

# FCC SAR Measurement and Test Report

For

**Shenzhen Inrico Electronics Co.,Ltd**

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**District, Shenzhen, China**

**FCC ID: 2AIV6-T196**

**FCC Rules:** FCC Part 2.1093  
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 :2005  
ANSI / IEEE C95.3 :2002  
IEEE 1528 :2013

**Product Description:** Smart Phone

**Tested Model:** T196

**Report No.:** STR17068090H

**Tested Date:** 2017-06-19 to 2017-07-07

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Note: This test report is limited to the above client company and the product model only. It may not be duplicated without prior permitted by Shenzhen SEM. Test Technology Co., Ltd.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

<b>1. General Information .....</b>	<b>3</b>
1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT).....	3
1.2 Test Standards .....	5
1.3 Test Methodology .....	5
1.4 Test Facility .....	5
1.5 EUT Setup and Test Mode .....	6
<b>2. Summary of Test Results .....</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR).....</b>	<b>9</b>
3.1 Introduction.....	9
3.2 SAR Definition .....	9
<b>4. SAR Measurement System.....</b>	<b>10</b>
4.1 The Measurement System .....	10
4.2 Probe .....	10
4.3 Probe Calibration Process .....	12
4.4 Phantom .....	13
4.5 Device Holder.....	13
4.6 Test Equipment List.....	14
<b>5. Tissue Simulating Liquids.....</b>	<b>15</b>
5.1 Composition of Tissue Simulating Liquid .....	15
5.2 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms .....	16
5.3 Tissue Calibration Result.....	17
<b>6. SAR Measurement Evaluation .....</b>	<b>18</b>
6.1 Purpose of System Performance Check.....	18
6.2 System Setup .....	18
6.3 Validation Results.....	19
<b>7. EUT Testing Position .....</b>	<b>21</b>
7.1 EUT Antenna Position .....	21
7.2 EUT Testing Position.....	22
<b>8. SAR Measurement Procedures.....</b>	<b>23</b>
8.1 Measurement Procedures .....	23
8.2 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation .....	23
8.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures .....	24
8.4 Volume Scan Procedures.....	24
8.5 SAR Averaged Methods .....	24
8.6 Power Drift Monitoring .....	24
<b>9. SAR Test Result .....</b>	<b>25</b>
9.1 Conducted RF Output Power .....	25
9.2 Test Results for Standalone SAR Test.....	27
<b>10. Measurement Uncertainty .....</b>	<b>31</b>
10.1 Uncertainty for EUT SAR Test.....	31
10.2 Uncertainty for System Performance Check.....	32
<b>Annex A. Plots of System Performance Check .....</b>	<b>34</b>
<b>Annex B. Plots of SAR Measurement .....</b>	<b>50</b>
<b>Annex C. EUT Photos .....</b>	<b>84</b>
<b>Annex D. Test Setup Photos .....</b>	<b>86</b>
<b>Annex E. Calibration Certificate.....</b>	<b>87</b>

## 1. General Information

### 1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

#### Client Information

Applicant: Shenzhen Inrico Electronics Co.,Ltd  
Address of applicant: 4/F, Building NO.108, High Tech Industrial Park, Guowei Road 72, Luohu District, Shenzhen, China

Manufacturer: Shenzhen Inrico Electronics Co.,Ltd  
Address of manufacturer: 4/F, Building NO.108, High Tech Industrial Park, Guowei Road 72, Luohu District, Shenzhen, China

General Description of EUT	
Product Name:	Smart Phone
Brand Name:	Inrico
Model No.:	T196
Adding Model:	/
Hardware Version:	7580_V2.1
Software Version:	T196V1.0
Rated Voltage:	DC 3.7V Li-ion Battery
Battery Capacity:	5000mAh
<i>Note: Note: The test data is gathered from a production sample provided by the manufacturer.</i>	

Technical Characteristics of EUT	
<b>2G</b>	
Support Networks:	GPRS,EDGE
Support Band:	GSM850/PCS1900
Uplink Frequency:	GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850: 824~849MHz GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900: 1850~1910MHz
Downlink Frequency:	GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850: 869~894MHz GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900: 1930~1990MHz
RF Output Power:	GSM850: 31.93dBm, GSM1900: 28.74dBm
Type of Modulation:	GMSK,8PSK
Antenna Type:	Internal Antenna
Antenna Gain:	GSM850: 2.15dBi; GSM1900: 2.15dBi
GPRS/EDGE Class:	Class 12
<b>3G</b>	
Support Networks:	WCDMA, HSDPA, HSUPA
Support Band:	WCDMA Band II, WCDMA Band V
Uplink Frequency:	WCDMA Band II: 1850~1910MHz

	WCDMA Band V: 824~849MHz
Downlink Frequency:	WCDMA Band II: 1930~1990MHz WCDMA Band V: 869~894MHz
RF Output Power:	WCDMA850: 25.28dBm, WCDMA1900: 24.13dBm
Type of Modulation:	BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM
Antenna Type:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	WCDMA850: 2.15dBi; WCDM1900: 2.15dBi

## 1.2 Test Standards

The following report is prepared on behalf of the Shenzhen Inrico Electronics Co.,Ltd in accordance with FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093, ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, IEEE 1528-2013 and KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and KDB 865664 D02 v01r02 ,KDB 941225 D01 v03r01 and KDB 447498 D01 v06.

The objective is to determine compliance with FCC Part 2.1093 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

*Maintenance of compliance* is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product, which result in lowering the emission, should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.

## 1.3 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and KDB 865664 D02 v01r02. The public notice KDB 447498 D01 v06 for Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedure also.

## 1.4 Test Facility

- **FCC – Registration No.: 934118**

Shenzhen SEM.Test Technology Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files and the Registration is 934118.

- **Industry Canada (IC) Registration No.: 11464A**

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Shenzhen SEM.Test Technology Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 11464A.

- **CNAS Registration No.: L4062**

Shenzhen SEM.Test Technology Co., Ltd. is a testing organization accredited by China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L4062. All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at 1/F, Building A, Hongwei Industrial Park, Liuxian 2nd Road, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, P.R.C (518101)

## 1.5 EUT Setup and Test Mode

The EUT was operated in the data mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. All testing shall be performed under maximum output power condition, and to measure its highest possible emissions level, more detailed description as follows:

Test Mode List		
Test Mode	Description	Remark
TM1	GPRS 850	Low, Middle, High Channels
TM2	GPRS 1900	Low, Middle, High Channels
TM3	EDGE 850	Low, Middle, High Channels
TM4	EDGE 1900	Low, Middle, High Channels
TM5	WCDMA Band 5	Low, Middle, High Channels
TM6	HSDPA Band 5	Low, Middle, High Channels
TM7	HSUPA Band 5	Low, Middle, High Channels
TM8	WCDMA Band 2	Low, Middle, High Channels
TM9	HSDPA Band 2	Low, Middle, High Channels
TM10	HSUPA Band 2	Low, Middle, High Channels

## 2. Summary of Test Results

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) have found during testing are as follows:

### SAR test without belt-clip

Frequency Band	Body (10mm Gap)	SAR <sub>1g</sub> Limit (W/kg)
	Maximum SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	
GSM850	<b>1.262</b>	1.6
GSM1900	1.009	1.6
WCDMA Band V	0.540	1.6
WCDMA Band II	0.668	1.6

Frequency Band	Front-of-face (25mm Gap)	SAR <sub>1g</sub> Limit (W/kg)
	Maximum SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	
GSM850	<b>0.654</b>	1.6
GSM1900	0.323	1.6
WCDMA Band V	0.291	1.6
WCDMA Band II	0.197	1.6

### SAR test with belt-clip

Frequency Band	Body (0mm Gap)	SAR <sub>1g</sub> Limit (W/kg)
	Maximum SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	
GSM850	<b>0.956</b>	1.6
GSM1900	0.918	1.6
WCDMA Band V	0.467	1.6
WCDMA Band II	0.560	1.6

Frequency Band	Front-of-face (25mm Gap)	SAR <sub>1g</sub> Limit (W/kg)
	Maximum SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	
GSM850	<b>0.613</b>	1.6
GSM1900	0.348	1.6
WCDMA Band V	0.278	1.6

WCDMA Band II	0.208	1.6
---------------	-------	-----

The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedure specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and KDB 865664 D02 v01r02



### 3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

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#### 3.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

#### 3.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). The equation description is as below:

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$\text{SAR} = C \left( \frac{\delta T}{\delta t} \right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity,  $\delta T$  is the temperature rise and  $\delta t$  is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

## 4. SAR Measurement System

### 4.1 The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

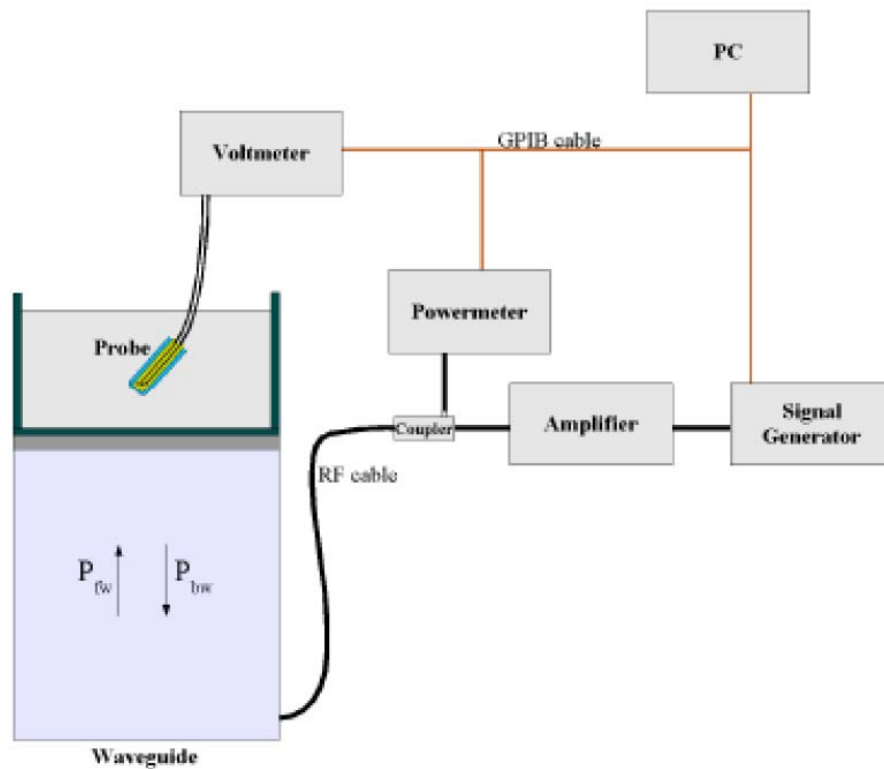
### 4.2 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SSE5 SN 09/13 EP168 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Probe Length: 330 mm
- Length of Individual Dipoles: 4.5 mm
- Maximum external diameter: 8 mm
- Probe Tip External Diameter : 5 mm
- Distance between dipoles / probe extremity: 2.7mm

- Probe linearity: <0.25 dB
  - Axial Isotropy: <0.25 dB
  - Spherical Isotropy: <0.50 dB
  - Calibration range: 700 to 3000MHz for head & body simulating liquid.
- Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with EN 62209-1 and IEEE 1528 STD, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 62209-1 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



$$SAR = \frac{4(P_{fw} - P_{bw})}{ab\delta} \cos^2\left(\pi \frac{y}{a}\right) c^{(2z/\delta)}$$

Where :

P<sub>fw</sub> = Forward Power

P<sub>bw</sub> = Backward Power

a and b = Waveguide dimensions

I = Skin depth

Keithley configuration:

Rate = Medium; Filter = ON; RDGS = 10; Filter type = Moving Average; Range auto after each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.

The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

$$CF(N)=SAR(N)/V_{lin}(N) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

The linearised output voltage  $V_{lin}(N)$  is obtained from the displayed output voltage  $V(N)$  using

$$V_{lin}(N)=V(N)*(1+V(N)/DCP(N)) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

where DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

### 4.3 Probe Calibration Process

#### Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. SATIMO Probe calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>) using an with CALISAR, Antenna proprietary calibration system.

#### Free Space Assessment Procedure

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1mW/cm<sup>2</sup>.

#### Temperature Assessment Procedure

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated head tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

Where:

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

$\Delta t$  = exposure time (30 seconds),

$C$  = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

$\Delta T$  = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to  $\Delta T / \Delta t$ , the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. The electric field in the simulated tissue can be used to estimate SAR by equating the thermally derived SAR to that with the E- field component.

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

$\sigma$  = simulated tissue conductivity,

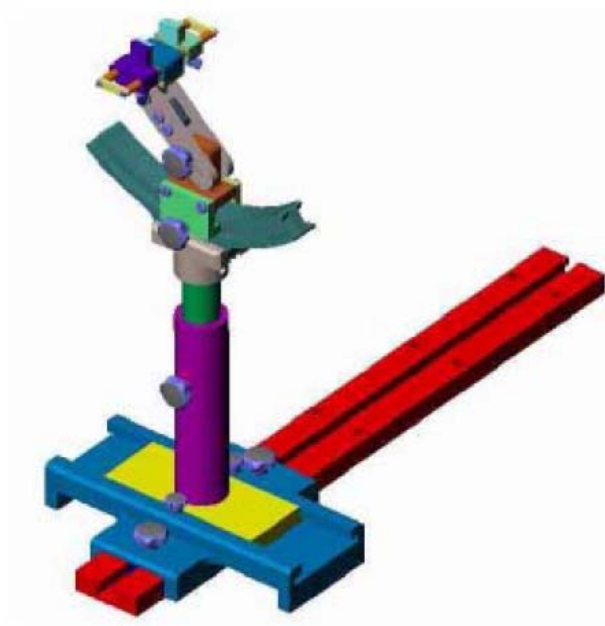
$\rho$  = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm<sup>3</sup> for brain tissue)

#### 4.4 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

#### 4.5 Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

#### 4.6 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
E-Field Probe	SATIMO	SSE5	SN 09/13 EP168	2017-06-01	2018-05-31
835MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID835	SN 47/12 DIP 0G835-204	2017-03-16	2018-03-15
1900MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID1900	SN 47/12 DIP 1G900-207	2017-03-16	2018-03-15
Dielectric Probe Kit	SATIMO	SCLMP	SN 47/12 OCPG49	2017-03-16	2018-03-15
SAM Phantom	SATIMO	SAM	SN/ 47/12 SAM95	N/A	N/A
MULTIMETER	KEITHLEY	Keithley 2000	4006367	2017-06-12	2018-06-11
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMR20	100047	2017-06-12	2018-06-11
Universal Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	112012	2017-06-12	2018-06-11
Network Analyzer	HP	8753C	2901A00831	2017-06-12	2018-06-11
Data Acquisition Electronics	SATIMO	DAE4	915	2017-06-12	2018-06-11
Directional Couplers	Agilent	778D	20160	2017-06-12	2018-06-11

## 5. Tissue Simulating Liquids

### 5.1 Composition of Tissue Simulating Liquid

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with SMTIMO, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. Please see the following photos for the liquid height.



**Liquid Height for Head SAR**



**Liquid Height for Body SAR**

### The Composition of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Salt (%)	Sugar (%)	HEC (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)
<b>Head</b>						
835	40.3	1.4	57.9	0.2	0.2	0.00
1900	55.2	0.3	0	0	0	44.5
<b>Body</b>						
835	50.8	0.9	48.2	0	0.1	0.00
1900	70.2	0.4	0	0	0	29.4

## 5.2 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ )	Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ )	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ )	Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ )
150	0.76	52.3	0.80	61.9
300	0.87	45.3	0.92	58.2
450	0.87	43.5	0.94	56.7
<b>835</b>	<b>0.90</b>	<b>41.5</b>	<b>0.97</b>	<b>55.2</b>
900	0.97	41.5	1.05	55.0
915	0.98	41.5	1.06	55.0
1450	1.20	40.5	1.30	54.0
1610	1.29	40.3	1.40	53.8
<b>1800-2000</b>	<b>1.40</b>	<b>40.0</b>	<b>1.52</b>	<b>53.3</b>
2450	1.80	39.2	1.95	52.7
3000	2.40	38.5	2.73	52.0
5800	5.27	35.3	6.00	48.2



### 5.3 Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using COMOSAR Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

#### Calibration Result for Dielectric Parameters of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Body Tissue Simulating Liquid									
Freq. MHz.	Temp. (°C)	Conductivity			Permittivity			Limit (%)	Date
		Reading ( $\sigma$ )	Target ( $\sigma$ )	Delta (%)	Reading ( $\epsilon_r$ )	Target ( $\epsilon_r$ )	Delta (%)		
835	21.2	0.95	0.97	-2.06	54.85	55.20	-0.63	$\pm 5$	2017-06-19
1900	21.3	1.50	1.52	-1.32	52.42	53.30	-1.65	$\pm 5$	2017-06-19

Head Tissue Simulating Liquid									
Freq. MHz.	Temp. (°C)	Conductivity			Permittivity			Limit (%)	Date
		Reading ( $\sigma$ )	Target ( $\sigma$ )	Delta (%)	Reading ( $\epsilon_r$ )	Target ( $\epsilon_r$ )	Delta (%)		
835	21.2	0.87	0.90	-3.33	41.11	41.50	-0.94	$\pm 5$	2017-06-19
1900	21.3	1.38	1.40	-1.43	38.56	40.00	-3.60	$\pm 5$	2017-06-19

Body Tissue Simulating Liquid									
Freq. MHz.	Temp. (°C)	Conductivity			Permittivity			Limit (%)	Date
		Reading ( $\sigma$ )	Target ( $\sigma$ )	Delta (%)	Reading ( $\epsilon_r$ )	Target ( $\epsilon_r$ )	Delta (%)		
835	21.2	0.96	0.97	-1.03	54.81	55.20	-0.71	$\pm 5$	2017-07-04
1900	21.3	1.51	1.52	-0.66	52.45	53.30	-1.59	$\pm 5$	2017-07-04

Head Tissue Simulating Liquid									
Freq. MHz.	Temp. (°C)	Conductivity			Permittivity			Limit (%)	Date
		Reading ( $\sigma$ )	Target ( $\sigma$ )	Delta (%)	Reading ( $\epsilon_r$ )	Target ( $\epsilon_r$ )	Delta (%)		
835	21.2	0.86	0.90	-4.44	41.39	41.50	-0.27	$\pm 5$	2017-07-04
1900	21.3	1.36	1.40	-2.86	38.67	40.00	-3.33	$\pm 5$	2017-07-04

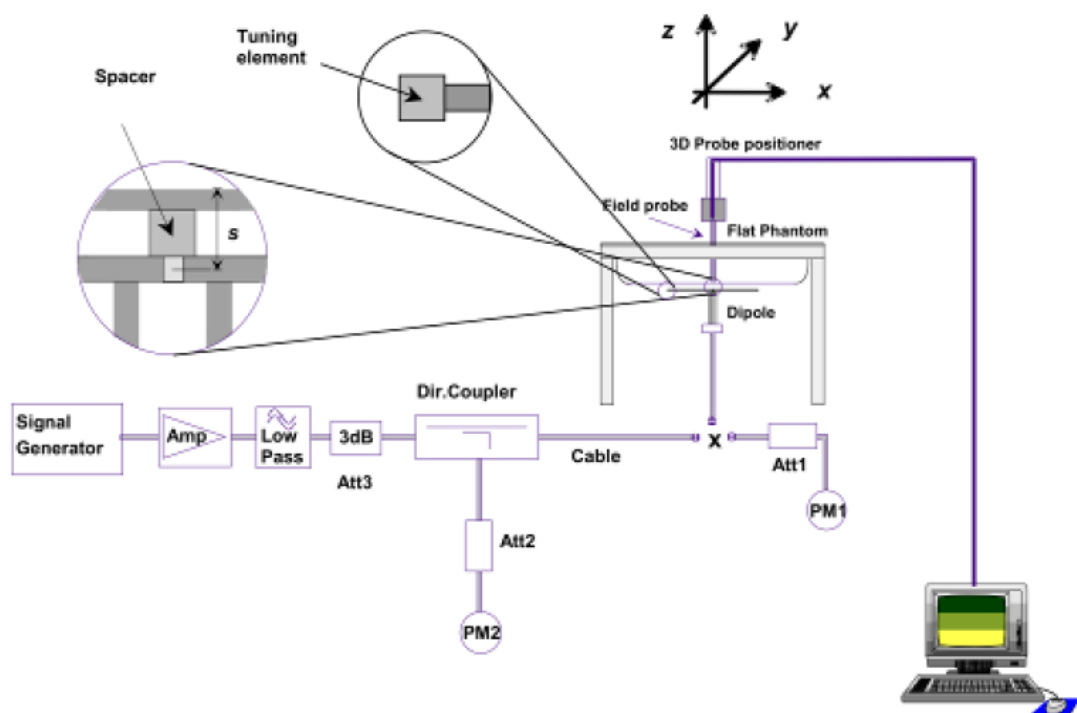
## 6. SAR Measurement Evaluation

### 6.1 Purpose of System Performance Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

### 6.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator at frequency 835 MHz and 1900 MHz. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom.



System Verification Setup Block Diagram



**Setup Photo of Dipole Antenna**

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 24 dBm (250 mW) before dipole is connected.

### 6.3 Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 6.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion.

Frequency	Targeted SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Normalized SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Tolerance	Date
MHz	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(%)	
Body					
835	9.36	2.36	9.44	0.85	2017-06-19
1900	39.01	9.80	39.2	0.49	2017-06-19

Frequency	Targeted SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Normalized SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Tolerance	Date
MHz	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(%)	
Head					
835	9.65	2.39	9.56	-0.93	2017-06-19
1900	39.59	9.91	39.64	0.13	2017-06-19

Frequency	Targeted SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Normalized SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Tolerance	Date
MHz	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(%)	
Body					
835	9.36	2.33	9.32	-0.43	2017-07-04
1900	39.01	9.84	39.36	0.90	2017-07-04

Frequency	Targeted SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Normalized SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Tolerance	Date
MHz	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(%)	
Head					
835	9.65	2.34	9.36	-3.01	2017-07-04
1900	39.59	9.89	39.56	-0.08	2017-07-04

### Targeted and Measurement SAR

*Please refer to Annex A for the plots of system performance check.*

## 7. EUT Testing Position

### 7.1 EUT Antenna Position



Block Diagram for EUT Antenna Position

## 7.2 EUT Testing Position

Body/ Front-of-face mode SAR assessments are required for this device. This EUT was tested in different positions for different SAR test modes, more information as below:

Body SAR tests With belt-clip, Test distance: 0mm						
Antennas	Front	Back	Right Side	Left Side	Top Side	Bottom Side
WWAN	No	Yes	No	No	No	No

Body SAR tests Without belt-clip, Test distance: 10mm						
Antennas	Front	Back	Right Side	Left Side	Top Side	Bottom Side
WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No

Front-of-face SAR tests, Test distance: 25mm						
Antennas	Front	Back	Right Side	Left Side	Top Side	Bottom Side
WWAN	Yes	No	No	No	No	No

### Remark:

- Referring to KDB 648474 D04, when the overall device length and width are  $\geq 9\text{cm} \times 5\text{cm}$ , the test separation distances of body SAR tests With belt-clip is 10 mm and the test separation distances of body SAR tests Without belt-clip is 0 mm. Referring to KDB 447498 D01 v06, A test separation distance of 25mm must be applied for in-front-of the face SAR test exclusion and SAR measurement. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.
- This product is no ear loudspeaker and does not support the GSM dial and call function. It only supports GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA network function. It has no display. It could not be installed Skype or other network software. The device does not have any instant verbal talking and does not have any verbal dialing function thru connection of network.
- With Body SAR, the belt-clip is used for body worn operation with only back (rear) side position of the device which is touching the body so Body SAR for only back (rear) side position is performed.
- The typical use of the product would be the front of the device to the face only with the Front-of-face PTT function.
- According to KDB 643646 A2, all sides of the radio that may be positioned facing the user when using a body-worn accessory must be considered for SAR compliance. When user operates the product using a body-worn accessory, users only operates the front and rear sides of the product and face the user. The product is fixed to the waist, through a microphone and a headset to communication. It is because this is face-to-talk product. Thus, we only tested the front and rear sides of body-worn positions of the product. The other four sides of body-worn positions (top, bottom, left and right) were not tested. Therefore, the product complies with SAR requirement.

