

FCC Measurement/Technical Report on

GEN3 MID BC7

Automotive Infotainment Unit w/ Bluetooth & WLAN

FCC ID: 2AHPN-BE2822

IC: 6434C-BE2822

Test Report Reference: MDE_HARMAN_1702_FCCf

Test Laboratory:

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40880 Ratingen
Germany



Deutsche
Akkreditierungsstelle
D-PL-12140-01-00

Note:

The following test results relate only to the devices specified in this document. This report shall not be reproduced in parts without the written approval of the test laboratory.

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1 APPLIED STANDARDS AND TEST SUMMARY

1.1 APPLIED STANDARDS

Type of Authorization

Certification for an Intentional Radiator (Digital Device / Spread Spectrum).

Applicable FCC Rules

Prepared in accordance with the requirements of FCC Rules and Regulations as listed in 47 CFR Ch.1 Parts 2 (10-1-15 Edition) and 15 (10-1-15 Edition). The following subparts are applicable to the results in this test report.

Part 2, Subpart J - Equipment Authorization Procedures, Certification

Part 15, Subpart C – Intentional Radiators

§ 15.201 Equipment authorization requirement

§ 15.207 Conducted limits

§ 15.209 Radiated emission limits; general requirements

Part 15, Subpart E – Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure Devices

§ 15.403 Definitions

§ 15.407 General technical requirements

Note:

The tests were selected and performed with reference to the FCC Public Notice "Guidelines for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices - Part 15, Subpart E, 789033 D02 General U-NII Test Procedures v01r03, 2016-08-22".

ANSI C63.10-2013 is applied.

FCC ET Docket No. 13-49, FIRST REPORT AND ORDER, April 1, 2014 ("new rules") is applied.

Summary Test Results:

The EUT complied with all performed tests as listed in chapter 1.3 Measurement Summary / Signatures.

1.2 FCC-IC CORRELATION TABLE

Correlation of measurement requirements for UNII / LE-LAN (e.g. WLAN 5 GHz) equipment from FCC and IC

UNII equipment

Measurement	FCC reference	IC reference
Conducted emissions on AC Mains	§ 15.207	RSS-Gen Issue 4: 8.8
Occupied bandwidth	§ 15.403 (i) (26 dB) / § 15.407 (e) (6 dB)	RSS-247 Issue 1: 6.2.1 (1), 6.2.2 (1), 6.2.3 (1) (99%) RSS-247 Issue 1: 6.2.4 (1) (6 dB)
Maximum conducted output power	§ 15.407 (a) (1),(2),(3),(4)	RSS-247 Issue 1: : 6.2.1 (1), 6.2.2 (1), 6.2.3 (1), 6.2.4 (1)
Maximum power spectral density	§ 15.407 (a) (1),(2),(3),(5)	RSS-247 Issue 1: : 6.2.1 (1), 6.2.2 (1), 6.2.3 (1), 6.2.4 (1)
Transmitter undesirable emissions; General Field Strength Limits, Restricted Bands	15.407 (b) § 15.209 (a)	RSS-Gen Issue 4: 6.13/8.9/8.10; RSS-247 Issue 1: : 6.2.1 (2), 6.2.2 (2), 6.2.3 (2), 6.2.4 (2)
Frequency stability	§ 15.407 (g)	RSS-Gen Issue 4: 6.11/8.11
Transmit Power Control (TPC) and Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS)	§ 15.407 (h)	RSS-247 Issue 1: 6.2.2 (1), 6.2.3 (1), 6.3
Antenna requirement	§ 15.203 / 15.204	RSS-Gen Issue 4: 8.3
Receiver spurious emissions	-	-

1.3 MEASUREMENT SUMMARY / SIGNATURES

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart E §15.407

FCC §15.31, §15.403 (i)

26 dB Bandwidth

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

Final Result

OP-Mode

Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Subband

OP-Mode	Setup	FCC	IC
WLAN a, high, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	performed	N/A
WLAN a, high, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	performed	N/A
WLAN a, low, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	performed	N/A
WLAN a, low, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	performed	N/A
WLAN a, mid, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	performed	N/A
WLAN a, mid, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	performed	N/A
WLAN ac 20 MHz, high, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	performed	N/A
WLAN ac 20 MHz, high, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	performed	N/A
WLAN ac 20 MHz, low, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	performed	N/A
WLAN ac 20 MHz, low, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	performed	N/A
WLAN ac 20 MHz, mid, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	performed	N/A
WLAN ac 20 MHz, mid, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	performed	N/A
WLAN ac 40 MHz, high, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	performed	N/A
WLAN ac 40 MHz, high, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	performed	N/A
WLAN ac 40 MHz, low, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	performed	N/A
WLAN ac 40 MHz, low, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	performed	N/A
WLAN ac 80 MHz, mid, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	performed	N/A
WLAN ac 80 MHz, mid, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	performed	N/A
WLAN n 20 MHz, high, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	performed	N/A
WLAN n 20 MHz, high, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	performed	N/A
WLAN n 20 MHz, low, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	performed	N/A
WLAN n 20 MHz, low, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	performed	N/A
WLAN n 20 MHz, mid, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	performed	N/A
WLAN n 20 MHz, mid, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	performed	N/A
WLAN n 40 MHz, high, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	performed	N/A
WLAN n 40 MHz, high, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	performed	N/A
WLAN n 40 MHz, low, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	performed	N/A
WLAN n 40 MHz, low, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	performed	N/A

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart E
§15.407

FCC §15.31, §15.407 (e)

6 dB Bandwidth

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

Final Result

OP-Mode

Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Subband

WLAN a, high, U-NII-3

Setup

NA-MID-COND

FCC

Passed

IC

Passed

WLAN a, low, U-NII-3

NA-MID-COND

Passed

Passed

WLAN a, mid, U-NII-3

NA-MID-COND

Passed

Passed

WLAN ac 20 MHz, high, U-NII-3

NA-MID-COND

Passed

Passed

WLAN ac 20 MHz, low, U-NII-3

NA-MID-COND

Passed

Passed

WLAN ac 20 MHz, mid, U-NII-3

NA-MID-COND

Passed

Passed

WLAN ac 40 MHz, high, U-NII-3

NA-MID-COND

Passed

Passed

WLAN ac 40 MHz, low, U-NII-3

NA-MID-COND

Passed

Passed

WLAN ac 80 MHz, mid, U-NII-3

NA-MID-COND

Passed

Passed

WLAN n 20 MHz, high, U-NII-3

NA-MID-COND

Passed

Passed

WLAN n 20 MHz, low, U-NII-3

NA-MID-COND

Passed

Passed

WLAN n 20 MHz, mid, U-NII-3

NA-MID-COND

Passed

Passed

WLAN n 40 MHz, high, U-NII-3

NA-MID-COND

Passed

Passed

WLAN n 40 MHz, low, U-NII-3

NA-MID-COND

Passed

Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart E
§15.407

FCC §15.31, IC RSS 247 Ch.
6.2.x

99 % Bandwidth

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

Final Result

OP-Mode

Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Subband

WLAN a, high, U-NII-1

Setup

NA-MID-COND

FCC

N/A

IC

performed

WLAN a, high, U-NII-3

NA-MID-COND

N/A

performed

WLAN a, low, U-NII-1

NA-MID-COND

N/A

performed

WLAN a, low, U-NII-3

NA-MID-COND

N/A

performed

WLAN a, mid, U-NII-1

NA-MID-COND

N/A

performed

WLAN a, mid, U-NII-3

NA-MID-COND

N/A

performed

WLAN ac 20 MHz, high, U-NII-1

NA-MID-COND

N/A

performed

WLAN ac 20 MHz, high, U-NII-3

NA-MID-COND

N/A

performed

WLAN ac 20 MHz, low, U-NII-1

NA-MID-COND

N/A

performed

WLAN ac 20 MHz, low, U-NII-3

NA-MID-COND

N/A

performed

WLAN ac 20 MHz, mid, U-NII-1

NA-MID-COND

N/A

performed

WLAN ac 20 MHz, mid, U-NII-3

NA-MID-COND

N/A

performed

WLAN ac 40 MHz, high, U-NII-1

NA-MID-COND

N/A

performed

WLAN ac 40 MHz, high, U-NII-3

NA-MID-COND

N/A

performed

WLAN ac 40 MHz, low, U-NII-1

NA-MID-COND

N/A

performed

WLAN ac 40 MHz, low, U-NII-3

NA-MID-COND

N/A

performed

WLAN ac 80 MHz, mid, U-NII-1

NA-MID-COND

N/A

performed

WLAN ac 80 MHz, mid, U-NII-3

NA-MID-COND

N/A

performed

WLAN n 20 MHz, high, U-NII-1

NA-MID-COND

N/A

performed

WLAN n 20 MHz, high, U-NII-3

NA-MID-COND

N/A

performed

WLAN n 20 MHz, low, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	N/A	performed
WLAN n 20 MHz, low, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	N/A	performed
WLAN n 20 MHz, mid, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	N/A	performed
WLAN n 20 MHz, mid, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	N/A	performed
WLAN n 40 MHz, high, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	N/A	performed
WLAN n 40 MHz, high, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	N/A	performed
WLAN n 40 MHz, low, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	N/A	performed
WLAN n 40 MHz, low, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	N/A	performed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart E §15.407

FCC §15.31, §15.407 (a)(1)

Maximum Conducted Output Power

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

Final Result

OP-Mode

Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Subband

OP-Mode	Setup	FCC	IC
WLAN a, high, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, high, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, low, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, low, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, mid, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, mid, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN ac 20 MHz, high, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN ac 20 MHz, high, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN ac 20 MHz, low, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN ac 20 MHz, low, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN ac 20 MHz, mid, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN ac 20 MHz, mid, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN ac 40 MHz, high, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN ac 40 MHz, high, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN ac 40 MHz, low, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN ac 40 MHz, low, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN ac 80 MHz, mid, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN ac 80 MHz, mid, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, high, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, high, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, low, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, low, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, mid, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, mid, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 40 MHz, high, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 40 MHz, high, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 40 MHz, low, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 40 MHz, low, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart E
§15.407
FCC §15.31, §15.407 (a)
(1),(5)

Peak Power Spectral Density

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

Final Result
OP-Mode

Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Subband

	Setup	FCC	IC
WLAN a, high, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, high, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, low, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, low, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, mid, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, mid, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN ac 20 MHz, high, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN ac 20 MHz, high, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN ac 20 MHz, low, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN ac 20 MHz, low, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN ac 20 MHz, mid, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN ac 20 MHz, mid, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN ac 40 MHz, high, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN ac 40 MHz, high, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN ac 40 MHz, low, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN ac 40 MHz, low, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN ac 80 MHz, mid, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN ac 80 MHz, mid, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, high, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, high, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, low, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, low, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, mid, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, mid, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 40 MHz, high, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 40 MHz, high, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 40 MHz, low, U-NII-1	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 40 MHz, low, U-NII-3	NA-MID-COND	Passed	Passed

**47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart E
§15.407**

**FCC §15.407 (b),
(1),(2),(3),(4); FCC §15.205,
§15.209, §15.407 (b) (5),(6)**

Undesirable Emissions; General Field Strength Limits

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

Final Result

OP-Mode

Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Measurement range, Subband

Setup

FCC

IC

WLAN a, high, 1GHz - 26GHz, U-NII-1	NA-MID-RAD	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, high, 1GHz - 26GHz, U-NII-3	NA-MID-RAD	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, low, 1GHz - 26GHz, U-NII-1	NA-MID-RAD	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, low, 1GHz - 26GHz, U-NII-3	NA-MID-RAD	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, low, 9kHz - 30MHz, U-NII-1	NA-MID-RAD	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, mid, 1GHz - 26GHz, U-NII-1	NA-MID-RAD	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, mid, 1GHz - 26GHz, U-NII-3	NA-MID-RAD	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, mid, 26GHz - 40GHz, U-NII-1	NA-MID-RAD	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, mid, 26GHz - 40GHz, U-NII-3	NA-MID-RAD	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, mid, 30MHz - 1GHz, U-NII-1	NA-MID-RAD	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, mid, 30MHz - 1GHz, U-NII-3	NA-MID-RAD	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, high, 1GHz - 18GHz, U-NII-1	NA-MID-RAD	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, high, 1GHz - 18GHz, U-NII-3	NA-MID-RAD	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, low, 1GHz - 18GHz, U-NII-1	NA-MID-RAD	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, low, 1GHz - 18GHz, U-NII-3	NA-MID-RAD	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, mid, 1GHz - 18GHz, U-NII-1	NA-MID-RAD	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, mid, 1GHz - 18GHz, U-NII-3	NA-MID-RAD	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 40 MHz, high, 1GHz - 18GHz, U-NII-1	NA-HIGH-RAD	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 40 MHz, high, 1GHz - 18GHz, U-NII-3	NA-HIGH-RAD	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 40 MHz, low, 1GHz - 18GHz, U-NII-1	NA-HIGH-RAD	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 40 MHz, low, 1GHz - 18GHz, U-NII-3	NA-HIGH-RAD	Passed	Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart E
§15.407

FCC §15.407 (b),
(1),(2),(3),(4)

Band Edge

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

Final Result

OP-Mode

Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Subband

WLAN a, high, U-NII-3

Setup

FCC

IC

NA-MID-RAD

Passed

Passed

WLAN a, low, U-NII-1

NA-MID-RAD

Passed

Passed

WLAN a, low, U-NII-3

NA-MID-RAD

Passed

Passed

WLAN ac 20 MHz, high, U-NII-3

NA-MID-RAD

Passed

Passed

WLAN ac 20 MHz, low, U-NII-1

NA-MID-RAD

Passed

Passed

WLAN ac 20 MHz, low, U-NII-3

NA-MID-RAD

Passed

Passed

WLAN ac 40 MHz, high, U-NII-3

NA-MID-RAD

Passed

Passed

WLAN ac 40 MHz, low, U-NII-1

NA-MID-RAD

Passed

Passed

WLAN ac 40 MHz, low, U-NII-3

NA-MID-RAD

Passed

Passed

WLAN ac 80 MHz, mid, U-NII-1

NA-MID-RAD

Passed

Passed

WLAN ac 80 MHz, mid, U-NII-3

NA-MID-RAD

Passed

Passed

WLAN n 20 MHz, high, U-NII-3

NA-HIGH-RAD

Passed

Passed

WLAN n 20 MHz, low, U-NII-1

NA-MID-RAD

Passed

Passed

WLAN n 20 MHz, low, U-NII-3

NA-MID-RAD

Passed

Passed

WLAN n 40 MHz, high, U-NII-3

NA-MID-RAD

Passed

Passed

WLAN n 40 MHz, low, U-NII-1

NA-HIGH-RAD

Passed

Passed

WLAN n 40 MHz, low, U-NII-3

NA-MID-RAD

Passed

Passed

(responsible for accreditation scope)
Dipl.-Ing. Marco Kullik

(responsible for testing and report)
B.Sc. Jens Dörwald

2 ADMINISTRATIVE DATA

2.1 TESTING LABORATORY

Company Name: 7layers GmbH
Address: Borsigstr. 11
40880 Ratingen
Germany

This facility has been fully described in a report submitted to the FCC and accepted under the registration number 929146.

This facility has been fully described in a report submitted to the IC and accepted under the registration number: Site# 3699A-1.

The test facility is also accredited by the following accreditation organisation:

Laboratory accreditation no: DAKKS D-PL-12140-01-00
Responsible for accreditation scope: Dipl.-Ing. Marco Kullik
Report Template Version: 2016-06-07

2.2 PROJECT DATA

Responsible for testing and report: B.Sc. Jens Dörwald
Employees who performed the tests: documented internally at 7Layers
Date of Report: 2017-03-20
Testing Period: 2017-03-09 to 2017-03-12

2.3 APPLICANT DATA

Company Name: Harman International Industries, Inc.
Address: 30001 Cabot Drive
Novi, MI 48377
USA
Contact Person:

2.4 MANUFACTURER DATA

Company Name: please see applicant data
Address:
Contact Person:

3 TEST OBJECT DATA

3.1 GENERAL EUT DESCRIPTION

Kind of Device product description	Automotive Infotainment Unit w/ Bluetooth & WLAN
Product name	GEN3 MID BC7
Declared EUT data by the supplier	
Voltage Type	DC
Voltage Level	13.2 V
Tested Modulation Type	DBPSK; OFDM:BPSK; OFDM:64-QAM
General product description	The EUT is a car radio infotainment system.
Specific product description	The EUT is a car radio infotainment system, it is using Bluetooth and WLAN radio technology in the 2.4 GHz ISM band and WLAN radio technology in the 5 GHz ISM band. In the 5 GHz ISM band the EUT supports the U-NII-1 and U-NII-3 band, the U-NII-2A and U-NII-2C bands are not supported.
Ports of the device	DC USB CAN AM/FM Rear View Camera Rear Seat Entertainment
Antenna	integral / 2.9 dBi for Subband U-NII-1 integral / 1.7 dBi for Subband U-NII-3
Tested Datarates	WLAN a-mode; 6 Mbit/s WLAN n-20-mode; 72.2 Mbit/s WLAN n-40-mode; 150 Mbit/s WLAN ac-20-mode; 108.4 Mbit/s WLAN ac-40-mode; 250 Mbit/s WLAN ac-80-mode; 541.6 Mbit/s
Special software used for testing	Special commands were send by a Telnet connection to the device to set it in local transmit mode.

