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Dates of Tests: October 28 ~ November 20, 2015

Test Report S/N: LR500111511C Test Site: LTA CO., LTD.

# **CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE**

FCC ID

**2AGL6EZD9US** 

**APPLICANT** 

BICOM INC.

Equipment Class : Part 15 Spread Spectrum Transmitter (DSS)

**Manufacturing Description**: Wireless intercommunication

Manufacturer : BICOM INC.

Model name : EZ-D9US

Test Device Serial No.: : Identical prototype

Rule Part(s) : FCC Part 15.247 Subpart C; ANSI C-63.4-2009

Frequency Range : 903 ~ 926.5 MHz for Intercom (0.25 W)

903 ~ 926.8 MHz for Intercom (1 W) / Two Way Radio

2402 ~ 2480 MHz for Bluetooth

RF power : Max 22.86 dBm – Conducted (Intercom 0.25 W)

Max 29.07 dBm – Conducted (Intercom 1 W)
Max 29.10 dBm – Conducted (Two Way Radio)

Max -1.77 dBm - Conducted (Bluetooth)

Data of issue : November 20, 2015

This test report is issued under the authority of:

The test was supervised by:

Yong-Cheol, Wang, Manager

Joon-Young Jeon, Test Engineer

This test result only responds to the tested sample. It is not allowed to copy this report even partly without the allowance of the test laboratory. The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the Federal Government.



NVLAP LAB Code.: 200723-0

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### 1. General information

### 1-1 Test Performed

Company name : LTA Co., Ltd.

Address : 243, Jubug-ri, Yangji-Myeon, Youngin-Si, Kyunggi-Do, Korea. 449-822

Web site : <a href="http://www.ltalab.com">http://www.ltalab.com</a>
E-mail : <a href="mailto:chahn@ltalab.com">chahn@ltalab.com</a>
Telephone : +82-31-323-6008
Facsimile : +82-31-323-6010

Quality control in the testing laboratory is implemented as per ISO/IEC 17025 which is the "General requirements for the competents of calibration and testing laboratory".

### 1-2 Accredited agencies

LTA Co., Ltd. is approved to perform EMC testing by the following agencies:

Agency	Country	Accreditation No.	Validity	Reference
NVLAP	U.S.A	200723-0	2016-09-30	ECT accredited Lab.
RRA	KOREA	KR0049	-	EMC accredited Lab.
FCC	U.S.A	610755	2017-04-21	FCC filing
FCC	U.S.A	649054	2017-04-13	FCC CAB
VCCI	JAPAN	R2133(10 m), C2307	2017-06-21	VCCI registration
VCCI	JAPAN	T-2009	2016-12-23	VCCI registration
VCCI	JAPAN	G-563	UPDATING	VCCI registration
IC	CANADA	5799A-1	UPDATING	IC filing
KOLAS	KOREA	NO.551	2017-01-08	KOLAS accredited Lab.

### 2. Information about test item

### 2-1 Client & Manufacturer

Company name : BICOM INC.

Address : #2F, 7, Yanghyeon-ro 405beon-gil, Jungwon-gu, Seongnam-si,

Gyeonggi-do, Korea

Telephone / Facsimile : Tel: +82-70-7725-1102 / Fax: +82-31-721-5261

### **2-2 Equipment Under Test (EUT)**

Trade name : EZTok

Model name : EZ-D9US

Serial number : Identical prototype

Date of receipt : October 28, 2015

EUT condition : Pre-production, not damaged

Antenna type : Dipole antenna (M/N:EZ-D9US\_900\_Ant) Max Gain 1.81 dBi

PCB pattern antenna (M/N: RFANT3216120A5T) Max Gain -3.77 dBi

Frequency Range :  $903 \sim 926.5 \text{ MHz}$  for Intercom (0.25 W)

: 903 ~ 926.8 MHz for Intercom (1 W) / Two Way Radio (1 W)

:  $2402 \sim 2480$  MHz for Bluetooth

RF output power : Max. 22.86 dBm – Conducted (Intercom 0.25 W)

: Max. 29.07 dBm – Conducted (Intercom 1 W)
: Max. 29.10 dBm – Conducted (Two Way Radio)

: Max. -1.77 dBm – Conducted (Bluetooth)

Number of channels : 25 for Intercom 0.25 W

: 50 for Intercom 1 W & Two Way Radio

: 79 for Bluetooth

Duty cycle : 81.325 % (Bluetooth)

Channel spacing : 500 kHz for Intercom (0.25 W)

: 250 kHz for Intercom (1 W) & Two Way Radio

: 1 MHz for Bluetooth

Channel Access Protocol : Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS)

Type of Modulation : GFSK, Basic Mode(GFSK), EDR Mode(Pi/4 DQPSK, 8DPSK)

Power Source : DC 3.7 V by battery

Firmware Version : V1.0.0

**2-3 Tested frequency** 

Intercom (0.25 W)	LOW	MID	HIGH
Frequency (MHz)	903	915	926.5
Intercom (1 W)	LOW	MID	HIGH
Frequency (MHz)	903	915	926.8
Two Way Radio	LOW	MID	HIGH
Frequency (MHz)	903	915	926.8
Bluetooth	LOW	MID	HIGH
Frequency (MHz)	2402	2441	2480

# 2-4 Ancillary Equipment

Equipment Model No.		Serial No.	Manufacturer
-	-	-	-

### 3. Test Report

### 3.1 Summary of tests

FCC Part Section(s)	Parameter	Limit	Test Condition	Status (note 1)
15.247(a)	Carrier Frequency Separation	≥ 2/3 of 20 dB BW		С
15.247(a)	Number of Hopping Frequencies	≥ 15 channels		С
15.247(a)	20 dB Bandwidth	$<$ 250 kHz for at least 50 hopping channel 250 kHz $<$ 20 dB Bandwidth $\le$ 500 kHz for at least 25 hopping channel		С
	20 dB Bandwidth 99% Bandwidth	_		С
15.247(a)	Dwell Time	≤ 0.4 seconds	Conducted	С
15.247(b)	Transmitter Output Power	≤ 1 W for at least 50 hopping channel ≤ 0.25 W for at least 250 hopping channel		С
		≤ 1 W for 1Mbps ≤ 125 mW for 2,3Mbps		С
15.247(d)	Conducted Spurious emission	> 20 dBc		С
15.247(d)	Band Edge	> 20 dBc		С
15.249 / 15.209	Field Strength of Harmonics	< 54 dBuV (at 3m)	Padiated	С
15.109	Field Strength	-	Radiated	С
15.207 /15.107	AC Conducted Emissions	EN 55022	Line Conducted	С
15.203	Antenna requirement	_	_	С

<u>Note 1</u>: C=Complies NC=Not Complies NT=Not Tested NA=Not Applicable

*Note* 2: The data in this test report are traceable to the national or international standards.

### **Note 1: Antenna Requirement**

→ The **BICOM INC.**, FCC ID: **2AGL6EZD9US** unit complies with the requirement of §15.203.

The antenna type is Dipole antenna / PCB pattern antenna.

**Note 2:** The sample was tested according to the following specification: FCC Parts 15.247; ANSI C-63.4-2009

### **Note3: TEST METHODOLOGY**

The measurement procedure described in the American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices(ANSI C63.10-2009) and FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 dated March 30, 2000 entitled "Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems" were used in the measurement of the BICOM Inc., FCC ID: 2AGL6EZD9US

### 3.2 Frequency Hopping System Requirements

### 3.2.1 Standard Applicable

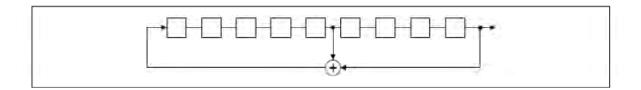
According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

- (g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.
- (h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

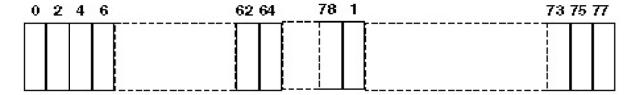
### 3.2.2 EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage, and the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONEs; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones. Number of shift register stages: 9

Length of pseudo-random sequence: 29-1 = 511 bits Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence



Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

### 3.2.3 Frequency Hopping System

This transmitter device is frequency hopping device, and complies with FCC part 15.247 rule.

This device uses Bluetooth radio which operates in 902-928 MHz / 2400-2483.5 MHz band. Bluetooth uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 25 / 50 / 79 bands (500 kHz each: centred from 903 to 926.5 MHz / 250 kHz each:centred from 903 to 926.8 MHz / 1 MHz each; centred from 2402 to 2480 MHz) in the range 902-928 MHz / 2,400-2,483.5 MHz. The transmitter switches hop frequencies 1,600 times per second to assure a high degree of data security. All Bluetooth devices participating in a given piconet are synchronized to the frequency-hopping channel for the piconet. The frequency hopping sequence is determined by the master's device address and the phase of the hopping sequence (the frequency to hop at a specific time) is determined by the master's internal clock. Therefore, all slaves in a piconet must know the master's device address and must synchronize their clocks with the master's clock.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH-enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its piconet to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.

\*Example for a Bluetooth device using channel numbers would be: Chan 44, 35, 78, 03, 15, 21, 76, 40, 56, 13, 02, 19, 67, 39, 78, 20, 21, 64, 75 etc.

### 3.3 TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTIC TEST

### 3.3.1 Carrier Frequency Separation

### **Procedure:**

The test follows DA00-705. The carrier frequency separation was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

After the trace being stable, the reading value between the peaks of the adjacent channels using the marker-delta function was recorded as the measurement results.

### The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Span =  $2 \sim 3$  MHz (wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels)

RBW = 10 kHz (1% of the span or more) Sweep = auto

VBW = 10 kHz Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

### **Measurement Data: Complies**

Mada	Test Results		
Mode	Carrier Frequency Separation (MHz)	Result	
Intercom (0.25 W)	1.029	Complies	
Intercom (1 W)	0.599	Complies	
Radio	0.608	Complies	
Bluetooth	1.003	Complies	

- See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

### **Minimum Standard:**

The EUT shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or two-thirds of 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

### **Measurement Setup**

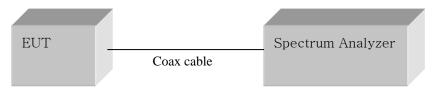
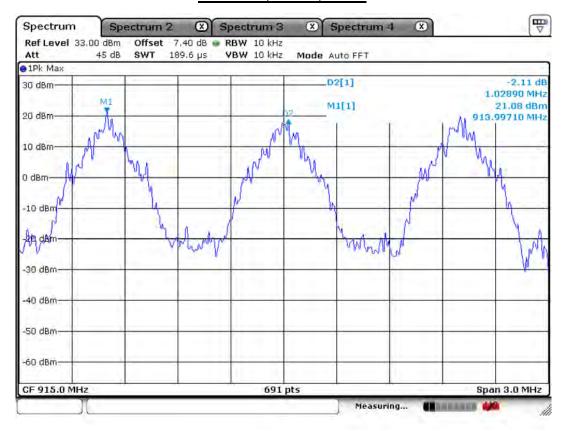
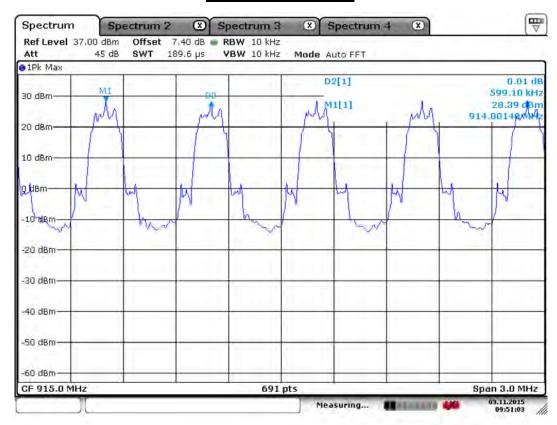


Figure 1: Measurement setup for the carrier frequency separation

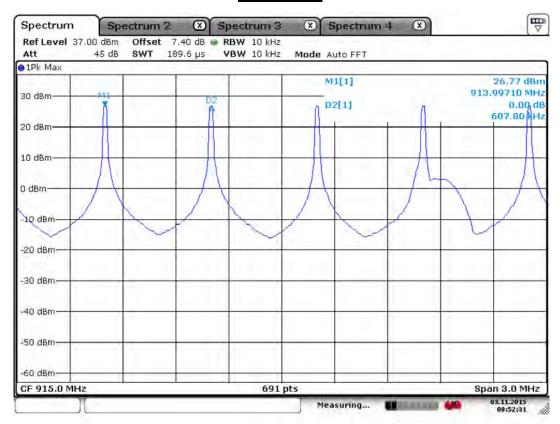
# <u>Carrier Frequency Separation</u> <u>Intercom (0.25 W) Mode</u>



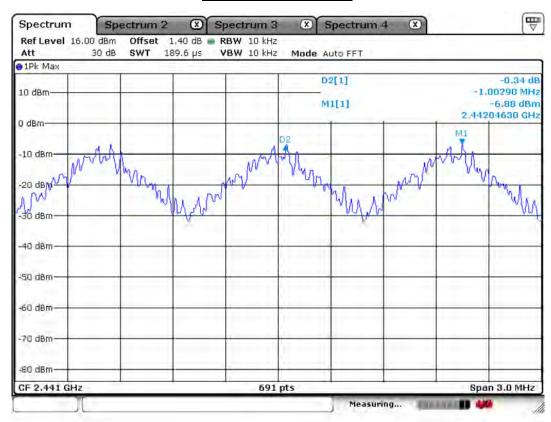
### Intercom (1 W) Mode



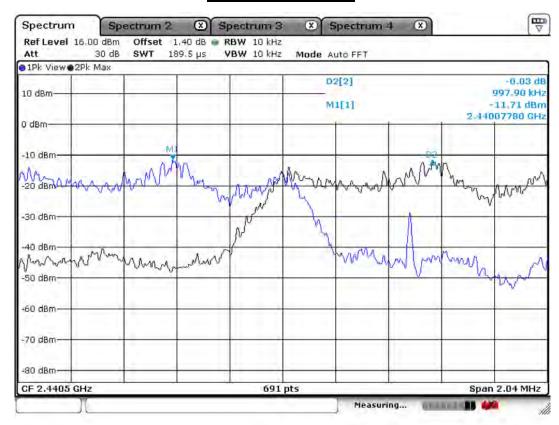
### Radio Mode



### **Bluetooth Basic Mode**



### **Bluetooth EDR Mode**



### 3.3.2 Number of Hopping Frequencies

### **Procedure:**

The test follows DA00-705. The number of hopping frequencies was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

To get higher resolution, four frequency ranges within the 902 ~ 928 MHz FH band were examined.

