



## FCC PART 15 SUBPART C TEST REPORT

### FCC PART 15.247

Report Reference No.....: CTA-01-160600201

FCC ID.....: 2AIXXB-T-H06

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Date of issue.....: Jun 28, 2016

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**Testing Laboratory Name .....: Dongguan Yaxu (AiT) Technology Limited**

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**Applicant's name.....: Shenzhen KingAnDa Technology Development Co.,LTD.**

Address .....: North Block NO.8, Shangxue Industrial Zone, Bantian Street, Longgang District,Shenzhen ,China

**Test specification .....**

Standard .....: **FCC Part 15.247: Operation within the bands 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz**

TRF Originator.....: Shenzhen CTA Testing Technology Co., Ltd.

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**Test item description .....** Bluetooth earphone

Trade Mark .....: /

**Manufacturer.....: Shenzhen KingAnDa Technology Development Co.,LTD..**

Model/Type reference.....: BT-H06

Listed Models .....: BT513,Q9,Q10,Q11,Q12,Q13,Q14,Q15,Q16,Q17,Q18,Q19,Q20

Modulation Type.....: GFSK

Operation Frequency.....: From 2402MHz to 2480MHz

Rating .....: DC 3.70V

Hardware version .....: BT-H06-V1.0

Software version .....: V1.0

Result.....: **PASS**

**TEST REPORT**

<b>Test Report No. :</b> CTA-01-160400601	Jun 28, 2016 Date of issue
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Equipment under Test : Bluetooth earphone

Model /Type : BT-H06

Listed Models : BT513,Q9,Q10,Q11,Q12,Q13,Q14,Q15,Q16,Q17,Q18,Q19,Q20

**Applicant** : **Shenzhen KingAnDa Technology Development Co.,LTD.**

Address : North Block NO.8, Shangxue Industrial Zone, Bantian Street, Longgang District,Shenzhen ,China

**Manufacturer** : **Shenzhen KingAnDa Technology Development Co.,LTD.**

Address : North Block NO.8, Shangxue Industrial Zone, Bantian Street, Longgang District,Shenzhen ,China

<b>Test Result:</b>	<b>PASS</b>
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The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.

It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

## Revision History

Revision	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
V1.0	2016-06-28	Initial Issue	Eric Wang

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# **1 TEST STANDARDS**

The tests were performed according to following standards:

[FCC Rules Part 15.247](#): Frequency Hopping, Direct Spread Spectrum and Hybrid Systems that are in operation within the bands of 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz

[ANSI C63.10:2013](#): American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices

[KDB558074 D01 V03](#): Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247

## 2 SUMMARY

### 2.1 General Remarks

Date of receipt of test sample	:	Jun. 12, 2016
Testing commenced on	:	Jun. 13, 2016
Testing concluded on	:	Jun. 23, 2016

### 2.2 Product Description

The **Shenzhen, KingAnDa Technology Development Co.,LTD.**'s Model: BT-H06 or the "EUT" as referred to in this report; more general information as follows, for more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.

Name of EUT	Bluetooth earphone
Model Number	BT-H06
BT Operation Frequency	2402-2480MHz
BT Modulation Type	GFSK
Antenna Type	Internal
Hardware version	BT-H06-V1.0
Software version	V1.0
Extreme temp. Tolerance	-30°C to +50°C
Extreme vol. Limits	3.40VDC to 4.20VDC (nominal: 3.70VDC)

### 2.3 Equipment Under Test

#### Power supply system utilised

Power supply voltage	:	<input type="radio"/> 120V / 60 Hz	<input type="radio"/> 115V / 60Hz
		<input type="radio"/> 12 V DC	<input type="radio"/> 24 V DC
		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Other (specified in blank below)	

DC 3.70V

### 2.4 Description of the test mode

The application provider specific test software to control sample in continuous TX and RX (Duty Cycle >98%)

For testing meet KDB558074 test requirement.

The EUT has been tested under typical operating condition. The Applicant provides communication tools software to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode for testing. There are 40 channels of EUT, and the test carried out at the lowest channel, middle channel and highest channel

Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Channel	Frequency(MHz)
00	2402	20	2442
01	2404	21	2444
02	2406	22	2446
03	2408	23	2448
04	2410	24	2450
05	2412	25	2452
06	2414	26	2454
07	2416	27	2456
08	2418	28	2458
09	2420	29	2460
10	2422	30	2462
11	2424	31	2464
12	2426	32	2466

13	2428	33	2468
14	2430	34	2470
15	2432	35	2472
16	2434	36	2474
17	2436	37	2476
18	2438	38	2478
19	2440	39	2480

## 2.5 Short description of the Equipment under Test (EUT)

### 2.5.1 Customized Configurations

#EUT Conf.	Signal Description	Operating Frequency
TM1_Ch00	GFSK modulation	Ch No. 00/2402MHz
TM1_Ch19	GFSK modulation	Ch No. 19/ 2440MHz
TM1_Ch39	GFSK modulation	Ch No. 39/ 2480MHz

## 2.6 Test Environments

NOTE: The values used in the test report maybe stringent than the declared.

Environment Parameter	Selected Values During Tests		
NTNV	Temperature	Voltage	Relative Humidity
	Ambient	3.70VDC	Ambient

## 2.7 EUT operation mode

The EUT has been tested under typical operating condition. The Applicant provides command

to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting (Duty Cycle >98%) and receiving mode for testing.

## 2.8 EUT configuration

The following peripheral devices and interface cables were connected during the measurement:

● - supplied by the manufacturer

○ - supplied by the lab

○	Power Cable	Length (m) :	/
		Shield :	/
		Detachable :	/
○	Multimeter	Manufacturer :	/
		Model No. :	/

## 2.9 Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description
AE1	Notebook

Mode:R510V

Trade: ASUS

\*AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

## 2.10 Related Submittal(s) / Grant (s)

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for **FCC ID: 2AIXXBT-H06** filing to comply with Section 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.

## 2.11 Modifications

No modifications were implemented to meet testing criteria.

### 3 TEST ENVIRONMENT

#### 3.1 Address of the test laboratory

##### **Dongguan Yaxu (AiT) Technology Limited**

Floor 1-A, Baisha Technology Park, No. 3011, Shahexi Road, Nanshan, Shenzhen 518055 China

There is one 3m semi-anechoic chamber and two line conducted labs for final test. The Test Sites meet the requirements in documents ANSI C63.4, CISPR 22/EN 55022 and CISPR16-1-4:2010 SVSWR requirements.

#### 3.2 Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

##### **CNAS- Registration No: L6177**

Dongguan Yaxu (AiT) technology Limited is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 general Requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories (CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories) on Apr. 18, 2013

##### **FCC- Registration No: 248337**

The 3m Semi-Anechoic Chamber, 3m/10m Open Area Test Site and Shielding Room of Dongguan Yaxu (AiT) Technology Limited have been registered by Federal Communications Commission (FCC) on Aug.29, 2014.

##### **Industry Canada(IC)-Registration No: IC6819A**

The 3m Semi-Anechoic Chamber and 3m/10m Open Area Test Site of Dongguan Yaxu (AiT) Technology Limited have been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing on Oct. 01, 2014.

##### **VCCI- Registration No: 2705**

The 3m/10m Open Area Test Site, Shielding Room and 3m Chamber of Dngguan Yaxu (AiT) technology Limited have been registered by Voluntary Control Council for Interference on Nov. 21, 2012. The Telecommunication Ports Conducted Disturbance Measurement of Asia Institute Technology (Dongguan) Limited have been registered by Voluntary Control Council for Interference on May. 13, 2013.

#### 3.3 Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	<u>15-35 ° C</u>
Humidity:	<u>30-60 %</u>
Atmospheric pressure:	<u>950-1050mbar</u>

#### 3.4 Test Description

Test Item	FCC Part No.	Requirements	Verdict
DTS (6 dB) Bandwidth	15.247(a)(2)	≥ 500 kHz.	PASS
Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	15.247(b)(3)	For directional gain:< 30dBm – (G[dBi] –6 [dB]),peak; Otherwise :< 30dBm, peak.	PASS
Maximum Power Spectral Density Level	15.247(e)	For directional gain :< 8dBm/3 kHz – (G[dBi] –6[dB]), peak. Otherwise :< 8dBm/3 kHz, peak.	PASS
Band Edges Compliance	15.247(d)	< -20dBm/100 kHz if total peak power ≤power limit.	PASS
Unwanted Emissions into Non-Restricted Frequency Bands	15.247(d)	< -20dBm/100 kHz if total peak power ≤power limit.	PASS
Unwanted Emissions into Restricted Frequency Bands (Conducted)	15.247(d) 15.209	< -20dBm/100 kHz if total peak power ≤power limit.	PASS
Unwanted Emissions into Restricted Frequency Bands (Radiated)	15.247(d) 15.209	FCC Part 15.209 field strength limit;	PASS
AC Power Line Conducted Emissions	15.207	FCC Part 15.207 conducted limit;	PASS



Remark: The measurement uncertainty is not included in the test result.

