# Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) T-Coil Test Report

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **APPLICANT** | : | Nubia Technology Co.,Ltd |
| **PRODUCT NAME** | : | LTE Digital Mobile Phone |
| **MODEL NAME** | : | NX627J |
| **BRAND NAME** | : | NUBIA |
| **FCC ID** | : | 2AHJO-NX627J |
| **STANDARD(S)** | : | 47CFR 20.19<br>ANSI C63.19-2011 |
| **RECEIPT DATE** | : | 2019-08-23 |
| **TEST DATE** | : | 2019-09-24 to 2019-10-09 |
| **ISSUE DATE** | : | 2019-10-16 |

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**Annex C Plots of T-Coil Test Results**
**Annex D DASY Calibration Certificate**

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| Change History | | |
|---|---|---|
| **Version** | **Date** | **Reason for change** |
| 1.0 | 2019-10-16 | First edition |
| | | |

# 1. Attestation of Testing Summary

| Air Interface | Frequency Band | T-Rating | Frequency Response | Magnetic Intensity |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| GSM CMRS Voice | GSM850 | T3 | Pass | Pass |
| | GSM1900 | T4 | Pass | Pass |
| UMTS CMRS Voice | WCDMA Band II | T4 | Pass | Pass |
| | WCDMA Band IV | T4 | Pass | Pass |
| | WCDMA Band V | T4 | Pass | Pass |
| CDMA CMRS Voice | CDMA2000 BC0 | T4 | Pass | Pass |
| | CDMA2000 BC1 | T4 | Pass | Pass |
| | CDMA2000 BC10 | T4 | Pass | Pass |
| VoLTE | LTE Band 2 | T4 | Pass | Pass |
| | LTE Band 4 | T4 | Pass | Pass |
| | LTE Band 5 | T4 | Pass | Pass |
| | LTE Band 7 | T4 | Pass | Pass |
| | LTE Band 12 | T4 | Pass | Pass |
| | LTE Band 17 | T4 | Pass | Pass |
| | LTE Band 18 | T4 | Pass | Pass |
| | LTE Band 19 | T4 | Pass | Pass |
| | LTE Band 25 | T4 | Pass | Pass |
| | LTE Band 26 | T4 | Pass | Pass |
| | LTE Band 30 | T4 | Pass | Pass |
| | LTE Band 38 | T4 | Pass | Pass |
| | LTE Band 40 | T4 | Pass | Pass |
| | LTE Band 41 | T4 | Pass | Pass |
| | LTE Band 66 | T4 | Pass | Pass |

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# 2. Technical Information

**Note:** Provide by applicant.

## 2.1. Applicant and Manufacturer Information

| | |
|---|---|
| **Applicant:** | Nubia Technology Co.,Ltd |
| **Applicant Address:** | 10/F, Tower A, Hans Innovation Mansion, North Ring Rd., No.9018, High-Tech Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China |
| **Manufacturer:** | Nubia Technology Co.,Ltd |
| **Manufacturer Address:** | 10/F, Tower A, Hans Innovation Mansion, North Ring Rd., No.9018, High-Tech Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China |

## 2.2. Equipment under Test (EUT) Description

| | |
|---|---|
| **EUT Type:** | LTE Digital Mobile Phone |
| **Hardware Version:** | NX627J_V1MB |
| **Software Version:** | NX627J_ENCommon_V1.00 |
| **Frequency Bands:** | GSM 850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz<br>GSM 1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz<br>WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz<br>WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz<br>WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz<br>CDMA BC 0: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.31 MHz<br>CDMA BC 1: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz<br>LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz<br>LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz<br>LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz<br>LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz<br>LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz<br>LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz<br>LTE Band 18: 815 MHz ~ 830 MHz<br>LTE Band 19: 830 MHz ~ 845 MHz<br>LTE Band 25: 1850 MHz ~ 1915 MHz<br>LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz<br>LTE Band 30: 2305 MHz ~ 2315 MHz<br>LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620MHz<br>LTE Band 40A: 2305 MHz ~ 2315 MHz<br>LTE Band 40B: 2350 MHz ~ 2360 MHz<br>LTE Band 41: 2555 MHz ~ 2655 MHz |

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| | |
|---|---|
| | LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz<br>WLAN 2.4GHz: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz<br>WLAN 5.2GHz: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz<br>WLAN 5.3GHz: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz<br>WLAN 5.5GHz: 5500 MHz ~ 5720 MHz<br>WLAN 5.8GHz: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz<br>Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz |
| **Modulation Mode:** | GSM/GPRS: GMSK<br>EDGE: 8PSK<br>WCDMA: QPSK/16QAM<br>1XRTT: QPSK<br>EV-DO Rev.0/A/B: QPSK<br>LTE: QPSK/16QAM/64QAM<br>802.11b: DSSS<br>802.11a/g/n-HT20/HT40/ac-VHT20/ac-VHT40: OFDM<br>BR+EDR: GFSK(1Mbps), π/4-DQPSK(2Mbps), 8-DPSK(3Mbps)<br>Bluetooth LE: GFSK(1Mbps), π/4-DQPSK(2Mbps) |
| **Antenna type:** | WWAN: Fixed Internal<br>WLAN: PIFA Antenna<br>Bluetooth: PIFA Antenna |
| **Battery:** | 3900mAh/3.82V |
| **SIM cards description:** | For dual SIM card version, both the SIM 1 and SIM 2 are the same chipset unit and tested as a single chipset, the SIM 1 was selected for testing. |

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## 2.3. Photographs of the EUT

Please refer to the External Photos for the Photos of the EUT

## 2.4. Applied Reference Documents

**Leading reference documents for testing:**

| No. | Identity | Document Title | Method determination /Remark |
|-----|----------|----------------|------------------------------|
| 1 | 47 CFR§20.19 | Hearing aid-compatible mobile handsets. | No deviation |
| 2 | ANSI C63.19-2011 | American National Standard Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids | No deviation |
| 3 | KDB 285076 D01v05 | HAC Guidance | No deviation |
| 4 | KDB 285076 D02v01r01 | T−Coil testing for CMRS IP | No deviation |

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# 3. Air Interface and Operating Mode

| Air Interface | Band | Transport Type | Simultaneous Transmitter | Name of Voice Service | Power Reduction |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| GSM | GSM850 | VO | WLAN&BT | CMRS Voice | No |
| | GSM1900 | | | | No |
| | EDGE850 | DT | WLAN&BT | N/A | No |
| | EDGE1900 | | | | No |
| WCDMA (UMTS) | Band II | VO | WLAN&BT | CMRS Voice | No |
| | Band IV | | | | No |
| | Band V | | | | No |
| CDMA | BC0 | VO | WLAN&BT | CMRS Voice | No |
| | BC1 | VO | WLAN&BT | CMRS Voice | No |
| | EVDO | DT | WLAN&BT | N/A | No |
| FDD-LTE | Band 2 | VD | WLAN&BT | VoLTE | No |
| | Band 4 | | | | No |
| | Band 5 | | | | No |
| | Band 7 | | | | No |
| | Band 12 | | | | No |
| | Band 17 | | | | No |
| | Band 18 | | | | No |
| | Band 19 | | | | No |
| | Band 25 | | | | No |
| | Band 26 | | | | No |
| | Band 30 | | | | No |
| | Band 66 | | | | No |
| TDD-LTE | Band 38 | VD | WLAN&BT | VoLTE | No |
| | Band 40 | | | | |
| | Band 41 | | | | |
| WiFi | 2450 | DT | GSM, LTE, CDMA, WCDMA | N/A | No |
| | 5200 (U-NII-1) | | | | No |
| | 5300 (U-NII-2A) | | | | No |
| | 5500 (U-NII-2C) | | | | No |
| | 5800 (U-NII-3) | | | | No |
| BT | 2450 | DT | GSM, LTE, CDMA, WCDMA | N/A | No |

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**Where:**

VO=Voice Only

DT=Digital Transport only

VD=CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport

BT=Bluetooth

* Ref Lev in accordance with 7.4.2.1 of ANSI C63.19-2011 and the July 2012 VoLTE interpretation

** Ref Lev −20 dBm0

*** Ref Lev XYNet established by KDB Inquiry NNNNNN @ −16 dBm0

**Note:**

1) **Air Interface/Band MHz:** List of all air interfaces and bands supported by the handset.

2) **Type: For each air interface, indicate the type of voice transport mode:**
   i.    VO = legacy Cellular Voice Service, from Table 7.1 in 7.4.2.1 of ANSI C63.19-2011;
   ii.   DT = Digital Transport only (no voice); and
   iii.  VD = IP Voice Service over Digital Transport.

3) **Simultaneous Transmitter:** Indicate any air interface/bands that operate in simultaneous or concurrent service transmission mode**.**

4) **Name of Voice Service:** See Q4 in 285076 D03 HAC FAQ for further clarification.

   a) Ref Lev in accordance with 7.4.2.1 of ANSI C63.19-2011 and the July 2012 VoLTE interpretation

   b) ** Ref Lev −20 dBm0

   c) *** Ref Lev XY Net established by KDB Inquiry NNNNNN @ −16 dBm0

# 4. Measurement standards for T-Coil

## 4.1. T-Coil Signal Quality Categories

This sub clause specifies the signal-to-noise quality requirement for the intended T-Coil signal from a WD. The worst signal to noise of the two T-Coil signal measurements, as determined in Clause 7, shall be used to determine the T-Coil mode category per Table 2.1.

Only the RF immunity of the hearing aid is measured in T-Coil mode. It is assumed that a hearing aid can have no immunity to an interference signal in the audio band, which is the intended reception band for this mode. So, the only criterion that can be measured is the RF immunity in T-Coil mode. The RF measurements made for the T-Coil evaluation are used to assign the category T1 through T4. The limitation is given in Table 1. This establishes the RF environment presented by the WD to a hearing aid.

| Category | Telephone parameters WD signal quality [(signal + noise)-to-noise ratio in decibels] |
|---|---|
| Category T1 | 0 dB to 10 dB |
| Category T2 | 10 dB to 20 dB |
| Category T3 | 20 dB to 30 dB |
| Category T4 | >30 dB |

**Table 2.1 T-Coil signal-to-noise categories**

## 4.2. Frequency Response

This sub clause describes the relationship between the M rating, which is based on the RF emission tests performed in Clause 5, and the T rating, which is based on the T-Coil tests performed in Clause 7.

If the WD achieves an acceptable category rating per ANSI C63.19-2011 section 8.2, as determined by the appropriate regulating authority, it becomes a candidate for the T designation (see ANSI C63.19-2011 section 8.3.4).

The frequency response of the perpendicular component of the magnetic field, measured in 1/3 octave bands, shall follow the response curve specified in this sub-clause, over the frequency range 300 Hz to 3000 Hz.

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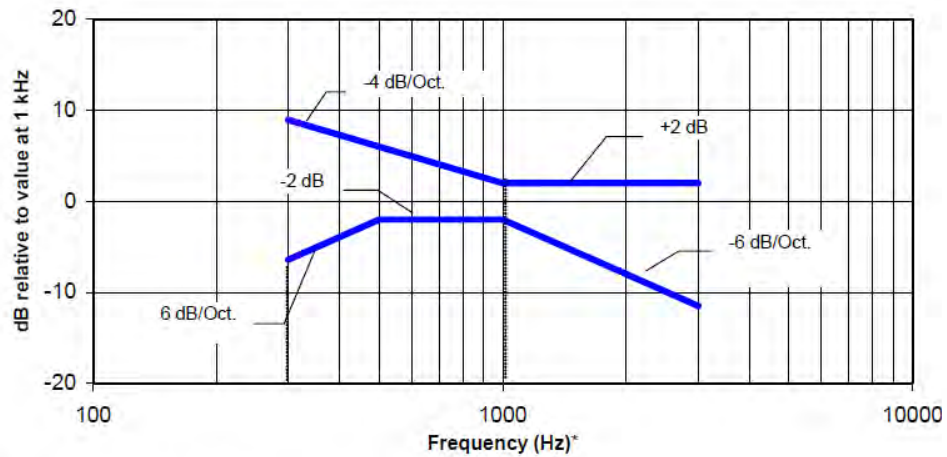
NOTE—The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

**Fig 2.1 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with field strength ≤ –15 dB (A/m) at 1 kHz**
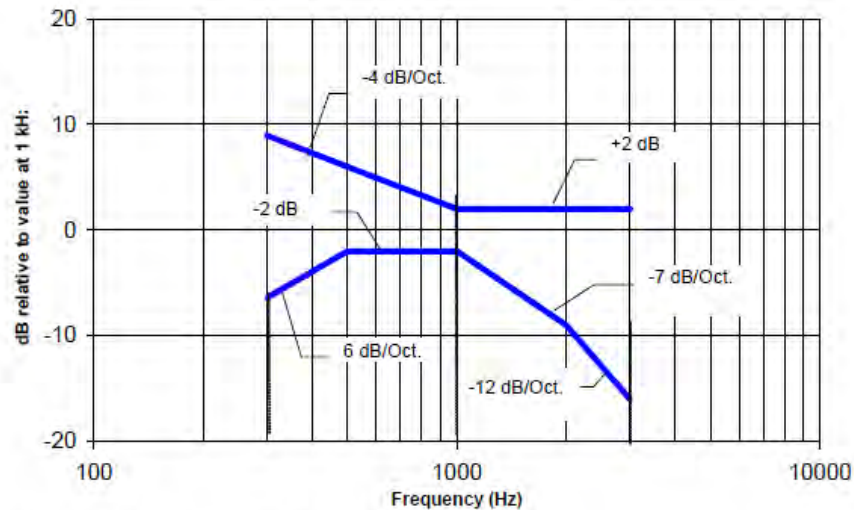


NOTE—The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

**Fig 2.2 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field
that exceeds –15 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz**

# 5. HAC (T-Coil) Measurement System

## 5.1. T-Coil Measurement Setup
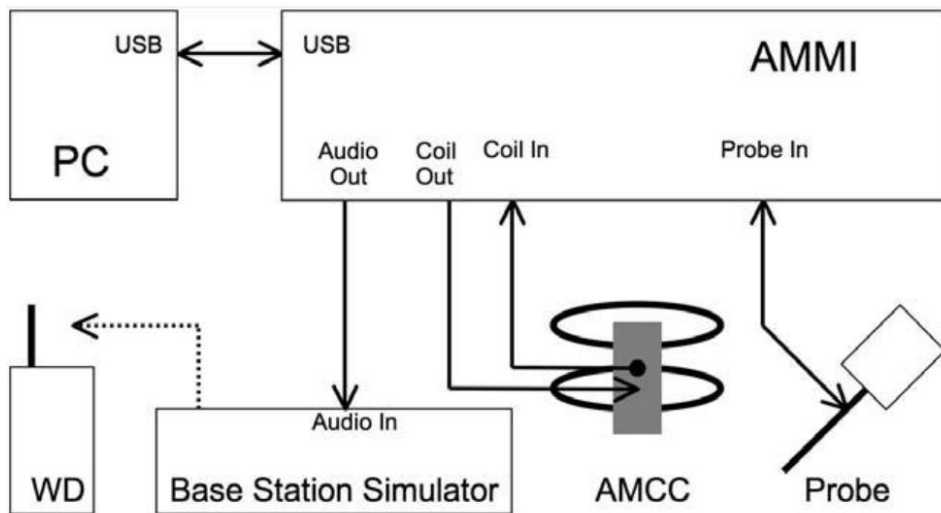


**Fig 5.1 SPEAG T-Coil System Configurations**

Note:

1、 Per C63 & KDB 285076 D02v03, define the all applicable input audio level:
   1) GSM input level: -16dBm0
   2) UMTS input level: -16dBm0
   3) VoLTE input level: -16dBm0
   4) VoWiFi input level: -20dBm0
   5) OTT Voip input level: -20dBm0

2、 A communication base station CMU200 is used for testing GSM / UMTS / CDMA, and it's "Decode Cal" and "Codec Cal" with audio option B52 and B85 to set the correct audio input level.

3、 CMU200 is able to output 1KHz audio signal equivalent to 3.14dBm0 at "Decode Cal", the signal reference is used to adjust the AMMI gain setting to reach -16dBm0 for GSM/UMTS and -18dBm0 for CDMA.

4、 The callbox of CMW500 is used for VoLTE over IMS and VoWiFi over IMS T-Coil measurement, the data application unit of the CMW500 was used to simulate the IP multimedia subsystem server. And the CMW500 can be manually configured to ensure and control the speech input level result is -16dBm0 for VoLTE and -20dBm0 for VoWiFi when the device during the IMS connection.

5、 The OTT VOIP call is tested on the data application unit of CMW500 connection to the internet.

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## 5.2. System Validation

For correct and calibrated measurement of the voltages and ABM filed, DASY will perform a calibration job follows below:

1.  In phase 1, the audio output is switched off, and a 200 mW symmetric rectangular signal of 1 kHz is connected directly to both channels of the sampling unit(Coil in, Probe in).

2.  In phase 2, the audio output is off, and a 20 mW symmetric 100 Hz signal is internally connected. The signals during phases 1 and 2 are available at the output on the rear panel of the AMMI. However, the output must not be loaded, in order to avoid influencing the calibration, an RMS voltmeter would indicate 100mWRMS, during the second phase after the first two phases, the two input channels are both calibrated for absolute ants of voltages. The resulting factors are displayed above the multi-meter window.

3.  After phases 1 and 2, the input channels are calibrated to measure exact voltages. This is required to use the inputs for measuring voltages with their peak and RMS value.

4.  In phase 3, a mulit-sine signal covering each third-octave band from 50 Hz to 10 kHz is generated and applied to both audio outputs. The probe should be positioned in the center of the AMCC and aligned in the z-direction, the filed orientation of the AMCC. The "Coil In" channel is measuring the voltage over the AMCC internal shunt, which is proportional to the magnetic filed in the AMCC. At the same time, the "Probe In" channel samples the amplified signal picked up by the probe coil and provides a numerical integrator. The radio of two voltages in each third-octave filter leads to the spectral representation over the frequency band of interest. The coil signal is scaled in dBV, and the probe signal is first integrated and normalized to show dB A/m. The radio probe-to-coil at the frequency of 1KHz is the sensitivity which will be used in the consecutive T-coil jobs,.

5.  The ABM validation during testing as below.
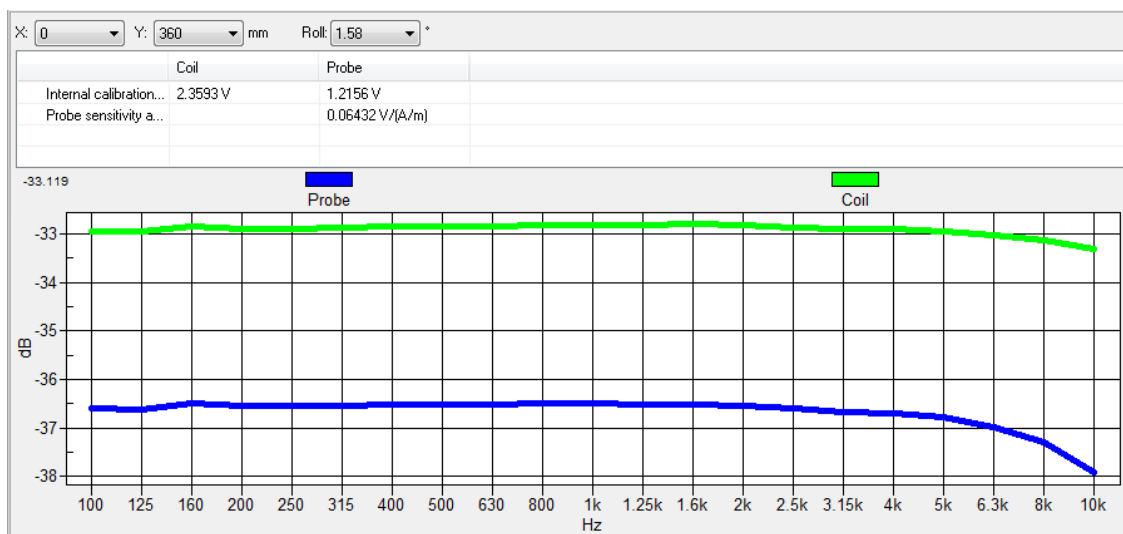
## 5.3. Base Station Gain Factor

1. The Required gain factor for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.
2. The calculation formula as below showing how to determine the input level for air interface for this device.

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

| Signal [file name] | Duration [s] | Peak-to-RMS [dB] | RMS [dB] | Required gain factor *) | Gain setting |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1kHz sine | --- | 3.0 | 0.0 | 1.00 | |
| 48k_1.025kHz_10s.wav | 10 | 3.0 | 0.0 | 1.00 | |
| 48k_1kHz_3.15kHz_10s.wav | 10 | 6.0 | -3.0 | 1.42 | |
| 48k_315Hz_1kHz_10s.wav | 10 | 6.0 | -2.9 | 1.40 | |
| 48k_csek_8k_441_white_10s.wav | 10 | 13.8 | -10.5 | 3.34 | |
| 48k_multisine_50-5000_10s.wav | 10 | 11.1 | -7.9 | 2.49 | |
| 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav | 1 | 16.2 | -12.7 | 4.33 | |
| 48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav | 2 | 21.6 | -18.6 | 8.48 | |

(*) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to acheive approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

Insert the gain applicable for your setup in the last column of the table.

### CMU200 for GSM WCDMA

**<Input level determination >**

| Gain Value (linear) | 20* log(gain) dB | AMCC Coil in (dBv RMS) | Level dBm0 |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | -2.44 | 3.14 |
| 10 | 20 | -20.96 | -15.38 |
| 9.31 | 19.38 | -21.58 | -16 |

**<Base station gain factor calculation>**

| Signal Type | Duration (s) | Peak to RMS (dB) | RMS (dB) | Gain Factor | Gain Setting |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1kHz sine | - | 3 | 0 | 1 | 8.17 |
| 48k_voice_1kHz | 1 | 16.2 | -12.7 | 4.33 | 40.32 |
| 48k_voice_300-3000 | 2 | 21.6 | -18.6 | 8.48 | 78.96 |

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## CMU200 for CDMA

**<Input level determination >**

| Gain Value | 20* log(gain) | AMCC Coil in | Level |
|---|---|---|---|
| (linear) | dB | (dBv RMS) | dBm0 |
| | | -2.44 | 3.14 |
| 10 | 20 | -20.96 | -15.38 |
| 7.40 | 17.38 | -23.58 | -18 |

**<Base station gain factor calculation>**

| Signal Type | Duration (s) | Peak to RMS (dB) | RMS (dB) | Gain Factor | Gain Setting |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1kHz sine | - | 3 | 0 | 1 | 8.17 |
| 48k_voice_1kHz | 1 | 16.2 | -12.7 | 4.33 | 32.02 |
| 48k_voice_300-3000 | 2 | 21.6 | -18.6 | 8.48 | 62.72 |

## CMW500 for VoLTE

**<Input level determination >**

| Gain Value | dBm | Full scal Voltage | dB | AMMI audio out (dBv) (RMS) | AMCC Coil Out (dBv) (RMS) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| N/A | 3.14 | 1.5 | N/A | 0.51 | N/A |
| 100 | 5.61 | N/A | 40 | 2.98 | 3.13 |
| 8.31 | -16 | N/A | 18.39 | N/A | -18.48 |

**<Base station gain factor calculation>**

| Signal Type | Duration (s) | Peak to RMS (dB) | RMS (dB) | Gain Factor | Gain Setting |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 48k_voice_1kHz | 1 | 16.2 | -12.7 | 4.33 | 35.98 |
| 48k_voice_300-3000 | 2 | 21.6 | -18.6 | 8.48 | 70.46 |

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# 6. T-Coil Measurement Procedure

## 6.1. General Guidance

T-Coil measurement follows ANSI C63.19-2011, Section 7.4

This section describes the procedures used to measure the ABM (T-Coil) performance of the WD. In addition to measuring the absolute signal levels, the A-weighted magnitude of the unintended signal shall also be determined. To assure that the required signal quality is measured, the measurement of the intended signal and the measurement of the unintended signal must be made at the same location for each measurement position. In addition, the RF field strength at each measurement location must be at or below that required for the assigned category.

Measurements shall not include undesired properties from the WD's RF field; therefore, use of a coaxial connection to a base station simulator or non-radiating load, there might still be RF leakage from the WD, which can interfere with the desired measurement. Pre-measurement checks should be made to avoid this possibility. All measurements shall be performed with the WD operating on battery power with an appropriate normal speech audio signal input level given in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1. If the device display can be turned off during a phone call, then that may be done during the measurement as well.

Measurement shall be performed at two locations specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 A.3, with the correct probe orientation for a particular location, in a multistage sequence by first measuring the field intensity of the desired T-Coil signal the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired magnetic components (ABM2) must be measured at the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired ABM signals must be calculated. For the perpendicular field location, only the ABM1 frequency response shall be determined in a third measurement stage.

The following steps summarize the basic test flow for determining ABM1 and ABM2. These steps assume that a sine wave or narrowband 1/3 octave signal can be used for the measurement of ABM1.

1) A validation of the test setup and instrumentation may be performed using a TMFS or Helmholtz coil Measure the emissions and confirm that they are within the specified tolerance.

2) Position the WD in the test setup and connect the WD RF connector to a base station simulator or a non-radiating load. Confirm that equipment that requires calibration has been calibrated, and that the noise level meets the requirements given in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.

3) The drive level to the WD ise set such that the reference input level specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1 is input to the base station simulator (or manufacturer's test mode equivalent) in 1 kHz, 1/3 octave band. This drive level shall be used for the T-Coil signal test (ABM1) at f = 1 kHz. Either a sine wave at

1025 Hz or a voice-like signal, band-limited to the 1 kHz 1/3 octave, as defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.2, shall be used for the reference audio signal. If interference is found at 1025 Hz an alternative nearby reference audio signal frequency may be used. The same drive level shall be used for the ABM1 frequency response measurements at each 1/3 octave band center frequency. The WD volume control may be set at any level up to maximum, provided that a signal at any frequency at maximum modulation would not result in clipping or signal overload.

4) Determine the magnetic measurement locations for the WD device (A.3), if not already specified by the manufacturer, as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.1.1 and 7.4.4.2.

5) At each measurement location, measure and record the desired T-Coil magnetic signals (ABM1 at fi) as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.2 in each individual ISO 266-1975 R10 standard 1/3 octave band. The desired audio band input frequency (fi) shall be centered in each 1/3 octave band maintaining the same drive level as determined in item c) and the reading taken for that band. Equivalent methods of determining the frequency response may also be employed, such as fast Fourier transform (FFT) analysis using noise excitation or input-output comparison using simulated speech. The full-band integrated probe output, as specified in D.9, may be used, as long as the appropriate calibration curve is applied to the measured result, so as to yield an accurate measurement of the field magnitude. (The resulting measurement shall be an accurate measurement in dB A/m.)

6) All Measurements of the desired signal shall be shown to be of the desired signal and not of an undesired signal. This may be shown by turning the desired signal ON and OFF with the probe measuring the same location. If the scanning method is used the scans shall show that all measurement points selected for the ABM1 measurement meet the ambient and test system noise criteria in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.

7) At the measurement location for each orientation, measure and record the undesired broadband audio magnetic signal (ABM2) as specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.4 with no audio signal applied (or digital zero applied, if appropriate) using A-weighting and the half-band integrator. Calculate the ratio of the desired to undesired signal strength (i,e., signal quality). Obtain the data from the postprocessor, SEMCAD, and determine the category that properly classifies the signal quality based on ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 8.5.

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## 6.2. T-Coil Test Flow

This section follows ANSI C63.19-2011 section 7.4.1:

Test Instructions

> Confirm calibration of test equipment
> Configure and validate the test setup
> Establish WD reference level
> Find measurement locations

Per subclause 7.3, 7.4.1 a)-b) & 7.4.4.4

> Position and orient probe
> Measure desired audio band signal strength

Per subclause 7.4.1 c)-e)

> Calculate signal strength
> Calculate signal quality
> Measure frequency resposne (perpendicular orientation only)

Per subclause 7.4.5 – 7.4.6

All locations measured ? — No

Yes

All locations measured ? — No

Yes

> Determine and record signal quality category

Per subclause 8.2.4

Done

**Fig 6.1 WD T-Coil signal test flowchart**

## 6.3. Information of EUT Test Position

Fig2.2 illustrates the measurement locations and reference plane to be used for the T-Coil measurements. And measurement setup follows:

1、The scan area is 5cm*5cm.

2、The area is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the EUT.

3、The area is in a reference plane, which is defined as the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It's parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the EUT handset, which in normal handset use, rests against the ear.

4、The measurement plane is parallel to, and 10mm in front of the reference plane.
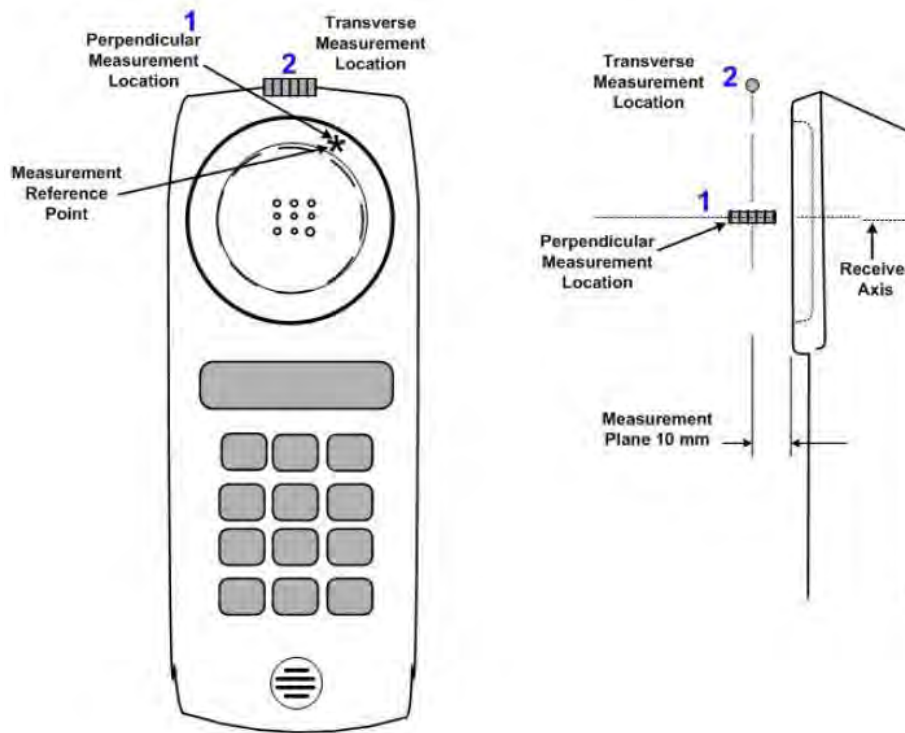


**Fig6.2 A typical EUT reference and plane for T-Coil measurement**

# 7. Test Equipment List

| Manufacturer | Name of Equipment | Type/Model | Serial Number | Calibration | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Last Cal. | Due Date |
| SPEAG | Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe | AM1DV2 | 1048 | 2018.10.24 | 2019.10.23 |
| SPEAG | Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil | AMCC | 1044 | NCR | NCR |
| SPEAG | Audio Measuring Instrument | AMMI | 1032 | NCR | NCR |
| SPEAG | Audio Holder | N/A | 1094 | NCR | NCR |
| SPEAG | Data Acquisition Electronics | DAE4 | 480 | 2019.04.11 | 2020.04.10 |
| R&S | Base Station | CMU200 | 107082 | 2019-09-10 | 2020.09.09 |
| R&S | Network Emulator | CMW500 | 124534 | 2019.04.17 | 2020.04.16 |

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# 8. Summary Test Results

## 8.1. Test Guidance

1. The middle channel of each frequency band is used for T-Coil testing according ANSI C63.19 2011.

2. For VoLTE radio configuration investigation is choose either one codec and an investigation was performed on all frequency band, data rates and modulations and RB configuration to determine the radio configuration to be used for testing, the following tests results which the worst case configuration would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.

