



9. RADIATED EMISSION

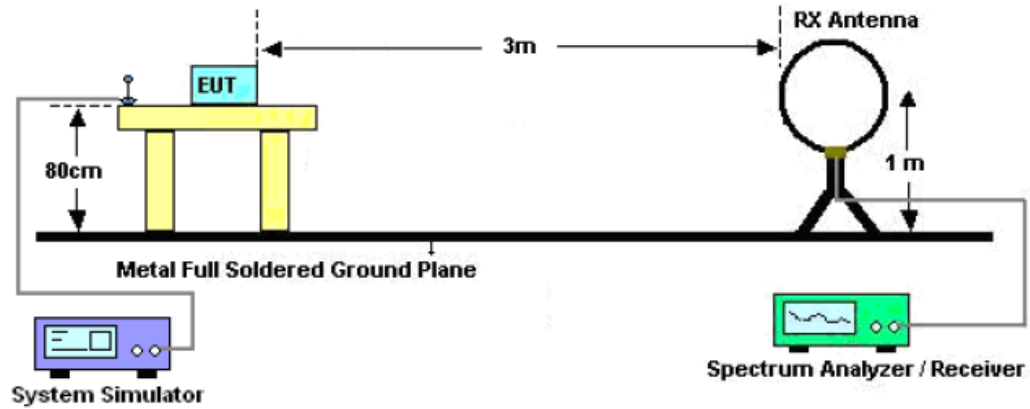
9.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was placed on the top of the turntable 0.8 or 1.5 meter above ground. The phase center of the receiving antenna mounted on the top of a height-variable antenna tower was placed 3 meters far away from the turntable.
2. Power on the EUT and all the supporting units. The turntable was rotated by 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
3. The height of the broadband receiving antenna was varied between one meter and four meters above ground to find the maximum emissions field strength of both horizontal and vertical polarization.
4. For each suspected emissions, the antenna tower was scan (from 1 M to 4 M) and then the turntable was rotated (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading.
5. Set the test-receiver system to Peak or CISPR quasi-peak Detect Function with specified bandwidth under Maximum Hold Mode.
6. For emissions above 1GHz, use 1MHz VBW and RBW for peak reading. Then 1MHz RBW and 10Hz VBW for average reading in spectrum analyzer. Place the measurement antenna away from each area of the EUT determined to be a source of emissions at the specified measurement distance, while keeping the measurement antenna aimed at the source of emissions at each frequency of significant emissions, with polarization oriented for maximum response. The measurement antenna may have to be higher or lower than the EUT, depending on the radiation pattern of the emission and staying aimed at the emission source for receiving the maximum signal. The final measurement antenna elevation shall be that which maximizes the emissions. The measurement antenna elevation for maximum emissions shall be restricted to a range of heights of from 1 m to 4 m above the ground or reference ground plane.
7. When the radiated emissions limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emissions, and pulsed operation is employed, the measurement field strength shall be determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as long as the pulse train does not exceed 0.1 seconds. As an alternative (provided the transmitter operates for longer than 0.1 seconds) or in cases where the pulse train exceeds 0.1 seconds, the measured field strength shall be determined from the average absolute voltage during a 0.1 second interval during which the field strength is at its maximum values.
8. If the emissions level of the EUT in peak mode was 3 dB lower than the average limit specified, then testing will be stopped and peak values of EUT will be reported, otherwise, the emissions which do not have 3 dB margin will be repeated one by one using the quasi-peak method for below 1GHz.
9. For testing above 1GHz, the emissions level of the EUT in peak mode was lower than average limit (that means the emissions level in peak mode also complies with the limit in average mode), then testing will be stopped and peak values of EUT will be reported, otherwise, the emissions will be measured in average mode again and reported.
10. In case the emission is lower than 30MHz, loop antenna has to be used for measurement and the recorded data should be QP measured by receiver. High - Low scan is not required in this case.

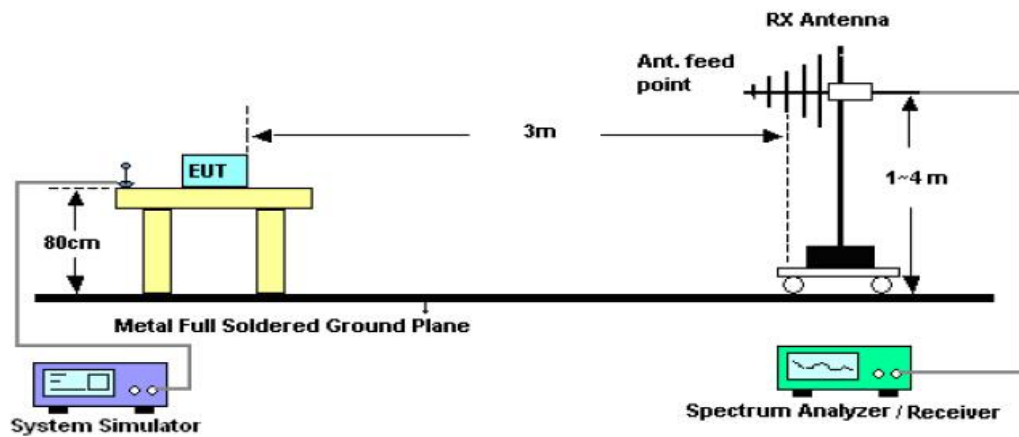


9.2. TEST SETUP

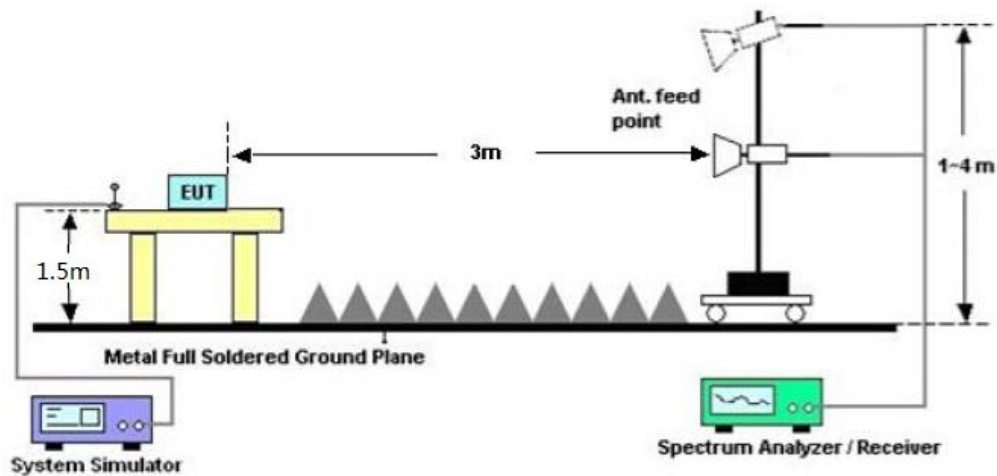
RADIATED EMISSION TEST-SETUP FREQUENCY BELOW 30MHZ



RADIATED EMISSION TEST SETUP 30MHz-1000MHz



RADIATED EMISSION TEST SETUP ABOVE 1000MHz





9.3. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT

15.209(a) Limit in the below table has to be followed

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (micorvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009~0.490	2400/F(KHz)	300
0.490~1.705	24000/F(KHz)	30
1.705~30.0	30	30
30~88	100	3
88~216	150	3
216~960	200	3
Above 960	500	3



