



FCC PART 15, SUBPART C IC RSS-247, ISSUE 1, MAY 2015

TEST AND MEASUREMENT REPORT

For

Renesas Electronics America, Inc.

2801 Scott Blvd.,

Santa Clara, CA 95050, USA

FCC ID: 2AFSTSK-S7G2 IC: 20519-SKS7G2

Report Type: **Product Type:** Microcontroller Developer Starter Kit Original Report deoxad Grey **Prepared By:** Leonard Gray Jin Yang **Report Number:** R1509085-247 **Report Date:** 2015-09-29 Bo Li **Reviewed By:** RF Lead Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. 1274 Anvilwood Avenue, Sunnyvale, CA 94089, USA Tel: (408) 732-9162 Fax: (408) 732-9164

Note: This test report is prepared for the customer shown above and for the device described herein. It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. This report **must not** be used by the customer to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by A2LA*, NIST, or any agency of the Federal Government.

^{*} This report may contain data that are not covered by the A2LA accreditation and are marked with an asterisk "*"

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1 (General Description	
1.1	Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)	5
1.2	Mechanical Description of EUT	5
1.3	~ ~ J ~ ~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1.4	Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)	5
1.5		
1.6	Measurement Uncertainty	5
1.7	Test Facility	6
2 5	System Test Configuration	
2.1		
2.2		
2.3	1 1	
2.4		
2.5	_ = =	
2.6	Tr Tr	
2.7	Tr J	
2.8	$\boldsymbol{\mathcal{E}}$	
	Summary of Test Results	
	FCC §15.203 & IC RSS-Gen §8.3 – Antenna Requirements	
4.1	rr	
4.2		
	FCC §15.247(i) & IC RSS-102 - RF Exposure	
5.1	TT	
5.2		
5.3	= = = =	
	FCC §15.207 & IC RSS-Gen §8.8 - AC Line Conducted Emissions	
6.1	rr	
6.2	1	
6.3		
6.4	r · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
6.5		
6.6	1 I	
6.7		
6.8 6.9	· ·	
	FCC §15.209, §15.247(d) & IC RSS-247 §5.5, RSS-Gen §8.9 - Spurious Radiated Emissions	
7.1		
7.1	11	
7.2	1	
7.3		
7.5		
7.6		
7.7		
7.8		
	FCC§15.247(a)(2) & IC RSS-247 §5.2 - 6 dB & 99% Emission Bandwidth	
8.1		
8.2		
8.3		
8.4	1 1	

8.5	Test Results	
9 FC	CC §15.247(b) & IC RSS-247 §5.4 –Output Power Measurement	28
9.1	Applicable Standards	
9.2	Measurement Procedure	
9.3	Test Equipment List and Details	28
9.4	Test Environmental Conditions	
9.5	Test Results	
10 FC	CC §15.247(d) & IC RSS-247 §5.5 – 100 kHz Bandwidth of Band Edges	
10.1	Applicable Standards	
10.2	Measurement Procedure	
10.3	Test Equipment List and Details	31
10.4	Test Environmental Conditions	
10.5	Test Results	
	C §15.247(e) & IC RSS-247 §A8.2 (b) – Power Spectral Density	
11.1	Applicable Standards	
11.2	Measurement Procedure	
11.3	Test Equipment List and Details	
11.4	Test Environmental Conditions	
11.5	Test Results	
	C §15.247(d) & IC RSS-247 §5.5, RSS-Gen §8.9 - Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	
12.1	Applicable Standards	
12.2	Test Procedure	
12.3	Test Equipment List and Details	36
12.4	Test Environmental Conditions	
12.5	Test Results	
	hibit A – FCC & IC Equipment Labeling Requirements	
13.1	FCC ID Label Requirements	
13.2	IC Label Requirements	
13.3	FCC ID & IC Label Contents and Location	
	hibit B – Test Setup Photographs	
14.1	Radiated Emission below 1 GHz Front View	
14.2	Radiated Emission below 1 GHz Rear View	
14.3	Radiated Emission above 1 GHz Front View	
14.4	Radiated Emission above 1 GHz Rear View	
14.5	AC Conducted Emissions Front View	
14.6	AC Conducted Emissions Side View.	
	hibit C – EUT Photographs	
14.1 14.2	EUT Photo – Top View	
	EUT Photo – Bottom View	
14.3 14.4	EUT Photo – Front Side View	
14.4	EUT Photo – Back Side View EUT Photo – Right Side View	
14.5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
14.0	EUT Photo – Left Side View	40

DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0	R1509085-247	Original Report	2015-09-29

1 General Description

1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

This test and measurement report was prepared on behalf of *Renesas Electronics America, Inc.*, and their product model: *SK-S7G2*, FCC ID: 2AFSTSK-S7G2, IC: 20519-SKS7G2 or the "EUT" as referred to in this report. The EUT is a board that contains a Renesas microcontroller and is used by Renesas customers to evaluate the microcontroller and development software. It will be used in a laboratory/industrial environment only for evaluation purposes.

1.2 Mechanical Description of EUT

The EUT measures approximately 12 cm (L) x 14.5 cm (W) x 1 cm (H) and weighs 0.5 kg.

The test data gathered are from typical production sample, serial number: R1509085-01 assigned by BACL.

1.3 Objective

This report is prepared on behalf of *Renesas Electronics America, Inc.*, in accordance with Part 2, Subpart J, and Part 15, Subparts B and C of the Federal Communication Commission's rules and IC RSS-247 Issue 1, May 2015.

The objective is to determine compliance with FCC Part 15.247 and IC RSS-247 rules for Output Power, Antenna Requirements, 6 dB Bandwidth, Power spectral density, 100 kHz Bandwidth of Band Edges Measurement, Conducted and Radiated Spurious Emissions.

1.4 Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

N/A

1.5 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted in accordance with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices and FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r03: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247

1.6 Measurement Uncertainty

All measurements involve certain levels of uncertainties, especially in the field of EMC. The factors contributing to uncertainties are spectrum analyzer, cable loss, antenna factor calibration, antenna directivity, antenna factor variation with height, antenna phase center variation, antenna factor frequency interpolation, measurement distance variation, site imperfections, mismatch (average), and system repeatability.

Based on CISPR16-4-2:2011, The Treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurements, the values ranging from ± 2.0 dB for Conducted Emissions tests and ± 4.0 dB for Radiated Emissions tests are the most accurate estimates pertaining to uncertainty of EMC measurements at BACL Corp.