**Please refer to Annex D for the EUT test setup photos.**

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## 8. SAR Measurement Procedures

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### 8.1 Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- (a) Use base station simulator (if applicable) or engineering software to transmit RF power continuously (continuous Tx) in the highest power channel.
- (b) Keep EUT to radiate maximum output power or 100% factor (if applicable)
- (c) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter.
- (d) Place the EUT in the positions as Annex D demonstrates.
- (e) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the SATIMO software.
- (f) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (g) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (h) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

### 8.2 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The SATIMO software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine. The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

### 8.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures 5x5x7 points with step size 8, 8 and 5 mm for 300 MHz to 3 GHz, and 8x8x8 points with step size 4, 4 and 2.5 mm for 3 GHz to 6 GHz. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g.

### 8.4 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing (step-size is 4, 4 and 2.5 mm). When all volume scan were completed, the software can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

### 8.5 SAR Averaged Methods

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimize measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10g and 1 g requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

### 8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In SATIMO measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



## 9. SAR Test Result

### 9.1 Conducted RF Output Power

GSM - Burst Average Power (dBm)						
Band	GSM850			PCS1900		
Channel	128	190	251	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880	1909.8
GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
GPRS (1 slot)	31.93	31.75	31.61	28.73	28.74	28.61
GPRS (2 slots)	31.05	30.86	30.71	27.88	27.72	27.65
GPRS (3 slots)	29.45	29.36	29.18	26.26	26.35	26.31
GPRS (4 slots)	28.63	28.54	28.39	25.48	25.55	25.52
EGPRS (1 slot)	26.56	26.40	26.27	25.58	25.51	25.50
EGPRS (2 slot)	26.54	26.35	26.21	25.59	25.57	25.53
EGPRS (3 slot)	23.25	22.95	22.72	22.58	22.49	22.27
EGPRS (4 slot)	22.15	21.83	21.44	21.23	21.07	20.84

GSM - Source-Based Time-Average Power (dBm)						
Band	GSM850			PCS1900		
Channel	128	190	251	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880	1909.8
GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
GPRS (1 slot)	22.93	22.75	22.61	19.73	19.74	19.61
GPRS (2 slots)	25.05	24.86	24.71	21.88	21.72	21.65
GPRS (3 slots)	25.20	25.11	24.93	22.01	22.10	22.06
GPRS (4 slots)	25.63	25.54	25.39	22.48	22.55	22.52
EGPRS (1 slot)	17.56	17.40	17.27	16.58	16.51	16.50
EGPRS (2 slot)	20.54	20.35	20.21	19.59	19.57	19.53
EGPRS (3 slot)	19.00	18.70	18.47	18.33	18.24	18.02
EGPRS (4 slot)	19.15	18.83	18.44	18.23	18.07	17.84

Note: The source-based time-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:

Source based time-average power = Burst averaged power - Duty cycle factor in dB

#### Remark:

1. For Body SAR testing, GPRS should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850 and GSM1900 due to its highest source-based time-average power.
2. Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
3. The DUT do not support DTM function.
- 4 The DUT do not support voice mode.

WCDMA - Average Power (dBm)						
Band	WCDMA Band II			WCDMA Band V		
Channel	9262	9400	9538	4132	4183	4233
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6	826.4	836.6	846.6
RMC 12.2k	24.13	24.01	23.53	25.24	25.28	25.23
HSDPA Subtest-1	23.35	23.35	23.21	24.76	24.50	24.62
HSDPA Subtest-2	23.32	23.31	23.29	24.72	24.48	24.57
HSDPA Subtest-3	23.32	23.30	23.28	24.70	24.46	24.54
HSDPA Subtest-4	23.31	23.29	23.28	24.67	24.43	24.51
HSUPA Subtest-1	23.30	23.22	22.89	24.65	24.52	24.58
HSUPA Subtest-2	23.27	23.20	22.86	24.61	24.49	24.56
HSUPA Subtest-3	23.25	23.16	22.84	24.57	24.43	24.53
HSUPA Subtest-4	23.21	23.14	22.81	24.53	24.39	24.48
HSUPA Subtest-5	23.19	23.07	22.78	24.47	24.33	24.35

**Remark:**

- For Body SAR, per KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA subset-1 output power is < 1/4 dB higher than RMC, and SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is  $\leq 1.2\text{W/kg}$ , HSDPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.
- The DUT do not support voice mode.

## 9.2 Test Results for Standalone SAR Test

### Body SAR (Without belt-clip)

GSM850 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
1.	GPRS_4TX	Back Side	128	824.2	28.63	29.0	1.0889	1.1032	1.2013
2.	GPRS_4TX	Back Side	190	836.4	28.54	29.0	1.1117	1.0761	1.1963
3.	GPRS_4TX	Back Side	251	848.8	28.39	29.0	1.1508	1.0966	1.2620
4.	GPRS_4TX	Front side	128	824.2	28.63	29.0	1.0889	0.8313	0.9052
5.	GPRS_4TX	Front side	190	836.4	28.54	29.0	1.1117	0.7829	0.8704
6.	GPRS_4TX	Front side	251	848.8	28.39	29.0	1.1508	0.7618	0.8767
7.	GPRS_4TX	Left side	128	824.2	28.63	29.0	1.0889	0.7341	0.7994
8.	GPRS_4TX	Top side	128	824.2	28.63	29.0	1.0889	0.0220	0.0240
9.	GPRS_4TX	Back Side (repeat SAR)	128	824.2	28.63	29.0	1.0889	1.0273	1.1187
10.	GPRS_4TX	Back Side (with a headset)	251	848.8	28.39	29.0	1.1508	1.0335	1.1894

GSM1900 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
11.	GPRS_4TX	Back Side	661	1880.0	25.55	26.0	1.1092	0.6708	0.7440
12.	GPRS_4TX	Front side	661	1880.0	25.55	26.0	1.1092	0.9098	1.0091
13.	GPRS_4TX	Front side	512	1850.2	25.48	26.0	1.1272	0.8651	0.9751
14.	GPRS_4TX	Front side	810	1909.8	25.52	26.0	1.1169	0.8401	0.9383
15.	GPRS_4TX	Left side	661	1880.0	25.55	26.0	1.1092	0.7660	0.8496
16.	GPRS_4TX	Left side	512	1850.2	25.48	26.0	1.1272	0.7145	0.8054
17.	GPRS_4TX	Left side	810	1909.8	25.52	26.0	1.1169	0.6719	0.7504
18.	GPRS_4TX	Top side	661	1880.0	25.55	26.0	1.1092	0.0377	0.0418
19.	GPRS_4TX	Front side (repeat SAR)	661	1880.0	25.55	26.0	1.1092	0.8872	0.9841

WCDMA Band V – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
20.	RMC 12.2k	Back Side	4183	836.6	25.28	25.5	1.0520	0.5130	0.5397
21.	RMC 12.2k	Front side	4183	836.6	25.28	25.5	1.0520	0.3839	0.4038
22.	RMC 12.2k	Left side	4183	836.6	25.28	25.5	1.0520	0.3632	0.3821

23.	RMC 12.2k	Top side	4183	836.6	25.28	25.5	1.0520	0.0141	0.0148
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WCDMA Band II – Body SAR Test (Gap: 10mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
24.	RMC 12.2k	Back Side	9262	1852.4	24.13	24.5	1.0889	0.4427	0.4821
25.	RMC 12.2k	Front side	9262	1852.4	24.13	24.5	1.0889	0.6133	0.6678
26.	RMC 12.2k	Left side	9262	1852.4	24.13	24.5	1.0889	0.5879	0.6402
27.	RMC 12.2k	Top side	9262	1852.4	24.13	24.5	1.0889	0.0454	0.0494

Remark: Per KDB447498 D01 v06, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

#### Front-of-face SAR (Without belt-clip)

GSM850 – Head SAR Test (Gap: 25mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
28.	GPRS_4TX	Front side	128	824.2	28.63	29.0	1.0889	0.6008	0.6542

GSM1900 – Head SAR Test (Gap: 25mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
29.	GPRS_4TX	Front side	661	1880.0	25.55	26.0	1.1092	0.2911	0.3229

WCDMA Band V – Body SAR Test (Gap: 25mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
30.	RMC 12.2k	Front Side	4183	836.6	25.28	25.5	1.0520	0.2766	0.2910

WCDMA Band II – Body SAR Test (Gap: 25mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
31.	RMC 12.2k	Front Side	9262	1852.4	24.13	24.5	1.0889	0.1807	0.1968

### Body SAR (With belt-clip)

GSM850 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 0mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
32.	GPRS_4TX	Back Side	128	824.2	28.63	29.0	1.0889	0.8782	0.9563
33.	GPRS_4TX	Back Side	190	836.4	28.54	29.0	1.1117	0.8120	0.9027
34.	GPRS_4TX	Back Side	251	848.8	28.39	29.0	1.1508	0.7585	0.8729
35.	GPRS_4TX	Back Side (repeat SAR)	128	824.2	28.63	29.0	1.0889	0.8425	0.9174

GSM1900 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 0mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
36.	GPRS_4TX	Back Side	661	1880.0	25.55	26.0	1.1092	0.8279	0.9183
37.	GPRS_4TX	Back Side	512	1850.2	25.48	26.0	1.1272	0.8145	0.9181
38.	GPRS_4TX	Back Side	810	1909.8	25.52	26.0	1.1169	0.7598	0.8486
39.	GPRS_4TX	Back Side (repeat SAR)	661	1880.0	25.55	26.0	1.1092	0.8102	0.8987

WCDMA Band V – Body SAR Test (Gap: 0mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
40.	RMC 12.2k	Back Side	4183	836.6	25.28	25.5	1.0520	0.4436	0.4667

WCDMA Band II – Body SAR Test (Gap: 0mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
41.	RMC 12.2k	Back Side	9262	1852.4	24.13	24.5	1.0889	0.5143	0.5600

Remark: Per KDB447498 D01 v06, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

**Front-of-face SAR (With belt-clip)**

GSM850 – Head SAR Test (Gap: 25mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
42.	GPRS_4TX	Front side	128	824.2	28.63	29.0	1.0889	0.5625	0.6125

GSM1900 – Head SAR Test (Gap: 25mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
43.	GPRS_4TX	Front side	661	1880.0	25.55	26.0	1.1092	0.3136	0.3478

WCDMA Band V – Body SAR Test (Gap: 25mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
44.	RMC 12.2k	Front Side	4183	836.6	25.28	25.5	1.0520	0.2641	0.2778

WCDMA Band II – Body SAR Test (Gap: 25mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
45.	RMC 12.2k	Front Side	9262	1852.4	24.13	24.5	1.0889	0.1907	0.2077

Remark: Per KDB447498 D01 v06, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

## 10. Measurement Uncertainty

### 10.1 Uncertainty for EUT SAR Test

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+ - %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+ - %)	10g Ui (+ - %)	Vi
<b>Measurement System</b>									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.0	N	1	1	1	7.00	7.00	$\infty$
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1_{Cp})^{1/2}$	$(1_{Cp})^{1/2}$	1.02	1.02	$\infty$
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(Cp)^{1/2}$	$(Cp)^{1/2}$	1.63	1.63	$\infty$
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	$\infty$
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	$\infty$
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	$\infty$
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	$\infty$
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	$\infty$
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	$\infty$
RF ambient Conditions – Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	$\infty$
RF ambient Conditions - Reflections	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	$\infty$
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	$\infty$
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	$\infty$
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	$\infty$
<b>Test Sample Related</b>									
Test sample positioning	E.4.2	0.03	N	1	1	1	0.03	0.03	N-1
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	5.00	N	1	1	1	5.00	5.00	
Output power Variation - SAR drift measurement	E.2.9	12.02	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	6.94	6.94	$\infty$
SAR scaling	E6.5	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	$\infty$
<b>Phantom and Tissue Parameters</b>									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	$\infty$
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E3.2	1.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.84	1.10	0.90	$\infty$
Liquid conductivity - deviation	E.3.2	5.00	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	$\infty$

from target value									
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.00	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	$\infty$
Liquid permittivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	0.37	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	0.13	0.10	$\infty$
Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	10.00	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	$\infty$
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				12.98	12.53	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				25.32	24.43	

## 10.2 Uncertainty for System Performance Check

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+- %)	10g Ui (+- %)	Vi
<b>Measurement System</b>									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.0	N	1	1	1	7.00	7.00	$\infty$
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1\_Cp)^{1/2}$	$(1\_Cp)^{1/2}$	1.02	1.02	$\infty$
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(Cp)^{1/2}$	$(Cp)^{1/2}$	1.63	1.63	$\infty$
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	$\infty$
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	$\infty$
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	$\infty$
Modulation response	E.2.5	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.0	0.0	$\infty$
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	$\infty$
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	$\infty$
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	$\infty$
RF ambient Conditions – Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	$\infty$
RF ambient Conditions - Reflections	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	$\infty$
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	$\infty$
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	$\infty$
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max.	E.5.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	$\infty$



SAR Evaluation									
<b>Dipole</b>									
Dipole axis to liquid Distance	8,E.4.2	1.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	N-1
Input power and SAR drift measurement	8,6.6.2	12.02	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	6.94	6.94	$\infty$
Deviation of experimental dipole from numerical dipole	E.6.4	5.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.20	3.20	$\infty$
<b>Phantom and Tissue Parameters</b>									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	$\infty$
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E.3.2	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.84	1.10	1.10	$\infty$
Liquid conductivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	5.00	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.00	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	
Liquid permittivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	0.37	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	0.13	0.10	
Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	10.00	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	M
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				12.00	11.50	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				23.39	22.43	

## Annex A. Plots of System Performance Check

### MEASUREMENT 1

#### For Body Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 06/19/2017

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

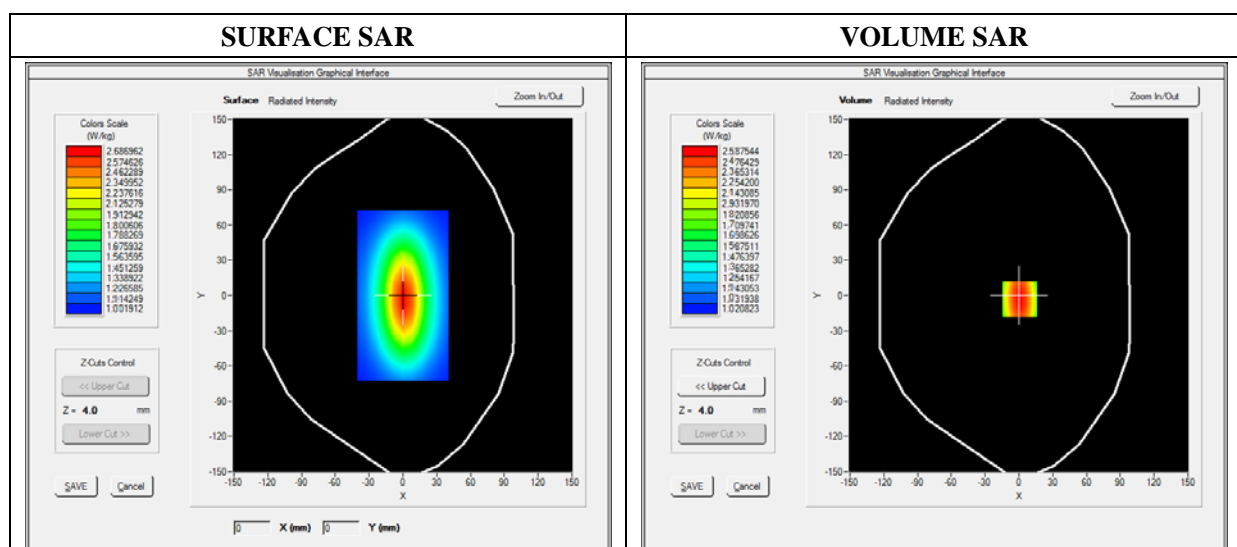
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 7.13; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

#### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW835
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

#### B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.851214
Conductivity (S/m)	0.951454
Power Variation (%)	0.901472
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

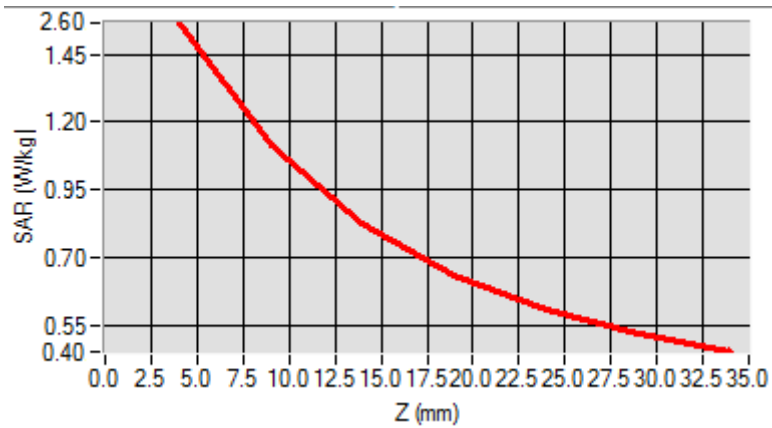


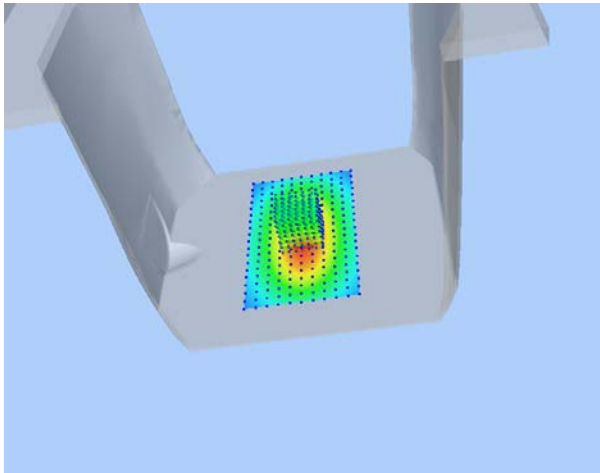
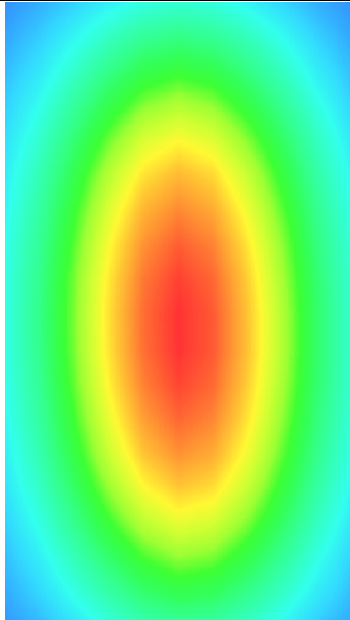
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.028956
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.364211

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	2.5789	1.1300	0.8795	0.5940	0.5011	0.5100



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

## MEASUREMENT 2

### For Body Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 06/19/2017

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

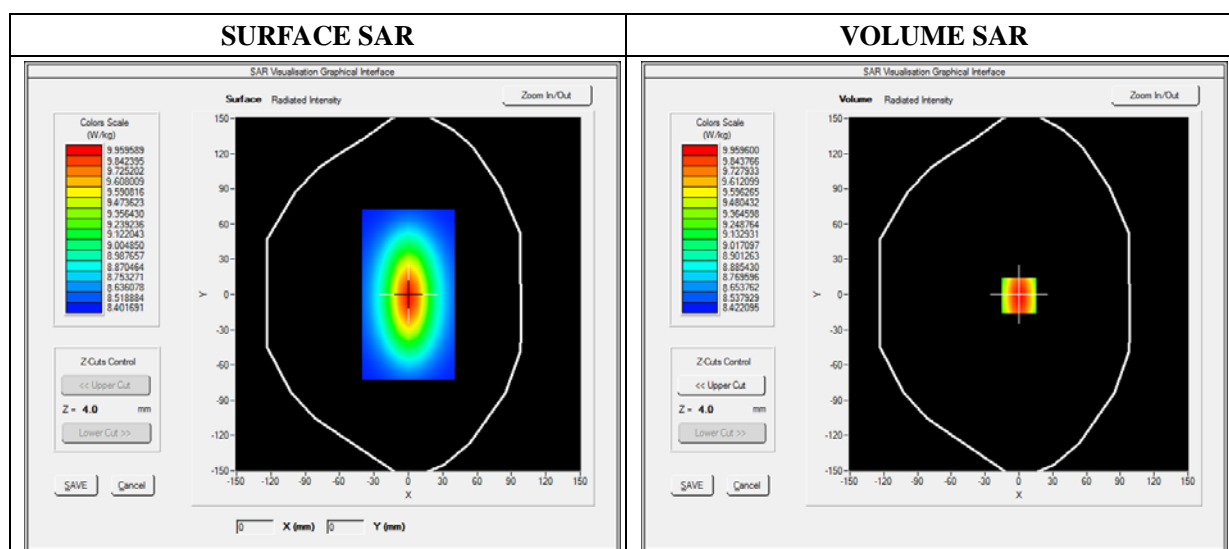
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.55; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW1900
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

### B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.420415
Conductivity (S/m)	1.501966
Power Variation (%)	0.541872
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

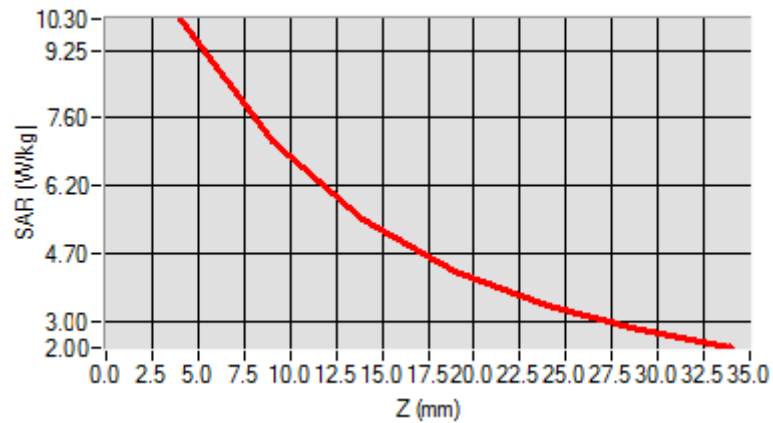


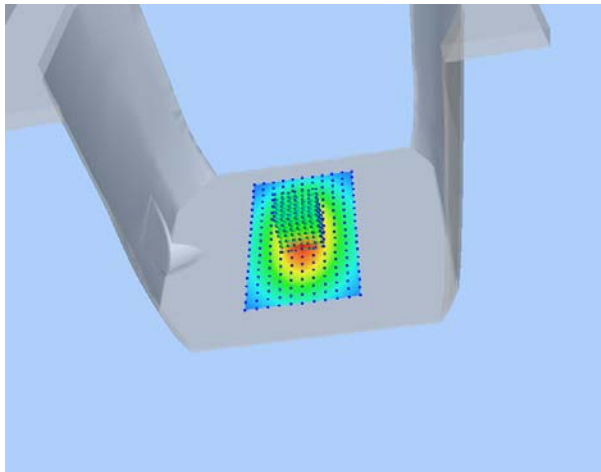
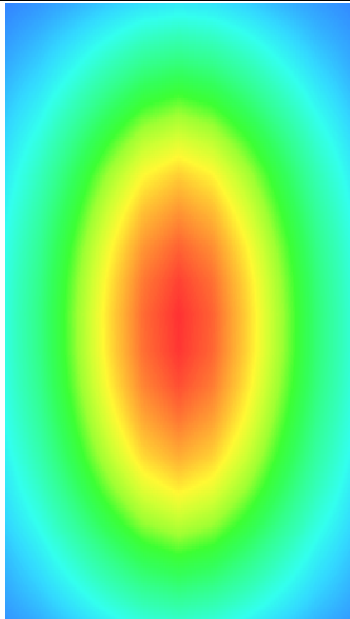
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.134651
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.801550

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	10.2031	6.43001	4.9011	4.5325	3.1201	2.5024



