



Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.

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# TEST REPORT

Report Reference No.....	TRE1703020701	R/C.....: 54045
FCC ID.....	2AFZJ-CODE100H	
Applicant's name.....	Marshall Amplification Plc	
Address .....	Denbigh Road, Bletchley, Milton Keynes, MK1 1DQ, United Kingdom	
Manufacturer.....	Marshall Amplification Plc	
Address.....	Denbigh Road, Bletchley, Milton Keynes, MK1 1DQ,United Kingdom	
Test item description .....	<b>MD116D Guitar Amplifiers</b>	
Trade Mark .....	Marshall	
Model/Type reference .....	CODE100H	
Listed Model(s).....	-	
Standard .....	<b>FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247</b>	
Date of receipt of test sample.....	Dec. 28,2016	
Date of testing.....	Dec. 29,2016-Mar. 29,2017	
Date of issue.....	Mar. 30,2017	
Result.....	<b>PASS</b>	

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**Testing Laboratory Name .....** Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.

Address .....: 1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China

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*The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.*

*It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.*

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## 1. **TEST STANDARDS AND REPORT VERSION**

### 1.1. Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

[FCC Rules Part 15.247](#): Frequency Hopping, Direct Spread Spectrum and Hybrid Systems that are in operation within the bands of 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz.

[ANSI C63.10-2013](#): American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices

[DA 00-705](#): Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems

### 1.2. Report Version

Version No.	Date of issue	Description
00	Mar. 30,2017	Original

## 2. TEST DESCRIPTION

Test Item	Section in CFR 47	Result
Antenna Requirement	15.203/15.247 (c)	Pass
Conducted Emissions(AC Mains)	15.207	Pass
Conducted Peak Output Power	15.247 (b)(1)	Pass
20dB Occupied Bandwidth	15.247 (a)(1)	Pass
Carrier Frequencies Separation	15.247 (a)(1)	Pass
Hopping Channel Number	15.247 (a)(1)	Pass
Dwell Time	15.247 (a)(1)	Pass
Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence	15.247(b)(4)&TCB Exclusion List (7 July 2002)	Pass
Restricted band	15.247(d)/15.205	Pass
Radiated Emissions	15.247(d)/15.209	Pass

Note: The measurement uncertainty is not included in the test result.

### **3. SUMMARY**

#### **3.1. Client Information**

Applicant:	Marshall Amplification Plc
Address:	Denbigh Road, Bletchley, Milton Keynes, MK1 1DQ, United Kingdom
Manufacturer:	Marshall Amplification Plc
Address:	Denbigh Road, Bletchley, Milton Keynes, MK1 1DQ, United Kingdom

#### **3.2. Product Description**

Name of EUT	MD116D Guitar Amplifiers
Trade Mark:	Marshall
Model No.:	CODE100H
Listed Model(s):	-
Power supply:	AC 120V/60Hz
Adapter information:	-
<b>Bluetooth</b>	
Version:	Bluetooth 4.0+EDR
Modulation:	GFSK, π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK
Operation frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Channel number:	79
Channel separation:	1MHz
Antenna type:	Internal Antenna
Antenna gain:	0.5dBi

### 3.3. Operation State

➤ Frequency list

79 channels are provided for bluetooth EDR mode:

Channel	Frequncy (MHz)						
0	2402	20	2422	40	2442	60	2462
1	2403	21	2423	41	2443	61	2463
2	2404	22	2424	42	2444	62	2464
3	2405	23	2425	43	2445	63	2465
4	2406	24	2426	44	2446	64	2466
5	2407	25	2427	45	2447	65	2467
6	2408	26	2428	46	2448	66	2468
7	2409	27	2429	47	2449	67	2469
8	2410	28	2430	48	2450	68	2470
9	2411	29	2431	49	2451	69	2471
10	2412	30	2432	50	2452	70	2472
11	2413	31	2433	51	2453	71	2473
12	2414	32	2434	52	2454	72	2474
13	2415	33	2435	53	2455	73	2475
14	2416	34	2436	54	2456	74	2476
15	2417	35	2437	55	2457	75	2477
16	2418	36	2438	56	2458	76	2478
17	2419	37	2439	57	2459	77	2479
18	2420	38	2440	58	2460	78	2480
19	2421	39	2441	59	2461		

➤ Test channel

Channel	Frequncy (MHz)
0	2402
39	2441
78	2480

➤ Test mode

For RF test items
The engineering test program was provided and enabled to make EUT continuous transmit.
For AC power line conducted emissions:
the EUT was set to connect with the Bluetooth under large package sizes transmission.
For RF test axis
EUT in each of three orthogonal axis emissions had been tested ,but only the worst case (X axis) data Recorded in the report.

### 3.4. EUT Configuration

The following peripheral devices and interface cables were connected during the measurement:

- supplied by the manufacturer
- supplied by the lab

<input type="radio"/>	N/A	Manufacturer :	N/A
		Model No. :	N/A
<input type="radio"/>	N/A	Manufacturer :	N/A
		Model No. :	N/A

### 3.5. Modifications

No modifications were implemented to meet testing criteria.

## 4. **TEST ENVIRONMENT**

### 4.1. Address Of The Test Laboratory

Laboratory: Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.

Address: 1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China

Phone: 86-755-26748019 Fax: 86-755-26748089

### 4.2. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

#### **CNAS-Lab Code: L1225**

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (identical to ISO/IEC17025: 2005 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories, Date of Registration: February 28, 2015. Valid time is until February 27, 2018.

#### **A2LA-Lab Cert. No. 3902.01**

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been accredited by A2LA for technical competence in the field of electrical testing, and proved to be in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories and any additional program requirements in the identified field of testing. Valid time is until March 31, 2017.

#### **FCC-Registration No.: 317478**

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration 317478, Renewal date Jul. 18, 2014, valid time is until Jul. 18, 2017.

#### **IC-Registration No.: 5377B-1**

Two 3m Alternate Test Site of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements with Registration No. 5377B-1 on Dec.03, 2014, valid time is until Dec.03, 2017.

#### **ACA**

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory can also perform testing for the Australian C-Tick mark as a result of our A2LA accreditation.

### 4.3. Environmental Conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	15~35°C
Lative Humidity:	30~60 %
Air Pressure:	950~1050mba

### 4.4. Statement Of The Measurement Uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there may be errors in calibration limits of the equipment and facilities. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report according to TR-100028-01 "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM);Uncertainties in the measurement of mobile radio equipment characteristics;Part 1" and TR-100028-02 "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM);Uncertainties in the measurementof mobile radio equipment characteristics;Part 2" and is documented in the Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd quality system according to ISO/IEC 17025. Further more, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

Here after the best measurement capability for Shenzhen Huatongwei is reported:

Test Items	MeasurementUncertainty	Notes
Transmitter power conducted	0.57 dB	(1)
Transmitter power Radiated	2.20 dB	(1)
Conducted spurious emission 9KHz-40 GHz	1.60 dB	(1)
Radiated spurious emission 9KHz-40 GHz	2.20 dB	(1)
Conducted Emission 9Khz-30MHz	3.39 dB	(1)
Radiated Emission30~1000MHz	4.24 dB	(1)
Radiated Emissio 1~18GHz	5.16 dB	(1)
Radiated Emissio 18-40GHz	5.54 dB	(1)
Occupied Bandwidth	-----	(1)

- (1) This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=1.96.

#### 4.5. Test Equipment

Conducted Emission (AC Main)					
Item	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.
1	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	101247	2016/11/13
2	Artificial Mains	Shwarzbeck	NNLK 8121	573	2016/11/13
3	Pulse Limiter	R&S	ESH3-Z2	101488	2016/11/13
4	Test Software	R&S	ES-K1	N/A	N/A
5	Test cable	ENVIROFLEX	3651	1101902	2016/11/13

Maximum Peak Output Power / Power Spectral Density / 6dB Bandwidth / Band Edge Compliance of RF Emission / Spurious RF Conducted Emission

Item	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal
1	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde&Schwarz	FSP	1164.4391.40	2016/11/13
2	Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2480B	100798	2016/11/13
3	Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	100258	2016/11/13
4	Test cable	FARPU	MCX-J	N/A	2016/11/13
5	Temporary antenna connector	D-LENP	NJ-SMAK	N/A	2016/11/13

NOTE:The temporary antenna connector is soldered on the PCB board in order to perform conducted tests and this temporary antenna connector is listed in the equipment list.

Restricted Band / Radiated Emissions					
Item	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.
1	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde&Schwarz	ESI 26	100009	2016/11/13
2	RF Test Panel	Rohde&Schwarz	TS / RSP	335015/0017	N/A
3	EMI Test Software	Rohde&Schwarz	ESK1	N/A	N/A
4	Loop Antenna	Rohde&Schwarz	HZ-9	838622\013	2016/11/13
5	Ultra-Broadband Antenna	ShwarzBeck	VULB9163	538	2016/11/13
6	Horn Antenna	ShwarzBeck	9120D	1011	2016/11/13
7	Broadband Horn Antenna	Shwarzbeck	BBHA9170	BBHA917047 2	2016/11/13
8	Preamplifier	Shwarzbeck	BBV9742	9742-196	2016/11/13
9	Broadband Preamplifier	Shwarzbeck	BBV 9721	9721-102	2016/11/13
10	Broadband Preamplifier	Shwarzbeck	BBV 9718	9718-247	2016/11/13
11	Turn Table	MATURO	TT2.0	/	N/A
12	Antenna Mast	MATURO	TAM-4.0-P	/	N/A
13	EMI Test Software	Audix	E3	N/A	N/A
14	Test Software	R&S	ES-K1	N/A	N/A
15	Test cable	Siva Cables Italy	RG 58A/U	W14.02	2016/11/13

The Cal.Interval was one year

## 5. **TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS**

### 5.1. Antenna Requirement

#### FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

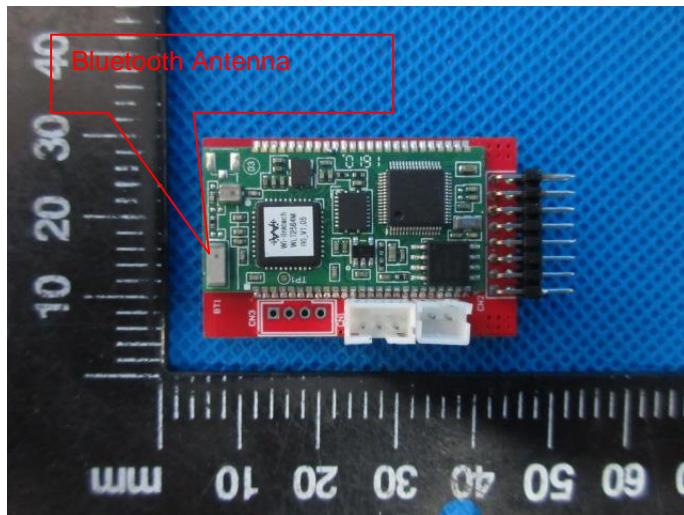
#### FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247(c) (1)(i):

(i) Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### TEST RESULTS

Passed       Not Applicable

The directional gain of the antenna less than 6 dBi, please refer to the below antenna photo.



## 5.2. Conducted Emissions (AC Mains)

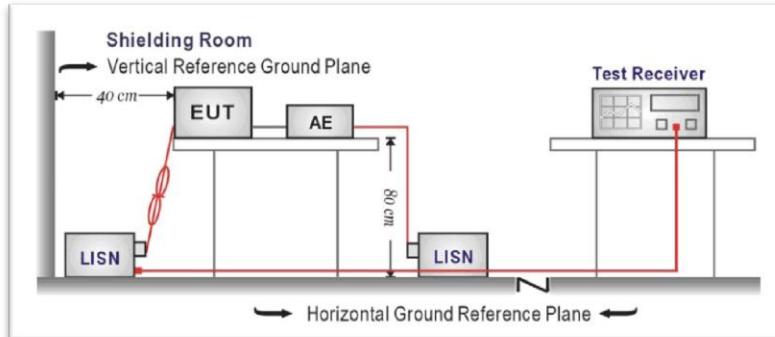
### LIMIT

FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.207:

Frequency range (MHz)	Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

\* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was setup according to ANSI C63.10:2013 for compliance to FCC 47CFR 15.247 requirements.
2. The EUT was placed on a platform of nominal size, 1 m by 1.5 m, raised 80 cm above the conducting ground plane. The vertical conducting plane was located 40 cm to the rear of the EUT. All other surfaces of EUT were at least 80 cm from any other grounded conducting surface.
3. The EUT and simulators are connected to the main power through a line impedances stabilization network (LISN). The LISN provides a 50 ohm /50uH coupling impedance for the measuring equipment.
4. The peripheral devices are also connected to the main power through a LISN. (Please refer to the block diagram of the test setup and photographs)
5. Each current-carrying conductor of the EUT power cord, except the ground (safety) conductor, was individually connected through a LISN to the input power source.
6. The excess length of the power cord between the EUT and the LISN receptacle were folded back and forth at the center of the lead to form a bundle not exceeding 40 cm in length.
7. Conducted emissions were investigated over the frequency range from 0.15MHz to 30MHz using a receiver bandwidth of 9 kHz.
8. During the above scans, the emissions were maximized by cable manipulation.

