FCC SAR Compliance Test Report

For

Grand Electronics, INC

11650 Brentcross Dr 11650, Tomball, Texas, United States

Model: S8,S8pro,S8-A,S8x

Test Engineer: Lily Zhao

Report Number: FCC17040287A-6

2017-05-10 Report Date:

FCC ID: 2AGNK-S8

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Modified History

REV.	Modification Description	Issued Date	Remark
REV.1.0	Initial Test Report Relesse	2017-05-10	Stars Liang

1 General information

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1.1 Notes

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. Shenzhen Timeway Testing Laboratories does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalisations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item. The test report is not to be reproduced or published in full without the prior written permission.

1.2 Application details

Date of receipt of test item: 2017-04-20
Start of test: 2017-05-09
End of test: 2017-05-09

1.3 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for kaleidoscope is as below:

Band	Position	MAX Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
WIFI	Body-Worn	0.792

The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontraolled exposure limits of 1.6 W/Kg as averaged over any 1g tissue according to the FCC rule §2.1093, the ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005, the NCRP Report Number 86 for uncontrolled environment, according to the Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013.

Report No.: FCC17040287A-5 **1.4 EUT Information**

Device Information:				
Product Type:	Product Type: Tablet			
Model:	S8, S8pro, S8-A, S8	Зх		
Brand Name:	neutab.			
Device Type:	Portable device			
Exposure Category:	uncontrolled enviror	nment / genera	l population	
Production Unit or Identical Prototype:	Production Unit			
Hardware version:	C805G 3.1			
Software version :	C805M0-V11LKM80	C805M0-V11LKM8GN8GEN-05.WXGA		
Antenna Type :	Internal Antenna			
Device Operating Configurations:				
Supporting Mode(s):	Supporting Mode(s): Wi-Fi , BT			
Modulation:	OFDM/CCK, GFSK/π/4-DQPSK/ 8-DPSK, GFSK			
Device Class :	Class B, No DTM M	ode		
	Band	TX(MHz)	RX(MHz)	
Operating Frequency Range(s)	Wi-Fi	2412~2462	2412~2462	
	ВТ	2402~2480	2402~2480	
Test Channel:	1-6-11 (Wi-Fi) 0-39-78(BT 3.0) 0-20-39 (BT 4.0)			
Power Source: 4.2 VDC/3000mAh Rechargeable Battery			Battery	

2 Testing laboratory

Test Site	QTC Certification & Testing Co., Ltd.
Test Location	2nd Floor,BI Building,Fengyeyuan Industrial Plant,, Liuxian 2st. Road, Xin'an
Test Location	Street, Bao'an District,,Shenzhen,518000
Telephone	+86-755-26996144 EXT:8164
Fax	+86-755-26996253

3 Test Environment

	Required	Actual
Ambient temperature:	18 – 25 °C	22 ± 2 °C
Tissue Simulating liquid:	22 ± 2 °C	22 ± 2 °C
Relative humidity content:	30 – 70 %	30 – 70 %

4 Applicant and Manufacturer

Applicant/Client Name:	Grand Electronics,INC.	
Applicant Address:	11650 Brentcross Dr 11650, Tomball, Texas, United States	
Manufacturer Name:	Grand Electronics INC.	
Manufacturer Address:	11650 Brentcross Dr 11650, Tomball, Texas, United States	

5 Test standard/s:

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ANSI Std C95.1-2005	Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.
IEEE Std 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
RSS-102	Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands (Issue 5 March 2015)
KDB447498 D01	General RF Exposure Guidance v06
KDB616217 D04	SAR for laptop and tablets v01r03
KDB248227 D01	SAR meas for 802.11 a/b/g v02r02
KDB865664 D01	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
KDB865664 D02	RF Exposure Reporting v01r02

5.1 RF exposure limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain/Body/Arms/Legs)	1.60 mW/g	8.00 mW/g
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 mW/g	0.40 mW/g
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Heads/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 mW/g	20.00 mW/g

The limit applied in this test report is shown in bold letters

Notes:

- * The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- ** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- *** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation.

