FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : HMD Global Oy

EQUIPMENT: Smart Phone

BRAND NAME: NOKIA

MODEL NAME : TA-1053

FCC ID : 2AJOTTA-1053

STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE 1528-2013

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Manager

ENc huans

Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager





Report No.: FA712016-02

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

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FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1053

Issued Date: Apr. 11, 2017 Form version.: 160427

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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA712016-02	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Mar. 31, 2017
FA712016-02	Rev. 02	Revised typo in section 4.2	Apr. 11, 2017

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1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for HMD Global Oy, Smart Phone, TA-1053, are as follows.

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			Highest SA	R Summary		Highest
Equipment	Frequency	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Product Specific	Simultaneous
Class	Band	(Separation 0mm)	(Separation 15mm)	(Separation 10mm)	(Separation 0mm)	Transmission
			1g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	
	GSM850	0.19	0.24	0.36		
	GSM1900	0.18	0.34	1.19		
	WCDMA II	0.29	0.52	0.93		
Licensed	WCDMA V	0.21	0.26	0.40		
	LTE Band 5	0.18	0.27	0.27 0.35		1.37
	LTE Band 7	0.17	0.25	0.46		
	LTE Band 38	0.08	0.11	0.22		
DTS	2.4GHz WLAN	0.80	0.06	0.18		
NII	5GHz WLAN	0.42	0.03	0.08	0.18	
Date of	of Testing:			2017/2/27		

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body, 4.0 W/kg for Product Specific) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications

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2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory											
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.										
Test Site Location	No.52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978										

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Applicant Applicant										
Company Name HMD Global Oy										
Address	Karaportti 2, 02610 Espoo, Finland									

Manufacturer										
Company Name HMD Global Oy										
Address	Karaportti 2, 02610 Espoo, Finland									

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
Equipment Name	Smart Phone
Brand Name	NOKIA
Model Name	TA-1053
FCC ID	2AJOTTA-1053
IMEI Code	SIM 1: 356024080014418 SIM 2: 356024080014426
Wireless Technology a Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz LTE Band 38: 2572.5 MHz ~ 2617.5 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz NFC: 13.56 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS/DTM RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+ (16QAM uplink) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM 802.11a/b/g/n HT20/HT40 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC:ASK
GSM / (E)GPRS Dual Transfer mode	Class A – EUT can support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Remark:	

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Remark:

- The device has two SIM slots and supports Dual SIM Dual Standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (Single active).
- 2. This device 2.4GHz / 5.2GHz / 5.8GHz WLAN support Hotspot operation.

Power reduction for RF exposure consideration :

- (a) Hotspot mode exposure conditions of WWAN transmitter:
 - Once hotspot feature is activated, and will notify the WWAN modem side to enter the reduced power for WCDMA B2.
- (b) Head exposure conditions of WLAN transmitter:
 - Once the voice call or VoIP call (either through WWAN bearer, or WLAN bearer) is established, upper layer will determine whether the audio is actively routed through the earpiece receiver. If yes, and will notify the WLAN side to enter the reduced power for 2.4GHz WLAN.
- This report only has LTE Band 5 test record, the other frequency test records please refer to Sporton FCC SAR Test Report, Report No.: FA712016 as Appendix D and the all testing results are used for simultaneous transmission analysis.

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4.2 Spot Check Evaluation

1. Introduction Section

This report referenced from the FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1044 (GSM 850 / 1900, WCDMA Band 2 / 5, LTE Band 7 / 38, DTS, NII and DSS)

The applicant takes full responsibility that the test data as referenced in this report represent compliance for this FCC ID (FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1053).

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2. Difference Section

(FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1053, model: TA-1053) is a variant model of (FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1044, model: TA-1044) with removed WCDMA Band 4, LTE Band 2 / 4 / 12 / 17 and added LTE Band 5, for all the divergent bands have been properly tested to ensure compliance. The detailed comparison of (FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1053, model: TA-1053) and (FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1044, model: TA-1044) is included in the Operating Description.

The product specification is outlined in the following table:

FCC ID			2AJOTTA-1044	2AJOTTA-1053		
Wireless Tech	Mode		Frequen	cy (MHz)		
GSM	GSM Voice	Multi-Slot	850/1900	850/1900		
	GPRS (GMSK)	Class 12				
	EDGE (8PSK)	DTM: Yes				
	DTM					
UMTS	AMR/RCM12.2K	bps	B2/B4/B5	B2/5		
	HSDPA/HSUPA/	DC-HSDPA				
	HSPA+ (16QAM	uplink)				
LTE (FDD/TDD)	QPSK		B2/B4/B7/B12/B17/B38	B5/B7/38		
	16QAM					
Wi-Fi	11b/11g/11n(HT2	20)	2412-2462 MHz			
	11a/11n(HT20)/1	1n(HT40)	5180-5240 MHz			
			5260-5320 MHz			
			5500-5720 MHz			
			5745-5825 MHz			
Bluetooth	BR/EDR/LE		2402-2480 MHz			
NFC	ASK		13.56 MHz			

3. Spot Check Verification Data Section

<Head SAR>

							nal Model	(FCC IE	: 2AJOTT	A-1044)	Spot Ch	eck Mode	el(FCC	ID: 2AJOT	TA-1053)	
Band	Mode		Gap (mm)		Freq. (MHz)		Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Duty Cycle %		Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	Average Power (dBm)		Duty Cycle %	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation
GSM850	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Right Cheek	0mm	189	836.4	32.74	33.00		0.177	0.188	32.69	33.00		0.157	0.169	-10.3%
GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	0mm	810	1909.8	25.82	26.00		0.175	0.182	25.30	26.00		0.172	0.202	10.8%
WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	9538	1907.6	23.97	24.00		0.283	0.285	23.81	24.00		0.303	0.317	11%
WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	4182	836.4	23.75	24.00		0.197	0.209	23.73	24.00		0.178	0.189	-9.2%
LTE Band 7	20M_QPSK_1_0	Right Cheek	0mm	20850	2510	23.36	24.00		0.148	0.171	23.10	24.00		0.128	0.157	-8.2%
LTE Band 38	20M_QPSK_1_0	Right Cheek	0mm	38000	2595	23.50	24.00	62.90	0.071	0.080	22.78	24.00	62.9	0.053	0.071	-11.9%
WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	0mm	11	2462	13.99	14.00	97.16	0.770	0.795	13.99	14.00	97.16	0.722	0.745	-6.2%
WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	62	5310	14.21	14.50	86.49	0.337	0.416	14.21	14.50	86.49	0.289	0.357	-14.2%
WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	102	5510	14.17	14.50	86.49	0.086	0.107	14.17	14.50	86.49	0.083	0.104	-3.5%
WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	151	5755	14.34	14.50	86.49	0.060	0.072	14.34	14.50	86.49	0.058	0.070	-3.3%

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<Hotspot SAR>

	iotspot oans															
		_		Ch.		Origin	al Model(FCC ID	: 2AJOTT	A-1044)	Spot Ch	eck Mode	el(FCC	ID: 2AJOT	ГА-1053)	
Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)			Average Power (dBm)		Duty Cycle %		Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	Average Power (dBm)		Duty Cycle %	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation
GSM850	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Front	10mm	189	836.4	32.74	33.00		0.343	0.364	32.69	33.00		0.328	0.352	-3.3%
GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	10mm	512	1850.2	25.33	26.00		1.020	1.190	25.14	26.00		0.924	1.126	-5%
WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	9262	1852.4	22.55	23.00		0.841	0.933	22.58	23.00		0.746	0.822	-11.9%
WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	4182	836.4	23.75	24.00		0.374	0.396	23.73	24.00		0.322	0.343	-13.5%
LTE Band 7	20M_QPSK_1_0	Front	10mm	20850	2510	23.36	24.00		0.400	0.464	23.10	24.00		0.353	0.434	-6.3%
LTE Band 38	20M_QPSK_1_0	Front	10mm	38000	2595	23.50	24.00	62.90	0.193	0.218	22.78	24.00	62.9	0.178	0.237	8.9%
WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	10mm	1	2412	18.37	18.50	97.16	0.173	0.184	18.37	18.50	97.16	0.170	0.180	-1.7%
WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	10mm	38	5190	14.23	14.50	86.49	0.063	0.077	14.23	14.50	86.49	0.059	0.073	-6.3%
WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	10mm	151	5755	14.34	14.50	86.49	0.015	0.018	14.34	14.50	86.49	0.014	0.017	-6.7%

