

TEST REPORT

No.B18N00612-SAR

For

HMD Global Oy

Smart phone

Model Name: TA-1075

With

Hardware Version: 0401/0405

Software Version: 00WW_0_266

FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1075

Issued Date: 2018-05-30

Designation Number: CN1210

Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of SAICT.

Test Laboratory:

Shenzhen Academy of Information and Communications Technology

Building G, Shenzhen International Innovation Center, No.1006 Shennan Road, Futian District, Shenzhen,

Guangdong, P. R. China 518026.

Tel: +86(0)755-33322000, Fax: +86(0)755-33322001 Email: yewu@caict.ac.cn, website: www.cszit.com



REPORT HISTORY

Report Number	Revision	Issue Date	Description
B18N00612-SAR	Rev.0	2018-05-30	Initial creation of test report



TABLE OF CONTENT

1 TEST LABORATORY	5
1.1 TESTING LOCATION 1.2 TESTING ENVIRONMENT 1.3 PROJECT DATA 1.4 SIGNATURE	5 5
2 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE	6
3 CLIENT INFORMATION	g
3.1 APPLICANT INFORMATION	
4 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) AND ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT (AE	<u>:</u>)10
4.1 ABOUT EUT	10
5 TEST METHODOLOGY	11
5.1 APPLICABLE LIMIT REGULATIONS	
6 SPECIFIC ABSORPTION RATE (SAR)	12
6.1 Introduction	
7 TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUIDS	13
7.1 TARGETS FOR TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUID	
8 SYSTEM VERIFICATION	20
8.1 SYSTEM SETUP	
9 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES	22
9.1 Tests to be performed	22
9.2 GENERAL MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE	
9.3 WCDMA MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES FOR SAR	
9.5 SAR MEASUREMENT FOR LTE	
9.6 LTE (TDD) Considerations	
9.7 Power Drift	
10 AREA SCAN BASED 1-G SAR	28
10.1 REQUIREMENT OF KDB.	
10.2 FAST SAR ALGORITHMS	
11 CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER	29
11.1 GSM MEASUREMENT RESULT	
11.2 WCDMA MEASUREMENT RESULT.	
11.3 LTE MEASUREMENT RESULT	
12 SIMILITANEOUS TY SAP CONSIDERATIONS	



12.1 Introduction	
12.2 Transmit Antenna Separation Distances	
12.4 STANDALONE SAR TEST EXCLUSION CONSIDERATIONS	
13 EVALUATION OF SIMULTANEOUS	42
14 SAR TEST RESULT	43
14.1 SAR results	
14.2 WLAN EVALUATION FOR 2.4G	
14.3 WLAN EVALUATION FOR 5G	
15 SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY	
16 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	
16.1 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY FOR NORMAL SAR TESTS (300MHz~3GHz)	
16.2 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY FOR FAST SAR TESTS (300MHZ~3GHZ)	
16.4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY FOR FAST SAR TESTS (3GHZ~6GHZ)	
17 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS	59
ANNEX A GRAPH RESULTS	
ANNEX B SYSTEMVERIFICATION RESULTS	76
ANNEX C SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP	91
C.1 Measurement Set-up	91
C.2 DASY5 E-FIELD PROBE SYSTEM	92
C.3 E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION	
C.4 OTHER TEST EQUIPMENT.	
ANNEX D POSITION OF THE WIRELESS DEVICE IN RELATION TO THE PHANTOM	
D.1 GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS	
D.3 DESKTOP DEVICE	
D.4 DUT SETUP PHOTOS	
ANNEX E EQUIVALENT MEDIA RECIPES	100
ANNEX F SYSTEM VALIDATION	101
ANNEX G DAE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE	102
ANNEX H PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE	105
ANNEX I DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE	116
ANNEX J EXTENDED CALIBRATION SAR DIPOLE	164
ANNEX K SPOT CHECK TEST	167
K.1 Internal Identification of EUT used during the spot check test	167
K.2 Measurement results	167
ANNEX L SYSTEMVERIFICATION RESULTS FOR SPOT CHECK TEST	183



1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Testing Location

Shenzhen Academy of Information and Communications Technology
Building G, Shenzhen International Innovation Center, No.1006
Shennan Road, Futian District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P. R. China
518026
+86-755-33322000
+86-755-33322001

1.2 Testing Environment

Temperature:	18°C~25 °C	
Relative humidity:	30%~ 70%	
Ground system resistance:	<4Ω	
Ambient noise & Reflection:	< 0.012 W/kg	

1.3 Project Data

Testing Start Date:	May 02, 2018
Testing End Date:	May 18, 2018

1.4 Signature

李阳高

Li Yongfu

(Prepared this test report)

Zhang Yunzhuan

(Reviewed this test report)

Cao Junfei

Deputy Director of the laboratory (Approved this test report)



2 Statement of Compliance

This EUT is a variant product and the report of original sample is No.B18N00594-SAR. According to the client request, we quote the test results of original sample. The results of spot check are presented in annex K.

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for HMD Global Oy Smart phone TA-1075 are as follows:

Table 2.1: Highest Reported SAR for Head (1g)

Exposure Configuration	Technology Band	Highest Reported SAR 1g(W/Kg)	Equipment Class
	GSM850	0.21	
	PCS1900	0.17	
	UMTS FDD 5	0.29	DOE
Head (Separation Distance 0mm)	LTE Band 5	0.35	PCE
	LTE Band 7	0.25	
	LTE Band 38	0.14	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.82	DTS
	WLAN 5GHz	1.10	U-NII-2A

Table 2.2: Highest Reported SAR for Hotspot (1g)

Exposure Configuration	Technology Band	Highest Reported SAR 1g(W/Kg)	Equipment Class	
	GSM850	0.29		
	PCS1900	1.34		
	UMTS FDD 5	0.56	PCE	
Hotspot	LTE Band 5	0.55	PCE	
(Separation Distance 10 mm)	LTE Band 7	0.59		
	LTE Band 38	0.36		
	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.18	DTS	
	WLAN 5GHz	0.09	U-NII-2A	



Table 2.3: Highest Reported SAR for Body-worn (1g)

Exposure Configuration	Technology Band	Highest Reported SAR 1g(W/Kg)	Equipment Class
	GSM850	0.14	
	PCS1900	1.08	
	UMTS FDD 5	0.39	DOE
Body-worn	LTE Band 5	0.39	PCE
(Separation Distance 15 mm)	LTE Band 7	0.23	
	LTE Band 38	0.12	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.08	DTS
	WLAN 5GHz	<0.01	/

The SAR values found for the Mobile Phone are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6 W/Kg as averaged over any 1g tissue according to the ANSI C95.1-1992.

For body worn operation, this device has been tested and meets FCC RF exposure guidelines when used with any accessory that contains no metal and which provides a minimum separation distance of 15mm between this device and the body of the user. Use of other accessories may not ensure compliance with FCC RF exposure guidelines.

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output.

The measurement together with the test system set-up is described in annex C of this test report. A detailed description of the equipment under test can be found in chapter 4 of this test report.

The highest reported SAR value is obtained at the case of (Table 2.1 & 2.2 & 2.3), and the values are: 1.34W/kg (1g).



Table 2.2: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and Wi-Fi

1	Position	Main antenna	Wi-Fi	Sum
Highest reported SAR value for Head	Left Touch	0.26	1.10	1.36
Highest reported SAR value for Hotspot	Bottom	1.34	/	1.34
Highest reported SAR value for Body-worn	Rear	1.08	0.08	1.16

Table2.3: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and BT

1	Position	Main antenna	BT*	Sum
Highest reported SAR value for Head	Right Touch	0.35	0.13	0.48
Highest reported SAR value for Hotspot	Bottom	1.34	/	1.34
Highest reported SAR value for Body-worn	Rear	1.08	0.04	1.12

BT*-Estimated SAR for Bluetooth (seethetable13.3)

According to the above tables, the highest sum of reported SAR values is **1.36W/kg (1g)**. The detail for simultaneous transmission consideration is described in chapter 13.



3 Client Information

3.1 Applicant Information

Company Name:	HMD Global Oy
Address /Post:	Karaportti 2 02610 Espoo FINLAND
Contact:	Mikko Kahlos
Email:	mikko.kahlos@hmdglobal.com
Telephone:	+358 408036126
Fax:	+97143697604

3.2 Manufacturer Information

Company Name:	HMD Global Oy
Address /Post:	Karaportti 2 02610 Espoo FINLAND
Contact:	Mikko Kahlos
Email:	mikko.kahlos@hmdglobal.com
Telephone:	+358 408036126
Fax:	+97143697604



4 Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

4.1 About EUT

Description:	Smart phone				
Model Name:	TA-1075				
Operating mode(s):	GSM 850/1900, WCDMA 850,				
Operating mode(s):	LTE_ Band 5/738, BT, Wi-Fi 2.4G/5G.				
	825 – 848.8MHz (GSM 850)				
	1850.2 – 1910MHz (GSM 1900)				
	826.4 – 846.6MHz (WCDMA850 Band V)				
Tooted Ty Fraguency	824.7 – 848.3MHz (LTE_FDD Band 5)				
Tested Tx Frequency:	2502.5 – 2567.5MHz (LTE_FDD Band 7)				
	2572.5 – 2617.5MHz (LTE_TDD Band 38)				
	2412 – 2462MHz (Wi-Fi 2.4G)				
	5150 – 5825MHz (Wi-Fi 5G)				
GPRS&EGPRS Multislot Class:	12				
Test device Production information:	Production unit				
Device type:	Portable device				
Antenna type:	Integrated antenna				
Hotspot mode:	Support				

4.2 Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

EUT ID*	IMEI	HW Version	SW Version
EUT1	004402972191666	0301	00WW_0_266
EUT2	004402972191476	0301	00WW_0_266
EUT3	004402972192375	0305	00WW_0_266
EUT4	004402972191633	0301	00WW_0_266
EUT5	004402971272533	0401	00WW_0_266

^{*}EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

Note: It is performed to test SAR with the EUT 1 & 2 & 3 & 5, and conducted power with the EUT 4.

