

# TEST REPORT

FCC ID: 2AG68BT515

Product: Bluetooth Earphone

Model No.: BT515

Additional Model No.: BT515A, BT515E, BT515F, BT515G, BT515H, BT515L,  
BT515M, BT515W, GeekCases515, BT515B, BT515C, BT515D, BT515R,  
BT515P, BT515G

Trade Mark: N/A

Report No.: TCT171128E016

Issued Date: Dec. 05, 2017

Issued for:

Dongguan Koppo Electronics Co., Ltd.  
No.2 3 Road, Buxinji Industrial Area, Guanjingtou Village, Fenggang Town,  
Dongguan City, Guangdong Province, China

Issued By:

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**Appendix A: Test Result of Conducted Test****Appendix B: Photographs of Test Setup****Appendix C: Photographs of EUT**

## 1. Test Certification

<b>Product:</b>	Bluetooth Earphone
<b>Model No.:</b>	BT515
<b>Additional Model:</b>	BT515A, BT515E, BT515F, BT515G, BT515H, BT515L, BT515M, BT515W, GeekCases515, BT515B, BT515C, BT515D, BT515R, BT515P, BT515G
<b>Trade Mark:</b>	N/A
<b>Applicant:</b>	Dongguan Koppo Electronics Co., Ltd.
<b>Address:</b>	No.2 3 Road, Buxinji Industrial Area, Guanjingtou Village, Fenggang Town, Dongguan City, Guangdong Province, China
<b>Manufacturer:</b>	Dongguan Koppo Electronics Co., Ltd.
<b>Address:</b>	No.2 3 Road, Buxinji Industrial Area, Guanjingtou Village, Fenggang Town, Dongguan City, Guangdong Province, China
<b>Date of Test:</b>	Nov. 29, 2017 – Dec. 04, 2017
<b>Applicable Standards:</b>	FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247

The above equipment has been tested by Shenzhen Tongce Testing Lab. and found compliance with the requirements set forth in the technical standards mentioned above. The results of testing in this report apply only to the product/system, which was tested. Other similar equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

Tested By:

Jerry Xie

Date:

Dec. 04, 2017

Jerry Xie

Reviewed By:

Zenzhou

Date:

Dec. 05, 2017

Approved By:

Joe Zhou  
Tomsin

Date:

Dec. 05, 2017

Tomsin



## 2. Test Result Summary

Requirement	CFR 47 Section	Result
Antenna Requirement	§15.203/§15.247 (c)	PASS
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	§15.207	PASS
Conducted Peak Output Power	§15.247 (b)(1) §2.1046	PASS
20dB Occupied Bandwidth	§15.247 (a)(1) §2.1049	PASS
Carrier Frequencies Separation	§15.247 (a)(1)	PASS
Hopping Channel Number	§15.247 (a)(1)	PASS
Dwell Time	§15.247 (a)(1)	PASS
Radiated Emission	§15.205/§15.209 §2.1053, §2.1057	PASS
Band Edge	§15.247(d) §2.1051, §2.1057	PASS

**Note:**

1. PASS: Test item meets the requirement.
2. Fail: Test item does not meet the requirement.
3. N/A: Test case does not apply to the test object.
4. The test result judgment is decided by the limit of test standard.

### 3. EUT Description

<b>Product Name:</b>	Bluetooth Earphone
<b>Model :</b>	BT515
<b>Additional Model:</b>	BT515A, BT515E, BT515F, BT515G, BT515H, BT515L, BT515M, BT515W, GeekCases515, BT515B, BT515C, BT515D, BT515R, BT515P, BT515G
<b>Trade Mark:</b>	N/A
<b>Bluetooth version:</b>	V4.1
<b>Operation Frequency:</b>	2402MHz~2480MHz
<b>Transfer Rate:</b>	1/2/3 Mbits/s
<b>Number of Channel:</b>	79
<b>Modulation Type:</b>	GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK
<b>Modulation Technology:</b>	FHSS
<b>Antenna Type:</b>	Internal Antenna
<b>Antenna Gain:</b>	2dBi
<b>Power Supply:</b>	Rechargeable Li-ion Battery DC3.7V
<b>Remark:</b>	All models above are identical in interior structure, electrical circuits and components, and just model names are different for the marketing requirement.

#### Operation Frequency each of channel for GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
0	2402MHz	20	2422MHz	40	2442MHz	60	2462MHz
1	2403MHz	21	2423MHz	41	2443MHz	61	2463MHz
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	2412MHz	30	2432MHz	50	2452MHz	70	2472MHz
11	2413MHz	31	2433MHz	51	2453MHz	71	2473MHz
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	2420MHz	38	2440MHz	58	2460MHz	78	2480MHz
19	2421MHz	39	2441MHz	59	2461MHz	-	-

Remark: Channel 0, 39 & 78 have been tested for GFSK,  $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK modulation mode.

## 4. General Information

### 4.1. Test environment and mode

Operating Environment:	
Temperature:	25.0 °C
Humidity:	56 % RH
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar
Test Mode:	
Engineering mode:	Keep the EUT in continuous transmitting by select channel and modulations with Fully-charged battery
<p>The sample was placed 0.8m &amp; 1.5m for the measurement below &amp; above 1GHz above the ground plane of 3m chamber. Measurements in both horizontal and vertical polarities were performed. During the test, each emission was maximized by: having the EUT continuously working, investigated all operating modes, rotated about all 3 axis (X, Y &amp; Z) and considered typical configuration to obtain worst position, manipulating interconnecting cables, rotating the turntable, varying antenna height from 1m to 4m in both horizontal and vertical polarizations. The emissions worst-case are shown in Test Results of the following pages.</p>	

### 4.2. Description of Support Units

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit together with other necessary accessories or support units. The following support units or accessories were used to form a representative test configuration during the tests.

Equipment	Model No.	Serial No.	FCC ID	Trade Name
/	/	/	/	/

#### Note:

1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.
2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.
3. For conducted measurements (Output Power, 20dB Occupied Bandwidth, Carrier Frequencies Separation, Hopping Channel Number, Dwell Time, Spurious Emissions), the antenna of EUT is connected to the test equipment via temporary antenna connector, the antenna connector is soldered on the antenna port of EUT, and the temporary antenna connector is listed in the Test Instruments.

## 5. Facilities and Accreditations

### 5.1. Facilities

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

- FCC - Registration No.: 645098

Shenzhen Tongce Testing Lab

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber has been registered and fully described in a report with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files.

- IC - Registration No.: 10668A-1

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Shenzhen TCT Testing Technology Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing

### 5.2. Location

Shenzhen Tongce Testing Lab

Address: 1B/F., Building 1, Yibaolai Industrial Park, Qiaotou, Fuyong, Baoan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Tel: 86-755-27673339

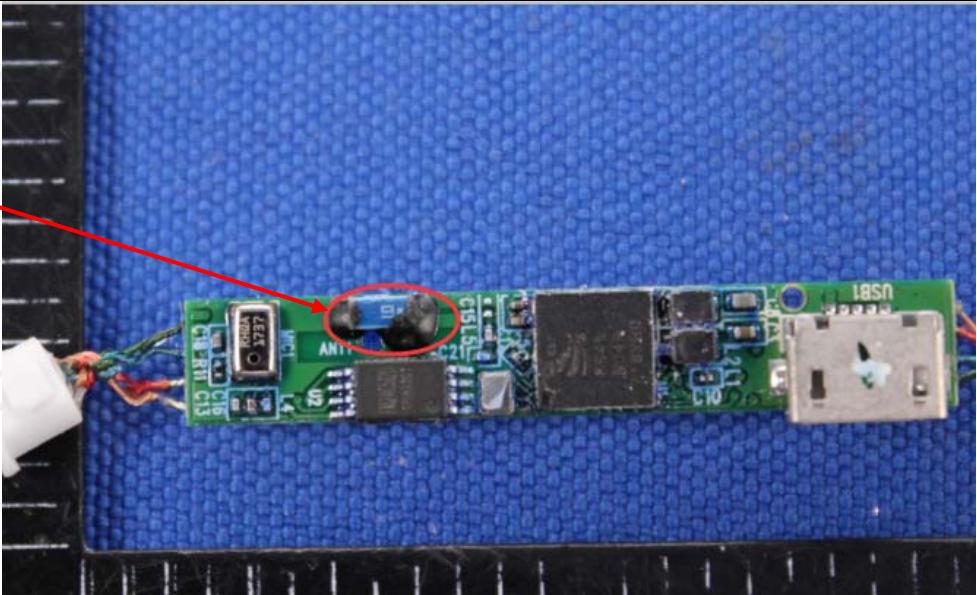
### 5.3. Measurement Uncertainty

The reported uncertainty of measurement  $y \pm U$ , where expended uncertainty  $U$  is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor of  $k=2$ , providing a level of confidence of approximately 95 %.

No.	Item	MU
1	Conducted Emission	$\pm 2.56\text{dB}$
2	RF power, conducted	$\pm 0.12\text{dB}$
3	Spurious emissions, conducted	$\pm 0.11\text{dB}$
4	All emissions, radiated(<1G)	$\pm 3.92\text{dB}$
5	All emissions, radiated(>1G)	$\pm 4.28\text{dB}$
6	Temperature	$\pm 0.1^\circ\text{C}$
7	Humidity	$\pm 1.0\%$

## 6. Test Results and Measurement Data

### 6.1. Antenna requirement

<b>Standard requirement:</b>	FCC Part15 C Section 15.203 /247(c)
<p>15.203 requirement: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.</p>	
<p>15.247(c) (1)(i) requirement: (i) Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band that is used exclusively for fixed. Point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.</p>	
<b>E.U.T Antenna:</b>	
<p>The Bluetooth antenna is a Internal antenna which permanently attached, and the best case gain of the antenna is 2dBi.</p>	
	

## 6.2. Conducted Emission

### 6.2.1. Test Specification

<b>Test Requirement:</b>	FCC Part15 C Section 15.207														
<b>Test Method:</b>	ANSI C63.10:2013														
<b>Frequency Range:</b>	150 kHz to 30 MHz														
<b>Receiver setup:</b>	RBW=9 kHz, VBW=30 kHz, Sweep time=auto														
<b>Limits:</b>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Frequency range (MHz)</th> <th colspan="2">Limit (dBuV)</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Quasi-peak</th> <th>Average</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0.15-0.5</td> <td>66 to 56*</td> <td>56 to 46*</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.5-5</td> <td>56</td> <td>46</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5-30</td> <td>60</td> <td>50</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Frequency range (MHz)	Limit (dBuV)		Quasi-peak	Average	0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*	0.5-5	56	46	5-30	60	50
Frequency range (MHz)	Limit (dBuV)														
	Quasi-peak	Average													
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*													
0.5-5	56	46													
5-30	60	50													
<b>Test Setup:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Reference Plane</b></p> <p><i>Remark: E.U.T: Equipment Under Test LISN: Line Impedance Stabilization Network Test table height=0.8m</i></p>														
<b>Test Mode:</b>	Refer to item 4.1														
<b>Test Procedure:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The E.U.T is connected to an adapter through a line impedance stabilization network (L.I.S.N.). This provides a 50ohm/50uH coupling impedance for the measuring equipment.</li> <li>2. The peripheral devices are also connected to the main power through a LISN that provides a 50ohm/50uH coupling impedance with 50ohm termination. (Please refer to the block diagram of the test setup and photographs).</li> <li>3. Both sides of A.C. line are checked for maximum conducted interference. In order to find the maximum emission, the relative positions of equipment and all of the interface cables must be changed according to ANSI C63.10:2013 on conducted measurement.</li> </ol>														
<b>Test Result:</b>	PASS														