### TEST MODE:

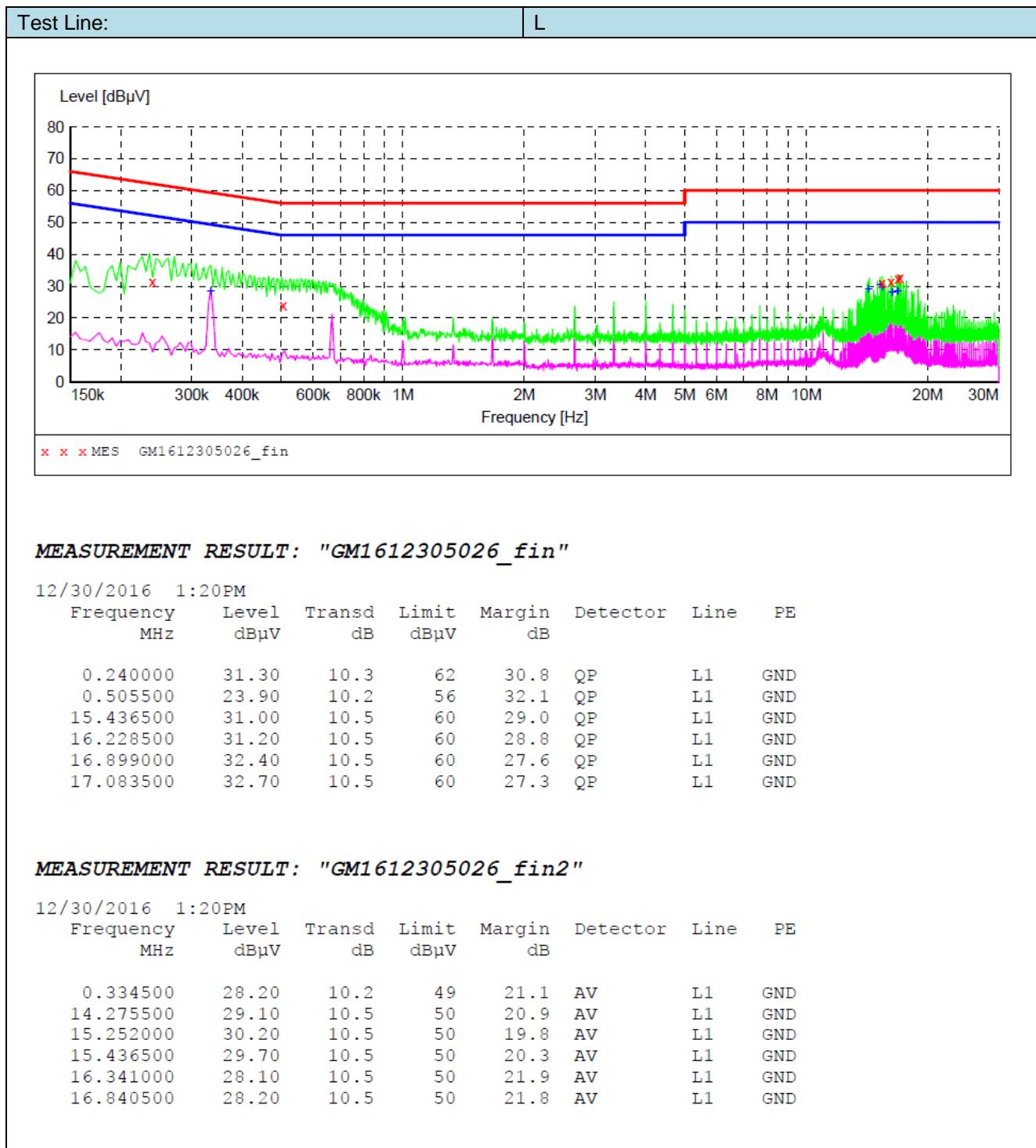
Please refer to the clause 3.3

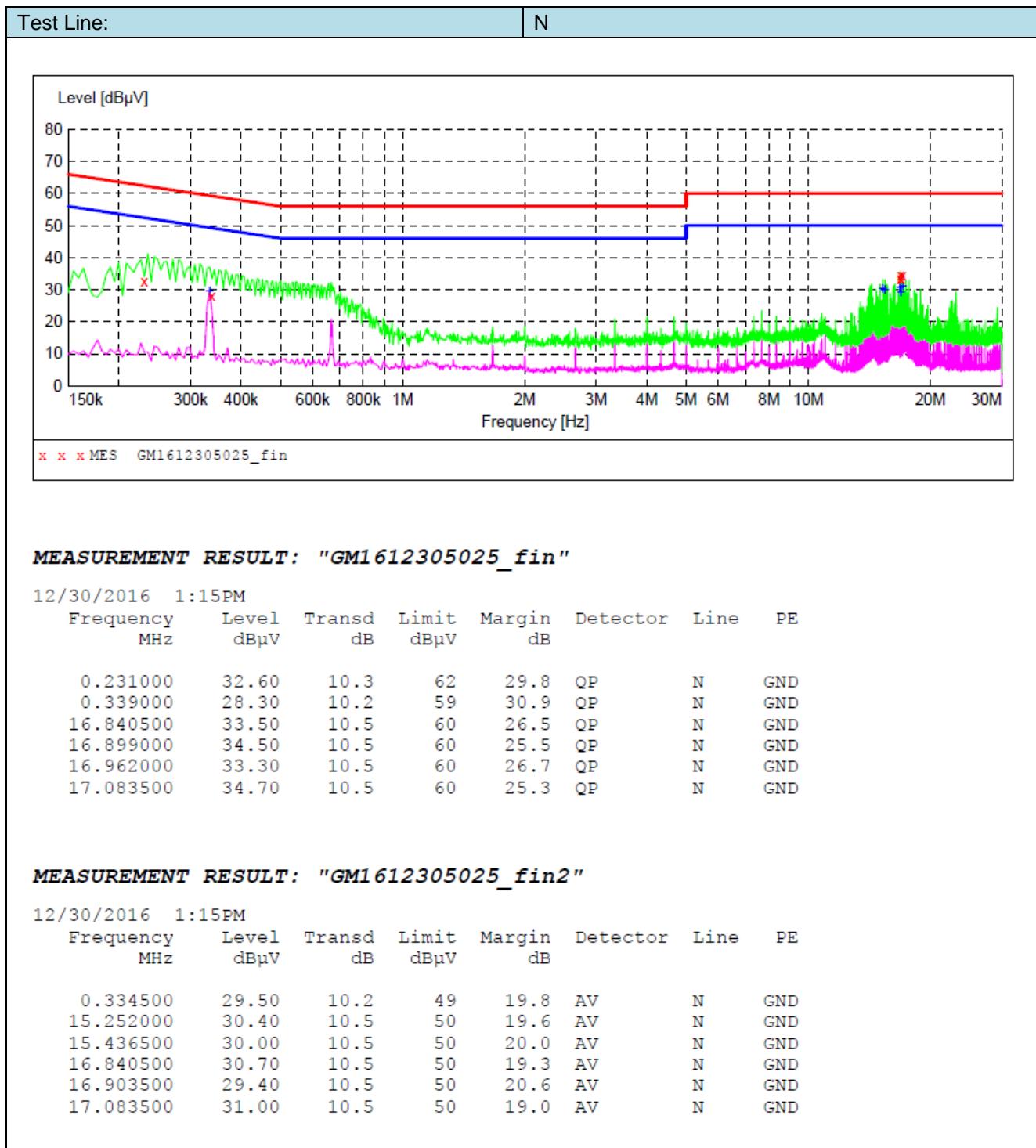
### TEST RESULTS

Passed       Not Applicable

Note:

- 1) Transd=Cable loss+Pulse Limiter Factor + Artificial Mains Factor
- 2) Margin= Limit -Level





### 5.3. Conducted Peak Output Power

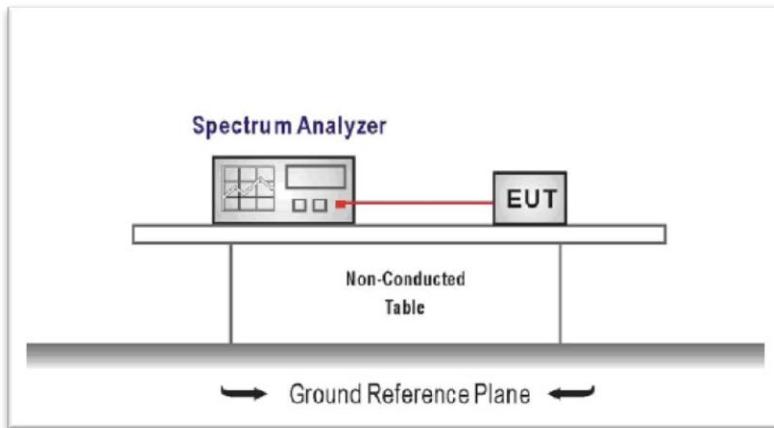
#### LIMIT

FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247 (b)

The maximum peak conducted output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

(1) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

#### TEST CONFIGURATION



#### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator, the path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously
3. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:  
Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel  
 $RBW \geq$  the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured,  $VBW \geq RBW$   
Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold
4. Measure and record the results in the test report.

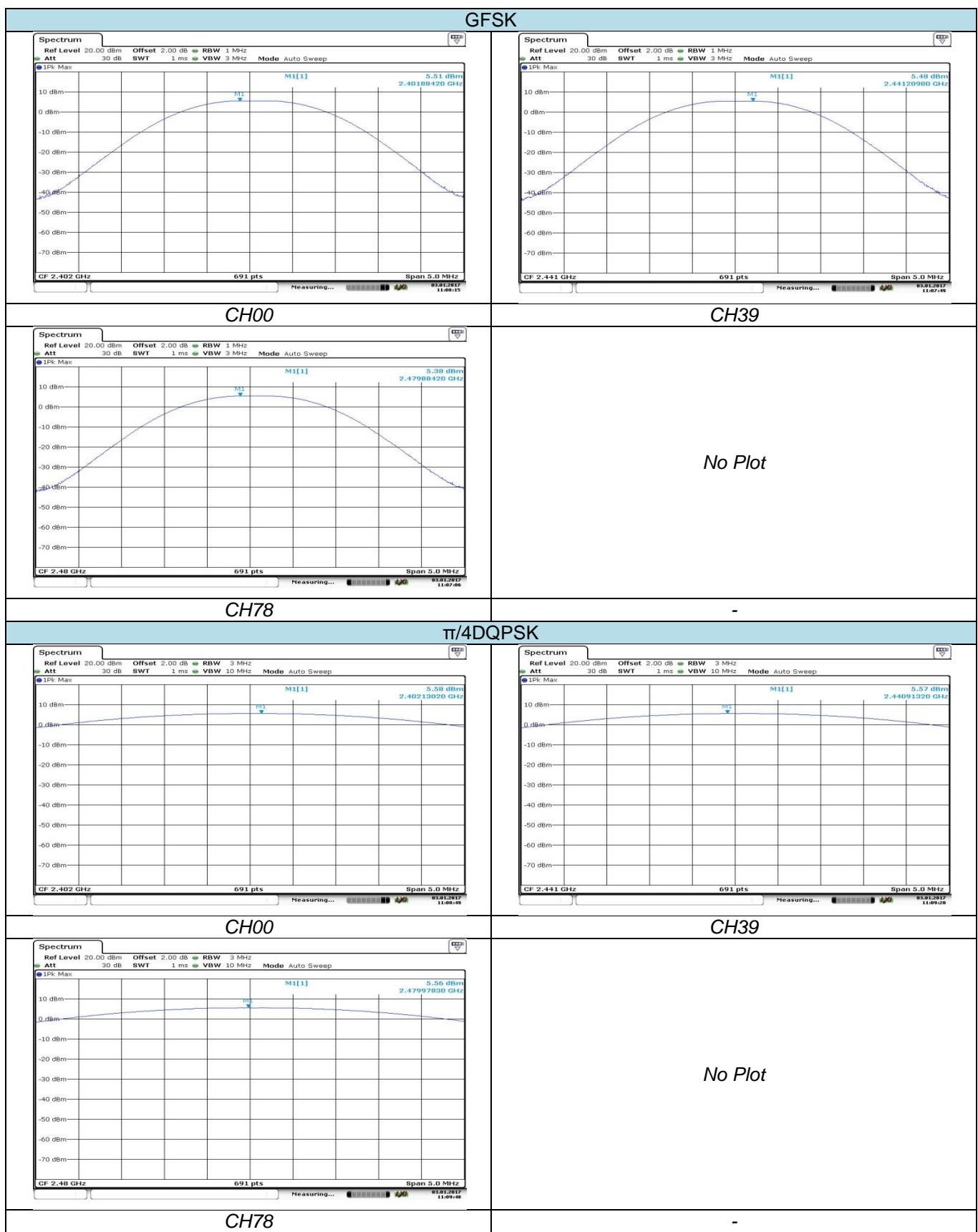
#### TEST MODE:

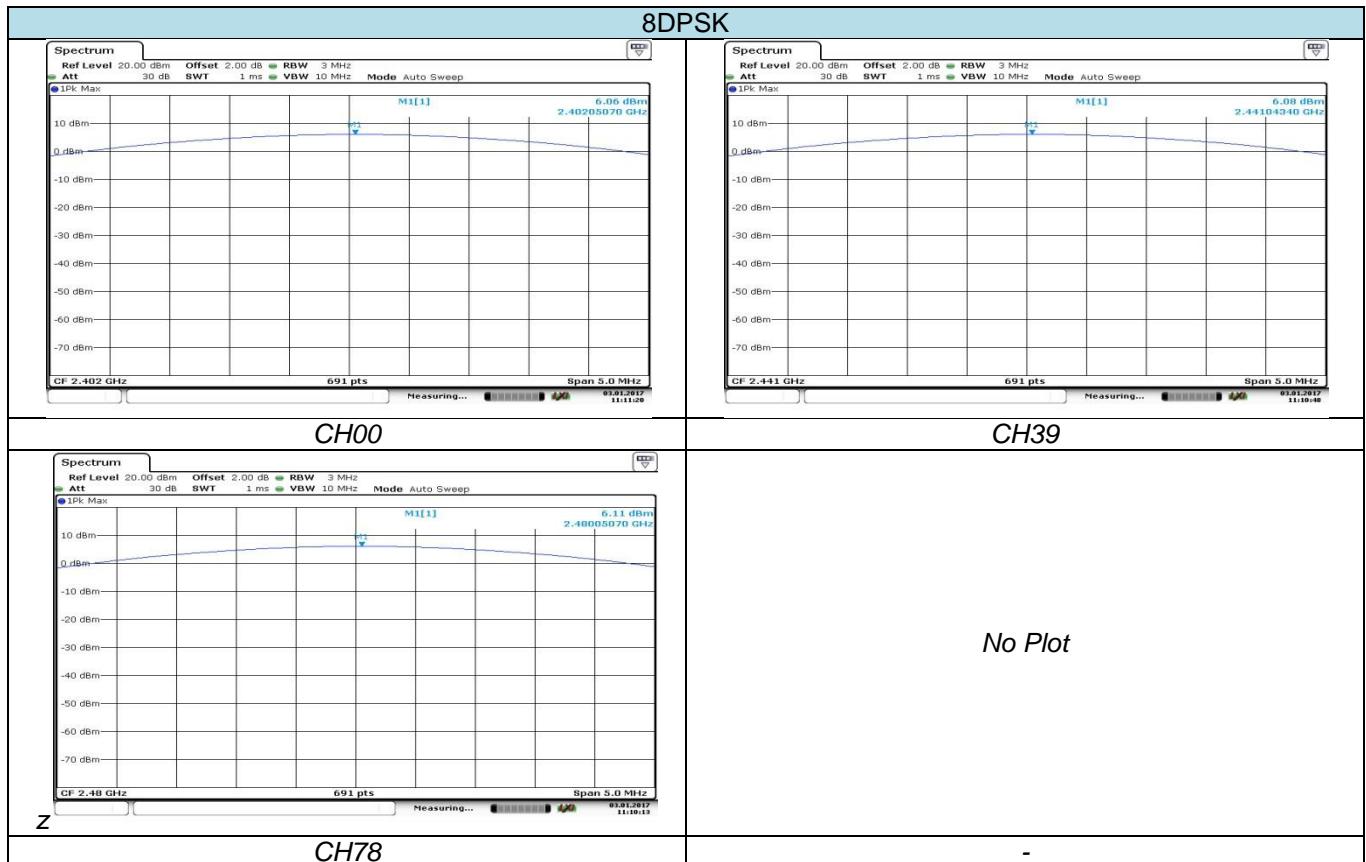
Please refer to the clause 3.3

#### TEST RESULTS

Passed       Not Applicable

Modulation type	Channel	Output power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
GFSK	00	5.51	21.00	Pass
	39	5.48		
	78	5.38		
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	00	5.58	21.00	Pass
	39	5.57		
	78	5.56		
8DPSK	00	6.06	21.00	Pass
	39	6.08		
	78	6.11		



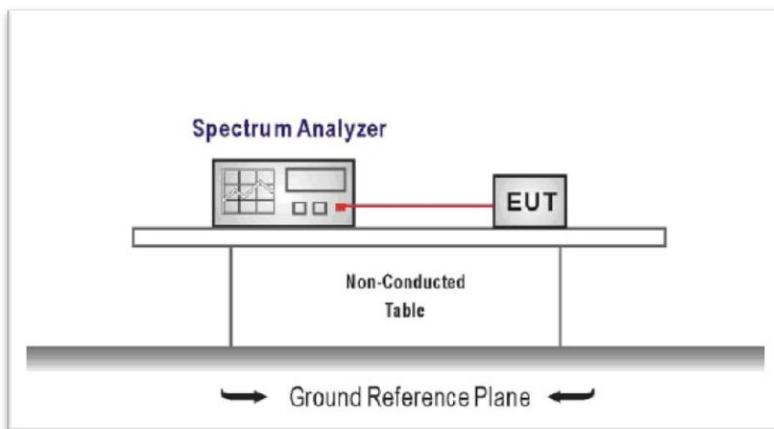


## 5.4. 20dB Emission Bandwidth

### LIMIT

N/A

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator, the path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously
3. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:  
Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel  
 $RBW \geq 1\%$  of the 20 dB bandwidth,  $VBW \geq RBW$   
Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold
4. Measure and record the results in the test report.

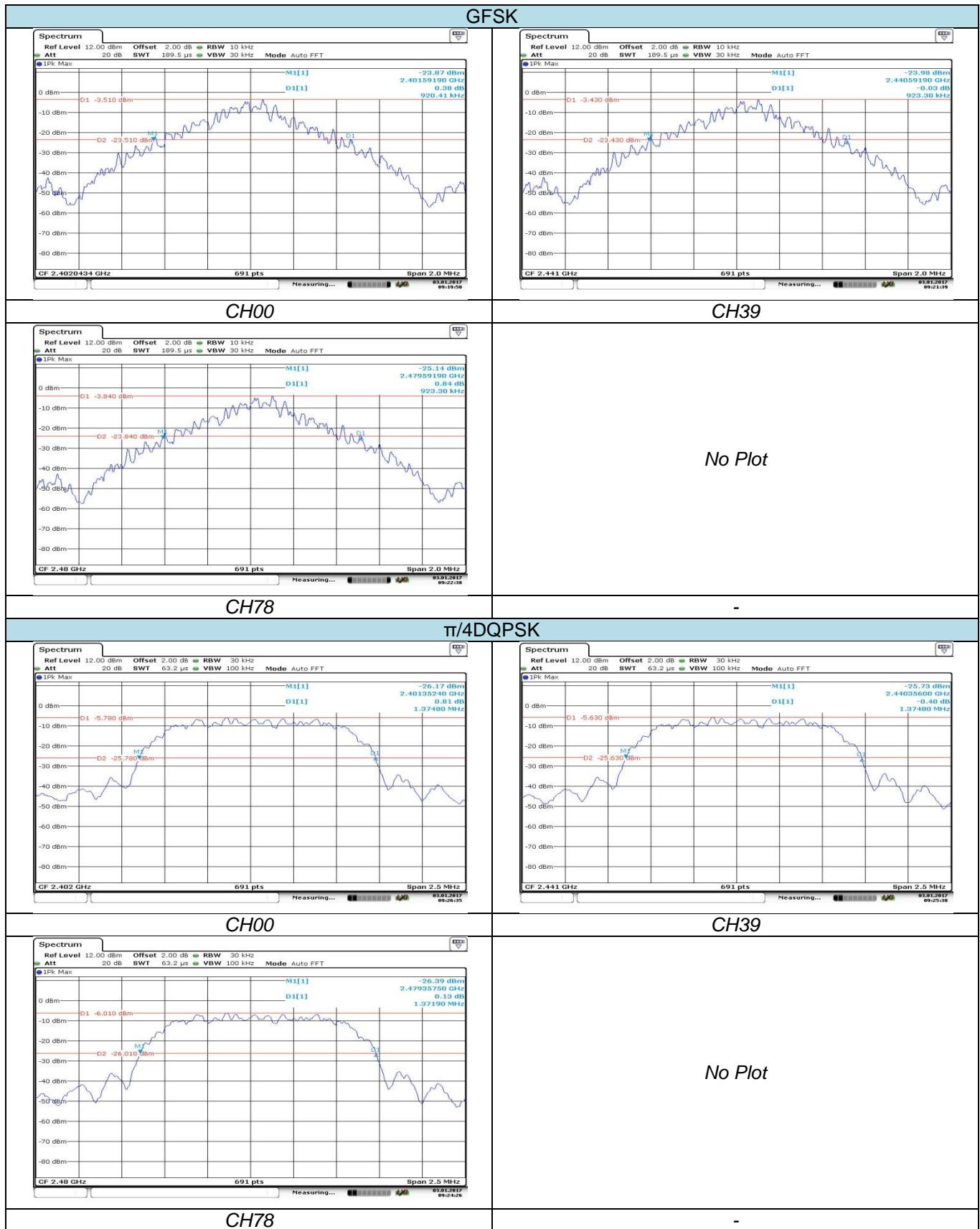
### TEST MODE:

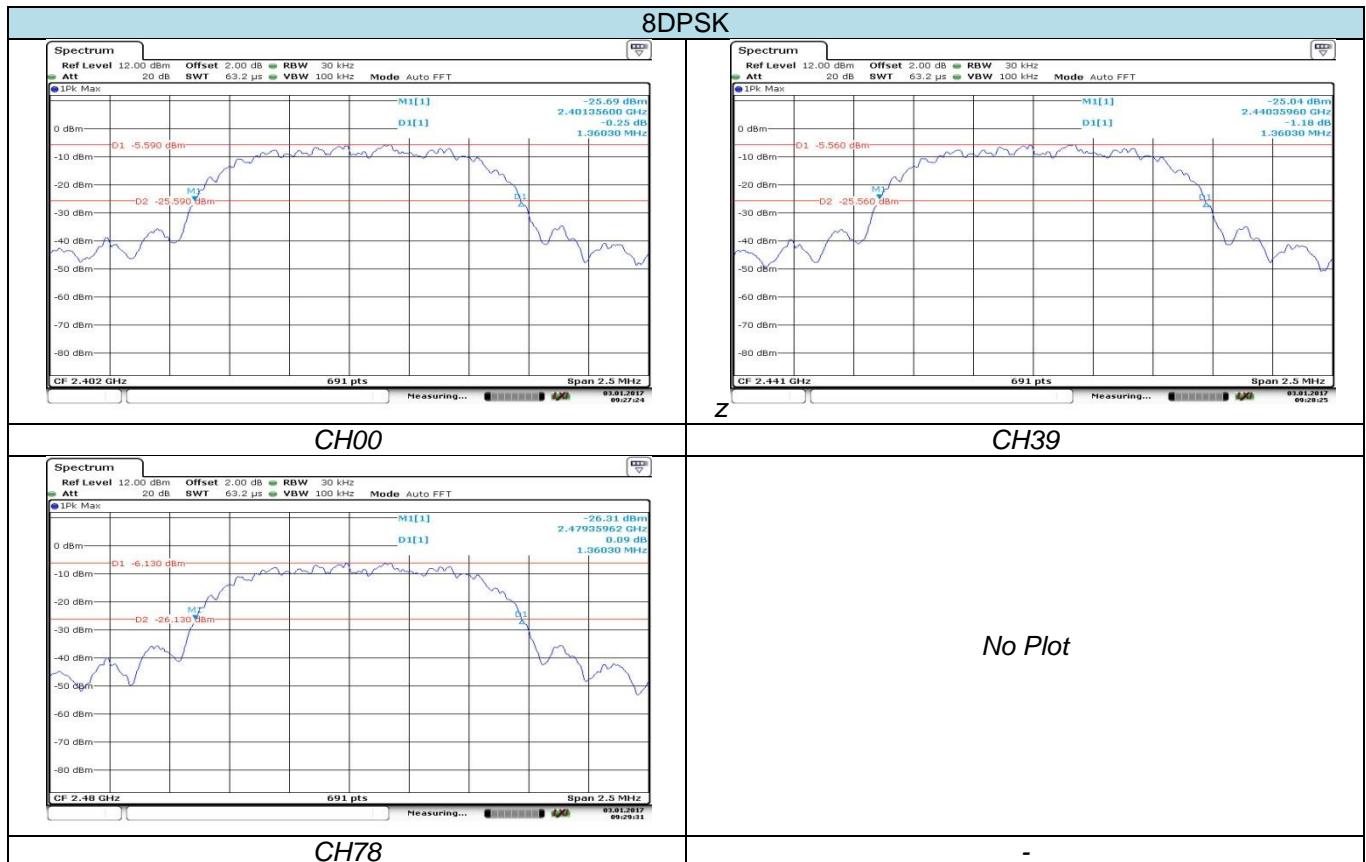
Please refer to the clause 3.3

### TEST RESULTS

Passed       Not Applicable

Modulation type	Channel	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Result
GFSK	00	0.920	-	Pass
	39	0.923		
	78	0.923		
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	00	1.375	-	Pass
	39	1.375		
	78	1.372		
8DPSK	00	1.360	-	Pass
	39	1.360		
	78	1.360		





## 5.5. Carrier Frequencies Separation

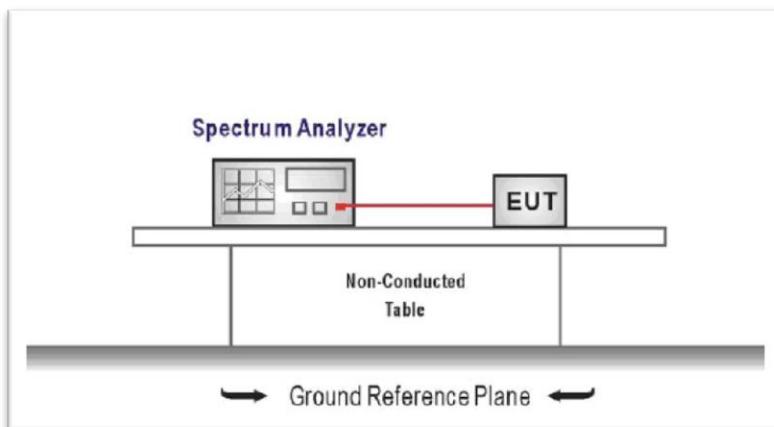
### LIMIT

FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247 (a)

Operation under the provisions of this Section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:

(1) Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator, the path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously
3. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:  
Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels  
 $RBW \geq 1\%$  of the span,  $VBW \geq RBW$   
Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold
4. Measure and record the results in the test report.