4.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description	Model	Manufacturer			
AE1	Battery	HE336	SCUD(Fujian) Electronics Co., Ltd.			
AE2	AE2 Headset WH-108		Foxconn			

^{*}AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.



5 TEST METHODOLOGY

5.1 Applicable Limit Regulations

ANSI C95.1–1992: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

It specifies the maximum exposure limit of **1.6 W/kg** as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

5.2 Applicable Measurement Standards

IEEE 1528–2013: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques.

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06: Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies.

KDB648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets.

KDB941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices v03r01: SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices

KDB941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05: SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices

KDB 941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v02r01: SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities

KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02: SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) Transmitters.

KDB 865664 D01SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations



6 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ) . The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt}(\frac{dW}{dm}) = \frac{d}{dt}(\frac{dW}{\rho dv})$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = c(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t})$$

Where: C is the specific head capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.



7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

7.1 Targets for tissue simulating liquid

Table 7.1: Targets for tissue simulating liquid

and the second community of the										
Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Conductivity (σ)	± 5% Range	Permittivity (ε)	± 5% Range					
835	Head	0.90	0.86~0.95	41.50	39.4~43.6					
835	Body	0.97	0.92~1.02	55.20	52.4~58.0					
1900	Head	1.40	1.33~1.47	40.00	38.0~42.0					
1900	Body	1.52	1.44~1.60	53.30	50.6~56.0					
2450	Head	1.80	1.71~1.89	39.20	37.2~41.2					
2450	Body	1.95	1.85~2.05	52.70	50.1~55.3					
2550	Head	1.91	1.81~2.01	39.07	37.1~41.0					
2550	Body	2.09	1.99~2.19	52.60	50.0~55.2					
5200	Head	4.66	4.43~4.89	35.99	34.2~37.7					
5200	Body	5.30	5.04~5.56	49.00	46.6~51.4					
5300	Head	4.76	4.52~5.00	35.87	34.1~37.6					
5300	Body	5.42	5.15~5.69	48.90	46.5~51.3					
5600	Head	5.07	4.82~5.32	35.53	33.8~37.3					
5600	Body	5.77	5.48~6.06	48.50	46.1~50.9					
5800	Head	5.27	5.01~5.53	35.30	33.5~37.1					
5800	Body	6.00	5.70~6.30	48.20	45.8~50.6					



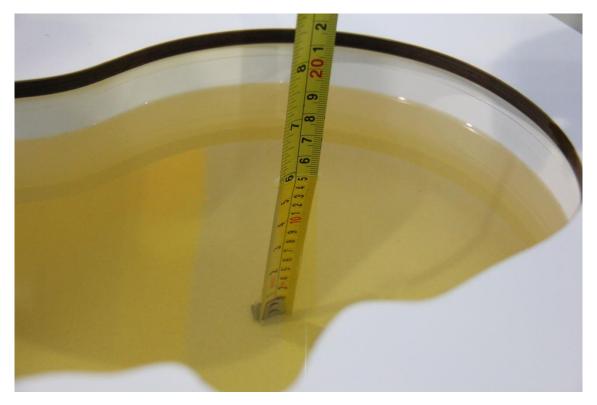
7.2 Dielectric Performance

Table 7.2: Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Measurement Date (yyyy-mm-dd)	Туре	Frequency	Conductivity σ (S/m)	Drift (%)	Permittivity ε	Drift (%)
2018-5-8	Head	835	0.890	-1.11	41.72	0.53
2018-5-8	Body	835	0.988	1.86	53.69	-2.74
2018-5-2	Head	1900	1.419	1.36	39.61	-0.98
2018-5-14	Body	1900	1.574	3.55	52.95	-0.66
2018-5-16	Head	2450	1.842	2.33	38.74	-1.17
2018-5-16	Body	2450	1.928	-1.13	53.53	1.57
2018-5-5	Head	2550	1.971	3.19	38.36	-1.82
2018-5-5	Body	2550	2.052	-1.82	53.21	1.16
2018-5-18	Head	5300	4.847	1.83	35.38	-1.37
2018-5-18	Body	5300	5.379	-0.76	50.22	2.70
2018-5-18	Head	5600	5.212	2.80	34.85	-1.91
2018-5-18	Body	5600	5.654	-2.01	48.97	0.97
2018-5-18	Head	5800	5.408	2.62	34.59	-2.01
2018-5-18	Body	5800	6.193	3.22	47.52	-1.41

Note: The liquid temperature is 22.0°C.



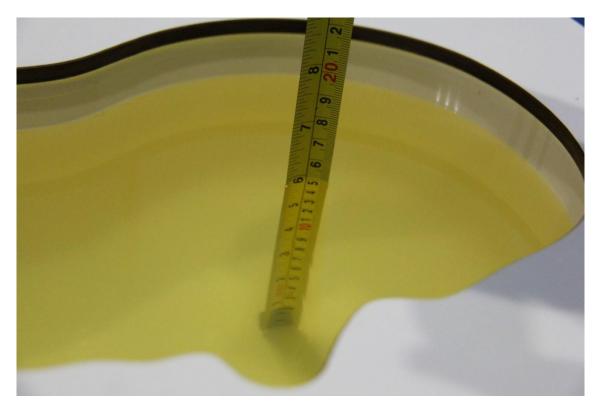


Picture 7-1: Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (835 MHz)

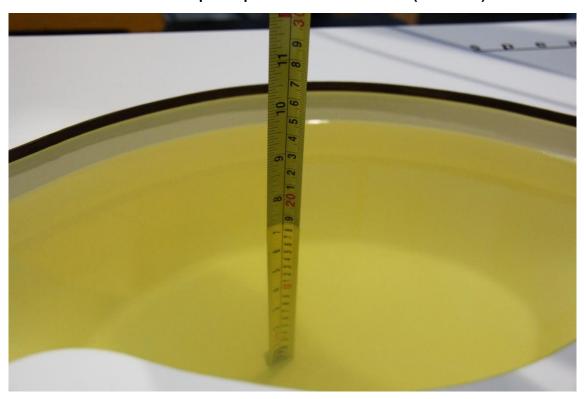


Picture 7-2: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (835 MHz)



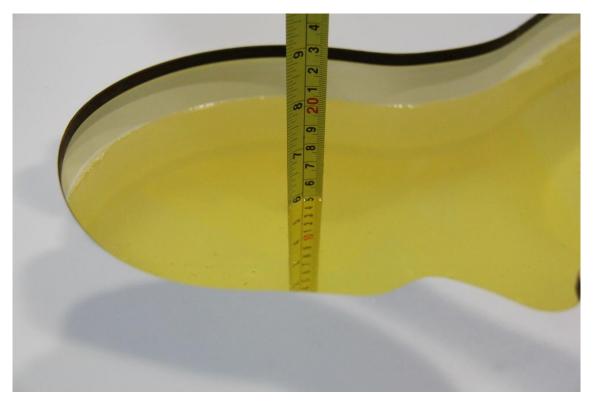


Picture 7-3: Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (1900 MHz)



Picture 7-4: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (1900MHz)





Picture 7-5: Liquid depth in the Head Phantom(2450MHz)



Picture 7-6: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom(2450MHz)





Picture 7-7: Liquid depth in the Head Phantom(2550MHz)



Picture 7-8: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom(2550MHz)





Picture 7-9: Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (5GHz)



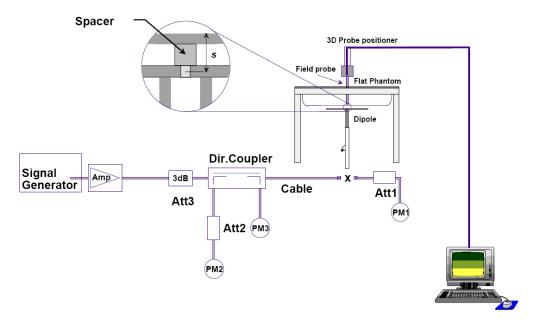
Picture 7-10: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (5GHz)



8 System verification

8.1 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:



Picture 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation



Picture 8.2 Photo of Dipole Setup



8.2 System Verification

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device.

