

SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

Hangzhou iReadyGo Intelligence Technology Co., Ltd.

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FCC ID:2AFXQ-W3D

Report Type:		Product Type:
Original Report		Smart Phone
Test Engineer:	Terry XiaHou	Terry XiaHou
Report Number:	RDG150828003-2	20A
Report Date:	2015-10-13	
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Note: This test report is prepared for the customer shown above and for the equipment described herein. It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp.

	At	testation of Test Results					
	Company Name Hangzhou iReadyGo Intelligence Technology Co., Ltd.						
	EUT Description Smart Phone						
EUT Information	FCC ID 2AFXQ-W3D						
	Model Number	W3D					
	Test Date	2015-10-13					
Frequency	I	Max. SAR Level(s) Reported	Limit(W/Kg)				
LTE Band 17		0.108 W/kg 1g Head SAR 0.289 W/kg 1g Body SAR	1.6				
Applicable Standards	Electromagnetic Filed ANSI / IEEE C95.3 IEEE Recommended Electromagnetic Field GHz. IEC 62209-2:2010 Human exposure to communication devic Part 2: Procedure communication devic (frequency range of 3 IEEE1528:2013 IEEE Recommended Absorption Rate (SA Measurement Techni KDB procedures KDB 447498 D01 G6 KDB 648474 D04 Ha KDB 865664 D01 SA KDB 865664 D02 RI KDB 941225 D01 30	afety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Rads, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. : 2002 Practice for Measurements and Computations of Rads With Respect to Human Exposure to SuchFields, radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodyers – Human models, instrumentation, and procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SA test used in close proximity to the human body 10 MHz to 6 GHz) Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average R) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication (SA test used in Close proximity to the human body 10 MHz to 6 GHz) Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average R) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication (SA test used in Close proximity to the human body 10 MHz to 6 GHz)	mounted wireless es – LR) for wireless				

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Note: This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision	
0	RDG150828003-20A	Original Report	2015-10-13	

Note:

For GSM 850,PCS 1900,WCDMA 850, WCDMA 1900,LTE Band 7 SAR data, please refer to the report RDG150828003-20B.

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EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of Hangzhou iReadyGo Intelligence Technology Co., Ltd. and their product, FCC ID: 2AFXQ-W3D, Model: W3D or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

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Technical Specification

Product Type	Portable	
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled	
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna	
Body-Worn Accessories:	Headset	
Face-Head Accessories:	None	
Multi-slot Class:	Class12	
	GSM Voice, EDGE/GPRS Data, WCDMA (R99 (Voice+Data),HSUPA	
Operation Mode :	Rel 6,HSDPA Rel 7, DC-HSDPA Rel 8, HSPA+ Rel 6), LTE,Wi-Fi and	
	Bluetooth	
	GSM 850 : 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX)	
	PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX)	
	WCDMA Band 5: 824-849 MHz(TX); 869-894 MHz(RX)	
	WCDMA Band 2: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX)	
Frequency Band:	LTE Band 7: 2500-2570 MHz(TX); 2620-2690 MHz(RX)	
	LTE Band 17: 704-716 MHz(TX); 734-746 MHz(RX)	
	WLAN(2.4G): 2412MHz-2462 MHz	
	WLAN(5G): 5150MHz-5250MHz	
	Bluetooth: 2402MHz-2480 MHz	
	GSM 850 : 32.49 dBm	
	PCS 1900: 28.16 dBm	
	WCDMA Band 5: 22.59 dBm	
	WCDMA Band 2: 22.82 dBm	
Conducted RF Power:	LTE Band 7:22.67 dBm	
Conducted Kr rower:	LTE Band 17:22.6 dBm	
	WLAN(2.4G): 9.49 dBm	
	WLAN(5G): 8.02 dBm	
	Bluetooth: 4.95 dBm	
	BLE:-4.7 dBm	
Dimensions (L*W*H):	190.1 mm (L) × 76.5 mm (W) × 12.3 mm (H)	
Power Source:	ce: 3.8 V _{DC} Rechargeable Battery	
Normal Operation:	n: Head and Body-worn	

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REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

Report No: RDG150828003-20A

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

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SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)					
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)				
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4				
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0				
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0				

CE Limit (10g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)					
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)				
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4				
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10				
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0				

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

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FACILITIES

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect data is located at 6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building, Shi Hua Road, Fu Tian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. of China

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DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with ALSAS 10 Universal Integrated SAR Measurement system from APREL Laboratories.

ALSAS-10U System Description

ALSAS-10-U is fully compliant with the technical and scientific requirements of IEEE 1528, IEC 62209, CENELEC, ARIB, ACA, and the Federal Communications Commission. The system comprises of a six axes articulated robot which utilizes a dedicated controller. ALSAS-10U uses the latest methodologies. And FDTD modeling to provide a platform which is repeatable with minimum uncertainty.

Applications

Predefined measurement procedures compliant with the guidelines of CENELEC, IEEE, IEC, FCC, etc are utilized during the assessment for the device. Automatic detection for all SAR maxima are embedded within the core architecture for the system, ensuring that peak locations used for centering the zoom scan are within a 1mm resolution and a 0.05mm repeatable position. System operation range currently available up-to 6 GHz in simulated tissue.

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm2 step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.



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Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the ALSAS-10U software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.

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ALSAS-10U Interpolation and Extrapolation Uncertainty

The overall uncertainty for the methodology and algorithms the used during the SAR calculation was evaluated using the data from IEEE 1528 based on the example f3 algorithm:

$$f_3(x, y, z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2} \cdot \left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2} \right)$$

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



SAR is assessed with a calibrated probe which moves at a default height of 5mm from the center of the diode, which is mounted to the sensor, to the phantom surface (in the Z Axis). The 5mm offset height has been selected so as to minimize any resultant boundary effect due to the probe being in close proximity to the phantom surface.

The following algorithm is an example of the function used by the system for linearization of the output from the probe when measuring complex modulation schemes.

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

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Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Calibration Method	Frequency Dependent Below 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in a TEM Cell			
Campi ation Method	Above 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in a TEM Cent			
Sensitivity	$0.70 \ \mu V/(V/m)^2$ to $0.85 \ \mu V/(V/m)^2$			
Dynamic Range	0.0005 W/kg to 100 W/kg			
Isotropic Response	Better than 0.1 dB			
Diode Compression Point (DCP)	Calibration for Specific Frequency			
Probe Tip Diameter	< 2.9 mm			
Sensor Offset	1.56 (+/- 0.02 mm)			
Probe Length	289 mm			
Video Bandwidth	@ 500 Hz: 1 dB @ 1.02 kHz: 3 dB			
Boundary Effect	Less than 2.1% for distance greater than 0.58 mm			
	The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe.			
Spatial Resolution	The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe			

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Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

ALSAS-10U incorporates a boundary detection unit with a sensitivity of 0.05mm for detecting all types of surfaces. The robust design allows for detection during probe tilt (probe normalize) exercises, and utilizes a second stage emergency stop. The signal electronics are fed directly into the robot controller for high accuracy surface detection in lateral and axial detection modes (X, Y, & Z).