5.2 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by(dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \mid E \mid^2}{\rho}$$

where:

 σ = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

 ρ = mass density of the tissue (kg/m³)

E = rms electric field strength (V/m)

6 SAR Measurement System

6.1 The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Device holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

6.2 Robot

The COMOSAR system uses the high precision robots KR 6 R900 sixx type out of the newer series from Satimo SA (France). For the 6-axis controller COMOSAR system, the KUKA robot controller version from Satimo is used. The KR 6 R900 sixx robot series have many features that are important for

our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- 6-axis controller

6.3 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SSE 5 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg

- Tip Diameter : 5 mm

- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 2.5mm

- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 4 mm (repeatability better than +/- 1mm)
- Probe linearity: <0.25 dB
- Axial Isotropy: <0.25 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: <0.50 dB
- Calibration range: 300 to 2600MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and suface normal line:less than 30°

6.4 Measurement procedure

The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection
 between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface.
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16 mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors can not directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point,a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 *
 5 or 8 * 4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

6.5 Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

- The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a
 probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimise
 measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.
- An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values.
 The extrapolation is based on afourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1 mm step.
- The measurements have to be performed over a limited time(due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR average over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

6.6 Phantom

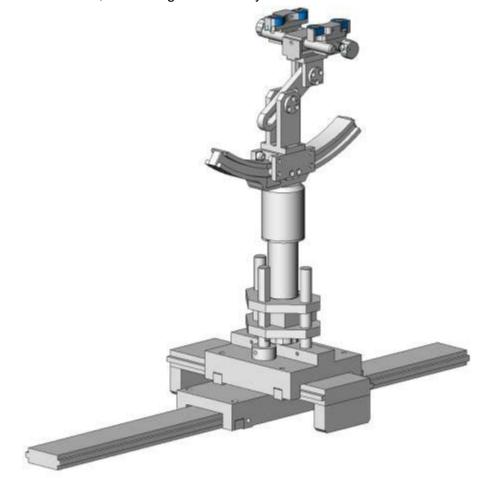
For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.



System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

6.7 Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



Device holder

System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

6.8 Video Positioning System

- The video positioning system is used in OpenSAR to check the probe. Which is composed of a camera, LED, mirror and mechanical parts. The camera is piloted by the main computer with firewire link.
- During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.
- The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.



6.9 Tissue simulating liquids: dielectric properties

The following materials are used for producing the tissue-equivalent materials.

(Liquids used for tests are marked with \boxtimes):

Ingredients(% of weight)			Frequency (I	MHz)	
frequency band	<u> </u>	835	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	2450
Tissue Type	Head	Head	Head	Head	Head
Water	38.56	41.45	52.64	55.242	62.7
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.45	0.36	0.306	0.5
Sugar	56.32	56.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8
DGBE	0.0	0.0	47.0	44.542	0.0
Ingredients(% of weight)			Frequency (I	MHz)	
frequency band	<u> </u>	835	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	∑ 2450
Tissue Type	Body	Body	Body	Body	Body
Water	51.16	52.4	69.91	69.91	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	1.49	1.40	0.13	0.13	0.04
Sugar	46.78	45.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.52	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.05	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	29.96	29.96	26.7

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride

Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose

Water: De-ionized, 16M Ω + resistivity

HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100(ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

Report No.: FCC17040287A-5 6.10 Tissue simulating liquids: parameters

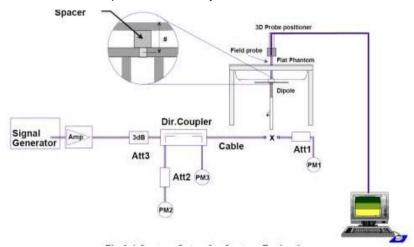
Tissue Type	Measured Frequency (MHz)		Target	Tissue		Measured Tissue		Liquid		
		Target Permittivity ε _r	Range of ±5%	Target Conductivity σ (S/m)	Range of ±5%	٤r	σ (S/m)	Liquid Temp.	Test Date	
	2410	52.80	50.16~55.44	1.91	1.81~2.00	52.72	1.92		2017-05-09	
2450MH	2435	52.70	50.07~55.34	1.94	1.84~2.04	52.75	1.92	24.000		
z Body	2450	52.70	50.07~55.34	1.95	1.85~2.05	52.74	1.91	21.6°C		
	2460 52.70 5		50.07~55.34	1.96	1.86~2.06	52.70	1.91			
			ε _r = Relative	permittivity, σ=	Conductivity					

7 System Check

7.1 System check procedure

The System check is performed by using a System check dipole which is positioned parallel to the planar part of the SAM phantom at the reference point. The distance of the dipole to the SAM phantom is determined by a spacer. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 100 mW. To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the System check to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the validation to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration (target SAR in table above) with the relevant liquids and test system.



7.2 System check results

The system Check is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The following table shows System check results for all frequency bands and tissue liquids used during the tests (plot(s) see annex A).