<Pre><Product Specific SAR>

| Band Mode | _ | | | | _ | | | : 2AJOTT | | | | | ID: 2AJOT | | | |
|-----------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|
| | Mode | Test
Position (| Gap
(mm) | Ch. | Freq.
(MHz) | Average
Power
(dBm) | Tune-Up
Limit
(dBm) | Duty
Cycle
% | Measured
10g SAR
(W/kg) | Reported
10g SAR
(W/kg) | Average
Power
(dBm) | Tune-Up
Limit
(dBm) | Duty
Cycle
% | Measured
10g SAR
(W/kg) | Reported
10g SAR
(W/kg) | Deviation |
| WLAN5GHz | 802.11n-HT40 MCS0 | Front | 0mm | 62 | 5310 | 14.21 | 14.50 | 86.49 | 0.149 | 0.184 | 14.21 | 14.50 | 86.49 | 0.130 | 0.161 | -12.8% |
| WLAN5GHz | 802.11n-HT40 MCS0 | Front | 0mm | 102 | 5510 | 14.17 | 14.50 | 86.49 | 0.073 | 0.091 | 14.17 | 14.50 | 86.49 | 0.069 | 0.086 | -5.5% |

<Body-Worn SAR>

| | | | | | | Origin | al Model(| FCC IE | : 2AJOTT | A-1044) | Spot Ch | eck Mod | el(FCC | ID: 2AJOT | TA-1053) | |
|-------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------|-------|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|----------|------------------------------|---------------------------|---------|--------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| Band | Mode | Test
Position | Gap
(mm) | Ch. | Freq.
(MHz) | Average
Power
(dBm) | Tune-Up
Limit
(dBm) | Duty
Cycle
% | | Reported
1g SAR
(W/kg) | Average
Power
(dBm) | | Duty
Cycle
% | Measured
1g SAR
(W/kg) | Reported
1g SAR
(W/kg) | Deviation |
| GSM850 | GPRS (1 Tx slot) | Front | 15mm | 189 | 836.4 | 32.74 | 33.00 | | 0.222 | 0.236 | 32.69 | 33.00 | | 0.230 | 0.247 | 4.8% |
| GSM1900 | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Front | 15mm | 810 | 1909.8 | 25.82 | 26.00 | | 0.321 | 0.335 | 25.30 | 26.00 | | 0.302 | 0.355 | 6.0% |
| WCDMA II | RMC 12.2Kbps | Front | 15mm | 9538 | 1907.6 | 23.97 | 24.00 | | 0.514 | 0.518 | 23.81 | 24.00 | | 0.556 | 0.581 | 12.2% |
| WCDMA V | RMC 12.2Kbps | Front | 15mm | 4182 | 836.4 | 23.75 | 24.00 | | 0.245 | 0.260 | 23.73 | 24.00 | | 0.216 | 0.230 | -11.4% |
| LTE Band 7 | 20M_QPSK_1_0 | Front | 15mm | 20850 | 2510 | 23.36 | 24.00 | | 0.212 | 0.246 | 23.10 | 24.00 | | 0.206 | 0.253 | 3.2% |
| LTE Band 38 | 20M_QPSK_1_0 | Front | 15mm | 38000 | 2595 | 23.50 | 24.00 | 62.90 | 0.098 | 0.111 | 22.78 | 24.00 | 62.9 | 0.088 | 0.117 | 6.0% |
| WLAN2.4GHz | 802.11b 1Mbps | Front | 15mm | 1 | 2412 | 18.37 | 18.50 | 97.16 | 0.058 | 0.062 | 18.37 | 18.50 | 97.16 | 0.056 | 0.059 | -3.4% |
| WLAN5GHz | 802.11n-HT40 MCS0 | Front | 15mm | 62 | 5310 | 14.21 | 14.50 | 86.49 | 0.021 | 0.026 | 14.21 | 14.50 | 86.49 | 0.019 | 0.023 | -9.5% |
| WLAN5GHz | 802.11n-HT40 MCS0 | Front | 15mm | 102 | 5510 | 14.17 | 14.50 | 86.49 | 0.005 | 0.006 | 14.17 | 14.50 | 86.49 | 0.005 | 0.006 | -1.6% |
| WLAN5GHz | 802.11n-HT40 MCS0 | Front | 15mm | 151 | 5755 | 14.34 | 14.50 | 86.49 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 14.34 | 14.50 | 86.49 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.0% |

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Note:

1. The spot check verification shows SAR performance of 2AJOTTA-1044 represents the performance of 2AJOTTA-1053.

4. Reference detail Section

| Rule
Part | Frequency Band
(MHz) | Wireless
Technology | Reference
FCC ID | Reference
Report Title | Reference
Report No. | Reference
Report Sections |
|--------------|--|------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| 22 | 824.2 ~ 848.8 | GSM 850 | 2AJOTTA-1044 | FCC SAR Test Report | FA712016 | Sections related to
GSM 850 test data |
| 24 | 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 | GSM 1900 | 2AJOTTA-1044 | FCC SAR Test Report | FA712016 | Sections related to
GSM 1900 test data |
| 24 | 1852.4 ~ 1907.6 | WCDMA B2 | 2AJOTTA-1044 | FCC SAR Test Report | FA712016 | Sections related to WCDMA B2 test data |
| 22 | 826.4 ~ 846.6 | WCDMA B5 | 2AJOTTA-1044 | FCC SAR Test Report | FA712016 | Sections related to WCDMA B5 test data |
| 27 | 2502.5 ~ 2567.5 | LTE B7 | 2AJOTTA-1044 | FCC SAR Test Report | FA712016 | Sections related to
LTE B7 test data |
| 27 | 5272.5 ~ 2617.5 | LTE B38 | 2AJOTTA-1044 | FCC SAR Test Report | FA712016 | Sections related to
LTE B38 test data |
| 15C | 2402~2480 | Bluetooth | 2AJOTTA-1044 | FCC SAR Test Report | FA712016 | Sections related to
Bluetooth test data |
| 15C | 2412~2462 | Wi-Fi | 2AJOTTA-1044 | FCC SAR Test Report | FA712016 | Sections related to
WiFi test data |
| 15E | 5180~5240
5260~5320
5500~5720
5745~5825 | Wi-Fi | 2AJOTTA-1044 | FCC SAR Test Report | FA712016 | Sections related to
WiFi test data |