The system verification results are required that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR. The details are presented in annex B.

Table 8.1: System Verification of Head

Measurement		Target val	Target value (W/kg) Measured value (W/kg) Deviation (%)			ion (%)	
Date	Frequency	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g
(yyyy-mm-dd)		Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average
2018-5-8	835 MHz	6.03	9.22	5.92	8.96	-1.82	-2.82
2018-5-2	1900 MHz	21.0	40.8	21.32	42.00	1.52	2.94
2018-5-16	2450 MHz	24.1	52.5	24.72	54.40	2.57	3.62
2018-5-5	2550 MHz	26.2	57.2	26.32	58.00	0.46	1.40
2018-5-18	5300 MHz	23.7	83.0	24.10	85.20	1.69	2.65
2018-5-18	5600 MHz	23.6	82.9	23.80	84.50	0.85	1.93
2018-5-18	5800 MHz	22.3	78.8	22.60	81.10	1.35	2.92

Table 8.2: System Verification of Body

Measurement		Target value (W/kg) Measured value (W/kg) Deviation (%)			Target value (W/kg) Measured value (W/kg)		
Date	Frequency	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g
(yyyy-mm-dd)		Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average
2018-5-8	835 MHz	6.20	9.44	6.36	9.84	2.58	4.24
2018-5-14	1900 MHz	21.3	41.1	21.92	42.80	2.91	4.14
2018-5-16	2450 MHz	24.4	52.3	24.08	50.80	-1.31	-2.87
2018-5-5	2550 MHz	25.1	54.8	24.80	52.80	-1.20	-3.65
2018-5-18	5300 MHz	21.5	76.5	21.10	74.50	-1.86	-2.61
2018-5-18	5600 MHz	22.1	79.1	21.70	77.20	-1.81	-2.40
2018-5-18	5800 MHz	21.1	76.2	21.60	78.50	2.37	3.02



9 Measurement Procedures

9.1 Tests to be performed

In order to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR of a handset, all device positions, configurations and operational modes shall be tested for each frequency band according to steps 1 to 3 below. A flowchart of the test process is shown in picture 9.1.

Step 1: The tests described in 9.2 shall be performed at the channel that is closest to the center of the transmit frequency band (f_c) for:

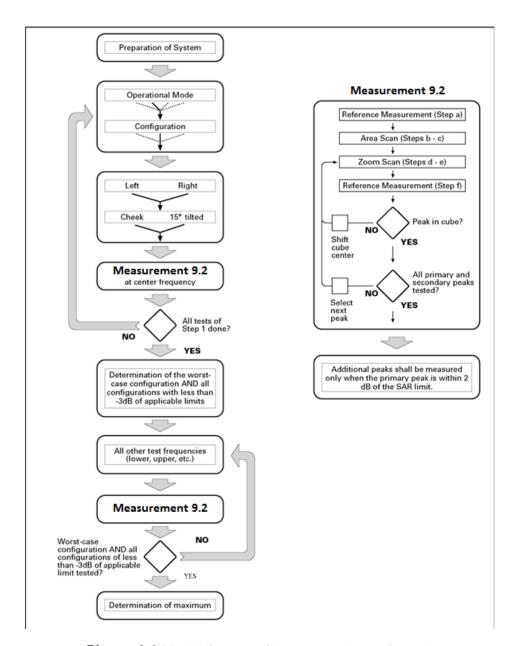
- a) all device positions (cheek and tilt, for both left and right sides of the SAM phantom, as described in annex D),
- b) all configurations for each device position in a), e.g., antenna extended and retracted, and
- c) all operational modes, e.g., analogue and digital, for each device position in a) and configuration in b) in each frequency band.

If more than three frequencies need to be tested according to 11.1 (i.e., $N_c > 3$), then all frequencies, configurations and modes shall be tested for all of the above test conditions.

Step 2: For the condition providing highest peak spatial-average SAR determined in Step 1, perform all tests described in 9.2 at all other test frequencies, i.e., lowest and highest frequencies. In addition, for all other conditions (device position, configuration and operational mode) where the peak spatial-average SAR value determined in Step 1 is within 3 dB of the applicable SAR limit, it is recommended that all other test frequencies shall be tested as well.

Step 3: Examine all data to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR found in Steps 1 to 2.





Picture 9.1 Block diagram of the tests to be performed



9.2 General Measurement Procedure

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements and fully documented in SAR reports to qualify for TCB approval. Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013. The results should be documented as part of the system validation records and may be requested to support test results when all the measurement parameters in the following table are not satisfied.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from (geometric center of pro		•	5 ± 1 mm	½-5·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle f normal at the measurem	•	-	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3-4 \text{ GHz}: \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4-6 \text{ GHz}: \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spa	tial resoluti	on: Δx _{Area} , Δy _{Area}	When the x or y dimension of to measurement plane orientation, measurement resolution must be dimension of the test device with point on the test device.	is smaller than the above, the e \le the corresponding x or y
Maximum zoom scan sp	atial resolu	ion: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	$\leq 2 \text{ GHz}: \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ 3 - 4 GHz: $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ 4 - 6 GHz: $\leq 4 \text{ mm}$	
	uniform g	rid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
grid Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points			≤ 1.5·Δz	Zoom(n-1)
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	I	≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: 5 is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



9.3 WCDMA Measurement Procedures for SAR

The following procedures are applicable to WCDMA handsets operating under 3GPP Release99, Release 5 and Release 6. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the DUT and a communication test set using a 12.2kbps RMC (reference measurement channel) configured in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR is selectively confirmed for other physical channel configurations (DPCCH & DPDCH_n), HSDPA and HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA) modes according to output power, exposure conditions and device operating capabilities. Both uplink and downlink should be configured with the same RMC or AMR, when required. SAR for Release 5 HSDPA and Release 6 HSPA are measured using the applicable FRC (fixed reference channel) and E-DCH reference channel configurations. Maximum output power is verified according to applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121 and SAR must be measured according to these maximum output conditions. When Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) is not implemented according to Cubic Metric (CM) requirements for Release 6 HSPA, the following procedures do not apply.

For Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices:

Sub-test	$oldsymbol{eta}_c$	$oldsymbol{eta}_d$	$oldsymbol{eta_d}$ (SF)	β_c/β_d	$oldsymbol{eta}_{hs}$	CM/dB
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/25	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

For Release 6 HSPA Data Devices

Sub- test	$oldsymbol{eta}_c$	$oldsymbol{eta_d}$	eta_d	$oldsymbol{eta_c}$ / $oldsymbol{eta_d}$	$oldsymbol{eta_{hs}}$	$oldsymbol{eta}_{ec}$	$oldsymbol{eta}_{ed}$	eta_{ed}	eta_{ed} (codes)	CM (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15	15/15	64	11/15	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	12/15	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	eta_{ed1} :47/15 eta_{ed2} :47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	4/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	15/15	64	15/15	24/15	30/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81



9.4 Bluetooth & WI-FI Measurement Procedures for SAR

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 transmitters in general. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure that the results are consistent and reliable.

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in a test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

9.5 SAR Measurement for LTE

SAR tests for LTE are performed with a base station simulator, Anristu MT8820C. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. All powers were measured with the Anristu MT8820C. It is performed for conducted power and SAR based on the KDB941225 D05.

SAR is evaluated separately according to the following procedures for the different test positions in each exposure condition – head, body, body-worn accessories and other use conditions. The procedures in the following subsections are applied separately to test each LTE frequency band.

- 1) QPSK with 1 RB allocation
 - Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is \leq 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.
- 2) QPSK with 50% RB allocation The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 1) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.
- 3) QPSK with 100% RB allocation
 - For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 1) and 2) are \leq 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.



9.6 LTE (TDD) Considerations

According to KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices, for Time-Division Duplex (TDD) systems, SAR must be tested using a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by the defined 3GPP LTE TDD configurations. SAR was tested with the highest transmission duty factor (63.33%) using Uplink-downlink configuration 0 and Special subframe configuration 7.

LTE TDD Band 38 support 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations and Table 4.2-1 for Special subframe configurations.

	Norr	mal cyclic prefix in	downlink	Exte	nded cyclic prefix i	n downlink	
Special	DwPTS	Upf	TS DwPTS		UpPTS		
subframe configuration		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink	
0	6592 · T _s			7680 · T _s			
1	19760 · T _s			20480 · T _s	2192 · T _s	2560 · T _s	
2	21952·T _s	2192 · T _s	2560 · T _s	23040 · T ₅	2192.15		
3	24144·T _s			25600 · T _s			
4	26336·T ₂			7680 · T _s			
5	6592 · T _s			20480 · T _s	4384 · T.	5120 · T.	
6	19760 · T.			23040 · T _s	4304.1,	5120.7,	
7	21952 · T _s	4384 · T _s	5120 · T _s	12800 · T _s			
8	24144·T _s			-	-	-	
9	13168 · T _s			-	-	-	

Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS)

Uplink-	Downlink-to-				Sub	frame	e Num	nber				
Downlink Configuration	Uplink Switch-point Periodicity	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	99	Calculated Duty Cycle (%)
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	0	63.33
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D	43.33
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D	23.33
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	31.67
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	21.67
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	11.67
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D	53.33

Calculated Duty Cycle

Calculated Duty Cycle = Extended cyclic prefix in uplink x (Ts) x # of S + # of U Example for Calculated Duty Cycle for Uplink-Downlink Configuration 0: Calculated Duty Cycle = $5120 \times [1/(15000 \times 2048)] \times 2 + 6 \text{ ms} = 63.33\%$ Where

 $Ts = 1/(15000 \times 2048)$ seconds

9.7 Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, DASY5 system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. These drift values can be found in Section 14 labeled as: (Power Drift [dB]). This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.



