary modes must be in the same frequency band. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is  $\leq \frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.3 This is referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure in the following SAR test guidance, where the primary mode is identified in the applicable wireless mode test procedures and the secondary mode is wireless mode being considered for SAR test reduction by that procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, it is identified as "otherwise" in the applicable procedures; SAR measurement is required for the secondary mode.

### Output power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels according to procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1"s" for WCDMA/HSDPA or by applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) are requied in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the handset or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations must be clearly identified.

### Head SAR

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1"s". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure.

### 1) Body-Worn Accessory SAR

SAR for body-worn accessory configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1"s". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn

configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using an applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreaing code or DPDCHn, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the handset, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCHn using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC.

#### 2) Handsets with Release 5 HSDPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA using the HSDPA body SAR procedures in the "Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices" section of this document, for the highest reported SAR body-worn accessory exposure configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. Handsets with both HSDPA and HSUPA are tested according to Release 6 HSPA test procedures.

HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HSDSCH/ HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors( $\beta$ c,  $\beta$ d), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters ( $\Delta$ ACK,  $\Delta$ NACK,  $\Delta$ CQI) should be set according to values indicated in the Table below. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set

Table 2: Subtests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

Sub-set	$eta_{c}$	$\beta_{d}$	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	β <sub>hs</sub> (note 1, note 2)	CM(dB) (note 3)	MPR(dB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (note 4)	15/15 (note 4)	64	12/15 (note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note1:  $\triangle_{ACK}$ ,  $\triangle_{NACK}$  and  $\triangle_{CQI}$ = 8  $\Leftrightarrow$   $A_{hs}$  =  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =30/15  $\Leftrightarrow$   $\beta_{hs}$ =30/15\* $\beta_c$ 

Note2: CM=1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$ ,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$ .

Note3: For subtest 2 the  $\beta_c\beta_d$  ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period(TF1,TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TFC1,TF1) to  $\beta_c$ =11/15 and  $\beta_d$ =15/15.

### **HSUPA** Test Configuration

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSPA using the HSPA body SAR procedures in the "Release 6 HSPA Data Devices" section of this document, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When VOIP is applicable for next to the ear head exposure in HSPA, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body-worn accessory measurements is tested for next to the ear head exposure.

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a communication test set is required for output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSPA are configured according to the β values indicated in Table 2 and other applicable procedures described in the "WCDMA Handset" and "Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices" sections of this document

Table 3: Sub-Test 5 Setup for Release 6 HSUPA

Sub- set	βc	$\beta_{d}$	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	${\beta_{hs}}^{(1)}$	$eta_{ t ec}$	$eta_{ ext{ed}}$	β <sub>ed</sub> (SF)	$_{(\text{codes})}^{\beta_{\text{ed}}}$	CM (2) (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG <sup>(4)</sup> Index	E- TFCI
1	11/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	15/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	64	11/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1} 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2} 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	64	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta NACK$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \underline{\beta}_{hs}/\underline{\beta}_{c} = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \underline{\beta}_{hs} = 30/15 *\beta_{c}$ .

Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta c/\beta d$  =12/15,  $\underline{\beta}_{hs}/\underline{\beta}_{c}$  =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\beta c/\beta d$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta c = 10/15$  and  $\beta d = 15/15$ .

Note 4: For subtest 5 the  $\beta c/\beta d$  ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta c = 14/15$  and  $\beta d = 15/15$ .

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Figure 5.1g.

Note 6: Bed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

# 3.11.4 LTE Test Configuration

QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel.8 When the reported SAR of a required test channel is  $\geq$  1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

### QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in section 4.2.1 are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.9

#### QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in sections 4.2.1 and 4.2.2 are  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

#### 3.11.5 WIFI Test Configuration

The SAR measurement and test reduction procedures are structured according to either the DSSS or OFDM transmission mode configurations used in each standalone frequency band and aggregated band. For devices that operate in exposure configurations that require multiple test positions, additional SAR test reduction may be applied. The maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, are used to determine initial SAR test requirements for the 802.11 transmission modes in a frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel for the initial test configuration. SAR measurement and test reduction for the remaining 802.11 modes and test channels are determined according to measured or specified maximum output power and reported SAR of the initial measurements. The general test reduction and SAR measurement approaches are summarized in the following:

- 1. The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures.
- 2. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, an "initial test configuration" is first determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band according to the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units.
- a. When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for

SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band.

- b. SAR is measured for OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration procedures. Additional frequency band specific SAR test reduction may be considered for individual frequency bands
- c. Depending on the reported SAR of the highest maximum output power channel tested in the initial test configuration, SAR test reduction may apply to subsequent highest output channels in the initial test configuration to reduce the number of SAR measurements.
- 3. The Initial test configuration does not apply to DSSS. The 2.4 GHz band SAR test requirements and 802.11b DSSS procedures are used to establish the transmission configurations required for SAR measurement.
- 4. An "initial test position" is applied to further reduce the number of SAR tests for devices operating in next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode exposure configurations that require multiple test positions.
- a. SAR is measured for 802.11b according to the 2.4 GHz DSSS procedure using the exposure condition established by the initial test position.
- b. SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration. 802.11b/g/n operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g/n modes are tested on the maximum average output channel.
- 5. The Initial test position does not apply to devices that require a fixed exposure test position. SAR is measured in a fixed exposure test position for these devices in 802.11b according to the 2.4 GHz DSSS procedure or in 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration procedures.
- 6. The "subsequent test configuration" procedures are applied to determine if additional SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission modes that have not been tested in the initial test configuration. SAR test exclusion is determined according to reported SAR in the initial test configuration and maximum output power specified or measured for these other OFDM configurations.

#### 2.4 GHz and 5GHz SAR Procedures

Separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations in the 2.4 GHz band to simplify DSSS test requirements. For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions. When SAR measurement is required for an OFDM configuration, the initial test configuration, subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied. The SAR test exclusion requirements for 802.11g/n OFDM configurations are described in section 5.2.2.

1. 802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- a. When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel (section 3.1) for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- b. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.
- 1. 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied (section 5.3). SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- a. When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration
- b. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 2. SAR Test Requirements for OFDM Configurations

When SAR measurement is required for 802.11 a/g/n/ac OFDM configurations, each standalone and frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. When the same transmitter and antenna(s) are used for U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, additional SAR test reduction applies. When band gap channels between U-NII-2C band and 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band are supported, the highest maximum output power transmission mode configuration and maximum output power channel across the bands must be used to determine SAR test reduction, according to the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration requirements.20 In applying the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power and the channel within a test configuration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.

3. OFDM Transmission Mode SAR Test Configuration and Channel Selection Requirements The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures (section 4).

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When multiple configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is determined according to the following steps applied sequentially.

- a. The largest channel bandwidth configuration is selected among the multiple configurations with the same specified maximum output power.
- b. If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power and largest channel bandwidth, the lowest order modulation among the largest channel bandwidth configurations is selected.
- c. If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth and lowest order modulation, the lowest data rate configuration among these configurations is selected.
- d. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.

After an initial test configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following. These channel selection procedures apply to both the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s), with respect to the default power measurement procedures or additional power measurements required for further SAR test reduction. The same procedures also apply to subsequent highest output power channel(s) selection.

- a. Channels with measured maximum output power within ¼ dB of each other are considered to have the same maximum output.
- b. When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power, the channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.
- c. When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power and equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

### Initial Test Configuration Procedures

An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. For configurations with the same specified or measured maximum output power, additional transmission mode and test channel selection procedures are required (see section 5.3.2). SAR test reduction of subsequent highest output test channels is based on the reported SAR of the initial test configuration. For next to the ear, hotspot mode and UMC mini-tablet exposure configurations where multiple test positions are required, the initial test position procedure is applied to minimize the number of test positions required for SAR measurement using the initial test configuration transmission mode.23 For fixed exposure conditions that do not have multiple SAR test positions, SAR is measured in the transmission mode determined by the initial test configuration. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

### 4. Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. The initial test position procedure is applied to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple transmission modes, the procedures in section 5.3.2 are applied to determine the test configuration. Additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. The subsequent test configuration and SAR measurement procedures are described in the following.

- a. When SAR test exclusion provisions of KDB Publication 447498 are applicable and SAR measurement is not required for the initial test configuration, SAR is also not required for the next highest maximum output power transmission mode subsequent test configuration(s) in that frequency band or aggregated band and exposure configuration.
- b. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- c. The number of channels in the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration can be different due to differences in channel bandwidth. When SAR measurement is required for a subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than that in the initial test configuration, all channels in the subsequent test configuration that overlap with the larger bandwidth channel tested in the initial test configuration should be used to determine the highest maximum output power channel. This step requires additional power measurement to identify the highest maximum output power channel in the subsequent test configuration to determine SAR test reduction.

- 1). SAR should first be measured for the channel with highest measured output power in the subsequent test configuration.
- 2). SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the subsequent test configuration is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the subsequent test configuration is > 1.2 W/kg or until all required channels are tested.
- a) For channels with the same measured maximum output power, SAR should be measured using the channel closest to the center frequency of the larger channel bandwidth channel in the initial test configuration.
- d. SAR measurements for the remaining highest specified maximum output power OFDM transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration (highest maximum output) or subsequent test configuration(s) (subsequent next highest maximum output power) is determined by applying the subsequent test configuration procedures in this section to the remaining configurations according to the following:
- 1) replace "subsequent test configuration" with "next subsequent test configuration" (i.e., subsequent next highest specified maximum output power configuration)
- 2) replace "initial test configuration" with "all tested higher output power configurations.

### 3.12. Power Reduction

The product without any power reduction.

### 3.13. Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, SAR system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.

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# **TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS**

### 4.1 Conducted Power Results

According KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 Section 4.1 2) states that "Unless it is specified differently in the published RF exposure KDB procedures, these requirements also apply to test reduction and test exclusion considerations. Time-averaged maximum conducted output power applies to SAR and, as required by § 2.1091(c), time-averaged ERP applies to MPE. When an antenna port is not available on the device to support conducted power measurement, such as FRS and certain Part 15 transmitters with built-in integral antennas, the maximum output power allowed for production units should be used to determine RF exposure test exclusion and compliance."

### **HSDPA Setup Configuration:**

- The EUT was connected to Base Station E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
  - Set Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters were set according to each
  - Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
  - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
  - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK) vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters

  - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
  - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
  - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
  - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
  - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βο	βd	βd (SF)	βс/βа	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

- Note 1:  $\triangle_{ACK}$ ,  $\triangle_{NACK}$  and  $\triangle_{CQI} = 30/15$  with  $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ .
- For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Note 2: Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA,  $\triangle_{ACK}$  and  $\triangle_{NACK}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$ , and  $\triangle_{CQI}$  = 24/15
- with  $\beta_{bc} = 24/15 * \beta_{c}$ .
- CM = 1 for  $\beta_o/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-Note 3: DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.
- For subtest 2 the  $\beta_0/\beta_0$  ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is Note 4: achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 11/15 and  $\beta_d$

### **Setup Configuration**

#### **HSUPA Setup Configuration:**

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station R&S CMU200 referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting \*:
  - Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
  - Set the Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
  - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
  - v. Set UE Target Power

- vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
- vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest"s E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βε	βa	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	βc/βd	βнs (Note1)	βес	β <sub>ed</sub> (Note 5) (Note 6)	β <sub>ed</sub> (SF)	β <sub>ed</sub> (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 1: 47/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 2: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

- Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$ .
- Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\beta$ / $\beta$ d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta$ c = 10/15 and  $\beta$ d = 15/15.
- Note 4: For subtest 5 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 14/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15.
- Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Note 6: βed can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

#### **General Note**

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If AMR 12.2kbps power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC 12.2kbps, SAR tests with AMR 12.2kbps can be excluded.
- 2. By design, AMR and HSDPA/HSUPA RF power will not be larger than RMC 12.2kbps, detailed information is included in Tune-up Procure exhibit.
- 3. It is expected by the manufacturer that MPR for some HSDPA/HSUPA subtests may differ from the specification of 3GPP, according to the chipset implementation in this model. The implementation and expected deviation are detailed in tune-up procedure exhibit.