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

## MEASUREMENT 3

### For Head Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 06/19/2017

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 21 seconds

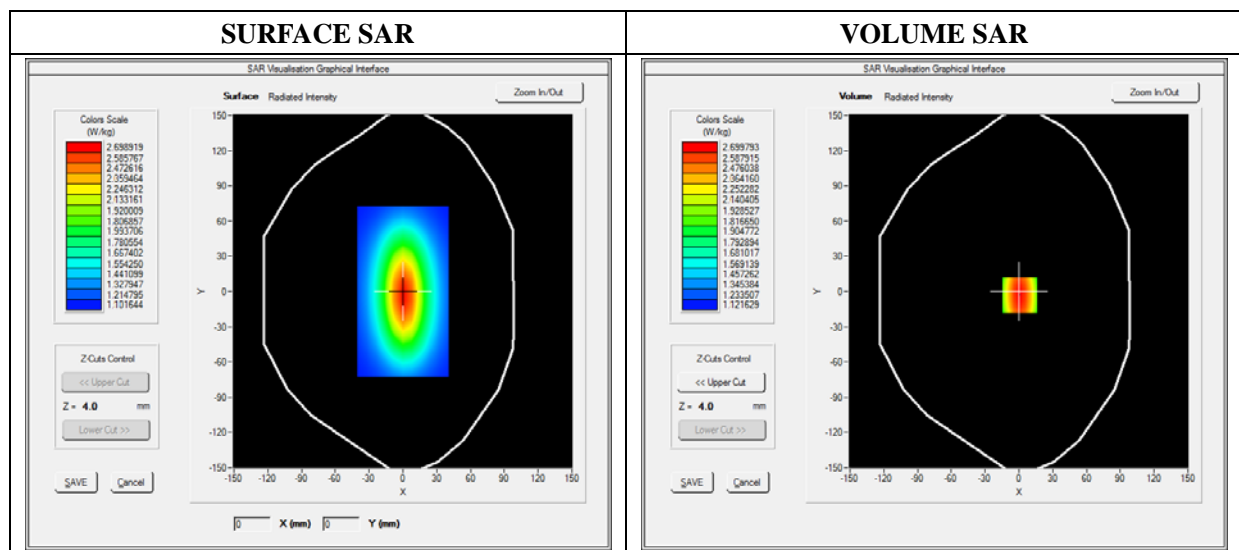
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.93; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW835
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

### B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	41.110245
Conductivity (S/m)	0.871245
Power Variation (%)	0.038437
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

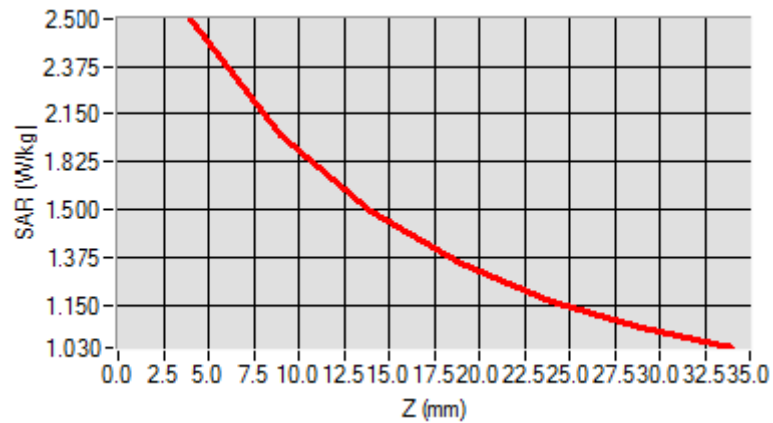


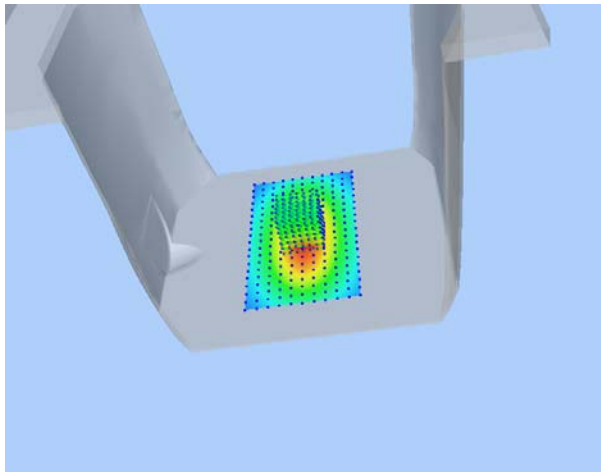
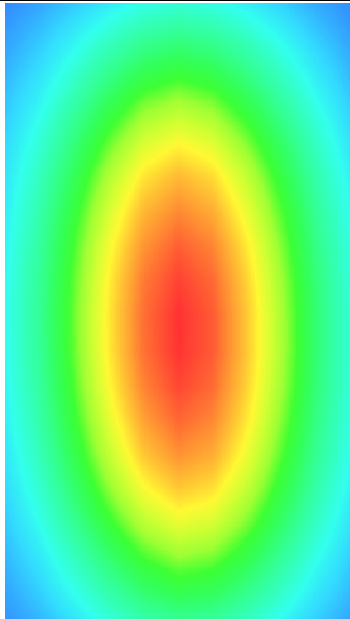
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.129489
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.391253

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	2.4900	1.8942	1.4811	1.3541	1.1123	1.0539



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

## MEASUREMENT 4

### For Head Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 06/19/2017

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

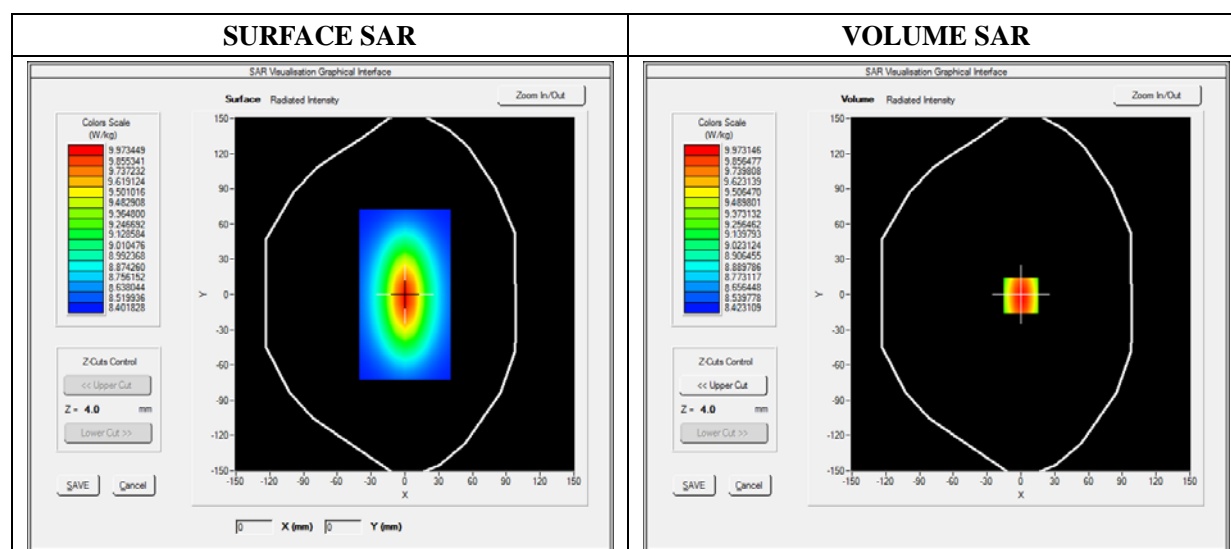
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.35; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW1900
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

### B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.560124
Conductivity (S/m)	1.380369
Power Variation (%)	1.022540
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



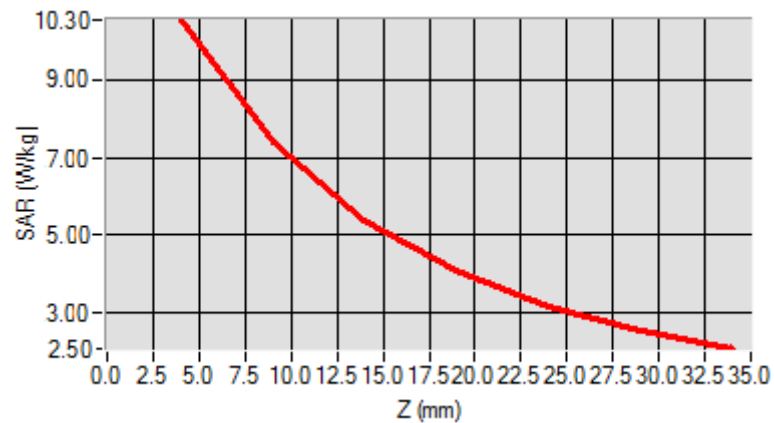


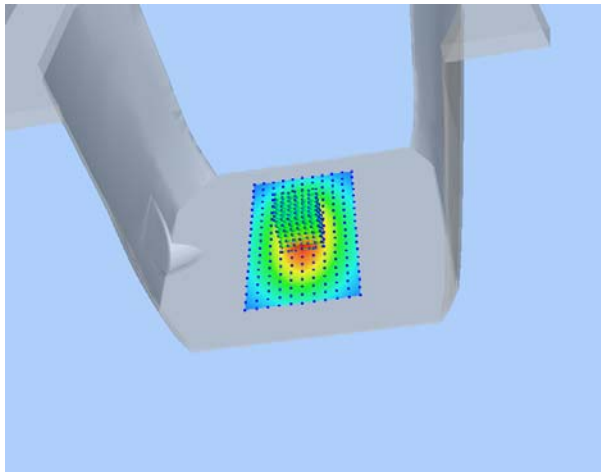
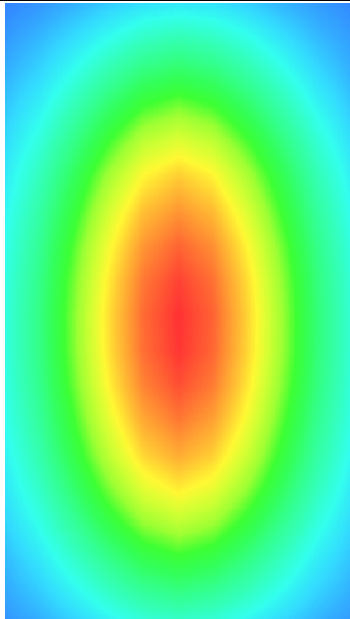
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	7.174526
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.913214

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	10.2354	6.8400	5.0121	4.1189	3.0522	2.8424



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

## MEASUREMENT 5

### For Body Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 07/04/2017

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

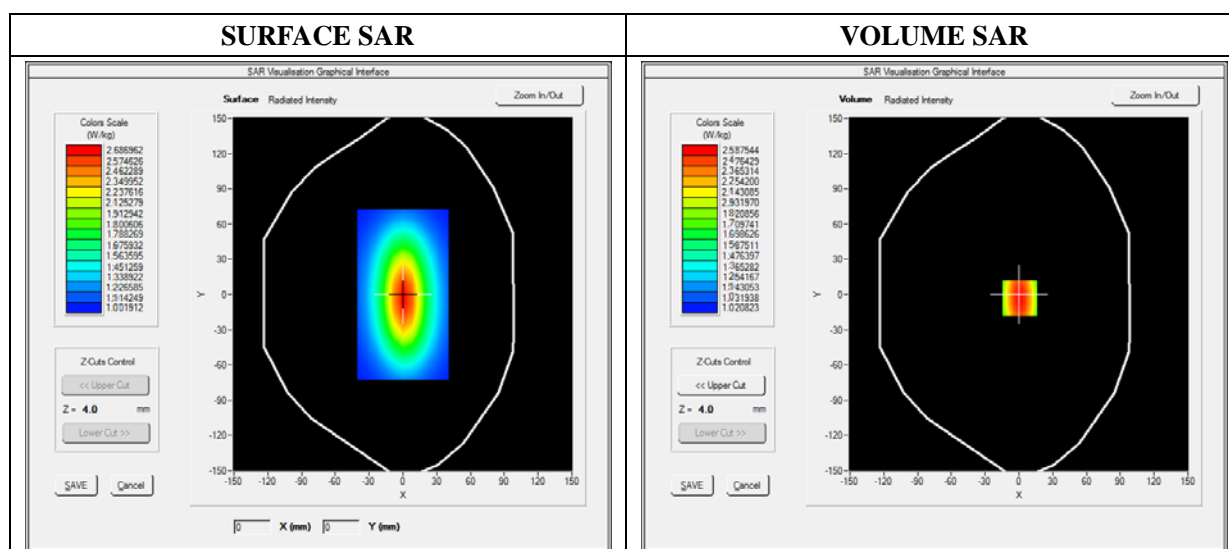
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 7.13; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW835
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

### B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.810974
Conductivity (S/m)	0.961093
Power Variation (%)	0.647378
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

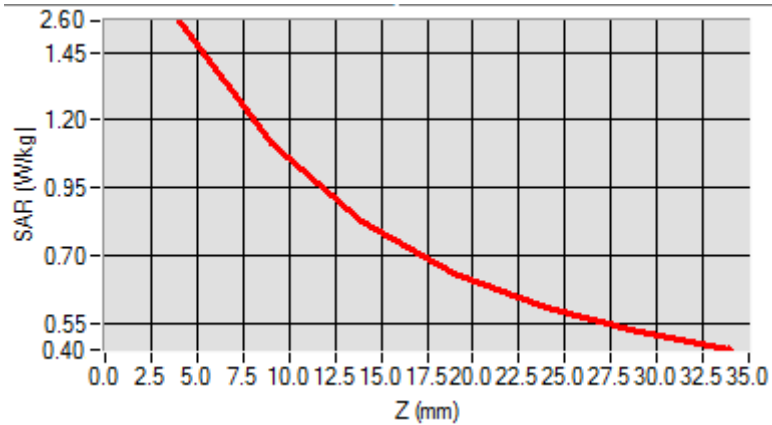


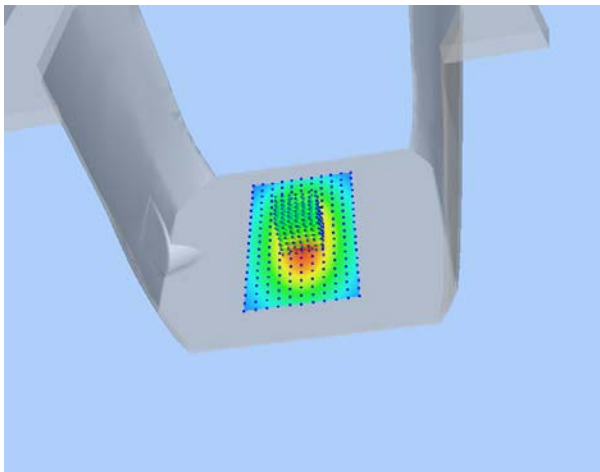
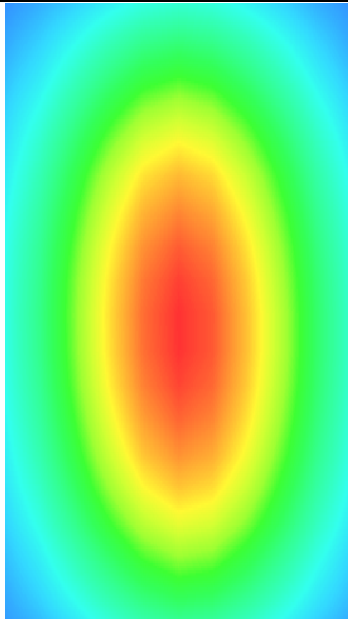
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.010391
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.330483

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	2.5672	1.1200	0.8683	0.5839	0.5210	0.5082



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

## MEASUREMENT 6

### For Body Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 07/04/2017

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

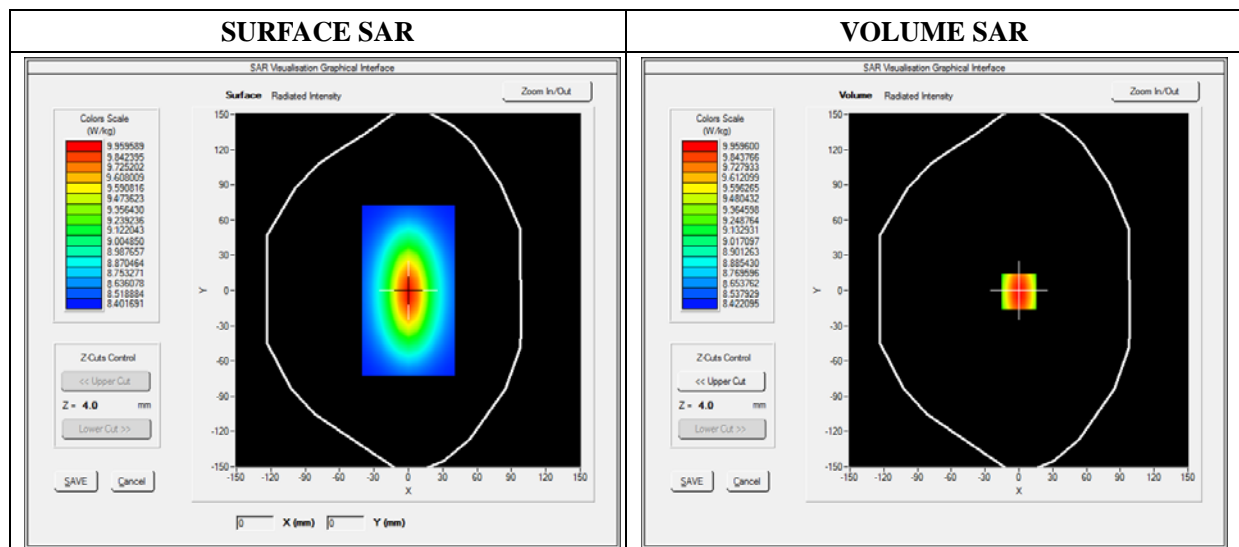
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.55; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW1900
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

### B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.451893
Conductivity (S/m)	1.511083
Power Variation (%)	0.541872
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

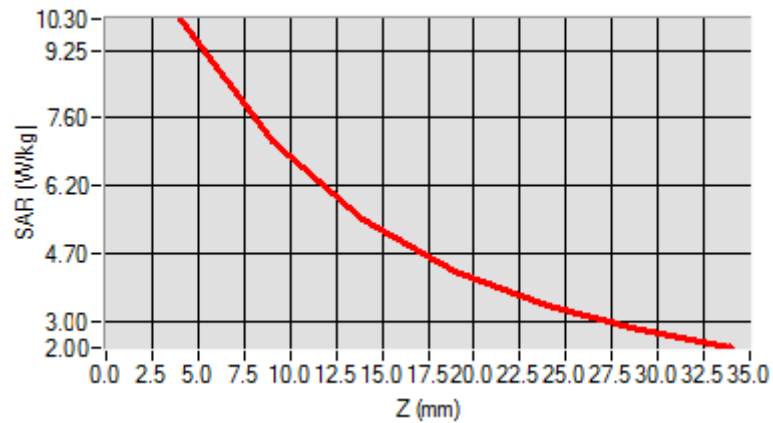


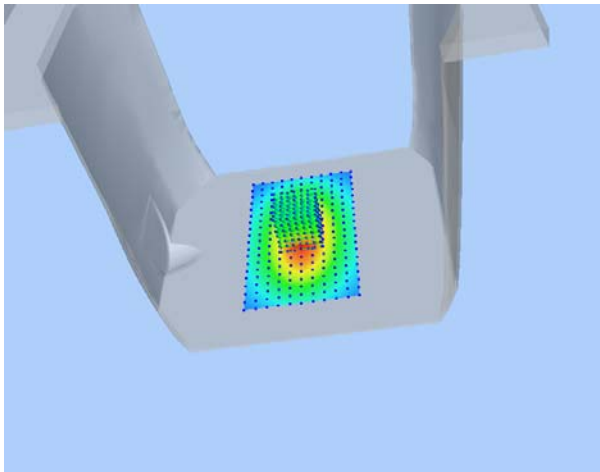
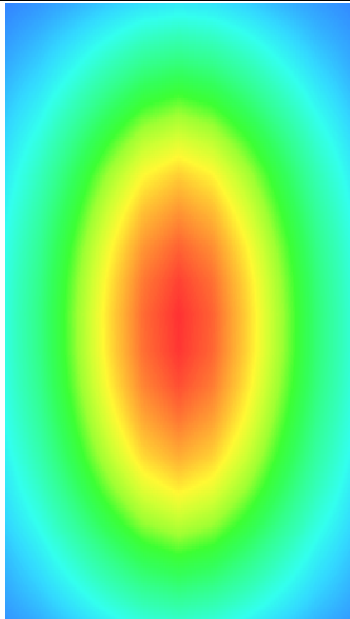
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.148742
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.840292

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	10.2030	6.4312	4.9109	4.5376	3.1221	2.5012



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

## MEASUREMENT 7

### For Head Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 07/04/2017

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 21 seconds

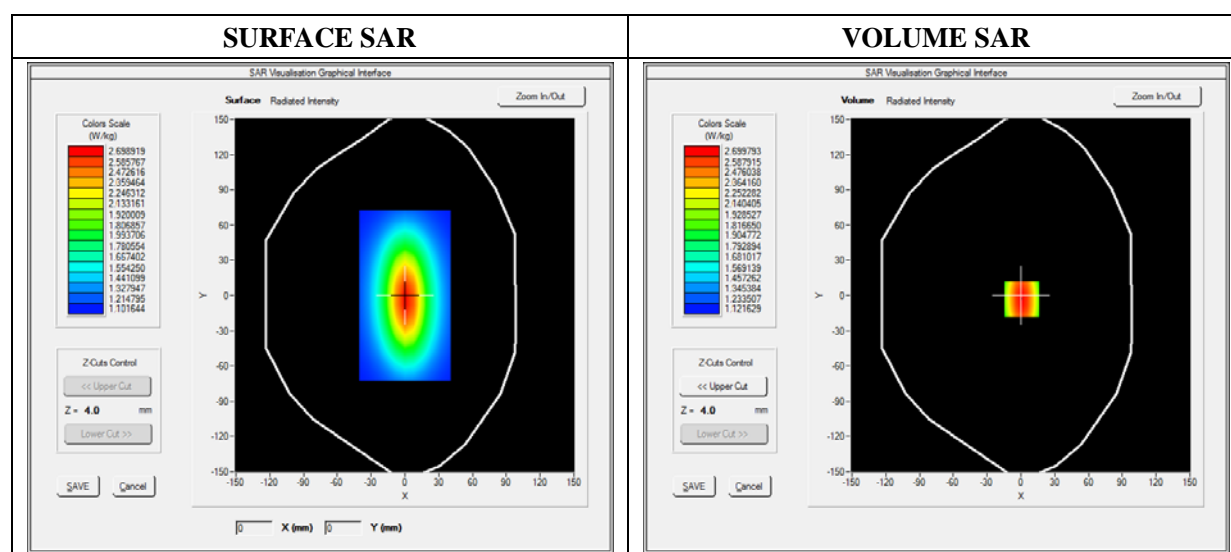
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.93; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW835
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

### B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	41.390388
Conductivity (S/m)	0.861093
Power Variation (%)	0.463267
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

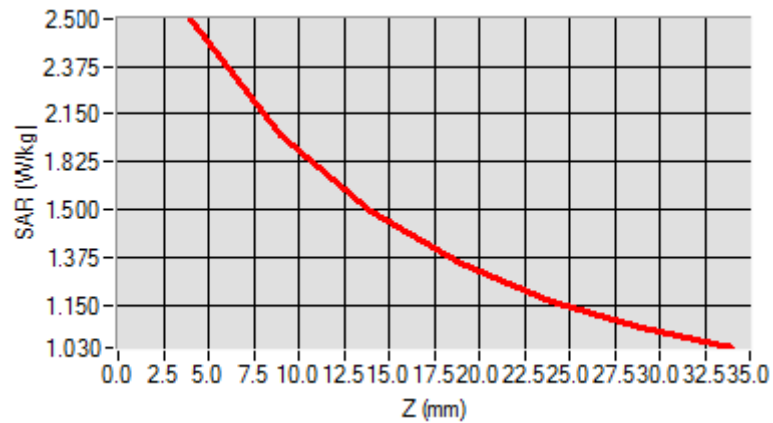


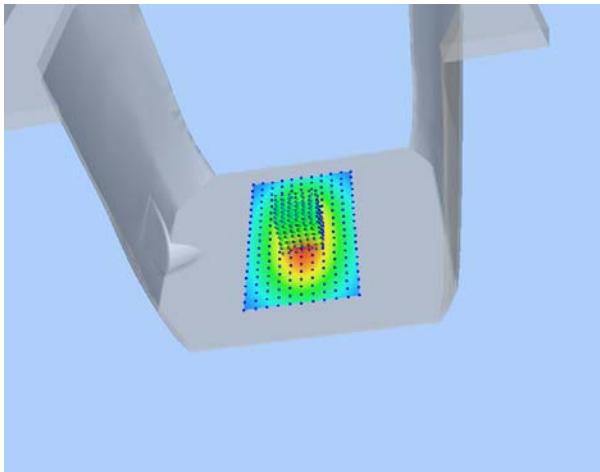
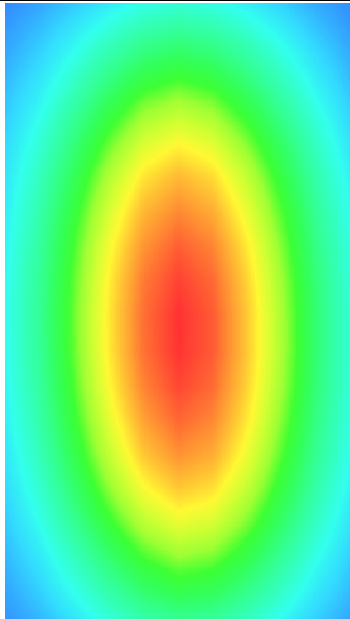
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.121039
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.340190