10 Area Scan Based 1-g SAR

10.1 Requirement of KDB

According to the KDB447498 D01, when the implementation is based the specific polynomial fit algorithm as presented at the 29th Bioelectromagnetics Society meeting (2007) and the estimated 1-gSAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, a zoom scan measurement is not required provided it is also not needed for any other purpose; for example, if the peak SAR location required for simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion can be determined accurately by the SAR system or manually to discriminate between distinctive peaks and scattered noisy SAR distributions from area scans.

There must not be any warning or alert messages due to various measurement concerns identified by the SAR system; for example, noise in measurements, peaks too close to scan boundary, peaks are too sharp, spatial resolution and uncertainty issues etc. The SAR system verification must also demonstrate that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR (See Annex B). When all the SAR results for each exposure condition in a frequency band and wireless mode are based on estimated 1-g SAR, the 1-g SAR for the highest SAR configuration must be determined by a zoom scan.

10.2 Fast SAR Algorithms

The approach is based on the area scan measurement applying a frequency dependent attenuation parameter. This attenuation parameter was empirically determined by analyzing a large number of phones. The MOTOROLA FAST SAR was developed and validated by the MOTOROLA Research Group in Ft. Lauderdale.

In the initial study, an approximation algorithm based on Linear fit was developed. The accuracy of the algorithm has been demonstrated across a broad frequency range (136-2450 MHz) and for both 1- and 10-g averaged SAR using a sample of 264 SAR measurements from 55 wireless handsets. For the sample size studied, the root-mean-squared errors of the algorithm are 1.2% and 5.8% for 1- and 10-g averaged SAR, respectively. The paper describing the algorithm in detail is expected to be published in August 2004 within the Special Issue of Transactions on MTT.

In the second step, the same research group optimized the fitting algorithm to an Polynomial fit whereby the frequency validity was extended to cover the range 30-6000MHz. Details of this study can be found in the BEMS 2007 Proceedings.

Both algorithms are implemented in DASY software.



11 Conducted Output Power

11.1 GSM Measurement result

During the process of testing, the EUT was controlled via Agilent Digital Radio Communication tester (E5515C) to ensure the maximum power transmission and proper modulation. This result contains conducted output power for the EUT. In all cases, the measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Table 11.1: The conducted power measurement results for GSM850/1900

Full Power										
GSM	Tune	Conducted Power (dBm)								
850MHz	up	Channel 251(848.8MHz)	Channel 190(836.6MHz)	Channel 128(824.2MHz)						
OSUMINZ	33.5	32.33	32.39	32.31						
CCM	Tune									
GSM 1900MHz	up	Channel 810(1909.8MHz)	Channel 661(1880MHz)	Channel 512(1850.2MHz)						
1900MHZ	31.5	30.25	30.06	29.78						
		Hotspo	ot Power							
CSM	Tune		Conducted Power(dBm)							
GSM 1900MHz	up	Channel 810(1909.8MHz)	Channel 661(1880MHz)	Channel 512(1850.2MHz)						
1 900IVITZ	29	27.65	27.73	27.81						

Table 11.2: The conducted power measurement results for GPRS and EGPRS

	Full Power										
GPRS 850	Tune	Meası	ured Power	(dBm)	calculation	Average Power (dBm)					
GFK3 650	up	251	190	128	Calculation	251	190	128			
1Tx-slots	33.5	32.32	32.39	32.31	-9.03dB	23.29	23.36	23.28			
2Tx-slots	30.5	29.49	29.47	29.34	-6.02dB	23.47	23.45	23.32			
3Tx-slots	29.0	28.23	28.22	28.03	-4.26dB	23.97	23.96	23.77			
4Tx-slots	27.5	27.05	27.04	26.86	-3.01dB	24.04	24.03	23.85			
EGPRS 850	Tune	Meası	ured Power	(dBm)		Measured Power (dBm)					
(8PSK)	up	251	190	128	calculation	251	190	128			
1Tx-slots	28.5	26.69	26.60	26.43	-9.03dB	17.66	17.57	17.40			
2Tx-slots	25.5	23.54	23.48	23.26	-6.02dB	17.52	17.46	17.24			
3Tx-slots	24.0	21.84	21.75	21.62	-4.26dB	17.58	17.49	17.36			
4Tx-slots	22.5	20.33	20.23	20.02	-3.01dB	17.32	17.22	17.01			



Full Power										
GPRS 1900	Tune	Measu	red Power	(dBm)	calculation	Avera	ge Power (dBm)		
GPRS 1900	up	810	661	512	Calculation	810	661	512		
1Tx-slots	31.5	30.05	30.19	30.32	-9.03dB	21.02	21.16	21.29		
2Tx-slots	28.5	27.01	27.08	27.16	-6.02dB	20.99	21.06	21.14		
3Tx-slots	26.5	25.29	25.26	25.12	-4.26dB	21.03	21.00	20.86		
4Tx-slots	25.0	23.84	23.69	23.52	-3.01dB	20.83	20.68	20.51		
EGPRS 1900	Tune	Measu	Measured Power (dBm)			Measu	red Power	(dBm)		
(8PSK)	up	810	661	512	calculation	810	661	512		
1Tx-slots	26.0	25.53	25.15	25.57	-9.03dB	16.50	16.12	16.54		
2Tx-slots	23.5	22.46	22.16	22.49	-6.02dB	16.44	16.14	16.47		
3Tx-slots	22.0	20.88	20.52	20.87	-4.26dB	16.62	16.26	16.61		
4Tx-slots	20.5	19.31	19.03	19.34	-3.01dB	16.30	16.02	16.33		
			H	lotspot Po	wer					
GPRS 1900	Tune	Measured Power (dBm)			calculation	Average Power (dBm)				
GFK3 1900	up	810	661	512	Calculation	810	661	512		
1Tx-slots	29.0	27.61	27.68	27.77	-9.03dB	18.58	18.65	18.74		
2Tx-slots	26.0	25.29	25.26	25.12	-6.02dB	19.27	19.24	19.10		
3Tx-slots	24.0	23.84	23.69	23.52	-4.26dB	19.58	19.43	19.26		
4Tx-slots	23.0	22.25	22.01	21.81	-3.01dB	19.24	19.00	18.80		
EGPRS 1900	Tune	Measu	ired Power	(dBm)	calculation	Measu	red Power	(dBm)		
(8PSK)	up	810	661	512	Calculation	810	661	512		
1Tx-slots	25.0	23.19	22.83	23.15	-9.03dB	14.16	13.80	14.12		
2Tx-slots	22.0	21.04	20.63	21.03	-6.02dB	15.02	14.61	15.01		
3Tx-slots	20.5	19.45	19.16	19.57	-4.26dB	15.19	14.90	15.31		
4Tx-slots	19.0	17.88	17.90	17.87	-3.01dB	14.87	14.89	14.86		

NOTES:

1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB



11.2 WCDMA Measurement result

Table 11.3: The conducted Power for WCDMA850/1700/1900

	Full Power										
	band	FDD Band 5 result									
Item	ADECN	Tungun	4233	4182	4132						
	ARFCN	rune up	FDD Band 5 result 4233 4182 (846.6MHz) (836.4M) 24.5 23.7 24.1 22.5 20.7 21.1 22.5 20.8 21.1 22.5 20.7 21.1 22.5 20.4 20.6 22.5 21.8 22.2 24 22.7 23.2 24 22.8 23.1 24 22.3 22.7 24 22.3 22.7 24 23.30 23.40 24 23.29 23.37 24 22.89	(836.4MHz)	(826.4MHz)						
WCDMA	1	24.5	23.7	24.1	24.1						
	1	22.5	20.7	21.1	21.2						
HSUPA	2	22.5	20.8	21.1	21.1						
	3	22.5	20.7	21.1	21.2						
	4	22.5	20.4	20.6	20.7						
	5	22.5	21.8	22.2	22.1						
	1	24	22.7	23.2	23.3						
HSDPA	2	24	22.8	23.1	23.2						
ПЭРА	3	24	22.3	22.7	22.7						
	4	24	22.3	22.7	22.8						
	1	24	23.30	23.40	23.45						
DC-HSDPA	2	24	23.29	23.37	23.46						
DC-HODFA	3	24	22.74	22.89	22.92						
	4	24	22.76	22.88	22.91						