9.4. TEST RESULT

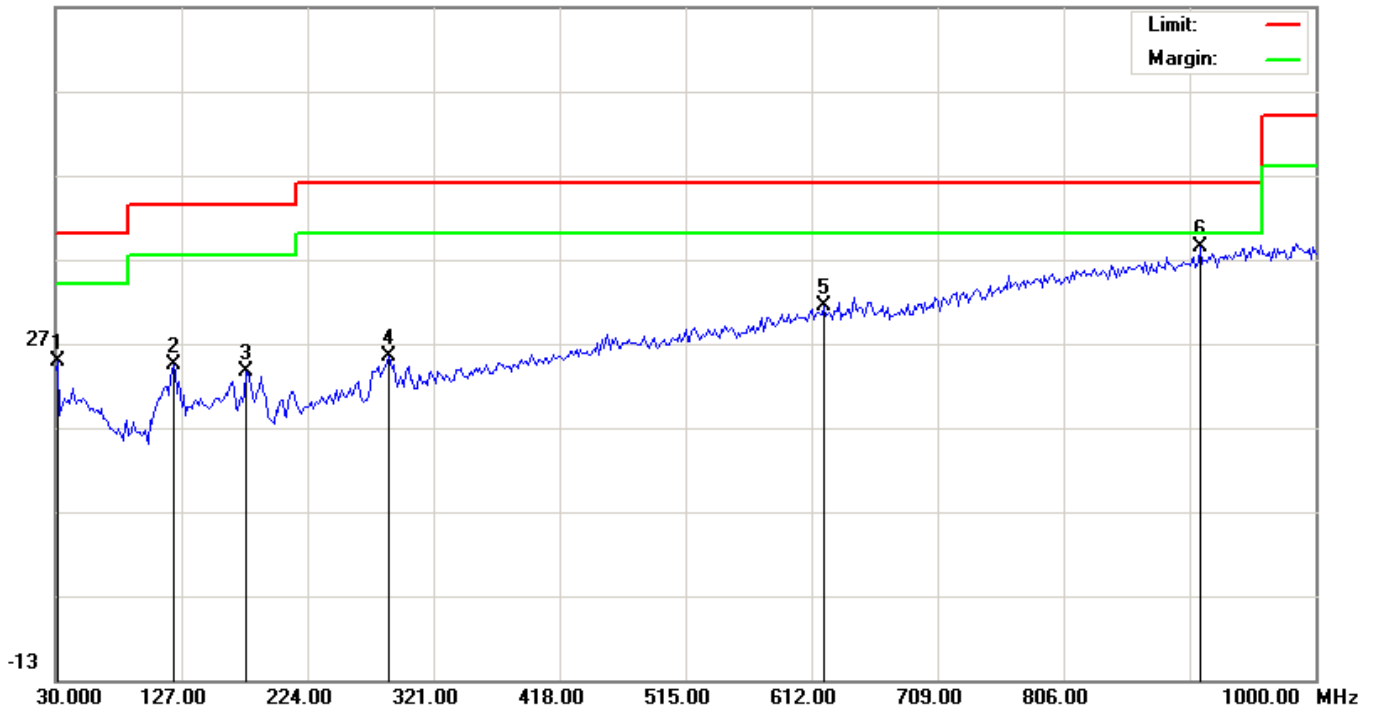
RADIATED EMISSION BELOW 30MHZ

No emission found between lowest internal used/generated frequencies to 30MHz.

RADIATED EMISSION BELOW 1GHZ

RADIATED EMISSION TEST- (30MHZ-1GHZ) -HORIZONTAL

66.9 dBuV/m



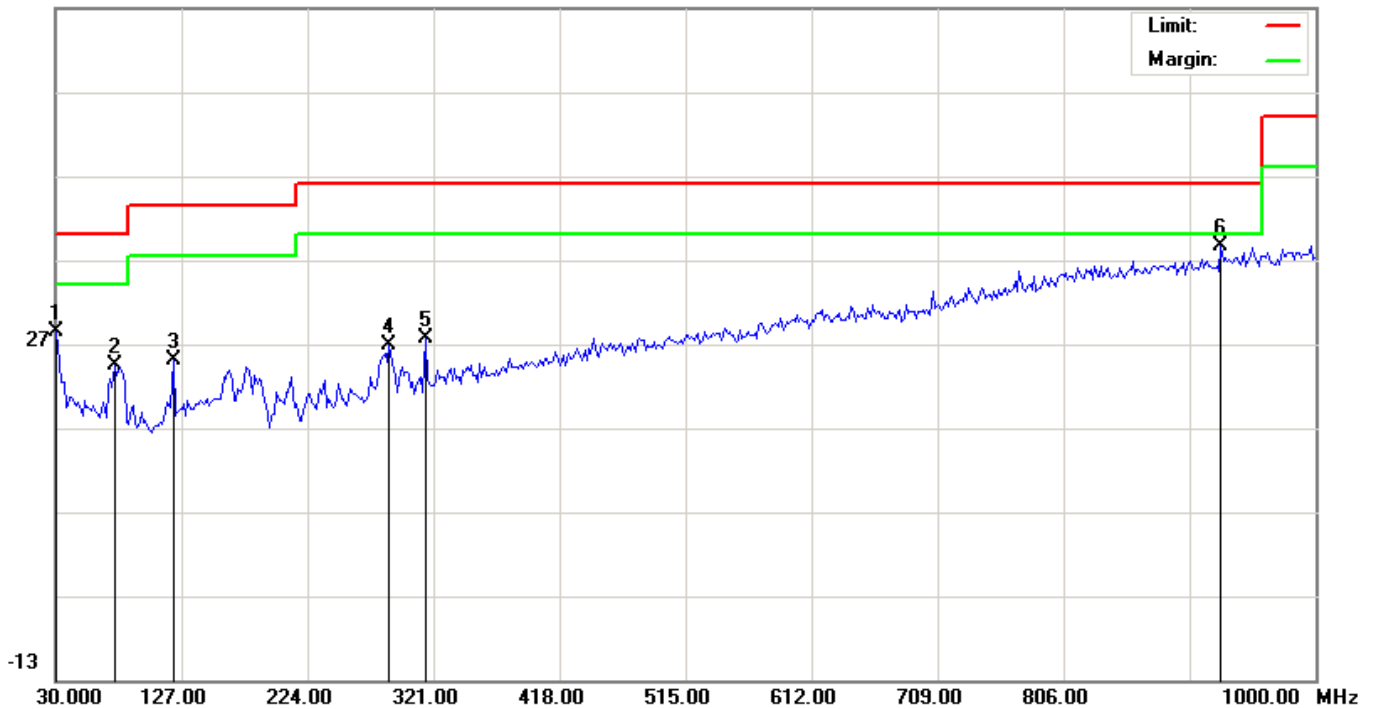
No.	Mk	Freq.	Reading	Factor	Measurement	Limit	Over	Detector	Antenna Height	Table Degree	Comment
		MHz	dBuV	dB/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB		cm	degree	
1		31.6167	5.75	19.00	24.75	40.00	-15.25	peak			
2		120.5333	5.16	19.16	24.32	43.50	-19.18	peak			
3		177.1167	4.79	18.78	23.57	43.50	-19.93	peak			
4		287.0500	3.21	22.12	25.33	46.00	-20.67	peak			
5		621.7000	1.18	30.16	31.34	46.00	-14.66	peak			
6	*	911.0833	2.38	36.06	38.44	46.00	-7.56	peak			