### The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Frequency range Start = 902.0 MHz, Stop = 928.0 MHzRBW = 10 kHz Sweep = auto

 $VBW = 10 \text{ kHz} (VBW \ge RBW)$  Detector function = peak

Trace =  $\max \text{ hold}$  Span = 26 MHz

### Measurement Data (Intercom 0.25 W): Complies

Total number of Hopping Channels	25		
Measurement Data (Intercom 1 W) : Complies			
Total number of Hopping Channels	50		
Measurement Data (Radio) : Complies			
Total number of Hopping Channels	50		

<sup>-</sup> See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

### The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Frequency range Start = 2400.0 MHz, Stop = 2483.5 MHzRBW = 100 kHz (1% of the span of more) Sweep = auto

 $VBW = 100 \text{ kHz} (VBW \ge RBW)$  Detector function = peak

Trace =  $\max \text{ hold}$  Span > 40 MHz

### **Measurement Data (Bluetooth): Complies**

<b>Total number of Hopping Channels</b>	79
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<sup>-</sup> See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

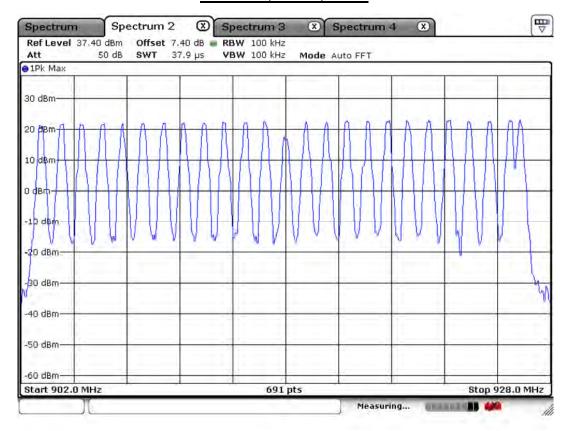
### **Minimum Standard:**

At least 15 channels

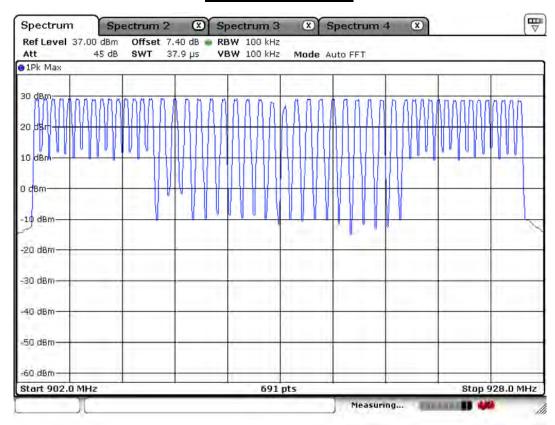
### **Measurement Setup**

Same as the Chapter 3.3.1 (Figure 1)

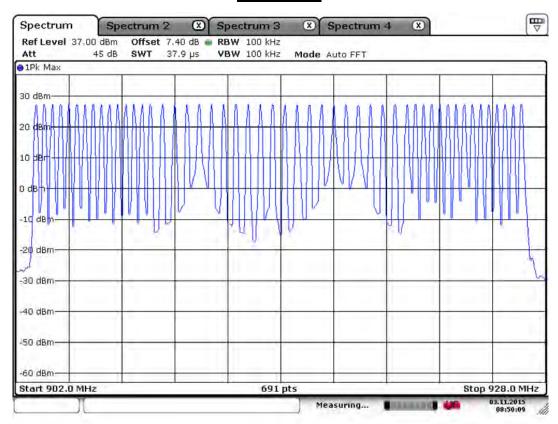
# Number of Hopping Frequencies Intercom (0.25 W) Mode



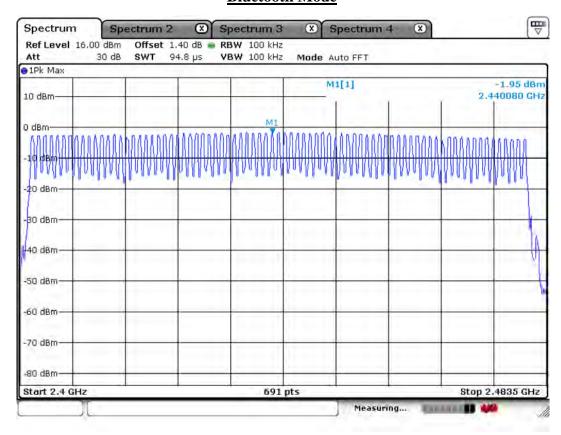
### Intercom (1 W) Mode



### Radio Mode



### **Bluetooth Mode**



### 3.3.3 20 dB Bandwidth

#### **Procedure:**

The bandwidth at 20 dB below the highest inband spectral density was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function disabled at the highest, middle and the lowest available channels..

After the trace being stable, Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission. Use the marker-delta function to measure 20 dB down one side of the emission. Reset the marker-delta function, and move the marker to the other side of the emission, until it is ( as close as possible to ) even with the reference marker level. The marker-delta reading at this point is the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission.

### The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Center frequency = the highest, middle and the lowest channels

Span = 3 MHz

RBW = 30 kHz Sweep = auto

 $VBW = 30 \text{ kHz} (VBW \ge RBW)$  Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

### Measurement Data (Intercom 0.25 W): Complies

Frequency	Channel No.	Test Results(MHz)
(MHz)	Channel No.	20 dB Bandwidth
903.0	6	0.486
915.0	30	0.486
926.5	53	0.486

### Measurement Data (Intercom 1 W): Complies

	_	
Frequency	CI IN	Test Results(MHz)
(MHz)	Channel No.	20 dB Bandwidth
903.0	15	0.234
915.0	75	0.234
926.8	134	0.230

### Measurement Data (Radio): Complies

Frequency	Channel No.	Test Results(MHz)
(MHz)	Channel No.	20 dB Bandwidth
903.0	15	0.143
915.0	75	0.148
926.8	134	0.148

<sup>-</sup> See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

### **Minimum Standard:**

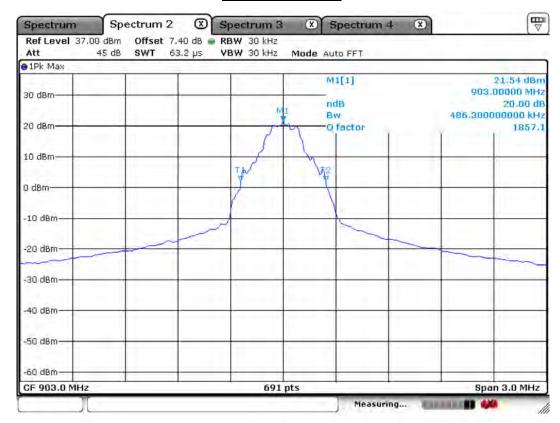
The 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz

The 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater the system shall use at least 25 hopping frequencies. The maximum allowed 20 dB Bandwidth of the hopping channel is 500 kHz.

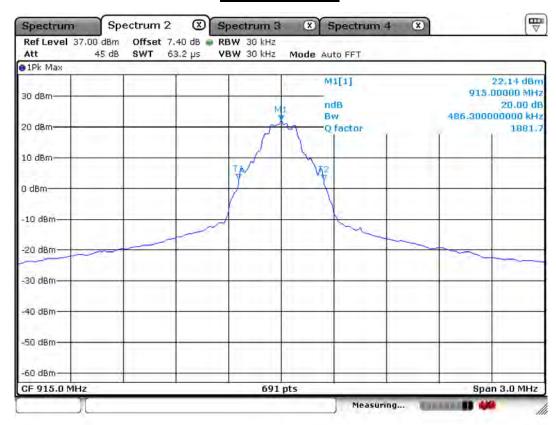
### **Measurement Setup**

Same as the Chapter 3.3.1 (Figure 1)

# <u>Channel 5 of Intercom (0.25 W) Mode</u> <u>20 dB Bandwidth</u>

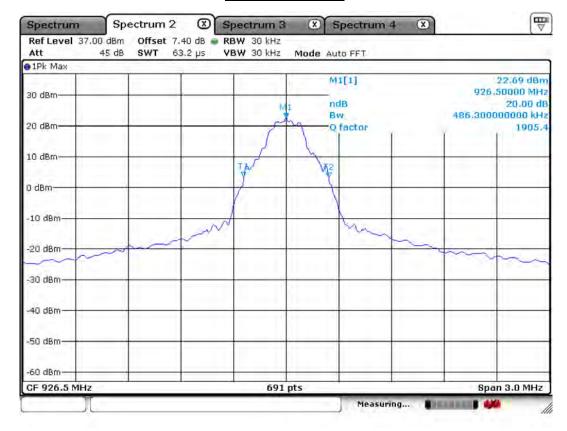


# <u>Channel 30 of Intercom (0.25 W) Mode</u> 20 dB Bandwidth

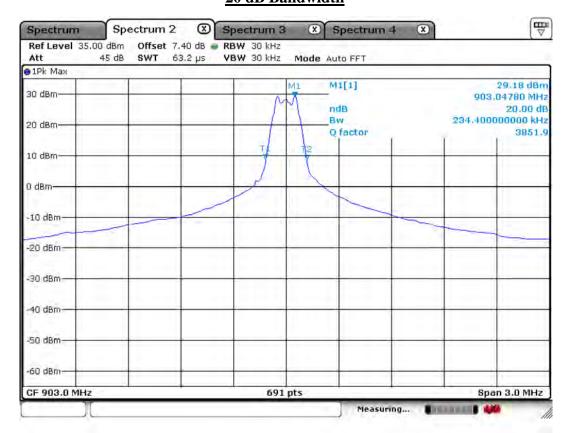


# Channel 53 of Intercom (0.25 W) Mode

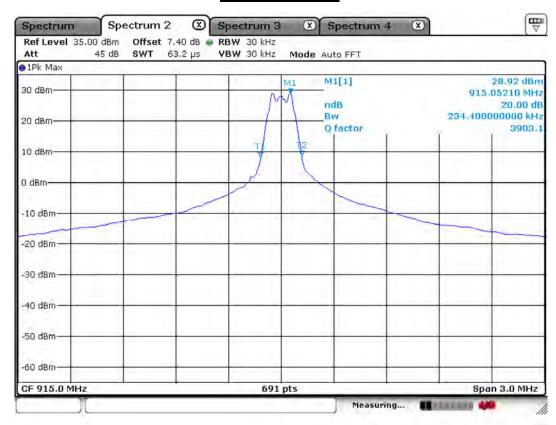
### 20 dB Bandwidth



# Channel 15 of Intercom (1 W) Mode 20 dB Bandwidth

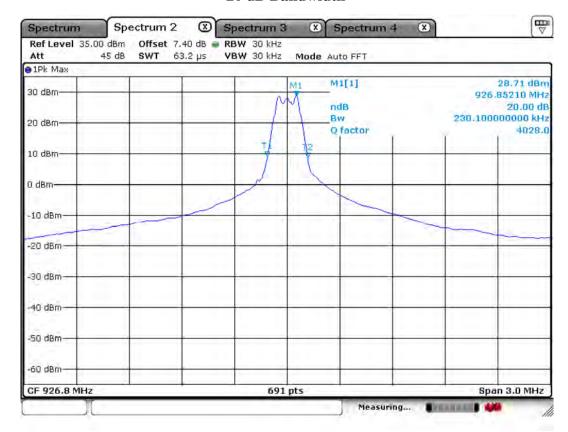


# <u>Channel 75 of Intercom (1 W) Mode</u> 20 dB Bandwidth

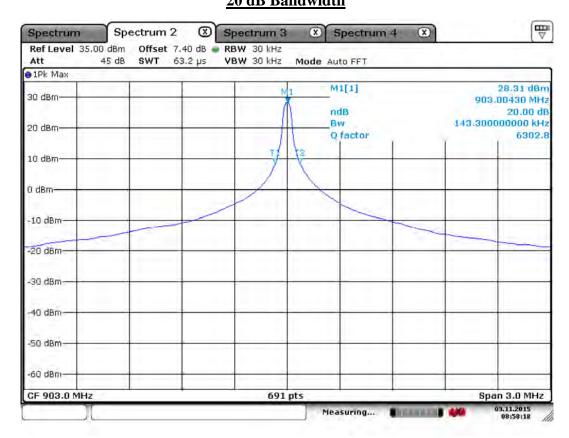


### Channel 134 of Intercom (1 W) Mode

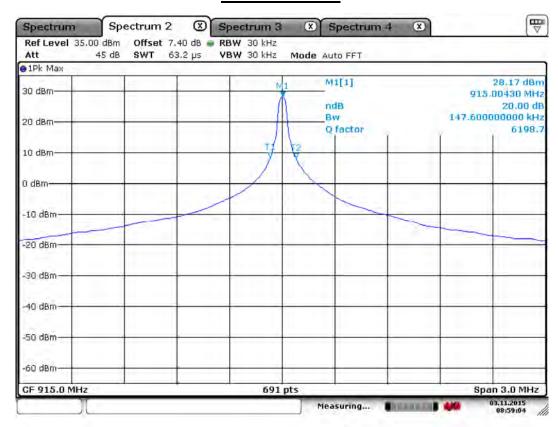
### 20 dB Bandwidth



# Channel 15 of Radio Mode 20 dB Bandwidth

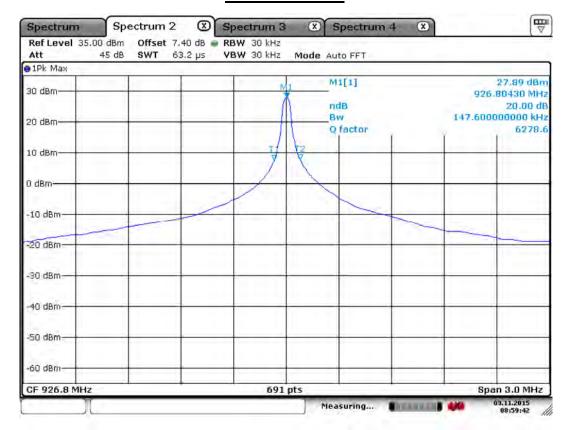


# Channel 75 of Radio Mode 20 dB Bandwidth



# **Channel 134 of Radio Mode**

### 20 dB Bandwidth



### The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Center frequency = the highest, middle and the lowest channels

Span = 3 MHz (approximately 2 or 3 times of the 20 dB bandwidth)

RBW = 30 kHz Sweep = auto

 $VBW = 30 \text{ kHz} (VBW \ge RBW)$  Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

### Measurement Data (Bluetooth Basic Mode): Complies

Frequency	Channel No.	Test Results(MHz)	
(MHz)	Channel No.	20dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth
2402	0	0.821	0.890
2441	39	0.821	0.877
2480	78	0.821	0.886

### **Measurement Data (Bluetooth EDR Mode): Complies**

Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Test Results(MHz)	
		20dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth
2402	0	1.316	1.294
2441	39	1.311	1.298
2480	78	1.311	1.298