1.7 Test Facility

Bay area compliance Laboratories Corp. (BACL) is:

- 1- An independent Commercial Test Laboratory accredited to **ISO 17025: 2005** by **A2LA**, in the fields of: Electromagnetic Compatibility & Telecommunications covering Emissions, Immunity, Radio, RF Exposure, Safety and Telecom. This includes NEBS (Network Equipment Building System), Wireless RF, Telecommunications Terminal Equipment (TTE); Network Equipment; Information Technology Equipment (ITE); Medical Electrical Equipment; Industrial, Commercial, and Medical Test Equipment; Professional Audio and Video Equipment; Electronic (Digital) Products; Industrial and Scientific Instruments; Cabled Distribution Systems and Energy Efficiency Lighting.
- 2- An ENERGY STAR Recognized Laboratory, for the LM80 Testing, a wide variety of Luminares and Computers.
- 3- A NIST Designated Phase-I and Phase-II CAB including: ACMA (Australian Communication and Media Authority), BSMI (Bureau of Standards, Metrology and Inspection of Taiwan), IDA (Infocomm Development Authority of Singapore), IC(Industry Canada), Korea (Ministry of Communications Radio Research Laboratory), NCC (Formerly DGT; Directorate General of Telecommunication of Chinese Taipei) OFTA (Office of the Telecommunications Authority of Hong Kong), Vietnam, VCCI Voluntary Control Council for Interference of Japan and a designated EU CAB (Conformity Assessment Body) (Notified Body) for the EMC and R&TTE Directives.
- 4- A Product Certification Body accredited to **ISO Guide 65: 1996** by **A2LA** to certify:
- 2. Radio Standards Specifications (RSS) in the Category I Equipment Standards List and All Broadcasting Technical Standards (BETS) in Category I Equipment Standards List for Industry Canada.
- 3. Radio Communication Equipment for Singapore.
- 4. Radio Equipment Specifications, GMDSS Marine Radio Equipment Specifications, and Fixed Network Equipment Specifications for Hong Kong.
- 5. Japan MIC Telecommunication Business Law (A1, A2) and Radio Law (B1, B2 and B3).
- 6. Audio/Video, Battery Charging Systems, Computers, Displays, Enterprise Servers, Imaging Equipment, Set-Top Boxes, Telephony, Televisions, Ceiling Fans, CFLs (Including GU24s), Decorative Light Strings, Integral LED Lamps, Luminaires, Residential Ventilating Fans.

The test site used by BACL Corp. to collect radiated and conducted emissions measurement data is located at its facility in Sunnyvale, California, USA.

The test site at BACL Corp. has been fully described in reports submitted to the Federal Communication Commission (FCC) and Voluntary Control Council for Interference (VCCI). The details of these reports have been found to be in compliance with the requirements of Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules on February 11 and December 10, 1997, and Article 8 of the VCCI regulations on December 25, 1997. The test site also complies with the test methods and procedures set forth in CISPR 22:2008 §10.4 for measurements below 1 GHz and §10.6 for measurements above 1 GHz as well as ANSI C63.10-2013, ANSI C63.4-2014, TIA/EIA-603 & CISPR 24:2010.

The Federal Communications Commission and Voluntary Control Council for Interference have the reports on file and they are listed under FCC registration number: 90464 and VCCI Registration No.: A-0027. The test site has been approved by the FCC and VCCI for public use and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database.

Additionally, BACL Corp. is an American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) accredited laboratory (Lab Code 3297-02). The current scope of accreditations can be found at

http://www.a2la.org/scopepdf/3297-02.pdf?CFID=1132286&CFTOKEN=e42a3240dac3f6ba-6DE17DCB-1851-9E57-477422F667031258&jsessionid=8430d44f1f47cf2996124343c704b367816b

2 System Test Configuration

2.1 Justification

The EUT was configured for testing according to ANSI C63.10-2013 and FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r03.

The EUT was tested in a testing mode to represent worst-case results during the final qualification test.

The worst-case data rates are determined to be as follows for each mode based upon investigation by measuring the average power, peak power and PPSD across all data rates bandwidths, and modulations.

2.2 EUT Exercise Software

The test utility used is *rBLE_Tool* provided by *Renesas Electronics America, Inc.*, the software was verified by *Leonard Gray* to comply with the standard requirements being tested against.

2.3 Equipment Modifications

A SMA wire was attached to the output signal before the antenna of the EUT to perform conducted measurements.

2.4 Local Support Equipment

Manufacturer	Description	Model
Lenovo	Laptop	T430

2.5 EUT Internal Configuration Details

Manufacturer/Product Type	Model/Rev.	Crystals (MHz)
Microcontroller	R7FS7G27H3A01CFC	24, 0.032768
Bluetooth Low Energy integrated circuit	R5F11AGJANB#W0	32, 0.032768

2.6 Support Equipment

Manufacturer	Description	Model
Lenovo	Laptop Charger	42T4434

2.7 Power Supply and Line Filters

N/A

2.8 Interface Ports and Cabling

Cable Description	Length (m)	То	From
USB Cable	<1M	Laptop	EUT
RF Cable	<1M	EUT	PSA

3 Summary of Test Results

Results reported relate only to the product tested.

FCC & IC Rules	Description of Test	Results
FCC §15.203 IC RSS-Gen §8.3	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
FCC §15.207 IC RSS-Gen §8.8	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Compliant
FCC §15.247(i) IC RSS-102	RF Exposure	Compliant
FCC §15.247 (d) IC RSS-247 §5.5	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Port	Compliant
FCC §15.205 IC RSS-Gen §8.10	Restricted Bands	Compliant
FCC §15.209, §15.247 (d) IC RSS-247 §5.5 IC RSS-Gen §8.9	Radiated Spurious Emissions	Compliant
FCC §15.247(a)(2) IC RSS-247 §5.2	6 dB & 99% Emission Bandwidth	Compliant
FCC §15.247(b)(3) IC RSS-247 §5.4	Output Power	Compliant
FCC §15.247(d) IC RSS-247 §5.5	100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge	Compliant
FCC §15.247(e) IC RSS-247 §5.2	Power Spectral Density	Compliant

4 FCC §15.203 & IC RSS-Gen §8.3 – Antenna Requirements

4.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

And according to FCC §15.247 (b) (4), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

According to IC RSS-Gen §8.3: Transmitter Antenna

The applicant for equipment certification, as per RSP-100, must provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the licence-exempt transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna.

Licence-exempt transmitters that have received equipment certification may operate with different types of antennas. However, it is not permissible to exceed the maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) limits specified in the applicable standard (RSS) for the licence-exempt apparatus.

Testing shall be performed using the highest gain antenna of each combination of licence-exempt transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. ⁹ When a measurement at the antenna connector is used to determine RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna manufacturer.

User manuals for transmitters equipped with detachable antennas shall also contain the following notice in a conspicuous location:

This radio transmitter (identify the device by certification number) has been approved by Industry Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list, having a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for that type, are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types approved for use with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi).