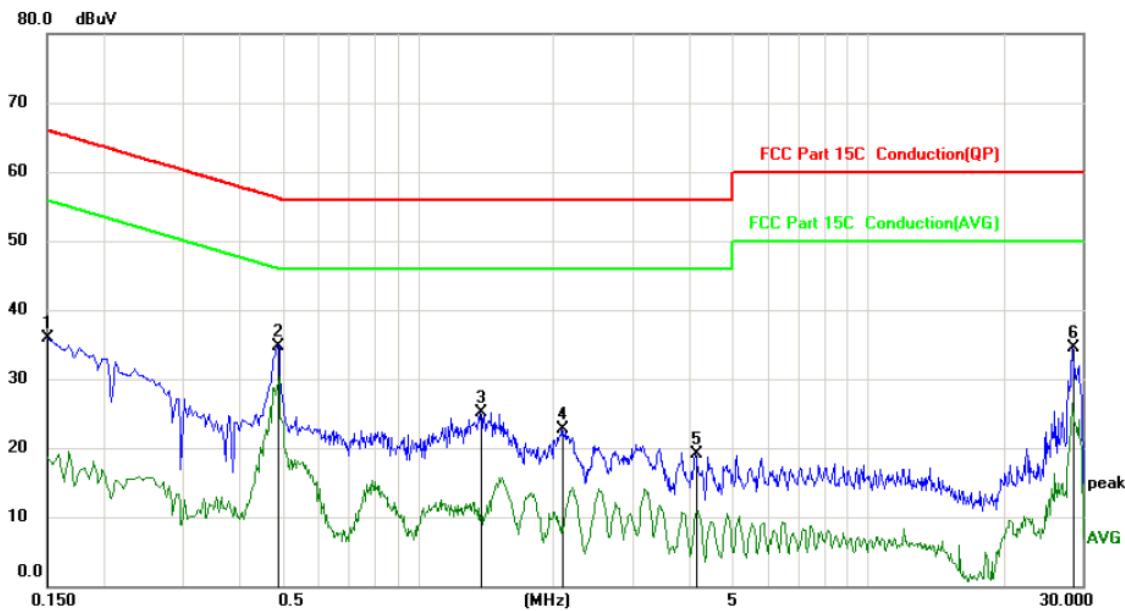
### 6.2.2. Test Instruments

Conducted Emission Shielding Room Test Site (843)				
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Test Receiver	R&S	ESPI	101401	Jun. 12, 2018
LISN	Schwarzbeck	NSLK 8126	8126453	Sep. 27, 2018
Coax cable (9KHz-30MHz)	TCT	CE-05	N/A	Sep. 27, 2018
EMI Test Software	Shurples Technology	EZ-EMC	N/A	N/A

**Note:** The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to international system unit (SI).

### 6.2.3. Test data

Please refer to following diagram for individual  
**Conducted Emission on Line Terminal of the power line (150 kHz to 30MHz)**



Site	Phase:	L1	Temperature:	25
Limit: FCC Part 15C Conduction(QP)	Power:	AC 120V/60Hz	Humidity:	55 %

No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dB $\mu$ V	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dB $\mu$ V	Limit dB $\mu$ V	Over dB	Detector	Comment
1	0.1500	24.41	11.50	35.91	66.00	-30.09		peak	
2 *	0.4875	23.36	11.32	34.68	56.21	-21.53		peak	
3	1.3785	13.79	11.39	25.18	56.00	-30.82		peak	
4	2.0985	11.07	11.66	22.73	56.00	-33.27		peak	
5	4.1505	8.21	10.92	19.13	56.00	-36.87		peak	
6	28.5945	23.78	10.71	34.49	60.00	-25.51		peak	

#### Note:

Freq. = Emission frequency in MHz

Reading level (dB $\mu$ V) = Receiver reading

Corr. Factor (dB) = Antenna factor + Cable loss

Measurement (dB $\mu$ V) = Reading level (dB $\mu$ V) + Corr. Factor (dB)

Limit (dB $\mu$ V) = Limit stated in standard

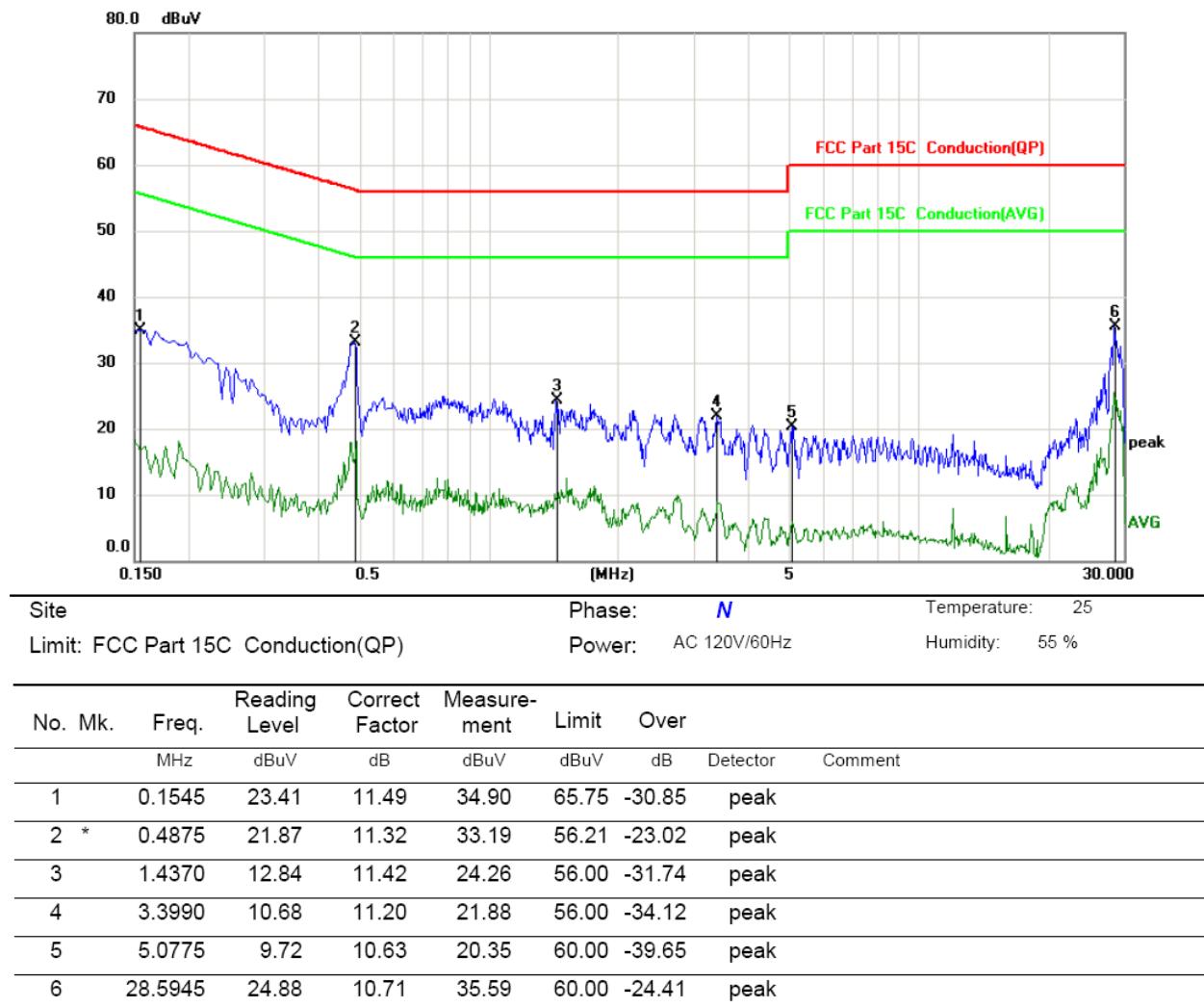
Margin (dB) = Measurement (dB $\mu$ V) - Limits (dB $\mu$ V)

Q.P. = Quasi-Peak

AVG = average

\* is meaning the worst frequency has been tested in the frequency range 150 kHz to 30MHz

### Conducted Emission on Neutral Terminal of the power line (150 kHz to 30MHz)



**Note1:**

Freq. = Emission frequency in MHz

Reading level (dB $\mu$ V) = Receiver reading

Corr. Factor (dB) = Antenna factor + Cable loss

Measurement (dB $\mu$ V) = Reading level (dB $\mu$ V) + Corr. Factor (dB)

Limit (dB $\mu$ V) = Limit stated in standard

Margin (dB) = Measurement (dB $\mu$ V) – Limits (dB $\mu$ V)

Q.P. =Quasi-Peak AVG =average

\* is meaning the worst frequency has been tested in the frequency range 150 kHz to 30MHz.

**Note2:**

Measurements were conducted in all three channels (high, middle, low) and three modulation (GFSK, Pi/4 DQPSK, 8DPSK), and the worst case Mode (Middle channel and GFSK) was submitted only.

