



# SAR TEST REPORT

**Applicant** Xiaomi Communications Co., Ltd.

**FCC ID** 2AFZZ-RMSG6S

**Product** Mobile Phone

**Brand** MI

**Model** MDG6S

**Report No.** RXA1708-0290SAR02R1

**Issue Date** September 27, 2017

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements in **IEEE 1528- 2013, ANSI/ IEEE C95.1-1992**. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

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## Table of Contents

1	Test Laboratory.....	4
1.1	Notes of the Test Report .....	4
1.2	Test facility .....	4
1.3	Testing Location.....	5
1.4	Laboratory Environment.....	5
2	Statement of Compliance .....	6
3	Description of Equipment under Test.....	7
4	Test Specification, Methods and Procedures .....	10
5	Operational Conditions during Test .....	11
5.1	Test Positions.....	11
5.1.1	Against Phantom Head .....	11
5.1.2	Body Worn Configuration .....	11
5.1.3	Phablet SAR test considerations .....	12
5.2	Measurement Variability .....	13
5.3	Test Configuration .....	13
5.3.1	GSM Test Configuration .....	13
5.3.2	3G Test Configuration .....	14
5.3.2.1	WCDMA Test Configuration .....	14
5.3.3	LTE Test Configuration .....	18
5.3.4	TDD LTE specification.....	20
5.3.5	Wi-Fi Test Configuration .....	22
5.3.6	BT Test Configuration .....	23
5.3.7	Downlink LTE CA specification.....	24
6	SAR Measurements System Configuration .....	25
6.1	SAR Measurement Set-up .....	25
6.2	DASY5 E-field Probe System.....	26
6.3	SAR Measurement Procedure .....	27
7	Main Test Equipment.....	29
8	Tissue Dielectric Parameter Measurements & System Verification .....	30
8.1	Tissue Verification.....	30
8.2	System Performance Check.....	32
9	Normal and Maximum Output Power .....	34
9.1	GSM Mode .....	34
9.2	WCDMA Mode .....	36
9.3	LTE Mode.....	37
9.4	WLAN Mode .....	46
9.5	Bluetooth Mode .....	47
10	Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results .....	48
10.1	EUT Antenna Locations .....	48
10.2	Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations .....	49
10.3	Measured SAR Results.....	50



10.4 Simultaneous Transmission Analysis .....	64
11 Measurement Uncertainty .....	66
ANNEX A: Test Layout.....	67
ANNEX B: System Check Results.....	73
ANNEX C: Highest Graph Results.....	83
ANNEX D: Probe Calibration Certificate.....	107
ANNEX E: D835V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate.....	118
ANNEX F: D1750V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate.....	126
ANNEX G: D1900V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate .....	134
ANNEX H: D2450V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate .....	142
ANNEX I: D2600V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate .....	150
ANNEX J: DAE4 Calibration Certificate.....	158
ANNEX K: The EUT Appearances and Test Configuration .....	161



## 1 Test Laboratory

### 1.1 Notes of the Test Report

This report shall not be reproduced in full or partial, without the written approval of **TA technology (shanghai) co., Ltd.** The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein .Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by any government agencies.

### 1.2 Test facility

#### **CNAS (accreditation number:L2264)**

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has obtained the accreditation of China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS).

#### **FCC (Designation number: CN1179, Test Firm Registration Number: 446626)**

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission list of test facilities recognized to perform electromagnetic emissions measurements.

#### **IC (recognition number is 8510A)**

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

#### **VCCI (recognition number is C-4595, T-2154, R-4113, G-10766)**

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Japan to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

#### **A2LA (Certificate Number: 3857.01)**

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.



### 1.3 Testing Location

Company: TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.  
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### 1.4 Laboratory Environment

Temperature	Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω
Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.	



## 2 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for the EUT are as follows:

Table 2.1: Highest Reported SAR

Mode	Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)		
	1g SAR Head	1g SAR Body-worn (Separation 10mm)	1g SAR Hotspot (Separation 10mm)
GSM 850	0.369	0.376	0.445
DTM 850	0.400	0.447	0.447
GSM 1900	0.077	0.297	0.386
DTM 1900	0.068	0.415	0.547
WCDMA Band II	0.106	0.616	0.744
WCDMA Band V	0.390	0.376	0.376
LTE FDD 4	0.073	0.788	0.985
LTE FDD 5	0.352	0.610	0.610
LTE FDD 7	0.135	0.742	0.742
LTE TDD 38	0.185	1.159	1.167
Wi-Fi (2.4G)	1.059	0.248	0.248
Date of Testing:	August 22, 2017~ September 5, 2017		

Note: The device is in compliance with SAR for Uncontrolled Environment /General Population exposure limits (1.6 W/kg and 4.0 W/kg) specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.

Table 2.2: Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR

Exposure Configuration	1g SAR Head	1g SAR Body-worn (Separation 10mm)	1g SAR Hotspot (Separation 10mm)
Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR (W/kg)	1.459	1.365	1.365

Note: 1. The detail for simultaneous transmission consideration is described in chapter 10.4.



### 3 Description of Equipment under Test

#### Client Information

<b>Applicant</b>	Xiaomi Communications Co., Ltd.
<b>Applicant address</b>	The Rainbow City of China Resources, NO.68, Qinghe Middle Street, Haidian District, Beijing, China
<b>Manufacturer</b>	Xiaomi Communications Co., Ltd.
<b>Manufacturer address</b>	The Rainbow City of China Resources, NO.68, Qinghe Middle Street, Haidian District, Beijing, China

**General Technologies**

Application Purpose:	Original Grant
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Model:	MDG6S
IMEI:	SIM 1: 865396030035469 SIM 2: 865396030035477
Hardware Version:	P2
Software Version:	MIUI9
Antenna Type:	Internal Antenna
Device Class:	A
Wi-Fi Hotspot	Wi-Fi 2.4G
Power Class:	GSM 850/ DTM 850:4 GSM 1900/ DTM 1900:1 UMTS Band II/V:3 LTE FDD 4/5/7:3 LTE TDD 38:3
Power Level	GSM 850/ DTM 850:level 5 GSM 1900/ DTM 1900:level 0 UMTS Band II/V:all up bits LTE FDD 4/5/7:max power LTE TDD 38:max power
<b>EUT Accessory</b>	
Adapter 1	Manufacturer: Jiangsu Chenyang Electron Co., Ltd. Model: MDY-08-EZ
Adapter 2	Manufacturer: DONGGUAN AOHAI POWER TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. Model: MDY-08-EZ
Battery 1	Manufacturer:HARBIN COSLIGHT POWER CO LTD Model: BN31
Battery 2	Manufacturer:Sunwoda Electronic Co.,LTD Model: BN31
USB Cable	Manufacturer:BOLUDE Model:A TO Micro-B Length: 1m

**Wireless Technology and Frequency Range**

Wireless Technology		Modulation	Operating mode	Tx (MHz)	
GSM	850	Voice(GMSK) GPRS(GMSK) EGPRS(GMSK,8PSK)	<input type="checkbox"/> Multi-slot Class:8-1UP <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Multi-slot Class:10-2UP (DTM) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Multi-slot Class:12-4UP (GPRS/ EGPRS) <input type="checkbox"/> Multi-slot Class:33-4UP	824 ~ 849	
	1900			1850 ~ 1910	
	Does this device support DTM (Dual Transfer Mode)? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No				
UMTS	Band II	QPSK	HSDPA UE Category:24 HSUPA UE Category:6	1850 ~ 1910	
	Band V			824 ~ 849	
LTE	FDD 4	QPSK, 16QAM	Rel. 11 Category 4	1710 ~ 1755	
	FDD 5			824 ~ 849	
	FDD 7			2500 ~ 2570	
	TDD 38			2570 ~ 2620	
	Does this device support Carrier Aggregation (CA) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes downlink only <input type="checkbox"/> No				
Does this device support SV-LTE (1xRTT-LTE)? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No					
BT	2.4G	Version 4.2 LE		2402 ~ 2480	
Wi-Fi	2.4G	DSSS,OFDM	802.11b/g/n HT20	2412 ~ 2462	
	Does this device support MIMO <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No				



## 4 Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE 1528- 2013, ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

- 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03
- 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02
- 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01
- 941225 D05A LTE Rel.10 KDB Inquiry Sheet v01r02



## 5 Operational Conditions during Test

### 5.1 Test Positions

#### 5.1.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in “cheek” and “tilt” positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2013 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".

#### 5.1.2 Body Worn Configuration

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations.

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented. Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person’s face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.



### 5.1.3 Phablet SAR test considerations

For smart phones, with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, that can provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets and support voice calls next to the ear, unless it is confirmed otherwise through KDB inquiries, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance.

- a) The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
- b) The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at  $\leq 25$  mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB Publication 865664 D01 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions. The 1-g SAR at 5 mm for UMPC mini-tablets is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR  $> 1.2$  W/kg; however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power, including tolerance, allowed for phablet modes to compare with the 1.2 W/kg SAR test reduction threshold. The normal tablet procedures in KDB Publication 616217 are required when the overall diagonal dimension of the device is  $> 20.0$  cm. Hotspot mode SAR is not required when normal tablet procedures are applied. Extremity 10-g SAR is also not required for the front (top) surface of larger form factor full size tablets. The more conservative normal tablet SAR results can be used to support phablet mode 10-g extremity SAR.
- c) The simultaneous transmission operating configurations applicable to voice and data transmissions for both phone and mini-tablet modes must be taken into consideration separately for 1-g and 10-g SAR to determine the simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion and measurement requirements for the relevant wireless modes and exposure conditions.



## 5.2 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

- 1) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.80 \text{ W/kg}$ , the measurement was repeated once.
- 2) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was  $> 1.20$  or when the original or repeated measurement was  $\geq 1.45 \text{ W/kg}$  ( $\sim 10\%$  from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was  $\geq 1.5 \text{ W/kg}$  and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$ .
- 4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is  $< 0.80 \text{ W/kg}$

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

## 5.3 Test Configuration

### 5.3.1 GSM Test Configuration

According to specification 3GPP TS 51.010, the maximum power of the GSM can do the power reduction for the multi-slot. The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration is as following:

Output power of reductions:

**Table 5.1: The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration**

Number of timeslots in uplink assignment	Permissible nominal reduction of maximum output power,(dB)
1	0
2	0 to 3,0
3	1,8 to 4,8
4	3,0 to 6,0



### 5.3.2 3G Test Configuration

#### 3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

In the following procedures, the mode tested for SAR is referred to as the primary mode. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. Both primary and secondary modes must be in the same frequency band. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is  $\leq \frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.<sup>3</sup> This is referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure in the following SAR test guidance, where the primary mode is identified in the applicable wireless mode test procedures and the secondary mode is wireless mode being considered for SAR test reduction by that procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, it is identified as “otherwise” in the applicable procedures; SAR measurement is required for the secondary mode.

##### 5.3.2.1 WCDMA Test Configuration

#### Output power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels according to procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all “1’s” for WCDMA/HSDPA or by applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) are required in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the handset or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations must be clearly identified.

#### Head SAR

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1’s”. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure.

#### Body-Worn Accessory SAR

SAR for body-worn accessory configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1’s”. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using an applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreading code or DPDCHn, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the handset, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCHn using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC.



## Handsets with Release 5 HSDPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA using the HSDPA body SAR procedures in the “Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices” section of this document, for the highest reported SAR body-worn accessory exposure configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. Handsets with both HSDPA and HSUPA are tested according to Release 6 HSPA test procedures.

HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HSDSCH/HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors( $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_d$ ), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters ( $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{CQI}$ ) should be set according to values indicated in the Table below. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set.

**Table 5.2: Subtests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA**

Sub-set	$\beta_c$	$\beta_d$	$\beta_d$ (SF)	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	$\beta_{hs}$ (note 1, note 2)	CM(dB) (note 3)	MPR(dB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (note 4)	15/15 (note 4)	64	12/15 (note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$

Note2: CM=1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$ ,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$ .

Note3: For subtest 2 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period(TF1,TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TFC1,TF1) to  $\beta_c=11/15$  and  $\beta_d=15/15$ .

## HSUPA Test Configuration

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSPA using the HSPA body SAR procedures in the “Release 6 HSPA Data Devices” section of this document, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When VOIP is applicable for next to the ear head exposure in HSPA, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body-worn accessory measurements is tested for next to the ear head exposure.

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a communication test set is required for output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSPA are configured according to the  $\beta$  values indicated in Table 2 and other applicable procedures described in the ‘WCDMA Handset’ and ‘Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices’ sections of this document



Table 5.3: Sub-Test 5 Setup for Release 6 HSUPA

Sub-set	$\beta_c$	$\beta_d$	$\beta_d$ (SF)	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	$\beta_{ec}$	$\beta_{ed}$	$\beta_{ed}$ (SF)	$\beta_{ed}$ (codes)	CM (2) (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG <sup>(4)</sup> Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	15/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	64	11/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}:47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}:47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	64	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ .

Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$ ,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$ . For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 10/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .

Note 4: For subtest 5 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 14/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Figure 5.1g.

Note 6:  $\beta_{ed}$  can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Table 5.4: HSUPA UE category

UE E-DCH Category	Maximum E-DCH Codes Transmitted	Number of HARQ Processes	E-DCH TTI (ms)	Minimum Spreading Factor	Maximum E-DCH Transport Block Bits	Max Rate (Mbps)
1	1	4	10	4	7110	0.7296
2	2	8	2	4	2798	1.4592
	2	4	10	4	14484	
3	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592
4	2	8	2	2	5772	2.9185
	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
5	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
6 (No DPDCH)	4	8	2	2 SF2 & 2 SF4	11484	5.76
	4	4	10		20000	2.00
7 (No DPDCH)	4	8	2	2 SF2 & 2 SF4	22996	?
	4	4	10		20000	?

NOTE: When 4 codes are transmitted in parallel, two codes shall be transmitted with SF2 and two with SF4.

UE Categories 1 to 6 supports QPSK only. UE Category 7 supports QPSK and 16QAM. (TS25.306-7.3.0)



## HSPA, HSPA+ and DC-HSDPA Test Configuration

Measurement is required for HSPA, HSPA+ or DC-HSDPA, a KDB inquiry is required to confirm that the wireless mode configurations in the test setup have remained stable throughout the SAR measurements.<sup>35</sup> Without prior KDB confirmation to determine the SAR results are acceptable, a PBA is required for TCB approval.

SAR test exclusion for HSPA, HSPA+ and DC-HSDPA is determined according to the following:

- 1) The HSPA procedures are applied to configure 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA devices in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
- 2) SAR is required for Rel. 7 HSPA+ when SAR is required for Rel. 6 HSPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to (uplink) HSPA+ with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode.<sup>36</sup> Power is measured for HSPA+ that supports uplink 16 QAM according to configurations in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction.
- 3) SAR is required for Rel. 8 DC-HSDPA when SAR is required for Rel. 5 HSDPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to DC-HSDPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Power is measured for DC-HSDPA according to the H-Set 12, FRC configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction. A primary and a secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to be acceptable.
- 4) Regardless of whether a PBA is required, the following information must be verified and included in the SAR report for devices supporting HSPA, HSPA+ or DC-HSDPA:
  - a) The output power measurement results and applicable release version(s) of 3GPP TS 34.121.
  - i) Power measurement difficulties due to test equipment setup or availability must be resolved between the grantee and its test lab.
  - b) The power measurement results are in agreement with the individual device implementation and specifications. When Enhanced MPR (E-MPR) applies, the normal MPR targets may be modified according to the Cubic Metric (CM) measured by the device, which must be taken into consideration.
  - c) The UE category, operating parameters, such as the  $\beta$  and  $\Delta$  values used to configure the device for testing, power setback procedures described in 3GGPP TS 34.121 for the power measurements, and HSPA/HSPA+ channel conditions (active and stable) for the entire duration of the measurement according to the required E-TFCI and AG index values.
- 5) When SAR measurement is required, the test configurations, procedures and power measurement results must be clearly described to confirm that the required test parameters are used, including E-TFCI and AG index stability and output power conditions.

**Table 5.5: HS-DSCH UE category****Table 5.1a: FDD HS-DSCH physical layer categories**

HS-DSCH category	Maximum number of HS-DSCH codes received	Minimum inter-TTI interval	Maximum number of bits of an HS-DSCH transport block received within an HS-DSCH TTI NOTE 1	Total number of soft channel bits	Supported modulations without MIMO operation or dual cell operation	Supported modulations with MIMO operation and without dual cell operation	Supported modulations with dual cell operation		
Category 1	5	3	7298	19200	QPSK, 16QAM	Not applicable (MIMO not supported)	Not applicable (dual cell operation not supported)		
Category 2	5	3	7298	28800					
Category 3	5	2	7298	28800					
Category 4	5	2	7298	38400					
Category 5	5	1	7298	57600					
Category 6	5	1	7298	67200					
Category 7	10	1	14411	115200					
Category 8	10	1	14411	134400					
Category 9	15	1	20251	172800					
Category 10	15	1	27952	172800					
Category 11	5	2	3630	14400					
Category 12	5	1	3630	28800					
Category 13	15	1	35280	259200					
Category 14	15	1	42192	259200					
Category 15	15	1	23370	345600	QPSK, 16QAM				
Category 16	15	1	27952	345600					
Category 17 NOTE 2	15	1	35280	259200	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM	-	Not applicable (dual cell operation not supported)		
			23370	345600	-	QPSK, 16QAM			
Category 18 NOTE 3	15	1	42192	259200	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM	-	QPSK, 16QAM		
			27952	345600	-	QPSK, 16QAM			
Category 19	15	1	35280	518400	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM		QPSK, 16QAM		
Category 20	15	1	42192	518400			QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM		
Category 21	15	1	23370	345600					
Category 22	15	1	27952	345600					
Category 23	15	1	35280	518400					
Category 24	15	1	42192	518400					

### 5.3.3 LTE Test Configuration

LTE modes were tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05 publication. Please see notes after the tabulated SAR data for required test configurations. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. The R&S CMW500 was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Max power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR must be measured with the maximum TTI (transmit time interval) supported by the device in each LTE configuration.

#### A) Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

**B) MPR**

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36.101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.

**C) A-MPR**

A-MPR (Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

**D) Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements****1) QPSK with 1 RB allocation**

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is  $> 1.45$  W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

**2) QPSK with 50% RB allocation**

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 1) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

**3) QPSK with 100% RB allocation**

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 1) and 2) are  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel and if the reported SAR is  $> 1.45$  W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

**4) Higher order modulations**

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in above sections to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is  $> 1.45$  W/kg.

**E) Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements**

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section A) to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the *reported* SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is  $> 1.45$  W/kg.

### 5.3.4 TDD LTE specification

For Time-Division Duplex (TDD) systems, SAR must be tested using a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by the defined 3GPP LTE TDD configurations.

TDD LTE Band supports 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations and Table 4.2-1 for Special subframe configurations.

Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2

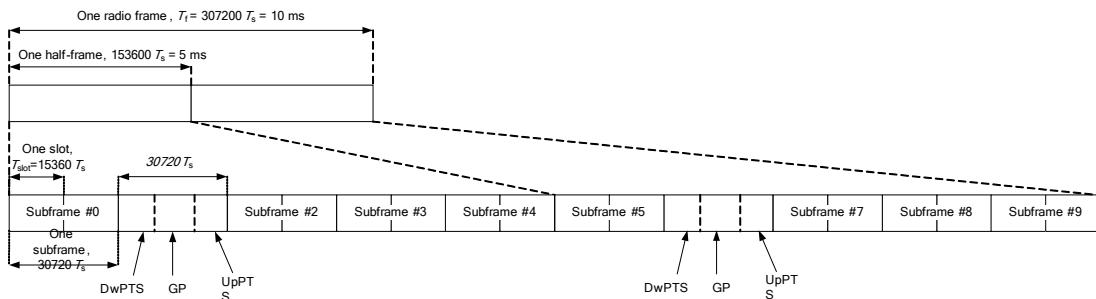


Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS)

Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in downlink			Extended cyclic prefix in downlink		
	DwPTS	UpPTS		DwPTS	UpPTS	
		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
0	$6592 \cdot T_s$			$7680 \cdot T_s$		
1	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$		
2	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
3	$24144 \cdot T_s$			$25600 \cdot T_s$		
4	$26336 \cdot T_s$			$7680 \cdot T_s$		
5	$6592 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$		
6	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
7	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$12800 \cdot T_s$		
8	$24144 \cdot T_s$			-	-	-
9	$13168 \cdot T_s$			-	-	-

**Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations**

Uplink-downlink configuration	Downlink-to-Uplink Switch-point periodicity	Subframe number									
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

According to Figure 4.2-1, one radio frame is configured by 10 subframes, which consist of Uplink-subframe, Downlink-subframe and Special subframe. For TDD-LTE, the Duty Cycle should be calculated on Uplink-subframes and Special subframes, due to Special subframe containing both Uplink transmissions. So for one radio frame, Duty Cycle can be calculated with formula as below. The count of Uplink subframes are according to Table 4.2-2:

$$\text{Duty cycle} = (30720\text{Ts} * \text{Ups} + \text{Uplink Component} * \text{Specials}) / (307200\text{Ts})$$

About the uplink component of Special subframes, we can figure out by Table 4.2-1:

$$\text{Uplink Component} = \text{UpPTS}$$

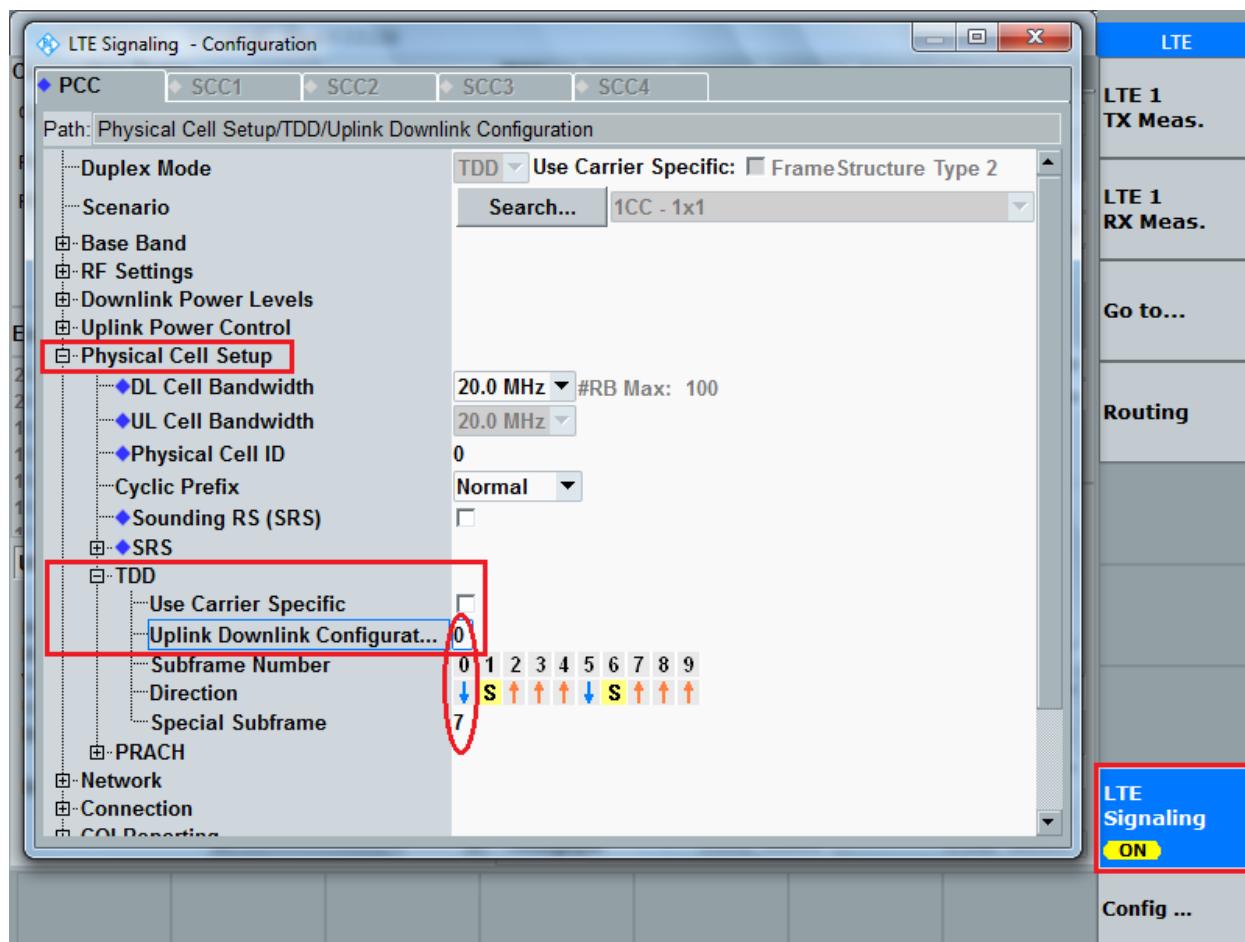
In conclusion, for the TDD LTE Band, Duty Cycle can be calculated with formula as below .all these sets are ok when we test, or we can set as below.

$$\text{Duty cycle} = [(30720\text{Ts} * \text{Ups}) + \text{UpPTS} * \text{Specials}] / (307200\text{Ts})$$

And we can get different Duty cycles under different configurations:

Uplink-downlink configuration	Subframe number			Configuration of special subframe								
				Normal cyclic prefix in downlink				Extended cyclic prefix in downlink				
	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink		Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink		Extended cyclic prefix in uplink					
	D	S	U	configuration 0~4	configuration 5~9	configuration 0~4	configuration 5~9	configuration 0~3	configuration 4~7	configuration 0~3	configuration 4~7	
0	2	2	6	61.43%	62.85%	61.67%	63.33%	61.43%	62.85%	61.67%	63.33%	
1	4	2	4	41.43%	42.85%	41.67%	43.33%	41.43%	42.85%	41.67%	43.33%	
2	6	2	2	21.43%	22.85%	21.67%	23.33%	21.43%	22.85%	21.67%	23.33%	
3	6	1	3	30.71%	31.43%	30.83%	31.67%	30.71%	31.43%	30.83%	31.67%	
4	7	1	2	20.71%	21.43%	20.83%	21.67%	20.71%	21.43%	20.83%	21.67%	
5	8	1	1	10.71%	11.43%	10.83%	11.67%	10.71%	11.43%	10.83%	11.67%	
6	3	2	5	51.43%	52.85%	51.67%	53.33%	51.43%	52.85%	51.67%	53.33%	

SAR test Plan: For TDD LTE, SAR should be tested with the highest transmission duty factor (63.33%) using Uplink-downlink configuration 0 and Special subframe configuration 7 for Frame structure type



### 5.3.5 Wi-Fi Test Configuration

SAR test reduction for 802.11 Wi-Fi transmission mode configurations are considered separately for DSSS and OFDM. An initial test position is determined to reduce the number of tests required for certain exposure configurations with multiple test positions. An initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band according to maximum output power, channel bandwidth, wireless mode configurations and other operating parameters to streamline the measurement requirements. For 2.4 GHz DSSS, either the initial test position or DSSS procedure is applied to reduce the number of SAR tests; these are mutually exclusive. For OFDM, an initial test position is only applicable to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations, which is tested using the initial test configuration to facilitate test reduction. For other exposure conditions with a fixed test position, SAR test reduction is determined using only the initial test configuration.

The multiple test positions require SAR measurements in head, hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet configurations may be reduced according to the highest reported SAR determined using the *initial test position(s)* by applying the DSSS or OFDM SAR measurement procedures in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). The *initial test position(s)* is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). When the *reported SAR* for the *initial test position* is:

- $\leq 0.4 \text{ W/kg}$ , further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and wireless mode combination within the frequency band or aggregated band. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to



the required SAR procedures.

- 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated using the same wireless mode test configuration tested in the *initial test position* to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the *reported* SAR is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg or all required test positions are tested.
  - ✧ For subsequent test positions with equivalent test separation distance or when exposure is dominated by coupling conditions, the position for maximum coupling condition should be tested.
  - ✧ When it is unclear, all equivalent conditions must be tested.
- For all positions/configurations tested using the *initial test position* and subsequent test positions, when the *reported* SAR is  $> 0.8$  W/kg, measure the SAR for these positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the *reported* SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg or all required test channels are considered.
  - ✧ The additional power measurements required for this step should be limited to those necessary for identifying subsequent highest output power channels to apply the test reduction.

To determine the initial test position, Area Scans were performed to determine the position with the Maximum Value of SAR (measured). The position that produced the highest Maximum Value of SAR is considered the worst case position; thus used as the initial test position.

A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement. This RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has almost 100% duty cycle and its crest factor is 1.

### 5.3.6 BT Test Configuration

For BT SAR testing, BT engineering testing software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal with maximum output power. And the CBT control the EUT operating with hopping off and data rate set for 3DH5. This RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has almost 100% duty cycle and its crest factor is 1.



### 5.3.7 Downlink LTE CA specification

The device supports downlink Release 10 LTE Carrier Aggregation (CA) only. It supports a maximum of 2 carriers in the downlink. Other Release 10 features are not supported, including Uplink Carrier Aggregation, Enhanced SC-FDMA and Uplink MIMO or other antenna diversity configurations etc. All uplink communications are identical to the Release 8 Specifications.

**intra-band contiguous CA (per 3GPP TS 36.101 Table 5.6A.1-1)**

E-UTRA CA configuration / Bandwidth combination set				
E-UTRA CA configuration	Component carriers in order of increasing carrier frequency		Maximum aggregated bandwidth [MHz]	Bandwidth combination set
	Channel bandwidths for carrier [MHz]	Channel bandwidths for carrier [MHz]		
CA_7C	15	15	40	0
	20	20		
	10	20		
	15	15, 20	40	1
	20	10, 15, 20		
	15	10, 15	40	2
	20	15, 20		
CA_38C	15	15	40	0
	20	20		
	20	10, 15, 20		

NOTE 1: The CA Configuration refers to a combination of an operating band and a CA bandwidth class specified in Table 5.6A-1. Absence of a CA bandwidth class for an operating band implies support of all classes.