<sup>-</sup> See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

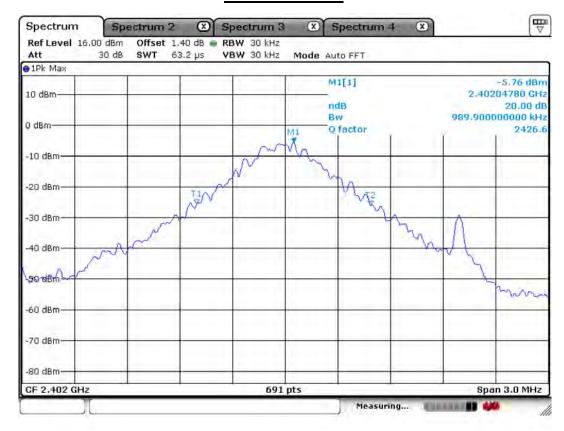
### **Minimum Standard:**

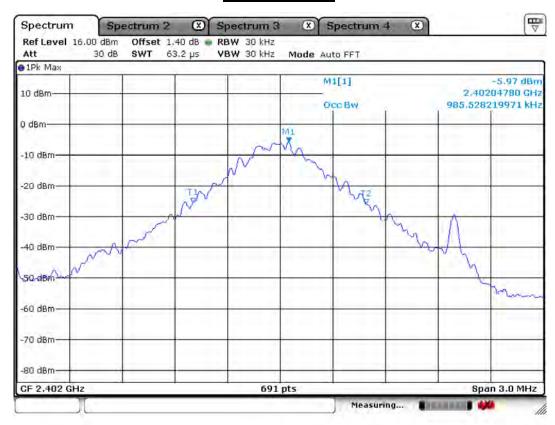
N/A

### **Measurement Setup**

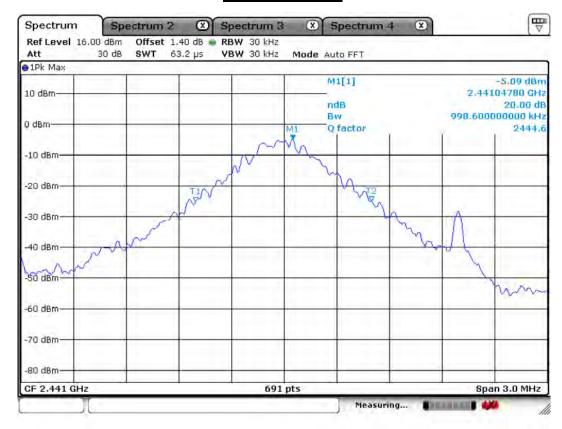
Same as the Chapter 3.3.1 (Figure 1)

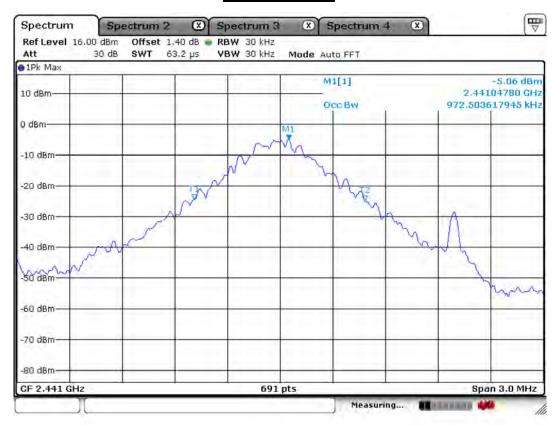
# <u>Channel 0 of Bluetooth Basic Mode</u> <u>20 dB Bandwidth</u>



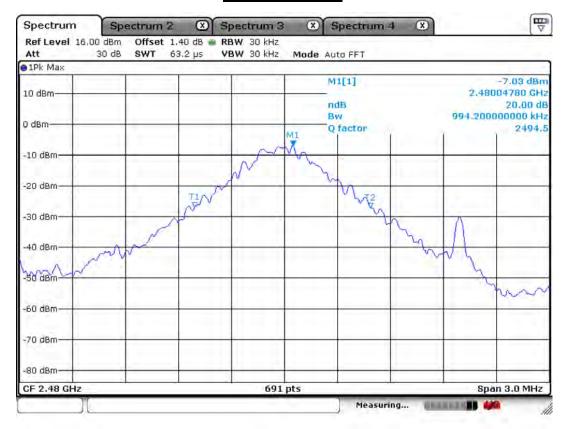


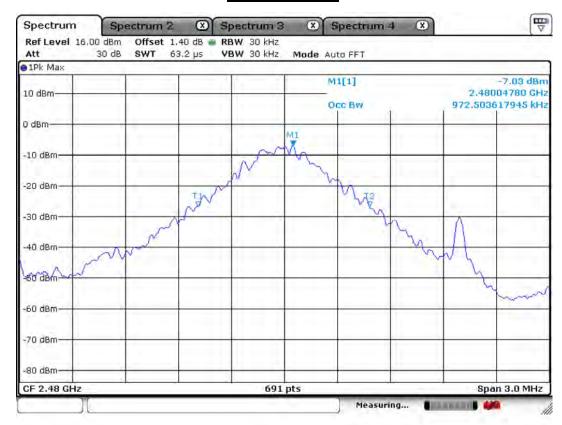
# Channel 39 of Bluetooth Basic Mode 20 dB Bandwidth



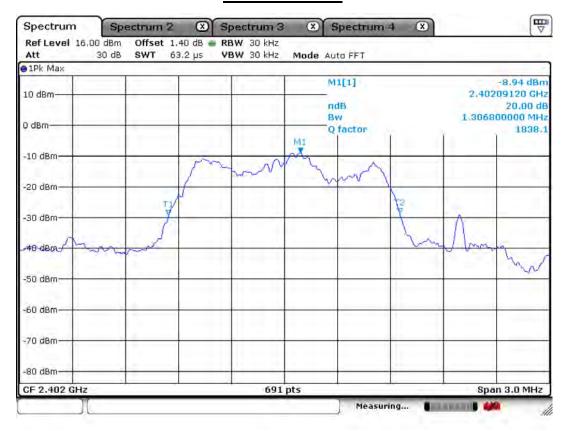


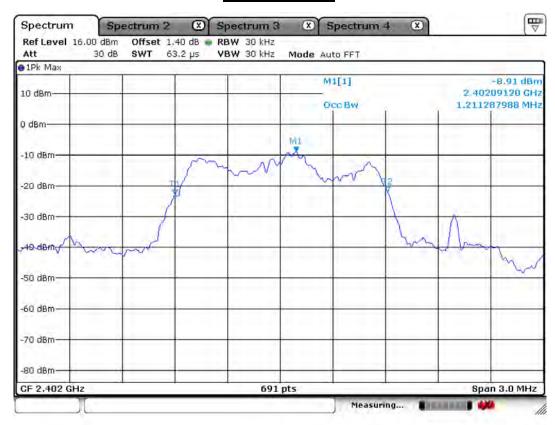
# Channel 78 of Bluetooth Basic Mode 20 dB Bandwidth



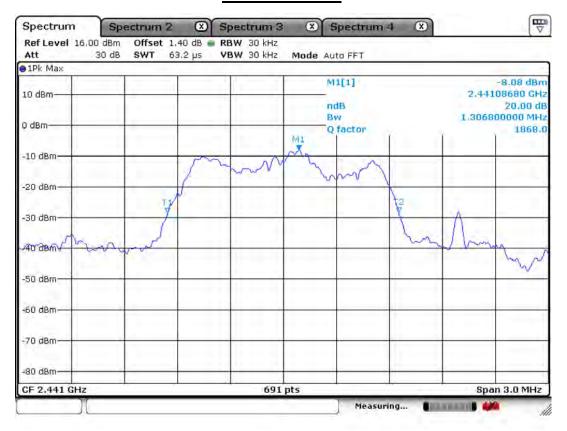


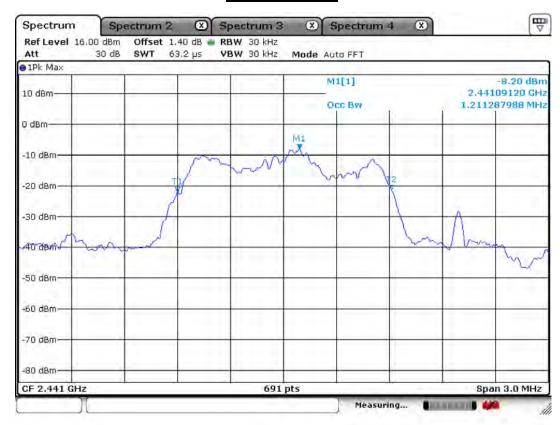
# Channel 0 of Bluetooth EDR Mode 20 dB Bandwidth



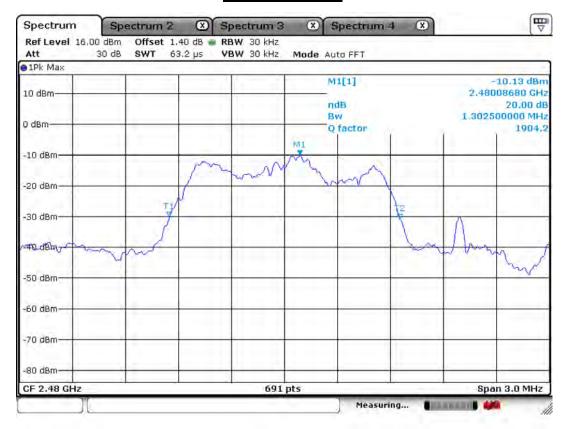


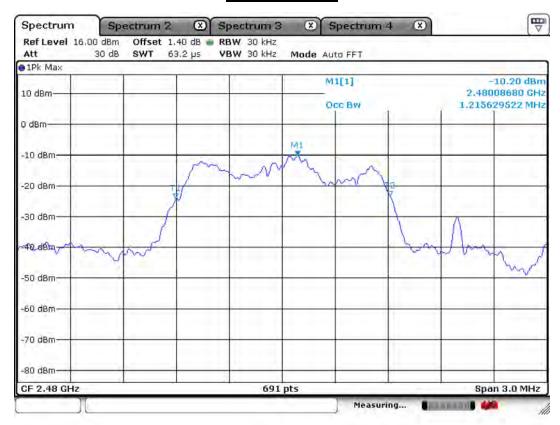
# Channel 39 of Bluetooth EDR Mode 20 dB Bandwidth





# <u>Channel 78 of Bluetooth EDR Mode</u> <u>20 dB Bandwidth</u>





### 3.3.4 Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

### **Procedure:**

The test follows DA00-705. The dwell time was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

### The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Center frequency = 915 MHz Span = zero

RBW = 100 kHz  $VBW = 100 \text{ kHz} \text{ (VBW } \geq \text{ RBW)}$ 

Trace = max hold Detector function = peak

### Measurement Data (Intercom 0.25 W): Complies

Mode	Number of transmission in a 10 s ( 25 Hopping * 0.4)	Length of Transmission Time (msec)	Result (msec)	Limit (msec)
Intercom (0.25 W)	10(Times  / 1  sec) * 10 = 100	1.165	116.5	400

### Measurement Data (Intercom 1 W & Radio): Complies

Mode	Number of transmission in a 20 s ( 50 Hopping * 0.4)	Length of Transmission Time (msec)	Result (msec)	Limit (msec)
Intercom (1 W)	10(Times / 2 sec) * 10 = 100	1.739	173.9	400
Radio	20(Times / 20 sec) * 1 = 20	19.188	383.8	400

- See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.
- dwell time =  $\{(\text{number of hopping per second / number of slot}) \times \text{duration time per channel}\} \times 0.4 \text{ ms}$

### **Minimum Standard:**

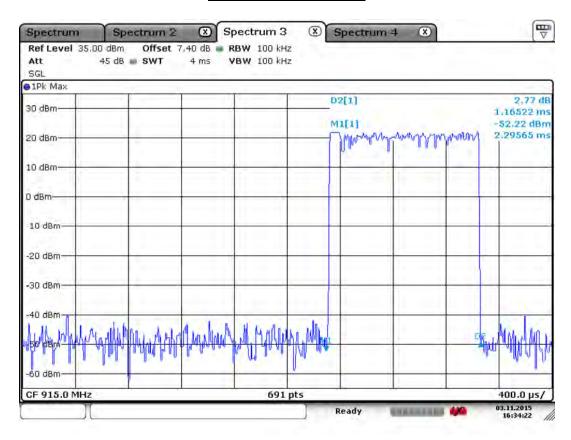
At least 50 hopping frequencies - 0.4 seconds within a 20 second period.

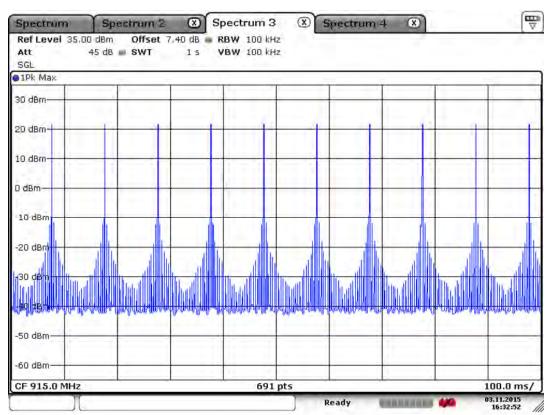
At least 25 hopping frequencies - 0.4 seconds within a 10 second period.

### **Measurement Setup**

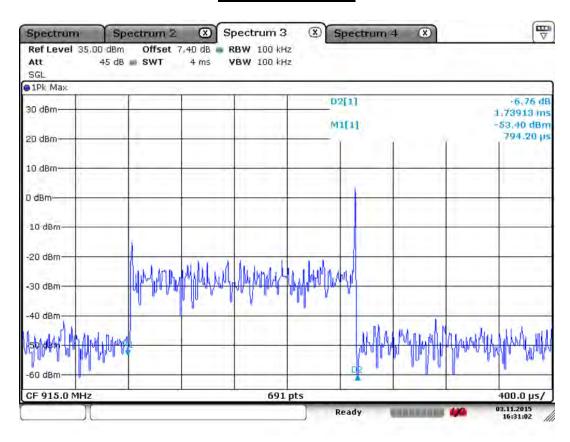
Same as the Chapter 3.3.1 (Figure 1)