## 6.3. Conducted Output Power

### 6.3.1. Test Specification

<b>Test Requirement:</b>	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (b)(3)
<b>Test Method:</b>	ANSI C63.10:2013
<b>Limit:</b>	Section 15.247 (b) The maximum peak conducted output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following: (1) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band 0.125 watts.
<b>Test Setup:</b>	 <b>Spectrum Analyzer</b> <b>EUT</b>
<b>Test Mode:</b>	Transmitting mode with modulation
<b>Test Procedure:</b>	Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel RBW > the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured $VBW \geq RBW$ Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission.
<b>Test Result:</b>	PASS

### 6.3.2. Test Instruments

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100060	Sep. 27, 2018
RF Cable (9KHz-26.5GHz)	TCT	RE-06	N/A	Sep. 27, 2018
Antenna Connector	TCT	RFC-01	N/A	Sep. 27, 2018

**Note:** The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to international system unit (SI).

## 6.4. 20dB Occupy Bandwidth

### 6.4.1. Test Specification

<b>Test Requirement:</b>	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
<b>Test Method:</b>	ANSI C63.10:2013
<b>Limit:</b>	N/A
<b>Test Setup:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Spectrum Analyzer</b>                            <b>EUT</b></p>
<b>Test Mode:</b>	Transmitting mode with modulation
<b>Test Procedure:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10:2013 Measurement Guidelines.</li> <li>2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.</li> <li>3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.</li> <li>4. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings for 20dB Bandwidth measurement. Span = approximately 2 to 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel; <math>1\% \leq RBW \leq 5\%</math> of the 20 dB bandwidth; <math>VBW \geq 3RBW</math>; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.</li> <li>5. Measure and record the results in the test report.</li> </ol>
<b>Test Result:</b>	PASS

### 6.4.2. Test Instruments

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100060	Sep. 27, 2018
RF Cable (9KHz-26.5GHz)	TCT	RE-06	N/A	Sep. 27, 2018
Antenna Connector	TCT	RFC-01	N/A	Sep. 27, 2018

**Note:** The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to international system unit (SI).

## 6.5. Carrier Frequencies Separation

### 6.5.1. Test Specification

<b>Test Requirement:</b>	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
<b>Test Method:</b>	ANSI C63.10:2013
<b>Limit:</b>	Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.
<b>Test Setup:</b>	<p>Spectrum Analyzer    EUT</p>
<b>Test Mode:</b>	Hopping mode
<b>Test Procedure:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10:2013 Measurement Guidelines.</li> <li>2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.</li> <li>3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.</li> <li>4. Enable the EUT hopping function.</li> <li>5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels; RBW is set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing, adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel; VBW≥RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.</li> <li>6. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. Record the value in report.</li> </ol>
<b>Test Result:</b>	PASS

### 6.5.2. Test Instruments

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100060	Sep. 27, 2018
RF Cable (9KHz-26.5GHz)	TCT	RE-06	N/A	Sep. 27, 2018
Antenna Connector	TCT	RFC-01	N/A	Sep. 27, 2018

**Note:** The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to international system unit (SI).

## 6.6. Hopping Channel Number

### 6.6.1. Test Specification

<b>Test Requirement:</b>	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
<b>Test Method:</b>	ANSI C63.10:2013
<b>Limit:</b>	Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.
<b>Test Setup:</b>	<p style="text-align: center;">Spectrum Analyzer                                  EUT</p>
<b>Test Mode:</b>	Hopping mode
<b>Test Procedure:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10:2013 Measurement Guidelines.</li> <li>2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.</li> <li>3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.</li> <li>4. Enable the EUT hopping function.</li> <li>5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = the frequency band of operation; set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller; <math>VBW \geq RBW</math>; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.</li> <li>6. The number of hopping frequency used is defined as the number of total channel.</li> <li>7. Record the measurement data in report.</li> </ol>
<b>Test Result:</b>	PASS

### 6.6.2. Test Instruments

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100060	Sep. 27, 2018
RF Cable (9KHz-26.5GHz)	TCT	RE-06	N/A	Sep. 27, 2018
Antenna Connector	TCT	RFC-01	N/A	Sep. 27, 2018

**Note:** The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to international system unit (SI).

## 6.7. Dwell Time

### 6.7.1. Test Specification

<b>Test Requirement:</b>	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
<b>Test Method:</b>	ANSI C63.10:2013
<b>Limit:</b>	The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.
<b>Test Setup:</b>	<p>Spectrum Analyzer                                  EUT</p>
<b>Test Mode:</b>	Hopping mode
<b>Test Procedure:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10:2013 Measurement Guidelines.</li> <li>2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.</li> <li>3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.</li> <li>4. Enable the EUT hopping function.</li> <li>5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel; RBW shall be <math>\leq</math> channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set <math>&gt;&gt; 1 / T</math>, where T is the expected dwell time per channel; VBW<math>\geq</math>RBW; Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.</li> <li>6. Measure and record the results in the test report.</li> </ol>
<b>Test Result:</b>	PASS

### 6.7.2. Test Instruments

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100060	Sep. 27, 2018
RF Cable (9KHz-26.5GHz)	TCT	RE-06	N/A	Sep. 27, 2018
Antenna Connector	TCT	RFC-01	N/A	Sep. 27, 2018

**Note:** The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to international system unit (SI).

## 6.8. Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

<b>Test Requirement:</b>	<b>FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1) requirement:</b>
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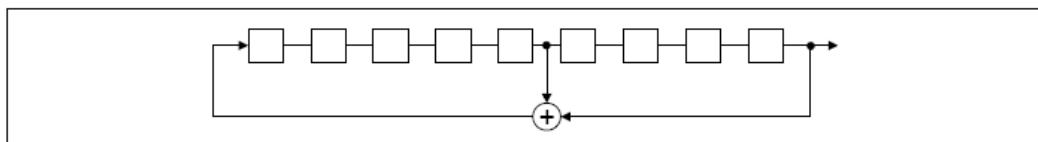
Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

Alternatively, Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a Pseudorandom ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

### EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

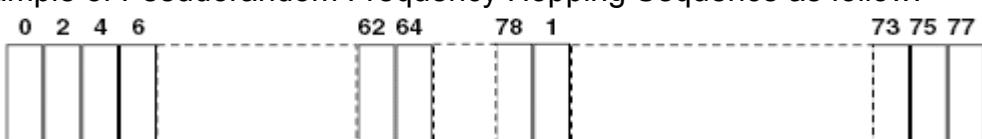
The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first one of 9 consecutive ones; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones.

- Number of shift register stages: 9
- Length of pseudo-random sequence:  $2^9 - 1 = 511$  bits
- Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



*Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence*

An example of Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence as follow:

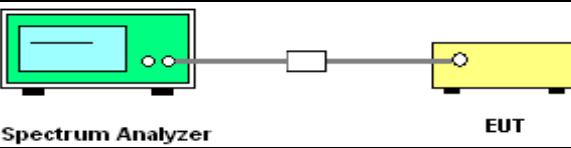


Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.

The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

## 6.9. Conducted Band Edge Measurement

### 6.9.1. Test Specification

<b>Test Requirement:</b>	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (d)
<b>Test Method:</b>	ANSI C63.10:2013
<b>Limit:</b>	In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiation frequency band, the radio frequency power shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the radiated power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the radiated emission limits.
<b>Test Setup:</b>	 <p>Spectrum Analyzer                                  EUT</p>
<b>Test Mode:</b>	Transmitting mode with modulation
<b>Test Procedure:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The testing follows the guidelines in Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions of ANSI C63.10:2013 Measurement Guidelines.</li> <li>Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.</li> <li>Set RBW = 100 kHz (<math>\geq 1\%</math> span=10MHz), VBW = 300 kHz (<math>\geq</math>RBW). Band edge emissions must be at least 20 dB down from the highest emission level within the authorized band as measured with a 100kHz RBW. The attenuation shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB when RMS conducted output power procedure is used.</li> <li>Enable hopping function of the EUT and then repeat step 2 and 3.</li> <li>Measure and record the results in the test report.</li> </ol>
<b>Test Result:</b>	PASS

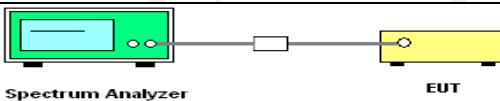
### 6.9.2. Test Instruments

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100060	Sep. 27, 2018
RF Cable (9KHz-26.5GHz)	TCT	RE-06	N/A	Sep. 27, 2018
Antenna Connector	TCT	RFC-01	N/A	Sep. 27, 2018

**Note:** The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to international system unit (SI).

## 6.10. Conducted Spurious Emission Measurement

### 6.10.1. Test Specification

<b>Test Requirement:</b>	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (d)
<b>Test Method:</b>	ANSI C63.10:2013
<b>Limit:</b>	In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiation frequency band, the radio frequency power shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the radiated power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the radiated emission limits.
<b>Test Setup:</b>	 <p>Spectrum Analyzer    EUT</p>
<b>Test Mode:</b>	Transmitting mode with modulation
<b>Test Procedure:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The testing follows the guidelines in Spurious RF Conducted Emissions of ANSI C63.10:2013 Measurement Guidelines</li> <li>The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.</li> <li>Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.</li> <li>Set RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300kHz, scan up through 10th harmonic. All harmonics / spurs must be at least 20 dB down from the highest emission level within the authorized band as measured with a 100 kHz RBW.</li> <li>Measure and record the results in the test report.</li> <li>The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.</li> </ol>
<b>Test Result:</b>	PASS

### 6.10.2. Test Instruments

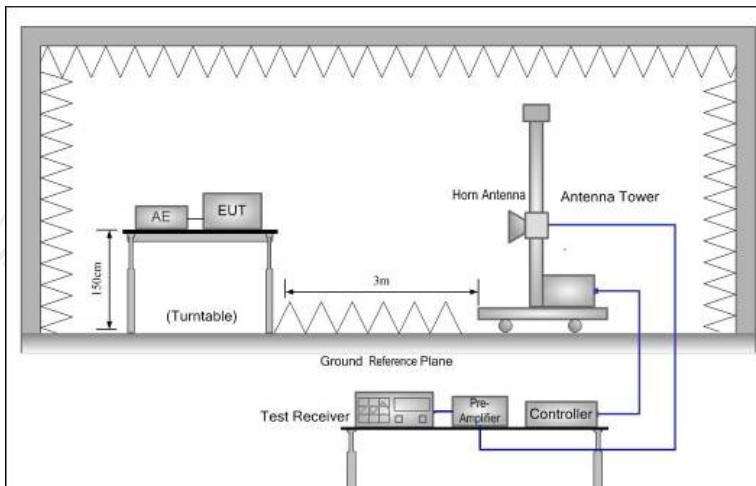
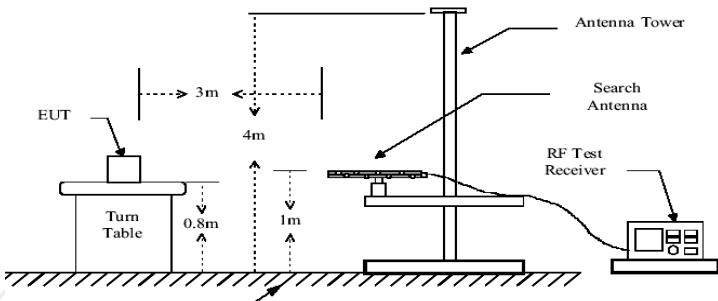
RF Test Room				
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100060	Sep. 27, 2018
RF Cable (9KHz-40GHz)	TCT	RE-06	N/A	Sep. 27, 2018
Antenna Connector	TCT	RFC-01	N/A	Sep. 27, 2018

