

RF Exposure evaluation

Product Description: LIGHTWAVE LANTERN
Model Number: AMP
FCC ID: 2AFQH-AMP

According to 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05 The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by: [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

$f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

According to the follow transmitter output power (P_t) formula :

$$P_t = (E \times d)^2 / (30 \times g_t)$$

P_t =transmitter output power in watts

g_t =numeric gain of the transmitting antenna (unitless)

E =electric field strength in V/m

d =measurement distance in meters (m)

According to the above test data,

$E_{\text{max}}=99.14 \text{ dBuV/m}=0.091 \text{ V/m}$, $d=3\text{m}$, $g_t=1$

$$P_t = (E \times d)^2 / (30 \times g_t) = (0.091 \times 3)^2 / (30 \times 1) = 0.002484 \text{ W} = 2.48 \text{ mW}$$

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Worse case is as below: [2440MHz -2.48mW output power]

$(2.48 \text{ mW} / 5 \text{ mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{2.440(\text{GHz})}] = 0.77 < 3.0$ for 1-g SAR

Then SAR evaluation is not required

NOTE: For the maximum power, you can refer FCC test report.