4.2 Antenna Description

Antenna Type	Antenna Gain (dBi) @ 2.4 GHz		
Chip Antenna	0.1		

5 FCC §15.247(i) & IC RSS-102 - RF Exposure

5.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.247(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

J	Limits	tor	General	ŀ	opu.	lati	ion/	ľ	ncon	trol	led	Expos	sure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm²)	Averaging Time (minutes)
	Limits for Ge	ntrolled Exposure		
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	* (100)	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	$*(180/f^2)$	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500	/	/	f/1500	30
1500-100,000	/	/	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz

Before equipment certification is granted, the procedure of IC RSS-102 must be followed concerning the exposure of humans to RF field

According to IC RSS-102 Issue 5:

2.5.2 Exemption Limits for Routine Evaluation – RF Exposure Evaluation

RF exposure evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the device's radiating element is greater than 20 cm, except when the device operates as follows:

- below 20 MHz⁶ and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 1 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance);
- at or above 20 MHz and below 48 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the
 device is equal to or less than 4.49/f^{0.5} W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where f is in MHz;
- at or above 48 MHz and below 300 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the
 device is equal to or less than 0.6 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance);
- at or above 300 MHz and below 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 1.31 x 10⁻² f^{0.6834} W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where f is in MHz;
- at or above 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 5 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance).

In these cases, the information contained in the RF exposure technical brief may be limited to information that demonstrates how the e.i.r.p. was derived.

^{* =} Plane-wave equivalent power density

5.2 MPE Prediction

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance, Equation from OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = PG/4\pi R^2$$

Where: S = power density

P = power input to antenna

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

5.3 MPE Results

Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (dBm): -7.8

Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (mW): 0.166

<u>Prediction distance (cm):</u> 20

Prediction frequency (MHz): 2402

Maximum Antenna Gain, typical (dBi): 0.1

Maximum Antenna Gain (numeric): 1.02329

Power density of prediction frequency at 20.0 cm (mW/cm²): 0.000033803

FCC MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency (mW/cm²): 1.0

The device is compliant with the requirement MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure. The maximum power density at the distance of 20 cm is 0.000033803 mW/cm². Limit is 1.0 mW/cm².

RF exposure evaluation exemption for IC:

$$-7.8 \text{ dBm} + 0.1 \text{ dBi} = -7.7 \text{ dBm} < 1.31 \times 10^{-2} f^{0.6834} = 2.7 \text{ W} = 34.3 \text{ dBm}$$

Therefore the RF exposure is exempted.

6 FCC §15.207 & IC RSS-Gen §8.8 - AC Line Conducted Emissions

6.1 Applicable Standards

As per FCC §15.207 and IC RSS-Gen §8.8 Conducted limits:

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.

Frequency of Emission	Conducted Limit (dBuV)				
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average			
0.15-0.5	66 to 56 Note	56 to 46 Note			
0.5-5	56	46			
5-30	60	50			

Note: Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

Note: A linear average detector is required

6.2 Test Setup

The measurement was performed at shield room, using the setup per ANSI C63.4-2014 measurement procedure. The specification used was FCC §15.207 and IC RSS-Gen §8.8 limits.

External I/O cables were draped along the edge of the test table and bundle when necessary.

The AC/DC power adapter of the EUT was connected with LISN-1 which provided 120 V / 60 Hz AC power.

6.3 Test Procedure

During the conducted emissions test, the power cord of the EUT host system was connected to the mains outlet of the LISN-1 and the power cord of the support equipment was connected to LISN-2.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions of the EUT.

All data was recorded in the peak detection mode, quasi-peak and average. Quasi-Peak readings are distinguished with a "QP." Average readings are distinguished with an "Ave".

6.4 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude (CA) is calculated by adding the Cable Loss (CL), the Attenuator Factor (Atten) to indicated Amplitude (Ai) reading. The basic equation is as follows:

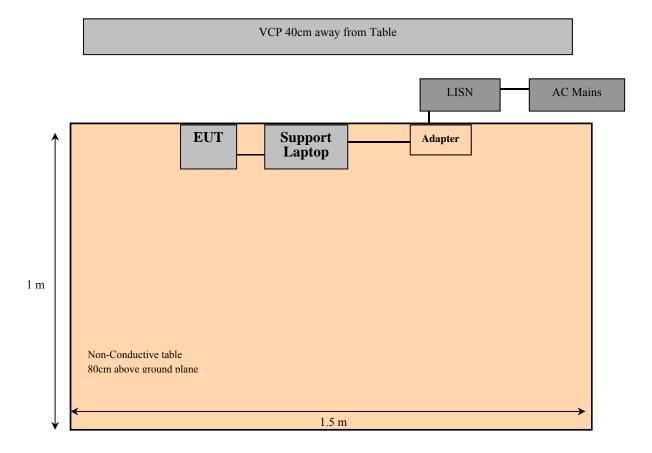
$$CA = Ai + CL + Atten$$

For example, a corrected amplitude of 46.2 dBuV = Indicated Reading (32.5 dBuV) + Cable Loss (3.7 dB) + Attenuator (10 dB)

The "**Margin**" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the maximum limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin = Corrected Amplitude – Limit

6.5 Test Setup Block Diagram



6.6 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Rohde & Schwarz	Receiver, EMI Test	ESCI 1166.5950K03	100337	2015-06-18	1 year
FCC	LISN	FCC-LISN-50-2-10- CISPR16	160130	2015-04-07	1 year
TTE INCORPORATED	High Pass Filter	H985-150k-50-720N	Н 886	2015-01-09	1 year
Ericsson	Pulse Limiter	ESH 3-Z2	101964	N/A	N/A
Suirong	30 ft conductive emission cable	LMR 400	-	2015-03-05	1 year
Hewlett-Packard	5 ft N-type RF cable	-	1268	2015-05-15	1 year

Statement of Traceability: BACL Corp. attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

6.7 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	15 ° C
Relative Humidity:	42 %
ATM Pressure:	101.31 kPa

The testing was performed by Jin Yang on 2015-09-25 in 5 chamber3

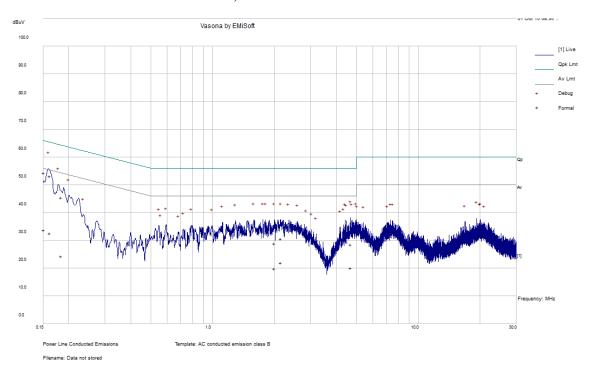
6.8 Summary of Test Results

According to the recorded data in following table, the EUT <u>complied with the FCC 15C and IC RSS-Gen standard's</u> conducted emissions limits, with the margin reading of:

Connection: AC/DC adapter connected to 120 V/60 Hz, AC					
Margin (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Conductor Mode (Live/Neutral)	Range (MHz)		
-10.47	0.150993	Neutral	0.15-30		

6.9 Conducted Emissions Test Plots and Data

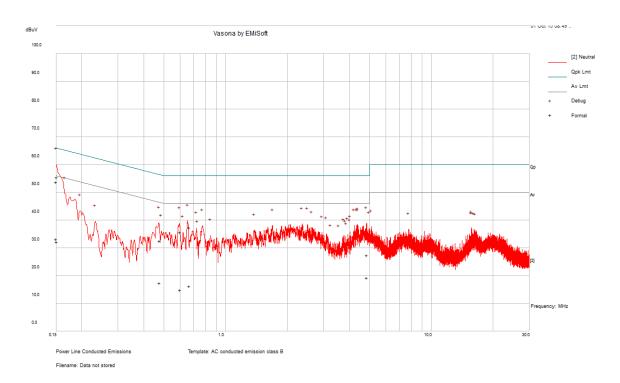
120 V, 60 Hz – Line



Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector (QP/Ave.)
0.15132	54.26	Line	65.93	-11.67	QP
0.161322	53.28	Line	65.4	-12.11	QP
0.18321	45.6	Line	64.34	-18.74	QP
4.691006	28.6	Line	56	-27.4	QP
2.000775	28.99	Line	56	-27.01	QP
2.142821	30.7	Line	56	-25.3	QP

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector (QP/Ave.)
0.15132	33.87	Line	55.93	-22.05	Ave.
0.161322	32.67	Line	55.4	-22.72	Ave.
0.18321	24.36	Line	54.34	-29.98	Ave.
4.691006	20.16	Line	46	-25.84	Ave.
2.000775	19.89	Line	46	-26.11	Ave.
2.142821	22.03	Line	46	-23.97	Ave.

120 V, 60 Hz – Neutral



Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector (QP/Ave.)
0.1504	53.78	Neutral	65.98	-12.2	QP
0.150993	55.47	Neutral	65.95	-10.47	QP
0.667824	37.48	Neutral	56	-18.52	QP
0.601479	35.62	Neutral	56	-20.38	QP
4.862756	27.39	Neutral	56	-28.61	QP
0.476826	32.65	Neutral	56.39	-23.75	QP

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector (QP/Ave.)
0.1504	33.21	Neutral	55.98	-22.76	Ave.
0.150993	32.23	Neutral	55.95	-23.72	Ave.
0.667824	16.31	Neutral	46	-29.69	Ave.
0.601479	14.93	Neutral	46	-31.07	Ave.
4.862756	19.36	Neutral	46	-26.64	Ave.
0.476826	17.53	Neutral	46.39	-28.86	Ave.

7 FCC §15.209, §15.247(d) & IC RSS-247 §5.5, RSS-Gen §8.9 - Spurious Radiated Emissions

7.1 Applicable Standards

As per FCC §15.35(d): Unless otherwise specified, on any frequency or frequencies above 1000 MHz, the radiated emission limits are based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing an average detector function. Unless otherwise specified, measurements above 1000 MHz shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz.

As per FCC §15.209(a): Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (micro volts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100**	3
88 - 216	150**	3
216 - 960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

^{**} Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

As Per FCC §15.205(a) and RSS-Gen except as show in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
$\begin{array}{c} 0.090 - 0.110 \\ 0.495 - 0.505 \\ 2.1735 - 2.1905 \\ 4.125 - 4.128 \\ 4.17725 - 4.17775 \\ 4.20725 - 4.20775 \\ 6.215 - 6.218 \\ 6.26775 - 6.26825 \\ 6.31175 - 6.31225 \\ 8.291 - 8.294 \\ 8.362 - 8.366 \\ 8.37625 - 8.38675 \\ 8.41425 - 8.41475 \\ 12.29 - 12.293 \\ 12.51975 - 12.52025 \\ 12.57675 - 12.57725 \\ 13.36 - 13.41 \end{array}$	16.42 - 16.423 16.69475 - 16.69525 25.5 - 25.67 37.5 - 38.25 73 - 74.6 74.8 - 75.2 108 - 121.94 123 - 138 149.9 - 150.05 156.52475 - 156.52525 156.7 - 156.9 162.0125 - 167.17 167.72 - 173.2 240 - 285 322 - 335.4 399.9 - 410 608 - 614	960 - 1240 1300 - 1427 1435 - 1626.5 1645.5 - 1646.5 1660 - 1710 1718.8 - 1722.2 2200 - 2300 2310 - 2390 2483.5 - 2500 2690 - 2900 3260 - 3267 3.332 - 3.339 3 3458 - 3 358 3.600 - 4.400	4. 5 - 5. 15 5. 35 - 5. 46 7.25 - 7.75 8.025 - 8.5 9.0 - 9.2 9.3 - 9.5 10.6 - 12.7 13.25 - 13.4 14.47 - 14.5 15.35 - 16.2 17.7 - 21.4 22.01 - 23.12 23.6 - 24.0 31.2 - 31.8 36.43 - 36.5 Above 38.6

As per FCC §15.247 (d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c).

As per IC RSS-Gen 8.9,

Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, emissions from licence-exempt transmitters shall comply with the field strength limits shown in Table 4 or Table 5 below. Additionally, the level of any transmitter emission shall not exceed the level of the transmitter's fundamental emission.

Table 4 – General Field Strength Limits for Licence-Exempt Transmitters at Frequencies Above 30 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μν/m at 3 metres)
30-88	100
88-216	150
216-960	200
Above 960*	500

^{*} Unless otherwise specified, for all frequencies greater than 1 GHz, the radiated emission limits for licence-exempt radio apparatus stated in applicable RSSs (including RSS-Gen) are based on measurements using a linear average detector function having a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. If an average limit is specified for the EUT, then the peak emission shall also be measured with instrumentation properly adjusted for such factors as pulse desensitization to ensure the peak emission is less than 20 dB above the average limit.

Note: Transmitting devices are not permitted in restricted frequency bands unless stated otherwise in the specific RSS.

As per IC RSS-247 §5.5, in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section 5.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

7.2 Test Setup

The radiated emissions tests were performed in the 5-meter Chamber, using the setup in accordance with ANSI C63.10-2013. The specification used was the FCC 15 Subpart C and IC RSS-247 limits.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 centimeters.

External I/O cables were draped along the edge of the test table and bundle when necessary.

7.3 Test Procedure

For the radiated emissions test, the EUT host, and all support equipment power cords was connected to the AC floor outlet.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all Installation combinations.

The EUT is set 3 meter away from the testing antenna, which is varied from 1-4 meter, and the EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8 meter above ground plane, the table shall be rotated for 360 degrees to find out the highest emission. The receiving antenna should be changed the polarization both of horizontal and vertical.