The main components of the EUT are listed and described in chapter 3.2 EUT Main components.

3.2 EUT MAIN COMPONENTS

Sample Name	Sample Code	Description
DE1009020	ac01	conducted sample
Sample Parameter	Value	
Integral Antenna	deactivated	
Serial No.	SN028	
HW Version	1.6.8	
SW Version	2.17.02.00	
Comment	-	

Sample Name	Sample Code	Description
DE1009020	ab01	radiated sample
Sample Parameter	Value	
Integral Antenna	2.9 dBi for band U-NII-1/ 1.7 dBi for band U-NII-3	
Serial No.	SN026	
HW Version	1.6.8	
SW Version	2.17.02.00	
Comment	-	

NOTE: The short description is used to simplify the identification of the EUT in this test report.

3.3 ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT

For the purposes of this test report, ancillary equipment is defined as equipment which is used in conjunction with the EUT to provide operational and control features to the EUT. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But nevertheless Ancillary Equipment can influence the test results.

Device	Details (Manufacturer, Type Model, OUT Code)	Description
-	-	-

3.4 AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT

For the purposes of this test report, auxiliary equipment is defined as equipment which is used temporarily to enable operational and control features especially used for the tests of the EUT which is not used during normal operation or equipment that is used during the tests in combination with the EUT but is not subject of this test report. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But nevertheless Auxiliary Equipment can influence the test results.

Device	Details (Manufacturer, HW, SW, S/N)	Description
-	-	-

3.5 EUT SETUPS

This chapter describes the combination of EUTs and equipment used for testing. The rationale for selecting the EUTs, ancillary and auxiliary equipment and interconnecting cables, is to test a representative configuration meeting the requirements of the referenced standards.

Setup	Combination of EUTs	Description and Rationale
NA-MID-RAD	DE1009020ab01,	radiated sample
NA-MID-COND	DE1009020ac01,	conducted sample

3.6 OPERATING MODES

This chapter describes the operating modes of the EUTs used for testing.

3.6.1 TEST CHANNELS

20 MHz Test Channels:	U-NII-Subband 1 5150 - 5250 MHz			U-NII-Subband 2A 5250 - 5350 MHz			U-NII-Subband 2C 5470 - 5725 MHz			U-NII-Subband 3 5725 - 5850 MHz			Nom. BW 20 MHz
	low	mid	high	low	mid	high	low	mid	high	low	mid	high	Ch.-No.
	36	44	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	149	157	165	Ch.-No.
Channel: Frequency [MHz]	5180	5220	5240	-	-	-	-	-	-	5745	5785	5825	MHz
40 MHz Test Channels:	low	mid	high	low	mid	high	low	mid	high	low	mid	high	40 MHz Ch.-No.
	38	-	46	-	-	-	-	-	-	151	-	159	Ch.-No.
	5190	-	5230	-	-	-	-	-	-	5755	-	5795	MHz
80 MHz Test Channels:	low	mid	high	low	mid	high	low	mid	high	low	mid	high	80 MHz Ch.-No.
	42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	155	-	-	Ch.-No.
	5210	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5775	-	-	MHz

3.7 PRODUCT LABELLING

3.7.1 FCC ID LABEL

Please refer to the documentation of the applicant.

3.7.2 LOCATION OF THE LABEL ON THE EUT

Please refer to the documentation of the applicant.

4 TEST RESULTS

4.1 26 DB BANDWIDTH

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart E**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.1.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the occupied bandwidth measurements.

The reference level is the level of the highest amplitude signal observed from the transmitter at either the fundamental frequency or first-order modulation products in all typical modes of operation, including the unmodulated carrier, even if atypical.

The results recorded were measured with the modulation which produce the worst-case (widest) emission bandwidth.

The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): initially approx. 1 % of nominal emission bandwidth
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): > RBW
- Span: 30 / 60 / 100 MHz (for 20 / 40 / 80 MHz nominal bandwidth)
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: 2000
- Sweptime: 20 ms
- Detector: Sample

4.1.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart E, §15.403 (i)

There exist no applicable limits for the U-NII subbands 1, 2A and 2C. The test was performed to determine the limits for the "Maximum Conducted Output Power" test case. Therefore no result was applied.

4.1.3 TEST PROTOCOL

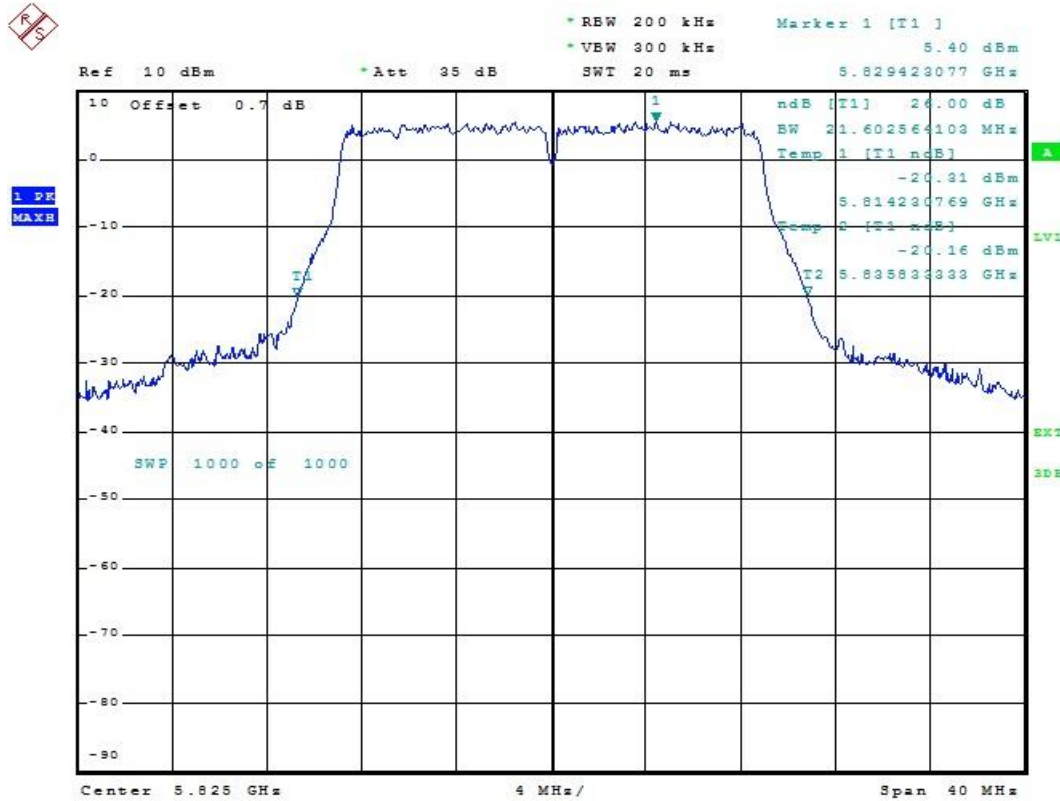
Ambient temperature: 25 °C
 Air Pressure: 1012 hPa
 Humidity: 35 %

Radio Technology	Operating Frequency	Subband	26 dB Bandwidth [MHz]
WLAN a	low	U-NII-1	21.41
WLAN a	mid	U-NII-1	21.47
WLAN a	high	U-NII-1	21.41
WLAN a	low	U-NII-3	21.41
WLAN a	mid	U-NII-3	21.41
WLAN a	high	U-NII-3	21.41
WLAN n 20 MHz	low	U-NII-1	21.67
WLAN n 20 MHz	mid	U-NII-1	21.67
WLAN n 20 MHz	high	U-NII-1	21.73
WLAN n 20 MHz	low	U-NII-3	21.60
WLAN n 20 MHz	mid	U-NII-3	21.60
WLAN n 20 MHz	high	U-NII-3	21.60
WLAN n 40 MHz	low	U-NII-1	39.33
WLAN n 40 MHz	high	U-NII-1	39.23
WLAN n 40 MHz	low	U-NII-3	39.33
WLAN n 40 MHz	high	U-NII-3	39.42
WLAN ac 20 MHz	low	U-NII-1	21.41
WLAN ac 20 MHz	mid	U-NII-1	21.41
WLAN ac 20 MHz	high	U-NII-1	21.41
WLAN ac 20 MHz	low	U-NII-3	21.41
WLAN ac 20 MHz	mid	U-NII-3	21.47
WLAN ac 20 MHz	high	U-NII-3	21.41
WLAN ac 40 MHz	low	U-NII-1	39.52
WLAN ac 40 MHz	high	U-NII-1	39.33
WLAN ac 40 MHz	low	U-NII-3	39.52
WLAN ac 40 MHz	high	U-NII-3	39.52
WLAN ac 80 MHz	mid	U-NII-1	79.65
WLAN ac 80 MHz	mid	U-NII-3	79.81

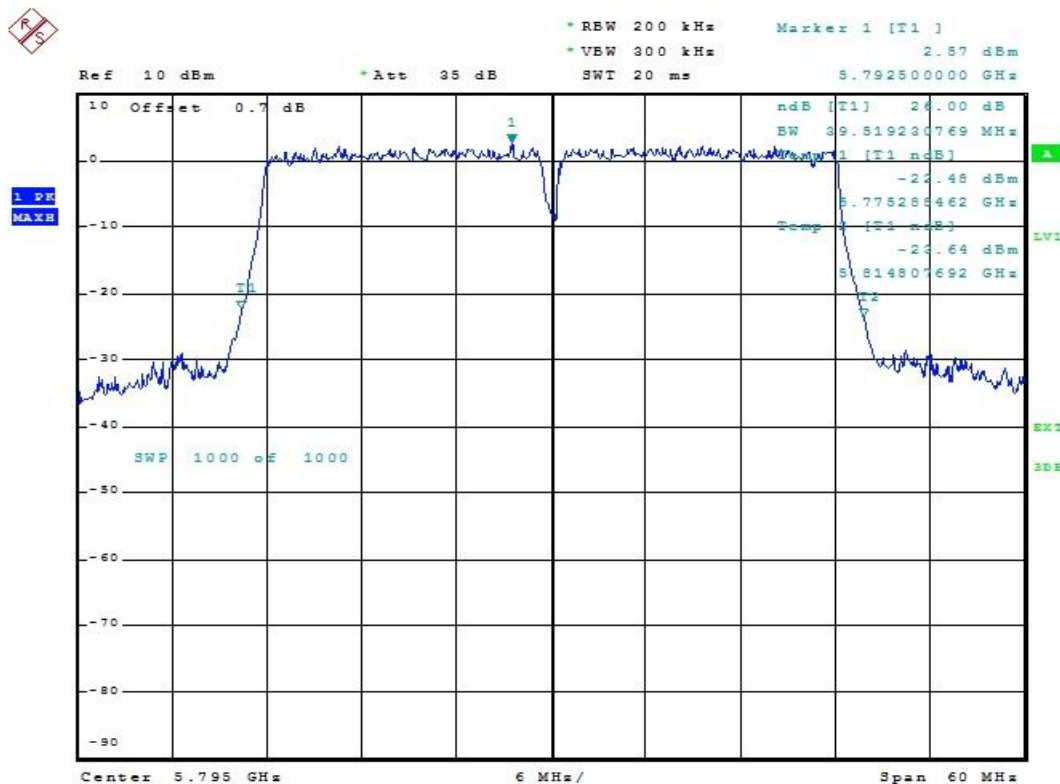
Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.1.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

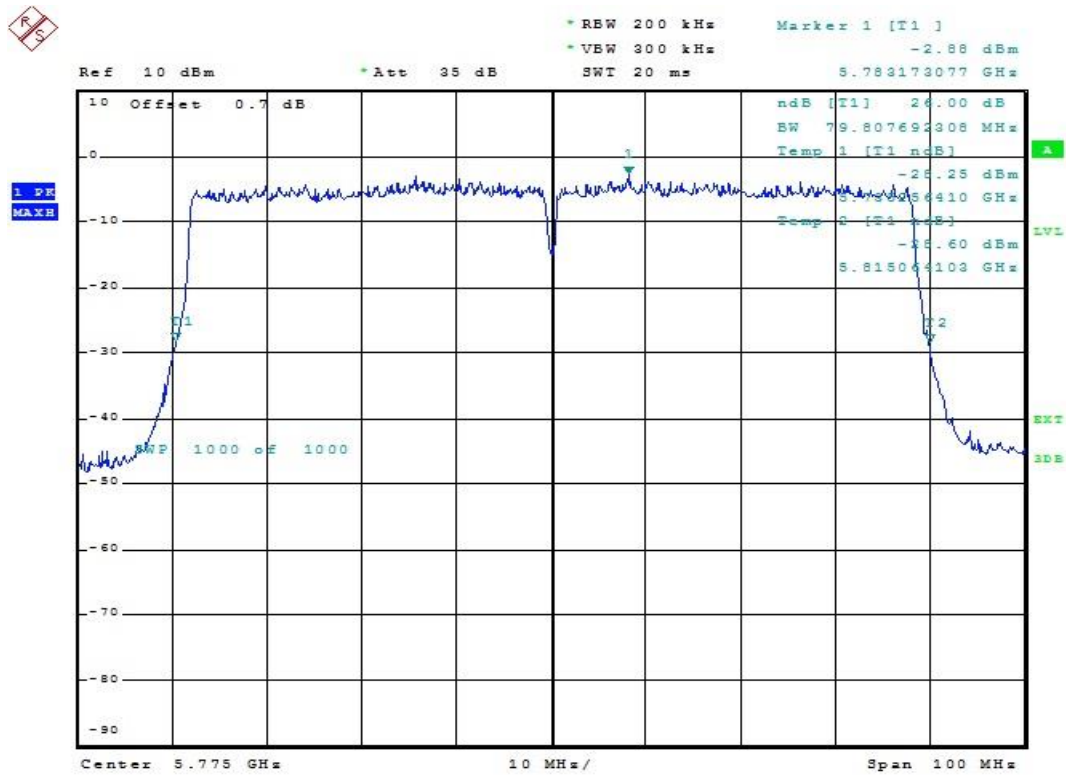
Radio Technology = WLAN n 20 MHz, Subband = U-NII-1, Operating Frequency = high



Radio Technology = WLAN ac 40 MHz, Subband = U-NII-3, Operating Frequency = high



Radio Technology = WLAN ac 80 MHz, Subband = U-NII-3, Operating Frequency = mid



4.1.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

Regulatory WLAN RF Test Solution

4.2 6 DB BANDWIDTH

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart E**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.2.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was setup in a shielded room to perform the occupied bandwidth measurements.

The reference level is the level of the highest amplitude signal observed from the transmitter at either the fundamental frequency or first-order modulation products in all typical modes of operation, including the unmodulated carrier, even if atypical.

The results recorded were measured with the modulation which produce the worst-case (smallest) emission bandwidth.