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	2.4837	1.8912	1.4798	1.3537	1.1112	1.0501



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

## MEASUREMENT 8

### For Head Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 07/04/2017

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

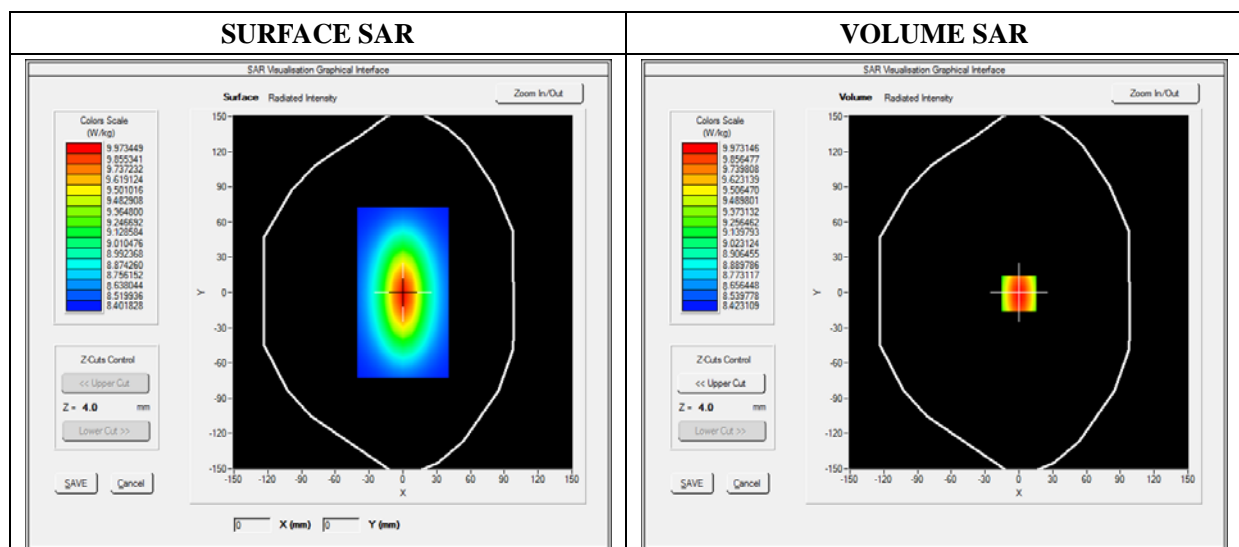
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.35; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW1900
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

### B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.670182
Conductivity (S/m)	1.361033
Power Variation (%)	1.022540
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



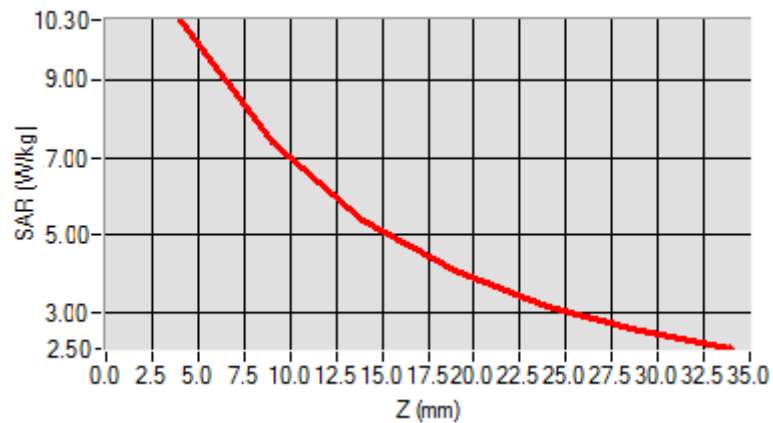


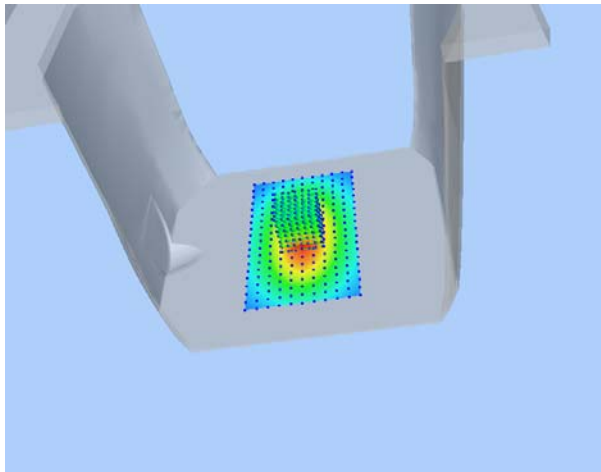
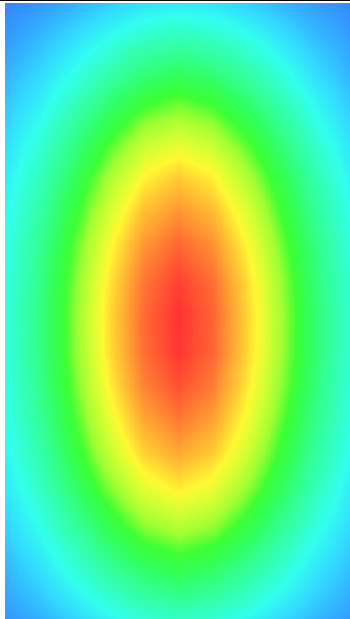
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	7.168955
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.891091

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	10.2312	6.8354	5.0101	4.1102	3.0378	2.8193



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

## Annex B. Plots of SAR Measurement

### SAR test without belt-clip

<u>TYPE</u>	<u>BAND</u>	<u>PARAMETERS</u>
Phone	GPRS850_4TX	Measurement 1: Flat Plane with Back device position on Low Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	GPRS1900_4TX	Measurement 12: Flat Plane with Front device position on Middle Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	WCDMA850_RMC	Measurement 20: Flat Plane with Back device position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WCDMA1900_RMC	Measurement 25: Flat Plane with Front device position on Low Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	GPRS850_4TX	Measurement 28: Flat Plane with Front side(Front-of-face) device position on Low Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	GPRS1900_4TX	Measurement 29: Flat Plane with Front side(Front-of-face) device position on Middle Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	WCDMA850_RMC	Measurement 30: Flat Plane with Front side(Front-of-face) device position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WCDMA1900_RMC	Measurement 31: Flat Plane with Front side(Front-of-face) device position on Low Channel in WCDMA mode
Remark: SAR plot is showed the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.		

### SAR test with belt-clip

<u>TYPE</u>	<u>BAND</u>	<u>PARAMETERS</u>
Phone	GPRS850_4TX	Measurement 32: Flat Plane with Back device position on Low Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	GPRS1900_4TX	Measurement 36: Flat Plane with Back device position on Middle Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	WCDMA850_RMC	Measurement 40: Flat Plane with Back device position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	WCDMA1900_RMC	Measurement 41: Flat Plane with Back device position on Low Channel in WCDMA mode
Phone	GPRS850_4TX	Measurement 42: Flat Plane with Front side(Front-of-face) device position on Low Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	GPRS1900_4TX	Measurement 43: Flat Plane with Front side(Front-of-face) device position on Middle Channel in GPRS mode
Phone	WCDMA850_RMC	Measurement 44: Flat Plane with Front side(Front-of-face) device position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode

<b>Phone</b>	<b>WCDMA1900_RMC</b>	<u>Measurement 45:</u> Flat Plane with Front side(Front-of-face) device position on Low Channel in WCDMA mode
<i>Remark: SAR plot is showed the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.</i>		

# MEASUREMENT 1

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 06/19/2017

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

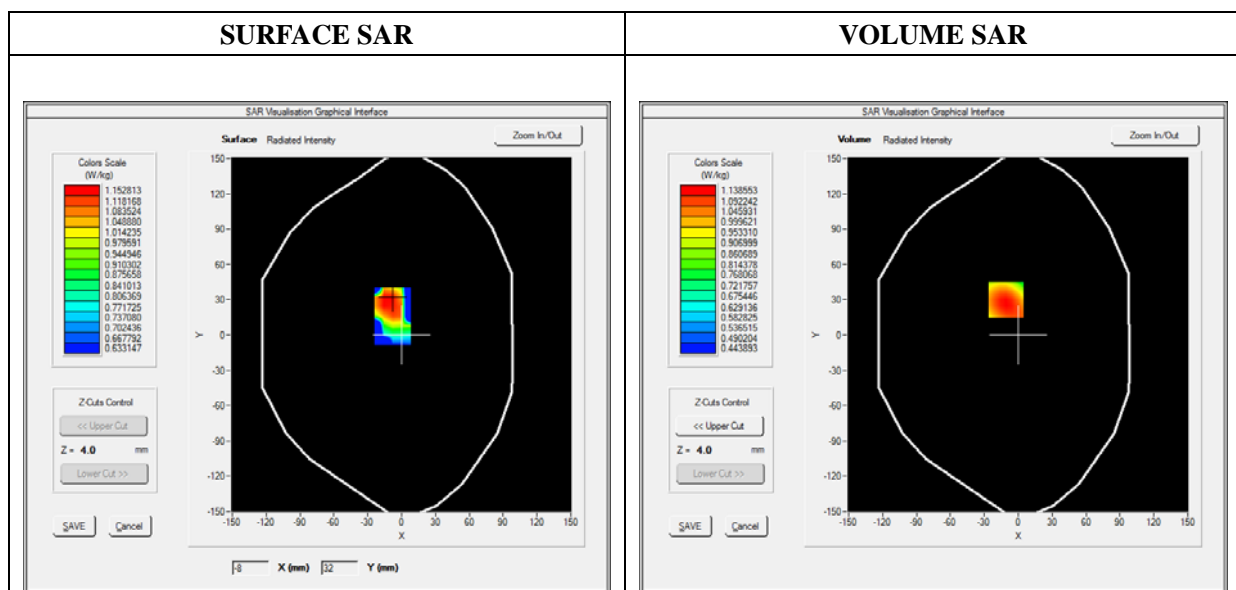
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 7.13; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

## A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat plane
Device Position	Back
Band	GPRS850_4TX
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:2

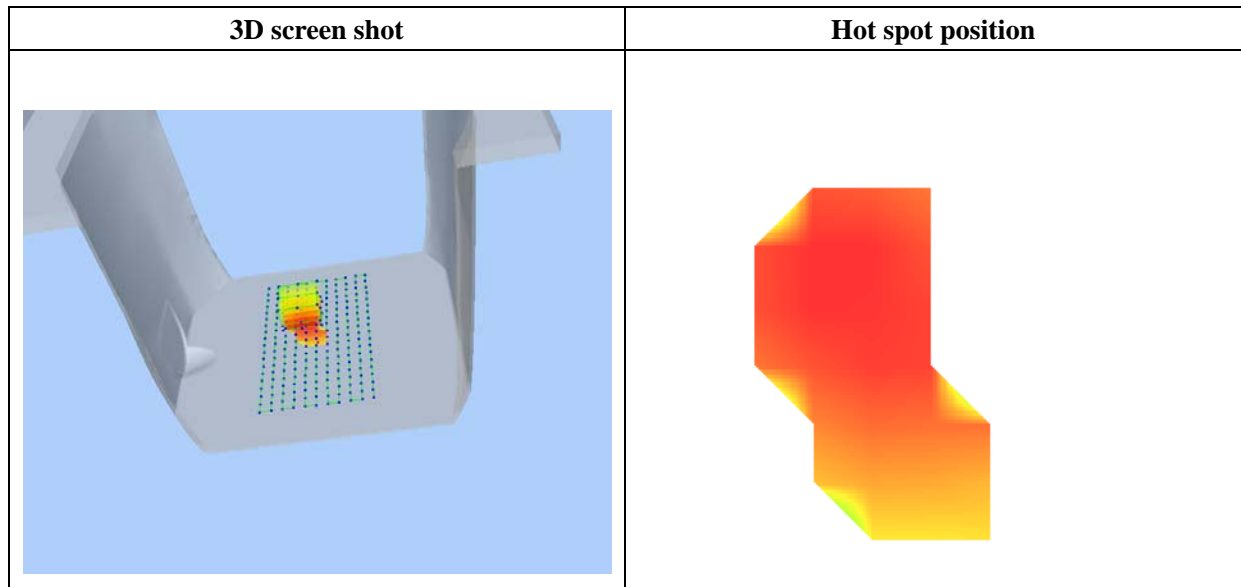
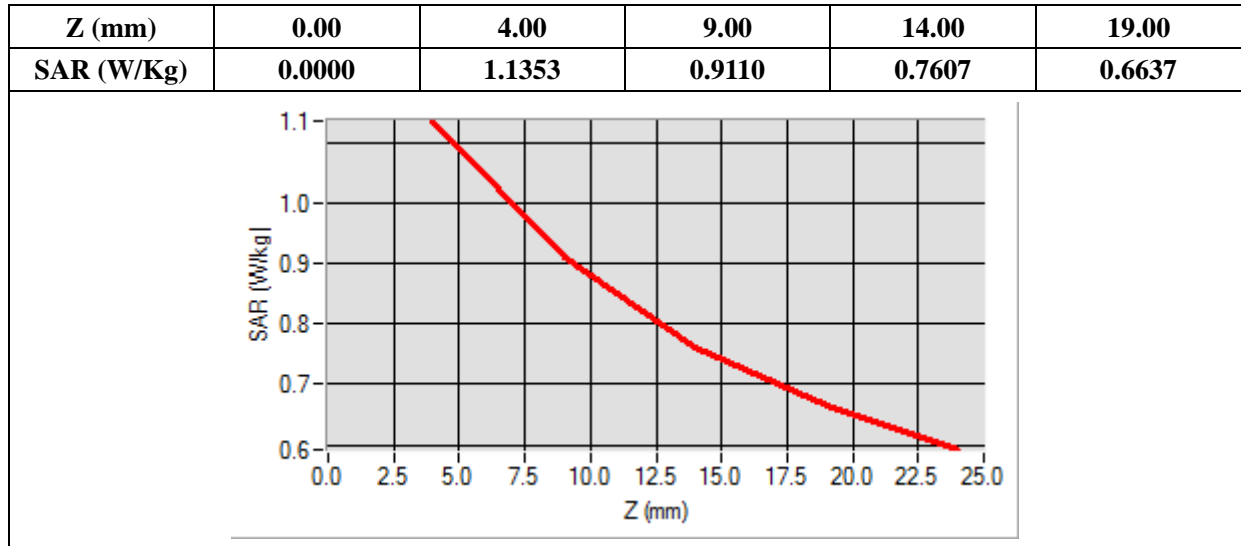
## B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.851214
Conductivity (S/m)	0.951454
Power Variation (%)	0.562472
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=-11.00, Y=30.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.872051
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.103205



## MEASUREMENT 12

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 06/19/2017

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

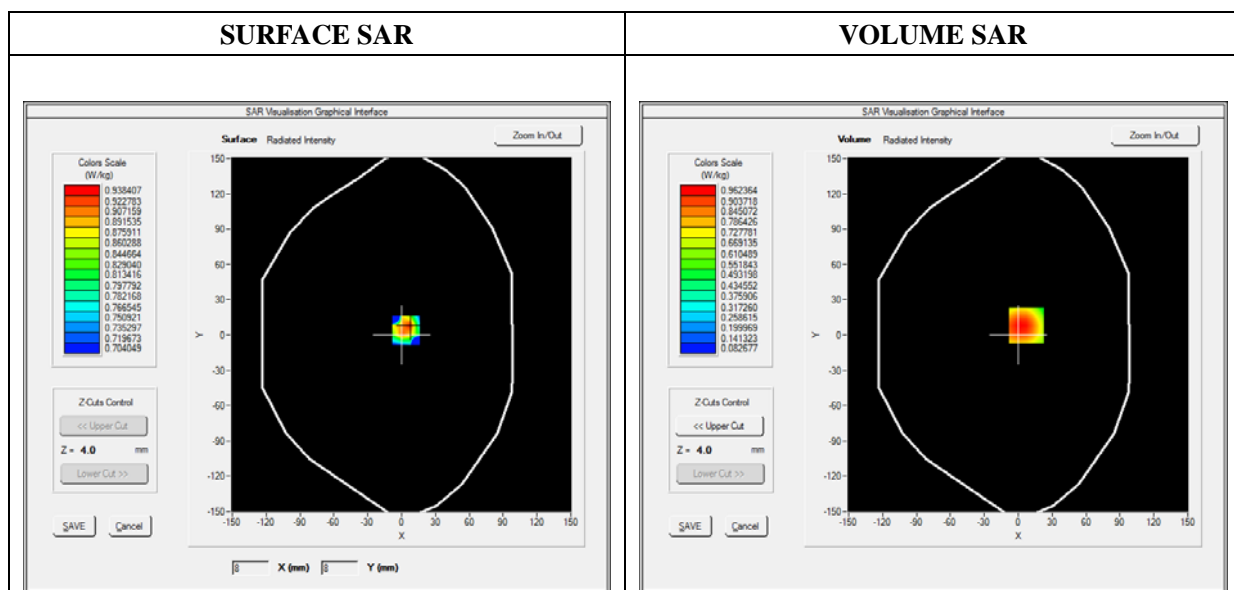
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.55; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat plane
Device Position	Front
Band	GPRS1900_4TX
Channels	Middle
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:2

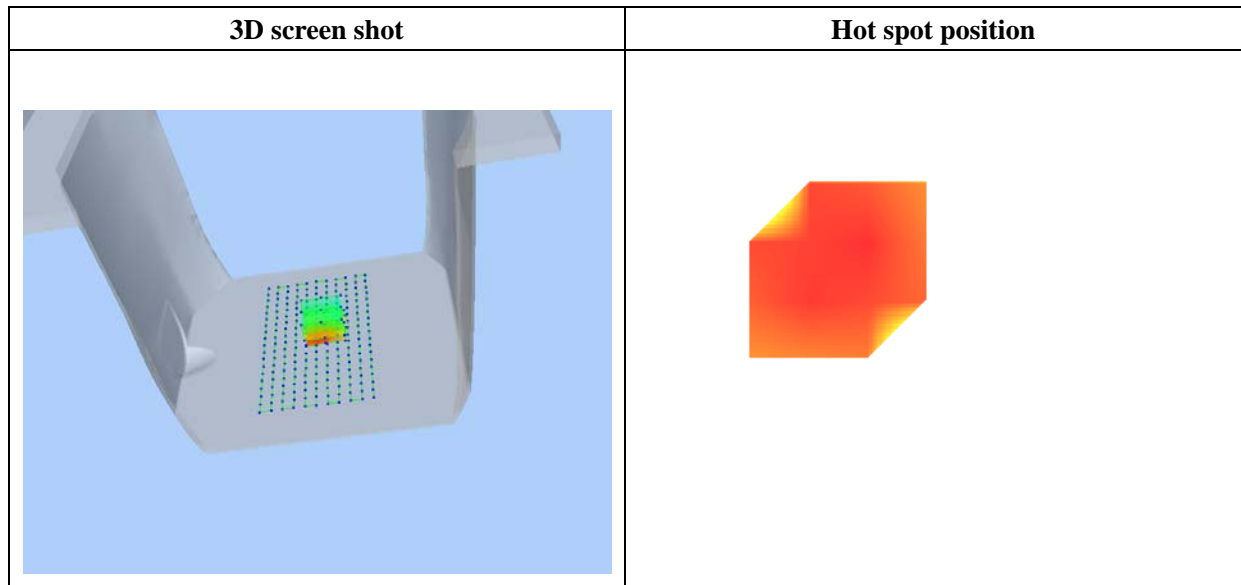
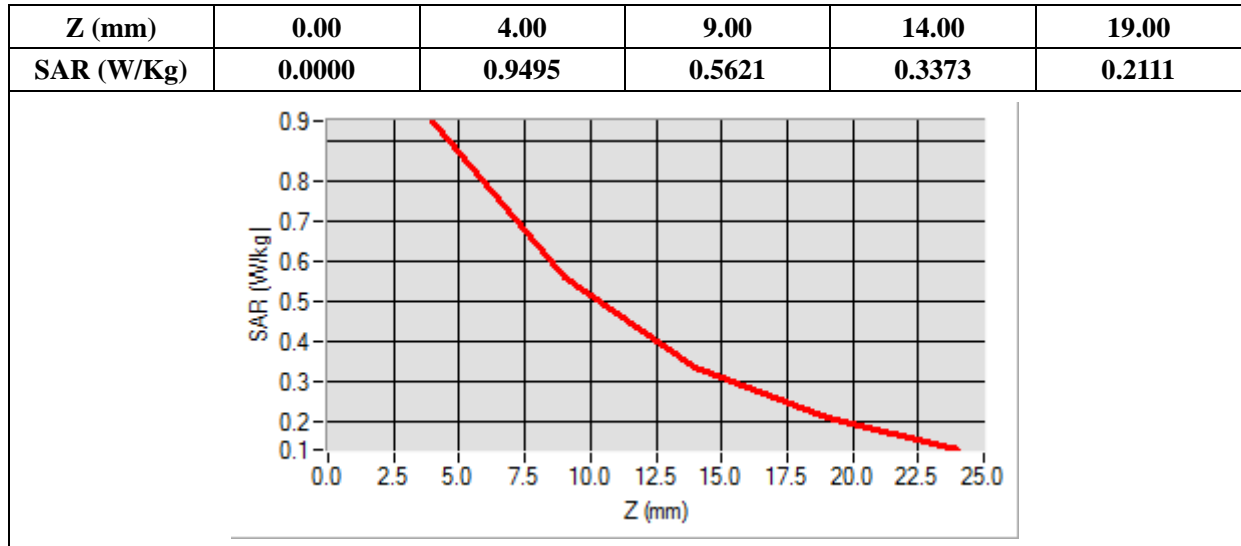
### B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.420415
Conductivity (S/m)	1.501966
Power Variation (%)	0.986340
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=8.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.549022
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.909754



## MEASUREMENT 20

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 06/19/2017

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

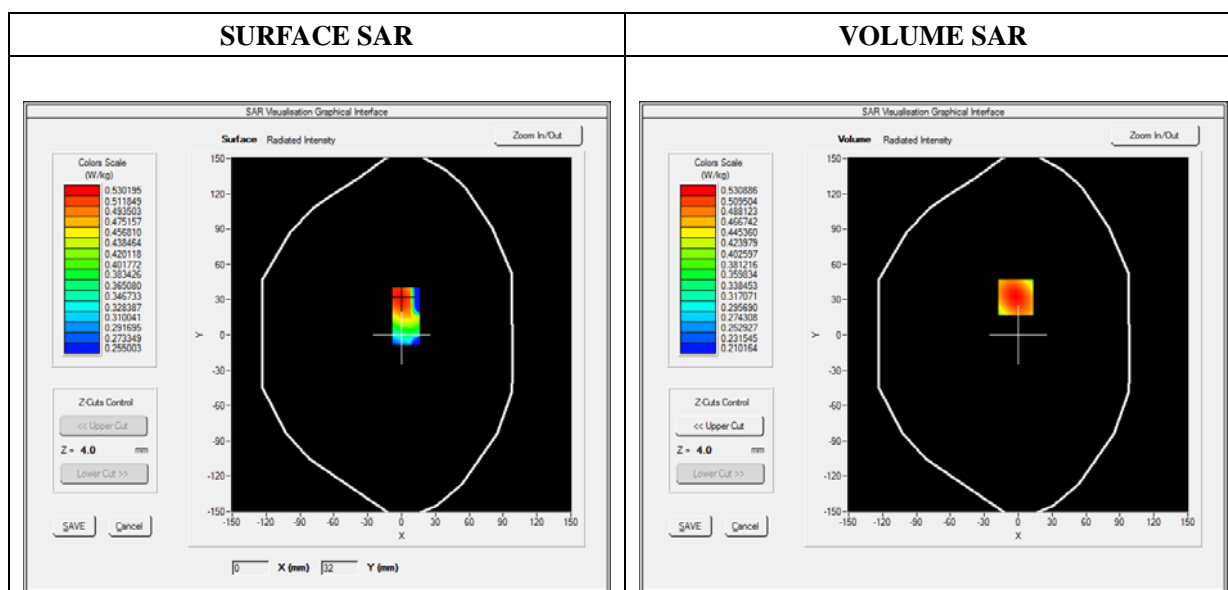
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 7.13; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Back
Band	WCDMA850_RMC
Channels	Middle
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