The probe is mounted directly onto the Boundary Detection unit for accurate tooling and displacement calculations controlled by the robot kinematics. The probe is connect to an isolated probe interconnect where the output stage of the probe is fed directly into the amplifier stage of the Daq-Paq.

Daq-Paq (Analog to Digital Electronics)

ALSAS-10U incorporates a fully calibrated Daq-Paq (analog to digital conversion system) which has a 4 channel input stage, sent via a 2 stage auto-set amplifier module. The input signal is amplified accordingly so as to offer a dynamic range from $5\mu V$ to 800mV. Integration of the fields measured is carried out at board level utilizing a Co-Processor which then sends the measured fields down into the main computational module in digitized form via an RS232 communications port. Probe linearity and duty cycle compensation is carried out within the main Daq-Paq module.

ADC	12 Bit		
Amplifier Range	20 mV to 200 mV and 150 mV to 800 mV		
Field Integration	Local Co-Processor utilizing proprietary integration algorithms		
Number of Input Channels	4 in total 3 dedicated and 1 spare		
Communication	Packet data via RS232		

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Axis Articulated Robot

ALSAS-10U utilizes a six axis articulated robot, which is controlled using a Pentium based real-time movement controller. The movement kinematics engine utilizes proprietary (Thermo CRS) interpolation and extrapolation algorithms, which allow full freedom of movement for each of the six joints within the working envelope. Utilization of joint 6 allows for full probe rotation with a tolerance better than 0.05mm around the central axis.



Robot/Controller Manufacturer	Thermo CRS		
Number of Axis	Six independently controlled axis		
Positioning Repeatability	0.05 mm		
Controller Type	Single phase Pentium based C500C		
Robot Reach	710 mm		
Communication	RS232 and LAN compatible		

ALSAS Universal Workstation

ALSAS Universal workstation allows for repeatability and fast adaptability. It allows users to do calibration, testing and measurements using different types of phantoms with one set up, which significantly speeds up the measurement process.

Universal Device Positioner

The universal device positioner allows complete freedom of movement of the EUT. Developed to hold a EUT in a free-space scenario any additional loading attributable to the material used in the construction of the positioner has been eliminated. Repeatability has been enhanced through the linear scales which form the design used to indicate positioning for any given test scenario in all major axes. A 15° tilt indicator is included for the of aid cheek to tilt movements for head SAR analysis. Overall uncertainty for measurements have been reduced due to the design of the Universal device positioner, which allows positioning of a device in as near to a free-space scenario as possible, and by providing the means for complete repeatability.

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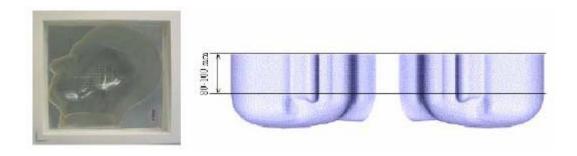


Phantom Types

The ALSAS-10U allows the integration of multiple phantom types. SAM Phantoms fully compliant with IEEE 1528, Universal Phantom, and Universal Flat.

APREL SAM Phantoms

The SAM phantoms developed using the IEEE SAM CAD file. They are fully compliant with the requirements for both IEEE 1528 and FCC Supplement C. Both the left and right SAM phantoms are interchangeable, transparent and include the IEEE 1528 grid with visible NF and MB lines.



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APREL Laboratories Universal Phantom

The Universal Phantom is used on the ALSAS-10U as a system validation phantom. The Universal Phantom has been fully validated both experimentally from 800MHz to 6GHz and numerically using XFDTD numerical software.

The shell thickness is 2mm overall, with a 4mm spacer located at the NF/MB intersection providing an overall thickness of 6mm in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528.

The design allows for fast and accurate measurements, of handsets, by allowing the conservative SAR to be evaluated at on frequency for both left and right head experiments in one measurement.



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Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)									
(% by weight)	45	0	83	35	91	15	19	00	24	50
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (Nacl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton x-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (s/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

Frequency	Head	Tissue	Body Tissue		
(MHz)	Er	Er O'(S/m)		O (S/m)	
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80	
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92	
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94	
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97	
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05	
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06	
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30	
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40	
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52	
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95	
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73	
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00	

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EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date	S/N
CRS F3 robot	ALS-F3	N/A	N/A	RAF0805352
CRS F3 Software	ALS-F3-SW	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRS C500C controller	ALS-C500	N/A	N/A	RCF0805379
Probe mounting device &	ALS-PMDPS-3	N/A	N/A	120-00270
Universal Work Station	ALS-UWS	N/A	N/A	100-00157
Data Acquisition Package	ALS-DAQ-PAQ-3	2014-10-14	2015-10-14	110-00212
Miniature E-Field Probe	ALS-E-020	2014-10-14	2015-10-14	500-00283
Dipole, 750MHz	ALS-D-750-S-2	2013-10-08	2016-10-08	177-00505
Dipole Spacer	ALS-DS-U	N/A	N/A	250-00907
Device holder/Positioner	ALS-H-E-SET-2	N/A	N/A	170-00510
Left ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-L	N/A	N/A	130-00311
Right ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-R	N/A	N/A	140-00359
UniPhantom	ALS-P-UP-1	N/A	N/A	150-00413
Simulated Tissue 750 MHz Head	ALS-TS-750-H	Each Time	Each Time	269-01008
Simulated Tissue 750 MHz Body	ALS-TS-750-B	Each Time	Each Time	269-02107
Directional couple	DC6180A	N/A	N/A	0325849
Power Amplifier	5S1G4	N/A	N/A	71377
Dielectric probe kit	HP85070B	2015-06-13	2016-06-13	US33020324
Attenuator	3dB	N/A	N/A	5402
Network analyzer	8752C	2015-06-03	2016-06-03	3410A02356
Synthesized Sweeper	HP 8341B	2015-06-03	2016-06-03	2624A00116
WIDEBAND RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	CMW500	2015-04-18	2016-04-18	114772
EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	2015-06-12	2016-06-12	101746

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SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency	Liquid	Liquid P	arameter	Targ	Target Value		Farget Value Delta (%)			Tolerance
1	Туре	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	O (S/m)	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	O'(S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ (S/m)	(%)		
709.0	Head	42.31	0.89	41.95	0.89	0.858	0.000	±5		
709.0	Body	54.57	0.93	55.50	0.96	-1.676	-3.125	±5		
710.0	Head	42.34	0.88	41.95	0.89	0.930	-1.124	±5		
/10.0	Body	54.64	0.94	55.50	0.96	-1.550	-2.083	±5		
711.0	Head	41.89	0.88	41.95	0.89	-0.143	-1.124	±5		
/11.0	Body	54.54	0.93	55.50	0.96	-1.730	-3.125	±5		

^{*}Liquid Verification was performed on 2015-10-13.