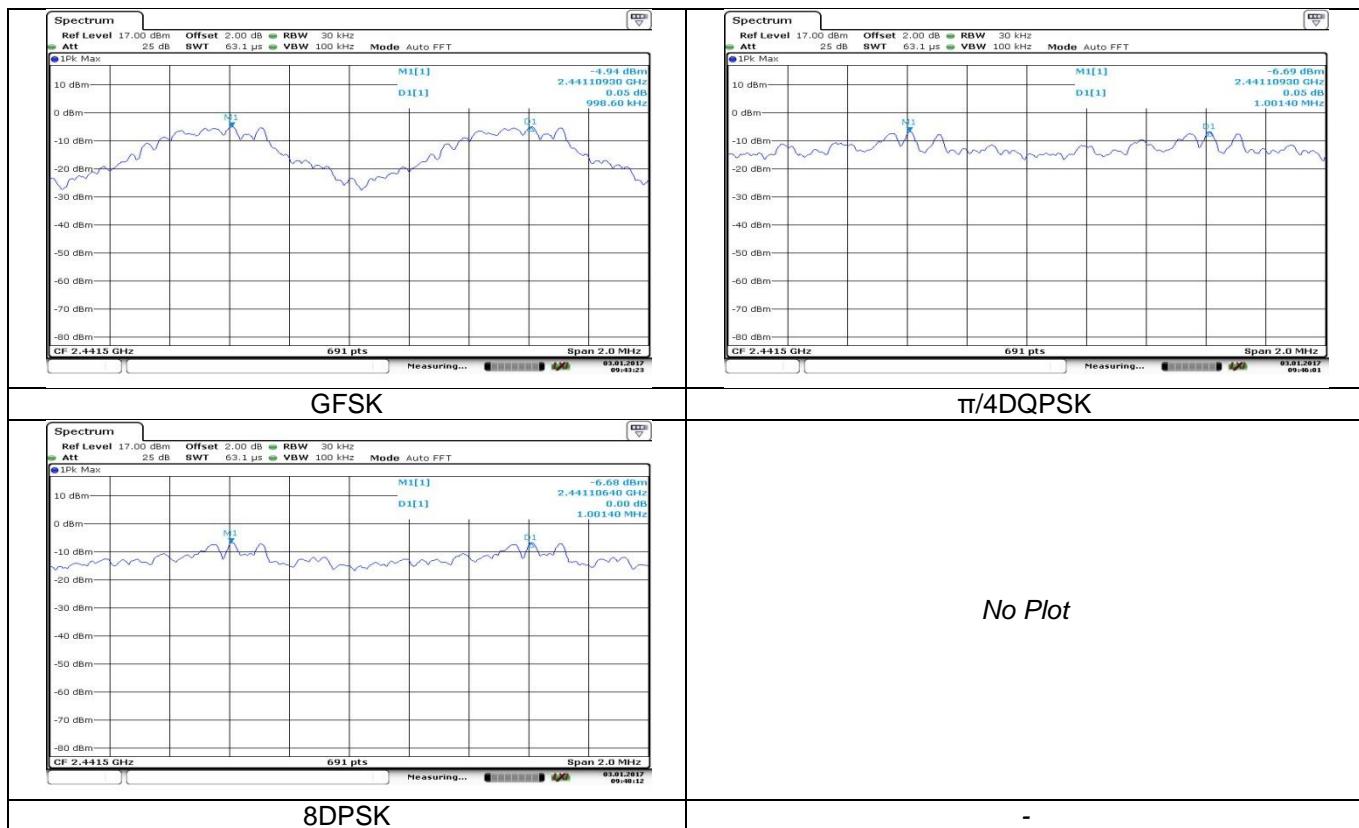
### TEST MODE:

Please refer to the clause 3.3

### TEST RESULTS

Passed       Not Applicable

Modulation type	Channel	Carrier Frequencies Separation (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Result
GFSK	39	0.999	0.920	Pass
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	39	1.001	0.917	Pass
8DPSK	39	1.001	0.907	Pass



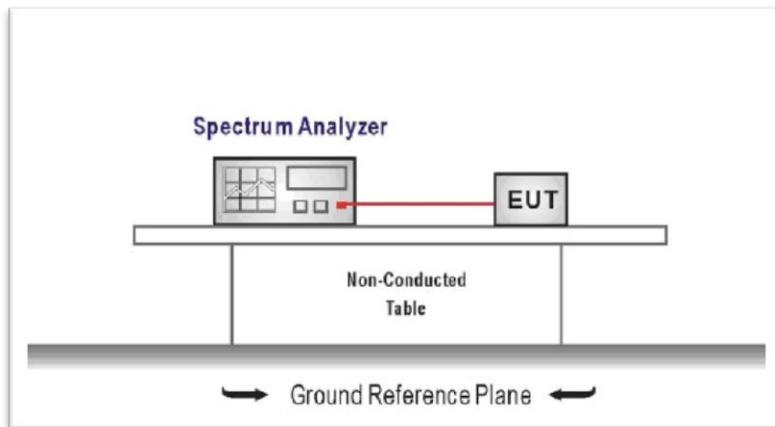
## 5.6. Hopping Channel Number

### LIMIT

FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247 (a)(1):

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least **15** channels.

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator, the path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously
3. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:  
Span = the frequency band of operation  
 $RBW \geq 1\%$  of the span,  $VBW \geq RBW$   
Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold
4. Measure and record the results in the test report.

### TEST MODE:

Please refer to the clause 3.3

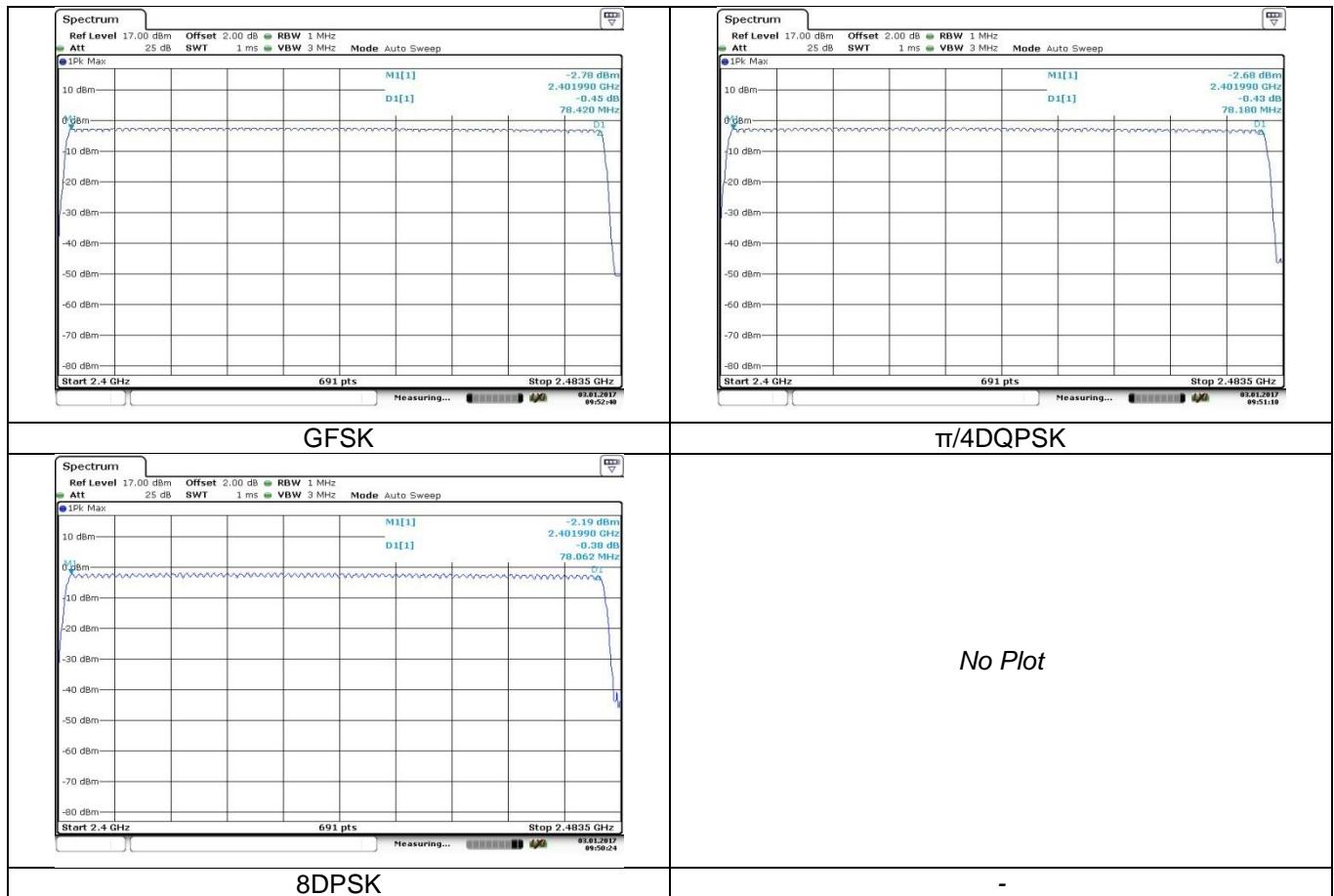
Normal Mode: 79 Channels observed.

AFH Mode: 20 Channels declared.

### TEST RESULTS

Passed       Not Applicable

Modulation type	Channel number	Limit	Result
GFSK	79	15	Pass
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	79		
8DPSK	79		



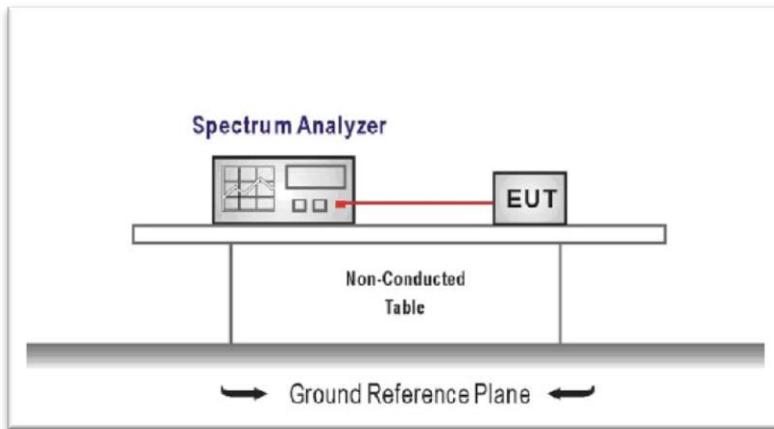
## 5.7. Dwell Time

### LIMIT

FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247 (a)(1):

*The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.*

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator, the path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously
3. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:  
Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel, RBW= 1 MHz, VBW $\geq$ RBW  
Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel,  
Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold
4. Measure and record the results in the test report.

### TEST MODE:

Please refer to the clause 3.3

### TEST RESULTS

Passed       Not Applicable

Normal Mode				
Modulation type	Channel	Dwell time (Second)	Limit (Second)	Result
GFSK	DH1	0.125	0.40	Pass
	DH3	0.262		
	DH5	0.306		
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	2-DH1	0.125	0.40	Pass
	2-DH3	0.262		
	2-DH5	0.309		
8DPSK	3-DH1	0.125	0.40	Pass
	3-DH3	0.262		
	3-DH5	0.309		
AFH Mode				
Modulation type	Channel	Dwell time (Second)	Limit (Second)	Result
GFSK	DH1	0.125	0.40	Pass
	DH3	0.262		
	DH5	0.306		
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	2-DH1	0.125	0.40	Pass
	2-DH3	0.262		
	2-DH5	0.309		
8DPSK	3-DH1	0.125	0.40	Pass
	3-DH3	0.262		
	3-DH5	0.309		

#### Normal Mode:

We have tested all mode at high,middle and low channel,and recorded worst case at middle channel.

Dwell time=Pulse time (ms)  $\times$  (1600  $\div$  2  $\div$  79)  $\times$ 31.6 Second for DH1, 2-DH1, 3-DH1

Dwell time=Pulse time (ms)  $\times$  (1600  $\div$  4  $\div$  79)  $\times$ 31.6 Second for DH3, 2-DH3, 3-DH3

Dwell time=Pulse time (ms)  $\times$  (1600  $\div$  6  $\div$  79)  $\times$ 31.6 Second for DH5, 2-DH5, 3-DH5

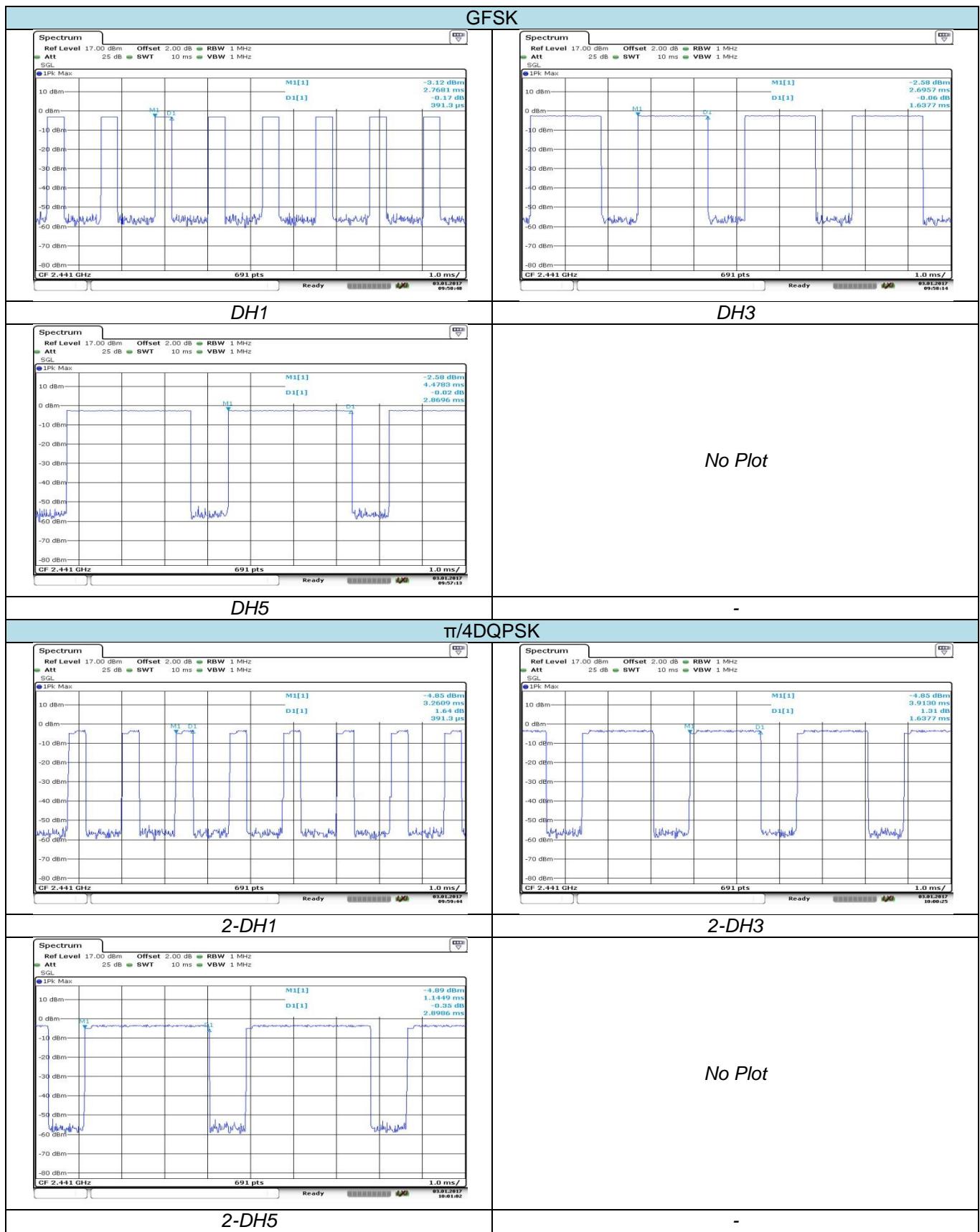
#### AFH Mode:

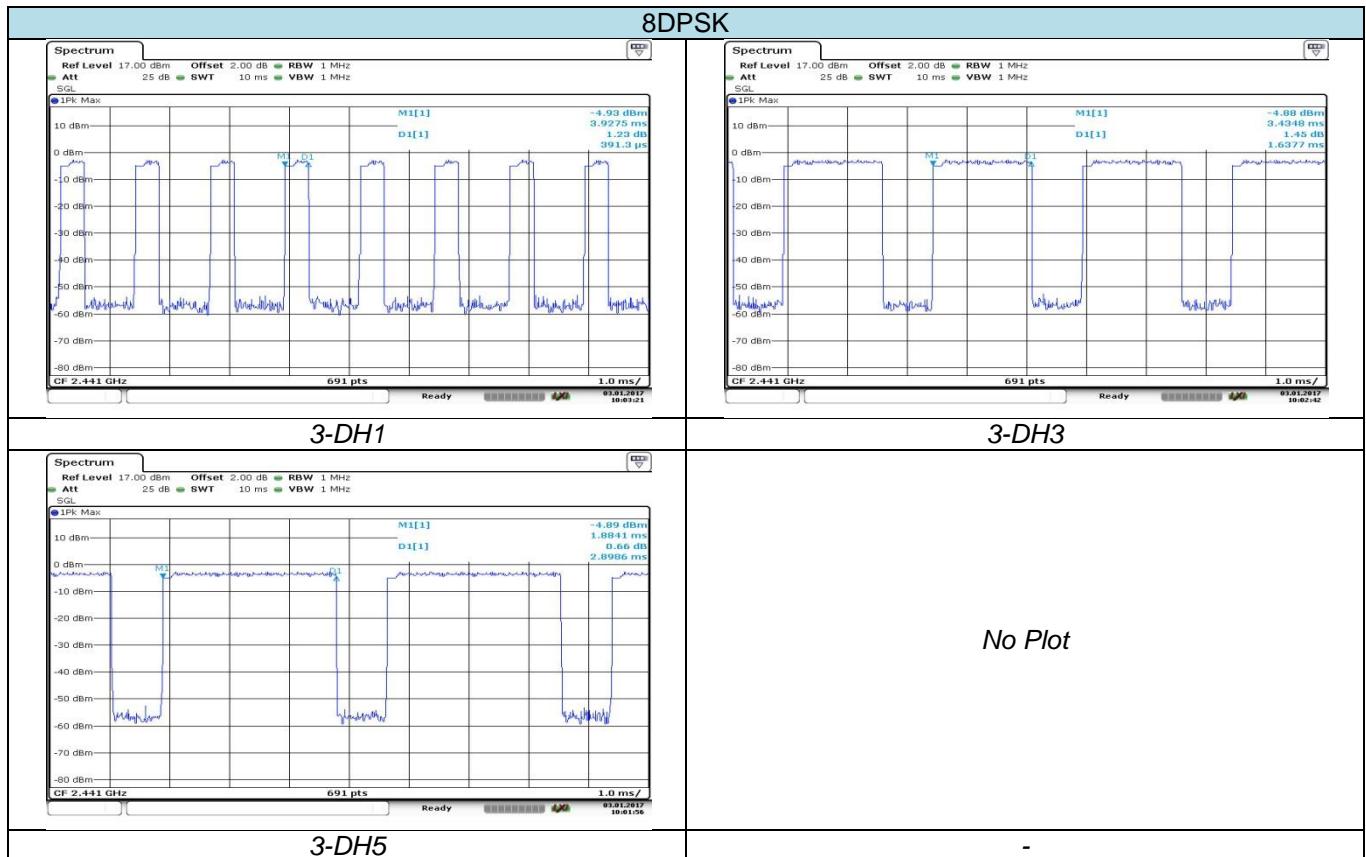
We have tested all mode at high,middle and low channel,and recorded worst case at middle channel.

Dwell time=Pulse time (ms)  $\times$  (1600  $\div$  2  $\div$  20)  $\times$ 8 Second for DH1, 2-DH1, 3-DH1

Dwell time=Pulse time (ms)  $\times$  (1600  $\div$  4  $\div$  20)  $\times$ 8 Second for DH3, 2-DH3, 3-DH3

Dwell time=Pulse time (ms)  $\times$  (1600  $\div$  6  $\div$  20)  $\times$ 8 Second for DH5, 2-DH5, 3-DH5





## 5.8. Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

### LIMIT

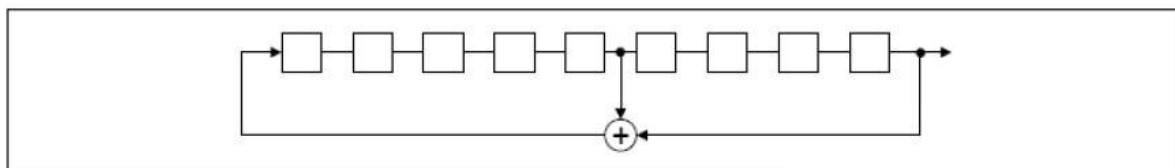
FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247 (a)(1):

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

### TEST RESULTS

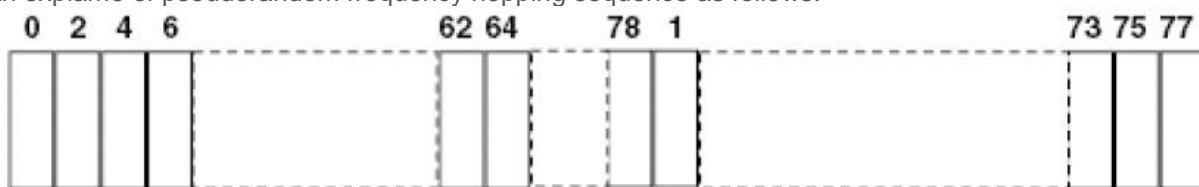
The pseudorandom frequency hopping sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5<sup>th</sup> and 9<sup>th</sup> stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first one of 9 consecutive ones, for example: the shift register is initialized with nine ones.

- Number of shift register stages: 9
- Length of pseudo-random sequence:  $2^9 - 1 = 511$  bits
- Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



*Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence*

An example of pseudorandom frequency hopping sequence as follows:



Each frequency is used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receiver has input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their correspondingly transmitter and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

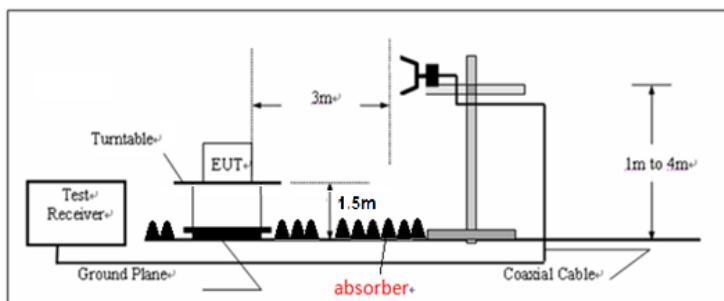
## 5.9. Restricted Band (radiated)

### LIMIT

#### FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247 (d):

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was setup and tested according to ANSI C63.10:2013 for compliance to FCC 47CFR 15.247 requirements.
2. The EUT is placed on a turn table which is 1.5 meter above ground plane. The turn table is rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the maximum emission level.
3. The EUT waspositioned such that the distance from antenna to the EUT was 3 meters.
4. The antenna is scanned from 1 meter to 4 meters to find out the maximum emission level. Thisis repeated for both horizontal and vertical polarization of the antenna. In order to find themaximum emission, all of the interface cables were manipulated according to ANSI C63.10:2013 on radiated measurement.
5. The receiver set as follow:  
RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz Peak detector for Peak value  
RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz Peak detector for Average value.

### TEST MODE:

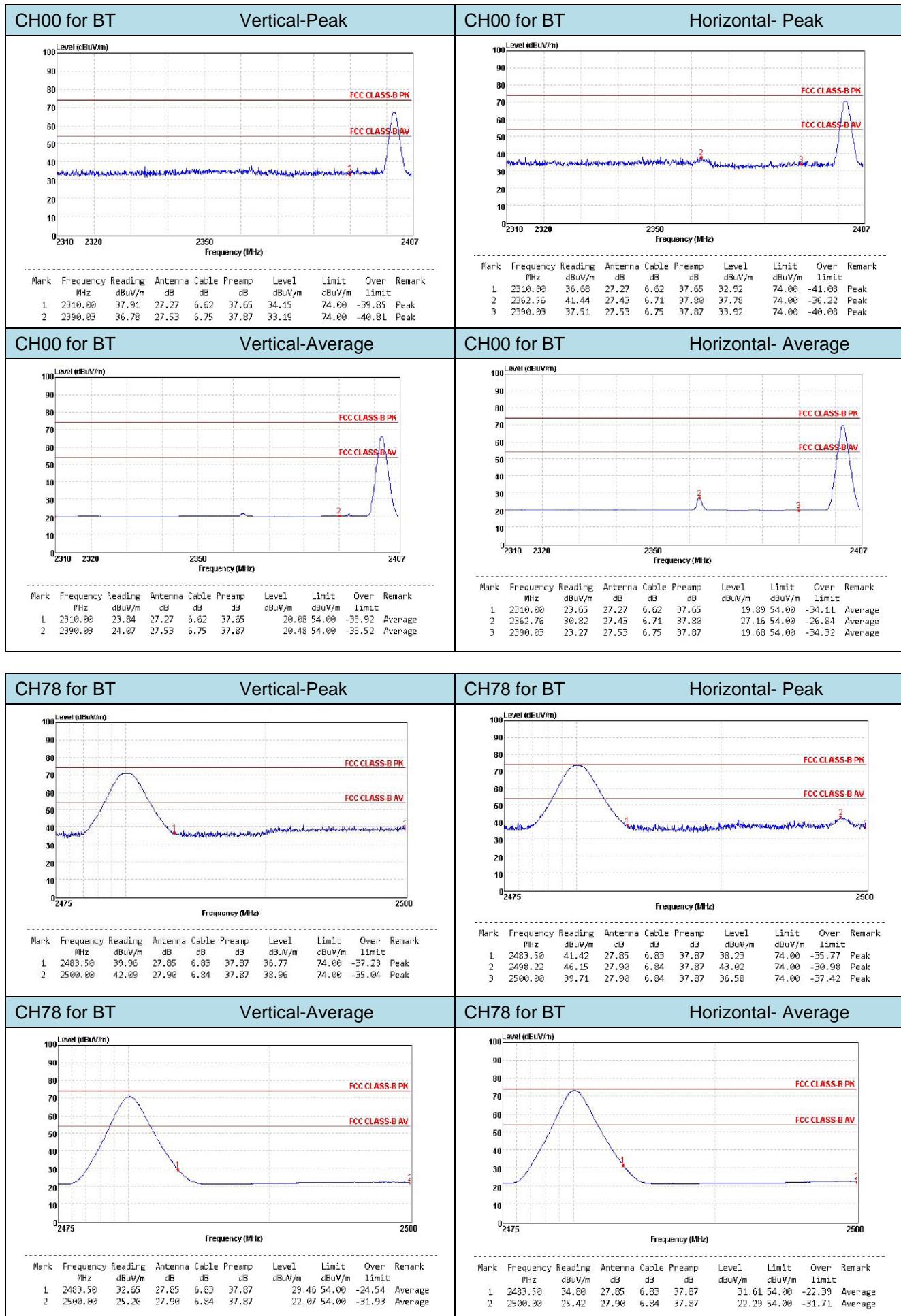
Please refer to the clause 3.3

### TEST RESULTS

Passed       Not Applicable

#### Note:

- 1) Final level= Read level + Antenna Factor+ Cable Loss- Preamp Factor
- 2) Have pre-scan all modulation mode, found the GFSK modulation which it was worst case, so only the worst case's data on the test report.