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4.3 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

| | | Sun | nmarize | d neces | sary item | s addres | ssed in KDE | 3 9412 | 25 D05 v02 | r05 | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---------------------|-----------|---|--|----------------------|--------------|------------|-------------|------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| FCC | CID | 2AJOTTA-1053 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Equ | ipment Name | | | Smart Phone | | | | | | | | |
| | Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band | | | | LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz
LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz
LTE Band 38: 2572.5 MHz ~ 2617.5 MHz | | | | | | | |
| Cha | nnel Bandwidth | 1 | | LTE Band 5:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz
LTE Band 7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz
LTE Band 38: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz | | | | | | | | |
| uplii | nk modulations | used | | QPSK, a | and 16QA | М | | | | | | |
| LTE | Voice / Data re | equirements | | 1. Vo | LTE is sup | ported. | | | | | | |
| Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Red | | | | | | duction (Mi | R) for Po | wer Class | 3 | | | |
| | | | | Mo | odulation | CI | nannel bandw | ridth / Tr | ansmission | bandwidth | (RB) | MPR (dB) |
| LTE | MPR permane | ntly built-in by de | sign | | | 1.4
MHz | 3.0
MHz | 5
MHz | 10
MHz | 15
MHz | 20
MHz | |
| | | | | | QPSK | >5 | >4 | >8 | > 12 | > 16 | > 18 | ≤ 1 |
| | | | | | 16 QAM | ≤ 5 | ≤ 4 | ≤ 8 | ≤ 12 | ≤ 16 | ≤ 18 | ≤1 |
| | | | | | 16 QAM | >5 | >4 | >8 | > 12 | > 16 | > 18 | S_01 to disable |
| Spe | ectrum plots for | RB configuration | | measure
not inclu | ement; the
uded in the | erefore, s
SAR re | pectrum plo | ots for e | each RB all | ocation ar | or the Sand offset of | AR and powe configuration are |
| | | Transm | ission (l | H, M, L) | | numbers
LTE Ban | and freque | encies | in each LT | E band | | |
| | Dondwidt | h 1.4 MHz | | Bandwidth 3 MHz | | | | width 5 | · NALL— | | Danduidt | h 10 MHz |
| H | Ch. # | Freq. (MHz) | | Danuwiu
1. # | Freq. (N | MHz) | Ch. # | | reg. (MHz) | | bandwidt
h. # | Freq. (MHz) |
| L | 20407 | 824.7 | | 1. #
415 | 825. | | 20425 | ' | 826.5 | | 0450 | 829 |
| М | 20407 | 836.5 | | 525 | 836 | | 20425 | | 836.5 | |)525 | 836.5 |
| Н | 20525 | 848.3 | | | 847. | | 20525 | | 846.5 | | 0600 | 844 |
| П | 20043 | 040.3 | 200 | 0635 | | LTE Ban | | | 040.0 | 20 | 7600 | 044 |
| | Randwid | th 5 MHz | - | Randwidt | th 10 MHz | | | width 1 | 5 MU-7 | | Randwidt | h 20 MHz |
| - | Ch. # | Freq. (MHz) | | andwidi
i. # | Freq. (N | | Ch. # | | req. (MHz) | _ | h. # | Freq. (MHz) |
| | 20775 | 2502.5 | | 300 | 250 | | 20825 | _ | 2507.5 | | 0850 | 2510 |
| L
M | 21100 | 2502.5 | | 100 | 250 | | 21100 | | 2535 | | 1100 | 2535 |
| Н | 21100 | 2567.5 | | 400 | 256 | | 21375 | | 2562.5 | | 1350 | 2560 |
| 11 | 21420 | 2307.3 | 214 | 100 | | TE Band | | | 2002.0 | | 1000 | 2300 |
| T |
Bandwid | th 5 MHz | F | Bandwidt | th 10 MHz | | | width 1 | 5 MHz | | Bandwidt | h 20 MHz |
| | Ch. # | Freq. (MHz) | | n. # | Freq. (I | | Ch. # | | req. (MHz) | | h. # | Freq. (MHz) |
| L | 37775 | 2572.5 | | 300 | 257 | | 37825 | | 2577.5 | | 7850 | 2580 |
| M | 38000 | 2595 | | 000 | 259 | | 38000 | | 2595 | _ | 3000 | 2595 |
| Н | 38225 | 2617.5 | | 200 | 261 | | 38175 | | 2612.5 | _ | 3150 | 2610 |
| | 00 <u>-</u> E0 | _011.0 | 001 | _,, | 231 | - | 55115 | | _00 | - 30 | | _5.5 |

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5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

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5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

| Whole-Body | Partial-Body | Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles | | |
|------------|--------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| 0.4 | 8.0 | 20.0 | | |

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

| Whole-Body | Partial-Body | Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles |
|------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| 0.08 | 1.6 | 4.0 |

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

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6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

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6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

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7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

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7.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<ES3DV3 Probe>

| Construction | Symmetric design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE) | |
|---------------|---|--|
| Frequency | 10 MHz – 4 GHz;
Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz) | |
| Directivity | ±0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)
±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis) | |
| Dynamic Range | 5 μW/g – >100 mW/g;
Linearity: ±0.2 dB | |
| Dimensions | Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm | |



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<EX3DV4 Probe>

| Construction | Symmetric design with triangular core |
|---------------|--|
| | Built-in shielding against static charges |
| | PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic |
| | solvents, e.g., DGBE) |
| Frequency | 10 MHz – >6 GHz |
| | Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz) |
| Directivity | ±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) |
| | ±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis) |
| Dynamic Range | 10 μW/g – >100 mW/g |
| | Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g) |
| Dimensions | Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) |
| | Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) |
| | Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 |
| | mm |



7.2 <u>Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)</u>

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

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Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

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7.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

| Shell Thickness | 2 ± 0.2 mm;
Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm | |
|-------------------|---|-----|
| Filling Volume | Approx. 25 liters | |
| Dimensions | Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet | 7 5 |
| Measurement Areas | Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom | |

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The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

| VEET I Halltonia | | |
|------------------|--|--|
| Shell Thickness | 2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%) | |
| Filling Volume | Approx. 30 liters | |
| Dimensions | Major ellipse axis: 600 mm
Minor axis: 400 mm | |

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

7.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





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Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

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8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

| | ≤ 3 GHz | > 3 GHz |
|--|---|--|
| Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface | 5 ± 1 mm | $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$ |
| Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location | 30° ± 1° | 20° ± 1° |
| | \leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm
2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm | $3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$
$4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$ |
| Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area} | When the x or y dimension o measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution r x or y dimension of the test dimeasurement point on the test | on, is smaller than the above,
must be \leq the corresponding
levice with at least one |

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8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

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Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

| | | | ≤ 3 GHz | > 3 GHz | |
|--|---|---|---|---|--|
| Maximum zoom scan s | Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom} | | | $3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$
$4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$ | |
| | uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$ | | ≤ 5 mm | $3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 4 \text{ mm}$
$4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \le 3 \text{ mm}$
$5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 2 \text{ mm}$ | |
| Maximum zoom scan
spatial resolution,
normal to phantom
surface | graded | Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface | ≤ 4 mm | 3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm
4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm
5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm | |
| | grid | Δz _{Zoom} (n>1):
between subsequent
points | ≤ 1.5·∆z | Zoom(n-1) | |
| Minimum zoom scan
volume | x, y, z | | $3-4 \text{ GHz: } \ge 28 \text{ mm}$
$\ge 30 \text{ mm}$ $4-5 \text{ GHz: } \ge 25 \text{ mm}$
$5-6 \text{ GHz: } \ge 22 \text{ mm}$ | | |