The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 100 kHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 300 kHz
- Span: 30 / 50 / 100 MHz (for 20 / 40 / 80 MHz nominal bandwidth)
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: 2000
- Sweep time: 20 ms
- Detector: Peak

4.2.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart E, §15.407 (e)

Within the 5.725-5.850 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

4.2.3 TEST PROTOCOL

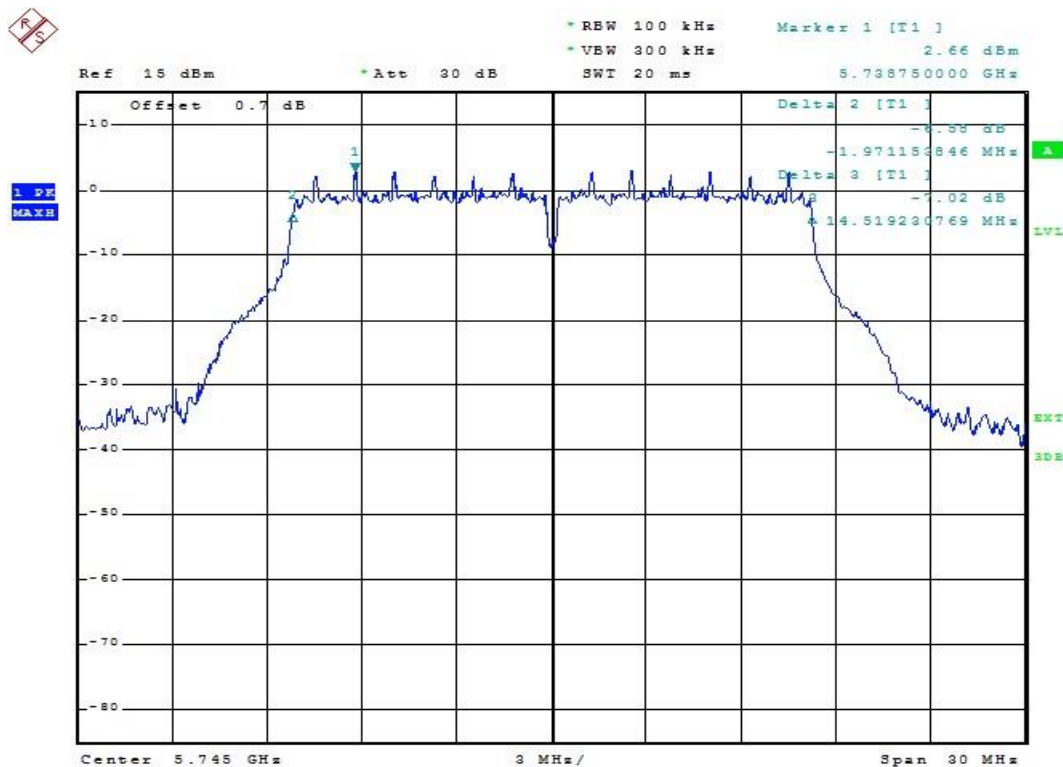
Ambient temperature: 25 °C
Air Pressure: 1012 hPa
Humidity: 35 %

Radio Technology	Operating Frequency	6 dB Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Margin [MHz]
WLAN a	low	16.490	0.500	15.990
WLAN a	mid	16.556	0.500	16.056
WLAN a	high	16.490	0.500	15.990
WLAN n 20 MHz	low	17.836	0.500	17.336
WLAN n 20 MHz	mid	17.836	0.500	17.336
WLAN n 20 MHz	high	17.884	0.500	17.384
WLAN n 40 MHz	low	36.618	0.500	36.118
WLAN n 40 MHz	high	36.618	0.500	36.118
WLAN ac 20 MHz	low	17.836	0.500	17.336
WLAN ac 20 MHz	mid	17.836	0.500	17.336
WLAN ac 20 MHz	high	17.836	0.500	17.336
WLAN ac 40 MHz	low	36.618	0.500	36.118
WLAN ac 40 MHz	high	36.698	0.500	36.198
WLAN ac 80 MHz	mid	76.922	0.500	76.422

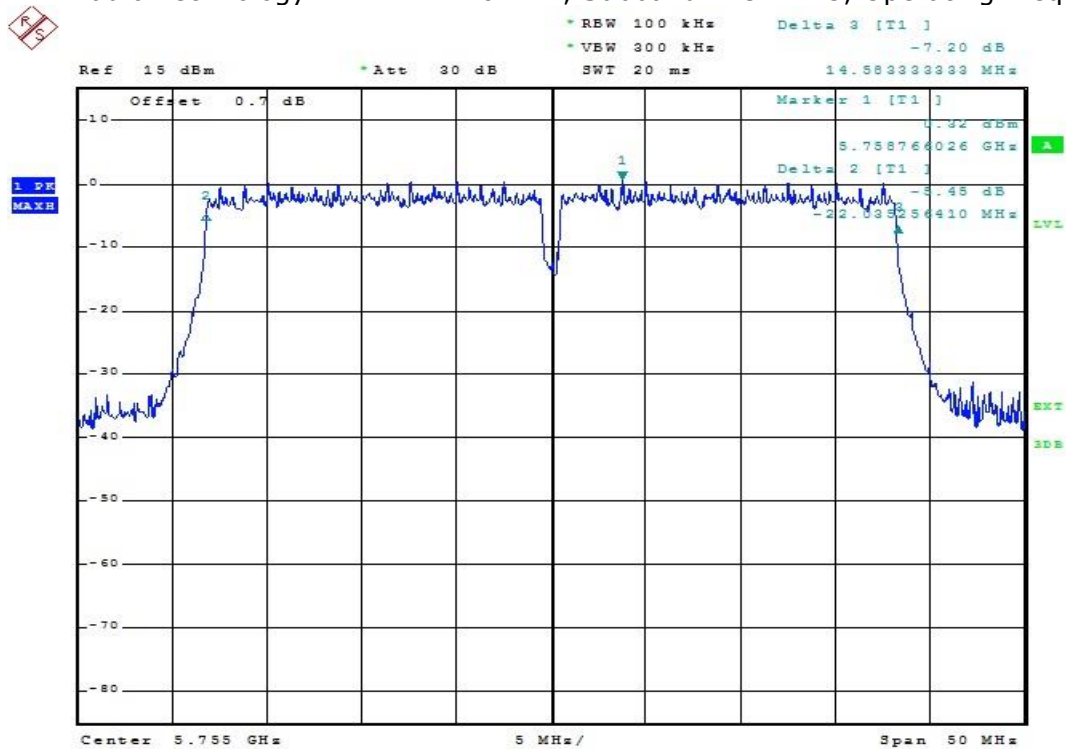
Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.2.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

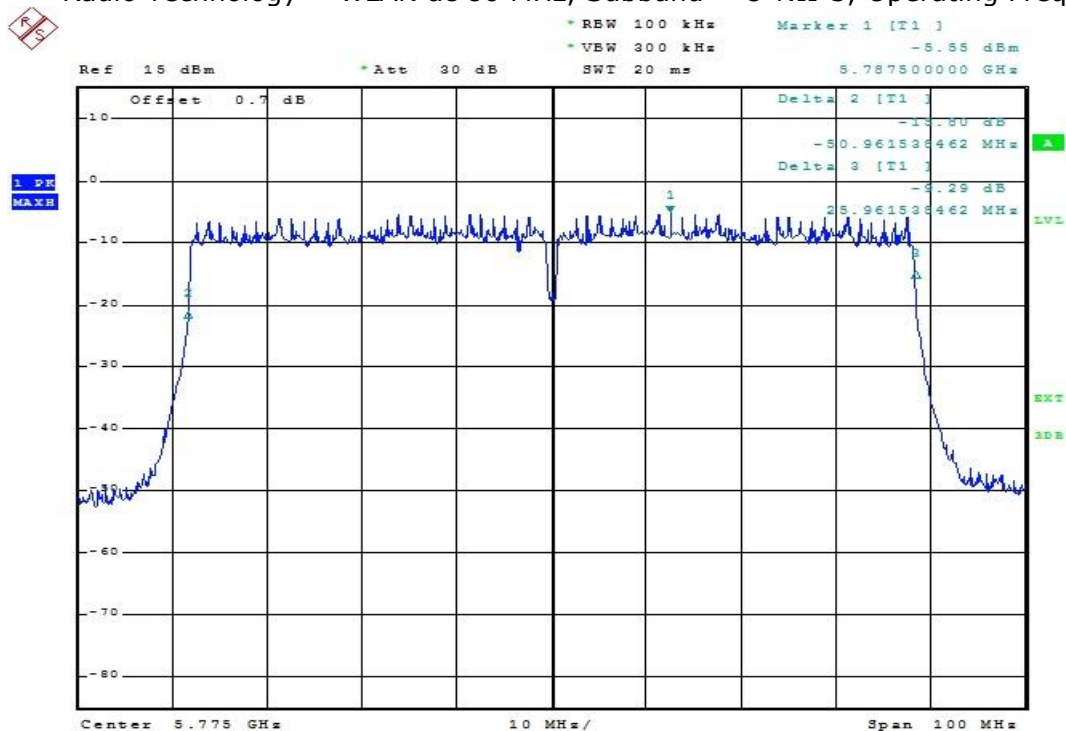
Radio Technology = WLAN a, Subband = U-NII-3, Operating Frequency = low



Radio Technology = WLAN n 40 MHz, Subband = U-NII-3, Operating Frequency = low



Radio Technology = WLAN ac 80 MHz, Subband = U-NII-3, Operating Frequency = mid



4.2.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

Regulatory WLAN RF Test Solution

4.3 99 % BANDWIDTH

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart E**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.3.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the occupied bandwidth measurements.

The reference level is the level of the highest amplitude signal observed from the transmitter at either the fundamental frequency or first-order modulation products in all typical modes of operation, including the unmodulated carrier, even if atypical.

The results recorded were measured with the modulation which produce the worst-case (widest) emission bandwidth.

The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): approx. ≥ 1 % of the span, but not below
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): ≥ 3 times the RBW
- Span: 50 / 60 / 100 MHz (for 20 / 40 / 80 MHz nominal bandwidth)
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: 2000
- Sweep time: 20 ms
- Detector: Sample

The 99 % measurement function of the spectrum analyser function was used to determine the 99 % bandwidth.

4.3.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

No applicable limit:

4.3.3 TEST PROTOCOL

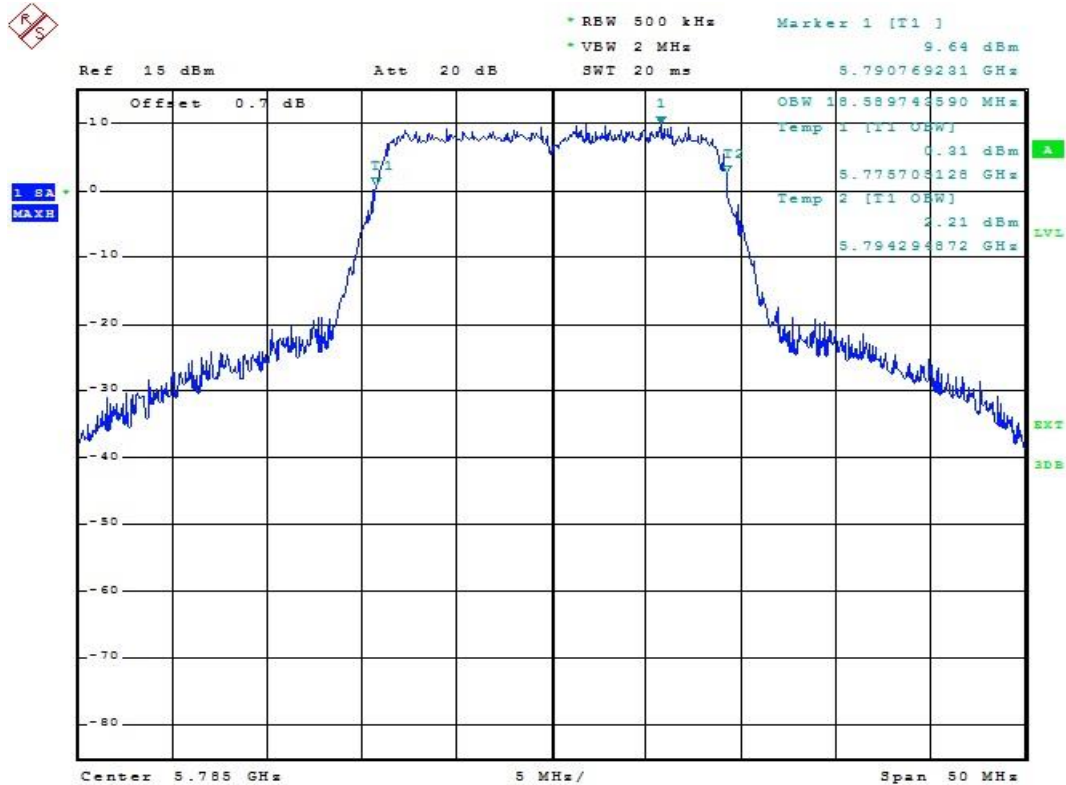
Ambient temperature: 25 °C
 Air Pressure: 1012 hPa
 Humidity: 35 %

Radio Technology	Operating Frequency	Subband	99% Bandwidth [MHz]
WLAN a	low	U-NII-1	18.11
WLAN a	mid	U-NII-1	18.03
WLAN a	high	U-NII-1	18.03
WLAN a	low	U-NII-3	18.03
WLAN a	mid	U-NII-3	17.95
WLAN a	high	U-NII-3	18.03
WLAN n 20 MHz	low	U-NII-1	18.59
WLAN n 20 MHz	mid	U-NII-1	18.59
WLAN n 20 MHz	high	U-NII-1	18.51
WLAN n 20 MHz	low	U-NII-3	18.51
WLAN n 20 MHz	mid	U-NII-3	18.59
WLAN n 20 MHz	high	U-NII-3	18.51
WLAN n 40 MHz	low	U-NII-1	36.54
WLAN n 40 MHz	high	U-NII-1	36.44
WLAN n 40 MHz	low	U-NII-3	36.44
WLAN n 40 MHz	high	U-NII-3	36.44
WLAN ac 20 MHz	low	U-NII-1	18.51
WLAN ac 20 MHz	mid	U-NII-1	18.51
WLAN ac 20 MHz	high	U-NII-1	18.59
WLAN ac 20 MHz	low	U-NII-3	18.59
WLAN ac 20 MHz	mid	U-NII-3	18.51
WLAN ac 20 MHz	high	U-NII-3	18.43
WLAN ac 40 MHz	low	U-NII-1	36.63
WLAN ac 40 MHz	high	U-NII-1	36.73
WLAN ac 40 MHz	low	U-NII-3	36.63
WLAN ac 40 MHz	high	U-NII-3	36.73
WLAN ac 80 MHz	mid	U-NII-1	75.96
WLAN ac 80 MHz	mid	U-NII-3	75.96

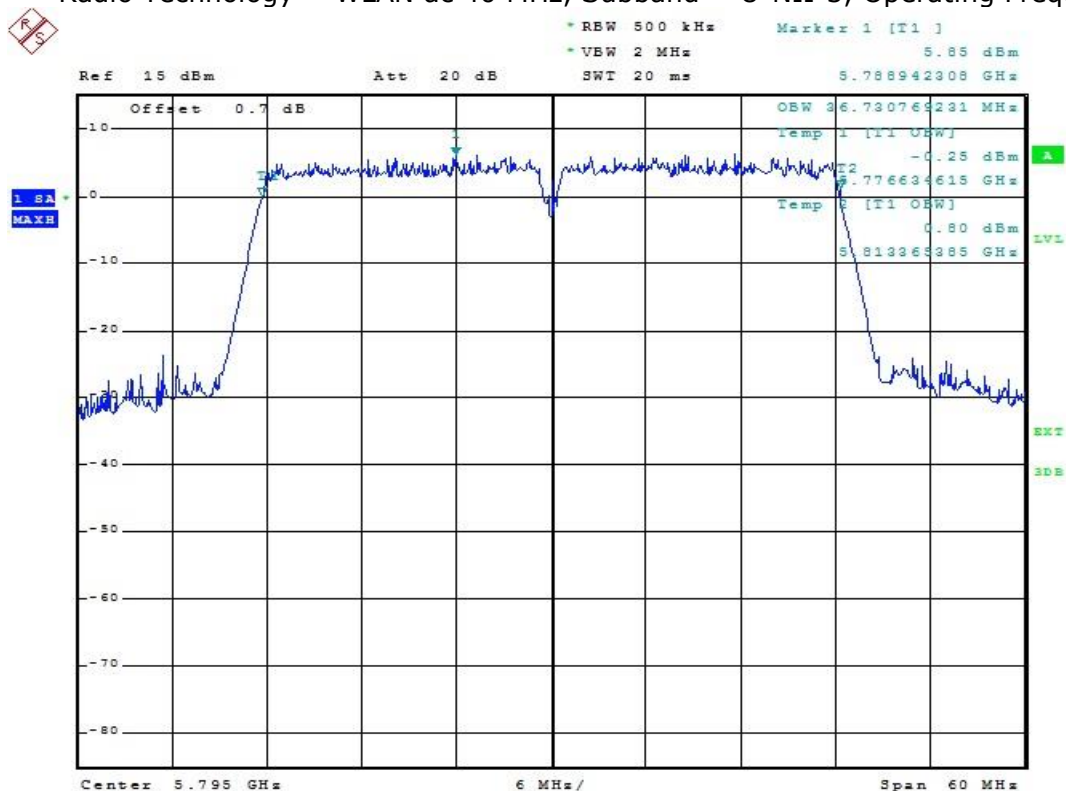
Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.3.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

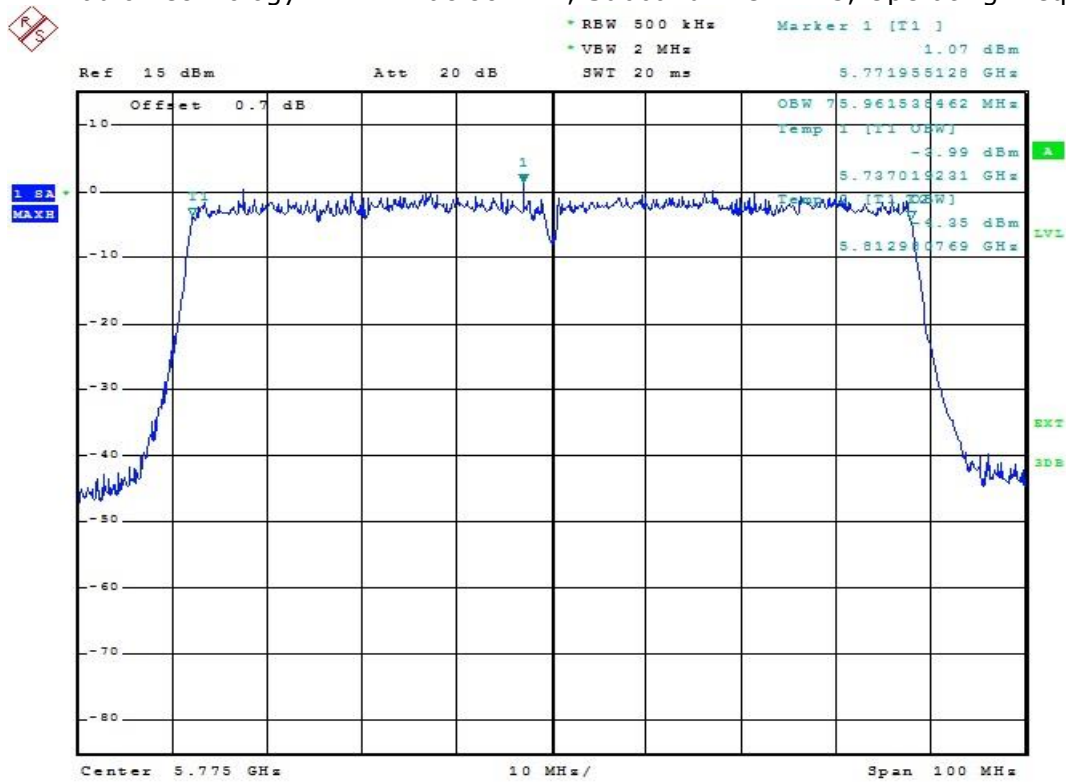
Radio Technology = WLAN n 20 MHz, Subband = U-NII-3, Operating Frequency = mid



Radio Technology = WLAN ac 40 MHz, Subband = U-NII-3, Operating Frequency = high



Radio Technology = WLAN ac 80 MHz, Subband = U-NII-3, Operating Frequency = mid



4.3.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

Regulatory WLAN RF Test Solution

4.4 MAXIMUM CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart E**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.4.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the output power measurements. The results recorded were measured with the modulation which produces the worst-case (highest) output power. The reference level of the spectrum analyzer was set higher than the output power of the EUT.