		Target SAR (1W) (+/-10 ⁴	Measured SAR (Normalized to 1W)		Liquid					
System Check	1-g (mW/g)	Range of \pm 10% 1-g (mW/g)	10-g (mW/g)	Range of \pm 10% 10-g (mW/g)	1-g (mW/g)	10-g (mW/g)	Liquid Temp.	Test Date			
D2450V2 Body	51.39	46.25~56.53	23.63	21.27~25.99	56.33	23.33	21.6°C	2017-05-09			
	Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.										

8 SAR Test Test Configuration

8.1 Wi-Fi Test Configuration

For the 802.11b/g SAR tests, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for Wi-Fi mode test. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number(ARFCN) is allocated to 1,6 and 11 respectively in the case of 2450 MHz.During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Each channel should be tested at the lowest data rate. 802.11b/g operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frquency band. 802.11b/g modes are tested on channel 1, 6, 11; however, if output power reduction is necessary for channels 1 and/or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channel closest to each of these channels must be tested instead.

SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than

0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

Mode	Band	GHz	Channel	"Default Test Channels"		
Mode	Dana	0112	Orialino	802.11b	802.11g	
		2412	1#	V	Δ	
802.11b/g	2.4 GHz	2437	6	V	Δ	
		2462	11#	V	Δ	

Notes:

 $\sqrt{\ }$ = "default test channels"

Δ= possible 802.11g channels with maximum average output ¼ dB the "default test channels"

= when output power is reduced for channel 1 and /or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channels closest to each of these channels should be tested.

802.11 Test Channels per FCC Requirements

9 Detailed Test Results

9.1 Conducted Power measurements

The measuring conducted average power (Unit: dBm) is shown as below.

9.1.1 Conducted Power of Wi-Fi 2.4G

Mode		802.11b								
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1(2412)	6(2437)	11(2462)							
Average Power(dBm)	16.12	16.37	16.04							
Mode		802.11g								
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1(2412)	6(2437)	11(2462)							
Average Power(dBM)	15.17	15.33	15.10							
Mode		802.11n(HT20)								
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1(2412)	6(2437)	11(2462)							
Average Power(dBM)	15.04	15.16	15.13							
Mode		802.11n(HT40)								
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1(2412)	6(2437)	11(2462)							
Average Power(dBM)	14.16	14.40	14.08							

Note:

<KDB 248227 D01, SAR Guidance for Wi-Fi Transmitters>

- (1) For handsets operating next to ear, hotspot mode or mini-tablet configurations, the initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When the reported SAR of initial test position is <= 0.4 W/kg, SAR testing for remaining test positions is not required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is <= 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.
- (2) For Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. When the reported SAR is <= 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel. For OFDM modes (802.11g/n), SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and it is <= 1.2 W/kg.

9.1.2 Conducted Power of BT

The maximum output power of BT is:

Mode		1Mbps					
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	0(2402)	39(2441)	78(2480)				
Average Power(dBm)	3.04	4.04	3.54				
Mode	2Mbps						
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	0(2402)	39(2441)	78(2480)				
Average Power(dBm)	1.68	2.21	2.20				
Mode		3Mbps					
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	0(2402)	39(2441)	78(2480)				
Average Power(dBm)	1.69	2.70	2.20				

9.2 SAR test results

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Notes:

- 1) Per KDB447498 D01v05 r02,the SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the scaled SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8 W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.
- 2) Per KDB447498 D01v05r02, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is: ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is \leq 100 MHz. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 3) Per KDB447498 D01v06, All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance is compliant.
- 4) Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn with headset SAR.
- 5)Per KDB248227 D01v02r02, the procedures required to establish specific device operating configurations for testing the SAR of 802.11 a/b/g transmitters.
- 6) Per KDB865664 D01v01r04,for each frequency band,repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/Kg; if the deviation among the repeated measurement is ≤20%,and the measured SAR <1.45W/Kg,only one repeated measurement is required.
- 7) Per KDB865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is only required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination; Plots are also required when the measured SAR is > 1.5 W/kg, or > 7.0 W/kg for occupational exposure. The published RF exposure KDB procedures may require additional plots; for example, to support SAR to peak location separation ratio test exclusion and/or volume scan post-processing(Refer to appendix B for details).
- 8) Per KDB6162147 D04v01r02, the SAR requirements for laptop and tablet computers, and its to determine the minimum test separation distance.