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

9. Test Equipment List

| Manufacturer | Name of Emilian and | Turne (Mandal | Carial Number | Calibration | | |
|---------------|------------------------------|---|----------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| Manufacturer | Name of Equipment | Type/Model | Serial Number | Last Cal. | Due Date | |
| SPEAG | 835MHz System Validation Kit | 835MHz System Validation Kit D835V2 499 | | Mar. 21, 2016 | Mar. 20, 2017 | |
| SPEAG | Data Acquisition Electronics | DAE3 | 577 | Sep. 28, 2016 | Sep. 27, 2017 | |
| SPEAG | Dosimetric E-Field Probe | EX3DV4 | 3931 | Oct. 03, 2016 | Oct. 02, 2017 | |
| Wisewind | Thermometer | HTC-1 | TM560 | Oct. 12, 2016 | Oct. 11, 2017 | |
| Anritsu | Radio Communication Analyzer | MT8820C | 6201381760 | May. 10, 2016 | May. 09, 2017 | |
| SPEAG | Device Holder | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | |
| Anritsu | Signal Generator | MG3710A | 6201502524 | Dec. 09, 2016 | Dec. 08, 2017 | |
| Agilent | ENA Network Analyzer | E5071C | MY46316648 | Jan. 04, 2017 | Jan. 03, 2018 | |
| SPEAG | Dielectric Probe Kit | DAK-3.5 | 1126 | Jul. 19, 2016 | Jul. 18, 2017 | |
| LINE SEIKI | Digital Thermometer | LKMelectronic | DTM3000SPEZIAL | Sep. 05, 2016 | Sep. 04, 2017 | |
| Anritsu | Power Meter | ML2495A | 1419002 | May. 10, 2016 | May. 09, 2017 | |
| Anritsu | Power Sensor | MA2411B | 1339124 | May. 10, 2016 | May. 09, 2017 | |
| Anritsu | Spectrum Analyzer | MS2830A | 6201396378 | Jun. 21, 2016 | Jun. 20, 2017 | |
| Mini-Circuits | Power Amplifier | ZVE-8G+ | D120604 | Mar. 16, 2016 | Mar. 15, 2017 | |
| Mini-Circuits | Power Amplifier | ZHL-42W+ | QA1344002 | Mar. 16, 2016 | Mar. 15, 2017 | |
| ATM | Dual Directional Coupler | C122H-10 | P610410z-02 | No | te 1 | |
| Woken | Attenuator 1 | WK0602-XX | N/A | No | te 1 | |
| PE | Attenuator 2 | PE7005-10 | N/A | No | te 1 | |
| PE | Attenuator 3 | PE7005-3 | N/A | No | te 1 | |

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General Note:

Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

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10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.2.







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Fig 10.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

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10.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target

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tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

| Frequency
(MHz) | Water
(%) | Sugar
(%) | Cellulose
(%) | Salt
(%) | Preventol
(%) | DGBE
(%) | Conductivity
(σ) | Permittivity
(εr) | | |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|---------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| | For Head | | | | | | | | | |
| 750 | 41.1 | 57.0 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.89 | 41.9 | | |
| 835 | 40.3 | 57.9 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.90 | 41.5 | | |
| 900 | 40.3 | 57.9 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.97 | 41.5 | | |
| 1800, 1900, 2000 | 55.2 | 0 | 0 | 0.3 | 0 | 44.5 | 1.40 | 40.0 | | |
| 2450 | 55.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 45.0 | 1.80 | 39.2 | | |
| 2600 | 54.8 | 0 | 0 | 0.1 | 0 | 45.1 | 1.96 | 39.0 | | |
| | | | | For Body | | | | | | |
| 750 | 51.7 | 47.2 | 0 | 0.9 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.96 | 55.5 | | |
| 835 | 50.8 | 48.2 | 0 | 0.9 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.97 | 55.2 | | |
| 900 | 50.8 | 48.2 | 0 | 0.9 | 0.1 | 0 | 1.05 | 55.0 | | |
| 1800, 1900, 2000 | 70.2 | 0 | 0 | 0.4 | 0 | 29.4 | 1.52 | 53.3 | | |
| 2450 | 68.6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 31.4 | 1.95 | 52.7 | | |
| 2600 | 68.1 | 0 | 0 | 0.1 | 0 | 31.8 | 2.16 | 52.5 | | |

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

| Ingredients | (% by weight) |
|--------------------|---------------|
| Water | 64~78% |
| Mineral oil | 11~18% |
| Emulsifiers | 9~15% |
| Additives and Salt | 2~3% |

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

| Frequency
(MHz) | Tissue
Type | Liquid
Temp.
(°C) | Conductivity
(σ) | Permittivity
(ε _r) | | Permittivity
Target (ε _r) | Delta (σ)
(%) | Delta (ε _r)
(%) | Limit (%) | Date |
|--------------------|----------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|------|--|------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| 835 | HSL | 22.4 | 0.907 | 43.142 | 0.90 | 41.50 | 0.78 | 3.96 | ±5 | 2017/2/27 |
| 835 | MSL | 22.4 | 0.991 | 57.462 | 0.97 | 55.20 | 2.16 | 4.10 | ±5 | 2017/2/27 |

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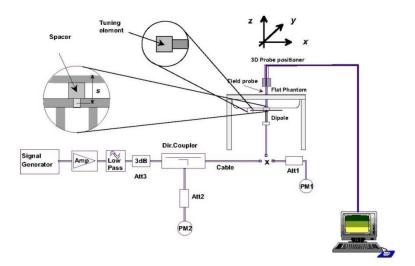
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10.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

| Date | Frequency
(MHz) | Tissue
Type | Input
Power
(mW) | Dipole
S/N | Probe
S/N | DAE
S/N | Measured
1g SAR
(W/kg) | Targeted
1g SAR
(W/kg) | Normalized
1g SAR
(W/kg) | Deviation
(%) |
|-----------|--------------------|----------------|------------------------|---------------|-----------------|------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|
| 2017/2/27 | 835 | HSL | 250 | D835V2-499 | EX3DV4 - SN3931 | DAE3 Sn577 | 2.32 | 9.14 | 9.28 | 1.53 |
| 2017/2/27 | 835 | MSL | 250 | D835V2-499 | EX3DV4 - SN3931 | DAE3 Sn577 | 2.56 | 9.52 | 10.24 | 7.56 |





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Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

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11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 Ear and handset reference point

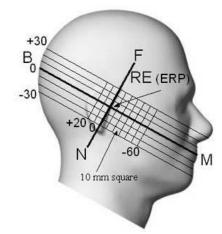
Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.



Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom



Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.



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Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

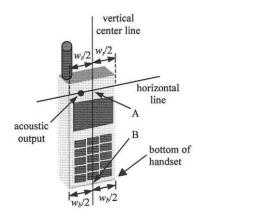
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11.2 Definition of the cheek position

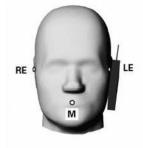
- Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output: however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
- 5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line. 6.
- While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.



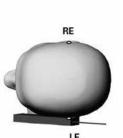
horizontal line acoustic output bottom of handset

Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines-"clam-shell case"







vertical

center line

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Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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11.3 Definition of the tilt position

- 1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- 2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
- 3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
- 4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

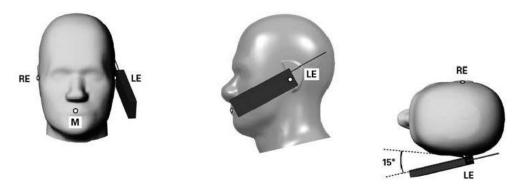


Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

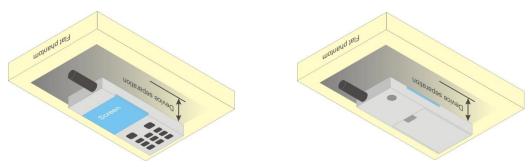


Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

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11.5 Product Specific

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, According to KDB648474 D04v01r03, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance

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- 1. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
- 2. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions.6 The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

11.6 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W ≥ 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

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12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

 Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.