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Please refer to the following tables.

	750 MHz Head	I	,	750 MHz Body	7
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''
701.0	42.2392	22.5143	701.0	54.6128	23.7548
702.0	41.7891	22.5592	702.0	54.6091	23.6122
703.0	42.1033	22.5447	703.0	54.6352	23.5697
704.0	42.1386	22.2873	704.0	54.5996	23.7407
705.0	41.9077	22.1208	705.0	54.5423	23.7663
706.0	42.0234	22.4911	706.0	54.6425	23.7102
707.0	41.8384	22.4974	707.0	54.6288	23.4516
708.0	42.0156	22.4865	708.0	54.5425	23.5579
709.0	42.3107	22.4989	709.0	54.5650	23.5251
710.0	42.3352	22.3114	710.0	54.6358	23.6939
711.0	41.8892	22.2643	711.0	54.5405	23.5709
712.0	41.9756	21.9685	712.0	54.6323	23.4614
713.0	41.8840	22.2538	713.0	54.5721	23.6221
714.0	42.0001	22.0362	714.0	54.5568	23.7124
715.0	42.0429	22.4338	715.0	54.5990	23.6162
716.0	42.2228	22.5163	716.0	54.6392	23.4254
717.0	41.8738	22.1537	717.0	54.5783	23.4217
718.0	41.8199	22.3412	718.0	54.5674	23.6946
719.0	41.9414	22.4390	719.0	54.6217	23.6823
720.0	42.2001	22.2399	720.0	54.6054	23.7402
721.0	41.7726	22.1541	721.0	54.5687	23.5348
722.0	42.0033	22.2166	722.0	54.5845	23.6669
723.0	42.0908	22.3398	723.0	54.6283	23.4655
724.0	42.1918	22.2645	724.0	54.6199	23.7408
725.0	42.2151	22.2961	725.0	54.5809	23.5450
726.0	42.0779	22.3105	726.0	54.6153	23.7358
727.0	42.0134	22.1472	727.0	54.5571	23.4771
728.0	41.7600	22.4832	728.0	54.5494	23.6352
729.0	41.9560	22.5263	729.0	54.6332	23.6529
730.0	41.8215	22.0584	730.0	54.6467	23.4410
731.0	42.2403	22.0406	731.0	54.6015	23.6875
732.0	41.7629	22.0527	732.0	54.6466	23.5763
733.0	41.9359	21.9269	733.0	54.6341	23.4779
734.0	42.1605	21.9773	734.0	54.6332	23.6648
735.0	42.2228	21.7116	735.0	54.6473	23.5992
736.0	42.3235	21.7863	736.0	54.6284	23.5099
737.0	42.2066	22.3133	737.0	54.6415	23.3971
738.0	41.9069	21.8764	738.0	54.5744	23.7181
739.0	41.8541	21.8769	739.0	54.6224	23.4345
740.0	42.2472	21.9014	740.0	54.6499	23.5686
741.0	42.0611	22.2820	741.0	54.5812	23.3884
742.0	42.0506	22.2759	742.0	54.5923	23.3883
743.0	41.8962	21.7501	743.0	54.5804	23.5889
744.0	42.2017	21.9942	744.0	54.6224	23.4907
745.0	42.0653	21.7847	745.0	54.5708	23.4539
746.0	42.0153	22.1215	746.0	54.6160	23.5227
747.0	42.0779	22.0449	747.0	54.6084	23.4900
748.0	42.0076	21.8783	748.0	54.6032	23.6776
749.0	42.2241	21.8384	749.0	54.5938	23.7543
750.0	41.9440	22.1024	750.0	54.5931	23.5122
751.0	41.8467	21.6843	751.0	54.5580	23.5751

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System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



Probe and dipole antenna List and Detail

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
APREL	Probe	ALS-E-020	500-00283	2014-10-14	2015-10-13
APREL	Dipole antenna(750MHz)	ALS-D-750-S-2	177-00505	2013-10-08	2016-10-07

System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Measured SAR (W/Kg)		Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2015-10-13	750	Head	1g	8.635	8.500	1.588	±10
2013-10-13	750	Body	1g	8.596	8.540	0.656	±10

^{*}All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

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SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

System Performance Check 750 MHz Head Liquid

Dipole 750 MHz; Type: ALS-D-750-S-2; S/N: 177-00505

Product Data

Device Name : Dipole 750 MHz Serial No. : 177-00505 Type : Dipole

Model : ALS-D-750-S-2

Frequency Band : 750

Max. Transmit Pwr
Drift Time : 3 min(s)
Power Drift-Start : 8.102 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish
Power Drift (%) : -1.358

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni Type : Uni-Phantom Serial No. : System Default

Location : Center Description : Default

Phantom Data

Tissue Data

: Head Type : 269-01008 Serial No. Frequency : 750.0 MHz Last Calib. Date : 13-Oct-2015 : 20.00 °C Temperature Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C Humidity : 56.00 RH% : 41.94 F/m Epsilon Sigma : 0.92 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Name : E-Field Model : E-020

Type : E-Field Triangle Serial No. : 500-00283 Last Calib. Date : 14-Oct-2014

Frequency Band : 750 Duty Cycle Factor : 1 Conversion Factor : 6.0

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

Measurement Data

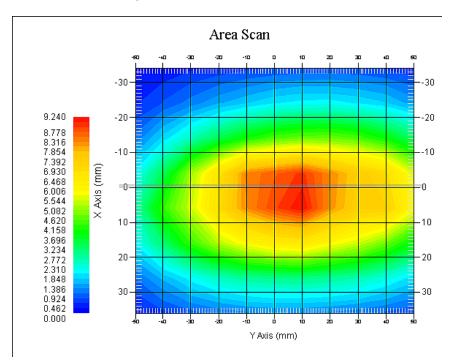
Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete Tissue Temp. : 21.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C

Area Scan : 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

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1 gram SAR value : 8.635 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 5.687 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 9.236 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 14.294 W/kg



750 MHz System Validation with Head Tissue

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Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