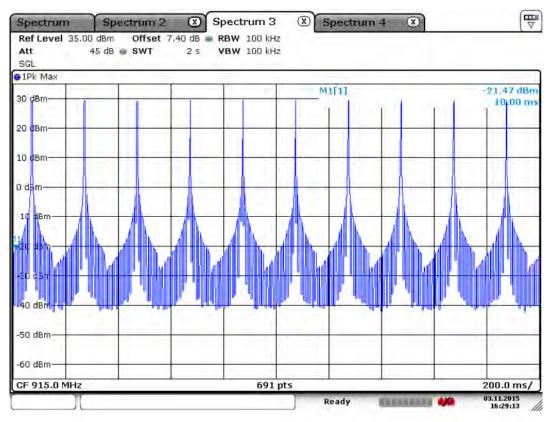
### **Intercom 0.25 W Mode**



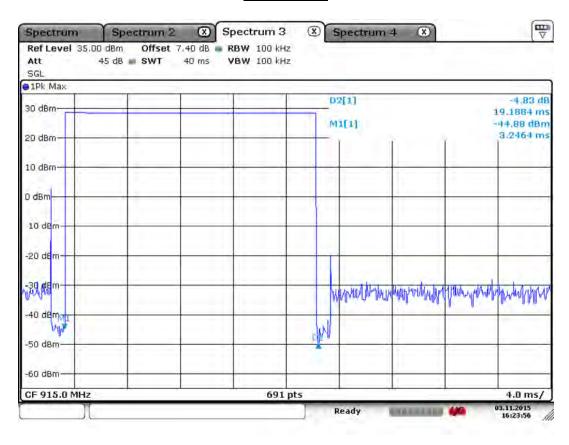


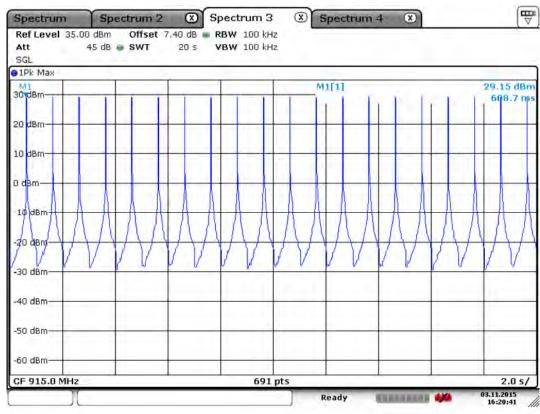
### Intercom 1 W Mode





### Radio Mode





### The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Center frequency = 2441 MHz Span = zero

RBW = 100 kHz  $VBW = 100 \text{ kHz} \text{ (VBW } \geq \text{ RBW)}$ 

Trace = max hold Detector function = peak

### **Measurement Data (Bluetooth): Complies**

Mode	Number of transmission in a 31.6 s ( 79 Hopping * 0.4)	Length of Transmission Time (msec)	Result (msec)	Limit (msec)
DH1	30(Times / 3sec) * 10.533 = 315.99	0.500	158.00	400
DH3	20(Times / 3sec) * 10.533 = 210.66	1.130	238.05	400
DH5	12(Times / 3sec) * 10.533 = 126.40	2.370	299.57	400
EDR 3Mbps DH5	12(Times / 3sec) * 10.533 = 126.40	2.377	300.45	400

- See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.
- dwell time =  $\{(\text{number of hopping per second / number of slot}) \times \text{duration time per channel}\} \times 0.4 \text{ ms}$

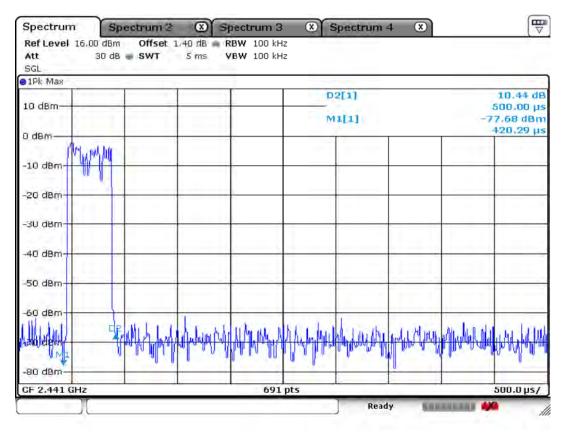
### **Minimum Standard:**

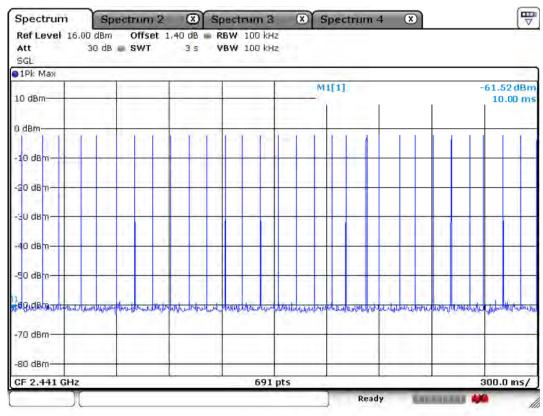
0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed

### **Measurement Setup**

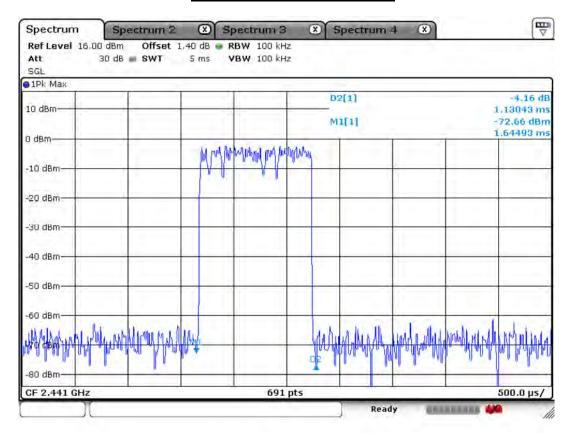
Same as the Chapter 3.3.1 (Figure 1)

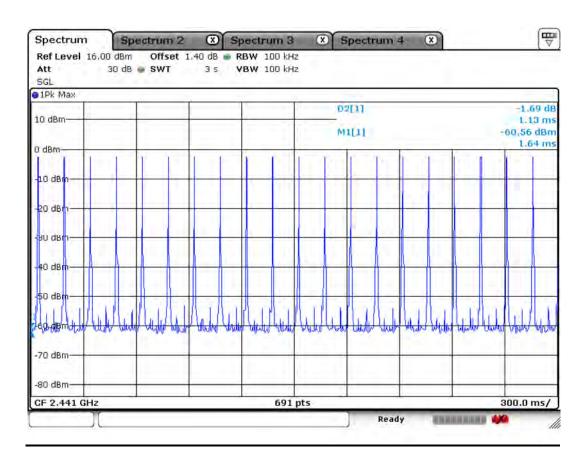
### **DH1 at Bluetooth Basic Mode**



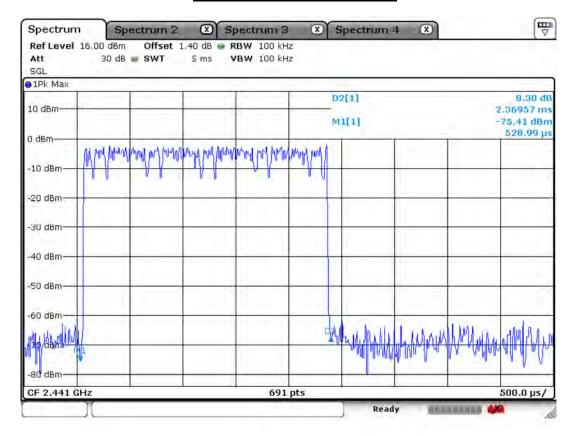


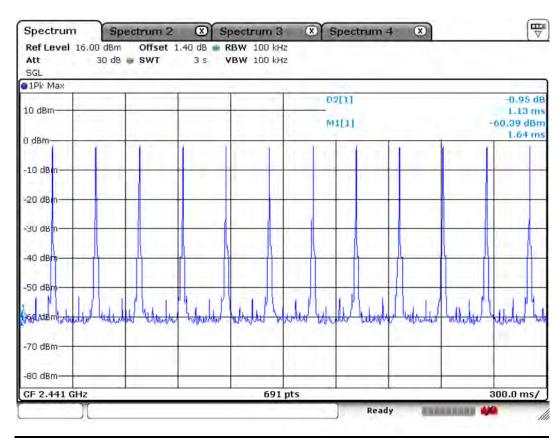
# **DH3 at Bluetooth Basic Mode**



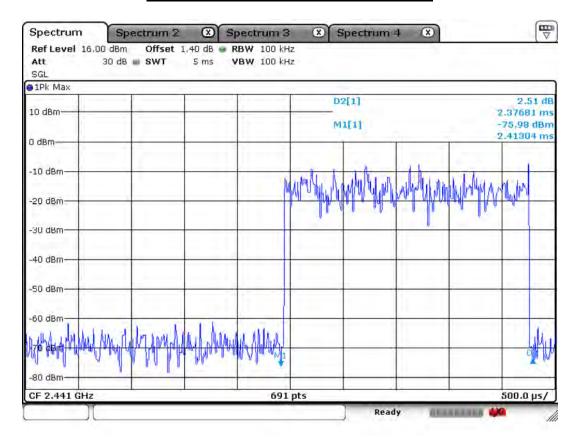


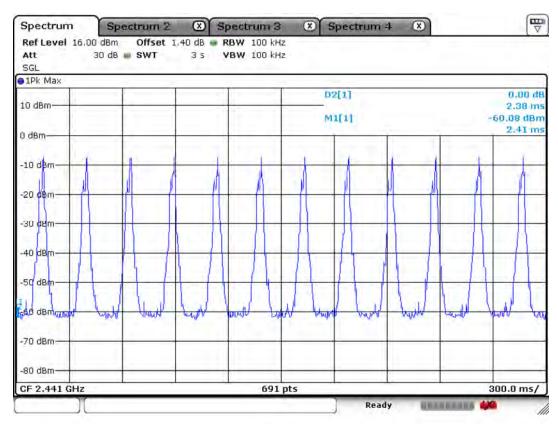
# **DH5 at Bluetooth Basic Mode**





# **DH5** at Bluetooth EDR Mode with 3Mbps





## 3.3.5 Transmitter Output Power

#### **Procedure:**

The test follows DA00-705. The peak output power was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function disabled at the highest, middle and the lowest available channels..

After the trace being stable, Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission. The indicated level is the peak output power.

### The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Center frequency = the highest, middle and the lowest channels

Span = 10 MHz (approximately 5 times of the 20 dB bandwidth)

RBW = 3 MHz (greater than the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured)

 $VBW = 3 \text{ MHz} (VBW \ge RBW)$  Detector function = peak

Trace =  $\max \text{ hold}$  Sweep = auto

#### Measurement Data (Intercom 0.25 W): Complies

Frequency	Ch	Test Results					
(MHz)	Ch.	dBm	mW	Result			
903.0	6	21.46	139.96	Complies			
915.0	30	22.39	173.38	Complies			
926.5	54	22.86	193.20	Complies			

#### **Measurement Data (Intercom 1 W): Complies**

Frequency	Ch			
(MHz)	Ch.	dBm	mW	Result
903.0	15	29.07	807.24	Complies
915.0	75	29.03	799.83	Complies
926.8	134	28.67	736.21	Complies

# Measurement Data (Radio): Complies

Frequency	Ch		Test Results	
(MHz)	Ch.	dBm	mW	Result
903.0	15	29.10	812.83	Complies
915.0	75	28.71	743.02	Complies
926.8	134	28.29	674.53	Complies

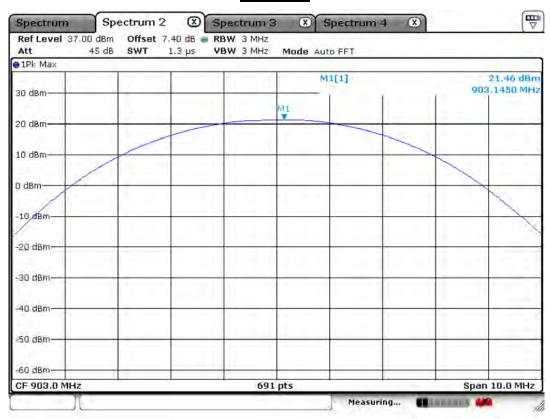
<sup>-</sup> See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

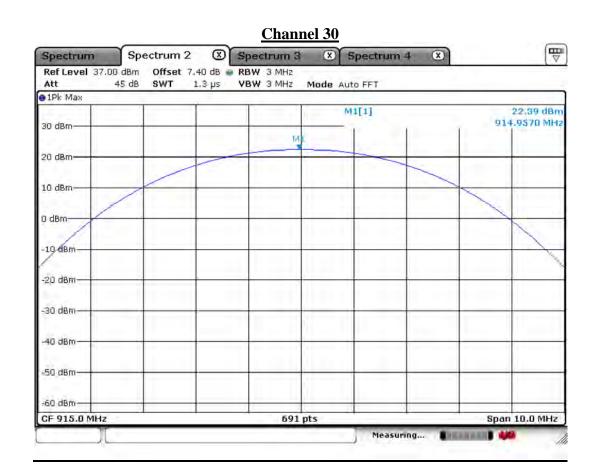
Minimum Standard:	≤ 1 W for at least 50 hopping channel
	≤ 0.25 W for at least 25 hopping channel

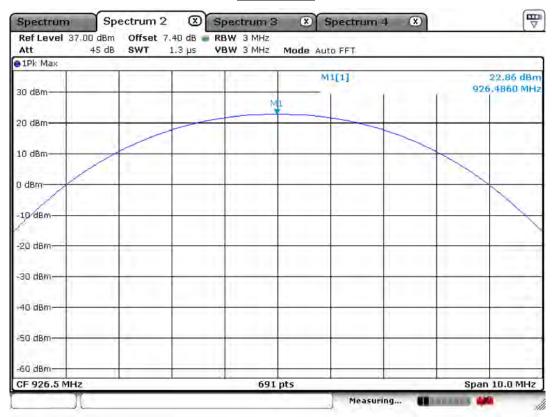
## **Measurement Setup**

Same as the Chapter 3.3.1 (Figure 1)

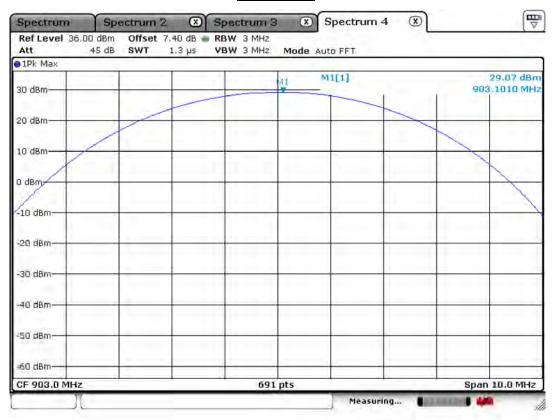
# Intercom (0.25 W) Mode Channel 6

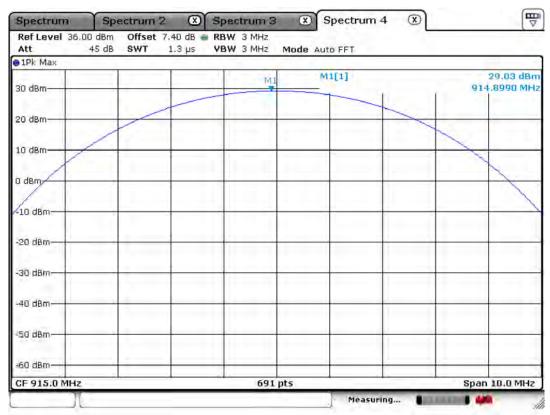


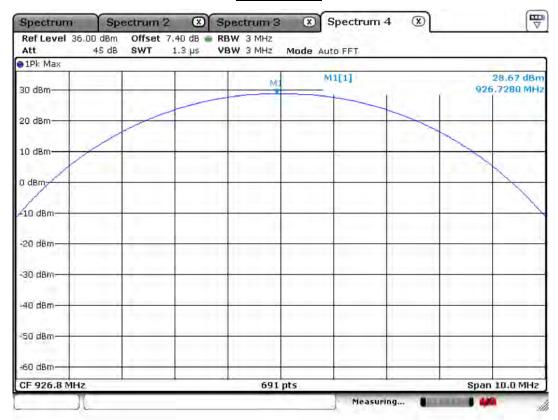




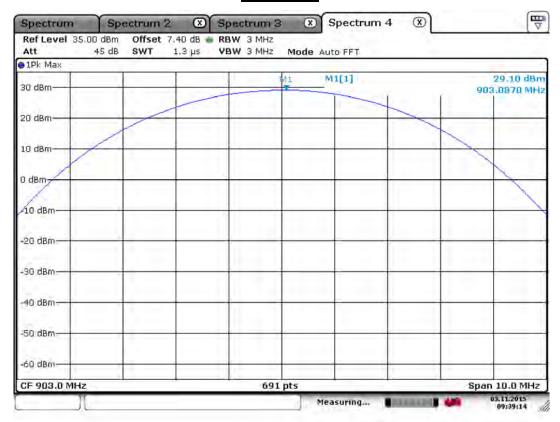
# Intercom (1 W) Mode Channel 15

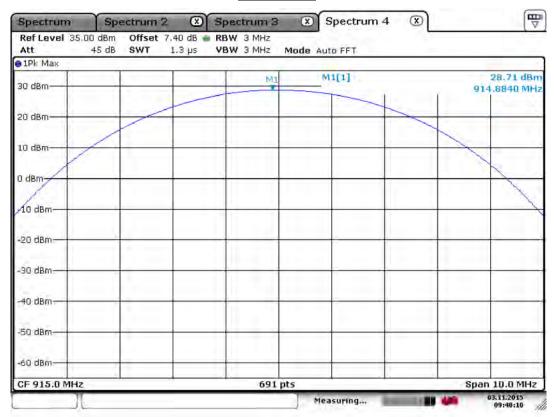


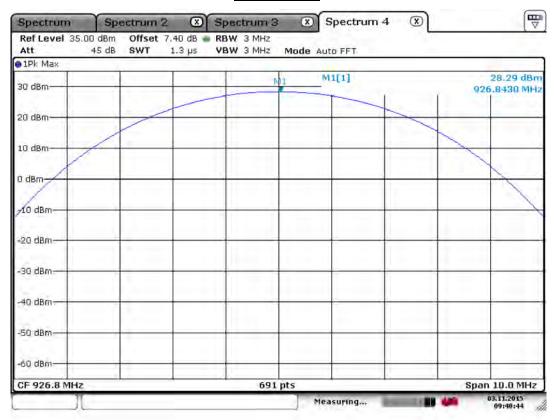




# Radio Mode Channel 15







## The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Center frequency = the highest, middle and the lowest channels