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 1 MHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 3 MHz
- Trace: Average, RMS power averaging mode
- Sweeps: 100
- Sweep time: 5 ms
- Detector: RMS
- Trigger: gated mode

The channel power function of the spectrum analyser was used (Used channel bandwidth = nominal bandwidth)

Note:

The analyser settings are according FCC Public Note "Guidelines for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices - Part 15, Subpart E, 789033 D02", method **SA-1**.

4.4.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

A) FCC

For systems using digital modulation techniques in the 5.15 – 5.25 GHz bands:

§15.407 (a) (1)

Limit: 50 mW (17 dBm) or 4 dBm + 10 log (26 dB bandwidth/MHz) whatever is the lesser.

FCC ET Docket No. 13-49, FIRST REPORT AND ORDER, April 1, 2014 ("new rules"):

§15.407 (a) (1) (i): Outdoor access point:

Limit: 1 W (30 dBm) provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi.

The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).

§15.407 (a) (1) (ii): Indoor access point:

Limit: 1 W (30 dBm) provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi.

§15.407 (a) (1) (iv): Mobile and portable client devices:

Limit: 250 mW (24 dBm) provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi.

For systems using digital modulation techniques in the 5.25 – 5.35 GHz and 5.47 – 5.725 GHz bands:

§15.407 (a) (2)

Limit: 250 mW (24 dBm) or $11 \text{ dBm} + 10 \log (26 \text{ dB bandwidth/MHz})$ whatever is the lesser.

For systems using digital modulation techniques in the 5.725 – 5.850 GHz bands:

§15.407 (a) (3)

Limit: 1 W (30 dBm) or $17 \text{ dBm} + 10 \log (26 \text{ dB bandwidth/MHz})$ whatever is the lesser.

FCC ET Docket No. 13-49, FIRST REPORT AND ORDER, April 1, 2014 ("new rules"):

§15.407 (a) (3):

Limit: 1 W (30 dBm).

§15.407 (a) (4):

The maximum conducted output power must be measured over any interval of continuous transmission using instrumentation calibrated in terms of an rms-equivalent voltage.

B) IC

Different frequency bands and limits apply, as compared to the FCC requirements.

RSS-247, 6.2.1 (1), Band 5150-5250 MHz, indoor operation only:

Limit (e.i.r.p.): 200 mW (23 dBm) or $10 + 10 \log_{10} B \text{ [dBm]}$, whichever power is less.

B is the 99% emission bandwidth in MHz.

RSS-247, 6.2.2 (1), Band 5250-5350 MHz:

Limits:

Maximum conducted Power: 250 mW (24 dBm) or $11 + 10 \log_{10} B \text{ [dBm]}$, whichever power is less.

e.i.r.p.: 1.0 W (30 dBm) or $17 + 10 \log_{10} B \text{ [dBm]}$, whichever power is less.

Note: For EUTs operating at a higher e.i.r.p. than 200 mW (23 dBm), compliance with the e.i.r.p. elevation mask is required.

RSS-247, 6.2.3 (1), Bands 5470-5600 MHz and 5650-5725 MHz:

Limits:

Maximum conducted Power: 250 mW (24 dBm) or $11 + 10 \log_{10} B \text{ [dBm]}$, whichever power is less.

e.i.r.p.: 1.0 W (30 dBm) or $17 + 10 \log_{10} B \text{ [dBm]}$, whichever power is less.

RSS-247, 6.2.4 (1), Band 5725-5825 MHz:

Limits:

Maximum conducted Power: 1W (30 dBm) or $17 + 10 \log_{10} B \text{ [dBm]}$, whichever power is less.

e.i.r.p.: 4.0 W (36 dBm) or $23 + 10 \log_{10} B \text{ [dBm]}$, whichever power is less.

All frequency bands: B is the 99% emission bandwidth in MHz.

4.4.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 23 °C

Air Pressure: 1010 hPa

Humidity: 40 %

WLAN a-Mode; 20 MHz; 6 Mbit/s

U-NII-Subband	Ch. No.	Freq. [MHz]	Cond. Power [dBm]	EIRP [dBm]	Cond. Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]	Cond. Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]	EIRP Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]
1	36	5180	14.3	16.5	24.0	9.8	N/A		22.6	6.1
	44	5220	15.1	17.3	24.0	8.9	N/A		22.6	5.2
	48	5240	15.4	17.6	24.0	8.6	N/A		22.6	5.0
3	149	5745	14.3	16.0	30.0	15.7	30.0	15.7	36.0	20.0
	157	5785	14.2	15.9	30.0	15.9	30.0	15.9	36.0	20.2
	165	5825	14.4	16.1	30.0	15.6	30.0	15.6	36.0	19.9

WLAN n-Mode; 20 MHz; 72.2 Mbit/s MCS7

U-NII-Subband	Ch. No.	Freq. [MHz]	Cond. Power [dBm]	EIRP [dBm]	Cond. Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]	Cond. Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]	EIRP Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]
1	36	5180	14.8	17.0	24.0	9.2	N/A		22.7	5.7
	44	5220	15.7	17.9	24.0	8.3	N/A		22.7	4.8
	48	5240	15.9	18.1	24.0	8.1	N/A		22.7	4.6
3	149	5745	14.8	16.5	30.0	15.2	30.0	15.2	36.0	19.5
	157	5785	14.6	16.3	30.0	15.4	30.0	15.4	36.0	19.7
	165	5825	14.8	16.5	30.0	15.2	30.0	15.2	36.0	19.5

WLAN n-Mode; 40 MHz; 150 Mbit/s MCS7

U-NII-Subband	Ch. No.	Freq. [MHz]	Cond. Power [dBm]	EIRP [dBm]	Cond. Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]	Cond. Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]	EIRP Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]
1	38	5190	14.9	17.1	24.0	9.1	N/A		23.0	5.9
	46	5230	15.7	17.9	24.0	8.3	N/A		23.0	5.1
3	151	5755	14.7	16.4	30.0	15.3	30.0	15.3	36.0	19.6
	159	5795	14.5	16.2	30.0	15.5	30.0	15.5	36.0	19.8

WLAN ac-Mode; 20 MHz; 108.4 Mbit/s MCS8

U-NII-Subband	Ch. No.	Freq. [MHz]	Cond. Power [dBm]	EIRP [dBm]	Cond. Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]	Cond. Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]	EIRP Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]
1	36	5180	14.8	17.0	24.0	9.2	N/A		22.7	5.7
	44	5220	15.7	17.9	24.0	8.3	N/A		22.7	4.8
	48	5240	15.9	18.1	24.0	8.1	N/A		22.7	4.6
3	149	5745	14.8	16.5	30.0	15.2	30.0	15.2	36.0	19.5
	157	5785	14.6	16.3	30.0	15.4	30.0	15.4	36.0	19.7
	165	5825	14.9	16.6	30.0	15.2	30.0	15.2	36.0	19.5

WLAN ac-Mode; 40 MHz; 250 Mbit/s MCS9

U-NII-Subband	Ch. No.	Freq. [MHz]	Cond. Power [dBm]	EIRP [dBm]	Cond. Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]	Cond. Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]	EIRP Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]
1	38	5190	14.9	17.1	24.0	9.1	N/A		23.0	5.9
	46	5230	15.7	17.9	24.0	8.3	N/A		23.0	5.1
3	151	5755	14.7	16.4	30.0	15.3	30.0	15.3	36.0	19.6
	159	5795	14.5	16.2	30.0	15.5	30.0	15.5	36.0	19.8

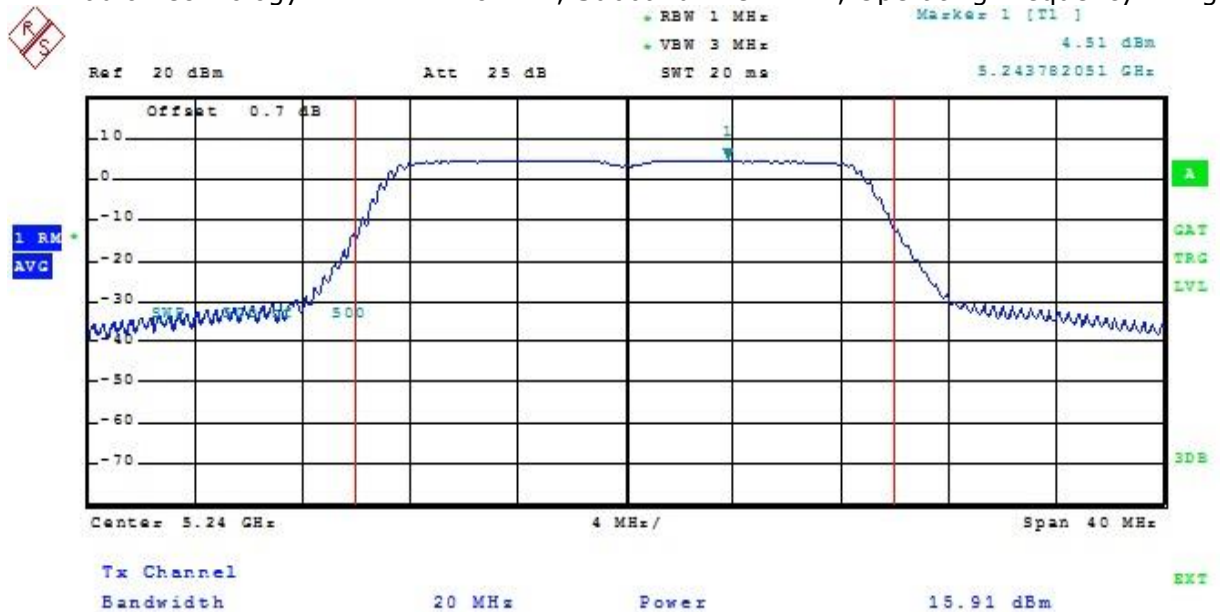
WLAN ac-Mode; 80 MHz; 541.6 Mbit/s MCS9

U-NII-Subband	Ch. No.	Freq. [MHz]	Cond. Power [dBm]	EIRP [dBm]	Cond. Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]	Cond. Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]	EIRP Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]
1	42	5210	14.8	17.7	24.0	9.2	N/A	-	23.0	6.0
3	155	5775	11.7	13.4	30.0	18.3	30.0	18.3	36.0	22.0

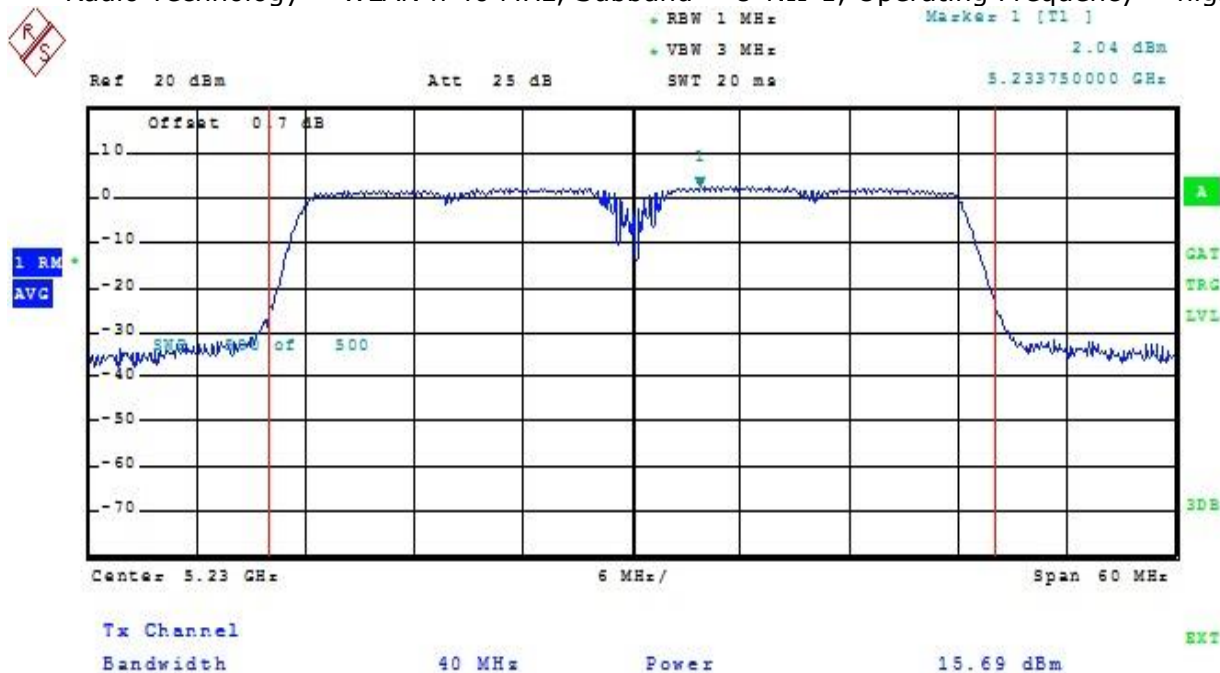
Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.4.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

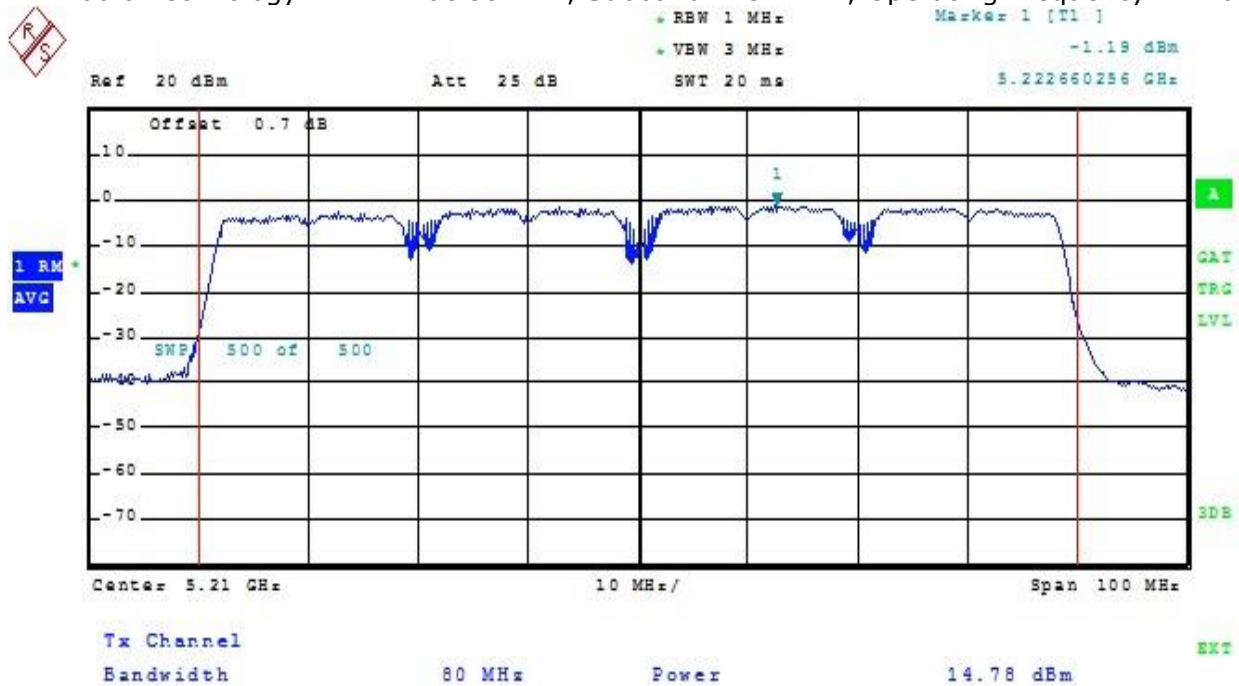
Radio Technology = WLAN n 20 MHz, Subband = U-NII-1, Operating Frequency = high



Radio Technology = WLAN n 40 MHz, Subband = U-NII-1, Operating Frequency = high



Radio Technology = WLAN ac 80 MHz, Subband = U-NII-1, Operating Frequency = mid



4.4.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

Regulatory WLAN RF Test Solution

4.5 PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart E**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.5.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up in a shielded room to perform the Maximum Power Spectral Density measurements.
The results recorded were measured with the modulation which produces the worst-case (highest) output power.