System Performance Check 750 MHz Body Liquid

Dipole 750 MHz; Type: ALS-D-750-S-2; S/N: 177-00505

Product Data

Device Name : Dipole 750 MHz Serial No. : 177-00505 Type : Dipole

Model : ALS-D-750-S-2

Frequency Band : 750

Max. Transmit Pwr : 1 W

Drift Time : 3 min(s)

Power Drift-Start : 8.203 W/kg

Power Drift-Finish : 8.269 W/kg

Power Drift (%) : 0.794

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni Type : Uni-Phantom Serial No. : System Default

Location : Center Description : Default

Phantom Data

Tissue Data

: Body Type 269-02107 Serial No. : 750.0 MHz Frequency Last Calib. Date : 13-Oct-2015 Temperature : 20.00 °C : 21.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 56.00 RH% Humidity : 54.59 F/m Epsilon Sigma : 0.98 S/m Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Name : E-Field Model : E-020

Type : E-Field Triangle Serial No. : 500-00283 Last Calib. Date : 14-Oct-2014

Frequency Band : 750 Duty Cycle Factor : 1 Conversion Factor : 5.5

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

Measurement Data

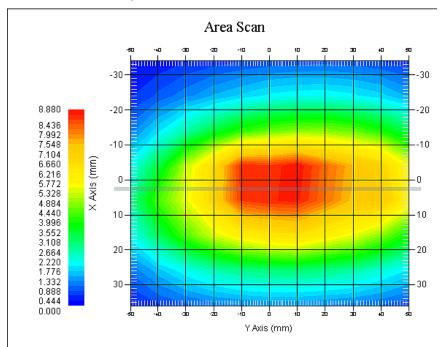
Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete Tissue Temp. : 21.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C

Area Scan : 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

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1 gram SAR value : 8.596 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 5.998 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 8.877 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 13.884 W/kg



750 MHz System Validation with Body Tissue

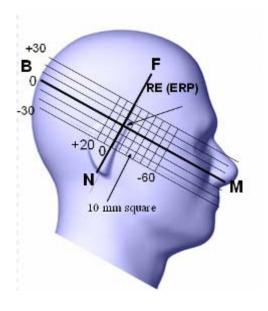
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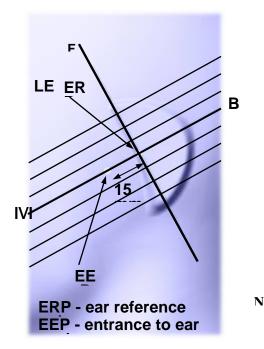
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¼ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:





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Cheek/Touch Position

The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

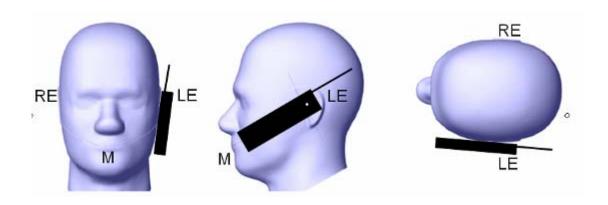
• When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.

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o (or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

Cheek / Touch Position



Ear/Tilt Position

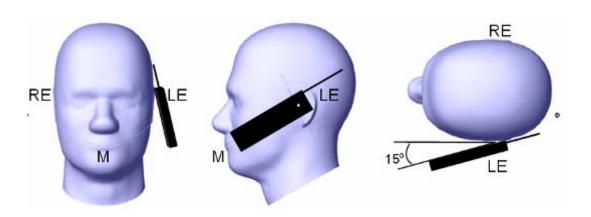
With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

- 1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.
- 2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point isby 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

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If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tilt/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

Ear /Tilt 15° Position



Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

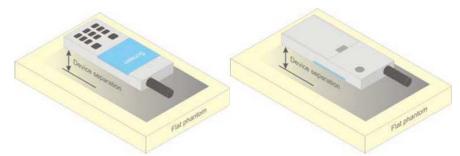


Figure 5 - Test positions for body-worn devices

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SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

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- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 35 mm x 35 mm x 35 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
 - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

Test methodology

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02.

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02.

KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01 KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03

KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r03

KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02

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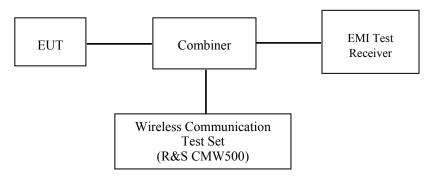
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through sufficient attenuation.



GSM&3G<E

Maximum Output Power among production units

Max Target Power for Production Unit (dBm)								
Channel								
Mode/Band	Low	Middle	High					
LTE Band 17	22.7	22.7	22.7					
WLAN(2.4G)	9.6	9.6	9.6					
WLAN(5G)	8.1	8.1	8.1					
Bluetooth BDR/EDR	5.1	5.1	5.1					
Bluetooth LE	-4.6	-4.6	-4.6					

Note:

For GSM 850,PCS 1900,WCDMA 850, WCDMA 1900, LTE Band 7 conducted power data, please refer to the report RDG150828003-20B.

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LTE

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlined in section 6.2 of the 3GPP TS36.101 specification.

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UE Power Class: 3 (23 +/- 2dBm). The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

Modulation	Cha	MPR (dB)					
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
QPSK	>5	> 4	>8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	> 5	>4	>8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2

The allowed A-MPR values specified below in Table 6.2.4.-1 of 3GPP TS36.101 are in addition to the allowed MPR requirements. All the measurements below were performed with A-MPR disabled, by using Network Signaling Value of "NS_01".

Table 6.2.4-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR)

Network Signalling value	Requirements (sub-clause)	E-UTRA Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources Blocks (N _{RS})	A-MPR (dB)
NS_01	6.6.2.1.1	Table 5.5-1	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 5.6-1	NA
			3	>5	≤ 1
			5	>6	≤ 1
NS_03	6.6.2.2.1	2, 4,10, 23, 25, 35, 36	10	>6	≤ 1
		33,00	15	>8	≤1
		20	>10	≤ 1	
NO O4	00000		5	>6	s 1
NS_04	6.6.2.2.2	41	10, 15, 20	See Table 6.2.4-4	
NS_05	6.6.3.3.1	1	10,15,20	≥ 50	≤1
NS_06	6.6.2.2.3	12, 13, 14, 17	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 5.6-1	n/a
NS_07	6.6.2.2.3 6.6.3.3.2	13	10	Table 6.2.4-2	Table 6.2.4-2
NS_08	6.6.3.3.3	19	10, 15	> 44	≤ 3
NS_09	6.6.3.3.4	21	10, 15	> 40 > 55	≤1 ≤2
NS_10		20	15, 20	Table 6.2.4-3	Table 6.2.4-3
NS_11	6.6.2.2.1	23'	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 6.2.4-5	Table 6.2.4-5
NS_32			-		

