

FCC SAR Measurement and Test Report

For

DDC TRADING INC

400 Sunny Isles Blvd # 1506 Sunny Isles Beach, FL 33160, Miami, USA.

FCC ID: 2AGF3L4

FCC Part 2.1093

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 :2005+A1:2010 ANSI / IEEE C95.3:2002(R2008)

FCC Rules: IEEE 1528:2013

Product Description: Mobile phone

Tested Model: <u>L4</u>

Report No.: STR17098288H

Tested Date: 2017-09-25 to 2017-09-29

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Note: This test report is limited to the above client company and the product model only. It may not be duplicated without prior permitted by Shenzhen SEM. Test Technology Co., Ltd.



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1. General Information

1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Client Information

Applicant: DDC TRADING INC

Address of applicant: 400 Sunny Isles Blvd # 1506 Sunny Isles Beach, FL 33160,

Miami, USA.

Manufacturer: DDC TRADING INC

Address of manufacturer: 400 Sunny Isles Blvd # 1506 Sunny Isles Beach, FL 33160,

Miami, USA.

General Description of EUT	
Product Name:	Mobile phone
Brand Name:	DDC
Model No.:	L4
Adding Model:	1
Rated Voltage:	DC 3.7V Li-ion Battery
Battery Capacity:	1300mAh

The EUT Main board support GSM850/PCS1900, WCDMA Band 2/5 function. It is intended for speech, Multimedia Message Service (MMS) transmission. It is equipped with GPRS class 12 for GSM850/900/DCS1800/PCS1900, GPS, FM, Bluetooth and Wi-Fi functions. For more information see the following datasheet

Note: The test data is gathered from a production sample, provided by the manufacturer. For more information see the following datasheet

Technical Characteristics of EUT				
2G				
Support Networks:	GSM, GPRS			
Support Band:	GSM850/PCS1900			
Unlink Fraguancy:	GSM/GPRS 850: 824~849MHz			
Uplink Frequency:	GSM/GPRS 1900: 1850~1910MHz			
Downlink Fraguency:	GSM/GPRS 850: 869~894MHz			
Downlink Frequency:	GSM/GPRS 1900: 1930~1990MHz			
Max RF Output Power:	GSM850: 32.68dBm, GSM1900: 28.49dBm			
Type of Modulation:	GMSK			
Antenna Type:	Internal Antenna			
Antenna Gain:	GSM850: -4.0dBi; GSM1900: -2.0dBi			
GPRS Class:	Class 12			
3G				
Support Networks:	WCDMA, HSDPA, HSUPA			



Support Band:	WCDMA Band II, WCDMA Band V
Haliak Esaguanan	WCDMA Band II: 1850~1910MHz
Uplink Frequency:	WCDMA Band V: 824~849MHz
Downlink Fraguency:	WCDMA Band II: 1930~1990MHz
Downlink Frequency:	WCDMA Band V: 869~894MHz
RF Output Power:	WCDMA Band II: 22.19dBm, WCDMA Band V: 22.71dBm
Type of Modulation:	BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM
Antenna Type:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	WCDMA Band II: -2.0dBi, WCDMA Band V: -4.0dBi
WIFI	
Support Standards:	802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n
Frequency Range:	2412-2462MHz for 802.11b/g/n(HT20)
AV Output Power:	11.86dBm (Conducted)
Type of Modulation:	CCK, OFDM, QPSK, BPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM
Data Rate:	1-11Mbps, 6-54Mbps, up to 72.2Mbps
Quantity of Channels:	11 for 802.11b/g/n(HT20)
Channel Separation:	5MHz
Antenna Type:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	-5.0dBi
Bluetooth	
Bluetooth Version:	V2.1+EDR
Frequency Range:	2402-2480MHz
AV Output Power:	3.884dBm (Conducted)
Data Rate:	1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps
Modulation:	GFSK, Pi/4 QDPSK, 8DPSK
Quantity of Channels:	79
Channel Separation:	1MHz
Antenna Type:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	-5.0dBi





1.2 Test Standards

The following report is prepared on behalf of the DDC TRADING INC in accordance with FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093, ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, IEEE 1528-2013, KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot mode v02r01, KDB 447498 D01 v06, KDB 648474 D04 v01r02 and KDB 941225 D01 v03.

The objective is to determine compliance with FCC Part 2.1093 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product, which result in lowering the emission, should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.

1.3 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and KDB 865664 D02 v01r02. The public notice KDB 447498 D01 v06 for Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedure also.

1.4 Test Facility

FCC - Registration No.: 125990

Shenzhen SEM Test Technology Co., Ltd. Laboratory has been recognized to perform compliance testing on equipme subject to the Commissions Declaration Of Conformity (DOC). The Designation Number is CN5010, and Test Firm Registration Number is 125990.



2. Summary of Test Results

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) have found during testing are as follows:

Engayonay Pand	Head SAR	Body-worn (10mm Gap)	Hotspot (10mm Gap)	SAR _{1g} Limit
Frequency Band	Maximum SAR _{1g}	Maximum SAR _{1g}	Maximum SAR _{1g}	(W/kg)
	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
GSM850	0.393	0.747	0.341	1.6
GSM1900	0.752	0.491	0.623	1.6
WCDMA Band V	0.376	0.794	0.794	1.6
WCDMA Band II	0.775	0.670	0.670	1.6
WLAN 2.4GHz	0.314	0.141	0.141	1.6
Simultaneous Transmission	1.066	0.935	0.935	1.6

The highest reported SAR values for head, body-worn accessory, wireless router(hotspot), and simultaneous transmission conditions are 0.775 W/kg, 0.794W/kg, 0.794 W/kg, and 1.066 W/kg respectively

The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedure specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and KDB 865664 D02 v01r02



3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

3.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techiques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

3.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C\left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t}\right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity, δ T is the temperature rise and δ t is the exposure duration, or related to the

electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.



4. SAR Measurement System

4.1 The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

4.2 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SSE5 SN 09/13 EP168 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg

- Probe Length: 330 mm

- Length of Individual Dipoles: 4.5 mm- Maximum external diameter: 8 mm- Probe Tip External Diameter: 5 mm

- Distance between dipoles / probe extremity: 2.7mm

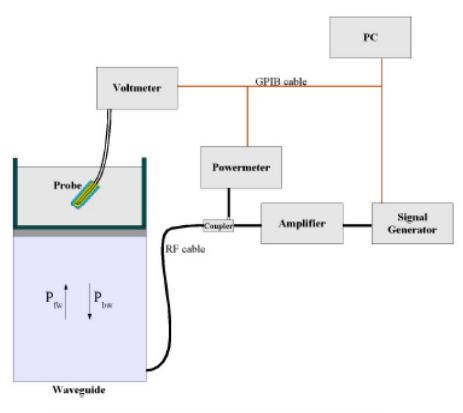


- Probe linearity: <0.25 dB
- Axial Isotropy: <0.25 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: <0.50 dB

- Calibration range: 700 to 3000MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and suface normal line:1ess than 30°

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with EN 62209-1 and IEEE 1528 STD, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 62209-1 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



$$SAR = \frac{4\left(P_{fw} - P_{bw}\right)}{ab\delta}\cos^2\left(\pi\frac{y}{a}\right)e^{-(2z/\delta)}$$

Where:

Pfw = Forward Power Pbw = Backward Power

a and b = Waveguide dimensions

I = Skin depth

Keithley configuration:

Rate = Medium; Filter = ON; RDGS = 10; Filter type = Moving Average; Range auto after each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.





The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

$$CF(N)=SAR(N)/Vlin(N)$$
 (N=1,2,3)

The linearised output voltage Vlin(N) is obtained from the displayed output voltage V(N) using

$$Vlin(N)=V(N)*(1+V(N)/DCP(N))$$
 (N=1,2,3)

where DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

4.3 Probe Calibration Process

Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. SATIMO Probe calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm2) using an with CALISAR, Antenna proprietary calibration system.

Free Space Assessment Procedure

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1mW/cm2.

Temperature Assessment Procedure

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated head tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

SAR =
$$C\frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$
 $\Delta t = \text{exposure time (30 seconds)},$ $C = \text{heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle)},$ $\Delta T = \text{temperature increase due to RF exposure}.$

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T/\Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. The electric field in the simulated tissue can be used to estimate SAR by equating the thermally derived SAR to that with the E- field component.



$$SAR = \frac{\left| \mathbf{E} \right|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

 $\sigma = \text{simulated tissue conductivity},$

 ρ = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm3 for brain tissue)

4.4 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

4.5 Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent		
Delrin	3.7	0.005		



4.6 Test Equipment List

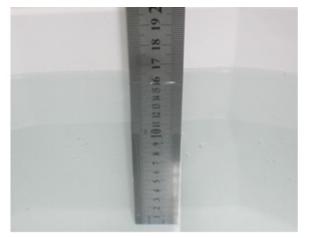
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
E-Field Probe	SATIMO	SSE5	SN 09/13 EP168	2017-06-01	2018-05-31
835MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID835	SN 47/12 DIP 0G835-204	2017-03-16	2018-03-15
1900MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID1900	SN 47/12 DIP 1G900-207	2017-03-16	2018-03-15
2450MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID2450	SN 13/15 DIP 2G450-364	2017-03-16	2018-03-15
Dielectric Probe Kit	SATIMO	SCLMP	SN 47/12 OCPG49	2017-03-16	2018-03-15
SAM Phantom	SATIMO	SAM	SN/ 47/12 SAM95	N/A	N/A
MULTIMETER	KEITHLEY	Keithley 2000	4006367	2017-06-12	2018-06-11
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMR20	100047	2017-06-12	2018-06-11
Universal Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	112012	2017-06-12	2018-06-11
Network Analyzer	HP	8753C	2901A00831	2017-06-12	2018-06-11
Directional Couplers	Agilent	778D	20160	2017-06-12	2018-06-11



5. Tissue Simulating Liquids

5.1 Composition of Tissue Simulating Liquid

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with SMTIMO, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. Please see the following photos for the liquid height.