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- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 8. For LTE B5 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

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<LTE Band 5>

| BW [MHz] | Modulation | RB Size | RB Offset | Power
Low | Power
Middle | Power
High | | | |
|--------------|------------|----------|-----------|--------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|------|--|
| التنكنان وور | | | | Ch. / Freq. | Ch. / Freq. | Ch. / Freq. | Tune-up limit | MPR | |
| | Cha | nnel | | 20450 | 20525 | 20600 | (dBm) | (dB) | |
| | Frequen | cy (MHz) | | 829 | 836.5 | 844 | | | |
| 10 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 22.97 | 23.04 | 22.90 | | | |
| 10 | QPSK | 1 | 25 | 23.60 | 23.61 | 23.55 | 24 | 0 | |
| 10 | QPSK | 1 | 49 | 23.02 | 23.46 | 23.07 | | | |
| 10 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 22.40 | 22.38 | 22.38 | | | |
| 10 | QPSK | 25 | 12 | 22.38 | 22.33 | 22.34 |] | 4 | |
| 10 | QPSK | 25 | 25 | 22.32 | 22.40 | 22.27 | 23 | 1 | |
| 10 | QPSK | 50 | 0 | 22.46 | 22.44 | 22.34 | | | |
| 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 0 | 21.65 | 21.99 | 21.90 | | | |
| 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 25 | 21.79 | 21.79 | 21.69 | 23 | 1 | |
| 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 49 | 21.74 | 21.71 | 21.76 | | | |
| 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 0 | 21.33 | 21.42 | 21.41 | | | |
| 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 12 | 21.51 | 21.38 | 21.30 | 1 | _ | |
| 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 25 | 21.39 | 21.43 | 21.29 | 22 | 2 | |
| 10 | 16QAM | 50 | 0 | 21.48 | 21.40 | 21.37 | 1 | | |
| | Cha | nnel | | 20425 | 20525 | 20625 | Tune-up limit | MPR | |
| | Frequen | cy (MHz) | | 826.5 | 836.5 | 846.5 | (dBm) | (dB) | |
| 5 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 22.99 | 23.02 | 23.14 | | | |
| 5 | QPSK | 1 | 12 | 23.56 | 23.43 | 23.50 | 24 | 0 | |
| 5 | QPSK | 1 | 24 | 23.17 | 23.28 | 22.92 | 1 | | |
| 5 | QPSK | 12 | 0 | 22.37 | 22.33 | 22.23 | | | |
| 5 | QPSK | 12 | 7 | 22.47 | 22.43 | 22.32 | - | | |
| 5 | QPSK | 12 | 13 | 22.38 | 22.35 | 22.24 | 23 | 1 | |
| 5 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 22.31 | 22.28 | 22.20 | 1 | | |
| 5 | 16QAM | 1 | 0 | 21.87 | 21.49 | 22.09 | | | |
| 5 | 16QAM | 1 | 12 | 22.08 | 22.51 | 21.86 | 23 | 1 | |
| 5 | 16QAM | 1 | 24 | 21.50 | 22.10 | 21.43 | - | • | |
| 5 | 16QAM | 12 | 0 | 21.21 | 21.06 | 21.38 | | | |
| 5 | 16QAM | 12 | 7 | 21.29 | 21.37 | 21.41 | 1 | | |
| 5 | 16QAM | 12 | 13 | 21.31 | 21.18 | 21.31 | 22 | 2 | |
| 5 | 16QAM | 25 | 0 | 21.23 | 21.45 | 21.46 | 1 | | |
| | | nnel | Ü | 20415 | 20525 | 20635 | Tune-up limit | MPR | |
| | | cy (MHz) | | 825.5 | 836.5 | 847.5 | (dBm) | (dB) | |
| 3 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 23.10 | 22.99 | 23.31 | (- / | (* / | |
| 3 | QPSK | 1 | 8 | 23.25 | 23.08 | 23.25 | 24 | 0 | |
| 3 | QPSK | 1 | 14 | 23.11 | 23.06 | 22.97 | | | |
| 3 | QPSK | 8 | 0 | 22.37 | 22.47 | 22.46 | | | |
| 3 | QPSK | 8 | 4 | 22.37 | 22.25 | 22.40 | | | |
| 3 | QPSK | 8 | 7 | 22.35 | 22.23 | 22.33 | 23 | 1 | |
| 3 | QPSK | 15 | 0 | 22.33 | 22.37 | 22.38 | | | |
| 3 | 16QAM | 1 | 0 | 21.71 | 21.42 | 21.49 | | | |
| 3 | 16QAM | 1 | 8 | 22.33 | 21.42 | 21.49 | 23 | 1 | |
| 3 | 16QAM | 1 | 14 | 21.88 | 21.76 | 21.44 | 23 | | |
| 3 | 16QAM | 8 | 0 | 21.00 | 21.71 | 21.70 | | | |
| | | | | | | | - | | |
| 3 | 16QAM | 8 | 4 | 21.43 | 21.46 | 21.42 | 22 | 2 | |
| 3 | 16QAM | 8 | 7 | 21.40 | 21.41 | 21.44 | | | |
| 3 | 16QAM | 15 | 0 | 21.20 | 21.44 | 21.48 | | | |

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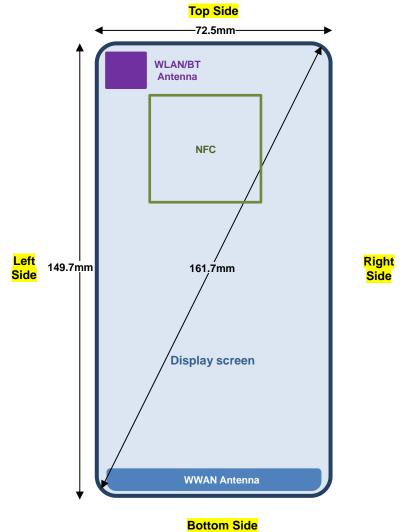
| PORTON L | AB. FC | CC SAR T | est Repor | t | | | | Report No. | : FA712016-02 |
|----------|--------|----------|-----------|---|-------|-------|-------|---------------|---------------|
| | | Cha | nnel | | 20407 | 20525 | 20643 | Tune-up limit | MPR |
| | | Frequen | cy (MHz) | | 824.7 | 836.5 | 848.3 | (dBm) | (dB) |
| • | 1.4 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 23.18 | 23.23 | 23.20 | | |
| • | 1.4 | QPSK | 1 | 3 | 23.26 | 23.27 | 23.31 | | |
| • | 1.4 | QPSK | 1 | 5 | 23.21 | 23.18 | 23.24 | 24 | 0 |
| • | 1.4 | QPSK | 3 | 0 | 23.33 | 23.24 | 23.42 | 24 | U |
| • | 1.4 | QPSK | 3 | 1 | 23.32 | 23.31 | 23.59 | | |
| • | 1.4 | QPSK | 3 | 3 | 23.25 | 23.31 | 23.33 | | |
| • | 1.4 | QPSK | 6 | 0 | 22.22 | 22.31 | 22.29 | 23 | 1 |
| • | 1.4 | 16QAM | 1 | 0 | 21.80 | 21.64 | 21.65 | | |
| • | 1.4 | 16QAM | 1 | 3 | 21.61 | 22.06 | 22.02 | | |
| • | 1.4 | 16QAM | 1 | 5 | 21.87 | 21.96 | 21.93 | 23 | 1 |
| • | 1.4 | 16QAM | 3 | 0 | 22.16 | 22.02 | 22.15 | 23 | ' |
| • | 1.4 | 16QAM | 3 | 1 | 22.17 | 22.47 | 22.14 | | |
| • | 1.4 | 16QAM | 3 | 3 | 22.34 | 22.17 | 22.17 | | |
| • | 1.4 | 16QAM | 6 | 0 | 21.26 | 21.20 | 21.16 | 22 | 2 |

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13. Antenna Location

<Mobile Phone>



Front View

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| Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side | | | | | | | | | | |
| WWAN Main | ≤ 25mm | ≤ 25mm | >25mm | ≤ 25mm | ≤ 25mm | ≤ 25mm | | | | |
| BT&WLAN | ≤ 25mm | ≤ 25mm | ≤ 25mm | >25mm | >25mm | ≤ 25mm | | | | |

| Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------|-------|----------|-------------|------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| Antennas | Back | Front | Top Side | Bottom Side | Right Side | Left Side | | | |
| WWAN Main | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | | | |
| BT&WLAN | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | No | Yes | | | |

General Note:

Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

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14. SAR Test Results

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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- b. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - · ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - · ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - · ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 4. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.