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					Ave	Tx Power (d)	Bm)	
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	
					706.5MHz	710MHz	713.5MHz	
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0	0	22.21	22.46	22.10	
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=12	0	0	22.33	22.53	22.23	
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	0	0	22.37	22.59	22.23	
	QPSK	RB Size=12, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.75	21.95	21.70	
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=6	1	1	21.68	21.94	21.53	
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=11	1	1	21.67	21.88	21.58	
5M		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.16	21.37	21.02	
SIVI		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.32	21.57	21.19	
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=12	1	1	21.18	21.46	21.18	
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	1	1	21.21	21.45	21.22	
	16QAM	RB Size=12, RB Offset=0	2	2	20.50	20.78	20.54	
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=6	2	2	20.71	20.92	20.57	
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=11	2	2	20.51	20.76	20.47	
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	2	2	20.37	20.61	20.27	
					Ave Tx Power (dBm)			
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size&	Target	Meas	Low	Mid	High	
		Resource Block Offset	MPR	MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel	
		DD 6:1 DD 06:0	0	0	709MHz	710MHz	711MHz	
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0	0	22.35	22.60	22.33	
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	0	0	22.23	22.50	22.23	
	ODGIA	RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	0	0	22.40	22.59	22.34	
	QPSK	RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.54	21.79	21.49	
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=12	1	1	21.66	21.87	21.52	
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=24	1	1	21.61	21.89	21.61	
10M		RB Size=50, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.26	21.44	21.17	
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.61	21.81	21.50	
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	1	1	21.49	21.75	21.45	
l			1 1	1	21.52	21.71	21.36	
	160	RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	1					
	16QAM	RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	2	2	21.13	21.35	20.97	
	16QAM	RB Size=25, RB Offset=0 RB Size=25, RB Offset=12	2 2	2 2	21.13 21.11	21.35 21.33	20.97 21.00	
	16QAM	RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	2	2	21.13	21.35	20.97	

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Note:

- 1. SAR for LTE band exposure configurations is measured according to the procedures of KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02.
- 2. The CMW500 Wideband Radio Communication tester is used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control is used to keep the radio transmitters the max output power during the test.
- power during the test.

 3. KDB941225D05v02- SAR for higher order modulation is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg

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Bluetooth:

Mode	Channel No.	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
	0	2402	4.70
BDR(GFSK)	39	2441	4.57
	78	2480	4.95
	0	2402	3.80
EDR(4-DQPSK)	39	2441	3.80
	78	2480	4.05
	0	2402	3.68
EDR(8-DPSK)	39	2441	3.68
	78	2480	3.80
	0	2402	-5.30
Bluetooth LE	19	2440	-5.30
	39	2480	-4.70

WLAN(2.4G):

Mode	Channel	frequency	RF Output Power
Mode	No.	(MHz)	(dBm)
	1	2412	9.27
802.11b	6	2437	9.49
	11	2462	8.80
	1	2412	8.89
802.11g	6	2437	9.18
	11	2462	9.04
002.11	1	2412	8.91
802.11n HT20	6	2437	8.63
11120	11	2462	9.06
002.11	3	2422	9.14
802.11n HT40	6	2437	9.24
11140	9	2452	9.10

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WLAN(5G):

UNII Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
		Low	5180	8.02
	802.11 a	Middle	5200	7.93
		High	5240	7.50
5150-5250MHz		Low	5180	7.48
3130-3230MITZ	5G 802.11 n20	Middle	5200	7.38
	1120	High	5240	6.91
	5G 802.11	Low	5190	7.53
	n40	High	5230	7.47

Note:

 $1. The output power was tested under data rate 1 Mbps for 802.11b, 6 Mbps for 802.11g, 6.5 Mbps for 802.11n HT20, \\13.5 Mbps for 802.11n HT40.$

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SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	21-24 ℃
Relative Humidity:	50-53 %
ATM Pressure:	1001-1002 mbar

Testing was performed by Terry XiaHou on 2015-10-13

Mobile Hot-Spot Test Result

The DUT is capable of functioning as a Wi-Fi to Cellular Mobile hotspot. Additional SAR testing was performed according to KDB 941225 D06. Testing was performed with a separation of 1cm between the DUT and the flat phantom. The DUT was positioned for SAR tests with the front and back surfaces facing the phantom, and also with the edges facing the phantom in which the transmitting antenna is <2.5 cm from the edge. Each transmit band was utilized for SAR testing. The tested mode has been selected within each band that exhibits the highest time average output power.

Report No: RDG150828003-20A

LTE Band 17:

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head-Cheek	709	1RB,0ffset=0	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	710	1RB,0ffset=0	-1.057	22.60	22.70	1.023	0.106	0.108	1#
	711	1RB,0ffset=0	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	710	50% RB,offset=0	-0.626	21.79	22.70	1.233	0.083	0.102	/
Body-Back (10mm)	709	1RB,0ffset=0	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	710	1RB,0ffset=0	1.941	22.60	22.70	1.023	0.282	0.289	2#
	711	1RB,0ffset=0	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	710	50% RB,offset=0	-1.321	21.79	22.70	1.233	0.227	0.280	/
Body-Left (10mm)	709	1RB,0ffset=0	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	710	1RB,0ffset=0	0.923	22.60	22.70	1.023	0.135	0.138	/
	711	1RB,0ffset=0	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	710	50% RB,offset=0	1.435	21.79	22.70	1.233	0.106	0.131	/
Body- Right (10mm)	709	1RB,0ffset=0	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	710	1RB,0ffset=0	0.783	22.60	22.70	1.023	0.153	0.157	/
	711	1RB,0ffset=0	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	710	50% RB,offset=0	-1.124	21.79	22.70	1.233	0.098	0.121	/
Body- Bottom (10mm)	709	1RB,0ffset=0	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	710	1RB,0ffset=0	-3.430	22.60	22.70	1.023	0.076	0.078	/
	711	1RB,0ffset=0	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	710	50% RB,offset=0	0.902	21.79	22.70	1.233	0.053	0.065	/

Note:

1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.

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- Report No: RDG150828003-20A
- 2. SAR for LTE band exposure configurations is measured according to the procedures of KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02.
- 3. KDB941225D05- SAR for higher order modulation is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg
- 4. KDB941225D05- For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, when the reported SAR measured for the Highest output power channel is <1.45 W/kg, tests for the remaining required test channels are optional.
- 5.KDB941225D05- For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are $\leq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$.
- 6. KDB941225D05- Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offset the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 7. Worst case SAR for 50% RB allocation is selected to be tested.