Liquid Height for Head SAR



Liquid Height for Body SAR

The Composition of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency	Water	Salt	Sugar	HEC	Preventol	DGBE
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
			Head			
835	40.3	1.4	57.9	0.2	0.2	0
1900	55.2	0.3	0	0	0	44.5
2450	55.0	0.1	0	0	0	44.9
			Body			
835	50.8	0.9	48.2	0	0.1	0.00
1900	70.2	0.4	0	0	0	29.4
2450	68.6	0.1	0	0	0	31.3



5.2 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

To F	Не	ead	Во	ody
Target Frequency	Conductivity	Permittivity	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	(σ)	(E _r)	(σ)	(E r)
150	0.76	52.3	0.80	61.9
300	0.87	45.3	0.92	58.2
450	0.87	43.5	0.94	56.7
835	0.90	41.5	0.97	55.2
900	0.97	41.5	1.05	55.0
915	0.98	41.5	1.06	55.0
1450	1.20	40.5	1.30	54.0
1610	1.29	40.3	1.40	53.8
1800-2000	1.40	40.0	1.52	53.3
2450	1.80	39.2	1.95	52.7
3000	2.40	38.5	2.73	52.0
5800	5.27	35.3	6.00	48.2



5.3 Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using COMOSAR Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

Calibration Result for Dielectric Parameters of Tissue Simulating Liquid

	Head Tissue Simulating Liquid								
Emag	Томи	Conductivity Permittivity					T ::4		
Freq. MHz.	Temp. (°C)	Reading	Target	Delta	Reading	Target	Delta	Limit (%)	Date
MITIZ.	(0)	(σ)	(σ)	(%)	$(\mathcal{E}\mathbf{r})$	$(\mathcal{E}\mathbf{r})$	(%)	(70)	
835	21.2	0.87	0.90	-3.33	41.11	41.50	-0.94	±5	2017-09-25
1900	21.3	1.38	1.40	-1.43	38.56	40.00	-3.60	±5	2017-09-26
2450	21.3	1.76	1.80	-2.22	38.6	39.2	-1.53	±5	2017-09-27

	Body Tissue Simulating Liquid								
Emag	Conductivity Permittivity				T ::4				
Freq. MHz.	Temp. (℃)	Reading	Target	Delta	Reading	Target	Delta	Limit (%)	Date
WIIIZ.	(0)	(σ)	(σ)	(%)	$(\mathcal{E}\mathbf{r})$	$(\mathcal{E}\mathbf{r})$	(%)	(/0)	
835	21.2	0.95	0.97	-2.06	54.85	55.20	-0.63	±5	2017-09-25
1900	21.3	1.50	1.52	-1.32	52.42	53.30	-1.65	±5	2017-09-26
2450	21.3	2.00	1.95	2.56	52.3	52.7	-0.76	±5	2017-09-27



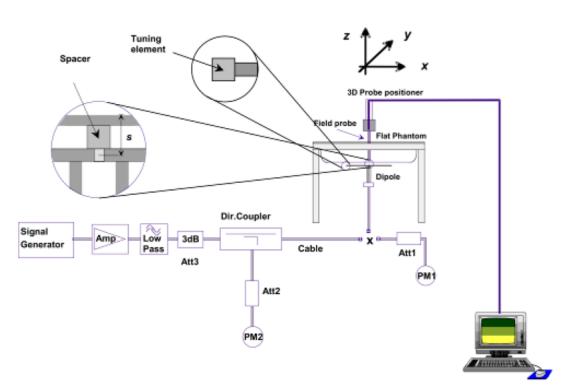
6. SAR Measurement Evaluation

6.1 Purpose of System Performance Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

6.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator at frequency 835 MHz and 1900 MHz. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom.



System Verification Setup Block Diagram





Setup Photo of Dipole Antenna

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 24 dBm (250 mW) before dipole is connected.

6.3 Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 6.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion.

Frequency	Targeted SAR _{1g}	Measured SAR _{1g}	Normalized SAR _{1g}	Tolerance
MHz	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(%)
		Head		•
835	9.65	2.39	9.56	-0.93
1900	39.59	9.91	39.64	0.13
2450	53.76	13.46	53.84	0.15
		Body		
835	9.36	2.36	9.44	0.85
1900	39.01	9.80	39.2	0.49
2450	50.33	12.60	50.4	0.14

Targeted and Measurement SAR

Please refer to Annex A for the plots of system performance check.



7. EUT Testing Position

7.1 Define Two Imaginary Lines on The Handset

- (a) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset.
- (b) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (c) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.

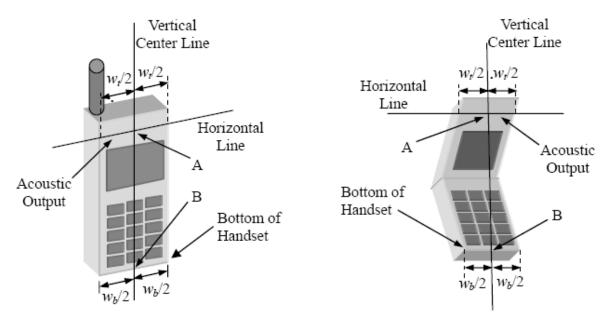


Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines



7.2 Cheek Position

(a) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE. (b) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 7.2).

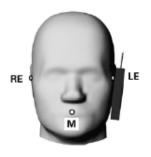






Illustration for Cheek Position

7.3 Tilted Position

- (a) To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (b) While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 7.3).





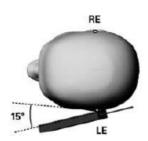


Illustration for Tilted Position



7.4 Body Position

- (a) To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with either keypad up or down.
- (b) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- (c) To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 10mm.

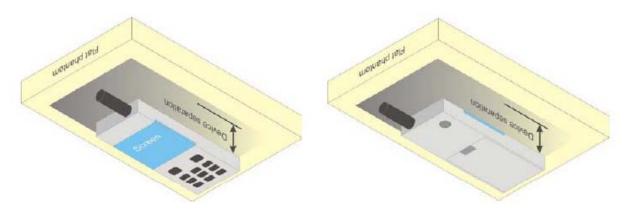
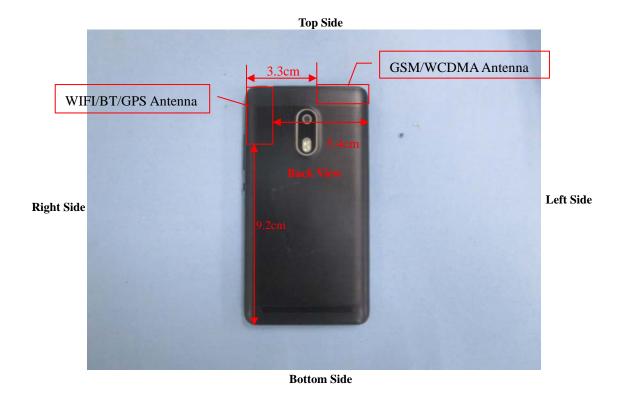


Illustration for Body Position

7.5 EUT Antenna Position



Block Diagram for EUT Antenna Position



7.6 EUT Testing Position

Head/Body-worn/Hotspot mode SAR assessments are required for this device. This EUT was tested in different positions for different SAR test modes, more information as below:

Head SAR tests								
Antennas Right Cheek Left Cheek Right Tilted Left Tilted								
WWAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				

Hotspot SAR tests, Test distance: 10mm										
Antennas Front Back Right Side Left Side Top Side Bottom Side										
WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No				
WLAN	WLAN Yes Yes Yes No Yes No									

Body-worn SAR tests, Test distance: 10mm							
Antennas Front Back							
WWAN	Yes	Yes					
WLAN	Yes	Yes					

Remark:

1. Referring to KDB 941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are >= 9cm*5cm, the test separation distances is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

Please refer to Annex D for the EUT test setup photos.



8. SAR Measurement Procedures

8.1 Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- (a) Use base station simulator (if applicable) or engineering software to transmit RF power continuously (continuous Tx) in the highest power channel.
- (b) Keep EUT to radiate maximum output power or 100% factor (if applicable)
- (c) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter.
- (d) Place the EUT in the positions as Annex D demonstrates.
- (e) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the SATIMO software.
- (f) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (g) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (h) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.2 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The SATIMO software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine. The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g





8.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures 5x5x7 points with step size 8, 8 and 5 mm for 300 MHz to 3 GHz, and 8x8x8 points with step size 4, 4 and 2.5 mm for 3 GHz to 6 GHz. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g.

8.4 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing (step-size is 4, 4 and 2.5 mm). When all volume scan were completed, the software can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.5 SAR Averaged Methods

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimize measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10g and 1 g requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In SATIMO measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



9. SAR Test Result

9.1 Conducted RF Output Power

GSM - Burst Average Power (dBm)								
Band		GSM850			PCS1900			
Channel	128	190	251	512	661	810		
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880	1909.8		
GSM	32.61	32.35	32.33	28.32	28.40	28.25		
GPRS (1 slot)	32.68	32.51	32.31	28.44	28.49	28.35		
GPRS (2 slots)	31.44	31.32	31.08	26.98	26.46	25.69		
GPRS (3 slots)	30.17	30.11	29.89	25.99	25.14	24.17		
GPRS (4 slots)	27.35	27.33	26.99	24.37	23.36	22.14		

GSM - Source-Based Time-Average Power (dBm)								
Band		GSM850			PCS1900			
Channel	128	190	251	512	661	810		
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880	1909.8		
GSM	23.61	23.35	23.33	19.32	19.40	19.25		
GPRS (1 slot)	23.68	23.51	23.31	19.44	19.49	19.35		
GPRS (2 slots)	25.44	25.32	25.08	20.98	20.46	19.69		
GPRS (3 slots)	25.92	25.86	25.64	21.74	20.89	19.92		
GPRS (4 slots)	24.35	24.33	23.99	21.37	20.36	19.14		

Note: The source-based time-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:

Source based time-average power = Burst averaged power - Duty cycle factor in dB

Remark

- 1. For Head SAR testing, GSM and GPRS 3-slots should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM and GPRS 3-slots for GSM850 and for GSM1900 due to its highest source-based time-average power.
- 2. For Body SAR testing, GPRS should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS (3Tx slots) for GSM850 and GSM1900 due to its highest source-based time-average power.
- 3. Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
- 4. The DUT do not support DTM function.
- 5. This device supports VOIP capability through 3rd party apps software.



	WCDMA	- Average P	Power (dBm)					
Band	W	WCDMA Band II			WCDMA Band V			
Channel	9262	9262 9400 9538			4183	4233		
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6	826.4	836.6	846.6		
RMC 12.2k	22.16	22.19	22.17	22.67	22.14	22.71		
HSDPA Subtest-1	20.82	21.31	20.62	21.02	21.31	20.78		
HSDPA Subtest-2	20.8	21.28	20.6	21.01	21.3	20.75		
HSDPA Subtest-3	20.78	21.27	20.59	21.02	21.28	20.76		
HSDPA Subtest-4	20.78	21.28	20.58	21.02	21.28	20.75		
HSUPA Subtest-1	21.04	21.76	20.09	22.56	22.48	21.92		
HSUPA Subtest-2	21.03	21.75	20.08	22.52	22.45	21.91		
HSUPA Subtest-3	21.02	21.75	20.07	22.53	22.46	21.9		
HSUPA Subtest-4	21.02	21.73	20.08	22.55	22.47	21.9		
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.01	21.74	20.05	22.54	22.47	21.91		

Remark:

- 1. For Head SAR, per KDB 941225 D01 v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If AMR 12.2kbps power is < 1/4 dB higher than RMC, SAR tests with AMR 12.2kbps can be excluded.
- 2. For Body SAR, per KDB 941225 D01 v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA subset-1 output power is < 1/4 dB higher than RMC, and SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is \leq 1.2W/kg, HSDPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.



	WLAN - Maximum Average Power								
Test Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)					
802.11b		CH 01	2412	11.86					
	11Mbps	CH 06	2437	11.16					
		CH 11	2462	11.15					
		CH 01	2412	10.44					
802.11g	54Mbps	CH 06	2437	10.72					
		CH 11	2462	9.8					
		CH 01	2412	8.97					
802.11n (20MHz)	MCS7	CH 06	2437	8.7					
		CH 11	2462	8.22					

Remark:

- 1. Per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions.
- 2. Per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements ,when the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel (see 3.1) for the exposure configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.
- 3 .For OFDM modes (802.11g/n), SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and it is <= 1.2W/kg.



Bluetooth - Maximum Average Power								
Test Mode Data Rate Average Power(dBm)								
GFSK	1Mbps	3.884						
Pi/4 QDPSK	2Mbps	3.368						
8DPSK	3Mbps	3.802						

Remark:

Bluetooth maximum output power is 3.884dBm, and Tune-Up output power is 4.0dBm. Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by: [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] \cdot [$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR,16 where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation17
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	Result	Limit
4.0	2.51	5	2.402	0.78	3

The exclusion thresholds is 0.78< 3, therefore, the RF exposure evaluation is not required.