RESULT: PASS



RADIATED EMISSION TEST- (30MHZ-1GHZ) -VERTICAL

66.9 dBuV/m



No.	Mk	Freq.	Reading	Factor	Measurement	Limit	Over	Detector	Antenna Height	Table Degree	Comment
		MHz	dBuV	dB/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB		cm	degree	
1		30.0000	9.63	18.73	28.36	40.00	-11.64	peak			
2		75.2667	7.50	16.81	24.31	40.00	-15.69	peak			
3		120.5333	5.89	19.16	25.05	43.50	-18.45	peak			
4		287.0500	4.72	22.12	26.84	46.00	-19.16	peak			
5		314.5333	5.23	22.44	27.67	46.00	-18.33	peak			
6	*	927.2500	2.36	36.26	38.62	46.00	-7.38	peak			

RESULT: PASS

Note: 1. Factor=Antenna Factor + Cable loss, Margin=Measurement-Limit.

2. The "Factor" value can be calculated automatically by software of measurement system.

3. All test modes for different EUT are pre-tested. The low channel for GFSK mode is the worst case and recorded in the report.



RADIATED EMISSION TEST- (ABOVE 1GHZ)

Frequency	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type	Comment
(MHz)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)		
Low Channel (2402 MHz)					
4804	51.55	74	-22.45	Pk	Vertical
4804	36.64	54	-17.36	AV	Vertical
4804	50.43	74	-23.57	Pk	Horizontal
4804	38.77	54	-15.23	AV	Horizontal
Mid Channel (2441 MHz)					
4882	52.78	74	-21.22	Pk	Vertical
4882	38.10	54	-15.90	AV	Vertical
4882	51.55	74	-22.45	Pk	Horizontal
4882	37.37	54	-16.63	AV	Horizontal
High Channel (2480 MHz)					
4960	50.88	74	-23.12	pk	Vertical
4960	35.24	54	-18.76	AV	Vertical
4960	50.11	74	-23.89	pk	Horizontal
4960	40.19	54	-13.81	AV	Horizontal

RESULT: PASS**Note:**

1. 1GHz~25GHz:(Scan with GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK, the worst case is GFSK Mode, No recording in the test report at least have 20dB margin)
2. Margin = Emission Level - Limit



10. BAND EDGE EMISSION

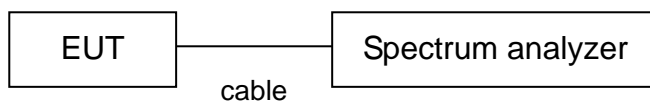
10.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

1. The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 300kHz.
2. Transmitter set to the normal hopping mode at 2.4 and 2.4835 GHz.

10.2. TEST SET-UP

Radiated same as 10.2

Conducted set up



**10.3. RADIATED TEST RESULT**

Frequency	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector	Comment
(MHz)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	Type	
GFSK					
2399.9	50.54	74	-23.46	peak	Vertical
2399.9	38.33	54	-15.67	AVG	Vertical
2399.9	49.05	74	-24.95	peak	Horizontal
2399.9	39.19	54	-14.81	AVG	Horizontal
2483.6	51.23	74	-22.77	peak	Vertical
2483.6	35.85	54	-18.15	AVG	Vertical
2483.6	51.35	74	-22.65	peak	Horizontal
2483.6	37.44	54	-16.56	AVG	Horizontal
π/4-DQPSK					
2399.9	49.66	74	-24.34	peak	Vertical
2399.9	39.25	54	-14.75	AVG	Vertical
2399.9	50.42	74	-23.58	peak	Horizontal
2399.9	39.19	54	-14.81	AVG	Horizontal
2483.6	50.36	74	-23.64	peak	Vertical
2483.6	39.55	54	-14.45	AVG	Vertical
2483.6	49.79	74	-24.21	peak	Horizontal
2483.6	38.55	54	-15.45	AVG	Horizontal
8DPSK					
2399.9	50.55	74	-23.45	peak	Vertical
2399.9	37.36	54	-16.64	AVG	Vertical
2399.9	49.19	74	-24.81	peak	Horizontal
2399.9	39.25	54	-14.75	AVG	Horizontal
2483.6	49.79	74	-24.21	peak	Vertical
2483.6	38.64	54	-15.36	AVG	Vertical
2483.6	51.28	74	-22.72	peak	Horizontal
2483.6	39.77	54	-14.23	AVG	Horizontal