Conducted Power Measurement Results(WCDMA Band II/V/IV)

	h a m al	WCDMA	Band II res	ult (dBm)		Band VI res			Band V res	ult (dBm)
Item	band	Chann	el/Frequenc	y(MHz)	Channe	el/Frequency	y(MHz)	Channe	el/Frequenc	y(MHz)
Item	sub-test	9262/	9400/	9538/	1312/	1450/	1513/	4132/	4182/	4233/
	รนม-เธรเ	1852.4	1880	1907.6	1712.4	1740.0	1752.6	826.4	836.4	846.6
	12.2kbps	22.29	22.69	22.12	22.15	22.49	22.32	22.20	22.38	22.17
RMC	64kbps	21.25	21.41	21.25	21.24	21.10	21.28	21.12	21.31	21.23
	144kbps	21.34	21.28	21.39	21.59	21.24	21.28	21.61	21.24	21.27
	384kbps	21.29	21.56	21.28	21.50	21.19	21.11	21.55	21.11	21.30
	Sub –Test 1	21.62	21.62	21.54	21.61	21.78	21.56	21.52	21.60	21.49
HSDPA	Sub –Test 2	21.55	21.62	21.51	21.30	21.59	21.41	21.34	21.63	21.57
	Sub –Test 3	21.43	21.57	21.48	21.49	21.58	21.37	21.44	21.57	21.49
	Sub –Test 4	21.31	21.52	21.45	21.43	21.53	21.32	21.48	21.51	21.46
	Sub –Test 1	21.52	21.57	21.51	21.33	21.54	21.48	21.34	21.56	21.32
	Sub –Test 2	21.29	21.43	21.29	21.35	21.50	21.24	21.33	21.54	21.27
HSUPA	Sub –Test 3	21.41	21.42	21.28	21.25	21.53	21.38	21.26	21.53	21.32
	Sub –Test 4	21.25	21.32	21.36	21.25	21.43	21.31	21.27	21.48	21.34
	Sub –Test 5	20.31	20.57	20.55	20.31	20.50	20.34	20.32	20.50	20.32

**Note**: When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is  $\leq 1/2$ dB higher than the primary mode (RMC12.2kbps) or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

BW	Frequency		nfiguration		ower [dBm]
(MHz)	(MHz)	Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM
		1	0	22.82	22.13
		1	3	22.96	21.35
		1	5	22.62	21.93
	1850.7	3	0	22.83	21.98
		3	2	22.83	22.00
		3	3	22.74	21.86
		6	0	22.82	21.13
		1	0	22.10	21.35
		<u> </u>	3	22.41	21.86
		<u>.</u> 1	5	22.01	21.75
1.4	1880.0	3	0	22.69	21.02
	1000.0	3	2	22.55	21.98
		3	3	22.53	21.87
		6	0	22.99	22.06
		1	0	22.81	22.14
	-	<u>'</u> 1	3	22.96	21.25
	<u> </u>	<u> </u> 	5	22.72	
	1909.3	3	0	22.12	21.93 21.88
	1909.3	3	2	22.13	
	<u> </u>				21.10
	_	3	3	23.04	21.96
		6	0	22.83	21.15
		1	0	22.61	21.85
		1	7	22.84	21.98
		1	14	22.40	21.68
	1851.5	8	0	22.63	21.67
		8	4	22.56	21.71
		8	7	22.52	21.55
		15	0	22.56	21.53
		11	0	22.98	21.24
		11	7	22.13	21.29
		11	14	22.77	21.97
3	1880.0	8	0	22.31	21.34
		8	4	22.32	21.35
		8	7	22.90	21.93
		15	0	22.91	21.89
		1	0	22.33	21.49
		1	7	22.52	21.69
		1	14	22.27	21.44
	1908.5	8	0	21.33	20.26
		8	4	21.39	20.29
		8	7	21.30	20.21
		15	0	21.24	20.22
		1	0	22.56	21.91
		<u>.</u> 1	12	22.75	21.07
		<u> </u>	24	22.30	21.65
	1852.5	12	0	22.56	21.71
	'332.3	12	6	21.54	20.70
		12	13	21.42	20.63
		25	0	21.57	20.57
		1	0	22.04	21.31
5		<u>'</u> 1	12	22.17	21.45
		<u>'</u> 1	24	22.60	21.45
	1880.0	12	0	22.51	21.95
	1000.0	12	6	22.51	
					21.64
		12	13	22.83	21.96
		25	0	21.97	20.99
		1	0	21.26	20.08

	T	1	24	24.22	20.05
		1	24	21.23	20.05
		12	0	21.27	21.26
		12	6	21.28	21.32
	_	12	13	21.18	21.19
		25	0	21.29	21.23
	_	1	0	22.59	21.83
	_	1	24	22.54	21.77
	4055.0	1	49	22.42	21.66
	1855.0	25	0	21.55	20.57
	_	25	12	21.49	20.49
	_	25	25	21.50	20.56
		50	0	21.53	20.53
	_	1	0	22.20	21.43
	_	1	24	22.08	21.30
40	4000.0	1	49	22.46	21.70
10	1880.0	25	0	21.48	20.66
		25	12	21.40	20.56
		25	25	21.76	20.77
		50	0	21.92	20.94
		1	0	22.93	22.12
		1	24	22.37	21.56
	1005.0	1	49	22.02	21.38
	1905.0	25 25	12	21.13 21.25	20.13 20.21
		25 25	25	21.25	20.21
	<u> </u>	50	0		
		1	0	22.18 22.48	21.19 21.69
	-	<u> </u>	37		
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	74	22.57 22.79	21.88 21.00
	1857.5	37	0	21.57	20.55
	1007.0	37	18	21.58	20.53
	-	37	38	21.73	20.68
		75	0	21.67	20.62
		1	0	22.22	21.44
		<u>'</u> 1	37	22.11	21.32
		1	74	22.24	21.48
15	1880.0	37	0	22.27	21.22
10	1000.0	37	18	22.04	21.03
		37	38	21.68	20.64
		75	0	22.00	21.95
		1	0	22.42	21.53
		1	37	22.41	21.43
		1	74	22.08	21.28
	1902.5	37	0	22.86	21.79
	.552.5	37	18	22.38	21.28
		37	38	22.26	21.19
		75	0	21.20	20.11
		1	0	21.38	20.52
		<u> </u>	49	21.86	20.96
		1	99	22.04	21.01
	1860.0	50	0	21.44	20.42
	.555.5	50	25	21.67	20.65
		50	50	21.90	20.88
		100	0	21.66	20.65
20		1	0	22.20	21.34
		1	49	22.22	21.38
		1	99	22.09	21.23
	1880.0	50	0	22.18	21.16
	1000.0	50	25	21.99	20.97
		50	50	21.50	20.48
	1	100	0	21.82	20.40

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TES	TING LABORATORY LTD	FCC ID: 2AFIW-E750C	4 Report	t No.: LCS191011018AEB
	<u></u>			
	1	0	22.17	21.30
	1	49	22.14	21.19
	1	99	22.03	21.08
190	0.0 50	0	21.49	20.45
	50	25	21.86	20.79
	50	50	22.02	21.98
	100	0	21.75	20.74

BW	Frequency		figuration	Average Po	
(MHz)	(MHz)	Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM
		1	0	22.23	21.30
		1	3	22.35	21.30
		1	5	22.16	21.24
	1710.7	3	0	22.36	21.46
		3	2	22.49	21.08
		3	3	22.46	21.20
		6	0	22.27	21.24
		1	0	22.57	21.81
		1	3	22.50	21.63
		1	5	22.53	21.74
1.4	1732.5	3	0	22.47	21.27
		3	2	22.50	21.46
		3	3	22.55	21.37
		6	0	22.56	21.75
		1	0	22.20	21.70
		1	3	22.99	21.39
		1	5	22.15	21.57
	1754.3	3	0	22.21	21.14
		3	2	22.17	21.15
		3	3	22.21	21.24
		6	0	22.13	21.74
		1	0	21.42	20.66
		1	7	21.63	20.95
		1	14	21.48	20.69
	1711.5	8	0	21.54	20.58
		8	4	21.56	20.63
		8	7	21.53	20.55
		15	0	21.51	20.44
		1	0	22.64	21.82
		1	7	22.30	21.12
		1	14	22.28	21.47
3	1732.5	8	0	21.43	20.40
		8	4	21.98	20.96
		8	7	21.90	20.88
		15	0	20.92	19.86
		1	0	20.87	19.15
		1	7	20.20	19.47
		1	14	20.02	19.32
	1753.5	8	0	19.96	18.96
	Γ	8	4	19.05	18.98
		8	7	19.00	18.96
		15	0	19.92	18.94
		1	0	20.43	19.70
		1	12	20.58	19.80
-	4740.0	1	24	20.39	19.71
5	1712.0	12	0	19.51	18.67
		12	6	19.61	18.72
		12	13	19.53	18.68

					No.: LCS19101
		25	0	19.55	18.59
		1	0	20.00	19.25
		1	12	20.11	19.43
		1	24	20.70	19.96
	1732.5	12	0	19.04	18.12
		12	6	19.04	18.12
		12	13	19.88	18.97
		25	0	19.95	18.97
		1	0	21.69	20.65
		1	12	21.32	20.05
		1	24	21.95	20.88
	1752.5	12	0	20.81	19.89
	_	12	6	20.97	19.00
	_	12	13	20.89	19.92
		25	0	20.90	19.94
	<u> </u>	1	0	20.39	19.65
		1	24	19.62	18.83
	1715.0	1 25	49 0	19.44 19.54	18.62 18.54
	17 15.0	25 25	12	19.54	18.54
		25 25	25	19.55	18.53
		50	0	19.56	18.55
		1	0	20.16	19.35
		1	24	20.01	19.15
	<u> </u>	1	49	20.57	19.72
10	1732.5	25	0	19.09	18.04
10	1702.0	25	12	19.92	18.90
		25	25	19.79	18.79
		50	0	19.95	18.90
		1	0	20.49	19.82
		1	24	20.81	19.19
		1	49	20.90	19.23
	1750.0	25	0	19.65	18.73
		25	12	19.74	18.77
		25	25	19.80	18.84
		50	0	19.68	18.75
		1	0	20.37	19.58
		1	37	20.51	19.81
		1	74	20.36	19.54
	1717.5	37	0	19.63	18.55
	<u> </u>	37	18	19.73	18.64
		37	38	19.65	18.59
		75	0	19.69	18.59
		1	0	21.24	20.42
		1	37	21.13	20.25
15	1730 F	1	74	21.46	20.62
15	1732.5	37 37	0	20.34	19.23
		37	18 38	20.14 20.87	19.08
		37 75	0	20.87	19.76 19.00
			0	20.46	19.00
		<u> </u>	37	20.46	19.64
		<u> </u> 1	74	19.59	18.80
	1747.5	37	0	19.59	18.70
	1/4/.5	37	18	19.69	18.70
		37	38	19.83	18.71
	<u> </u>		0	18.76	18.75
		1	0	19.30	18.45
		<u></u> 1	49	19.83	18.84
20	1720.0	<u>'</u> 1	99	19.09	18.17
	i I		, 00	10.00	

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING	LABORATORY LTD	FCC ID: 2AFIW-E750C	4 Report	No.: LCS191011018AEB
		T		
	50	25	19.61	18.60
	50	50	19.47	18.42
	100	0	20.47	19.42
	1	0	20.24	19.36
	1	49	20.21	19.29
	1	99	20.30	19.41
1732.5	50	0	20.26	19.23
	50	25	20.01	19.90
	50	50	20.62	19.56
	100	0	20.88	19.88
	1	0	20.52	19.76
	1	49	20.58	19.82
	1	99	21.68	20.95
1745.0	50	0	20.64	19.69
	50	25	20.62	19.65
	50	50	19.61	18.65
	100	0	19.60	18.61