The spectrum analyzer or receiver is set as:

Below 1000 MHz:

$$RBW = 100 \text{ kHz} / VBW = 300 \text{ kHz} / Sweep = Auto$$

Above 1000 MHz:

- (1) Peak: RBW = 1MHz / VBW = 1MHz / Sweep = Auto
- (2) Average: RBW = 1MHz / VBW = 10Hz / Sweep = Auto

7.4 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude (CA) is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor (AF), the Cable Loss (CL), the Attenuator Factor (Atten) and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (Ga) to indicated Amplitude (Ai) reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$CA = Ai + AF + CL + Atten - Ga$$

For example, a corrected amplitude of 40.3 dBuV/m = Indicated Reading (32.5 dBuV) + Antenna Factor (+23.5dB) + Cable Loss (3.7 dB) + Attenuator (10 dB) - Amplifier Gain (29.4 dB)

The "**Margin**" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the maximum limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin = Corrected Amplitude - Limit

7.5 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI 1166.5950K03	100337	2014-09-28	1 year
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	MY44303352	2014-10-16	1 year
Sunol Science Corp	System Controller	SC99V	011003-1	N/R	N/R
Sunol Science Corp	Combination Antenna	JB3	A020106-3	2014-09-18	1 year
EMCO	Horn Antenna	3115	9511-4627	2014-10-17	1 year
Agilent	Pre-amplifier	8447D	2944A10187	2015-03-20	1 year
Suirong	30 ft conductive emission cable	LMR 400	-	2015-03-05	1 year
-	SMA cable	-	C0002	Each time ¹	N/A
IW Microwave	High Frequency Cable	DC-1438	SPS-2303- 3840-SPS	2014-09-23	1 year
Hewlett-Packard	5 ft N-type RF cable	-	1268	2015-05-15	1 year
Hewlett	Pre-Amplifier	8449B	3008A01978	2015-03-11	1 year
Fluke Corp	Multimeter, Digital	233	23790031	2015-07-06	1 year

Note¹: cable and attenuator included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

Statement of Traceability: BACL attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to NIST.

7.6 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	22 °C
Relative Humidity:	42 %
ATM Pressure:	102.7 kPa

The testing was performed by Leonard Gray on 2015-08-24 in 5m chamber 3.

7.7 Summary of Test Results

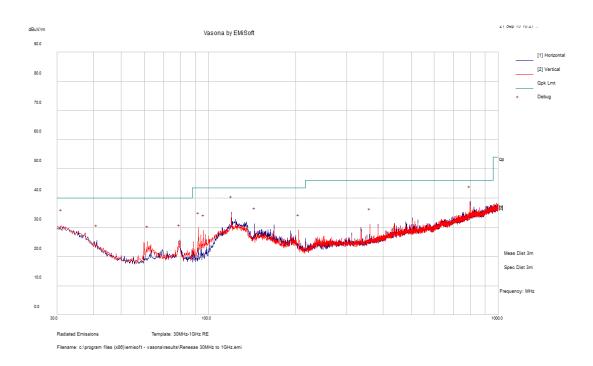
According to the data hereinafter, the EUT <u>complied with FCC Title 47, Part 15C and IC RSS-247</u> standard's radiated emissions limits, and had the worst margin of:

Mode: Transmitting			
Margin (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (Horizontal/Vertical)	Channel
-2.25	9920	Vertical	High

Please refer to the following table and plots for specific test result details

7.8 Radiated Emissions Test Results

1) 30 MHz – 1 GHz, Measured at 3 meters



Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBµV/m)	Antenna Height (cm)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector (PK/QP/Ave.)
120.0183	31.17	199	Н	29	43.5	-12.33	QP
796.613	31.05	241	V	51	46	-14.95	QP
31.082	22.71	298	V	209	40	-17.29	QP
144.0793	22.92	246	Н	49	43.5	-20.58	QP
79.14925	19.00	225	Н	226	40	-21.00	QP
92.28125	17.84	100	V	197	43.5	-25.66	QP

Note: The worst case result was reported.

2) 1–25 GHz, Measured at 3 meters

Frequency	S.A.	Turntable	Т	est Anteni	na	Cable	Pre-	Cord.	FC	C/IC	
(MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Azimuth (degrees)	Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)	Loss (dB)	Amp. (dB)	Reading (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Comments
					nel 2402 M	Hz, meas	sured at 3			· · · ·	<u>.</u>
2402	49.74	153	291	V	28.35	2.86	0.00	80.95	-	-	Peak
2402	50.61	304	230	Н	28.20	2.86	0.00	81.67	-	-	Peak
2402	45.67	301	283	V	28.35	2.86	0.00	76.88	-	-	Ave
2402	45.91	46	173	Н	28.20	2.86	0.00	76.97	-	-	Ave
2390	27.54	0	100	V	28.35	2.86	0.00	58.75	74.00	-15.25	Peak
2390	28.11	0	100	Н	28.20	2.86	0.00	59.17	74.00	-14.83	Peak
2390	16.12	0	100	V	28.35	2.86	0.00	47.33	54.00	-6.67	Ave
2390	16.1	0	100	Н	28.20	2.865	0.00	47.16	54.00	-6.84	Ave
4804	46.45	0	100	V	32.89	4.297	35.86	47.78	74.00	-26.22	Peak
4804	47.89	0	100	Н	32.74	4.297	35.86	49.07	74.00	-24.93	Peak
4804	32.38	0	100	V	32.89	4.297	35.86	33.71	54.00	-20.29	Ave
4804	32.62	0	100	Н	32.74	4.297	35.86	33.80	54.00	-20.20	Ave
7206	46.26	0	100	V	36.25	5.675	36.01	52.18	60.95	-8.78	Peak
7206	45.85	0	100	Н	36.14	5.675	36.01	51.65	61.67	-10.02	Peak
7206	31.49	0	100	V	36.25	5.675	36.01	37.41	56.88	-19.48	Ave
7206	31.58	0	100	Н	36.14	5.675	36.01	37.38	56.97	-19.59	Ave
9608	47.73	0	100	V	38.00	8.704	36.04	58.39	60.95	-2.56	Peak
9608	48.08	0	100	Н	37.92	8.704	36.04	58.66	61.67	-3.02	Peak
9608	33.59	0	100	V	38.00	8.704	36.04	44.25	56.88	-12.63	Ave
9608	33.61	0	100	Н	37.92	8.704	36.04	44.19	56.97	-12.79	Ave
			M	Iiddle Char	nnel 2440 l	MHz, mea	asured at	3 meters			
2440	49.54	149	265	V	28.348	2.865	0.00	80.75	-	-	Peak
2440	54.21	38	153	Н	28.200	2.865	0.00	85.27	-	-	Peak
2440	48.31	147	260	V	28.348	2.865	0.00	79.52	-	-	Ave
2440	53.27	38	150	Н	28.200	2.865	0.00	84.33	-	-	Ave
4880	48.13	0	100	V	33.295	4.404	35.90	49.93	74.00	-24.07	Peak
4880	46.55	0	100	Н	32.932	4.404	35.90	47.99	74.00	-26.01	Peak
4880	32.98	0	100	V	33.295	4.404	35.90	34.78	54.00	-19.22	Ave
4880	33.13	0	100	Н	32.932	4.404	35.90	34.57	54.00	-19.43	Ave
7320	46.06	0	100	V	36.694	5.788	35.96	52.58	74.00	-21.42	Peak
7320	47.37	0	100	Н	36.575	5.788	35.96	53.78	74.00	-20.22	Peak
7320	32	0	100	V	36.694	5.788	35.96	38.52	54.00	-15.48	Ave
7320	32.03	0	100	Н	36.575	5.788	35.96	38.44	54.00	-15.56	Ave
9760	46.56	0	100	V	38.128	8.157	36.03	56.81	60.75	-3.94	Peak
9760	47.26	0	100	Н	37.896	8.157	36.03	57.28	65.27	- 7.99	Peak
9760	32.95	0	100	V	38.128	8.157	36.03	43.20	59.52	-16.32	Ave
9760	33.04	0	100	Н	37.896	8.157	36.03	43.06	64.33	-21.27	Ave