9.2 Test Results for Standalone SAR Test

Head SAR

	GSM850 – Head SAR Test									
Plot	Plot Test Position		Freq	uency	Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled	
No.	Mode	Head	СН.	MHz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g	
110.		Heau	CH. MHZ	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)		
1.	GSM	Right Cheek	128	824.2	32.61	33.0	1.094	0.258	0.282	
2.	GSM	Right Tilted	128	824.2	32.61	33.0	1.094	0.097	0.106	
3.	GSM	Left Cheek	128	824.2	32.61	33.0	1.094	0.266	0.291	
4.	GSM	Left Tilted	128	824.2	32.61	33.0	1.094	0.111	0.121	

	GSM1900 – Head SAR Test									
Plot	Test Position	Freq	uency	Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled		
No.	Mode	Head	СН.	M Hz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g	
110.		Heau	CH. MHZ	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)		
5.	GSM	Right Cheek	661	1880	28.40	28.5	1.023	0.621	0.635	
6.	GSM	Right Tilted	661	1880	28.40	28.5	1.023	0.269	0.275	
7.	GSM	Left Cheek	661	1880	28.40	28.5	1.023	0.735	0.752	
8.	GSM	Left Tilted	661	1880	28.40	28.5	1.023	0.371	0.380	

	GSM850 – Head SAR Test									
Plot		Test Position	Frequency		Output	Rated	Scoling	SAR1g	Scaled	
No.	Mode	Head	СН.	MHz	Power	Limit	Scaling Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g	
NO.		Heau	CH.	WIIIZ	(dBm)	(dBm)			(W/kg)	
9.	GPRS_3TX	Right Cheek	128	824.2	30.17	30.5	1.079	0.364	0.393	
10.	GPRS_3TX	Right Tilted	128	824.2	30.17	30.5	1.079	0.198	0.214	
11.	GPRS_3TX	Left Cheek	128	824.2	30.17	30.5	1.079	0.301	0.325	
12.	GPRS_3TX	Left Tilted	128	824.2	30.17	30.5	1.079	0.121	0.131	

	GSM1900 – Head SAR Test												
Plot		Test Position	Frequency		Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled				
No.	Mode	Head	СН.	M Hz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g				
110.		Head	CII.	IVI IIZ	(dBm)	(dBm)	Tactor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)				
13.	GPRS_3TX	Right Cheek	512	1850.2	25.99	26.5	1.125	0.476	0.535				
14.	GPRS_3TX	Right Tilted	512	1850.2	25.99	26.5	1.125	0.198	0.223				
15.	GPRS_3TX	Left Cheek	512	1850.2	25.99	26.5	1.125	0.668	0.751				
16.	GPRS_3TX	Left Tilted	512	1850.2	25.99	26.5	1.125	0.287	0.323				



	WCDMA Band V – Head SAR Test											
Plot		Test Position	Freq	uency	Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled			
No.	Mode	Head	СН.	MHz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g			
110.		Heau	Cn.	MITZ	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)			
17.	RMC	Right Cheek	4233	846.6	22.71	23.0	1.069	0.273	0.292			
18.	RMC	Right Tilted	4233	846.6	22.71	23.0	1.069	0.154	0.165			
19.	RMC	Left Cheek	4233	846.6	22.71	23.0	1.069	0.352	0.376			
20.	RMC	Left Tilted	4233	846.6	22.71	23.0	1.069	0.201	0.215			

	WCDMA Band II – Head SAR Test											
Plot		Test Position	Freq	Frequency		Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled			
No.	Mode	Head	СН.	MHz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g			
110.		Heau	CII.	WIIIZ	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)			
21.	RMC	Right Cheek	9400	1880.0	22.19	22.5	1.074	0.722	0.775			
22.	RMC	Right Tilted	9400	1880.0	22.19	22.5	1.074	0.356	0.382			
23.	RMC	Left Cheek	9400	1880.0	22.19	22.5	1.074	0.683	0.734			
24.	RMC	Left Tilted	9400	1880.0	22.19	22.5	1.074	0.298	0.320			

	WLAN 2.4GHz – Head SAR Test												
Plot		Test Position	Frequ	uency	Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled				
No.	Mode	Head	СН.	MHz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g				
110.		Heau	CII.	WIIIZ	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)				
25.	802.11b	Right Cheek	01	2412	11.86	12.0	1.033	0.207	0.214				
26.	802.11b	Right Tilted	01	2412	11.86	12.0	1.033	0.106	0.109				
27.	802.11b	Left Cheek	01	2412	11.86	12.0	1.033	0.304	0.314				
28.	802.11b	Left Tilted	01	2412	11.86	12.0	1.033	0.138	0.143				

Remark: Per KDB447498 D01 v06, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position \leq 0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.



Body-worn SAR

		GSM	1850 – Bo	dy SAR Te	est (Gap: 1	0mm)			
Plo	Test Position	Frequ	uency	Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled	
t	Mode	Body	СН.	H. MHz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g
No.		Bouy	CH.		(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor	(vv/kg)	(W/kg)
29.	GSM	Back	128	824.2	32.61	33.0	1.094	0.683	0.747
30.	GSM	Front	128	824.2	32.61	33.0	1.094	0.669	0.732

		GSM	1900 – Bo	ody SAR T	est (Gap: 1	10mm)			
Plot		Test Position	Frequ	Frequency		Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled
	Plot No. Mode		CH	MII-	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g
No.		Body	СН.	MHz	(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)
31.	GSM	Back	661	1880	28.40	28.5	1.023	0.480	0.491
32.				1880	28.40	28.5	1.023	0.430	0.440

	WCDMA Band V – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)											
Plot		Test Position – Body	Freq	Frequency		Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled			
	Mode		СН.	MII.	Power	Limit	Factor	U	SAR1g			
No.			CH.	MHz	(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor	(W/kg)	(W/kg)			
41	RMC 12.2k	Back Side	4233	846.6	22.71	23.0	1.069	0.743	0.794			
42	RMC 12.2k	Front Side	4233	846.6	22.71	23.0	1.069	0.741	0.792			

		WCDMA	Band II	WCDMA Band II – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)											
Plot		Tost Position	Frequency		Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled						
No.	Mode	CH	MHz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g							
110.		Bouy	СН.	MHZ	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)						
45	RMC 12.2k	Back Side	9400	1880.0	22.19	22.5	1.074	0.624	0.670						
46	RMC 12.2k	Back Side	9400	1880.0	22.19	22.5	1.074	0.553	0.594						

		1	WLAN 2.4	4GHz –Bo	dy SAR Te	est			
Plot		Test Position	Freq	Frequency		Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled
	Mode	Body	СН.	MII	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g
110.		Bouy	CH.	MHz	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)
49	802.11b	Back Side	01	2412	11.86	12.0	1.033	0.137	0.141
50	802.11b	Front Side	01	2412	11.86	12.0	1.033	0.085	0.088



Hotspot SAR

	GSM850 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)											
Plot		Test Position	Freq	uency	Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled			
No.	Mode	Body	СН.	MHz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g			
110.		Bouy	Cn.	MITIZ	(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)			
33.	GPRS_3TX	Back Side	128	824.2	30.17	30.5	1.079	0.316	0.341			
34.	GPRS_3TX	Front Side	128	824.2	30.17	30.5	1.079	0.207	0.223			
35.	GPRS_3TX	Top side	128	824.2	30.17	30.5	1.079	0.065	0.070			
36.	GPRS_3TX	Left side	128	824.2	30.17	30.5	1.079	0.109	0.118			

	GSM1900 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)												
Plot		Test Position	Freq	uency	Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled				
No.	Mode	Body	СН.	MHz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g				
110.		Douy	CII.	WIIIZ	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)				
37.	GPRS_3TX	Back Side	512	1850.2	25.99	26.5	1.125	0.554	0.623				
38.	GPRS_3TX	Front Side	512	1850.2	25.99	26.5	1.125	0.495	0.557				
39.	GPRS_3TX	Top side	512	1850.2	25.99	26.5	1.125	0.42	0.472				
40.	GPRS_3TX	Left side	512	1850.2	25.99	26.5	1.125	0.214	0.241				

	WCDMA Band V – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)												
Plot		Test Position	Frequency		Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled				
No.	Mode	Body	СН.	MHz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g				
140.		body CH. WHZ (dBm) ((dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)							
41.	RMC 12.2k	Back Side	4233	846.6	22.71	23.0	1.069	0.743	0.794				
42.	RMC 12.2k	Front Side	4233	846.6	22.71	23.0	1.069	0.741	0.792				
43.	RMC 12.2k	Top side	4233	846.6	22.71	23.0	1.069	0.18	0.192				
44.	RMC 12.2k	Left side	4233	846.6	22.71	23.0	1.069	0.124	0.133				



	WCDMA Band II – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)									
Plot	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output	Rated	Sooling	CAD1-	Scaled	
No.			СН.	MHz	Power	Limit	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	SAR1g	
110.					(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)	
45.	RMC 12.2k	Back Side	9400	1880.0	22.19	22.5	1.074	0.624	0.670	
46.	RMC 12.2k	Front Side	9400	1880.0	22.19	22.5	1.074	0.553	0.594	
47.	RMC 12.2k	Top side	9400	1880.0	22.19	22.5	1.074	0.482	0.518	
48.	RMC 12.2k	Left side	9400	1880.0	22.19	22.5	1.074	0.257	0.276	

	WLAN 2.4GHz –Body SAR Test									
Plot		Test Position	Frequency		Output	Rated	Scaling	SAR1g	Scaled	
No.	Mode	Body	СН.	MHz	Power	Limit	Factor	(W/kg)	SAR1g	
110.		Body	CII.	WIIIZ	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)	
49.	802.11b	Back Side	01	2412	11.86	12.0	1.033	0.137	0.141	
50.	802.11b	Front Side	01	2412	11.86	12.0	1.033	0.085	0.088	
51.	802.11b	Right side	01	2412	11.86	12.0	1.033	0.049	0.051	
52.	802.11b	Top Side	01	2412	11.86	12.0	1.033	0.063	0.065	

Remark: Per KDB447498 D01 v06, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position \leq 0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.