3. According to KDB 285076, Reporting results involves a two-step process: (1) Codec Investigation to determine the worst-case codec for each voice service, and (2) Air Interface Investigation. Using the worst-case codec for a voice service, a range of channels and bands shall be tested.

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## 8.2. Test Results

**<GSM Mode>**

| Plot No. | Air Interface | Mode | Channel | Probe Position | ABM1 dB (A/m) | ABM2 dB (A/m) | Signal Quality (dB) | T Rating | Frequency Response |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | GSM850 | GSM Voice | 189 | Axial (Z) | -2.26 | -23.68 | 21.42 | T3 | PASS |
| | | | | Transversal (Y) | -13.28 | -40.26 | 26.98 | T3 | |
| 2 | GSM1900 | GSM Voice | 661 | Axial (Z) | -2.41 | -27.06 | 24.65 | T4 | PASS |
| | | | | Transversal (Y) | -15.21 | -42.87 | 27.66 | T4 | |

**<WCDMA Mode>**

**Codec Investigation-air interface:**

| Air Interface | Modulation | Channel | Probe Position | ABM1 dB (A/m) | ABM2 dB (A/m) | Signal Quality (dB) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| WCDMA Band II | **AMR 12.2Kbps** | 9400 | Axial (Z) | **-1.85** | **-45.21** | **43.36** |
| | AMR 7.95Kbps | 9400 | Axial (Z) | -1.76 | -44.61 | 43.52 |
| | AMR 4.75Kbps | 9400 | Axial (Z) | -1.09 | -55.06 | 43.65 |

**Note:** Highlight part of test mode.

| Plot No. | Air Interface | Channel | Probe Position | ABM1 dB (A/m) | ABM2 dB (A/m) | Signal Quality (dB) | T Rating | Frequency Response |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 | WCDMA Band II | 9400 | Axial (Z) | -1.85 | -45.21 | 43.36 | T4 | Pass |
| | | | Transversal (Y) | -11.41 | -50.03 | 38.62 | T4 | |
| 4 | WCDMA Band IV | 1413 | Axial (Z) | -1.67 | -44.57 | 42.90 | T4 | Pass |
| | | | Transversal (Y) | -9.82 | -48.50 | 38.68 | T4 | |
| 5 | WCDMA Band V | 4182 | Axial (Z) | -2.41 | -46.16 | 43.75 | T4 | Pass |
| | | | Transversal (Y) | -11.04 | -49.22 | 38.18 | T4 | |

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**<CDMA Mode>**

**Codec Investigation-air interface:**

| Air Interface | Modulation | Channel | Probe Position | ABM1 dB (A/m) | ABM2 dB (A/m) | Signal Quality (dB) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| CDMA2000BC0 1xRTT 1/8<sup>th</sup> Rate | RC1 SO1 | 384 | Axial (Z) | 3.96 | -43.33 | 49.76 |
| | **RC1 SO3** | 384 | Axial (Z) | **3.84** | **-45.70** | **49.54** |
| | RC1 SO68 | 384 | Axial (Z) | 4.01 | -43.23 | 49.85 |

**Note:** Highlight part of test mode.

| Plot No. | Air Interface | Channel | Probe Position | ABM1 dB (A/m) | ABM2 dB (A/m) | Signal Quality (dB) | T Rating | Frequency Response |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 6 | CDMA2000BC0 1xRTT,RC1SO3,1/8<sup>th</sup> Rate | 384 | Axial (Z) | 3.84 | -45.70 | 49.54 | T4 | Pass |
| | | | Transversal (Y) | -3.69 | -47.53 | 43.84 | T4 | |
| 7 | CDMA2000BC1 1xRTT,RC1SO3,1/8<sup>th</sup> Rate | 600 | Axial (Z) | -5.01 | -53.62 | 48.61 | T4 | Pass |
| | | | Transversal (Y) | -11.21 | -51.38 | 40.17 | T4 | |

**<VoLTE Mode>**

**Codec Investigation-air interface:**

| Air Interface | Modulation | Channel | Probe Position | ABM1 dB (A/m) | ABM2 dB (A/m) | Signal Quality (dB) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| LTE Band 2 | **QPSK** 1RB99 20MHz | 18900 | Axial (Z) | **-2.72** | **-49.26** | **46.54** |
| | 16QAM 1RB99 20MHz | | Axial (Z) | -2.37 | -49.14 | 46.77 |
| | 64QAM 1RB99 20MHz | | Axial (Z) | -2.09 | -48.98 | 46.89 |

**Note:** Highlight part of test mode.

| Plot No. | Air Interface | Mode | Channel | Probe Position | ABM1 dB (A/m) | ABM2 dB (A/m) | Signal Quality (dB) | T Rating | Frequency Response |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | LTE Band 2 | 1RB99 20MHz | 18900 | Axial (Z) | -2.72 | -49.26 | 46.54 | T4 | Pass |
| | | | | Transversal (Y) | -10.32 | -51.91 | 41.59 | T4 | |
| 9 | LTE Band 4 | 1RB0 20MHz | 20175 | Axial (Z) | -3.01 | -46.10 | 43.09 | T4 | Pass |
| | | | | Transversal (Y) | -10.98 | -49.38 | 38.40 | T4 | |
| 10 | LTE Band 5 | 1RB0 10MHz | 20525 | Axial (Z) | -2.96 | -48.77 | 45.81 | T4 | Pass |
| | | | | Transversal (Y) | -10.52 | -52.30 | 41.78 | T4 | |
| 11 | LTE Band 7 | 1RB49 20MHz | 21100 | Axial (Z) | -3.02 | -45.07 | 42.05 | T4 | Pass |
| | | | | Transversal (Y) | -10.98 | -48.83 | 37.85 | T4 | |
| 12 | LTE Band 12 | 1RB49 10MHz | 23095 | Axial (Z) | -3.00 | -48.88 | 45.88 | T4 | Pass |
| | | | | Transversal (Y) | -10.37 | -50.24 | 39.87 | T4 | |
| 13 | LTE Band 17 | 1RB25 10MHz | 23790 | Axial (Z) | -3.02 | -49.23 | 46.21 | T4 | Pass |
| | | | | Transversal (Y) | -10.66 | -51.56 | 40.90 | T4 | |
| 14 | LTE Band 18 | 1RB0 15MHz | 23925 | Axial (Z) | -2.75 | -50.13 | 47.38 | T4 | Pass |
| | | | | Transversal (Y) | -9.08 | -51.74 | 42.66 | T4 | |
| 15 | LTE Band 19 | 1RB0 15MHz | 24075 | Axial (Z) | -3.04 | -50.02 | 46.98 | T4 | Pass |
| | | | | Transversal (Y) | -9.14 | -50.98 | 41.84 | T4 | |
| 16 | LTE Band 25 | 1RB0 20MHz | 26340 | Axial (Z) | -8.12 | -48.92 | 40.80 | T4 | Pass |
| | | | | Transversal (Y) | -10.85 | -47.54 | 36.69 | T4 | |
| 17 | LTE Band 26 | 1RB0 15MHz | 26865 | Axial (Z) | -2.80 | -49.23 | 46.43 | T4 | Pass |
| | | | | Transversal (Y) | -9.26 | -51.81 | 42.55 | T4 | |
| 18 | LTE Band 30 | 1RB0 10MHz | 27710 | Axial (Z) | -2.97 | -49.57 | 46.60 | T4 | Pass |
| | | | | Transversal (Y) | -10.42 | -52.52 | 42.10 | T4 | |
| 19 | LTE Band 38 | 1RB0 20MHz | 38000 | Axial (Z) | -2.03 | -43.71 | 41.68 | T4 | Pass |
| | | | | Transversal (Y) | -7.90 | -45.31 | 37.41 | T4 | |

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| Plot No. | Air Interface | Mode | Channel | Probe Position | ABM1 dB (A/m) | ABM2 dB (A/m) | Signal Quality (dB) | T Rating | Frequency Response |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 20 | LTE Band 40A | 1RB0 10MHz | 38750 | Axial (Z) | -2.17 | -46.45 | 44.28 | T4 | Pass |
| | | | | Transversal (Y) | -8.23 | -47.74 | 39.51 | T4 | |
| 21 | LTE Band 40B | 1RB25 10MHz | 39200 | Axial (Z) | -2.30 | -44.98 | 42.68 | T4 | Pass |
| | | | | Transversal (Y) | -8.31 | -47.50 | 39.19 | T4 | |
| 22 | LTE Band 41 | 1RB99 20MHz | 40740 | Axial (Z) | -2.09 | -43.89 | 41.80 | T4 | Pass |
| | | | | Transversal (Y) | -7.92 | -45.95 | 38.03 | T4 | |
| 23 | LTE Band 66 | 1RB0 20MHz | 132322 | Axial (Z) | -8.18 | -49.10 | 40.92 | T4 | Pass |
| | | | | Transversal (Y) | -10.42 | -48.49 | 38.07 | T4 | |

# 9. Uncertainty Assessment

| Error Description | Uncertainty Value (±%) | Probability | Divisor | (Ci) ABM1 | (Ci) ABM2 | Standard Uncertainty (ABM1) (±%) | Standard Uncertainty (ABM2) (±%) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Probe Sensitivity** | | | | | | | |
| Reference level | 3.0 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.0 | 3.0 |
| AMCC geometry | 0.4 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| AMCC current | 1.0 | R | 1.732 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| Probe positioning during calibrate | 0.1 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Noise contribution | 0.7 | R | 1.732 | 0.0143 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.4 |
| Frequency slope | 5.9 | R | 1.732 | 0.1 | 1 | 0.3 | 3.5 |
| **Probe System** | | | | | | | |
| Repeatability/drift | 1.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| Linearity/dynamic range | 0.6 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| Acoustic noise | 1.0 | R | 1.732 | 0.1 | 1 | 0.1 | 0.6 |
| Probe angle | 2.3 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| Spectral processing | 0.9 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| Integration time | 0.6 | N | 1 | 1 | 5 | 0.6 | 3.0 |
| Field disturbation | 0.2 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| **Test Signal** | | | | | | | |
| Reference signal spectral response | 0.6 | R | 1.732 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.4 |
| **Positioning** | | | | | | | |
| Probe positioning | 1.9 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| Phantom thickness | 0.9 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| EUT positioning | 1.9 | N | 1 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| External contributions | | | | | | | |
| RF interference | 0.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Test signal variation | 2.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| **Combined Std. Uncertainty** | | | | | | 4.1 | 6.1 |
| **Coverage Factor for 95 %** | | | | | | K=2 | K=2 |
| **Expanded STD Uncertainty** | | | | | | 8.1 | 12.3 |

# Annex A General Information

## 1. Identification of the Responsible Testing Laboratory

| | |
|---|---|
| **Laboratory Name:** | Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Morlab Laboratory |
| **Laboratory Address:** | FL.3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang Road, Block 67, BaoAn District, ShenZhen, GuangDong Province, P. R. China |
| **Telephone:** | +86 755 36698555 |
| **Facsimile:** | +86 755 36698525 |

## 2. Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

| | |
|---|---|
| **Name:** | Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Morlab Laboratory |
| **Address:** | FL.3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang Road, Block 67, BaoAn District, ShenZhen, GuangDong Province, P. R. China |

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# Annex C Plots of T-Coil Test Results

## HAC_T-Coil_GSM850_GSM Voice_Ch189_Z

Communication System: UID 10021 - DAB, GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch850/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 21.42 dB
ABM1 comp = -2.26 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.0047 dB
Location: 4.2, 0, 3.7 mm
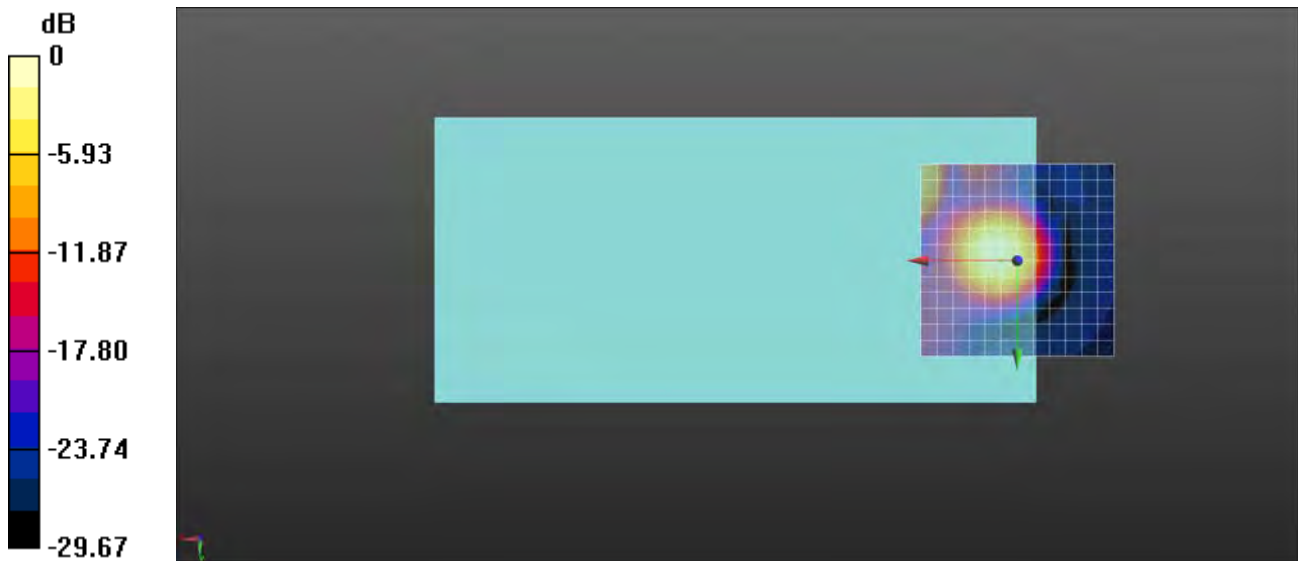


0 dB = 11.77 = 21.42 dB

Ch850/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)

Loc: 4.2, 0, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.42dB

Frequency Response    Lower Limit    Upper Limit
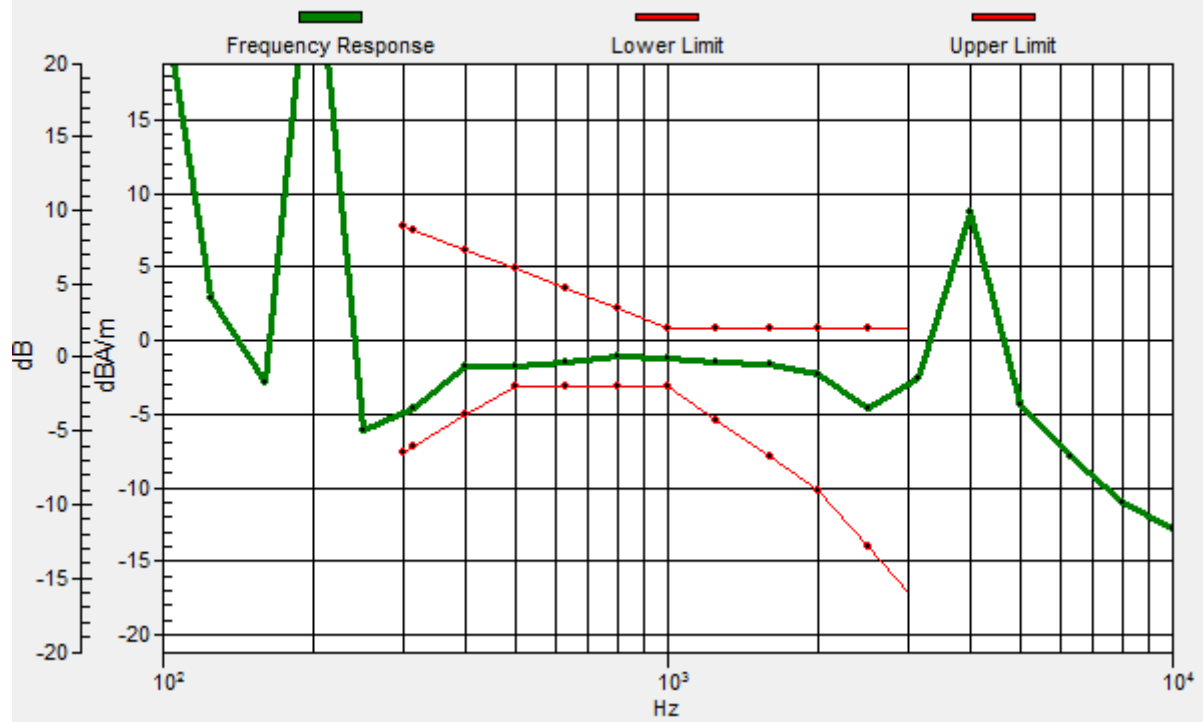
## HAC_T-Coil_GSM850_GSM Voice_Ch189_Y

Communication System: UID 10021 - DAB, GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch850/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 26.98 dB
ABM1 comp = -13.28 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.0047 dB
Location: 0, -12.5, 3.7 mm
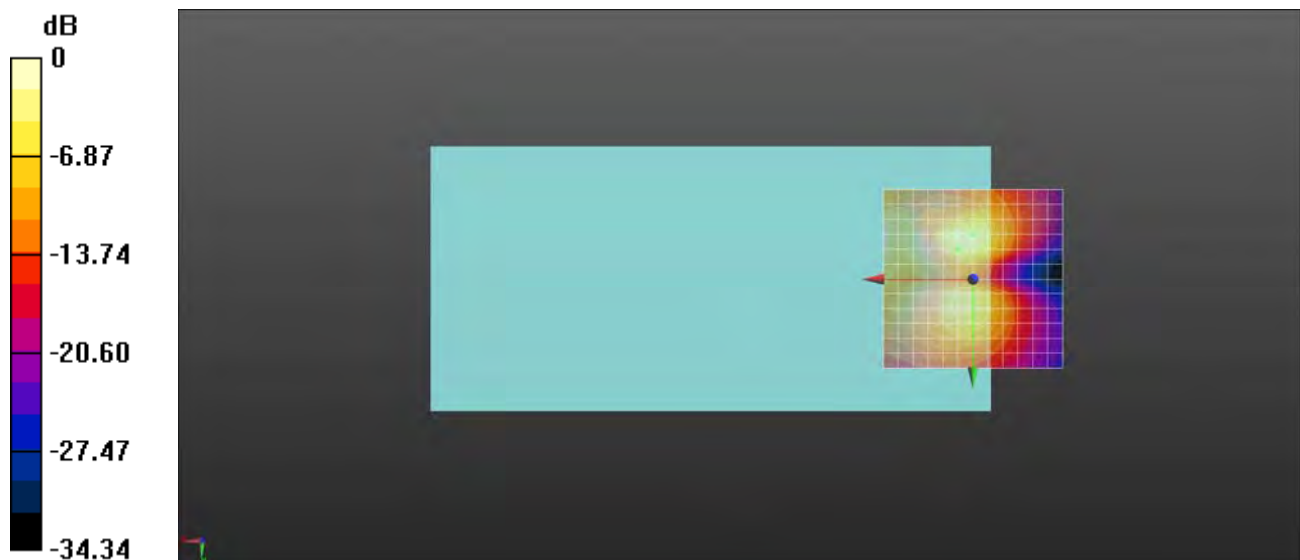


0 dB = 22.34 = 26.98 dB

## HAC_T-Coil_GSM1900_GSM Voice_Ch661_Z

Communication System: UID 10021 - DAB, GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch661/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 24.65 dB
ABM1 comp = -2.41 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.03 dB
Location: 4.2, 0, 3.7 mm
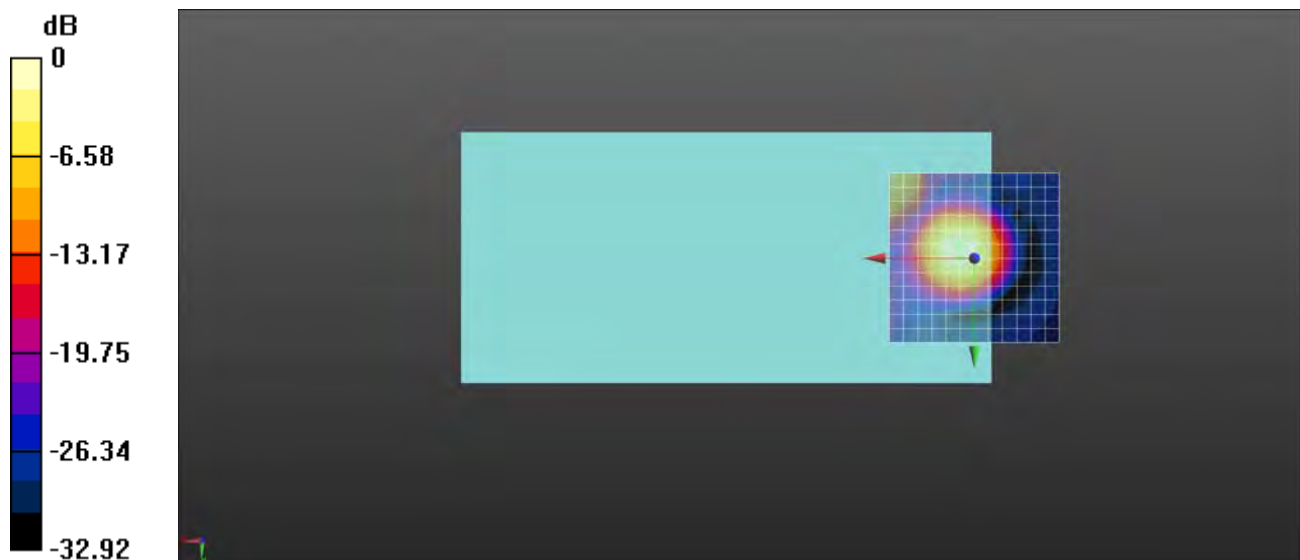


0 dB = 17.09 = 24.65 dB

Ch661/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)
Loc: 4.2, 0, 3.7 mm Diff: 0.17dB
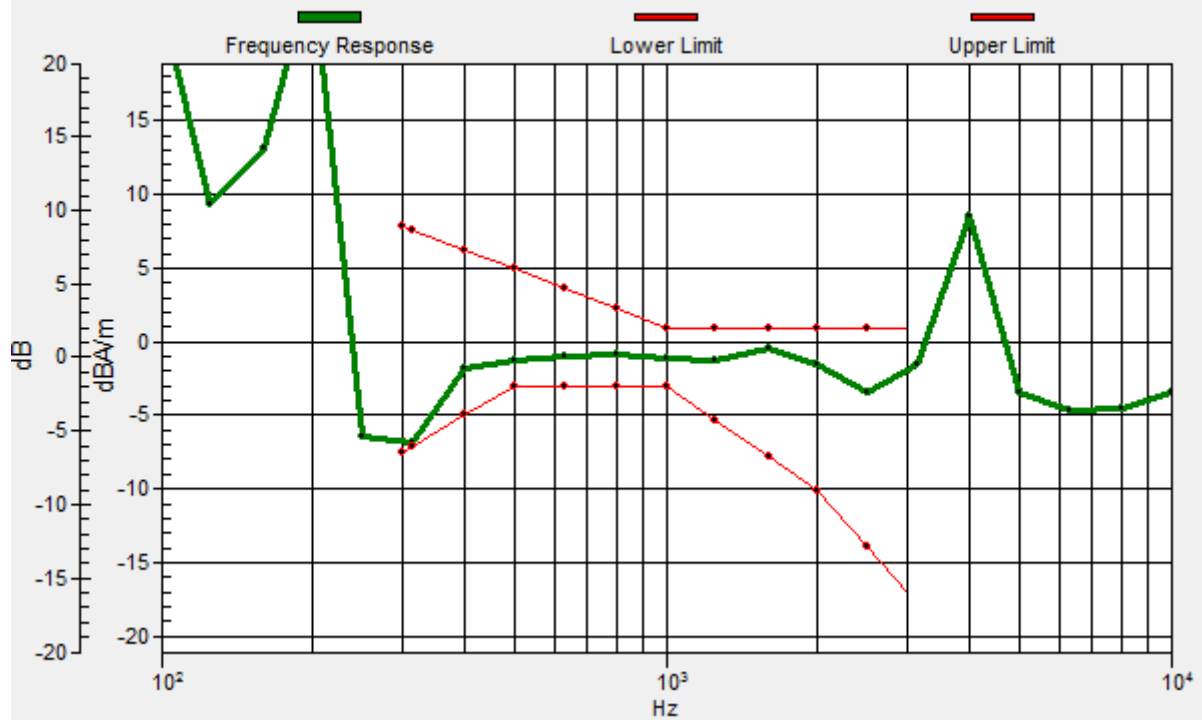


Ch661/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)
Loc: 4.2, 0, 3.7 mm Diff: 0.17dB
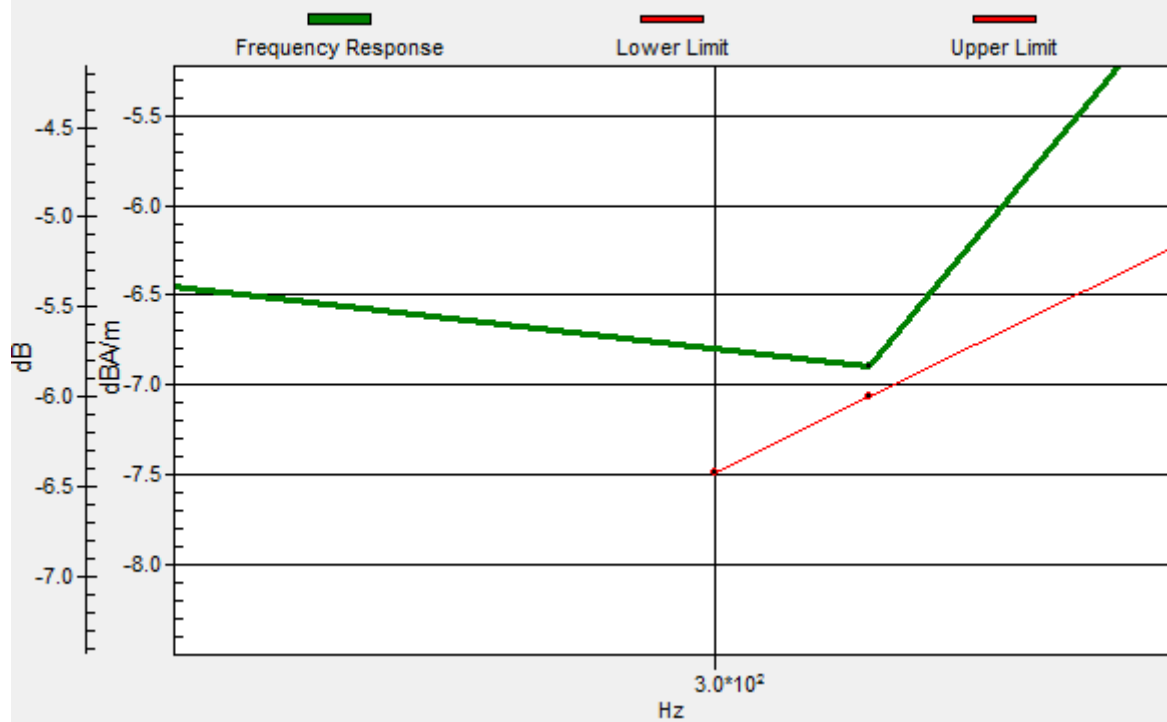
## HAC_T-Coil_GSM1900_GSM Voice_Ch661_Y