E	S.A.	Turntable	Т	est Anteni	na	Cable	Pre-	Cord.	FC	CC/IC	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Azimuth (degrees)	Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)	Loss (dB)	Amp. (dB)	Reading (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Comments
			I	High Chanı	nel 2480 M	IHz, mea	sured at 3	meters			
2480	47.82	93	105	V	28.61	2.95	0.00	79.38	-	-	Peak
2480	54.77	40	151	Н	28.52	2.95	0.00	86.24	-	-	Peak
2480	49.28	150	251	V	28.61	2.95	0.00	80.84	-	-	Ave
2480	54.34	38	149	Н	28.52	2.95	0.00	85.81	-	-	Ave
2483.5	27.21	93	105	V	28.61	2.95	0.00	58.77	74.00	-15.23	Peak
2483.5	26.84	40	151	Н	28.52	2.95	0.00	58.31	74.00	-15.69	Peak
2483.5	13.21	150	251	V	28.61	2.95	0.00	44.77	54.00	-9.23	Ave
2483.5	13.18	38	149	Н	28.52	2.95	0.00	44.65	54.00	-9.35	Ave
4960	50.92	0	100	V	33.32	4.485	35.91	52.81	74.00	-21.19	Peak
4960	51.41	0	100	Н	33.24	4.485	35.91	53.23	74.00	-20.77	Peak
4960	36.11	0	100	V	33.32	4.485	35.91	38.00	54.00	-16.00	Ave
4960	36.21	0	100	Н	33.24	4.485	35.91	38.03	54.00	-15.97	Ave
7440	46.96	0	100	V	36.88	5.869	35.96	53.75	74.00	-20.25	Peak
7440	46.49	0	100	Н	36.76	5.869	35.96	53.15	74.00	-20.85	Peak
7440	32.42	0	100	V	36.88	5.869	35.96	39.21	54.00	-14.79	Ave
7440	32.43	0	100	Н	36.76	5.869	35.96	39.09	54.00	-14.91	Ave
9920	47.29	0	100	V	38.36	7.444	35.98	57.12	59.38	-2.25	Peak
9920	47.13	0	100	Н	38.37	7.444	35.98	56.97	66.24	-9.26	Peak
9920	33.23	0	100	V	38.36	7.444	35.98	43.06	60.84	-17.77	Ave
9920	33.17	0	100	Н	38.37	7.444	35.98	43.01	65.81	-22.79	Ave

8 FCC§15.247(a)(2) & IC RSS-247 §5.2 - 6 dB & 99% Emission Bandwidth

8.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.247(a)(2) and IC RSS-247 §5.2, systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902~928 MHz, 2400~2483.5 MHz, and 5725~5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz

8.2 Measurement Procedure

The measurements are based on FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r03: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247 section 8: DTS bandwidth

8.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	MY44303352	2014-10-16	1 year
-	SMA cable	-	C0002	Each time ¹	N/A

Note¹: cable and attenuator included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

Statement of Traceability: BACL Corp. attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

8.4 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	22 °C
Relative Humidity:	42 %
ATM Pressure:	102.7 kPa

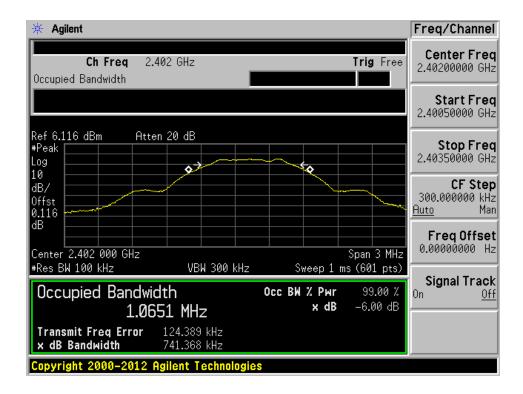
The testing was performed by Jin Yang on 2015-08-21 in RF site.

8.5 Test Results

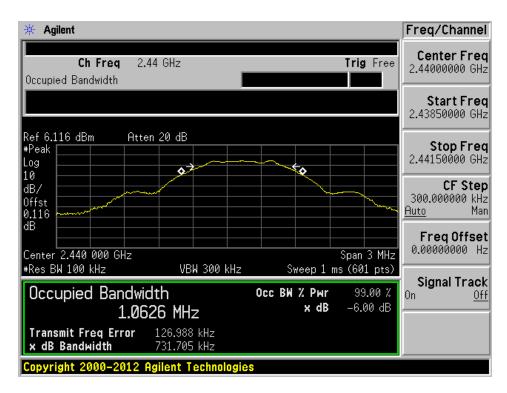
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)	6 dB Emission Bandwidth (kHz)	6 dB Emission Bandwidth Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	2402	1.0651	741.368	≥ 500	Pass
Middle	2440	1.0626	731.705	≥ 500	Pass
High	2480	1.0493	723.643	≥ 500	Pass

Please refer to the following plots for detailed test results

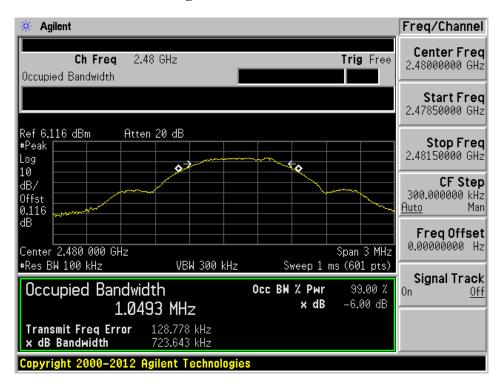
Low Channel 2402 MHz



Middle Channel 2440 MHz



High Channel 2480 MHz



9 FCC §15.247(b) & IC RSS-247 §5.4 – Output Power Measurement

9.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.247(b) and IC RSS-247 §5.4 (4) for systems using digital modulation in the 902~928 MHz, 2400~2483.5 MHz, and 5725~5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt.