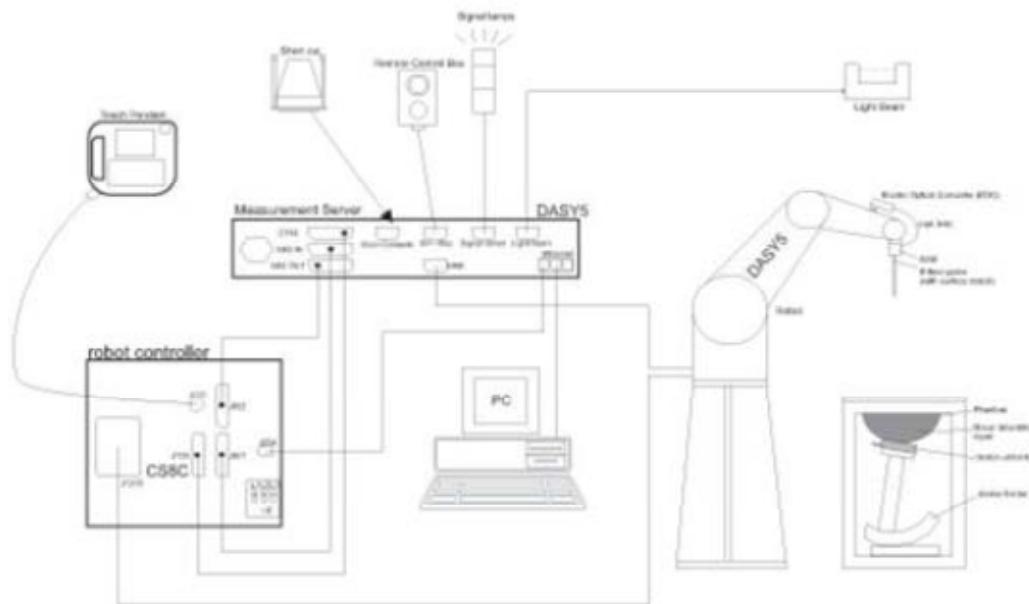
NOTE 2: For each band combination, all combinations of indicated bandwidths belong to the set.

NOTE 3: The channel number and frequency refer to 3GPP TS 36.508.

## 6 SAR Measurements System Configuration

### 6.1 SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

## 6.2 DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

### EX3DV4 Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	$\pm 0.3$ dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.5$ dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (noise: typically < 1 $\mu$ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.



### E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than  $\pm 10\%$ . The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than  $\pm 0.25$ dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based



temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$\text{SAR} = C \Delta T / \Delta t$$

Where:  $\Delta t$  = Exposure time (30 seconds),  
 $C$  = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),  
 $\Delta T$  = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or

$$\text{SAR} = I E I^2 \sigma / \rho$$

Where:  $\sigma$  = Simulated tissue conductivity,  
 $\rho$  = Tissue density ( $\text{kg}/\text{m}^3$ ).

## 6.3 SAR Measurement Procedure

### Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

### Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	$\leq 3 \text{ GHz}$	$> 3 \text{ GHz}$
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
	$\leq 2 \text{ GHz}: \leq 15 \text{ mm}$ $2 - 3 \text{ GHz}: \leq 12 \text{ mm}$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \leq 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \leq 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}}, \Delta y_{\text{Area}}$		When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.



## Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

		≤3GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{zoom}$ $\Delta y_{zoom}$		≤2GHz: ≤8mm 2 – 3GHz: ≤5mm*	3 – 4GHz: ≤5mm* 4 – 6GHz: ≤4mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	Uniform grid: $\Delta z_{zoom}(n)$		3 – 4GHz: ≤4mm 4 – 5GHz: ≤3mm 5 – 6GHz: ≤2mm
	Graded grid	$\Delta z_{zoom}(1)$ : between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	3 – 4GHz: ≤3mm 4 – 5GHz: ≤2.5mm 5 – 6GHz: ≤2mm
		$\Delta z_{zoom}(n > 1)$ : between subsequent points	≤1.5• $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$
Minimum zoom scan volume	X, y, z	≥30mm	3 – 4GHz: ≥28mm 4 – 5GHz: ≥25mm 5 – 6GHz: ≥22mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.			
* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4W/kg, ≤8mm, ≤7mm and ≤5mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2GHz to 3GHz, 3GHz to 4GHz and 4GHz to 6GHz.			

## Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remains in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

## Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



## 7 Main Test Equipment

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Cal. Due Date
Network analyzer	Agilent	E5071B	MY42404014	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
Dielectric Probe Kit	HP	85070E	US44020115	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
Power meter	Agilent	E4417A	GB41291714	2017-05-21	2018-05-20
Power sensor	Agilent	N8481H	MY50350004	2017-05-21	2018-05-20
Power sensor	Agilent	E9327A	US40441622	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
Dual directional coupler	Agilent	778D-012	50519	2017-05-21	2018-05-20
Dual directional coupler	Agilent	777D	50146	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
Amplifier	INDEXSAR	IXA-020	0401	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
Wideband radio communication tester	R&S	CMW 500	113645	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
BT Base Station Simulator	R&S	CBT	100271	2017-05-14	2018-05-13
E-field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3677	2017-01-23	2018-01-22
DAE	SPEAG	DAE4	1291	2017-01-19	2018-01-18
Validation Kit 835MHz	SPEAG	D835V2	4d020	2017-08-28	2020-08-27
Validation Kit 1750MHz	SPEAG	D1750V2	1033	2017-01-10	2020-01-09
Validation Kit 1900MHz	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d060	2017-08-26	2020-08-25
Validation Kit 2450MHz	SPEAG	D2450V2	786	2017-08-29	2020-08-28
Validation Kit 2600MHz	SPEAG	D2600V2	1025	2014-12-08	2017-12-07
Temperature Probe	Tianjin jinming	JM222	AA1009129	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
Hygrothermograph	Anymetr	NT-311	20150731	2017-05-17	2018-05-16



## 8 Tissue Dielectric Parameter Measurements & System Verification

### 8.1 Tissue Verification

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18°C to 25°C and within  $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$  of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized. The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3 – 4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance.

#### Target values

Frequency (MHz)		Water (%)	Salt (%)	Sugar (%)	Glycol (%)	Preventol (%)	Cellulose (%)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma(\text{s/m})$
Head	835	41.45	1.45	56	0	0.1	1.0	41.5	0.90
	1750	55.24	0.31	0	44.45	0	0	40.1	1.37
	1900	55.242	0.306	0	44.452	0	0	40.0	1.40
	2450	62.7	0.5	0	36.8	0	0	39.2	1.80
	2600	55.242	0.306	0	44.452	0	0	39.0	1.96
Body	835	52.5	1.4	45	0	0.1	1.0	55.2	0.97
	1750	69.91	0.12	0	29.97	0	0	53.4	1.49
	1900	69.91	0.13	0	29.96	0	0	53.3	1.52
	2450	73.2	0.1	0	26.7	0	0	52.7	1.95
	2600	72.6	0.1	0	27.3	0	0	52.5	2.16



## Measurements results

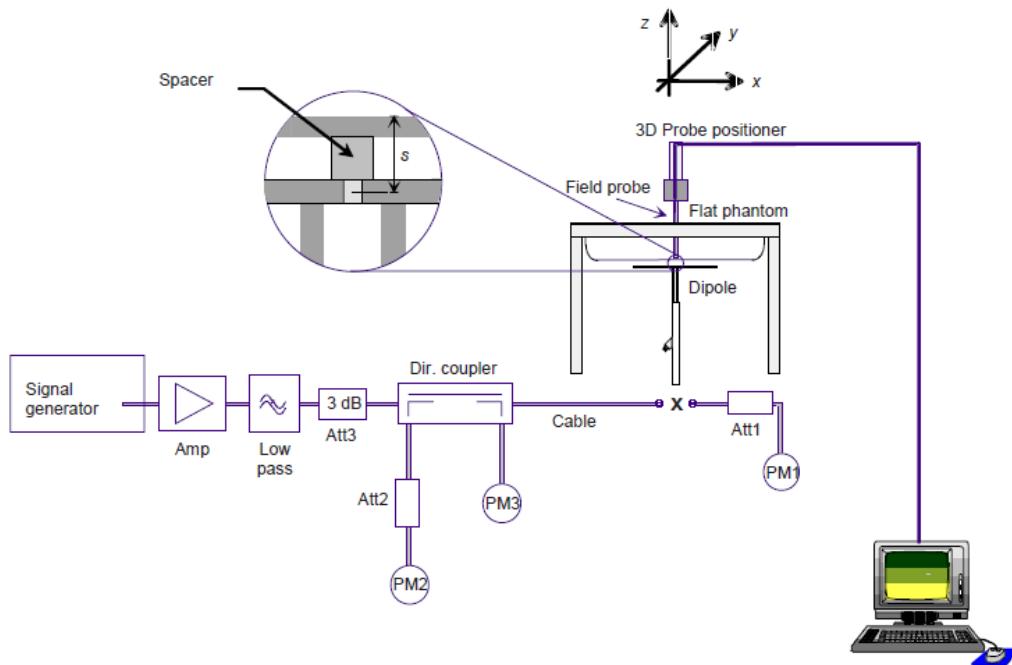
Frequency (MHz)		Test Date	Temp °C	Measured Dielectric Parameters		Target Dielectric Parameters		Limit (Within ±5%)	
				$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma(\text{s/m})$	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma(\text{s/m})$	Dev $\epsilon_r(\%)$	Dev $\sigma(\%)$
835	Head	8/29/2017	21.5	42.3	0.91	41.5	0.90	1.93	1.11
	Body	9/5/2017	21.5	55.4	1.01	55.2	0.97	0.36	4.12
1750	Head	8/30/2017	21.5	38.6	1.37	40.1	1.37	-3.74	0.00
	Body	8/30/2017	21.5	51.8	1.43	53.4	1.49	-3.00	-4.03
1900	Head	8/29/2017	21.5	40.4	1.39	40.0	1.40	1.00	-0.71
	Body	8/28/2017	21.5	51.2	1.51	53.3	1.52	-3.94	-0.66
2450	Head	8/30/2017	21.5	40.8	1.84	39.2	1.80	4.08	2.22
	Body	9/1/2017	21.5	51.4	1.91	52.7	1.95	-2.47	-2.05
2600	Head	8/31/2017	21.5	40.3	2.01	39.0	1.96	3.33	2.55
	Body	8/22/2017	21.5	51.1	2.08	52.5	2.16	-2.67	-3.70

Note: The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be  $\geq 15.0$  cm for SAR measurements  $\leq 3$  GHz and  $\geq 10.0$  cm for measurements  $> 3$  GHz.

## 8.2 System Performance Check

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulates were measured using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement for every day was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the Tissue simulates, using the dipole validation kit. The dipole antenna was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom.

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY system.



Picture 1 System Performance Check setup



Picture 2 Setup Photo



### Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 3 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< -20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB 865664 D01:

Dipole		Date of Measurement	Return Loss(dB)	$\Delta$ %	Impedance ( $\Omega$ )	$\Delta\Omega$
Dipole D2600V2 SN: 1025	Head Liquid	12/8/2014	-24.2	/	49.7	/
		12/7/2015	-23.9	1.2%	50.4	0.7 $\Omega$
		12/6/2016	-23.3	2.6%	50.7	-0.3 $\Omega$
	Body Liquid	12/8/2014	-23.6	/	46.6	/
		12/7/2015	-24.0	1.7%	47.2	0.6 $\Omega$
		12/6/2016	-24.4	-1.6%	47.1	0.1 $\Omega$

### System Check results

Frequency (MHz)		Test Date	Temp °C	250mW Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	1W Normalized SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	1W Target SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Delta$ % (Limit ±10%)	Plot No.
835	Head	8/29/2017	21.5	2.44	9.76	9.45	3.28	1
	Body	9/5/2017	21.5	2.41	9.64	9.75	-1.13	2
1750	Head	8/30/2017	21.5	8.95	35.80	37.20	-3.76	3
	Body	8/30/2017	21.5	9.24	36.96	37.60	-1.70	4
1900	Head	8/29/2017	21.5	9.88	39.52	40.10	-1.45	5
	Body	8/28/2017	21.5	9.93	39.72	39.50	0.56	6
2450	Head	8/30/2017	21.5	13.70	54.80	52.60	4.18	7
	Body	9/1/2017	21.5	12.50	50.00	50.80	-1.57	8
2600	Head	8/31/2017	21.5	13.90	55.60	56.90	-2.28	9
	Body	8/22/2017	21.5	13.88	55.52	56.40	-1.56	10

Note: Target Values used derive from the calibration certificate Data Storage and Evaluation.



## 9 Normal and Maximum Output Power

KDB 447498 D01 at the maximum rated output power and within the tune-up tolerance range specified for the product, but not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

### 9.1 GSM Mode

GSM 850		Burst Average			Division Factors (dB)	Frame-Average			Burst Tune-up Limit (dBm)
		Power(dBm)				Power(dBm)			
Tx Channel	128	190	251	128	190	251			
Frequency(MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	824.2	836.6	848.8			
GSM(GMSK)	32.14	32.24	32.46	9.03	23.11	23.21	23.43	33.50	
GPRS (GMSK)	1Txslot	32.14	32.22	32.44	9.03	23.11	23.19	23.41	33.00
	2Txslots	29.87	29.82	30.03	6.02	<b>23.85</b>	<b>23.80</b>	<b>24.01</b>	31.00
	3Txslots	27.88	27.62	27.85	4.26	23.62	23.36	23.59	29.00
	4Txslots	26.12	26.01	26.20	3.01	23.11	23.00	23.19	27.50
EGPRS (GMSK)	1Txslot	32.18	32.23	32.43	9.03	23.15	23.20	23.40	33.00
	2Txslots	29.85	29.80	30.01	6.02	23.83	23.78	23.99	31.00
	3Txslots	27.87	27.71	27.90	4.26	23.61	23.45	23.64	29.00
	4Txslots	26.11	25.99	26.21	3.01	23.10	22.98	23.20	27.50
EGPRS (8PSK)	1Txslot	26.19	25.98	26.02	9.03	17.16	16.95	16.99	27.00
	2Txslots	25.64	25.03	25.10	6.02	19.62	19.01	19.08	26.00
	3Txslots	24.52	24.05	24.01	4.26	20.26	19.79	19.75	25.00
	4Txslots	23.07	22.81	22.49	3.01	20.06	19.80	19.48	24.00
GSM 1900		Power(dBm)			Division Factors (dB)	Power(dBm)			Burst Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Tx Channel		512	661	810		512	661	810	
Frequency(MHz)		1850.2	1880	1909.8		1850.2	1880	1909.8	
GSM(GMSK)		29.64	29.68	29.45		20.61	20.65	20.42	
GPRS (GMSK)	1Txslot	29.76	29.80	29.54	9.03	20.73	<b>20.77</b>	20.51	30.00
	2Txslots	28.03	28.18	28.02	6.02	22.01	22.16	22.00	28.50
	3Txslots	26.30	26.55	26.41	4.26	22.04	22.29	22.15	27.00
	4Txslots	25.20	25.51	25.31	3.01	<b>22.19</b>	<b>22.50</b>	<b>22.30</b>	26.00
EGPRS (GMSK)	1Txslot	29.80	29.81	29.53	9.03	20.77	20.78	20.50	30.00
	2Txslots	28.01	28.16	28.00	6.02	21.99	22.14	21.98	28.50
	3Txslots	26.29	26.64	26.46	4.26	22.03	22.38	22.20	27.00
	4Txslots	25.19	25.49	25.32	3.01	22.18	22.48	22.31	26.00
EGPRS (8PSK)	1Txslot	25.32	25.33	25.38	9.03	16.29	16.30	16.35	26.00
	2Txslots	24.56	24.66	24.58	6.02	18.54	18.64	18.56	25.50



	3Txslots	23.83	23.82	23.92	4.26	19.57	19.56	19.66	25.00
	4Txslots	23.07	22.75	22.98	3.01	20.06	19.74	19.97	24.50

Notes: The worst-case configuration and mode for SAR testing is determined to be as follows:

1. Standalone: GSM 850 GMSK (GPRS) mode with 2 time slots for Max power, GSM 1900 GMSK (GPRS) mode with 4 time slots for Max power, based on the output power measurements above.
2. SAR is not required for EGPRS (8PSK) mode because its output power is less than that of GPRS Mode.

DTM 850		Burst Average			Division Factors (dB)	Frame-Average			Burst Tune-up Limit (dBm)
		Power(dBm)				Power(dBm)			
Tx Channel		128	190	251		128	190	251	
Frequency(MHz)		824.2	836.6	848.8		824.2	836.6	848.8	
GSM&GPRS (GMSK)	2Txslots	29.71	29.77	29.67	6.02	<b>23.69</b>	<b>23.75</b>	<b>23.65</b>	31.00
	3Txslots	27.50	27.32	27.54	4.26	23.24	23.06	23.28	29.00
GSM&EGPRS (GMSK)	2Txslots	29.68	29.45	29.65	6.02	23.66	23.43	23.63	31.00
	3Txslots	27.46	27.29	27.52	4.26	23.20	23.03	23.26	29.00
GSM&EGPRS (8PSK)	2Txslots	25.27	24.93	24.89	6.02	19.25	18.91	18.87	26.00
	3Txslots	24.06	23.47	23.68	4.26	19.80	19.21	19.42	25.00
DTM 1900		Power(dBm)			Division Factors (dB)	Power(dBm)			Burst Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Tx Channel		512	661	810		512	661	810	
Frequency(MHz)		1850.2	1880	1909.8		1850.2	1880	1909.8	
GSM&GPRS (GMSK)	2Txslots	28.17	28.13	28.08	6.02	<b>22.15</b>	<b>22.11</b>	<b>22.06</b>	28.50
	3Txslots	26.26	26.25	26.16	4.26	22.00	21.99	21.90	27.00
GSM&EGPRS (GMSK)	2Txslots	28.04	28.01	27.95	6.02	22.02	21.99	21.93	28.50
	3Txslots	26.33	26.33	26.34	4.26	22.07	22.07	22.08	27.00
GSM&EGPRS (8PSK)	2Txslots	24.34	24.02	23.93	6.02	18.32	18.00	17.91	25.50
	3Txslots	23.54	23.39	23.33	4.26	19.28	19.13	19.07	25.00

Notes: The worst-case configuration and mode for SAR testing is determined to be as follows:

1. Standalone: DTM 850 GMSK (GSM&GPRS) mode with 2 time slots for Max power, DTM 1900 GMSK (GSM&GPRS) mode with 2 time slots for Max power, based on the output power measurements above.
2. SAR is not required for GSM&EGPRS (8PSK) mode because its output power is less than that of GSM&GPRS Mode.



## 9.2 WCDMA Mode

The following tests were completed according to the test requirements outlined in the 3GPP TS34.121 specification.

WCDMA		Band II(dBm)			Band V(dBm)				
Tx Channel		9262	9400	9538	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	4132	4183	4233	Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Frequency(MHz)		1852.4	1880	1907.6		826.4	836.6	846.6	
RMC	12.2kbps	22.93	22.85	22.74	23.50	22.94	22.97	23.17	24.00
	64kbps	22.87	22.73	22.58	23.50	22.87	22.83	23.11	24.00
	144kbps	22.78	22.68	22.57	23.50	22.86	22.82	23.01	24.00
	384kbps	22.77	22.69	22.58	23.50	22.85	22.81	23.00	24.00
HSDPA	Sub 1	21.54	21.50	21.43	22.50	21.80	21.85	22.07	23.00
	Sub 2	21.58	21.51	21.37	22.50	20.13	20.14	20.26	22.00
	Sub 3	21.05	21.01	20.98	22.50	21.29	21.31	21.57	22.00
	Sub 4	21.08	21.02	20.91	22.50	21.29	21.35	21.63	22.00
HSUPA	Sub 1	21.83	21.64	21.50	22.50	21.87	21.85	22.07	23.00
	Sub 2	21.14	21.05	21.02	22.00	21.33	21.32	21.63	22.50
	Sub 3	21.57	21.56	21.49	22.00	21.83	21.85	22.10	22.50
	Sub 4	21.77	21.57	21.48	22.00	21.82	21.84	22.15	22.50
	Sub 5	21.54	21.53	21.40	22.50	21.80	21.81	22.04	23.00
DC-HSDPA	Sub 1	21.76	21.64	21.53	22.50	21.71	21.74	21.94	23.00
	Sub 2	21.75	21.63	21.52	22.50	21.80	21.72	21.93	22.00
	Sub 3	21.54	21.42	21.31	22.50	21.29	21.21	21.42	22.00
	Sub 4	21.53	21.51	21.29	22.50	21.28	21.20	21.41	22.00

- Note: 1. Per KDB 941225 D01, SAR for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps AMR with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is  $\leq \frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.



### 9.3 LTE Mode

UE Power Class: 3 (23 +/- 2dBm). The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101.

**Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3**

Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N <sub>RB</sub> )						MPR (dB)
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2

LTE FDD Band 4				Conducted Power(dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)				
				19957/1710.7	20175/1732.5	20393/1754.3		
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.24	23.72	23.74	24.00	
		1	2	23.33	23.63	23.48	24.00	
		1	5	23.16	23.33	23.26	24.00	
		3	0	23.00	23.46	23.48	24.00	
		3	2	23.01	23.35	23.14	24.00	
		3	3	23.12	23.54	23.07	24.00	
		6	0	22.11	22.58	22.38	23.30	
	16QAM	1	0	22.24	22.56	22.37	23.00	
		1	2	22.29	22.32	22.36	23.00	
		1	5	22.08	22.22	22.24	23.00	
		3	0	22.10	22.12	22.00	23.00	
		3	2	22.09	22.29	22.14	23.00	
		3	3	22.15	22.14	22.24	23.00	
		6	0	21.05	21.27	21.53	22.30	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	
				19965/1711.5	20175/1732.5	20385/1753.5		
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.26	23.76	23.77	24.00	
		1	7	23.36	23.68	23.52	24.00	
		1	14	23.19	23.38	23.30	24.00	
		8	0	22.10	22.58	22.61	23.00	
		8	4	22.13	22.45	22.26	23.00	
		8	7	22.22	22.65	22.17	23.00	
		15	0	22.14	22.62	22.41	23.30	
	16QAM	1	0	22.27	22.58	22.40	23.00	
		1	7	22.32	22.37	22.40	23.00	
		1	14	22.10	22.26	22.27	23.00	



		8	0	21.21	21.25	21.12	22.00
		8	4	21.20	21.42	21.26	22.00
		8	7	21.25	21.26	21.37	22.00
		15	0	21.08	21.31	21.56	22.30
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				19975/1712.5	20175/1732.5	20375/1752.5	
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.23	23.74	23.73	24.00
		1	13	23.34	23.64	23.49	24.00
		1	24	23.16	23.33	23.26	24.00
		12	0	22.07	22.53	22.57	23.00
		12	6	22.11	22.41	22.21	23.00
		12	13	22.20	22.63	22.13	23.00
		25	0	22.12	22.61	22.39	23.30
	16QAM	1	0	22.24	22.54	22.37	23.00
		1	13	22.29	22.35	22.37	23.00
		1	24	22.07	22.24	22.23	23.00
		12	0	21.19	21.21	21.09	22.00
		12	6	21.17	21.37	21.22	22.00
		12	13	21.22	21.21	21.33	22.00
		25	0	21.06	21.27	21.51	22.30
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				20000/1715	20175/1732.5	20350/1750	
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.25	23.75	23.76	24.00
		1	25	23.37	23.69	23.53	24.00
		1	49	23.18	23.37	23.29	24.00
		25	0	22.10	22.58	22.61	23.00
		25	13	22.14	22.46	22.25	23.00
		25	25	22.22	22.67	22.18	23.00
		50	0	22.20	22.63	22.43	23.30
	16QAM	1	0	22.26	22.57	22.39	23.00
		1	25	22.32	22.39	22.40	23.00
		1	49	22.10	22.26	22.26	23.00
		25	0	21.22	21.26	21.13	22.00
		25	13	21.19	21.41	21.25	22.00
		25	25	21.25	21.26	21.37	22.00
		50	0	21.09	21.32	21.55	22.30
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				20025/1717.5	20175/1732.5	20325/1747.5	
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.24	23.71	23.74	24.00
		1	38	23.35	23.68	23.50	24.00



		16QAM	1	74	23.15	23.32	23.25	24.00
			36	0	22.08	22.54	22.58	23.00
			36	18	22.11	22.41	22.21	23.00
			36	39	22.19	22.64	22.14	23.00
			75	0	22.18	22.59	22.38	23.30
		16QAM	1	0	22.21	22.55	22.37	23.00
			1	38	22.30	22.36	22.38	23.00
			1	74	22.07	22.22	22.23	23.00
			36	0	21.19	21.24	21.10	22.00
			36	18	21.16	21.36	21.21	22.00
			36	39	21.23	21.22	21.34	22.00
			75	0	21.06	21.27	21.51	22.30
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	
				20050/1720	20175/1732.5	20300/1745		
20MHz	QPSK	QPSK	1	0	23.21	23.67	23.71	24.00
			1	50	23.34	23.64	23.48	24.00
			1	99	23.13	23.31	23.22	24.00
			50	0	22.05	22.49	22.54	23.00
			50	25	22.09	22.37	22.18	23.00
			50	50	22.16	22.59	22.10	23.00
			100	0	22.15	22.54	22.34	23.30
	16QAM	16QAM	1	0	22.19	22.51	22.32	23.00
			1	50	22.26	22.34	22.34	23.00
			1	99	22.05	22.19	22.21	23.00
			50	0	21.16	21.20	21.07	22.00
			50	25	21.13	21.34	21.18	22.00
			50	50	21.20	21.17	21.30	22.00
			100	0	21.04	21.23	21.48	22.30



LTE FDD Band 5				Conducted Power(dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)				
				20407/824.7	20525/836.5	20643/848.3		
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.07	23.14	22.96	24.00	
		1	2	23.18	23.16	23.07	24.00	
		1	5	23.06	23.00	22.97	24.00	
		3	0	23.07	23.03	22.77	24.00	
		3	2	22.93	22.97	22.85	24.00	
		3	3	22.98	22.81	22.83	24.00	
		6	0	22.02	21.96	21.91	23.30	
	16QAM	1	0	21.93	22.02	21.85	23.00	
		1	2	21.94	21.82	21.77	23.00	
		1	5	21.81	21.78	21.71	23.00	
		3	0	22.02	21.96	21.72	23.00	
		3	2	21.97	22.06	21.84	23.00	
		3	3	21.95	21.92	21.73	23.00	
		6	0	20.88	20.95	20.93	22.30	
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.09	23.18	22.99	24.00	
		1	7	23.21	23.21	23.11	24.00	
		1	14	23.09	23.05	23.01	24.00	
		8	0	22.17	22.15	21.90	23.00	
		8	4	22.05	22.07	21.97	23.00	
		8	7	22.08	21.92	21.93	23.00	
		15	0	22.05	22.00	21.94	23.30	
	16QAM	1	0	21.96	22.04	21.88	23.00	
		1	7	21.97	21.87	21.81	23.00	
		1	14	21.83	21.82	21.74	23.00	
		8	0	21.13	21.09	20.84	22.00	
		8	4	21.08	21.19	20.96	22.00	
		8	7	21.05	21.04	20.86	22.00	
		15	0	20.91	20.99	20.96	22.30	
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.06	23.16	22.95	24.00	
		1	13	23.19	23.17	23.08	24.00	
		1	24	23.06	23.00	22.97	24.00	
		12	0	22.14	22.10	21.86	23.00	
		12	6	22.03	22.03	21.92	23.00	



Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				20450/829	20525/836.5	20600/844	
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.04	23.09	22.93	24.00
		1	25	23.49	23.17	23.07	24.00
		1	49	23.03	22.98	22.93	24.00
		25	0	22.12	22.06	21.83	23.00
		25	13	22.01	21.99	21.89	23.00
		25	25	22.02	21.86	21.86	23.00
		50	0	22.06	21.92	21.87	23.30
	16QAM	1	0	21.88	21.97	21.80	23.00
		1	25	21.91	21.84	21.75	23.00
		1	49	21.78	21.75	21.68	23.00
		25	0	21.08	21.04	20.79	22.00
		25	13	21.01	21.11	20.88	22.00
		25	25	21.00	20.95	20.79	22.00
		50	0	20.87	20.91	20.88	22.30



LTE FDD Band 7				Conducted Power(dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)				
				20775/2502.5	21100/2535	21425/2567.5		
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.56	22.79	22.64	24.00	
		1	13	22.63	22.76	22.99	24.00	
		1	24	22.54	22.56	22.83	24.00	
		12	0	20.54	21.00	20.92	23.00	
		12	6	20.73	21.02	21.09	23.00	
		12	13	20.80	20.99	21.11	23.00	
		25	0	20.65	20.99	21.05	23.00	
	16QAM	1	0	20.69	21.25	20.82	23.00	
		1	13	21.16	21.30	21.08	23.00	
		1	24	21.01	21.42	21.23	23.00	
		12	0	19.97	20.36	20.34	22.00	
		12	6	20.21	20.40	20.42	22.00	
		12	13	20.21	20.23	20.36	22.00	
		25	0	20.05	20.17	20.24	22.00	
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.58	22.80	22.67	24.00	
		1	25	22.66	22.81	23.03	24.00	
		1	49	22.56	22.60	22.86	24.00	
		25	0	20.57	21.05	20.96	23.00	
		25	13	20.76	21.07	21.13	23.00	
		25	25	20.82	21.03	21.16	23.00	
		50	0	20.73	21.01	21.09	23.00	
	16QAM	1	0	20.71	21.28	20.84	23.00	
		1	25	21.19	21.34	21.11	23.00	
		1	49	21.04	21.44	21.26	23.00	
		25	0	20.00	20.41	20.38	22.00	
		25	13	20.23	20.44	20.45	22.00	
		25	25	20.24	20.28	20.40	22.00	
		50	0	20.08	20.22	20.28	22.00	
15MHz	QPSK	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	
				20825/2507.5	21100/2535	21375/2562.5		
				1	0	22.57	22.76	
		1	38	22.64	22.80	23.00	24.00	
		1	74	22.53	22.55	22.82	24.00	
		36	0	20.55	21.01	20.93	23.00	
		36	18	20.73	21.02	21.09	23.00	