11.3 LTE Measurement result

Table 11.4: The conducted Power for LTE

			Full Po	wer			
	LTE-FDD E	Band 5		Actual	output Power	(dBm)	
Band-width	RB allocation	RB offset	Modulation	High	Middle	Low	Tune up
		l	I	848.3MHz	836.5MHz	824.7MHz	
		1.12.1	QPSK	22.22	22.30	22.32	23.3
		High	16QAM	21.52	21.67	21.58	22.3
	400	N 4: -I -II -	QPSK	22.16	22.24	22.24	23.3
	1RB	Middle	16QAM	21.48	21.59	21.60	22.3
		Low	QPSK	22.20	22.26	22.28	23.3
		Low	16QAM	21.61	21.69	21.71	22.3
1.4 MHz		∐iah	QPSK	22.33	22.40	22.42	23.3
		High	16QAM	21.44	21.57	21.57	22.3
	3RB	Middle	QPSK	22.29	22.37	22.39	23.3
			16QAM	21.52	21.60	21.59	22.3
		Low	QPSK	22.29	22.36	22.38	23.3
			16QAM	21.50	21.58	21.59	22.3
	6RB	/	QPSK	21.32	21.40	21.42	22.3
	OND	/	16QAM	20.38	20.47	20.47	21.3
				847.5MHz	836.5MHz	825.5MHz	/
		High	QPSK	22.37	22.46	22.48	23.3
		riigii	16QAM	21.58	21.72	21.76	22.3
	1RB	Middle	QPSK	22.37	22.44	22.46	23.3
	IND	Middle	16QAM	21.59	21.81	21.77	22.3
		Low	QPSK	22.39	22.47	22.48	23.3
		LOW	16QAM	21.67	21.69	21.74	22.3
3 MHz		High	QPSK	21.38	21.46	21.49	22.3
		riigii	16QAM	20.37	20.51	20.50	21.3
	8RB	Middle	QPSK	21.39	21.47	21.50	22.3
	OI O	IVIIGGIG	16QAM	20.43	20.50	20.51	21.3
		Low	QPSK	21.43	21.49	21.51	22.3
		LUW	16QAM	20.44	20.54	20.51	21.3
	15RB	,	QPSK	21.39	21.47	21.48	22.3
		/	16QAM	20.41	20.50	20.50	21.3



	LTE-FDD E	Band 5		Actual	output Power	(dBm)	
Band-width	RB allocation	RB offset	Modulation	High	Middle	Low	Tune up
			1	846.5MHz	836.5MHz	826.5MHz	1
		1.12.1	QPSK	22.30	22.38	22.44	23.3
		High	16QAM	21.49	21.64	21.77	22.3
	400	N 42 1 11 .	QPSK	22.41	22.46	22.49	23.3
	1RB	Middle	16QAM	21.74	21.72	21.77	22.3
		Law	QPSK	22.36	22.41	22.40	23.3
		Low	16QAM	21.66	21.66	21.69	22.3
5 MHz		I III-	QPSK	21.32	21.40	21.41	22.3
		High	16QAM	20.33	20.43	20.42	21.3
	4000	N 4: al all a	QPSK	21.39	21.43	21.45	22.3
	12RB	Middle	16QAM	20.39	20.45	20.46	21.3
		Low	QPSK	21.36	21.42	21.40	22.3
			16QAM	20.36	20.42	20.41	21.3
	25RB	/	QPSK	21.33	21.40	21.39	22.3
	ZORD	/	16QAM	20.33	20.41	20.38	21.3
				844MHz	836.5MHz	829MHz	/
		High	QPSK	22.34	22.42	22.48	23.3
			16QAM	21.69	21.67	21.75	22.3
	1RB	Middle	QPSK	22.34	22.41	22.45	23.3
	IKD	Middle	16QAM	21.71	21.72	21.77	22.3
		Low	QPSK	22.44	22.46	22.44	23.3
		LOW	16QAM	21.70	21.76	21.73	22.3
10 MHz		High	QPSK	21.30	21.40	21.35	22.3
		riigii	16QAM	20.31	20.42	20.35	21.3
	25RB	Middle	QPSK	21.38	21.43	21.48	22.3
	23110	Middle	16QAM	20.38	20.44	20.47	21.3
		Low	QPSK	21.42	21.51	21.52	22.3
		LUW	16QAM	20.42	20.51	20.52	21.3
	50RB	/	QPSK	21.37	21.47	21.45	22.3
			16QAM	20.34	20.46	20.43	21.3



			Full Po	wer			
	LTE-FDD E	Band 7		Actual			
Band-width	RB allocation	RB offset	Modulation	High	Middle	Low	Tune up
				2567.4MHz	2535MHz	2502.5MHz	
		Lliada	QPSK	22.53	22.24	22.10	23.3
		High	16QAM	21.74	21.56	21.34	22.3
	400	N 4: al all a	QPSK	22.53	22.26	22.18	23.3
	1RB	Middle	16QAM	21.69	21.55	21.41	22.3
		Low	QPSK	22.47	22.16	22.11	23.3
		Low	16QAM	21.69	21.46	21.37	22.3
5 MHz		Lliab	QPSK	21.54	21.29	21.18	22.3
		High	16QAM	20.60	20.31	20.18	21.3
	12RB	Middle	QPSK	21.53	21.27	21.19	22.3
	IZKD	ivildale	16QAM	20.61	20.29	20.19	21.3
		Low	QPSK	21.47	21.21	21.14	22.3
			16QAM	20.55	20.20	20.13	21.3
	25RB	/	QPSK	21.51	21.25	21.17	22.3
	ZUND	/	16QAM	20.57	20.26	20.15	21.3
				2565MHz	2535MHz	2505MHz	/
		High	QPSK	22.58	22.30	22.14	23.3
		riigii	16QAM	21.85	21.58	21.38	22.3
	1RB	Middle	QPSK	22.47	22.20	22.10	23.3
	IND	Middle	16QAM	21.70	21.49	21.37	22.3
		Low	QPSK	22.41	22.13	22.12	23.3
		LOW	16QAM	21.64	21.44	21.40	22.3
10 MHz		High	QPSK	21.52	21.33	21.19	22.3
		riigii	16QAM	20.57	20.32	20.19	21.3
	25RB	Middle	QPSK	21.50	21.28	21.16	22.3
	23110	iviluale	16QAM	20.56	20.28	20.16	21.3
		Low	QPSK	21.50	21.24	21.15	22.3
		LUW	16QAM	20.55	20.25	20.13	21.3
	50PR	,	QPSK	21.53	21.29	21.19	22.3
	50RB	/	16QAM	20.57	20.29	20.16	21.3



	LTE-FDD E	Band 7		Actual	output Power	(dBm)	
Band-width	RB allocation	RB offset	Modulation	High	Middle	Low	Tune up
			1	2562.5MHz	2535MHz	2507.5MHz	
		1.12.1	QPSK	22.60	22.34	22.15	23.3
		High	16QAM	21.83	21.61	21.34	22.3
	400	N 42 1 11 .	QPSK	22.44	22.21	22.11	23.3
	1RB	Middle	16QAM	21.71	21.48	21.33	22.3
		Law	QPSK	22.38	22.19	22.18	23.3
		Low	16QAM	21.65	21.40	21.39	22.3
15 MHz		I III-	QPSK	21.52	21.35	21.21	22.3
		High	16QAM	20.56	20.33	20.19	21.3
	OCDD	N 4: al all a	QPSK	21.47	21.28	21.16	22.3
	25RB	Middle	16QAM	20.53	20.28	20.13	21.3
		Low	QPSK	21.50	21.27	21.15	22.3
			16QAM	20.54	20.27	20.13	21.3
	50RB	/	QPSK	21.49	21.30	21.19	22.3
	DUKD	/	16QAM	20.56	20.31	20.20	21.3
				2560MHz	2535MHz	2510MHz	/
		High	QPSK	22.65	22.42	22.21	23.3
			16QAM	21.92	21.66	21.48	22.3
	1RB	Middle	QPSK	22.39	22.20	22.04	23.3
	IKD	Middle	16QAM	21.66	21.57	21.27	22.3
		Low	QPSK	22.35	22.19	22.18	23.3
		LOW	16QAM	21.62	21.48	21.36	22.3
20 MHz		High	QPSK	21.49	21.41	21.22	22.3
		riigii	16QAM	20.53	20.42	20.20	21.3
	50RB	Middle	QPSK	21.47	21.30	21.16	22.3
	JUND	Middle	16QAM	20.50	20.29	20.13	21.3
		Low	QPSK	21.54	21.34	21.14	22.3
		LUW	16QAM	20.57	20.34	20.09	21.3
	100RB	/	QPSK	21.52	21.36	21.17	22.3
	TOURD		16QAM	20.56	20.36	20.15	21.3