BW	Frequency	RB Configuration		Average Power [dBm]	
(MHz)	(MHz)	Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM
	, , ,	1	0	21.52	20.74
		1	3	21.54	20.79
		1	5	21.38	20.70
	824.7	3	0	20.46	19.74
		3	2	20.52	19.80
		3	3	20.42	19.77
		6	0	19.50	18.35
		1	0	20.50	19.78
		1	3	20.42	19.88
		1	5	20.32	19.83
1.4	836.5	3	0	19.50	18.87
		3	2	19.54	18.63
		3	3	19.43	18.69
		6	0	19.46	18.30
		1	0	21.35	20.77
		1	3	21.31	20.87
		1	5	21.32	20.70
	848.3	3	0	20.23	19.12
		3	2	20.24	19.93
		3	3	20.21	19.99
		6	0	19.22	18.05
		1	0	20.38	19.31
		1	7	20.41	19.32
		1	14	20.47	19.18
	825.5	8	0	19.49	18.32
		8	4	19.48	18.32
		8	7	18.37	17.41
		15	0	19.46	18.39
		1	0	21.51	20.48
0		1	7	21.32	20.51
3		1	14	21.35	20.49
	836.5	8	0	20.43	19.09
		8	4	20.55	19.32
		8	7	20.44	19.34
		15	0	20.51	19.50
		1	0	21.32	20.55
		1	7	21.40	20.53
	847.5	1	14	21.36	20.47
	1	8	0	20.33	19.17

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD		FCC ID: 2AFIW-E750C4	4 Repor	Report No.: LCS191011018AEE		
		8	4	20.31	19.16	
		8	7	20.26	19.20	
		15	0	21.26	20.24	
		1	0	21.49	20.48	
		1	12	21.46	20.47	
		1	24	20.51	19.49	
	826.5	12	0	20.53	19.47	
	020.0	12	6	19.40	18.53	
		12	13	19.52	18.51	
		25	0	20.54	19.51	
		1	0	21.56	20.43	
		1	12	21.46	20.50	
		1	24	21.42	20.29	
5	836.5	12	0	20.52	19.49	
		12	6	20.60	19.66	
		12	13	20.57	19.69	
		25	0	20.56	19.62	
		1	0	21.23	20.79	
		1	12	21.26	20.70	
		1	24	21.22	20.57	
	846.5	12	0	20.38	19.00	
		12	6	20.32	19.38	
		12	13	20.26	19.27	
		25	0	19.30	18.45	
		1	0	21.48	20.40	
		1	24	21.50	20.40	
		1	49	21.51	20.43	
	829.0	25	0	19.50	18.50	
		25	12	19.56	18.43	
		25	25	19.31	18.23	
		50	0	19.58	18.49	
		1	0	21.55	20.07	
		1	24	21.39	20.41	
		1	49	21.29	20.93	
10	836.5	25	0	20.60	19.26	
		25	12	20.61	19.45	
		25	25	19.44	18.18	
		50	0	19.61	18.52	
		1	0	20.43	19.96	
		1	24	20.19	19.80	
		1	49	20.16	19.70	
	844.0	25	0	19.14	18.14	
		25	12	19.27	18.11	
		25	25	19.42	18.38	
		50	0	19.29	18.19	

LTE Ballu 12							
BW	Frequency	RB Conf	figuration	Average Po	ower [dBm]		
(MHz)	(MHz)	Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM		
		1	0	22.02	21.29		
		1	3	22.16	21.40		
		1	5	22.04	21.41		
	699.7	3	0	22.10	21.26		
		3	2	22.19	21.31		
1.4		3	3	21.15	20.35		
		6	0	21.19	20.09		
		1	0	22.00	21.87		
	707.5	1	3	22.05	21.89		
	107.5	1	5	22.95	21.96		
		3	0	21.09	20.69		

LILIT LES COMIT	LIANCE TESTING LABO	Julioni LID	FCC ID: 2AFIW-E750C4	Кероп	t No.: LCS1910110
		3	2	21.09	20.76
		3	3	21.02	20.82
		6	0	21.70	20.59
		1	0	22.79	21.69
		<u>·</u> 1	3	22.59	21.87
		<u>·</u> 1	5	21.71	20.62
	715.3	3	0	21.71	20.79
	7 10.5	3	2	21.62	20.76
	-	3	3	20.29	19.70
	-	6	0	20.79	19.84
		1	0	22.02	21.29
	-	<u>'</u> 1	7	22.39	21.54
	-	<u>'</u> 1	14	22.22	21.47
	700.5	 8	0	21.15	20.19
	700.5	8	4	21.31	20.19
	-	8	7		
			I I	20.39	19.39
		15	0	21.27	20.28
		1	0 7	21.51	20.76
		1	7	21.60	20.84
0	707.5	1	14	20.34	19.81
3	707.5	8	0	20.78	19.77
		8	4	20.86	19.91
		8	7	20.79	19.81
		15	0	19.75	18.76
		1	0	22.80	21.83
		1	7	22.77	21.88
		1	14	22.96	21.87
	715.3	8	0	21.83	20.75
		8	4	21.94	20.79
		8	7	21.73	20.67
		15	0	21.67	20.64
		1	0	22.93	21.29
		1	12	22.53	21.84
		1	24	22.44	21.71
	701.5	12	0	21.97	20.11
		12	6	21.32	20.46
		12	13	21.52	20.66
		25	0	20.32	19.39
		1	0	21.57	20.72
		1	12	21.65	20.79
		1	24	21.75	20.84
5	707.5	12	0	20.98	19.12
		12	6	20.74	19.92
		12	13	19.79	18.86
		25	0	19.85	18.94
		1	0	22.69	21.58
		1	12	22.17	21.49
		1	24	22.11	21.43
	714.5	12	0	21.52	20.53
		12	6	21.77	20.81
		12	13	21.58	20.72
		25	0	20.55	19.58
		1	0	21.06	20.36
10		<u>·</u> 1	24	21.57	20.76
		<u> </u>	49	21.68	20.86
	704	25	0	21.10	20.95
	, , ,	25	12	20.45	19.56
10		25	25	20.24	19.25
		50	0	20.24	19.25
			0	21.42	20.61
	707.5	<u> </u>	24	21.42	20.61

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LAB	BORATORY LTD	FCC ID: 2AFIW-E750C4 Report No.: LCS1910110		
	1	49	20.56	19.77
	25	0	20.95	19.95
	25	12	20.78	19.80
	25	25	20.93	19.95
	50	0	20.07	19.99
	1	0	21.58	20.88
	1	24	21.52	20.70
	1	49	21.53	20.86
713.5	25	0	20.89	19.00
	25	12	20.80	19.84
	25	25	20.86	19.94
	50	0	20.99	19.07

# LTE Band13

BW	Frequency	RB Cor	nfiguration	Average Po	wer [dBm]
(MHz)	(MHz)	Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM
		1	0	22.26	21.22
		1	12	22.29	21.25
		1	24	22.34	21.27
	779.5	12	0	22.21	21.23
		12	6	22.25	21.50
		12	13	22.35	21.39
		25	0	22.33	21.45
		1	0	22.43	21.70
		1	12	21.37	20.85
		1	24	21.47	20.74
5	782	12	0	20.35	19.32
		12	6	20.34	19.40
		12	13	20.33	19.17
		25	0	20.45	19.51
		1	0	22.45	21.28
		1	12	21.43	20.34
		1	24	22.39	21.32
	784.5	12	0	21.34	20.21
		12	6	21.36	20.24
		12	13	20.39	19.35
		25	0	20.40	19.09
		1	0	22.27	21.04
		1	24	22.38	21.20
		1	49	22.40	21.17
	779.5	25	0	21.32	20.26
		25	12	21.47	20.30
		25	25	20.47	19.05
		50	0	20.47	19.39
		1	0	21.26	20.01
		1	24	21.37	20.19
		1	49	20.43	19.14
10	782	25	0	21.25	20.23
		25	12	20.42	19.33
		25	25	20.42	19.01
		50	0	20.47	19.38
		1	0	22.25	21.03
		1	24	22.37	21.18
		<u>.</u> 1	49	21.41	20.10
	784.5	25	0	21.30	20.22
		25	12	21.45	20.38
		25	25	20.46	19.03
	<u> </u>	50	0	20.41	19.38

# LTE Band14

BW	Frequency	RB Cor	figuration			
(MHz)	(MHz)	Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM	
		1	0	22.19	21.24	
		1	12	22.92	21.30	
		1	24	22.44	21.88	
	790.5	12	0	20.28	19.34	
		12	6	20.98	19.11	
		12	13	20.58	19.78	
		25	0	21.96	20.01	
		1	0	22.49	21.53	
		1	12	22.66	21.54	
		1	24	22.45	21.50	
5	793	12	0	22.56	21.64	
-		12	6	22.52	21.56	
		12	13	22.74	21.80	
		25	0	21.74	20.77	
		1	0	22.44	21.49	
		1	12	22.03	20.97	
		<u>.</u> 1	24	22.23	21.62	
	795.5	12	0	21.32	21.44	
		12	6	21.66	21.74	
		12	13	22.58	21.54	
		25	0	21.43	20.45	
		1	0	22.14	21.03	
		<u>.</u> 1	24	22.58	21.98	
		1	49	22.20	21.75	
	790.5	25	0	21.29	20.31	
		25	12	21.71	20.73	
	-	25	25	21.04	20.01	
	-	50	0	21.11	20.15	
		1	0	22.90	21.99	
	-	<u>.</u> 1	24	22.51	21.81	
	-	<u>.</u> 1	49	22.95	21.86	
10	793	25	0	21.07	20.08	
10		25	12	21.66	20.63	
		25	25	21.11	20.04	
		50	0	21.99	20.06	
		1	0	22.61	21.98	
		1	24	21.80	20.01	
		<u>'</u> 1	49	22.28	21.87	
	795.5	25	0	21.76	20.79	
	100.0	25	12	21.65	20.68	
		25	25	21.87	20.87	
		50	0	21.81	20.87	

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD Report No.: LCS191011018AEB

<wlan 2.4ghz="" conducted="" power=""></wlan>								
Mode	Channel Frequen (MHz)		Data rate	Average Output	Average Output	Average Output		
Wiede	Griannien	(MHz)	(Mbps)	Power (dBm)Ant0	Power (dBm)Ant1	Power (dBm) Sum		
			1	19.65	19.67	1		
IEEE	1	2412	2	19.24	19.23	/		
			5.5	19.32	19.11	1		
			11	19.29	19.54	1		
			<u>1</u> 2	19.62	19.06	1		
	6	2437	5.5	19.23 19.48	18.73 18.91	1		
802.11b			5.5 11	19.46	18.56	1		
			<u>                                 </u>	19.52	19.05	1		
			2	19.40	18.65	1		
	11	2462	5.5	19.26	18.74	1		
			11	19.12	18.88	1		
			6	15.50	15.98	1		
			9	15.12	15.83	1		
			12	15.31	15.46	1		
			18	15.27	15.74	1		
	1	2412	24	15.45	15.32	1		
			36	15.24	15.54	1		
			48	15.38	15.63	1		
			54	15.12	15.44	1		
			6	15.28	15.78	1		
	6		9	15.26	15.74	1		
			12	15.12	15.23	1		
IEEE			18	15.02	15.55	1		
802.11g		2437	24	14.77	15.63	1		
002.119			36	15.09	15.24	1		
			48	15.11	15.31	1		
			54	14.62	15.35	1		
			6	15.21	15.34	1		
			9	15.10	15.23	1		
			12	15.09	15.04	1		
		0.400	18	14.34	15.17	1		
	11	2462	24	14.57	15.31	1		
			36	14.26	15.08	1		
			48	14.33	15.13	1		
			54	14.35	15.24	1		
			MCS0	17.86	17.82	20.85		
			MCS1	17.55	17.46	20.41		
			MCS2	17.57	17.52	20.59		
	4	2412	MCS3	17.25	17.72	20.62		
	1	2412	MCS4	17.34	17.13	20.33		
			MCS5	17.58	17.56	20.57		
			MCS6	17.25	17.33	20.69		
			MCS7	17.14	17.02	20.48		
			MCS0	17.55	17.35	20.46		
IEEE			MCS1	17.45	17.12	20.23		
802.11n			MCS2	17.02	17.33	20.38		
HT20	6	2437	MCS3	17.32	17.09	20.41		
11120		2701	MCS4	17.25	17.04	20.25		
			MCS5	17.12	17.25	20.12		
			MCS6	17.18	17.28	20.07		
			MCS7	17.32	17.00	20.31		
			MCS0	17.05	17.29	20.18		
			MCS1	16.50	17.01	20.10		
	11	2462	MCS2	16.42	17.14	19.58		
	''	2402	MCS3	16.51	17.23	19.86		
			MCS4	16.39	16.85	19.77		
	<u> </u>		MCS5	16.34	16.73	20.04		