**Note:** The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to international system unit (SI).

## 6.11. Radiated Spurious Emission Measurement

### 6.11.1. Test Specification

<b>Test Requirement:</b>	FCC Part15 C Section 15.209						
<b>Test Method:</b>	ANSI C63.10:2013						
<b>Frequency Range:</b>	9 kHz to 25 GHz						
<b>Measurement Distance:</b>	3 m						
<b>Antenna Polarization:</b>	Horizontal & Vertical						
<b>Receiver Setup:</b>	Frequency	Detector	RBW	VBW	Remark		
	9kHz- 150kHz	Quasi-peak	200Hz	1kHz	Quasi-peak Value		
	150kHz- 30MHz	Quasi-peak	9kHz	30kHz	Quasi-peak Value		
	30MHz-1GHz	Quasi-peak	100KHz	300KHz	Quasi-peak Value		
	Above 1GHz	Peak	1MHz	3MHz	Peak Value		
		Peak	1MHz	10Hz	Average Value		
<b>Limit:</b>	Frequency	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)		Measurement Distance (meters)			
	0.009-0.490	2400/F(KHz)		300			
	0.490-1.705	24000/F(KHz)		30			
	1.705-30	30		30			
	30-88	100		3			
	88-216	150		3			
	216-960	200		3			
	Above 960	500		3			
<b>Test setup:</b>	Frequency	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)		Measurement Distance (meters)	Detector		
	Above 1GHz	500		3	Average		
		5000		3	Peak		
	For radiated emissions below 30MHz						
	<p>Distance = 3m</p> <p>EUT</p> <p>Turn table</p> <p>Computer</p> <p>Pre -Amplifier</p> <p>Receiver</p> <p>Ground Plane</p> <p>30MHz to 1GHz</p>						


**Test Mode:**

Transmitting mode with modulation

1. The testing follows the guidelines in Spurious Radiated Emissions of ANSI C63.10:2013 Measurement Guidelines.
2. For the radiated emission test below 1GHz:

The EUT was placed on a turntable with 0.8 meter above ground. The EUT was set 3 meters from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable height antenna tower. The EUT was arranged to its worst case and then tune the antenna tower (from 1 m to 4 m) and turntable (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading. A pre-amp and a high PASS filter are used for the test in order to get better signal level.

For the radiated emission test above 1GHz:

Place the measurement antenna on a turntable with 1.5 meter above ground, which is away from each area of the EUT determined to be a source of emissions at the specified measurement distance, while keeping the measurement antenna aimed at the source of emissions at each frequency of significant emissions, with polarization oriented for maximum response. The measurement antenna may have to be higher or lower than the EUT,

**Test Procedure:**

	<p>depending on the radiation pattern of the emission and staying aimed at the emission source for receiving the maximum signal. The final measurement antenna elevation shall be that which maximizes the emissions. The measurement antenna elevation for maximum emissions shall be restricted to a range of heights of from 1 m to 4 m above the ground or reference ground plane.</p> <p>3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.</p> <p>4. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Span shall wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured;</li> <li>(2) Set RBW=100 kHz for <math>f &lt; 1</math> GHz, RBW=1MHz for <math>f &gt; 1</math> GHz ; <math>VBW \geq RBW</math>; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold for peak</li> <li>(3) For average measurement: use duty cycle correction factor method per 15.35(c). Duty cycle = On time/100 milliseconds On time = <math>N_1 \cdot L_1 + N_2 \cdot L_2 + \dots + N_{n-1} \cdot L_{n-1} + N_n \cdot L_n</math> Where <math>N_1</math> is number of type 1 pulses, <math>L_1</math> is length of type 1 pulses, etc. Average Emission Level = Peak Emission Level + <math>20 \cdot \log(\text{Duty cycle})</math> Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level</li> </ul>
<b>Test results:</b>	PASS

### 6.11.2. Test Instruments

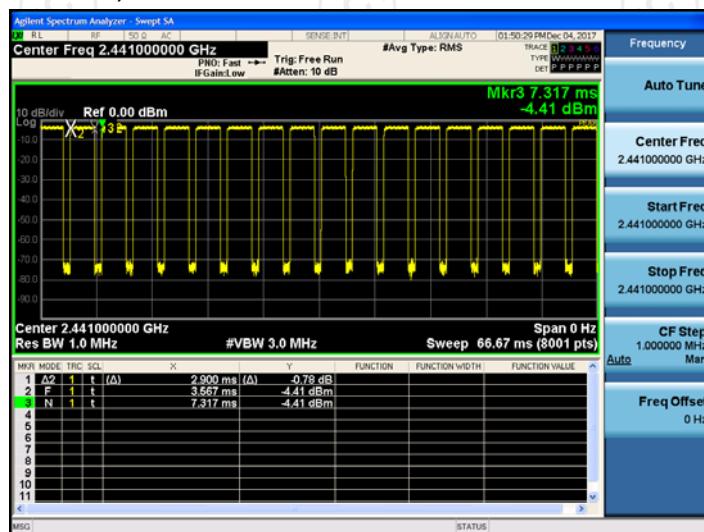
Radiated Emission Test Site (966)				
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Test Receiver	ROHDE&SCHW ARZ	ESVD	100008	Sep. 27, 2018
Spectrum Analyzer	ROHDE&SCHW ARZ	FSQ	200061	Sep. 27, 2018
Pre-amplifier	EM Electronics Corporation CO.,LTD	EM30265	07032613	Sep. 27, 2018
Pre-amplifier	HP	8447D	2727A05017	Sep. 27, 2018
Loop antenna	ZHINAN	ZN30900A	12024	Sep. 27, 2018
Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9163	340	Sep. 27, 2018
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D	631	Sep. 27, 2018
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBH 9170	582	Jun. 07, 2018
Antenna Mast	Keleto	CC-A-4M	N/A	N/A
Coax cable (9KHz-1GHz)	TCT	RE-low-01	N/A	Sep. 27, 2018
Coax cable (9KHz-40GHz)	TCT	RE-high-02	N/A	Sep. 27, 2018
Coax cable (9KHz-1GHz)	TCT	RE-low-03	N/A	Sep. 27, 2018
Coax cable (9KHz-40GHz)	TCT	RE-high-04	N/A	Sep. 27, 2018
EMI Test Software	Shurples Technology	EZ-EMC	N/A	N/A

**Note:** The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to international system unit (SI).

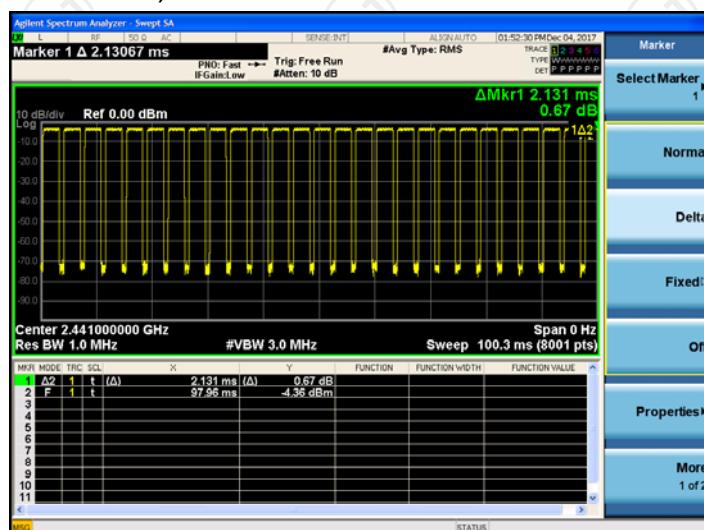
### 6.11.3. Test Data

#### Duty cycle correction factor for average measurement

3DH5 on time (One Pulse) Plot on Channel 0



3DH5 on time (Count Pulses) Plot on Channel 0



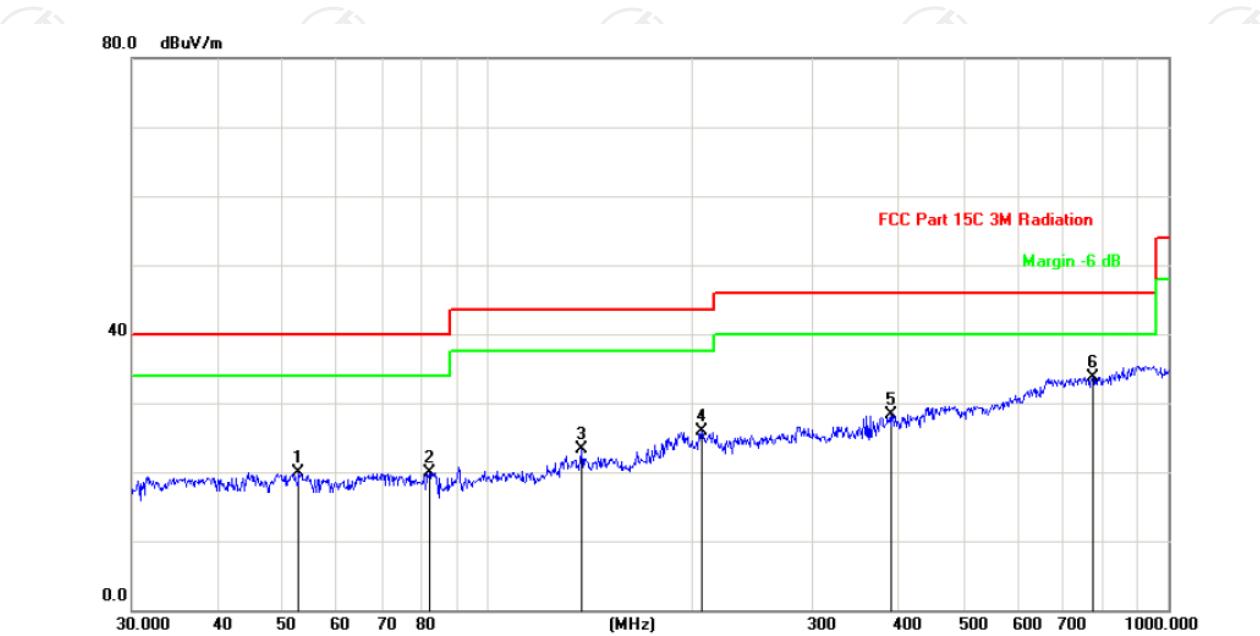
#### Note:

1. Worst case Duty cycle = on time/100 milliseconds =  $(2.900 * 26 + 2.131) / 100 = 0.7753$
2. Worst case Duty cycle correction factor =  $20 \log (\text{Duty cycle}) = -2.21 \text{dB}$
3. 3DH5 has the highest duty cycle worst case and is reported.
4. The average levels were calculated from the peak level corrected with duty cycle correction factor (-2.21dB) derived from  $20 \log (\text{dwell time}/100ms)$ . This correction is only for signals that hop with the fundamental signal, such as band-edge and harmonic. Other spurious signals that are independent of the hopping signal would not use this correction.