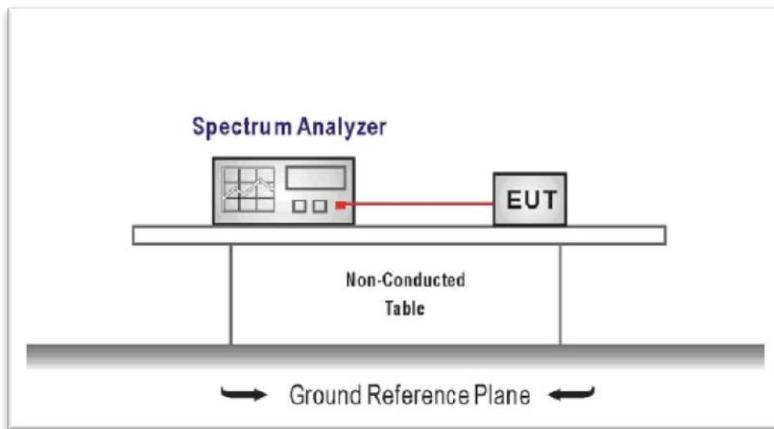
## 5.10. Band Edge and Spurious Emission (conducted)

### LIMIT

FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247 (d):

*In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.*

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

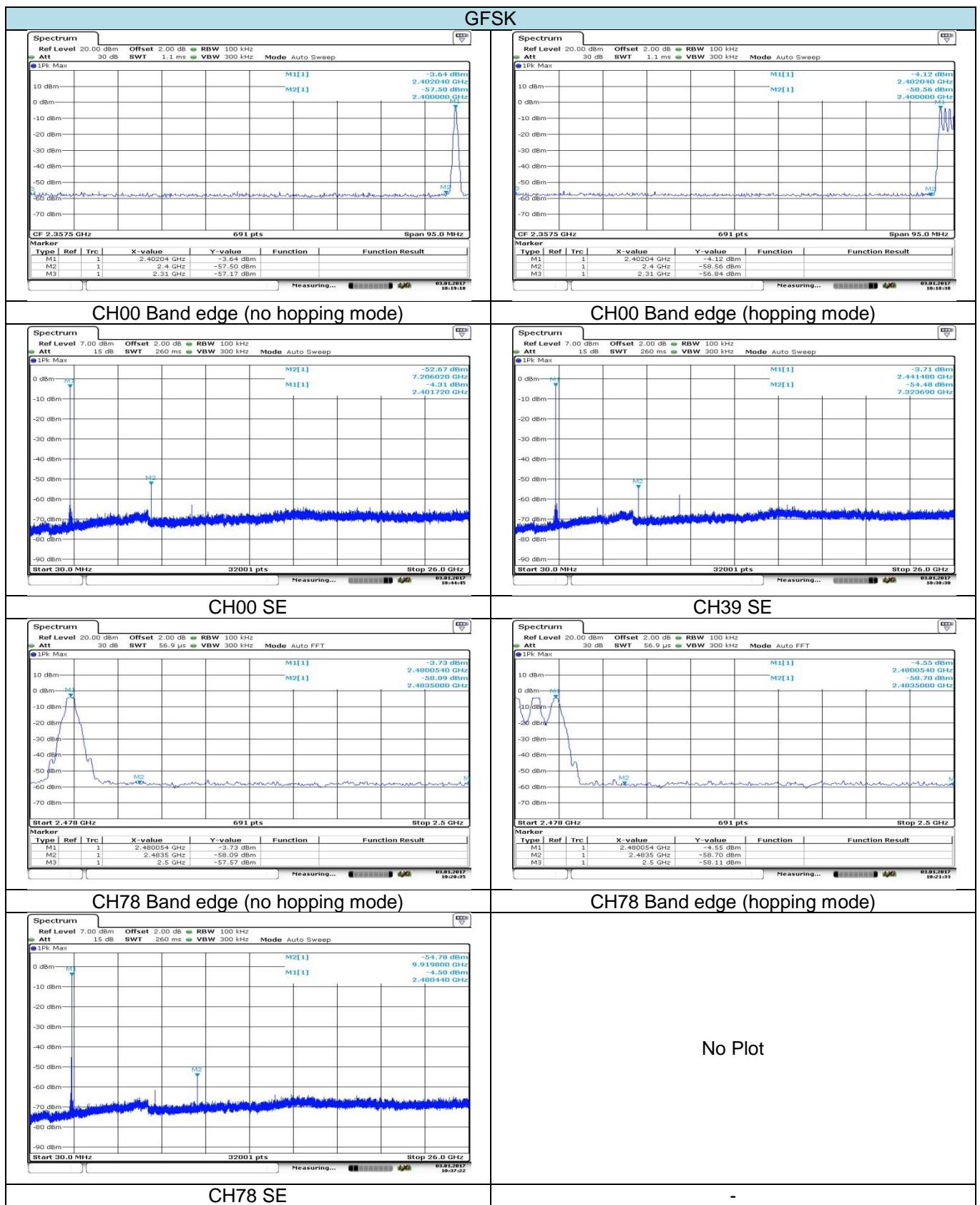
1. The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator, the path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously
3. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:  
RBW= 100 KHz, VBW $\geq$ RBW  
Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold
4. Measure and record the results in the test report.

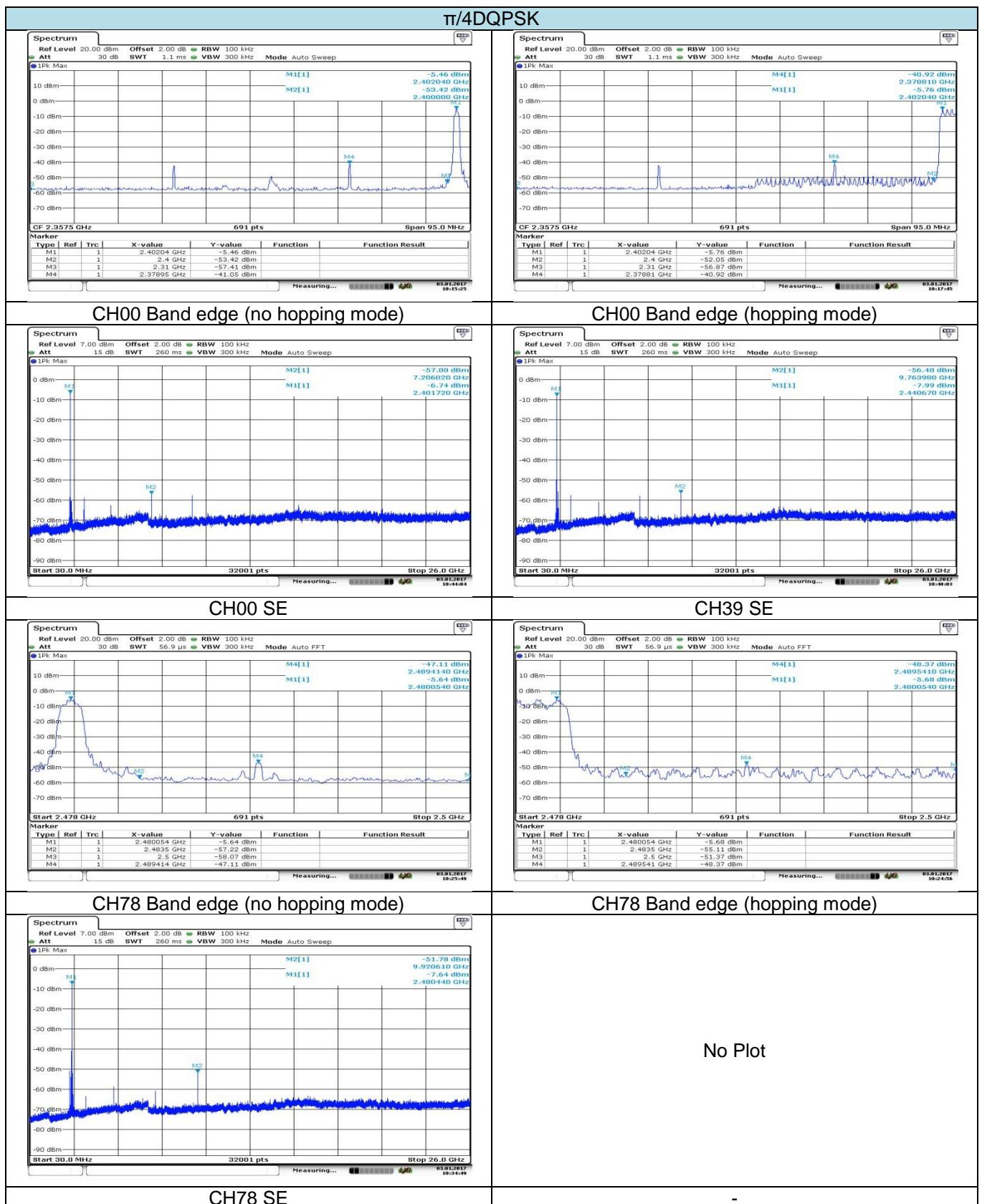
### TEST MODE:

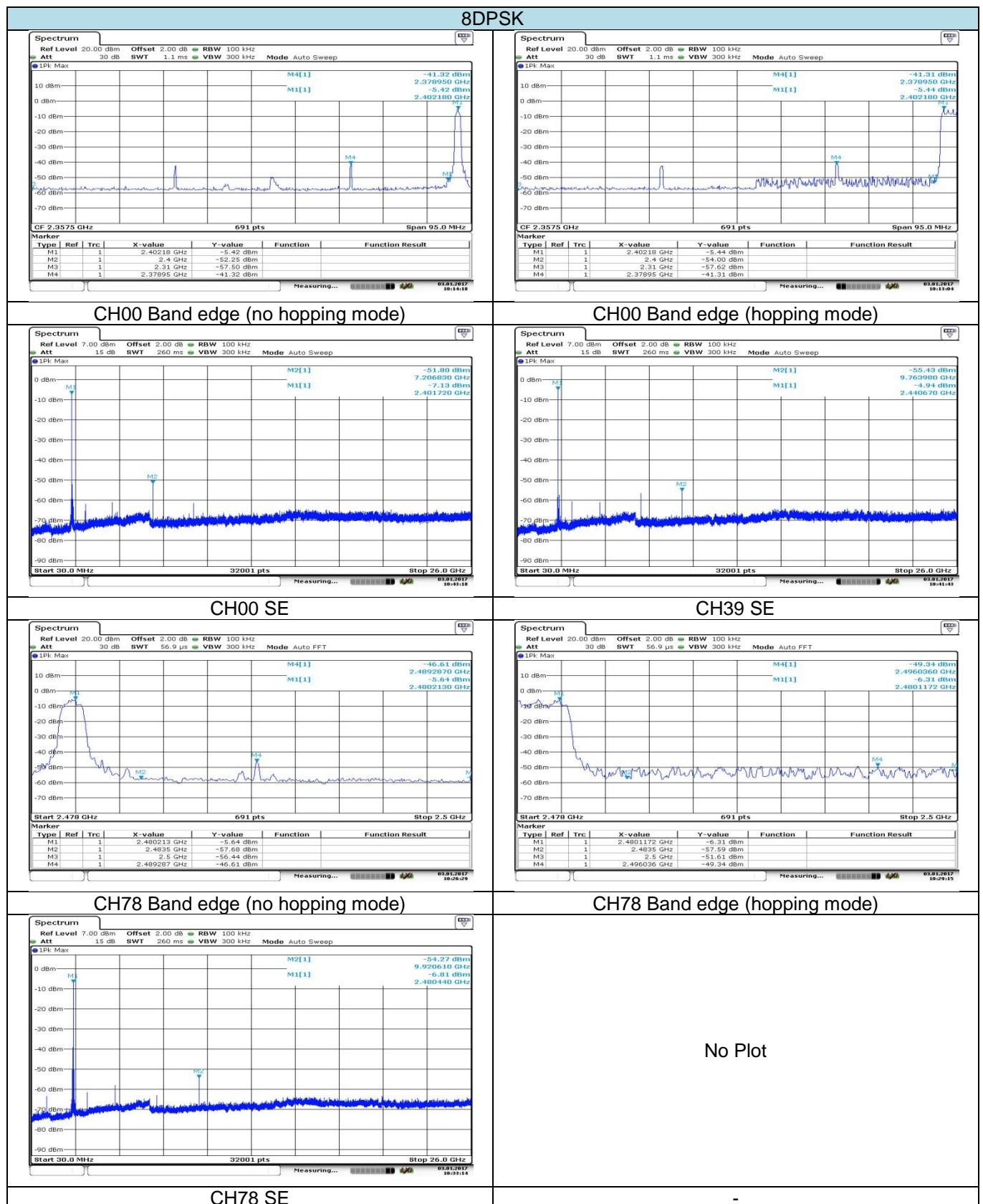
Please refer to the clause 3.3

### TEST RESULTS

Passed       Not Applicable







## 5.11. Spurious Emissions (radiated)

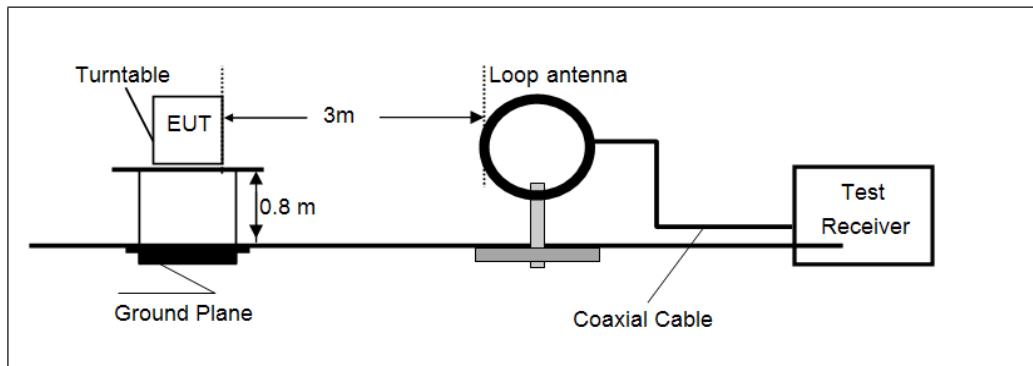
### LIMIT

#### FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.209

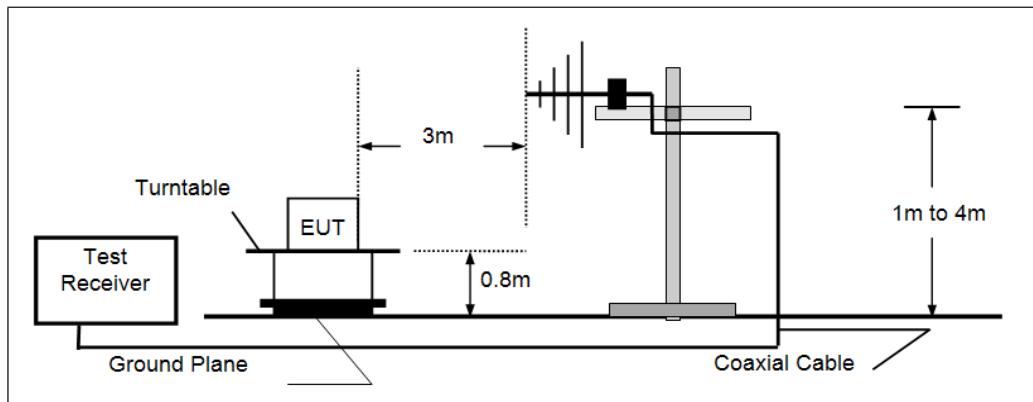
Frequency	Limit (dBuV/m @3m)	Value
30MHz-88MHz	40.00	Quasi-peak
88MHz-216MHz	43.50	Quasi-peak
216MHz-960MHz	46.00	Quasi-peak
960MHz-1GHz	54.00	Quasi-peak
Above 1GHz	54.00	Average
	74.00	Peak