Span = 10 MHz (approximately 5 times of the 20 dB bandwidth)

RBW = 3 MHz (greater than the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured)

 $VBW = 3 \text{ MHz} (VBW \ge RBW)$  Detector function = peak

Trace =  $\max$  hold Sweep = auto

#### Measurement Data (Bluetooth Basic Mode): Complies

Frequency	Ch		Test Results	
(MHz)	Ch.	dBm	mW	Result
2402	0	-2.39	0.58	Complies
2441	39	-1.77	0.67	Complies
2480	78	-3.43	0.45	Complies

### **Measurement Data (Bluetooth EDR Mode): Complies**

Frequency	Ch		Test Results				
(MHz)	Ch.	dBm	mW	Result			
2402	0	-2.66	0.54	Complies			
2441	39	-2.10	0.62	Complies			
2480	78	-3.69	0.43	Complies			

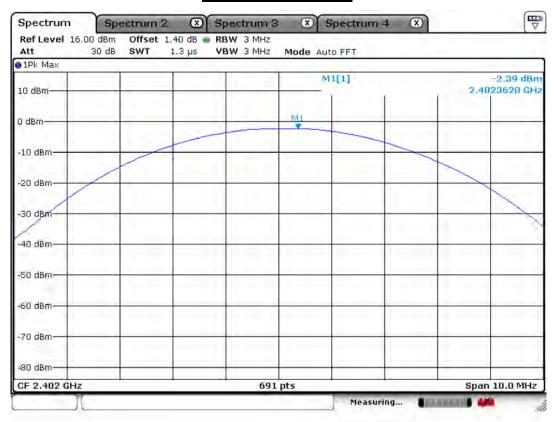
<sup>-</sup> See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

Minimum Standard:	For frequency hopping systems with at least 75	non-overlapping hopping
	channels: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping syst	ems: 0.125W.

#### **Measurement Setup**

Same as the Chapter 3.3.1 (Figure 1)

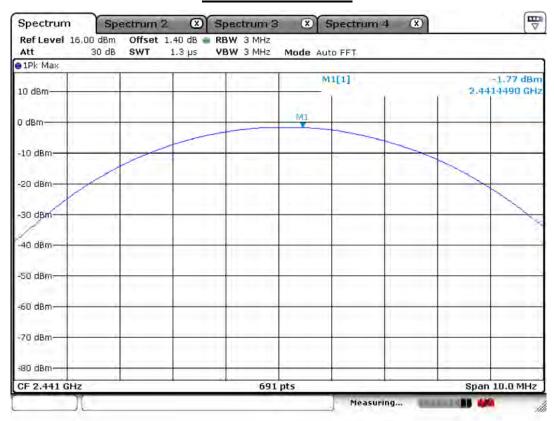
# <u>Channel 0</u> <u>Bluetooth Basic Mode</u>



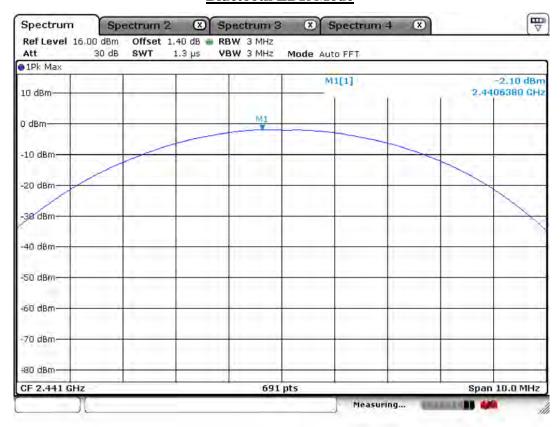
## **Bluetooth EDR Mode**



# <u>Channel 39</u> Bluetooth Basic Mode



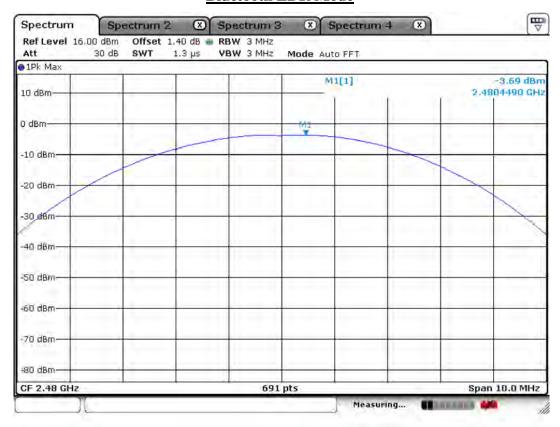
## **Bluetooth EDR Mode**



# <u>Channel 78</u> <u>Bluetooth Basic Mode</u>



## **Bluetooth EDR Mode**



## 3.3.6 Band Edge

#### **Procedure:**

The bandwidth at 20 dB down from the highest inband spectral density is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function disabled at the highest, middle and the lowest available channels.

After the trace being stable, Use the marker-to-peak function to measure 20 dB down both sides of the intentional emission.

#### The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Center frequency = the highest, middle and the lowest channels

RBW = 100 kHz VBW = 100 kHz

Span =  $5 \sim 10 \text{ MHz}$  Detector function = peak

Trace =  $\max$  hold Sweep = auto

#### **Measurement Data: Complies**

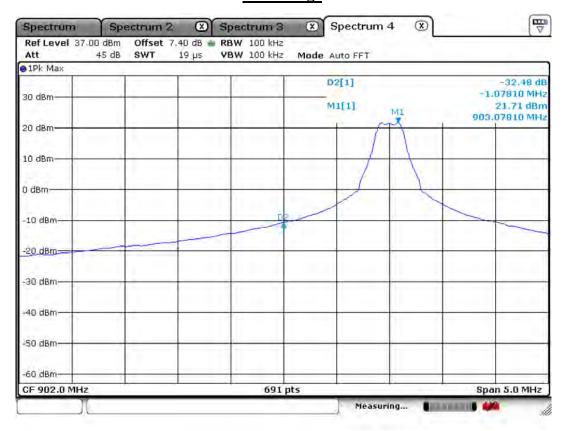
- All conducted emission in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the spread spectrum band was at least 20 dB lower than the highest inband spectral density. Therefore the applying equipment meets the requirement.
- See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

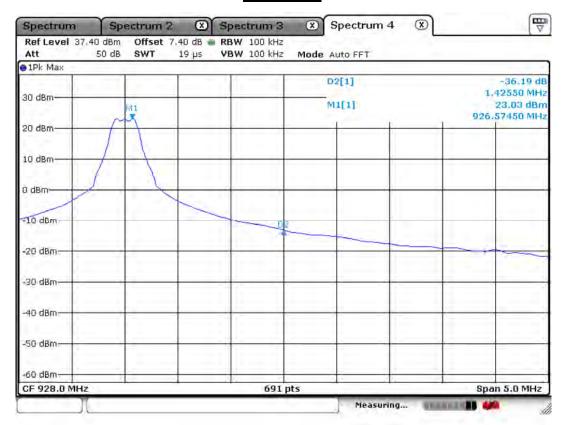
Minimum Standard:	> 20 dBc

## **Measurement Setup**

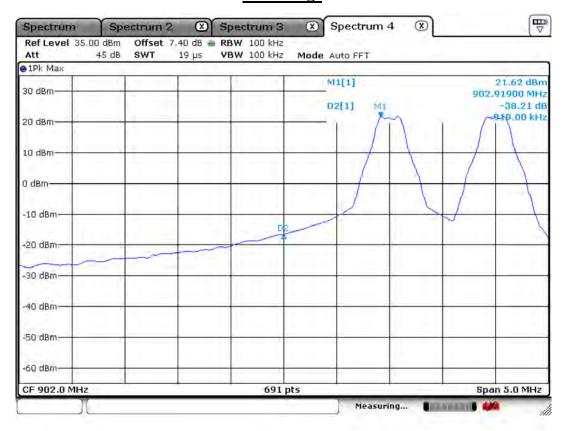
Same as the Chapter 3.3.1 (Figure 1)

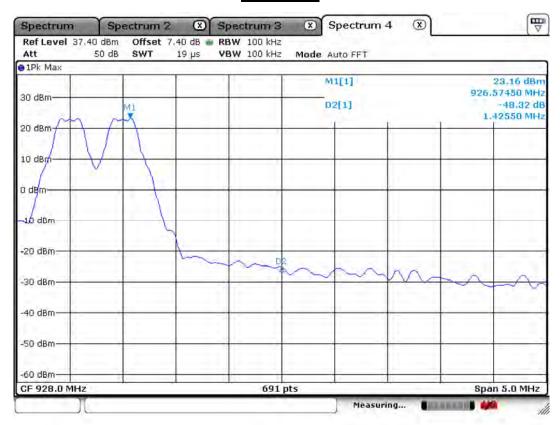
# Band Edge – Intercom (0.25 W) Lower edge



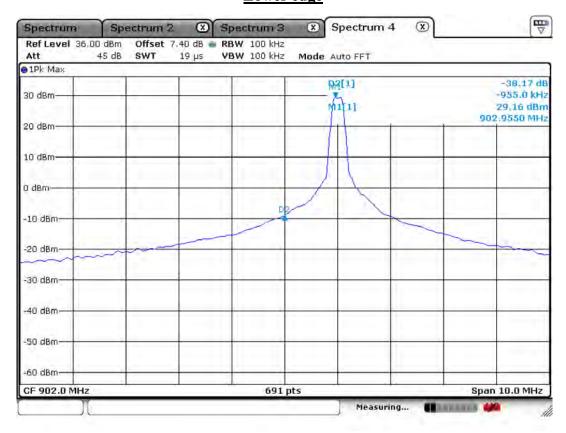


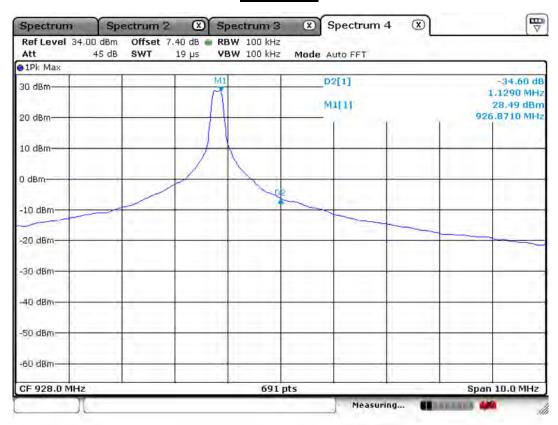
# Band Edge – Intercom (0.25 W) Hopping <u>Lower edge</u>



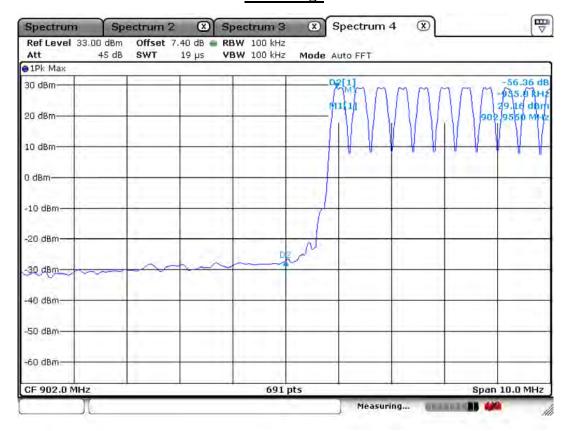


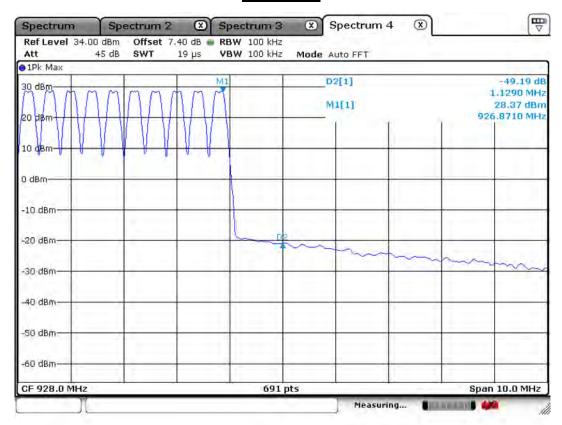
# Band Edge – Intercom (1 W) <u>Lower edge</u>