Communication System: UID 10021 - DAB, GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch661/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 27.66 dB
ABM1 comp = -15.21 dBA/m
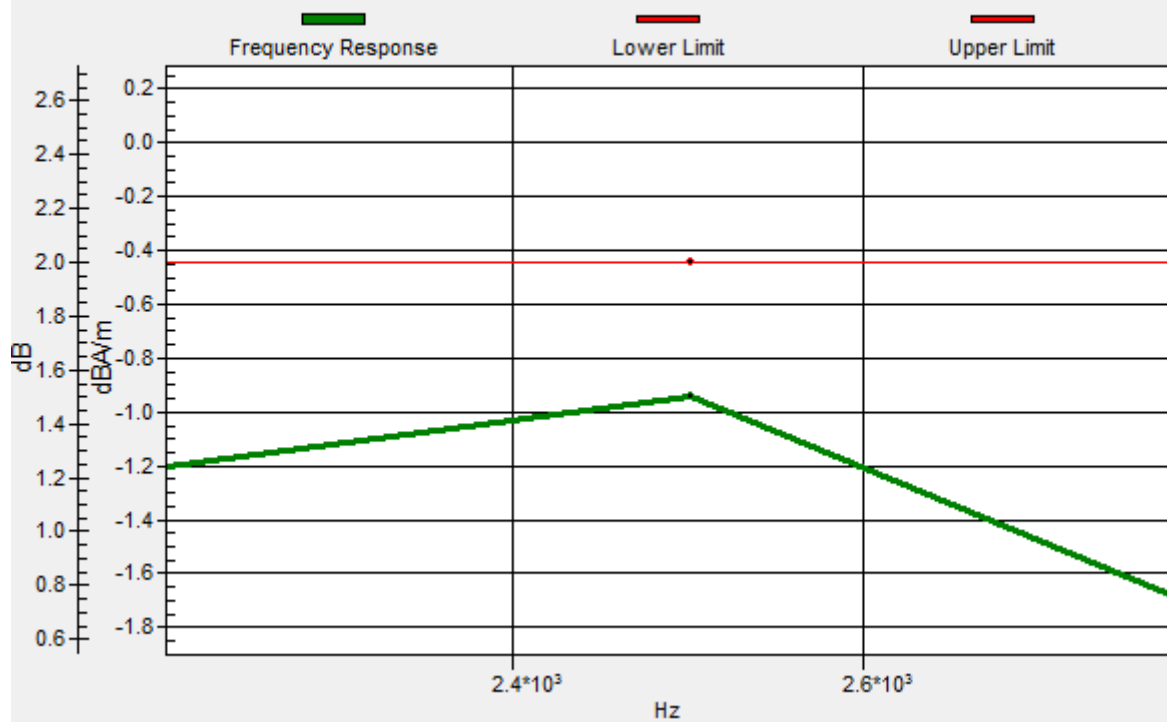BWC Factor = 0.03 dB
Location: -4.2, -12.5, 3.7 mm
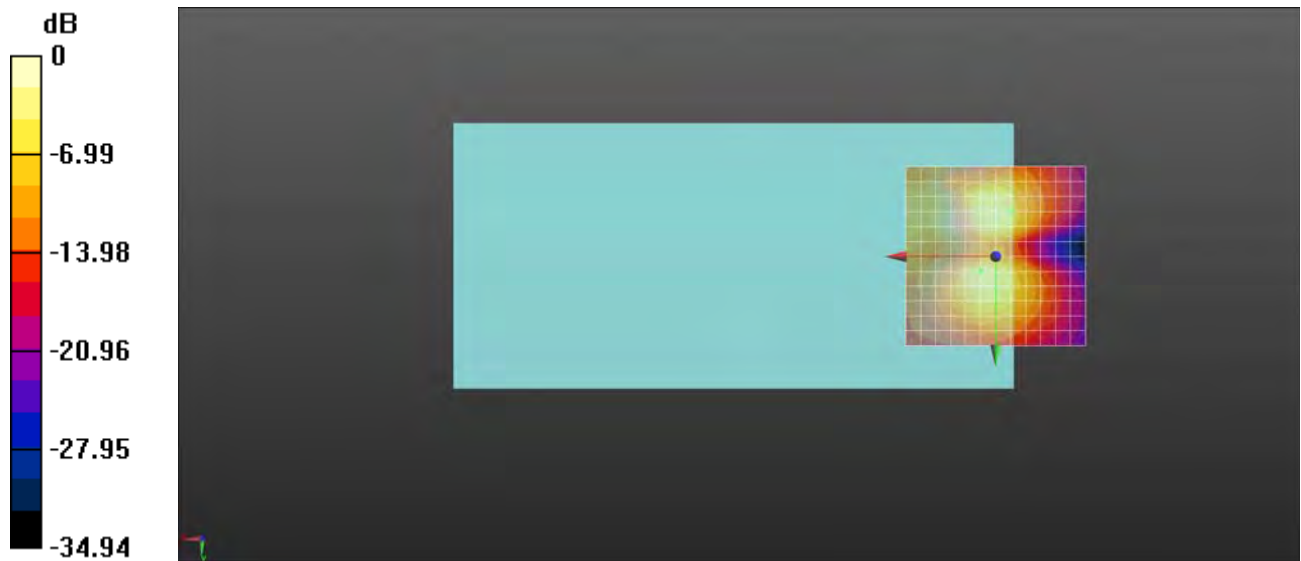


0 dB = 24.15 = 27.66 dB

## HAC_T-Coil_WCDMA Band II AMR 12.12Kbps_Ch9400_Z

Communication System: UID 10011 - CAB, UMTS-FDD (WCDMA); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch9400/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 43.36 dB
ABM1 comp = -1.85 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.03 dB
Location: 4.2, 0, 3.7 mm
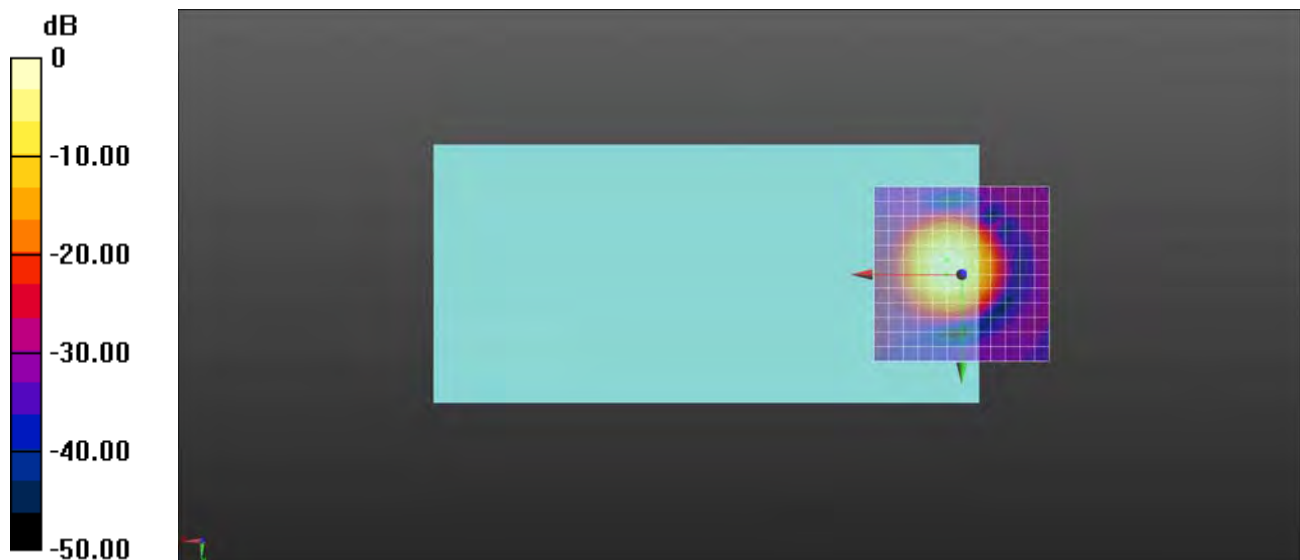


0 dB = 147.2 = 43.36 dB

Ch9400/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)

Loc: 4.2, 0, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.47dB

Frequency Response    Lower Limit    Upper Limit
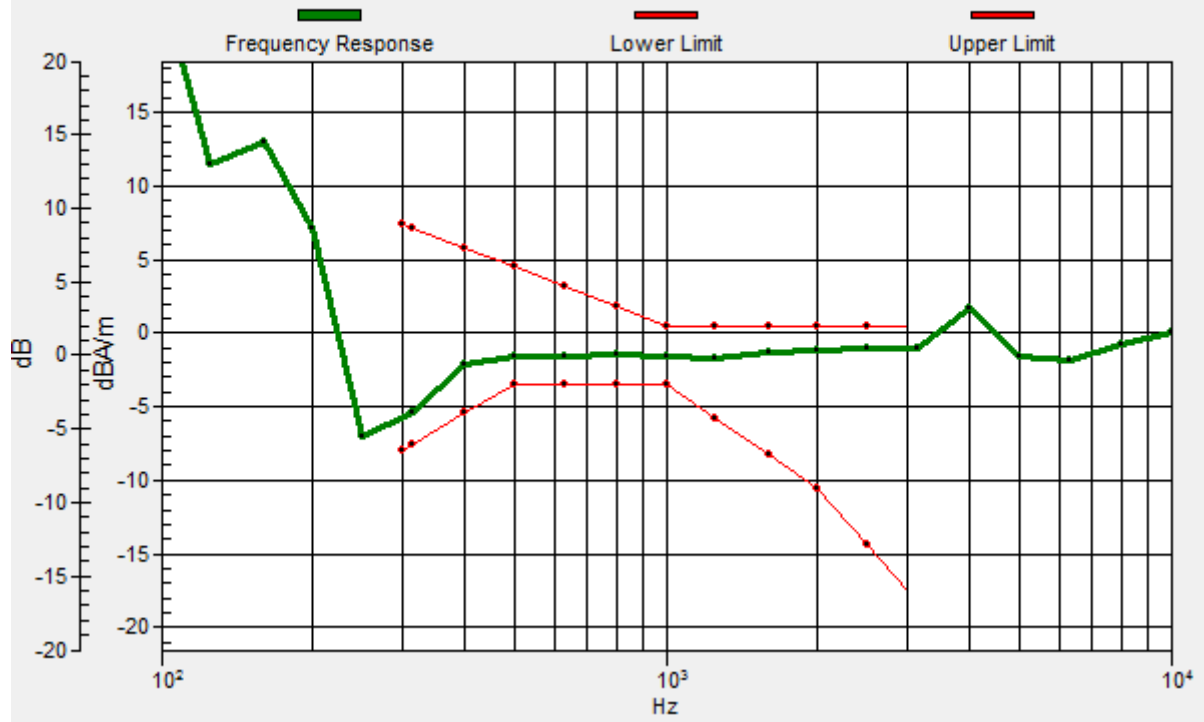
## HAC_T-Coil_WCDMA Band II AMR 12.12Kbps_Ch9400_Y

Communication System: UID 10011 - CAB, UMTS-FDD (WCDMA); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch9400/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 38.62 dB
ABM1 comp = -11.41 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.03 dB
Location: 0, -8.3, 3.7 mm
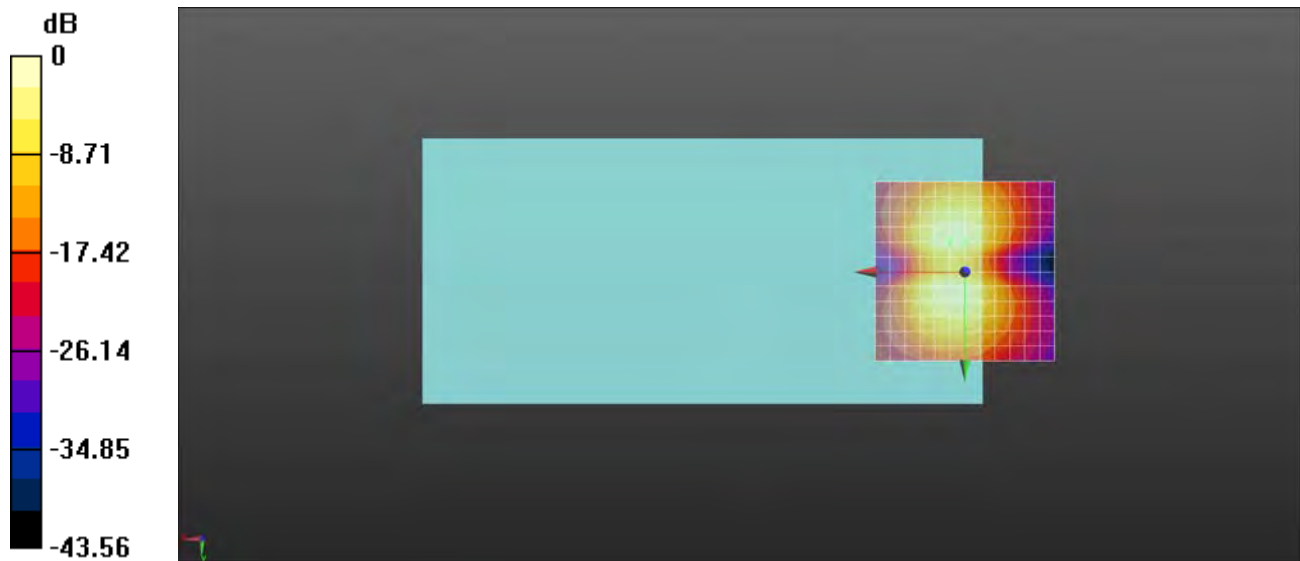


0 dB = 85.27 = 38.62 dB

## HAC_T-Coil_WCDMA Band IV AMR 12.12Kbps_Ch1413_Z

Communication System: UID 10011 - CAB, UMTS-FDD (WCDMA); Frequency: 1732.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch1413/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 42.90 dB
ABM1 comp = -1.67 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.02 dB
Location: 4.2, -4.2, 3.7 mm
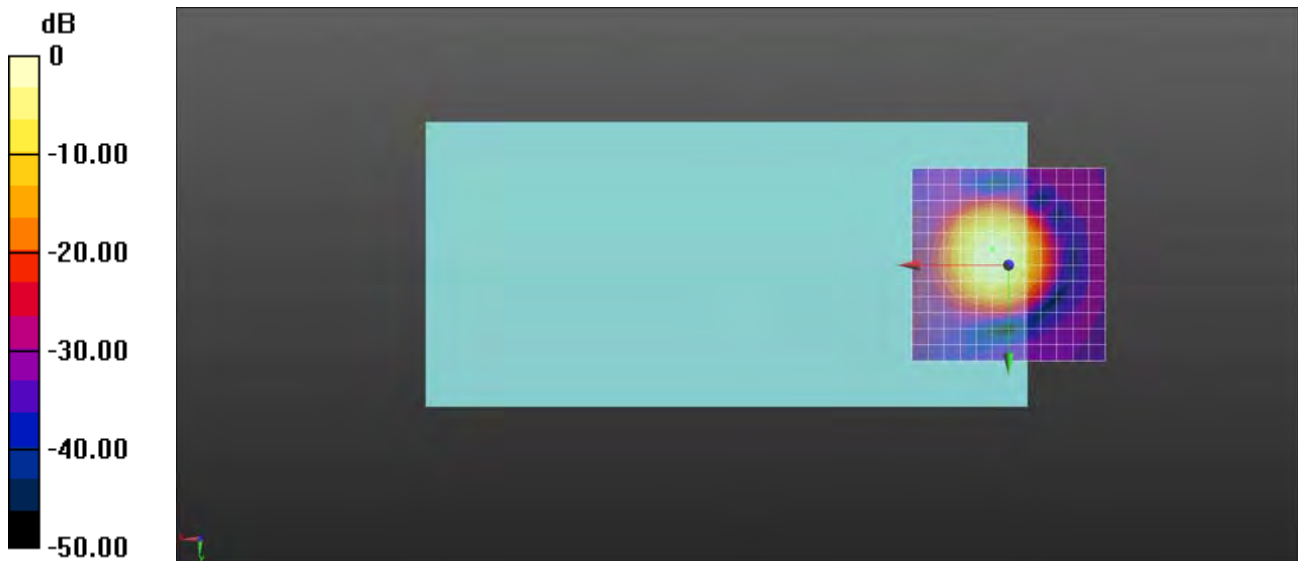


0 dB = 139.7 = 42.90 dB

Ch1413/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)
Loc: 4.2, -4.2, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.4dB
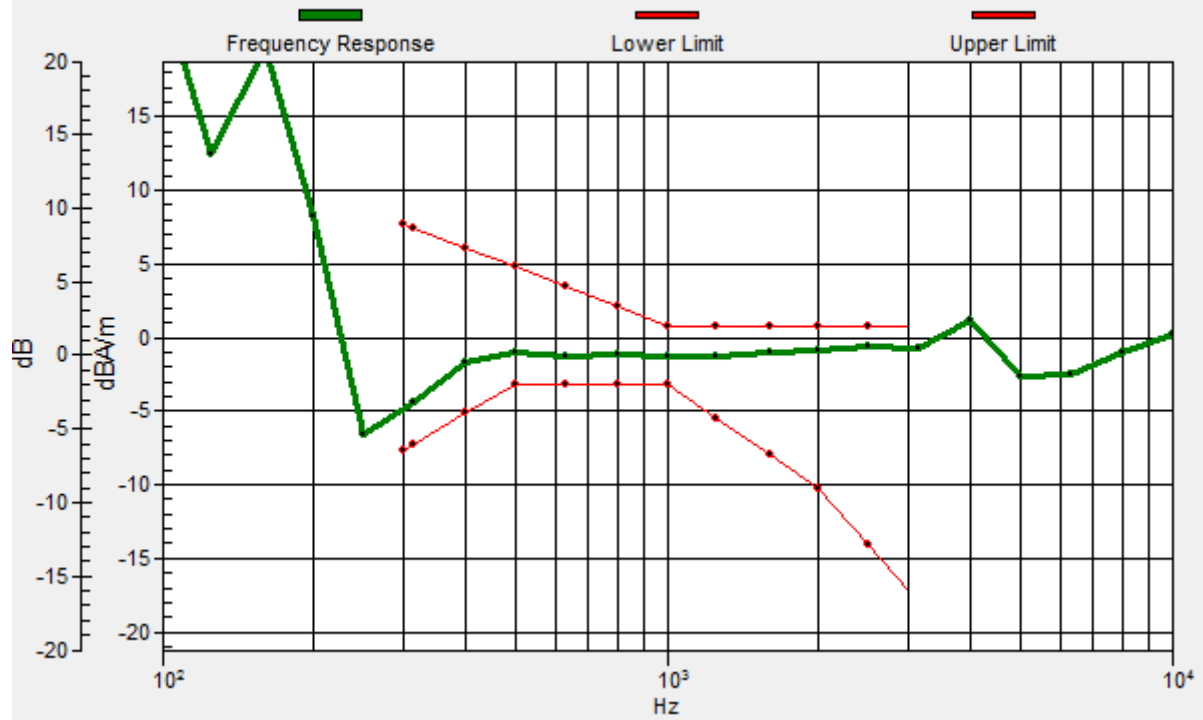
## HAC_T-Coil_WCDMA Band IV AMR 12.12Kbps_Ch1413_Y

Communication System: UID 10011 - CAB, UMTS-FDD (WCDMA); Frequency: 1732.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch1413/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 38.68 dB
ABM1 comp = -9.82 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.02 dB
Location: 4.2, -8.3, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 85.92 = 38.68 dB
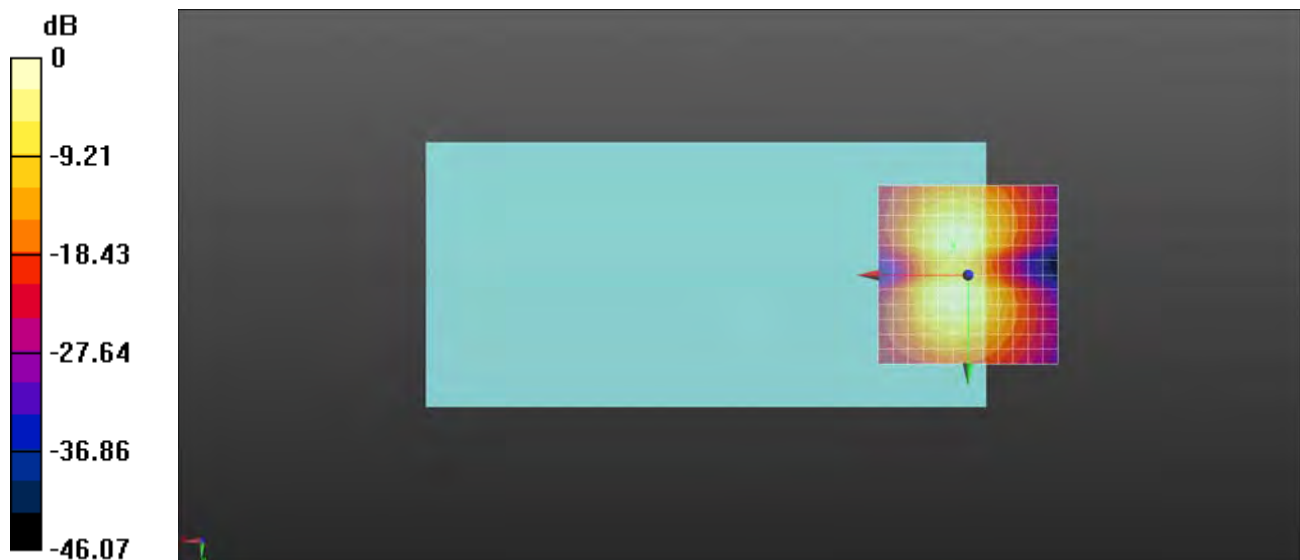
## HAC_T-Coil_WCDMA Band V AMR 12.12Kbps_Ch4183_Z

Communication System: UID 10011 - CAB, UMTS-FDD (WCDMA); Frequency: 1732.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch1413/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 43.75 dB
ABM1 comp = -2.41 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.0042 dB
Location: 4.2, -4.2, 3.7 mm
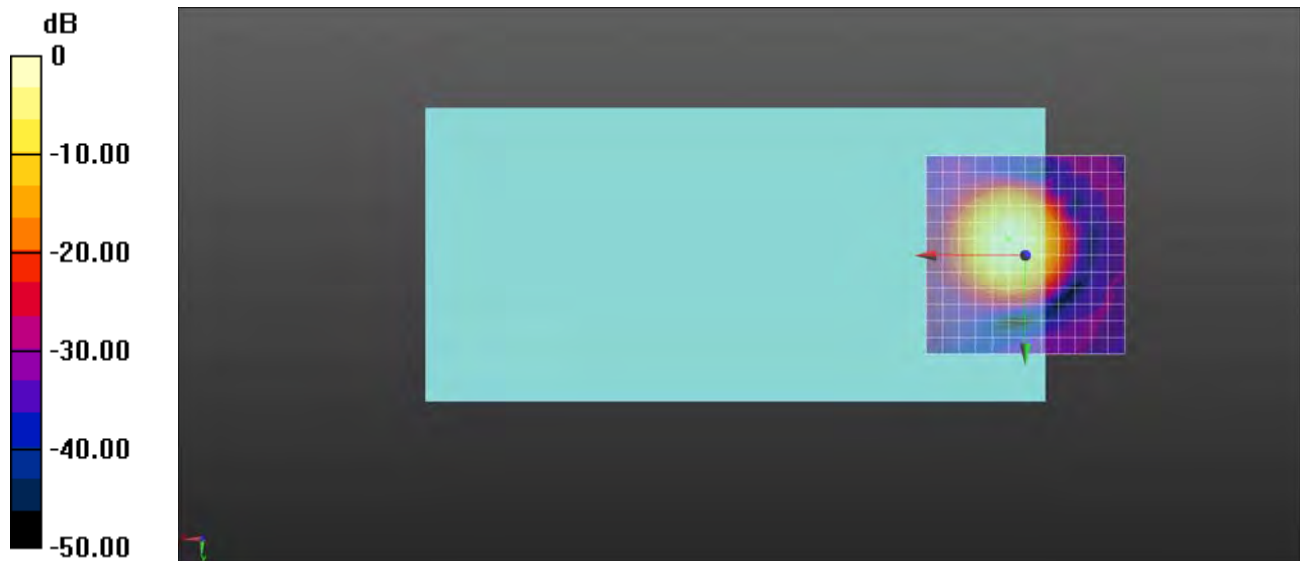


0 dB = 153.9 = 43.74 dB

Ch1413/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)
Loc: 4.2, -4.2, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.45dB

Frequency Response    Lower Limit    Upper Limit
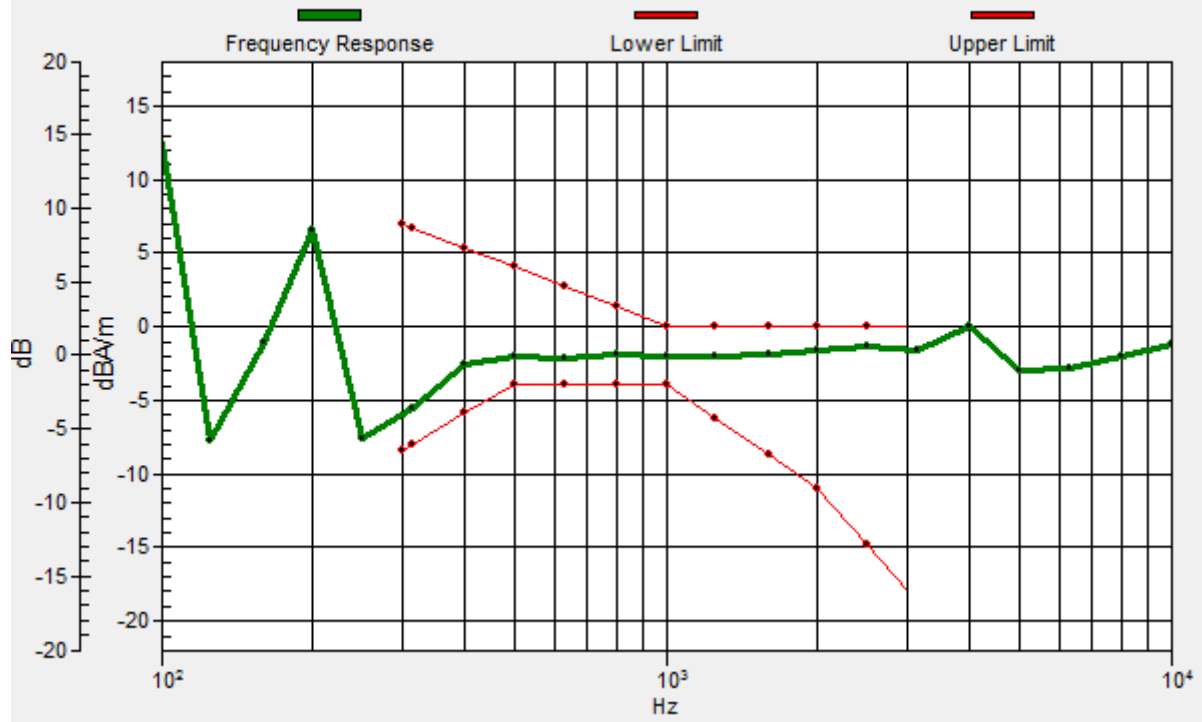
## HAC_T-Coil_WCDMA Band V AMR 12.12Kbps_Ch4183_Y

Communication System: UID 10011 - CAB, UMTS-FDD (WCDMA); Frequency: 1732.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch1413/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 38.18 dB
ABM1 comp = -11.04 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.0042 dB
Location: 4.2, -8.3, 3.7 mm
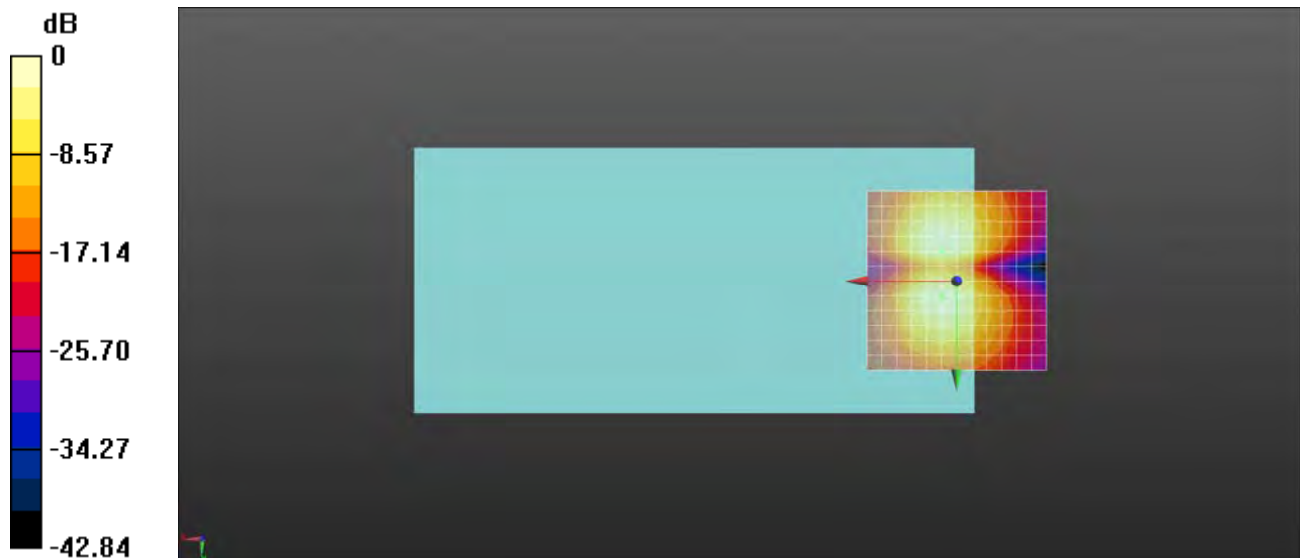