### B. SAR Measurement Results

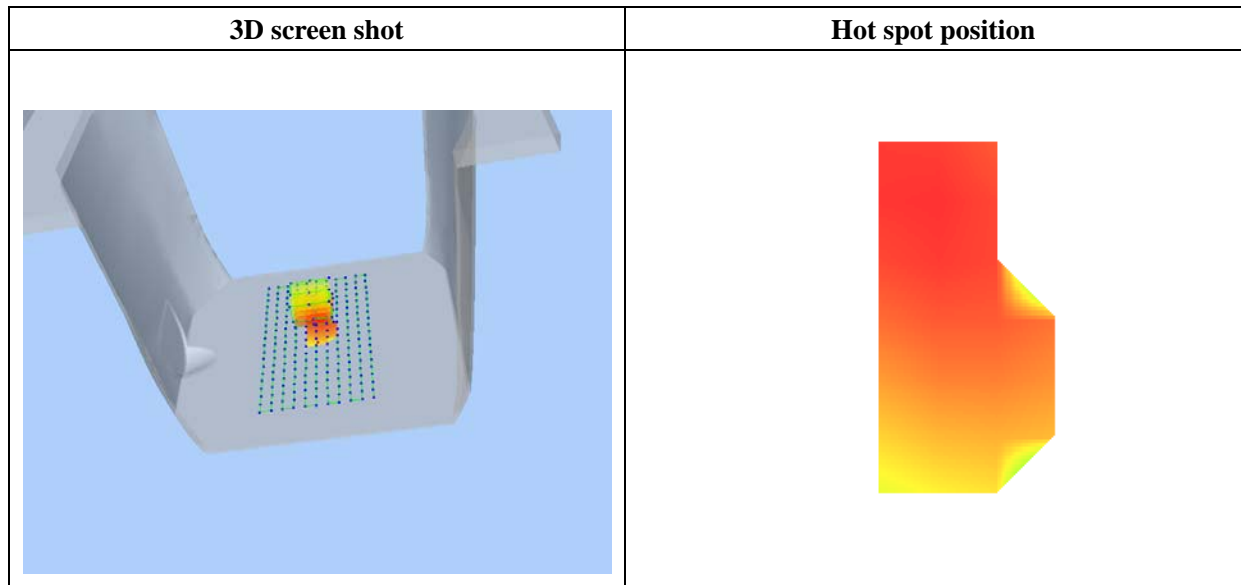
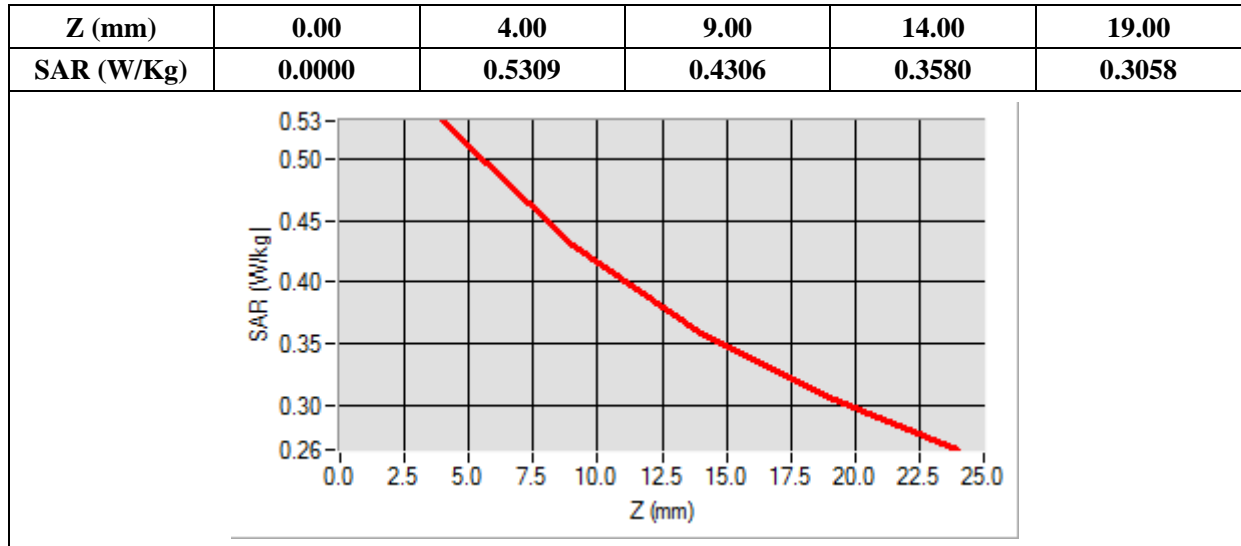
Frequency (MHz)	836.600000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.851214
Conductivity (S/m)	0.951454
Power Variation (%)	0.438729
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3





Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=32.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.406015
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.513043



## MEASUREMENT 25

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 06/19/2017

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

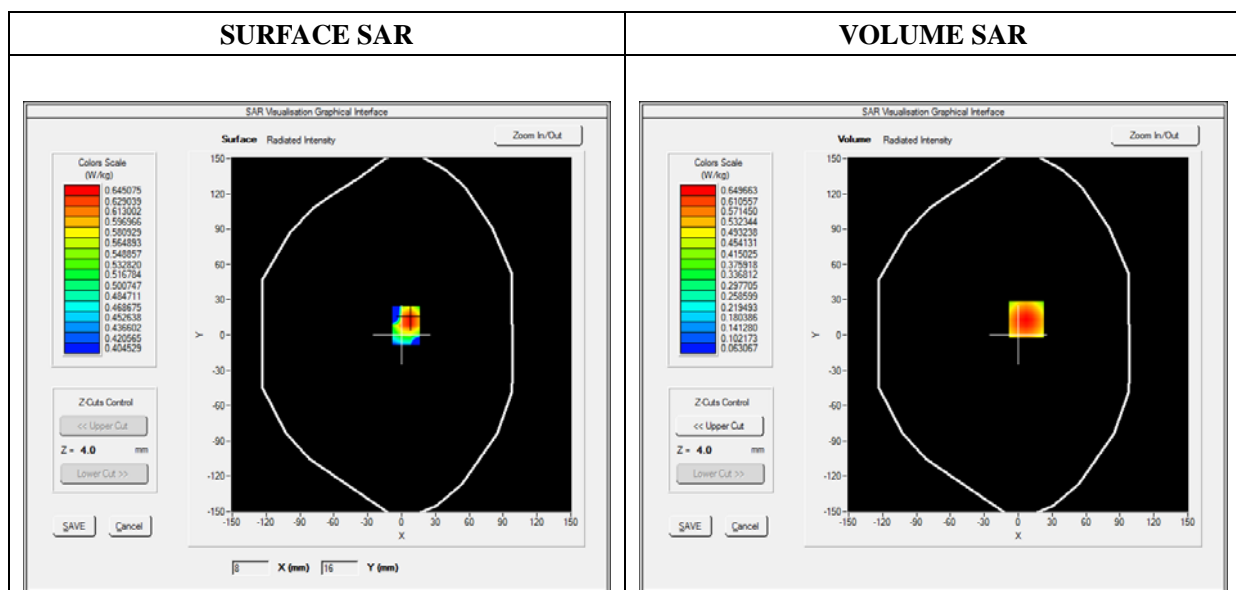
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.55; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Front
Band	WCDMA1900_RMC
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

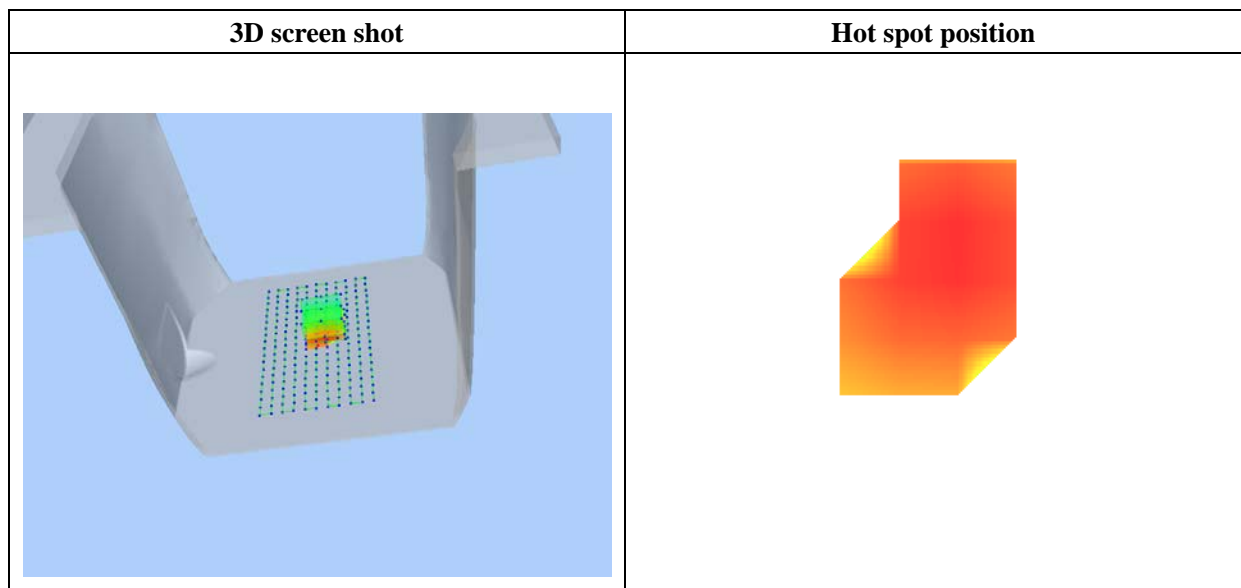
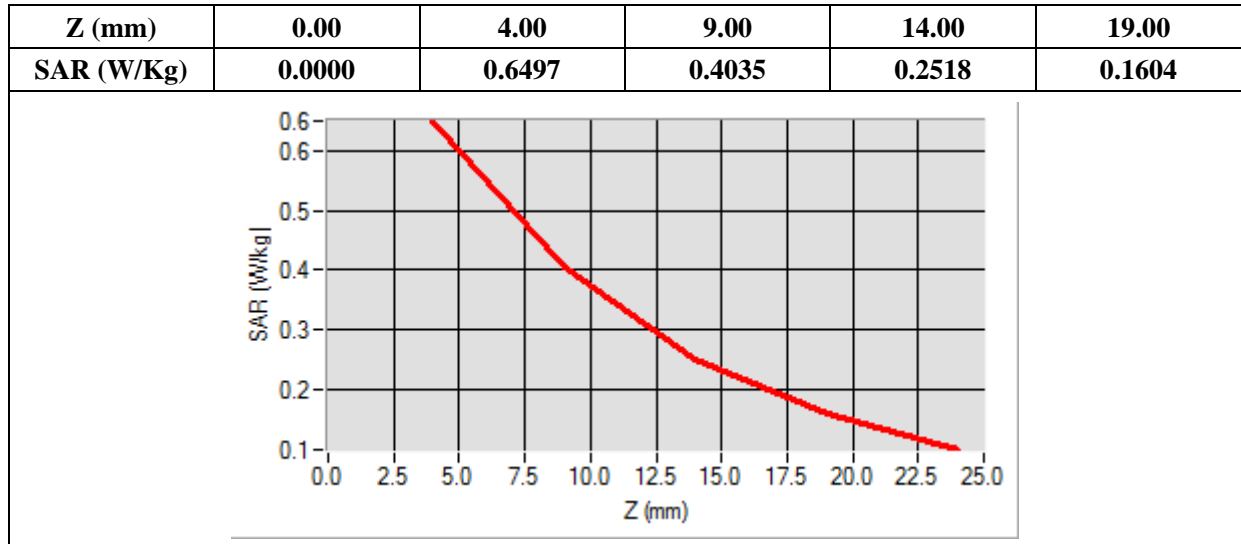
### B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1852.400000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.420415
Conductivity (S/m)	1.501966
Power Variation (%)	0.602982
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=13.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.379556
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.613262



## MEASUREMENT 28

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 06/19/2017

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

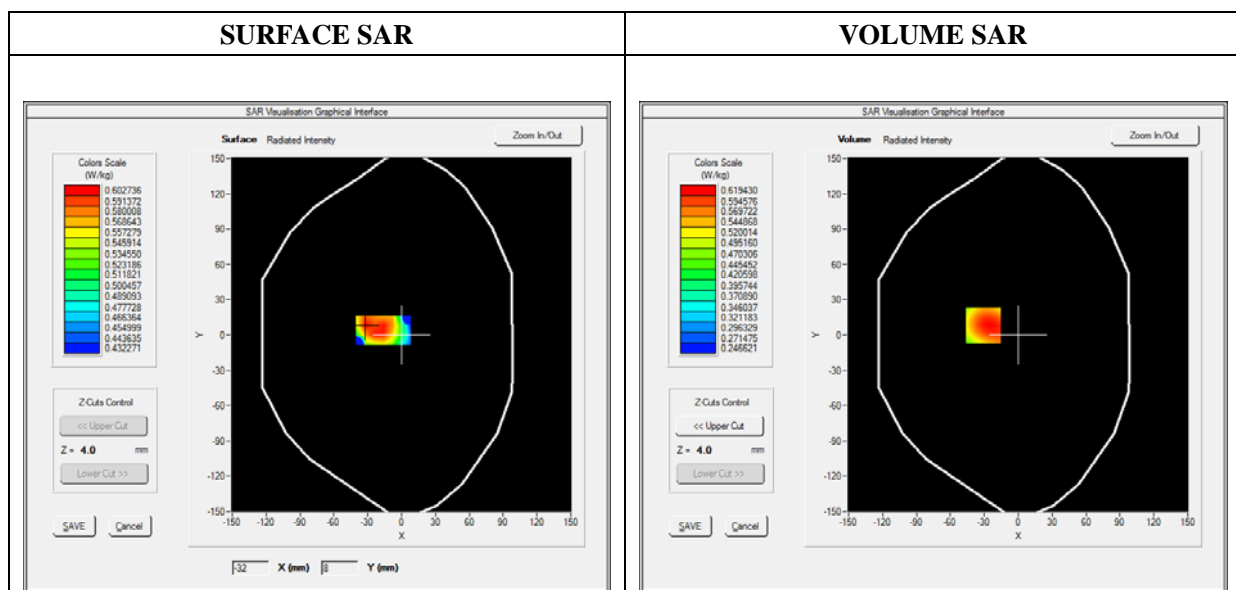
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.93; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat plane
Device Position	Front(Front-of-face)
Band	GPRS850_4TX
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:2

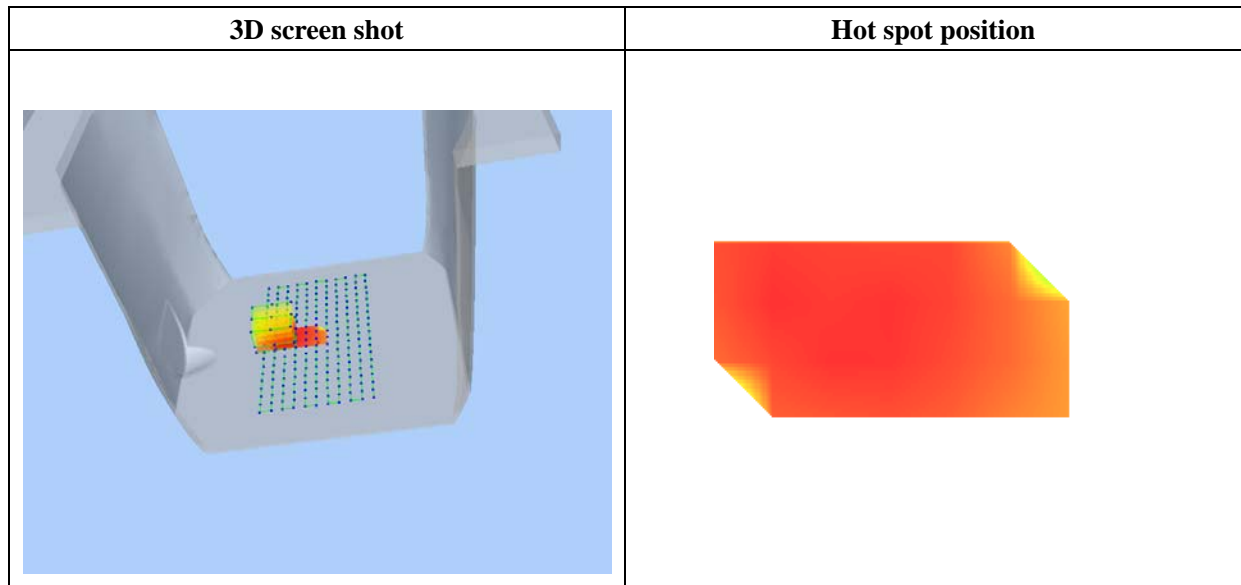
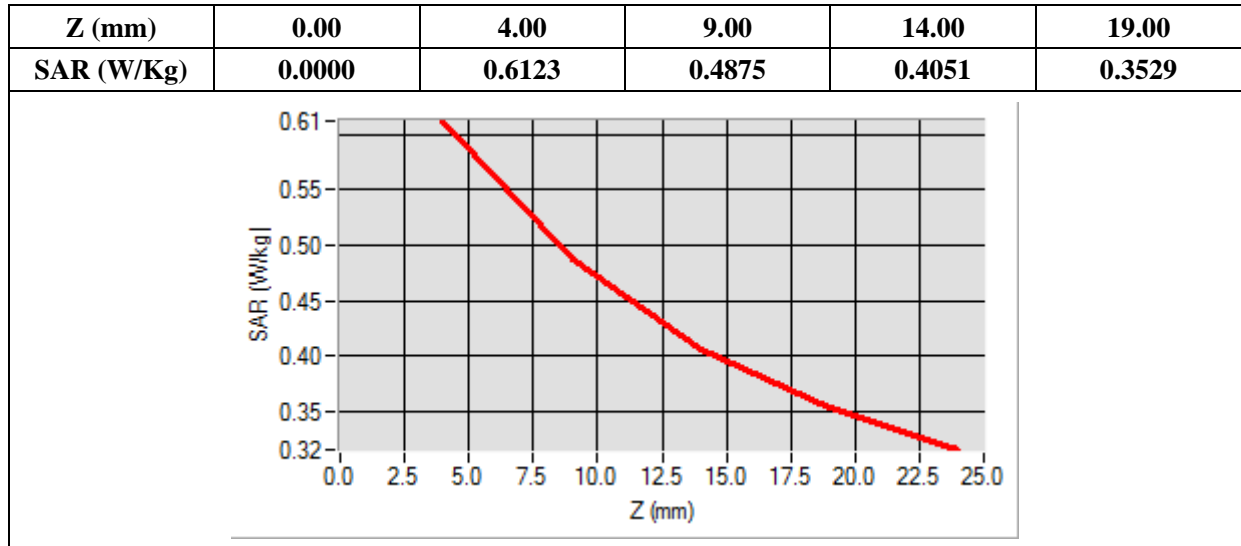
### B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	41.110245
Conductivity (S/m)	0.871245
Power Variation (%)	0.357273
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=-31.00, Y=8.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.476171
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.600797



## MEASUREMENT 29

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 06/19/2017

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

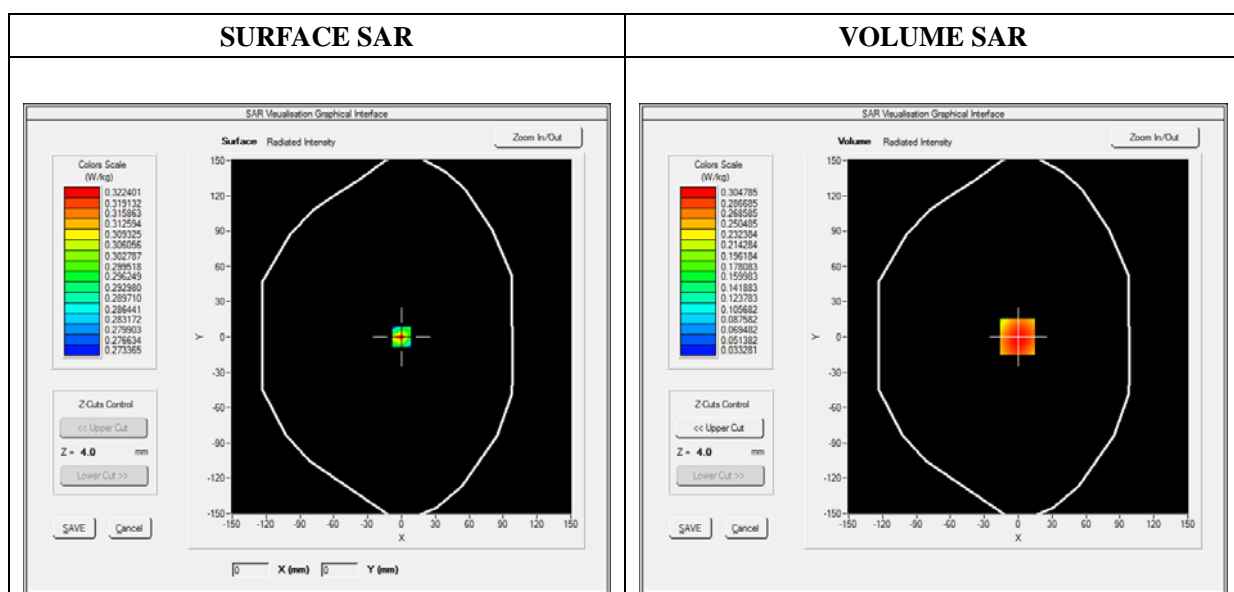
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.35; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat plane
Device Position	Front(Front-of-face)
Band	GPRS1900_4TX
Channels	Middle
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:2