SHENZHEN LC	S COMPLIANO	CE TESTING LAI	BORATORY LTD	FCC ID: 2AFIW-E750C4	Report N	o.: LCS191011018AEB
			MCS6	16.38	16.31	19.68
IEEE 802.11n HT40			MCS7	16.52	16.42	19.93
			MCS0	15.75	15.90	18.84
			MCS1	15.02	15.69	18.43
			MCS2	15.16	15.43	18.26
	,	2422	MCS3	15.25	15.27	18.24
	3	2422	MCS4	15.32	15.42	18.33
			MCS5	15.14	15.48	18.21
			MCS6	15.54	15.13	18.35
			MCS7	15.62	15.44	18.01
	6	2437	MCS0	15.91	16.03	18.98
			MCS1	15.11	15.64	18.25
IEEE			MCS2	15.25	15.47	18.41
IEEE 802.11n			MCS3	15.28	15.43	18.36
602.1111 HT40			MCS4	15.32	15.23	18.47
П140			MCS5	15.24	15.85	18.53
			MCS6	15.32	15.72	18.66
			MCS7	15.19	15.93	18.54
			MCS0	16.23	16.30	19.28
			MCS1	16.20	16.21	18.76
			MCS2	15.54	16.17	18.89
		2452	MCS3	15.62	16.27	19.21
	9	2452	MCS4	15.34	16.04	19.03
			MCS5	15.52	16.18	19.14
			MCS6	15.50	15.98	19.18
			MCS7	16.14	15.86	18.09

# <WLAN 5GHz U-NI-1 Conducted Power>

WEAR COILE O'RE I CONGREGATION CIP							
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)				
	36	5180	19.07				
802.11a	40	5200	19.52				
	48	5240	19.49				
	36	5180	19.93				
802.11n(20MHz)	40	5200	19.42				
	48	5240	19.24				
000 11n/40MU¬)	38	5190	18.51				
802.11n(40MHz)	46	5230	18.48				
	36	5180	19.48				
802.11ac(20MHz)	40	5200	18.58				
	48	5240	19.48				
902 11aa/40MUz)	38	5190	18.76				
802.11ac(40MHz)	46	5230	19.54				
802.11ac(80MHz)	42	5210	18.92				

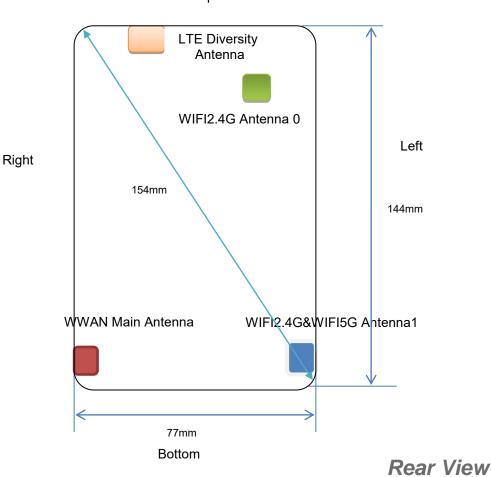
#### <WLAN 5GHz U-NI-3 Conducted Power>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)
	149	5745	18.31
802.11a	157	5785	19.00
	165	5825	19.07
	149	5745	18.27
802.11n(20MHz)	157	5785	18.18
	165	5825	18.88
902 11p/40MUz)	151	5755	18.44
802.11n(40MHz)	159	5795	19.39
	149	5745	19.48
802.11ac(20MHz)	157	5785	18.58
	165	5825	19.48
902 11aa/40MHz)	151	5755	18.76
802.11ac(40MHz)	159	5795	19.54
802.11ac(80MHz)	155	5775	19.29

**Note:** SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions as the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq$  1.2 W/kg.

#### 4.2 Transmit Antennas and SAR Measurement Position

Top



Antenna information:

7 thomas mormation.	
WWAN Main Antenna	UMTS/LTE TX/RX
LTE Diversity antenna	Only RX
WLAN Antenna 0	TX/RX
WLAN Antenna 1	TX/RX

#### Note:

- 1). Per KDB648474 D04, because the overall diagonal distance of this devices is 161mm >160mm, it is considered as "Phablet" device.
- 2). Per KDB648474 D04, 10-g extremity SAR is not required when Body-Worn mode 1-g reported SAR < 1.2 W/Kg.
- 3). According to the KDB941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v02, the edges with less than 25 mm distance to the antennas need to be tested for SAR.

	Distance of The Antenna to the EUT surface and edge (mm)									
Antennas	Antennas Front Back Top Side Bottom Side Left Side Right Side									
WWAN	<5	<5	121	14	70	<5				
WLAN 0	<5	<5	28	107	17	51				
WLAN 1	<5	<5	118	15	<5	67				

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode									
Antennas	Antennas Front Back Top Side Bottom Side Left Side Right Side								
WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes			
WLAN 0 Yes		Yes	No	No	Yes	No			
WLAN 1	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No			

General Note: Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02, When the overall device length and width are ≥9cm\*5cm, the test distance is 10mm, SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located with 25mm from that surface or edge.

#### 4.3 SAR Measurement Results

The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula:

Reported SAR=Measured SAR\*10<sup>(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10</sup>

Scaling factor=10<sup>(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10</sup>

Reported SAR= Measured SAR\* Scaling factor

#### Where

P<sub>target</sub> is the power of manufacturing upper limit;

P<sub>measured</sub> is the measured power;

Measured SAR is measured SAR at measured power which including power drift)

Reported SAR which including Power Drift and Scaling factor

**Duty Cycle** 

Test Mode	Duty Cycle
UMTS	1:1
LTE	1:1
WLAN2450/5200/5800	1:1

#### 4.3.1 SAR Results

SAR Values [WCDMA Band V]

	Of the Value of Leading Alliand									
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> res	ults(W/kg) Reported	Graph Results
	measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 5mm)									
4182	836.4	RMC*	Front	22.38	23.00	0.84	1.153	0.706	0.814	Plot 1
4132	826.4	RMC*	Front	22.20	23.00	-0.74	1.202	0.549	0.660	
4233	846.6	RMC*	Front	22.17	23.00	2.31	1.211	0.623	0.754	
4182	836.4	RMC*	Rear	22.38	23.00	-0.43	1.153	0.493	0.569	
4182	836.4	RMC*	Right	22.38	23.00	-1.57	1.153	0.578	0.667	
4182	836.4	RMC*	Bottom	22.38	23.00	0.02	1.153	0.431	0.497	

#### Remark:

- 1. The value with black color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
- 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01. if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
- 3. RMC\* RMC 12.2kbps mode;

SAR Values [WCDMA Band IV]

				OAIL Values		ana ivj				
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> res	ults(W/kg) Reported	Graph Results
		n	neasured / rep	orted SAR numb	ers - Body (ho	tspot oper	n, distance	5mm)		
4182	836.4	RMC*	Front	22.49	23.00	0.68	1.125	0.539	0.606	
4182	836.4	RMC*	Rear	22.49	23.00	4.29	1.125	1.167	1.312	Plot 2
4132	826.4	RMC*	Rear	22.15	23.00	-1.23	1.216	0.626	0.761	
4233	846.6	RMC*	Rear	22.32	23.00	0.98	1.169	0.683	0.799	
4182	836.4	RMC*	Right	22.49	23.00	2.25	1.125	0.587	0.660	
4182	836.4	RMC*	Bottom	22.49	23.00	-1.14	1.125	0.421	0.473	

- 1. The value with black color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
- 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
- 3. RMC\* RMC 12.2kbps mode;

SAR Values [WCDMA Band II]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> resu	ults(W/kg) Reporte d	Graph Results
		m	easured / rep	orted SAR num	bers - Body (ho	otspot opei	n, distance	5mm)		
9400	1880.0	RMC*	Front	22.69	23.00	2.55	1.074	0.856	0.919	
9262	1852.4	RMC*	Front	22.29	23.00	4.18	1.178	0.723	0.851	
9538	1907.6	RMC*	Front	22.12	23.00	-2.34	1.225	0.619	0.758	
9400	1880.0	RMC*	Rear	22.69	23.00	-1.08	1.074	1.371	1.472	Plot 3
9262	1852.4	RMC*	Rear	22.29	23.00	0.36	1.178	0.865	1.019	
9538	1907.6	RMC*	Rear	22.12	23.00	3.69	1.225	0.933	1.143	
9400	1880.0	RMC*	Right	22.69	23.00	-1.23	1.074	0.563	0.605	
9400	1880.0	RMC*	Bottom	22.69	23.00	0.07	1.074	0.398	0.427	

#### Remark:

- 1. The value with black color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
- 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
- 3. RMC\* RMC 12.2kbps mode;

SAR Values [LTE Band 2]

				SAIL Val	ues [LIL Dai	iu zj				
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type (20M)	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> resu	ults(W/kg) Reporte d	Graph Results
		me	easured / rep	orted SAR numb	ers - Body (ho	tspot oper	n, distance	5mm)		
18900	1880.0	1RB	Front	22.22	23.00	-4.72	1.197	0.826	0.989	Plot 4
18700	1860.0	1RB	Front	22.04	23.00	0.25	1.247	0.639	0.797	
19100	1900.0	1RB	Front	22.17	23.00	-3.57	1.211	0.598	0.724	
18900	1880.0	1RB	Rear	22.22	23.00	-2.65	1.197	0.613	0.734	
18900	1880.0	1RB	Right	22.22	23.00	-0.32	1.197	0.539	0.645	
18900	1880.0	1RB	Bottom	22.22	23.00	1.87	1.197	0.472	0.565	
18900	1880.0	50%RB	Front	22.18	23.00	0.89	1.208	0.621	0.750	
18900	1880.0	50%RB	Rear	22.18	23.00	-2.58	1.208	0.587	0.709	
18900	1880.0	50%RB	Right	22.18	23.00	1.02	1.208	0.323	0.390	
18900	1880.0	50%RB	Bottom	22.18	23.00	-0.74	1.208	0.284	0.343	

SAR Values [LTE Band 4]

				SAIL Val	ues [L i L Dai	iu +j				
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type (20M)	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> res	ults(W/kg) Reported	Graph Results
		me	easured / repo	orted SAR numb	pers - Body (ho	tspot oper	n, distance	5mm)		
20300	1745.5	1RB	Front	21.68	22.00	-1.32	1.076	0.892	0.960	Plot 5
20050	1720.0	1RB	Front	19.83	20.00	2.56	1.040	0.567	0.590	
20175	1732.5	1RB	Front	20.30	21.00	-1.54	1.175	0.648	0.761	
20300	1745.5	1RB	Rear	21.68	22.00	-0.46	1.076	0.714	0.769	
20300	1745.5	1RB	Right	21.68	22.00	2.39	1.076	0.432	0.465	
20300	1745.5	1RB	Bottom	21.68	22.00	-1.87	1.076	0.239	0.257	
20050	1720.0	50%RB	Front	20.61	21.00	3.58	1.094	0.527	0.577	
20050	1720.0	50%RB	Rear	20.61	21.00	-4.69	1.094	0.422	0.462	
20050	1720.0	50%RB	Right	20.61	21.00	0.18	1.094	0.328	0.359	
20050	1720.0	50%RB	Bottom	20.61	21.00	4.17	1.094	0.244	0.267	

SAR Values [LTE Band 5]

						07 ti t T d.	<u> </u>					
	Freq.		Channel	Test	Con	ducted	Maximum Allowed	Power	Scaling	SAR1-g res	sults(W/kg)	Cronh
Ch.	(MHz)		Туре (10M)	Position		ower 'Bm)	Power (dBm)	Drift (%)	Factor	Measured	Reported	Graph Results
							1 /	· .		- \		
			m	<u>easured / r</u>	eportea	SAR num	bers - Body (h	otspot ope	<u>n, distance</u>	5mm)		
2052	5 836	3.5	1RB	Fro	nt	21.55	22.00	-0.02	1.109	0.553	0.613	Plot 6
2052	5 836	3.5	1RB	Re	ar	21.55	22.00	0.84	1.109	0.412	0.457	
2052	5 836	3.5	1RB	Rig	jht	21.55	22.00	0.24	1.109	0.232	0.257	
2052	5 836	3.5	1RB	Bott	om	21.55	22.00	-2.57	1.109	0.327	0.363	
2052	5 836	3.5	50%RB	Fro	nt	20.61	21.00	2.36	1.094	0.436	0.477	
2052	5 836	3.5	50%RB	Re	ar	20.61	21.00	3.27	1.094	0.225	0.246	
2052	5 836	3.5	50%RB	Rig	ht	20.61	21.00	1.02	1.094	0.152	0.166	
2052	5 836	3.5	50%RB	Bott	om	20.61	21.00	-2.15	1.094	0.074	0.081	