9.3 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission SAR Analysis

List of Mode for Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission

No.	Configurations	Head SAR	Body-worn SAR	Hotspot SAR
1	GSM(Voice) + WLAN(Data)	Yes	Yes	-
2	GPRS (Data) + WLAN(Data)	Yes	-	Yes
3	WCDMA (Voice)+ WLAN(Data)	Yes	Yes	-
4	HSDPA(Data) + WLAN(Data)	-	-	Yes
5	HSUPA(Data) + WLAN(Data)	-	-	Yes
6	GSM(Voice) + Bluetooth(Data)	Yes	Yes	-
7	GPRS (Data)+ Bluetooth(Data)	Yes	-	Yes
8	WCDMA(Voice) + Bluetooth(Data)	Yes	Yes	-
9	HSDPA(Data)+ Bluetooth(Data)	-	-	Yes
10	HSUPA(Data) + Bluetooth(Data)	-	-	Yes

Remark:

- 1. GSM and WCDMA share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 2. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 3. According to the KDB 447498 D01 v06, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 v06 as below:

Bluetooth:

Tune-Up	Max. Power	Distance (mm)	Frequency	Y	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)
Power (dBm)	(mW)	Distance (IIIII)	(GHz)	^	5mm	10mm
4.0	2.51	5/10	2.402	7.5	0.104	0.052

4. The maximum SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.



Head SAR WWAN and WLAN

	ww	'AN	WLAN	G1GAD
Position	D1	Scaled SAR	Scaled SAR	Summed SAR
Position	Band	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
Right Cheek	GSM850	0.282	0.214	0.496
Right Tilted	GSM850	0.106	0.109	0.215
Left Cheek	GSM850	0.291	0.314	0.605
Left Tilted	GSM850	0.121	0.143	0.264
Right Cheek	GSM1900	0.635	0.214	0.849
Right Tilted	GSM1900	0.275	0.109	0.384
Left Cheek	GSM1900	0.752	0.314	1.066
Left Tilted	GSM1900	0.380	0.143	0.523
Right Cheek	GPRS850	0.393	0.214	0.607
Right Tilted	GPRS850	0.214	0.109	0.323
Left Cheek	GPRS850	0.325	0.314	0.639
Left Tilted	GPRS850	0.131	0.143	0.274
Right Cheek	GPRS1900	0.535	0.214	0.749
Right Tilted	GPRS1900	0.223	0.109	0.332
Left Cheek	GPRS1900	0.751	0.314	1.065
Left Tilted	GPRS1900	0.323	0.143	0.466
Right Cheek	WCDMA Band V	0.292	0.214	0.506
Right Tilted	WCDMA Band V	0.165	0.109	0.274
Left Cheek	WCDMA Band V	0.376	0.314	0.69
Left Tilted	WCDMA Band V	0.215	0.143	0.358
Right Cheek	WCDMA Band II	0.775	0.214	0.989
Right Tilted	WCDMA Band II	0.382	0.109	0.491
Left Cheek	WCDMA Band II	0.734	0.314	1.048
Left Tilted	WCDMA Band II	0.320	0.143	0.463



WWAN and Bluetooth

	WW	AN	Bluetooth	Summed SAR (W/kg)	
D	D 1	Scaled SAR	Scaled SAR		
Position	Band	(W/kg)	(W/kg)		
Right Cheek	GSM850	0.282	0.104	0.386	
Right Tilted	GSM850	0.106	0.104	0.21	
Left Cheek	GSM850	0.291	0.104	0.395	
Left Tilted	GSM850	0.121	0.104	0.225	
Right Cheek	GSM1900	0.635	0.104	0.739	
Right Tilted	GSM1900	0.275	0.104	0.379	
Left Cheek	GSM1900	0.752	0.104	0.856	
Left Tilted	GSM1900	0.380	0.104	0.484	
Right Cheek	GPRS850	0.393	0.104	0.497	
Right Tilted	GPRS850	0.214	0.104	0.318	
Left Cheek	GPRS850	0.325	0.104	0.429	
Left Tilted	GPRS850	0.131	0.104	0.235	
Right Cheek	GPRS1900	0.535	0.104	0.639	
Right Tilted	GPRS1900	0.223	0.104	0.327	
Left Cheek	GPRS1900	0.751	0.104	0.855	
Left Tilted	GPRS1900	0.323	0.104	0.427	
Right Cheek	WCDMA Band V	0.292	0.104	0.396	
Right Tilted	WCDMA Band V	0.165	0.104	0.269	
Left Cheek	WCDMA Band V	0.376	0.104	0.48	
Left Tilted	WCDMA Band V	0.215	0.104	0.319	
Right Cheek	WCDMA Band II	0.775	0.104	0.879	
Right Tilted	WCDMA Band II	0.382	0.104	0.486	
Left Cheek	WCDMA Band II	0.734	0.104	0.838	
Left Tilted	WCDMA Band II	0.320	0.104	0.424	



Body-worn SAR WWAN and WLAN

	WWAN	1	WLAN	Summed SAR
Position	Band	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	(W/kg)
Back	GSM850	0.747	0.141	0.888
Front	GSM850	0.732	0.088	0.82
Back	GSM1900	0.491	0.141	0.632
Front	GSM1900	0.440	0.088	0.528
Back	WCDMA Band V	0.794	0.141	0.935
Front	WCDMA Band V	0.792	0.088	0.88
Back	WCDMA Band II	0.670	0.141	0.811
Front	WCDMA Band II	0.594	0.088	0.682

WWAN and Bluetooth

	WWAN	1	Bluetooth	Summed SAR
Position	Band	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	(W/kg)
Back	GSM850	0.747	0.052	0.799
Front	GSM850	0.732	0.052	0.784
Back	GSM1900	0.491	0.052	0.543
Front	GSM1900	0.440	0.052	0.492
Back	WCDMA Band V	0.794	0.052	0.846
Front	WCDMA Band V	0.792	0.052	0.844
Back	WCDMA Band II	0.670	0.052	0.722
Front	WCDMA Band II	0.594	0.052	0.646



Hotspot SAR WWAN and WLAN

	WWA	AN	WLAN	Summed SAR	
D	D J	Scaled SAR	Scaled SAR	(W/kg)	
Position	Band	(W/kg)	(W/kg)		
Back	GSM850	0.341	0.141	0.482	
Front	GSM850	0.223	0.088	0.311	
Top side	GSM850	0.070	0.065	0.135	
Bottom side	GSM850				
Right side	GSM850		0.051	0.051	
Left side	GSM850	0.118		0.118	
Back	GSM1900	0.623	0.141	0.764	
Front	GSM1900	0.557	0.088	0.645	
Top side	GSM1900	0.472	0.065	0.537	
Bottom side	GSM1900				
Right side	GSM1900		0.051	0.051	
Left side	GSM1900	0.241		0.241	
Back	WCDMA Band V	0.794	0.141	0.935	
Front	WCDMA Band V	0.792	0.088	0.88	
Top side	WCDMA Band V	0.192	0.065	0.257	
Bottom side	WCDMA Band V				
Right side	WCDMA Band V		0.051	0.051	
Left side	WCDMA Band V	0.133		0.133	
Back	WCDMA Band II	0.670	0.141	0.811	
Front	WCDMA Band II	0.594	0.088	0.682	
Top side	WCDMA Band II	0.518	0.065	0.583	
Bottom side	WCDMA Band II				
Right side	WCDMA Band II		0.051	0.051	
Left side	WCDMA Band II	0.276		0.276	



WWAN and Bluetooth

	WWAN		Bluetooth	Summed SAR	
D:4:	D J	Scaled SAR	Scaled SAR	(W/kg)	
Position	Band	(W/kg)	(W/kg)		
Back	GSM850	0.341	0.052	0.393	
Front	GSM850	0.223	0.052	0.275	
Top side	GSM850	0.070	0.052	0.122	
Bottom side	GSM850				
Right side	GSM850		0.052	0.052	
Left side	GSM850	0.118		0.118	
Back	GSM1900	0.623	0.052	0.675	
Front	GSM1900	0.557	0.052	0.609	
Top side	GSM1900	0.472	0.052	0.524	
Bottom side	GSM1900				
Right side	GSM1900		0.052	0.052	
Left side	GSM1900	0.241		0.241	
Back	WCDMA Band V	0.794	0.052	0.846	
Front	WCDMA Band V	0.792	0.052	0.844	
Top side	WCDMA Band V	0.192	0.052	0.244	
Bottom side	WCDMA Band V				
Right side	WCDMA Band V		0.052	0.052	
Left side	WCDMA Band V	0.133		0.133	
Back	WCDMA Band II	0.670	0.052	0.722	
Front	WCDMA Band II	0.594	0.052	0.646	
Top side	WCDMA Band II	0.518	0.052	0.57	
Bottom side	WCDMA Band II				
Right side	WCDMA Band II		0.052	0.052	
Left side	WCDMA Band II	0.276		0.276	



10. Measurement Uncertainty

10.1 Uncertainty for EUT SAR Test

a	b	с	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol	Prob.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui	10g Ui	Vi
		(+- %)	Dist.				(+-%)	(+-%)	
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.0	N	1	1	1	7.00	7.00	œ
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	√3	(1_Cp)^1/2	(1_Cp)^1/2	1.02	1.02	œ
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	√3	(Cp)^1/2	(Cp)^1/2	1.63	1.63	œ
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	œ
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	œ
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	œ
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	œ
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	œ
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	œ
RF ambient Conditions – Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	œ
RF ambient Conditions -	E.6.1	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	œ
Reflections									
Probe positioner Mechanical	E.6.2	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	œ
Tolerance				,					
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R	√3	1	1	0.03	0.03	œ
Extrapolation, interpolation and	E.5	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	oc
integration Algoritms for Max.	L .3	3.0	IX.	٧3	1	1	2.07	2.07	~
SAR Evaluation									
Test Sample Related									
Test sample positioning	E.4.2	0.03	N	1	1	1	0.03	0.03	N-1
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	5.00	N	1	1	1	5.00	5.00	11 1
Output power Variation - SAR	E.2.9	12.02	R	√3	1	1	6.94	6.94	œ
drift measurement									
SAR scaling	E6.5	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	œ
Phantom and Tissue Parameters		ı		ı	ı		1	1	
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and	E.3.1	0.05	R	√3	1	1	0.03	0.03	œ
thickness tolerances)									
Uncertainty in SAR correction for	E3.2	1.9	R	√3	1	0.84	1.10	0.90	œ
deviations in permittivity and									
conductivity									
Liquid conductivity - deviation	E.3.2	5.00	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	œ



from target value									
Liquid conductivity -	E.3.3	5.00	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	∞
measurement uncertainty									
Liquid permittivity - deviation	E.3.2	0.37	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	0.13	0.10	∞
from target value									
Liquid permittivity -	E.3.3	10.00	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	∞
measurement uncertainty									
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				12.98	12.53	
Expanded Uncertainty			K=2				25.32	24.43	
(95% Confidence interval)									

10.2 Uncertainty for System Performance Check

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol	Prob.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui	10g Ui	Vi
		(+- %)	Dist.				(+-%)	(+-%)	
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.0	N	1	1	1	7.00	7.00	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	√3	(1_Cp)^1/2	(1_Cp)^1/2	1.02	1.02	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	√3	(Cp)^1/2	(Cp)^1/2	1.63	1.63	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	∝
Modulation response	E.2.5	0	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0	∝
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	∝
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	∝
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	∝
RF ambient Conditions – Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	∝
RF ambient Conditions - Reflections	E.6.1	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	œ
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	8
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R	√3	1	1	0.03	0.03	œ
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algoritms for Max.	E.5.2	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	œ



			1		I			I	1
SAR Evaluation									
Dipole									
Dipole axis to liquid Distance	8,E.4.2	1.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	N-1
Input power and SAR drift measurement	8,6.6.2	12.02	R	√3	1	1	6.94	6.94	∞
Deviation of experimental dipole	E.6.4	5.5	R	√3	1	1	3.20	3.20	œ
from numerical dipole									
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									•
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and	E.3.1	0.05	R	√3	1	1	0.03	0.03	œ
thickness tolerances)									
Uncertainty in SAR correction for	E3.2	2.0	R	√3	1	0.84	1.10	1.10	œ
deviations in permittivity and									
conductivity									
Liquid conductivity - deviation	E.3.2	5.00	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	
from target value									
Liquid conductivity -	E.3.3	5.00	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	
measurement uncertainty									
Liquid permittivity - deviation	E.3.2	0.37	R	√3	0.6	0.49	0.13	0.10	
from target value									
Liquid permittivity -	E.3.3	10.00	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	M
measurement uncertainty									
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				12.00	11.50	
Expanded Uncertainty			K=2				23.39	22.43	
(95% Confidence interval)									