RESULT: PASS

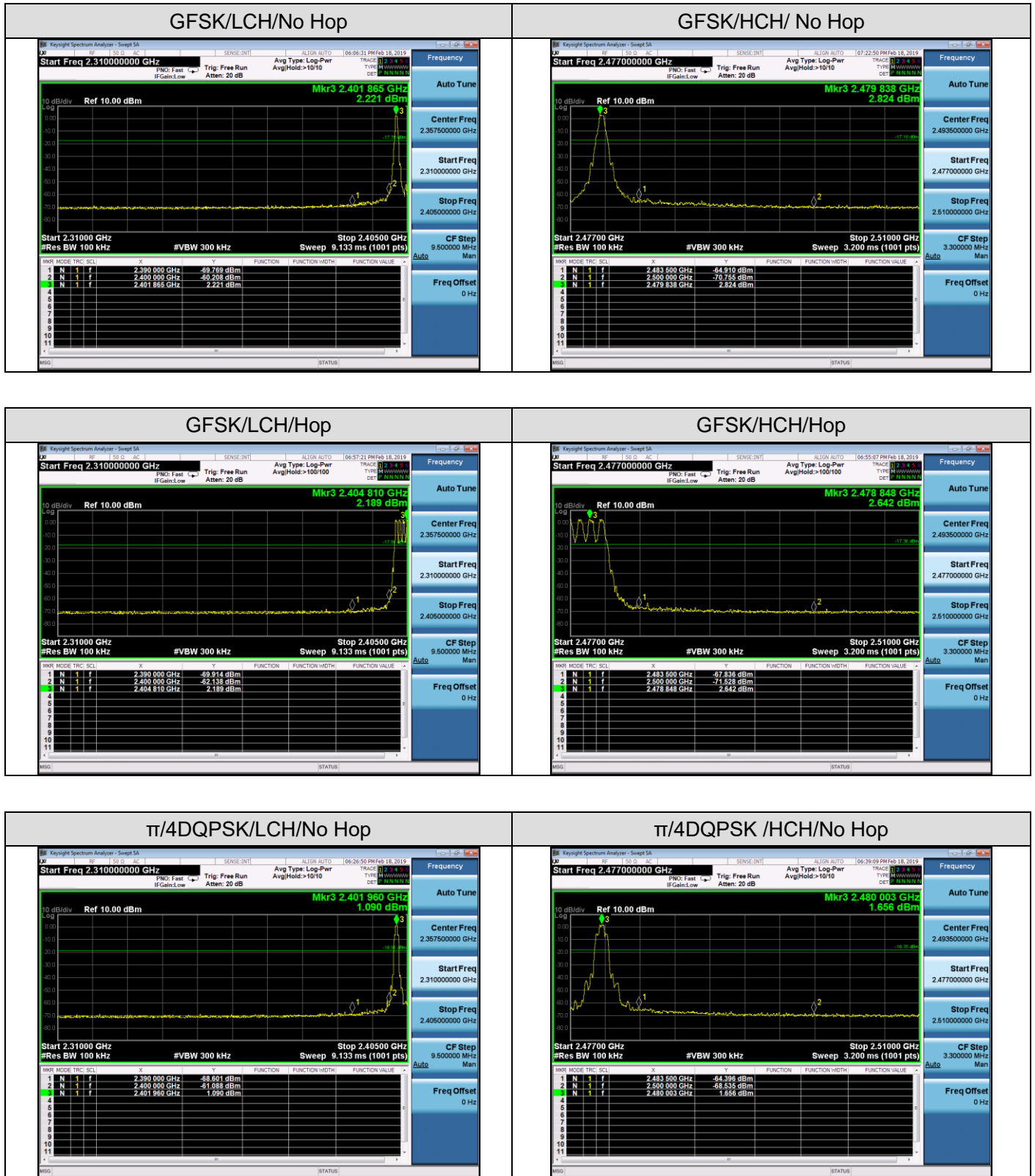
Note: The other modes radiation emission have enough 20dB margin.

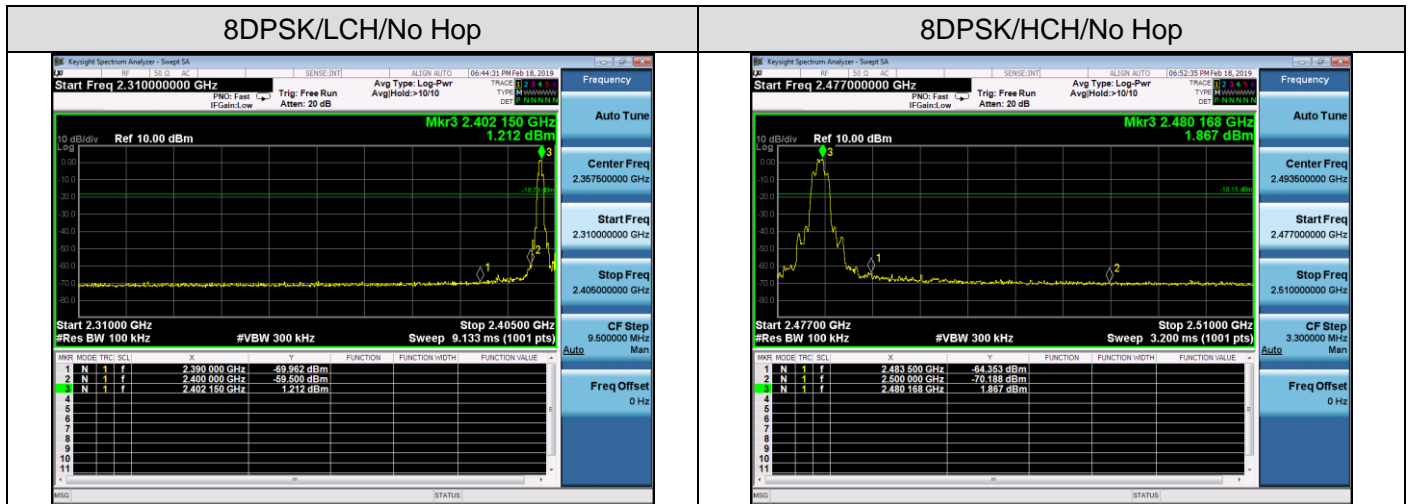
$$\text{Margin} = \text{Emission Level} - \text{Limit}$$



10.4 CONDUCTED TEST RESULT

Test Graph





Note: All modes were tested, only the worst case record in the report.



11. NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCY

11.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in transmitting mode.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
3. Set the spectrum analyzer Start = 2.4GHz Stop = 2.4835GHz
4. Set the Spectrum Analyzer as RBW>=1%span, VBW>=RBW.