			Full Po	wer			
	LTE-FDD B	and 38		Actual	(dBm)		
Band-width	RB allocation	RB offset	Modulation	High	Middle	Low	Tune up
			<u>.</u>		2595MHz	2572.5MHz	
		Lliab	QPSK	22.10	22.24	22.40	23.3
		High	16QAM	21.04	21.16	21.35	22.3
	1RB	Middle	QPSK	22.10	22.30	22.46	23.3
	IKD	Middle	16QAM	21.07	21.22	21.41	22.3
		Low	QPSK	22.07	22.30	22.46	23.3
		Low	16QAM	21.02	21.22	21.42	22.3
5 MHz		∐iah	QPSK	21.08	21.23	21.39	22.3
		High	16QAM	20.17	20.32	20.48	21.3
	12RB	Middle	QPSK	21.09	21.26	21.44	22.3
	12KB	Middle	16QAM	20.17	20.32	20.51	21.3
		Low	QPSK	21.02	21.20	21.41	22.3
			16QAM	20.10	20.28	20.49	21.3
	25RB	/	QPSK	21.04	21.21	21.39	22.3
	25KB	/	16QAM	20.07	20.24	20.42	21.3
				2615MHz	2595MHz	2575MHz	/
		High	QPSK	22.09	22.21	22.39	23.3
			16QAM	21.07	21.18	21.38	22.3
	1RB	Middle	QPSK	22.07	22.26	22.36	23.3
	IND	Middle	16QAM	21.03	21.19	21.34	22.3
		Low	QPSK	22.06	22.29	22.44	23.3
		LOW	16QAM	21.01	21.22	21.41	22.3
10 MHz		High	QPSK	21.07	21.25	21.38	22.3
		riigii	16QAM	20.13	20.27	20.41	21.3
	2500	Middle	QPSK	21.05	21.26	21.39	22.3
	25RB	Middle	16QAM	20.09	20.29	20.42	21.3
		Low	QPSK	21.00	21.24	21.44	22.3
		LUW	16QAM	20.05	20.26	20.46	21.3
	50RB		QPSK	21.05	21.22	21.38	22.3
	JUND	/	16QAM	20.03	20.21	20.38	21.3



LTE-FDD Band 38 Band-width RB allocation RB offset Modulation			Actual	output Power	(dBm)		
Band-width	RB allocation RB offset Modulation			High	Middle	Low	Tune up
			2612.5MHz	2595MHz	2577.5MHz		
-		I II ada	QPSK	22.12	22.23	22.39	23.3
		High	16QAM	21.08	21.16	21.33	22.3
	400	N 4: -I -II -	QPSK	22.05	22.26	22.37	23.3
	1RB	Middle	16QAM	21.00	21.18	21.34	22.3
		1	QPSK	22.11	22.36	22.51	23.3
		Low	16QAM	21.07	21.29	21.47	22.3
15 MHz		I II ada	QPSK	21.07	21.24	21.37	22.3
		High	16QAM	20.07	20.24	20.36	21.3
	OCDD	M: al all a	QPSK	21.06	21.25	21.40	22.3
	25RB	Middle	16QAM	20.06	20.24	20.37	21.3
		Low	QPSK	21.03	21.27	21.43	22.3
			16QAM	20.01	20.26	20.42	21.3
	FODD	1	QPSK	21.05	21.27	21.39	22.3
	50RB	/	16QAM	20.02	20.23	20.37	21.3
				2610MHz	2595MHz	2580MHz	/
		Lliab	QPSK	22.13	22.23	22.39	23.3
		High	16QAM	21.11	21.19	21.32	22.3
	1RB	Middle	QPSK	22.02	22.22	22.34	23.3
	IKD	ivildale	16QAM	20.98	21.15	21.29	22.3
		Low	QPSK	22.18	22.39	22.56	23.3
		LOW	16QAM	21.12	21.32	21.48	22.3
20 MHz		High	QPSK	21.13	21.31	21.35	22.3
		nign	16QAM	20.13	20.29	20.33	21.3
	50RB	Middle	QPSK	21.06	21.23	21.36	22.3
	JUND	ivildule	16QAM	20.05	20.22	20.34	21.3
		Low	QPSK	21.03	21.30	21.48	22.3
		Low	16QAM	20.02	20.28	20.46	21.3
	100RB		QPSK	21.09	21.30	21.43	22.3
	100RB	/	16QAM	20.08	20.32	20.43	21.3



11.4 Wi-Fi and BT Measurement result

Table 11.5: The conducted Power measurement results for BT

ВТ	Tungun	Averaged Power (dBm)				
Mode	Tune up	Ch.0 (2402 MHz)	Ch39 (2441 MHz)	Ch78 (2480 MHz)		
GFSK	5	3.39	4.57	3.30		
EDR2M-4_DQPSK	3.5	2.20	3.23	1.86		
EDR3M-8DPSK	3.5	2.28	3.35	1.95		
BLE	Tune up	Ch0 (2402MHz)	Ch19 (2440MHz)	Ch39 (2480MHz)		
DLE	0.5	-2.04	-1.05	-2.10		

Table 11.6: The conducted Power measurement results for 2.4G WIFI

WiFi 2.4GHz	Tuno un	Averaged Power (dBm)				
Mode	Tune up	Ch.1(2412 MHz)	Ch.6(2437Mhz)	Ch.11(2462MHz)		
802.11b	16	15.02	15.55	15.33		
802.11g	15.5	14.75	15.03	14.67		
802.11n(20MHz)	16	14.93	14.96	14.69		



Table 11.7: The conducted Power for 5G WIFI

		Averaç	ged Power (dBm)		
Mode		802.11a	802.11n-20MHz	Mode	802.11n-40MHz
Tune up		14	14	1	14
Cha	nnel (MHz)	6Mbps	MCS0	Channel	MCS0
	36(5180MHz)	13.41	13.66	38(5190MHz)	13.63
U-NII-1	40(5200MHz)	13.45	13.58	46(5230MHz)	13.72
O-MII- I	44(5220MHz)	13.49	13.61		I
	48(5240MHz)	13.53	13.41		/
	52(5260MHz)	13.50	13.47	54(5270MHz)	13.45
U-NII-2A	56(5280MHz)	13.38	13.30	62(5310MHz)	13.44
U-MII-ZA	60(5300MHz)	13.37	13.34	,	
	64(5320MHz)	13.45	13.16		/
	100(5500MHz)	13.49	13.13	102(5510MHz)	13.42
	104(5520MHz)	13.37	12.94	110(5550MHz)	13.45
	108(5540MHz)	13.31	12.58	118(5590MHz)	12.92
	112(5560MHz)	13.15	12.35	126(5630MHz)	12.56
	116(5580MHz)	13.39	12.91	134(5670MHz)	12.67
U-NII-2C	120(5600MHz)	13.25	12.60		
	124(5620MHz)	13.18	12.67		
	128(5640MHz)	12.98	12.47		/
	132(5660MHz)	13.25	12.60		1
	136(5680MHz)	13.30	12.73		
	140(5700MHz)	13.35	12.48		
	149(5745MHz)	13.41	12.62	151(5755 MHz)	12.40
	153(5765MHz)	13.38	12.53	159(5795 MHz)	12.40
U-NII-3	157(5785MHz)	13.31	12.45		
	161(5805MHz)	13.23	12.43		/
	165(5825MHz)	13.28	12.48		

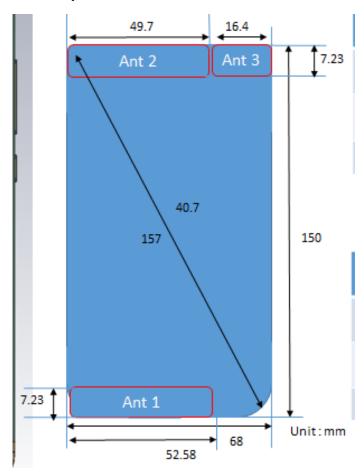


12 Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

12.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from "FCC SAR Considerations for Cell Phones with Multiple Transmitters" are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11 a/b/g and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter. For this device, the BT and Wi-Fi can transmit simultaneous with other transmitters.

12.2 Transmit Antenna Separation Distances



Picture 12.1 Antenna Locations (Front View)

2	Antenn a	Mode	Bands
25.5	Ant 1	Primary LB/MB/HB	All Cellular
×	Ant 2	Diversity LB/MB/HB	W(1,2,4,5,8), LTE(1,2,3,4,5,7,8,12,17,28,38,40)
	Ant 3	BT/WIFI/GPS	BT/WIFI2.4G & 5G/GPS



12.3 SAR Measurement Positions

According to the KDB941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR, the edges with less than 2.5 cm distance to the antennas need to be tested for SAR.