0 dB = 81.08 = 38.18 dB

## HAC_T-Coil_CDMA2000 BC0_RC1 SO3_Ch384_Z

Communication System: UID 10295 - AAB, CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch384/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f) (1x1x1): Measurement
grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 49.54 dB
ABM1 comp = 3.84 dBA/m
BWC Factor = -0.0091 dB
Location: 4.2, -4.2, 3.7 mm
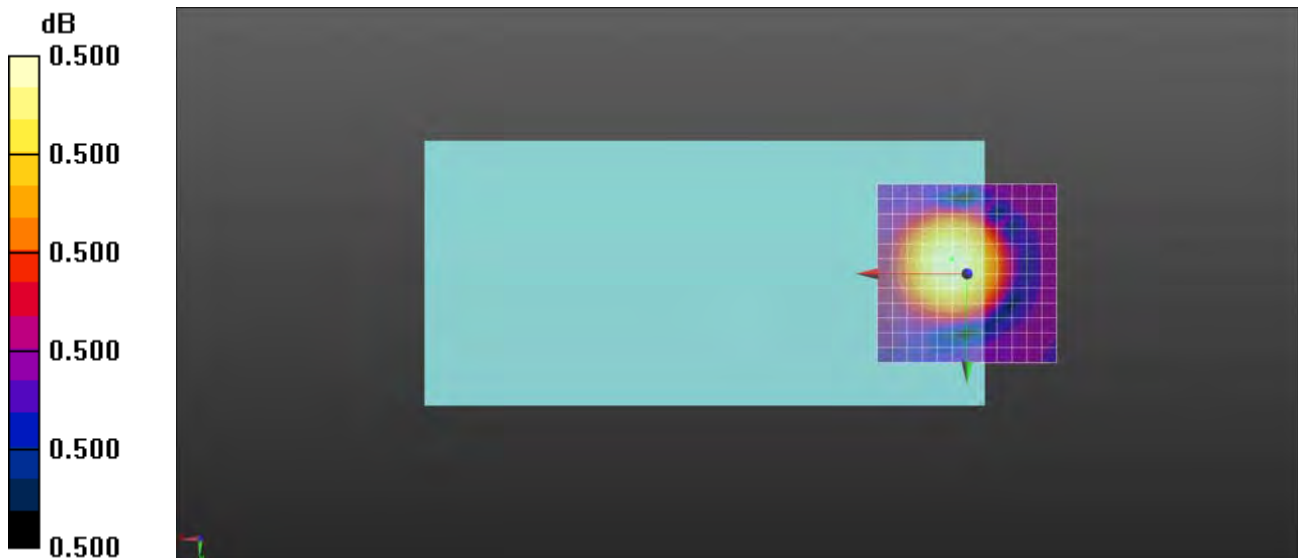
Ch384/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)
Loc: 4.2, -4.2, 3.7 mm Diff: 0.5dB
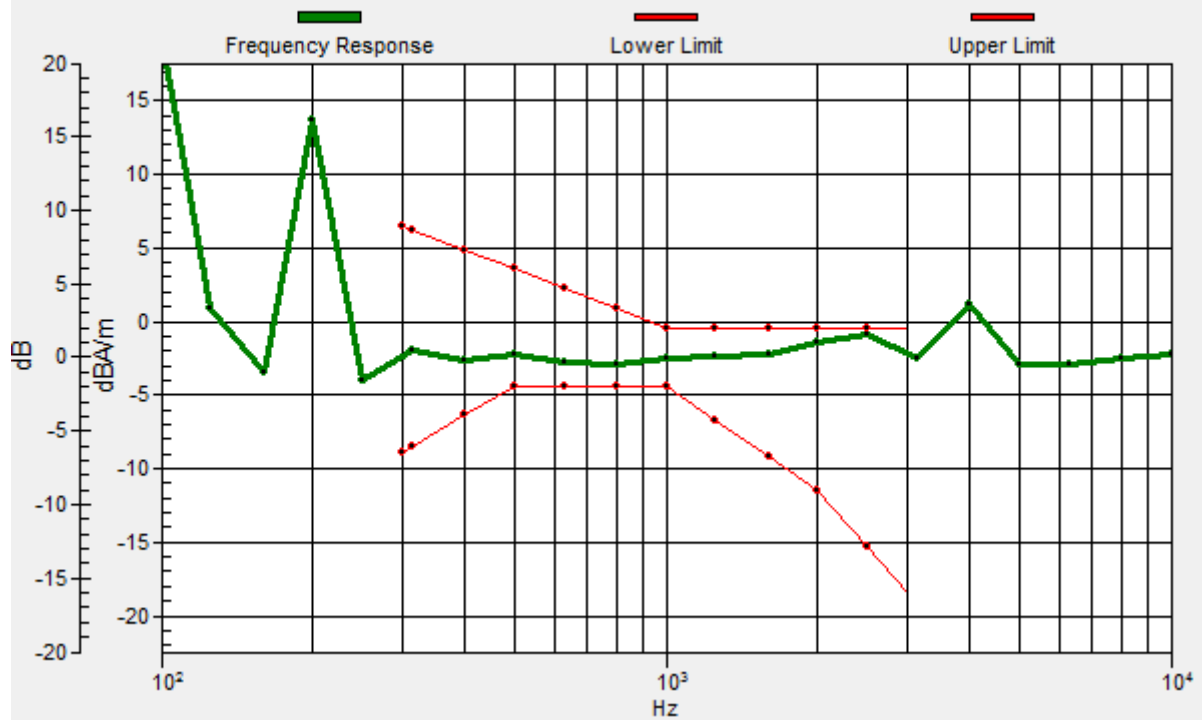
Frequency Response    Lower Limit    Upper Limit



Ch384/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)
Loc: 4.2, -4.2, 3.7 mm Diff: 0.5dB

Frequency Response    Lower Limit    Upper Limit

## HAC_T-Coil_CDMA2000 BC0_RC1 SO3_Ch384_Y

Communication System: UID 10295 - AAB, CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch384/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 43.84 dB
ABM1 comp = -3.69 dBA/m
BWC Factor = -0.0091 dB
Location: 4.2, 4.2, 3.7 mm
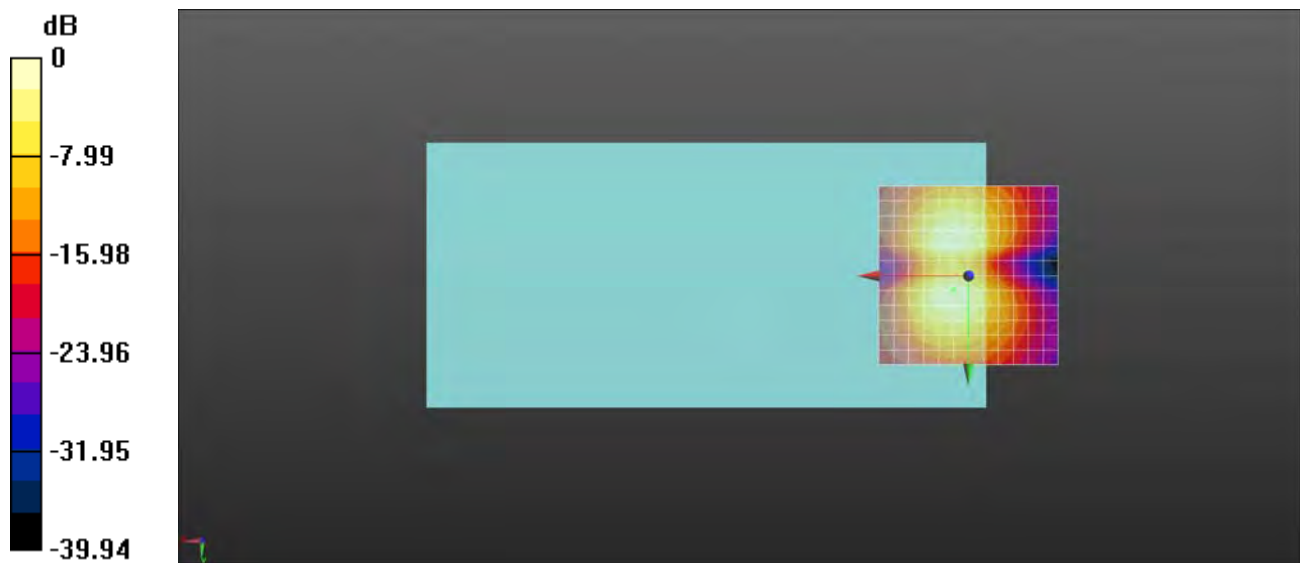


0 dB = 155.7 = 43.85 dB

## HAC_T-Coil_CDMA2000 BC1_RC1 SO3_Ch600_Z

Communication System: UID 10276 - CAB, CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1, 1/8 Rate); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch600/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 48.61 dB
ABM1 comp = -5.01 dBA/m
BWC Factor = -0.0042 dB
Location: 4.2, 0, 3.7 mm
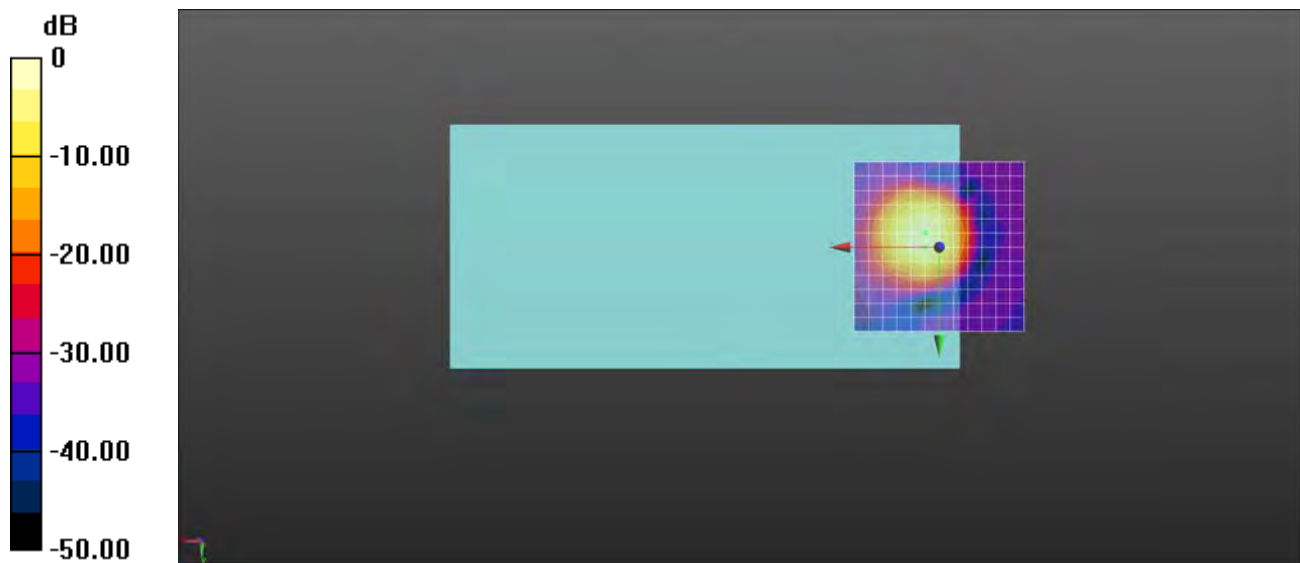


0 dB = 269.5 = 48.61 dB

Ch600/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)

Loc: 4.2, 0, 3.7 mm Diff: 0.85dB

Frequency Response    Lower Limit    Upper Limit
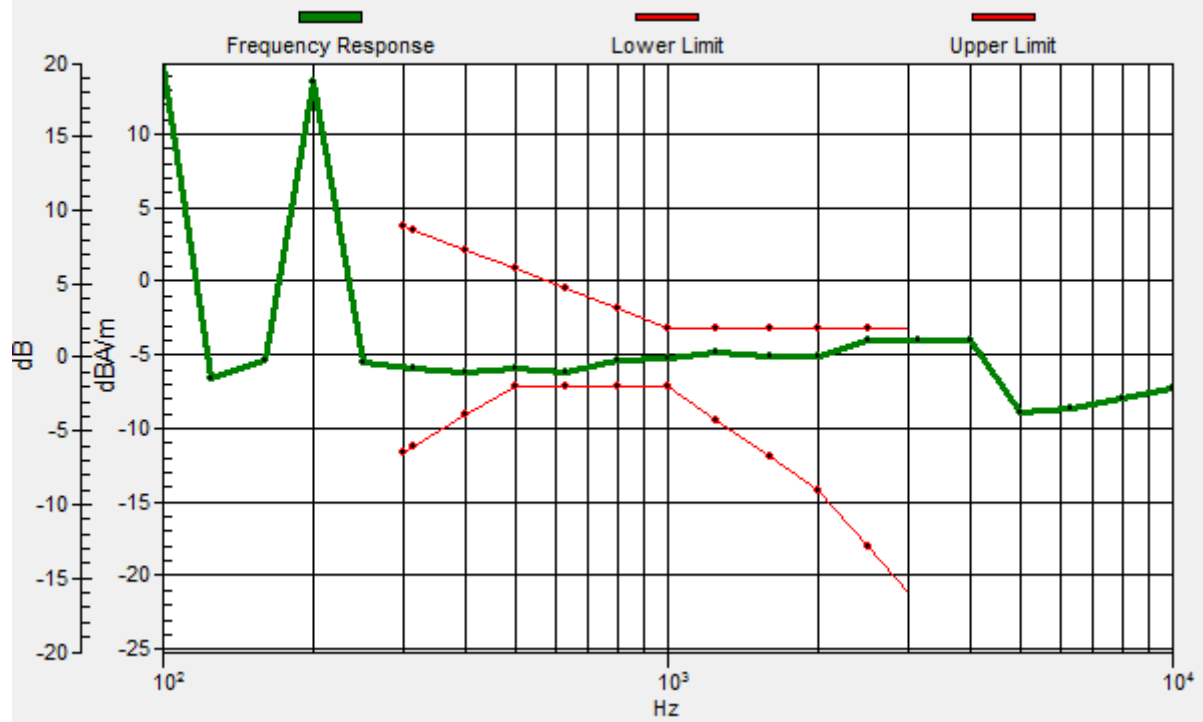
## HAC_T-Coil_CDMA2000 BC1_RC1 SO3_Ch600_Y

Communication System: UID 10276 - CAB, CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1, 1/8 Rate); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch600/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 40.17 dB
ABM1 comp = -11.21 dBA/m
BWC Factor = -0.0042 dB
Location: 4.2, 4.2, 3.7 mm
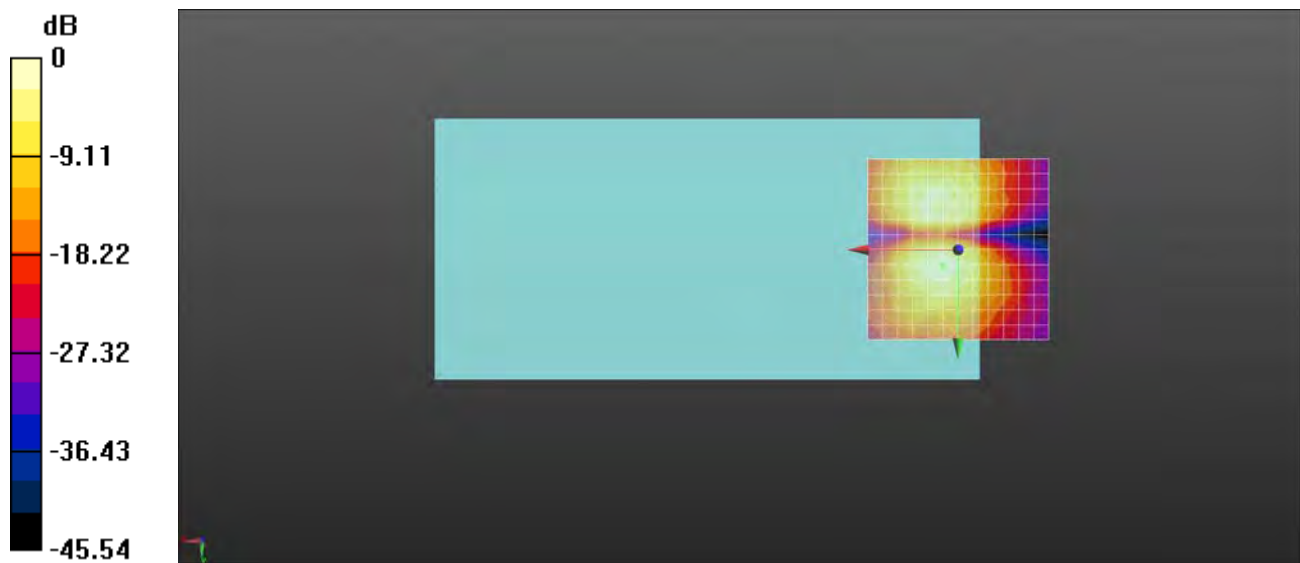


0 dB = 102.0 = 40.17 dB

## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_1RB_99offset_12.2Kbps_Ch18900_Z

Communication System: UID 10169 - CAB, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch18900/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 46.54 dB
ABM1 comp = -2.72 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.03 dB
Location: 4.2, -4.2, 3.7 mm
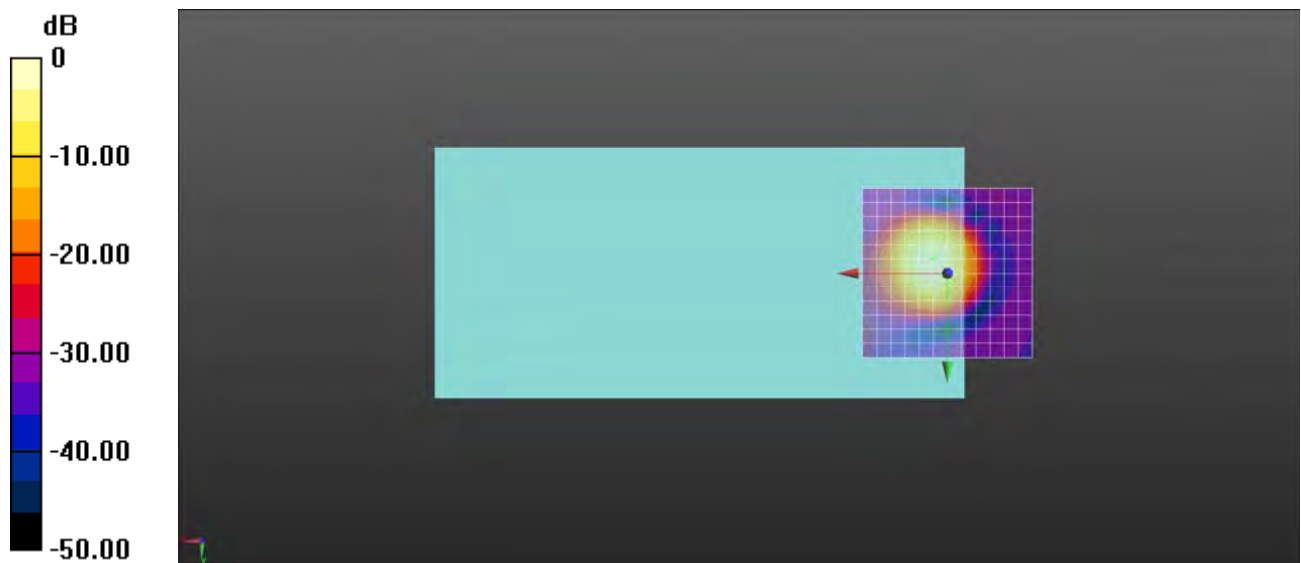


0 dB = 212.2 = 46.53 dB

Ch18900/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)
Loc: 4.2, -4.2, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.49dB
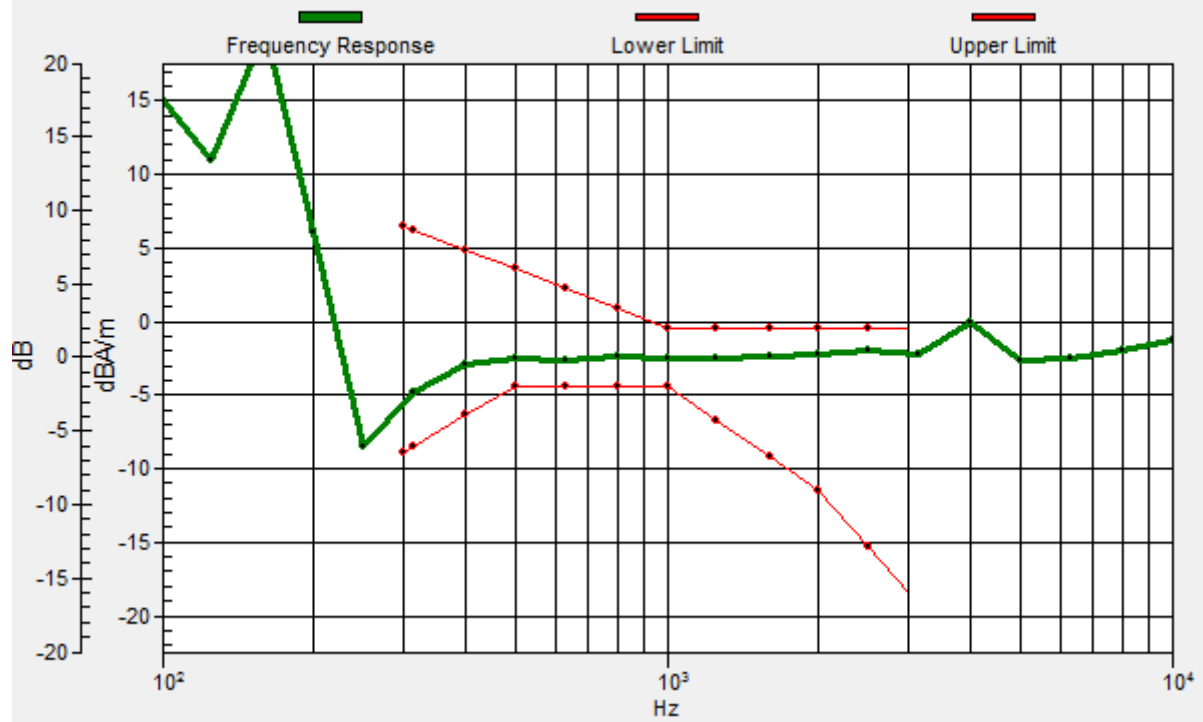
## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_1RB_99offset_12.2Kbps_Ch18900_Y

Communication System: UID 10169 - CAB, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch18900/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 41.59 dB
ABM1 comp = -10.32 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.03 dB
Location: 4.2, 4.2, 3.7 mm
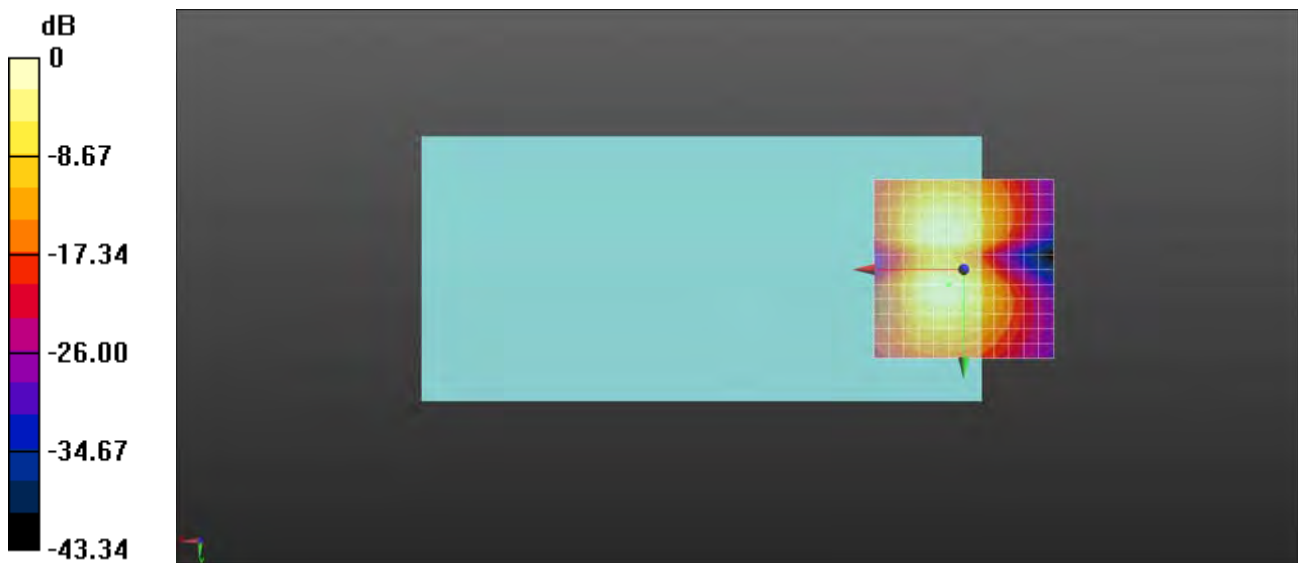


0 dB = 120.0 = 41.58 dB

## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_12.2Kbps_Ch20175_Z

Communication System: UID 10169 - CAB, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch20175/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 43.09 dB
ABM1 comp = -3.01 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.02 dB
Location: 4.2, -4.2, 3.7 mm
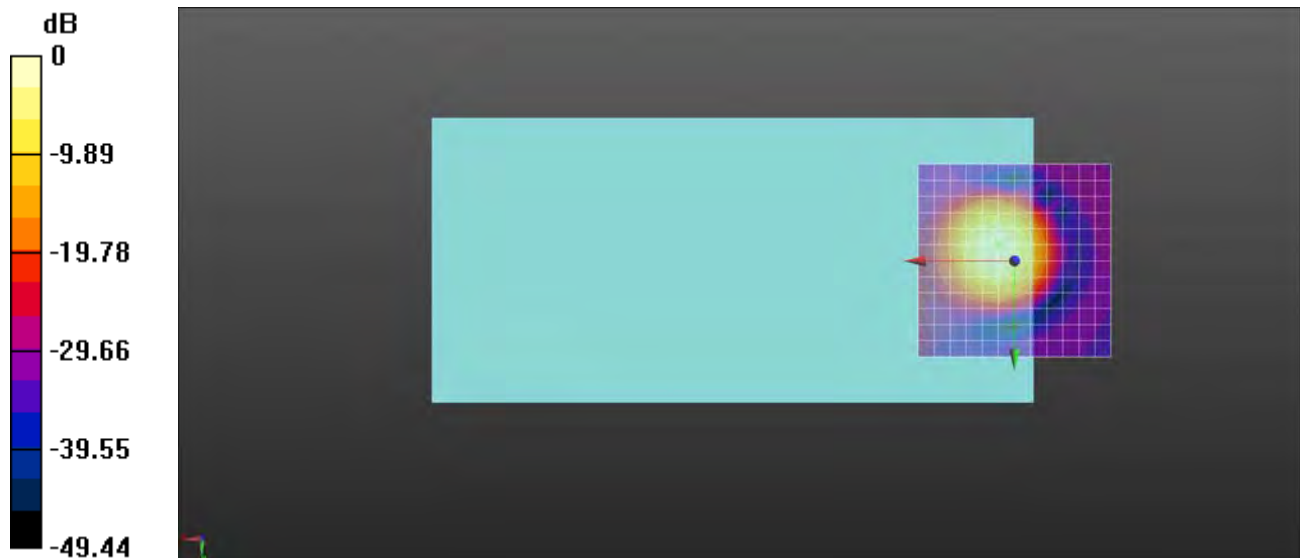


0 dB = 142.7 = 43.09 dB

Ch20175/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)
Loc: 4.2, -4.2, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.56dB
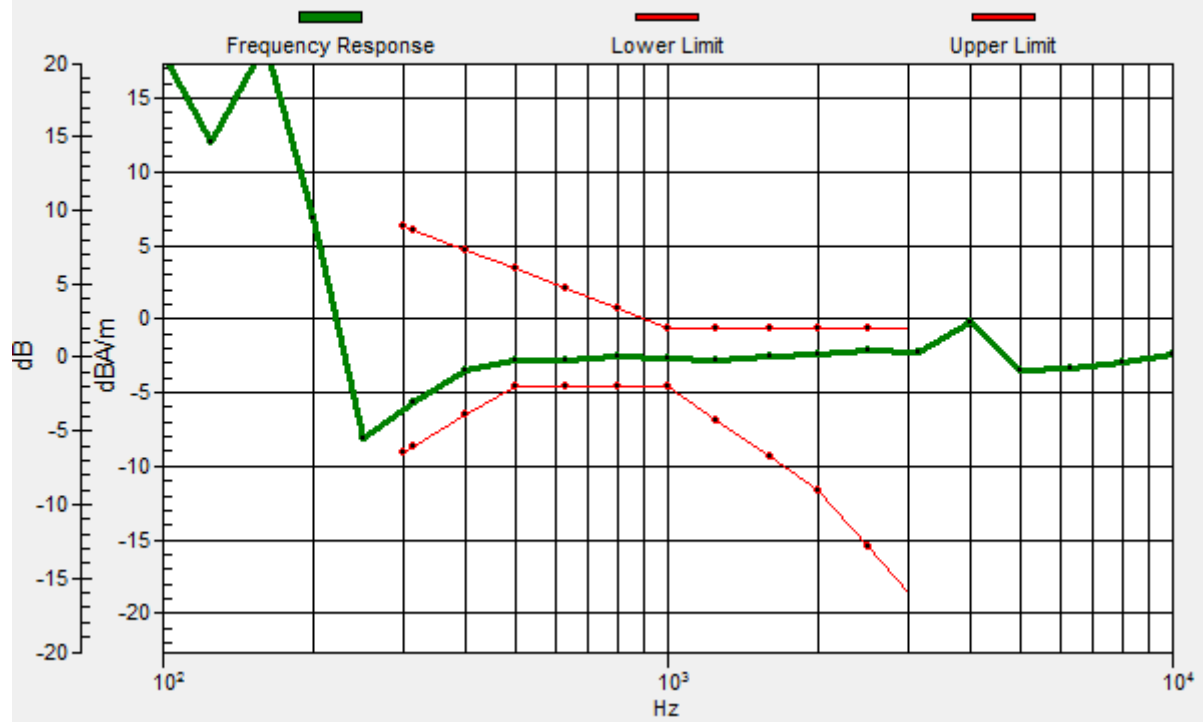
## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_12.2Kbps_Ch20175_Y

Communication System: UID 10169 - CAB, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch20175/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 38.40 dB
ABM1 comp = -10.98 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.02 dB
Location: 4.2, -8.3, 3.7 mm
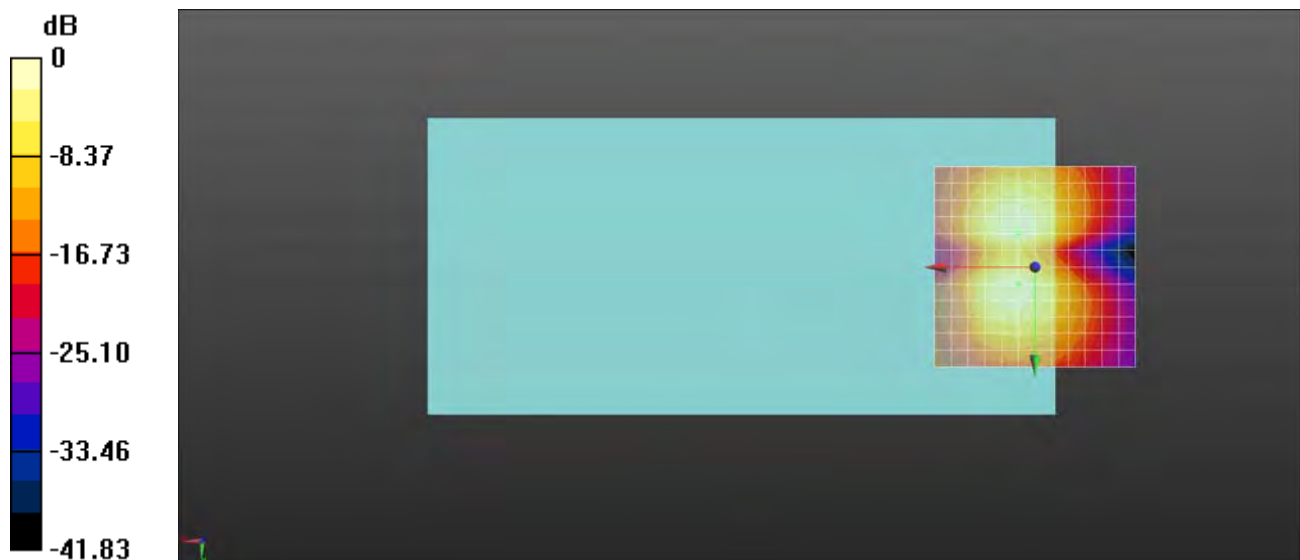