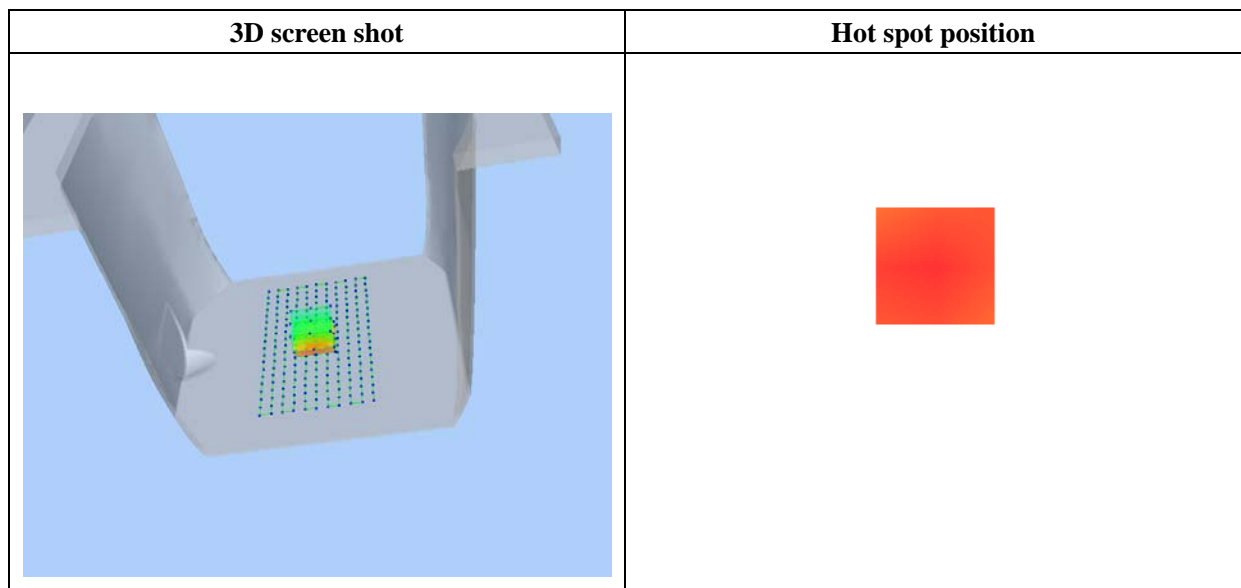
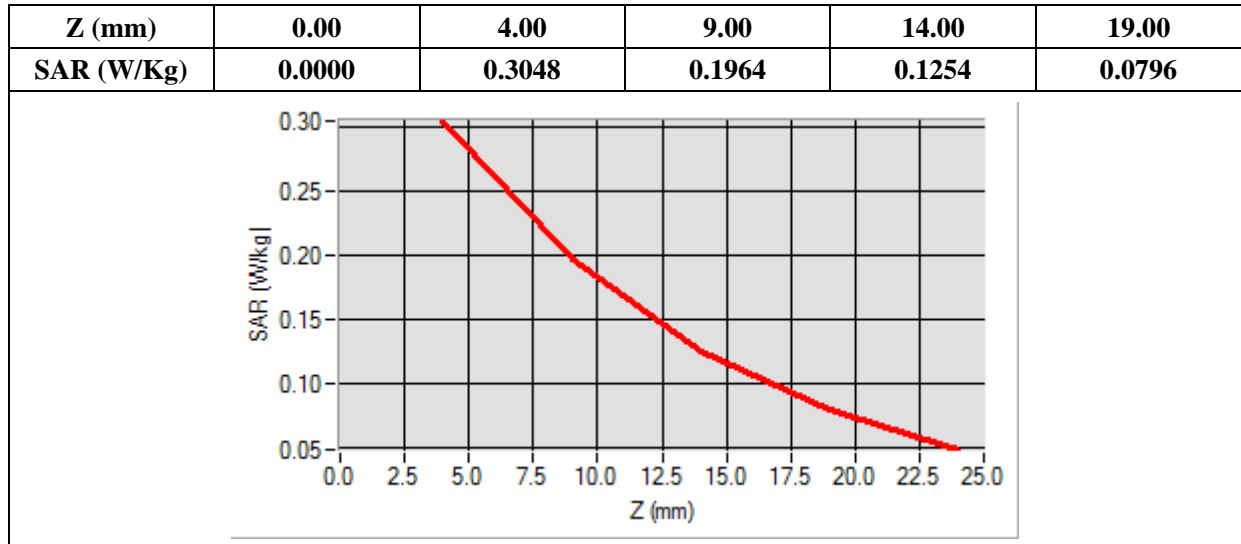
### B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.560124
Conductivity (S/m)	1.380369
Power Variation (%)	1.097333
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.184778
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.291129



## MEASUREMENT 30

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 06/19/2017

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

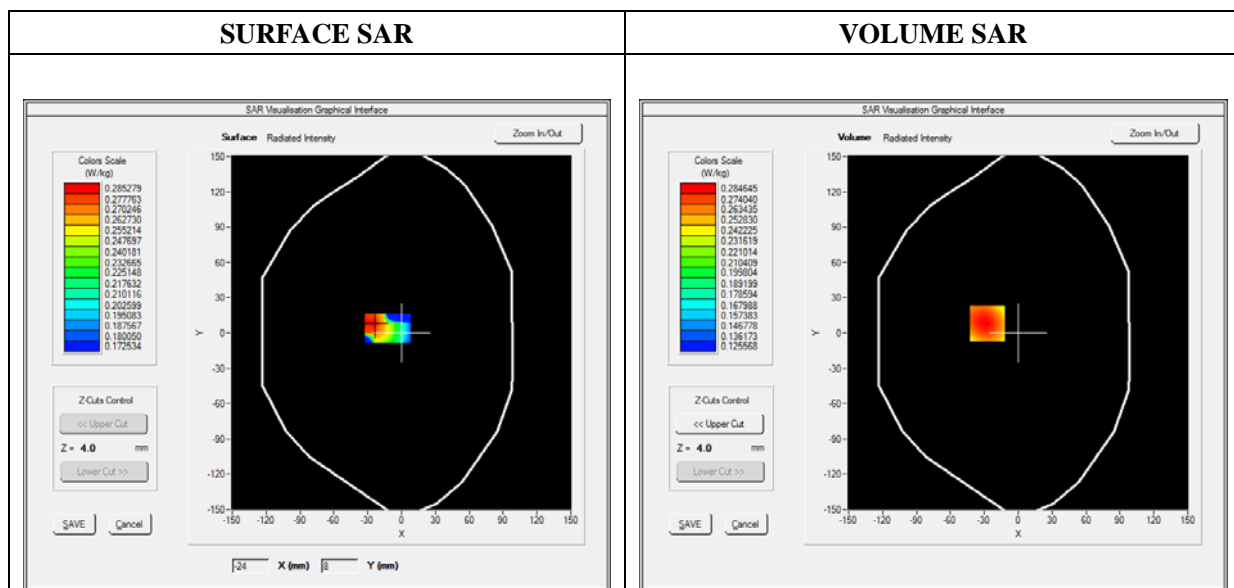
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.93; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Front(Front-of-face)
Band	WCDMA850_RMC
Channels	Middle
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

### B. SAR Measurement Results

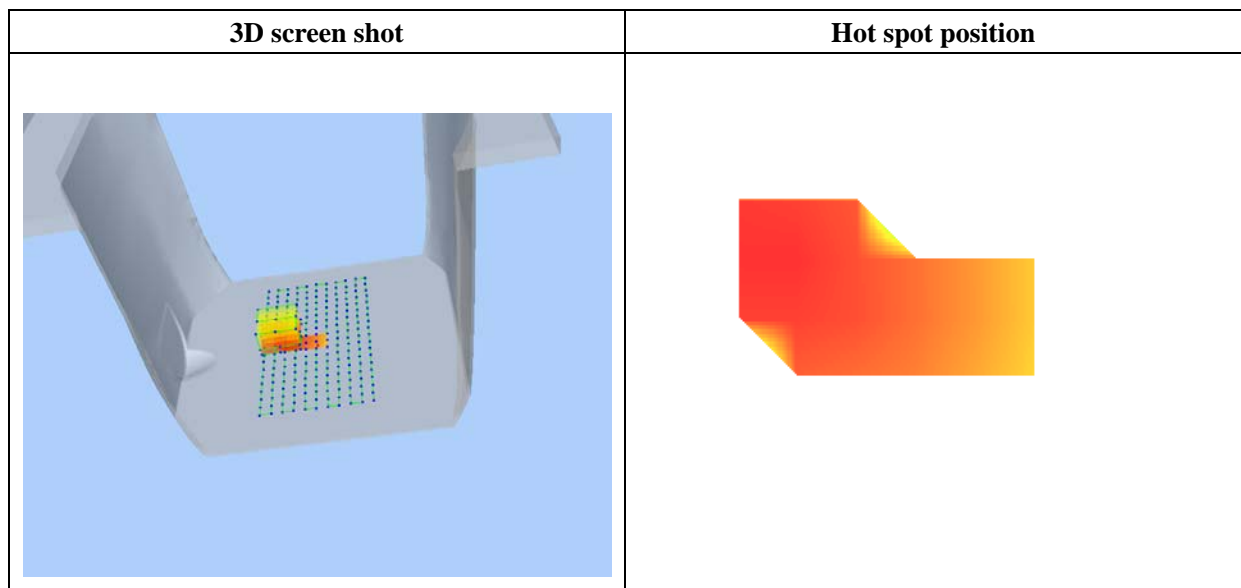
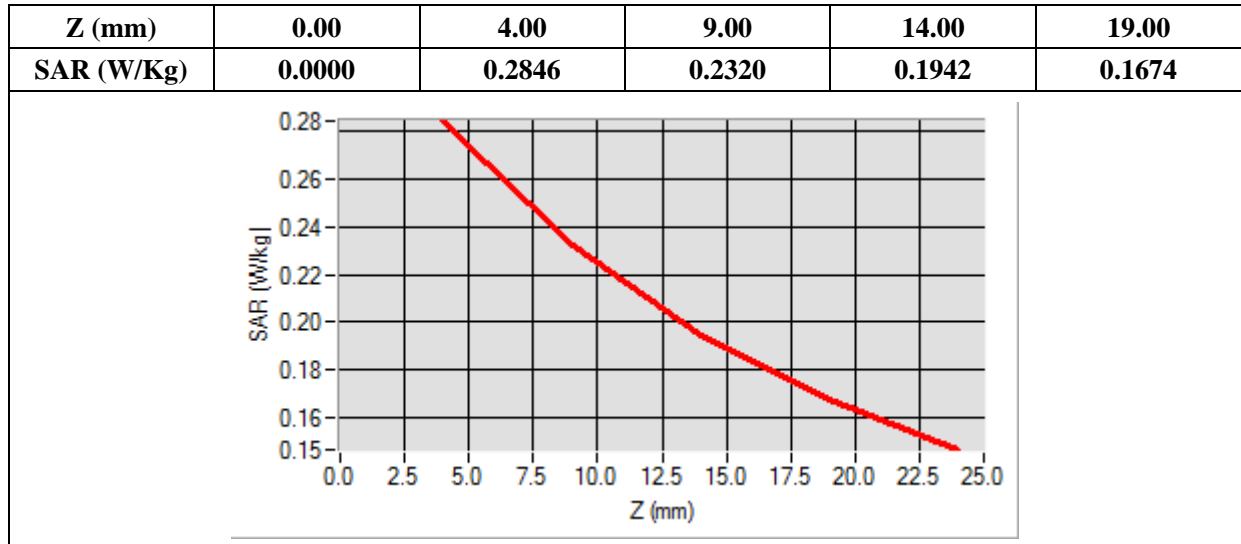
Frequency (MHz)	836.600000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	41.110245
Conductivity (S/m)	0.871245
Power Variation (%)	0.748833
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3





Maximum location: X=-27.00, Y=8.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.221403
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.276575



## MEASUREMENT 31

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 06/19/2017

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

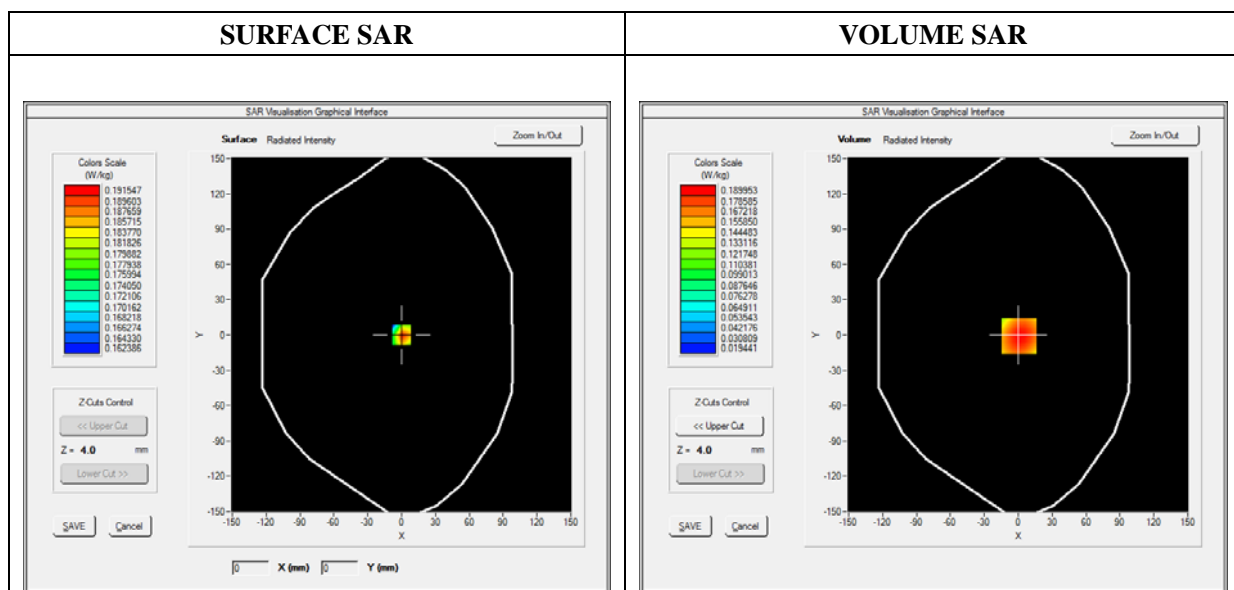
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.35; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Front(Front-of-face)
Band	WCDMA1900_RMC
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

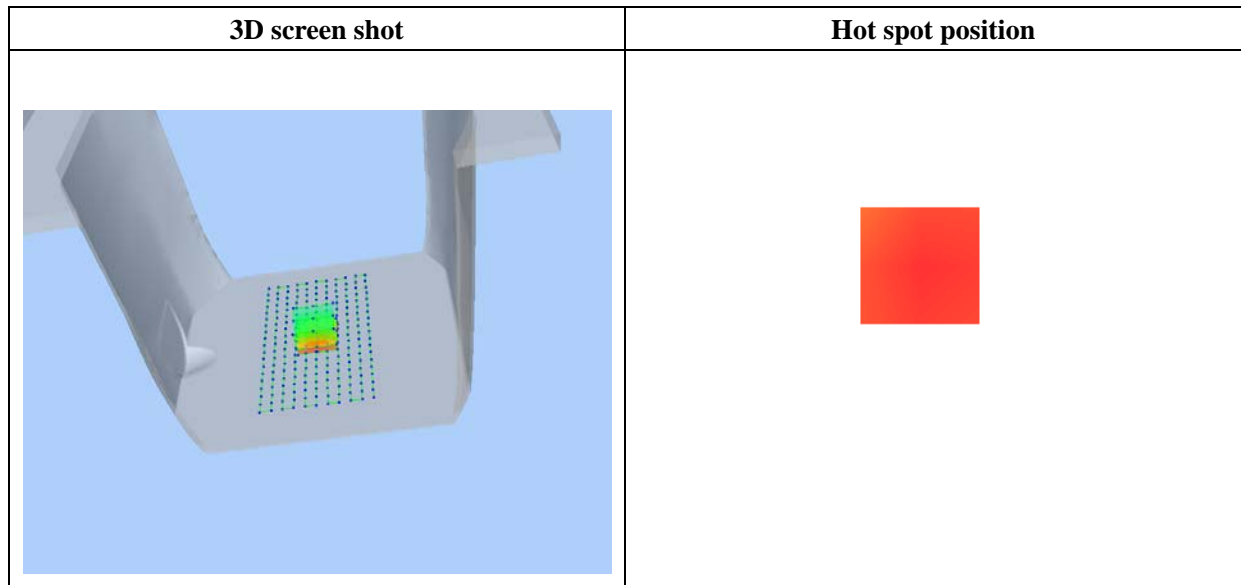
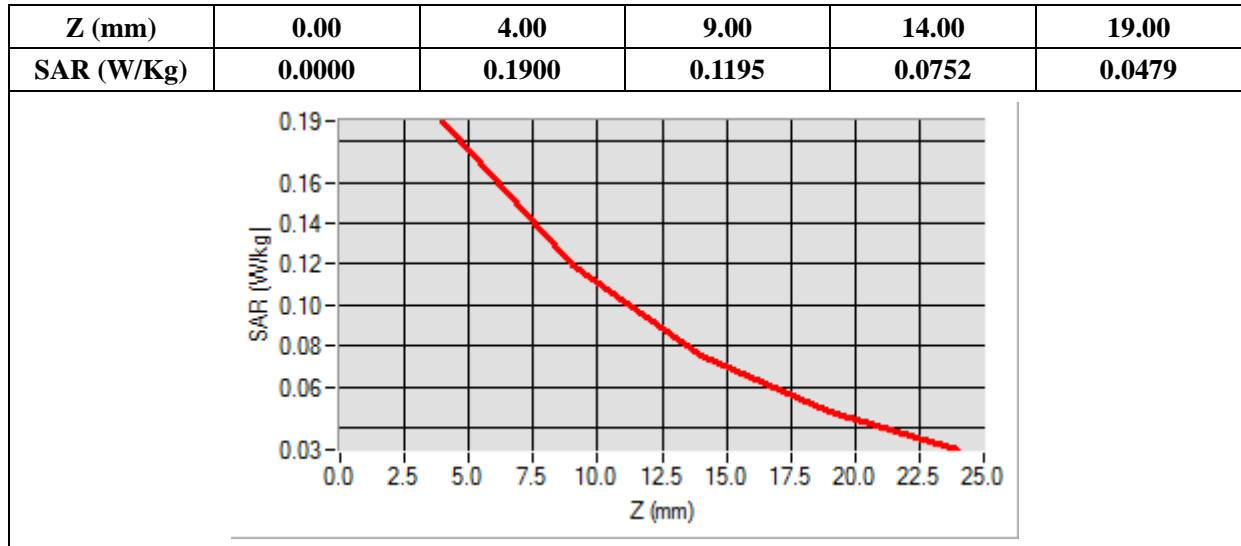
### B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1852.400000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.560124
Conductivity (S/m)	1.380369
Power Variation (%)	0.748356
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=-1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.113685
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.180677



## MEASUREMENT 32

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 07/04/2017

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

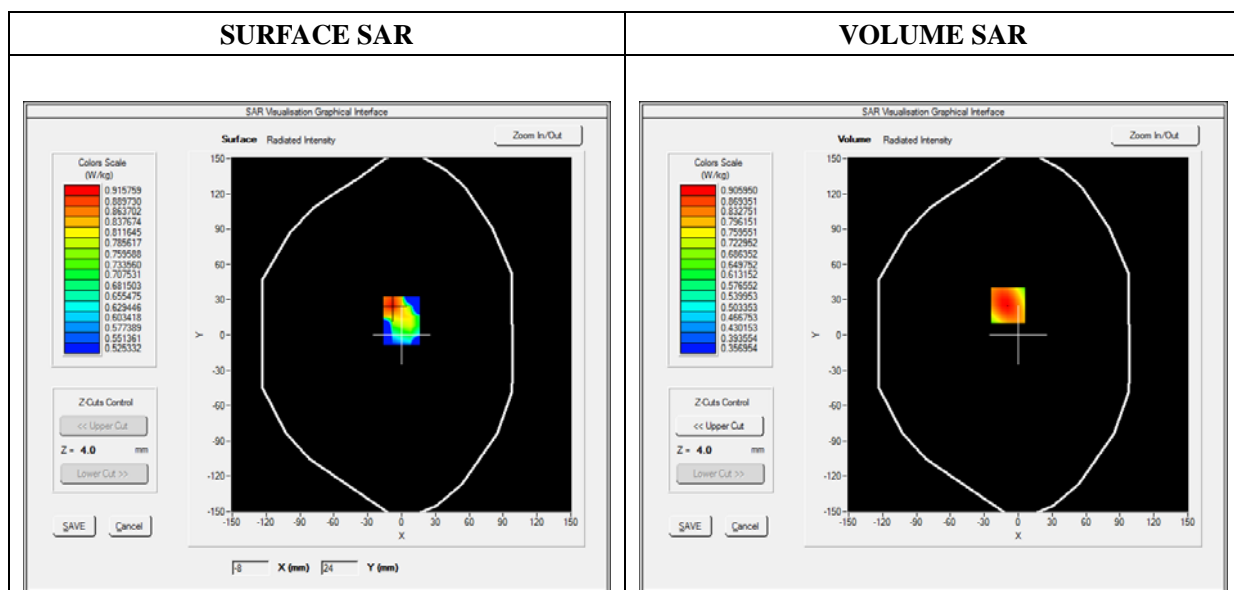
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 7.13; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat plane
Device Position	Back
Band	GPRS850_4TX
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:2

### B. SAR Measurement Results

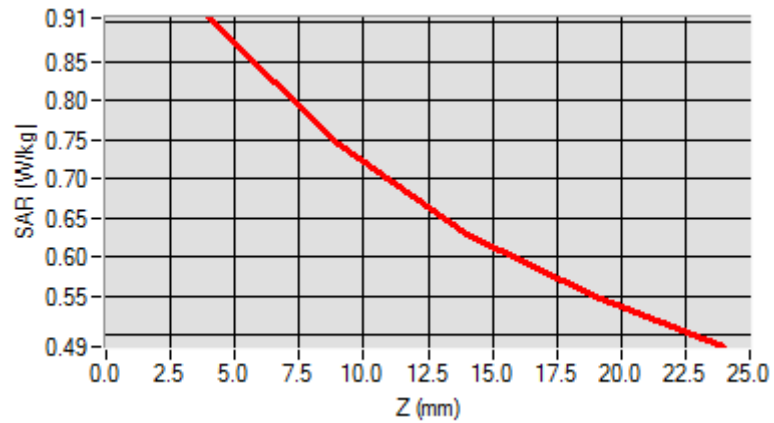
Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.810974
Conductivity (S/m)	0.961093
Power Variation (%)	0.367272
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

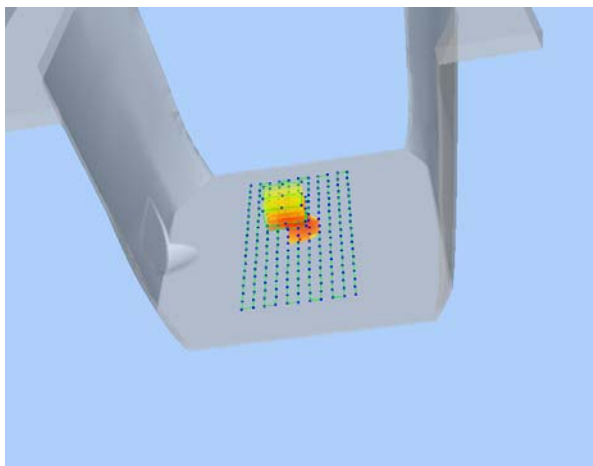



Maximum location: X=-9.00, Y=25.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.701394
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.878172

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.9060	0.7436	0.6285	0.5483



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

## MEASUREMENT 36

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 07/04/2017

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

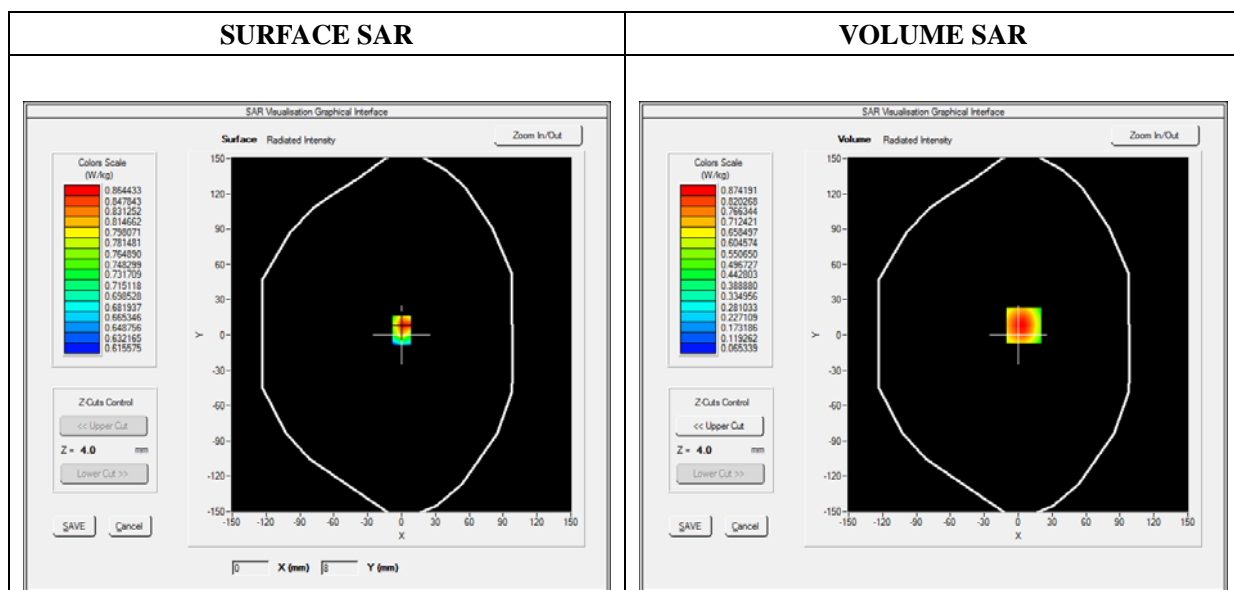
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.55; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat plane
Device Position	Back
Band	GPRS1900_4TX
Channels	Middle
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:2