### TEST CONFIGURATION

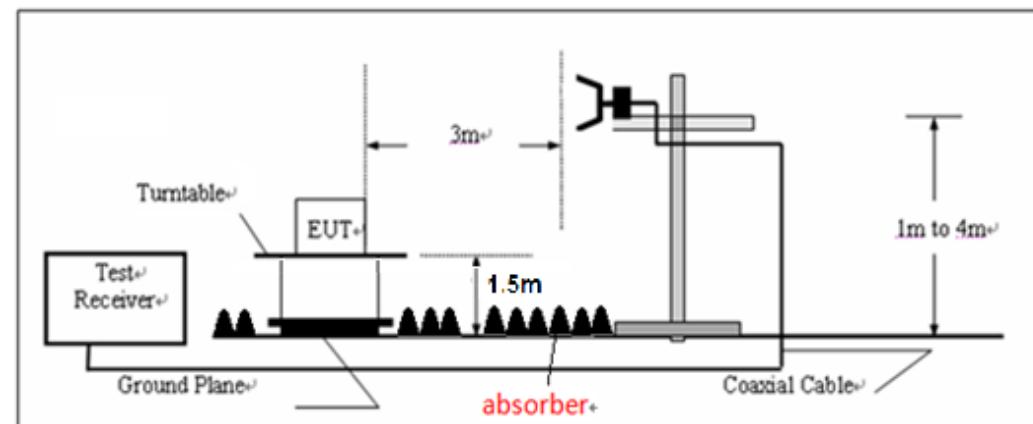
- 9KHz ~30MHz



- 30MHz ~ 1GHz



- Above 1GHz



## TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was tested according to ANSI C63.10:2013 for compliance to FCC 47CFR 15.247 requirements.
2. The EUT is placed on a turn table which is 0.8 meter above ground plane. The turn table is rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the maximum emission level.
3. The EUT was positioned such that the distance from antenna to the EUT was 3 meters.
4. The antenna is scanned from 1 meter to 4 meters to find out the maximum emission level. This is repeated for both horizontal and vertical polarization of the antenna.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings
  - (1) Span shall be wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured;
  - (2) Below 1GHz, RBW=120KHz, VBW=300KHz, Sweep=auto, Detector function=peak, Trace=max hold;  
*If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported. Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.*
  - (3) Above 1GHz, RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz Peak detector for Peak value  
RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz Peak detector for Average value.

Remark: "floor-standing equipment" Where possible, the antenna(s) of the EUT shall be located at a height of 1.5 m above the floor, and the intentional radiator circuitry shall be located within the system at a height of at least 0.8 m above the floor.

## TEST MODE:

Please refer to the clause 3.3

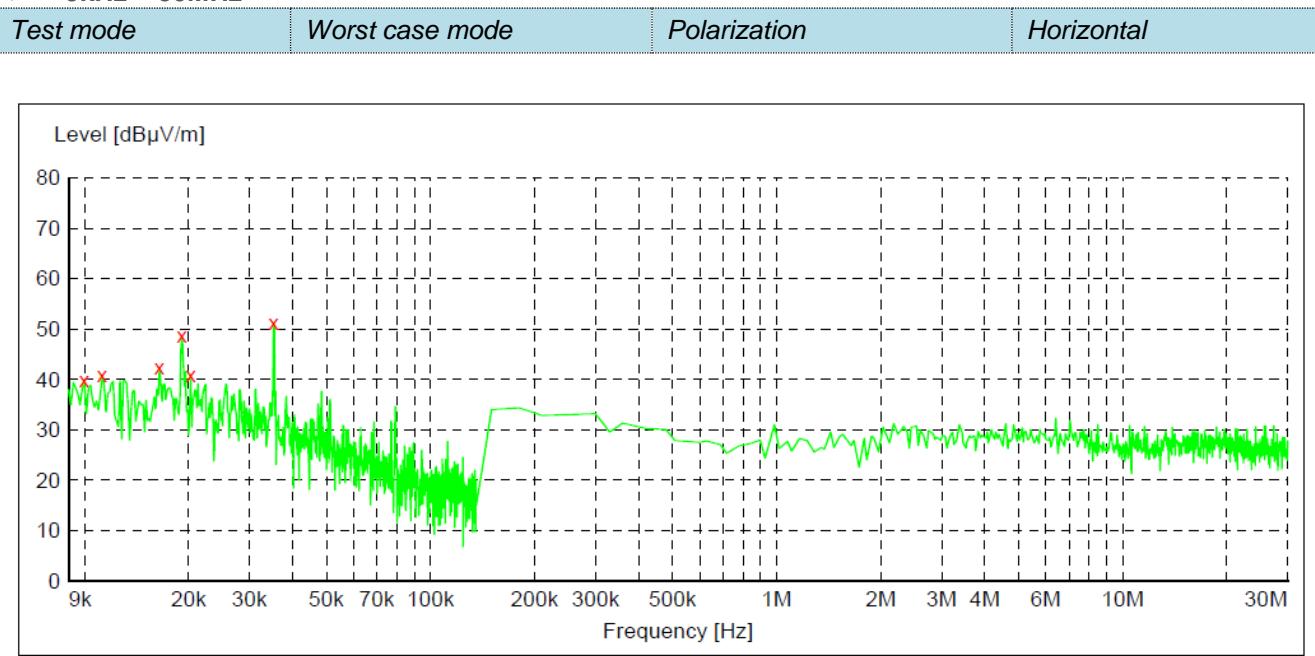
## TEST RESULTS

Passed       Not Applicable

Note:

- 1) Final Level = Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Preamplifier Factor
- 2) The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.
- 3) Have pre-scan all modulation mode, found the GFSK modulation which it was worst case, so only the worst case's data on the test report.
- 4) The '9kHz~30MHz' test result conform to open field sites calibrate result.

## &gt; 9kHz ~ 30MHz

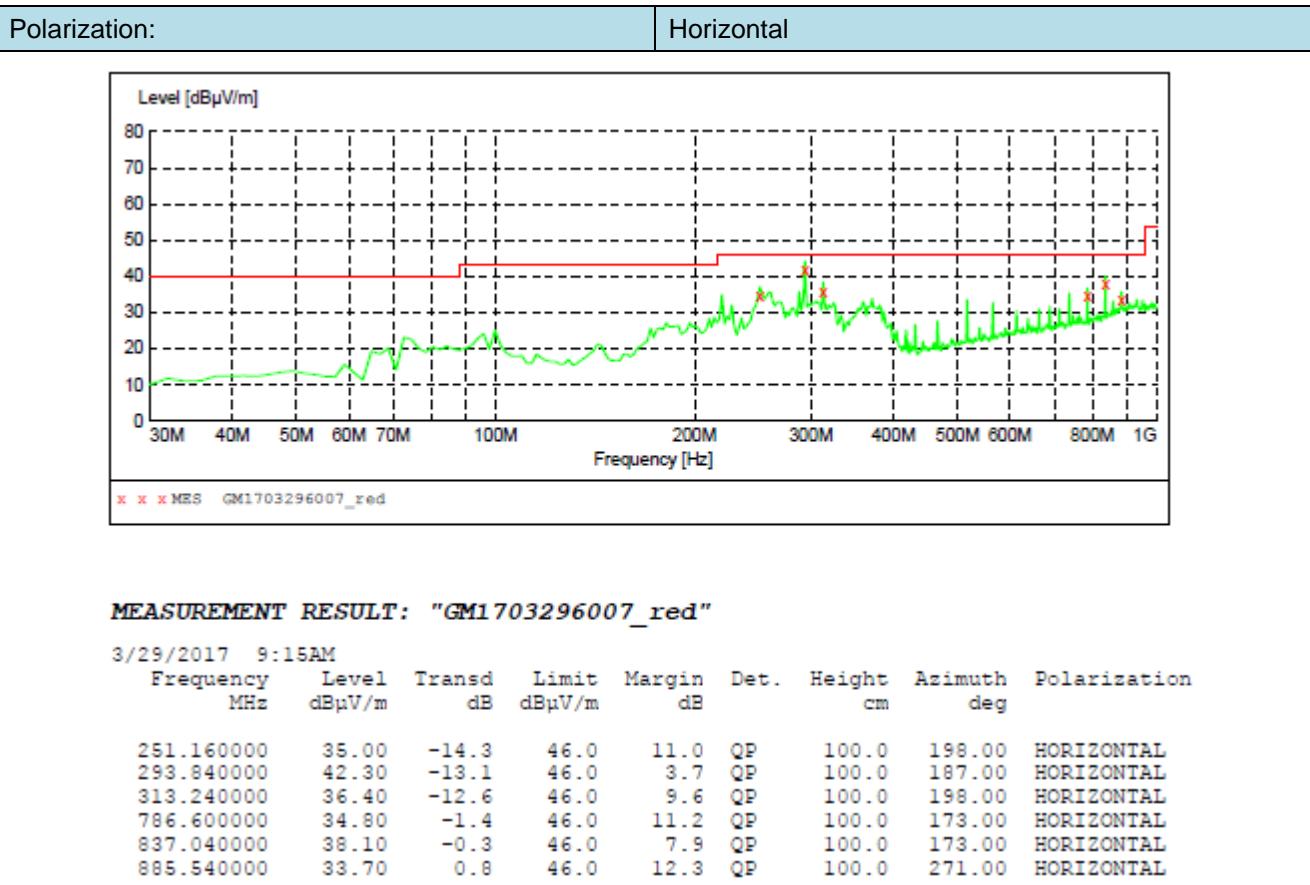
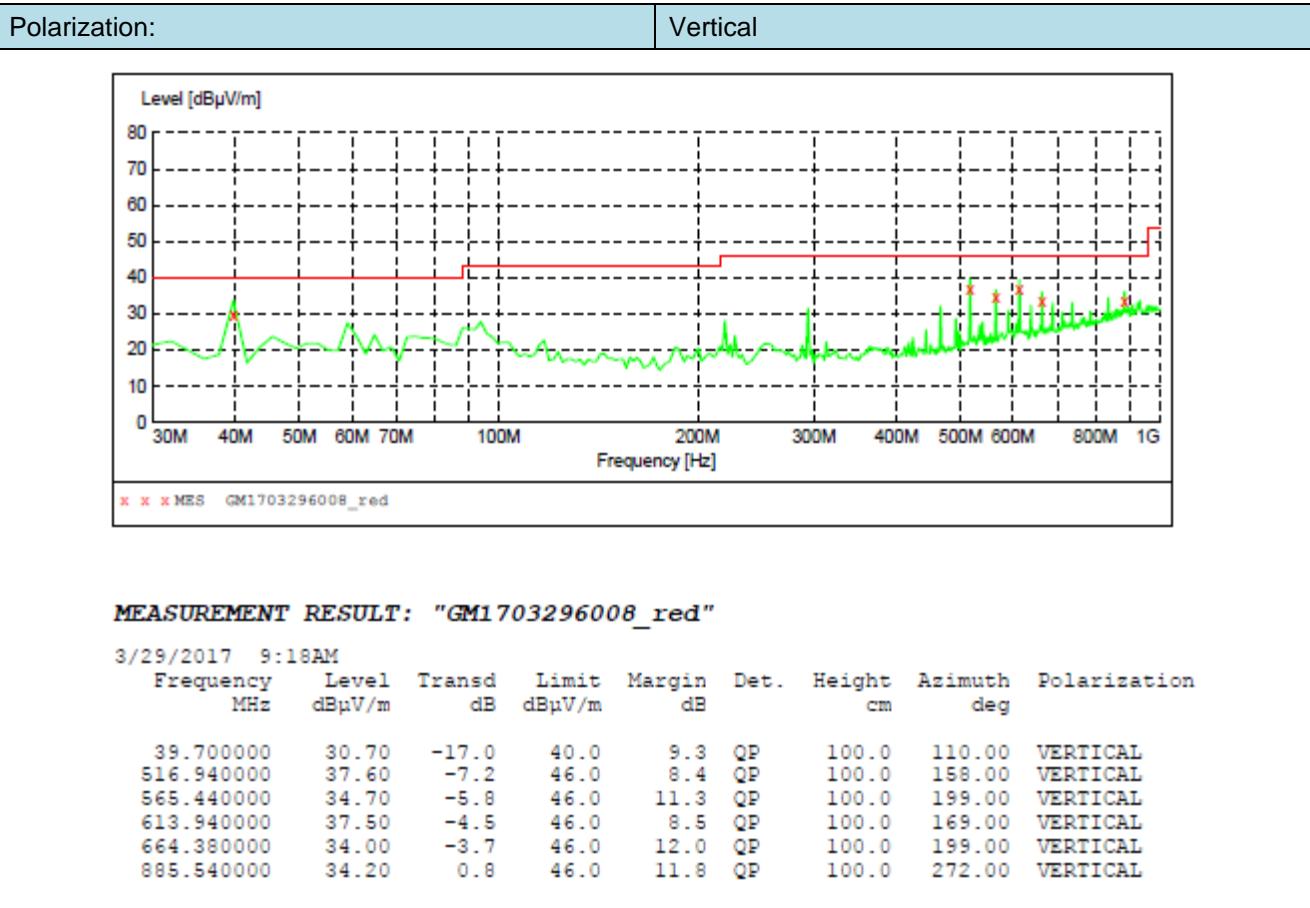