	16QAM	36	39	20.79	21.00	21.12	23.00
		75	0	20.71	20.97	21.04	23.00
		1	0	20.66	21.26	20.82	23.00
		1	38	21.17	21.31	21.09	23.00
		1	74	21.01	21.40	21.23	23.00
		36	0	19.97	20.39	20.35	22.00
		36	18	20.20	20.39	20.41	22.00
		36	39	20.22	20.24	20.37	22.00
		75	0	20.05	20.17	20.24	22.00
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				20850/2510	21100/2535	21350/2560	
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.54	22.72	22.62	24.00
		1	50	22.63	22.76	22.98	24.00
		1	99	22.51	22.54	22.79	24.00
		50	0	21.21	21.26	21.19	23.00
		50	25	21.01	21.28	21.36	23.00
		50	50	21.06	21.25	21.38	23.00
		100	0	21.36	21.32	21.33	23.00
	16QAM	1	0	20.64	21.22	21.07	23.00
		1	50	21.13	21.29	21.05	23.00
		1	99	21.12	21.37	21.21	23.00
		50	0	20.03	20.35	20.32	22.00
		50	25	20.17	20.37	20.38	22.00
		50	50	20.19	20.19	20.33	22.00
		100	0	20.03	20.13	20.21	22.00

LTE TDD Band 38				Conducted Power(dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)				
				37775/2572.5	38000/2595	38225/2617.5		
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.81	22.62	22.70	23.50	
		1	13	22.60	22.67	22.78	23.50	
		1	24	22.33	22.68	22.61	23.50	
		12	0	21.79	21.73	21.65	22.50	
		12	6	21.66	21.66	21.71	22.50	
		12	13	21.74	21.61	21.63	22.50	
		25	0	21.64	21.82	21.63	22.50	
16QAM	16QAM	1	0	21.37	21.21	21.12	22.50	
		1	13	21.53	21.32	21.14	22.50	
		1	24	21.24	21.28	21.29	22.50	
		12	0	20.80	20.56	20.67	21.50	
		12	6	20.79	20.66	20.64	21.50	



Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	12	13	20.86	20.75	20.67	21.50
				25	0	20.67	20.77	20.73	21.50
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.83	22.63	22.73	23.50	Tune-up	
		1	25	22.63	22.72	22.82	23.50		
		1	49	22.35	22.72	22.64	23.50	Limit (dBm)	
		25	0	21.82	21.78	21.69	22.50		
		25	13	21.69	21.71	21.75	22.50	23.50	
		25	25	21.76	21.65	21.68	22.50		
		50	0	21.72	21.84	21.67	22.50		
	16QAM	1	0	21.39	21.24	21.14	22.50	22.50	
		1	25	21.56	21.36	21.17	22.50		
15MHz		1	49	21.27	21.30	21.32	22.50	22.50	
		25	0	20.83	20.61	20.71	21.50		
		25	13	20.81	20.70	20.67	21.50	21.50	
		25	25	20.89	20.80	20.71	21.50		
		50	0	20.70	20.82	20.77	21.50	21.50	
Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up			
			37825/2577.5	38000/2595	38175/2612.5		Limit (dBm)		
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.82	22.59	22.71	23.50	23.50	
		1	38	22.61	22.71	22.79	23.50		
		1	74	22.32	22.67	22.60	23.50	23.50	
		36	0	21.80	21.74	21.66	22.50		
		36	18	21.66	21.66	21.71	22.50	22.50	
		36	39	21.73	21.62	21.64	22.50		
		75	0	21.70	21.80	21.62	22.50	22.50	
	16QAM	1	0	21.34	21.22	21.12	22.50	22.50	
		1	38	21.54	21.33	21.15	22.50		
		1	74	21.24	21.26	21.29	22.50	22.50	
		36	0	20.80	20.59	20.68	21.50		
		36	18	20.78	20.65	20.63	21.50	21.50	
		36	39	20.87	20.76	20.68	21.50		
		75	0	20.67	20.77	20.73	21.50	21.50	
	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up		
				37850/2580	38000/2595	38150/2610		Limit (dBm)	
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.79	22.55	22.68	23.50	23.50	
		1	50	22.60	22.67	22.77	23.50		
		1	99	22.30	22.66	22.57	23.50		
		50	0	21.77	21.69	21.62	22.50		



	16QAM	50	25	21.64	21.62	21.68	22.50
		50	50	21.70	21.57	21.60	22.50
		100	0	21.67	21.75	21.58	22.50
		1	0	21.32	21.18	21.07	22.50
		1	50	21.50	21.31	21.11	22.50
		1	99	21.22	21.23	21.27	22.50
		50	0	20.77	20.55	20.65	21.50
		50	25	20.75	20.63	20.60	21.50
		50	50	20.84	20.71	20.64	21.50
		100	0	20.65	20.73	20.70	21.50

DL LTE CA Class	PCC								SCC			Power		Tune- up Limit (dBm)
	PCC Band	PCC Bandwidth (MHz)	PCC UL RB size	PCC UL RB offset	PCC DL RB size	PCC DL RB offset	PCC UL Channel	PCC DL Channel	SCC Band	SCC Bandwidth (MHz)	SCC DL Channel	Rel 8 LTE Tx Power (dBm)	Rel 10 DL LTE CA Tx Power (dBm)	
CA_7C	7	15	1	38	75	0	21225	3225	7	15	3375	23.00	23.08	24.00
	7	20	1	50	100	0	21152	3152	7	20	3350	22.98	22.97	24.00
CA_38C	38	15	1	0	75	0	37825	37825	38	15	37975	22.82	22.92	23.50
	38	20	1	0	100	0	37850	37850	38	20	38075	22.79	22.79	23.50

Note: For downlink carrier aggregation, SAR is not required when downlink carrier aggregation in active uplink maximum output power not more than 1/4dB higher than the maximum output power measured when downlink carrier aggregation inactive.



#### 9.4 WLAN Mode

Wi-Fi 2.4G	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Conducted Power (dBm) for Data Rates (bps)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	TX Power Setting level
			1M		
802.11b	1	2412	13.76	14.50	15
	6	2437	13.61	14.50	
	11	2462	13.96	14.50	
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6M	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	TX Power Setting level
802.11g	1	2412	11.75	13.00	14
	6	2437	12.37	13.00	
	11	2462	12.16	13.00	
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6.5M	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	TX Power Setting level
802.11n (HT20)	1	2412	8.92	11.50	12
	6	2437	10.34	11.50	
	11	2462	9.38	11.50	

Note. 1. SAR is not required for OFDM when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ .

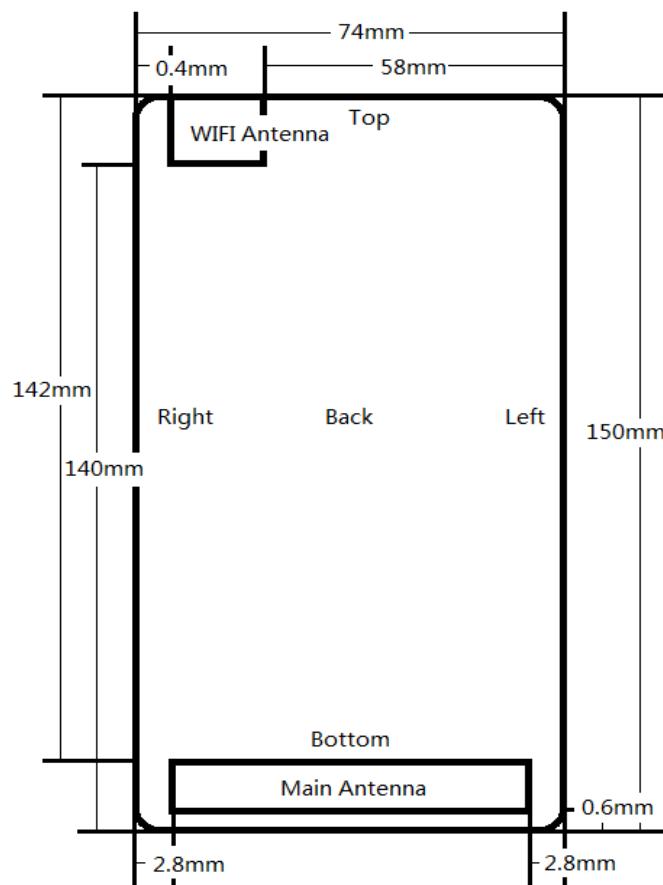


## 9.5 Bluetooth Mode

BT	Conducted Power(dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	
	Channel/Frequency(MHz)				
	Ch 0/2402 MHz	Ch 39/2441 MHz	Ch 78/2480 MHz		
GFSK	1.67	2.93	2.36	4.00	
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	2.35	3.56	2.63	5.00	
8DPSK	2.94	4.03	3.10	5.00	
BLE	Ch 0/2402 MHz	Ch 19/2440 MHz	Ch 39/2480 MHz	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	
GFSK	-4.18	-3.62	-3.69	-1.00	

## 10 Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

### 10.1 EUT Antenna Locations



Overall (Length x Width): 150 mm x 74 mm

Overall Diagonal: 161.5 mm/Display Diagonal: 139mm

#### Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge

Antenna	Back Side	Front side	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge
Main-Antenna	0	0	2.8	2.8	142	0.6
BT/Wi-Fi Antenna	0	0	58	0.4	0	140

#### Hotspot mode, Positions for SAR tests

Mode	Back Side	Front side	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge
GSM 850/1900/DTM 850/1900	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes
UMTS Band II/V	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes
LTE 4/5/7/38	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes
2.4GHz WLAN	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A

Note: 1. Per KDB 941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are  $\geq 9\text{cm} \times 5\text{cm}$ , the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

2. For smart phones with an overall diagonal dimension is 161.5mm. Per KDB 648474 D04, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension  $> 15.0\text{ cm}$  or an overall diagonal dimension  $> 16.0\text{ cm}$ , 10-g extremity SAR must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance.



## 10.2 Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR}$

- $f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Per KDB 447498 D01, when the minimum test separation distance is  $<$  5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Bluetooth	Distance (mm)	MAX Power (dBm)	Frequency (MHz)	Ratio	Evaluation
Head	5	5.00	2480	1.00	No
Body-worn	10	5.00	2480	0.50	No
Extremity	5	5.00	2480	1.00	No



## 10.3 Measured SAR Results

**Table 1: GSM 850**

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Time slot	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Plot No.
<b>Head SAR</b>											
Left Cheek	standard	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	33.50	32.24	-0.030	0.276	1.34	0.369	11
Left Tilt	standard	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	33.50	32.24	-0.060	0.154	1.34	0.206	/
Right Cheek	standard	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	33.50	32.24	-0.030	0.256	1.34	0.342	/
Right Tilt	standard	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	33.50	32.24	0.150	0.246	1.34	0.329	/
Left Cheek	SIM 2	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	33.50	32.24	-0.080	0.262	1.34	0.350	/
Left Cheek	Battery 2	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	33.50	32.24	0.018	0.254	1.34	0.339	/
<b>Body-worn (Distance 10mm)</b>											
Back Side	standard	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	33.50	32.24	0.080	0.281	1.34	0.376	12
Front Side	standard	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	33.50	32.24	0.150	0.225	1.34	0.301	/
<b>Hotspot (Distance 10mm)</b>											
Back Side	standard	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	31.00	29.82	0.050	0.268	1.31	0.352	/
Front Side	standard	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	31.00	29.82	0.140	0.217	1.31	0.285	/
Left Edge	standard	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	31.00	29.82	0.100	0.181	1.31	0.238	/
Right Edge	standard	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	31.00	29.82	0.000	0.154	1.31	0.202	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	31.00	29.82	0.030	0.097	1.31	0.127	/
Back Side	SIM 2	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	31.00	29.82	-0.100	0.339	1.31	0.445	13
Back Side	Battery 2	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	31.00	29.82	0.007	0.318	1.31	0.417	/

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

- Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
- When multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output power.
- Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.
- According to 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03, For Phablet, Since hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR  $< 1.2$  W/kg, 10-g extremity SAR is no required.



Table 2: DTM 850

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Time slot	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Plot No.
<b>Head SAR</b>											
Left Cheek	standard	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	31.00	29.77	-0.010	0.301	1.33	0.400	14
Left Tilt	standard	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	31.00	29.77	0.020	0.146	1.33	0.194	/
Right Cheek	standard	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	31.00	29.77	0.041	0.272	1.33	0.361	/
Right Tilt	standard	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	31.00	29.77	0.080	0.158	1.33	0.210	/
Left Cheek	SIM 2	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	31.00	29.77	0.030	0.294	1.33	0.390	/
Left Cheek	Battery 2	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	31.00	29.77	0.008	0.287	1.33	0.381	/
<b>Body SAR (Distance 10mm)</b>											
Back Side	standard	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	31.00	29.77	0.020	0.337	1.33	0.447	15
Front Side	standard	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	31.00	29.77	0.040	0.178	1.33	0.236	/
Left Edge	standard	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	31.00	29.77	-0.040	0.196	1.33	0.260	/
Right Edge	standard	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	31.00	29.77	-0.010	0.150	1.33	0.199	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	31.00	29.77	-0.080	0.098	1.33	0.130	/
Back Side	SIM 2	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	31.00	29.77	-0.025	0.323	1.33	0.429	/
Back Side	Battery 2	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	31.00	29.77	0.046	0.306	1.33	0.406	/

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

- Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
- When multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output power.
- Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.
- According to 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03, For Phablet, Since hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR  $< 1.2$  W/kg, 10-g extremity SAR is no required.



Table 3: GSM 1900

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Time slot	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Plot No.
<b>Head SAR</b>											
Left Cheek	standard	661/1880	GSM	1:8.3	30.50	29.68	0.020	0.049	1.21	0.059	/
Left Tilt	standard	661/1880	GSM	1:8.3	30.50	29.68	0.034	0.037	1.21	0.045	/
Right Cheek	standard	661/1880	GSM	1:8.3	30.50	29.68	0.112	0.062	1.21	0.074	/
Right Tilt	standard	661/1880	GSM	1:8.3	30.50	29.68	0.170	0.030	1.21	0.036	/
Right Cheek	SIM 2	661/1880	GSM	1:8.3	30.50	29.68	-0.036	<b>0.064</b>	1.21	<b>0.077</b>	16
Right Cheek	Battery 2	661/1880	GSM	1:8.3	30.50	29.68	0.028	0.057	1.21	0.069	/
<b>Body-worn (Distance 10mm)</b>											
Back Side	standard	661/1880	GSM	1:8.3	30.50	29.68	0.150	0.211	1.21	0.255	/
Front Side	standard	661/1880	GSM	1:8.3	30.50	29.68	0.038	<b>0.246</b>	1.21	<b>0.297</b>	17
<b>Hotspot (Distance 10mm)</b>											
Back Side	standard	661/1880	4Txslots	1:2.07	26.00	25.51	0.040	0.253	1.12	0.283	/
Front Side	standard	661/1880	4Txslots	1:2.07	26.00	25.51	0.024	0.288	1.12	0.322	/
Left Edge	standard	661/1880	4Txslots	1:2.07	26.00	25.51	-0.140	0.062	1.12	0.070	/
Right Edge	standard	661/1880	4Txslots	1:2.07	26.00	25.51	-0.064	0.034	1.12	0.038	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	661/1880	4Txslots	1:2.07	26.00	25.51	-0.051	<b>0.345</b>	1.12	<b>0.386</b>	18
Bottom Edge	SIM 2	661/1880	4Txslots	1:2.07	26.00	25.51	-0.046	0.241	1.12	0.270	/
Bottom Edge	Battery 2	661/1880	4Txslots	1:2.07	26.00	25.51	0.107	0.225	1.12	0.252	/

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

- Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
- When multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output power.
- Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.
- According to 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03, For Phablet, Since hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR  $< 1.2$  W/kg, 10-g extremity SAR is no required.



Table 4: DTM 1900

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Time slot	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Plot No.
<b>Head SAR</b>											
Left Cheek	standard	661/1880	2Txslots	1:4.15	28.50	28.13	0.062	0.056	1.09	0.061	/
Left Tilt	standard	661/1880	2Txslots	1:4.15	28.50	28.13	0.030	0.042	1.09	0.046	/
Right Cheek	standard	661/1880	2Txslots	1:4.15	28.50	28.13	0.105	0.063	1.09	0.068	19
Right Tilt	standard	661/1880	2Txslots	1:4.15	28.50	28.13	0.032	0.035	1.09	0.038	/
Right Cheek	SIM 2	661/1880	2Txslots	1:4.15	28.50	28.13	0.010	0.059	1.09	0.064	/
Right Cheek	Battery 2	661/1880	2Txslots	1:4.15	28.50	28.13	0.032	0.052	1.09	0.057	/
<b>Body SAR (Distance 10mm)</b>											
Back Side	standard	661/1880	2Txslots	1:4.15	28.50	28.13	0.140	0.381	1.09	0.415	/
Front Side	standard	661/1880	2Txslots	1:4.15	28.50	28.13	-0.052	0.302	1.09	0.329	/
Left Edge	standard	661/1880	2Txslots	1:4.15	28.50	28.13	0.090	0.045	1.09	0.049	/
Right Edge	standard	661/1880	2Txslots	1:4.15	28.50	28.13	0.180	0.032	1.09	0.035	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	661/1880	2Txslots	1:4.15	28.50	28.13	0.029	0.502	1.09	0.547	20
Bottom Edge	SIM 2	661/1880	2Txslots	1:4.15	28.50	28.13	0.032	0.500	1.09	0.544	/
Bottom Edge	Battery 2	661/1880	2Txslots	1:4.15	28.50	28.13	0.044	0.491	1.09	0.535	/

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

- Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
- When multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output power.
- Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.
- According to 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03, For Phablet, Since hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR  $< 1.2$  W/kg, 10-g extremity SAR is no required.



Table 5: UMTS Band II

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Channel Type	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Plot No.
<b>Head SAR</b>											
Left Cheek	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.85	0.160	0.084	1.16	0.098	/
Left Tilt	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.85	0.090	0.056	1.16	0.065	/
Right Cheek	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.85	0.124	0.073	1.16	0.085	/
Right Tilt	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.85	0.110	0.050	1.16	0.057	/
Left Cheek	SIM 2	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.85	0.051	0.091	1.16	0.106	21
Left Cheek	Battery 2	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.85	0.010	0.084	1.16	0.098	/
<b>Body SAR (Distance 10mm)</b>											
Back Side	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.85	-0.140	0.530	1.16	0.616	/
Front Side	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.85	0.120	0.390	1.16	0.453	/
Left Edge	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.85	-0.020	0.099	1.16	0.115	/
Right Edge	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.85	0.051	0.038	1.16	0.044	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.85	-0.038	0.641	1.16	0.744	22
Bottom Edge	SIM 2	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.85	-0.120	0.605	1.16	0.703	/
Bottom Edge	Battery 2	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.85	-0.032	0.583	1.16	0.677	/

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
3. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.
4. According to 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03, For Phablet, Since hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR  $< 1.2$  W/kg, 10-g extremity SAR is no required.



Table 6: UMTS Band V

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Channel Type	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Plot No.
<b>Head SAR</b>											
Left Cheek	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	22.97	0.059	0.308	1.27	0.390	23
Left Tilt	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	22.97	0.130	0.155	1.27	0.196	/
Right Cheek	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	22.97	-0.080	0.290	1.27	0.368	/
Right Tilt	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	22.97	0.030	0.168	1.27	0.213	/
Left Cheek	SIM 2	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	22.97	-0.180	0.301	1.27	0.382	/
Left Cheek	Battery 2	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	22.97	-0.051	0.287	1.27	0.364	/
<b>Body SAR (Distance 10mm)</b>											
Back Side	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	22.97	0.020	0.297	1.27	0.376	24
Front Side	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	22.97	0.110	0.182	1.27	0.231	/
Left Edge	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	22.97	0.120	0.226	1.27	0.286	/
Right Edge	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	22.97	-0.040	0.159	1.27	0.202	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	22.97	-0.040	0.096	1.27	0.122	/
Back Side	SIM 2	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	22.97	0.080	0.297	1.27	0.376	/
Back Side	Battery 2	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	22.97	0.012	0.280	1.27	0.355	/

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

- Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
- When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is  $\leq \frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode
- Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.
- According to 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03, For Phablet, Since hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR  $< 1.2$  W/kg, 10-g extremity SAR is no required.



Table 7: LTE Band 4 (20MHz)

Test Position	Cover Type	RB size	RB offset	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Allowed Power(dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Plot No.
<b>Head SAR (QPSK)</b>											
Left Cheek	standard	1RB	0	20300/1745	24.00	23.71	0.047	0.030	1.07	0.032	/
Left Tilt	standard	1RB	0	20300/1745	24.00	23.71	0.080	0.025	1.07	0.027	/
Right Cheek	standard	1RB	0	20300/1745	24.00	23.71	0.030	0.068	1.07	0.073	25
Right Tilt	standard	1RB	0	20300/1745	24.00	23.71	0.087	0.034	1.07	0.036	/
Left Cheek	standard	50%RB	50	20175/1732.5	23.00	22.59	0.179	0.027	1.10	0.029	/
Left Tilt	standard	50%RB	50	20175/1732.5	23.00	22.59	0.052	0.023	1.10	0.025	/
Right Cheek	standard	50%RB	50	20175/1732.5	23.00	22.59	0.131	0.063	1.10	0.069	/
Right Tilt	standard	50%RB	50	20175/1732.5	23.00	22.59	0.061	0.033	1.10	0.036	/
Right Cheek	SIM 2	1RB	0	20300/1745	24.00	23.71	0.033	0.068	1.07	0.073	/
Right Cheek	Battery 2	1RB	0	20300/1745	24.00	23.71	0.019	0.061	1.07	0.065	/
<b>Body SAR (QPSK, Distance 10mm)</b>											
Back Side	standard	1RB	0	20300/1745	24.00	23.71	0.149	0.737	1.07	0.788	/
Front Side	standard	1RB	0	20300/1745	24.00	23.71	0.080	0.442	1.07	0.473	/
Left Edge	standard	1RB	0	20300/1745	24.00	23.71	0.170	0.026	1.07	0.028	/
Right Edge	standard	1RB	0	20300/1745	24.00	23.71	0.160	0.034	1.07	0.037	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	1RB	0	20300/1745	24.00	23.71	0.024	0.814	1.07	0.870	/
		1RB	0	20175/1732.5	24.00	23.67	0.021	0.821	1.08	0.886	/
		1RB	50	20050/1720	24.00	23.34	-0.120	0.846	1.16	0.985	26
Back Side	standard	50%RB	50	20175/1732.5	23.00	22.59	0.037	0.690	1.10	0.758	/
Front Side	standard	50%RB	50	20175/1732.5	23.00	22.59	0.022	0.407	1.10	0.447	/
Left Edge	standard	50%RB	50	20175/1732.5	23.00	22.59	0.081	0.025	1.10	0.027	/
Right Edge	standard	50%RB	50	20175/1732.5	23.00	22.59	0.033	0.032	1.10	0.035	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	50%RB	0	20300/1745	23.00	22.54	0.022	0.747	1.11	0.830	/
		50%RB	50	20175/1732.5	23.00	22.59	0.190	0.741	1.10	0.814	/
		50%RB	50	20050/1720	23.00	22.16	0.024	0.797	1.21	0.967	/
Bottom Edge	standard	100%RB	0	20300/1745	23.00	22.34	0.020	0.710	1.16	0.827	/
		100%RB	0	20175/1732.5	23.00	22.54	0.022	0.775	1.11	0.862	/
		100%RB	0	20050/1720	23.00	22.15	0.110	0.800	1.22	0.973	/
Bottom Edge	SIM 2	1RB	50	20050/1720	24.00	23.34	0.028	0.832	1.16	0.969	/
Bottom Edge	Battery 2	1RB	50	20050/1720	24.00	23.34	0.091	0.829	1.16	0.965	/
Bottom Edge	Repeated	1RB	50	20050/1720	24.00	23.34	0.033	0.845	1.16	0.984	/

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output



power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

3. For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in are  $\geq 0.8$  W/kg.
4. According to 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03, For Phablet, Since hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR  $< 1.2$  W/kg, 10-g extremity SAR is no required.

Measurement Variability				
Test Position	Channel/ Frequency(MHz)	MAX Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	1 <sup>st</sup> Repeated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Ratio
Bottom Edge	20050/1720	0.846	0.845	1.00

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.80$  W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.  
2) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was  $> 1.20$  or when the original or repeated measurement was  $\geq 1.45$  W/kg ( $\sim 10\%$  from the 1-g SAR limit).  
3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was  $\geq 1.5$  W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$ .  
4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is  $< 0.80$  W/kg



Table 8: LTE Band 5 (10MHz)

Test Position	Cover Type	RB size	RB offset	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Plot No.
<b>Head SAR (QPSK)</b>											
Left Cheek	standard	1RB	25	20450/829	24.00	23.49	0.150	0.313	1.12	0.352	/
Left Tilt	standard	1RB	25	20450/829	24.00	23.49	-0.025	0.173	1.12	0.195	/
Right Cheek	standard	1RB	25	20450/829	24.00	23.49	-0.130	0.313	1.12	0.352	27
Right Tilt	standard	1RB	25	20450/829	24.00	23.49	0.150	0.212	1.12	0.238	/
Left Cheek	standard	50%RB	0	20450/829	23.00	22.12	0.110	0.216	1.22	0.265	/
Left Tilt	standard	50%RB	0	20450/829	23.00	22.12	0.077	0.141	1.22	0.173	/
Right Cheek	standard	50%RB	0	20450/829	23.00	22.12	0.170	0.229	1.22	0.280	/
Right Tilt	standard	50%RB	0	20450/829	23.00	22.12	0.060	0.158	1.22	0.193	/
Right Cheek	SIM 2	1RB	25	20450/829	24.00	23.49	0.026	0.297	1.12	0.334	/
Right Cheek	Battery 2	1RB	25	20450/829	24.00	23.49	0.009	0.284	1.12	0.319	/
<b>Body SAR (QPSK, Distance 10mm)</b>											
Back Side	standard	1RB	25	20450/829	24.00	23.49	-0.020	0.376	1.12	0.423	/
Front Side	standard	1RB	25	20450/829	24.00	23.49	-0.150	0.192	1.12	0.216	/
Left Edge	standard	1RB	25	20450/829	24.00	23.49	-0.010	0.243	1.12	0.273	/
Right Edge	standard	1RB	25	20450/829	24.00	23.49	0.000	0.188	1.12	0.211	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	1RB	25	20450/829	24.00	23.49	0.090	0.096	1.12	0.108	/
Back Side	standard	50%RB	0	20450/829	23.00	22.12	0.000	0.304	1.22	0.372	/
Front Side	standard	50%RB	0	20450/829	23.00	22.12	0.040	0.157	1.22	0.192	/
Left Edge	standard	50%RB	0	20450/829	23.00	22.12	0.080	0.192	1.22	0.235	/
Right Edge	standard	50%RB	0	20450/829	23.00	22.12	0.070	0.148	1.22	0.181	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	50%RB	0	20450/829	23.00	22.12	-0.060	0.076	1.22	0.093	/
Back Side	SIM 2	1RB	0	20450/829	24.00	23.49	0.080	0.542	1.12	0.610	28
Back Side	Battery 2	1RB	0	20450/829	24.00	23.49	0.042	0.518	1.12	0.583	/

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
3. For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in are  $\geq 0.8$  W/kg.
4. According to 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03, For Phablet, Since hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR < 1.2 W/kg, 10-g extremity SAR is no required.