LTE Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 6. For LTE B5 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

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14.1 Head SAR

<LTE SAR>

| Plot
No. | Band | BW
(MHz) | Modulation | RB
Size | RB
offset | Test
Position | Gap
(mm) | Ch. | Freq.
(MHz) | Power | Tune-Up
Limit
(dBm) | Tune-up
Scaling
Factor | Power
Drift
(dB) | Measured
1g SAR
(W/kg) | Reported
1g SAR
(W/kg) |
|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|--------------|------------------|-------------|-------|----------------|-------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 01 | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Right Cheek | 0mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 23.61 | 24.00 | 1.094 | -0.05 | 0.167 | 0.183 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 25 | Right Cheek | 0mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 22.40 | 23.00 | 1.148 | -0.07 | 0.139 | 0.160 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Right Tilted | 0mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 23.61 | 24.00 | 1.094 | -0.13 | 0.087 | 0.095 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 25 | Right Tilted | 0mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 22.40 | 23.00 | 1.148 | 0.03 | 0.067 | 0.077 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Left Cheek | 0mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 23.61 | 24.00 | 1.094 | 0.14 | 0.154 | 0.168 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 25 | Left Cheek | 0mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 22.40 | 23.00 | 1.148 | -0.05 | 0.115 | 0.132 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Left Tilted | 0mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 23.61 | 24.00 | 1.094 | -0.12 | 0.089 | 0.097 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 25 | Left Tilted | 0mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 22.40 | 23.00 | 1.148 | 0.09 | 0.068 | 0.078 |

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14.2 Hotspot SAR

<LTE SAR>

| Plot
No. | Band | BW
(MHz) | Modulation | RB
Size | RB
offset | Test
Position | Gap
(mm) | Ch. | Freq.
(MHz) | Power | Tune-Up
Limit
(dBm) | Tune-up
Scaling
Factor | Power
Drift
(dB) | Measured
1g SAR
(W/kg) | Reported
1g SAR
(W/kg) |
|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|--------------|------------------|-------------|-------|----------------|-------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 02 | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Front | 10mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 23.61 | 24.00 | 1.094 | -0.11 | 0.315 | 0.345 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 25 | Front | 10mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 22.40 | 23.00 | 1.148 | -0.03 | 0.253 | 0.290 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Back | 10mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 23.61 | 24.00 | 1.094 | 0.06 | 0.174 | 0.190 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 25 | Back | 10mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 22.40 | 23.00 | 0.869 | 0.08 | 0.137 | 0.119 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Left Side | 10mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 23.61 | 24.00 | 1.445 | -0.14 | 0.162 | 0.234 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 25 | Left Side | 10mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 22.40 | 23.00 | 1.148 | -0.11 | 0.119 | 0.137 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Right Side | 10mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 23.61 | 24.00 | 1.094 | 0.01 | 0.286 | 0.313 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 25 | Right Side | 10mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 22.40 | 23.00 | 1.148 | -0.09 | 0.217 | 0.249 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Bottom Side | 10mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 23.61 | 24.00 | 1.094 | -0.06 | 0.146 | 0.160 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 25 | Bottom Side | 10mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 22.40 | 23.00 | 1.148 | -0.09 | 0.115 | 0.132 |

14.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<LTE SAR>

| Plo
No. | | BW
(MHz) | Modulation | RB
Size | RB
offset | Test
Position | Gap
(mm) | Ch. | Freq.
(MHz) | Power | | Tune-up
Scaling
Factor | | Measured
1g SAR
(W/kg) | Reported
1g SAR
(W/kg) |
|------------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|--------------|------------------|-------------|-------|----------------|-------|-------|------------------------------|-------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 03 | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Front | 15mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 23.61 | 24.00 | 1.094 | -0.19 | 0.246 | 0.269 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 25 | Front | 15mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 22.40 | 23.00 | 1.148 | -0.01 | 0.193 | 0.222 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 1 | 25 | Back | 15mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 23.61 | 24.00 | 1.094 | 0.18 | 0.154 | 0.168 |
| | LTE Band 5 | 10M | QPSK | 25 | 25 | Back | 15mm | 20525 | 836.5 | 22.40 | 23.00 | 1.148 | -0.1 | 0.128 | 0.147 |

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15. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

| | Simultaneous Transmission | | Portable | Handset | |
|-----|---------------------------|------|-----------|---------|---------------------|
| NO. | Configurations | Head | Body-worn | Hotspot | Product
Specific |
| 1. | GSM Voice + WLAN2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | | Yes |
| 2. | GPRS/EDGE + WLAN2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 3. | WCDMA + WLAN2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 4. | LTE + WLAN2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 5. | GSM Voice + Bluetooth | | Yes | | Yes |
| 6. | GPRS/EDGE + Bluetooth | | Yes | | Yes |
| 7. | WCDMA+ Bluetooth | | Yes | | Yes |
| 8. | LTE + Bluetooth | | Yes | | Yes |
| 9. | GSM Voice + WLAN5GHz | Yes | Yes | | Yes |
| 10. | GPRS/EDGE + WLAN5GHz | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 11. | WCDMA + WLAN5GHz | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 12. | LTE + WLAN5GHz | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |

General Note:

This report only has LTE Band 5 test record, the other frequency test records please refer to Sporton FCC SAR Test Report, Report No.: FA712016 as Appendix D and the all testing results are used for simultaneous transmission analysis.

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- 2. This device 2.4GHz / 5.2GHz / 5.8GHz WLAN support Hotspot operation.
- The worst case WLAN reported SAR for each configuration was used for SAR summation. Therefore, the following summations represent the absolute worst cases for simultaneous transmission with WLAN.
- 4. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- EUT will choose either WLAN 2.4GHz or WLAN 5GHz according to the network signal condition; therefore, 2.4GHz WLAN and 5GHz WLAN will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- 6. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if, 7.
 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]$, where (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
- For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v06 based on the formula below.
 - i) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]· [√f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
 - ii) When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
 - iii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

| Bluetooth | Exposure Position | Body worn |
|-----------|----------------------|------------|
| Max Power | Test separation | 15 mm |
| 8dBm | Estimated SAR (W/kg) | 0.084 W/kg |