11.2. TEST SETUP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION)

Same as described in section 8.2

11.3. MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

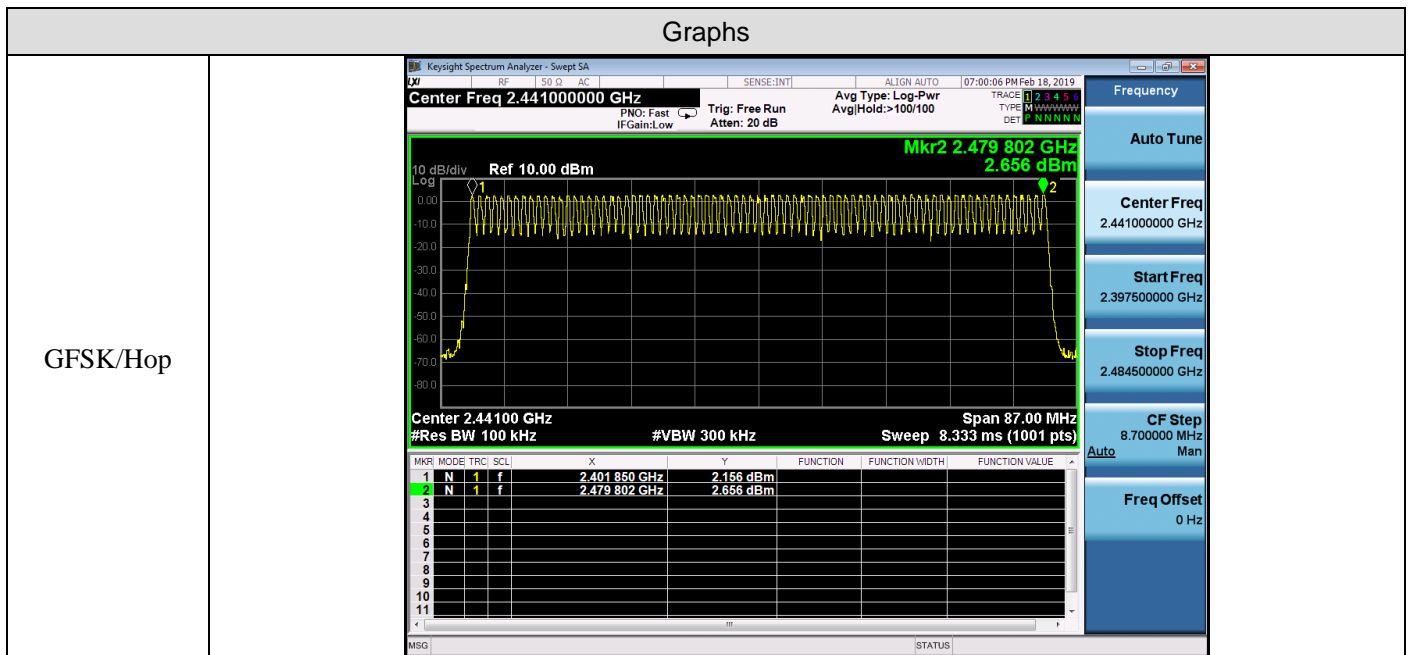
The same as described in section 6

11.4. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT

Mode	Channel.	Number of Hopping Channel	Verdict
GFSK	Hop	79	PASS

Note: All modes were tested, only the worst case record in the report.

Test Graph





12. TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)

12.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

1. Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel.
2. RBW shall be \leq channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set $\gg 1/T$, where T is the expected dwell time per channel.
3. Sweep: As necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; where possible use a video trigger and trigger delay so that the transmitted signal starts a little to the right of the start of the plot. The trigger level might need slight adjustment to prevent triggering when the system hops on an adjacent channel.
4. Detector function: Peak. Trace: Max hold.
5. Use the marker-delta function to determine the transmit time per hop.
6. Using the following equation:

The dwell time is calculated with the following formula:

$$\text{Dwell time} = t_{\text{pulse}} \times n_{\text{hops}} / \text{number of channels} \times 31.6 \text{ s}$$

Where:

t_{pulse} is the measured pulse time (pls. refer the plots of the spectrum analyser above) [s],

n_{hops} is the number of hops per second in the actual operating mode of the transmitter [1/s].

The hopping rate of the system is 1600 hops per second and the system uses 79 channels. For this reason one time slot has a length of 625 μs .

With the used hopping mode (DH5) a packet need 5 timeslots for transmitting and the next timeslot for receiving. So the system makes in worst case 266,67 hops per second in transmit mode ($n_{\text{hops}} = 266.667$ 1/s)

12.2. TEST SETUP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION)

Same as described in section 8.2

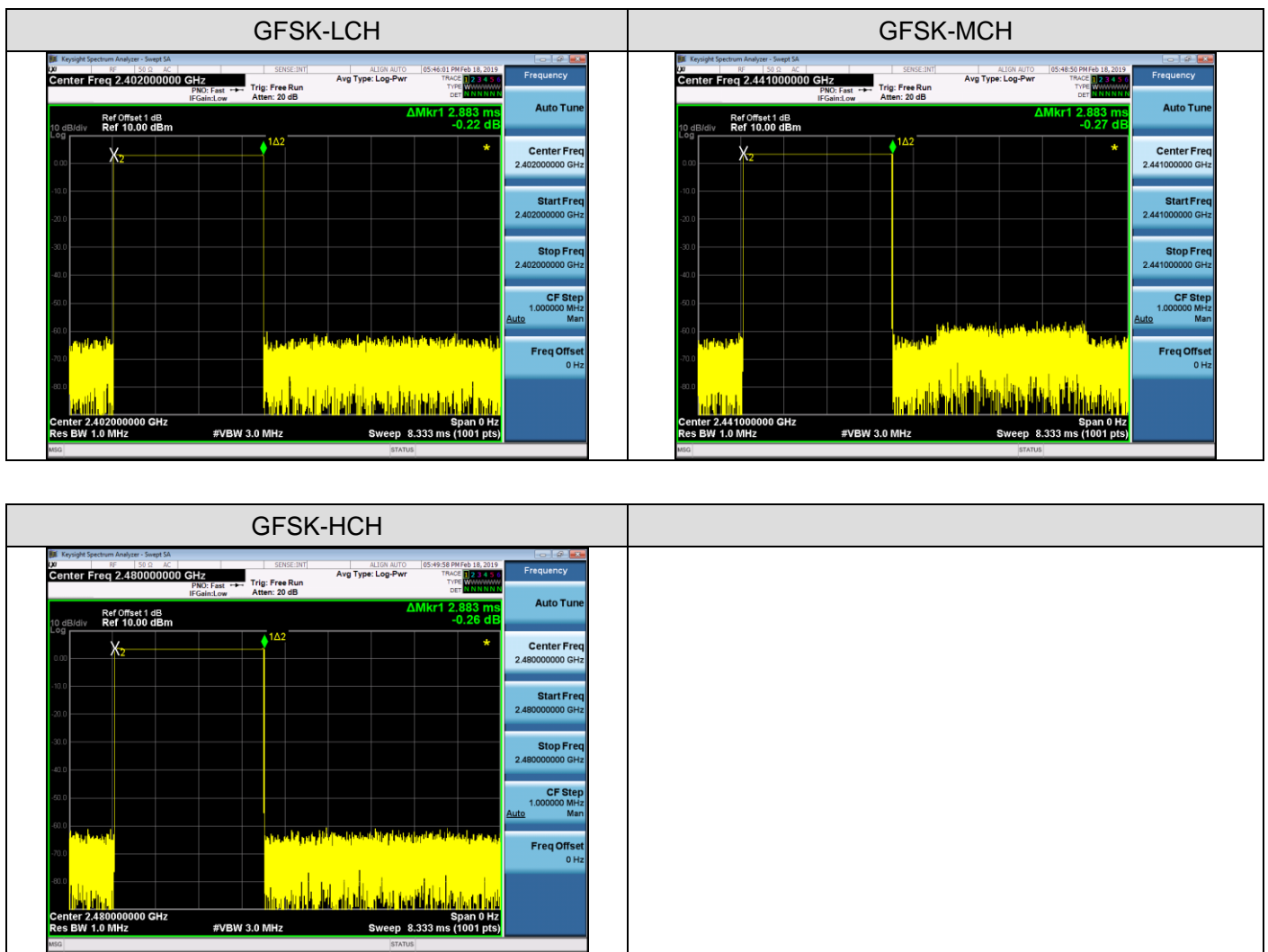
12.3. MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

The same as described in section 6

**12.4. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT**

Channel.	Burst Width [ms/hop/ch]	Dwell Time[ms]	Verdict	Limit (ms)
LCH	2.883	307.5204	PASS	400
MCH	2.883	307.5204	PASS	400
HCH	2.883	307.5204	PASS	400

Note: The DH5 for GFSK modulation is the worst case and recorded in the report.