**SAR Values [LTE Band 12]** 

01	Fred	g.	Channel	Test		ducted	Maximum Allowed	Power	Scaling	SAR1-g res	sults(W/kg)	Graph
Ch.	(MH		Туре (10М)	Position		ower Bm)	Power (dBm)	Drift (%)	Factor	Measured	Reported	Results
			n	neasured / r	eportea	SAR num	bers - Body (ho	tspot ope	n, distance	5mm)		
2315	5 7	04.0	1RB	Fro	nt	21.68	22.00	-1.42	1.076	0.027	0.029	
2315	5 7	04.0	1RB	Re	ar	21.68	22.00	-0.46	1.076	0.032	0.034	Plot 7
2315	5 7	04.0	1RB	Rig	ht	21.68	22.00	0.47	1.076	0.014	0.015	
2315	5 7	04.0	1RB	Bott	om	21.68	22.00	-1.88	1.076	0.021	0.023	
2315	5 7	04.0	50%RB	Fro	nt	21.10	22.00	3.27	1.230	0.022	0.027	
2315	5 7	04.0	50%RB	Re	ar	21.10	22.00	4.02	1.230	0.030	0.037	
2315	5 7	04.0	50%RB	Rig	jht	21.10	22.00	-1.84	1.230	0.010	0.012	
2315	5 7	04.0	50%RB	Bott	om	21.10	22.00	-0.07	1.230	0.017	0.021	

**SAR Values [LTE Band 13]** 

					SAIN Vali	ues [LIL Dai	เนางา				
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type (10M)	Test Position	Po	ducted ower IBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR1-g res	sults(W/kg) Reported	Graph Results
			measured /	reported	SAR num	bers - Body (ho	otspot ope	n, distance	5mm)		
2320	5 779.	5 1RB	Fr	ont	22.40	23.00	-0.33	1.148	0.120	0.138	
2320	5 779.	5 1RB	R	ear	22.40	23.00	1.45	1.148	0.186	0.214	Plot 8
2320	5 779.	5 1RB	Ri	ght	22.40	23.00	-2.27	1.130	0.133	0.095	
2320	5 779.	5 1RB	Bo	ttom	22.40	23.00	4.12	1.130	0.079	0.131	
2320	5 779.	5 50%R	B Fr	ont	21.47	22.00	2.36	1.130	0.084	0.096	
2320	5 779.	5 50%R	B R	ear	21.47	22.00	-0.58	1.130	0.116	0.035	
2320	5 779.	5 50%R	B Ri	ght	21.47	22.00	2.69	1.148	0.085	0.138	
2320	5 779.	5 50%R	B Bo	ttom	21.47	22.00	0.01	1.148	0.031	0.214	

SAR Values [LTE Band 14]

				SAIL Vall	ies [LTE Daii	iu i+j				
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type (20M)	Test Position	Conduc ted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR1-g res	sults(W/kg) Reported	Graph Results
		me	easured / reporte	ed SAR num	bers - Body (ho	tspot oper	n, distance	5mm)		
23330	793.0	1RB	Front	22.95	23.00	2.58	1.012	0.146	0.148	
23330	793.0	1RB	Rear	22.95	23.00	-1.00	1.012	0.270	0.273	Plot 9
23330	793.0	1RB	Right	22.95	23.00	0.43	1.012	0.128	0.129	
23330	793.0	1RB	Bottom	22.95	23.00	-1.47	1.012	0.092	0.093	
23355	793.0	50%RB	Front	21.87	22.00	2.59	1.030	0.120	0.124	
23355	795.5	50%RB	Rear	21.87	22.00	4.03	1.030	0.194	0.200	
23355	795.5	50%RB	Right	21.87	22.00	-0.22	1.030	0.098	0.101	
23355	795.5	50%RB	Bottom	21.87	22.00	1.69	1.030	0.047	0.048	

#### Remark:

1. The value with black color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

SAR Values [WIFI2.4G Ant0]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Service	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> res Measured	ults(W/kg) Reported	Graph Results
		ı	measured / rep	orted SAR nur	nbers - Body (	hotspot oper	n, distance	5mm)		
1	2412.0	802.11b	Front	19.65	20.00	1.91	1.084	0.058	0.063	Plot 10
1	2412.0	802.11b	Rear	19.65	20.00	-0.25	1.084	0.019	0.021	
1	2412.0	802.11b	Left	19.65	20.00	-0.74	1.084	0.024	0.026	

SAR Values [WIFI2.4G Ant1]

				Conducted	Maximum	Power		SAR <sub>1-g</sub> res	ults(W/kg)	
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Service	Test Position	Power (dBm)	Allowed Power (dBm)	Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	Measured	Reported	Graph Results
		ı	measured / rep	orted SAR nui	mbers - Body (	hotspot oper	n, distance	5mm)		
1	2412.0	802.11b	Front	19.67	20.00	-0.17	1.079	0.052	0.056	Plot 11
1	2412.0	802.11b	Rear	19.67	20.00	1.58	1.079	0.015	0.016	
1	2412.0	802.11b	Left	19.67	20.00	-2.24	1.079	0.021	0.023	
1	2412.0	802.11b	Bottom	19.67	20.00	0.25	1.079	0.014	0.015	

SAR Values [WIFI5.2G Ant1]

				O/ till Tuliu	00 [1111 10120	7 11111				
	Freg.		Test	Conducted	Maximum Allowed	Power	Scaling	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> res	ults(W/kg)	Graph
Ch.	(MHz)	Service	Position	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Drift (%)	Factor	Measured	Reported	Results
		me:	sured / rend	nted SAR num	bers - Body (ho	tenot one	n distance	5mm)		
		me	asurcu / repe	nica oan nam	DCIS - DOUY (IIO	spot oper	i, distarice	311111)		
46	5230.0	802.11ac40	Front	19.54	20.00	0.23	1.112	0.065	0.072	Plot 12
46	5230.0	802.11ac40	Rear	19.54	20.00	0.12	1.112	0.047	0.052	
46	5230.0	802.11ac40	Left	19.54	20.00	-4.65	1.112	0.024	0.027	
46	5230.0	802.11ac40	Bottom	19.54	20.00	-2.47	1.112	0.033	0.037	

SAR Values [WIFI5.8G Ant1]

				<b>0</b> 7 11 1 1 41 4	00 [o.o	,				
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Service	Test Position	Conducted Power	Maximum Allowed Power	Power Drift	Scaling Factor	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> res	ults(W/kg) Reported	Graph Results
	(			(dBm)	(dBm)	(%)		7770300		7 10 0010
		me	asured / repo	orted SAR num	bers - Body (ho	tspot opei	n, distance	5mm)		
155	5775.0	802.11ac80	Front	19.29	20.00	2.26	1.178	0.078	0.092	Plot 13
155	5775.0	802.11ac80	Rear	19.29	20.00	-1.36	1.178	0.053	0.062	
155	5775.0	802.11ac80	Left	19.29	20.00	0.07	1.178	0.047	0.055	·
155	5775.0	802.11ac80	Bottom	19.29	20.00	4.18	1.178	0.062	0.073	·

#### Remark:

- 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
- 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

#### 4.4 Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

# 4.4.1 Introduction

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmiting antenna. The device has 4 antennas, WWAN main antenna and WWAN diversity antenna(RX only), WiFi Ant0 supports 2.4Wi-Fi, WiFi Ant1 supports 2.4GWi-Fi, 5.2GWi-Fi, 5.8GWi-Fi. The 3 TX antennas can always transmit simultaneously. The work mode combination is showed as below table.

Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

	SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD	FCC ID: 2AFIW-E750C4	Report No.: LCS191011018AEB
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Combination No.	Mode
1	WWAN+WIFI 2.4G Ant0+WIFI 2.4G Ant1
2	WWAN+WIFI 2.4G Ant0+WIFI 5G Ant1

# **4.4.2 Evaluation of Simultaneous SAR** *Body Hotspot Exposure Conditions*

# Simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi and UMTS

Test Position	UMTS Band V Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	UMTS Band IV Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	UMTS Band II Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiFi2.4G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)Ant0	WiFi2.4G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg) Ant1	MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	SAR1- g Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Front	0.814	0.606	0.919	0.063	0.056	1.038	1.6	no	no
Rear	0.569	1.312	1.472	0.021	0.016	1.509	1.6	no	no
Left	/	/	/	0.026	0.023	0.049	1.6	no	no
Right	0.667	0.660	0.605	/	/	0.667	1.6	no	no
Bottom	0.497	0.473	0.427	/	0.015	0.512	1.6	no	no
Top	1	1	/	/	/	/	1.6	no	no

Test Position	UMTS Band V Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	UMTS Band IV Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	UMTS Band II Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiFi2.4G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)Ant0	WiFi5.2G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg) Ant1	WiFi5.8G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg) Ant1	MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	SAR1- g Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Front	0.814	0.606	0.919	0.063	0.072	0.092	1.074	1.6	no	no
Rear	0.569	1.312	1.472	0.021	0.052	0.062	1.555	1.6	no	no
Left	/	/	/	0.026	0.027	0.055	0.081	1.6	no	no
Right	0.667	0.660	0.605	/	1	1	0.667	1.6	no	no
Bottom	0.497	0.473	0.427	/	0.037	0.073	0.570	1.6	no	no
Тор	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1.6	no	no

#### Simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi and LTE

Reported SAR1-g(W/kg)	Test Position						
Reported SART-g(W/kg)	Front	Rear	Left	Right	Bottom	Тор	
LTE Band2	0.989	0.734	/	0.645	0.565	/	
LTE Band4	0.960	0.769	/	0.465	0.257	/	
LTE Band5	0.613	0.457	/	0.257	0.363	/	
LTE Band12	0.029	0.034	/	0.015	0.023	/	
LTE Band13	0.138	0.214	/	0.095	0.131	/	
LTE Band14	0.148	0.273	/	0.129	0.093	/	
WiFi2.4G Ant0	0.063	0.021	0.026	/	1	/	
WiFi2.4G Ant1	0.056	0.016	0.023	/	0.015	/	
MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	1.108	0.806	0.049	0.645	0.580	/	
SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	
Peak location separation ratio	no	no	no	no	no	no	
Simut Meas. Required	no	no	no	no	no	no	

Poported SAR1 a/M/kg)	Test Position						
Reported SAR1-g(W/kg)	Front	Rear	Left	Right	Bottom	Тор	
LTE Band2	0.989	0.734	/	0.645	0.565	/	
LTE Band4	0.960	0.769	/	0.465	0.257	/	
LTE Band5	0.613	0.457	/	0.257	0.363	/	
LTE Band12	0.029	0.034	/	0.015	0.023	/	
LTE Band13	0.138	0.214	/	0.095	0.131	/	
LTE Band14	0.148	0.273	/	0.129	0.093	/	
WiFi2.4G Ant0	0.063	0.021	0.026	1	1	/	
WiFi5.2G Ant1	0.072	0.052	0.027	1	0.037	/	
SRD5.8G Ant1	0.092	0.062	0.055	1	0.073	/	
MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	1.144	0.852	0.081	0.645	0.638	/	
SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	
Peak location separation ratio	no	no	no	no	no	no	
Simut Meas. Required	no	no	no	no	no	no	

#### Note:

- 1. The value with **block** color is the maximum values of standalone
- 2. The value with blue color is the maximum values of  $\Sigma AR_{1-\alpha}$

#### 4.5 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB865664, Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR value of the initial repeated measurement is < 1.45 W/kg with ≤ 20% variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. A second repeated measurement is required only if the measured result for the initial repeated measurement is within 10% of the SAR limit and vary by more than 20%, which are often related to device and measurement setup difficulties. The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required. The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.19 The repeated measurement results must be clearly identified in the SAR report. All measured SAR, including the repeated results, must be considered to determine compliance and for reporting according to KDB 690783.Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.