Frequency MHz	Level dB $\mu$ V/m	Transd dB	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m @3m)	Margin dB	Det.	Result
0.009967	39.57	22.3	127.63	88.06	Avg.	Pass
0.012626	41.02	22.3	125.58	84.56	Avg.	Pass
0.017282	42.35	22.2	122.85	80.50	Avg.	Pass
0.019015	48.52	22.1	122.02	73.50	Avg.	Pass
0.021562	41.09	22.1	120.93	79.84	Avg.	Pass
0.035464	51.35	21.9	116.61	65.26	Avg.	Pass

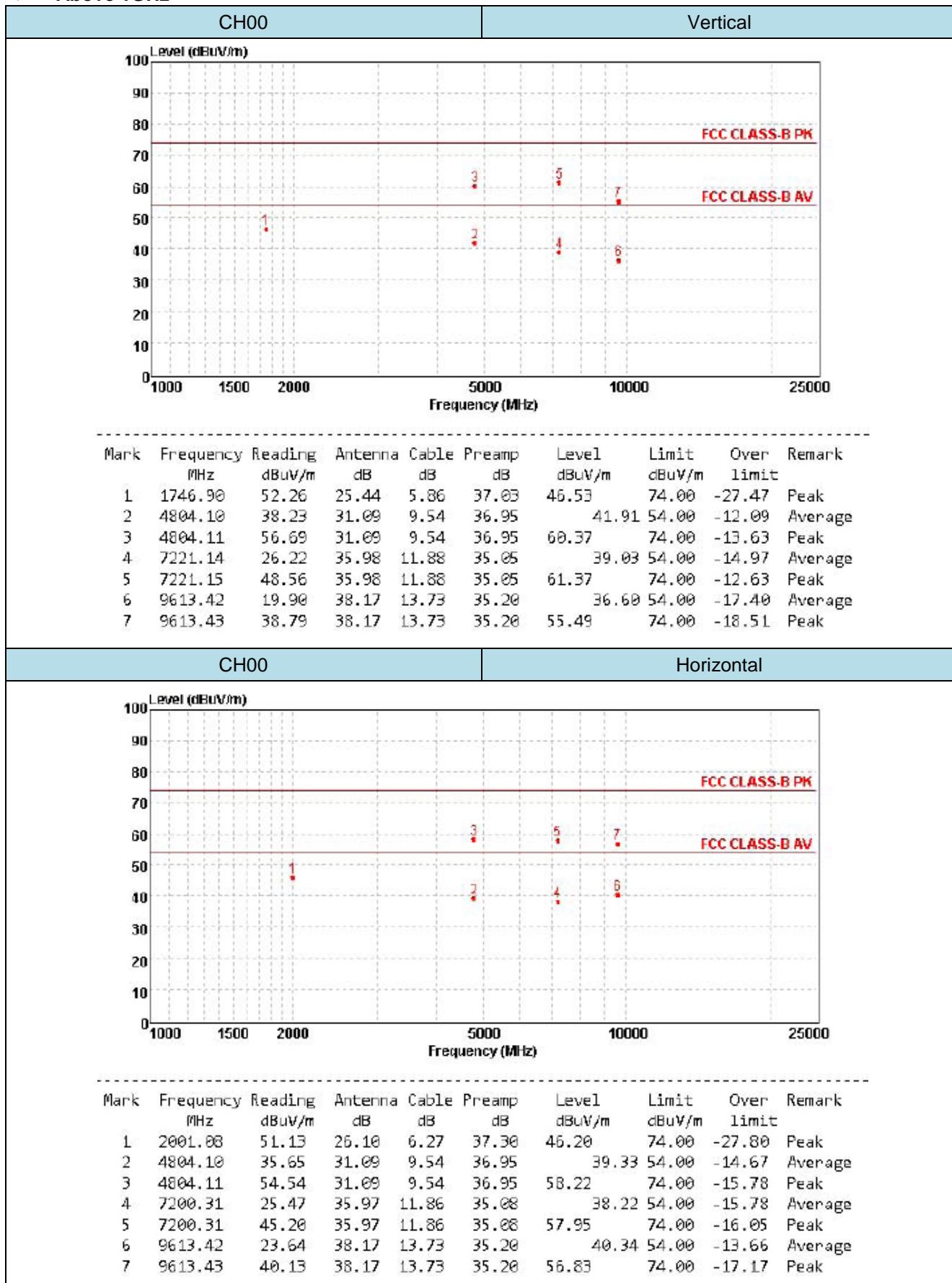
## Remark:

1. Level =Receiver Read level+ Transd
  2. Transd=Antenna Factor+Cable Loss
  3. The loop antenna rotated about both vertical and horizontal to find the maximum emission, so only the worst position (horizontal) was reported.
  4. According to the clause 15.31(2), Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m @3m)= Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m @300m)+40log(300m/3m)
5. §15.209(d) The emission limits shown in the above table are based on measurements employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector except for the frequency bands 9-90 kHz, 110-490 kHz and above 1000 MHz. Radiated emission limits in these three bands are based on measurements employing an average detector.

## &gt; 30MHz ~ 1GHz

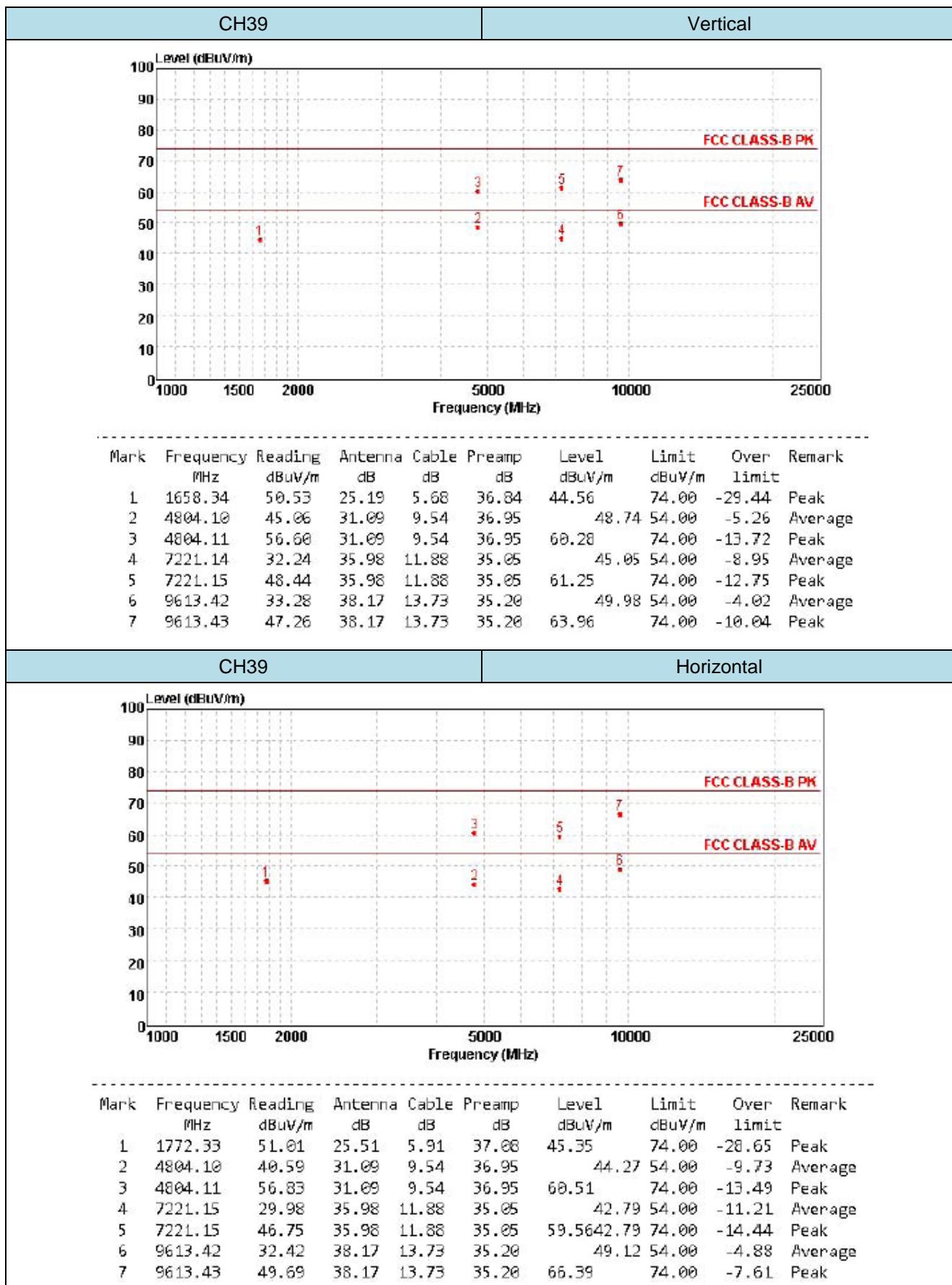


## &gt; Above 1GHz



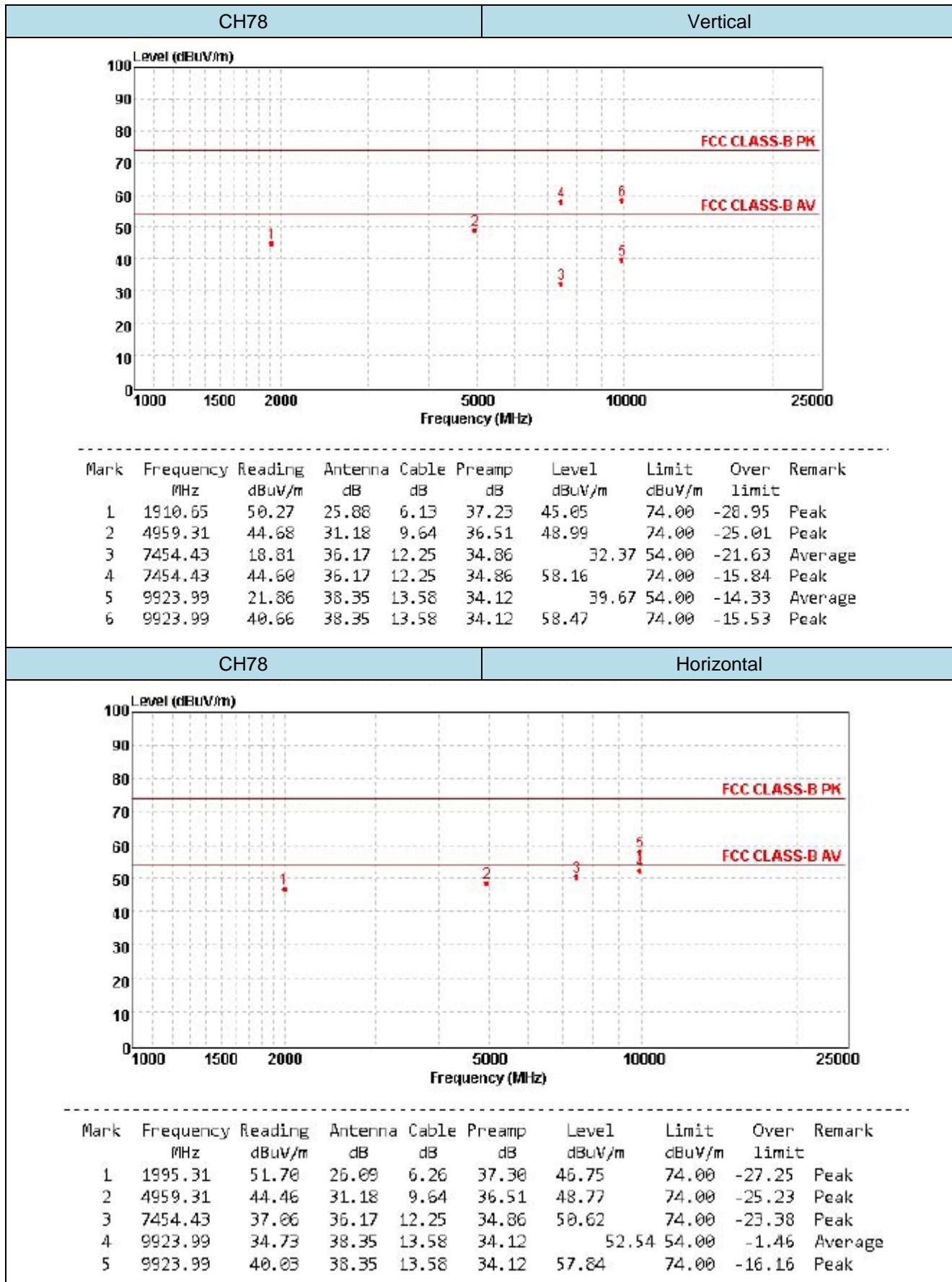
## Remark:

1. Final Level = Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Preamplifier Factor
2. The peak level is lower than average limit(54dBuV/m), this data is the too weak instrument of signal is unable to test.
3. The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.



## Remark:

- Final Level = Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Preamplifier Factor
- The peak level is lower than average limit(54dBuV/m), this data is the too weak instrument of signal is unable to test.
- The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.



## Remark:

- Final Level = Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Preamplifier Factor
- The peak level is lower than average limit(54dBuV/m), this data is the too weak instrument of signal is unable to test.
- The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.

## 6. TEST SETUP PHOTOS OF THE EUT

Conducted Emission (AC Mains)



Radiated Emission





.....***End of Report***.....