Test Graph



13. FREQUENCY SEPARATION

13.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in transmitting mode
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer
3. Set Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels Resolution (or IF) Bandwidth (RBW) $\geq 1\%$ of the span Video (or Average) Bandwidth (VBW) \geq RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold

13.2. TEST SETUP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION)

Same as described in section 6.2

13.3. MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

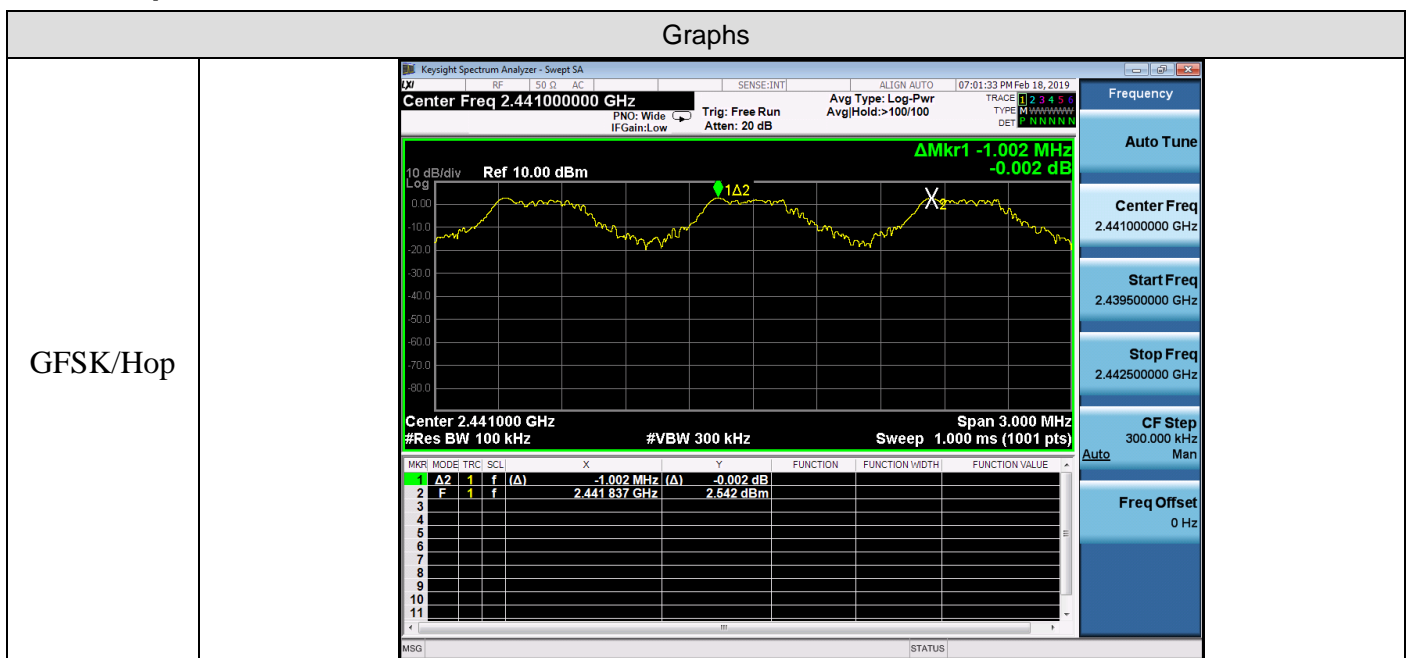
The same as described in section 6.3

13.4. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT

Mode	Channel.	Carrier Frequency Separation [MHz]	Verdict
GFSK	Hop	0.999	PASS

Note: All modes were tested, only the worst case record in the report.

Test Graph





14. FCC LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

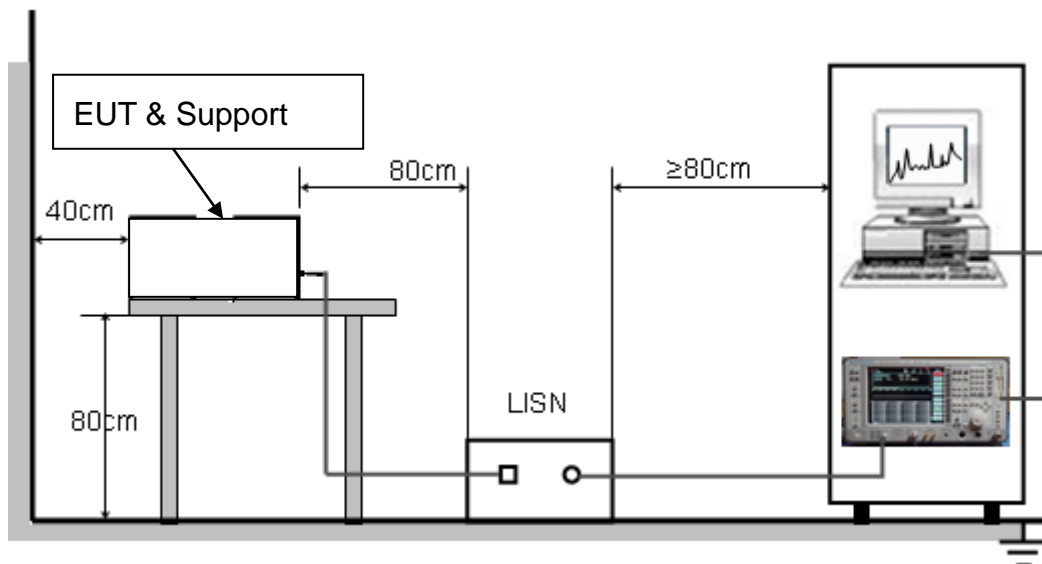
15.1. LIMITS OF LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

Frequency	Maximum RF Line Voltage	
	Q.P.(dBuV)	Average(dBuV)
150kHz~500kHz	66-56	56-46
500kHz~5MHz	56	46
5MHz~30MHz	60	50

Note:

1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequency.
2. The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50 MHz.