SAR measurement positions								
Mode Front Rear Left edge Right edge Top edge Bottom edge								
Main antenna	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes		
WLAN Yes Yes No Yes Yes No								

12.4 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations

Standalone 1-g head or body SAR evaluation by measurement or numerical simulation is not required when the corresponding SAR Exclusion Threshold condition, listed below, is satisfied. The 1-g SAR test exclusion threshold for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] \cdot [$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Table 12.1: Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Band/Mode	f(GHz) Position		SAR test exclusion	RF output power		SAR test
			threshold (mW)	dBm	mW	exclusion
Bluetooth	2.441	Head	9.60	5	3.16	Yes
Didelootii	2.441	Body	19.20	5	3.16	Yes
2.4GHz WLAN	2.45	Head	9.58	16	39.81	No
2.4GHZ WLAN	2.43	Body	19.17	16	39.81	No
	5.2	Head	6.58	14	25.12	No
	5.2	Body	13.16	14	25.12	No
	5.3	Head	6.52	14	25.12	No
FOLI- MI ANI	5.3	Body	13.03	14	25.12	No
5GHz WLAN	5.6	Head	6.34	14	25.12	No
	5.6	Body	12.68	14	25.12	No
	5.8	Head	6.23	14	25.12	No
	5.8	Body	12.46	14	25.12	No



13 Evaluation of Simultaneous

Table 13.1: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and Wi-Fi

1	Position	Main antenna	Wi-Fi	Sum
Highest reported SAR value for Head	Left Touch	0.26	1.10	1.36
Highest reported SAR value for Hotspot	Bottom	1.34	/	1.34
Highest reported SAR value for Body-worn	Rear	1.08	0.08	1.16

Table 13.2: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and Bluetooth

1	Position	Main antenna	BT*	Sum
Highest reported SAR value for Head	Right Touch	0.35	0.13	0.48
Highest reported SAR value for Hotspot	Bottom	1.34	/	1.34
Highest reported SAR value for Body-worn	Rear	1.08	0.04	1.12

BT* - Estimated SAR for Bluetooth (see the table 13.3)

Table 13.3: Estimated SAR for Bluetooth

Position	f (CU-)	Distance (mm)	Upper limi	Estimated _{1g}	
Position	f (GHz)	Distance (mm)	dBm	mW	(W/kg)
Head	2.441	5	5	5.01	0.13
Body	2.441	10	5	5.01	0.07
Body	2.441	15	5	5.01	0.04

^{* -} Maximum possible output power declared by manufacturer

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm;

Where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion

Conclusion:

According to the above tables, the sum of reported SAR values is < 1.6W/kg. So the simultaneous transmission SAR with volume scans is not required.



14 SAR Test Result

It is determined by user manual for the distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom. The distance is 15mm and just applied to the condition of body worn accessory. It is performed for all SAR measurements with area scan based 1-g SAR estimation (Fast SAR). A zoom scan measurement is added when the estimated 1-g SAR is the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination or >1.2W/kg. The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula:

Reported SAR = Measured SAR $\times 10^{(P_{Target} - P_{Measured})/10}$

Where P_{Target} is the power of manufacturing upper limit;

P_{Measured} is the measured power in chapter 11.

Table 14.1: Duty Cycle

Mode	Duty Cycle
Speech for GSM850/1900	1:8.3
GPRS for GSM850	1:2
GPRS for GSM1900	1:8.3
GPRS for GSM1900 (Hotspot)	1:4
WCDMA850	1:1
FDD_LTE Band 5/7	1:1
TDD_LTE Band 38	1:1.58



14.1 SAR results

Table 14.2: SAR Values (GSM 850 - Head)

	Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C										
Freque MHz	ency Ch.	Test Mode	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift(dB)		
836.6	190	Speech	Left Touch	/	32.39	33.5	0.083	0.11	0.04		
836.6	190	Speech	Left Tilt	/	32.39	33.5	0.060	80.0	0.08		
836.6	190	Speech	Right Touch	Fig.1	32.39	33.5	0.092	0.12	-0.01		
836.6	190	Speech	Right Tilt	/	32.39	33.5	0.055	0.07	0.05		
	32G										
836.6	190	Speech	Right Touch	/	32.39	33.5	0.085	0.11	0.06		

Table 14.3: SAR Values (GSM 850 -Body)

	Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C											
Freque	ency Ch.	Test Mode	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift(dB)			
Hotspot Test Data (10mm)												
836.6	190	GPRS	Front	/	27.04	27.5	0.170	0.19	0.09			
836.6	190	GPRS	Rear	/	27.04	27.5	0.103	0.11	0.04			
836.6	190	GPRS	Left	/	27.04	27.5	0.064	0.07	-0.08			
836.6	190	GPRS	Right	/	27.04	27.5	0.115	0.13	-0.04			
836.6	190	GPRS	Bottom	/	27.04	27.5	0.066	0.07	0.06			
836.6	190	EGPRS	Front	/	27.04	27.5	0.149	0.17	0.14			
			H	otspot Tes	st Data (10mi	m) + 32G						
836.6	190	GPRS	Front	Fig.2	27.04	27.5	0.204	0.23	0.07			
Body Worn Test Data (15mm)												
836.6	190	GPRS	Front	/	27.04	27.5	0.127	0.14	0.02			
836.6	190	GPRS	Rear	/	27.04	27.5	0.091	0.10	0.08			



Table 14.4: SAR Values (GSM 1900 - Head)

	Ambient Temperature: 22.7°C Liquid Temperature: 22.2°C											
Freque MHz	ency Ch.	Test Mode	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift(dB)			
1880	661	Speech	Left Touch	Fig.3	30.06	31.5	0.124	0.17	0.06			
1880	661	Speech	Left Tilt	/	30.06	31.5	0.057	0.08	0.06			
1880	661	Speech	Right Touch	/	30.06	31.5	0.068	0.09	0.04			
1880	661	Speech	Right Tilt	/	30.06	31.5	0.056	0.08	0.02			
					32G							
1880	661	Speech	Left Touch	/	30.06	31.5	0.121	0.17	0.01			

Table 14.5: SAR Values (GSM 1900 - Body)

	Table 14.5: SAR values (GSW 1900 - Body)										
		Amb	oient Tempera	ture: 22.4°	C Liqui	d Tempera	ture: 22.0°C				
Freque MHz	ency Ch.	Test Mode	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift(dB)		
				Hotspot 1	est Data (10	mm)					
1880	661	GPRS	Front	/	23.69	24	0.787	0.85	0.13		
1880	661	GPRS	Rear	/	23.69	24	0.181	0.19	0.05		
1880	661	GPRS	Left	/	23.69	24	0.095	0.10	0.03		
1880	661	GPRS	Right	/	23.69	24	0.105	0.11	0.04		
1880	661	GPRS	Bottom	/	23.69	24	0.991	1.06	0.11		
1909.8	810	GPRS	Front	/	23.84	24	0.664	0.69	0.16		
1850.2	512	GPRS	Front	/	23.52	24	0.993	1.11	0.08		
1909.8	810	GPRS	Bottom	/	23.84	24	0.829	0.86	0.02		
1850.2	512	GPRS	Bottom	Fig.4	23.52	24	1.200	1.34	0.09		
1850.2	512	EGPRS	Bottom	/	23.52	24	1.160	1.30	0.07		
			Но	tspot Test	Data (10mm) + 32G					
1850.2	512	GPRS	Bottom	/	23.52	24	1.180	1.32	0.01		
			В	ody Worn	Test Data (1	5mm)					
1880	661	GPRS	Front	/	30.19	31.5	0.650	0.88	0.05		
1880	661	GPRS	Rear	/	30.19	31.5	0.163	0.22	0.11		
1909.8	810	GPRS	Front	/	30.05	31.5	0.510	0.71	0.01		
1850.2	512	GPRS	Front	/	30.32	31.5	0.821	1.08	0.05		



Table 14.6: SAR Values (WCDMA 850 - Head)

	Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C												
Frequ	iency	Test	Test	Figure	Conducted	Max.	Measured	Reported	Power				
MHz	Ch.	Mode	Position	No.	Power (dBm)	tune-up Power (dBm)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Drift(dB)				
836.4	4182	RMC	Left Touch	/	24.1	24.5	0.211	0.23	0.03				
836.4	4182	RMC	Left Tilt	/	24.1	24.5	0.122	0.13	0.05				
836.4	4182	RMC	Right Touch	Fig.5	24.1	24.5	0.220	0.24	0.09				
836.4	4182	RMC	Right Tilt	/	24.1	24.5	0.136	0.15	0.07				

Table 14.7: SAR Values (WCDMA 850 -Body)

	Table 14.7. SAN Values (WCDIMA 630 -Body)										
		Am	bient Temper	ature: 22.8	3°C Liqu	uid Tempe	rature: 22.2°	С			
Frequ MHz	Ch.	Test Mode	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift(dB)		
				Hotspot	Test Data (1	0mm)					
836.4	4182	RMC	Front	Fig.6	24.1	24.5	0.512	0.56	-0.03		
836.4	4182	RMC	Rear	/	24.1	24.5	0.303	0.33	0.00		
836.4	4182	RMC	Left	/	24.1	24.5	0.154	0.17	-0.12		
836.4	4182	RMC	Right	/	24.1	24.5	0.203	0.22	-0.01		
836.4	4182	RMC	Bottom	/	24.1	24.5	0.175	0.19	0.01		
	Body Worn Test Data (15mm)										
836.4	4182	RMC	Front	/	24.1	24.5	0.352	0.39	0.00		
836.4	4182	RMC	Rear		24.1	24.5	0.255	0.28	-0.01		



Table 14.8: SAR Values (LTE Band 5 - Head)