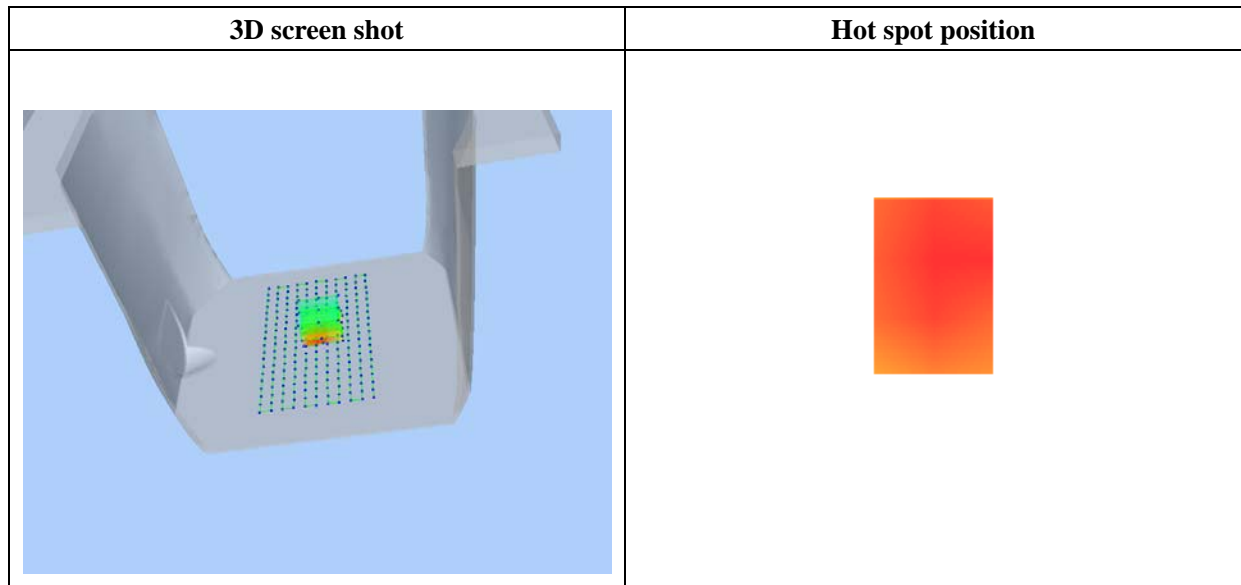
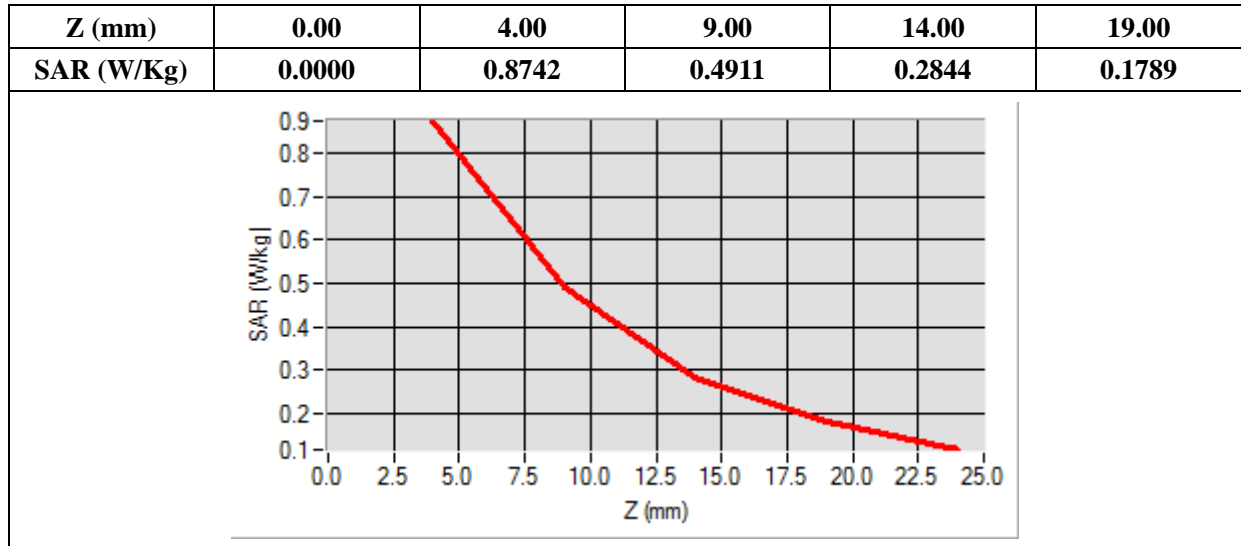
### B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.451893
Conductivity (S/m)	1.511083
Power Variation (%)	0.832533
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=8.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.487838
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.827943



## MEASUREMENT 40

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 07/04/2017

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

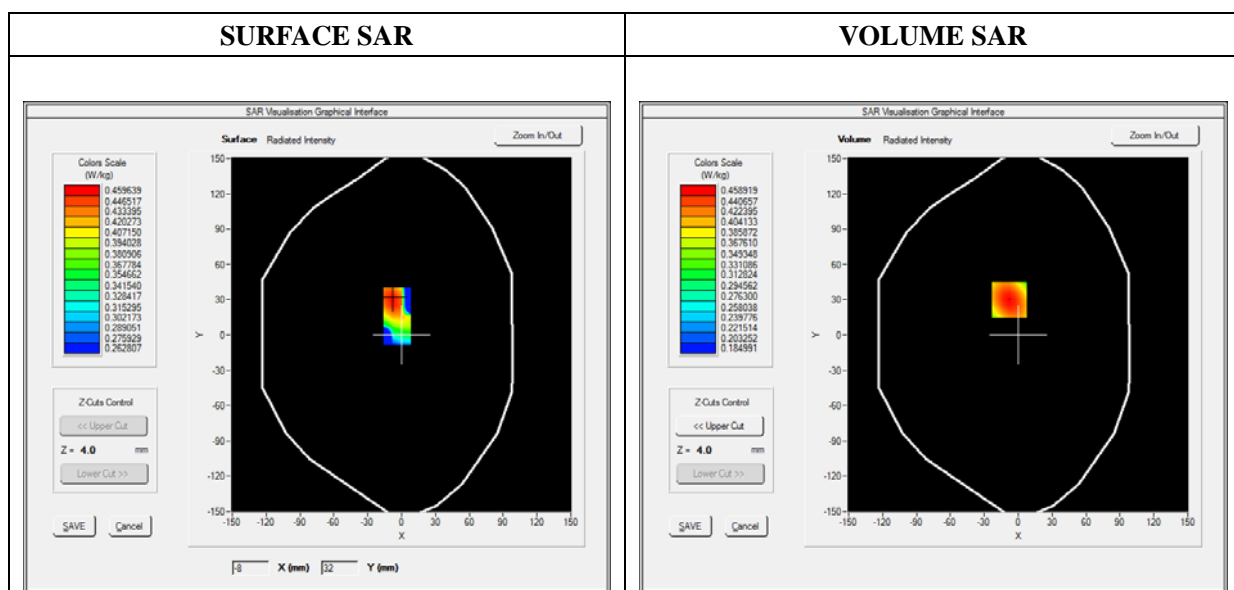
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 7.13; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Back
Band	WCDMA850_RMC
Channels	Middle
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

### B. SAR Measurement Results

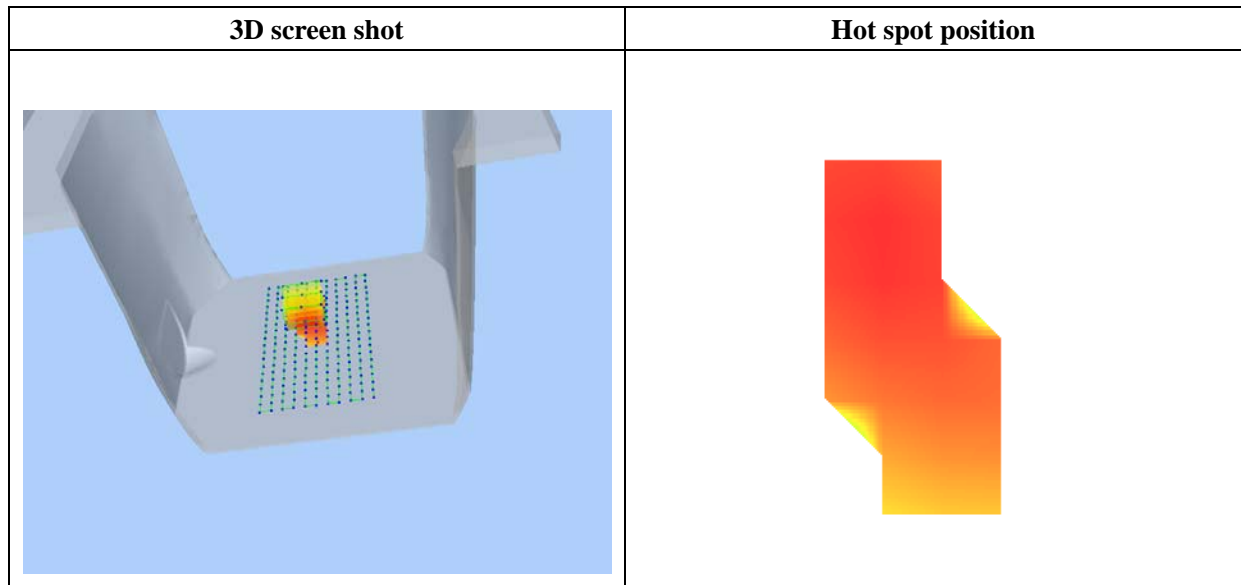
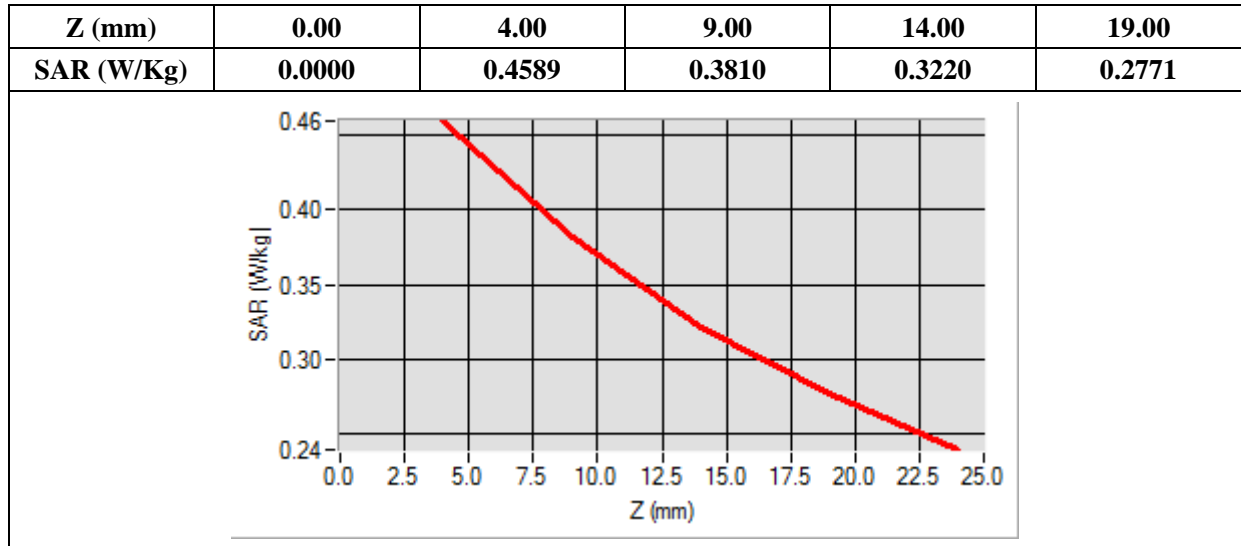
Frequency (MHz)	836.600000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.810974
Conductivity (S/m)	0.961093
Power Variation (%)	0.836722
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3





Maximum location: X=-8.00, Y=30.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.356497
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.443640



# MEASUREMENT 41

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 07/04/2017

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

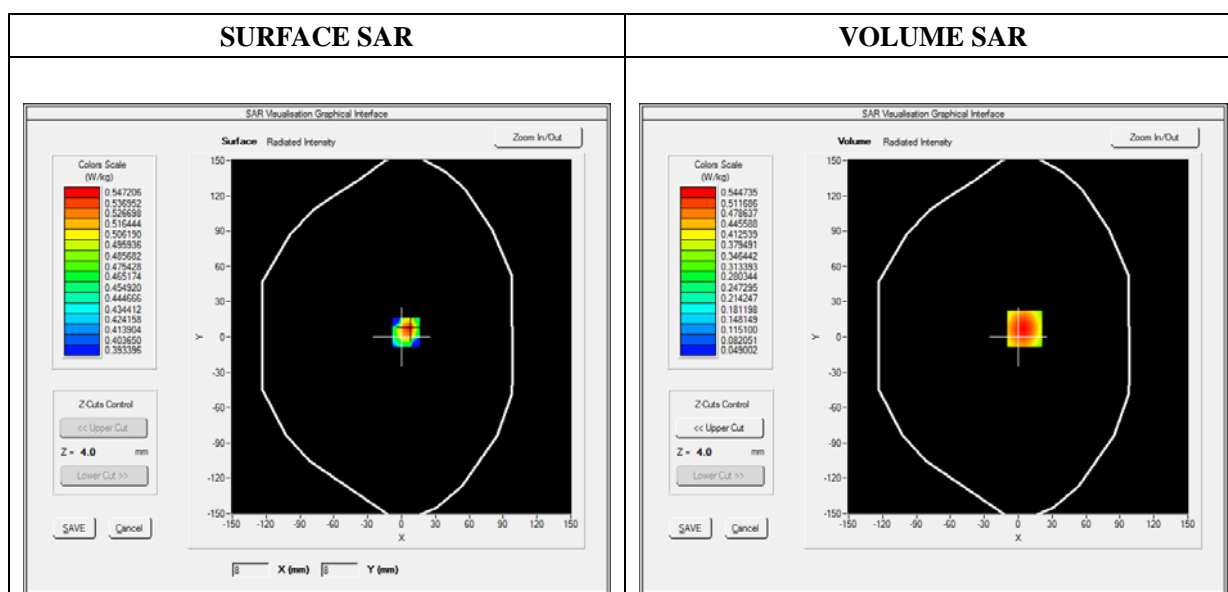
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.55; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

## A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Back
Band	WCDMA1900_RMC
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

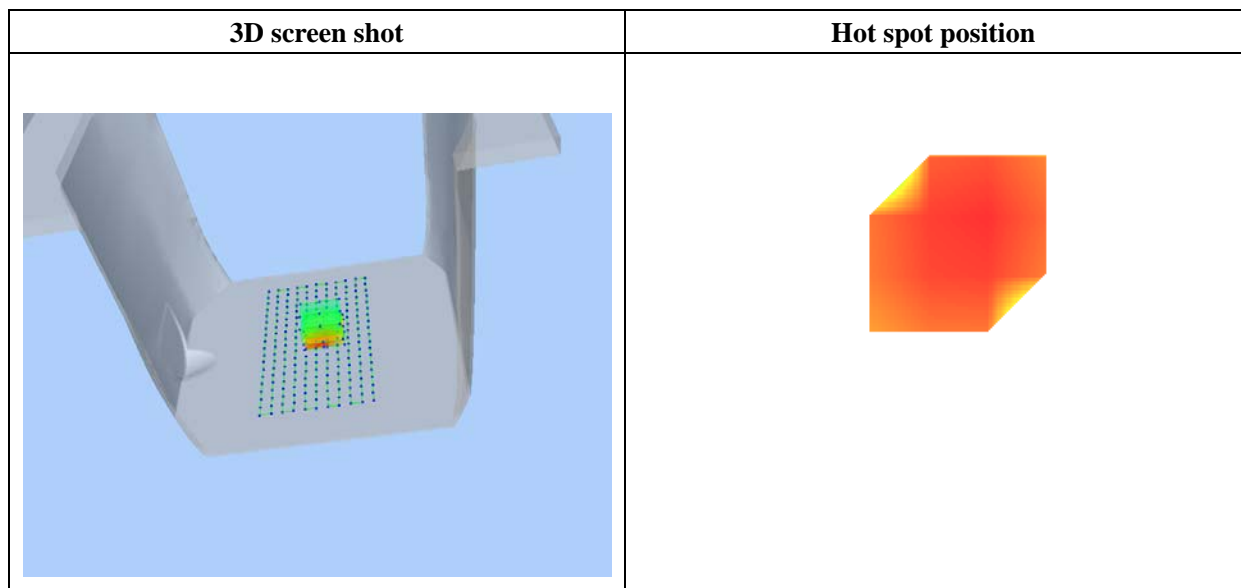
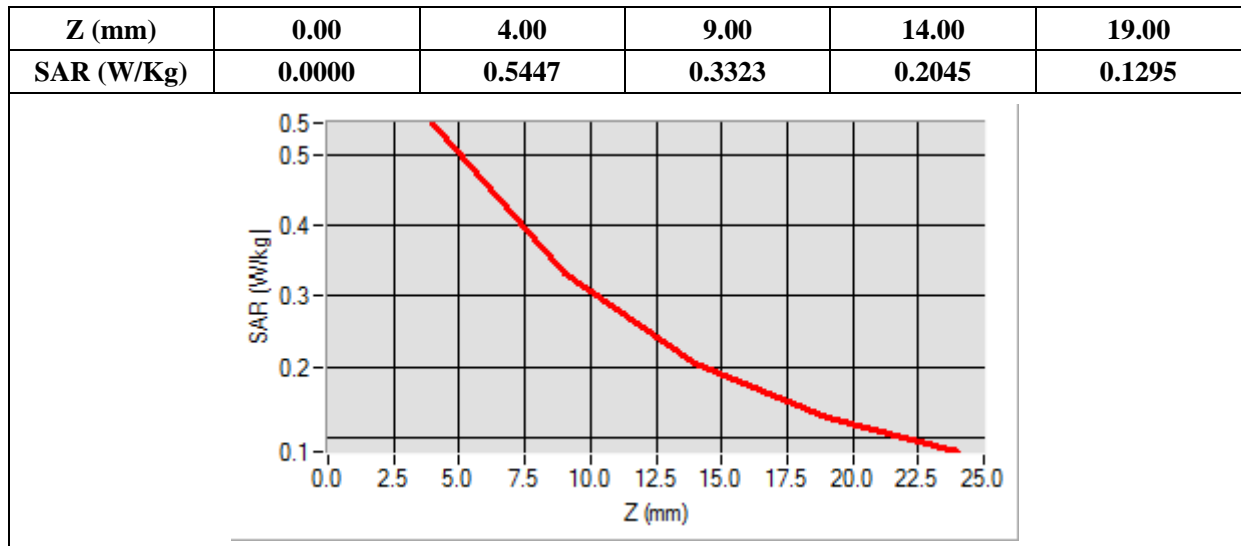
## B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1852.400000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.451893
Conductivity (S/m)	1.511083
Power Variation (%)	0.452161
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=7.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.314413
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.514326



## MEASUREMENT 42

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 07/04/2017

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

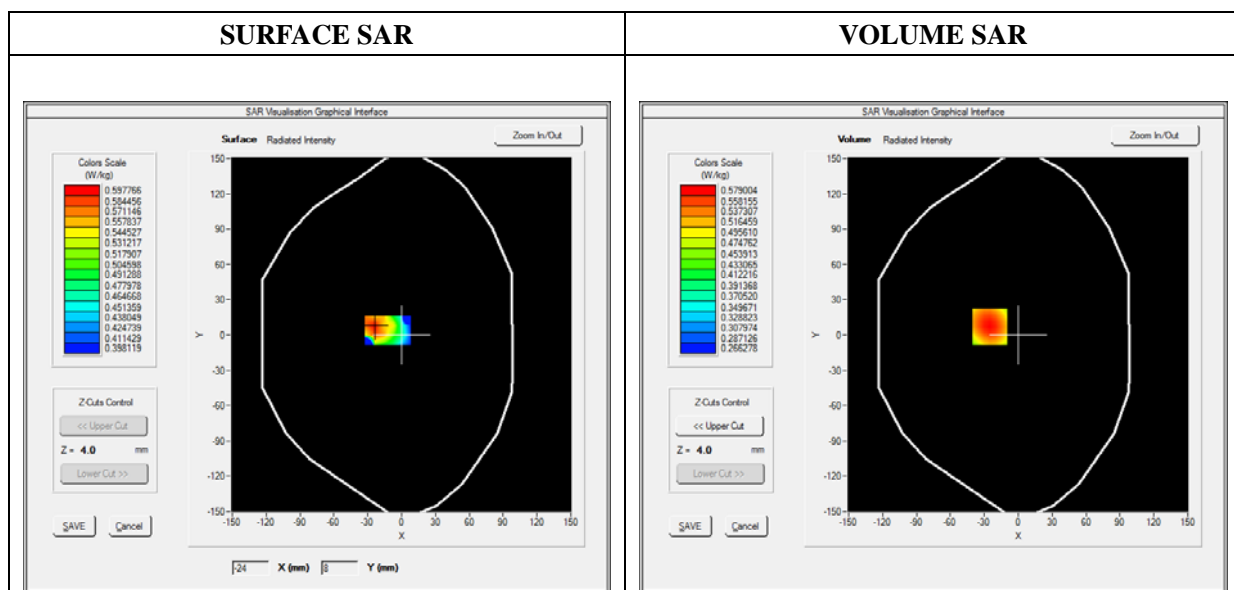
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.93; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat plane
Device Position	Front(Front-of-face)
Band	GPRS850_4TX
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:2