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15.1 Head Exposure Conditions

| | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | | |
|--------|--------------|--------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| WWAI | WWAN Band | | WWAN | 2.4GHz WLAN | 5GHz WLAN | 1+2
Summed | 1+3
Summed |
| | | | 1g SAR
(W/kg) | 1g SAR
(W/kg) | 1g SAR
(W/kg) | 1g SAR (W/kg) | 1g SAR (W/kg) |
| | | Right Cheek | 0.188 | 0.795 | 0.416 | 0.983 | 0.604 |
| | GSM850 | Right Tilted | 0.091 | 0.580 | 0.407 | 0.671 | 0.498 |
| | GSIVIOSO | Left Cheek | 0.180 | 0.235 | 0.211 | 0.415 | 0.391 |
| GSM | | Left Tilted | 0.106 | 0.183 | 0.225 | 0.289 | 0.331 |
| GSIVI | | Right Cheek | 0.085 | 0.795 | 0.416 | 0.880 | 0.501 |
| | GSM1900 | Right Tilted | 0.068 | 0.580 | 0.407 | 0.648 | 0.475 |
| | GSW1900 | Left Cheek | 0.182 | 0.235 | 0.211 | 0.417 | 0.393 |
| | | Left Tilted | 0.052 | 0.183 | 0.225 | 0.235 | 0.277 |
| | | Right Cheek | 0.143 | 0.795 | 0.416 | 0.938 | 0.559 |
| | WCDMA II | Right Tilted | 0.107 | 0.580 | 0.407 | 0.687 | 0.514 |
| | | Left Cheek | 0.285 | 0.235 | 0.211 | 0.520 | 0.496 |
| MODAAA | | Left Tilted | 0.082 | 0.183 | 0.225 | 0.265 | 0.307 |
| WCDMA | WCDMA V | Right Cheek | 0.209 | 0.795 | 0.416 | 1.004 | 0.625 |
| | | Right Tilted | 0.096 | 0.580 | 0.407 | 0.676 | 0.503 |
| | | Left Cheek | 0.194 | 0.235 | 0.211 | 0.429 | 0.405 |
| | | Left Tilted | 0.119 | 0.183 | 0.225 | 0.302 | 0.344 |
| | | Right Cheek | 0.183 | 0.795 | 0.416 | 0.978 | 0.599 |
| | LTE Davide | Right Tilted | 0.095 | 0.580 | 0.407 | 0.675 | 0.502 |
| | LTE Band 5 | Left Cheek | 0.168 | 0.235 | 0.211 | 0.403 | 0.379 |
| | | Left Tilted | 0.097 | 0.183 | 0.225 | 0.280 | 0.322 |
| | | Right Cheek | 0.171 | 0.795 | 0.416 | 0.966 | 0.587 |
| | 1.TE D 1.7 | Right Tilted | 0.038 | 0.580 | 0.407 | 0.618 | 0.445 |
| LTE | LTE Band 7 | Left Cheek | 0.136 | 0.235 | 0.211 | 0.371 | 0.347 |
| | | Left Tilted | 0.083 | 0.183 | 0.225 | 0.266 | 0.308 |
| | | Right Cheek | 0.080 | 0.795 | 0.416 | 0.875 | 0.496 |
| | LTE David CC | Right Tilted | 0.017 | 0.580 | 0.407 | 0.597 | 0.424 |
| | LTE Band 38 | Left Cheek | 0.053 | 0.235 | 0.211 | 0.288 | 0.264 |
| | | Left Tilted | 0.035 | 0.183 | 0.225 | 0.218 | 0.260 |

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15.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

| | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | | |
|-----------|-------------|-------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| WWAN Band | | Exposure | WWAN | 2.4GHz WLAN | 5GHz WLAN | 1+2
Summed | 1+3
Summed |
| VVVA | N Danu | Position | 1g SAR
(W/kg) | 1g SAR
(W/kg) | 1g SAR
(W/kg) | | 1g SAR (W/kg) |
| | | Front | 0.364 | 0.184 | 0.077 | 0.548 | 0.441 |
| | | Back | 0.211 | 0.055 | 0.008 | 0.266 | 0.219 |
| | GSM850 | Left side | 0.138 | 0.056 | 0.020 | 0.194 | 0.158 |
| | GSIVIOSU | Right side | 0.256 | | | 0.256 | 0.256 |
| | | Top side | | 0.061 | 0.046 | 0.061 | 0.046 |
| GSM | | Bottom side | 0.159 | | | 0.159 | 0.159 |
| GSIVI | | Front | 1.190 | 0.184 | 0.077 | 1.374 | 1.267 |
| | | Back | 0.169 | 0.055 | 0.008 | 0.224 | 0.177 |
| | CSM1000 | Left side | 0.266 | 0.056 | 0.020 | 0.322 | 0.286 |
| | GSM1900 | Right side | 0.010 | | | 0.010 | 0.010 |
| | | Top side | | 0.061 | 0.046 | 0.061 | 0.046 |
| | | Bottom side | 0.712 | | | 0.712 | 0.712 |
| | | Front | 0.933 | 0.184 | 0.077 | 1.117 | 1.010 |
| | | Back | 0.183 | 0.055 | 0.008 | 0.238 | 0.191 |
| | MODMAN | Left side | 0.315 | 0.056 | 0.020 | 0.371 | 0.335 |
| | WCDMA II | Right side | 0.015 | | | 0.015 | 0.015 |
| | | Top side | | 0.061 | 0.046 | 0.061 | 0.046 |
| 14/00144 | | Bottom side | 0.913 | | | 0.913 | 0.913 |
| WCDMA | | Front | 0.396 | 0.184 | 0.077 | 0.580 | 0.473 |
| | | Back | 0.224 | 0.055 | 0.008 | 0.279 | 0.232 |
| | 14/00444 1/ | Left side | 0.163 | 0.056 | 0.020 | 0.219 | 0.183 |
| | WCDMA V | Right side | 0.292 | | | 0.292 | 0.292 |
| | | Top side | | 0.061 | 0.046 | 0.061 | 0.046 |
| | | Bottom side | 0.187 | | | 0.187 | 0.187 |
| | | Front | 0.345 | 0.184 | 0.077 | 0.529 | 0.422 |
| | | Back | 0.190 | 0.055 | 0.008 | 0.245 | 0.198 |
| | LTE Davide | Left side | 0.234 | 0.056 | 0.020 | 0.290 | 0.254 |
| | LTE Band 5 | Right side | 0.313 | | | 0.313 | 0.313 |
| | | Top side | | 0.061 | 0.046 | 0.061 | 0.046 |
| | | Bottom side | 0.160 | | | 0.160 | 0.160 |
| | | Front | 0.464 | 0.184 | 0.077 | 0.648 | 0.541 |
| | | Back | 0.379 | 0.055 | 0.008 | 0.434 | 0.387 |
| | 1.TE D 1.7 | Left side | 0.089 | 0.056 | 0.020 | 0.145 | 0.109 |
| LTE | LTE Band 7 | Right side | 0.417 | | | 0.417 | 0.417 |
| | | Top side | | 0.061 | 0.046 | 0.061 | 0.046 |
| | | Bottom side | 0.445 | | | 0.445 | 0.445 |
| | | Front | 0.218 | 0.184 | 0.077 | 0.402 | 0.295 |
| | | Back | 0.114 | 0.055 | 0.008 | 0.169 | 0.122 |
| | LTE Devides | Left side | 0.036 | 0.056 | 0.020 | 0.092 | 0.056 |
| | LTE Band 38 | Right side | 0.146 | | | 0.146 | 0.146 |
| | | Top side | | 0.061 | 0.046 | 0.061 | 0.046 |
| | | Bottom side | 0.154 | | | 0.154 | 0.154 |

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15.3 Product Specific

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 1+2 | 1+3 |
|---------|-------------|-----------|----------------|----------------|
| WWAN | 2.4GHz WLAN | 5GHz WLAN | Summed | Summed |
| 10g SAR | 10g SAR | 10g SAR | 10g SAR (W/kg) | 10g SAR (W/kg) |
| (W/kg) | (W/kg) | (W/kg) | | |
| - | - | 0.184 | - | 0.184 |

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General Note:

- 1. The worst case 5GHz WLAN results are taking from 5.3GHz (U-NII-2A) and 5.5GHz (U-NII-2C) perform product specific simultaneous transmission analysis.
- 2. According to KDB 648474 D04v01r03, for WWAN and 2.4GHz WLAN SAR ("-") was excluded, due to Body SAR was < 1.2W/kg.