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SAR Plots (Summary of the Highest SAR Values)

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

LTE FDD Band17; Head-Cheek (710 MHz Middle Channel);

Measurement Data

Test mode : RB1 Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type: : Complete

Area Scan : 8x11x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.095 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.094 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -1.057

Tissue Data

 Type
 : Head

 Frequency
 : 710 MHz

 Epsilon
 : 42.34 F/m

 Sigma
 : 0.88 S/m

 Density
 : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

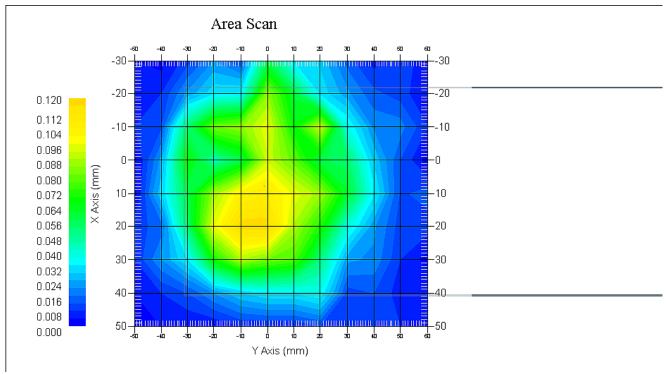
Serial No. : 500-00283
Frequency Band : 750
Duty Cycle Factor : 1
Conversion Factor : 6.0

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.106 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.071 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.115 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.162 W/kg

Plot 1#



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Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

LTE FDD Band17; Body-Worn-Back (710 MHz Middle Channel);

Measurement Data

Test mode : 1RB Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type: : Complete

Area Scan : 8x11x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.213 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.217 W/kg Power Drift (%) : 1.941

Tissue Data

 Type
 : Body

 Frequency
 : 710 MHz

 Epsilon
 : 54.64 F/m

 Sigma
 : 0.94 S/m

 Density
 : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

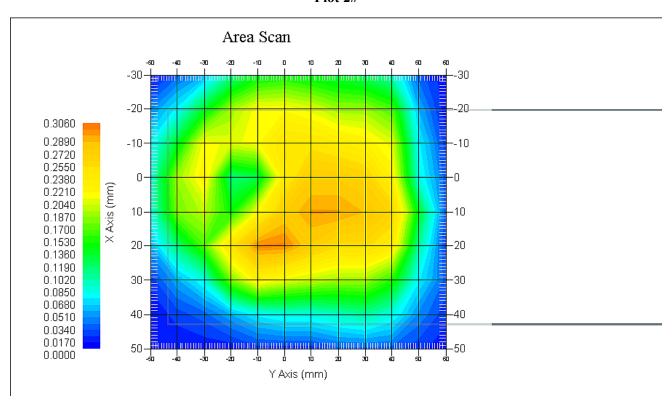
Serial No. : 500-00283
Frequency Band : 750
Duty Cycle Factor : 1
Conversion Factor : 5.5

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.282 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.233 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.300 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.434 W/kg

Plot 2#



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APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

According to IEEE1528:2013, the uncertainty budget has been determined for the Head SAR measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Report No: RDG150828003-20A

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c _i ¹ (1-g)	c _i ¹ (10-g)	Standard Uncertainty (1-g) %	Standard Uncertainty (10-g) %
		Measure	ment Syst	em			
Probe Calibration	3.5	normal	1	1	1	3.5	3.5
Axial Isotropy	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-cp)^{1/2}$	$(1-cp)^{1}$	1.5	1.5
Hemispherical Isotropy	10.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	√ср	√ср	4.4	4.4
Boundary Effect	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0
Response Time	0.8	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Integration Time	1.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0
RF Ambient Condition -Noise	0.6	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3
RF Ambient Condition - Reflections	3.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner Mech. Restrictions	0.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Extrapolation and Integration	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.1	2.1
		Test sar	nple relate	ed			
Test sample positioning	2.0	normal	1	1	1	2.0	2.0
Device Holder Uncertainty	4.0	normal	1	1	1	6.215	6.215
Drift of Output Power	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.67	2.67
		Phantor	n and Setu	ıp			
Phantom Uncertainty	3.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.0	2.0
SAR correction in permittivity and conductivity	1.2	normal	1	1	0.85	1.2	1.0
Liquid conductivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.9	3.6
Liquid permittivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.25	0.29	1.3	1.5
conductivity—temperat ure	1.1	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.5	0.5
permittivity—temperatu re	1.3	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.23	0.2	0.2
Combined Uncertainty		RSS				10.78	10.55
Expanded uncertainty (coverage factor=2)		Normal(k=2)				21.56	21.10

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According to IEC62209-2:2010, the uncertainty budget has been determined for the Body SAR measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c _i ¹ (1-g)	c _i ¹ (10-g)	Standard Uncertainty (1-g) %	Standard Uncertainty (10-g) %
		Measure	ment Syst	em			
Probe Calibration	3.5	normal	1	1	1	3.5	3.5
Axial Isotropy	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5
Boundary Effect	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0
Response Time	0.8	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Integration Time	1.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0
RF Ambient Condition -Noise	0.6	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3
RF Ambient Condition - Reflections	3.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner Mech. Restrictions	0.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Extrapolation and Integration	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.1	2.1
		Test sar	nple relate	ed			
Test sample positioning	2.0	normal	1	1	1	2.0	2.0
Device Holder Uncertainty	4.0	normal	1	1	1	6.215	6.215
Drift of Output Power	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.67	2.67
		Phantor	n and Setu	ıp			
Phantom Uncertainty	3.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.0	2.0
SAR correction in permittivity and conductivity	1.2	normal	1	1	0.84	1.2	1.0
Liquid conductivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.9	3.6
Liquid permittivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.23	0.26	1.3	1.5
conductivity—temperat ure	1.1	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.5	0.5
permittivity—temperatu re	1.3	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.2	0.2
Combined Uncertainty		RSS				9.58	9.49
Expanded uncertainty (coverage factor=2)		Normal(k=2)				19.16	18.98

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APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Report No: RDG150828003-20A

Calibration File No.: PC-1598

Task No: BACL-5778

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe
Record of Calibration
Head and Body
Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Model No.: E-020
Serial No.: 500-00283

Calibration Procedure: D01-032-E020-V2, D22-012-Tissue, D28-002-Dipole

Project No: BACL-5745

Calibrated: 14th October 2014 Released on: 14th October 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr, OTTAWA, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613) 435-8306

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Division of APREL Inc.

Introduction

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the references listed below. Calibration is performed using accepted methodologies as per the references listed below. Probes are calibrated for air, and tissue and the values reported are the results from the physical quantification of the probe through meteorgical practices.

Report No: RDG150828003-20A

Calibration Method

Probes are calibrated using the following methods.