Table 9: LTE Band 7 (20MHz)

Test Position	Cover Type	RB size	RB offset	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Plot No.
<b>Head SAR (QPSK)</b>											
Left Cheek	standard	1RB	50	21350/2560	24.00	22.98	0.105	0.091	1.26	0.115	/
Left Tilt	standard	1RB	50	21350/2560	24.00	22.98	0.046	0.037	1.26	0.046	/
Right Cheek	standard	1RB	50	21350/2560	24.00	22.98	0.052	<b>0.104</b>	1.26	0.132	29
Right Tilt	standard	1RB	50	21350/2560	24.00	22.98	0.037	0.026	1.26	0.033	/
Left Cheek	standard	50%RB	50	21350/2560	23.00	21.38	0.149	0.088	1.45	0.127	/
Left Tilt	standard	50%RB	50	21350/2560	23.00	21.38	0.070	0.034	1.45	0.049	/
Right Cheek	standard	50%RB	50	21350/2560	23.00	21.38	0.055	0.093	1.45	<b>0.135</b>	/
Right Tilt	standard	50%RB	50	21350/2560	23.00	21.38	0.032	0.027	1.45	0.040	/
Right Cheek	SIM 2	1RB	50	21350/2560	24.00	22.98	0.032	0.096	1.26	0.122	/
Right Cheek	Battery 2	1RB	50	21350/2560	24.00	22.98	0.033	0.092	1.26	0.116	/
<b>Body SAR (QPSK, Distance 10mm)</b>											
Back Side	standard	1RB	50	21350/2560	24.00	22.98	0.060	<b>0.523</b>	1.26	0.661	30
Front Side	standard	1RB	50	21350/2560	24.00	22.98	-0.029	0.287	1.26	0.363	/
Left Edge	standard	1RB	50	21350/2560	24.00	22.98	-0.030	0.164	1.26	0.207	/
Right Edge	standard	1RB	50	21350/2560	24.00	22.98	-0.040	0.151	1.26	0.191	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	1RB	50	21350/2560	24.00	22.98	-0.021	0.522	1.26	0.660	/
Back Side	standard	50%RB	50	21350/2560	23.00	21.38	0.039	0.511	1.45	<b>0.742</b>	/
Front Side	standard	50%RB	50	21350/2560	23.00	21.38	0.026	0.279	1.45	0.405	/
Left Edge	standard	50%RB	50	21350/2560	23.00	21.38	-0.060	0.110	1.45	0.160	/
Right Edge	standard	50%RB	50	21350/2560	23.00	21.38	0.030	0.102	1.45	0.148	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	50%RB	50	21350/2560	23.00	21.38	-0.010	0.499	1.45	0.725	/
Back Side	SIM 2	1RB	50	21350/2560	24.00	22.98	0.033	0.521	1.26	0.659	/
Back Side	Battery 2	1RB	50	21350/2560	24.00	22.98	0.084	0.507	1.26	0.641	/
<p>Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.</p> <p>2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is <math>\leq 0.8</math> W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).</p> <p>3. For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in are <math>\geq 0.8</math> W/kg.</p> <p>4. According to 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03, For Phablet, Since hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR &lt; 1.2 W/kg, 10-g extremity SAR is no required.</p>											



Table 10: LTE Band 38 (20MHz)

Test Position	Cover Type	RB size	RB offset	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Plot No.
<b>Head SAR (QPSK)</b>											
Left Cheek	standard	1RB	0	37850/2580	23.50	22.79	0.023	0.147	1.18	0.173	/
Left Tilt	standard	1RB	0	37850/2580	23.50	22.79	0.021	0.051	1.18	0.060	/
Right Cheek	standard	1RB	0	37850/2580	23.50	22.79	0.140	0.111	1.18	0.131	/
Right Tilt	standard	1RB	0	37850/2580	23.50	22.79	0.158	0.043	1.18	0.051	/
Left Cheek	standard	50%RB	0	37850/2580	22.50	21.77	0.043	0.114	1.18	0.135	/
Left Tilt	standard	50%RB	0	37850/2580	22.50	21.77	0.100	0.028	1.18	0.033	/
Right Cheek	standard	50%RB	0	37850/2580	22.50	21.77	-0.023	0.087	1.18	0.103	/
Right Tilt	standard	50%RB	0	37850/2580	22.50	21.77	0.086	0.033	1.18	0.039	/
Left Cheek	SIM 2	1RB	0	37850/2580	23.50	22.79	0.039	<b>0.157</b>	1.18	<b>0.185</b>	31
Left Cheek	Battery 2	1RB	0	37850/2580	23.50	22.79	0.032	0.144	1.18	0.170	/
<b>Body SAR (QPSK, Distance 10mm)</b>											
Back Side	standard	1RB	50	38150/2610	23.50	22.77	-0.120	0.712	1.18	0.842	/
		1RB	50	38000/2595	23.50	22.67	0.060	0.853	1.21	1.033	/
		1RB	0	37850/2580	23.50	22.79	0.084	0.984	1.18	1.159	/
Front Side	standard	1RB	0	37850/2580	23.50	22.79	0.140	0.428	1.18	0.504	/
Left Edge	standard	1RB	0	37850/2580	23.50	22.79	0.190	0.055	1.18	0.065	/
Right Edge	standard	1RB	0	37850/2580	23.50	22.79	0.100	0.089	1.18	0.104	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	1RB	50	38150/2610	23.50	22.77	0.026	0.610	1.18	0.722	/
		1RB	50	38000/2595	23.50	22.67	0.026	0.749	1.21	0.907	/
		1RB	0	37850/2580	23.50	22.79	0.026	<b>0.991</b>	1.18	<b>1.167</b>	32
Back Side	standard	50%RB	25	38150/2610	22.50	21.68	-0.030	0.542	1.21	0.655	/
		50%RB	0	38000/2595	22.50	21.69	0.044	0.645	1.21	0.777	/
		50%RB	0	37850/2580	22.50	21.77	-0.021	0.729	1.18	0.862	/
Front Side	standard	50%RB	0	37850/2580	22.50	21.77	0.052	0.328	1.18	0.388	/
Left Edge	standard	50%RB	0	37850/2580	22.50	21.77	-0.150	0.030	1.18	0.036	/
Right Edge	standard	50%RB	0	37850/2580	22.50	21.77	0.020	0.067	1.18	0.079	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	50%RB	0	37850/2580	22.50	21.77	0.033	0.650	1.18	0.769	/
Back Side	standard	100%RB	0	38000/2595	22.50	21.75	-0.130	0.619	1.19	0.736	/
Bottom Edge	standard	100%RB	0	38000/2595	22.50	21.75	0.021	0.524	1.19	0.623	/
Bottom Edge	SIM 2	1RB	0	37850/2580	23.50	22.79	0.180	0.838	1.18	0.987	/
Bottom Edge	Battery 2	1RB	0	37850/2580	23.50	22.79	0.040	0.877	1.18	1.033	/
Bottom Edge	Repeated	1RB	0	37850/2580	23.50	22.79	0.031	0.857	1.18	1.009	/

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test



configuration(s).

3. For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in are  $\geq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$ .
4. According to 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03, For Phablet, Since hotspot mode 1-g *reported* SAR  $< 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ , 10-g extremity SAR is no required.

Measurement Variability				
Test Position	Channel/ Frequency(MHz)	MAX Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	1 <sup>st</sup> Repeated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Ratio
Bottom Edge	37850/2580	0.991	0.857	1.16

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.80 \text{ W/kg}$ , the measurement was repeated once.  
2) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was  $> 1.20$  or when the original or repeated measurement was  $\geq 1.45 \text{ W/kg}$  ( $\sim 10\%$  from the 1-g SAR limit).  
3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was  $\geq 1.5 \text{ W/kg}$  and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$ .  
4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is  $< 0.80 \text{ W/kg}$



Table 11: Wi-Fi (2.4G)

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Mode 802.11b	Duty Cycle	Area Scan Max.SAR (W/Kg)	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Plot No.
<b>Head SAR</b>												
Left Cheek	standard	11/2462	DSSS	97.7%	0.856	14.50	13.96	0.059	0.880	1.16	1.020	33
		6/2437	DSSS	97.7%	0.818	14.50	13.61	0.010	0.843	1.26	1.059	/
		1/2412	DSSS	97.7%	0.719	14.50	13.76	0.024	0.789	1.21	0.958	/
Left Tilt	standard	11/2462	DSSS	97.7%	0.615	14.50	13.96	-0.020	0.700	1.16	0.811	/
Right Cheek	standard	11/2462	DSSS	97.7%	0.162	14.50	13.96	0.060	0.294	1.16	0.341	/
Right Tilt	standard	11/2462	DSSS	97.7%	0.301	14.50	13.96	0.030	0.335	1.16	0.388	/
Left Cheek	Battery 2	6/2437	DSSS	97.7%	0.806	14.50	13.61	0.014	0.805	1.26	1.011	/
Left Cheek	Repeated	6/2437	DSSS	97.7%	0.811	14.50	13.61	0.070	0.816	1.26	1.025	/
<b>Body SAR (Distance 10mm)</b>												
Back Side	standard	11/2462	DSSS	97.7%	0.177	14.50	13.96	0.100	0.178	1.16	0.206	/
Front Side	standard	11/2462	DSSS	97.7%	0.212	14.50	13.96	0.043	0.214	1.16	0.248	34
Left Edge	standard	11/2462	DSSS	97.7%	0.0323	14.50	13.96	-0.044	0.034	1.16	0.040	/
Right Edge	standard	11/2462	DSSS	97.7%	0.139	14.50	13.96	-0.120	0.147	1.16	0.170	/
Top Edge	standard	11/2462	DSSS	97.7%	0.168	14.50	13.96	-0.140	0.186	1.16	0.216	/
Bottom Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Front Side	Battery 2	11/2462	DSSS	97.7%	0.204	14.50	13.96	0.073	0.207	1.16	0.240	/
<p>Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.</p> <p>2. According to 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03, For Phablet, Since hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR &lt; 1.2 W/kg, 10-g extremity SAR is no required.</p>												

<b>MAX Adjusted SAR</b>							
Mode	Test Position	Channel/ Frequency(MHz)	MAX Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	802.11b Tune-up limit (dBm)	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Adjusted SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
802.11g	Left Cheek	11/2462	0.880	14.50	13.00	0.71	0.623
802.11n HT20	Left Cheek	11/2462	0.880	14.50	11.50	0.50	0.441

Note: SAR is not required for OFDM when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.



Table 12: BT

Band	Configuration	Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)
Bluetooth	Head	2480	5.00	5	0.133
	Body-worn	2480	5.00	10	0.066

For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 based on the formula below.

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[√f(GHz)/x] W/kg  
for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.



## 10.4 Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot
GSM(Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	N/A	Yes	Yes
WCDMA(Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
WCDMA(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	N/A	Yes	Yes
LTE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
GSM(Voice) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	N/A	Yes	Yes
WCDMA(Voice) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
WCDMA(Data) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	N/A	Yes	Yes
LTE(Data) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data) + Bluetooth(data)	N/A	N/A	N/A

**General Note:**

1. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
2. Per KDB 447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
  - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
  - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
  - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.

**The maximum SAR<sub>1g</sub> Value for Main- Antenna**

Test Position		SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	GSM 850	DTM 850	GSM 1900	DTM 1900	WCDMA Band II	WCDMA Band V	LTE FDD 4	LTE FDD 5	LTE FDD 7	LTE TDD 38	MAX. SAR <sub>1g</sub>
Left Cheek		0.369	0.400	0.059	0.061	0.106	0.390	0.032	0.352	0.127	0.185	0.400	
Left Tilt		0.206	0.194	0.045	0.046	0.065	0.196	0.027	0.195	0.049	0.060	0.206	
Right Cheek		0.342	0.361	0.077	0.068	0.085	0.368	0.073	0.352	0.135	0.131	0.368	
Right Tilt		0.329	0.210	0.036	0.038	0.057	0.213	0.036	0.238	0.040	0.051	0.329	
Body worn	Back Side	0.376	0.447	0.255	0.415	0.616	0.376	0.788	0.610	0.742	1.159	1.159	
	Front Side	0.301	0.236	0.297	0.329	0.453	0.231	0.473	0.216	0.405	0.504	0.504	
Hotspot	Back Side	0.445	0.447	0.283	0.415	0.616	0.376	0.788	0.610	0.742	1.159	1.159	
	Front Side	0.285	0.236	0.322	0.329	0.453	0.231	0.473	0.216	0.405	0.504	0.504	
	Left Edge	0.238	0.260	0.070	0.049	0.115	0.286	0.028	0.273	0.207	0.065	0.286	
	Right Edge	0.202	0.199	0.038	0.035	0.044	0.202	0.037	0.211	0.191	0.104	0.211	
	Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0
	Bottom Edge	0.127	0.130	0.386	0.547	0.744	0.122	0.985	0.108	0.725	1.167	1.167	



## About BT and Main- Antenna

Test Position	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Main-antenna	BT	MAX. ΣSAR <sub>1g</sub>
Left Cheek	0.400	0.133	0.533	
Left Tilt	0.206	0.133	0.339	
Right Cheek	0.368	0.133	0.501	
Right Tilt	0.329	0.133	0.462	
Body worn	Back Side	1.159	0.066	1.225
	Front Side	0.504	0.066	0.570
Hotspot	Back Side	1.159	0.066	1.225
	Front Side	0.504	0.066	0.570
	Left Edge	0.286	0.066	0.352
	Right Edge	0.211	0.066	0.277
	Top Edge	0	0.066	0.066
	Bottom Edge	1.167	0.066	1.233

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum ΣSAR<sub>1g</sub> Value.  
2. MAX. ΣSAR<sub>1g</sub> =Unlicensed SAR<sub>MAX</sub> +Licensed SAR<sub>MAX</sub>

MAX. ΣSAR<sub>1g</sub> = 1.233 W/kg <1.6 W/kg and, so the Simultaneous transimition SAR with volum scan are not required for BT and Main-Antenna.

## About Wi-Fi and Main- Antenna

Test Position	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Main-antenna	Wi-Fi 2.4G	MAX. ΣSAR <sub>1g</sub>
Left, Cheek	0.400	1.059	1.459	
Left, Tilt	0.206	0.811	1.017	
Right, Cheek	0.368	0.341	0.709	
Right, Tilt	0.329	0.388	0.717	
Body worn	Back Side	1.159	0.206	1.365
	Front Side	0.504	0.248	0.752
Hotspot	Back Side	1.159	0.206	1.365
	Front Side	0.504	0.248	0.752
	Left Edge	0.286	0.040	0.326
	Right Edge	0.211	0.170	0.381
	Top Edge	0	0.216	0.216
	Bottom Edge	1.167	N/A	1.167

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum ΣSAR<sub>1g</sub> Value.  
2. MAX. ΣSAR<sub>1g</sub> =Unlicensed SAR<sub>MAX</sub> +Licensed SAR<sub>MAX</sub>

MAX. ΣSAR<sub>1g</sub> = 1.459 W/kg <1.6 W/kg, so the Simultaneous transimition SAR with volum scan are not required for Wi-Fi and Main-Antenna.

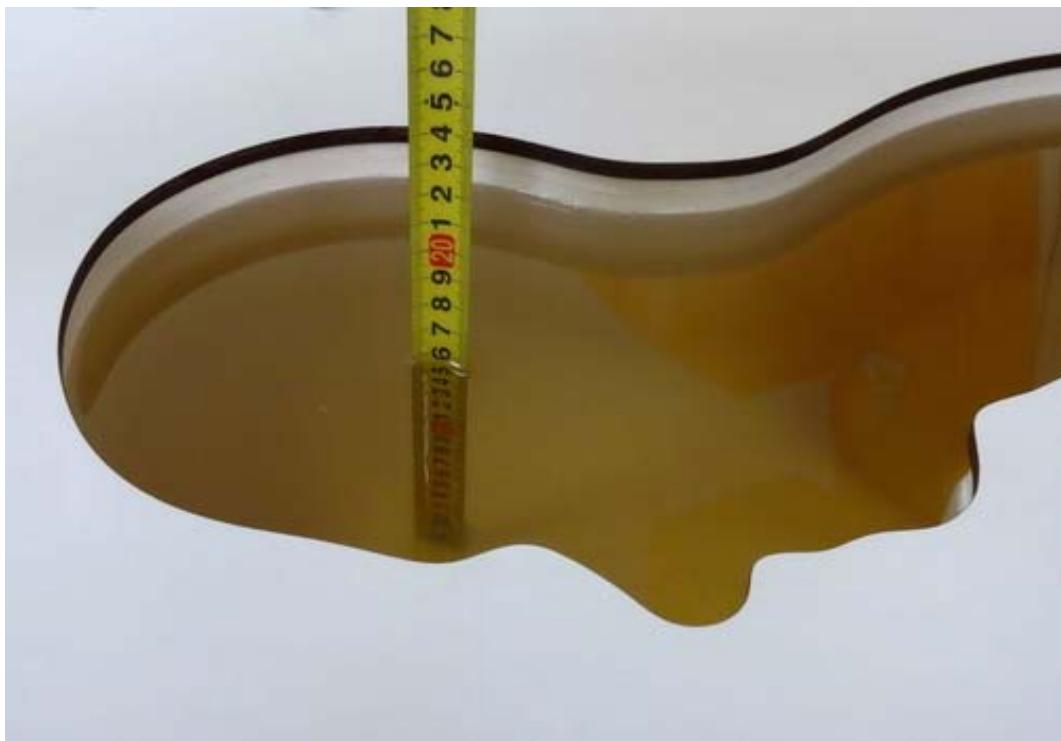


## 11 Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528- 2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

## ANNEX A: Test Layout





Picture 3: Liquid depth in the head Phantom (835MHz, 15.3cm depth)



Picture 4: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (835MHz, 15.4cm depth)



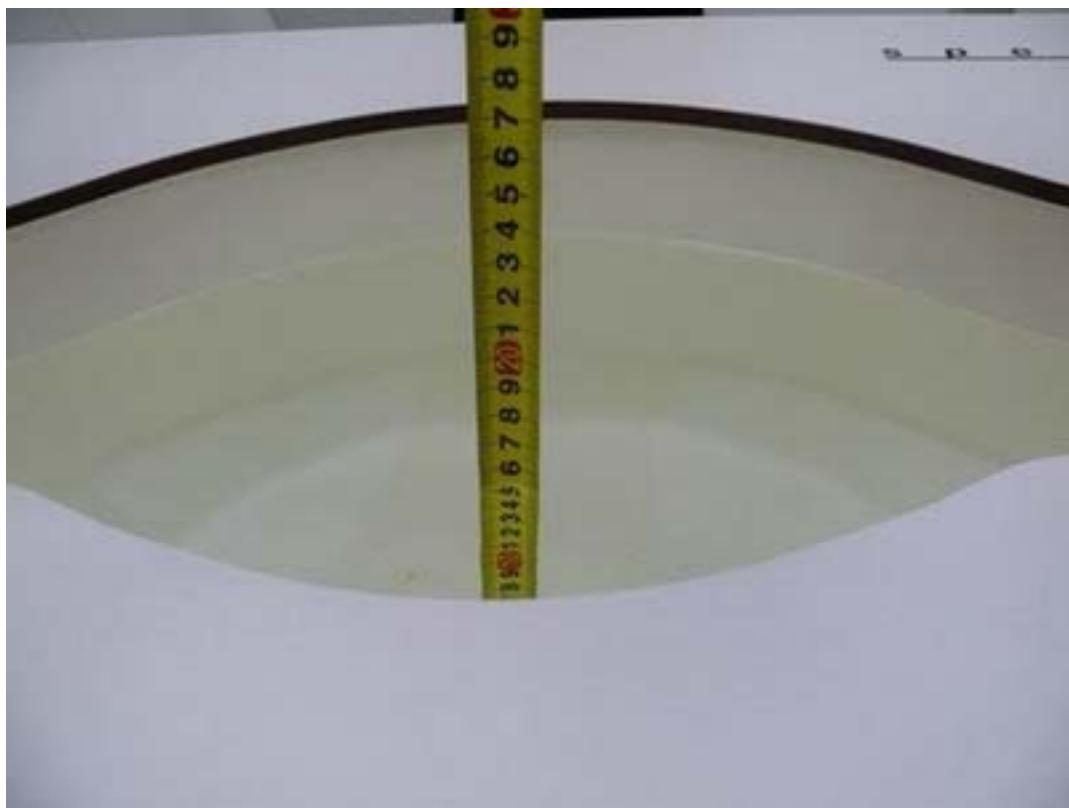
Picture 5: liquid depth in the head Phantom (1750 MHz, 15.3cm depth)



Picture 6: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (1750 MHz, 15.2cm depth)



Picture 7: liquid depth in the head Phantom (1900 MHz, 15.3cm depth)



Picture 8: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (1900 MHz, 15.2cm depth)



Picture 9: Liquid depth in the head Phantom (2450 MHz, 15.4cm depth)



Picture 10: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (2450 MHz, 15.3cm depth)



Picture 11: Liquid depth in the head Phantom (2600 MHz, 15.4cm depth)



Picture 12: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (2600 MHz, 15.3cm depth)

## ANNEX B: System Check Results

### Plot 1 System Performance Check at 835 MHz Head TSL

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Date: 8/29/2017

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.91 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 42.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.31, 9.31, 9.31); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.64 mW/g

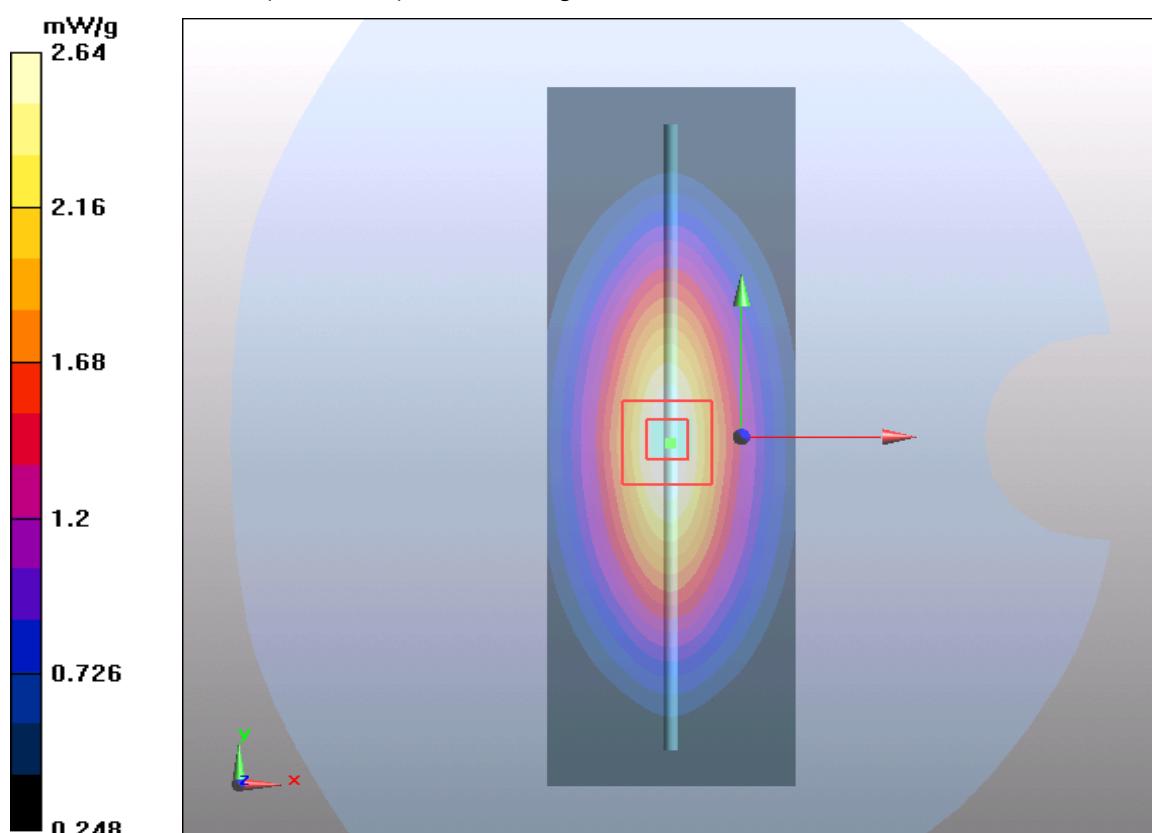
**d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.076 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.67 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.44 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.64 mW/g



## Plot 2 System Performance Check at 835 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Date: 9/5/2017

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.01 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 55.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.74, 9.74, 9.74); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.58 mW/g

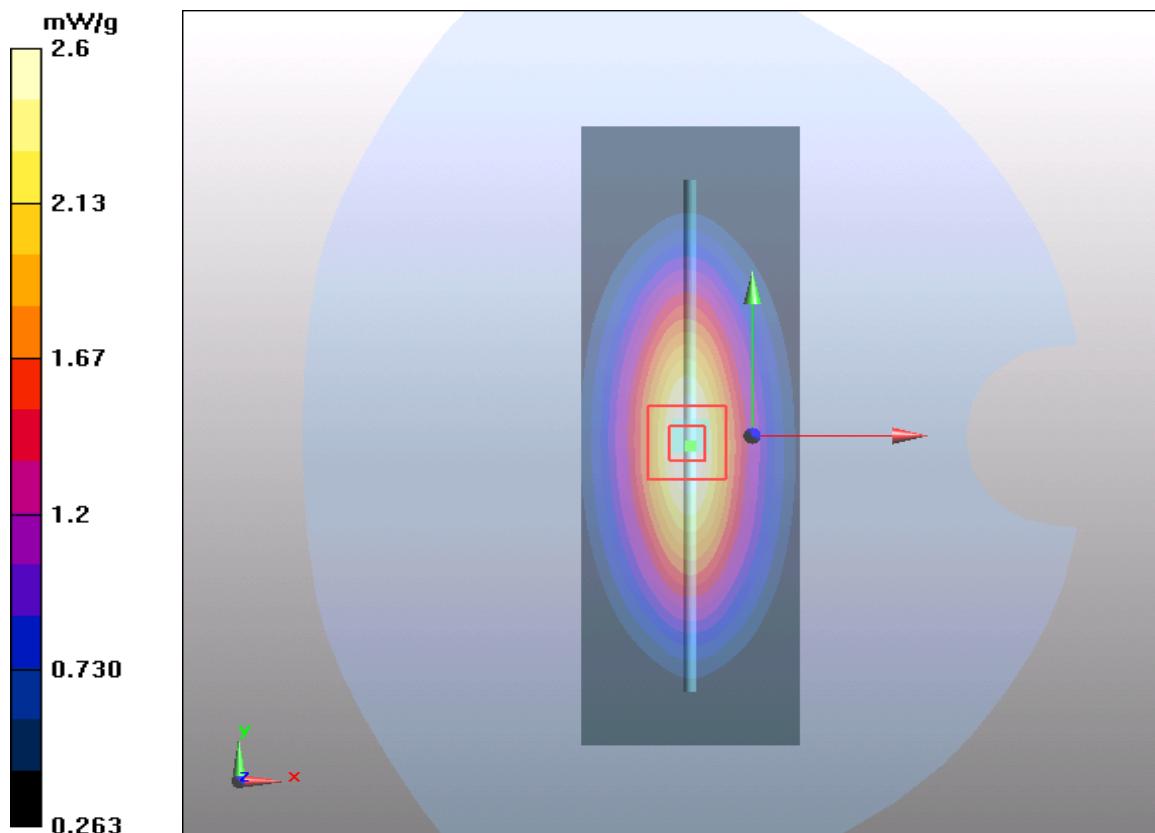
**d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 51.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.058 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.41 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.6 mW/g



**Plot 3 System Performance Check at 1750 MHz Head TSL****DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1033**

Date: 8/30/2017

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1750 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.37 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 38.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.60, 8.60, 8.60); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.78 mW/g

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

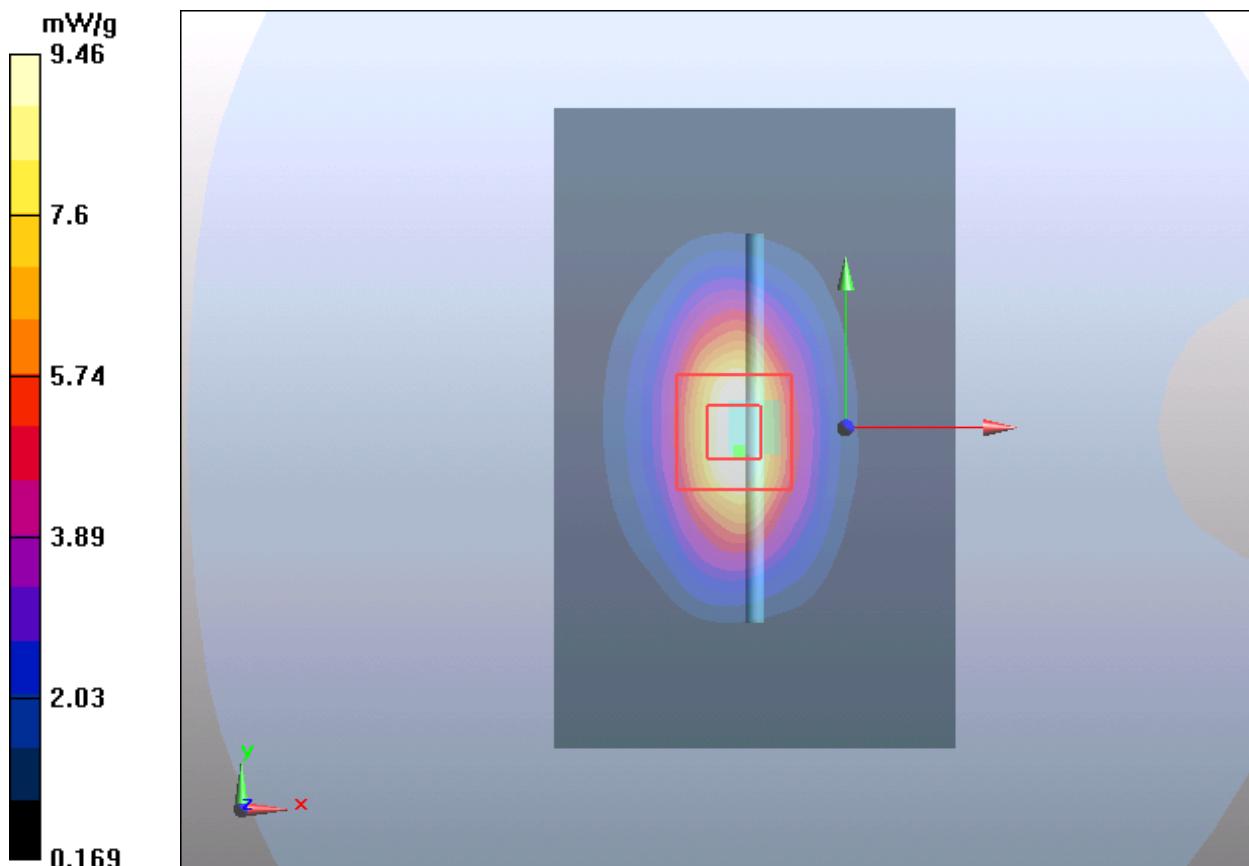
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 80 V/m; Power Drift = 0.075 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.95 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.5 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.46 mW/g



**Plot 4 System Performance Check at 1750 MHz Body TSL****DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1033**

Date: 8/30/2017

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1750 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.43 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.39, 8.39, 8.39); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.6 mW/g