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 1 MHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 3 MHz
- Trace: Average, RMS power averaging mode
- Sweeps: 100
- Sweep time: 5 ms
- Detector: RMS
- Trigger: gated mode

Note:

The analyser settings are according FCC Public Note "Guidelines for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices - Part 15, Subpart E, 789033 D02", method **SA-1**.

4.5.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

A) FCC

FCC Part 15, Subpart E, §15.407 (a) (1)

For systems using digital modulation techniques in the 5.15 – 5.25 GHz bands:

(i) and (ii), outdoor and indoor access points: Limit: 17 dBm/MHz.

(iv), mobile and portable client devices: Limit: 11 dBm/MHz.

FCC Part 15, Subpart E, §15.407 (a) (2)

For systems using digital modulation techniques in the 5.25 – 5.35 GHz and 5.47 – 5.725 GHz bands:

Limit: 11 dBm/MHz.

FCC Part 15, Subpart E, §15.407 (a) (3)

For systems using digital modulation techniques in the 5.725 – 5.850 GHz bands:

Limit: 30 dBm/500 kHz.

Note: The limit will be also fulfilled when measuring at any bandwidth greater than 500 kHz.

This applies to signals where the maximum conducted output power was measured at a bandwidth exceeding 500 kHz and which fulfil that limit of 30 dBm.

B) IC

Different frequency bands and limits apply, as compared to the FCC requirements.

RSS-247, 6.2.1 (1), Band 5150-5250 MHz, indoor operation only:

Limit (e.i.r.p.): 10 dBm/MHz.

RSS-247, 6.2.2 (1), Band 5250-5350 MHz:

Limit: 11 dBm/MHz.

RSS-247, 6.2.3 (1), Bands 5470-5600 MHz and 5650-5725 MHz:

Limit: 11 dBm/MHz.

RSS-247, 6.2.4 (1), Band 5725-5850 MHz:

Limit: 30 dBm/500 kHz.

4.5.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 32 °C

Air Pressure: 1010 hPa

Humidity: 40 %

WLAN a-Mode; 20 MHz; 6 Mbit/s

U-NII-Subband	Ch. No.	Freq. [MHz]	MPSD [dBm/MHz]	FCC Limit [dBm/MHz]	Margin [dB]	IC Limit [dBm/MHz]	Margin [dB]	IC EIRP MPSD
1	36	5180	2.9	17.0	14.1	10.0	4.9	5.1
	44	5220	3.9	17.0	13.1	10.0	3.9	6.1
	48	5240	4.0	17.0	13.0	10.0	3.8	6.2
3	149	5745	2.9	30.0	27.1	30.0	27.1	
	157	5785	2.8	30.0	27.2	30.0	27.2	
	165	5825	3.0	30.0	27.0	30.0	27.0	

WLAN n-Mode; 20 MHz; 72.2 Mbit/s MCS7

U-NII-Subband	Ch. No.	Freq. [MHz]	MPSD [dBm/MHz]	FCC Limit [dBm/MHz]	Margin [dB]	IC Limit [dBm/MHz]	Margin [dB]	IC EIRP MPSD
1	36	5180	3.6	17.0	13.4	10.0	4.2	5.8
	44	5220	4.7	17.0	12.3	10.0	3.1	6.9
	48	5240	4.5	17.0	12.5	10.0	3.3	6.7
3	149	5745	3.6	30.0	26.4	30.0	26.4	
	157	5785	3.4	30.0	26.6	30.0	26.6	
	165	5825	3.5	30.0	26.6	30.0	26.6	

WLAN n-Mode; 40 MHz; 150 Mbit/s MCS7

U-NII-Subband	Ch. No.	Freq. [MHz]	MPSD [dBm/MHz]	FCC Limit [dBm/MHz]	Margin [dB]	IC Limit [dBm/MHz]	Margin [dB]	IC EIRP MPSD
1	38	5190	1.0	17.0	16.0	10.0	6.8	3.2
	46	5230	2.0	17.0	15.0	10.0	5.8	4.2
3	151	5755	0.9	30.0	29.1	30.0	29.1	
	159	5795	0.7	30.0	29.3	30.0	29.3	

WLAN ac-Mode; 20 MHz; 108.4 Mbit/s MCS8

U-NII-Subband	Ch. No.	Freq. [MHz]	MPSD [dBm/MHz]	FCC Limit [dBm/MHz]	Margin [dB]	IC Limit [dBm/MHz]	Margin [dB]	IC EIRP MPSD
1	36	5180	3.3	17.0	13.7	10.0	4.5	5.5
	44	5220	4.4	17.0	12.6	10.0	3.4	6.6
	48	5240	4.6	17.0	12.4	10.0	3.2	6.8
3	149	5745	3.4	30.0	26.6	30.0	26.6	
	157	5785	3.3	30.0	26.7	30.0	26.7	
	165	5825	3.7	30.0	26.3	30.0	26.3	

WLAN ac-Mode; 40 MHz; 250 Mbit/s MCS9

U-NII-Subband	Ch. No.	Freq. [MHz]	MPSD [dBm/MHz]	FCC Limit [dBm/MHz]	Margin [dB]	IC Limit [dBm/MHz]	Margin [dB]	IC EIRP MPSD
1	38	5190	1.0	17.0	16.0	10.0	6.8	3.2
	46	5230	2.2	17.0	14.8	10.0	5.6	4.4
3	151	5755	0.9	30.0	29.1	30.0	29.1	
	159	5795	0.7	30.0	29.3	30.0	29.3	

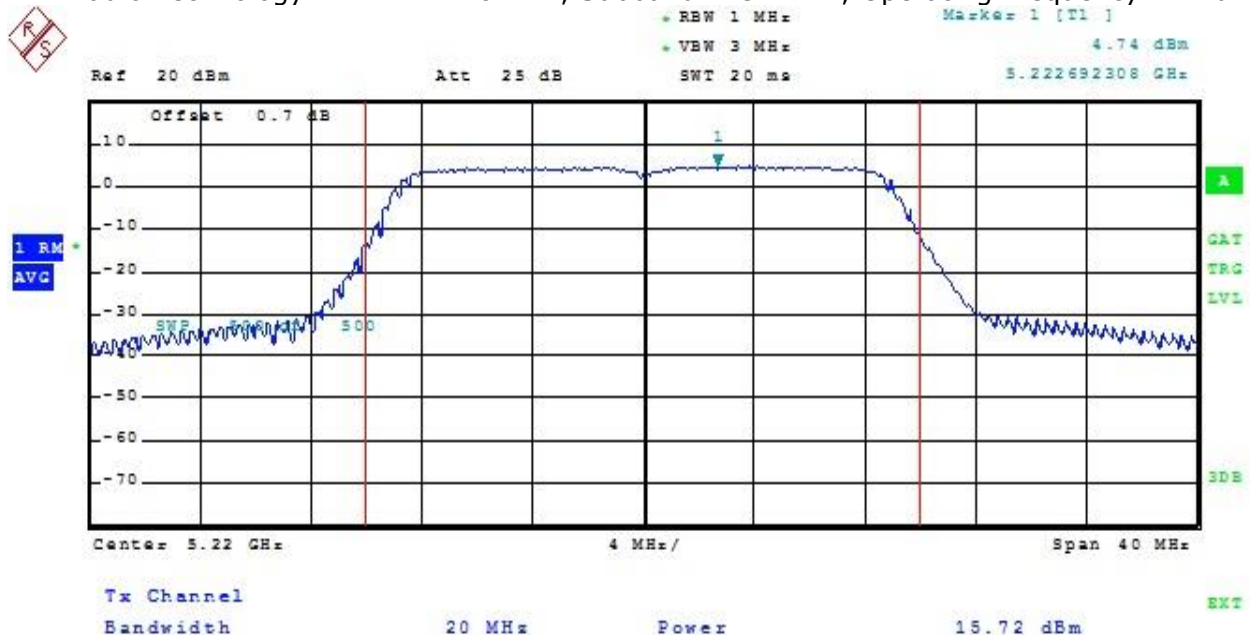
WLAN ac-Mode; 80 MHz; 541.6 Mbit/s MCS9

U-NII-Subband	Ch. No.	Freq. [MHz]	MPSD [dBm/MHz]	FCC Limit [dBm/MHz]	Margin [dB]	IC Limit [dBm/MHz]	Margin [dB]	IC EIRP MPSD
1	42	5210	-1.2	17.0	18.2	10.0	9.0	1.0
3	155	5775	-5.1	30.0	35.1	30.0	35.1	

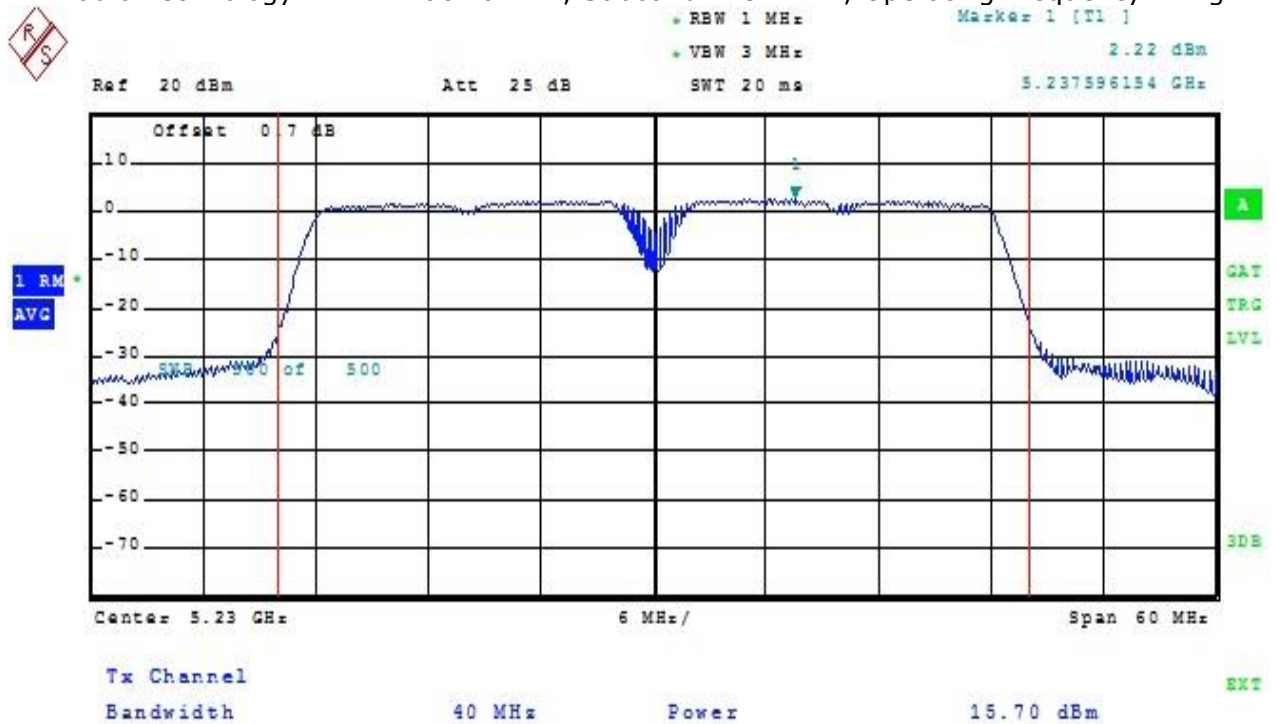
Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.5.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

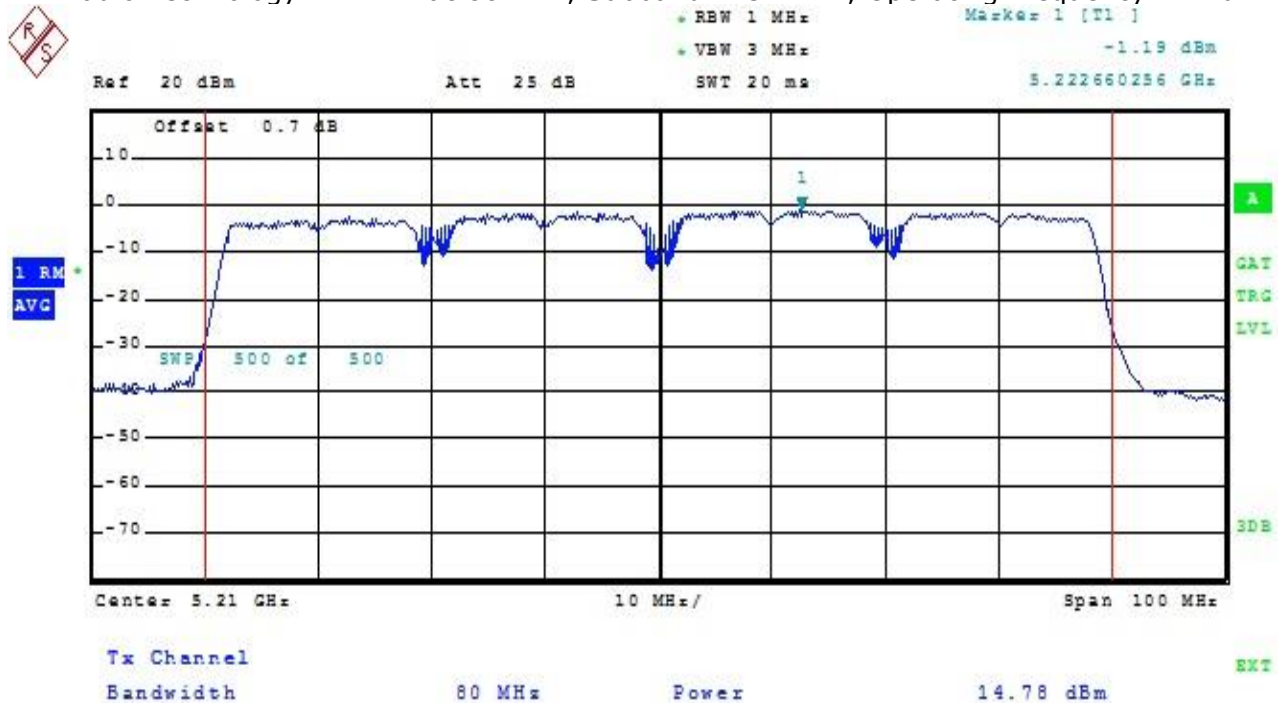
Radio Technology = WLAN n 20 MHz, Subband = U-NII-1, Operating Frequency = mid



Radio Technology = WLAN ac 40 MHz, Subband = U-NII-1, Operating Frequency = high



Radio Technology = WLAN ac 80 MHz, Subband = U-NII-1, Operating Frequency = mid



4.5.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

Regulatory WLAN RF Test Solution

4.6 UNDESIRABLE EMISSIONS; GENERAL FIELD STRENGTH LIMITS

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart E**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.6.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C63.10 in a typical installation configuration. The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive table 1.0 x 2.0 m² in the semi-anechoic chamber. The influence of the EUT support table that is used between 30–1000 MHz was evaluated.

The measurement procedure is implemented into the EMI test software EMC32 from R&S. Exploratory tests are performed at 3 orthogonal axes to determine the worst-case orientation of a body-worn or handheld EUT. The final test on all kind of EUTs is also performed at 3 axes. A pre-check is performed while the EUT is powered from a DC power source.

1. Measurement up to 30 MHz

The Loop antenna HFH2-Z2 is used.

Step 1: pre measurement

- Anechoic chamber
- Antenna distance: 3 m
- Detector: Peak-Maxhold
- Frequency range: 0.009 - 0.15 MHz and 0.15 – 30 MHz
- Frequency steps: 0.05 kHz and 2.25 kHz
- IF-Bandwidth: 0.2 kHz and 9 kHz
- Measuring time / Frequency step: 100 ms (FFT-based)

Intention of this step is, to determine the radiated EMI-profile of the EUT. Afterwards the relevant emissions for the final measurement are identified.

Step 2: final measurement

For the relevant emissions determined in step 1, an additional measurement with the following settings will be performed. Intention of this step is to find the maximum emission level.

- Open area test side
- Antenna distance: according to the Standard
- Detector: Quasi-Peak
- Frequency range: 0.009 – 30 MHz
- Frequency steps: measurement at frequencies detected in step 1
- IF-Bandwidth: 0.2 - 10 kHz
- Measuring time / Frequency step: 1 s

2. Measurement above 30 MHz and up to 1 GHz

Step 1: Preliminary scan

This is a preliminary test to identify the highest amplitudes relative to the limit.

Settings for step 1:

- Antenna distance: 3 m
- Detector: Peak-Maxhold / Quasipeak (FFT-based)

- Frequency range: 30 – 1000 MHz
- Frequency steps: 30 kHz
- IF-Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time / Frequency step: 100 ms
- Turntable angle range: -180° to 90°
- Turntable step size: 90°
- Height variation range: 1 – 3 m
- Height variation step size: 2 m
- Polarisation: Horizontal + Vertical

Intention of this step is, to determine the radiated EMI-profile of the EUT. Afterwards the relevant emissions for the final measurement are identified.