Annex A. Plots of System Performance Check

MEASUREMENT 1

For Head Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 09/25/2017

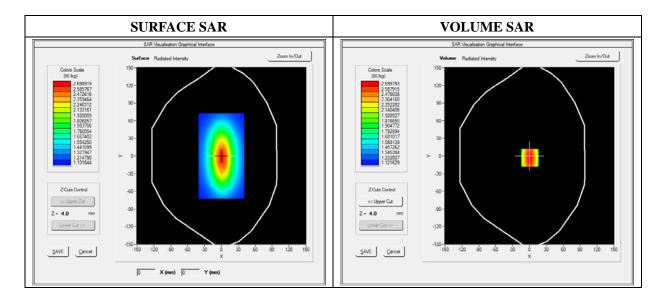
Measurement duration: 7 minutes 21 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.93; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW835
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	41.110245
Conductivity (S/m)	0.871245
Power Variation (%)	1.814580
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



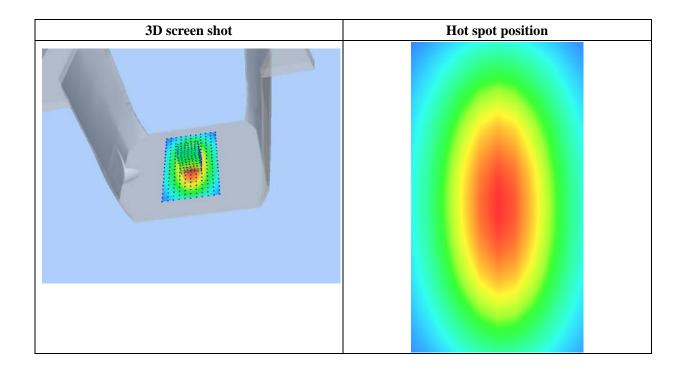


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.129489
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.391250

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	2.4900	1.8942	1.4811	1.3541	1.1123	1.0539
(W/Kg)							
	2.5	00-					
	2.3	75-	+++				
	2.1	50-	\longrightarrow				
	SAB (Wkg 1.8: 1.5:	25-	+				
	≥ ₩ 1.50	00-	++				
	ें 1.3						
		50-					
		30-				_	
	0.0 2.5 5.0 7.5 10.0 12.5 15.0 17.5 20.0 22.5 25.0 27.5 30.0 32.5 35.0						
	Z (mm)						





For Head Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 09/26/2017

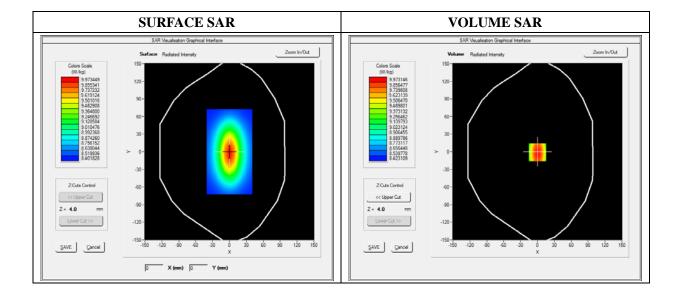
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.35; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm		
Phantom Validation plane			
Device Position	Dipole		
Band	CW1900		
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1		

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.560124
Conductivity (S/m)	1.380369
Power Variation (%)	1.022540
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3





Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	7.174526
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.913214

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	10.2354	6.8400	5.0121	4.1189	3.0522	2.8424
(W/Kg)							
	10.30 9.00 7.00 WH 9.00 9.00 3.00 2.50	0-	7.5 10.0 12.5 15.	0 17.520.0 22.5 Z (mm)	25.0 27.5 30.0 3.	2.5 35.0	





For Head Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 09/27/2017

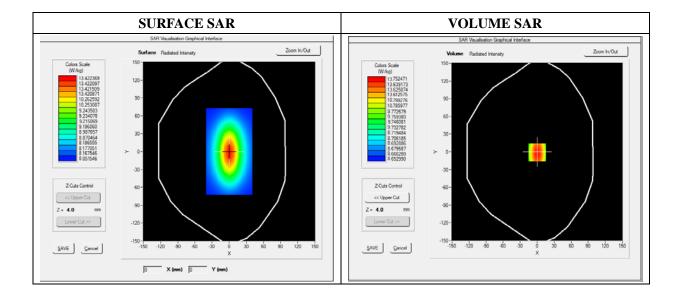
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 5.64; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	Dipole		
Band	CW2450		
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)		

Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.611212
Conductivity (S/m)	1.761202
Power Variation (%)	1.144120
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.2



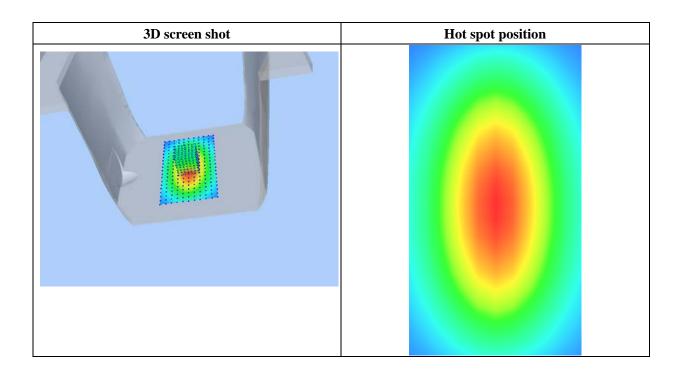


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	6.352122
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	13.462010

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	13.7232	9.5291	7.4376	5.8364	4.6836	3.3836
(W/Kg)							
	13.77 12:20 10.15 WW 8.10 4.00 3.05	5	7.5 10.0 12.5 15	.0 17.520.0 22.5 Z (mm)	25.0 27.5 30.0 3	2.5 35.0	





For Body Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 09/25/2017

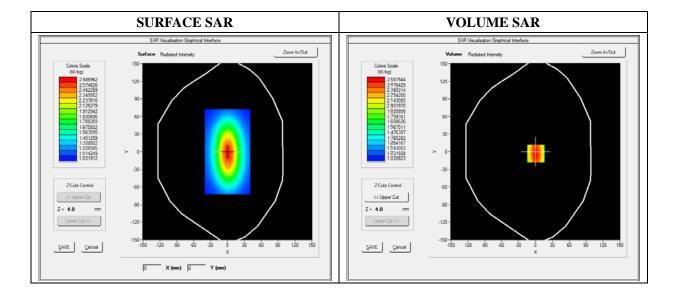
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 7.13; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	Dipole		
Band	CW835		
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1		

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.851214
Conductivity (S/m)	0.951454
Power Variation (%)	0.901472
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



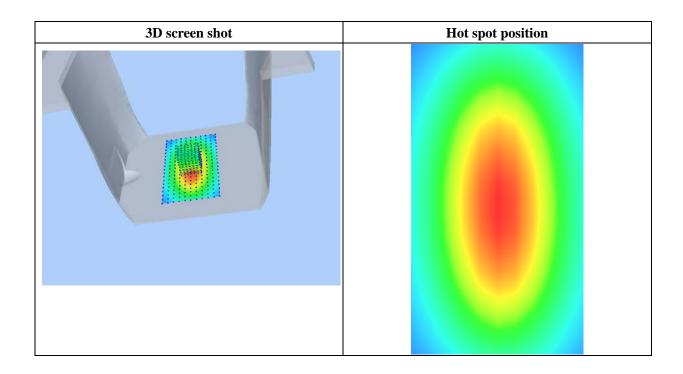


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.028956
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.364211

Z Axis Scan

			211121	Socan	1		1
Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	2.5789	1.1300	0.8795	0.5940	0.5011	0.5100
(W/Kg)							
	2.60 1.45 1.20 WW 0.95 0.70 0.55 0.40			0 17.520.0 22.5 Z (mm)	25.0 27.5 30.0 32	.5 35.0	





For Body Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 09/26/2017

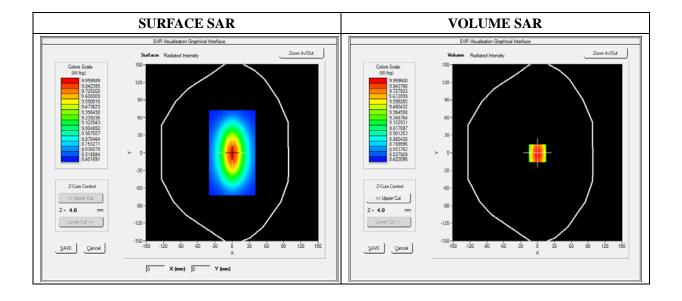
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.55; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	Dipole		
Band	CW1900		
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1		

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.420415
Conductivity (S/m)	1.501966
Power Variation (%)	0.541872
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



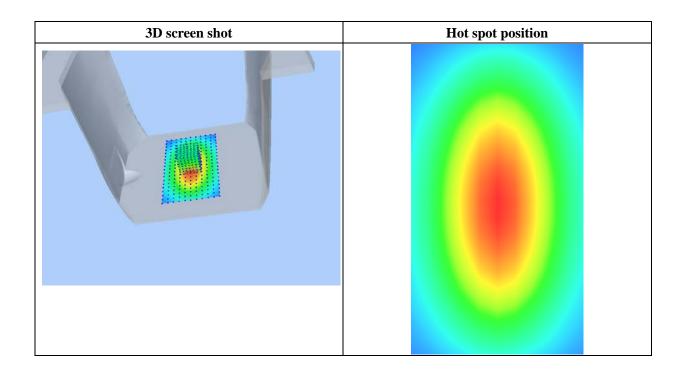


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.134651
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.801550

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	10.2031	6.43001	4.9011	4.5325	3.1201	2.5024
(W/Kg)							
	10.30 9.25 7.60 WW 6.21 84.70 4.70 3.00 2.00	0-	7.5 10.0 12.5 15	.0 17.520.0 22.5 Z (mm)	525.0 27.5 30.0 3	2.5 35.0	





For Body Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 09/27/2017

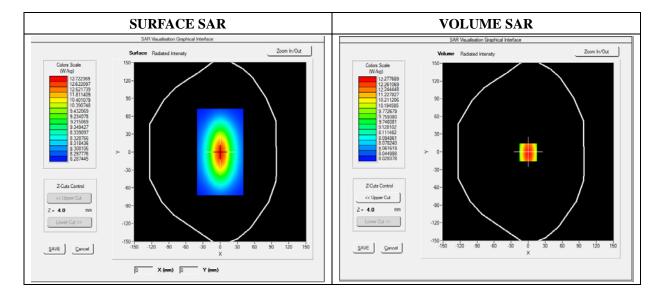
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 5.80; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	Dipole		
Band	CW2450		
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)		

Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.315622
Conductivity (S/m)	2.001255
Power Variation (%)	0.542660
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.2





Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	6.351512
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	12.600533

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	13.07121	9.31319	7.2523	5.4423	4.1274	3.4524
(W/Kg)							
	13.01 12.05 —10.65 WW 8.81 WW 8.82 6.20 3.70 2.53	5-	7.5 10.0 12.5 15.	0 17.520.0 22.5 Z (mm)	25.0 27.5 30.0 3	2.5 35.0	





Annex B. Plots of SAR Measurement

TYPE	BAND	<u>PARAMETERS</u>
Phone	GSM850	Measurement 3: Left Head with Cheek device position
1 Hone	GSMOSU	on Low Channel in GSM mode
Phone	GSM1900	Measurement 7: Left Head with Cheek device position
1 Hone	GSM1700	on Middle Channel in GSM mode
Phone	GPRS850_3TX	Measurement 9: Right Head with Cheek device
1 Hone	G1 K5050_517X	position on Low Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	GPRS1900 3TX	Measurement 15: Left Head with Cheek device position
Thone	G1 N51700_5171	on Low Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	WCDMA850_RMC	Measurement 19: Left Head with Cheek device position
	**************************************	on High Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WCDMA1900_RMC	Measurement 21: Right Head with Cheek device
	,, en in	position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WiFi_802.11b	Measurement 27: Left Head with Cheek device position
	VVIII_002VII	on Low Channel in 802.11b mode
Phone	GSM850	Measurement 29: Flat Plane with Back(Body-worn)
	G51/100 0	device position on Low Channel in GSM mode
Phone	GSM1900	Measurement 31: Flat Plane with Back(Body-worn)
- 110110	351/12/00	device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode
Phone	GPRS850_3TX	Measurement 33: Flat Plane with Back device position
	0112000_0111	on Low Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	GPRS1900_3TX	Measurement 37: Flat Plane with Back device position
- 110110	311615 VV_0111	on Low Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	WCDMA850_RMC	Measurement 41: Flat Plane with Back device position
	VV CDIVILIOUS_ILIVIE	on High Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WCDMA1900_RMC	Measurement 45: Flat Plane with Back device position
		on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WiFi 802.11b	Measurement 49: Flat Plane with Back side device
	//111 <u>-</u> 002/110	position on Low Channel in 802.11b mode

Remark: SAR plot is showed the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.



Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 09/25/2017

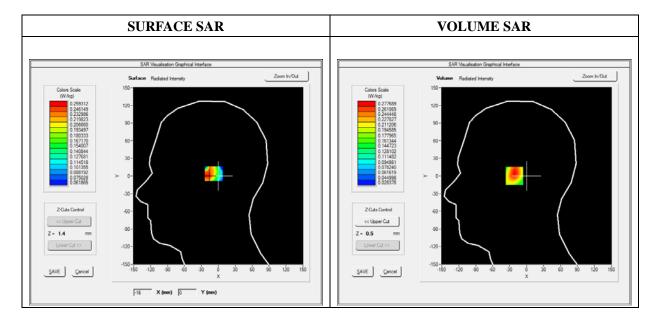
Measurement duration: 11 minutes 48 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.93; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	41.110245
Conductivity (S/m)	0.871245
Power Variation (%)	1.956700
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

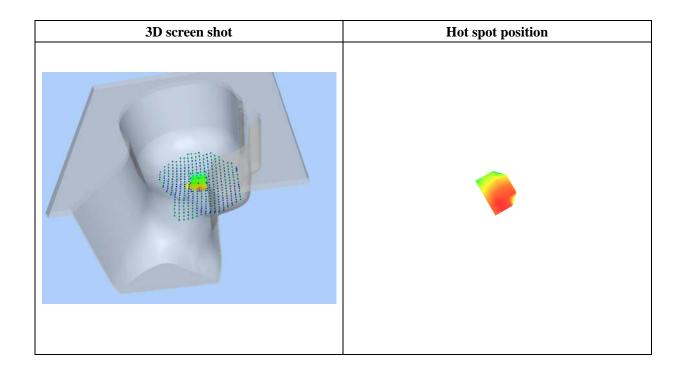




Maximum location: X=-20.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.169016
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.265591

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2714	0.1868	0.1281	0.0876
	0.27-				
	0.25	\rightarrow			
		-1×1			
	등 0.20-				
	0.20- (WK 8) 8) 8)				
	S S		\sim		
	0.10-		+		
	0.06- 0.0 2.5	5.0 7.5 10.0	12.5 15.0 17.5	20.0 22.5 25.0	
	0.0 2.0	7.0 10.0	Z (mm)	20.0 22.0	





Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 09/26/2017

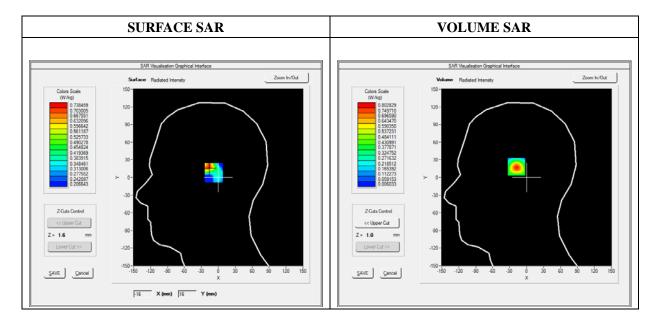
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.35; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.560124
Conductivity (S/m)	1.380369
Power Variation (%)	1.869568
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

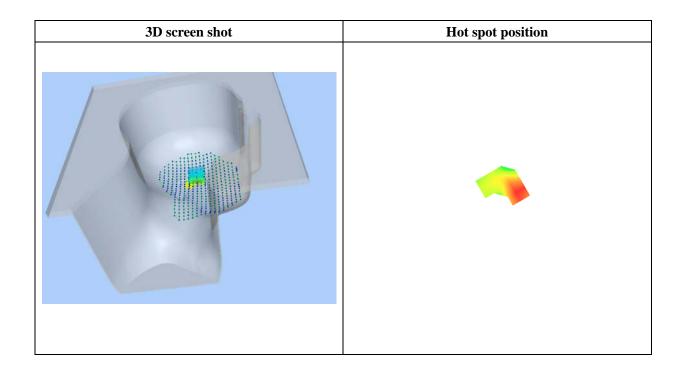




Maximum location: X=-17.00, Y=19.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.315376
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.734648

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.8028	0.2985	0.1032	0.0412
	0.8- 0.7- 0.6- 0.5- 0.4- 0.4- 0.3- 0.2- 0.1- 0.0- 0.0 2.5		12.5 15.0 17.5 Z (mm)	20.0 22.5 25.0	





Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 09/25/2017

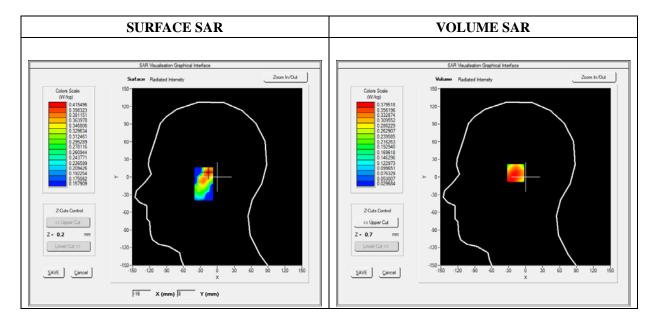
Measurement duration: 11 minutes 48 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.93; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GPRS850_3TX
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:2.66

Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	41.110245
Conductivity (S/m)	0.871245
Power Variation (%)	1.903833
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



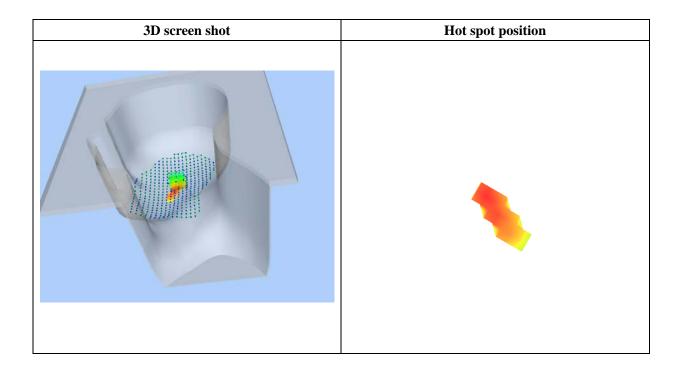


Maximum location: X=-16.00, Y=7.00

SAR Peak: 0.48 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.259108
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.364325

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	2.0197	0.3795	0.1141	0.2143	0.0434
	2.02- 1.75- 1.50- 1.25- 1.00- 88 0.75- 0.50- 0.25- 0.04- 0 2	4 6 8 10 12	14 16 18 20 22 Z (mm)	24 26 28 30	





Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 09/26/2017

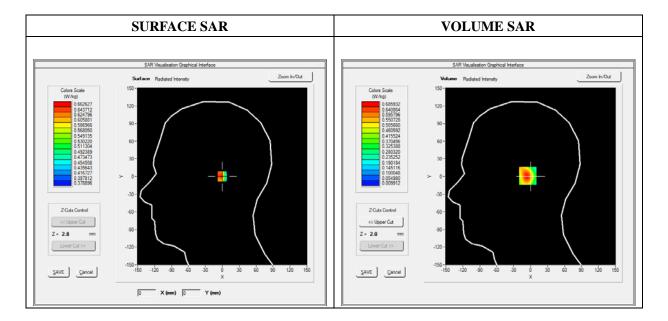
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.35; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GPRS1900_3TX
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:2.66

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.560124
Conductivity (S/m)	1.380369
Power Variation (%)	1.536272
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

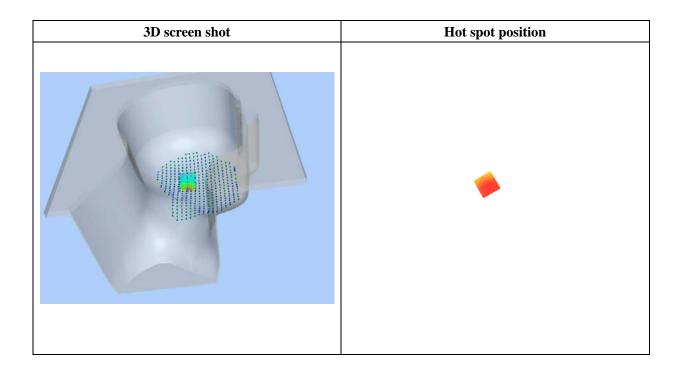




Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.324861	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.668131	

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.6859	0.3135	0.1383	0.0638
	0.7-				
	0.6-	\rightarrow			
	0.5-				
	= °.3				
	WK 0.4-				
	₩ 0.3-				
	0.2-		+		
	0.1-		\rightarrow		
	0.0-				
	0.0 2.5			20.0 22.5 25.0	
			Z (mm)		





Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 09/25/2017

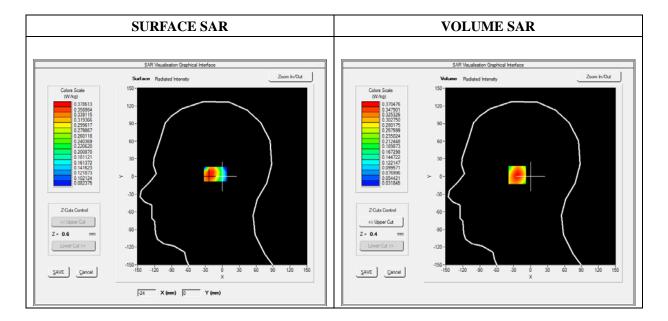
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.93; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	WCDMA850_RMC
Channels	High
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

Frequency (MHz)	846.600000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	41.110245
Conductivity (S/m)	0.871245
Power Variation (%)	1.753989
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

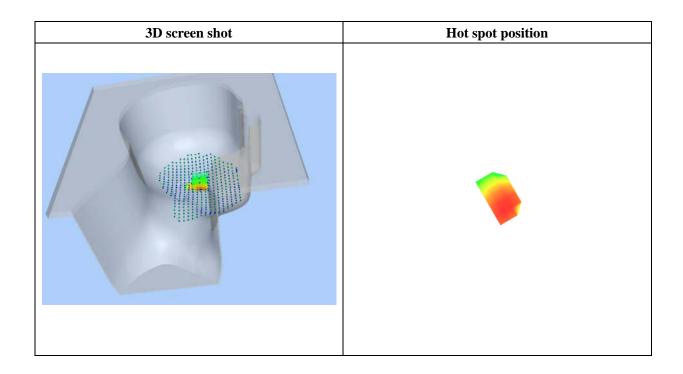




Maximum location: X=-22.00, Y=3.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.228963
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.351980