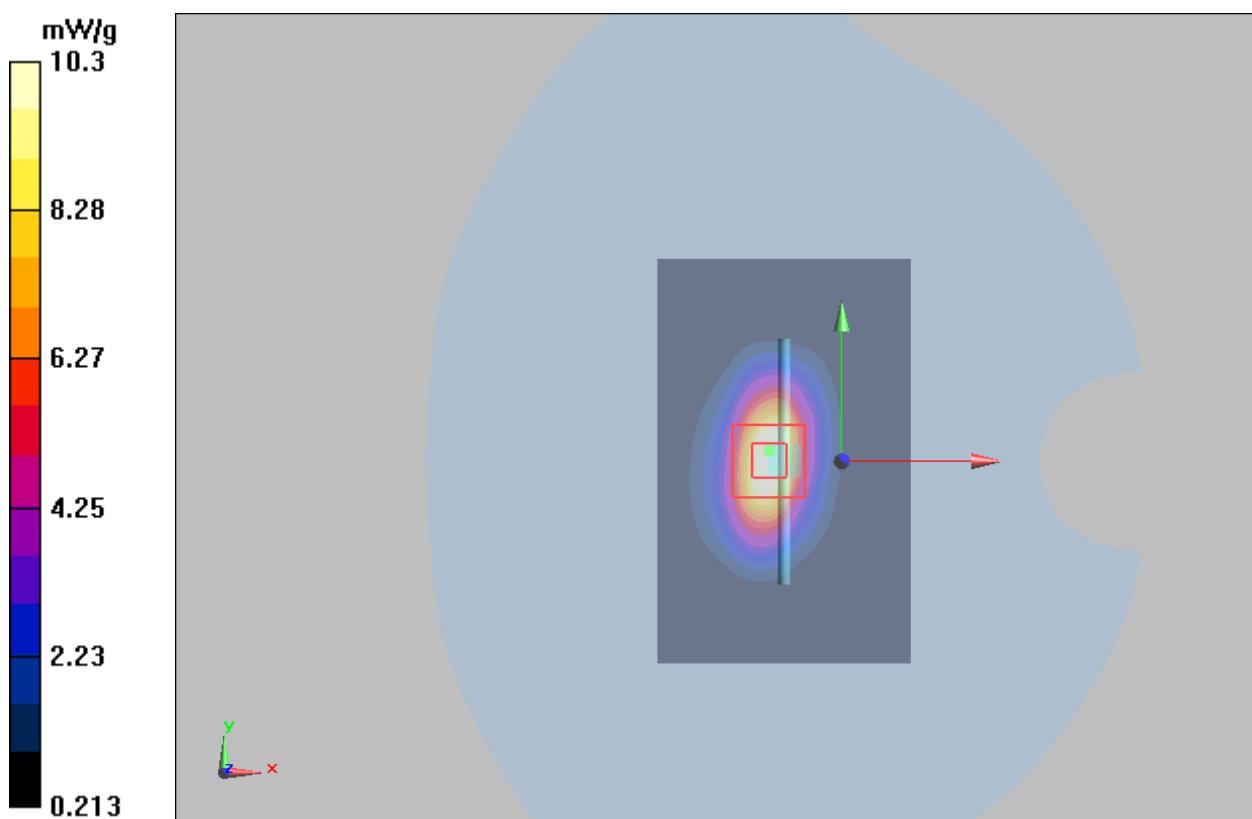
**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 77.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.097 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.24 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.9 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.3 mW/g



**Plot 5 System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Head TSL****DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060**

Date: 8/29/2017

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.39 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.39, 8.39, 8.39); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1):** Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.3 mW/g

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

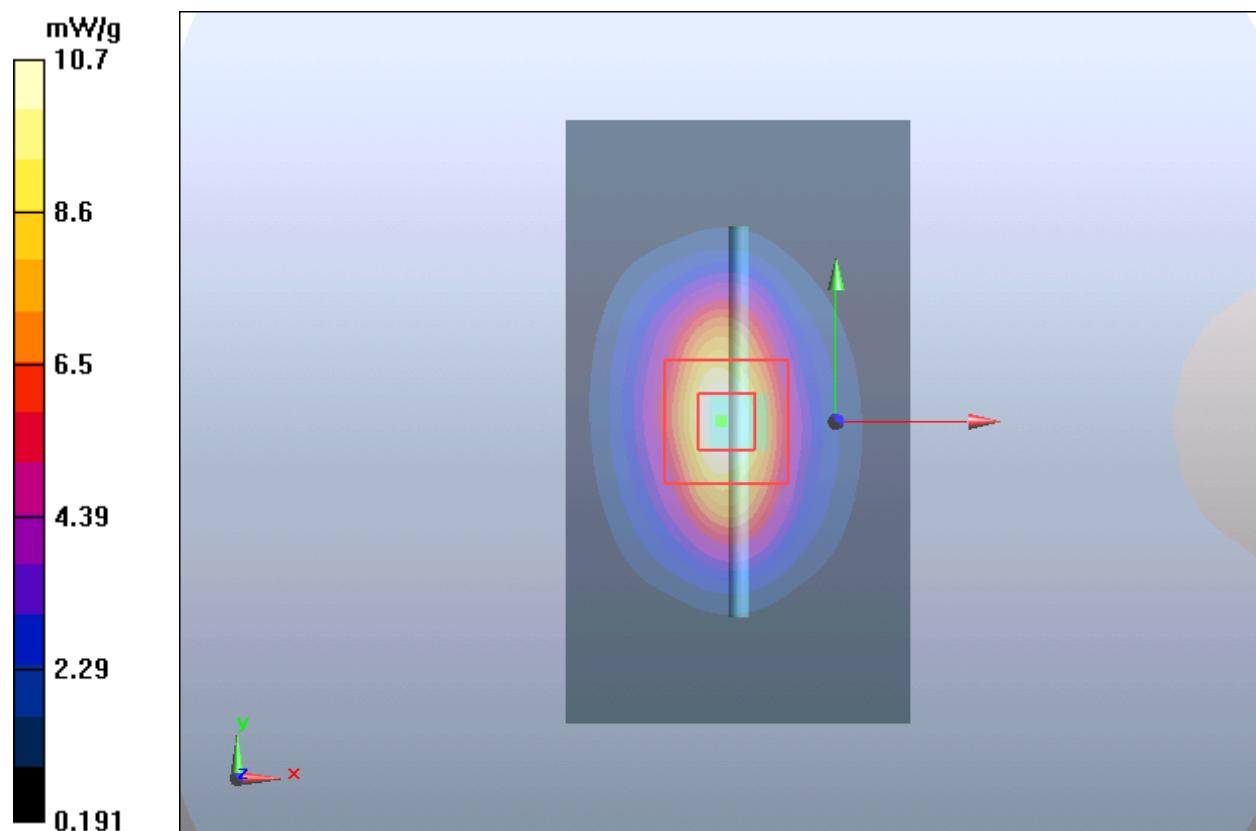
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.88 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.9 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.7 mW/g



## Plot 6 System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Date: 8/28/2017

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.51 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.98, 7.98, 7.98); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1):** Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.2 mW/g

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

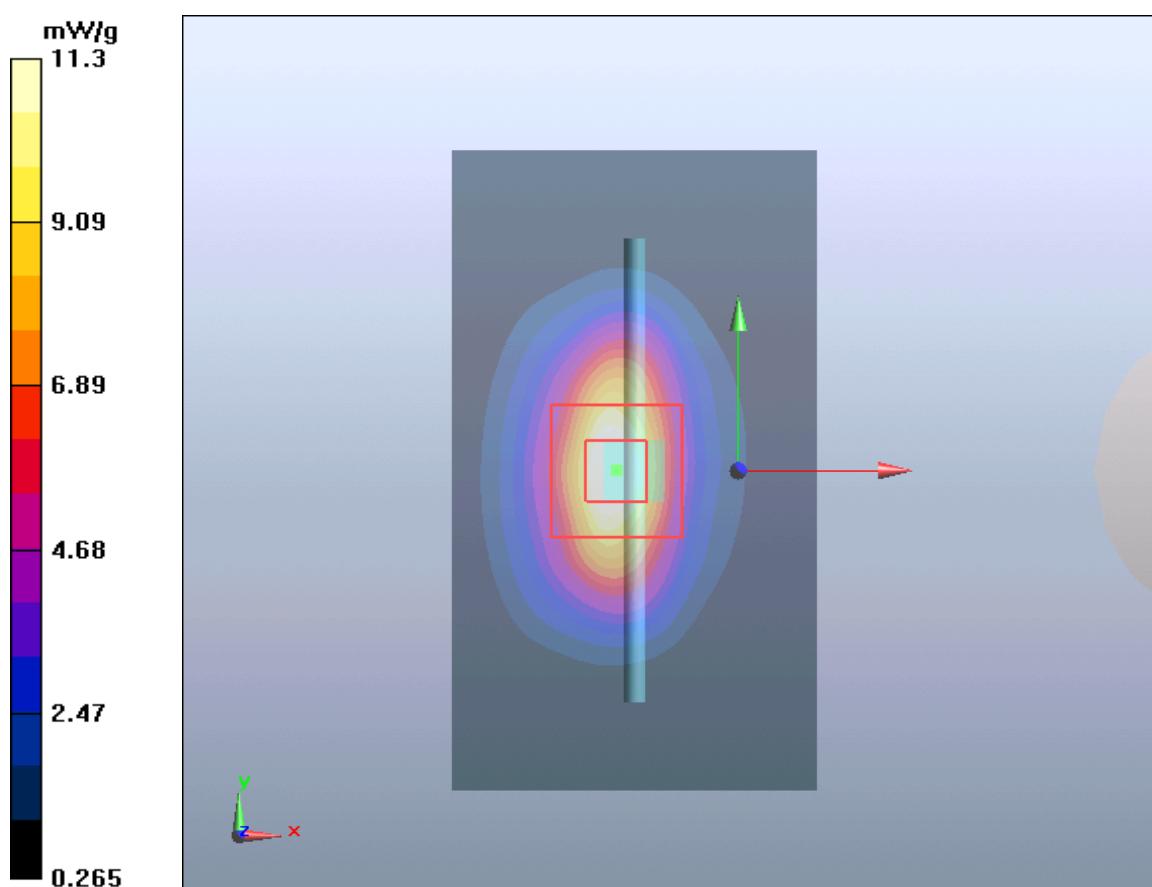
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 82.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.068 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.93 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.25 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 mW/g



## Plot 7 System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Head TSL

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 786

Date: 8/30/2017

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.84 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.90, 7.90, 7.90); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1):** Measurement grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.2 mW/g

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

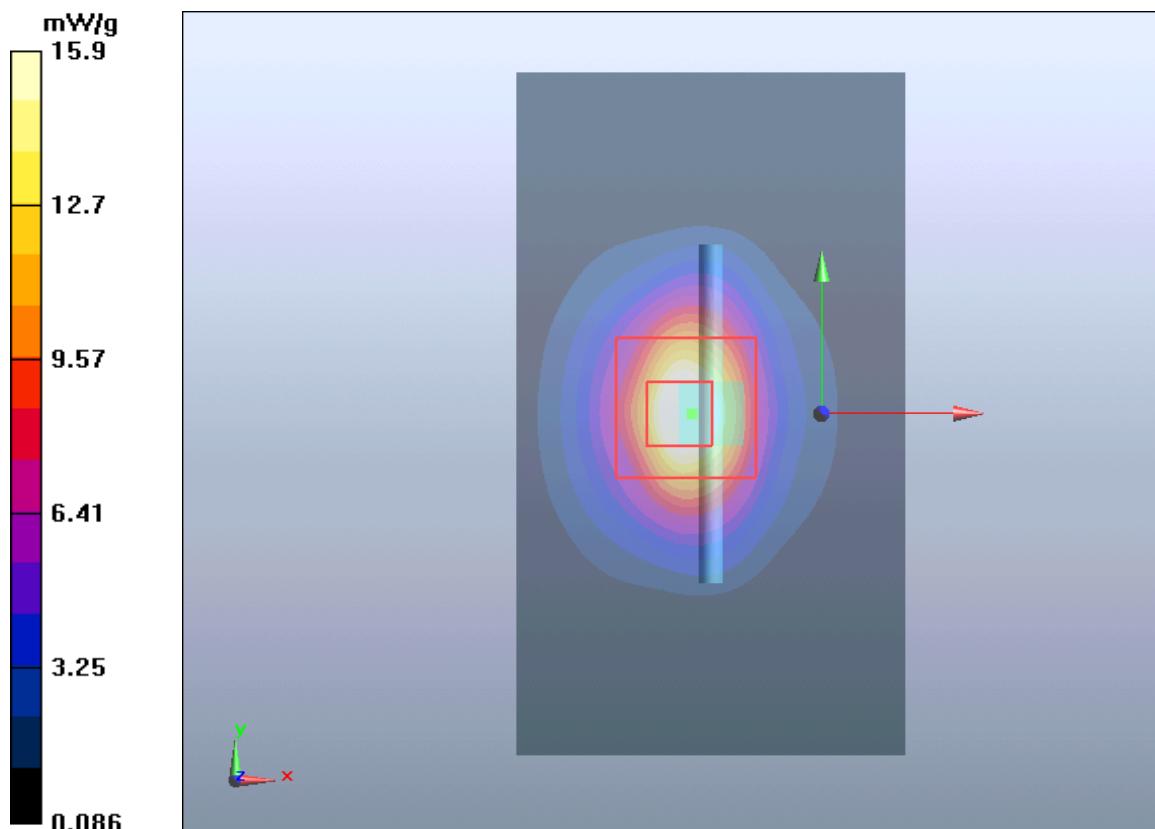
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 88.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.075 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.22 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.9 mW/g



## Plot 8 System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 786

Date: 9/1/2017

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.91 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1):** Measurement grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16 mW/g

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

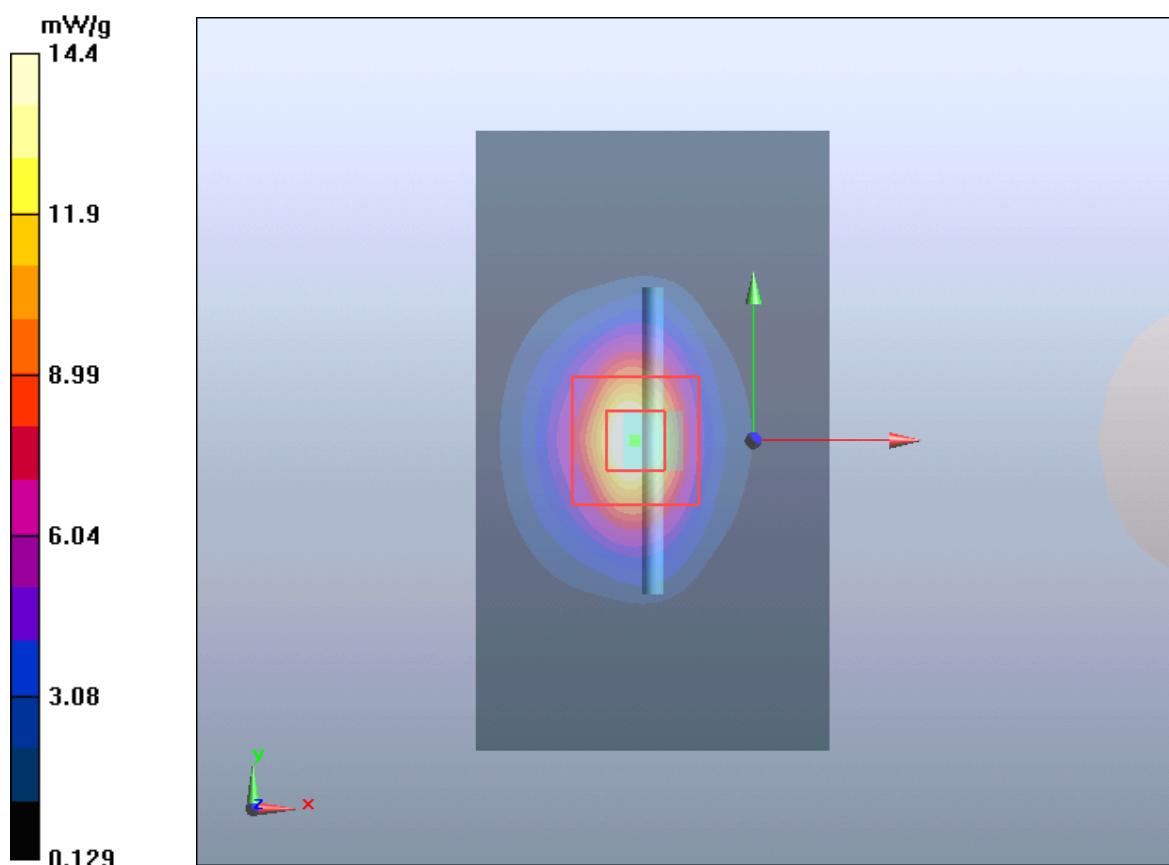
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 81.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.003 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 12.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.20 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.4 mW/g



## Plot 9 System Performance Check at 2600 MHz Head TSL

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1025

Date: 8/31/2017

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2600 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 2.01 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.64, 7.64, 7.64); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1):** Measurement grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.439 mW/g

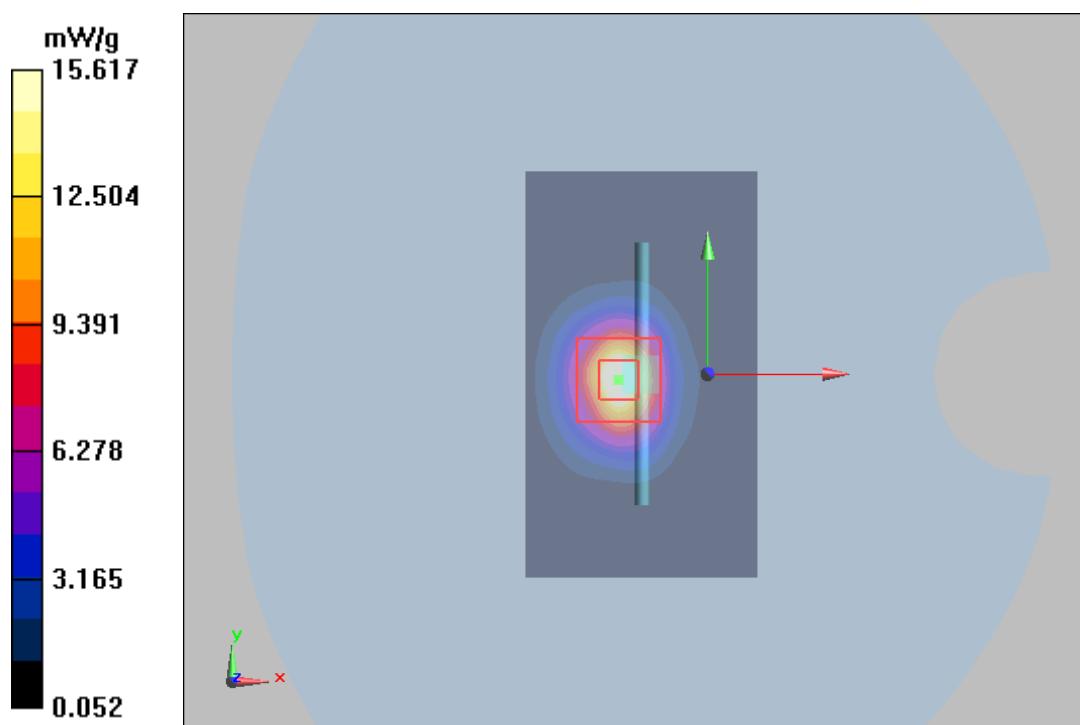
**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.998 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.858 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.9 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.07 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.617 mW/g



## Plot 10 System Performance Check at 2600 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1025

Date: 8/22/2017

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.08$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.63, 7.63, 7.63); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1):** Measurement grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.59 mW/g

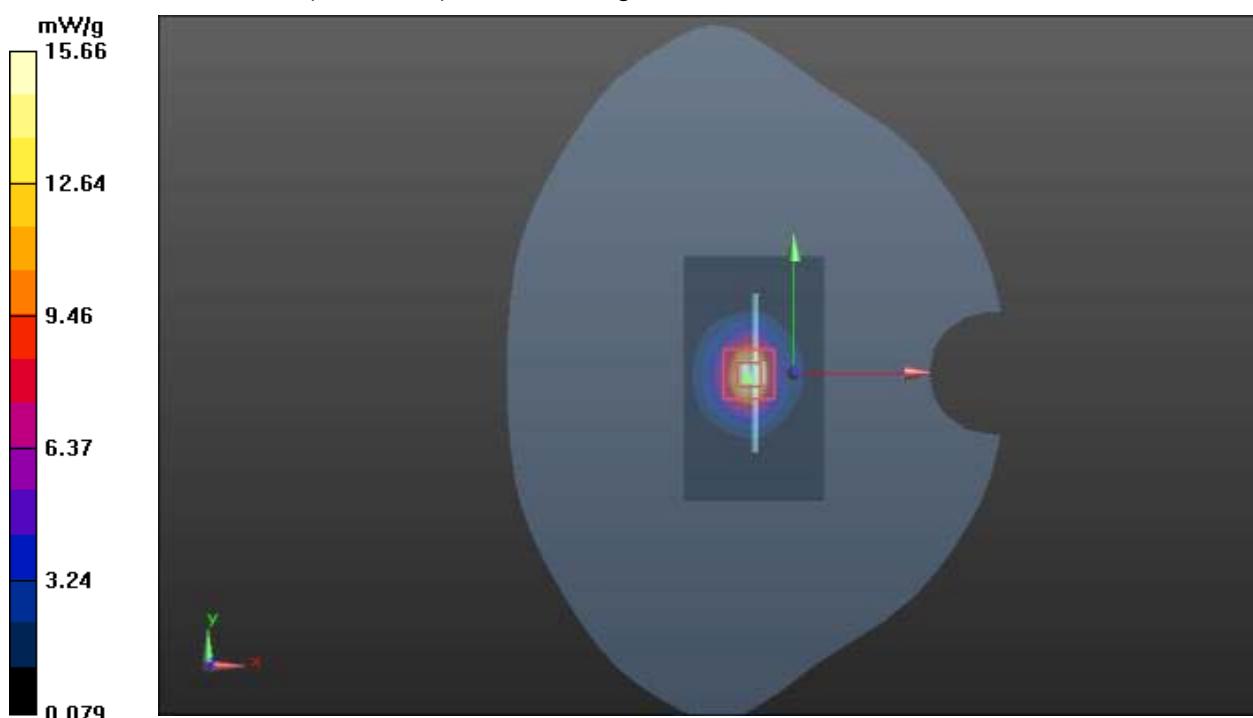
**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.998 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.858 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.88 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.09 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.66 mW/g



## ANNEX C: Highest Graph Results

### Plot 11 GSM 850 Left Cheek Middle

Date: 8/29/2017

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used:  $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.94 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 42.425$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.31, 9.31, 9.31); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Left Cheek Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.290 W/kg

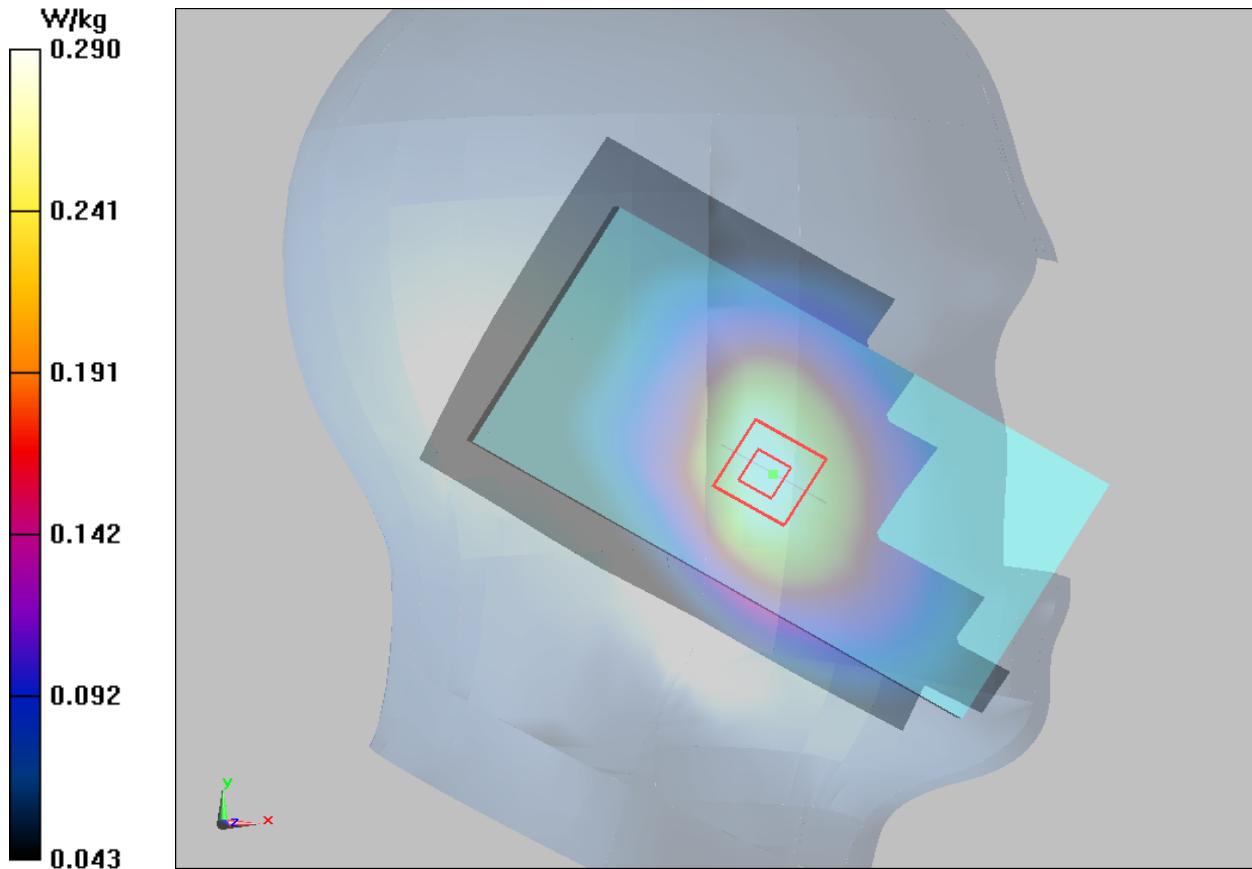
**Left Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.329 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.344 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.276 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.208 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.290 W/kg



## Plot 12 GSM 850 Back Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 9/5/2017

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used:  $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.013 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 55.395$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.74, 9.74, 9.74); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Back Side Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.322 W/kg

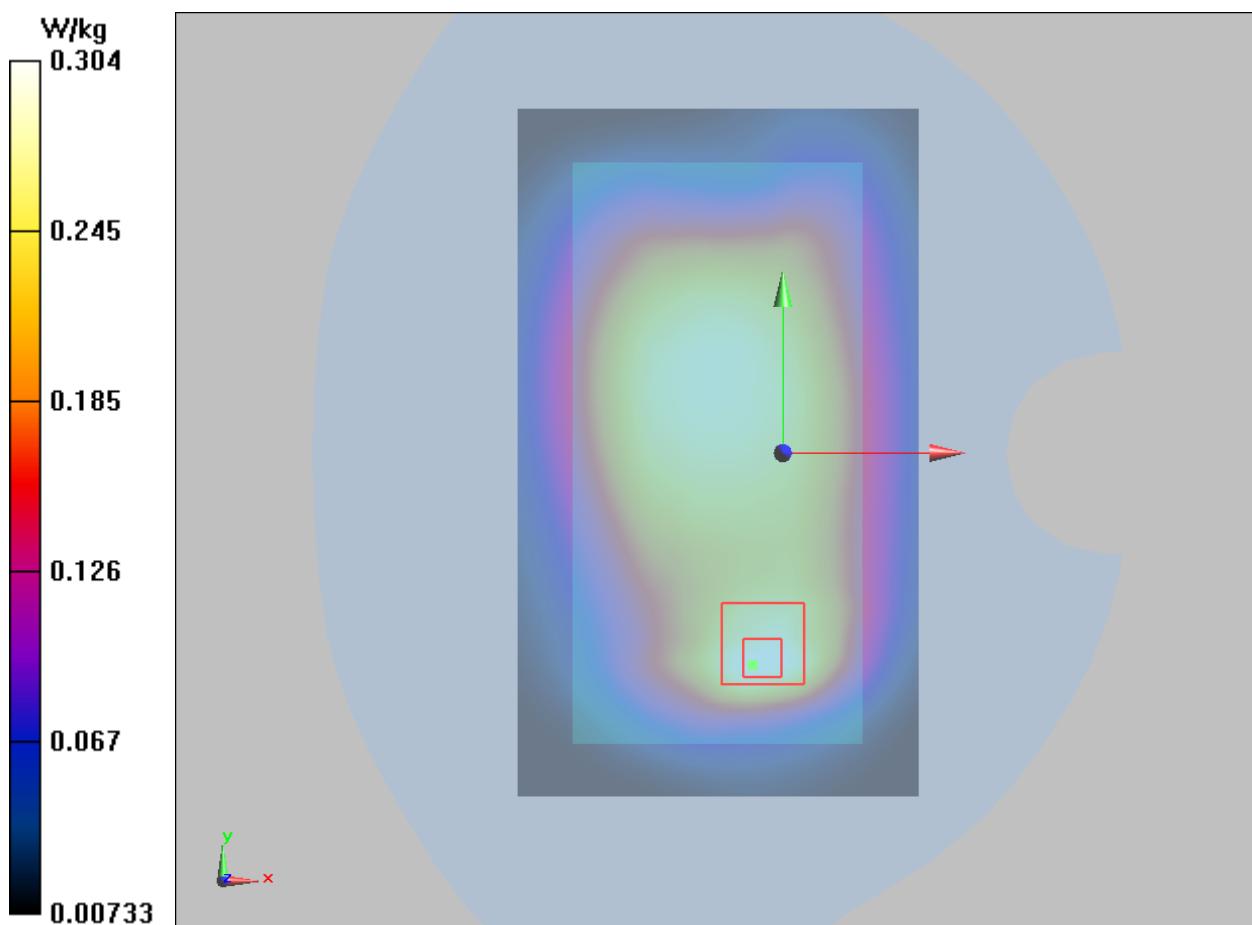
**Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.59 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.488 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.281 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.176 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.304 W/kg