0 dB = 83.13 = 38.40 dB

## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_12.2Kbps_Ch20525_Z

Communication System: UID 10177 - CAC, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 836.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃；Liquid Temperature：22.1 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch20525/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 45.81 dB
ABM1 comp = -2.96 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.02 dB
Location: 4.2, -4.2, 3.7 mm
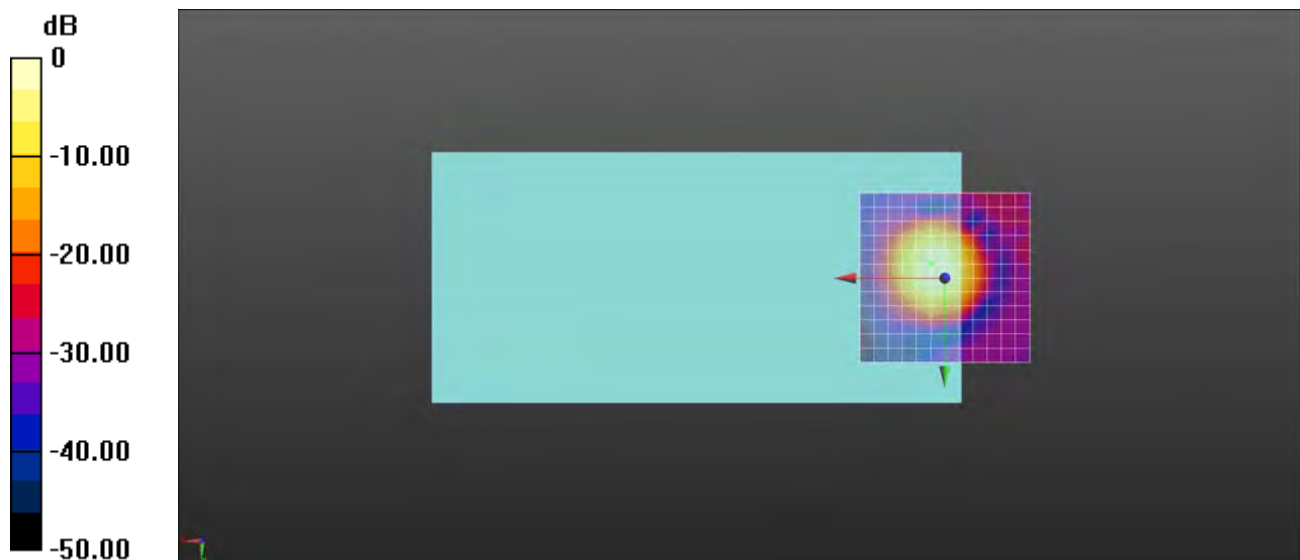


0 dB = 195.3 = 45.81 dB

Ch20525/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)

Loc: 4.2, -4.2, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.51dB
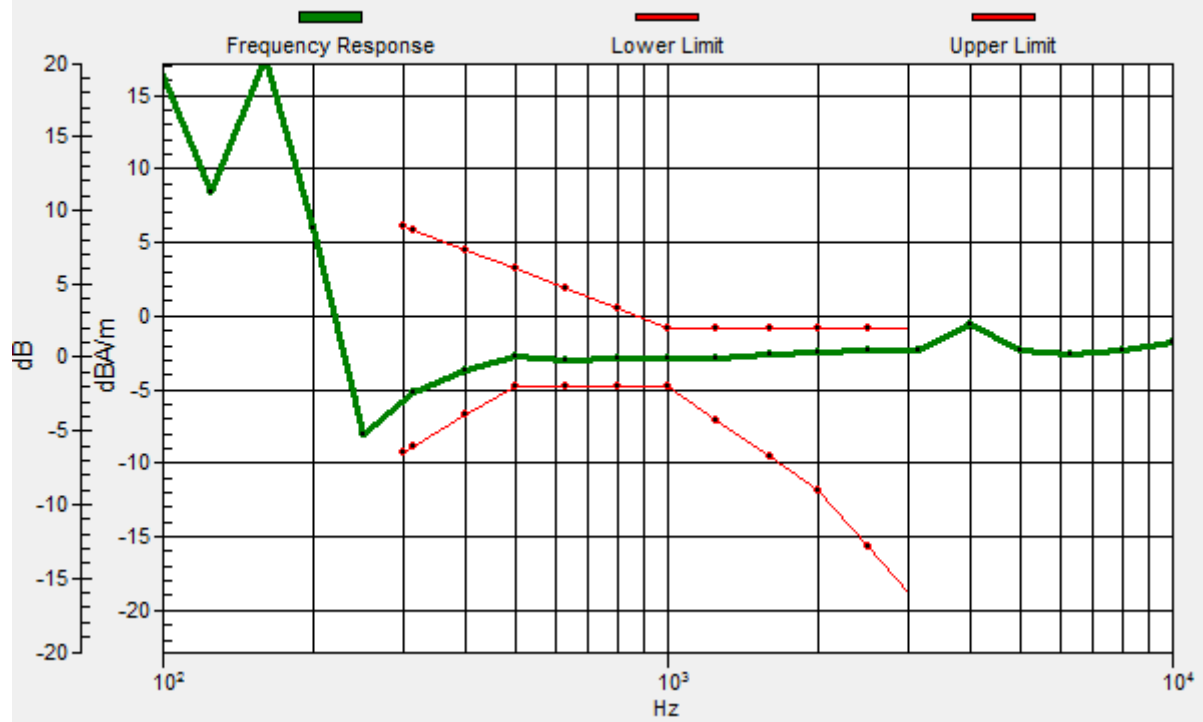
## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_12.2Kbps_Ch20525_Y

Communication System: UID 10177 - CAC, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 836.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch20525/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 41.78 dB
ABM1 comp = -10.52 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.02 dB
Location: 4.2, -8.3, 3.7 mm
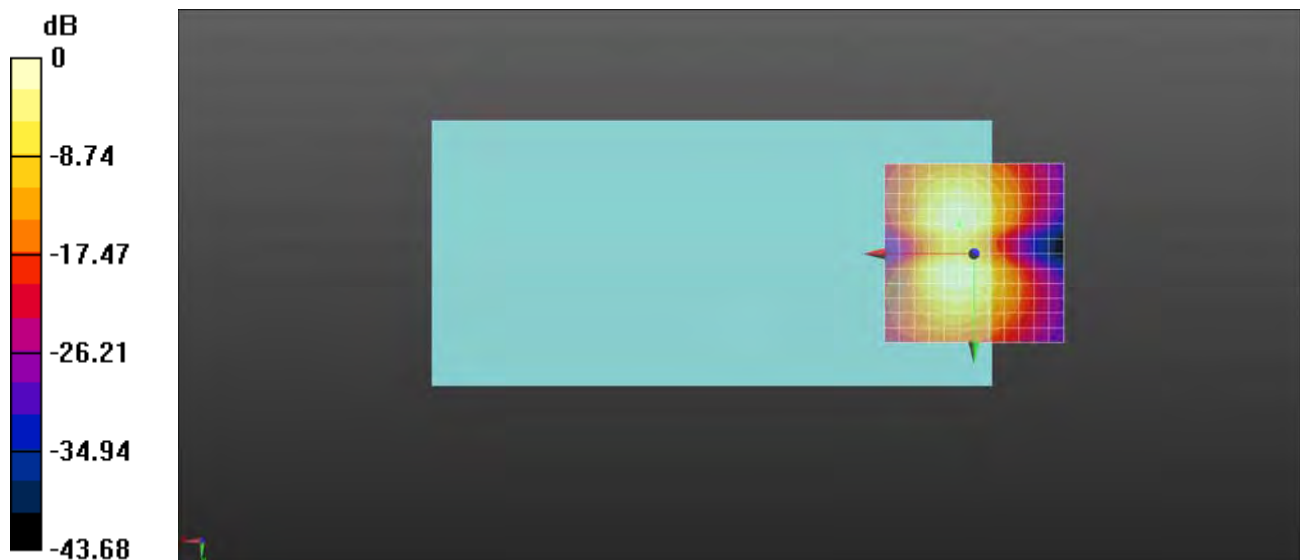


0 dB = 122.8 = 41.78 dB

## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 7_20M_QPSK_1RB_49offset_12.2Kbps_Ch21100_Z

Communication System: UID 10169 - CAB, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 2535 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch21100/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 42.05 dB
ABM1 comp = -3.02 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.03 dB
Location: 4.2, -4.2, 3.7 mm
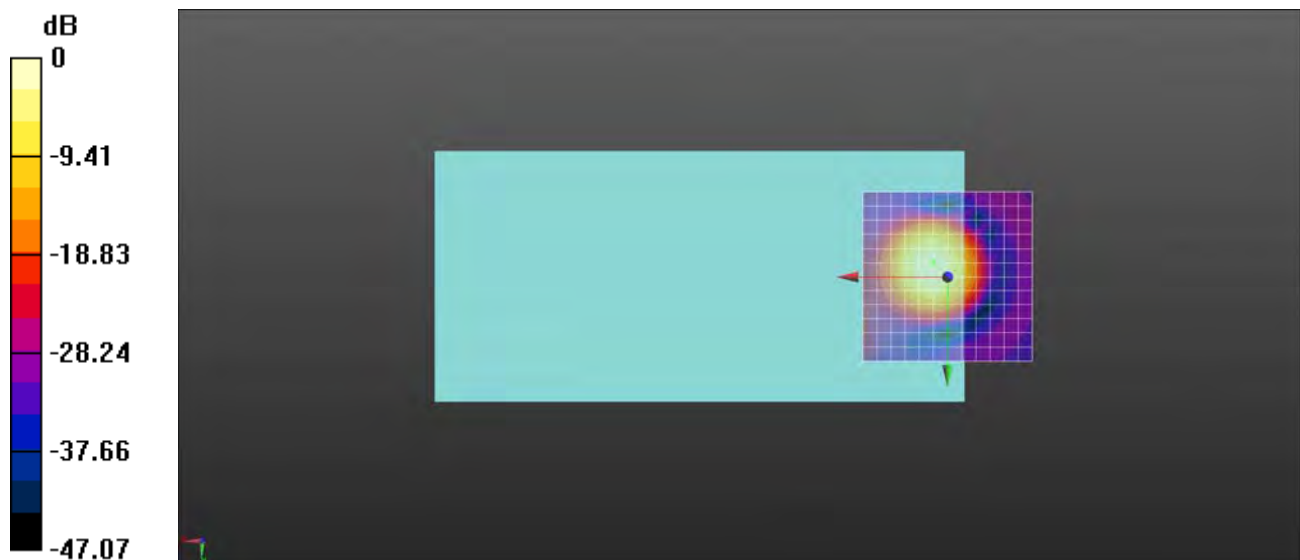


0 dB = 126.7 = 42.06 dB

Ch21100/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)
Loc: 4.2, -4.2, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.58dB
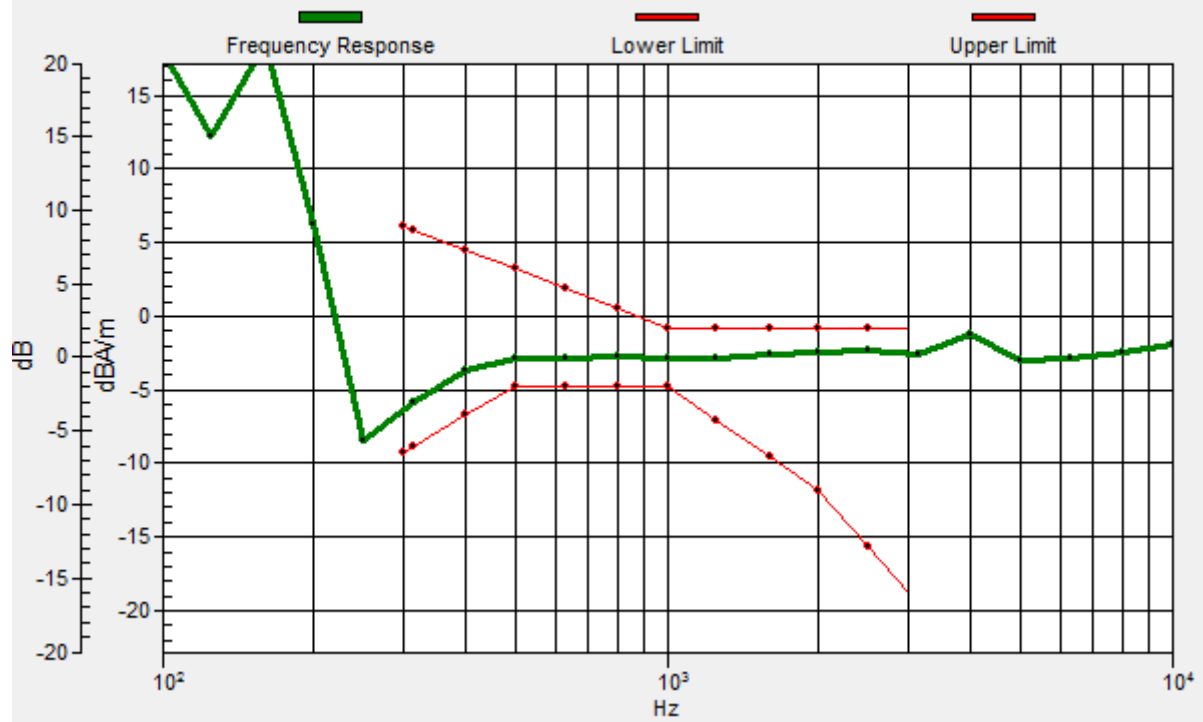
## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 7_20M_QPSK_1RB_49offset_12.2Kbps_Ch21100_Y

Communication System: UID 10169 - CAB, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 2535 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

## Ch21100/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 37.85 dB
ABM1 comp = -10.98 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.03 dB
Location: 4.2, -8.3, 3.7 mm
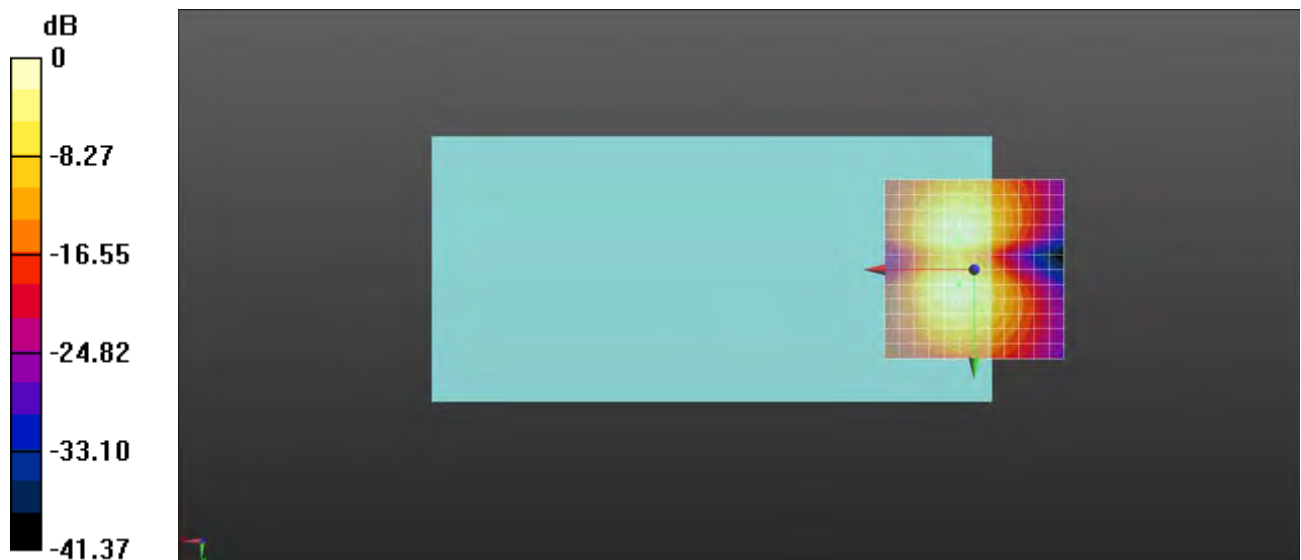


0 dB = 78.07 = 37.85 dB

HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 7_20M_QPSK_1RB_49offset_12.2Kbps_Ch21100_Y

## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 12_10M_QPSK_1RB_49offset_12.2Kbps_Ch23095_Z

Communication System: UID 10175 - CAB, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 707.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch23095/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 45.88 dB
ABM1 comp = -3.00 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.02 dB
Location: 4.2, -4.2, 3.7 mm
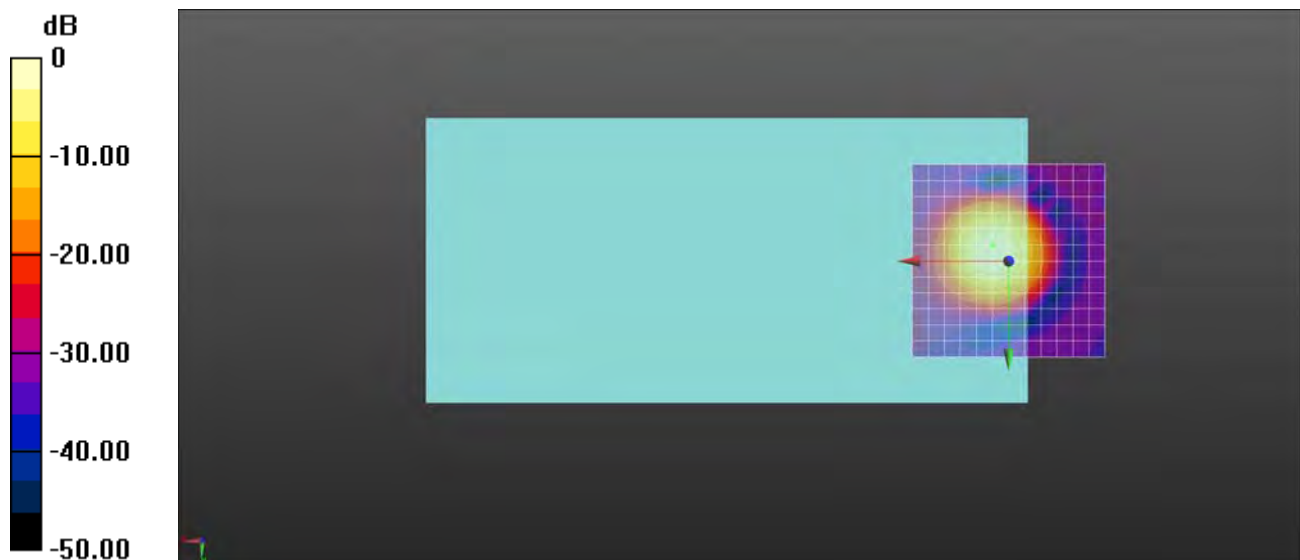


0 dB = 196.7 = 45.88 dB

Ch23095/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)
Loc: 4.2, -4.2, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.43dB
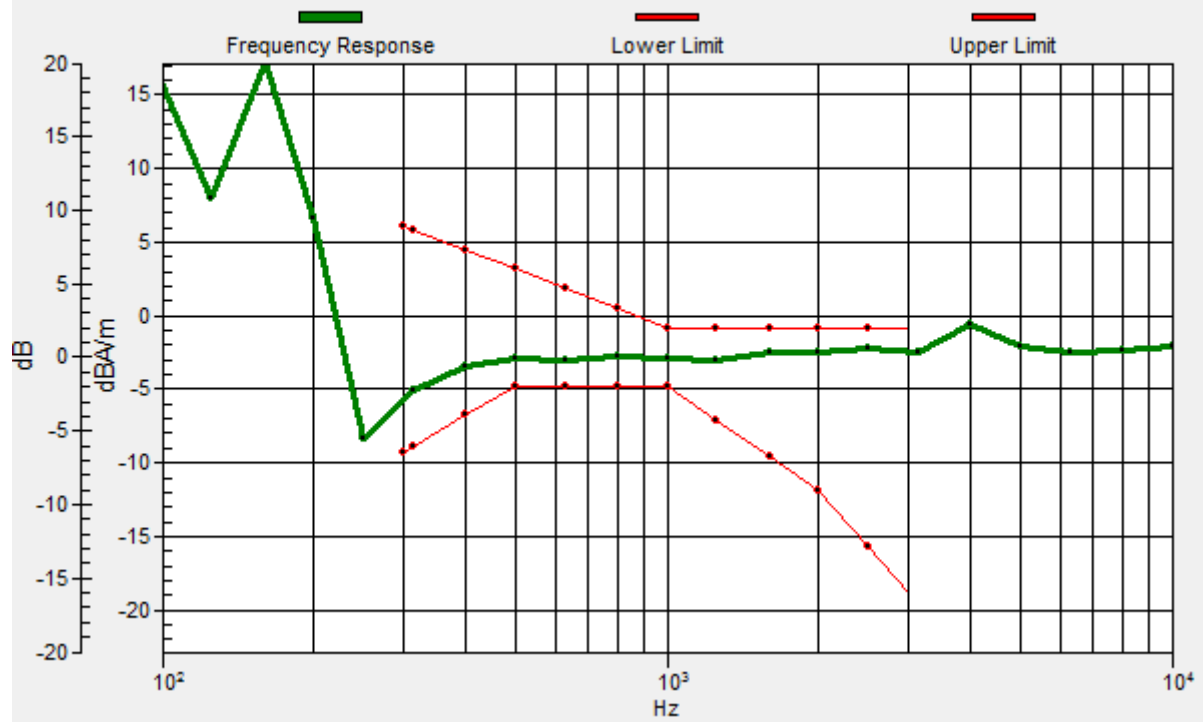
## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 12_10M_QPSK_1RB_49offset_12.2Kbps_Ch23095_Y

Communication System: UID 10175 - CAB, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 707.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch23095/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 39.87 dB
ABM1 comp = -10.37 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.02 dB
Location: 4.2, -8.3, 3.7 mm
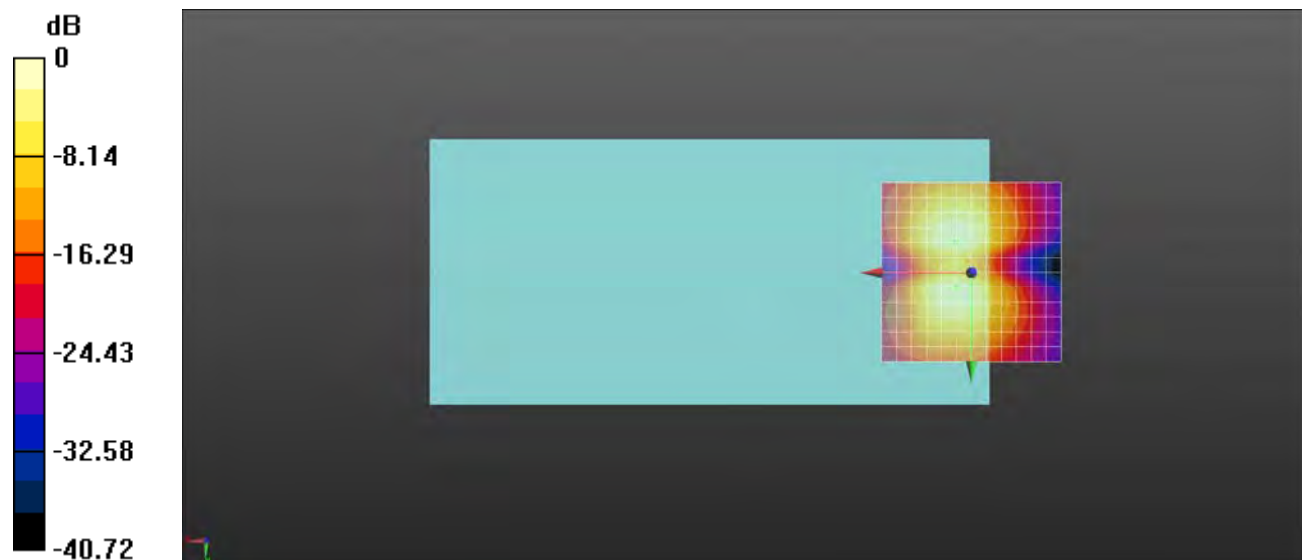


0 dB = 98.50 = 39.87 dB

## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 17_10M_QPSK_1RB_25offset_12.2Kbps_Ch23790_Z

Communication System: UID 10175 - CAB, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 710 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch23790/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 46.21 dB
ABM1 comp = -3.02 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.03 dB
Location: 4.2, 0, 3.7 mm
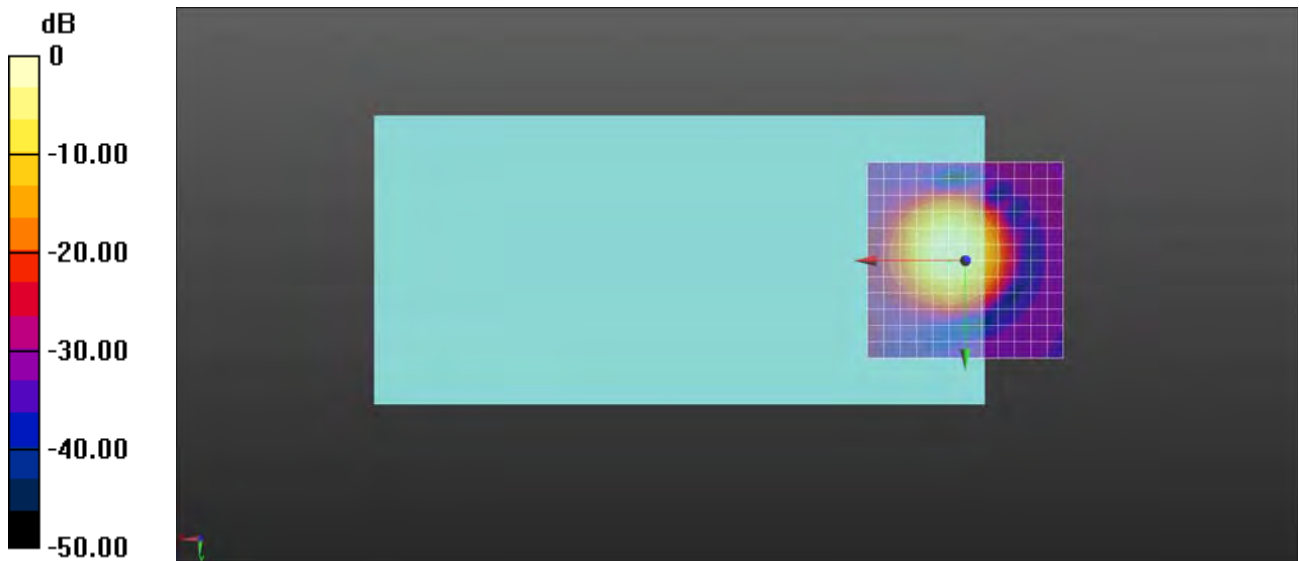


0 dB = 204.3 = 46.21 dB

Ch23790/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)
Loc: 4.2, 0, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.49dB

Frequency Response          Lower Limit          Upper Limit
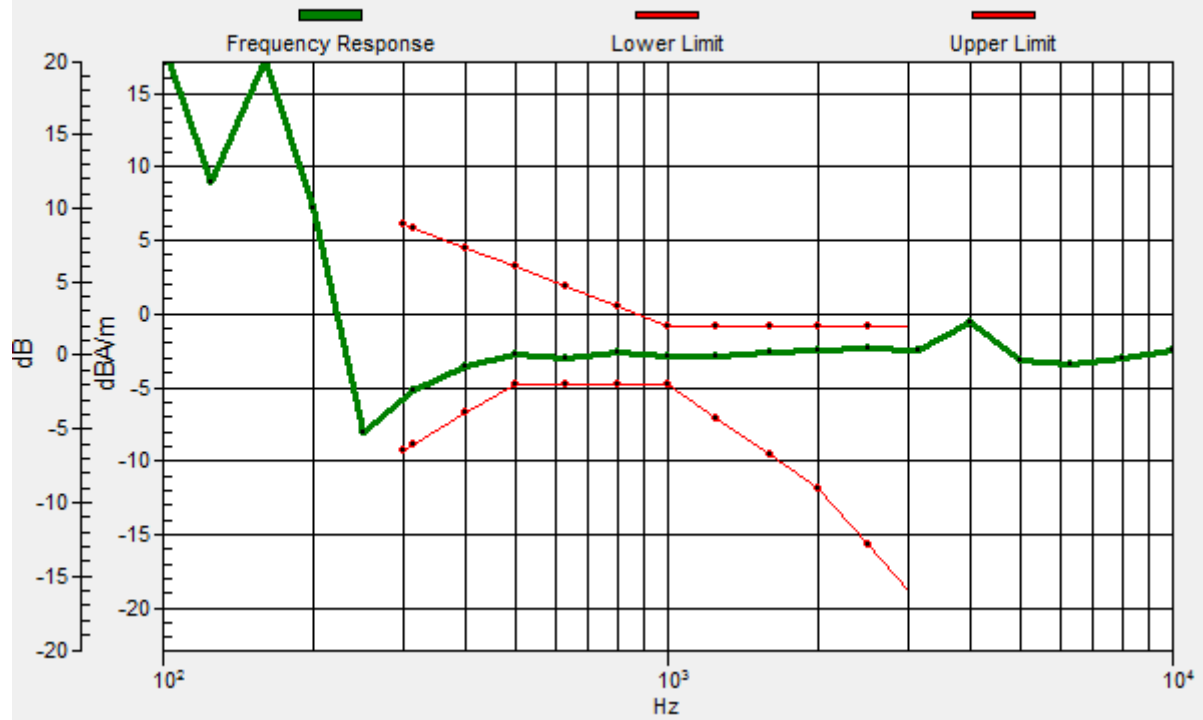
## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 17_10M_QPSK_1RB_25offset_12.2Kbps_Ch23790_Y

Communication System: UID 10175 - CAB, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 710 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