Step 2: Adjustment measurement

In this step the accuracy of the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be improved. This is necessary to find out the maximum value of every frequency.

For each frequency, which was determined the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be adjusted. The turntable azimuth will slowly vary by $\pm 45^{\circ}$ around this value. During this action, the value of emission is continuously measured. The turntable azimuth at the highest emission will be recorded and adjusted. In this position, the antenna height will also slowly vary by ± 100 cm around the antenna height determined. During this action, the value of emission is also continuously measured. The antenna height of the highest emission will also be recorded and adjusted.

- Detector: Peak – Maxhold
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF – Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time: 100 ms
- Turntable angle range: $\pm 45^{\circ}$ around the determined value
- Height variation range: ± 100 cm around the determined value
- Antenna Polarisation: max. value determined in step 1

Step 3: Final measurement with QP detector

With the settings determined in step 3, the final measurement will be performed:

EMI receiver settings for step 4:

- Detector: Quasi-Peak (< 1 GHz)
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF – Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time: 1 s

After the measurement a plot will be generated which contains a diagram with the results of the preliminary scan and a chart with the frequencies and values of the results of the final measurement.

3. Measurement above 1 GHz

The following modifications apply to the measurement procedure for the frequency range above 1 GHz:

Step 1:

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive support (tilt device) at 1.5 m height in the fully-anechoic chamber.

All steps were performed with one height (1.5 m) of the receiving antenna only.

The EUT is turned during the preliminary measurement across the elevation axis, with a step size of 90° .

The turn table step size (azimuth angle) for the preliminary measurement is 45° .

Above 26 GHz the measurement distance is reduced to 1 m.

Step 2:

Due to the fact, that in this frequency range the test is performed in a fully anechoic room, the height scan of the receiving antenna in step 2 is omitted. Instead of this, a maximum search with a step size $\pm 45^\circ$ for the elevation axis is performed.

The turn table azimuth will slowly vary by $\pm 22.5^\circ$.

The elevation angle will slowly vary by $\pm 45^\circ$

EMI receiver settings (for all steps):

- Detector: Peak, Average
- IF Bandwidth = 1 MHz

Step 3:

Spectrum analyser settings for step 3:

- Detector: Peak / Average
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF – Bandwidth: 1 MHz
- Measuring time: 1 s

4.6.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

A) FCC

FCC Part 15 Subpart E, §15.407 (b)(1)

For transmitters operating in the 5150–5250 MHz band:

Limit: –27 dBm/MHz EIRP outside of the band 5150–5350 MHz.

FCC Part 15 Subpart E, §15.407 (b)(2)

For transmitters operating in the 5250–5350 MHz band:

Limit: –27 dBm/MHz EIRP outside of the band 5150–5350 MHz.

FCC Part 15 Subpart E, §15.407 (b)(3)

For transmitters operating in the 5470–5725 MHz band:

Limit: –27 dBm/MHz EIRP outside of the band 5470–5725 MHz.

FCC Part 15 Subpart E, §15.407 (b)(4)

For transmitters operating in the 5725–5850 MHz band:

Limit: –27 dBm/MHz EIRP outside of the band 5715–5860 MHz and additionally

Limit: –17 dBm/MHz EIRP within the frequency ranges 5715–5725 and 5850–5860 MHz.

B) IC

Different frequency bands and limits apply, as compared to the FCC requirements.

RSS-247, 6.2.1 (2), Emissions outside the band 5150–5250 MHz, indoor operation only:

Limit: –27 dBm/MHz EIRP outside of the band 5150–5250 MHz.

RSS-247, 6.2.2 (2), Emissions outside the band 5250–5350 MHz:

Limit: –27 dBm/MHz EIRP outside of the band 5250–5350 MHz.

RSS-247, 6.2.3 (2), Emissions outside the bands 5470–5600 MHz and 5650–5725 MHz:

Limit: –27 dBm/MHz EIRP outside of the band 5470–5725 MHz.

Note: No operation is permitted for the frequency range 5600–5650 MHz.

RSS-247, 6.2.4 (2), Emissions outside the band 5725–5825 MHz:

Limit: –27 dBm/MHz EIRP outside of the band 5715–5835 MHz and additionally

Limit: –17 dBm/MHz EIRP within the frequency ranges 5715–5725 and 5825–5835 MHz.

C) FCC & IC

FCC Part 15 Subpart E, §15.405

The provisions of §§ 15.203 and 15.205 are included.

§15.407 (b)(6)

Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in § 15.209.

§15.407 (b)(7)

The provisions of §15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.209, Radiated Emission Limits

Frequency in MHz	Limit (μV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBμV/m)
0.009 – 0.49	2400/F(kHz)@300m	3	(48.5 – 13.8)@300m
0.49 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)@30m	3	(33.8 – 23.0)@30m
1.705 – 30	30@30m	3	29.5@30m

The measured values are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade) according FCC 15.31 (2).

Frequency in MHz	Limit (μV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBμV/m)
30 – 88	100@3m	3	40.0@3m
88 – 216	150@3m	3	43.5@3m
216 – 960	200@3m	3	46.0@3m
960 – 26000	500@3m	3	54.0@3m
26000 – 40000	500@3m	1	54.0@3m

The measured values above 26 GHz are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (20 dB/decade).

§15.35(b) ..., there is also a limit on the radio frequency emissions, as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit....

Used conversion factor:

- Limit (dBμV/m) = 20 log (Limit (μV/m)/1μV/m)
- Limit (dBμV/m) = EIRP [dBm] – 20 log (d [m]) + 104.8

Limit types (in result tables on next page):

RB – Emissions falls into a "Restricted Band" according FCC §§15.205 and 15.209 *)

UE – "Undesirable Emission Limit" according FCC §15.407

BE-RB – Band Edge Limit basing on "Restricted Band Limits"

BE-UE – Band Edge Limit basing on "Undesirable Emission Limit"

*) Below 1 GHz the limits of §15.209 are applied for all frequencies.

4.6.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 24–29 °C

Air Pressure: 1000–1009 hPa

Humidity: 33–49 %

WLAN a-Mode; 20 MHz; 6 Mbit/s

Ch. No.	Ch. Center Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBμV/m]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]
44	5220	3480.0	57.7	PEAK	1000	68.0	10.3
149	5745	3830.0	59.4	PEAK	1000	74.0	14.7
149	5745	3830.0	51.6	AV	1000	54.0	2.4
157	5785	3856.6	55.7	PEAK	1000	74.0	18.4
157	5785	3856.6	50.4	AV	1000	54.0	3.6
165	5825	3883.2	48.3	AV	1000	54.0	5.7
165	5825	5867.0	56.6	PEAK	1000	68.0	11.4

WLAN n-Mode; 20 MHz; 72.2 Mbit/s MCS7

Ch. No.	Ch. Center Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBμV/m]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]
48	5240	3493.3	56.9	PEAK	1000	68.0	11.2
149	5745	3830.0	58.5	PEAK	1000	74.0	15.5
149	5745	3830.0	52.7	AV	1000	54.0	1.3
157	5785	3856.6	59.1	PEAK	1000	74.0	14.9
157	5785	3856.6	47.6	AV	1000	54.0	6.5
165	5825	3883.4	58.6	PEAK	1000	74.0	15.5
165	5825	3883.4	46.9	AV	1000	54.0	7.1

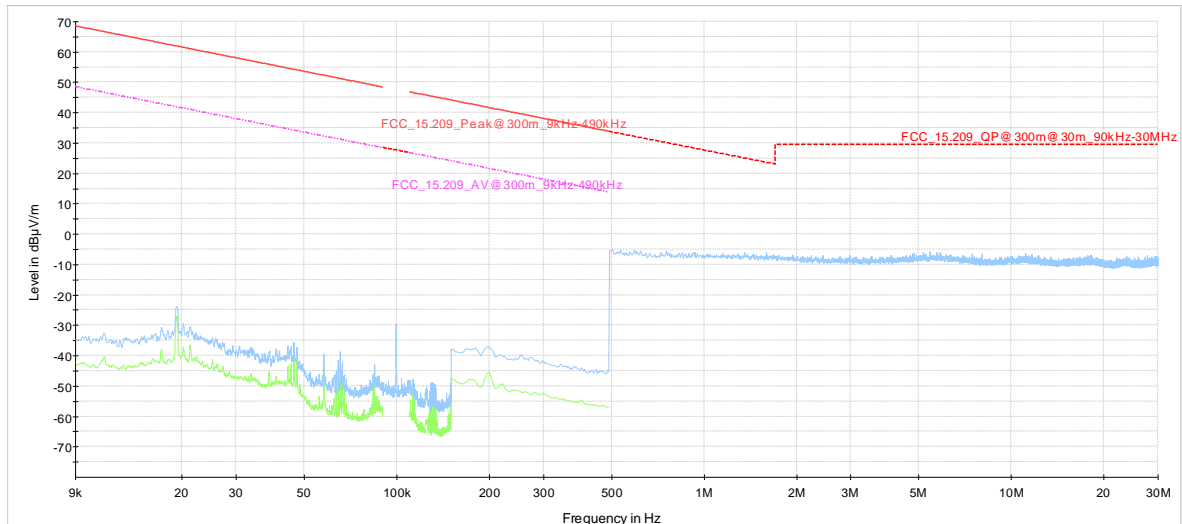
WLAN n-Mode; 40 MHz; 150 Mbit/s MCS7

Ch. No.	Ch. Center Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBμV/m]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]
38	5190	5149.5	71.0	PEAK	1000	74.0	3.1
38	5190	5149.5	49.9	AV	1000	54.0	4.1
151	5755	3836.6	59.7	PEAK	1000	74.0	14.3
151	5755	3836.6	50.4	AV	1000	54.0	3.6
151	5755	5723.8	66.9	PEAK	1000	78.2	11.3
159	5795	3863.4	58.0	PEAK	1000	74.0	16.0
159	5795	3863.4	48.8	AV	1000	54.0	5.2

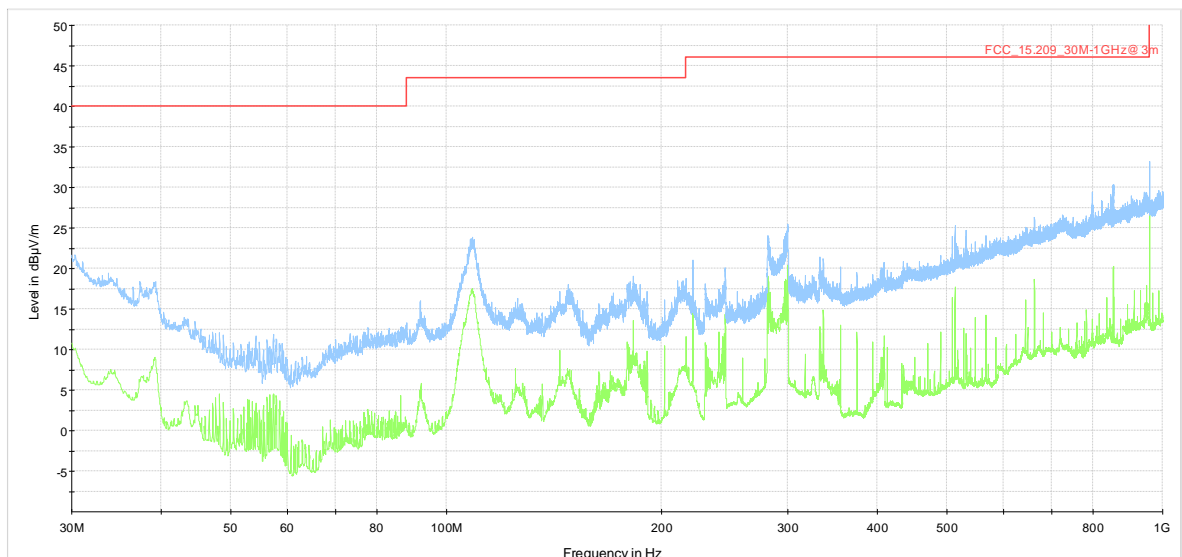
Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.6.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

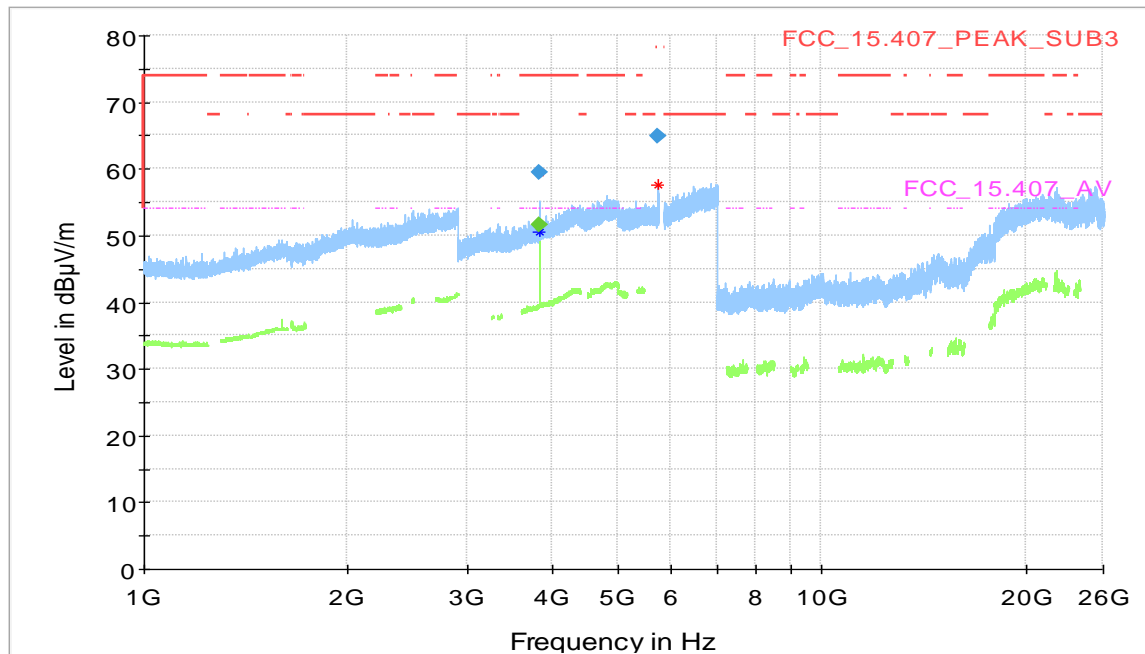
Radio Technology = WLAN a, Subband = U-NII-1, Channel = 36
9 kHz - 30 MHz



Radio Technology = WLAN a, Subband = U-NII-3, Channel = 157
30 MHz - 1 GHz

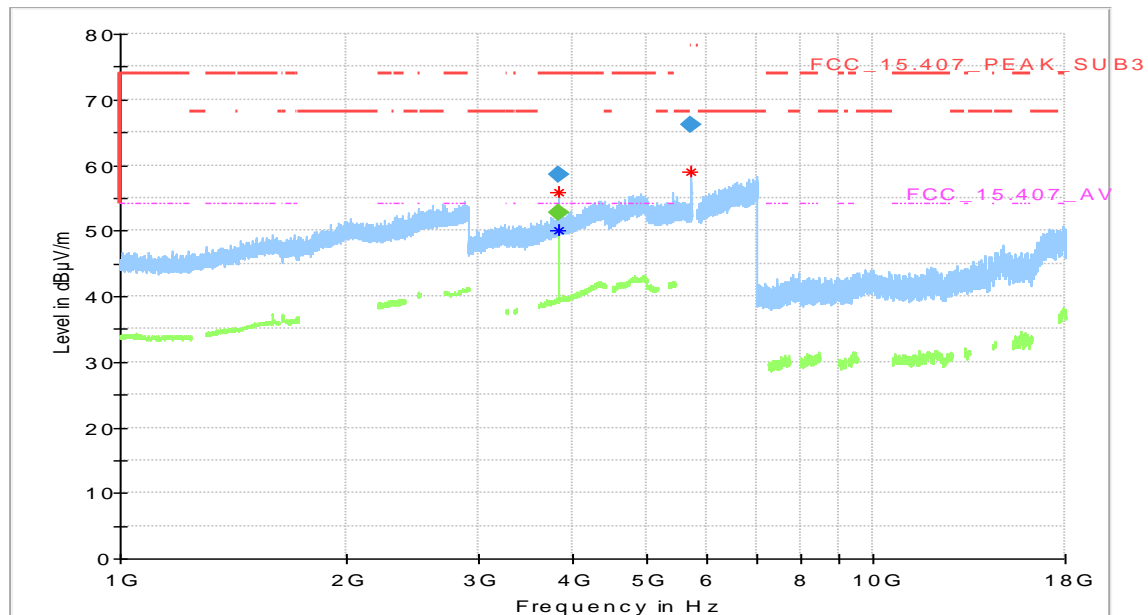


Radio Technology = WLAN a, Subband = U-NII-3, Channel = 149
1 GHz - 26 GHz



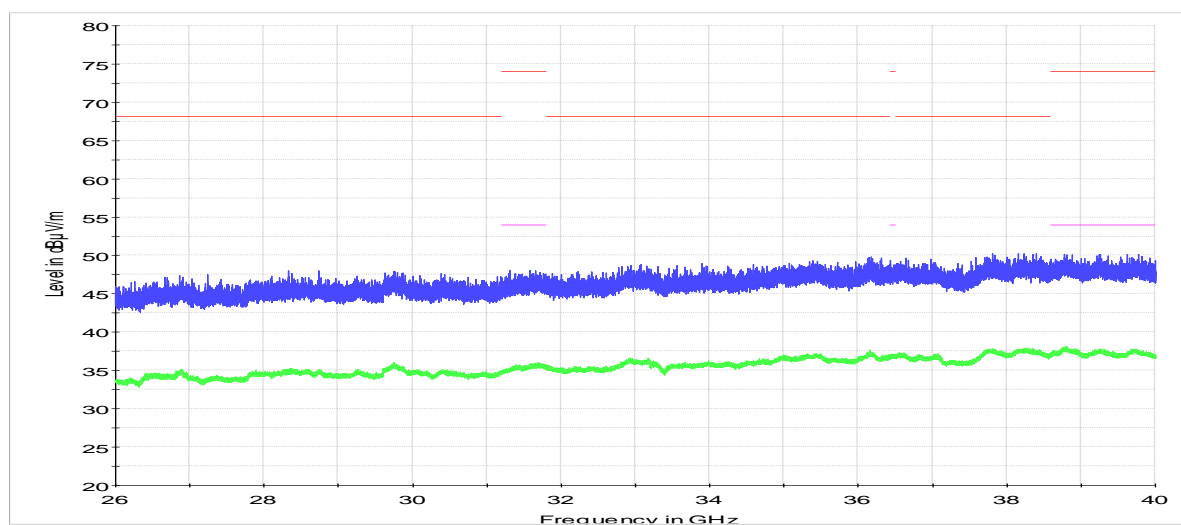
Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	CAverage (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Elevation (deg)
3830.000000	---	51.56	54.00	2.44	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	H	11.0	97.0
3830.000000	59.35	---	74.00	14.65	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	H	11.0	103.2
5724.400000	64.96	---	78.20	13.24	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	V	-4.0	86.8