## Plot 13 GSM 850 GPRS (2Txslots) Back Side Middle (SIM 2, Distance 10mm)

Date: 9/5/2017

Communication System: UID 0, 2 slot GPRS (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.14954

Medium parameters used:  $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.013 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 55.395$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.74, 9.74, 9.74); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Back Side Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.353 W/kg

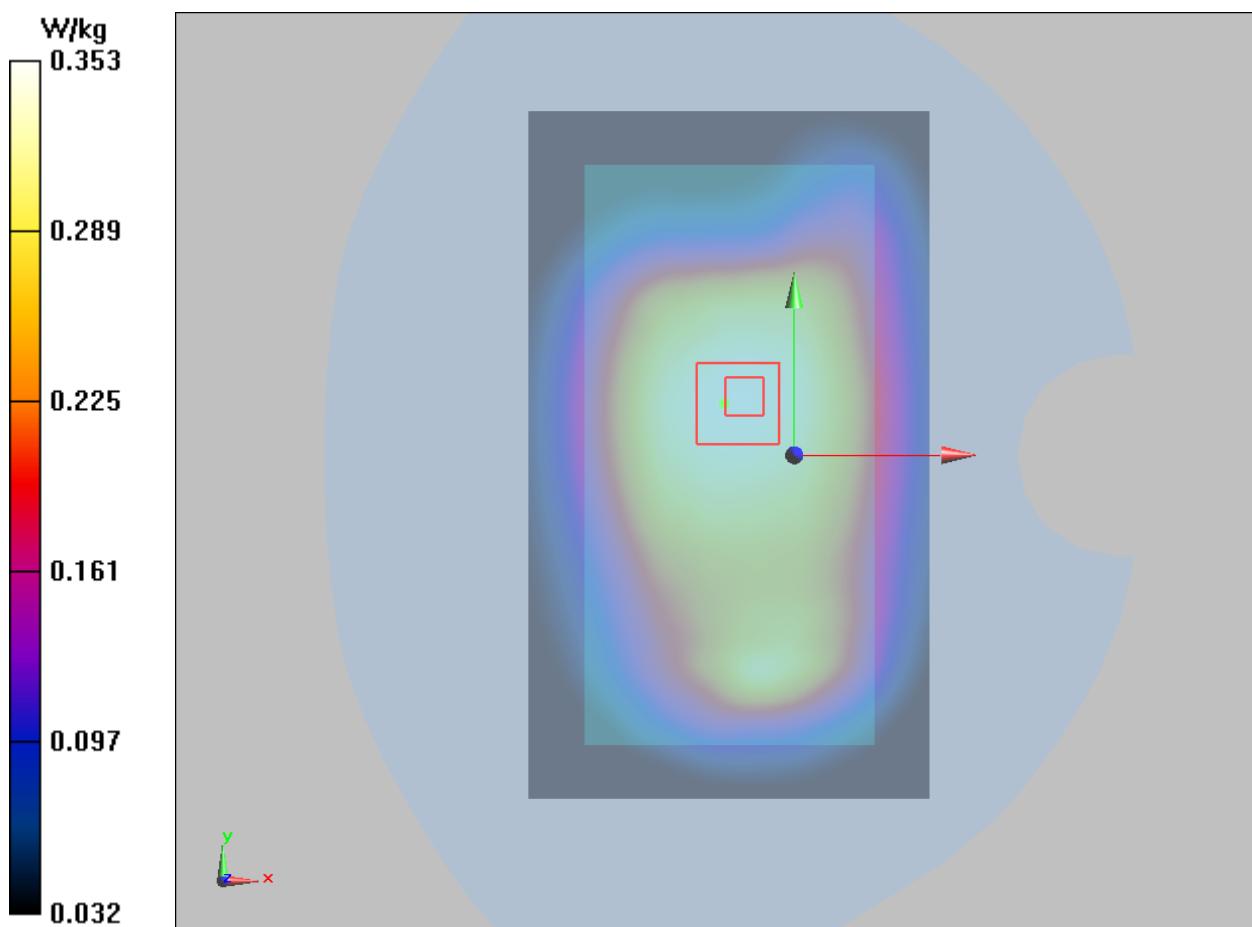
**Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.52 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.417 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.339 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.264 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.353 W/kg



## Plot 14 DTM 850 Left Cheek Middle

Date: 8/29/2017

Communication System: UID 0, 2 slot GPRS (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.14954

Medium parameters used:  $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.94 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 42.425$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.31, 9.31, 9.31); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Left Cheek Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.320 W/kg

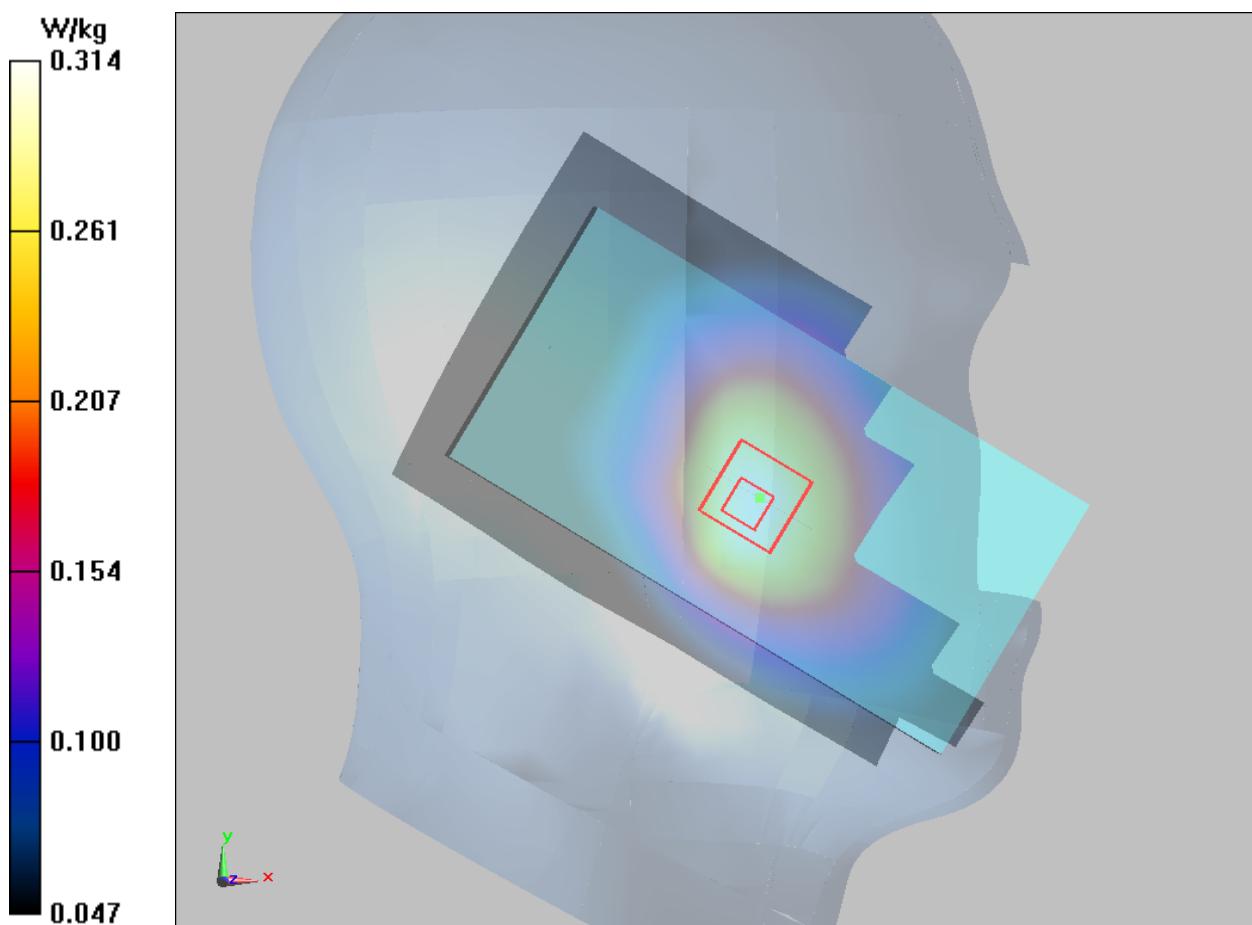
**Left Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.206 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.381 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.301 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.225 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.314 W/kg



## Plot 15 DTM 850 GSM&GPRS (2Txslots) Back Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 9/5/2017

Communication System: UID 0, 2 slot GPRS (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.14954

Medium parameters used:  $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.013 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 55.395$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.74, 9.74, 9.74); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Back Side Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.352 W/kg

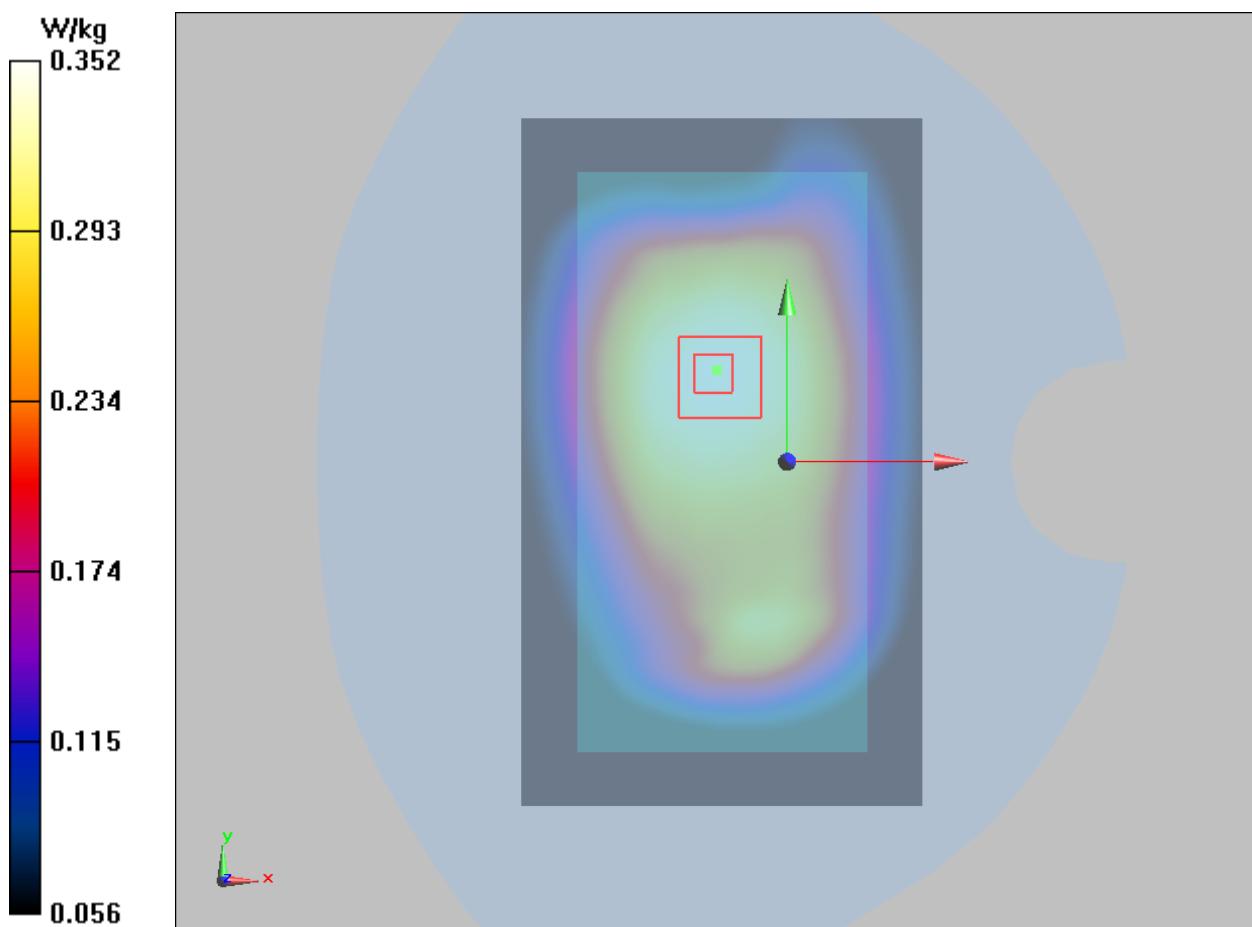
**Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.82 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.414 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.337 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.261 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.352 W/kg



## Plot 16 GSM 1900 Right Cheek Middle (SIM 2)

Date: 8/29/2017

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.364 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.415$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.39, 8.39, 8.39); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Right Cheek Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0729 W/kg

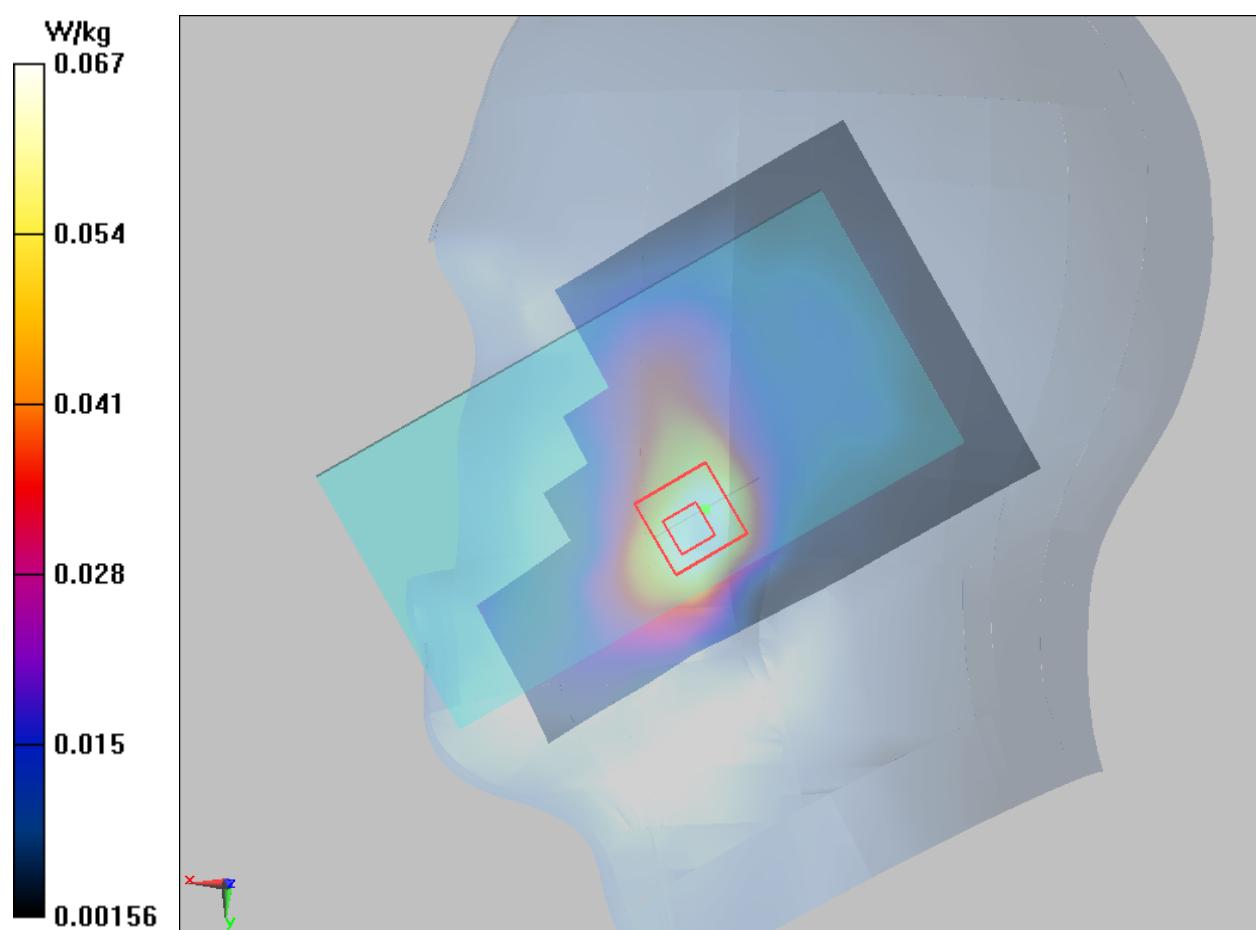
**Right Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.868 V/m; Power Drift = -0.036 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0930 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.064 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.040 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0672 W/kg



## Plot 17 GSM 1900 Back Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 8/28/2017

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.49 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.207$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.98, 7.98, 7.98); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Front Side Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.289 W/kg

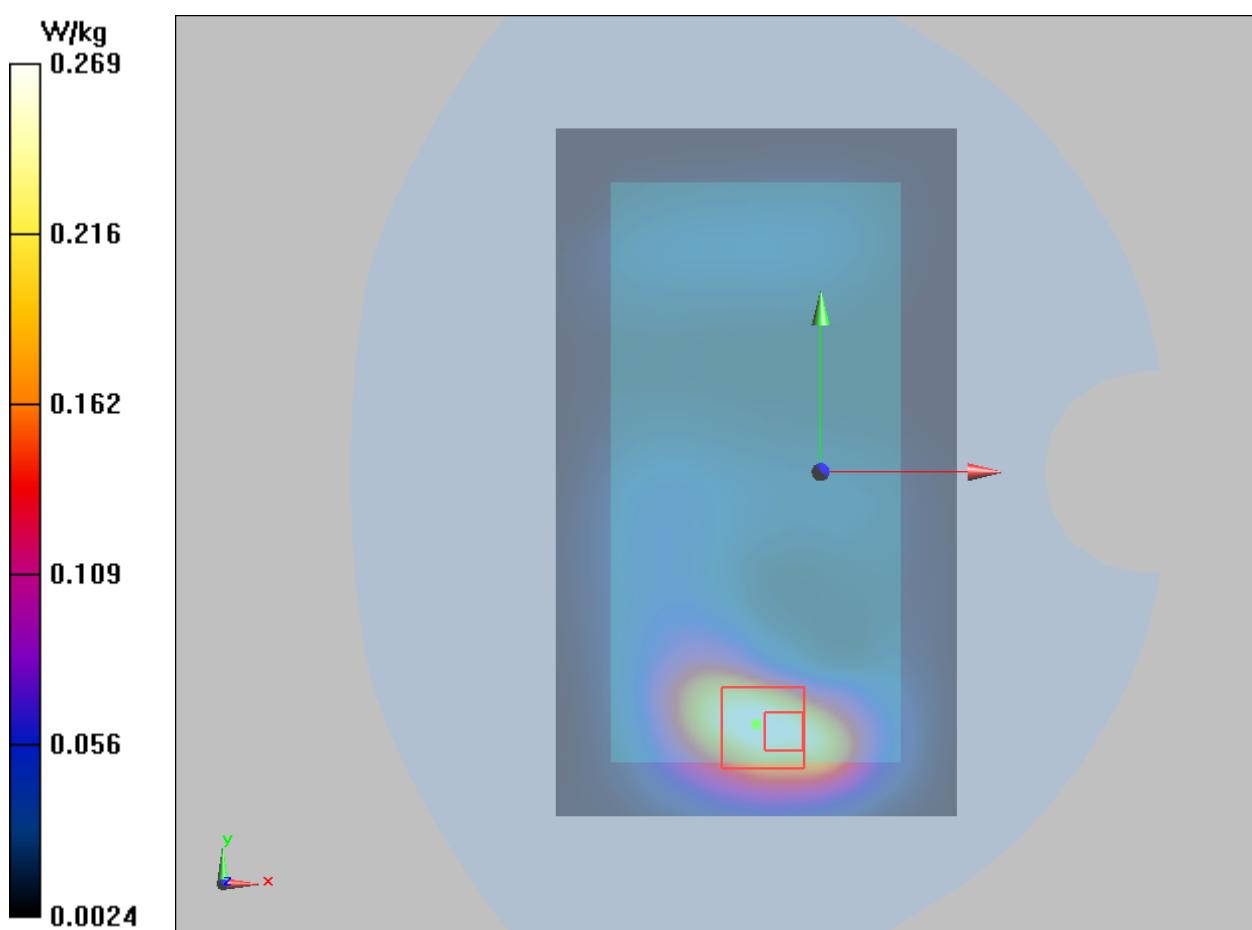
**Front Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.922 V/m; Power Drift = 0.038 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.416 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.246 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.143 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.269 W/kg



**Plot 18 GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Bottom Edge Middle (Distance 10mm)**

Date: 8/28/2017

Communication System: UID 0, 4 slot GPRS (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.07491

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.49 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.207$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.98, 7.98, 7.98); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Bottom Edge Middle/Area Scan (51x111x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.429 W/kg

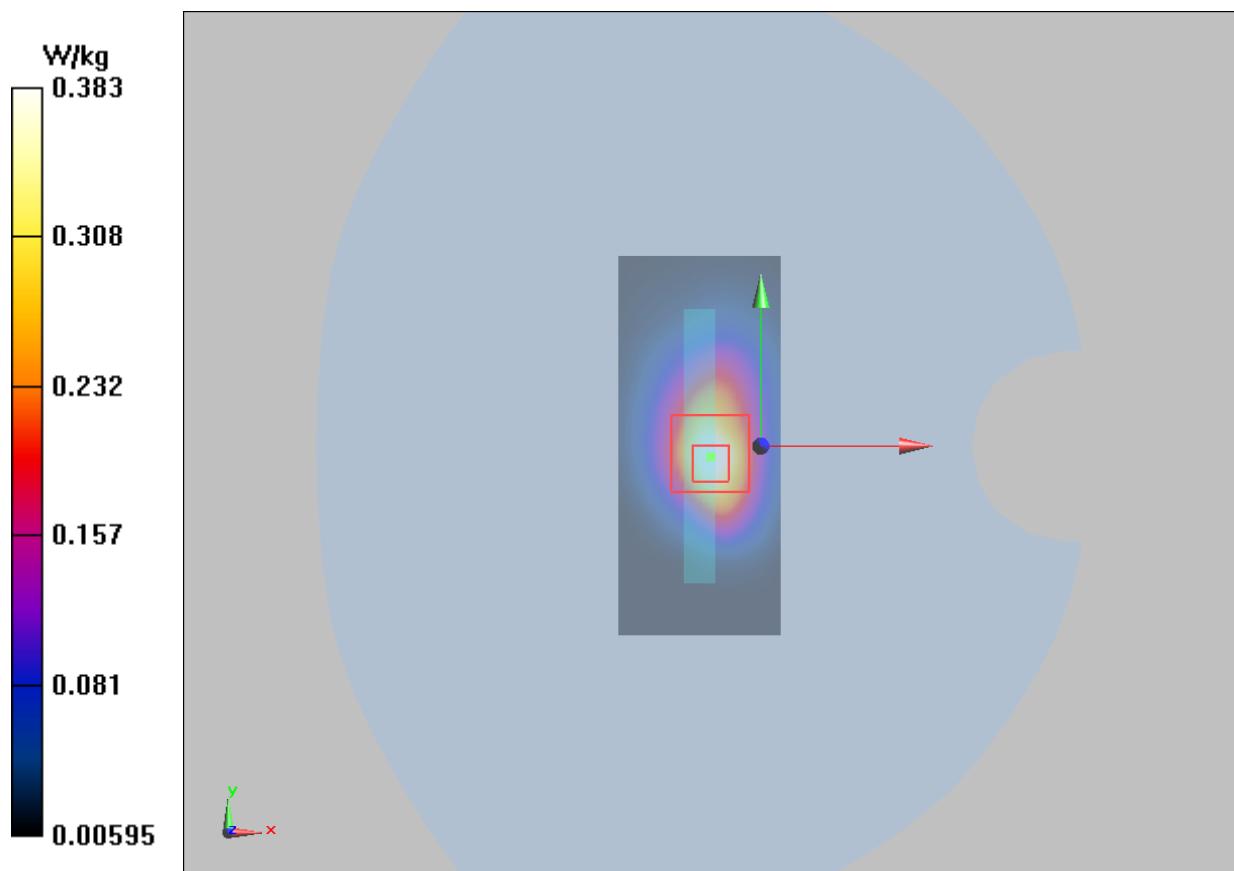
**Bottom Edge Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.81 V/m; Power Drift = -0.051 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.596 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.345 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.181 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.383 W/kg



## Plot 19 DTM 1900 Right Cheek Middle

Date: 8/29/2017

Communication System: UID 0, 2 slot GPRS (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.14954

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.364 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.415$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.39, 8.39, 8.39); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Right Cheek Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0671 W/kg

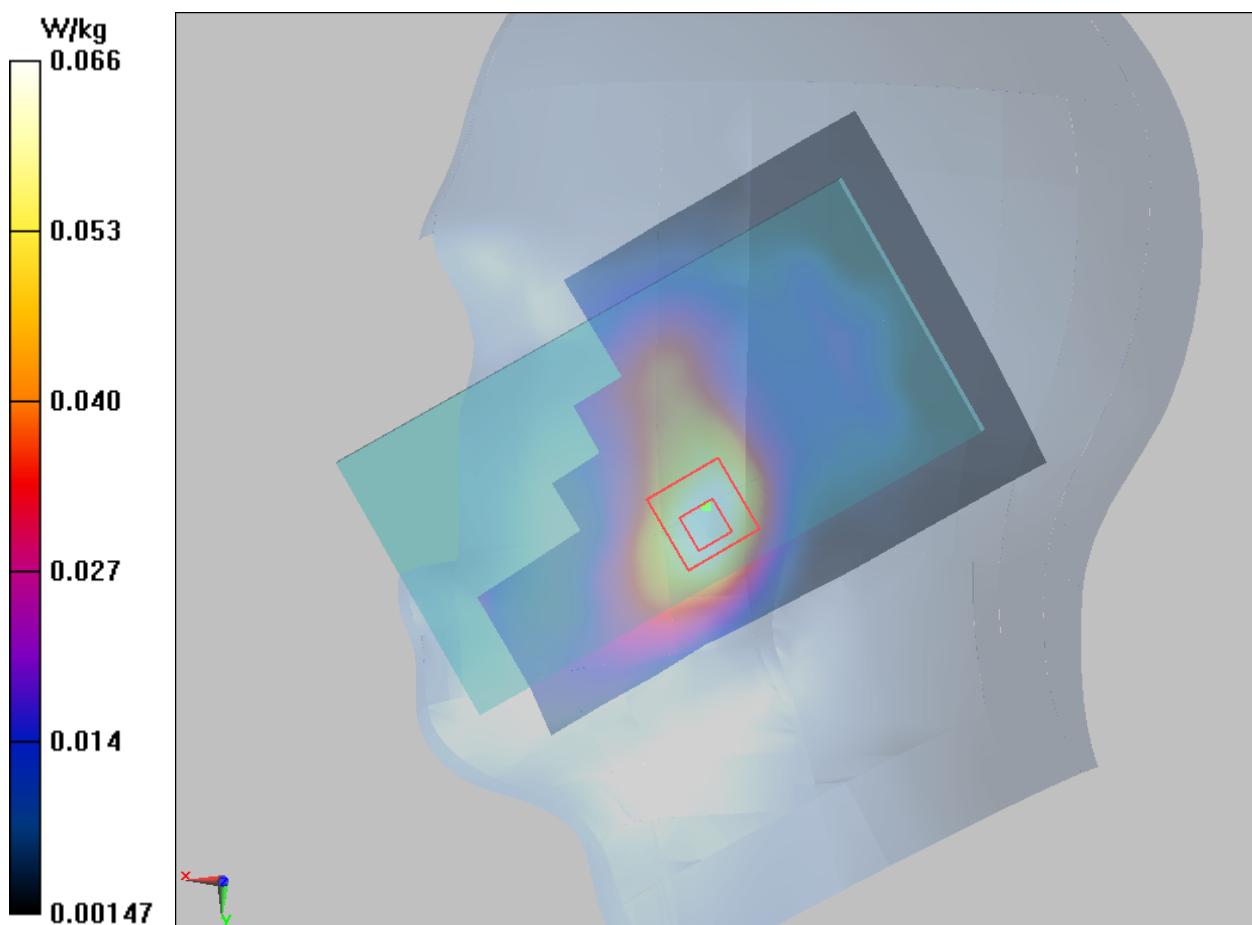
**Right Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.584 V/m; Power Drift = 0.105 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0900 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.063 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.040 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0656 W/kg



## Plot 20 DTM 1900 GSM&GPRS (2Txslots) Bottom Edge Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 8/28/2017

Communication System: UID 0, 2 slot GPRS (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.14954

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.49$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.207$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.98, 7.98, 7.98); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Bottom Edge Middle/Area Scan (51x111x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.620 W/kg