## Ch23790/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 40.90 dB
ABM1 comp = -10.66 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.03 dB
Location: 4.2, 4.2, 3.7 mm
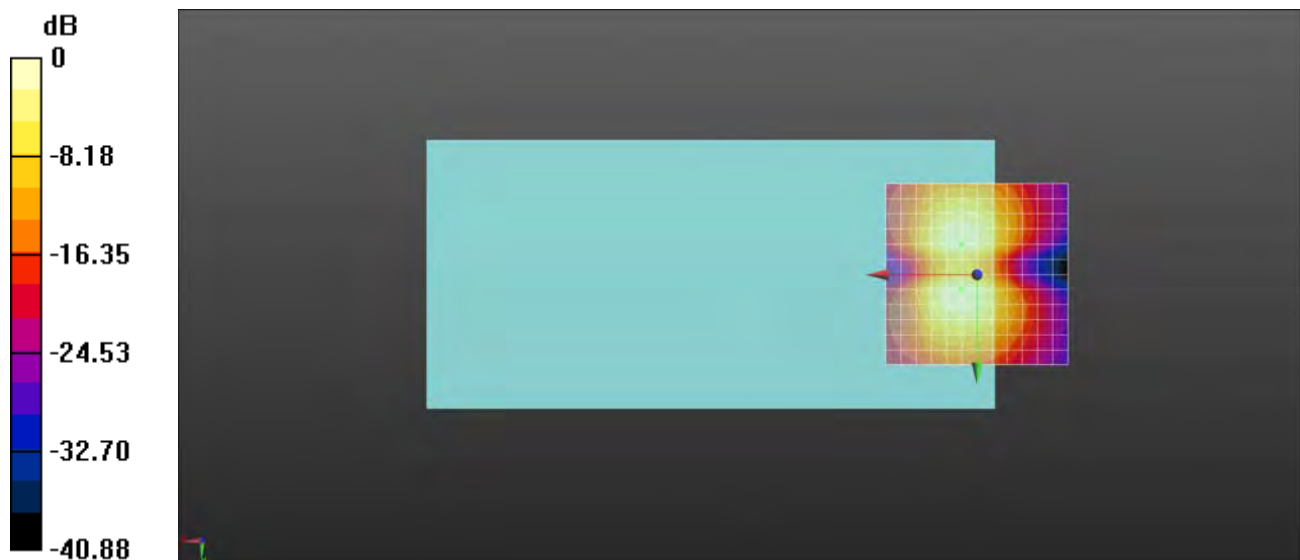


0 dB = 110.9 = 40.90 dB

## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 18_15M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_12.2Kbps_Ch23925_Z

Communication System: UID 10181 - CAB, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 822.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch23925/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 47.38 dB
ABM1 comp = -2.75 dBA/m
BWC Factor = -0.13 dB
Location: 4.2, -4.2, 3.7 mm
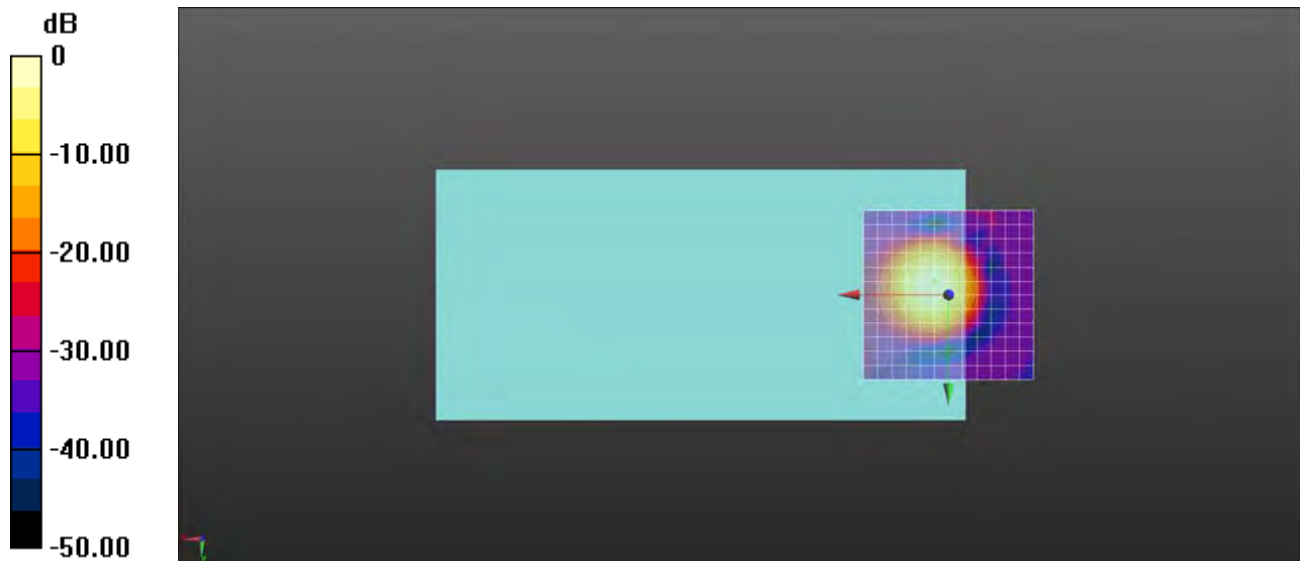


0 dB = 233.8 = 47.38 dB

Ch23925/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)
Loc: 4.2, -4.2, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.49dB
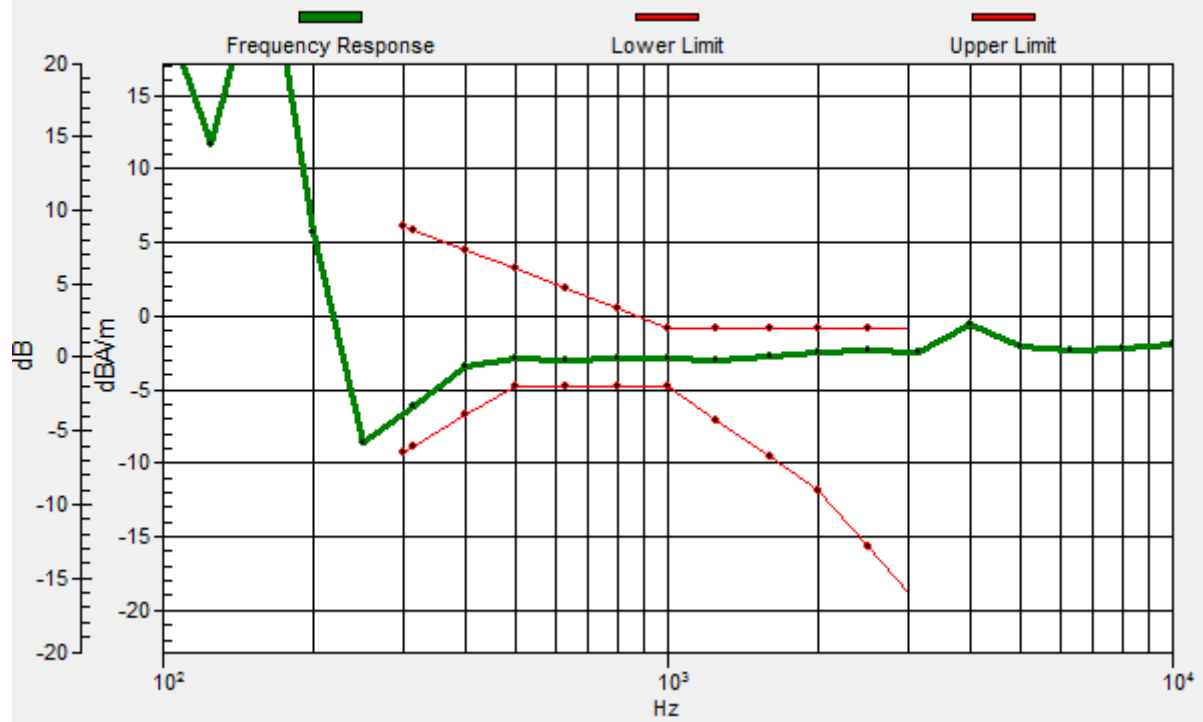
## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 18_15M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_12.2Kbps_Ch23925_Y

Communication System: UID 10181 - CAB, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK);
Frequency: 822.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

## Ch23925/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 42.66 dB
ABM1 comp = -9.08 dBA/m
BWC Factor = -0.13 dB
Location: 4.2, -8.3, 3.7 mm
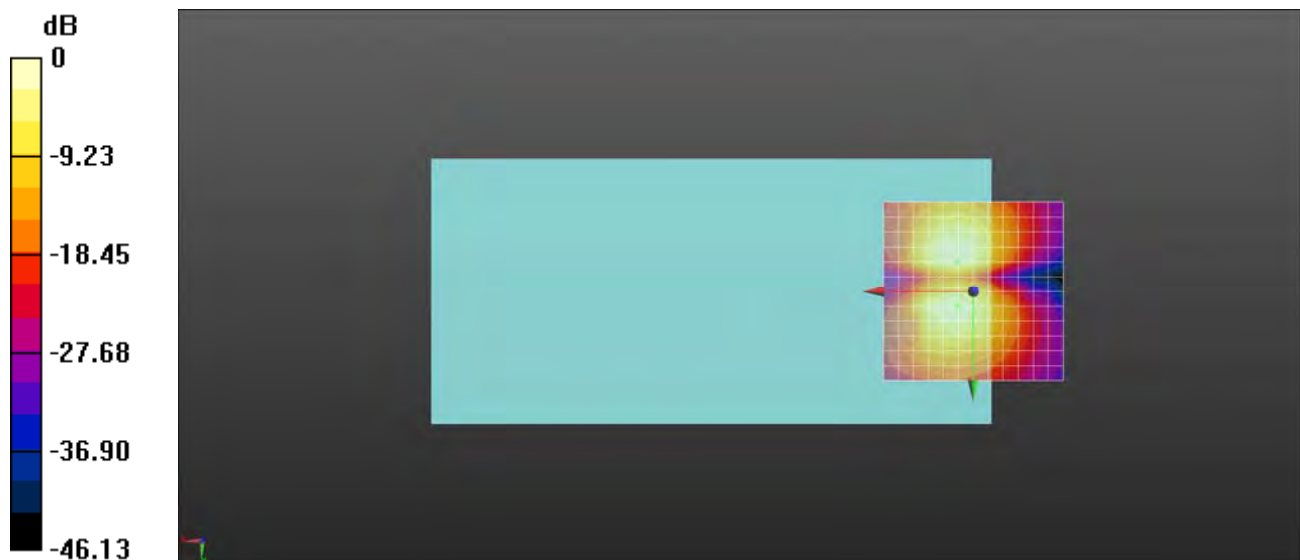


0 dB = 135.9 = 42.66 dB

## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 19_15M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_12.2Kbps_Ch24075_Z

Communication System: UID 10181 - CAB, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK);
Frequency: 837.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

## Ch24075/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 46.98 dB
ABM1 comp = -3.04 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.04 dB
Location: 4.2, -4.2, 3.7 mm
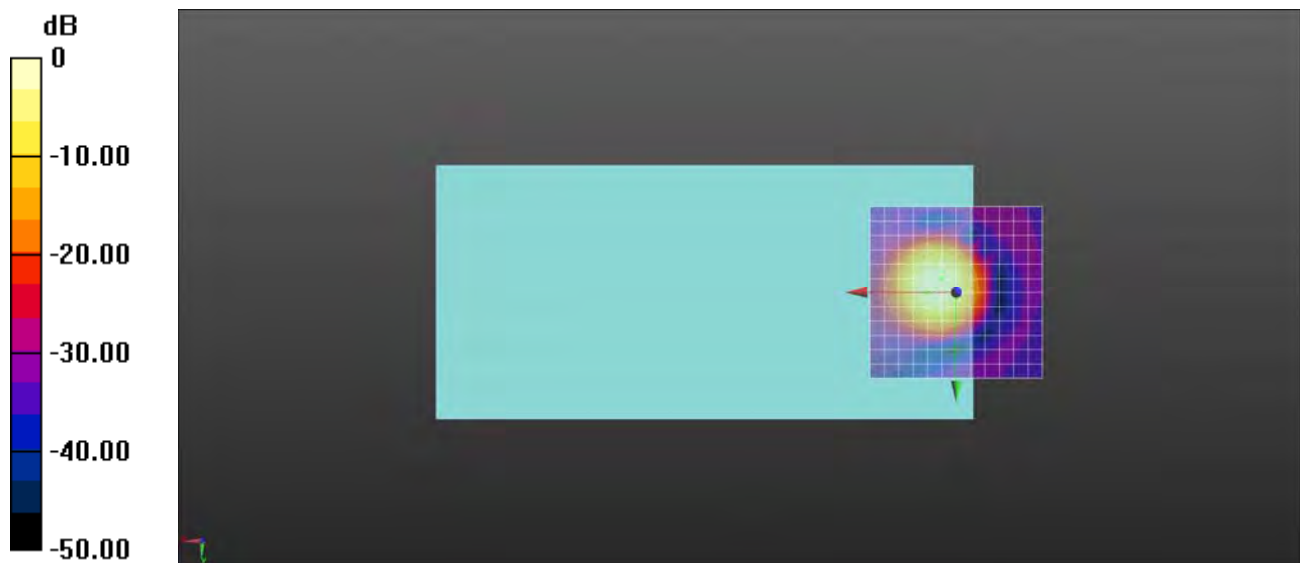


0 dB = 223.5 = 46.99 dB

Ch24075/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)

Loc: 4.2, -4.2, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.55dB

Frequency Response    Lower Limit    Upper Limit
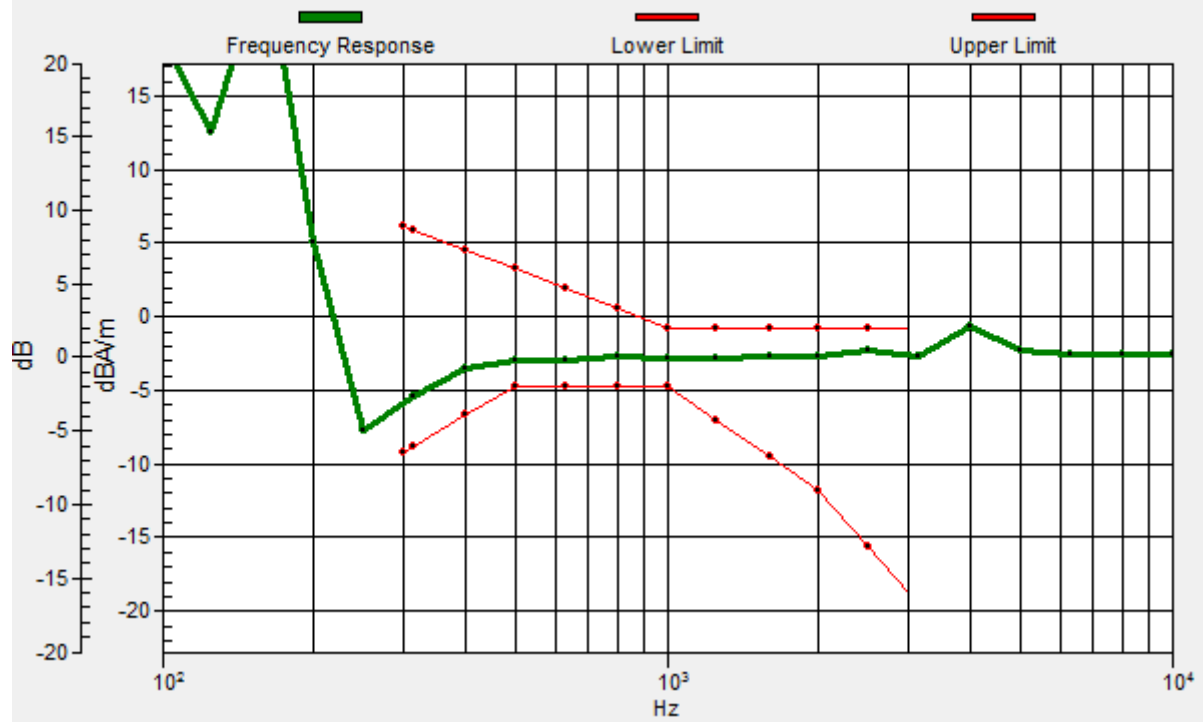
## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 19_15M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_12.2Kbps_Ch24075_Y

Communication System: UID 10181 - CAB, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 837.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch24075/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 41.84 dB
ABM1 comp = -9.14 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.04 dB
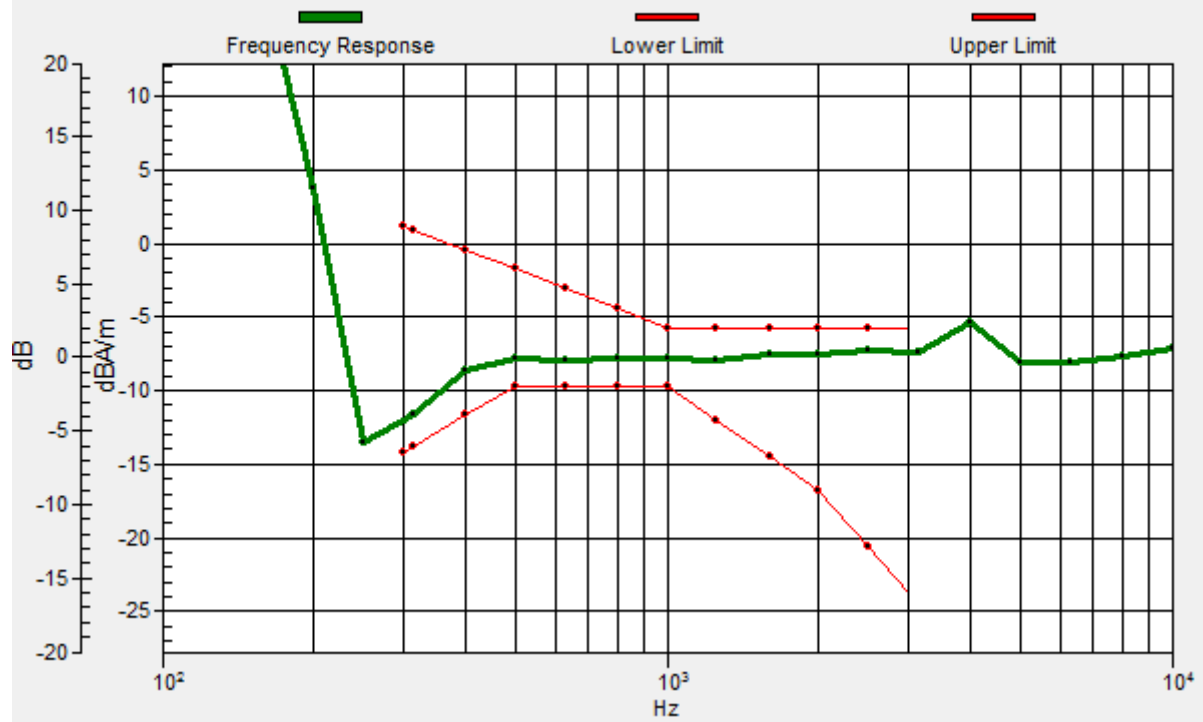Location: 8.3, 4.2, 3.7 mm
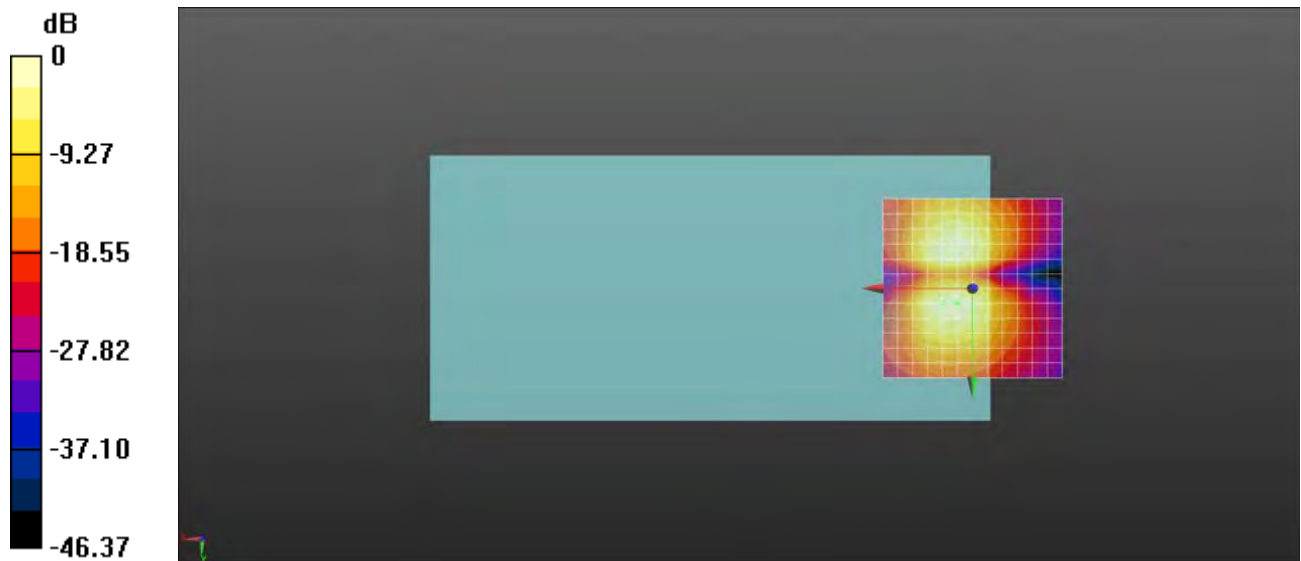


0 dB = 123.6 = 41.84 dB

## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 25_20M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_12.2Kbps_Ch26340_Z

Communication System: UID 10169 - CAB, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 1882.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

## Ch26340/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 40.80 dB
ABM1 comp = -8.12 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.03 dB
Location: 4.2, 4.2, 3.7 mm
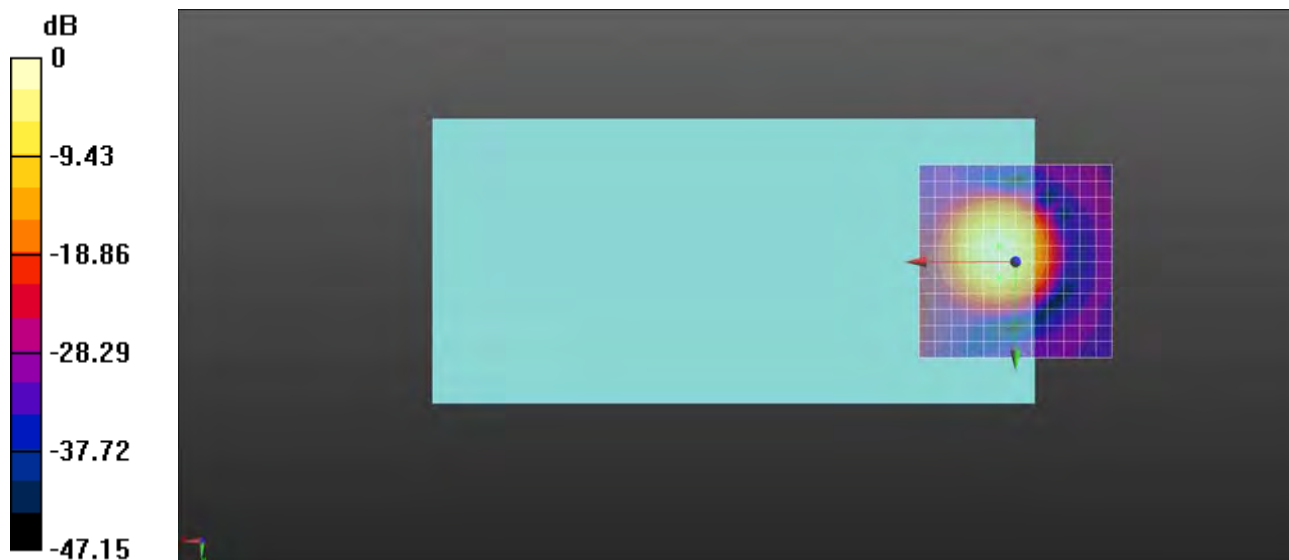


0 dB = 109.7 = 40.80 dB

Ch26340/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)

Loc: 4.2, 4.2, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.54dB

Frequency Response    Lower Limit    Upper Limit

## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 25_20M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_12.2Kbps_Ch26340_Y

Communication System: UID 10169 - CAB, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 1882.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch26340/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 36.69 dB
ABM1 comp = -10.85 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.03 dB
Location: 4.2, -8.3, 3.7 mm
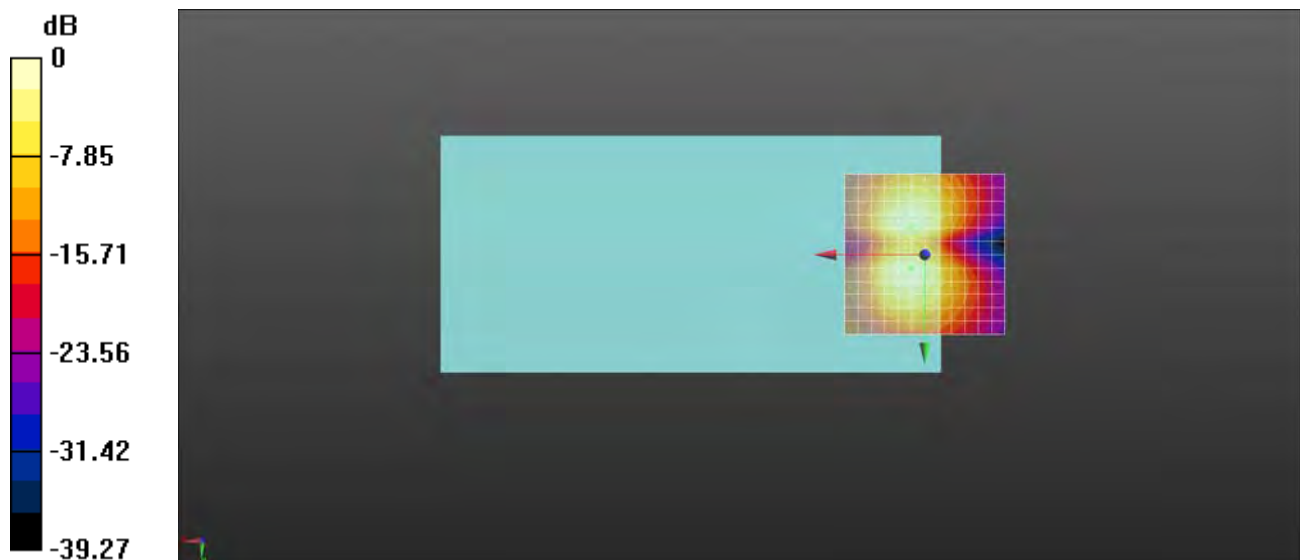


0 dB = 68.35 = 36.69 dB

## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 26_15M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_12.2Kbps_Ch26865_Z

Communication System: UID 10181 - CAB, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 831.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch26865/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 46.43 dB
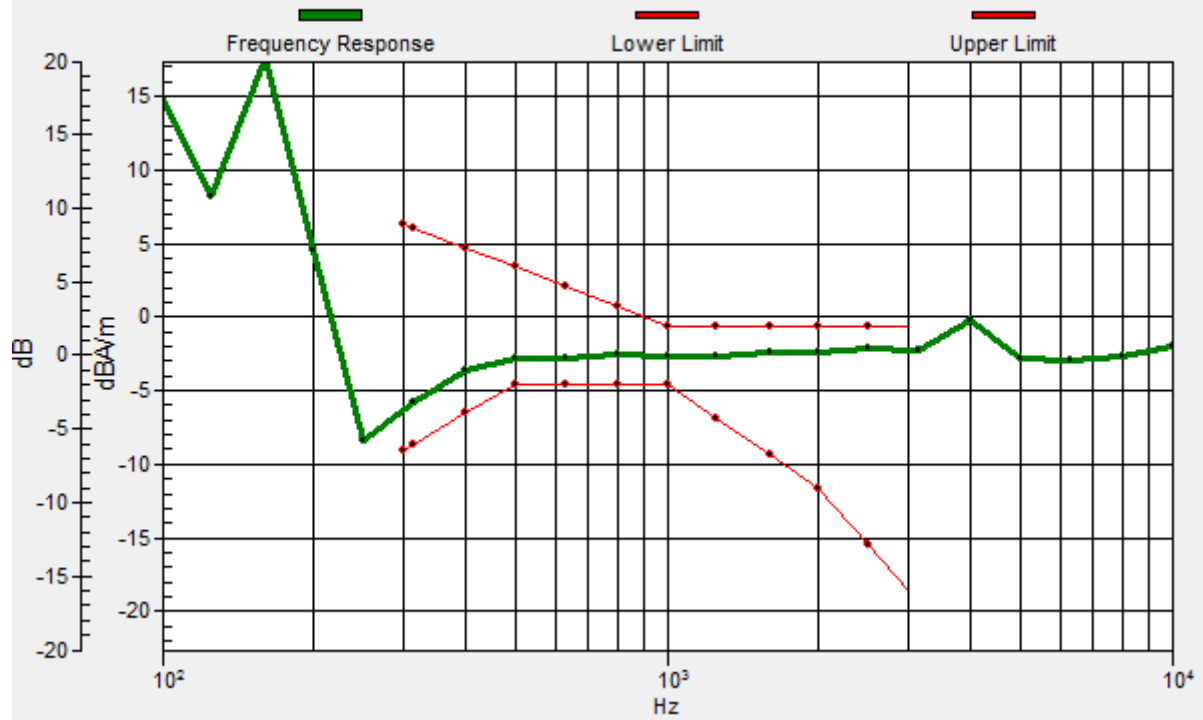ABM1 comp = -2.80 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.04 dB
Location: 4.2, 0, 3.7 mm
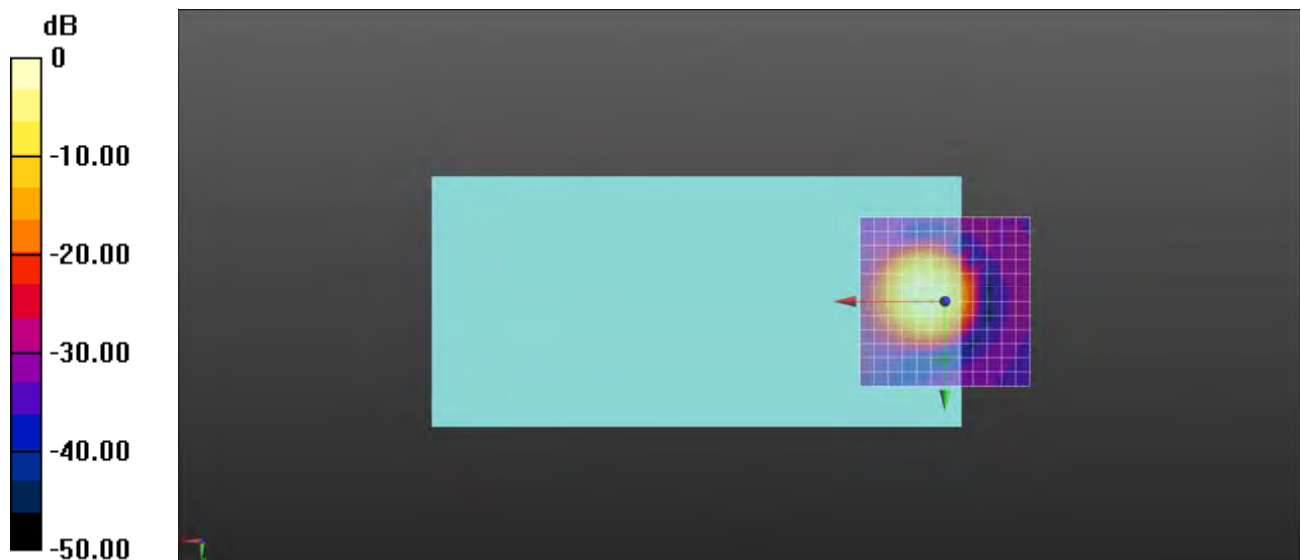