### 3.5 Summary of measurement results

Test Specification clause	Test case	Test Mode	Test Channel	Recorded In Report		Pass	Fail	NA	NP	Remark
§15.247(b)(4)	Antenna gain	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies
§15.247(e)	Power spectral density	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies
§15.247(a)(1)	Spectrum bandwidth – 6 dB bandwidth	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies
§15.247(b)(1)	Maximum output power	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies
§15.247(d)	Band edge compliance conducted	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies
§15.205	Band edge compliance radiated	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies
§15.247(d)	TX spurious emissions conducted	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies
§15.247(d)	TX spurious emissions radiated	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies
§15.109	RX spurious emissions radiated	-/-	-/-	-/-	-/-	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies
§15.209(a)	TX spurious Emissions radiated < 30 MHz	GFSK	-/-	GFSK	-/-	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies
§15.107(a) §15.207	Conducted Emissions < 30 MHz	GFSK	-/-	GFSK	-/-	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies

Remark:

1. The measurement uncertainty is not included in the test result.
2. NA = Not Applicable; NP = Not Performed

### 3.6 Test Conditions

Test Case	Test Conditions	
	Configuration	Description
DTS (6 dB) Bandwidth	Measurement Method	FCC KDB 558074 §8.2 Option 2
	Test Environment	NTNV
	EUT Configuration	TM1_Ch00, TM1_Ch19, TM1_Ch39
Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	Measurement Method	FCC KDB 558074 §9.1.2
	Test Environment	NTNV
	EUT Configuration	TM1_Ch00, TM1_Ch19, TM1_Ch39
Maximum Power Spectral Density Level	Measurement Method	FCC KDB 558074 §10.2 (peak PSD).
	Test Environment	NTNV
	EUT Configuration	TM1_Ch00, TM1_Ch19, TM1_Ch39
Unwanted Emissions into Non-Restricted Frequency Bands	Measurement Method	FCC KDB 558074 §11.0
	Test Environment	NTNV
	EUT Configuration	T TM1_Ch00, TM1_Ch19, TM1_Ch39
Unwanted Emissions into Restricted Frequency Bands (Conducted)	Measurement Method	FCC KDB 558074 §12.2, Conducted (antenna-port).
	Test Environment	NTNV

	EUT Configuration	TM1_Ch00, TM1_Ch19, TM1_Ch39
Unwanted Emissions into Restricted	Measurement Method	FCC KDB 558074§12.1,Radiated(cabinet/case emissions with Impedance matching for antenna-port).
	EUT Configuration	TM1_Ch00, TM1_Ch19, TM1_Ch39

Test Case	Test Conditions	
	Configuration	Description
AC Power Line Conducted Emissions	Measurement Method	AC mains conducted.
	Test Environment	NTNV
	EUT Configuration	TM1_Ch19 (Worst Conf.).

Note: For Radiated Emissions, By preliminary testing and verifying three axis (X, Y and Z) position of EUT transmitted status, it was found that "Z axis" position was the worst, then the final test was executed the worst condition and test data were recorded in this report.

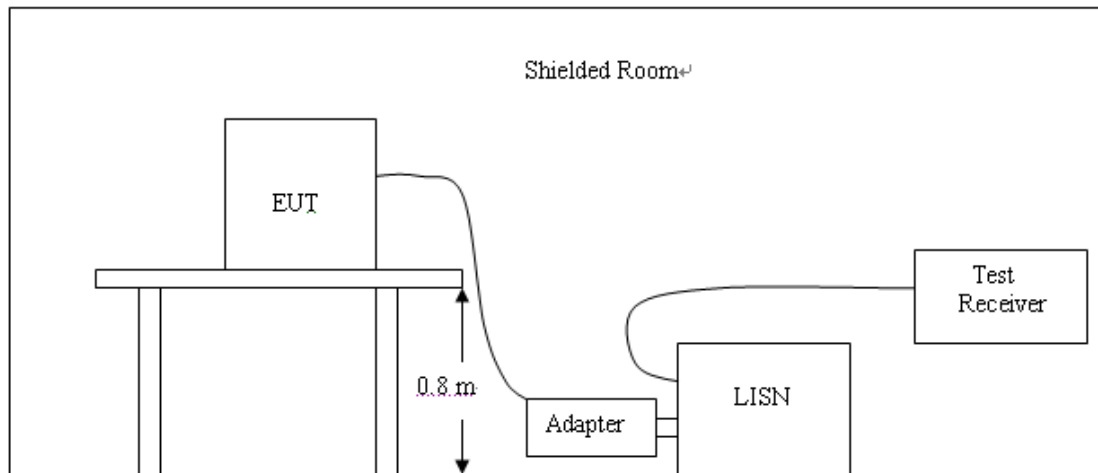
### 3.7 Equipments Used during the Test

No	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Serial No	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
1	Spectrum Analyzer	ADVANTEST	R3182	150900201	2016/06/29	2016/06/28
2	EMI Measuring Receiver	R&S	ESR	101660	2016/06/29	2016/06/28
3	Low Noise Pre Amplifier	Tsj	MLA-10K01-B01-27	1205323	2016/06/29	2016/06/28
4	Low Noise Pre Amplifier	Tsj	MLA-0120-A02-34	2648A04738	2016/06/29	2016/06/28
5	TRILOG Super Broadband test Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9160	9160-3206	2016/06/29	2016/06/28
6	Broadband Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9120D	452	2016/06/29	2016/06/28
7	SHF-EHF Horn	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9170	BBHA9170367	2016/06/29	2016/06/28
8	50Ω Coaxial Switch	Anritsu	MP59B	6200264416	2016/06/29	2016/06/28
9	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	100124	2016/06/29	2016/06/28
10	LISN	Kyoritsu	KNW-242	8-837-4	2016/06/29	2016/06/28
11	LISN	Kyoritsu	KNW-407	8-1789-3	2016/06/29	2016/06/28
12	50Ω Coaxial Switch	Anritsu	MP59B	6200264417	2016/06/29	2016/06/28
13	Loop Antenna	ARA	PLA-1030/B	1029	2016/06/29	2016/06/28
14	Radiated Cable 1# (30MHz-1GHz)	FUJIKURA	5D-2W	01	2016/06/29	2016/06/28
15	Radiated Cable 2# (1GHz -25GHz)	FUJIKURA	10D2W	02	2016/06/29	2016/06/28
16	Conducted Cable 1#(9KHz-30MHz)	FUJIKURA	1D-2W	01	2016/06/29	2016/06/28
17	Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	N/A	2016/06/29	2016/06/28
18	Power sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	N/A	2016/06/29	2016/06/28
19	Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49430428	2016/06/07	2017/06/06

## 4 TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

### 4.1 AC Power Conducted Emission

#### TEST CONFIGURATION



#### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The equipment was set up as per the test configuration to simulate typical actual usage per the user's manual. The EUT is a tabletop system; a wooden table with a height of 0.8 meters is used and is placed on the ground plane as per ANSI C63.10-2013.
2. Support equipment, if needed, was placed as per ANSI C63.10-2013
3. All I/O cables were positioned to simulate typical actual usage as per ANSI C63.10-2013
4. The EUT received DC5V power from the USB port, the adapter received AC120V/60Hz power through a Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN) which supplied power source and was grounded to the ground plane.
5. All support equipments received AC power from a second LISN, if any.
6. The EUT test program was started. Emissions were measured on each current carrying line of the EUT using a spectrum Analyzer / Receiver connected to the LISN powering the EUT. The LISN has two monitoring points: Line 1 (Hot Side) and Line 2 (Neutral Side). Two scans were taken: one with Line 1 connected to Analyzer / Receiver and Line 2 connected to a 50 ohm load; the second scan had Line 1 connected to a 50 ohm load and Line 2 connected to the Analyzer / Receiver.
7. Analyzer / Receiver scanned from 150 KHz to 30MHz for emissions in each of the test modes.
8. During the above scans, the emissions were maximized by cable manipulation.

#### AC Power Conducted Emission Limit

For intentional device, according to § 15.207(a) AC Power Conducted Emission Limits is as following:

Frequency (MHz)	Maximum RF Line Voltage (dBμV)			
	CLASS A		CLASS B	
	Q.P.	Ave.	Q.P.	Ave.
0.15 - 0.50	79	66	66-56*	56-46*
0.50 - 5.00	73	60	56	46
5.00 - 30.0	73	60	60	50

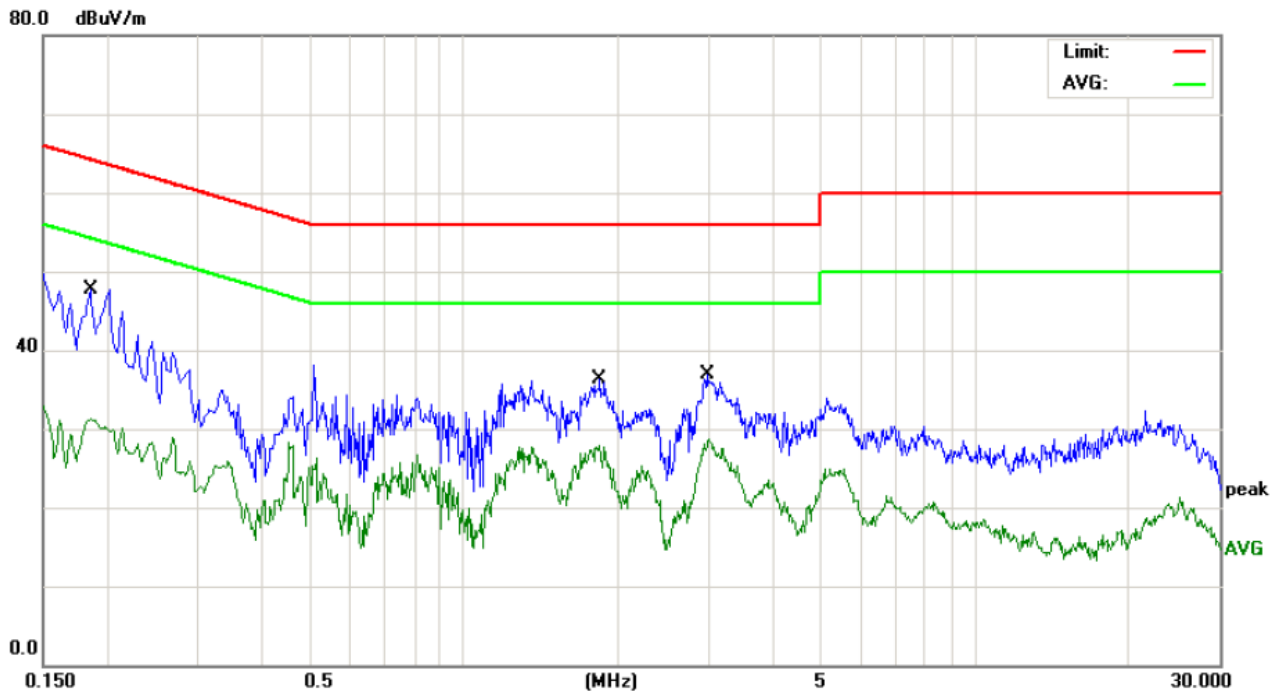
\* Decreasing linearly with the logarithm of the frequency

#### TEST RESULTS

Remark:

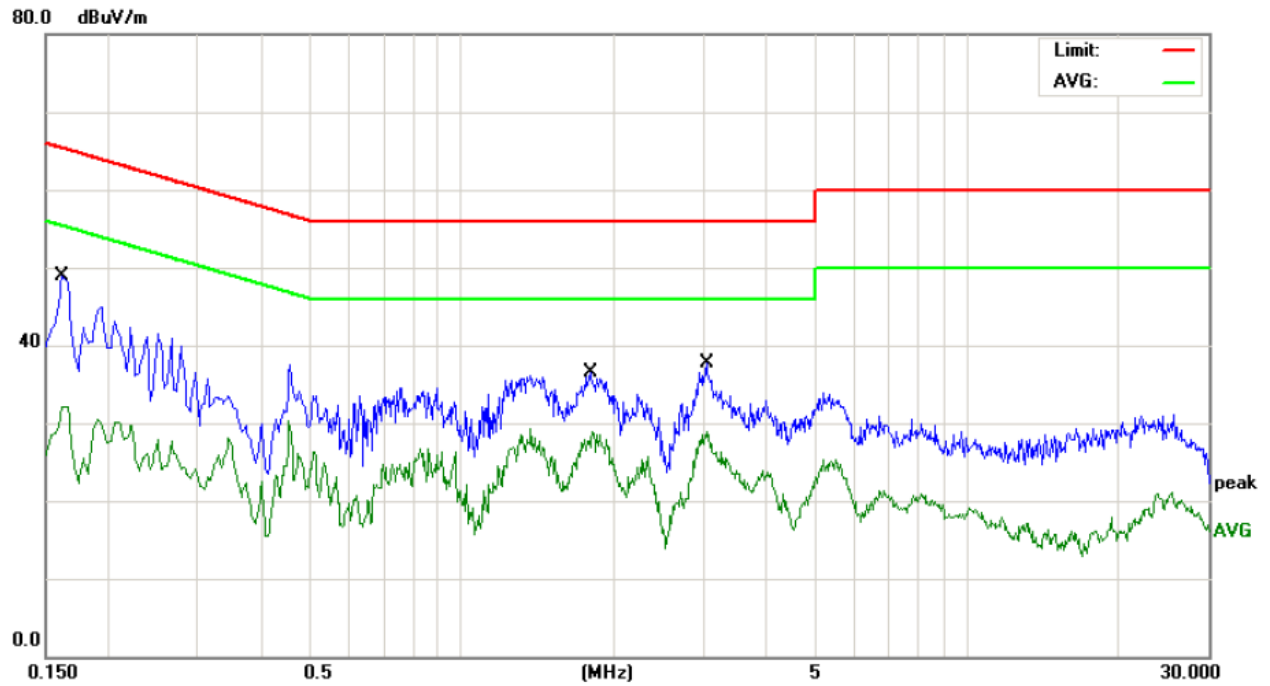
1. The AC Power Conducted Emission measurement is performed at both TX and RX (Idle) mode, recorded worst case at TX mode..
2. We tested voltage at both AC 120V/60Hz and AC 240/50Hz, recorded worst case at AC 120V/60Hz.

L:



No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBuV/m	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Over dB	Detector	Comment
1	*	0.1860	36.49	11.31	47.80	64.21	-16.41	QP	
2		0.1860	19.94	11.31	31.25	54.21	-22.96	AVG	
3		1.8340	18.01	9.95	27.96	46.00	-18.04	AVG	
4		1.8420	26.36	9.95	36.31	56.00	-19.69	QP	
5		2.9780	26.88	9.98	36.86	56.00	-19.14	QP	
6		3.0180	18.77	9.98	28.75	46.00	-17.25	AVG	

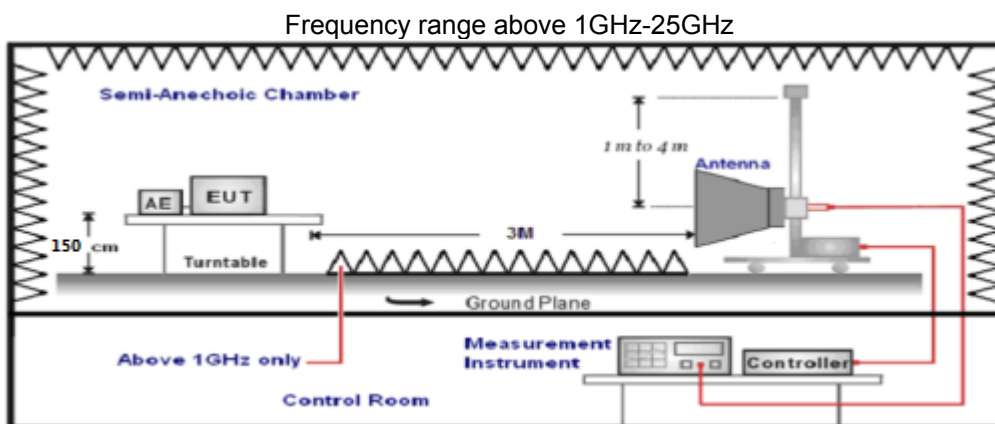
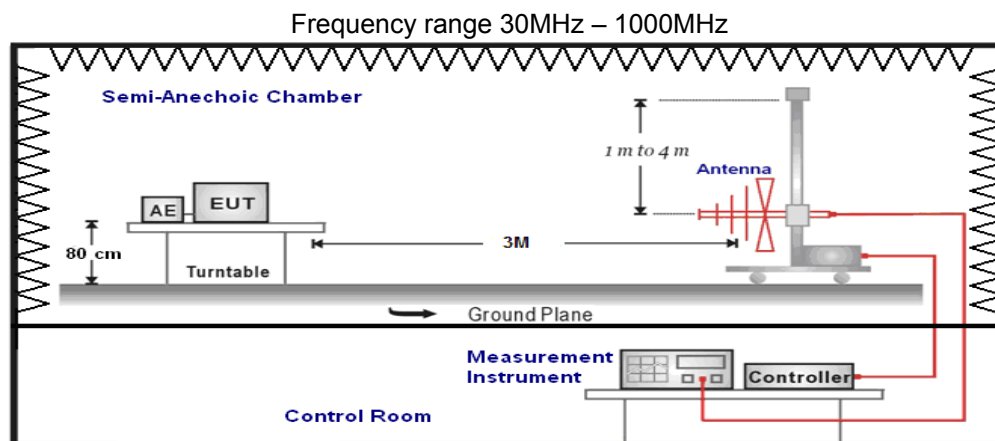
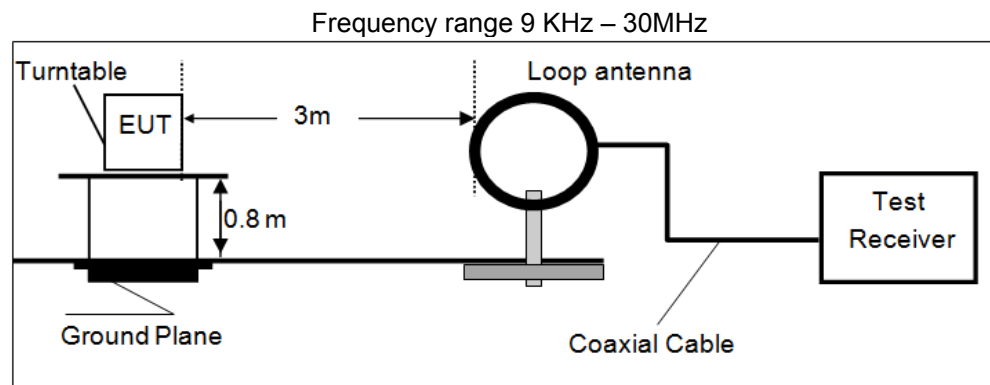
N:



No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure-ment	Limit	Over		
		MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	Comment
1	*	0.1620	37.16	11.68	48.84	65.36	-16.52	QP	
2		0.1620	20.49	11.68	32.17	55.36	-23.19	AVG	
3		1.7940	26.49	9.95	36.44	56.00	-19.56	QP	
4		1.8180	18.91	9.95	28.86	46.00	-17.14	AVG	
5		3.0420	27.78	9.98	37.76	56.00	-18.24	QP	
6		3.0620	18.84	9.98	28.82	46.00	-17.18	AVG	

## 4.2 Radiated Emissions

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 0.8m above ground plane for below 1GHz and 1.50m above ground plane for above 1GHz.
2. Maximum procedure was performed by raising the receiving antenna from 1m to 4m and rotating the turn table from 0°C to 360°C to acquire the highest emissions from EUT.
3. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measurements have been completed.
5. The EUT minimum operation frequency was 32.768 KHz and maximum operation frequency was 2480MHz. so radiated emission test frequency band from 9 KHz to 25GHz.
6. The distance between test antenna and EUT as following table states:

Test Frequency range	Test Antenna Type	Test Distance
9KHz-30MHz	Active Loop Antenna	3
30MHz-1GHz	Ultra-Broadband Antenna	3
1GHz-18GHz	Double Ridged Horn Antenna	3
18GHz-25GHz	Horn Antenna	1

## 7. Setting test receiver/spectrum as following table states:

Test Frequency range	Test Receiver/Spectrum Setting	Detector
9KHz-150KHz	RBW=200Hz/VBW=3KHz, Sweep time=Auto	QP
150KHz-30MHz	RBW=9KHz/VBW=100KHz, Sweep time=Auto	QP
30MHz-1GHz	RBW=120KHz/VBW=1000KHz, Sweep time=Auto	QP
1GHz-40GHz	Peak Value: RBW=1MHz/VBW=3MHz, Sweep time=Auto	Peak
	Average Value: RBW=1MHz/VBW=10Hz, Sweep time=Auto	Peak

More procedure as follows;

**1) Sequence of testing 9 kHz to 30 MHz****Setup:**

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 0.8 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

**Premeasurement:**

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 1.0 meter.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions

**Final measurement:**

- Identified emissions during the premeasurement the software maximizes by rotating the turntable position (0° to 360°) and by rotating the elevation axes (0° to 360°).
- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with QP detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.