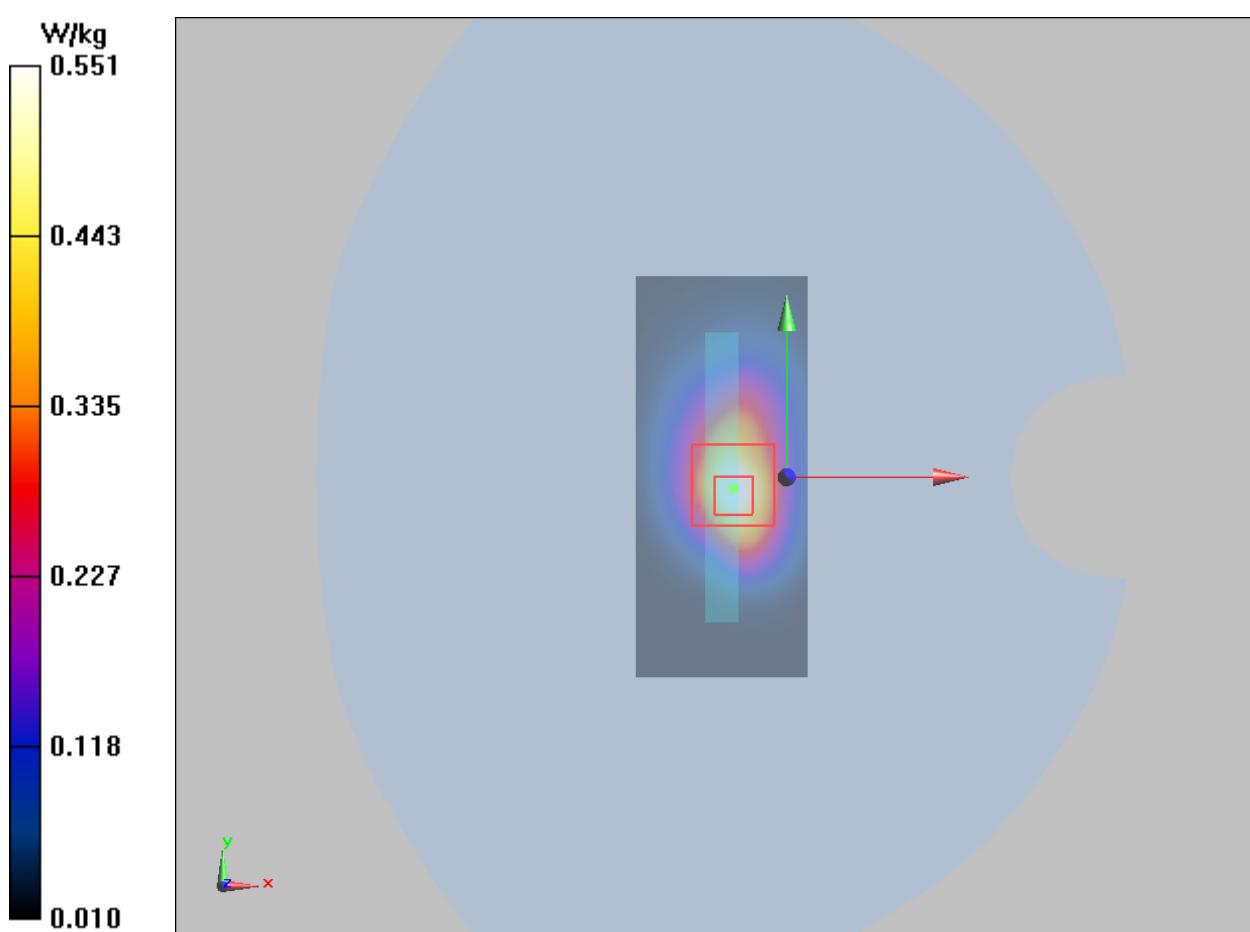
**Bottom Edge Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.52 V/m; Power Drift = 0.029 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.852 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.502 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.270 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.551 W/kg



## Plot 21 UMTS Band II Left Cheek Middle (SIM 2)

Date: 8/29/2017

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.364 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.415$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.39, 8.39, 8.39); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Left Cheek Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0999 W/kg

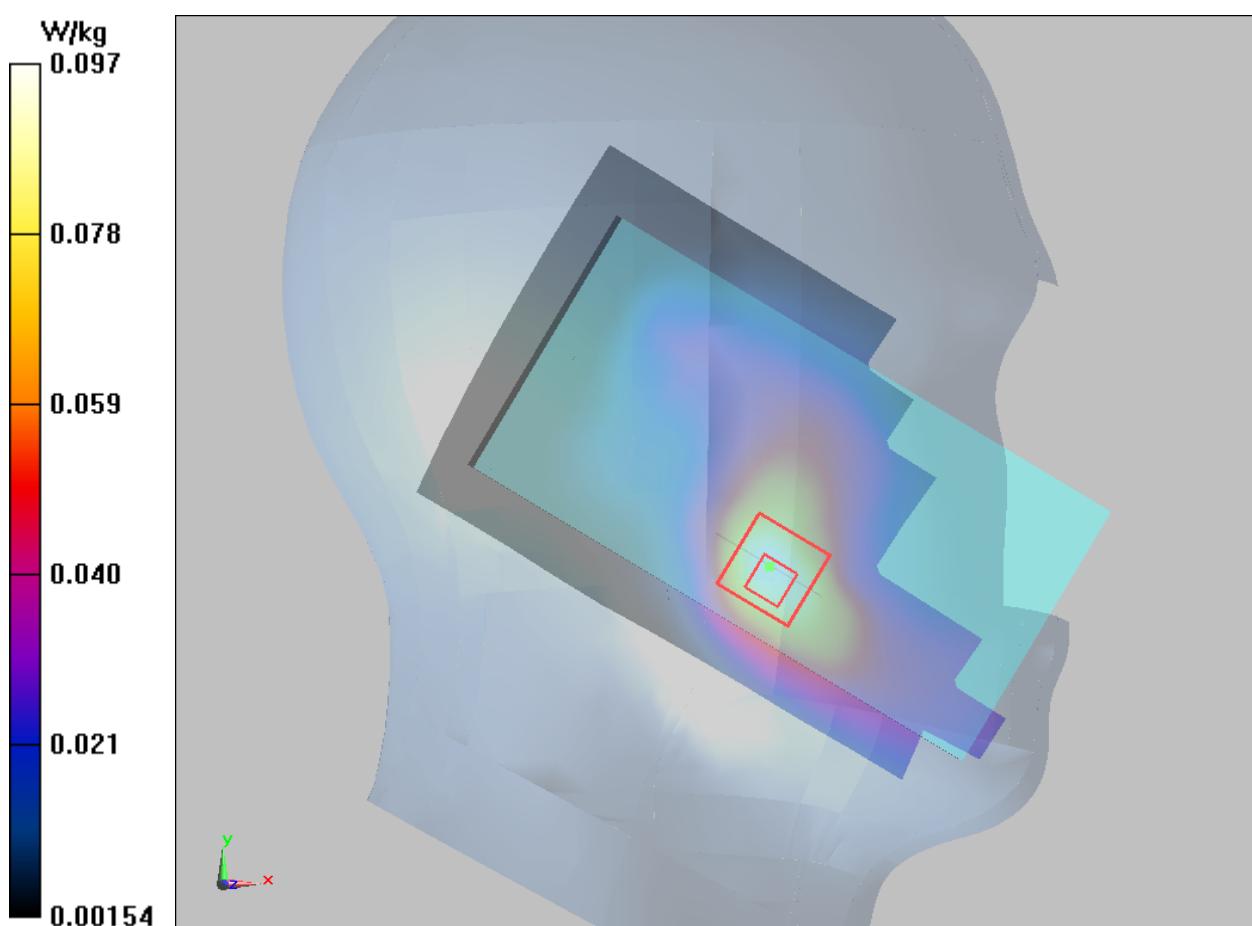
**Left Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.022 V/m; Power Drift = 0.051 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.142 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.091 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.056 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0971 W/kg



## Plot 22 UMTS Band II Bottom Edge Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 8/28/2017

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.49$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.207$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.98, 7.98, 7.98); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Bottom Edge Low/Area Scan (51x111x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.787 W/kg

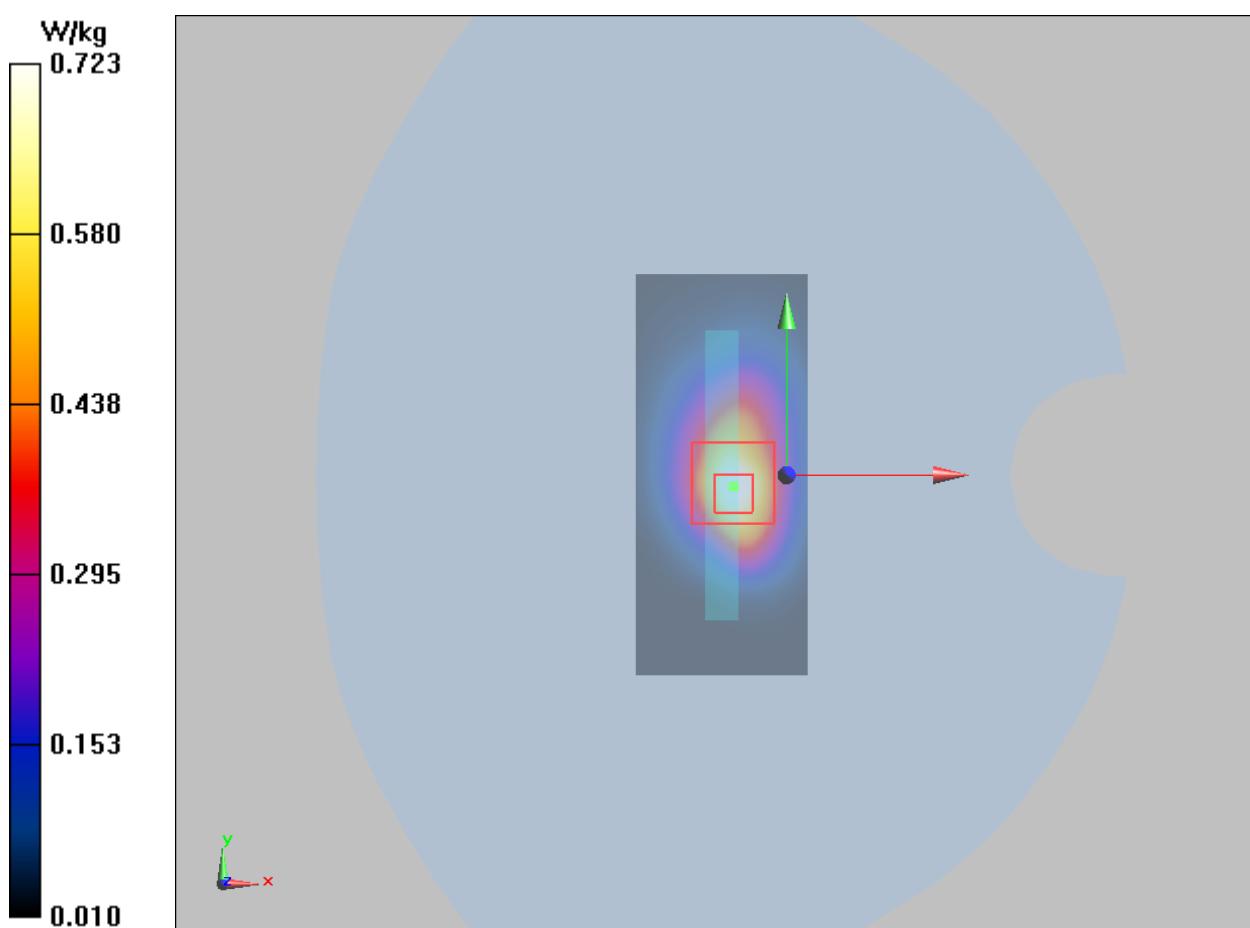
**Bottom Edge Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.61 V/m; Power Drift = -0.038 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.12 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.641 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.334 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.723 W/kg



## Plot 23 UMTS Band V Left Cheek Middle

Date: 8/29/2017

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.94 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 42.425$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.31, 9.31, 9.31); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Left Cheek Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.331 W/kg

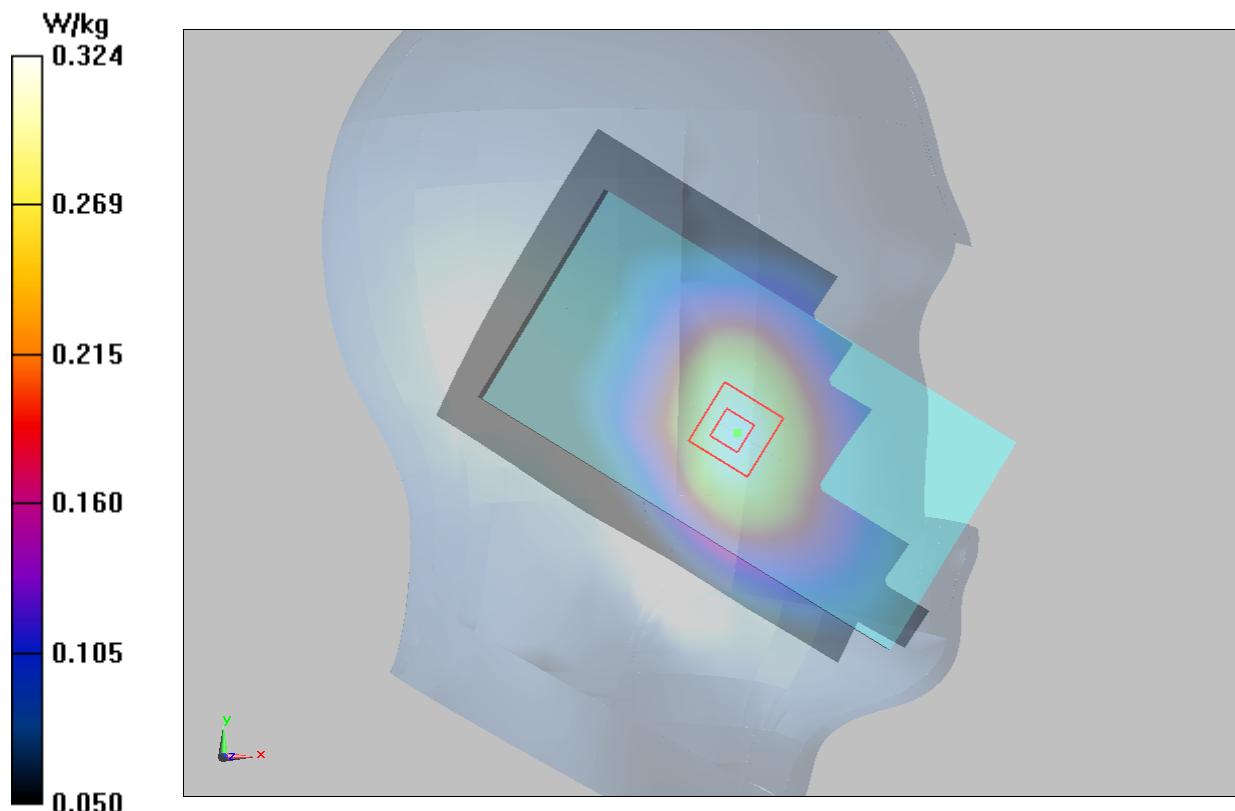
**Left Cheek Middle /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.627 V/m; Power Drift = 0.059 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.379 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.308 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.234 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.324 W/kg



## Plot 24 UMTS Band V Back Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 9/5/2017

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.013 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 55.395$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.74, 9.74, 9.74); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Back Side Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.312 W/kg

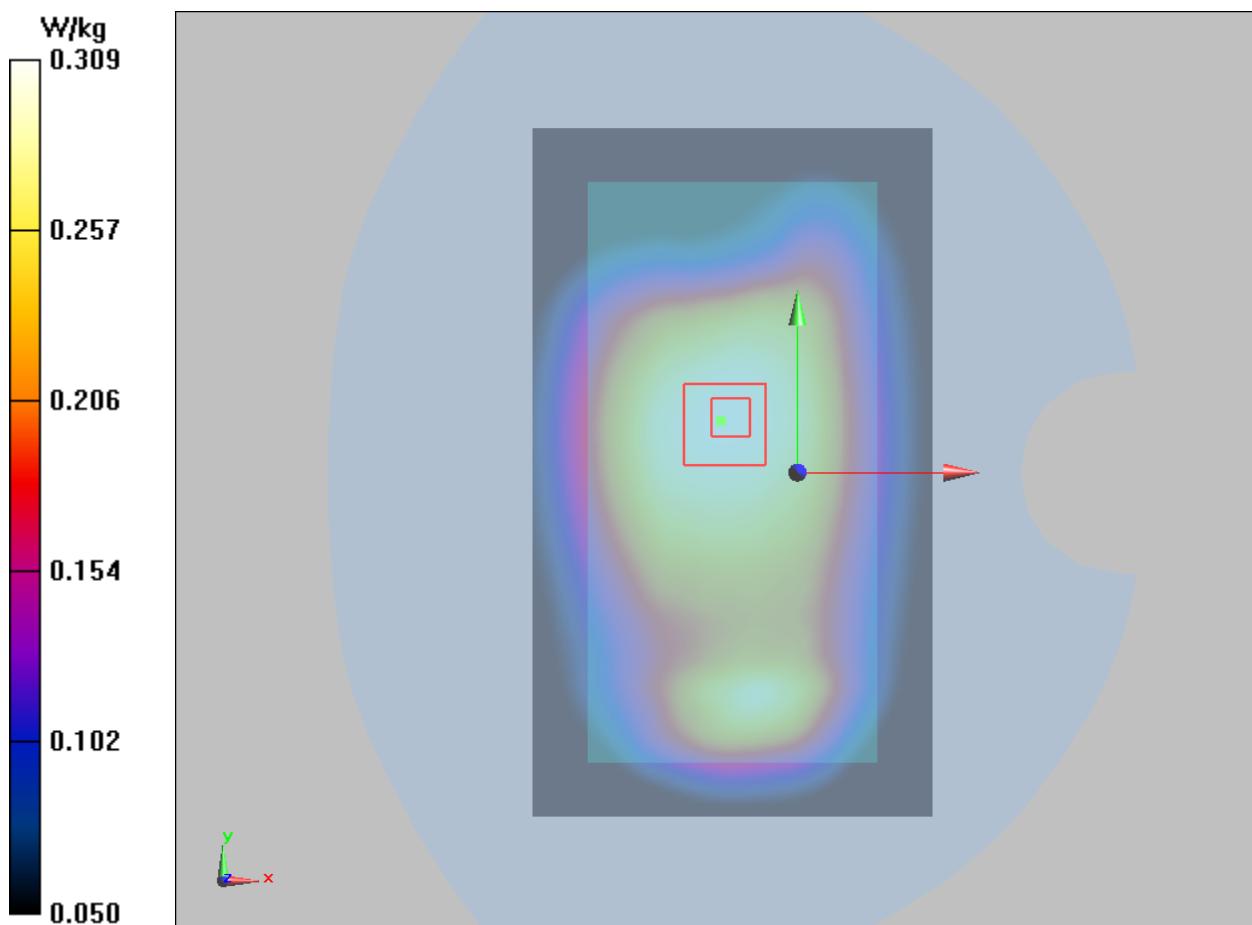
**Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.24 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.363 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.297 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.231 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.309 W/kg



## Plot 25 LTE Band 4 1RB Right Cheek High

Date: 8/30/2017

Communication System: UID 0, LTE\_FDD (0); Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1745 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.362 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 38.706$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.60, 8.60, 8.60); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Right Cheek Low/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0720 W/kg

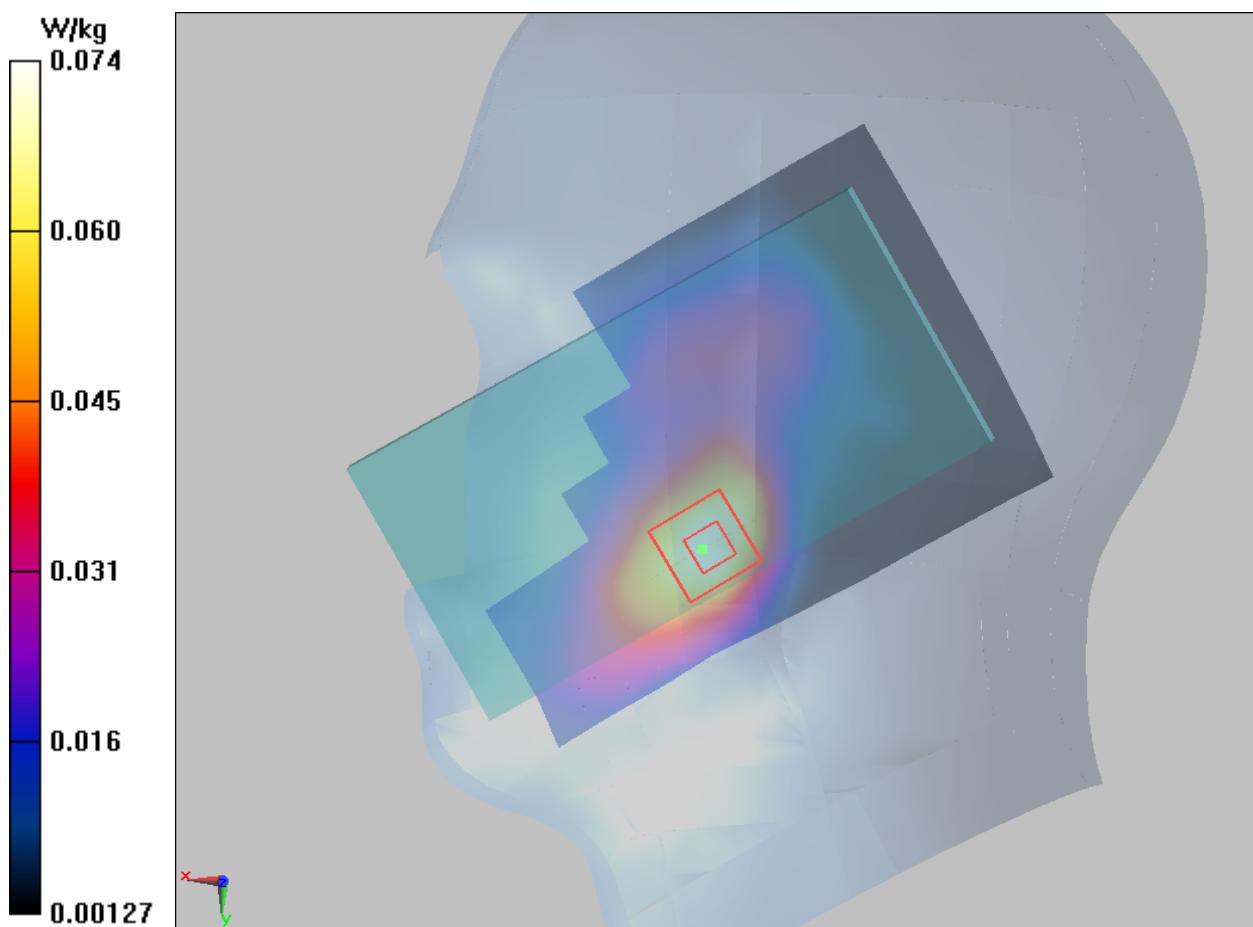
**Right Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.686 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.103 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.068 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.042 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0744 W/kg



## Plot 26 LTE Band 4 1RB Bottom Edge Low (Distance 10mm)

Date: 8/30/2017

Communication System: UID 0, LTE\_FDD (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1720 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.406 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.959$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.39, 8.39, 8.39); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Bottom Edge Low/Area Scan (51x111x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.13 W/kg

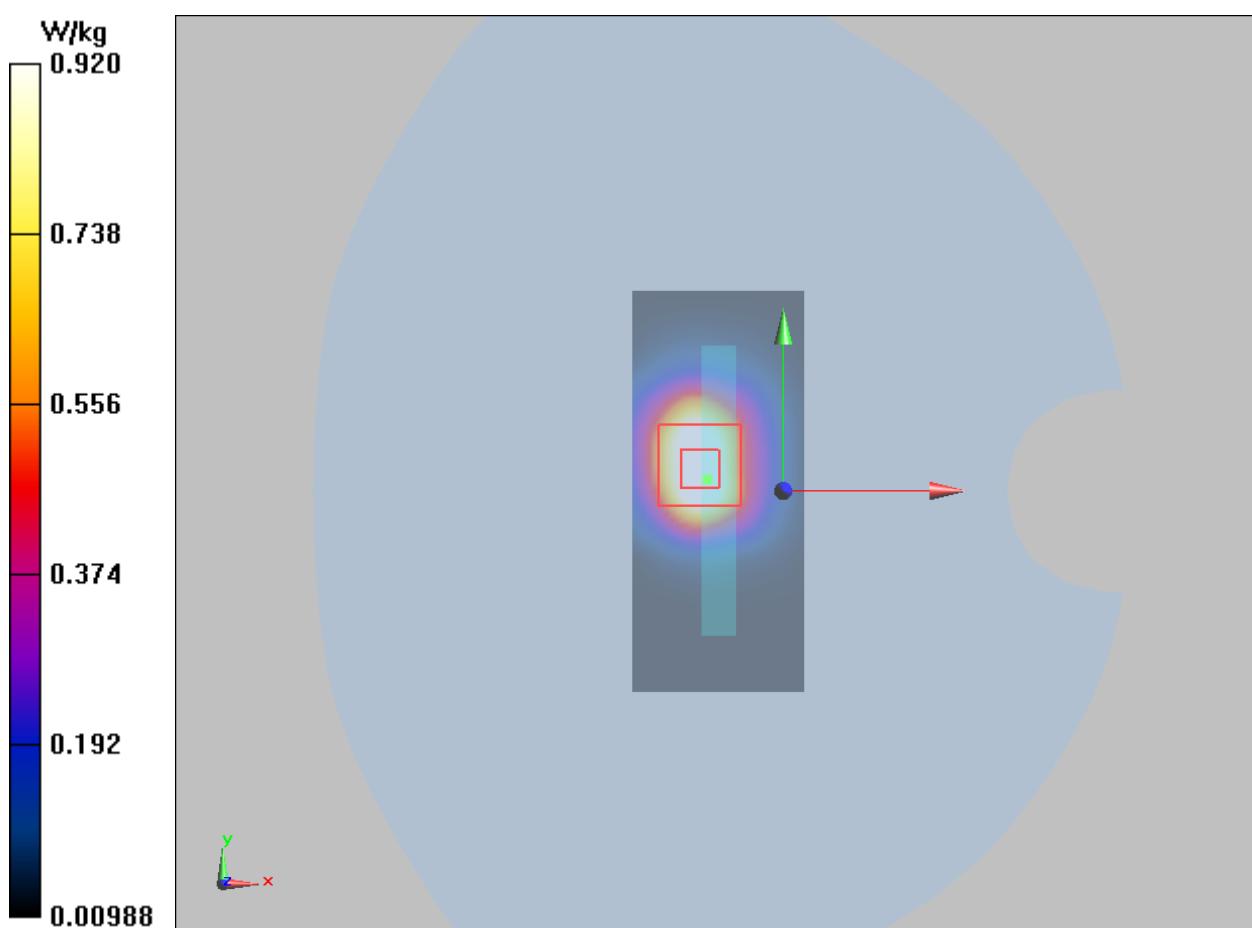
**Bottom Edge Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.71 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.42 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.846 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.467 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.920 W/kg



## Plot 27 LTE Band 5 1RB Right Cheek Low

Date: 8/29/2017

Communication System: UID 0, LTE\_FDD (0); Frequency: 829 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 829 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.932 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 42.527$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.31, 9.31, 9.31); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Right Cheek Low/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.320 W/kg

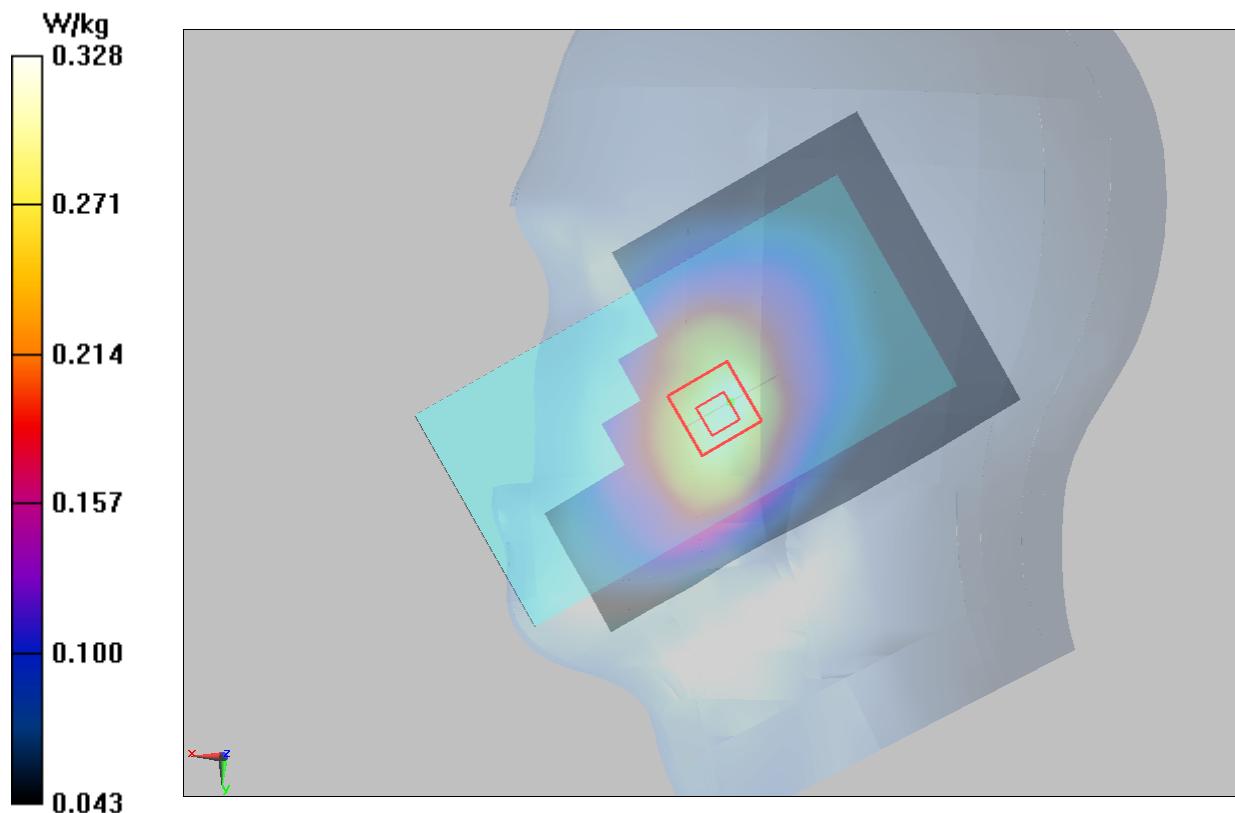
**Right Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.618 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.391 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.313 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.231 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.328 W/kg