9.2 Measurement Procedure

The measurements are based on FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r03: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247 section 9: Fundamental emission output power

9.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	MY44303352	2014-10-16	1 year
-	SMA cable	-	C0002	Each time ¹	N/A

Note¹: cable and attenuator included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

Statement of Traceability: BACL Corp. attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

9.4 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	22° C
Relative Humidity:	42 %
ATM Pressure:	102.7 kPa

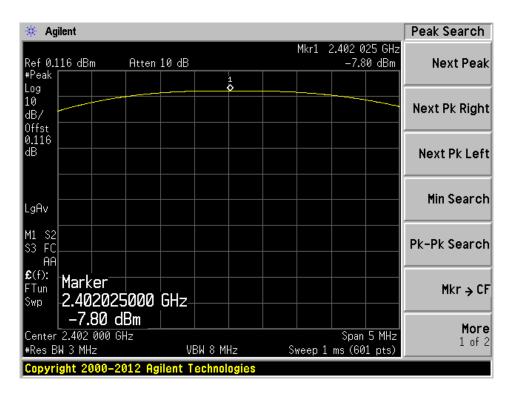
The testing was performed by Jin Yang on 2015-08-21 at RF site.

9.5 Test Results

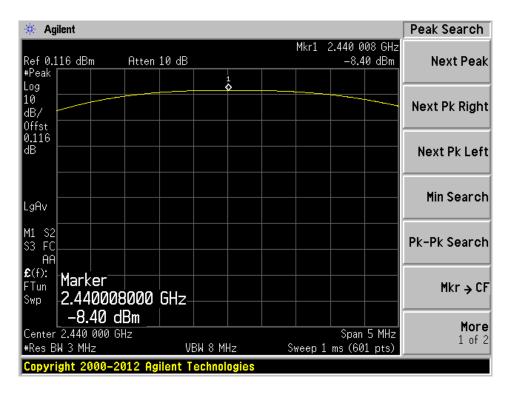
Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Result
2402	-7.80	30	-37.8	Pass
2440	-8.40	30	-38.4	Pass
2480	-8.97	30	-38.97	Pass

Please refer to the following plots for detailed test results

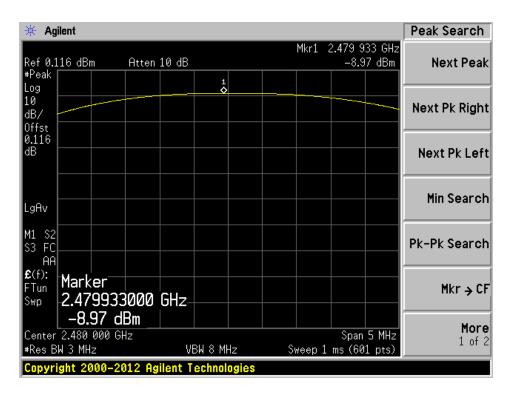
Low Channel 2402 MHz



Middle Channel 2440 MHz



High Channel 2480 MHz



10 FCC §15.247(d) & IC RSS-247 §5.5 – 100 kHz Bandwidth of Band Edges

10.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emissions limits specified in §15.209(a) see §15.205(c).

According to IC RSS-247 §5.5.In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section 5.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

10.2 Measurement Procedure

The measurements are based on FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r03: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247 section 13: Bandedge measurements

10.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	MY44303352	2014-10-16	1 year
-	SMA cable	-	C0002	Each time ¹	N/A

Note¹: cable and attenuator included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

Statement of Traceability: BACL Corp. attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

10.4 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	22° C
Relative Humidity:	42 %
ATM Pressure:	102.7 kPa

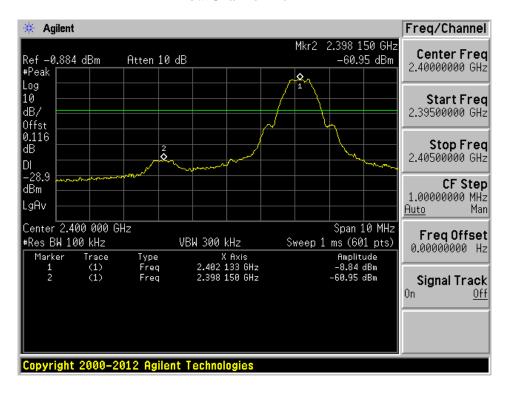
The testing was performed by Jin Yang on 2015-08-21 at RF site.

10.5 Test Results

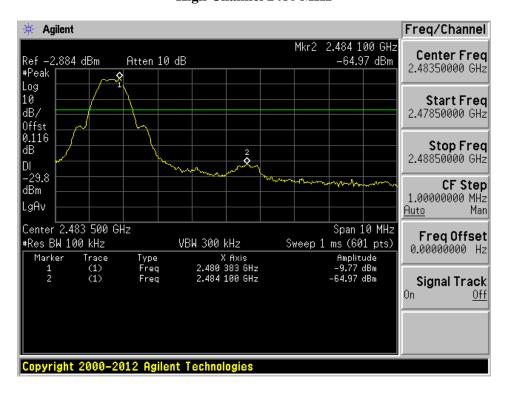
Please refer to the follow plots.

Report Number: R1509085-247

Low Channel 2402 MHz



High Channel 2480 MHz



11 FCC §15.247(e) & IC RSS-247 §A8.2 (b) – Power Spectral Density

11.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.247(e) and RSS-247 §5.2 (b), for digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

11.2 Measurement Procedure

The measurements are based on FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r03: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247 section 10: Maximum power spectral density level in the fundamental emission

11.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	MY44303352	2014-10-16	1 year
-	SMA cable	-	C0002	Each time ¹	N/A

Note¹: cable and attenuator included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

Statement of Traceability: BACL Corp. attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

11.4 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	22° C
Relative Humidity:	42 %
ATM Pressure:	102.7 kPa

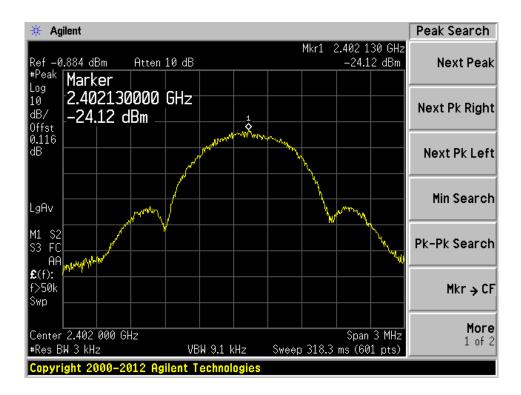
The testing was performed by Jin Yang on 2015-08-21 at RF site.