- 3) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 4) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 5) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
- 6) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20

Fraguenay		RF F		RF Repeated		Per Papaged Highest		Highest	First R	epeated
Frequency Band (MHz)	Air Interface	Exposure Configuration	Test Position	SAR (yes/no)	Measured SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (Wkg)	Measued SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio			
	LTE Band 14	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.270	n/a	n/a			
750	LTE Band 12	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.032	n/a	n/a			
	LTE Band 13	Standalone	Body-Front	no	0.186	n/a	n/a			
835	WCDMA Band V	Standalone	Body-Front	no	0.706	n/a	n/a			
655	LTE Band 5	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.553	n/a	n/a			
1800	WCDMA Band IV	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	1.167	1.129	1.034			
1000	LTE Band 4	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	1.288	1.196	1.077			
1900	LTE Band 2	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	1.314	1.258	1.045			
1900	WCDMA Band II	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	1.371	1.258	1.090			
2450	2.4GWLAN	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.058	n/a	n/a			
5000-6000	5GWLAN U-NI-1	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.065	n/a	n/a			
3000-0000	5GWLAN U-NI-3	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.078	n/a	n/a			

Remark:

1. Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20 or 3 (1-g or 10-g respectively)

#### 4.6 General description of test procedures

- 1. The DUT is tested using CMU 200 communications testers as controller unit to set test channels and maximum output power to the DUT, as well as for measuring the conducted peak power.
- 2. Test positions as described in the tables above are in accordance with the specified test standard.
- 3. Tests in body position were performed in that configuration, which generates the highest time based averaged output power (see conducted power results).
- 4. Tests in head position with GSM were performed in voice mode with 1 timeslot unless GPRS/EGPRS/DTM function allows parallel voice and data traffic on 2 or more timeslots.
- 5. UMTS was tested in RMC mode with 12.2 kbit/s and TPC bits set to ,all 1".
- 6. WiFi was tested in 802.11b/g/n mode with 1 Mbit/s and 6 Mbit/s. According to KDB 248227 the SAR testing for 802.11g/n is not required since When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 7. Required WiFi test channels were selected according to KDB 248227
- 8. According to FCC KDB pub 248227 D01, When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power, the channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement and when there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power and equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.
- 9. According to FCC KDB pub 941225 D06 this device has been tested with 10 mm distance to the phantom for operation in WiFi hot spot mode.
- 10. Per FCC KDB pub 941225 D06 the edges with antennas within 2.5 cm are required to be evaluated for SAR to cover WiFi hot spot function.
- 11. According to IEEE 1528 the SAR test shall be performed at middle channel. Testing of top and bottom channel is optional.
- 12. According to KDB 447498 D01 testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
  - $\bullet \le 0.6$  W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 13. IEEE 1528-2003 require the middle channel to be tested first. This generally applies to wireless devices that are designed to operate in technologies with tight tolerances for maximum output power variations across channels in the band.
- 14. Per KDB648474 D04 require when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is < 1.2 W/kg.
- 15. Per KDB648474 D04 require when the separation distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, using the same wireless mode test configuration for voice and data, such as UMTS, LTE and Wi-Fi, and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface)
- 16. 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.
- 17. Per KDB648474 D04 require for phablet SAR test considerations, For Smartphones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.
- 18. 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

# 4.7 Measurement Uncertainty (450MHz-6GHz)

Not required as SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is required in SAR reports only when the highest measured SAR in a frequency band is ≥ 1.5 W/kg for 1-g SAR according to KDB865664D01.

# 4.8 System Check Results

Test mode:750MHz(Body)
Product Description:Validation

Model:Dipole SID750

E-Field Probe: SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)

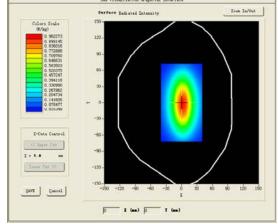
Test Date: October 18, 2019

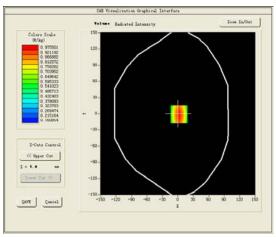
Medium(liquid type)	MSL _750
Frequency (MHz)	750.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	56.15
Conductivity (S/m)	0.96
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.50
Variation (%)	-0.010000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.542742
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.868541

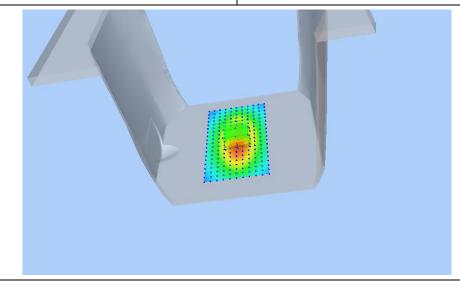
# **SURFACE SAR**











Test mode:835MHz(Body) Product Description:Validation

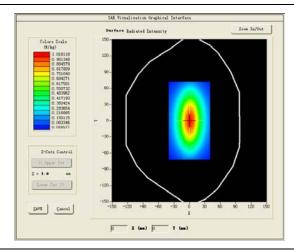
Model:Dipole SID835

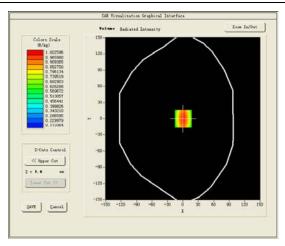
E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)

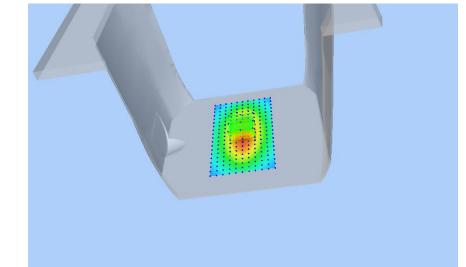
Test Date: October 21, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	835.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	56.28
Conductivity (S/m)	0.99
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.59
Variation (%)	-1.240000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.628369
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.976692

# **SURFACE SAR**







Test mode:1800MHz(Body) Product Description:Validation

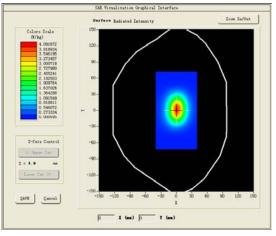
Model:Dipole SID1800

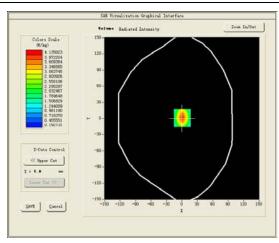
E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)

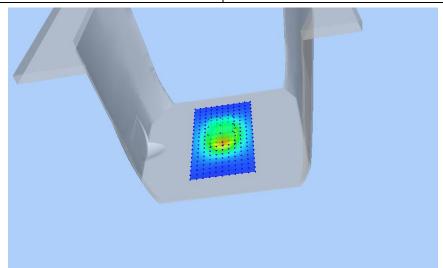
Test Date: October 22, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1800
Frequency (MHz)	1800.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.44
Conductivity (S/m)	1.47
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.68
Variation (%)	-3.010000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.024423
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.862147

# **SURFACE SAR**







Test mode:1900MHz(Body) Product Description:Validation

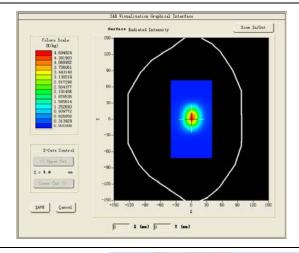
Model :Dipole SID1900

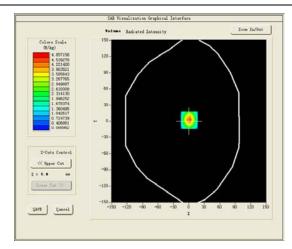
E-Field Probe: SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)

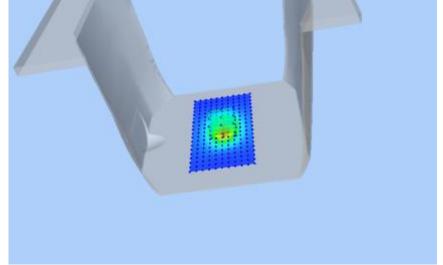
Test Date: October 24, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	MSL _1900
Frequency (MHz)	1900.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.74
Conductivity (S/m)	1.50
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.93
Variation (%)	4.870000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.157851
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.215741

# **SURFACE SAR**







Test mode:2450MHz(Body)
Product Description:Validation

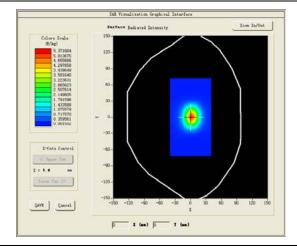
Model:Dipole SID2450

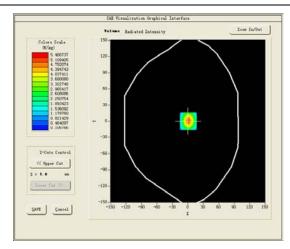
E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)

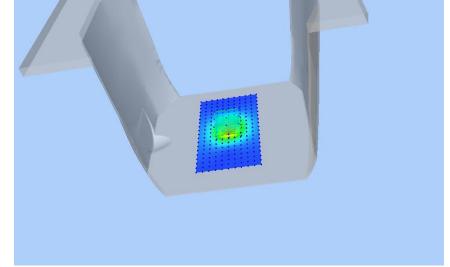
Test Date: October 28, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_2450
Frequency (MHz)	2450.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.10
Conductivity (S/m)	2.00
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.95
Variation (%)	-2.690000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.389321
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.367013

# **SURFACE SAR**







Test mode:5200MHz(Body)
Product Description:Validation

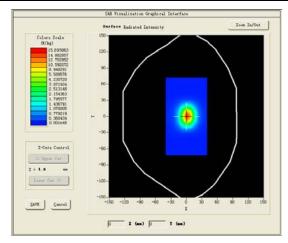
Model:Dipole SID5000

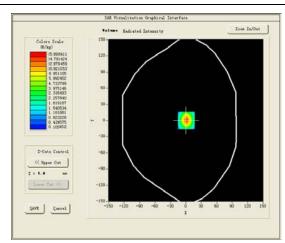
E-Field Probe: SE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)

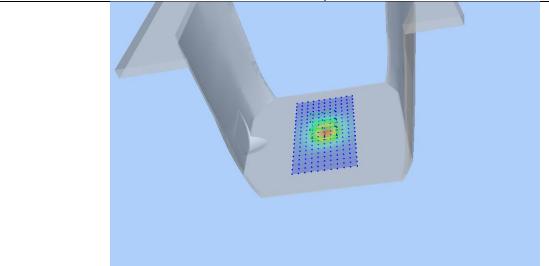
Test Date: October 29, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_5200
Frequency (MHz)	5200.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	49.57
Conductivity (S/m)	5.22
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.56
Variation (%)	-1.250000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.419425
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	15.573572

# **SURFACE SAR**







Test mode:5800MHz(Body)
Product Description:Validation

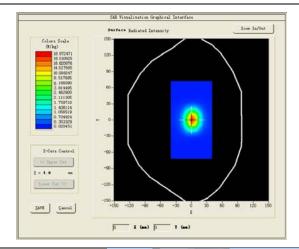
Model:Dipole SID5000

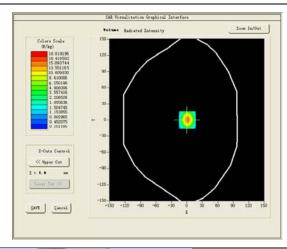
E-Field Probe: SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)

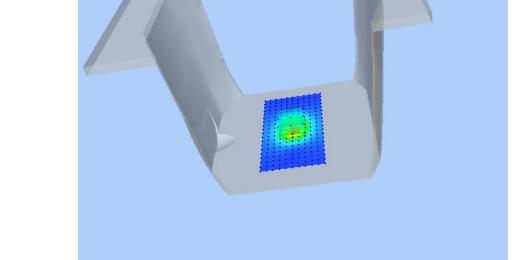
Test Date: October 30, 2019

MSL_5800
5800.0000
47.69
5.87
100mW
1.0
1.55
-0.230000
6.127027
18.451125

# SURFACE SAR VOLUME SAR







# 4.10 SAR Test Graph Results

SAR plots for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination according to FCC KDB 865664 D02;