## Plot 28 LTE Band 5 1RB Back Side Low (SIM 2, Distance 10mm)

Date: 9/5/2017

Communication System: UID 0, LTE\_FDD (0); Frequency: 829 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 829 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.005 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 55.487$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.74, 9.74, 9.74); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Back Side Low/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.570 W/kg

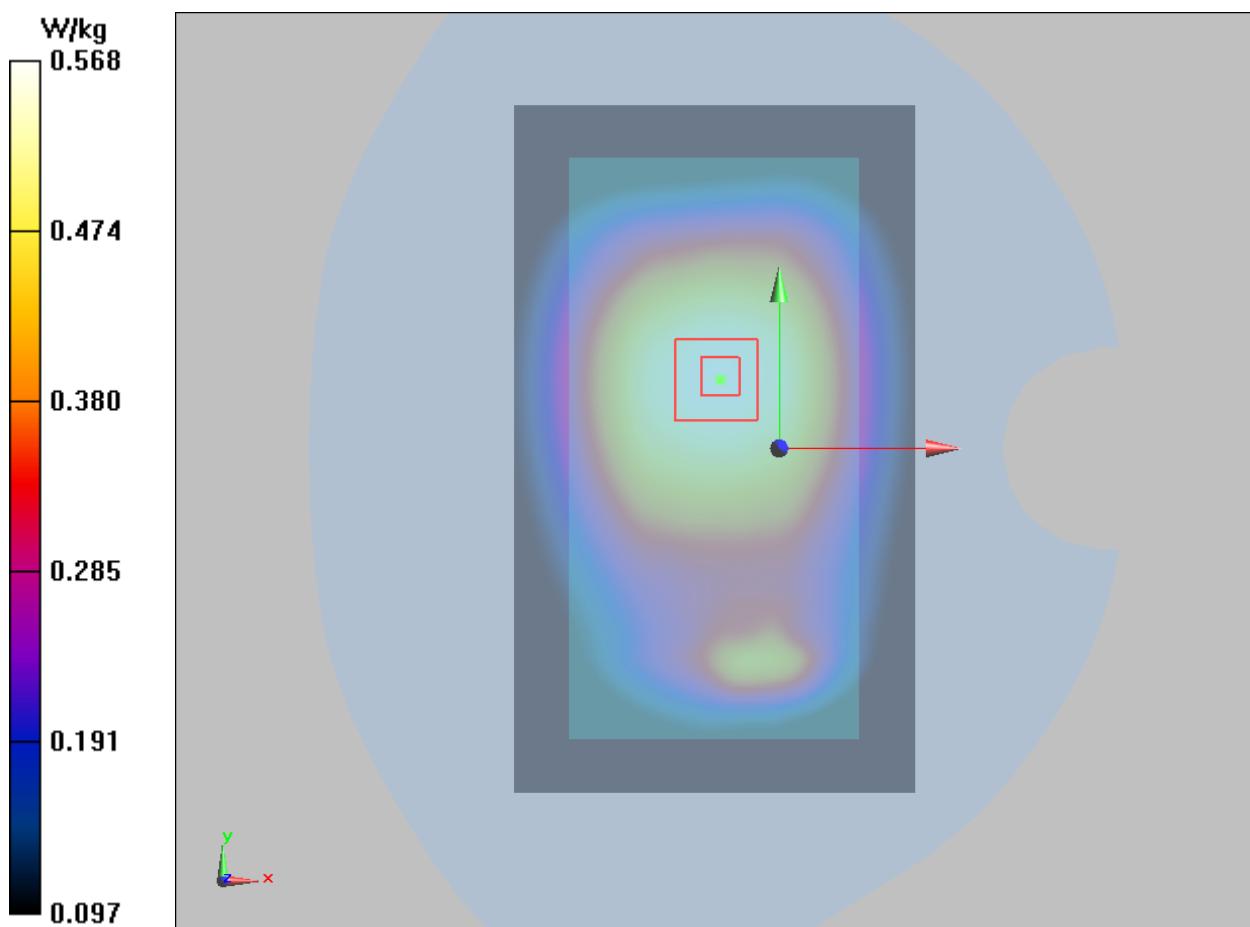
**Back Side Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.68 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.658 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.542 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.421 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.568 W/kg



## Plot 29 LTE Band 7 1RB Right Cheek High

Date: 8/31/2017

Communication System: UID 0, LTE\_FDD (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2560 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.983 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 38.678$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.64, 7.64, 7.64); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Right Cheek High/Area Scan (91x151x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.200 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.200 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.135 W/kg

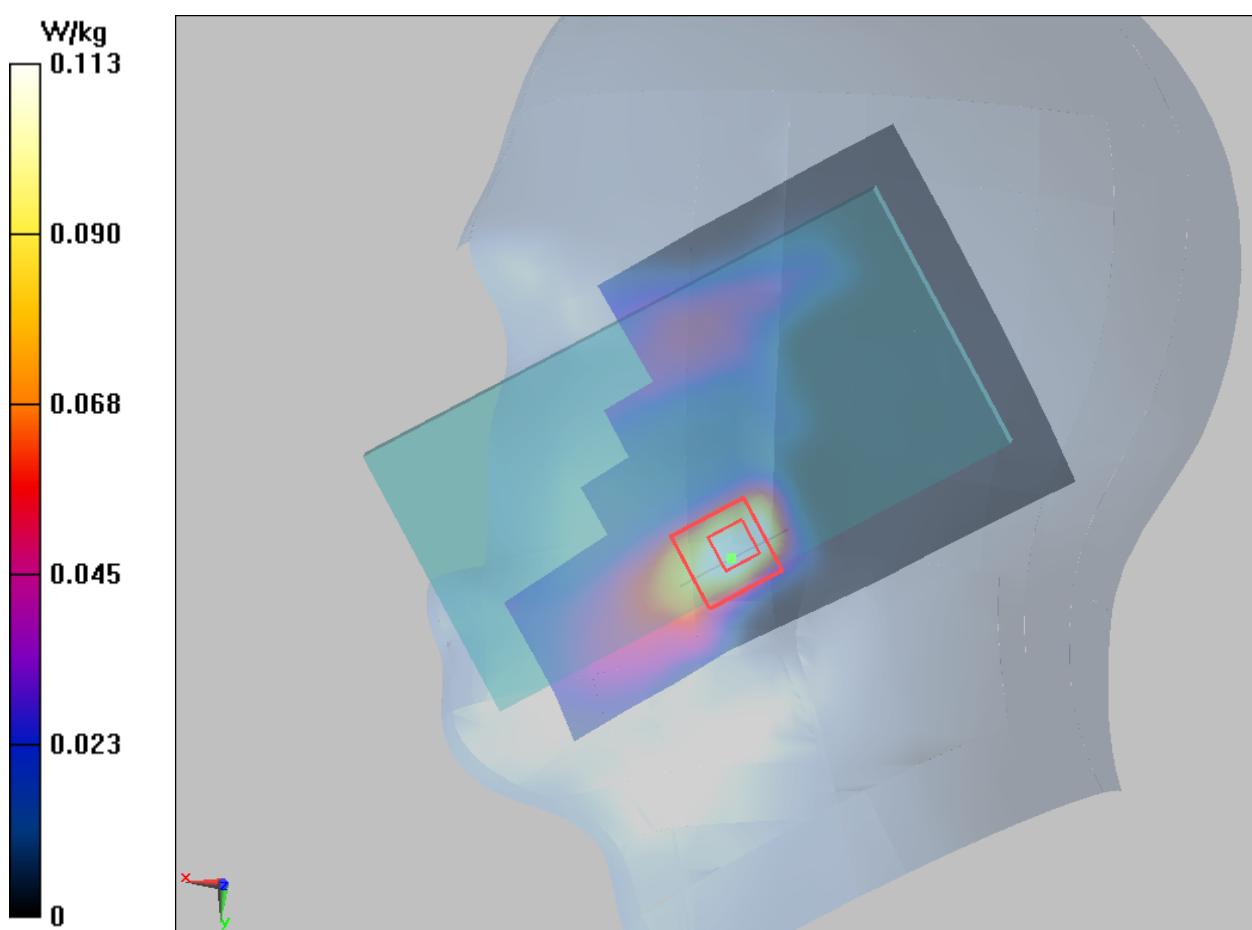
**Right Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 1.138 V/m; Power Drift = 0.052 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.201 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.104 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.051 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.113 W/kg



## Plot 30 LTE Band 7 1RB Back Side High (Distance 10mm)

Date: 8/22/2017

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2560 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 2.033 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.206$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.63, 7.63, 7.63); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Back Side High/Area Scan (91x151x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.557 W/kg

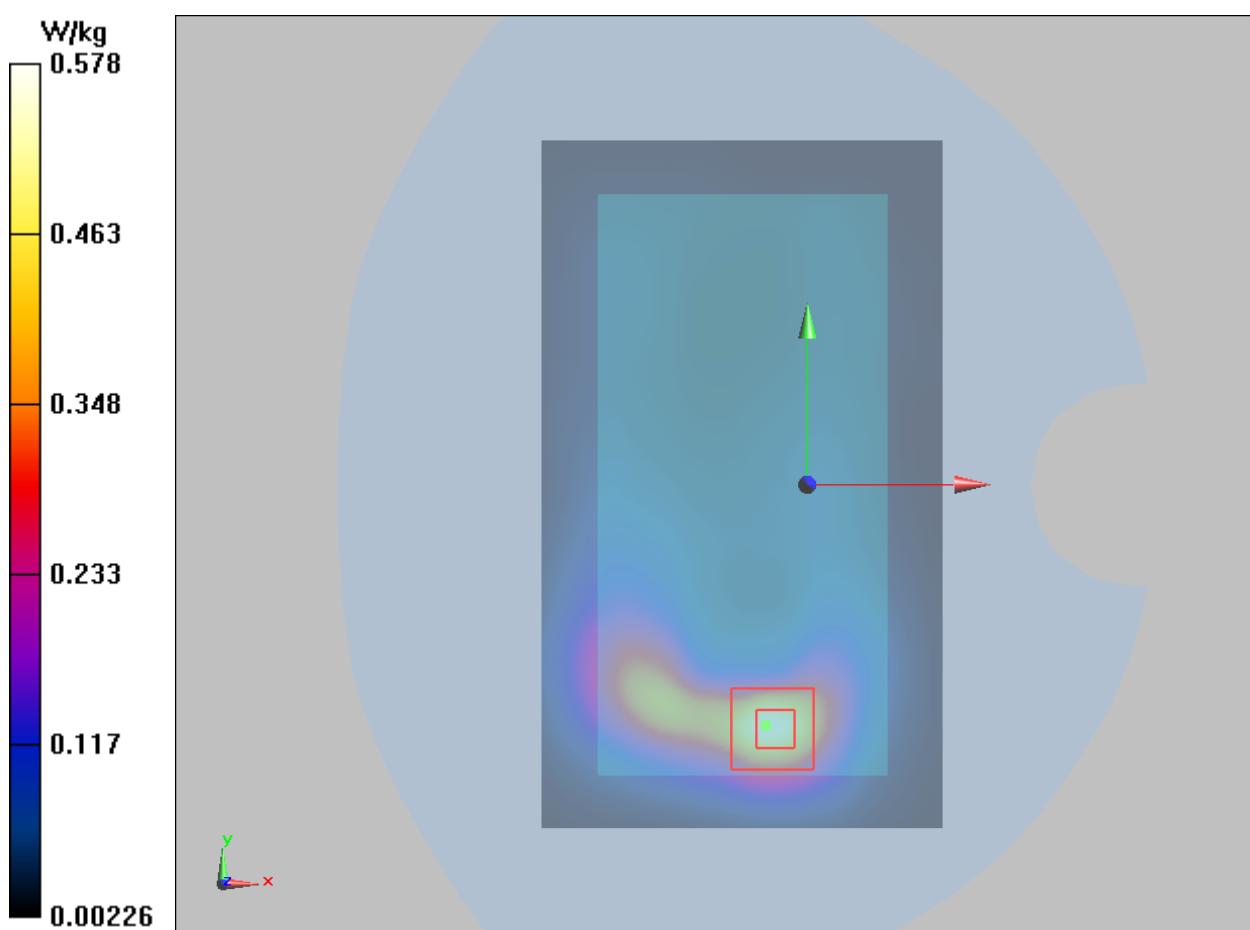
**Back Side High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.943 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.10 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.523 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.241 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.578 W/kg



**Plot 31 LTE Band 38 1RB Left Cheek Low (SIM 2)**

Date: 8/31/2017

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2580 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.57979

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2580 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.988 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.388$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.64, 7.64, 7.64); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Left Cheek Low/Area Scan (91x151x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.203 W/kg

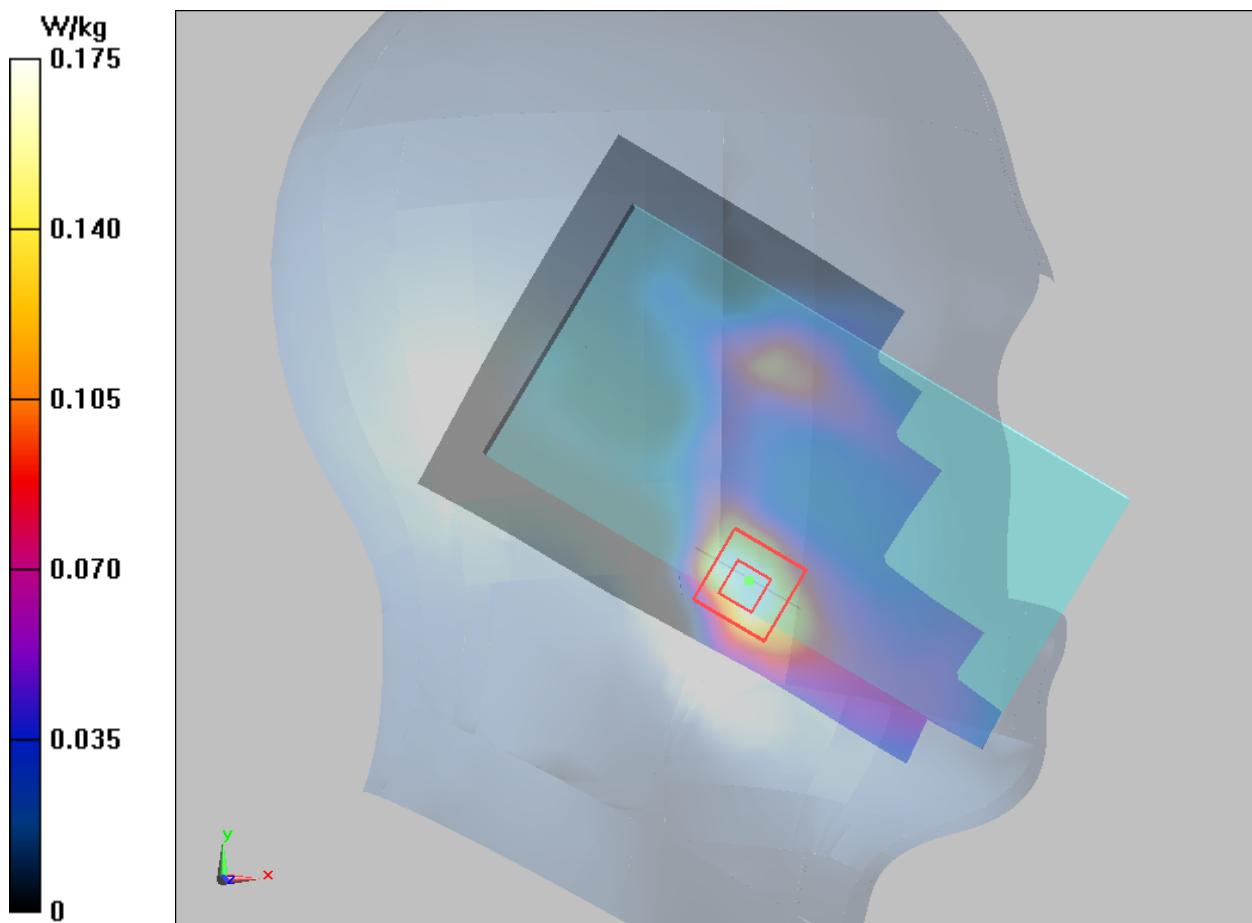
**Left Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.144 V/m; Power Drift = 0.039 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.260 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.157 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.082 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.175 W/kg



## Plot 32 LTE Band 38 1RB Bottom Edge Low (Distance 10mm)

Date: 8/22/2017

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2580 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.57979

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2580 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 2.112 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.264$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.63, 7.63, 7.63); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Bottom Edge Low/Area Scan (51x111x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.04 W/kg

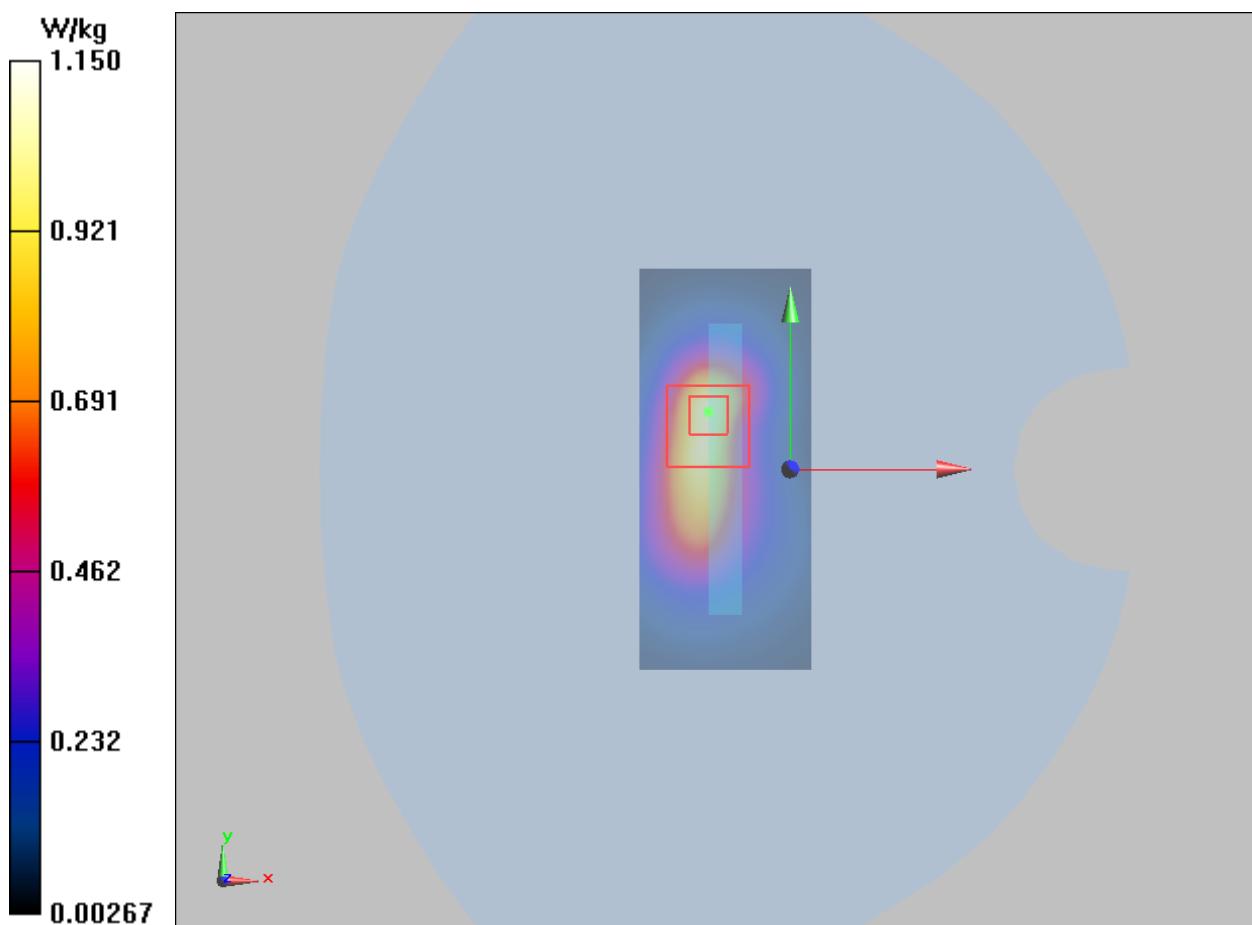
**Bottom Edge Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.99 V/m; Power Drift = 0.026 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.97 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.991 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.472 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.15 W/kg



## Plot 33 802.11b Left Cheek High

Date: 8/30/2017

Communication System: UID 0, WiFi (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0235

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.874 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.037$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.90, 7.90, 7.90); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Left Cheek High/Area Scan (91x151x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.21 W/kg

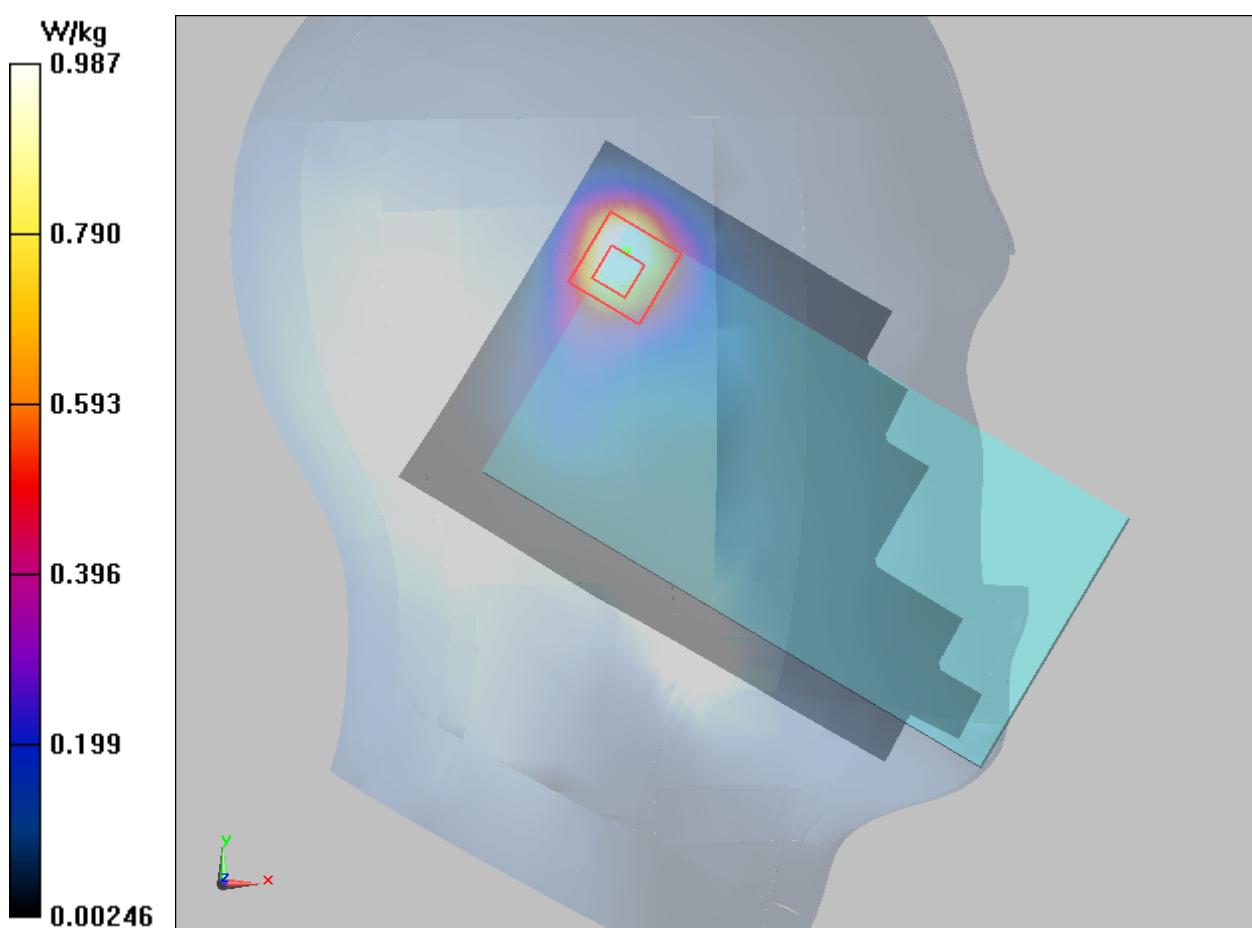
**Left Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.98 V/m; Power Drift = 0.059 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.07 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.880 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.431 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.987 W/kg



## Plot 34 802.11b Front Side High (Distance 10mm)

Date: 9/1/2017

Communication System: UID 0, WiFi (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0235

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.918 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.42$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Front Side High/Area Scan (91x151x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.246 W/kg

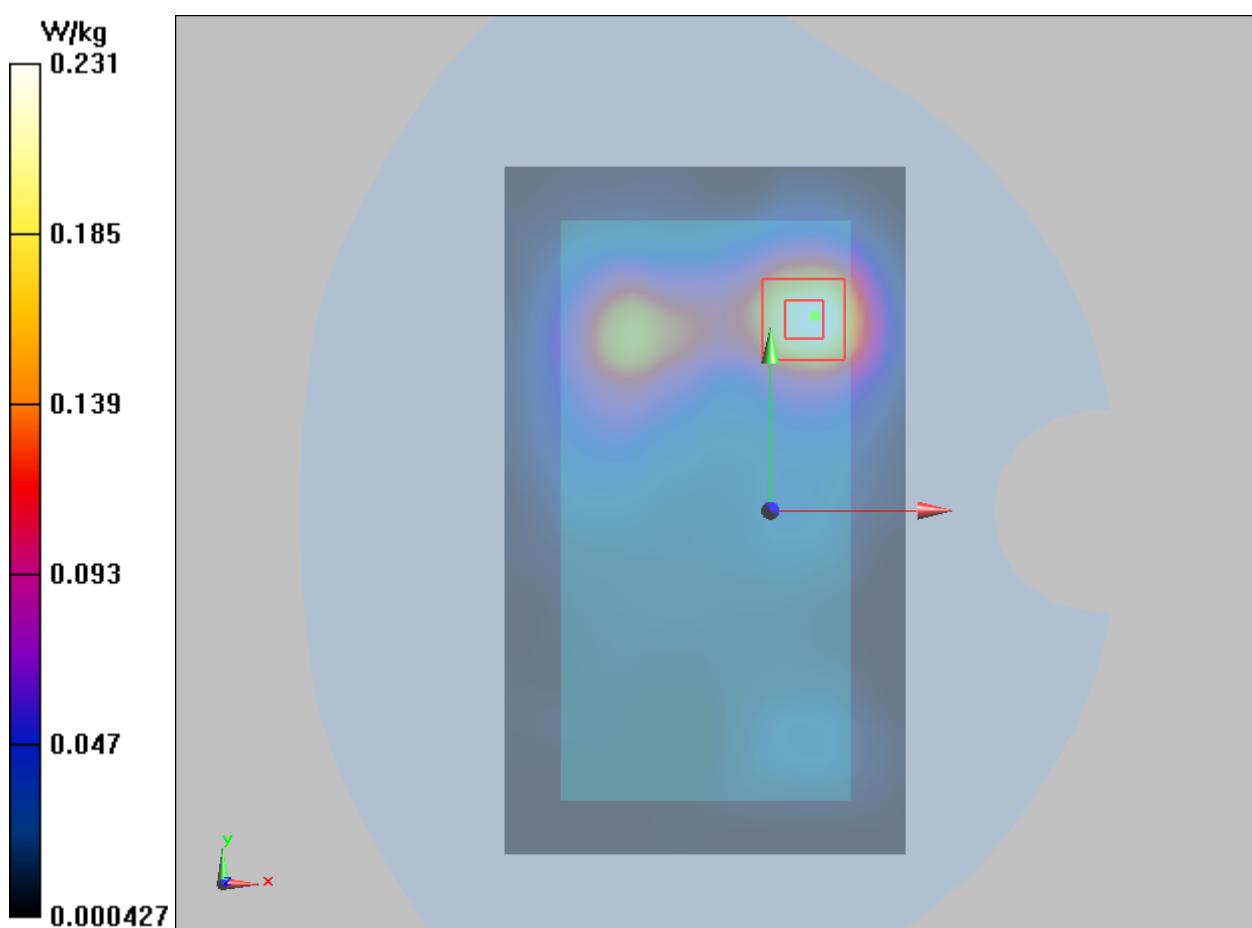
**Front Side High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.978 V/m; Power Drift = 0.043 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.427 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.214 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.109 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.231 W/kg





## ANNEX D: Probe Calibration Certificate



In Collaboration with  
**SPEAG**  
 CALIBRATION LABORATORY

Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
 Tel: +86-10-62304633-2218 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2209  
 E-mail: ctll@chinattl.com [Http://www.chinattl.cn](http://www.chinattl.cn)



中国认可  
 国际互认  
 校准  
 CALIBRATION  
 CNAS L0570

Client

TA(Shanghai)

Certificate No: Z17-97012

### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3677

Calibration Procedure(s) FD-Z11-004-01  
 Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date: January 23, 2017

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature( $22\pm3$ )°C and humidity<70%.

#### Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)	Jun-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)	Jun-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)	Jun-17
Reference10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dB	13-Mar-16(CTTL, No.J16X01547)	Mar-18
Reference20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dB	13-Mar-16(CTTL, No.J16X01548)	Mar-18
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7433	26-Sep-16(SPEAG, No.EX3-7433_Sep16)	Sep-17
DAE4	SN 549	13-Dec-16(SPEAG, No.DAE4-549_Dec16)	Dec -17
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGeneratorMG3700A	6201052605	27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04776)	Jun-17
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	26-Jan-16 (CTTL, No.J16X00894)	Jan -17

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	
Approved by:	Lu Bingsong	Deputy Director of the laboratory	

Issued: January 24, 2017

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.