Please refer to following diagram for individual

**Below 1GHz**

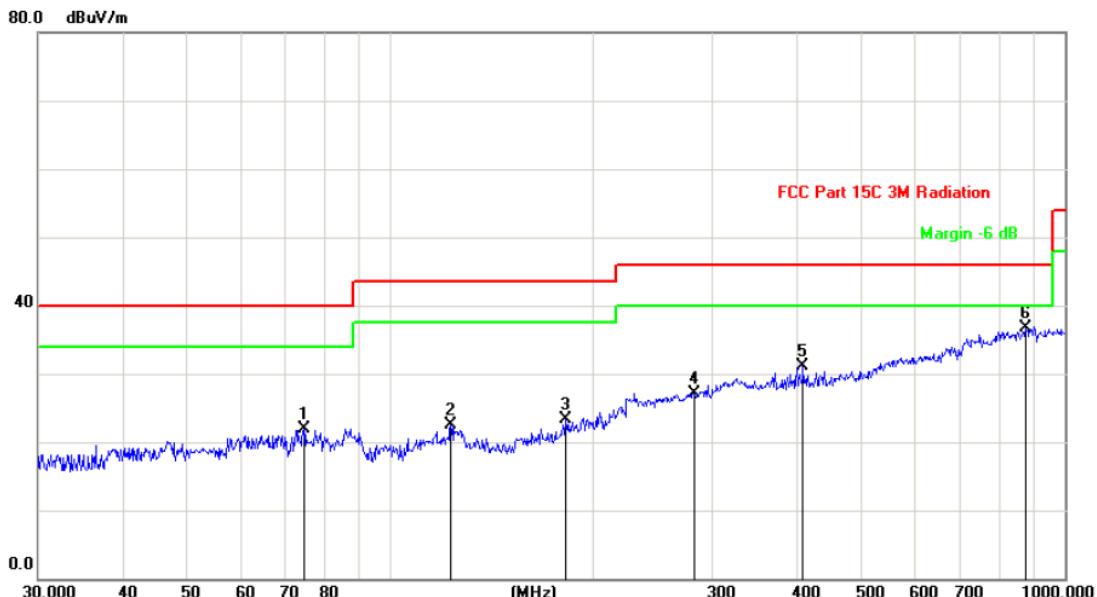
Horizontal:



Site	Polarization: <b>Horizontal</b>	Temperature: 25
Limit: FCC Part 15C 3M Radiation	Power:	Humidity: 55 %

No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit dB/m	Over dB	Antenna Height cm	Table Degree	Comment
			dBuV	dB	dBuV/m					
1	52.7600	32.76	-12.86	19.90	40.00	-20.10	peak			
2	82.0704	36.44	-16.55	19.89	40.00	-20.11	peak			
3	137.4200	39.11	-15.89	23.22	43.50	-20.28	peak			
4	206.3976	38.35	-12.49	25.86	43.50	-17.64	peak			
5	392.0951	34.35	-6.02	28.33	46.00	-17.67	peak			
6 *	774.1584	32.28	1.41	33.69	46.00	-12.31	peak			

Vertical:



Site		Polarization: Vertical			Temperature: 25		
Limit: FCC Part 15C 3M Radiation		Power:			Humidity: 55 %		
<hr/>							
No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBuV	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBuV/m	Limit dB/m	Over
							Detector
1		74.3953	39.09	-17.26	21.83	40.00	-18.17 peak
2		122.8340	37.03	-14.59	22.44	43.50	-21.06 peak
3		181.9200	37.09	-13.84	23.25	43.50	-20.25 peak
4		281.9945	36.61	-9.45	27.16	46.00	-18.84 peak
5		408.9460	36.60	-5.56	31.04	46.00	-14.96 peak
6	*	875.2468	33.83	2.95	36.78	46.00	-9.22 peak

**Note:** 1. The low frequency, which started from 9KHz~30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported

2. Measurements were conducted in all three channels (high, middle, low) and three modulation (GFSK, Pi/4 DQPSK, 8DPSK) and the worst case Mode (Middle channel and GFSK) was submitted only.

**Above 1GHz**

Modulation Type: GFSK									
Low channel: 2402 MHz									
Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. H/V	Peak reading (dB $\mu$ V)	AV reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Emission Level		Peak limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	AV limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
					Peak (dB $\mu$ V/m)	AV (dB $\mu$ V/m)			
2390	H	47.02	---	-8.27	38.75	---	74	54	-15.25
4804	H	45.98	---	0.66	46.64	---	74	54	-7.36
7206	H	40.34	---	9.50	49.84	---	74	54	-4.16
---	H	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
2390	V	45.38	---	-8.27	37.11	---	74	54	-16.89
4804	V	46.48	---	0.66	47.14	---	74	54	-6.86
7206	V	39.41	---	9.50	48.91	---	74	54	-5.09
---	V	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Middle channel: 2441 MHz									
Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. H/V	Peak reading (dB $\mu$ V)	AV reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Emission Level		Peak limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	AV limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
					Peak (dB $\mu$ V/m)	AV (dB $\mu$ V/m)			
4882	H	42.23	---	0.99	43.22	---	74	54	-10.78
7323	H	39.75	---	9.87	49.62	---	74	54	-4.38
---	H	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
4882	V	46.30	---	0.99	47.29	---	74	54	-6.71
7323	V	38.45	---	9.87	48.32	---	74	54	-5.68
---	V	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

High channel: 2480 MHz									
Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. H/V	Peak reading (dB $\mu$ V)	AV reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Emission Level		Peak limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	AV limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
					Peak (dB $\mu$ V/m)	AV (dB $\mu$ V/m)			
2483.5	H	48.87	---	-7.83	41.04	---	74	54	-12.96
4960	H	46.42	---	1.33	47.75	---	74	54	-6.25
7440	H	38.92	---	10.22	49.14	---	74	54	-4.86
---	H	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
2483.5	V	49.12	---	-7.83	41.29	---	74	54	-12.71
4960	V	48.71	---	1.33	50.04	---	74	54	-3.96
7440	V	38.36	---	10.22	48.58	---	74	54	-5.42
---	V	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

**Note:**

1. Emission Level=Peak Reading + Correction Factor; Correction Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable loss – Pre-amplifier
2. Margin (dB) = Emission Level (Peak) (dB $\mu$ V/m)-Average limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)
3. The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.
4. Measurements were conducted from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
5. Data of measurement shown “---”in the above table mean that the reading of emissions is attenuated more than 20 dB below the limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
6. Measurements were conducted in all three modulation (GFSK, Pi/4 DQPSK, 8DPSK), and the worst case Mode (GFSK) was submitted only.

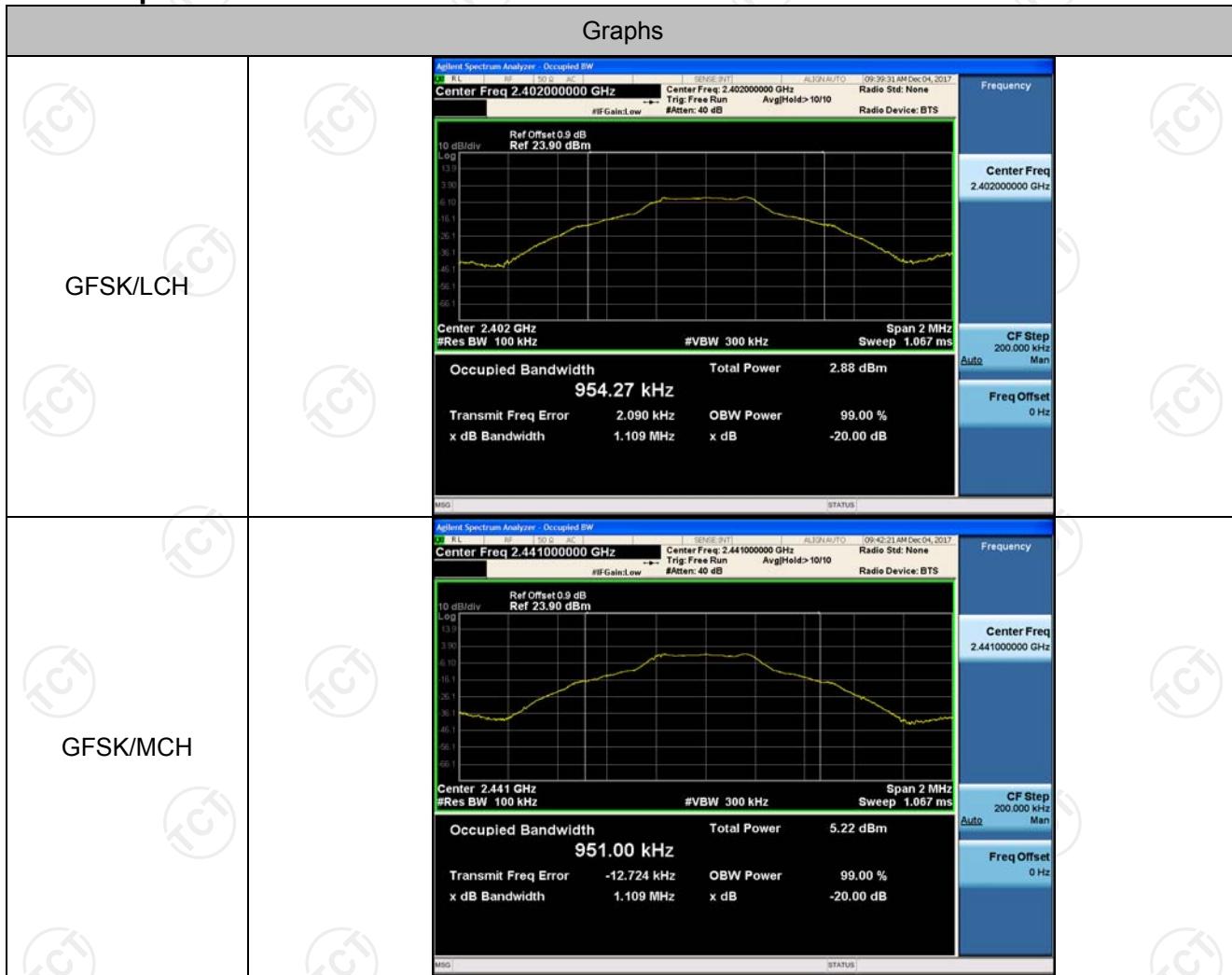
## Appendix A: Test Result of Conducted Test

### 20dB Occupied Bandwidth

#### Test Result

Mode	Channel.	20dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% OBW [MHz]	Verdict
GFSK	LCH	1.109	0.95427	PASS
GFSK	MCH	1.109	0.95100	PASS
GFSK	HCH	1.112	0.94979	PASS
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	LCH	1.365	1.1992	PASS
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	MCH	1.369	1.1994	PASS
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	HCH	1.360	1.1973	PASS
8DPSK	LCH	1.365	1.2053	PASS
8DPSK	MCH	1.363	1.2020	PASS
8DPSK	HCH	1.363	1.1993	PASS