11.5 Test Results

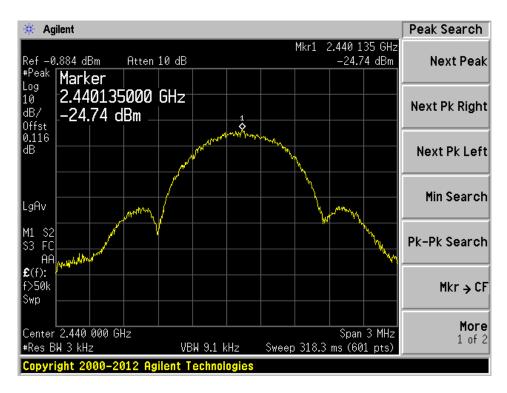
Frequency (MHz)	PSD (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Result
2402	-24.12	≤8	Pass
2440	-24.74	≤8	Pass
2480	-25.51	≤8	Pass

Please refer to the following plots for detailed test results

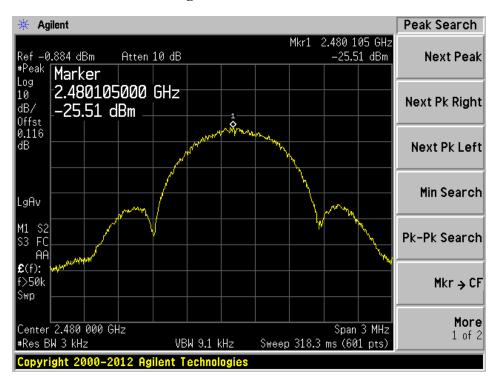
Low Channel 2402 MHz



Middle Channel 2440 MHz



High Channel 2480 MHz



12 FCC §15.247(d) & IC RSS-247 §5.5, RSS-Gen §8.9 - Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

12.1 Applicable Standards

For FCC §15.247(d) in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.205(c)).

As per IC RSS-247 §5.5, in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section 5.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

12.2 Test Procedure

The RF output of the EUT was connected to a spectrum analyzer through appropriate attenuation. The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set at 100 kHz. Sufficient scans were taken to show any out of band emissions up to 10th harmonic.

12.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	MY44303352	2014-10-16	1 year
-	SMA cable	-	C0002	Each time ¹	N/A

Note¹: cable and attenuator included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

Statement of Traceability: BACL Corp. attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

12.4 Test Environmental Conditions

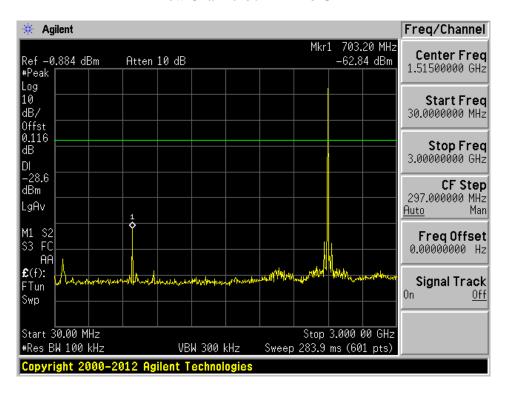
Temperature:	22° C
Relative Humidity:	42 %
ATM Pressure:	102.7 kPa

The testing was performed by Jin Yang on 2015-08-21 at RF site.

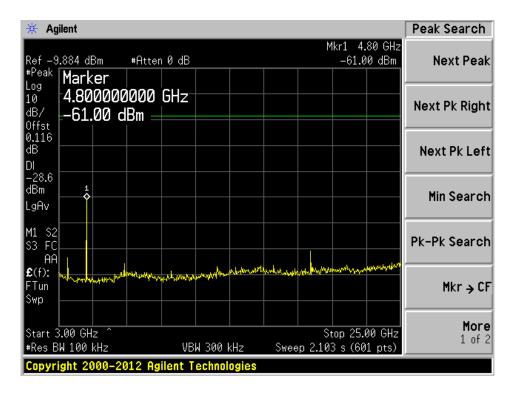
12.5 Test Results

Please refer to following plots.

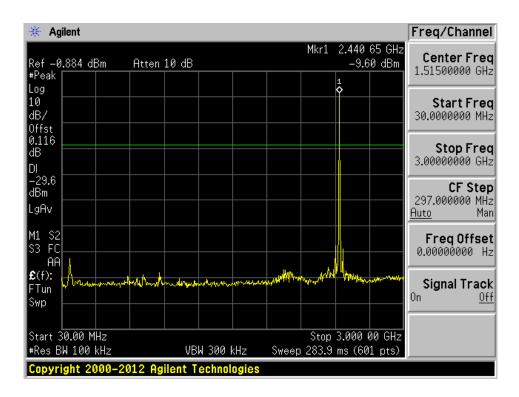
Low Channel 30 MHz - 3 GHz



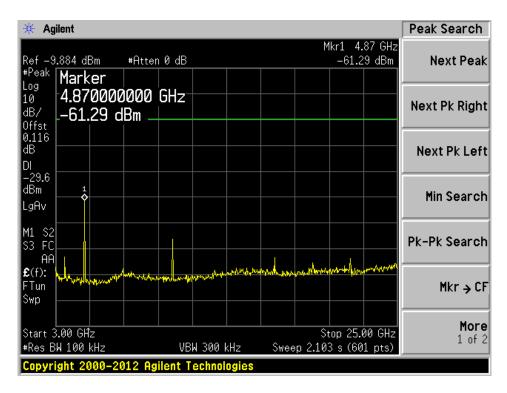
Low Channels 3 GHz – 25 GHz



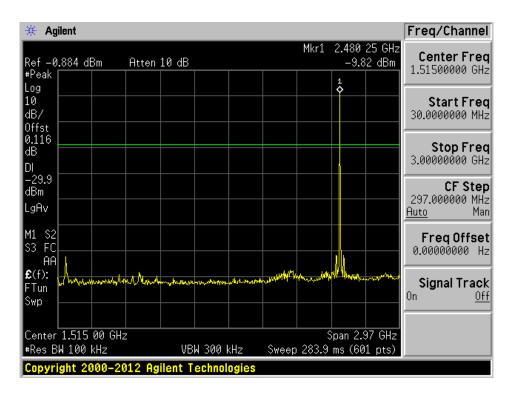
Middle Channel 30 MHz - 3 GHz



Middle Channels 3 GHz - 25 GHz



High Channel 30 MHz – 3 GHz



High Channels 3 GHz – 25 GHz

