

FCC §15.247 (i), §2.1091 - RF Exposure

FCC ID: 2AI6CLILY-NG-16 IC ID: 23184-LILYNG16

Applied procedures / limit

According to FCC §15.247(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

Limits for Occupational / Controlled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/ cm²)	Averaging Time E ² , H ² or S (minutes)	
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	(100)*	6	
3.0-30	1842 / f	4.89 / f	(900 / f)*	6	
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6	
300-1500			F/300	6	
1500-100,000			5	6	

Note: *f* is frequency in MHz

Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/ cm²)	Averaging Time E ² , H ² or S (minutes)	
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30	
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	(180/f)*	30	
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30	
300-1500			F/1500	30	
1500-100,000			1.0	30	

Note: f = frequency in MHz

^{* =} Power density limit is applicable at frequencies greater than 100 MHz

^{* =} Plane-wave equivalent power density



RF Field Strength Limits for Devices Used by the General Public (Uncontrolled Environment)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field (V/m rms)	Magnetic Field (A/m rms)	Power Density (W/m²)	Reference Period (minutes)	
$0.003 - 10^{21}$	83	90	-	Instantaneous*	
0.1-10	-	0.73/f	-	6**	
1.1-10	$87/f^{0.5}$	-	-	6**	
10-20	27.46	0.0728	2	6	
20-48	58.07/ f ^{0.25}	$0.1540/f^{0.25}$	$8.944/f^{0.5}$	6	
48-300	22.06	0.05852	1.291	6	
300-6000	$3.142 f^{0.3417}$	$0.008335 f^{0.3417}$	$0.02619 f^{0.6834}$	6	
6000-15000	61.4	0.163	10	6	
15000-150000	61.4	0.163	10	616000/ f ^{1.2}	
150000-300000	$0.158 f^{0.5}$	$4.21 \times 10^{-4} f^{0.5}$	6.67 x 10 ⁻⁵ f	616000/ f ^{1.2}	

Note: f is frequency in MHz.

Note: * = Plane-wave equivalent power density

MPE PREDICTION

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance, Equation from OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = PG/4\pi R^2$$

Where: S = power density

P = power input to antenna

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna, R=0.2m

TEST RESULTS

	Tune up Produce power	Output power to antenna (mW)	Antenna Gain (numeric) =10log gain(dBI)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Total Power Density (S) (mW/cm2)	Power Density (S) (W/m²)	Limit (mW/ cm²)	RSS-102 Limit of Power Density (S) (W/m²)	Result
802.11a Ant1	20±1	125.89	1.58 (2.0dBi)	0.03969	/	0.39696	1	9.71	Pass
802.11a Ant2	20±1	125.89	1.58 (2.0dBi)	0.03969		0.39696			
802.11n(H T20) MIMO	23±1	251.19	3.17 (5.01dBi)	0.07939	0.1584	1.584	1	9.71	Pass

The Directional Gain=2.0dBi+10log(2)=5.01dBi.

^{*}Based on nerve stimulation (NS).

^{**} Based on specific absorption rate (SAR).