<1000MHz

TEM Cell for sensitivity in air

Standard phantom using temperature transfer method for sensitivity in tissue

>1000MHz

Waveguide* method to determine sensitivity in air and tissue

*Waveguide is numerically (simulation) assessed to determine the field distribution and power

The boundary effect for the probe is assessed using a standard flat phantom where the probe output is compared against a numerically simulated series of data points

References

- IEEE Standard 1528
 - IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
- o EN 62209-1
 - Human Exposure to RF Fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices Human models. instrumentation, and procedures-Part 1: Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held mobile wireless devices
- o IEC 62209-2
 - Human exposure to RF fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless devices Human models, instrumentation, and procedures Part 2: specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices (30 MHz 6 GHz)
- o TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- o D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

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This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

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Division of APREL Inc.

Conditions

Probe 500-00283 was a recalibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: $22 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ +/- $1.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Temperature of the Tissue: $21 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ +/- $1.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Relative Humidity: $< 60 \,^{\circ}$

Primary Measurement Standards

 Instrument
 Serial Number
 Cal due date

 Tektronix USB Power Meter
 11C940
 May 14, 2015

 Signal Generator HP 83640B
 3844A00689
 Feb 12, 2015

Secondary Measurement Standards

Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C 002106 Feb. 20, 2015

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Dan Brooks, Test Engineer

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This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

SAR Evaluation Report 41 of 66

Division of APREL Inc.

Probe Summary

Probe Type: E-Field Probe E020

Serial Number: 500-00283

Frequency: As presented on page 5

Sensor Offset: 1.56 Sensor Length: 2.5

Tip Enclosure: Composite* Tip Diameter: < 2.9 mm Tip Length: 55 mm **Total Length:** 289 mm

*Resistive to recommended tissue recipes per IEEE-1528

Sensitivity in Air

1.2 μV/(V/m)² 1.2 μV/(V/m)² 1.2 μV/(V/m)² Channel X: Channel Y: Channel Z:

Diode Compression Point: 95 mV

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Division of APREL Inc.

Calibration for Tissue (Head H. Body B)

Frequency	Tissue Type	Measured Epsilon	Measured Sigma	Standard Uncertainty (%)	Calibration Frequency Range (MHz)	Conversion Factor
450 H	Head	43.59	0.86	3.5	±50	5.7
450 B	Body	56.74	0.94	3.5	±50	5.8
750 H	Head	42.98	0.92	3.5	±50	6.0
750 B	Body	43.05	0.93	3.5	±50	5.5
835 H	Head	43.42	0.94	3.5	±50	5.9
835 B	Body	55.77	1.01	3.5	±50	5.9
900 H	Head	41.87	1.06	3.5	±50	6.0
900 B	Body	55.62	1.05	3.5	±50	5.9
1450 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
1450 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	X	Х
1500 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	X	Х
1500 B	Body	Х	Х	X	Х	X
1640 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
1640 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1750 H	Head	38.23	1.38	3.5	±75	5.4
1750 B	Body	52.86	1.54	3.5	±75	5.3
1800 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
1800 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1900 H	Head	40.20	1.38	3.5	±75	<mark>4.8</mark>
1900 B	Body	52.63	1.46	3.5	±75	4.5
2000 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
2000 B	Body	X	X	Х	X	X
2100 H	Head	X	X	Х	Х	Х
2100 B	Body	Х	X	Х	Х	X
2300 H	Head	X	Х	Х	Х	Х
2300 B	Body	X	X	X	X	Х
2450 H	Head	<mark>37.26</mark>	1.84	3.5	±75	<mark>4.9</mark>
2450B	Body	53.61	1.9	3.5	±75	4.3
3000 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
3000 B	Body	X	X	X	Х	X
3600 H	Head	37.49	<mark>3.16</mark>	3.5	±100	4.5
3600 B	Body	49.94	3.86	3.5	±100	4.0
5250 H	Head	35.51	4.78	3.5	±100	3.0
5250 B	Body	47.54	5.11	3.5	±100	2.8
5600 H	Head	36.05	5.15	3.5	±100	2.8
5600 B	Body	46.49	5.72	3.5	±100	2.2
5800 H	Head	45.99	6.01	3.5	±100	3.2
5800 B	Body	35.6	5.37	3.5	±100	2.5

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Division of APREL Inc.

Boundary Effect:

Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2.1% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 0.58mm.

Spatial Resolution:

The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe. The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe.

DAQ-PAQ Contribution

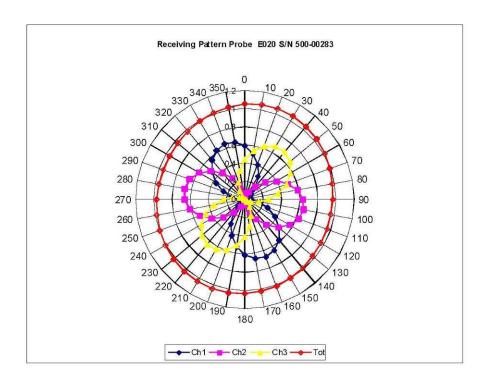
To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of 5 M Ω .

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Division of APREL Inc.

Receiving Pattern Air

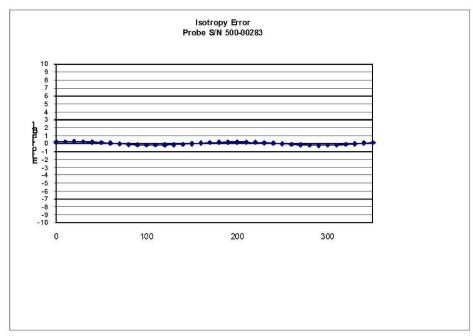


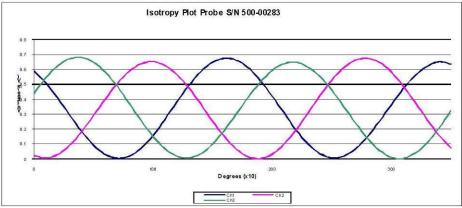
Page 7 of 10
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

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Division of APREL Inc.

Isotropy Error Air





Isotropicity Tissue:

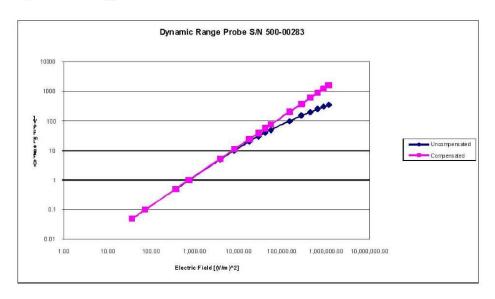
0.10 dB

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Division of APREL Inc.