**2) Sequence of testing 30 MHz to 1 GHz****Setup:**

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

**Premeasurement:**

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 to 4 meter.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

**Final measurement:**

- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.
- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position ( $\pm 45^\circ$ ) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter.
- The final measurement will be done with QP detector with an EMI receiver.

--- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.

### 3) Sequence of testing 1 GHz to 18 GHz

#### Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

#### Premeasurement:

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height scan range is 1 meter to 2.5 meter.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions.

#### Final measurement:

- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.
- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position ( $\pm 45^\circ$ ) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter. This procedure is repeated for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and Average detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.

### 4) Sequence of testing above 18 GHz

#### Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 1 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

#### Premeasurement:

- The antenna is moved spherical over the EUT in different polarizations of the antenna.

#### Final measurement:

- The final measurement will be performed at the position and antenna orientation for all detected emissions that were found during the premeasurements with Peak and Average detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.

### Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor and subtracting the Amplifier Gain and Duty Cycle Correction Factor (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

$$FS = RA + AF + CL - AG$$

Where FS = Field Strength	CL = Cable Attenuation Factor (Cable Loss)
RA = Reading Amplitude	AG = Amplifier Gain
AF = Antenna Factor	



For example

Frequency (MHz)	FS (dBμV/m)	RA (dBμV/m)	AF (dB)	CL (dB)	AG (dB)	Transd (dB)
300.00	40	58.1	12.2	1.6	31.90	-18.1

$$\text{Transd} = \text{AF} + \text{CL} - \text{AG}$$

### **RADIATION LIMIT**

For intentional device, according to § 15.209(a), the general requirement of field strength of radiated emission out of authorized band shall not exceed the following table at a 3 meters measurement distance.

In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a)

The pre-test have done for the EUT in three axes and found the worst emission at position shown in test setup photos.

Frequency (MHz)	Distance (Meters)	Radiated (dBμV/m)	Radiated (μV/m)
0.009-0.49	300	$20\log(2400/F(\text{KHz}))+80$	$2400/F(\text{KHz})$
0.49-1.705	30	$20\log(24000/F(\text{KHz}))+40$	$24000/F(\text{KHz})$
1.705-30	30	$20\log(30)+40$	30
30-88	3	40.0	100
88-216	3	43.5	150
216-960	3	46.0	200
Above 960	3	54.0	500

### **TEST RESULTS**

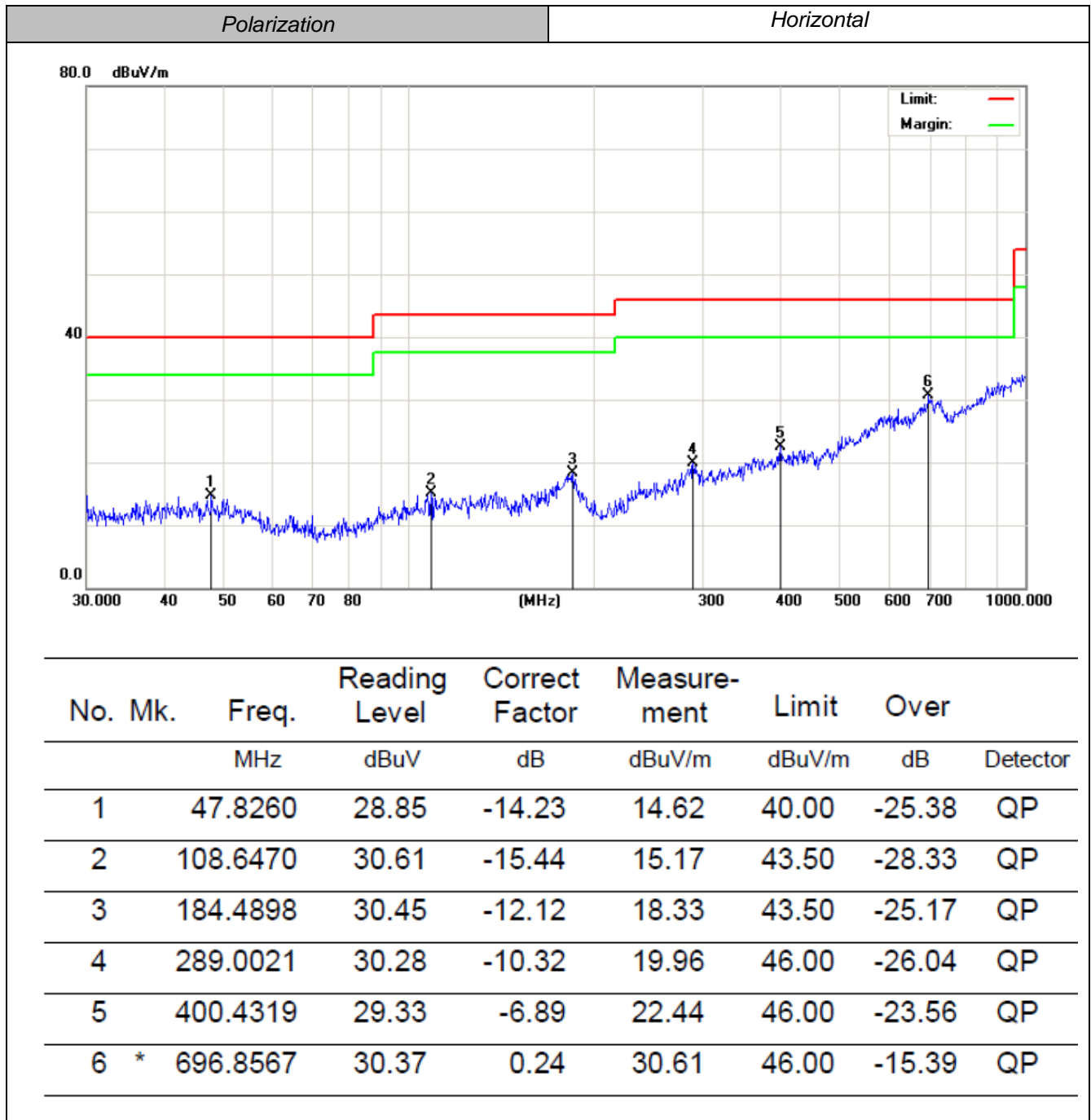
Remark:

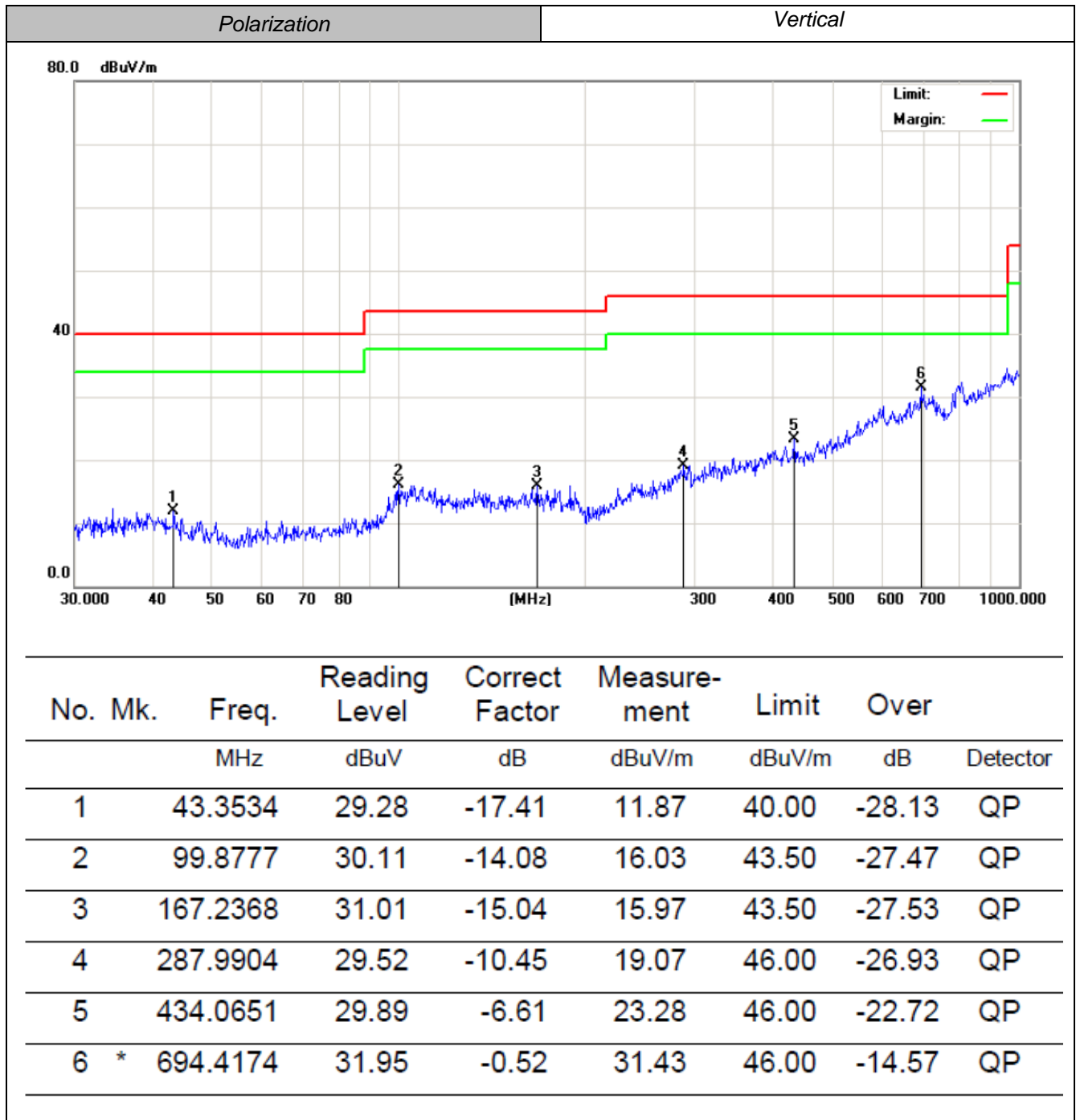
1. The radiated measurement are performed the each channel (low/mid/high), the datum recorded below is the worst case for all test channels.
2. ULTRA-BROADBAND ANTENNA for the radiation emission test below 1G.
3. HORN ANTENNA for the radiation emission test above 1G.
4. We tested both battery powered and powered by adapter charging mode at three orientate ons, recorded worst case at powered by adapter charging mode.
5. “---” means not recorded as emission levels lower than limit.
6. Margin= Emission Level - Limit