14.2. BLOCK DIAGRAM OF LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST





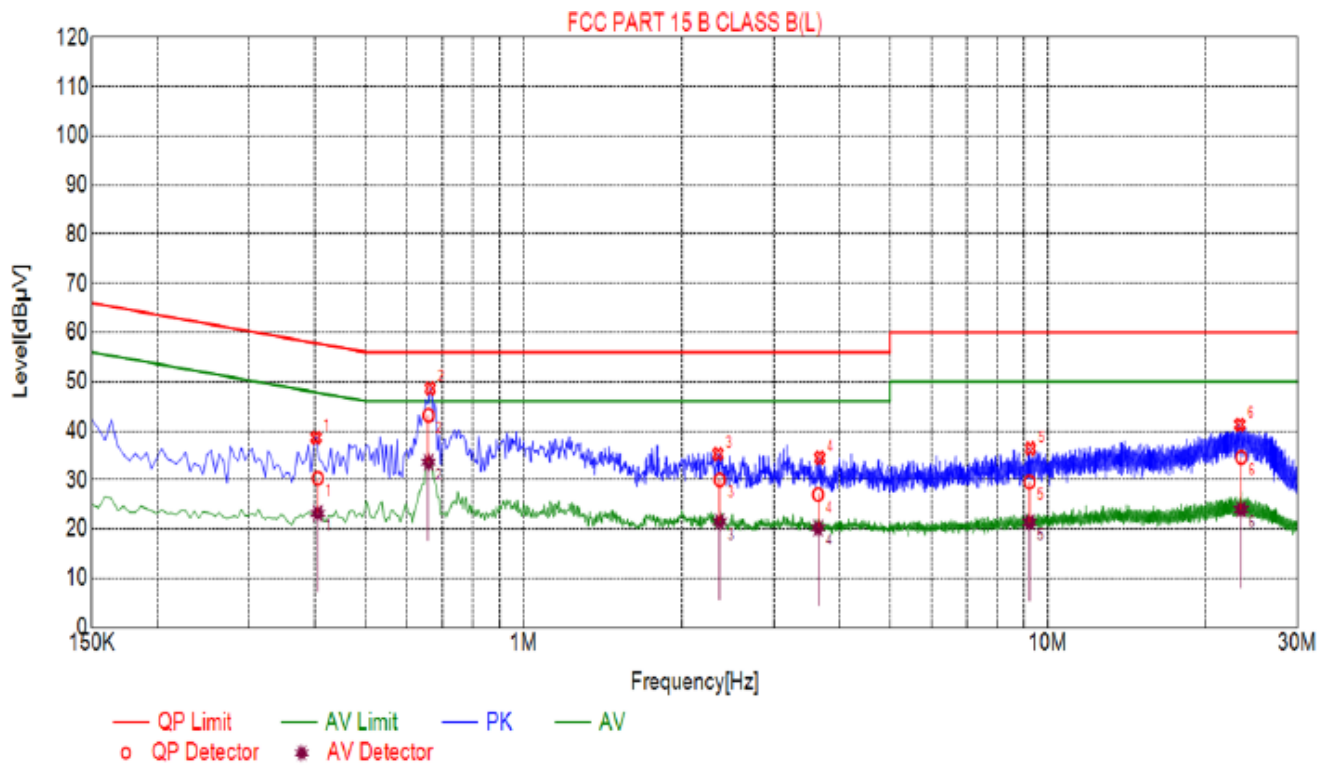
14.3. PRELIMINARY PROCEDURE OF LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

1. The equipment was set up as per the test configuration to simulate typical actual usage per the user's manual. When the EUT is a tabletop system, a wooden table with a height of 0.8 meters is used and is placed on the ground plane as per ANSI C63.10 (see Test Facility for the dimensions of the ground plane used). When the EUT is a floor-standing equipment, it is placed on the ground plane which has a 3-12 mm non-conductive covering to insulate the EUT from the ground plane.
2. Support equipment, if needed, was placed as per ANSI C63.10.
3. All I/O cables were positioned to simulate typical actual usage as per ANSI C63.10.
4. All support equipments received AC120V/60Hz power from a LISN, if any.
5. The EUT received DC charging voltage by adapter which received 120V/60Hz power by a LISN..
6. The test program was started. Emissions were measured on each current carrying line of the EUT using a spectrum Analyzer / Receiver connected to the LISN powering the EUT. The LISN has two monitoring points: Line 1 (Hot Side) and Line 2 (Neutral Side). Two scans were taken: one with Line 1 connected to Analyzer / Receiver and Line 2 connected to a 50 ohm load; the second scan had Line 1 connected to a 50 ohm load and Line 2 connected to the Analyzer / Receiver.
7. Analyzer / Receiver scanned from 150 kHz to 30MHz for emissions in each of the test modes.
8. During the above scans, the emissions were maximized by cable manipulation.
9. The test mode(s) were scanned during the preliminary test.

Then, the EUT configuration and cable configuration of the above highest emission level were recorded for reference of final testing.

14.4. FINAL PROCEDURE OF LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

1. EUT and support equipment was set up on the test bench as per step 2 of the preliminary test.
2. A scan was taken on both power lines, Line 1 and Line 2, recording at least the six highest emissions. Emission frequency and amplitude were recorded into a computer in which correction factors were used to calculate the emission level and compare reading to the applicable limit. If EUT emission level was less -2dB to the A.V. limit in Peak mode, then the emission signal was re-checked using Q.P and Average detector.
3. The test data of the worst case condition(s) was reported on the Summary Data page.

**14.5. TEST RESULT OF LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST****LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST LINE 1-L****Suspected List**