#### Test Graph



GFSK/HCH



π/4DQPSK/LCH



π/4DQPSK/MCH



$\pi/4$ DQPSK/HCH



8DPSK/LCH



8DPSK/MCH



8DPSK/HCH

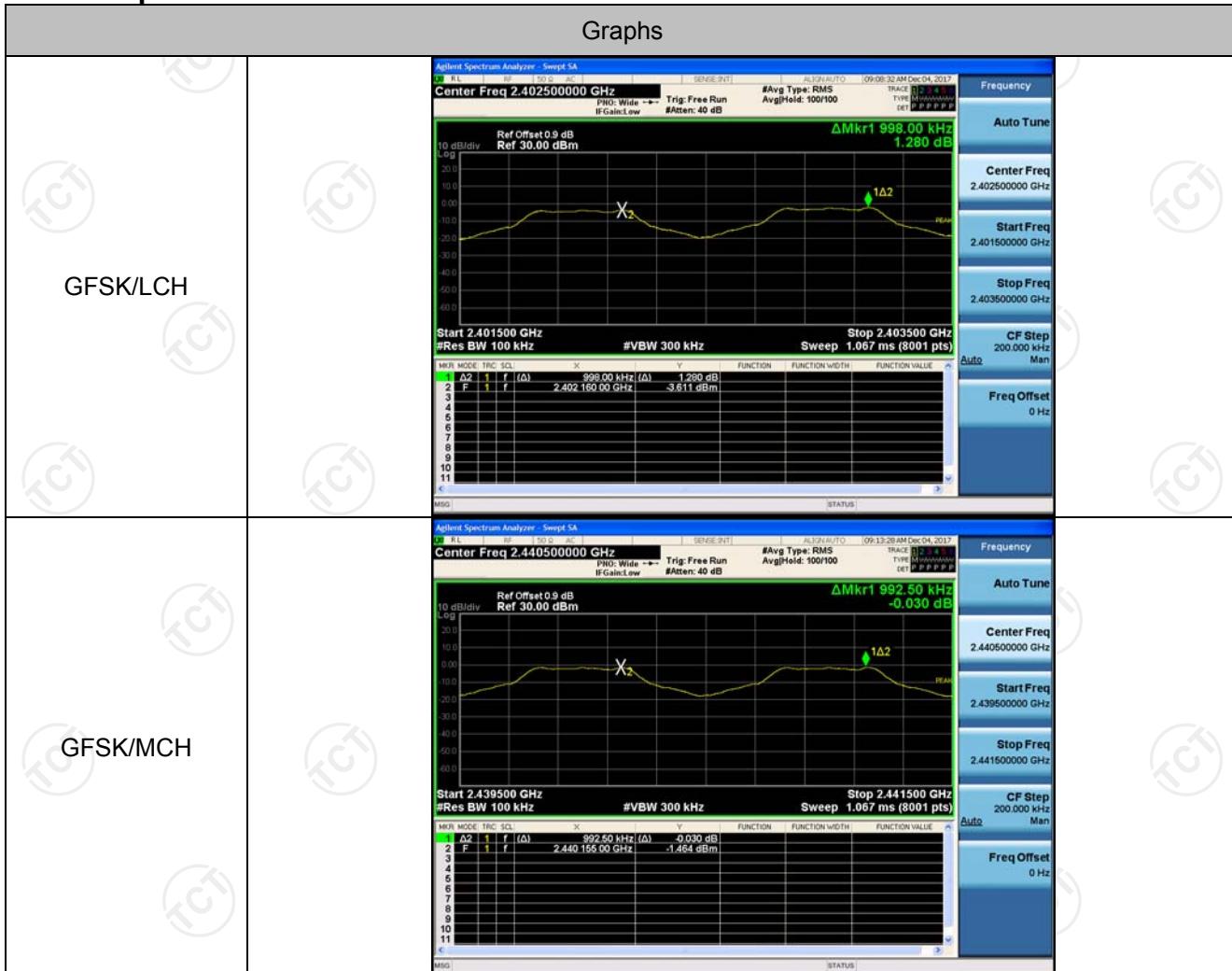


## Carrier Frequency Separation

### Result Table

Mode	Channel.	Carrier Frequency Separation [MHz]	Verdict
GFSK	LCH	0.998	PASS
GFSK	MCH	0.992	PASS
GFSK	HCH	1.001	PASS
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	LCH	0.998	PASS
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	MCH	1.000	PASS
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	HCH	0.997	PASS
8DPSK	LCH	1.003	PASS
8DPSK	MCH	0.996	PASS
8DPSK	HCH	1.001	PASS

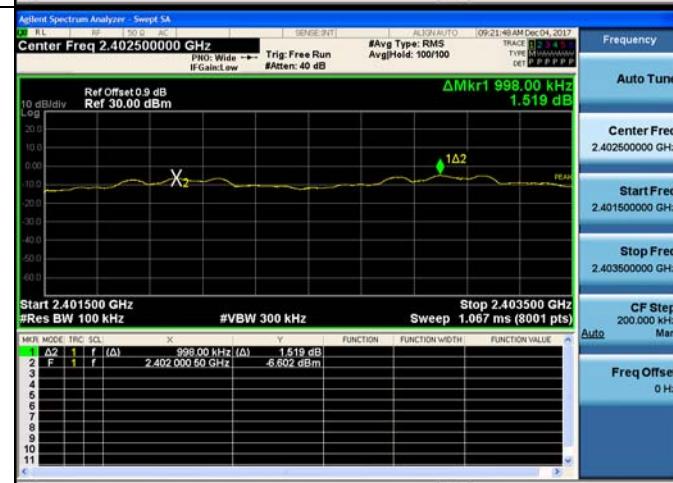
### Test Graph



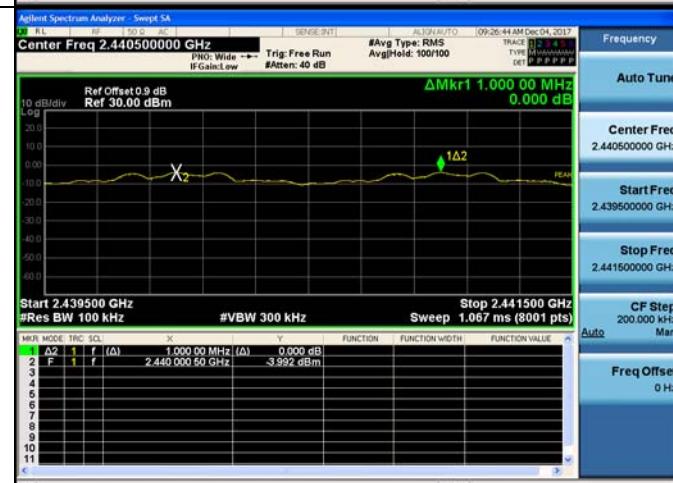
GFSK/HCH



π/4DQPSK/LCH



π/4DQPSK/MCH



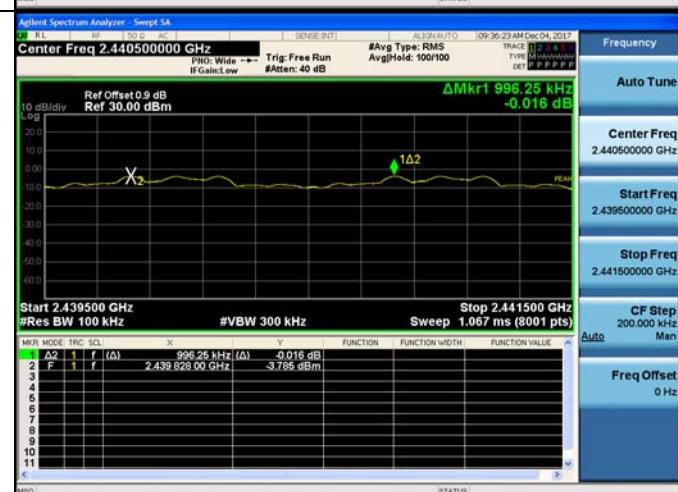
$\pi/4$ DQPSK/HCH



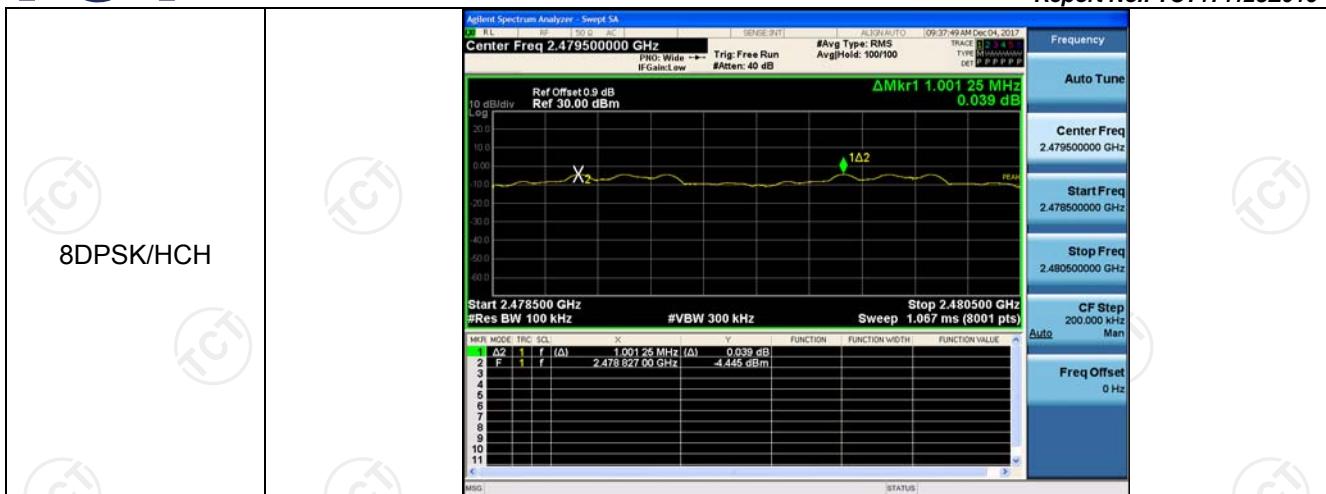
8DPSK/LCH



8DPSK/MCH



8DPSK/HCH



## Dwell Time

**Result Table**

Mode	Packet	Hops Over Occupancy Time (hops)	Package Transfer Time (ms)	Dwell time (second)	Limit (second)	Result
GFSK	DH1	320	0.392	0.125	0.4	PASS
GFSK	DH3	160	1.000	0.160	0.4	PASS
GFSK	DH5	106.67	2.892	0.308	0.4	PASS
Pi/4 DQPSK	2-DH1	320	0.408	0.131	0.4	PASS
Pi/4 DQPSK	2-DH3	160	1.658	0.265	0.4	PASS
Pi/4 DQPSK	2-DH5	106.67	2.900	0.309	0.4	PASS
8DPSK	3-DH1	320	0.400	0.128	0.4	PASS
8DPSK	3-DH3	160	1.650	0.264	0.4	PASS
8DPSK	3-DH5	106.67	2.900	0.309	0.4	PASS

**Note:** 1. In normal mode, hopping rate is 1600 hops/s with 6 slots in 79 hopping channels.

For DH1, With channel hopping rate  $(1600 / 2 / 79)$  in Occupancy Time Limit  $(0.4 \times 79)$  (s), Hops Over Occupancy Time comes to  $(1600 / 2 / 79) \times (0.4 \times 79) = 320$  hops