#### ***For 9KHz to 30MHz***

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBμV/m)@3m	FCC Limit (dBμV/m) @3m	Margin (dB)	Detector	Result
12.58	46.97	69.54	-22.57	QP	PASS
20.45	47.25	69.54	-22.29	QP	PASS

For 30MHz to 1000MHz





**For 1GHz to 25GHz**

Frequency(MHz):				2402		Polarity:			HORIZONTAL	
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Factor (dB)	Pre-amplifier (dB)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	4804.00	46.96	PK	74.00	-27.04	42.45	33.49	6.91	35.89	4.51
1	4804.00	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--
2	5075.85	41.55	PK	74.00	-32.45	34.49	34.25	7.08	34.26	7.06
2	5075.85	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--
3	7206.00	43.51	PK	74.00	-30.49	32.4	36.95	9.18	35.03	11.11
3	7206.00	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--

Frequency(MHz):				2402		Polarity:			VERTICAL	
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Factor (dB)	Pre-amplifier (dB)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	4804.00	45.82	PK	74.00	-28.18	41.31	33.49	6.91	35.89	4.51
1	4804.00	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--
2	5075.50	43.2	PK	74.00	-30.80	36.14	34.24	7.08	34.26	7.06
2	5075.50	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--
3	7206.00	44.32	PK	74.00	-29.68	33.21	36.95	9.18	35.03	11.11
3	7206.00	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--

**REMARKS:**

1. Emission level (dBuV/m) =Raw Value (dBuV)+Correction Factor (dB/m)
2. Correction Factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m)+Cable Factor (dB)-Pre-amplifier Factor
3. Margin value = Emission level - Limit value
4. -- Mean the PK detector measured value is below average limit.
5. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
6. RBW=1MHz VBW=3MHz Peak detector is for PK value; RBW=1MHz VBW=10Hz Peak detector is for AV value.

Frequency(MHz):				2440		Polarity:			HORIZONTAL	
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Factor (dB)	Pre-amplifier (dB)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	4880.00	47.14	PK	74.00	-26.86	40.78	33.60	6.95	34.19	6.36
1	4880.00	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--
2	5122.50	43.51	PK	74.00	-30.49	36.19	34.38	7.10	34.16	7.32
2	5122.50	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--
3	7320.00	44.94	PK	74.00	-29.06	33.25	37.46	9.23	35.00	11.69
3	7320.00	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--

Frequency(MHz):				2440		Polarity:			VERTICAL	
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Factor (dB)	Pre-amplifier (dB)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	4880.00	45.08	PK	74.00	-28.92	38.72	33.60	6.95	34.19	6.36
1	4880.00	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--
2	5275.50	44.03	PK	74.00	-29.97	36.3	34.62	7.19	34.07	7.73
2	5275.50	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--
3	7320.00	44.06	PK	74.00	-29.94	32.37	37.46	9.23	35.00	11.69
3	7320.00	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--

## REMARKS:

1. Emission level (dBuV/m) =Raw Value (dBuV)+Correction Factor (dB/m)
2. Correction Factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m)+Cable Factor (dB)-Pre-amplifier Factor
3. Margin value = Emission level - Limit value
4. -- Mean the PK detector measured value is below average limit.
5. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
6. RBW=1MHz VBW=3MHz Peak detector is for PK value; RBW=1MHz VBW=10Hz Peak detector is for AV value.

Frequency(MHz):				2480		Polarity:			HORIZONTAL	
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Factor (dB)	Pre-amplifier (dB)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	4960.00	46.77	PK	74.00	-27.23	40.18	33.84	7.00	34.25	6.59
1	4960.00	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--
2	5215.50	42.27	PK	74.00	-31.73	34.87	34.56	7.15	34.31	7.40
2	5215.50	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--
3	7440.00	40.87	PK	74.00	-33.13	28.92	37.64	9.28	34.97	11.95
3	7440.00	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--

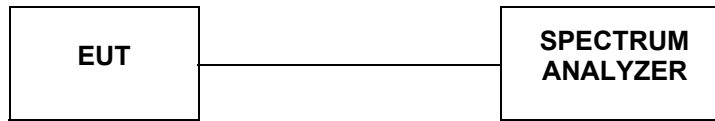
Frequency(MHz):				2480		Polarity:			VERTICAL	
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Factor (dB)	Pre-amplifier (dB)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	4960.00	46.24	PK	74.00	-27.76	39.65	33.84	7.00	34.25	6.59
1	4960.00	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--
2	5115.50	41.81	PK	74.00	-32.19	34.62	34.36	7.10	34.27	7.19
2	5115.50	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--
3	7440.00	40.99	PK	74.00	-33.01	29.04	37.64	9.28	34.97	11.95
3	7440.00	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--

## REMARKS:

1. Emission level (dBuV/m) =Raw Value (dBuV)+Correction Factor (dB/m)
2. Correction Factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m)+Cable Factor (dB)-Pre-amplifier Factor
3. Margin value = Emission level - Limit value.
4. -- Mean the PK detector measured value is below average limit.
5. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
6. RBW=1MHz VBW=3MHz Peak detector is for PK value; RBW=1MHz VBW=10Hz Peak detector is for AV value.

### 4.3 Duty Cycle

#### TEST CONFIGURATION



#### LIMIT

The Maximum Peak Output Power Measurement is 30dBm.

Preferably, all measurements of maximum conducted (average) output power will be performed with the EUT transmitting continuously (i.e., with a duty cycle of greater than or equal to 98%).

When continuous transmission cannot be achieved and sweep triggering/signal gating cannot be implemented, alternate procedures are provided that can be used to measure the average power; however, they will require an additional measurement of the transmitter duty cycle. Within this guidance document, the duty cycle refers to the fraction of time over which the transmitter is on and is transmitting at its maximum power control level. The duty cycle is considered to be constant if variations are less than  $\pm 2$  percent, otherwise the duty cycle is considered to be non-constant.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

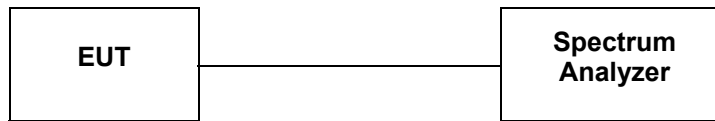
- a. A diode detector and an oscilloscope that together have sufficiently short response time to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal.
- b. The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal. Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission. Set  $RBW \geq OBW$  if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value. Set  $VBW \geq RBW$ . Set detector = peak or average. The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are  $> 50/T$  and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if  $T \leq 16.7$  microseconds.)

#### TEST RESULTS

The Manufacturer provide specific test software to setup 100% continuous transmit for Lower power Bluetooth.

## 4.4 Maximum Peak Output Power

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

According to KDB558074 D01 DTS Measurement Guidance Section 9.1 Maximum peak conducted output power, 9.1.1.

This procedure shall be used when the measurement instrument has available a resolution bandwidth that is greater than the DTS bandwidth.

- a) Set the RBW  $\geq$  DTS bandwidth.
- b) Set VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.
- c) Set span  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW
- d) Sweep time = auto couple.
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Trace mode = max hold.
- g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- h) Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

### LIMIT

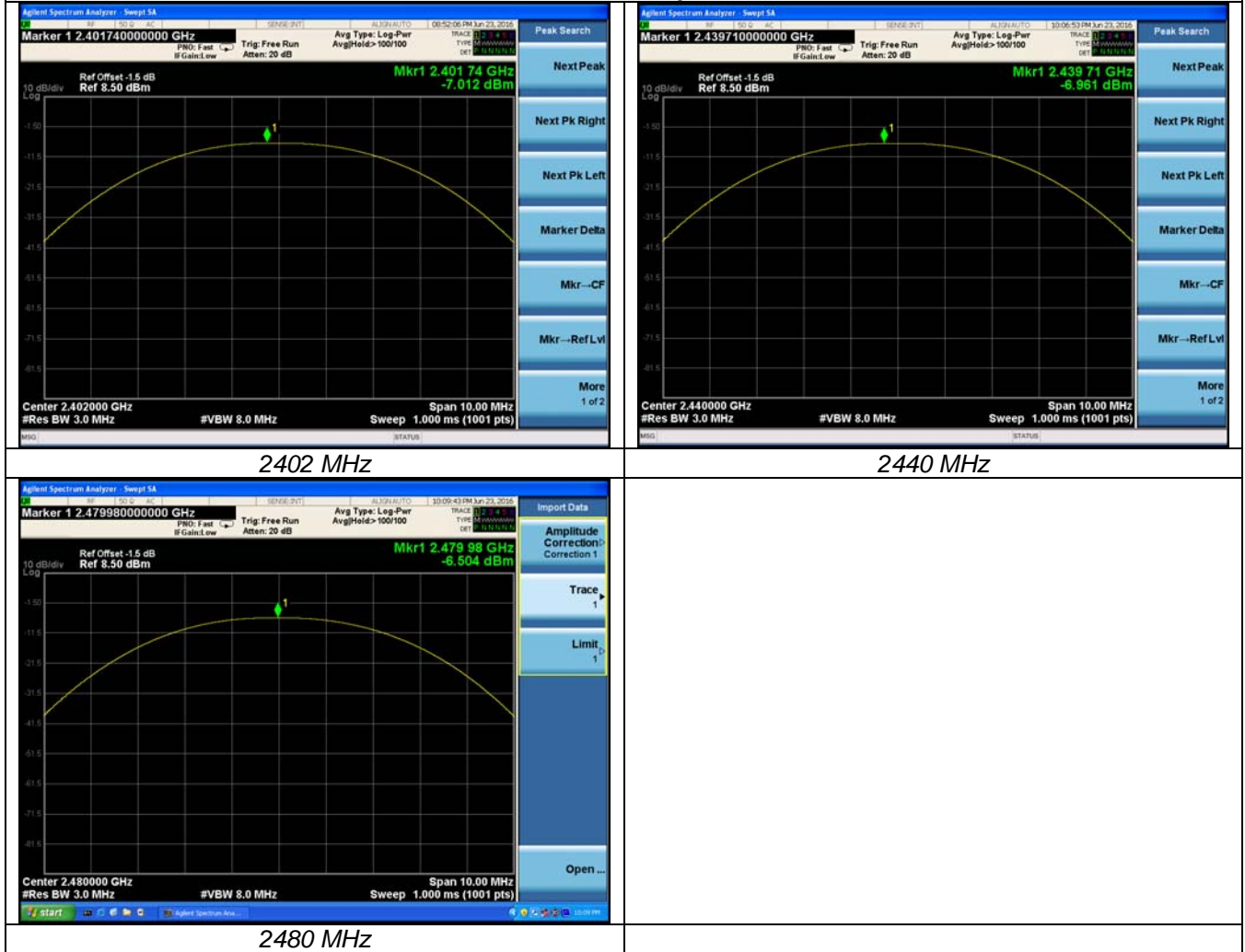
The Maximum Peak Output Power Measurement is 30dBm.