Radio Technology = WLAN n 20 MHz, Subband = U-NII-3, Channel = 149
1 GHz - 18 GHz



Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	CAverage (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Elevation (deg)
3830.000000	---	52.70	54.00	1.30	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	V	34.0	4.8
3830.000000	58.47	---	74.00	15.53	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	V	56.0	4.8
5724.400000	66.10	---	78.20	12.10	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	V	-2.0	84.9

Radio Technology = WLAN a, Subband = U-NII-1, Channel = 44
26 GHz - 40 GHz



4.6.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

Radiated Emissions

4.7 BAND EDGE

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart E**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.7.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

Please see test description for the test case "Spurious Radiated Emissions"

4.7.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

For band edges connected to a restricted band, the limits are specified in Section 15.209(a)

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.209, Radiated Emission Limits

Frequency in MHz	Limit (µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBµV/m)
0.009 – 0.49	2400/F(kHz)@300m	3	(48.5 – 13.8)@300m
0.49 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)@30m	3	(33.8 – 23.0)@30m
1.705 – 30	30@30m	3	29.5@30m

The measured values are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade) according FCC 15.31 (2).

Frequency in MHz	Limit (µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBµV/m)
30 – 88	100@3m	3	40.0@3m
88 – 216	150@3m	3	43.5@3m
216 – 960	200@3m	3	46.0@3m
960 – 26000	500@3m	3	54.0@3m
26000 – 40000	500@3m	1	54.0@3m

The measured values above 26 GHz are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (20 dB/decade).

§15.35(b) ..., there is also a limit on the radio frequency emissions, as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit....

Used conversion factor: $\text{Limit (dBµV/m)} = 20 \log (\text{Limit (µV/m)}/1\mu\text{V/m})$

4.7.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 24–29 °C

Air Pressure: 1000–1009 hPa

Humidity: 33–49 %

WLAN a-Mode; 20 MHz; 6 Mbit/s

U-NII-Subband	Ch. No.	Ch. Center Freq. [MHz]	Band Edge Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBμV/m]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]
1	36	5180	5150.0	56.3	PEAK	1000	74.0	17.7
	36	5180	5150.0	43.5	AV	1000	54.0	10.5
3	149	5745	5725.0	65.0	PEAK	1000	78.0	13.0
	165	5825	5850.0	56.6	PEAK	1000	78.0	21.4

WLAN n-Mode; 20 MHz; 72.2 Mbit/s MCS7

U-NII-Subband	Ch. No.	Ch. Center Freq. [MHz]	Band Edge Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBμV/m]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]
1	36	5180	5150.0	62.1	PEAK	1000	74.0	11.9
	36	5180	5150.0	45.9	AV	1000	54.0	8.1
3	149	5745	5725.0	66.1	PEAK	1000	78.0	11.9

WLAN n-Mode; 40 MHz; 150 Mbit/s MCS7

U-NII-Subband	Ch. No.	Ch. Center Freq. [MHz]	Band Edge Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBμV/m]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]
3	151	5755	5725.0	66.9	PEAK	1000	78.0	11.1
	159	5795	5850.0	56.8	PEAK	1000	78.0	21.2

WLAN ac-Mode; 20 MHz; 108.4 Mbit/s MCS8

U-NII-Subband	Ch. No.	Ch. Center Freq. [MHz]	Band Edge Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBμV/m]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]
1	36	5180	5150.0	58.9	PEAK	1000	74.0	15.1
	36	5180	5150.0	44.3	AV	1000	54.0	9.7
3	149	5745	5725.0	57.0	PEAK	1000	78.0	21.0
	165	5825	5850.0	56.6	PEAK	1000	78.0	21.4

WLAN ac-Mode; 40 MHz; 250 Mbit/s MCS9

U-NII-Subband	Ch. No.	Ch. Center Freq. [MHz]	Band Edge Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBμV/m]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]
1	38	5190	5150.0	70.4	PEAK	1000	74.0	3.6
	38	5190	5150.0	50.4	AV	1000	54.0	3.6
3	151	5755	5725.0	67.1	PEAK	1000	78.0	10.9
	159	5795	5850.0	59.2	PEAK	1000	78.0	18.8

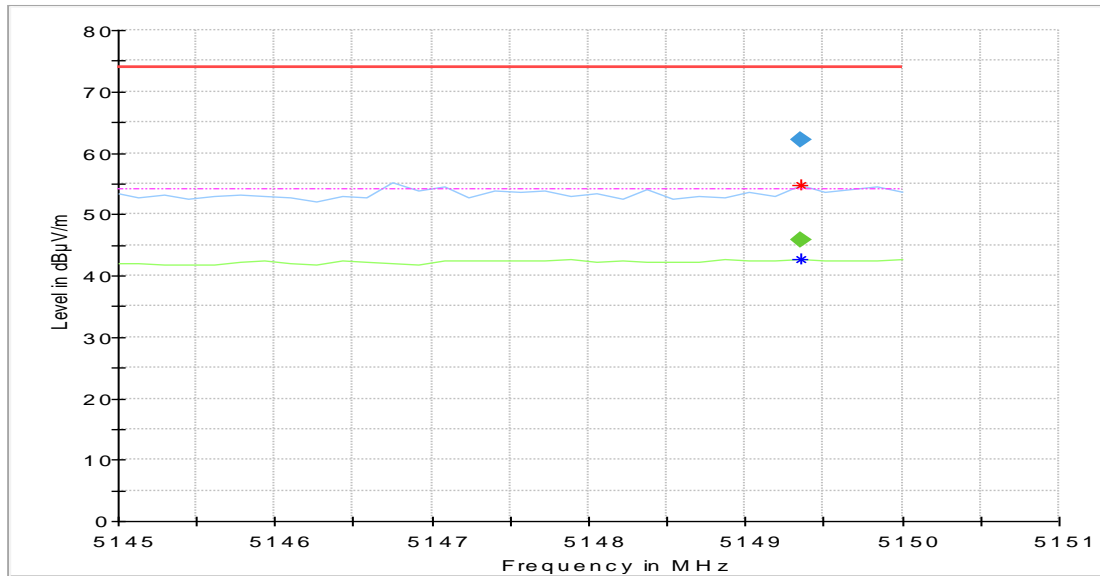
WLAN ac-Mode; 80 MHz; 541.6 Mbit/s MCS9

U-NII-Subband	Ch. No.	Ch. Center Freq. [MHz]	Band Edge Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBμV/m]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]
1	42	5210	5150.0	69.2	PEAK	1000	74.0	4.8
	42	5210	5150.0	48.1	AV	1000	54.0	5.9
3	155	5775	5725.0	56.4	PEAK	1000	78.0	21.6
	155	5775	5850.0	56.9	PEAK	1000	78.0	21.2

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

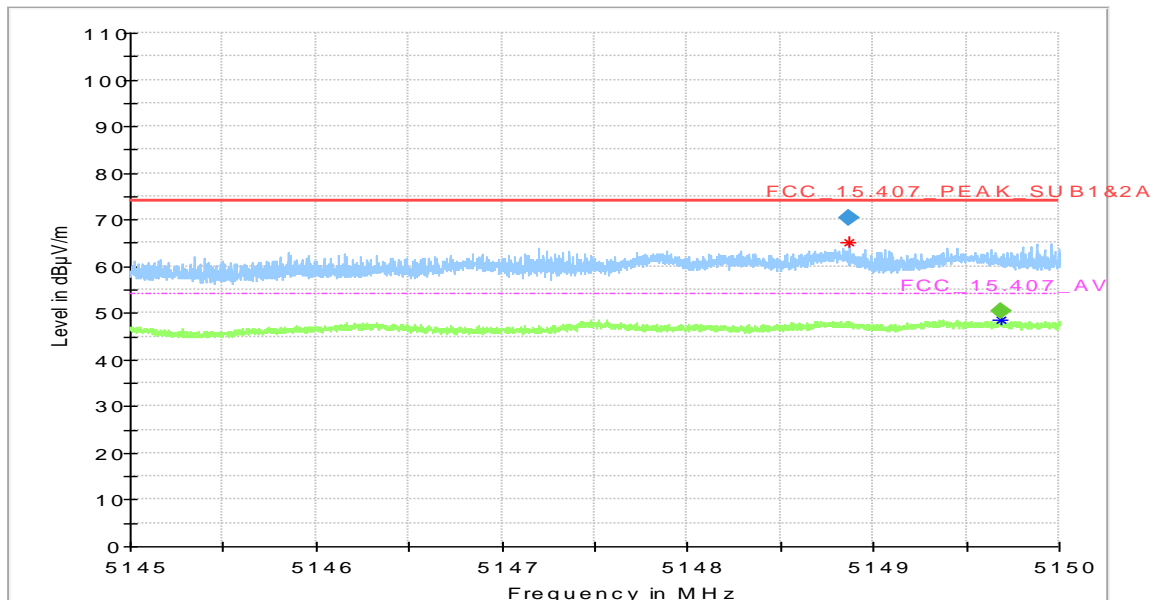
4.7.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

Radio Technology = WLAN n 20 MHz, Subband = U-NII-1, Channel = 36



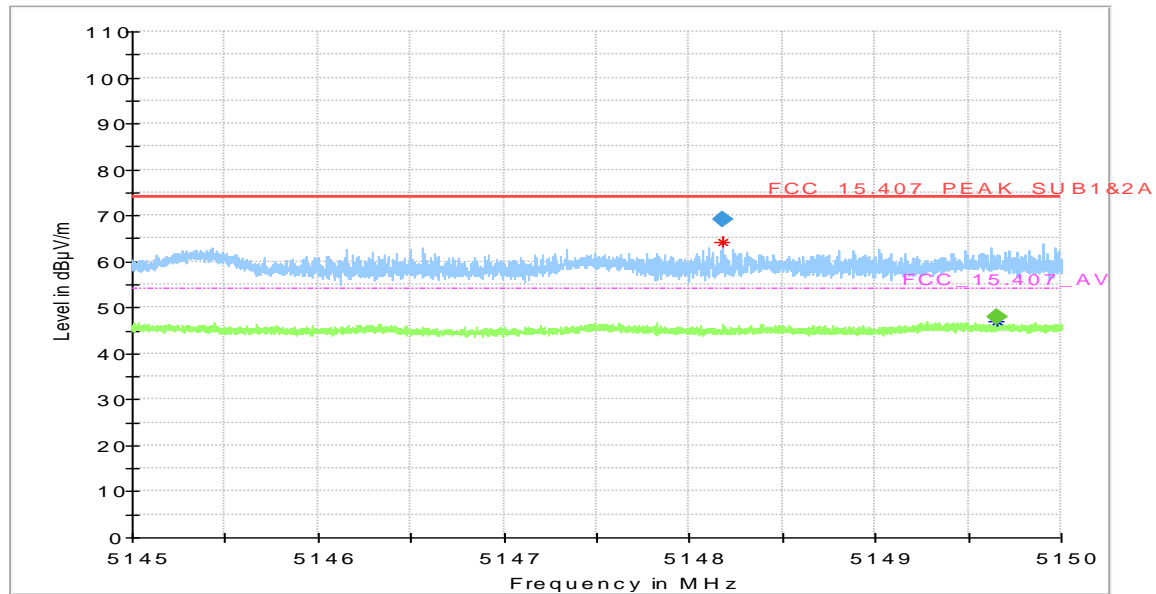
Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	CAverage (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Elevation (deg)
5149.350000	---	45.86	54.00	8.14	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	V	-41.0	78.2
5149.350000	62.11	---	74.00	11.89	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	V	-47.0	81.9

Radio Technology = WLAN ac 40 MHz, Subband = U-NII-1, Channel = 38



Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	CAverage (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Elevation (deg)
5148.873750	70.44	---	74.00	3.56	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	V	-46.0	88.9
5149.692500	---	50.41	54.00	3.59	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	V	-47.0	84.9

Radio Technology = WLAN ac 80 MHz, Subband = U-NII-1, Channel = 42



Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBμV/m)	CAverage (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Elevation (deg)
5148.173750	69.23	---	74.00	4.77	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	V	-46.0	90.9
5149.651250	---	48.08	54.00	5.92	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	V	-47.0	85.9

4.7.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

Radiated Emissions

5 TEST EQUIPMENT

- 1 Radiated Emissions
Lab to perform radiated emission tests

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
1.1	3160-09	Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna 26.5 GHz	EMCO Elektronik GmbH	00083069		
1.2	WHKX 7.0/18G-8SS	High Pass Filter	Wainwright	09		
1.3	5HC3500/1800 0-1.2-KK	High Pass Filter	Trilithic	200035008		
1.4	Datum MFS	Rubidium Frequency Normal MFS	Datum GmbH	002	2016-09	2017-09
1.5	Fully Anechoic Room	8.80m x 4.60m x 4.05m (l x w x h)	Albatross Projects	P26971-647-001-PRB		
1.6	AM 4.0	Antenna mast	Maturo GmbH	AM4.0/180/1192 0513		
1.7	ESR 7	EMI Receiver / Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	101424	2016-11	2018-11
1.8	TT 1.5 WI	Turn Table	Maturo GmbH	-		
1.9	Anechoic Chamber	10.58 x 6.38 x 6.00 m ³	Frankonia	none		
1.10	Fluke 177	Digital Multimeter 03 (Multimeter)	Fluke Europe B.V.	86670383	2016-02	2018-02
1.11	ESIB 26	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	830482/004	2015-12	2017-12
1.12	Tilt device Maturo (Rohacell)	Antrieb TD1.5-10kg	Maturo GmbH	TD1.5-10kg/024/37907 09		
1.13	5HC2700/1275 0-1.5-KK	High Pass Filter	Trilithic	9942012		
1.14	AS 620 P	Antenna mast	HD GmbH	620/37		
1.15	NRV-Z1	Sensor Head A	Rohde & Schwarz	827753/005	2016-05	2017-05
1.16	4HC1600/1275 0-1.5-KK	High Pass Filter	Trilithic	9942011		
1.17	ASP 1.2/1.8-10 kg	Antenna Mast	Maturo GmbH	-		

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
1.18	JS4-18002600-32-5P	Broadband Amplifier 18 GHz - 26 GHz	Miteq	849785		
1.19	JS4-00101800-35-5P	Broadband Amplifier 30 MHz - 18 GHz	Miteq	896037		
1.20	HL 562	Ultralog new biconicals	Rohde & Schwarz	830547/003	2015-06	2018-06
1.21	Opus10 THI (8152.00)	ThermoHygro Datalogger 12 (Environ)	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	12482		
1.22	JS4-00102600-42-5A	Broadband Amplifier 30 MHz - 26 GHz	Miteq	619368		
1.23	HFH2-Z2	Loop Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	829324/006	2014-11	2017-11
1.24	FSW 43	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	103779	2016-12	2018-12
1.25	Opus10 TPR (8253.00)	ThermoAirpressure Datalogger 13 (Environ)	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	13936		
1.26	Chroma 6404	AC Power Source	Chroma ATE INC.	64040001304		
1.27	3160-10	Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna 40 GHz	EMCO Elektronik GmbH	00086675		
1.28	HL 562 Ultralog	Log.-per. Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	100609	2016-04	2019-04
1.29	PAS 2.5 - 10 kg	Antenna Mast	Maturo GmbH	-		
1.30	HF 907	Double-ridged horn	Rohde & Schwarz	102444	2015-05	2018-05

The calibration interval is the time interval between "Last Calibration" and "Calibration Due"

6 ANTENNA FACTORS, CABLE LOSS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

This chapter contains the antenna factors with their corresponding path loss of the used measurement path for all antennas as well as the insertion loss of the LISN.