Dynamic Range



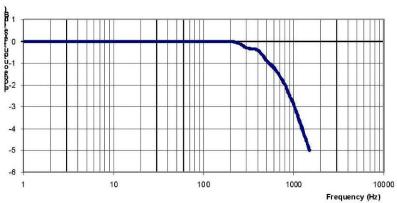
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Division of APREL Inc.

Video Bandwidth

Probe Frequency Characteristics



Video Bandwidth at 500 Hz 1 dB Video Bandwidth at 1.02 KHz: 3 dB

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2014.

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Report No: RDG150828003-20A

APPENDIX C DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No: DC-1532 Project Number: BACL-5745

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories Part number: ALS-D-750-S-2 Frequency: 750 MHz Serial No: 177-00505

Customer: BACL

Calibrated: 8th of October 2013 Released on: 8th of October 2013

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

303 Terry Fox Drive, Suite 102 Kenste, Onterio CANADA K2K3J1 Division of APREL TEL: (613) 435-830

SAR Evaluation Report 49 of 66

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Conditions

Dipole 177-00505 was a new calibration, removed from stock.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this device has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within this report has been reviewed for accuracy.

> We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Dan Brooks, Test Engineer

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

SAR Evaluation Report 50 of 66

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

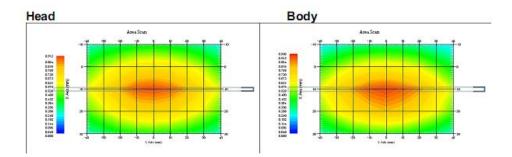
Length: 180.2 mm **Height:** 97.0 mm

Electrical Calibration

Test	Result Head	Result Body
S11 R/L	-27.621 dB	-21.672 dB
SWR	1.106 U	1.201 U
Impedance	52.505 Ω	55.933 Ω

System Validation Results

Frequency 750 MHz	1 Gram	10 Gram	
Head	8.5	54.0	
Body	8.54	5.42	



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This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

SAR Evaluation Report 51 of 66

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 177-00505. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 130 MHz to 26 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 2225.

References

- SSI-TP-018-ALSAS Dipole Calibration Procedure
- SSI-TP-016 Tissue Calibration Procedure
- IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"
- IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
- Part 1: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for handheld devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)"
- IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
- Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for handheld devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"
- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- · D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Draft Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

Conditions

Dipole 177-00505 was a new calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 20 °C +/- 0.5°C

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Dipole Calibration Results

Mechanical Verification

APREL	APREL	Measured	Measured
Length	Height	Length	Height
180.0 mm	97.8 mm	180.2 mm	97.0 mm

Tissue Validation

Tissue 750MHz	Measured Head	Measured Body
Dielectric constant, ε _r	42.7	56.6
Conductivity, o [S/m]	0.85	0.94

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical1%Positioning Error1.22%Electrical1.7%Tissue2.2%Dipole Validation2.2%

TOTAL 8.32% (16.64% K=2)

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Electrical Calibration

	Test	Result Head	Result Body
	S11 R/L	-27.621 dB	-21.672 dB
	SWR	1.106 U	1.201 U
8	Impedance	52.505 Ω	55.933 Ω

The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

S11 Parameter Return Loss

CH 1 - S11 | 5.8504 mm REF | 0.828 dB 0FFSET | 0.828 dB 0FFSET

BODY



Frequency Range 740 MHz to 784 MHz

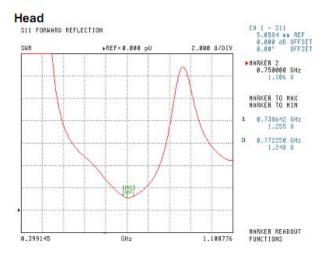
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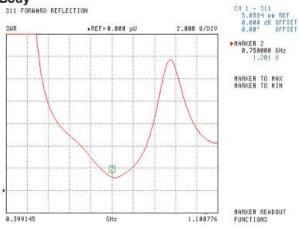
6

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SWR







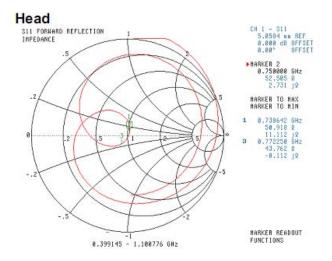
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

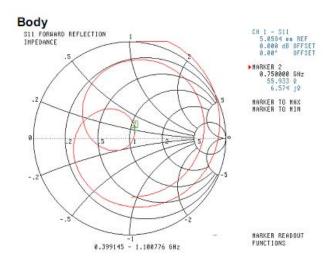
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Smith Chart Dipole Impedance





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Test Equipment

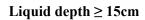
The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2013.

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APPENDIX D EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS





Body-worn Back Setup Photo (10mm)



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Body-worn Left Setup Photo (10mm)

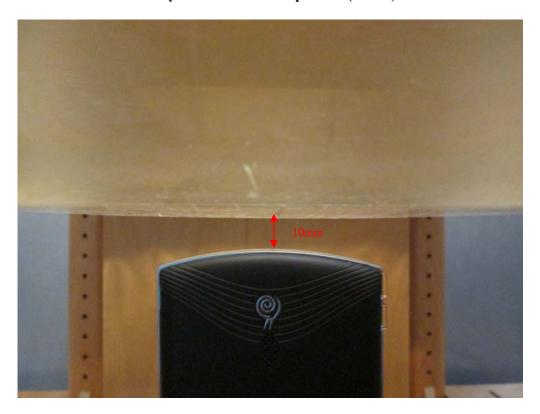


Body-worn Right Setup Photo (10mm)

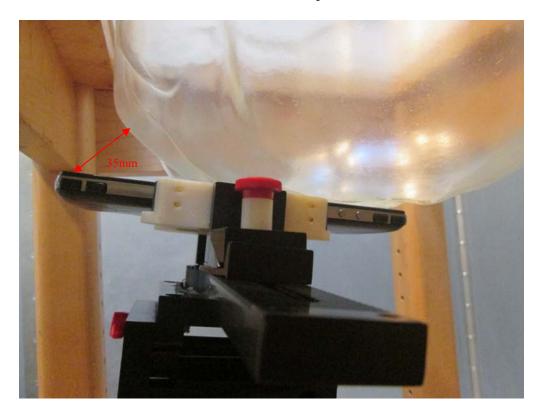


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Body-worn Bottom Setup Photo (10mm)



Left Head Touch Setup Photo



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Head-Cheek Setup Photo



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APPENDIX E EUT PHOTOS

EUT - Front View



EUT – Back View



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EUT – Left View



EUT – Right View



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EUT - Top View



EUT – Bottom View



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EUT – Cover-off View



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APPENDIX F INFORMATIVE REFERENCES

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