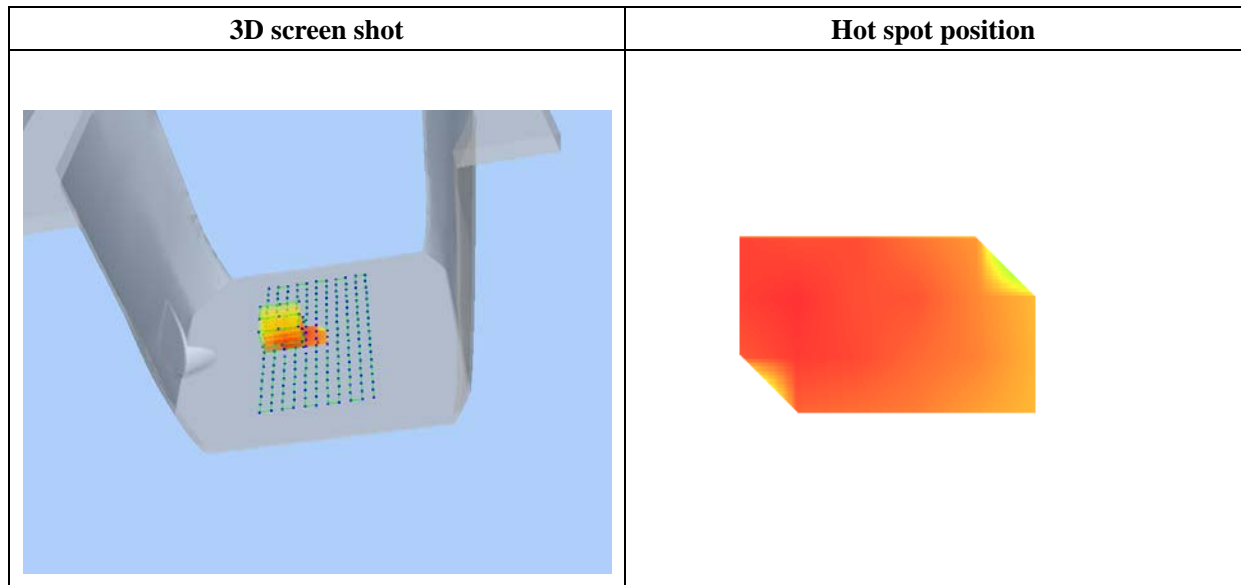
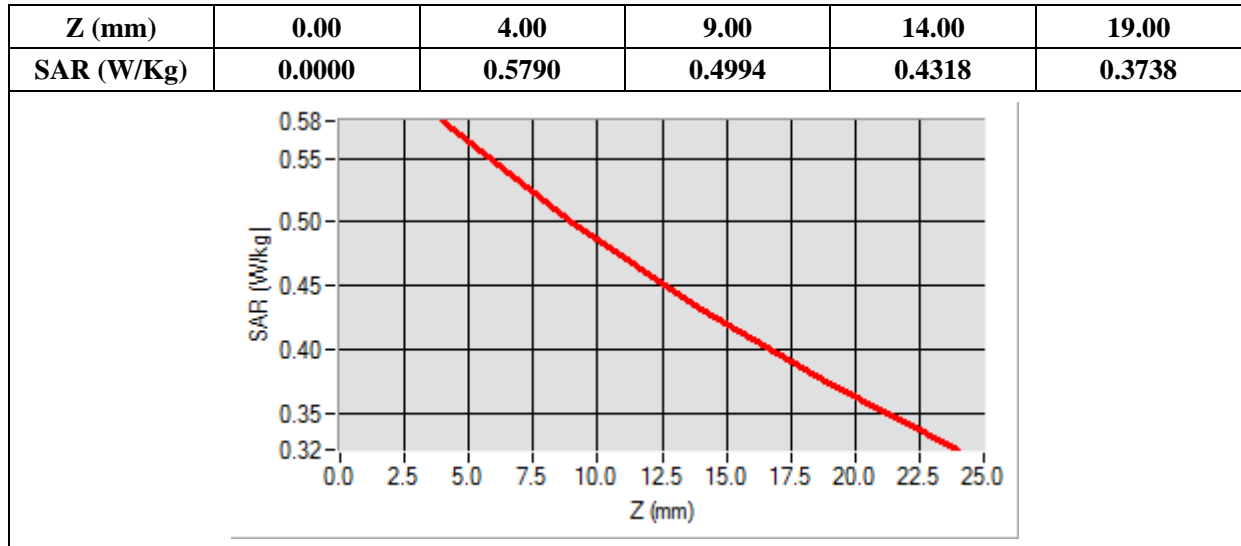
### B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	41.390388
Conductivity (S/m)	0.861093
Power Variation (%)	0.754994
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=-25.00, Y=7.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.467422
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.562529



## MEASUREMENT 43

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 07/04/2017

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

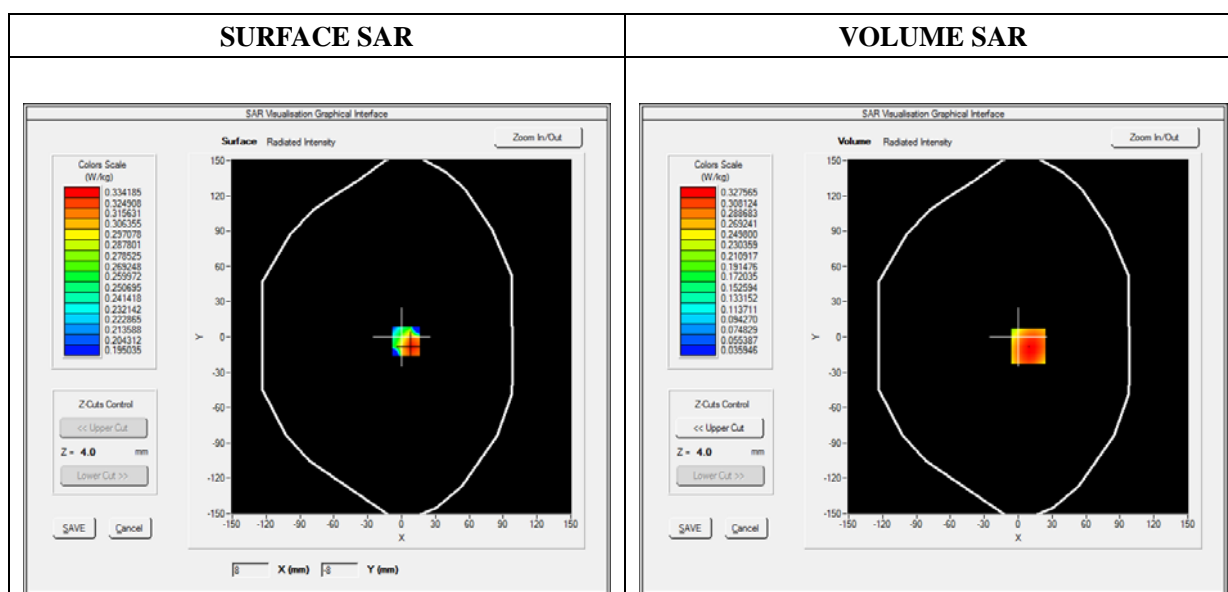
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.35; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat plane
Device Position	Front(Front-of-face)
Band	GPRS1900_4TX
Channels	Middle
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:2

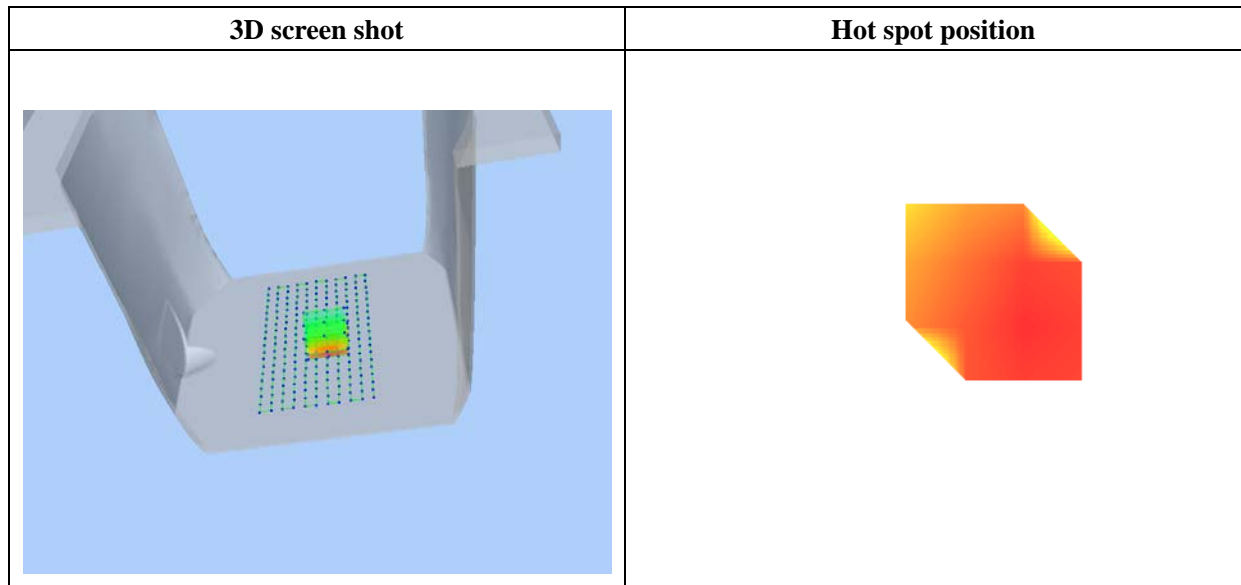
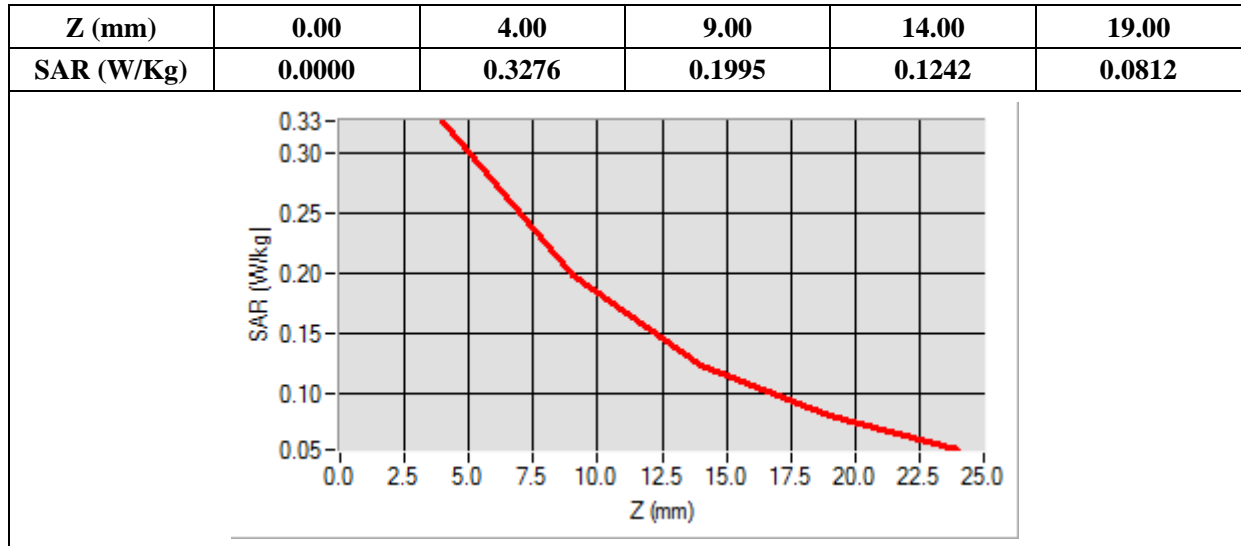
### B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.670182
Conductivity (S/m)	1.361033
Power Variation (%)	1.104831
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=9.00, Y=-8.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.196135
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.313625



## MEASUREMENT 44

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 07/04/2017

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

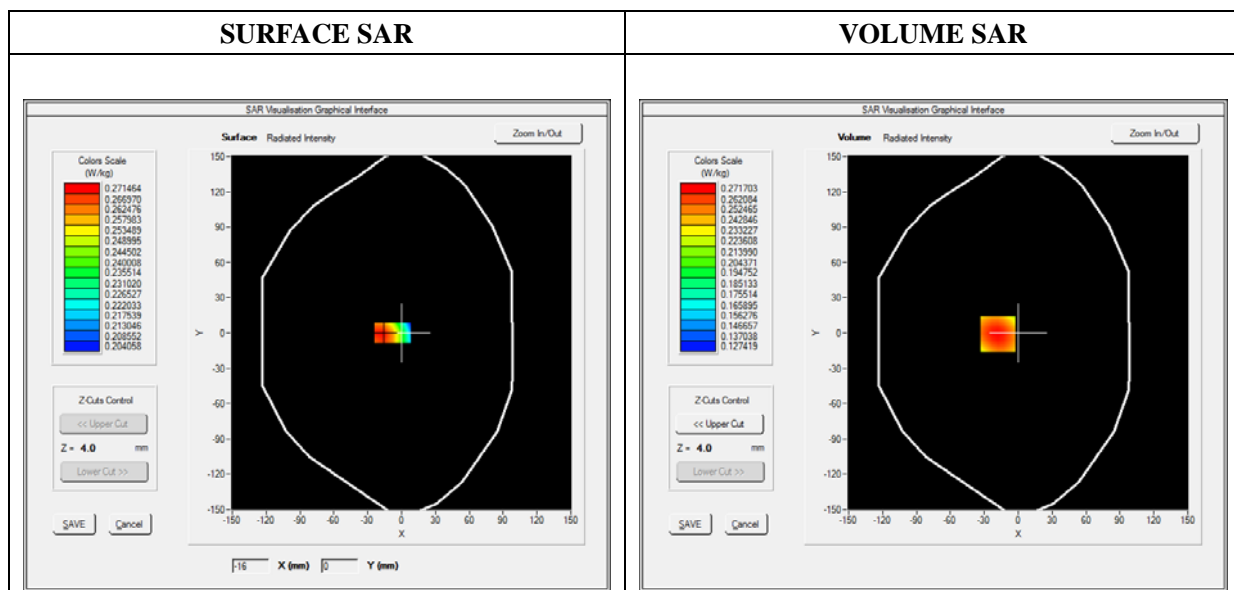
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.93; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Front(Front-of-face)
Band	WCDMA850_RMC
Channels	Middle
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

### B. SAR Measurement Results

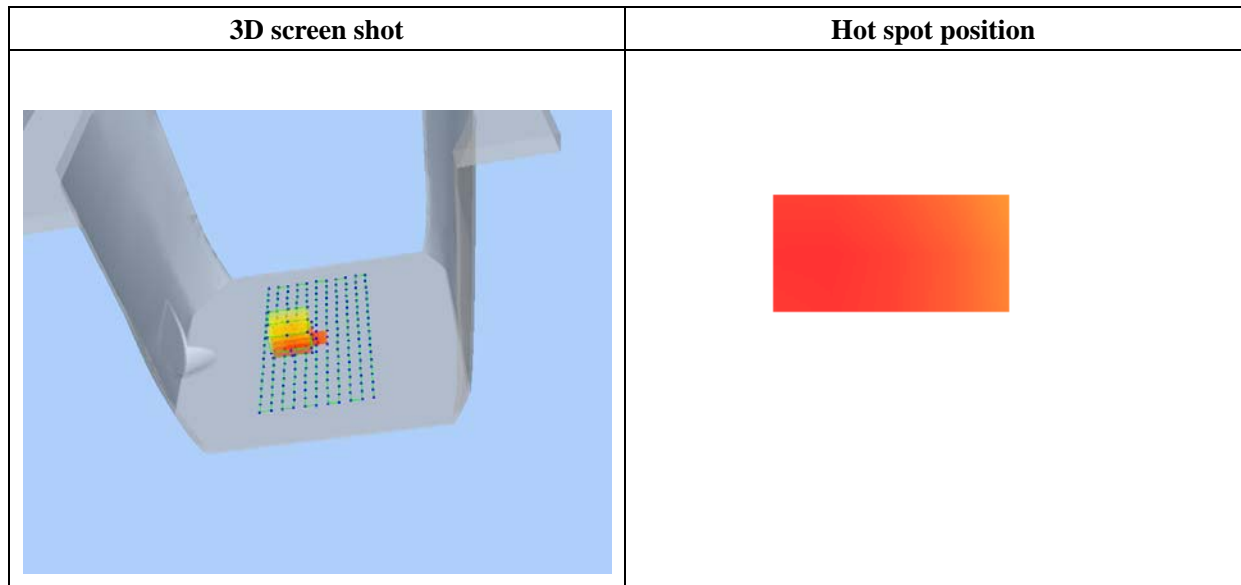
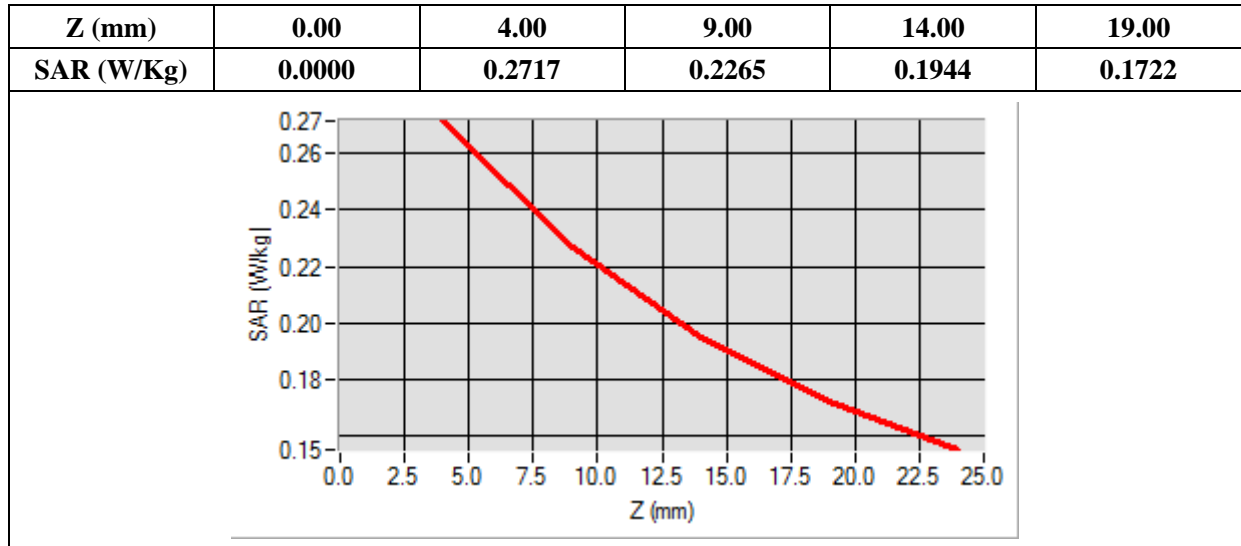
Frequency (MHz)	836.600000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	41.390388
Conductivity (S/m)	0.861093
Power Variation (%)	0.547744
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3





Maximum location: X=-18.00, Y=-1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.216573
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.264058



## MEASUREMENT 45

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 07/04/2017

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

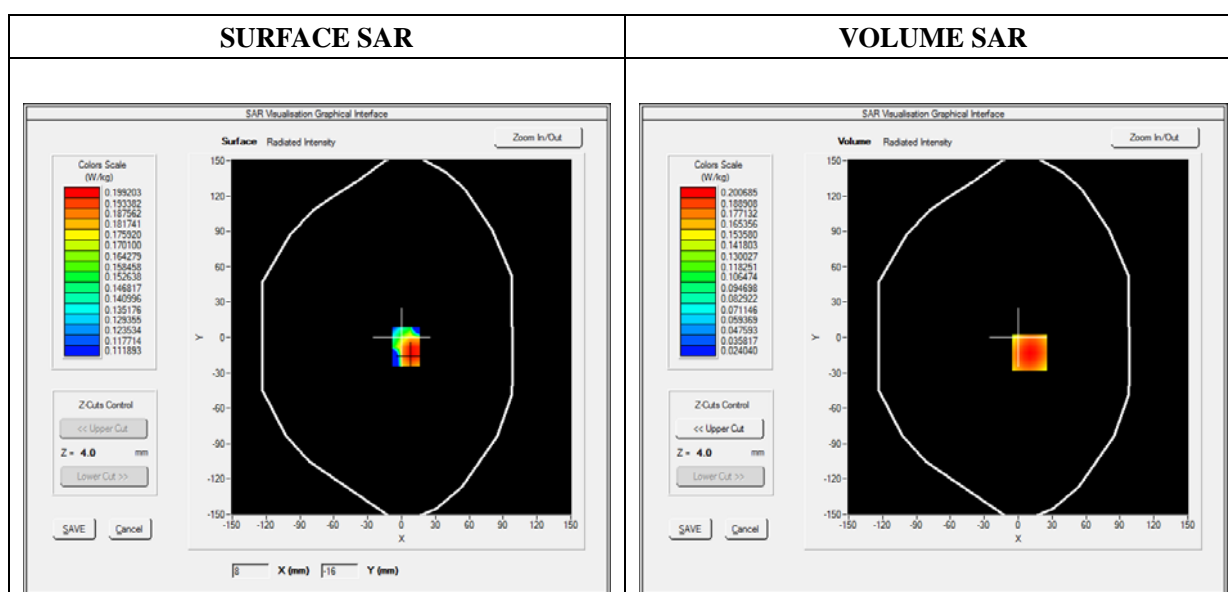
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 6.35; Calibrated: 06/01/2017

### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Front(Front-of-face)
Band	WCDMA1900_RMC
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

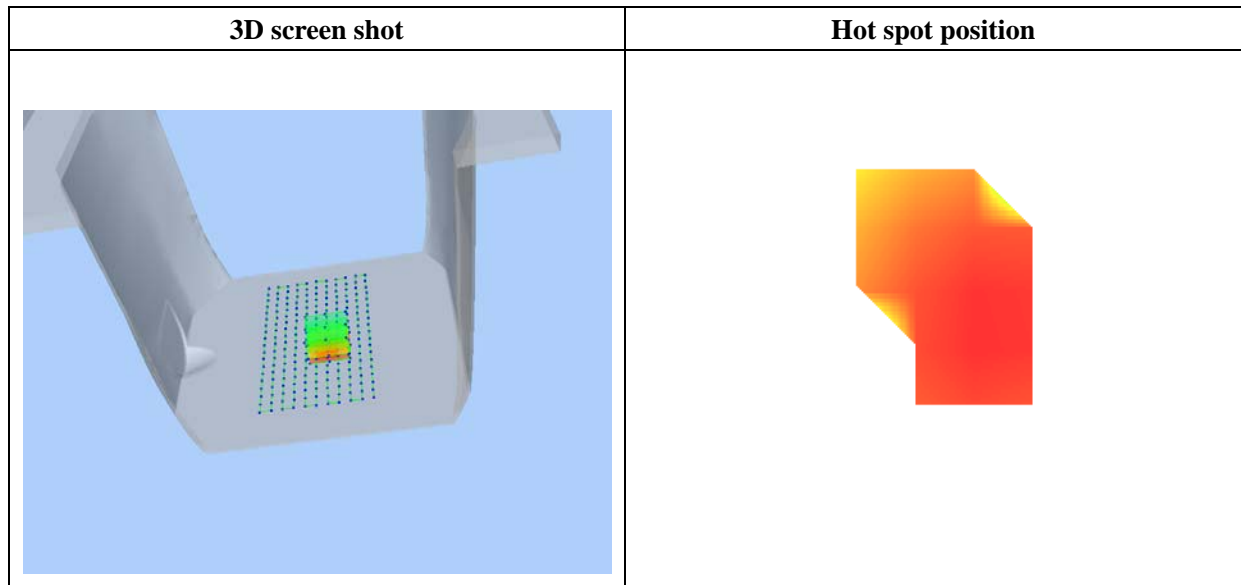
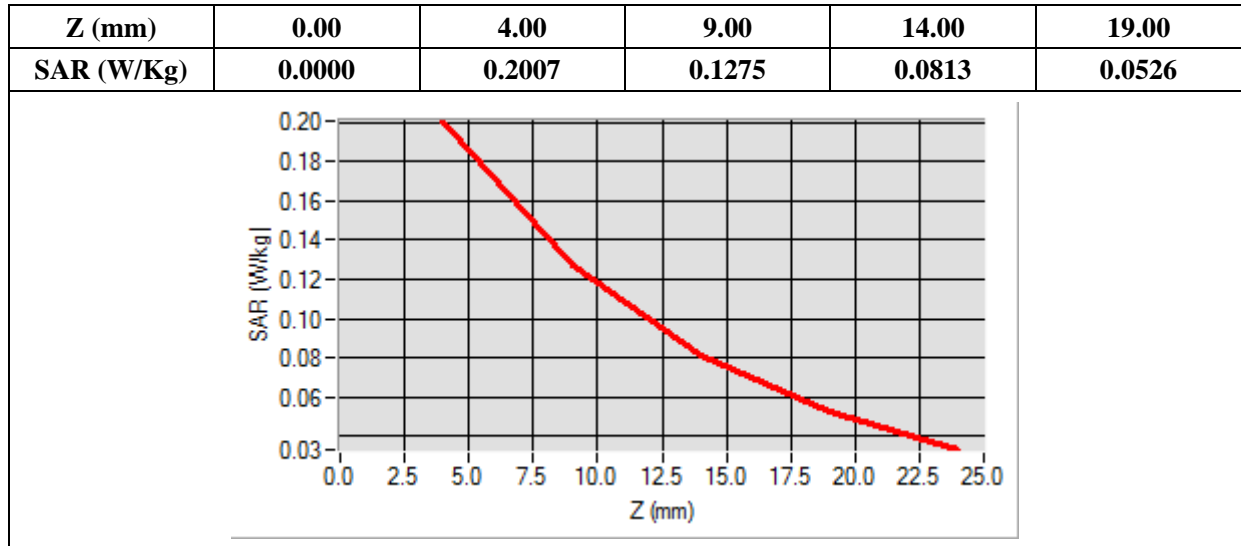
### B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1852.400000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.670182
Conductivity (S/m)	1.361033
Power Variation (%)	0.903292
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3



Maximum location: X=10.00, Y=-13.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.121221
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.190728



## Annex C. EUT Photos

### EUT View Front



### EUT View Back



## Antenna View



## **Annex D. Test Setup Photos**

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**Please refer to the Exhibit for the Test Setup Photos**

## **Annex E. Calibration Certificate**

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**Please refer to the Exhibit for the Calibration Certificate**

**\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\***