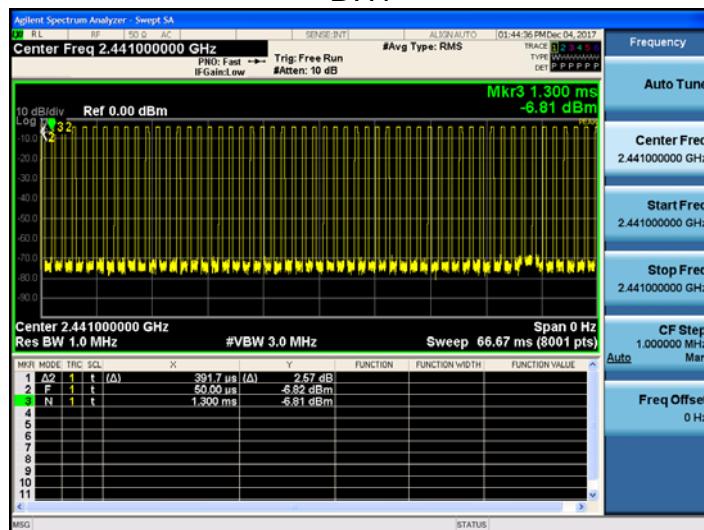
For DH3, With channel hopping rate  $(1600 / 6 / 79)$  in Occupancy Time Limit  $(0.4 \times 79)$  (s), Hops Over Occupancy Time comes to  $(1600 / 6 / 79) \times (0.4 \times 79) = 160$  hops

For DH5, With channel hopping rate  $(1600 / 6 / 79)$  in Occupancy Time Limit  $(0.4 \times 79)$  (s), Hops Over Occupancy Time comes to  $(1600 / 6 / 79) \times (0.4 \times 79) = 106.67$  hops

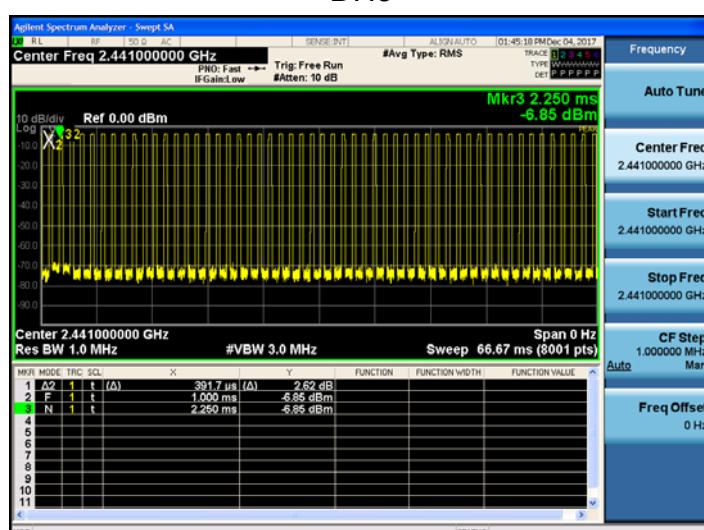
2. Dwell Time(s) = Hops Over Occupancy Time (hops) x Package Transfer Time