0 dB = 209.6 = 46.43 dB

Ch26865/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)
Loc: 4.2, 0, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.58dB

## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 26_15M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_12.2Kbps_Ch26865_Y

Communication System: UID 10181 - CAB, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 831.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch26865/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
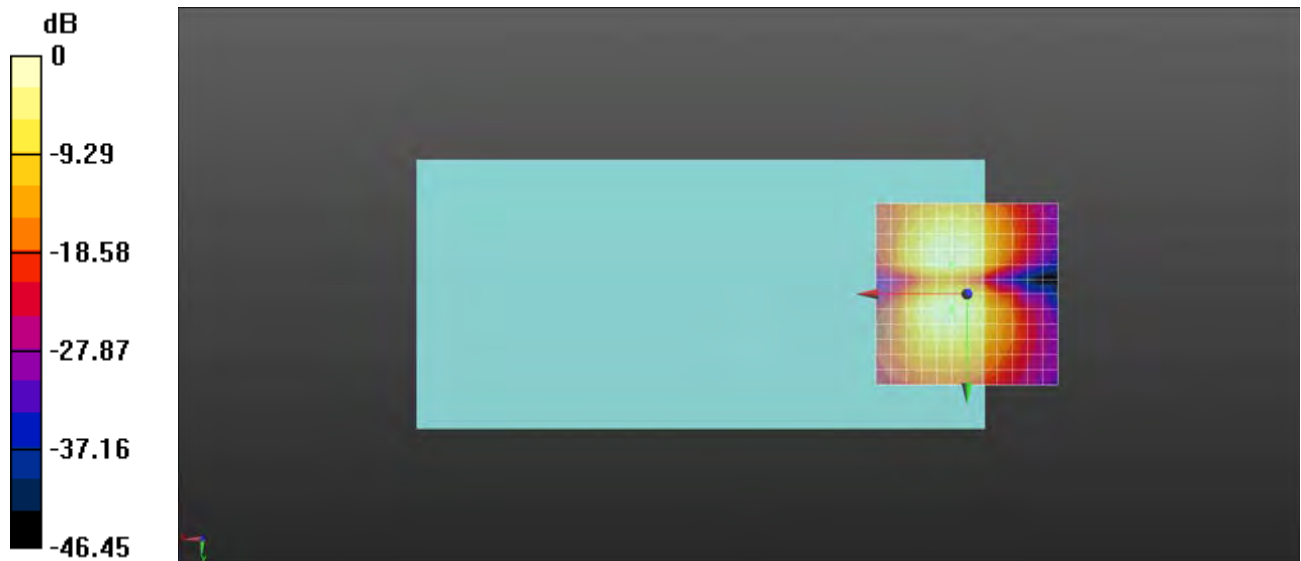dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 42.55 dB
ABM1 comp = -9.26 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.04 dB
Location: 4.2, -8.3, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 134.1 = 42.55 dB

## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 30_10M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_12.2Kbps_Ch27710_Z

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, QPSK) (0); Frequency: 2310 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

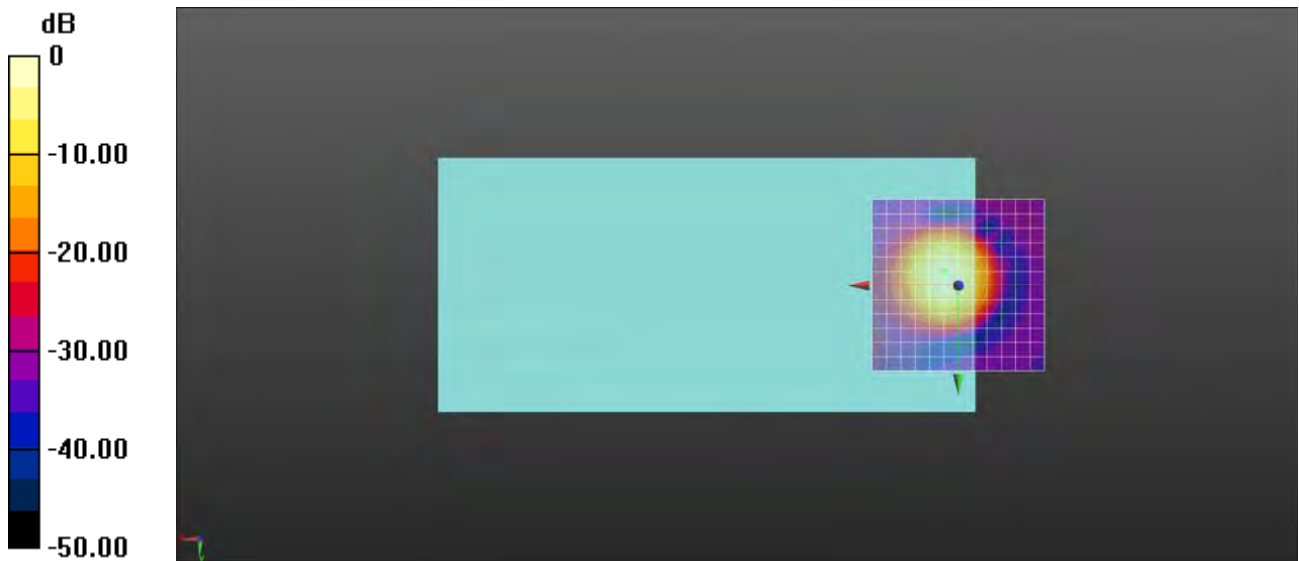### Ch27710/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 46.60 dB
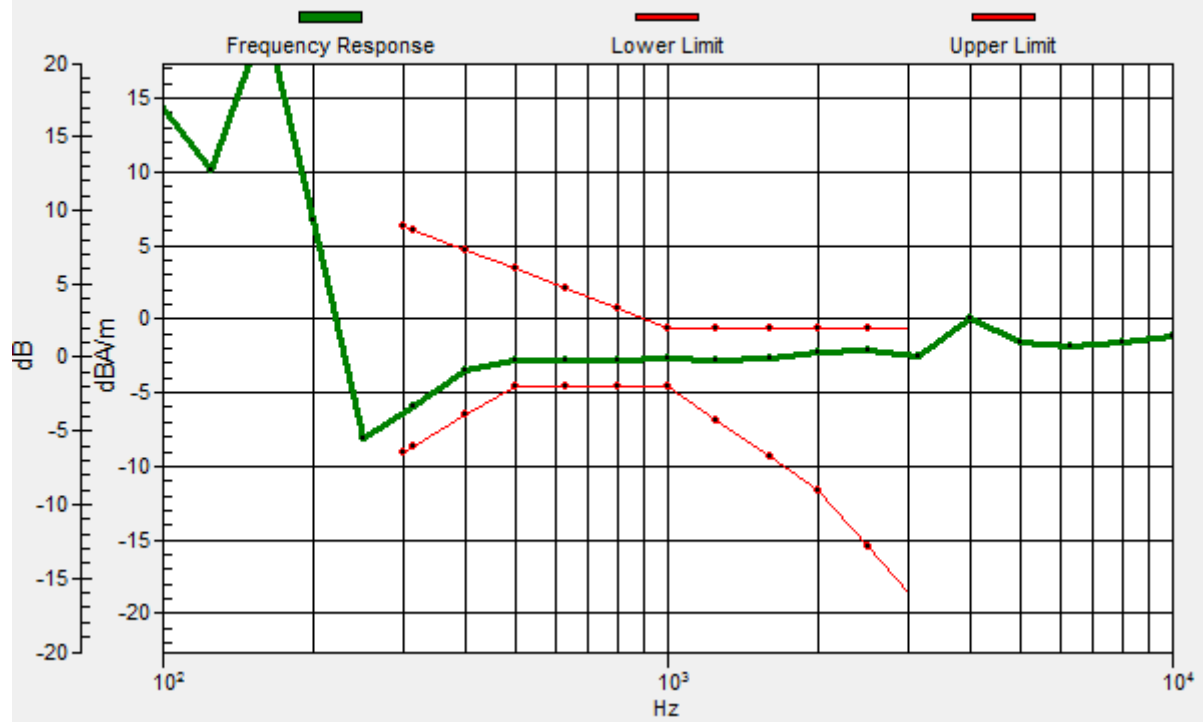ABM1 comp = -2.97 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.03 dB
Location: 4.2, -4.2, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 213.9 = 46.60 dB

Ch27710/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)
Loc: 4.2, -4.2, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.55dB

## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 30_10M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_12.2Kbps_Ch27710_Y

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, QPSK) (0); Frequency: 2310 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

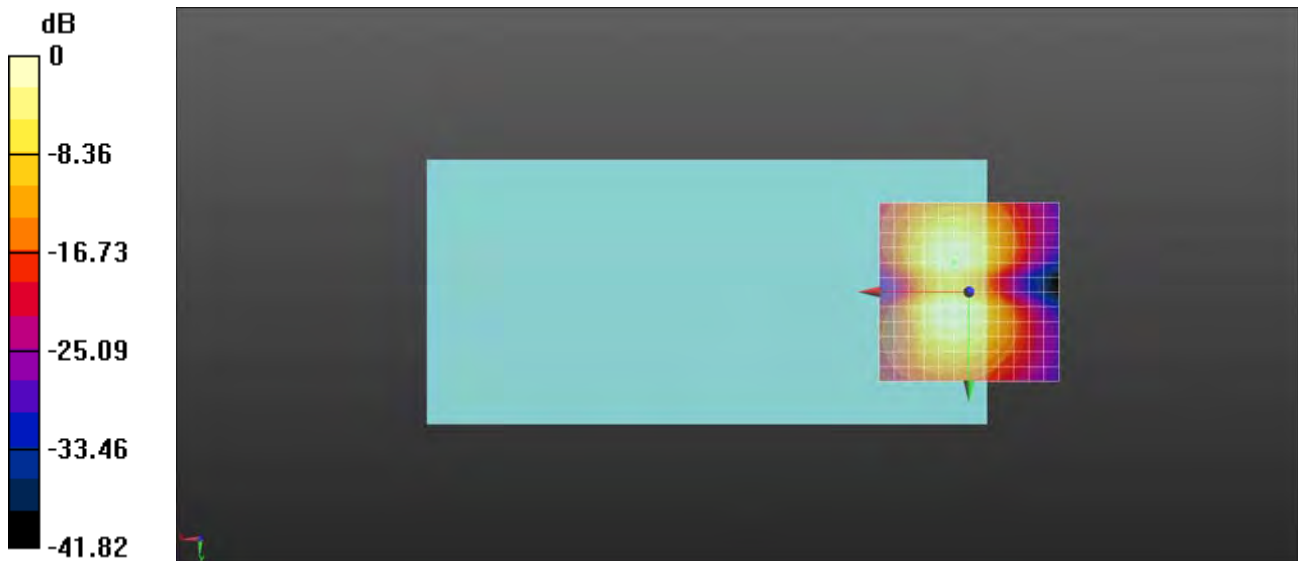### Ch27710/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 42.10 dB
ABM1 comp = -10.42 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.03 dB
Location: 4.2, -8.3, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 127.3 = 42.10 dB

HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 30_10M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_12.2Kbps_Ch27710_Y

## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 38_20M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_12.2Kbps_Ch38000_Z

Communication System: UID 10172 - CAB, LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 2595 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

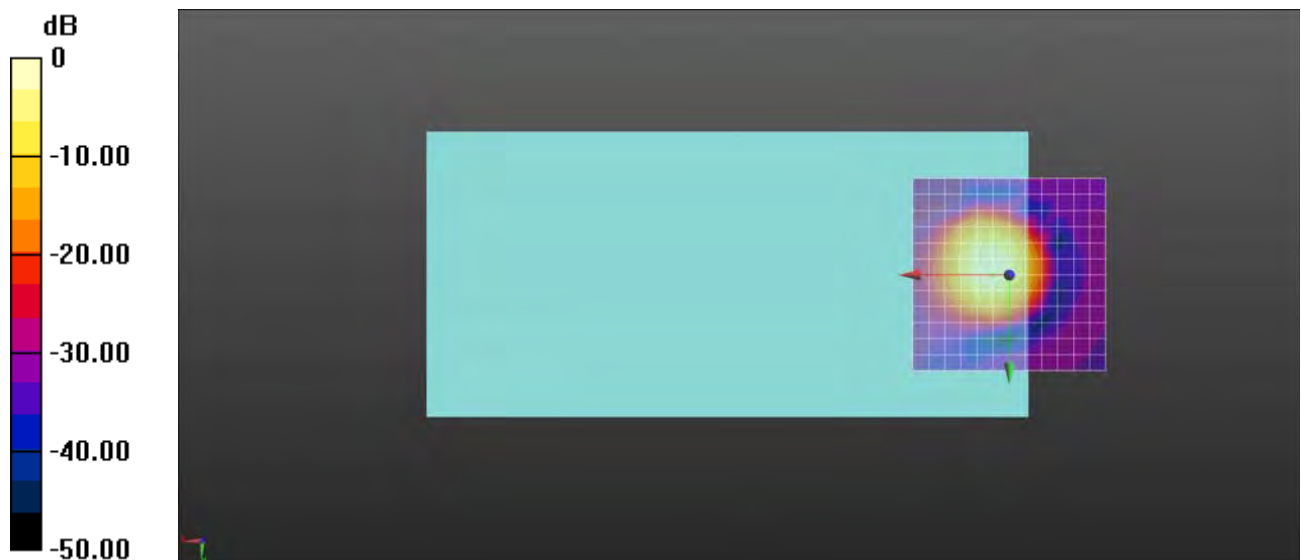### Ch38000/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 41.68 dB
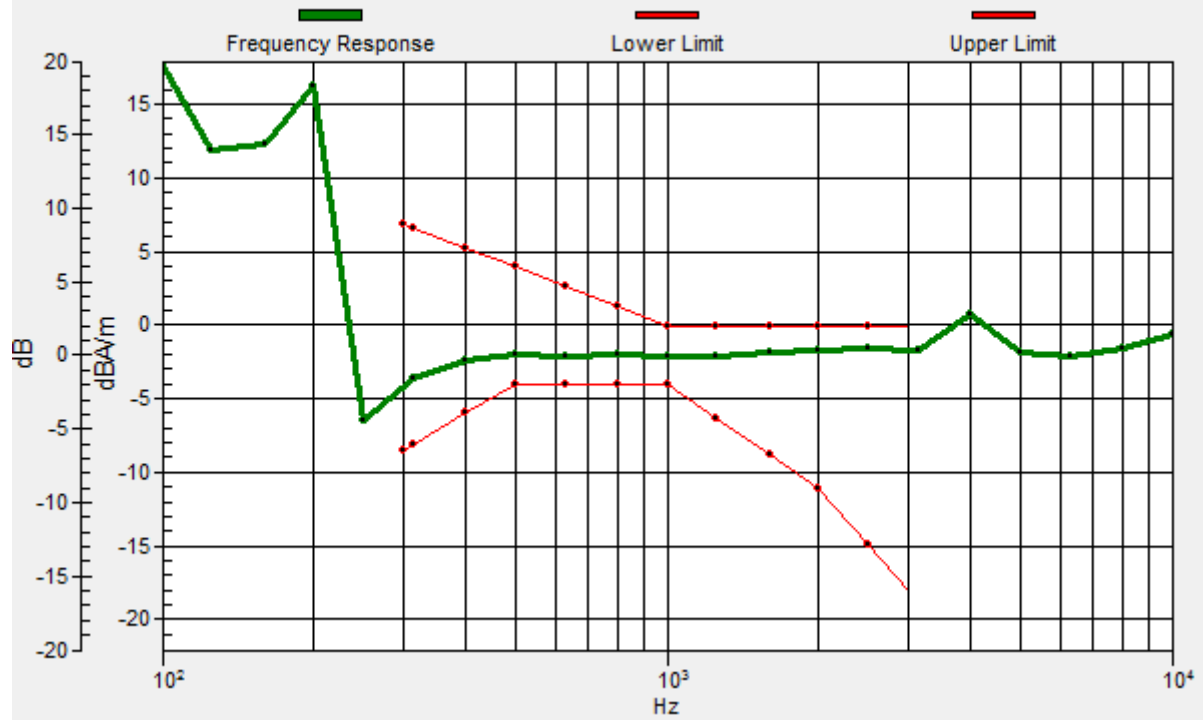ABM1 comp = -2.03 dBA/m
BWC Factor = -0.04 dB
Location: 4.2, 0, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 121.4 = 41.68 dB

Ch38000/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)
Loc: 4.2, 0, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.53dB

## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 38_20M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_12.2Kbps_Ch38000_Y

Communication System: UID 10172 - CAB, LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 2595 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:10̅7;

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

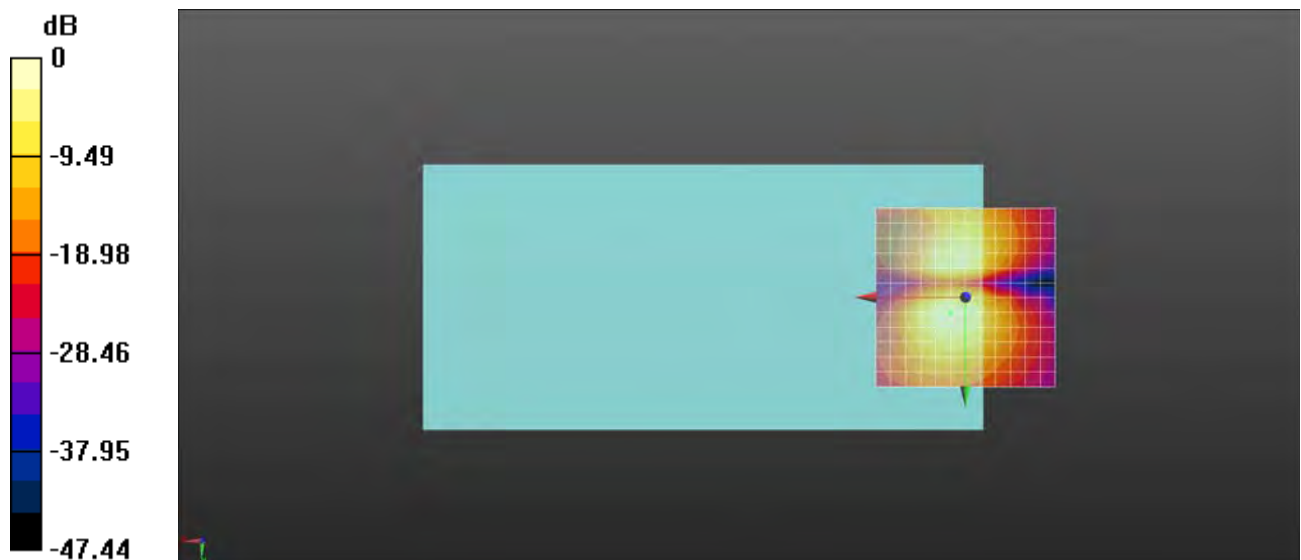### Ch38000/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 37.41 dB
ABM1 comp = -7.90 dBA/m
BWC Factor = -0.04 dB
Location: 4.2, 4.2, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 74.18 = 37.41 dB

## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 40A_10M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_12.2Kbps_Ch38750_Z

Communication System: UID 10237 - CAB, LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 2310 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.59

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch38750/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1):** Measurement grid:
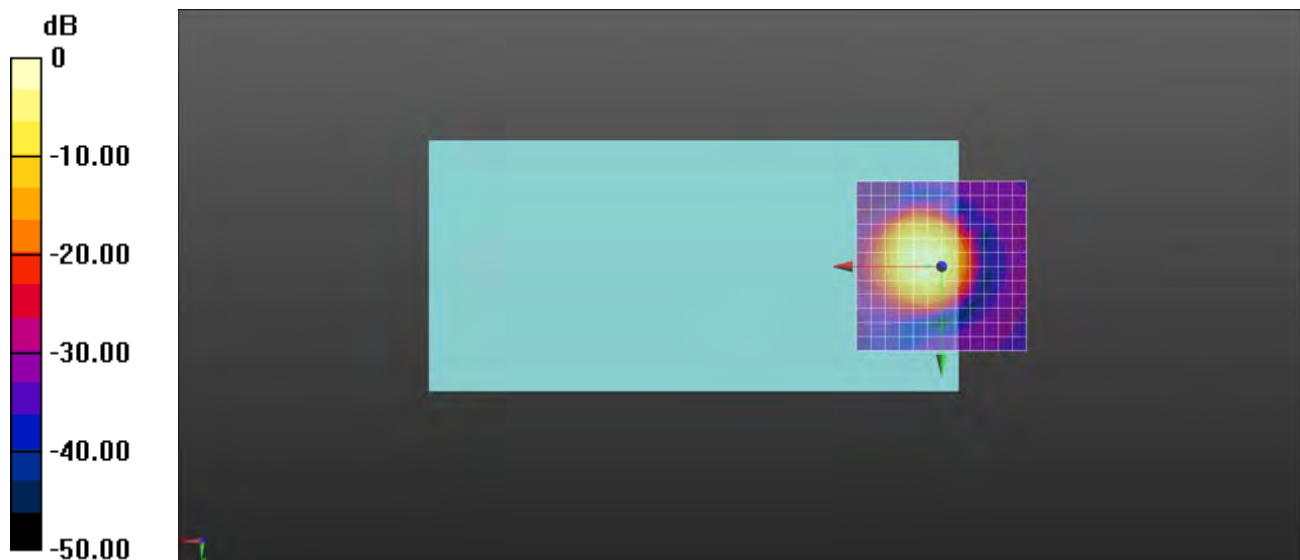dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 44.28 dB
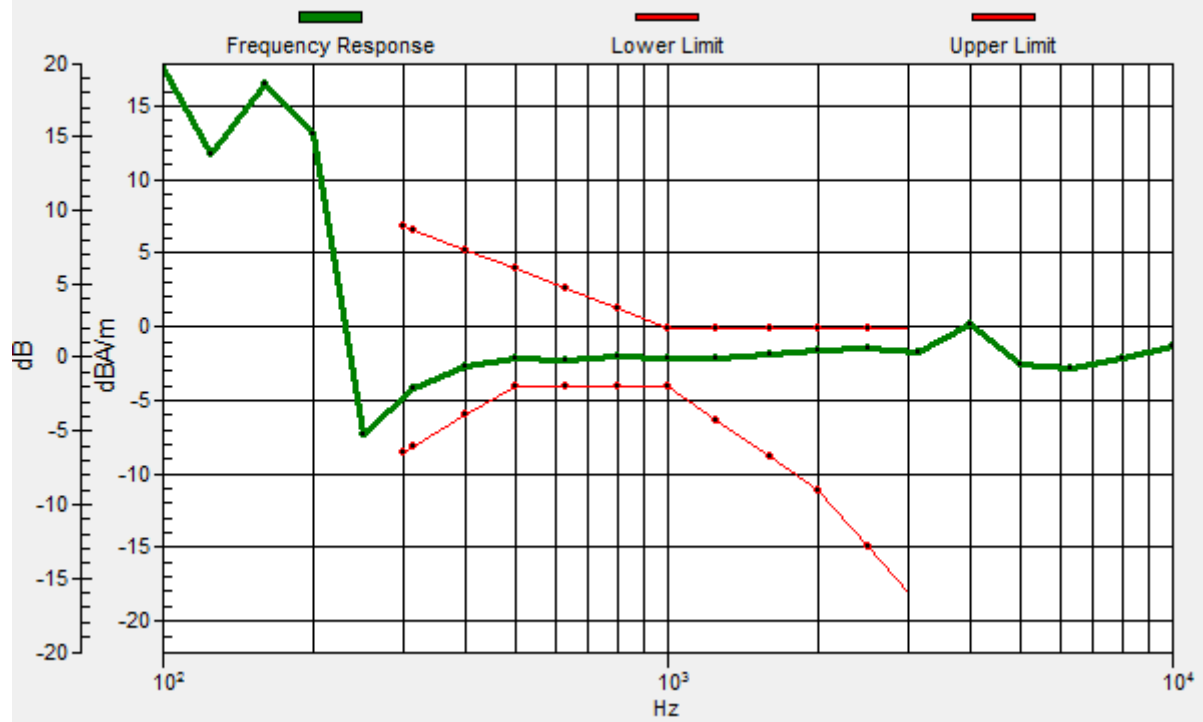ABM1 comp = -2.17 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.02 dB
Location: 4.2, 0, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 163.8 = 44.29 dB

Ch38750/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)
Loc: 4.2, 0, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.42dB

Frequency Response    Lower Limit    Upper Limit

## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 40A_10M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_12.2Kbps_Ch38750_Y

Communication System: UID 10237 - CAB, LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 2310 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.59

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

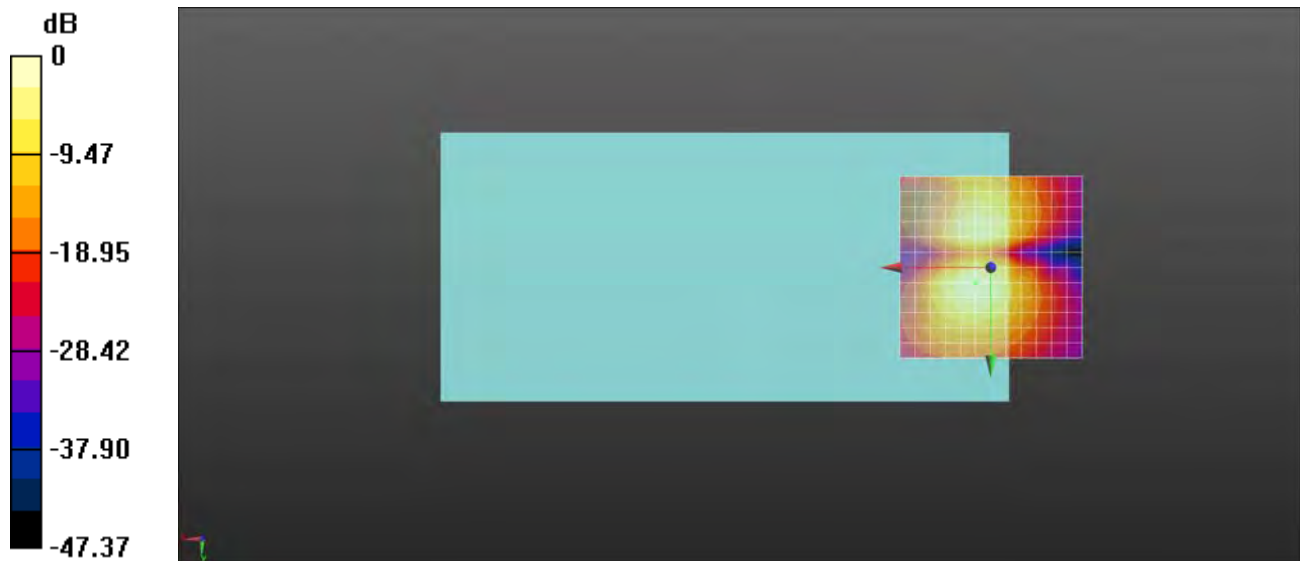### Ch38750/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 39.51 dB
ABM1 comp = -8.23 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.02 dB
Location: 4.2, 4.2, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 94.53 = 39.51 dB

## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 40B_10M_QPSK_1RB_25offset_12.2Kbps_Ch39220_Z

Communication System: UID 10237 - CAB, LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 2355 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.59

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

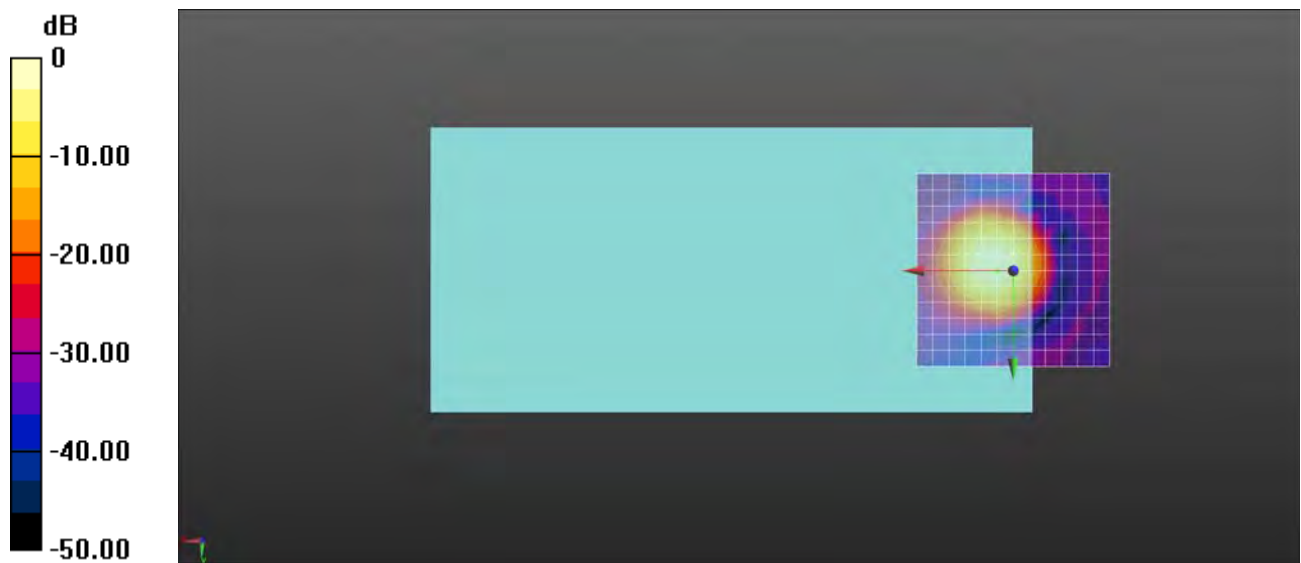### Ch39200/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 42.68 dB
ABM1 comp = -2.30 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.04 dB
Location: 4.2, 0, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 136.1 = 42.68 dB