### TEST RESULTS

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Peak Power (dBm)	Limits (dBm)	Verdict
GFSK-BLE	00	2402	-7.012	30	PASS
	19	2440	-6.961		
	39	2480	-6.504		

Remark:

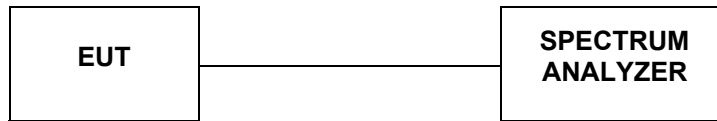
1. Test results including cable loss;
2. please refer to following plots;

**Maximum Peak Output Power**



## 4.5 Power Spectral Density

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

According to KDB 558074 D01 V03 Method PKPSD (peak PSD) this procedure shall be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to demonstrate compliance, and is optional if the maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance.

1. Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
2. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
3. Set the RBW to:  $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$ .
4. Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \text{ RBW}$ .
5. Detector = peak.
6. Sweep time = auto couple.
7. Trace mode = max hold.
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
10. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

### LIMIT

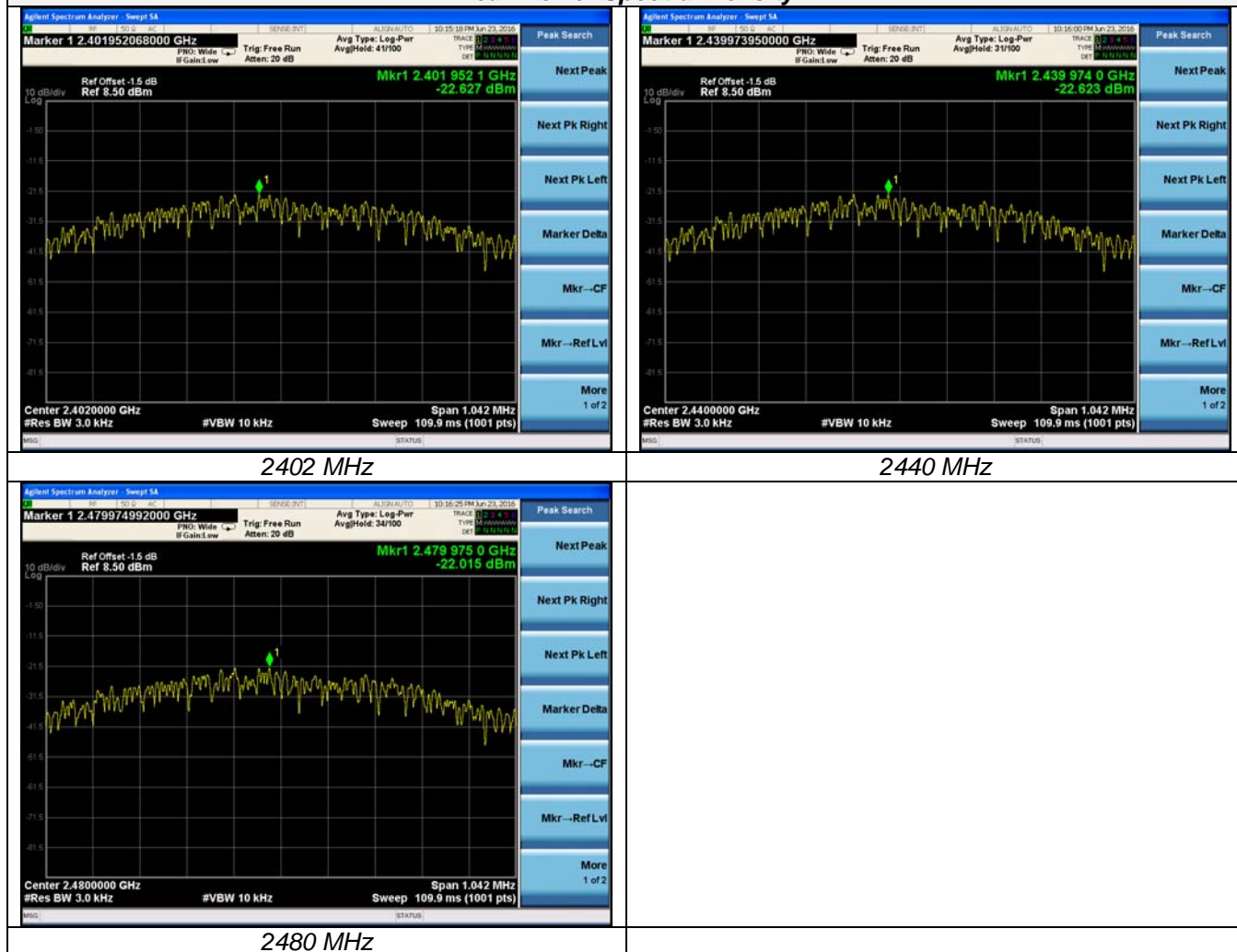
For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

### TEST RESULTS

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power Spectral Density (dBm/3KHz)	Limits (dBm/3KHz)	Verdict
GFSK-BLE	00	2402	-22.627	8	PASS
	19	2440	-22.623		
	39	2480	-22.015		

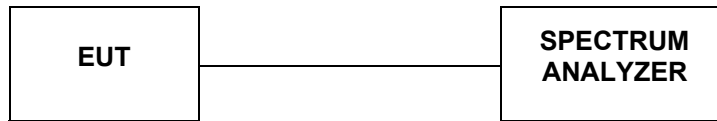
Remark:

1. Test results including cable loss;
2. please refer to following plots;

**Peak Power Spectral Density**

## 4.6 6dB Bandwidth

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured by spectrum analyzer with 100 KHz RBW and 300KHz VBW. The 6dB bandwidth is defined as the total spectrum the power of which is higher than peak power minus 6dB. According to KDB558074 D01 V03 for one of the following procedures may be used to determine the modulated DTS device signal bandwidth.

1. Set RBW = 100 kHz.
2. Set the video bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq 3$  RBW.
3. Detector = Peak.
4. Trace mode = max hold.
5. Sweep = auto couple.
6. Allow the trace to stabilize.
7. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

### LIMIT

For digital modulation systems, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

### TEST RESULTS

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limits (MHz)	Verdict
GFSK-BLE	00	2402	0.6917	$\geq 0.5000$	PASS
	19	2440	0.6923		
	39	2480	0.6957		

Remark:

1. Test results including cable loss;
2. please refer to following plots;

## 6 dB Bandwidth

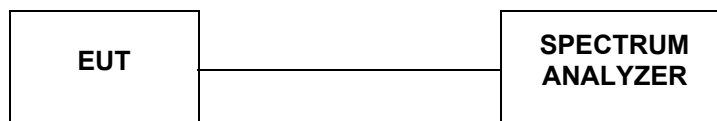


## 4.7 Band-edge Measurements for Radiated Emissions

### TEST REQUIREMENT

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

According to KDB 558074 D01 V03 for Antenna-port conducted measurement. Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect to a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to a EMI test receiver, then turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100kHz bandwidth from band edge, for Radiated emissions restricted band RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz for peak detector and RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz for Peak detector.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.
6. Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified by the appropriate regulatory agency (see 12.2.2, 12.2.3, and 12.2.4 for guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).
7. Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see 12.2.5 for guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)
8. Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies  $\leq 30$  MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies  $> 1000$  MHz).
9. For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).
10. Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:  

$$E = \text{EIRP} - 20\log D + 104.8$$

where:

E = electric field strength in dB $\mu$ V/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

11. Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.
12. Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable regulatory limit.
13. Perform radiated spurious emission test dures until all measured frequencies were complete.

**LIMIT**

Below -20dB of the highest emission level in operating band.