**Test plots as follows:**

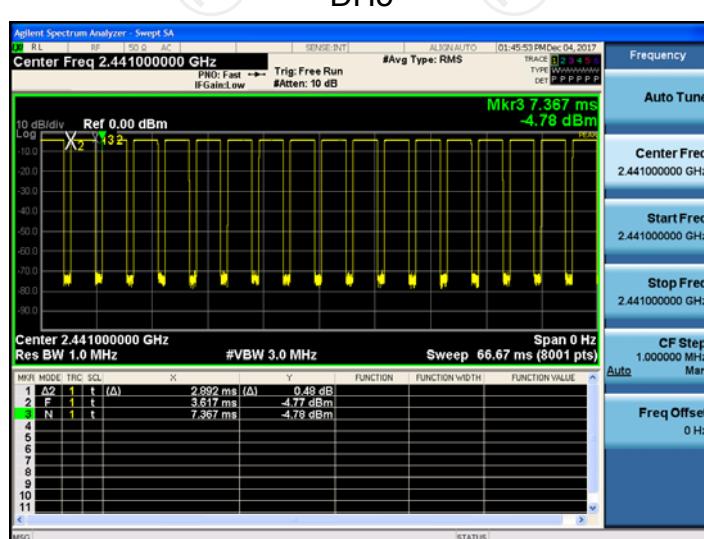
## GFSK DH1



DH3

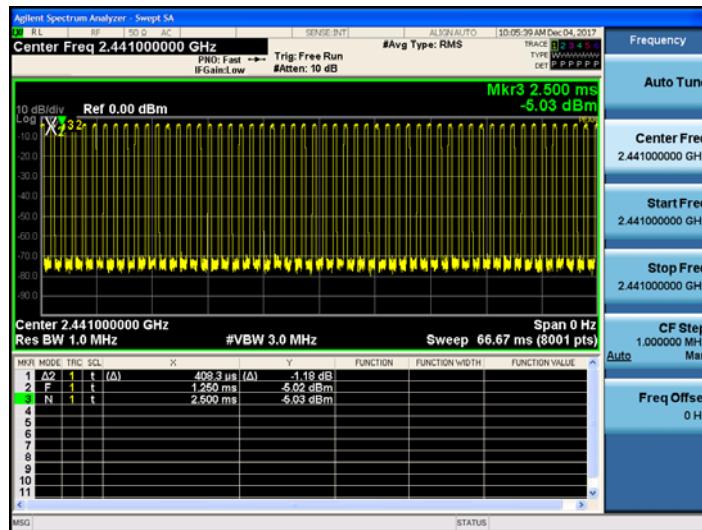


DH5

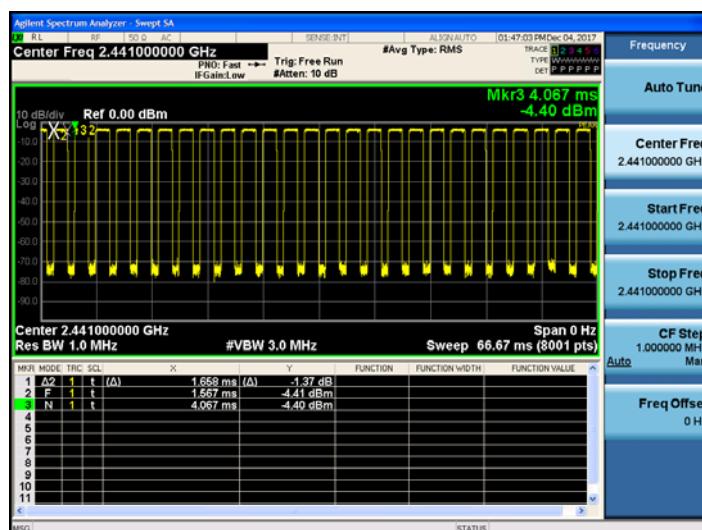


## Pi/4DQPSK

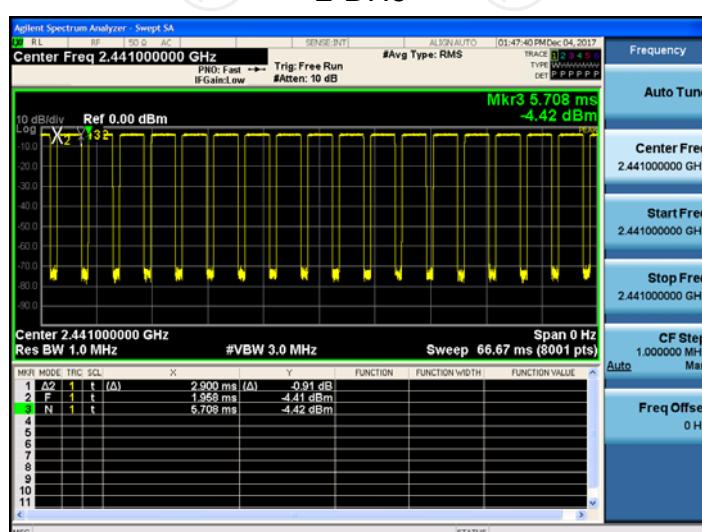
### 2-DH1



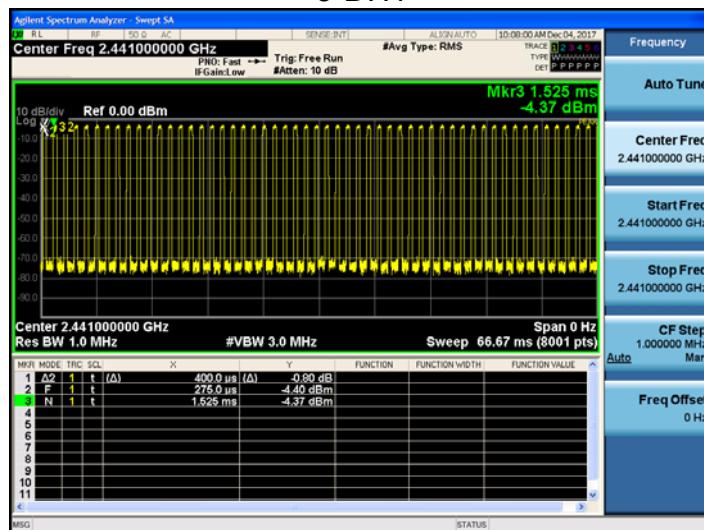
### 2-DH3



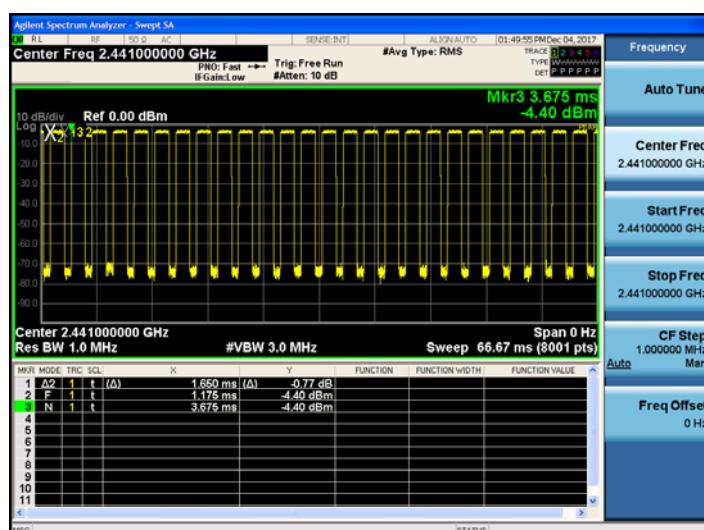
### 2-DH5



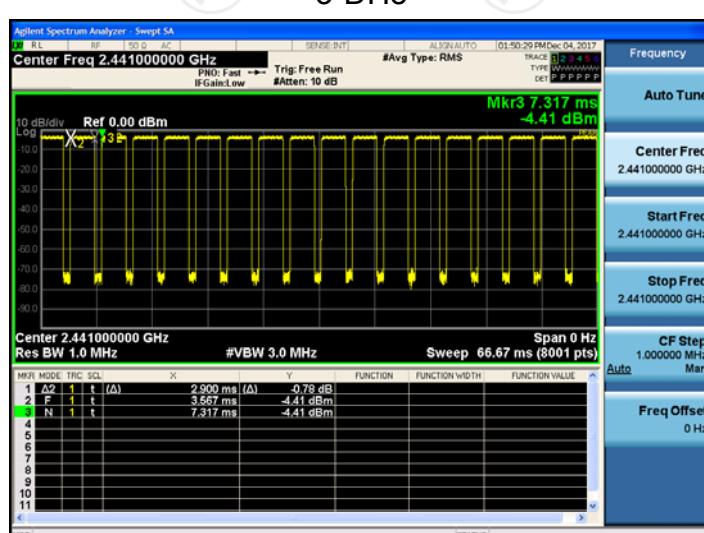
## 8DPSK 3-DH1



3-DH3



3-DH5

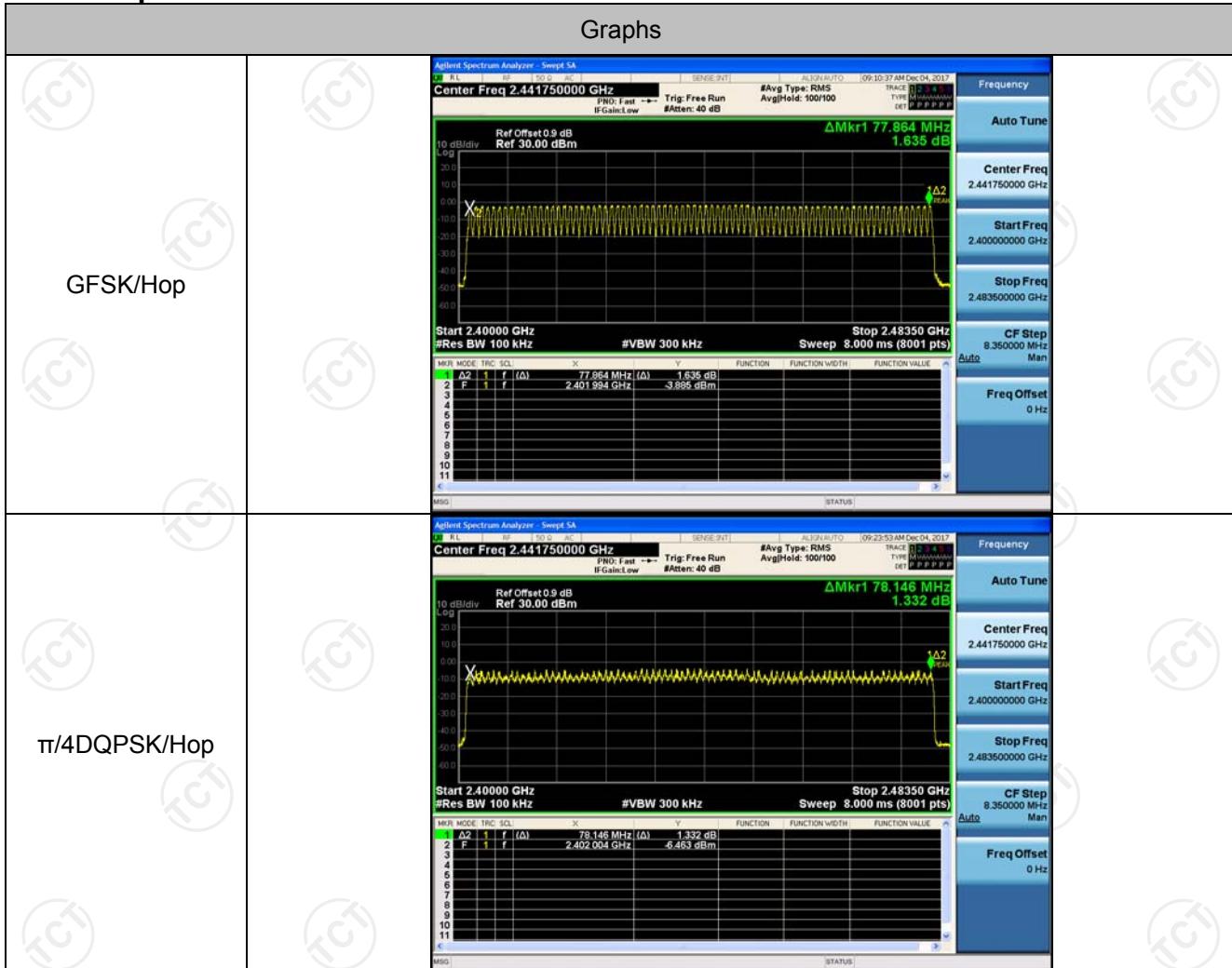


## Hopping Channel Number

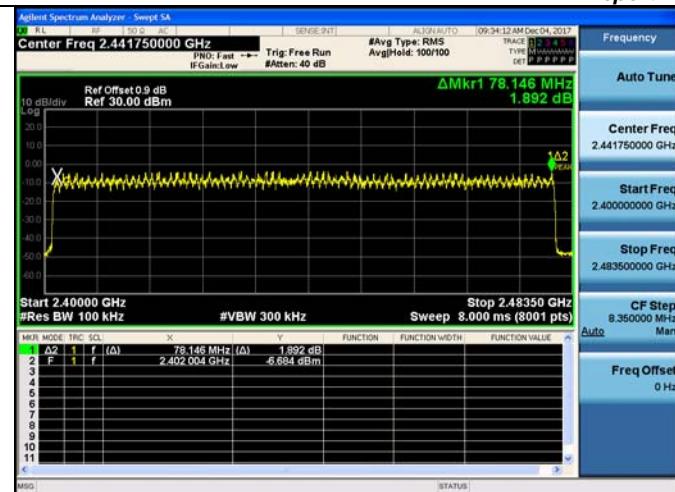
### Result Table

Mode	Channel.	Number of Hopping Channel	Verdict
GFSK	Hop	79	PASS
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	Hop	79	PASS
8DPSK	Hop	79	PASS

### Test Graph



8DPSK/Hop



## Conducted Peak Output Power

### Result Table

Mode	Channel.	Maximum Peak Output Power [dBm]	Verdict
GFSK	LCH	-2.467	PASS
GFSK	MCH	-0.257	PASS
GFSK	HCH	-0.723	PASS
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	LCH	-4.414	PASS
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	MCH	-2.003	PASS
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	HCH	-2.613	PASS
8DPSK	LCH	-4.102	PASS
8DPSK	MCH	-1.629	PASS
8DPSK	HCH	-2.268	PASS

### Test Graph



GFSK/HCH

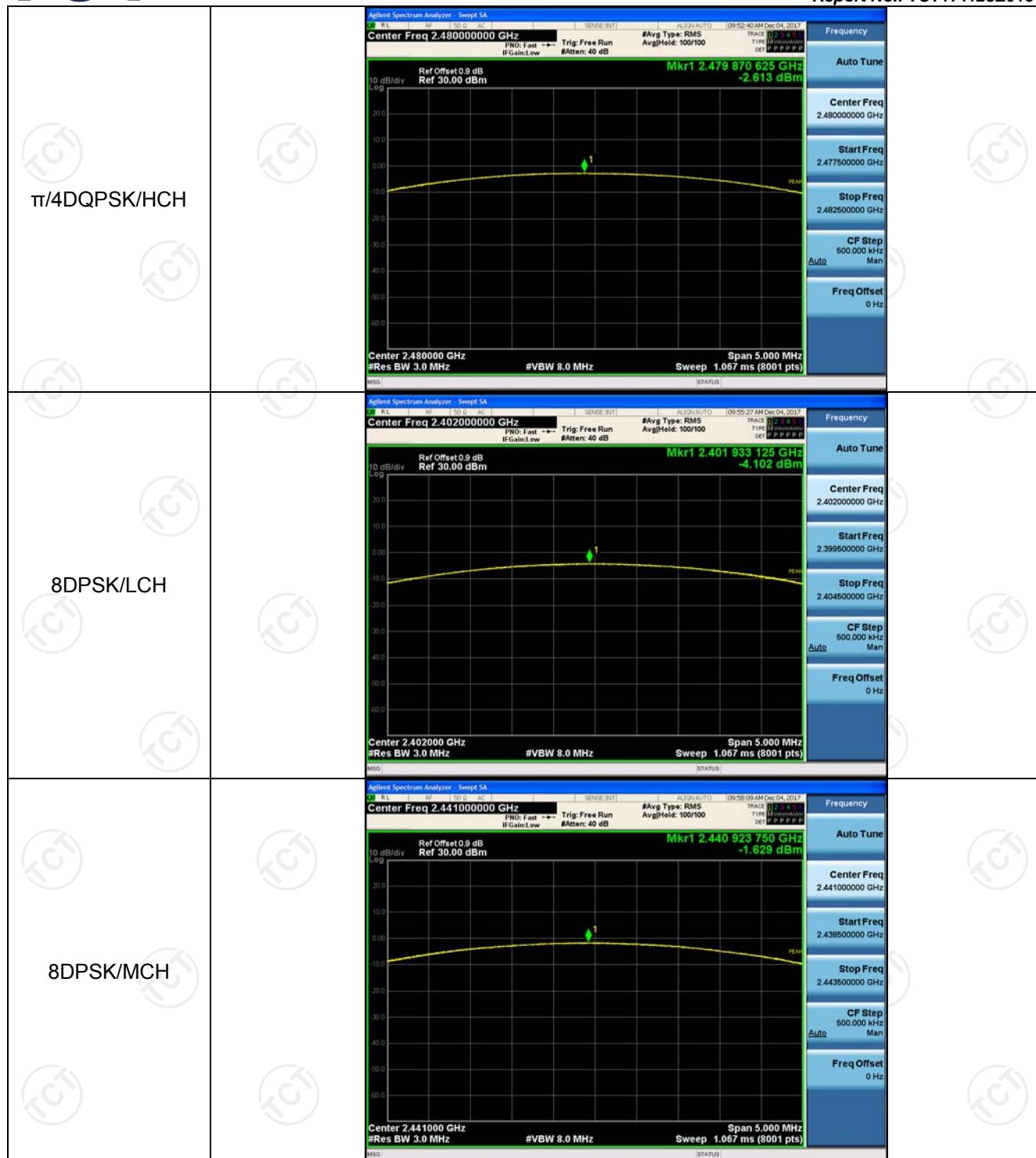


π/4DQPSK/LCH



π/4DQPSK/MCH





8DPSK/HCH