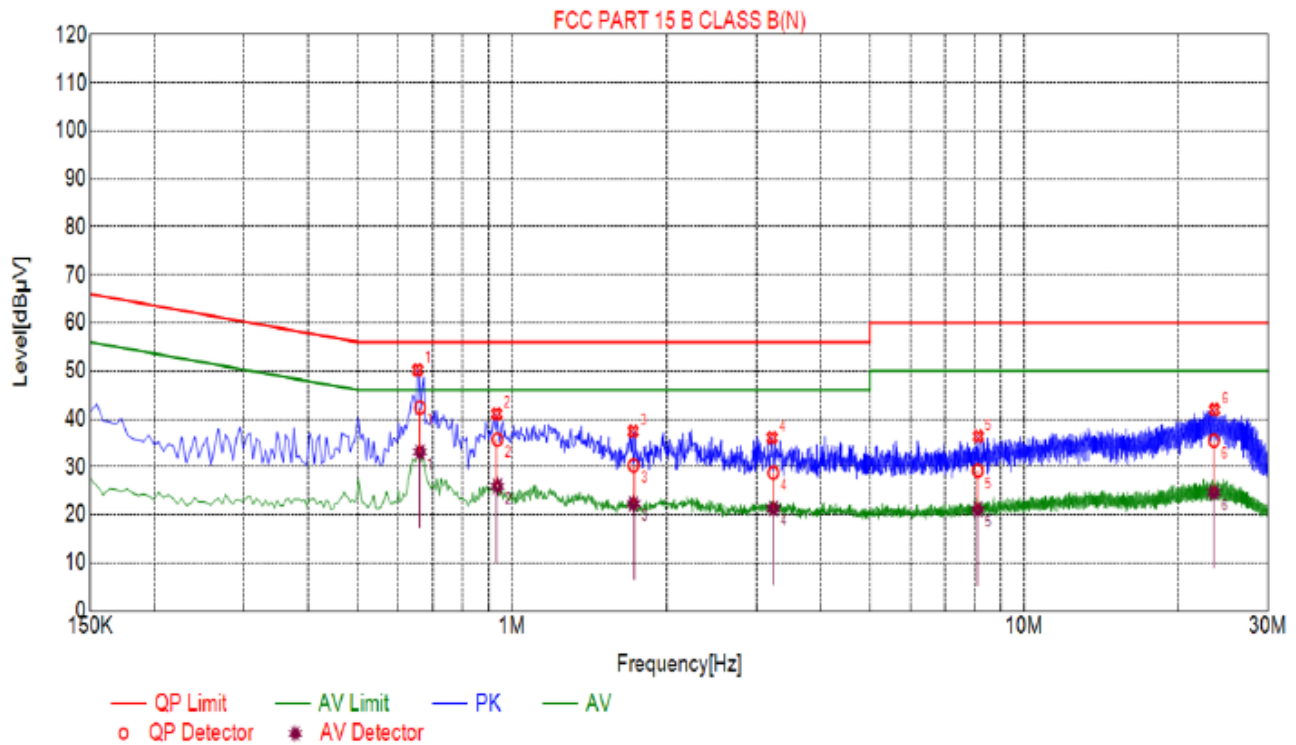
NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV]	Factor [dB]	Limit [dBμV]	Margin [dB]	Detector
1	0.4020	38.63	10.04	57.81	19.18	PK
2	0.6630	48.63	10.05	56.00	7.37	PK
3	2.3505	35.30	10.18	56.00	20.70	PK
4	3.6735	34.48	10.25	56.00	21.52	PK
5	9.2670	36.38	10.10	60.00	23.62	PK
6	23.2620	41.26	10.20	60.00	18.74	PK

Final Data List

NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB]	QP Value [dBμV]	QP Limit [dBμV]	QP Margin [dB]	AV Value [dBμV]	AV Limit [dBμV]	AV Margin [dB]
1	0.4049	10.03	30.39	57.75	27.36	23.21	47.75	24.54
2	0.6579	10.05	43.15	56.00	12.85	33.61	46.00	12.39
3	2.3674	10.18	30.02	56.00	25.98	21.52	46.00	24.48
4	3.6476	10.25	27.04	56.00	28.96	20.22	46.00	25.78
5	9.2257	10.10	29.59	60.00	30.41	21.40	50.00	28.60
6	23.4007	10.20	34.55	60.00	25.45	23.98	50.00	26.02



LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST LINE 2-N



Suspected List

NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV]	Factor [dB]	Limit [dBμV]	Margin [dB]	Detector
1	0.6540	50.16	10.05	56.00	5.84	PK
2	0.9330	41.04	10.06	56.00	14.96	PK
3	1.7250	37.40	10.13	56.00	18.60	PK
4	3.2235	36.10	10.23	56.00	19.90	PK
5	8.1375	36.36	10.14	60.00	23.64	PK
6	23.5455	41.91	10.21	60.00	18.09	PK

Final Data List

NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB]	QP Value [dBμV]	QP Limit [dBμV]	QP Margin [dB]	AV Value [dBμV]	AV Limit [dBμV]	AV Margin [dB]
1	0.6605	10.05	42.32	56.00	13.68	33.12	46.00	12.88
2	0.9356	10.06	35.73	56.00	20.27	25.97	46.00	20.03
3	1.7275	10.13	30.34	56.00	25.66	22.35	46.00	23.65
4	3.2398	10.23	28.76	56.00	27.24	21.31	46.00	24.69
5	8.1191	10.14	29.19	60.00	30.81	21.12	50.00	28.88
6	23.4794	10.21	35.50	60.00	24.50	24.68	50.00	25.32

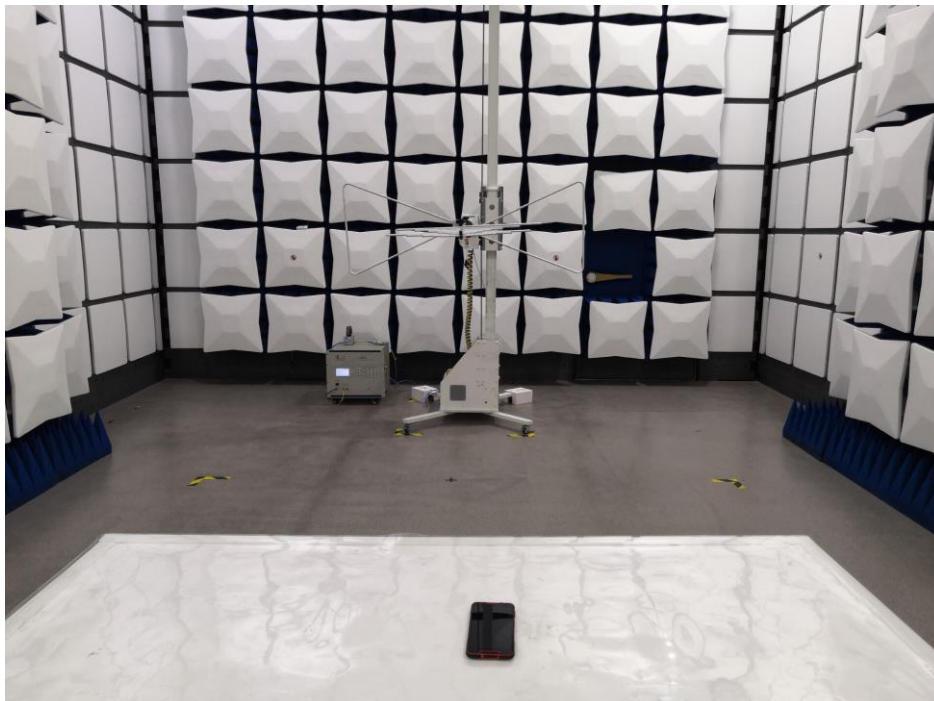


APPENDIX A: PHOTOGRAPHS OF TEST SETUP

LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST SETUP



RADIATED EMISSION TEST SETUP





RADIATED EMISSION ABOVE 1G TEST SETUP



----END OF REPORT----