9.2.1 Results overview of Wi-Fi 2.4G

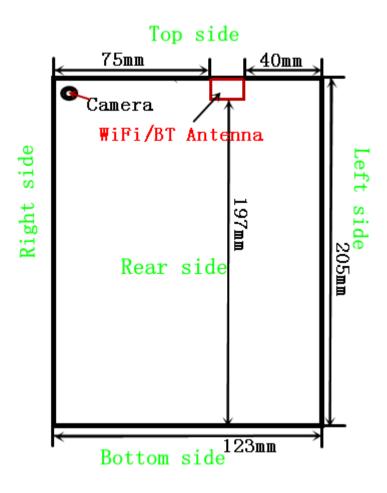
Test Position of	Test channel	Test	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune- up	Scaled SAR _{1-q}	Scalig
Body with 0mm	/Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(%) (dBm)		Limit (dBm)	(W/kg)	factor
Front side	6/2437	802.11b	0.769	0.344	-1.290	16.370	16.500	0.792	1.030
Rear side	6/2437	802.11b	0.585	0.261	2.480	16.370	16.500	0.603	1.030
Bottom side	6/2437	802.11b	0.554	0.247	-1.170	16.370	16.500	0.571	1.030
Right side	6/2437	802.11b	0.324	0.112	-1.220	16.370	16.500	0.334	1.030

Note:

- 1) The maximum SAR value of each test band is shown in **bold** letters.
- 2) All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance is compliant.
- 3) For the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm,so the Right and Top sides do not need to be tested.

10 Multiple Transmitter Information

The SAR measurement positions of each side are as below:



<Rear Side>

Mode	Front Side	Rear Side	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom Side
Wi-Fi/BT antenna	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

¹⁾ Per KDB941225 D06v01r01, When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested.

10.1.1 Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance,

mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Body-Worn position

Mode	Pmax(dBm)	Dmay(mW)	Distance(mm)	f(GHz)	Calculation	exclusion	SAR test
IVIOGE	rillax(ubili)	r IIIax(IIIVV)	Distance(IIIII)	i(GHZ)	Result	Threshold	exclusion
BT	3.50	2.24	5.00	2.450	0.70	3.00	Yes

10.1.2 Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

Note: The device does not support simultaneous BT and Wi-Fi ,because the BT and Wi-Fi share the same antenna and can't transmit simultaneously.

11 Measurement uncertainty evaluation

11.1 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for SAR test

The following table includes the uncertainty table of the IEEE 1528. The values are determined by Satimo. The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:

Measure	ment Un	certain	ty eval	uation for	SAR test			
Uncertainty Component	Tol. (±%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	C _i (1g)	C _i (10g)	1g U _i (±%)	10g U _i (±%)	Vi
measurement system								ı
Probe Calibration	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.8	5.8	∞
Axial Isotropy	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	1.43	1.43	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{C_p}$	$\sqrt{C_p}$	2.41	2.41	∞
Boundary Effect	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.71	2.71	∞
system Detection Limits	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
Modulation response	3	N	1	1	1	3.00	3.00	8
Readout Electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	∞
Response Time	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00	0.00	∞
Integration Time	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
RF Ambient Conditions-Noise	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF Ambient Conditions- Reflections	3	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max.SAR Evaluation	2.3	R	√3	1	1	1.33	1.33	8
Test sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	2.6	N	1	1	1	2.60	2.60	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	3	N	1	1	1	3.00	3.00	7
Output Power Variation-SAR drift measurement	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
SAR scaling	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters	ı							Ī
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation (in permittivity and conductivity)	2	N	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.60	1.08	5
Liquid conductivity (target.)	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	5
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	1.50	1.23	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target.)	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	1.73	1.42	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainly		Rss				10.63	10.54	
Expanded Uncertainty{95% CONFIDENCE INTERRVAL}		k				21.26	21.08	

11.2 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for system check

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The following table includes the uncertainty table of the IEEE 1528. The values are determined by Satimo. The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:

Satimo.The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:									
Unce			em Perf	ormance (Check			_	
Uncertainty Component	Tol. (±%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	C _i 1g	C _i 10g	1g U _i (±%)	10g U _i (±%)	Vi	
measurement system	T								
Probe Calibration	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.80	5.80	∞	
Axial Isotropy	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	1.43	1.43	∞	
Hemispherical Isotropy	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	√Cp	$\sqrt{C_p}$	2.41	2.41	∞	
Boundary Effect	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	8	
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.71	2.71	8	
system detection Limits	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞	
Modulation response	0	N	1	1	1	0.00	0.00	∞	
Readout Electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	∞	
Response Time	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00	0.00	8	
Integration Time	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	8	
RF ambient Conditions - Noise	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	8	
RF ambient Conditions – Reflections	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	8	
Probe positioned Mechanical Tolerance	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	8	
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8	
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	2.3	R	√3	1	1	1.33	1.33	8	
Dipole									
Deviation of experimental source from numerical source	4	N	1	1	1	4.00	4.00	∞	
Input power and SAR drift measurement	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	8	
Dipole axis to liquid Distance	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.16	1.16	∞	
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞	
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation (in permittivity and conductivity)	2	N	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	8	
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.60	1.08	5	
Liquid conductivity (target.)	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	5	
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	2.5	Ν	1	0.60	0.49	1.50	1.23	8	
Liquid Permittivity (target.)	5	R	√3	0.60	0.49	1.73	1.41	8	
Combined Standard Uncertainty		Rss				10.28	9.98		
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)		k				20.57	19.95		