15.4 <u>Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions</u>

| WWAN Band | | Exposure
Position | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | |
|-----------|--------------|----------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | | WWAN | 2.4GHz
WLAN | 5GHz
WLAN | Bluetooth | 1+2
Summed
1g SAR
(W/kg) | 1+3
Summed
1g SAR
(W/kg) | 1+4
Summed
1g SAR
(W/kg) |
| | | | 1g SAR
(W/kg) | 1g SAR
(W/kg) | 1g SAR
(W/kg) | Estimated
1g SAR
(W/kg) | | | |
| | GSM850 | Front | 0.236 | 0.062 | 0.026 | 0.084 | 0.298 | 0.262 | 0.320 |
| GSM | GSIVI630 | Back | 0.190 | 0.030 | 0.001 | 0.084 | 0.220 | 0.191 | 0.274 |
| GSIVI | GSM1900 | Front | 0.335 | 0.062 | 0.026 | 0.084 | 0.397 | 0.361 | 0.419 |
| | G3W1900 | Back | 0.103 | 0.030 | 0.001 | 0.084 | 0.133 | 0.104 | 0.187 |
| | WCDMA II | Front | 0.518 | 0.062 | 0.026 | 0.084 | 0.580 | 0.544 | 0.602 |
| WCDMA | | Back | 0.134 | 0.030 | 0.001 | 0.084 | 0.164 | 0.135 | 0.218 |
| WCDIVIA | WCDMA V | Front | 0.260 | 0.062 | 0.026 | 0.084 | 0.322 | 0.286 | 0.344 |
| | WCDIVIA V | Back | 0.204 | 0.030 | 0.001 | 0.084 | 0.234 | 0.205 | 0.288 |
| | LTE Band 5 | Front | 0.269 | 0.062 | 0.026 | 0.084 | 0.331 | 0.295 | 0.353 |
| | LIE Band 5 | Back | 0.168 | 0.030 | 0.001 | 0.084 | 0.198 | 0.169 | 0.252 |
| 1.75 | LTC Dond 7 | Front | 0.246 | 0.062 | 0.026 | 0.084 | 0.308 | 0.272 | 0.330 |
| LTE | LTE Band 7 | Back | 0.202 | 0.030 | 0.001 | 0.084 | 0.232 | 0.203 | 0.286 |
| | LTC David 20 | Front | 0.111 | 0.062 | 0.026 | 0.084 | 0.173 | 0.137 | 0.195 |
| | LTE Band 38 | Back | 0.059 | 0.030 | 0.001 | 0.084 | 0.089 | 0.060 | 0.143 |

Test Engineer: Iran Wang and Tommy Chen

16. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

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A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

| Uncertainty Distributions | Normal | Rectangular | Triangular | U-Shape |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------|---------|
| Multi-plying Factor ^(a) | 1/k ^(b) | 1/√3 | 1/√6 | 1/√2 |

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 16.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

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| Error Description | Uncertainty
Value
(±%) | Probability | Divisor | (Ci)
1g | (Ci)
10g | Standard
Uncertainty
(1g) (±%) | Standard
Uncertainty
(10g) (±%) | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|---------|------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Measurement System | | | | | | | | |
| Probe Calibration | 6.00 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6.0 | 6.0 | |
| Axial Isotropy | 4.70 | R | 1.732 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.9 | 1.9 | |
| Hemispherical Isotropy | 9.60 | R | 1.732 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 3.9 | 3.9 | |
| Boundary Effects | 1.00 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | |
| Linearity | 4.70 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 2.7 | 2.7 | |
| System Detection Limits | 1.00 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | |
| Modulation Response | 4.68 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 2.7 | 2.7 | |
| Readout Electronics | 0.30 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | |
| Response Time | 0.00 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Integration Time | 2.60 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.5 | 1.5 | |
| RF Ambient Noise | 3.00 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 | |
| RF Ambient Reflections | 3.00 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 | |
| Probe Positioner | 0.40 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | |
| Probe Positioning | 2.90 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 | |
| Max. SAR Eval. | 2.00 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | | | |
| Device Positioning | 3.03 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | |
| Device Holder | 3.60 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.6 | 3.6 | |
| Power Drift | 5.00 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 2.9 | 2.9 | |
| Power Scaling | 0.00 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Phantom and Setup | | | | | | | | |
| Phantom Uncertainty | 6.10 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 3.5 | 3.5 | |
| SAR correction | 0.00 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 0.84 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Liquid Conductivity Repeatability | 0.03 | N | 1 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Liquid Conductivity (target) | 5.00 | R | 1.732 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 2.3 | 2.0 | |
| Liquid Conductivity (mea.) | 2.50 | R | 1.732 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 1.1 | 1.0 | |
| Temp. unc Conductivity | 3.68 | R | 1.732 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 1.7 | 1.5 | |
| Liquid Permittivity Repeatability | 0.02 | N | 1 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Liquid Permittivity (target) | 5.00 | R | 1.732 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.7 | 0.8 | |
| Liquid Permittivity (mea.) | 2.50 | R | 1.732 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.3 | 0.4 | |
| Temp. unc Permittivity | 0.84 | R | 1.732 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.1 | 0.1 | |
| Cor | Combined Std. Uncertainty | | | | | | | |
| Co | K=2 | K=2 | | | | | | |
| Expanded STD Uncertainty | | | | | | | 23.1% | |

Table 16.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

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| Error Description | Uncertainty
Value
(±%) | Probability | Divisor | (Ci)
1g | (Ci)
10g | Standard
Uncertainty
(1g) (±%) | Standard
Uncertainty
(10g) (±%) | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|---------|------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Measurement System | | | | | | | | |
| Probe Calibration | 7.00 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 7.0 | 7.0 | |
| Axial Isotropy | 4.70 | R | 1.732 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.9 | 1.9 | |
| Hemispherical Isotropy | 9.60 | R | 1.732 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 3.9 | 3.9 | |
| Boundary Effects | 2.00 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | |
| Linearity | 4.70 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 2.7 | 2.7 | |
| System Detection Limits | 1.00 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | |
| Modulation Response | 4.68 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 2.7 | 2.7 | |
| Readout Electronics | 0.30 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | |
| Response Time | 0.00 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Integration Time | 2.60 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.5 | 1.5 | |
| RF Ambient Noise | 3.00 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 | |
| RF Ambient Reflections | 3.00 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 | |
| Probe Positioner | 0.40 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | |
| Probe Positioning | 6.70 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 3.9 | 3.9 | |
| Max. SAR Eval. | 4.00 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | | | |
| Device Positioning | 3.03 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | |
| Device Holder | 3.60 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.6 | 3.6 | |
| Power Drift | 5.00 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 2.9 | 2.9 | |
| Power Scaling | 0.00 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Phantom and Setup | | | | | | | | |
| Phantom Uncertainty | 6.60 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 3.8 | 3.8 | |
| SAR correction | 0.00 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 0.84 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Liquid Conductivity Repeatability | 0.03 | N | 1 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Liquid Conductivity (target) | 5.00 | R | 1.732 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 2.3 | 2.0 | |
| Liquid Conductivity (mea.) | 2.50 | R | 1.732 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 1.1 | 1.0 | |
| Temp. unc Conductivity | 3.68 | R | 1.732 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 1.7 | 1.5 | |
| Liquid Permittivity Repeatability | 0.02 | N | 1 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Liquid Permittivity (target) | 5.00 | R | 1.732 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.7 | 0.8 | |
| Liquid Permittivity (mea.) | 2.50 | R | 1.732 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.3 | 0.4 | |
| Temp. unc Permittivity | 0.84 | R | 1.732 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.1 | 0.1 | |
| Cor | Combined Std. Uncertainty | | | | | | | |
| Co | K=2 | K=2 | | | | | | |
| Expanded STD Uncertainty | | | | | | | 25.8% | |

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Table 16.3. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 3 GHz to 6 GHz

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17. References

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