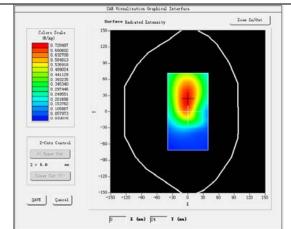
Test Mode: Hotspot WCDMA Band V, Middle channel (Body Front Side)

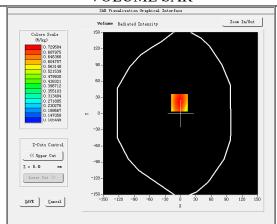
Product Description: Portable 4G LTE Router

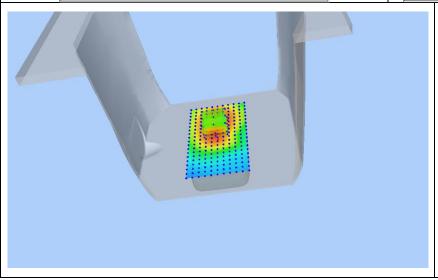
Model: GL-E750C4

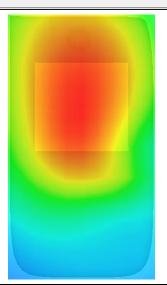
Test Date: October 18, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	836.4000
Relative permittivity (real part)	56.29
Conductivity (S/m)	0.98
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	2.0
Conversion Factor	1.59
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.840000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.504139
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.706487
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR









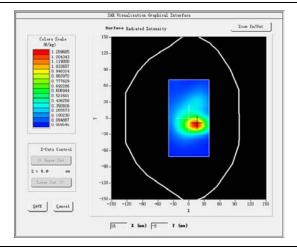
Test Mode: WCDMA Band VI, Middle channel (Body Rear Side)

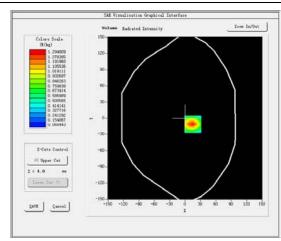
Product Description: Portable 4G LTE Router

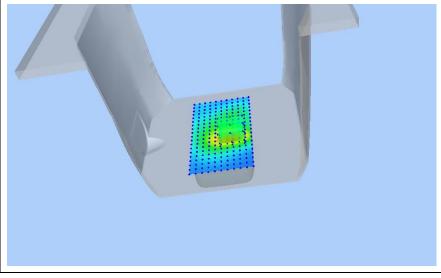
Model: GL-E750C4

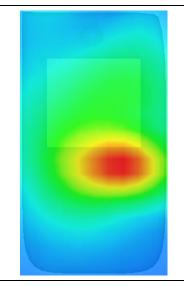
Test Date: October 22, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	MSL 1800
Frequency (MHz)	1740.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.45
Conductivity (S/m)	1.48
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.68
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	4.290000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.601034
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.166908
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR









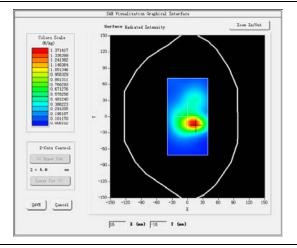
Test Mode: Hotspot WCDMA Band II, Middle channel (Body Rear Side)

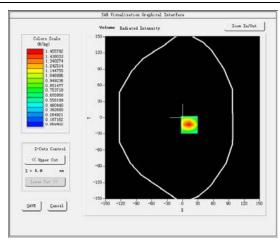
Product Description: Portable 4G LTE Router

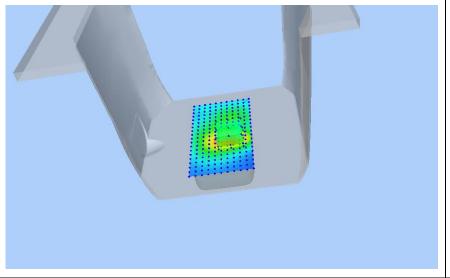
Model: GL-E750C4

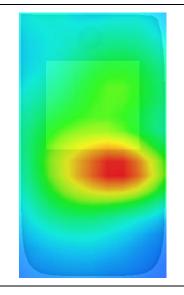
Test Date: October 24, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	MSL 1900
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.76
1 1 /	
Conductivity (S/m)	1.51
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.93
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-1.080000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.683612
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.371264
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR









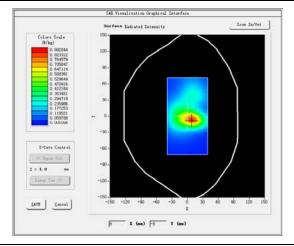
Test Mode: Hotspot LTE Band 2, 1RB, Middle channel(Body Front Side)

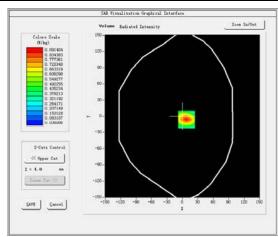
Product Description: Portable 4G LTE Router

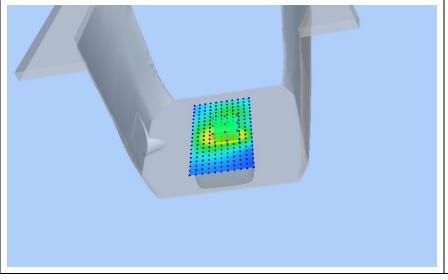
Model: GL-E750C4

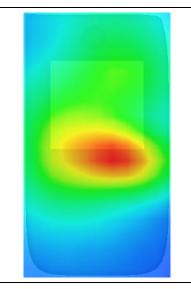
Test Date: October 24, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.75
Conductivity (S/m)	1.52
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.93
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-4.720000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.449861
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.826322
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR









Test Mode: Hotspot LTE Band 4, 1RB, Middle channel(Body Rear Side)

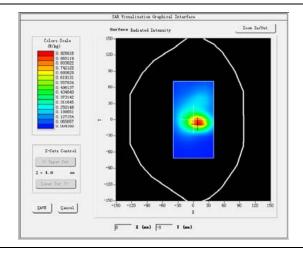
Product Description: Portable 4G LTE Router

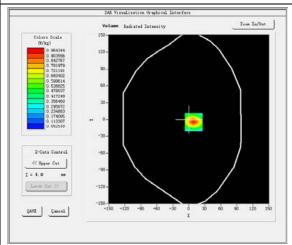
Model: GL-E750C4

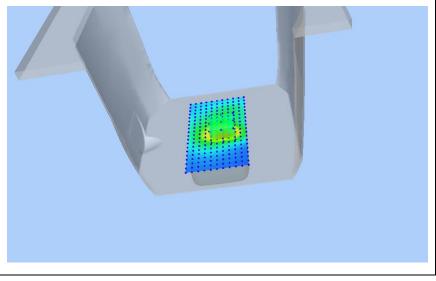
Test Date: October 22, 2019

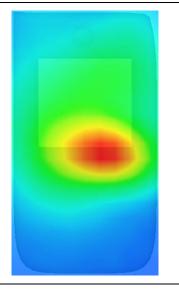
1 00t Bato: October 22, 2010		
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1800	
Frequency (MHz)	1745.0000	
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.42	
Conductivity (S/m)	1.46	
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324	
Crest Factor	1.0	
Conversion Factor	1.68	
Sensor	4mm	
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm	
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm	
Variation (%)	-1.320000	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.489265	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.891997	

# **SURFACE SAR**









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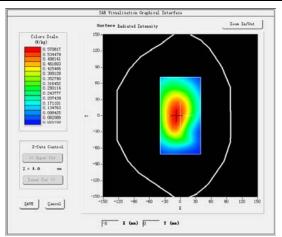
Test Mode: Hotspot LTE Band 5, 1RB, Middle channel(Body Front Side)

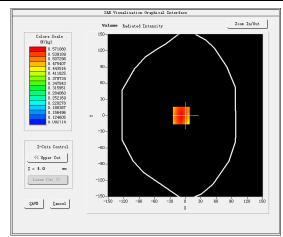
Product Description: Portable 4G LTE Router

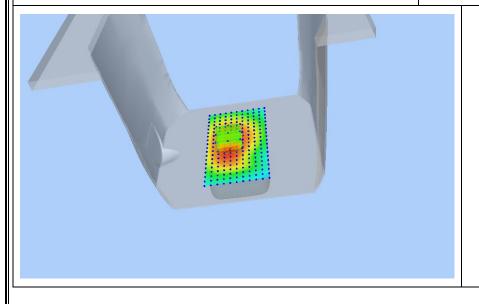
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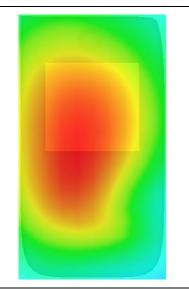
Test Date: October 21, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_835
Frequency (MHz)	836.5000
Relative permittivity (real part)	56.29
Conductivity (S/m)	0.97
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.59
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.020000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.396814
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.552732
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR









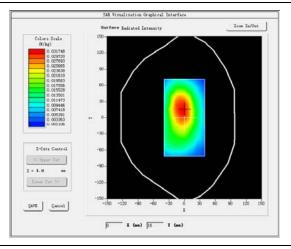
Test Mode: Hotspot LTE Band 12, 1RB,Low channel (Body Rear Side)

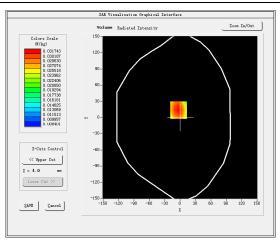
Product Description: Portable 4G LTE Router

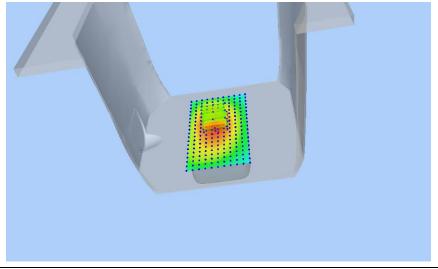
Model: GL-E750C4

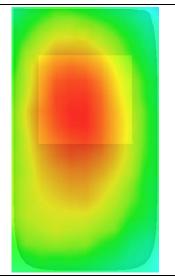
Test Date: October 18, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	MSL 750
Frequency (MHz)	704.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	56.16
Conductivity (S/m)	0.97
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.50
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.460000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.023376
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.032373
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR









Test Mode: Hotspot LTE Band 13, 1RB, Low channel (Body Front Side)

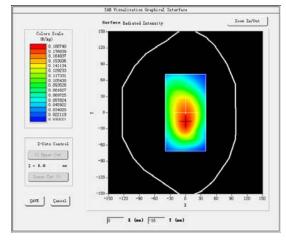
Product Description: Portable 4G LTE Router

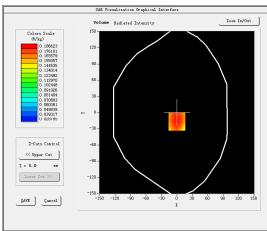
Model: GL-E750C4

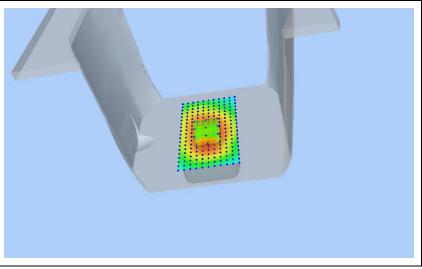
Test Date: October 18, 2019

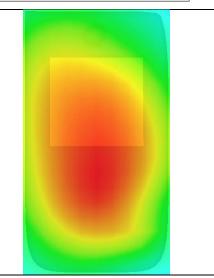
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_750
Frequency (MHz)	779.5000
Relative permittivity (real part)	56.17
Conductivity (S/m)	0.94
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.50
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	2.310000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.133479
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.186017

# **SURFACE SAR**









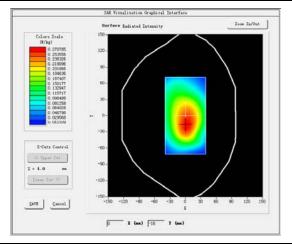
Test Mode: Hotspot LTE Band 14, 1RB, Middle channel (Body Front Side)