6.1 LISN R&S ESH3-Z5 (150 KHZ – 30 MHZ)

Frequency		Corr.	LISN insertion loss ESH3- Z5	cable loss (incl. 10 dB atten- uator)
MHz		dB	dB	dB
0,15		10,1	0,1	10,0
5		10,3	0,1	10,2
7		10,5	0,2	10,3
10		10,5	0,2	10,3
12		10,7	0,3	10,4
14		10,7	0,3	10,4
16		10,8	0,4	10,4
18		10,9	0,4	10,5
20		10,9	0,4	10,5
22		11,1	0,5	10,6
24		11,1	0,5	10,6
26		11,2	0,5	10,7
28		11,2	0,5	10,7
30		11,3	0,5	10,8

Sample calculation

$$U_{\text{LISN}} (\text{dB } \mu\text{V}) = U (\text{dB } \mu\text{V}) + \text{Corr. (dB)}$$

U = Receiver reading

LISN Insertion loss = Voltage Division Factor of LISN

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used LISN, cables, switch units (if used)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

6.2 ANTENNA R&S HFH2-Z2 (9 KHZ – 30 MHZ)

Frequency MHz	AF HFH-Z2) dB (1/m)	Corr. dB	cable loss 1 (inside chamber) dB	cable loss 2 (outside chamber) dB	cable loss 3 (switch unit) dB	cable loss 4 (to receiver) dB	distance corr. (-40 dB/ decade) dB	d _{Limit} (meas. distance (limit) m	d _{used} (meas. distance (used) m
0,009	20,50	-79,6	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	-80	300	3
0,01	20,45	-79,6	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	-80	300	3
0,015	20,37	-79,6	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	-80	300	3
0,02	20,36	-79,6	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	-80	300	3
0,025	20,38	-79,6	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	-80	300	3
0,03	20,32	-79,6	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	-80	300	3
0,05	20,35	-79,6	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	-80	300	3
0,08	20,30	-79,6	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	-80	300	3
0,1	20,20	-79,6	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	-80	300	3
0,2	20,17	-79,6	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	-80	300	3
0,3	20,14	-79,6	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	-80	300	3
0,49	20,12	-79,6	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	-80	300	3
0,490001	20,12	-39,6	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	-40	30	3
0,5	20,11	-39,6	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	-40	30	3
0,8	20,10	-39,6	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	-40	30	3
1	20,09	-39,6	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	-40	30	3
2	20,08	-39,6	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	-40	30	3
3	20,06	-39,6	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	-40	30	3
4	20,05	-39,5	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,1	-40	30	3
5	20,05	-39,5	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,1	-40	30	3
6	20,02	-39,5	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,1	-40	30	3
8	19,95	-39,5	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,1	-40	30	3
10	19,83	-39,4	0,2	0,1	0,2	0,1	-40	30	3
12	19,71	-39,4	0,2	0,1	0,2	0,1	-40	30	3
14	19,54	-39,4	0,2	0,1	0,2	0,1	-40	30	3
16	19,53	-39,3	0,3	0,1	0,2	0,1	-40	30	3
18	19,50	-39,3	0,3	0,1	0,2	0,1	-40	30	3
20	19,57	-39,3	0,3	0,1	0,2	0,1	-40	30	3
22	19,61	-39,3	0,3	0,1	0,2	0,1	-40	30	3
24	19,61	-39,3	0,3	0,1	0,2	0,1	-40	30	3
26	19,54	-39,3	0,3	0,1	0,2	0,1	-40	30	3
28	19,46	-39,2	0,3	0,1	0,3	0,1	-40	30	3
30	19,73	-39,1	0,4	0,1	0,3	0,1	-40	30	3

Sample calculation

$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + AF \text{ (dB 1/m)} + Corr. \text{ (dB)}$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

distance correction = $-40 * \text{LOG} (d_{\text{Limit}} / d_{\text{used}})$

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values

6.3 ANTENNA R&S HL562 (30 MHz – 1 GHz)

($d_{\text{Limit}} = 3 \text{ m}$)

Frequency	AF R&S HL562	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
30	18,6	0,6
50	6,0	0,9
100	9,7	1,2
150	7,9	1,6
200	7,6	1,9
250	9,5	2,1
300	11,0	2,3
350	12,4	2,6
400	13,6	2,9
450	14,7	3,1
500	15,6	3,2
550	16,3	3,5
600	17,2	3,5
650	18,1	3,6
700	18,5	3,6
750	19,1	4,1
800	19,6	4,1
850	20,1	4,4
900	20,8	4,7
950	21,1	4,8
1000	21,6	4,9

cable loss 1 (inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (outside chamber)	cable loss 3 (switch unit)	cable loss 4 (to receiver)	distance corr. (-20 dB/ decade)	d_{Limit} (meas. distance (limit))	d_{used} (meas. distance (used))
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	m	m
0,29	0,04	0,23	0,02	0,0	3	3
0,39	0,09	0,32	0,08	0,0	3	3
0,56	0,14	0,47	0,08	0,0	3	3
0,73	0,20	0,59	0,12	0,0	3	3
0,84	0,21	0,70	0,11	0,0	3	3
0,98	0,24	0,80	0,13	0,0	3	3
1,04	0,26	0,89	0,15	0,0	3	3
1,18	0,31	0,96	0,13	0,0	3	3
1,28	0,35	1,03	0,19	0,0	3	3
1,39	0,38	1,11	0,22	0,0	3	3
1,44	0,39	1,20	0,19	0,0	3	3
1,55	0,46	1,24	0,23	0,0	3	3
1,59	0,43	1,29	0,23	0,0	3	3
1,67	0,34	1,35	0,22	0,0	3	3
1,67	0,42	1,41	0,15	0,0	3	3
1,87	0,54	1,46	0,25	0,0	3	3
1,90	0,46	1,51	0,25	0,0	3	3
1,99	0,60	1,56	0,27	0,0	3	3
2,14	0,60	1,63	0,29	0,0	3	3
2,22	0,60	1,66	0,33	0,0	3	3
2,23	0,61	1,71	0,30	0,0	3	3

($d_{\text{Limit}} = 10 \text{ m}$)

30	18,6	-9,9
50	6,0	-9,6
100	9,7	-9,2
150	7,9	-8,8
200	7,6	-8,6
250	9,5	-8,3
300	11,0	-8,1
350	12,4	-7,9
400	13,6	-7,6
450	14,7	-7,4
500	15,6	-7,2
550	16,3	-7,0
600	17,2	-6,9
650	18,1	-6,9
700	18,5	-6,8
750	19,1	-6,3
800	19,6	-6,3
850	20,1	-6,0
900	20,8	-5,8
950	21,1	-5,6
1000	21,6	-5,6

0,29	0,04	0,23	0,02	-10,5	10	3
0,39	0,09	0,32	0,08	-10,5	10	3
0,56	0,14	0,47	0,08	-10,5	10	3
0,73	0,20	0,59	0,12	-10,5	10	3
0,84	0,21	0,70	0,11	-10,5	10	3
0,98	0,24	0,80	0,13	-10,5	10	3
1,04	0,26	0,89	0,15	-10,5	10	3
1,18	0,31	0,96	0,13	-10,5	10	3
1,28	0,35	1,03	0,19	-10,5	10	3
1,39	0,38	1,11	0,22	-10,5	10	3
1,44	0,39	1,20	0,19	-10,5	10	3
1,55	0,46	1,24	0,23	-10,5	10	3
1,59	0,43	1,29	0,23	-10,5	10	3
1,67	0,34	1,35	0,22	-10,5	10	3
1,67	0,42	1,41	0,15	-10,5	10	3
1,87	0,54	1,46	0,25	-10,5	10	3
1,90	0,46	1,51	0,25	-10,5	10	3
1,99	0,60	1,56	0,27	-10,5	10	3
2,14	0,60	1,63	0,29	-10,5	10	3
2,22	0,60	1,66	0,33	-10,5	10	3
2,23	0,61	1,71	0,30	-10,5	10	3

Sample calculation

$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + \text{AF (dB 1/m)} + \text{Corr. (dB)}$
 U = Receiver reading
 AF = Antenna factor
 Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)
 $\text{distance correction} = -20 * \text{LOG} (d_{\text{Limit}} / d_{\text{used}})$
 Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.
 Tables show an extract of values.

6.4 ANTENNA R&S HF907 (1 GHZ – 18 GHZ)

Frequency	AF R&S HF907	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
1000	24,4	-19,4
2000	28,5	-17,4
3000	31,0	-16,1
4000	33,1	-14,7
5000	34,4	-13,7
6000	34,7	-12,7
7000	35,6	-11,0

cable loss 1 (relay + cable inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (outside chamber)	cable loss 3 (switch unit, atten- uator & pre-amp)	cable loss 4 (to receiver)		
dB	dB	dB	dB		
0,99	0,31	-21,51	0,79		
1,44	0,44	-20,63	1,38		
1,87	0,53	-19,85	1,33		
2,41	0,67	-19,13	1,31		
2,78	0,86	-18,71	1,40		
2,74	0,90	-17,83	1,47		
2,82	0,86	-16,19	1,46		

Frequency	AF R&S HF907	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
3000	31,0	-23,4
4000	33,1	-23,3
5000	34,4	-21,7
6000	34,7	-21,2
7000	35,6	-19,8

cable loss 1 (relay inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (inside chamber)	cable loss 3 (outside chamber)	cable loss 4 (switch unit, atten- uator & pre-amp)	cable loss 5 (to receiver)	used for FCC 15.247
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	
0,47	1,87	0,53	-27,58	1,33	
0,56	2,41	0,67	-28,23	1,31	
0,61	2,78	0,86	-27,35	1,40	
0,58	2,74	0,90	-26,89	1,47	
0,66	2,82	0,86	-25,58	1,46	

Frequency	AF R&S HF907	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
7000	35,6	-57,3
8000	36,3	-56,3
9000	37,1	-55,3
10000	37,5	-56,2
11000	37,5	-55,3
12000	37,6	-53,7
13000	38,2	-53,5
14000	39,9	-56,3
15000	40,9	-54,1
16000	41,3	-54,1
17000	42,8	-54,4
18000	44,2	-54,7

cable loss 1 (relay inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (High Pass)	cable loss 3 (pre- amp)	cable loss 4 (inside chamber)	cable loss 5 (outside chamber)	cable loss 6 (to receiver)
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB
0,56	1,28	-62,72	2,66	0,94	1,46
0,69	0,71	-61,49	2,84	1,00	1,53
0,68	0,65	-60,80	3,06	1,09	1,60
0,70	0,54	-61,91	3,28	1,20	1,67
0,80	0,61	-61,40	3,43	1,27	1,70
0,84	0,42	-59,70	3,53	1,26	1,73
0,83	0,44	-59,81	3,75	1,32	1,83
0,91	0,53	-63,03	3,91	1,40	1,77
0,98	0,54	-61,05	4,02	1,44	1,83
1,23	0,49	-61,51	4,17	1,51	1,85
1,36	0,76	-62,36	4,34	1,53	2,00
1,70	0,53	-62,88	4,41	1,55	1,91

Sample calculation

$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + AF \text{ (dB 1/m)} + Corr. \text{ (dB)}$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Tables show an extract of values.

6.5 ANTENNA EMCO 3160-09 (18 GHZ – 26.5 GHZ)

Frequency	AF EMCO 3160-09	Corr.	cable loss 1 (inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (pre- amp)	cable loss 3 (inside chamber)	cable loss 4 (switch unit)	cable loss 5 (to receiver)
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB
18000	40,2	-23,5	0,72	-35,85	6,20	2,81	2,65
18500	40,2	-23,2	0,69	-35,71	6,46	2,76	2,59
19000	40,2	-22,0	0,76	-35,44	6,69	3,15	2,79
19500	40,3	-21,3	0,74	-35,07	7,04	3,11	2,91
20000	40,3	-20,3	0,72	-34,49	7,30	3,07	3,05
20500	40,3	-19,9	0,78	-34,46	7,48	3,12	3,15
21000	40,3	-19,1	0,87	-34,07	7,61	3,20	3,33
21500	40,3	-19,1	0,90	-33,96	7,47	3,28	3,19
22000	40,3	-18,7	0,89	-33,57	7,34	3,35	3,28
22500	40,4	-19,0	0,87	-33,66	7,06	3,75	2,94
23000	40,4	-19,5	0,88	-33,75	6,92	3,77	2,70
23500	40,4	-19,3	0,90	-33,35	6,99	3,52	2,66
24000	40,4	-19,8	0,88	-33,99	6,88	3,88	2,58
24500	40,4	-19,5	0,91	-33,89	7,01	3,93	2,51
25000	40,4	-19,3	0,88	-33,00	6,72	3,96	2,14
25500	40,5	-20,4	0,89	-34,07	6,90	3,66	2,22
26000	40,5	-21,3	0,86	-35,11	7,02	3,69	2,28
26500	40,5	-21,1	0,90	-35,20	7,15	3,91	2,36

Sample calculation

$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + AF \text{ (dB 1/m)} + Corr. \text{ (dB)}$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values.

6.6 ANTENNA EMCO 3160-10 (26.5 GHz – 40 GHz)

Frequency GHz	AF EMCO 3160-10 dB (1/m)	Corr. dB	cable loss 1 (inside chamber) dB	cable loss 2 (outside chamber) dB	cable loss 3 (switch unit) dB	cable loss 4 (to receiver) dB	distance corr. (-20 dB/ decade) dB	d _{Limit} (meas. distance (limit) m	d _{used} (meas. distance (used) m
26,5	43,4	-11,2	4,4				-15,6	3	0,5
27,0	43,4	-11,2	4,4				-15,6	3	0,5
28,0	43,4	-11,1	4,5				-15,6	3	0,5
29,0	43,5	-11,0	4,6				-15,6	3	0,5
30,0	43,5	-10,9	4,7				-15,6	3	0,5
31,0	43,5	-10,8	4,7				-15,6	3	0,5
32,0	43,5	-10,7	4,8				-15,6	3	0,5
33,0	43,6	-10,7	4,9				-15,6	3	0,5
34,0	43,6	-10,6	5,0				-15,6	3	0,5
35,0	43,6	-10,5	5,1				-15,6	3	0,5
36,0	43,6	-10,4	5,1				-15,6	3	0,5
37,0	43,7	-10,3	5,2				-15,6	3	0,5
38,0	43,7	-10,2	5,3				-15,6	3	0,5
39,0	43,7	-10,2	5,4				-15,6	3	0,5
40,0	43,8	-10,1	5,5				-15,6	3	0,5

Sample calculation

$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + AF \text{ (dB 1/m)} + Corr. \text{ (dB)}$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

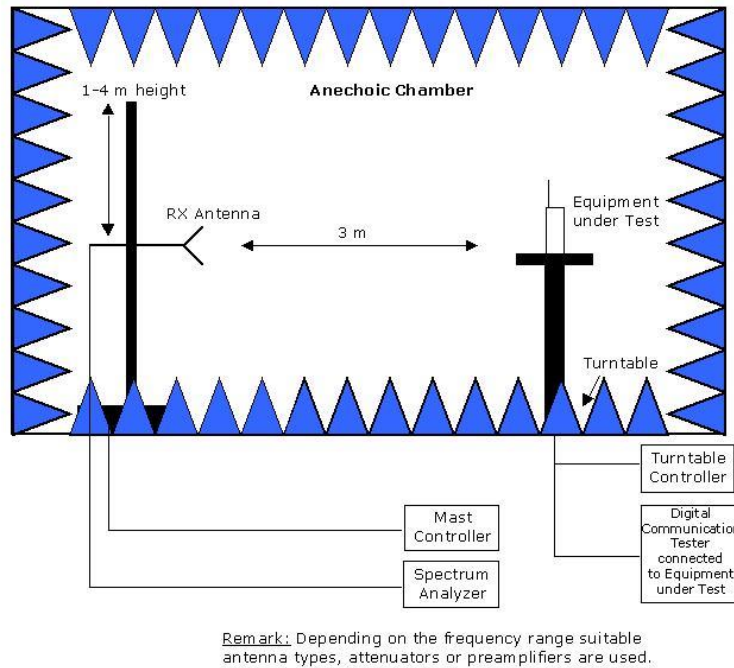
Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

distance correction = $-20 * \text{LOG} (d_{\text{Limit}} / d_{\text{used}})$

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values.

7 SETUP DRAWINGS



Drawing 1: Setup in the Anechoic chamber. For measurements below 1 GHz the ground was replaced by a conducting groundplane.

8 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

Test Case	Parameter	Uncertainty
AC Power Line	Power	± 3.4 dB
Field Strength of spurious radiation	Power	± 5.5 dB
6 dB / 26 dB / 99% Bandwidth	Power Frequency	± 2.9 dB ± 11.2 kHz
Conducted Output Power	Power	± 2.2 dB
Band Edge Compliance	Power Frequency	± 2.2 dB ± 11.2 kHz
Frequency Stability	Frequency	± 25 Hz
Power Spectral Density	Power	± 2.2 dB

9 PHOTO REPORT

Please see separate photo report.