

**Applicant's name** : MAG Digital Technologies Limited

**Manufacture's name** : MAG Digital Technologies Limited

**Model name** : EAS23,EAW23

## RF Exposure

Test Requirement : FCC Part 1.1307

Evaluation Method : KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05

## Requirements

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR where}$$

$f(\text{GHz}) \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR where

1.  $f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq 50$  mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

## The Result:

$P_t = 9.55 \pm 0.3 \text{ dBm} = 9.661 \text{ mW}$

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison    Worse case is as below: [2442 MHz – 9.661mW output power]

$(9.661 \text{ mW} / 5 \text{ mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{2.402 \text{ (GHz)}}] = 2.995 < 3.0 \text{ for 1 - g SAR}$

Then SAR evaluation is not required

Note : For the maximum power, refer to FCC test report.