Ch39200/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)

Loc: 4.2, 0, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.35dB

Frequency Response    Lower Limit    Upper Limit
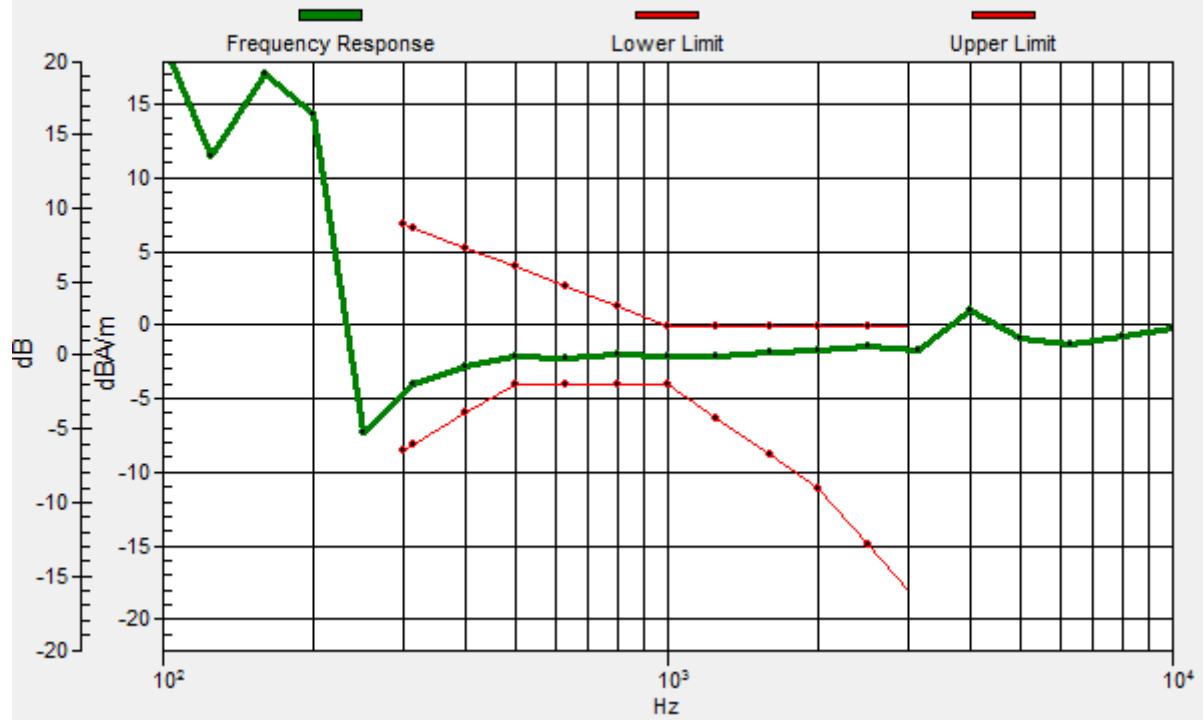
## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 40B_10M_QPSK_1RB_25offset_12.2Kbps_Ch39220_Y

Communication System: UID 10237 - CAB, LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK);
Frequency: 2355 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:10̸;

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch39200/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 39.19 dB
ABM1 comp = -8.31 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.04 dB
Location: 4.2, 4.2, 3.7 mm
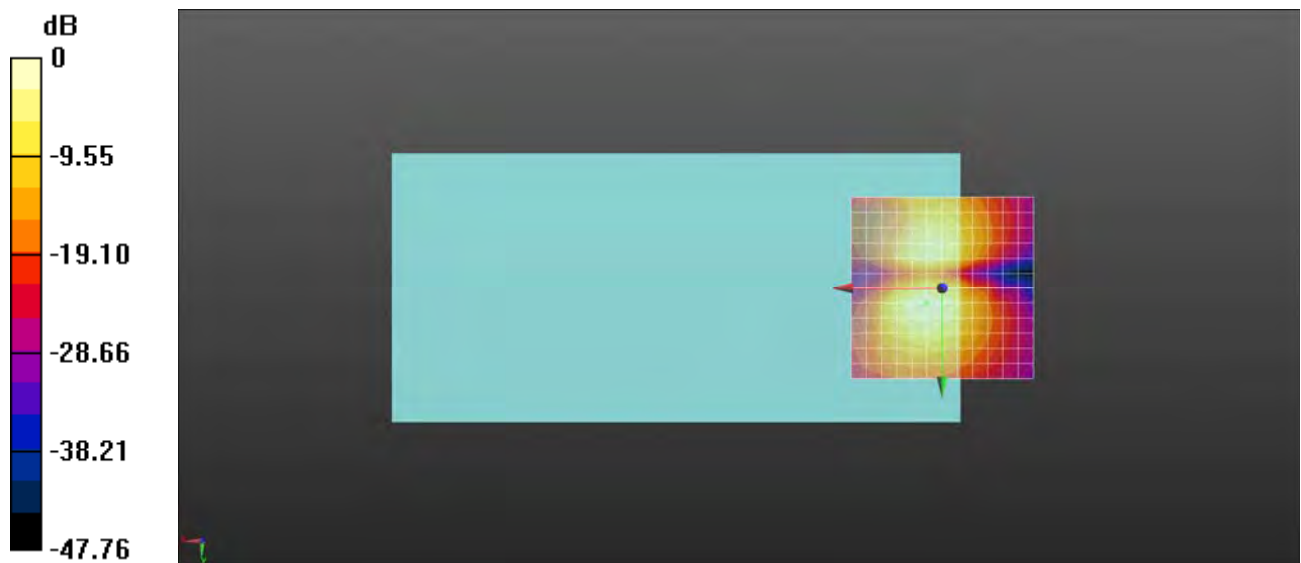


0 dB = 91.13 = 39.19 dB

## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 41_20M_QPSK_1RB_99offset_12.2Kbps_Ch40740_Z

Communication System: UID 10103 - CAB, LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 2605 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:10̸7;

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

## Ch40740/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 41.80 dB
ABM1 comp = -2.09 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.04 dB
Location: 4.2, 0, 3.7 mm
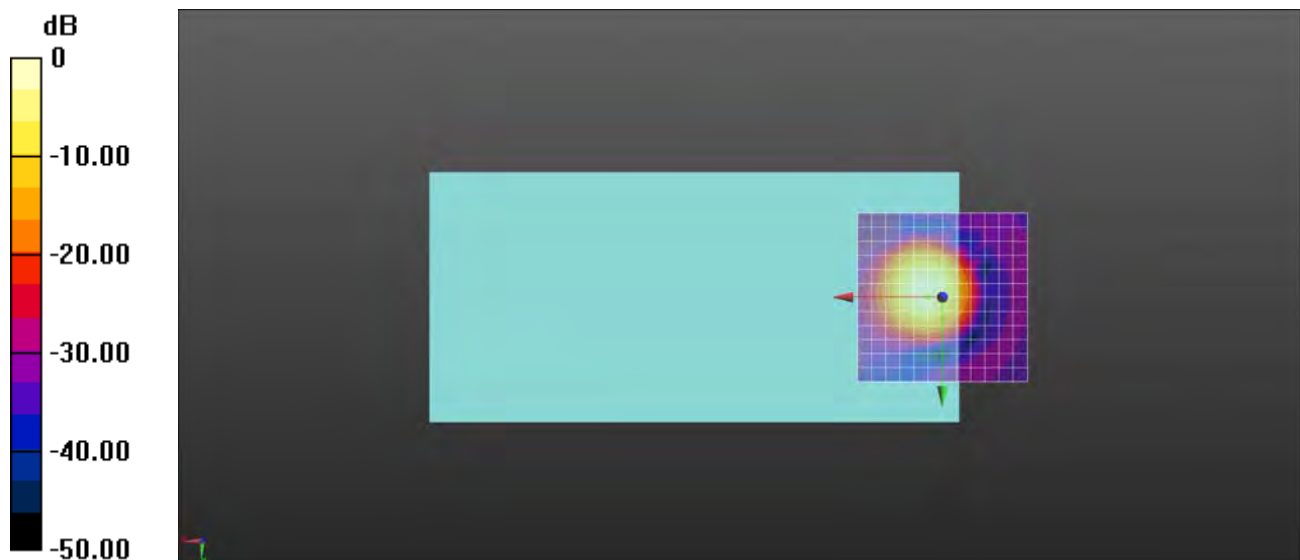


0 dB = 123.0 = 41.80 dB

Ch40740/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)
Loc: 4.2, 0, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.59dB
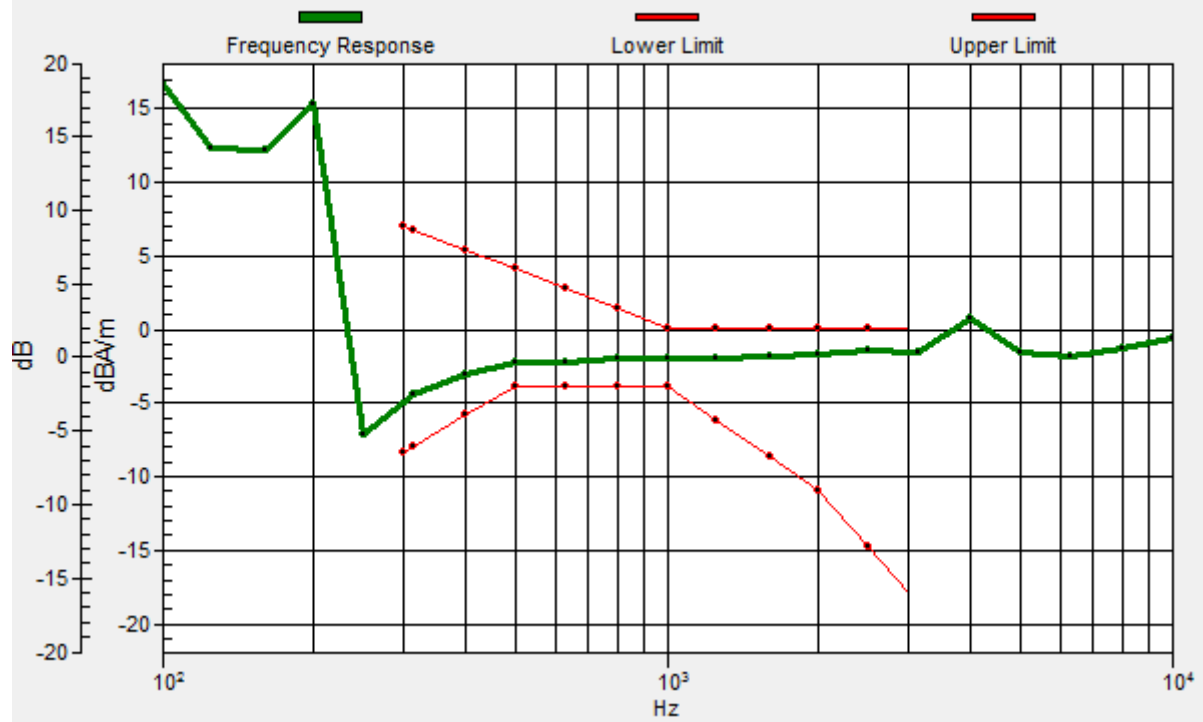
## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 41_20M_QPSK_1RB_99offset_12.2Kbps_Ch40740_Y

Communication System: UID 10103 - CAB, LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 2605 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:10̸;

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch40740/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 38.03 dB
ABM1 comp = -7.92 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.04 dB
Location: 4.2, 4.2, 3.7 mm
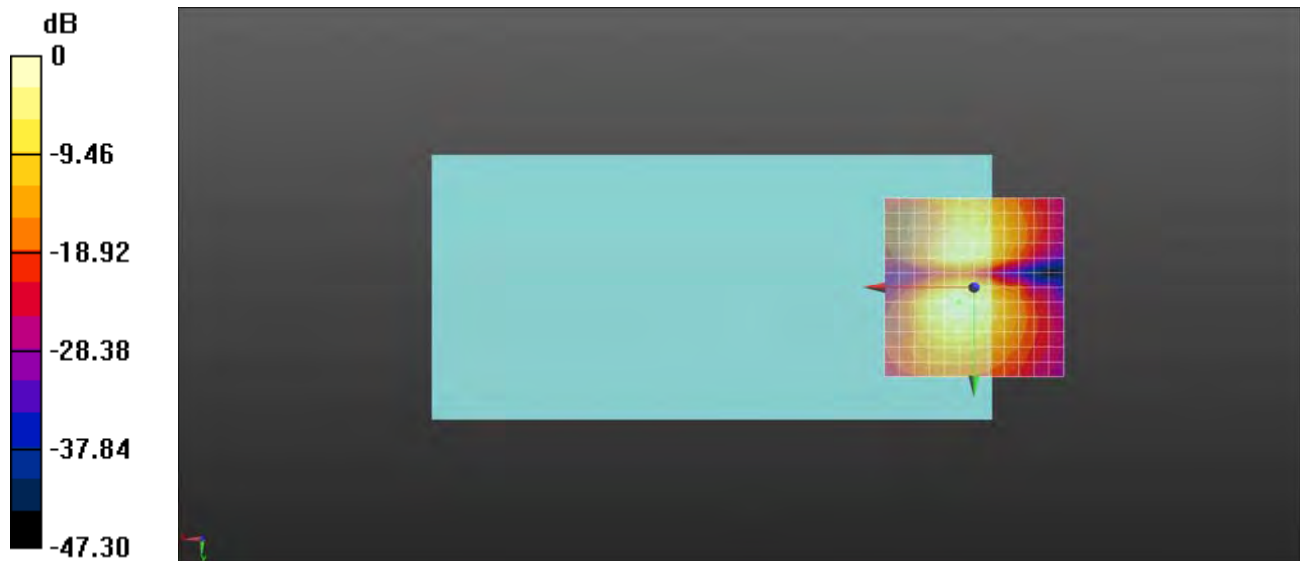


0 dB = 79.66 = 38.02 dB

## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 66_20M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_12.2Kbps_Ch132322_Z

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, QPSK) (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch132322/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 40.92 dB
ABM1 comp = -8.18 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.03 dB
Location: 4.2, 4.2, 3.7 mm
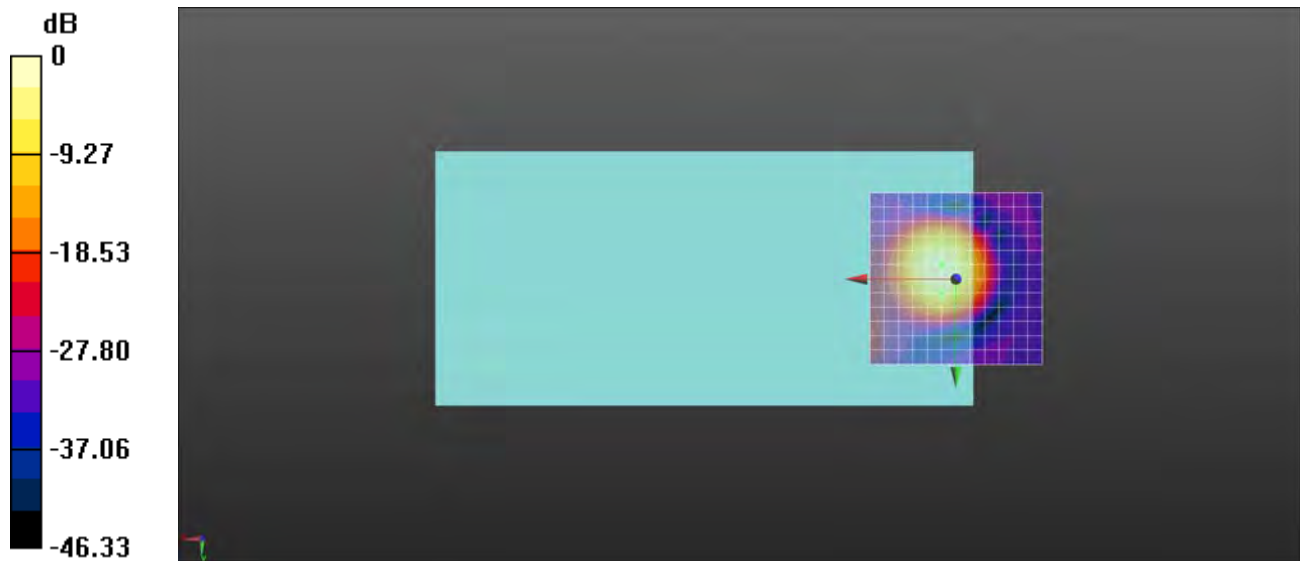


0 dB = 111.2 = 40.92 dB

Ch132322/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)
Loc: 4.2, 4.2, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.5dB

Frequency Response    Lower Limit    Upper Limit
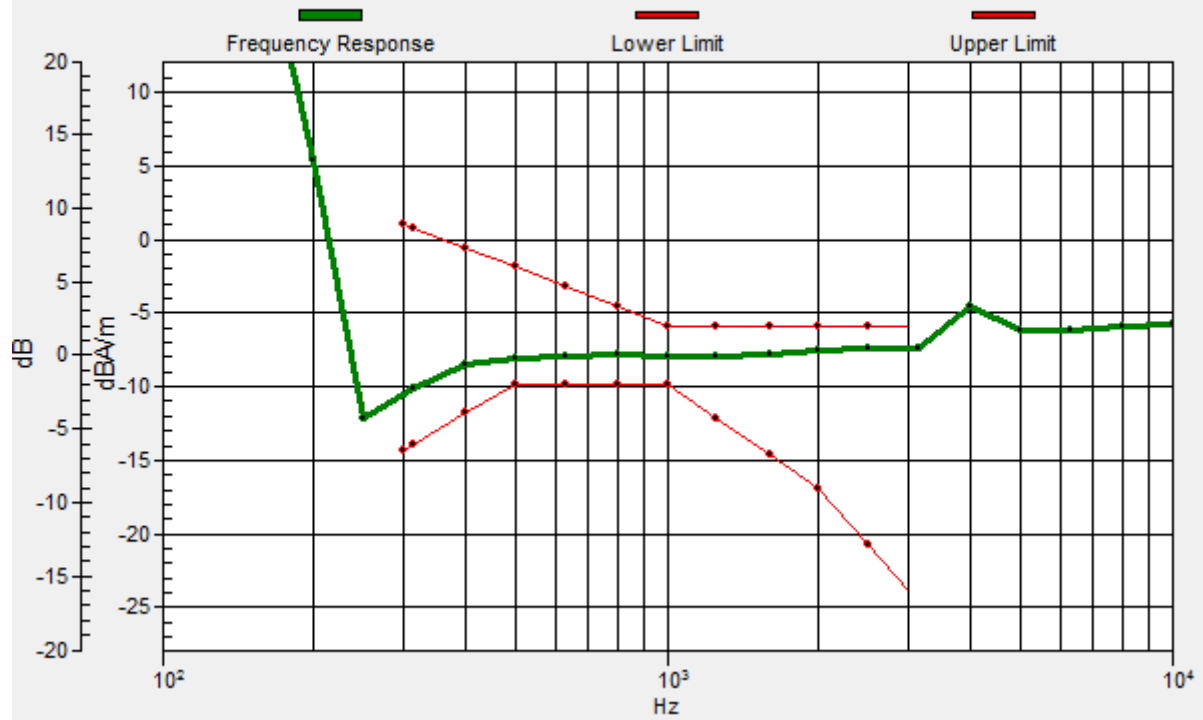
## HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 66_20M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_12.2Kbps_Ch132322_Y

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, QPSK) (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m$^3$

Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1048; ; Calibrated: 2018.10.24
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn480; Calibrated: 2019.04.11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### Ch132322/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement
grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 37.07 dB
ABM1 comp = -10.42 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.03 dB
Location: 4.2, 4.2, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 71.39 = 37.07 dB

# Annex D DASY Calibration Certificate

**MORLAB**

SHENZHEN MORLAB COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Co., Ltd.
FL1-3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang Road,
Block67, BaoAn District, ShenZhen , GuangDong Province, P. R. China

Tel: 86-755-36698555        Fax: 86-755-36698525

Http://www.morlab.cn        E-mail: service@morlab.cn

**Calibration Laboratory of**
**Schmid & Partner**
**Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

ilac-MRA

S  Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C  Service suisse d'étalonnage
C  Servizio svizzero di taratura
S  Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

**Accreditation No.: SCS 0108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

| Client | **Morlab-SZ (Auden)** | Certificate No: **AM1DV2-1048_Oct18** |
|---|---|---|

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

| | |
|---|---|
| Object | AM1DV2 - SN: 1048 |
| Calibration procedure(s) | **QA CAL-24.v4**<br>**Calibration procedure for AM1D magnetic field probes and TMFS in the audio range** |
| Calibration date: | **October 24, 2018** |

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|---|---|---|---|
| Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 | SN: 0810278 | 03-Sep-18 (No. 23488) | Sep-19 |
| Reference Probe AM1DV2 | SN: 1008 | 03-Jan-18 (No. AM1DV2-1008_Jan18) | Jan-19 |
| DAE4 | SN: 781 | 17-Jan-18 (No. DAE4-781_Jan18) | Jan-19 |

| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
|---|---|---|---|
| AMCC | SN: 1050 | 01-Oct-13 (in house check Oct-17) | Oct-19 |
| AMMI Audio Measuring Instrument | SN: 1062 | 26-Sep-12 (in house check Oct-17) | Oct-19 |

| | Name | Function | Signature |
|---|---|---|---|
| Calibrated by: | Leif Klysner | Laboratory Technician | |
| Approved by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | |

Issued: October 25, 2018

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

[References

[1]     ANSI-C63.19-2007
        American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless
        Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.
[2]     ANSI-C63.19-2011
        American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless
        Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.
[3]     DASY5 manual, Chapter: Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) T-Coil Extension

## Description of the AM1D probe

The AM1D Audio Magnetic Field Probe is a fully shielded magnetic field probe for the frequency range from 100 Hz to 20 kHz. The pickup coil is compliant with the dimensional requirements of [1+2]. The probe includes a symmetric low noise amplifier for the signal available at the shielded 3 pin connector at the side. Power is supplied via the same connector (phantom power supply) and monitored via the LED near the connector. The 7 pin connector at the end of the probe does not carry any signals, but determines the angle of the sensor when mounted on the DAE. The probe supports mechanical detection of the surface.

The single sensor in the probe is arranged in a tilt angle allowing measurement of 3 orthogonal field components when rotating the probe by 120° around its axis. It is aligned with the perpendicular component of the field, if the probe axis is tilted nominally 35.3° above the measurement plane, using the connector rotation and sensor angle stated below.

The probe is fully RF shielded when operated with the matching signal cable (shielded) and allows measurement of audio magnetic fields in the close vicinity of RF emitting wireless devices according to [1+2] without additional shielding.

## Handling of the item

The probe is manufactured from stainless steel. In order to maintain the performance and calibration of the probe, it must not be opened. The probe is designed for operation in air and shall not be exposed to humidity or liquids. For proper operation of the surface detection and emergency stop functions in a DASY system, the probe must be operated with the special probe cup provided (larger diameter).

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *Coordinate System:* The AM1D probe is mounted in the DASY system for operation with a HAC Test Arch phantom with AMCC Helmholtz calibration coil according to [3], with the tip pointing to "southwest" orientation.

- *Functional Test:* The functional test preceding calibration includes test of
  Noise level
  RF immunity (1kHz AM modulated signal). The shield of the probe cable must be well connected.
  Frequency response verification from 100 Hz to 10 kHz.

- *Connector Rotation:* The connector at the end of the probe does not carry any signals and is used for fixation to the DAE only. The probe is operated in the center of the AMCC Helmholtz coil using a 1 kHz magnetic field signal. Its angle is determined from the two minima at nominally +120° and −120° rotation, so the sensor in the tip of the probe is aligned to the vertical plane in z-direction, corresponding to the field maximum in the AMCC Helmholtz calibration coil.

- *Sensor Angle:* The sensor tilting in the vertical plane from the ideal vertical direction is determined from the two minima at nominally +120° and −120°. DASY system uses this angle to align the sensor for radial measurements to the x and y axis in the horizontal plane.

*Sensitivity:* With the probe sensor aligned to the z-field in the AMCC, the output of the probe is compared to the magnetic field in the AMCC at 1 kHz. The field in the AMCC Helmholtz coil is given by the geometry and the current through the coil, which is monitored on the precision shunt resistor of the coil.

## AM1D probe identification and configuration data

| Item | **AM1DV2** Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe |
|------|------------------------------------------|
| Type No | SP AM1 001 AF |
| Serial No | **1048** |

| Overall length | 296 mm |
|----------------|--------|
| Tip diameter | 6.0 mm (at the tip) |
| Sensor offset | 3.0 mm (centre of sensor from tip) |
| Internal Amplifier | 40 dB |

| Manufacturer / Origin | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG, Zurich, Switzerland |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------|

## Calibration data

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Connector rotation angle | (in DASY system) | **63.8 °** | +/- 3.6 ° (k=2) |
| Sensor angle | (in DASY system) | **4.06 °** | +/- 0.5 ° (k=2) |
| Sensitivity at 1 kHz | (in DASY system) | **0.0630 V / (A/m)** | +/- 2.2 % (k=2) |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

**Calibration Laboratory of**
**Schmid & Partner**
**Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

**ilac-MRA**

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client      **Morlab (Auden)**

Certificate No: **DAE4-480_Apr19**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

| Object | DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BJ - SN: 480 |
|---|---|
| Calibration procedure(s) | QA CAL-06.v29<br>Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE) |
| Calibration date: | April 11, 2019 |

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|---|---|---|---|
| Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 | SN: 0810278 | 03-Sep-18 (No:23488) | Sep-19 |

| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
|---|---|---|---|
| Auto DAE Calibration Unit | SE UWS 053 AA 1001 | 07-Jan-19 (in house check) | In house check: Jan-20 |
| Calibrator Box V2.1 | SE UMS 006 AA 1002 | 07-Jan-19 (in house check) | In house check: Jan-20 |

| | Name | Function | Signature |
|---|---|---|---|
| Calibrated by: | Adrian Gehring | Laboratory Technician | |
| Approved by: | Sven Kühn | Deputy Manager | |

Issued: April 11, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)        Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

## Glossary

DAE                          data acquisition electronics
Connector angle      information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot
                               coordinate system.

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.

- *Connector angle:* The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.

- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.

  - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.

  - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.

  - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.

  - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage

  - *Input Offset Measurement:* Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.

  - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.

  - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.

  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.

  - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

## DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| High Range: | 1LSB = | 6.1µV , | full range = -100...+300 mV |
| Low Range: | 1LSB = | 61nV , | full range = -1.......+3mV |

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| Calibration Factors | X | Y | Z |
|---|---|---|---|
| High Range | 404.623 ± 0.02% (k=2) | 404.069 ± 0.02% (k=2) | 404.429 ± 0.02% (k=2) |
| Low Range | 3.95542 ± 1.50% (k=2) | 3.94990 ± 1.50% (k=2) | 3.93793 ± 1.50% (k=2) |

## Connector Angle

| Connector Angle to be used in DASY system | 138.0 ° ± 1 ° |
|---|---|

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

## 1. DC Voltage Linearity

| High Range | | Reading (μV) | Difference (μV) | Error (%) |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Channel X | + Input | 200025.15 | -7.75 | -0.00 |
| Channel X | + Input | 20010.70 | 5.66 | 0.03 |
| Channel X | - Input | -20002.29 | 3.03 | -0.02 |
| Channel Y | + Input | 200031.02 | -1.68 | -0.00 |
| Channel Y | + Input | 20009.03 | 4.11 | 0.02 |
| Channel Y | - Input | -20003.75 | 1.67 | -0.01 |
| Channel Z | + Input | 200037.99 | 5.34 | 0.00 |
| Channel Z | + Input | 20008.17 | 3.28 | 0.02 |
| Channel Z | - Input | -20003.72 | 1.83 | -0.01 |

| Low Range | | Reading (μV) | Difference (μV) | Error (%) |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Channel X | + Input | 2000.99 | -0.02 | -0.00 |
| Channel X | + Input | 201.69 | 0.59 | 0.29 |
| Channel X | - Input | -198.21 | 0.80 | -0.40 |
| Channel Y | + Input | 2000.23 | -0.68 | -0.03 |
| Channel Y | + Input | 200.41 | -0.59 | -0.29 |
| Channel Y | - Input | -199.51 | -0.44 | 0.22 |
| Channel Z | + Input | 2001.10 | 0.17 | 0.01 |
| Channel Z | + Input | 200.14 | -0.85 | -0.42 |
| Channel Z | - Input | -200.05 | -0.99 | 0.50 |

## 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| | Common mode Input Voltage (mV) | High Range Average Reading (μV) | Low Range Average Reading (μV) |
|---|---|---|---|
| Channel X | 200 | 6.28 | 4.13 |
| | - 200 | -2.29 | -3.80 |
| Channel Y | 200 | -1.73 | -1.78 |
| | - 200 | 0.87 | 0.61 |
| Channel Z | 200 | 10.44 | 10.41 |
| | - 200 | -12.35 | -12.37 |

## 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| | Input Voltage (mV) | Channel X (μV) | Channel Y (μV) | Channel Z (μV) |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Channel X | 200 | - | 3.69 | -2.19 |
| Channel Y | 200 | 8.09 | - | 3.64 |
| Channel Z | 200 | 7.06 | 5.20 | - |

## 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted
DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|  | High Range (LSB) | Low Range (LSB) |
|---|---|---|
| Channel X | 15805 | 17908 |
| Channel Y | 15802 | 17649 |
| Channel Z | 15727 | 16748 |

## 5. Input Offset Measurement
DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec
Input 10MΩ

|  | Average (µV) | min. Offset (µV) | max. Offset (µV) | Std. Deviation (µV) |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Channel X | 0.94 | -0.16 | 2.05 | 0.39 |
| Channel Y | 0.33 | -0.86 | 1.28 | 0.45 |
| Channel Z | 1.53 | 0.63 | 2.34 | 0.36 |

## 6. Input Offset Current
Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

## 7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

|  | Zeroing (kOhm) | Measuring (MOhm) |
|---|---|---|
| Channel X | 200 | 200 |
| Channel Y | 200 | 200 |
| Channel Z | 200 | 200 |

## 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

| Typical values | Alarm Level (VDC) |
|---|---|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +7.9 |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -7.6 |

## 9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

| Typical values | Switched off (mA) | Stand by (mA) | Transmitting (mA) |
|---|---|---|---|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +0.01 | +6 | +14 |
| Supply (- Vcc) | −0.01 | -8 | -9 |