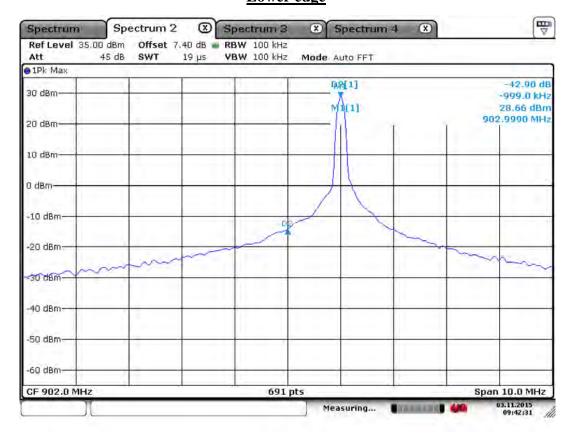


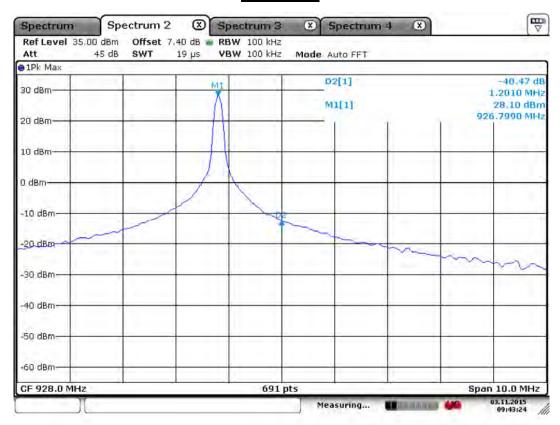
# Band Edge – Intercom (1 W) Hopping <u>Lower edge</u>



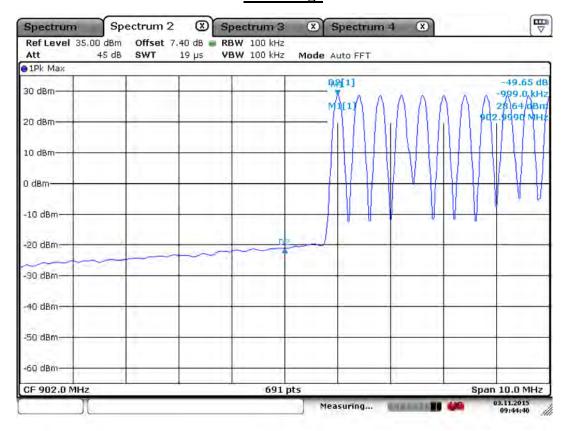


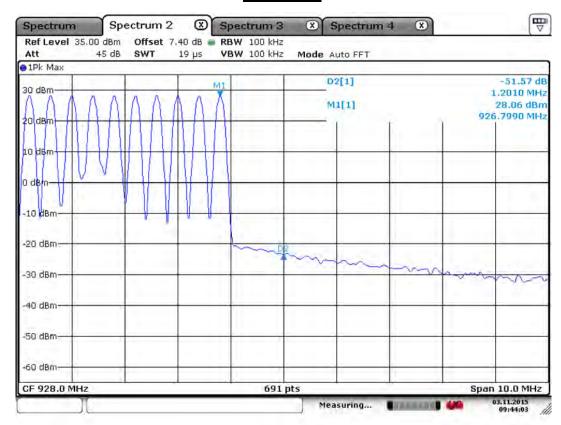
# Band Edge – Radio Lower edge



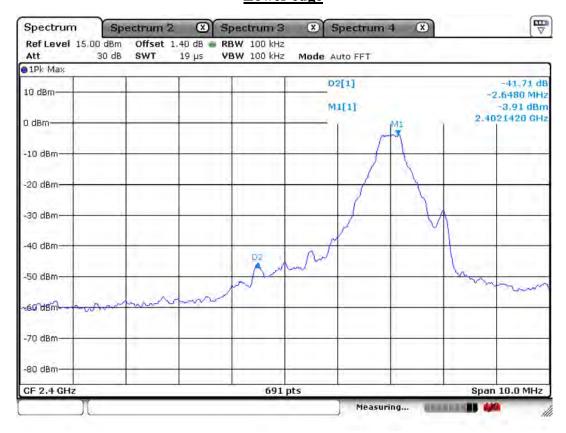


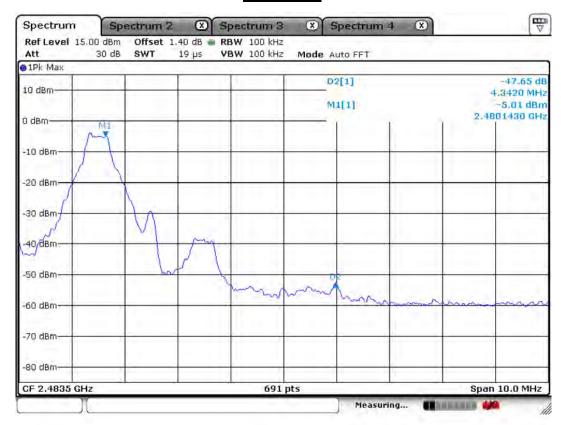
# Band Edge – Radio Hopping Lower edge



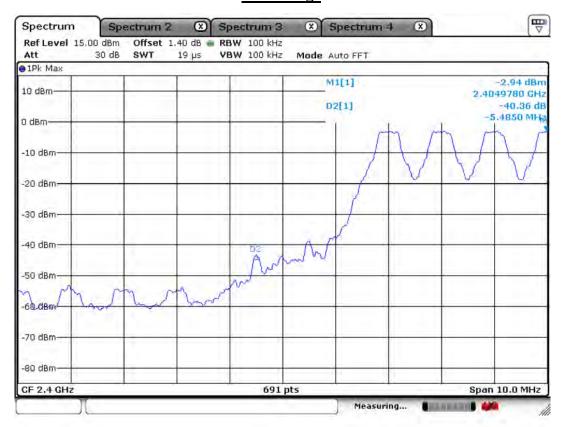


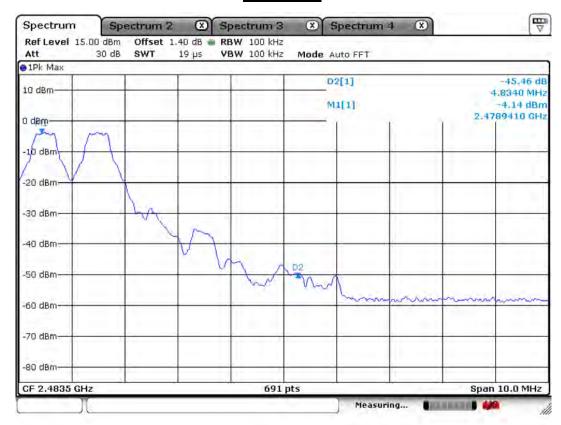
# Band Edge – Bluetooth Lower edge





# <u>Band Edge – Bluetooth Hopping</u> <u>Lower edge</u>





# Radiated Band edges in the restricted band 2310-2390 MHz measurement (Bluetooth)

	Frequency	Rea	Reading		Reading Correction		Limits		Result		Margin	
	rrequericy	[dBu	V/m]	Pol.	Factor		[dBuV/m]		[dBuV/m]		[dB]	
ĺ	[MHz]	AV / Peak			Antenna	Amp. Gain+CableLoss	AV /	' Peak	AV /	Peak	AV /	Peak
	2353.9	24.3	35.8	٧	27.9	23.0	54.0	74.0	29.2	40.7	24.8	33.3

# Radiated Band edges in the restricted band 2483.5-2500 MHz measurement (Bluetooth)

Frequency	Rea	Reading		Reading Correction		Limits		Result		Margin	
	[dBuV/m] Pol.		Pol.	Factor		[dBuV/m]		[dBuV/m]		[dB]	
[MHz]	AV / Peak			Antenna	Amp. Gain+CableLoss	AV A	/ Peak	AV /	Peak	[M]	Hz]
2495.2	22.3	36.1	V	27.9	23.0	54.0	74.0	26.8	41.0	19.3	33.0

Note: This EUT was tested in 3 orthogonal positions and the worst-case data was presented.

## 3.3.7 Conducted Spurious Emissions

#### **Procedure:**

The test follows DA00-705. The conducted spurious emissions were measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function disabled at the highest, middle and the lowest available channels...

After the trace being stable, set the marker on the peak of any spurious emission recorded.

#### The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions

RBW = 100 kHz Sweep = auto

VBW = 100 kHz Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

#### **Measurement Data: Complies**

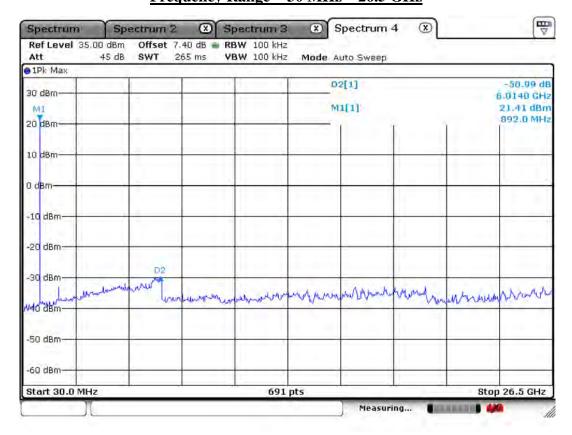
- All conducted emission in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the spread spectrum band was at least 20 dB lower than the highest inband spectral density. Therefore the applying equipment meets the requirement.
- See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

Minimum Standard:
-------------------

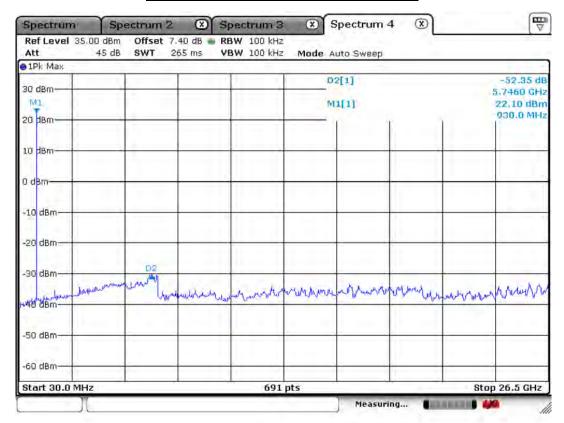
#### **Measurement Setup**

Same as the Chapter 3.3.1 (Figure 1)

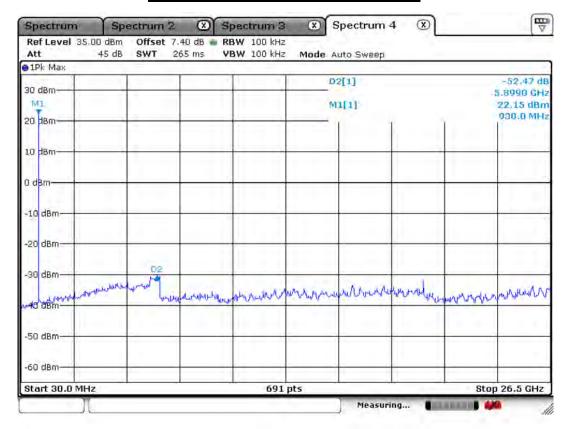
# <u>Unwanted Emission – Intercom (0.25 W) Mode Low channel</u> Frequency Range = 30 MHz ~ 26.5 GHz



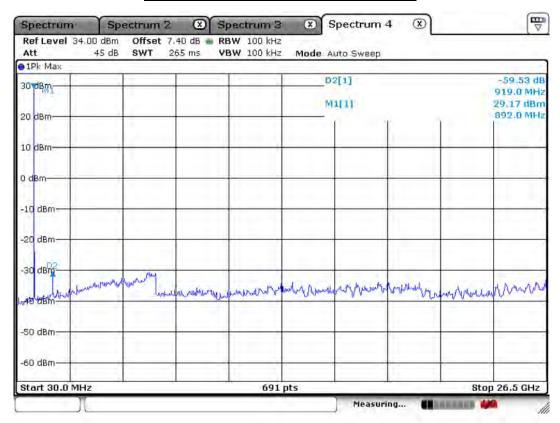
# <u>Unwanted Emission – Intercom (0.25 W) Mode Middle channel</u> Frequency Range = 30 MHz ~ 26.5 GHz



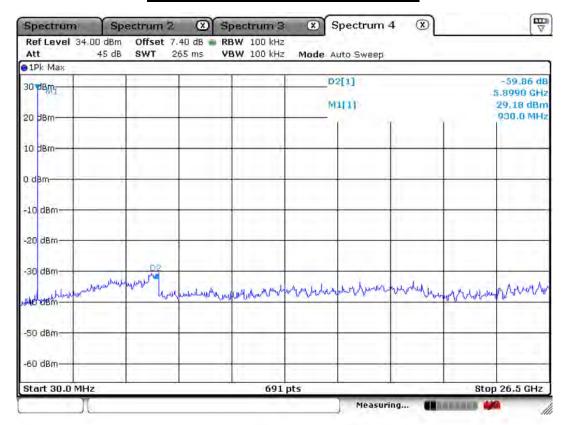
# <u>Unwanted Emission – Intercom (0.25 W) Mode High channel</u> <u>Frequency Range = 30 MHz ~ 26.5 GHz</u>



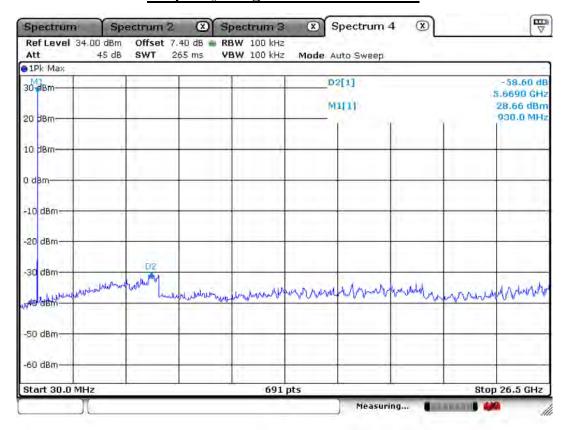
# <u>Unwanted Emission – Intercom (1 W) Mode Low channel</u> Frequency Range = 30 MHz ~ 26.5 GHz



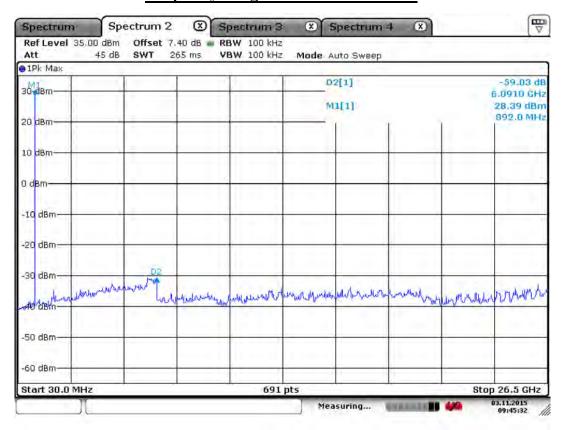
# <u>Unwanted Emission – Intercom (1 W) Mode Middle channel</u> Frequency Range = 30 MHz ~ 26.5 GHz



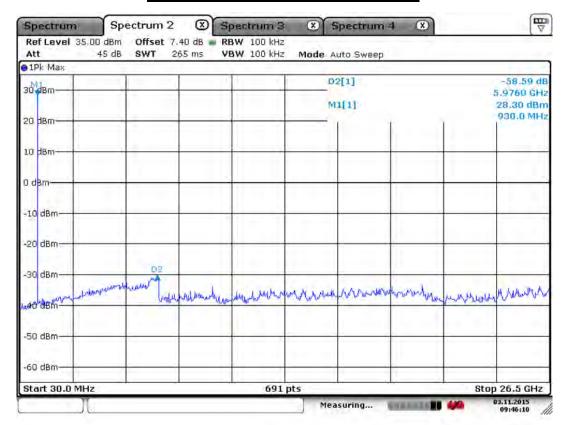
# <u>Unwanted Emission – Intercom (1 W) Mode High channel</u> <u>Frequency Range = 30 MHz ~ 26.5 GHz</u>