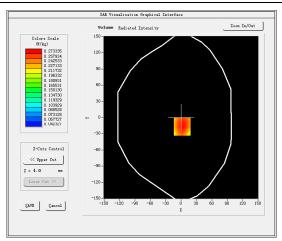
Product Description: Portable 4G LTE Router

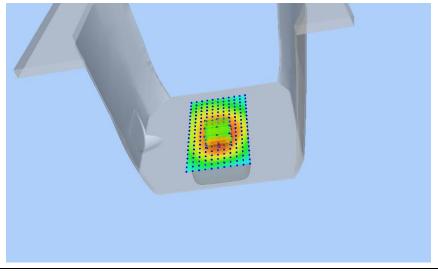
Model: GL-E750C4

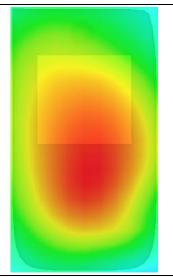
Test Date: October 18, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	MSL 750
Frequency (MHz)	793.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	56.18
Conductivity (S/m)	0.95
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.50
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.010000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.192019
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.270257
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR









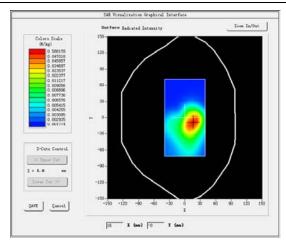
Test Mode: Hotspot 802.11b(WiFi2.4G),Low channel (Body Front Side) Ant 0

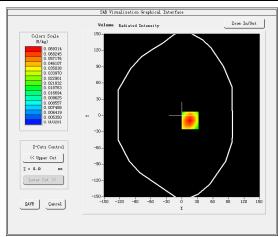
Product Description: Portable 4G LTE Router

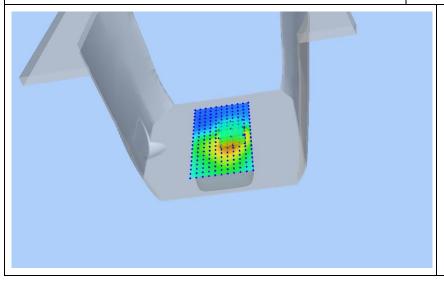
Model: GL-E750C4

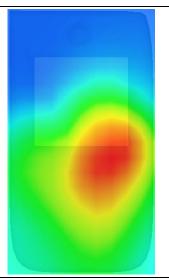
Test Date: October 28, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	MSL 2450
Frequency (MHz)	2412.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.12
Conductivity (S/m)	2.03
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.95
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	1.910000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.025315
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.058298
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR









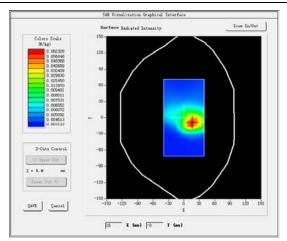
Test Mode: Hotspot 802.11b(WiFi2.4G),Low channel (Body Front Side) Ant 1

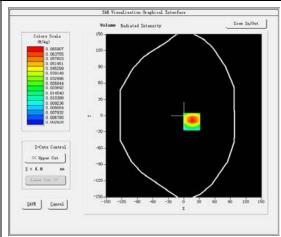
Product Description: Portable 4G LTE Router

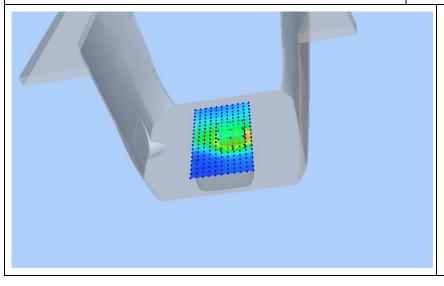
Model: GL-E750C4

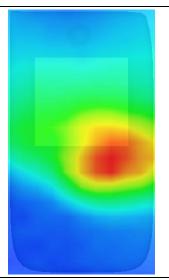
Test Date: October 28, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	MSL 2450
Frequency (MHz)	2412.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.13
Conductivity (S/m)	2.04
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.95
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.170000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.028535
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.052324
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR









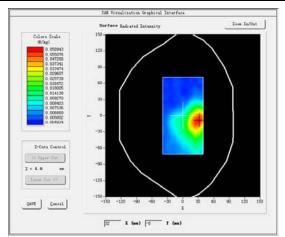
Test Mode: Hotspot 802.11b(WiFi5.2G),Low channel (Body Front Side) Ant 1

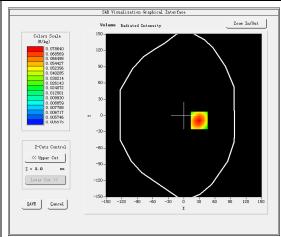
Product Description: Portable 4G LTE Router

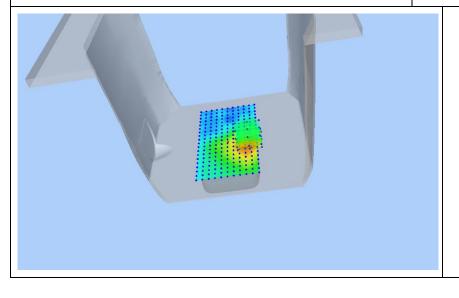
Model: GL-E750C4

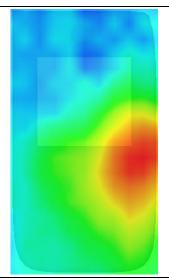
Test Date: October 29, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	MSL 5200
	_
Frequency (MHz)	5180.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	49.59
Conductivity (S/m)	5.24
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.56
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.230000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.034638
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.064509
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR









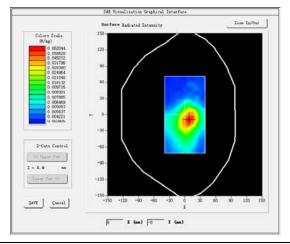
Test Mode: Hotspot 802.11b(SRD5.8G), Middle channel (Body Front Side) Ant 1

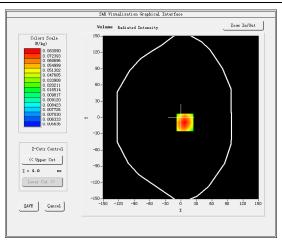
Product Description: Portable 4G LTE Router

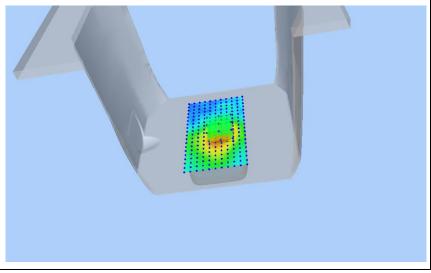
Model: GL-E750C4

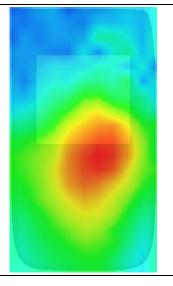
Test Date: October 30, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	MSL 5800
Frequency (MHz)	5795.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	47.67
Conductivity (S/m)	5.84
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.55
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	2.260000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.031893
SAR $1g$ (W/Kg)	0.078219
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR









# 5. ALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

#### 5.1 Probe-EPGO324 Calibration Certificate



# **COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report**

Ref: ACR.281.2.18.SATU.A

# SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.

1F., XINGYUAN INDUSTRIAL PARK, TONGDA ROAD, BAO'AN BLVD

BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 31/17 EPGO324

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144





Calibration Date: 10/08/2019

#### Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in MVG USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



Ref: ACR.281.2.18.SATU.A

<u> </u>	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/8/2019	Jes
Checked by:	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/8/2019	Jes
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	10/8/2019	tum Putthowski

	Customer Name
District at	Shenzhen LCS
Distribution :	Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	10/8/2019	Initial release

Page: 2/10



Ref: ACR.281.2.18.SATU.A

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#### 1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test			
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE		
Manufacturer	MVG		
Model	SSE2		
Serial Number	SN 31/17 EPGO324		
Product Condition (new / used)	New		
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz		
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.189 MΩ		
erderte anterior statut utterte, franzie statinieke statut krespik et 👫 delik statinistik vitat in 2004 filosofi delik despitation	Dipole 2: R2=0.203 MΩ		
	Dipole 3: R3=0.218 MΩ		

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

#### 2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

#### 2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

### 3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

#### 3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

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#### 3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

#### 3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

#### 3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 - 360 degrees in 15 degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis  $(0^{\circ}-180^{\circ})$  in  $15^{\circ}$  increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis  $(0^{\circ}-360^{\circ})$ .

#### 3.5 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

#### 4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Incident or forward power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Reflected power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Liquid conductivity	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%
Liquid permittivity	4.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.309%
Field homogeneity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Field probe positioning	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%

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Field probe linearity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Combined standard uncertainty					5.831%
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					12.0%

#### 5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

	Calibration Parameters	
Liquid Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Humidity	45 %	

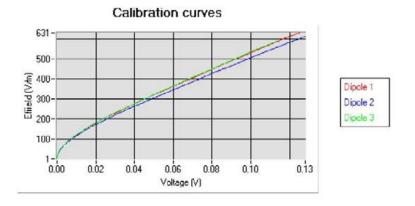
#### 5.1 <u>SENSITIVITY IN AIR</u>

	Normy dipole $2 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	
0.80	0.83	0.68

DCP dipole 1	DCP dipole 2	DCP dipole 3
(mV)	(mV)	(mV)
95	90	93

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain H-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$

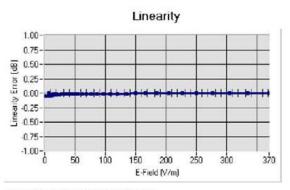


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# 5.2 LINEARITY



Linearity: I+/-1.13% (+/-0.05dB)

#### 5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

Liquid	Frequency (MHz +/- 100MHz)	Permittivity	Epsilon (S/m)	ConvF
HL450	450	42.17	0.86	1.56
BL450	450	57.65	0.95	1.60
HL750	750	40.03	0.93	1.45
BL750	750	56.83	1.00	1.50
HL850	835	42.19	0.90	1.55
BL850	835	54.67	1.01	1.59
HL900	900	42.08	1.01	1.54
BL900	900	55.25	1.08	1.60
HL1800	1800	41.68	1.46	1.65
BL1800	1800	53.86	1.46	1.68
HL1900	1900	38.45	1.45	1.86
BL1900	1900	53.32	1.56	1.93
HL2000	2000	38.26	1.38	1.83
BL2000	2000	52.70	1.51	1.89
HL2300	2300	39.44	1.62	1.95
BL2300	2300	54.52	1.77	2.01
HL2450	2450	37.50	1.80	1.91
BL2450	2450	53.22	1.89	1.95
HL2600	2600	39.80	1.99	1.89
BL2600	2600	52.52	2.23	1.94
HL5200	5200	35.64	4.67	1.50
BL5200	5200	48.64	5.51	1.56
HL5400	5400	36.44	4.87	1.44
BL5400	5400	46.52	5.77	1.47
HL5600	5600	36.66	5.17	1.48
BL5600	5600	46.79	5.77	1.53
HL5800	5800	35.31	5.31	1.50
BL5800	5800	47.04	6.10	1.55

# LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 9mW/kg

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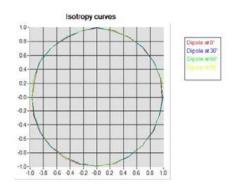


Ref: ACR.281.2.18.SATU.A

# 5.4 ISOTROPY

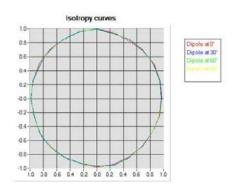
#### HL900 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.05 dB - Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB



#### **HL1800 MHz**

- Axial isotropy: 0.06 dB - Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB



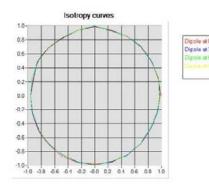
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# **HL5600 MHz**

- Axial isotropy: 0.06 dB - Hemispherical isotropy: 0.10 dB



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# 6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet						
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date		
Flat Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2017	02/2020		
Reference Probe	MVG	EP 94 SN 37/08	10/2018	10/2020		
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	01/2017	01/2020		
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	01/2017	01/2020		
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.		
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	01/2017	01/2020		
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	01/2017	01/2020		
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.		
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	11/2017	11/2020		

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