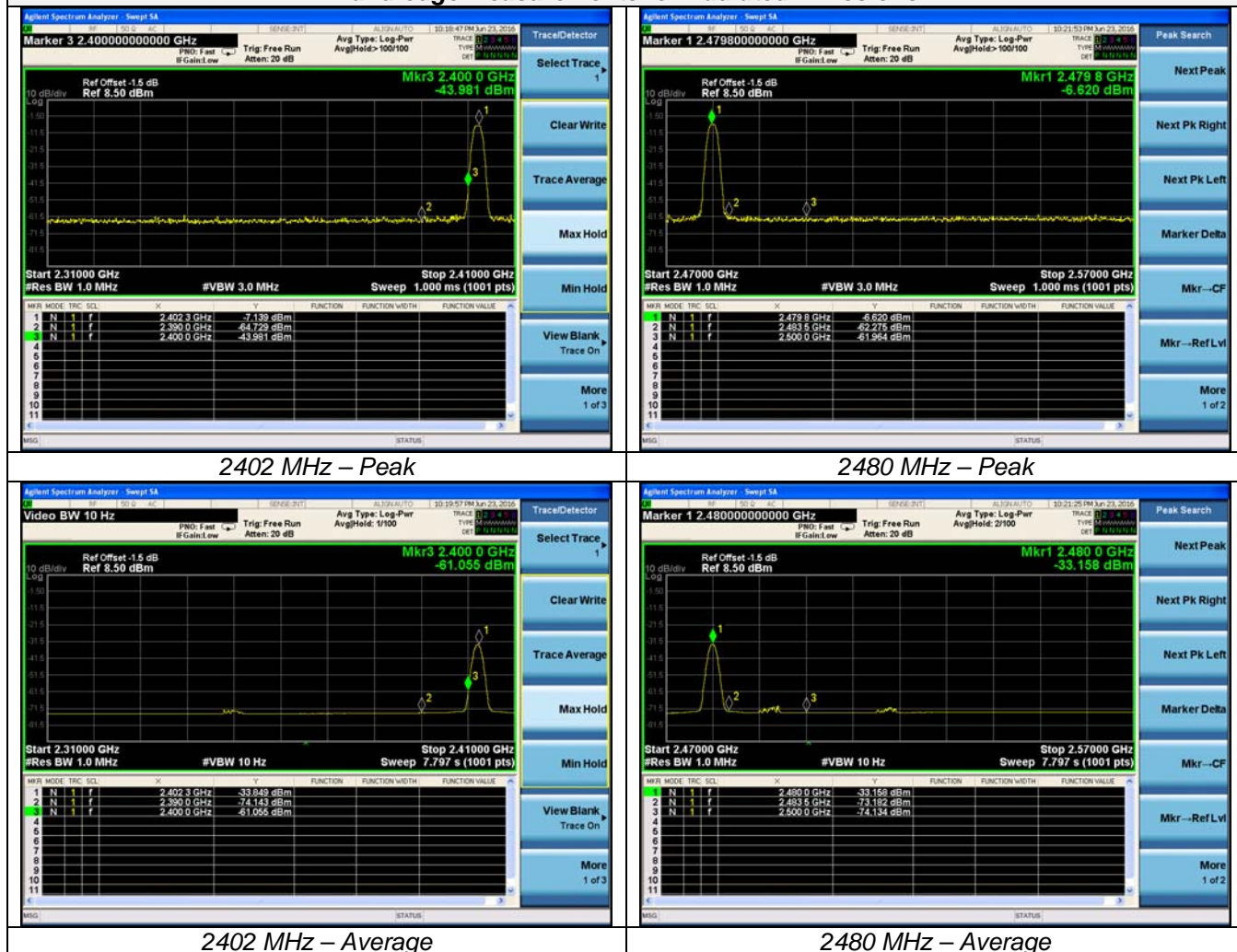
Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a)

**TEST RESULTS**

<b>GFSK – BLE</b>							
<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>	<b>Conducted Power (dBm)</b>	<b>Antenna Gain (dBi)</b>	<b>Ground Reflection Factor (dB)</b>	<b>Covert Radiated E Level At 3m (dBuV/m)</b>	<b>Detector</b>	<b>Limit (dBuV/m)</b>	<b>Verdict</b>
2390.000	-64.729	2.00	0.00	32.529	Peak	74.00	PASS
2390.000	-74.143	2.00	0.00	23.115	AV	54.00	PASS
2483.500	-62.275	2.00	0.00	34.983	Peak	74.00	PASS
2483.500	-73.182	2.00	0.00	24.076	AV	54.00	PASS

*Remark:*

1. *Test results including cable loss;*
2. *“---” means that the fundamental frequency not for 15.209 limits requirement.*
3. *please refer to following plots;*

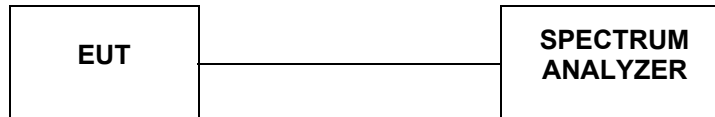
**Band-edge Measurements for Radiated Emissions**

## 4.8 Band-edge Measurements for RF Conducted Emissions

### LIMIT

1. Below -20dB of the highest emission level in operating band.
2. Fall in the restricted bands listed in section 15.205. The maximum permitted average field strength is listed in section 15.209.

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

According to KDB 558074 D01 V03 for Antenna-port conducted measurement.

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect to a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to a EMI test receiver, then turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100kHz bandwidth from band edge,
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.
6. Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified by the appropriate regulatory agency (see 12.2.2, 12.2.3, and 12.2.4 for guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).

### TEST RESULTS

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conductd Band-edge Emission (dBc)	Limits (dBc)	Verdict
GFSK-BLE	0	2402	<-20dBc	-20	PASS
	39	2480	<-20dBc	-20	

Remark:

1. Test results including cable loss;
2. “---” means that the fundamental frequency not for 15.209 limits requirement.
3. please refer to following plots;



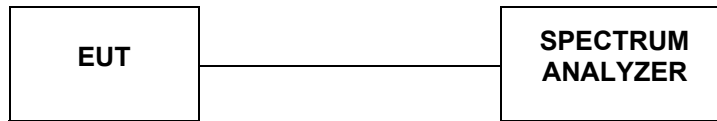
**Band-edge Measurements for RF Conducted Emissions**

2402 MHz

2480 MHz

## 4.9 Spurious RF Conducted Emission

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

The Spurious RF conducted emissions compliance of RF radiated emission should be measured by following the guidance in ANSI C63.10-2013 with respect to maximizing the emission by rotating the EUT, measuring the emission while the EUT is situated in three orthogonal planes (if appropriate), adjusting the measurement antenna height and polarization etc. Set RBW=100 kHz and VBW= 300 KHz to measure the peak field strength, and measure frequency range from 9 KHz to 25GHz.

### LIMIT

1. Below -20dB of the highest emission level in operating band.
2. Fall in the restricted bands listed in section 15.205. The maximum permitted average field strength is listed in section 15.209.

### TEST RESULTS

1. Below -20dB of the highest emission level in operating band.
2. Fall in the restricted bands listed in section 15.205. The maximum permitted average field strength is listed in section 15.209.

### TEST RESULTS

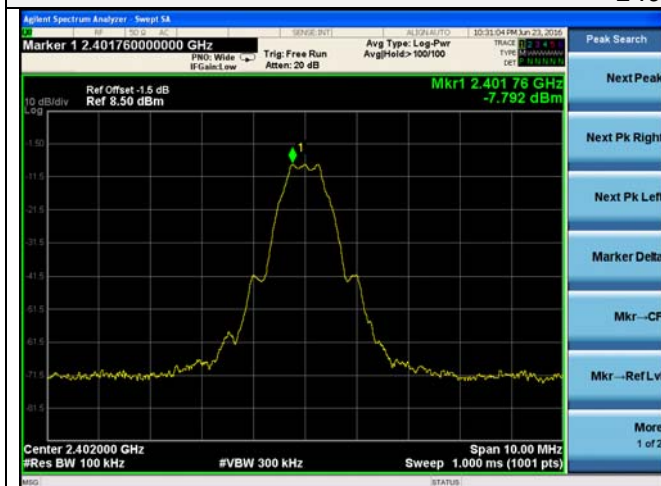
Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Spurious RF Conducted Emission (dBc)	Limits (dBc)	Verdict
GFSL-BLE	00	2402	<-20dBc	-20	PASS
	19	2440	<-20dBc	-20	
	39	2480	<-20dBc	-20	

#### *Remark:*

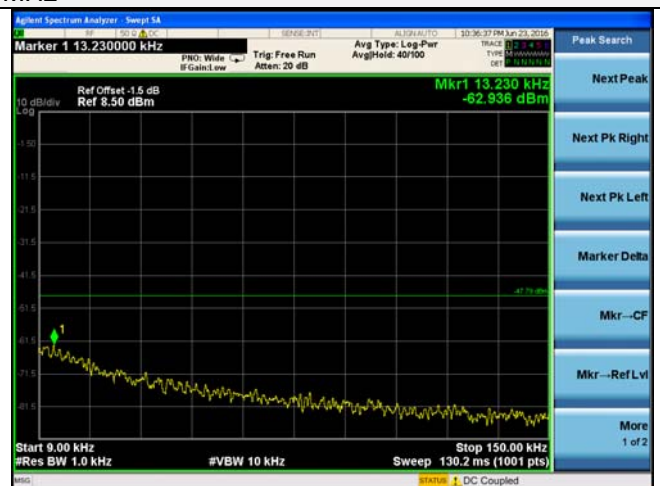
1. *Test results including cable loss;*
2. *“---“ means that the fundamental frequency not for 15.209 limits requirement.*
3. *please refer to following plots;*