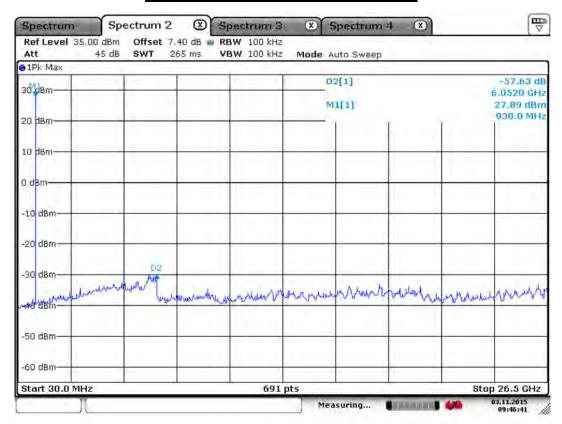
# <u>Unwanted Emission – Radio Mode Low channel</u> Frequency Range = 30 MHz ~ 26.5 GHz



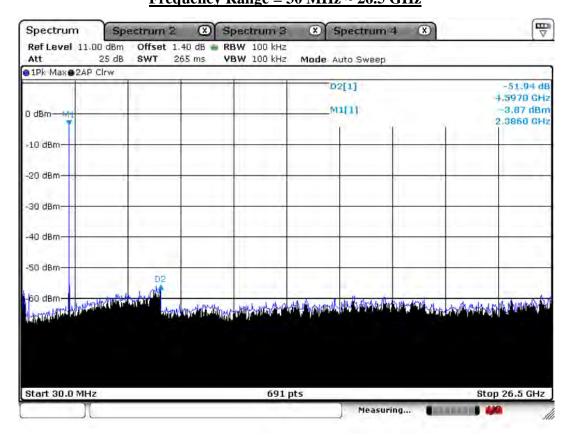
# <u>Unwanted Emission – Radio Mode Middle channel</u> Frequency Range = 30 MHz ~ 26.5 GHz



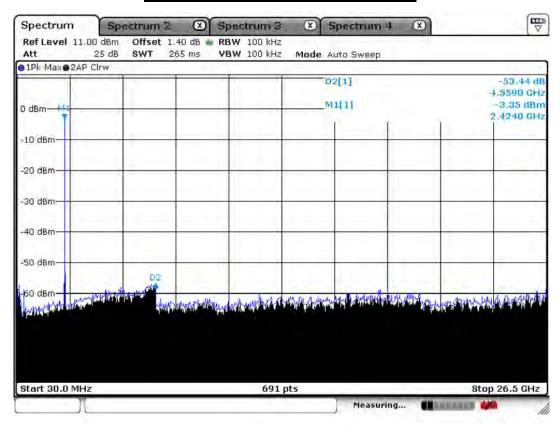
# <u>Unwanted Emission – Radio Mode High channel</u> <u>Frequency Range = 30 MHz ~ 26.5 GHz</u>



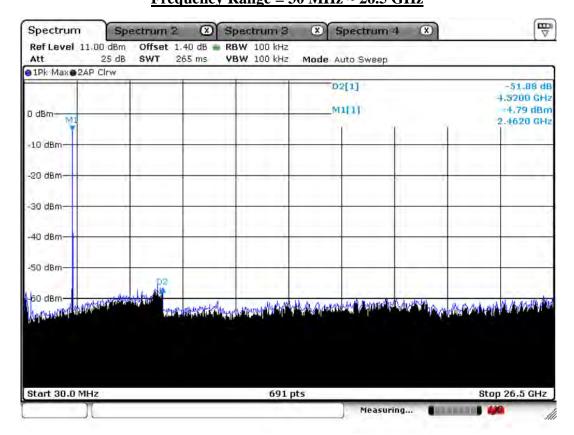
# <u>Unwanted Emission – Bluetooth Mode Low channel</u> Frequency Range = 30 MHz ~ 26.5 GHz



# <u>Unwanted Emission – Bluetooth Mode Middle channel</u> Frequency Range = 30 MHz ~ 26.5 GHz



# <u>Unwanted Emission – Bluetooth Mode High channel</u> <u>Frequency Range = 30 MHz ~ 26.5 GHz</u>



## 3.3.8 Radiated Spurious Emissions

#### **Procedure:**

Radiated emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates of DA00-705. The EUT was placed on a 0.8 m high wooden table inside a shielded enclosure. An antenna was placed near the EUT and measurements of frequencies and amplitudes of field strengths were recorded for reference during final measurements. For final radiated testing, measurements were performed in OATS. Measurements were performed with the EUT oriented in 3 orthogonal axis and rotated 360 degrees to determine worst-case orientation for maximum emissions.

- (a) In the frequency range of 9 kHz to 30 MHz, magnetic field is measured with Loop Test Antenna. The Test Antenna is positioned with its plane vertical at 3 m distance from the EUT. The center of the Loop Test Antenna is 1m above the ground. During the measurement the Loop Test Antenna rotates about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth about the EUT.
- (b) In the frequency range above 30 MHz, Bi-Log Test Antenna (30 MHz to 1 GHz) and Horn Test Antenna (above 1 GHz) are used. Test Antenna is 3 m away from the EUT. Test Antenna height is carried from 1 m to 4 m above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. The emission levels at both horizontal and vertical polarizations should be tested.

### The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Center frequency = the worst channel

Frequency Range =  $9 \text{ kHz} \sim 10^{\text{th}} \text{ harmonic.}$ 

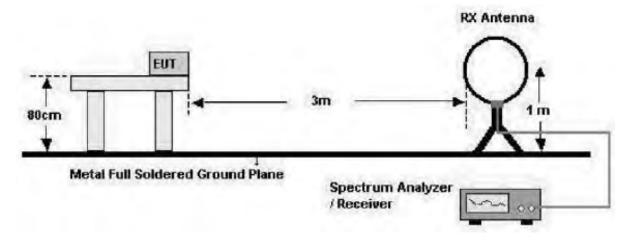
 $RBW = 100 \text{ kHz} (30 \text{ MHz} \sim 1 \text{ GHz})$   $VBW \geq RBW$ 

= 1 MHz  $(1 \text{ GHz} \sim 10^{\text{th}} \text{ harmonic})$ 

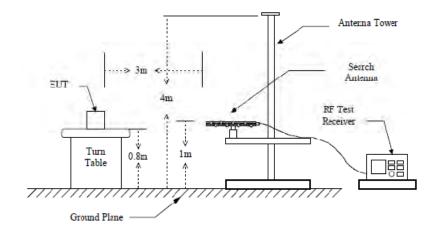
Span = 100 MHz Detector function = peak

Trace =  $\max \text{ hold}$  Sweep = auto

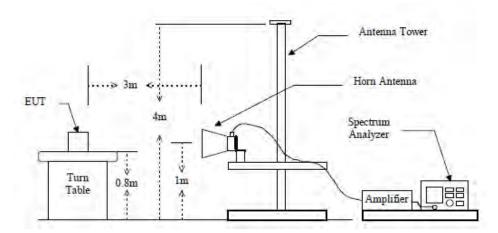
#### below 30 MHz



### below 1GHz (30 MHz to 1 GHz)



#### above 1 GHz



### **Measurement Data: Complies**

- See next pages for actual measured data.
- No other emissions were detected at a level greater than 20 dB below limit include from 9 kHz to 30 MHz

#### Minimum Standard: FCC Part 15.209(a)

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Frequency (MHz)	Limit (uV/m) @ 3 m					
0.009 ~ 0.490	2400/F(kHz) (@ <b>300 m</b> )					
0.490 ~ 1.705	24000/F(kHz) (@ <b>30 m</b> )					
1.705 ~ 30	30(@ <b>30 m</b> )					
30 ~ 88	100 **					
88 ~ 216	150 **					
216 ~ 960	200 **					
Above 960	500					

<sup>\*\*</sup> Except as provided in 15.209(g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g. 15.231 and 15.241.

## Measurement Data : Intercom (0.25 W)

	Rea	ding		Correction Limits		Res	sult	Margin			
Frequency	[dBu	V/m]	Pol.		Factor	[dBu	V/m]	[dBu	V/m]	[d	в]
[MHz]	AV /	Peak		Antenna	Amp.Gain+Cable	AV A	/ Peak	AV /	Peak	AV /	Peak
1808.7	29.6	48.4	V	28.5	25.4	54.0	74.0	32.7	51.5	21.3	22.5
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Francis	Rea	ding		(	Correction	Limits		Res	sult	Maı	rgin
Frequency	[dBuV/m] Pol.		Pol.	Factor		[dBuV/m]		[dBuV/m]		[dB]	
[MHz]	AV /	Peak		Antenna	Amp.Gain+Cable	AV A	/ Peak	AV /	Peak	AV /	Peak
1828.7	32.9	51.4	V	28.5	25.4	54.0	74.0	36.0	54.5	18.0	19.5
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Frequency	Rea	ding		•	Correction	Lin	nits	Res	sult	Maı	rgin
rrequericy	[dBu	V/m]	Pol.		Factor	[dBu	V/m]	[dBu	V/m]	[d	в]
[MHz]	AV /	Peak		Antenna	Amp.Gain+Cable	AV A	/ Peak	AV /	Peak	AV /	Peak
1853.3	32.2	50.9	V	28.5	25.4	54.0	74.0	35.3	54.0	18.7	20.0
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>-</sup> No other emissions were detected at a level greater than 20 dB below limit.

## Measurement Data : Intercom (1 W)

Frequency	Rea	ding		(	Correction	Lin	nits	Res	Result Margin		rgin
	[dBu	V/m]	Pol.		Factor	[dBu	V/m]	[dBu	V/m]	[d	B]
[MHz]	AV /	Peak		Antenna	Amp.Gain+Cable	AV /	/ Peak	AV /	Peak	AV /	Peak
1808.7	31.3	51.0	V	28.5	25.4	54.0	74.0	34.4	54.1	19.6	19.9
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Fraguena	Rea	ding		Correction		Limits		Result		Mai	rgin
Frequency			Pol.	Factor		[dBuV/m]		[dBuV/m]		[dB]	
[MHz]	AV /	Peak		Antenna	Amp.Gain+Cable	AV / Peak		AV /	Peak	AV /	Peak
1828.7	33.5	55.6	V	28.5	25.4	54.0	74.0	36.6	58.7	17.4	15.3
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
_	Rea	ding		(	Correction	Lin	nits	Res	sult	Maı	gin
Frequency	[dBu	V/m]	Pol.		Factor	[dBu	V/m]	[dBu	V/m]	[d	В]
[MHz]	AV /	Peak		Antenna	Amp.Gain+Cable	A۷	/ Peak	AV /	Peak	AV /	Peak
1855.3	32.6	54.2	V	28.5	25.4	54.0	74.0	35.7	57.3	18.3	16.7
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>-</sup> No other emissions were detected at a level greater than 20 dB below limit.

## Measurement Data: Radio

Frequency	Rea	ding		Correction Limits Result Ma		Maı	rgin				
rrequeries	[dBu	V/m]	Pol.		Factor	[dBu	V/m]	[dBu	V/m]	[d	В]
[MHz]	AV /	Peak		Antenna	Amp.Gain+Cable	AV /	Peak	AV /	Peak	AV /	Peak
1808.7	41.5	49.3	V	28.5	25.4	54.0	74.0	44.6	52.4	9.4	21.6
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fraguena	Rea	ding		(	Correction	Lin	nits	Res	sult	Mai	rgin
Frequency	[dBu	V/m]	Pol.	Factor		[dBuV/m]		[dBuV/m]		[dB]	
[MHz]	AV /	Peak		Antenna	Amp.Gain+Cable	AV / Peak		AV / Peak		AV /	Peak
1828.7	46.5	53.1	V	28.5	28.5 25.4		74.0	49.6	56.2	4.4	17.8
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-
F	Rea	ding		(	Correction	Lin	nits	Res	sult	Mai	gin
Frequency	[dBu	V/m]	Pol.		Factor	[dBu	V/m]	[dBu	V/m]	[d	в]
[MHz]	AV /	Peak		Antenna	Amp.Gain+Cable	AV /	' Peak	AV /	Peak	AV /	Peak
1855.3	45.1	52.1	V	28.5	25.4	54.0	74.0	48.2	55.2	5.8	18.8
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	_
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>-</sup> No other emissions were detected at a level greater than 20 dB below limit.

## **Measurement Data: Bluetooth**

Frequency	Rea	ding		(	Correction	Lin	nits	Res	sult	Margin		
	[dBu	V/m]	Pol.		Factor	[dBu	V/m]	[dBu	V/m]	[d	B]	
[MHz]	AV /	Peak		Antenna	Amp.Gain+Cable	AV /	/ Peak	AV /	Peak	AV /	Peak	
4805.2	25.7	37.4	V	32.9	20.3	54.0	74.0	38.3	50.0	15.7	24.0	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	
Framuspay	Rea	ding		(	Correction	Lin	nits	Res	sult	Mai	rgin	
Frequency			Pol.	Factor		[dBuV/m]		[dBuV/m]		[dB]		
[MHz]	AV /	AV / Peak		Antenna Amp.Gain+Cable		AV / Peak		ain+Cable AV / Peak AV / Peal		Peak	AV /	Peak
4885.3	22.7	36.0	V	32.9	20.3	54.0	74.0	35.3	48.6	18.7	25.4	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	
_	Rea	ding		(	Correction	Lin	nits	Res	sult	Mai	gin	
Frequency	[dBu	V/m]	Pol.		Factor	[dBu	V/m]	[dBu	V/m]	[d	В]	
[MHz]	AV /	Peak		Antenna	Amp.Gain+Cable	A۷	/ Peak	AV /	Peak	AV /	Peak	
4958.1	24.1	37.2	V	32.9	20.3	54.0	74.0	36.7	49.8	17.3	24.2	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	

<sup>-</sup> No other emissions were detected at a level greater than 20 dB below limit.