12 Test equipment and ancillaries used for tests

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To simplify the identification of the test equipment and/or ancillaries which were used, the reporting of the relevant test cases only refer to the test item number as specified in the table below.

	Manufact	Device Type	Type(Model)	Serial number	calib	ration
	urer	Device Type	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		Last Cal.	Due Date
	SATIMO	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE	SSE5	SN 09/13 EP170	2016-07-25	2017-07-24
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID835	SN 14/13 DIP0G835-235	2016-07-25	2017-07-24
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID900	SN 14/13 DIP0G900-231	2016-07-25	2017-07-24
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 1800 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID1800	SN 14/13 DIP1G800-232	2016-07-25	2017-07-24
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 1900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID1900	SN 14/13 DIP1G900-236	2016-07-25	2017-07-24
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 2000 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID2000	SN 14/13 DIP2G000-237	2016-07-25	2017-07-24
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID2450	SN 14/13 DIP2G450-238	2016-07-25	2017-07-24
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 2600 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID2600	SN 28/14 DIP2G600-327	2016-07-25	2017-07-24
\boxtimes	SATIMO	Software	OPENSAR	N/A	N/A	N/A
	SATIMO	Phantom	COMOSAR IEEE SAM PHANTOM	SN 14/13 SAM99	N/A	N/A
\boxtimes	R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU 200	117528	2016-08-19	2017-08-18
	HP	Network Analyser	8753D	3410A08889	2016-08-19	2017-08-18
\boxtimes	HP	Signal Generator	E4421B	GB39340770	2016-08-19	2017-08-18
\boxtimes	Keithley	Multimeter	Keithley 2000	4014539	2016-08-19	2017-08-18
	SATIMO	Amplifier	Power Amplifier	MODU-023-A- 0004	2015-10-13	2016-10-12
\boxtimes	Agilent	Power Meter	E4418B	GB43312909	2015-10-13	2016-10-12
	Agilent	Power Meter Sensor	E4412A	MY41500046	2015-10-13	2016-10-12
	Agilent	Power Meter	E4417A	GB41291826	2015-10-13	2016-10-12
	Agilent	Power Meter Sensor	8481H	MY41091215	2015-10-13	2016-10-12
	SATIMO	DAE	SUPR72	SN 42/13	2016-07-25	2017-07-24

Annex A: System performance verification

(Please See the SAR Measurement Plots of annex A.)

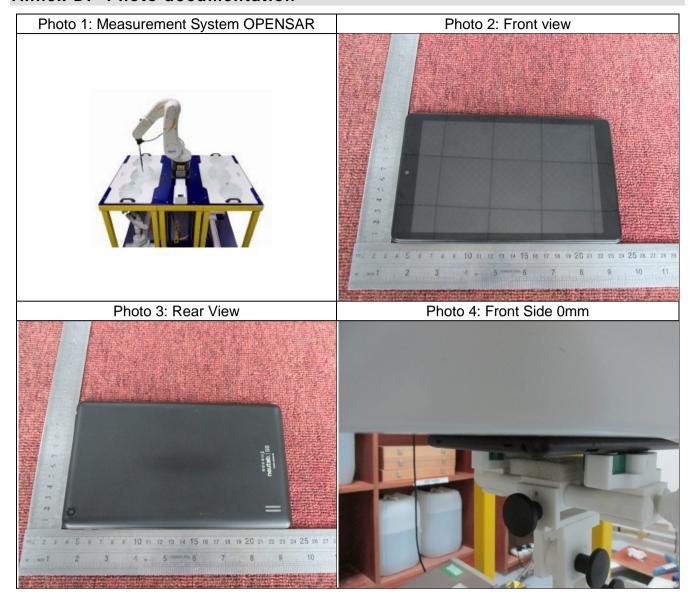
Annex B: Measurement results

(Please See the SAR Measurement Plots of annex B.)

Annex C: Calibration reports

(Please See the Calibration reports of annex C.)

Annex D: Photo documentation



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End