**Spurious RF Conducted Emissions**

2402 MHz



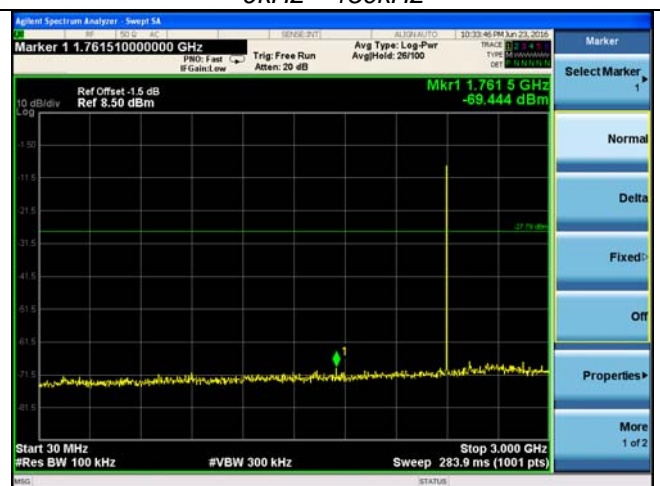
2402MHz



9kHz – 150kHz



150 KHz – 30MHz



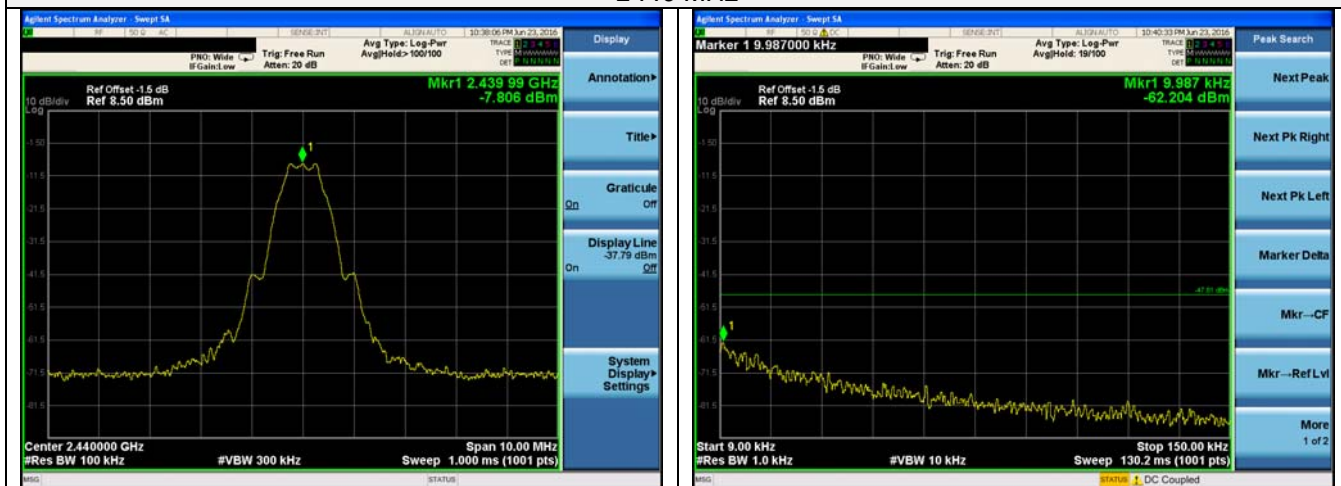
30MHz – 3GHz



3GHz – 26GHz

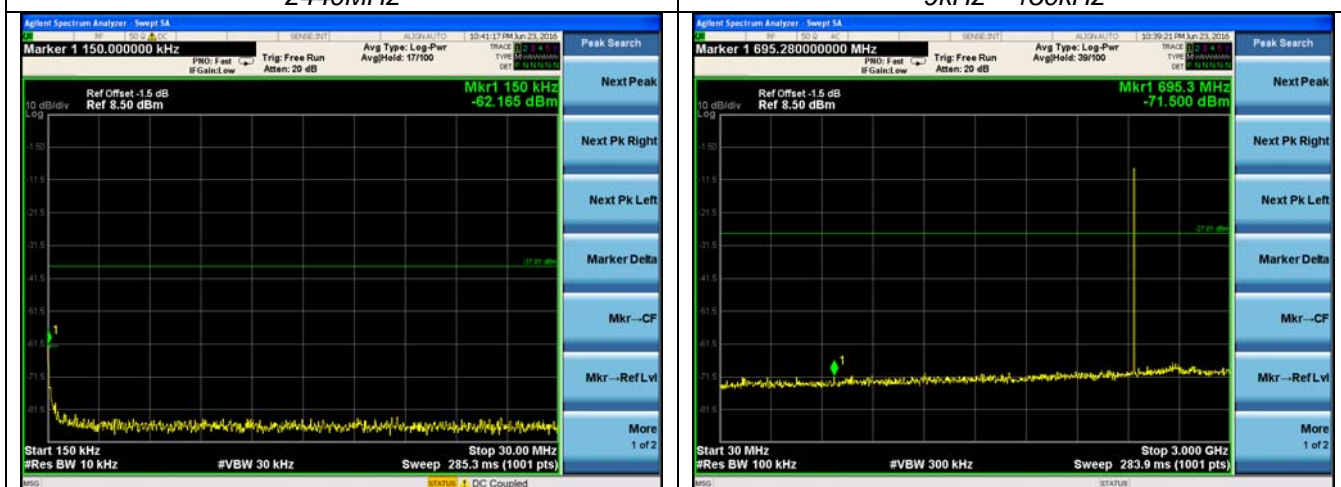
**Spurious RF Conducted Emissions**

2440 MHz



2440MHz

9kHz – 150kHz



150 KHz – 30MHz

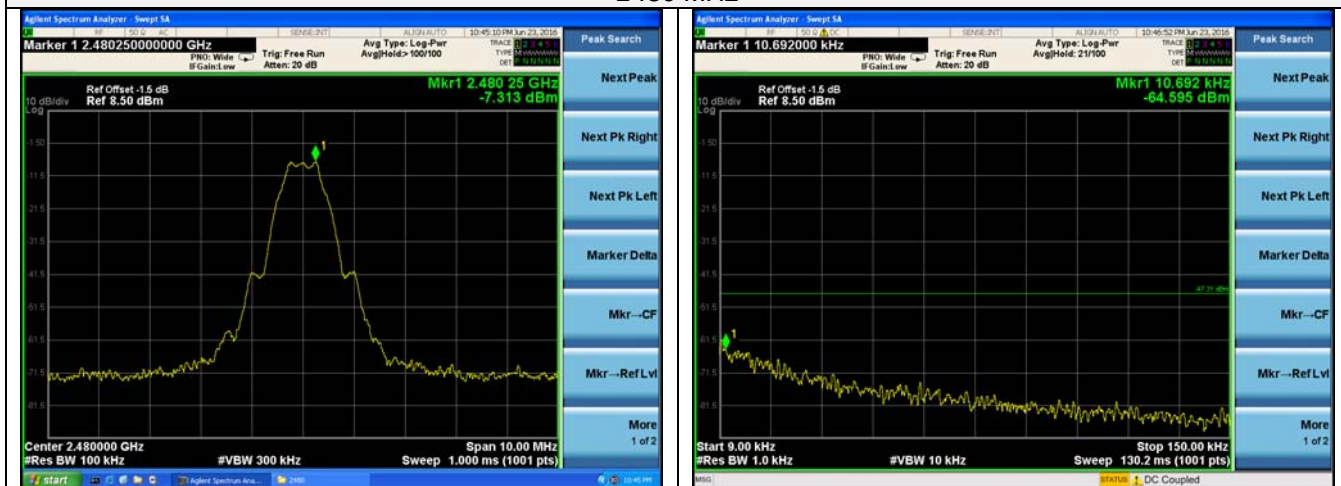
30MHz – 3GHz



3GHz – 26GHz

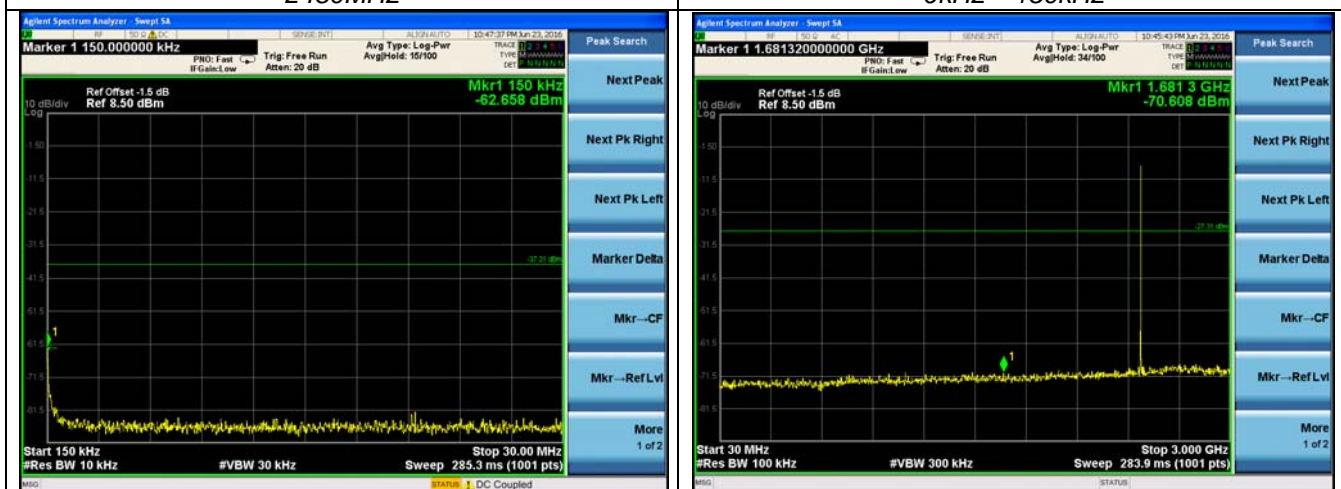
**Spurious RF Conducted Emissions**

2480 MHz



2480MHz

9kHz – 150kHz



150 KHz – 30MHz

30MHz – 3GHz



150 KHz – 30MHz

## 4.10 Antenna Requirement

### Standard Applicable

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be re-placed by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of Sections 15.211, 15.213, 15.217, 15.219, or 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with Section 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this Part are not exceeded.

And according to §15.247(4)(1), system operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz bands that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

### Refer to statement below for compliance

The manufacturer may design the unit so that the user can replace a broken antenna, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed.

### Antenna Connected Construction

According to § 15.203 & RSS-Gen, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

The directional gains of antenna used for transmitting is 1.0dBi, and the antenna is connect to PCB board and no consideration of replacement. Please see EUT photo for details.

### Measurement

The antenna gain of the complete system is calculated by the difference of radiated power in EIRP and the conducted power of the module.

Conducted power refer ANSI C63.10 :2013 Section 11.9 Output power test procedure for DTS devices  
Radiated power refer to ANSI C63.10 :2013 Section 6.6.4 Radiated emissions tests.

### Measurement parameters

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	1MHz
Video bandwidth:	3MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max hold

### Limits

FCC	IC
Antenna Gain	
6 dBi	

**Results**

$T_{nom}$	$V_{nom}$	Lowest Channel 2402 MHz	Middle Channel 2440 MHz	Highest Channel 2480 MHz
Conducted power [dBm] Measured with GFSK modulation		-7.012	-6.961	-6.504
Radiated power [dBm] Measured with GFSK modulation		-6.533	-6.455	-5.986
Gain [dBi] Calculated		0.479	0.506	0.518
Measurement uncertainty		$\pm 0.6$ dB (cond.) / $\pm 2.56$ dB (rad.)		

## **5 Test Setup Photos of the EUT**

Please refer to separated files for Test Setup Photos of the EUT.

## **6 External Photos of the EUT**

Please refer to separated files for External Photos of the EUT.

## **7 Internal Photos of the EUT**

Please refer to separated files for Internal Photos of the EUT.

.....**End of Report**.....