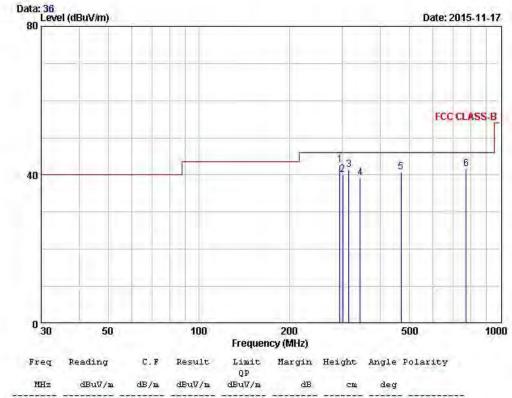
## Radiated Emissions - INTERCOM + BT mode



4, Songjuro236Beon-gil, Yangji-myeon, Cheoin-gu, Youngin-si, Gyeonggi-do, 449-822 Korea Tel:+82-31-3236008,9 Fax:+82-31-3236010

EUT/Model No.: EZ-D9US TEST MODE: INTERCOM + BT mode

Temp Humi : 21 / 44 Tested by: LEE S H



	rred	Keading	r	resure	QP	nargin	nergic	Angre	FOIALLCY
	MHz	dBuV/m	dB/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	CIL	deg	
1	294.18	55.50	-12.98	42,62	46.00	3.38	110	300	HORIZONTAL
2	300.55	52.80	-12.67	40.13	46.00	5.87	100	300	VERTICAL
3	314.79	53.80	-12.32	41.48	46.00	4.52	105	258	HORIZONTAL
4	343.93	51.00	-11.66	39.34	46.00	6.66	125	224	HORIZONTAL
5	470.16	48.90	-8.14	40.76	46.00	5.24	100	205	VERTICAL
6	772.57	41.80	-0.17	41.63	46.00	4.37	100	205	HORIZONTAL

Remarks: C.F (Correction Factor) = Antenna factor + Cable loss - Preamp gain

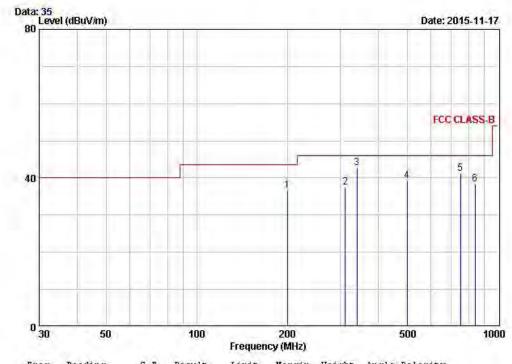
## Radiated Emissions - RADIO + BT mode



4, Songjuro236Beon-gil, Yangji-myeon, Cheoin-gu, Youngju-si, Gyeonggi-do, 449-822 Korea Tel:+82-31-3236008,9 Fax:+82-31-3236010

EUT/Model No.: EZ-D9US TEST MODE: RADIO + BT mode

Temp Humi : 21 / 44 Tested by: LEE S H



	Freq	Reading	C.F	Result	Limit QP	Margin	Height	Angle	Polarity
	MHz	dBuV/m	dB/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	cm	deg	
1	200.11	53.90	-17.22	36.68	43.50	6.82	100	361	VERTICAL
2	311.23	50.00	-12.41	37.59	46.00	8.41	100	255	HORIZONTAL
3	340.91	54.50	-11_73	42.77	46.00	3.23	100	200	HORIZONTAL
4	499.58	46.80	-7.66	39.14	46.00	6.86	100	150	VERTICAL
5	751.49	41.80	-0.59	41.21	46.00	4.79	100	55	HORIZONTAL
6	840.28	37.20	1.08	38.28	46.00	7.72	100	101	VERTICAL

Remarks: C.F (Correction Factor) = Antenna factor + Cable loss - Preamp gain

#### 3.3.9 AC Conducted Emissions

#### **Procedure:**

AC power line conducted emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates of ANSI C63.4:2003.

The conducted emissions are measured in the shielded room with a spectrum analyzer in peak hold. While the measurement, EUT had its hopping function disabled at the middle channels in line with Section 15.31(m). Emissions closest to the limit are measured in the quasi-peak mode (QP) with the tuned receiver using a bandwidth of 9 kHz. The emissions are maximized further by cable manipulation and Exerciser operation. The highest emissions relative to the limit are listed.

#### **Measurement Data: Complies**

- Refer to the next page.
- No other emissions were detected at a level greater than 20 dB below limit
- It gave the worse case emissions

#### Minimum Standard: FCC Part 15.207(a) / EN 55022

Frequency Range	Conducted I	.imit (dBuV)
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.15 ~ 0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *
0.5 ~ 5	56	46
5 ~ 30	60	50

<sup>\*</sup> Note: The limits will decrease with the frequency logarithmically within 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz

## <u>Conducted Emissions – INTERCOM + BT mode – LINE</u>



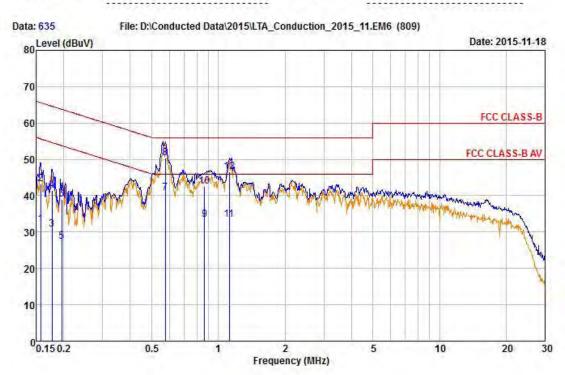
EUT / Model No. : EZ-D9US

4, Songjuro 236 Beon-gil, Yangji-myeon Cheoin-gu, Youngin-si, Gyeonggi-do 449-822 Korea Tel:+82-31-3236008,9 Fax:+82-31-3236010

Phase : LINE

Test Mode : INTERCOM + BT mode Test Power : 120 / 60

Temp. / Humi. : 22 / 44 Test Engineer : LEE S H



Freq	RD QF	RD AV	C.F	Result QP	Result AV	Limit QP	Limit AV	Margin QP	Margin AV
MHz	dBuV	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dBuV	dBuV	dB	dB
0.158	23.64	12.59	19.55	43.19	32.14	65.59	55.59	22.40	23.45
0.177	21.85	11.32	19.53	41.38	30.85	64.63	54.63	23.25	23.78
0.196	19.41	7.81	19.50	38.91	27.31	63.78	53.78	24.87	26.47
0.575	30.90	21.20	19.48	50.38	40.68	56.00	46.00	5.62	5.32
0.866	22.92	13.72	19.67	42.59	33.39	56.00	46.00	13.41	12.61
1.120	26.93	13.78	19.67	46.60	33.45	56.00	46.00	9.40	12.55

### <u>Conducted Emissions – INTERCOM + BT mode – NEUTRAL</u>

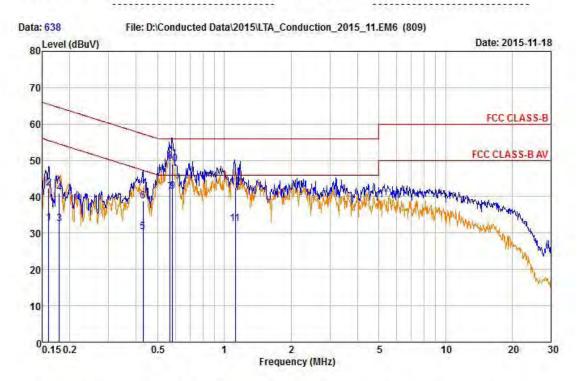


4, Songjuro 236 Beon-gil, Yangji-myeon Cheoin-gu, Youngin-si, Gyeonggi-do 449-822 Korea Tel:+82-31-3236008,9 Fax:+82-31-3236010

EUT / Model No. : EZ-D9US Phase : NEUTRAL

Test Mode : INTERCOM + BT mode Test Power : 120 / 60

Temp. / Humi. : 22 / 44 Test Engineer : LEE S H



Freq	RD QP	RD AV	C.F	Result QP	Result AV	Limit QP	Limit AV	Margin QP	Margin AV
MHz	dBuV	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dBuV	dBuV	dB	dB
0.160	22.79	13.18	19.57	42.36	32.75	65.44	55.44	23.08	22.69
0.179	21.39	12.92	19.54	40.93	32.46	64.51	54.51	23.58	22.05
0.429	19.41	10.80	19.43	38.84	30.23	57.27	47.27	18.43	17.04
0.570	30.31	21.84	19.49	49.80	41.33	56.00	46.00	6.20	4.67
0.584	29.46	21.87	19.50	48.96	41.37	56.00	46.00	7.04	4.63
1.122	22.81	12.77	19.68	42.49	32.45	56.00	46.00	13.51	13.55

### <u>Conducted Emissions – RADIO + BT mode – LINE</u>

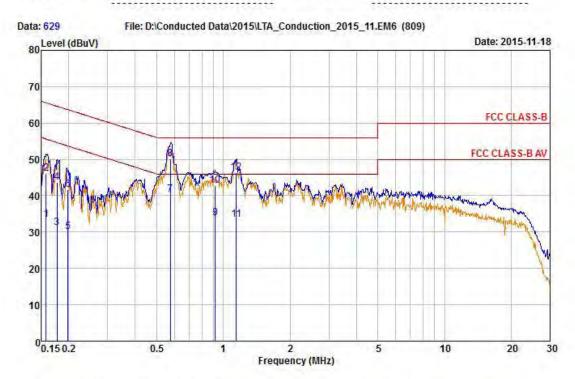


4, Songjuro 236 Beon-gil, Yangji-myeon Cheoin-gu, Youngin-si, Gyeonggi-do 449-822 Korea Tel:+82-31-3236008,9 Fax:+82-31-3236010

EUT / Model No. : EZ-D9US Phase : LINE

: 120 / 60 Test Mode : RADIO + BT mode Test Power

Temp. / Humi. : 22 / 44 Test Engineer : LEE S H



Freq	RD	RD	C.F	Result	Result	Limit	Limit	Margin	Margin
	QP	AV		QP	AV	QP	AV	QP	AV
MHz	dBuV	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dBuV	dBuV	dB	dB
0.158	26.57	13.89	19.55	46.12	33.44	65.56	55.56	19.44	22.12
0.177	24.12	11.74	19.53	43.65	31.27	64.63	54.63	20.98	23.36
0.199	22.15	10.63	19.49	41.64	30.12	63.67	53.67	22.03	23.55
0.576	30.59	20.96	19.48	50.07	40.44	56.00	46.00	5.93	5.56
0.920	23.08	14.26	19.69	42.77	33.95	56.00	46.00	13.23	12.05
1.147	26.75	13.70	19.66	46.41	33.36	56.00	46.00	9.59	12.64

### <u>Conducted Emissions – RADIO + BT mode – NEUTRAL</u>

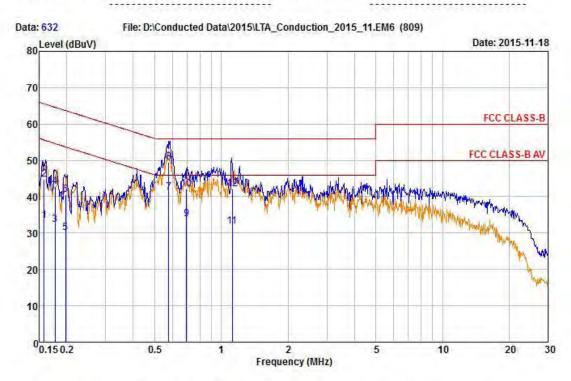


4, Songjuro 236 Beon-gil, Yangji-myeon Cheoin-gu, Youngin-si, Gyeonggi-do 449-822 Korea Tel:+82-31-3236008,9 Fax:+82-31-3236010

EUT / Model No. : EZ-D9US Phase : NEUTRAL

Test Mode : RADIO + BT mode Test Power : 120 / 60

Temp. / Humi. ; 22 / 44 Test Engineer : LEE S H



Freq	RD QP	RD AV	C.F	QP	AV	QP	AV	Margin QP	AV
MHz	dBuV	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dBuV	dBuV	dB	dB
0.158	25.17	13.89	19.56	44.73	33.45	65.56	55.56	20.83	22.11
0.177	23.17	12.79	19.54	42.71	32.33	64.61	54.61	21.90	22.28
0.198	21.03	10.58	19.50	40.53	30.08	63.71	53.71	23.18	23.63
0.579	30.04	21.80	19.50	49.54	41.30	56.00	46.00	6.46	4.70
0.698	22.57	14.36	19.61	42.18	33.97	56.00	46.00	13.82	12.03
1.121	22.36	12.16	19.68	42.04	31.84	56.00	46.00	13.96	14.16

## **APPENDIX**

# TEST EQUIPMENT USED FOR TESTS

	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Manufacturer	Interval	Last Cal. Date
1	Signal Analyzer (9kHz~30GHz)	FSV-30	100757	R&S	1 year	2015-03-24
2	Signal Generator (~3.2GHz)	8648C	3623A02597	НР	1 year	2015-03-23
3	SYNTHESIZED CW GENERATOR	83711B	US34490456	HP	1 year	2015-03-23
4	Attenuator (3dB)	8491A	37822	HP	1 year	2015-09-14
5	Attenuator (10dB)	8491A	63196	НР	1 year	2015-09-14
6	Test Receiver (~30MHz)	ESHS10	828404/009	R&S	1 year	2015-03-23
7	EMI Test Receiver (~7GHz)	ESCI7	100722	R&S	1 year	2015-09-15
8	RF Amplifier (~1.3GHz)	8447D OPT 010	2944A07684	НР	1 year	2015-09-14
9	RF Amplifier (1~26.5GHz)	8449B	3008A02126	НР	1 year	2015-03-23
10	Horn Antenna (1~18GHz)	3115	00114105	ETS	2 year	2015-04-21
11	DRG Horn (Small)	3116B	81109	ETS-Lindgren	2 year	2014-02-26
12	DRG Horn (Small)	3116B	133350	ETS-Lindgren	2 year	2014-02-26
13	TRILOG Antenna	VULB 9160	9160-3237	SCHWARZBECK	2 year	2015-04-21
14	Temp.Humidity Data Logger	SK-L200TH II A	00801	SATO	1 year	2015-04-03
15	Splitter (SMA)	ZFSC-2-2500	SF617800326	Mini-Circuits	-	-
16	Power Divider	11636A	06243	НР	1 year	2015-09-14
17	DC Power Supply	6674A	3637A01657	Agilent	-	-
18	Frequency Counter	5342A	2826A12411	НР	1 year	2015-03-23
19	Power Meter	EPM-441A	GB32481702	НР	1 year	2015-03-23
20	Power Sensor	8481A	3318A99464	HP	1 year	2015-01-13
21	Audio Analyzer	8903B	3729A18901	НР	1 year	2015-09-14
22	Modulation Analyzer	8901B	3749A05878	HP	1 year	2015-09-15
23	TEMP & HUMIDITY Chamber	YJ-500	LTAS06041	JinYoung Tech	1 year	2015-09-14
24	Stop Watch	HS-3	812Q08R	CASIO	2 year	2014-04-03
25	LISN	KNW-407	8-1430-1	Kyoritsu	1 year	2015-09-14
26	Two-Lime V-Network	ESH3-Z5	893045/017	R&S	1 year	2015-03-23
27	UNIVERSAL RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	CMU200	106243	R&S	1 year	2015-03-23
28	Highpass Filter	WHKX1.5/15G-10SS	74	Wainwright Instruments	1 year	2015-03-30
29	Highpass Filter	WHKX3.0/18G-10SS	118	Wainwright Instruments	1 year	2015-03-30
30	Active Loop Antenna	FMZB1519	1519-031	SCHWARZBECK	1 year	2015-01-06
31	OSP120 BASE UNIT	OSP120	101230	R&S	1 year	2015-03-23
32	Signal Generator(100kHz~40GHz)	SMB100A03	177621	R&S	1 year	2015-03-24
33	Signal Analyzer (10Hz~40GHz)	FSV40	101367	R&S	1 year	2015-03-24