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.3705	0.2428	0.1610	0.1093
	0.37-				
	0.30-	+ $+$ $+$			
	型 n 25-				
	88 0.20 -				
	¥ 0.20-				
	0.15-		\rightarrow		
	0.10-				
	0.07-				
	0.0 2.5	5 5.0 7.5 10.0	12.5 15.0 17.5	20.0 22.5 25.0	
			Z (mm)		





Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 09/26/2017

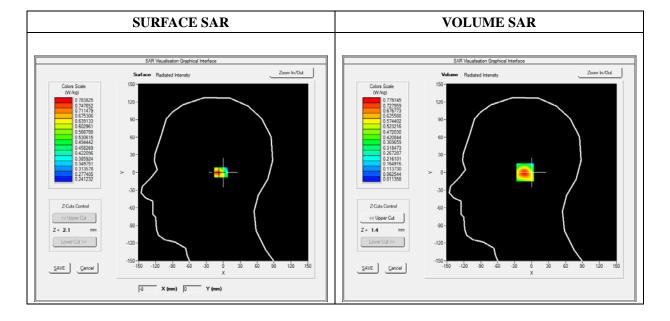
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.35; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	WCDMA1900_RMC
Channels	Middle
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.560124
Conductivity (S/m)	1.380369
Power Variation (%)	1.546537
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

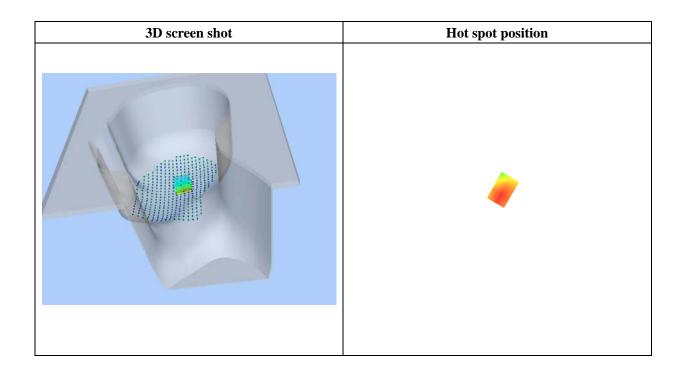




Maximum location: X=-9.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.346804	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.721800	

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.7791	0.3468	0.1486	0.0674
	0.8- 0.7- 0.6- 0.5- 0.4- WK 0.3- 0.2- 0.1- 0.0- 0.0 2.5		12.5 15.0 17.5 : Z (mm)	20.0 22.5 25.0	





Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 09/27/2017

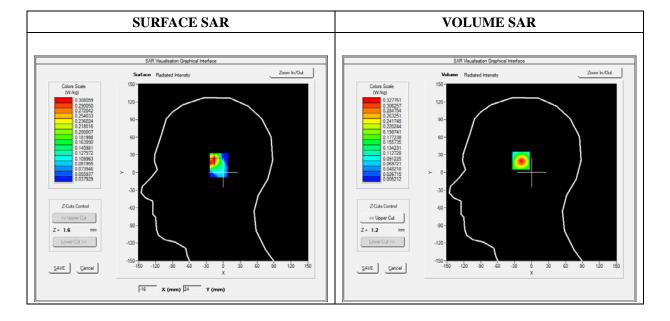
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 5.64; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	WiFi_802.11b
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:1

Frequency (MHz)	2412.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.611212
Conductivity (S/m)	1.761202
Power Variation (%)	1.867589
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.2



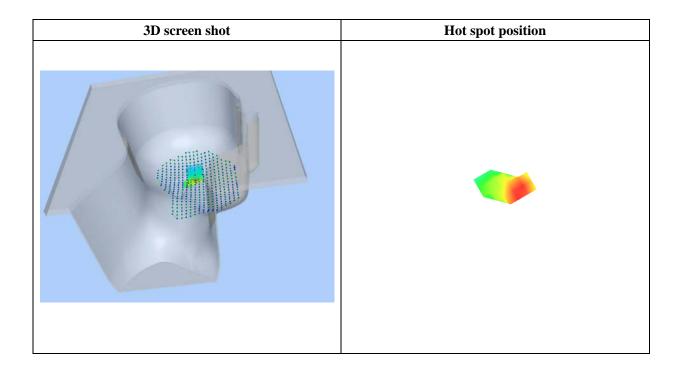


Maximum location: X=-18.00, Y=21.00

SAR Peak: 0.68 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.130807
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.303875

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.6800	0.3278	0.1133	0.0364	0.0149
	0.7-				
	0.6-				
	0.5-				
	₹04-				
	0.3- W/Wg)				
	SAF				
	0.2-				
	0.1-				
	0.0-	6 8 10 12	14 16 18 20 22	24 26 28 30	
	0 2 4		Z (mm)	24 20 20 30	





Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 09/25/2017

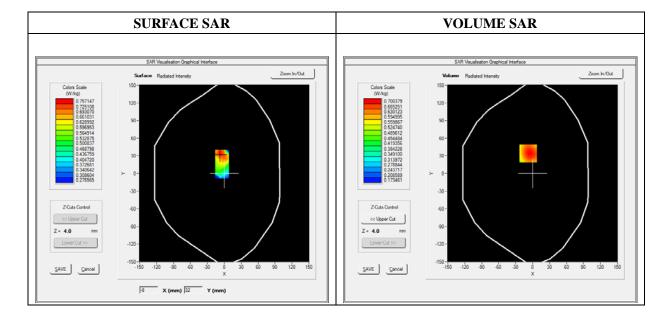
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 7.13; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Back(Body-worn)
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

Frequency (MHz)	824.200000		
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.851214		
Conductivity (S/m)	0.951454		
Power Variation (%)	0.785060		
Ambient Temperature	21.1		
Liquid Temperature	21.3		



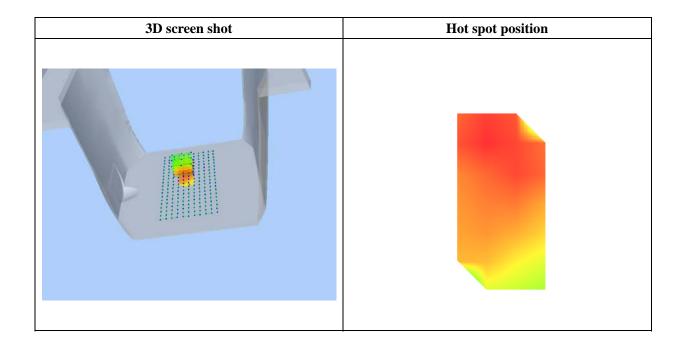


Maximum location: X=-8.00, Y=34.00

SAR Peak: 0.84 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.511364		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.682851		

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.9508	0.7004	0.5486	0.4390	0.3207
	1.0-				
	-8.0				
	⊚ 0.7-				
	(5) 0.7- 0.6-	\longrightarrow			
	S 0.5-				
	0.4-		\downarrow		
	0.3-				
	0.2-			-	
	0 2 4		14 16 18 20 22	24 26 28 30	
			Z (mm)		





Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 09/26/2017

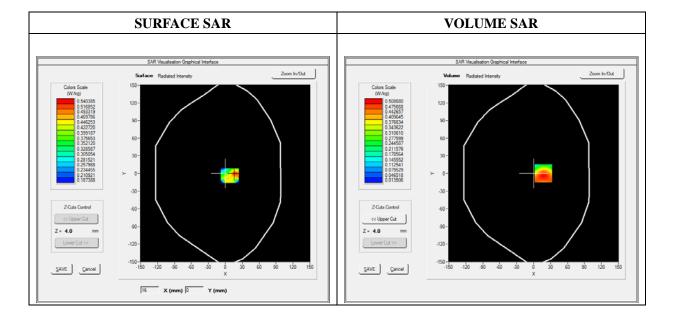
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.55; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt		
Phantom	Flat Plane		
Device Position	Back(Body-worn)		
Band	GSM1900		
Channels	Middle		
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)		

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000		
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.420415		
Conductivity (S/m)	1.501966		
Power Variation (%)	0.568946		
Ambient Temperature	21.1		
Liquid Temperature	21.3		



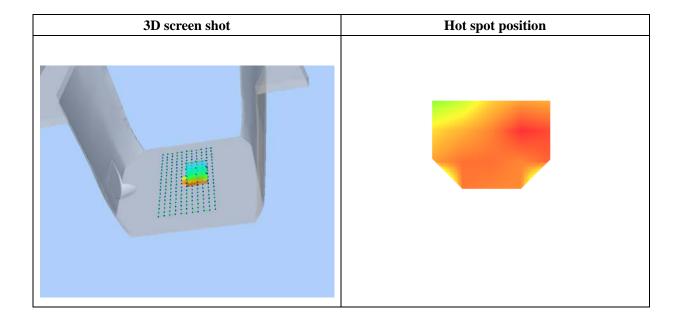


 $Maximum\ location:\ X{=}17.00,\ Y{=}0.00$

SAR Peak: 0.84 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.258063		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.480369		

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.0949	0.5087	0.2239	0.1269	0.0555
	1.1- 1.0- 0.8- 0.6- WW 0.6- 0.2- 0.0- 0 2 4		14 16 18 20 22 Z (mm)	24 26 28 30	





Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 09/25/2017

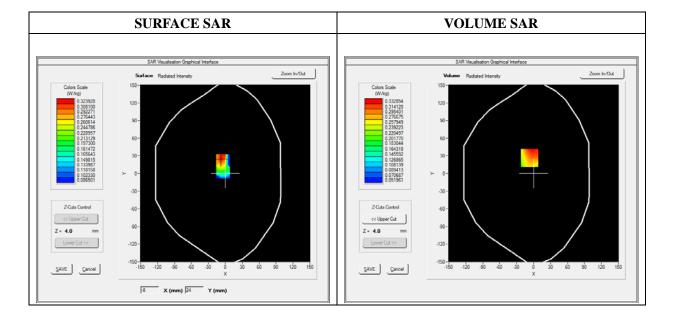
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 7.13; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt	
Phantom	Flat plane	
Device Position	Back	
Band	GPRS850_3TX	
Channels	Low	
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:2.66	

Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.851214
Conductivity (S/m)	0.951454
Power Variation (%)	0.562472
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



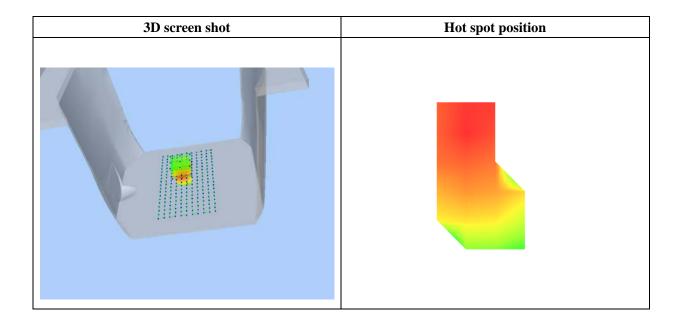


Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=26.00

SAR Peak: 0.40 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.224180
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.316150

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.2387	0.3329	0.1707	0.2019	0.0843
	1.2- 1.0- 1.0- 1.0- 0.8- WW 0.6- 0.4- 0.2- 0.1- 0 2 4		14 16 18 20 22 Z (mm)	24 26 28 30	





Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 09/26/2017

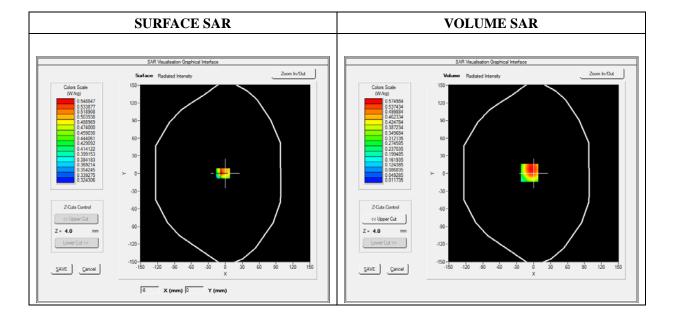
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.55; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt	
Phantom	Flat plane	
Device Position	Back side	
Band	GPRS1900_3TX	
Channels	Low	
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:2.66	

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000	
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.420415	
Conductivity (S/m)	1.501966	
Power Variation (%)	0.986340	
Ambient Temperature	21.1	
Liquid Temperature	21.3	

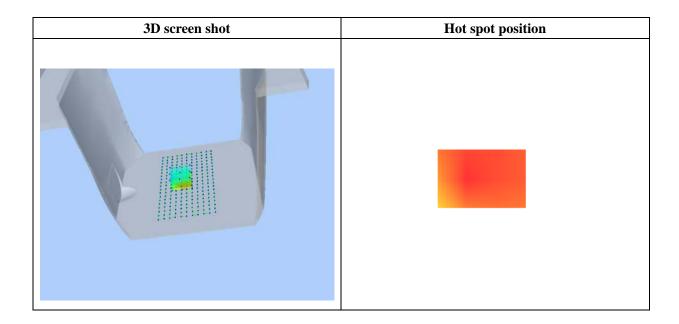




Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=1.00 SAR Peak: 1.04 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.286517	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.554060	

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.5235	0.5750	0.1942	0.1164	0.0437
	1.5- 1.4- 1.2- (6) 1.0- WW 0.8- 0.6- 0.4- 0.2- 0.0- 0 2 4		14 16 18 20 22 Z (mm)	24 26 28 30	





Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 09/25/2017

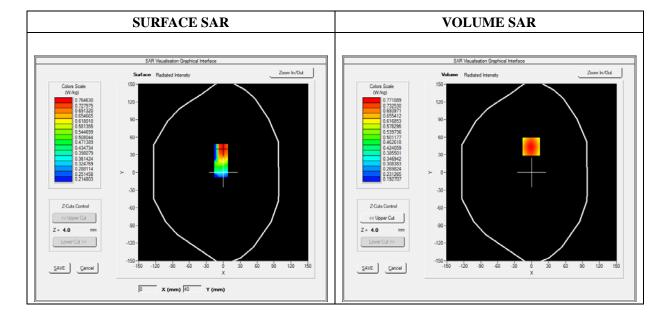
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 7.13; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt	
Phantom	Flat Plane	
Device Position	Back	
Band	WCDMA850_RMC	
Channels	High	
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1	

Frequency (MHz)	846.600000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.851214
Conductivity (S/m)	0.951454
Power Variation (%)	0.986458
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



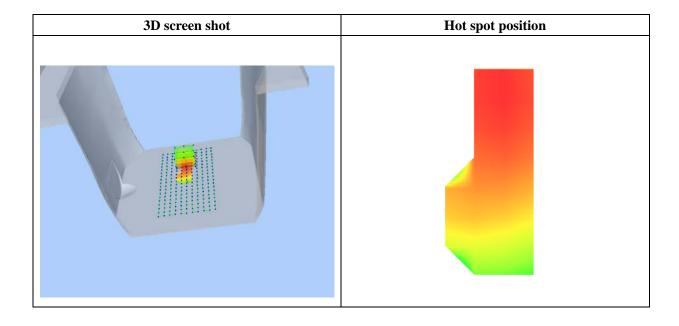


Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=44.00

SAR Peak: 0.95 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.540809	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.742967	

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.9473	0.7711	0.5932	0.4551	0.3478
	0.9-				
	-8.0				
	҈9 0.7-				
	© 0.7-	+			
	S 0.5-				
	0.4-		ullet		
	0.4-				
	0.3-				
	0 2 4			24 26 28 30	
			Z (mm)		





Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 09/26/2017

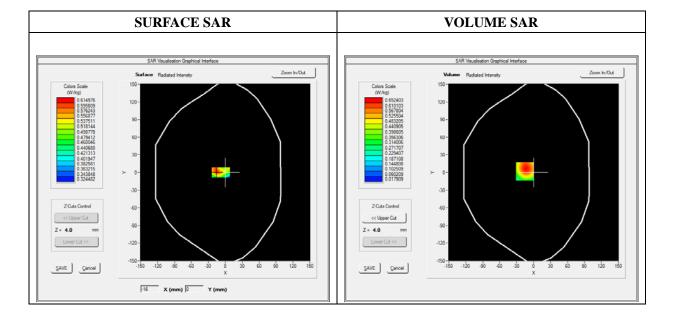
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.55; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Back
Band	WCDMA1900_RMC
Channels	Middle
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.420415
Conductivity (S/m)	1.501966
Power Variation (%)	0.687492
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



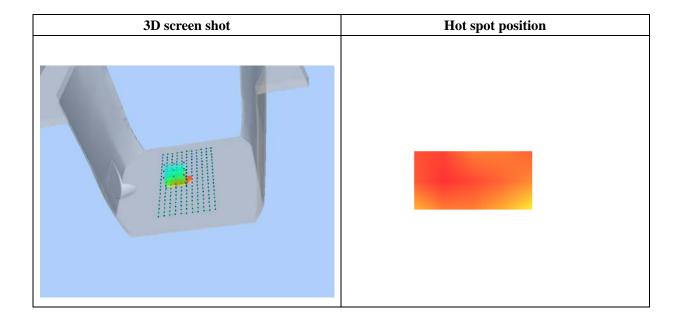


Maximum location: X=-16.00, Y=2.00

SAR Peak: 1.16 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.324827
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.623670

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.4008	0.6524	0.2671	0.1380	0.0649
	1.4- 1.2- 1.0- 1.0- 0.8- 0.8- 0.4- 0.2- 0.0- 0 2 4		14 16 18 20 22 Z (mm)	24 26 28 30	





Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 09/27/2017

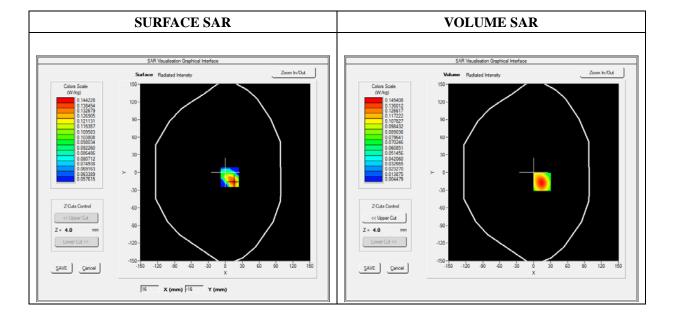
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE5 - $\,$ SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 5.80; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Back
Band	WiFi_802.11b
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:1

Frequency (MHz)	2412.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.315622
Conductivity (S/m)	2.001255
Power Variation (%)	0.968546
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.2

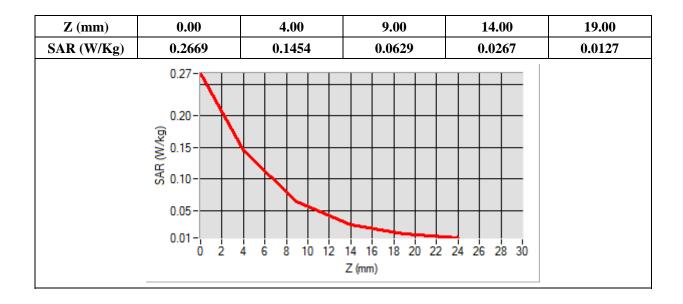


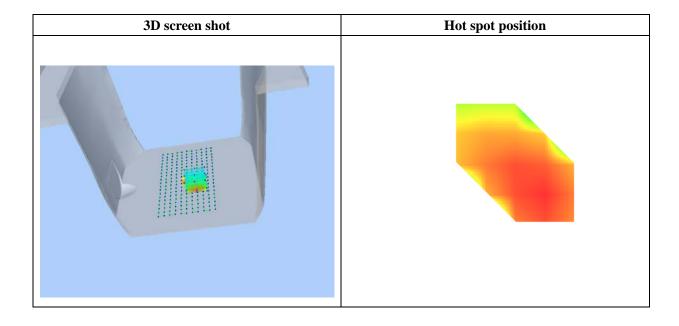


Maximum location: X=15.00, Y=-16.00

SAR Peak: 0.27 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.068027
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.137115







Annex C. EUT Photos

EUT View Front

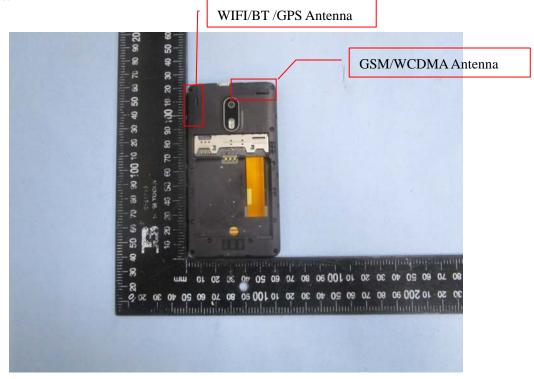


EUT View Back





Antenna View





Annex D. Test Setup Photos

Head Exposure Conditions





Tilt





Cheek



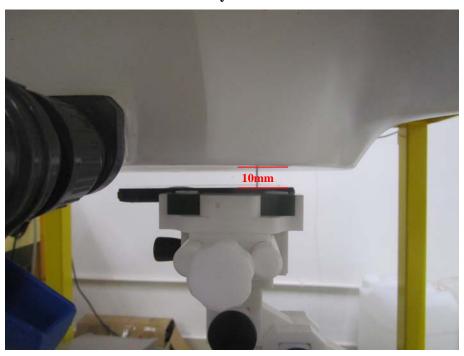
Tilt





Body-worn & Hotspot mode Exposure Conditions





Body Back



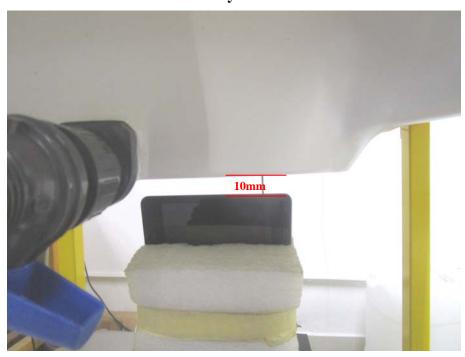


Hotspot Exposure Conditions



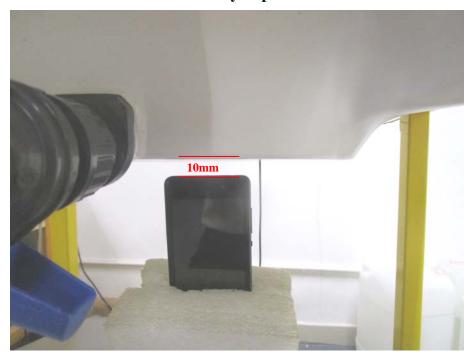


Body Left





Body Top





Annex E. Calibration Certificate

Please refer to the Exhibit for the Calibration Certificate

***** END OF REPORT *****