		Ambi	ent Temperatur	e: 22.5°C	Liquid	Temperatu	re: 22.0°C		
Frequence MHz	Ch.	Test Mode	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift(dB)
836.5	20525	1RB_Low	Left Touch	/	22.46	23.3	0.211	0.26	-0.10
836.5	20525	25RB_Low	Left Touch	/	21.51	22.3	0.193	0.23	0.06
836.5	20525	1RB_Low	Left Tilt	/	22.46	23.3	0.201	0.24	0.00
836.5	20525	25RB_Low	Left Tilt	/	21.51	22.3	0.184	0.22	0.01
836.5	20525	1RB_Low	Right Touch	Fig.7	22.46	23.3	0.290	0.35	0.06
836.5	20525	25RB_Low	Right Touch	/	21.51	22.3	0.231	0.28	0.09
836.5	20525	1RB_Low	Right Tilt	/	22.46	23.3	0.118	0.14	0.09
836.5	20525	25RB_Low	Right Tilt	/	21.51	22.3	0.095	0.11	0.16

Table 14.9: SAR Values (LTE Band 5 - Body)

Table 14.9. SAN values (LTE Ballu 3 - Bouy)											
		Ambi	ent Temperatu	ıre: 22.8°C	Liquid T	emperatui	e: 22.2°C				
Frequ MHz	uency Ch.	Test Mode	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift(dB)		
			H	lotspot Tes	t Data (10mn	n)					
836.5	20525	1RB_Low	Front	Fig.8	22.46	23.3	0.452	0.55	0.04		
836.5	20525	25RB_Low	Front	/	21.51	22.3	0.345	0.41	0.05		
836.5	20525	1RB_Low	Rear	/	22.46	23.3	0.312	0.38	0.01		
836.5	20525	25RB_Low	Rear	/	21.51	22.3	0.240	0.29	0.04		
836.5	20525	1RB_Low	Left	/	22.46	23.3	0.170	0.21	0.01		
836.5	20525	25RB_Low	Left	/	21.51	22.3	0.123	0.15	-0.03		
836.5	20525	1RB_Low	Right	/	22.46	23.3	0.324	0.39	-0.07		
836.5	20525	25RB_Low	Right	/	21.51	22.3	0.247	0.30	-0.01		
836.5	20525	1RB_Low	Bottom	/	22.46	23.3	0.174	0.21	0.05		
836.5	20525	25RB_High	Bottom	1	21.51	22.3	0.141	0.17	-0.07		
			Во	dy Worn Te	est Data (15m	nm)					
836.5	20525	1RB_Low	Front	/	22.46	23.3	0.322	0.39	0.01		
836.5	20525	25RB_Low	Front	/	21.51	22.3	0.247	0.30	0.05		
836.5	20525	1RB_Low	Rear	/	22.46	23.3	0.269	0.33	-0.01		
836.5	20525	25RB_Low	Rear	/	21.51	22.3	0.204	0.24	0.02		



Table 14.10: SAR Values (LTE Band 7 - Head)

		Amb	ient Temperatu	re: 22.2°C	Liquid	Temperatui	re: 21.7°C		
Freq	uency Ch.	Test Mode	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted	Max. tune-up Power	Measured SAR(1g)	Reported SAR(1g)	Power Drift(dB)
IVII IZ	OII.		1 03111011	140.	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	Dilit(GD)
2535	21100	1RB_High	Left Touch	Fig.9	22.42	23.3	0.201	0.25	0.08
2535	21100	50RB_High	Left Touch	/	21.41	22.3	0.179	0.22	0.07
2535	21100	1RB_High	Left Tilt	/	22.42	23.3	0.073	0.09	0.08
2535	21100	50RB_High	Left Tilt	/	21.41	22.3	0.044	0.05	0.08
2535	21100	1RB_High	Right Touch	/	22.42	23.3	0.152	0.19	0.06
2535	21100	50RB_High	Right Touch	/	21.41	22.3	0.102	0.13	0.09
2535	21100	1RB_High	Right Tilt	/	22.42	23.3	0.063	0.08	0.05
2535	21100	50RB_High	Right Tilt	/	21.41	22.3	0.050	0.06	0.09

Table 14.11: SAR Values (LTE Band 7 - Body)

	Table 14.11. SAN Values (LTE Ballu 7 - Body)											
		Amb	ient Temperatı	ure: 22.2°C	Liquid T	emperatui	re: 21.7°C					
Freq MHz	uency Ch.	Test Mode	Test Position	Figure No. / Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift(dB)			
			ŀ	Hotspot Tes	t Data (10mn	n)						
2535	21100	1RB_Mid	Front	/	22.42	23.3	0.327	0.40	0.07			
2535	21100	50RB_High	Front	/	21.41	22.3	0.294	0.36	-0.05			
2535	21100	1RB_Mid	Rear	/	22.42	23.3	0.270	0.33	0.05			
2535	21100	50RB_High	Rear	/	21.41	22.3	0.236	0.29	0.08			
2535	21100	1RB_Mid	Left	/	22.42	23.3	0.131	0.16	0.07			
2535	21100	50RB_High	Left	/	21.41	22.3	0.113	0.14	0.03			
2535	21100	1RB_Mid	Right	/	22.42	23.3	0.140	0.17	0.01			
2535	21100	50RB_High	Right	/	21.41	22.3	0.118	0.14	-0.01			
2535	21100	1RB_Mid	Bottom	Fig.10	22.42	23.3	0.409	0.50	-0.03			
2535	21100	50RB_High	Bottom	/	21.41	22.3	0.394	0.48	-0.06			
			Во	ody Worn Te	est Data (15m	nm)						
2535	21100	1RB_Mid	Front	/	22.42	23.3	0.184	0.23	-0.07			
2535	21100	50RB_High	Front	/	21.41	22.3	0.137	0.17	-0.02			
2535	21100	1RB_Mid	Rear	/	22.42	23.3	0.158	0.19	0.08			
2535	21100	50RB_High	Rear	/	21.41	22.3	0.118	0.14	0.01			



Table 14.12: SAR Values (LTE Band 38 - Head)

		Amb	ient Temperatu	re: 22.2°C	Liquid	Temperatui	re: 21.7°C		
Freq	uency Ch.	Test Mode	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted	Max. tune-up Power	Measured SAR(1g)	Reported SAR(1g)	Power Drift(dB)
					(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	` ,
2595	38000	1RB_Low	Left Touch	Fig.11	22.39	23.3	0.112	0.14	0.04
2595	38000	50RB_High	Left Touch	/	21.31	22.3	0.097	0.12	0.05
2595	38000	1RB_Low	Left Tilt	/	22.39	23.3	0.027	0.03	0.13
2595	38000	50RB_High	Left Tilt	/	21.31	22.3	0.023	0.03	0.09
2595	38000	1RB_Low	Right Touch	/	22.39	23.3	0.076	0.09	0.02
2595	38000	50RB_High	Right Touch	/	21.31	22.3	0.057	0.07	0.05
2595	38000	1RB_Low	Right Tilt	/	22.39	23.3	0.028	0.03	0.07
2595	38000	50RB_High	Right Tilt	/	21.31	22.3	0.018	0.02	0.06

Table 14.13: SAR Values (LTE Band 38 - Body)

	Ambient Temperature: 22.2°C Liquid Temperature: 21.7°C										
Freq MHz	uency Ch.	Test Mode	Test Position	Figure No. / Note	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift(dB)		
			H	Hotspot Tes	t Data (10mn	n)					
2595	38000	1RB_Low	Front	/	22.39	23.3	0.213	0.26	0.07		
2595	38000	50RB_High	Front	/	21.31	22.3	0.156	0.20	-0.08		
2595	38000	1RB_Low	Rear	/	22.39	23.3	0.146	0.18	0.02		
2595	38000	50RB_High	Rear	/	21.31	22.3	0.113	0.14	0.03		
2595	38000	1RB_Low	Left	/	22.39	23.3	0.069	0.09	0.07		
2595	38000	50RB_High	Left	/	21.31	22.3	0.051	0.06	0.04		
2595	38000	1RB_Low	Right	/	22.39	23.3	0.097	0.12	0.03		
2595	38000	50RB_High	Right	/	21.31	22.3	0.072	0.09	0.01		
2595	38000	1RB_Low	Bottom	Fig.12	22.39	23.3	0.259	0.32	-0.06		
2595	38000	50RB_High	Bottom	/	21.31	22.3	0.238	0.30	-0.04		
			Вс	ody Worn Te	est Data (15n	nm)					
2595	38000	1RB_Low	Front	/	22.39	23.3	0.069	0.09	0.07		
2595	38000	50RB_High	Front	/	21.31	22.3	0.051	0.06	0.04		
2595	38000	1RB_Low	Rear	/	22.39	23.3	0.097	0.12	0.03		
2595	38000	50RB_High	Rear	/	21.31	22.3	0.072	0.09	0.01		



14.2 WLAN Evaluation for 2.4G

According to the KDB248227 D01, SAR is measured for 2.4GHz 802.11b DSSS using the <u>initial test</u> <u>position</u> procedure.

Head Evaluation

Table 14.14: SAR Values (WLAN 2.4G - Head)-802.11b 1Mbps

		Amb	oient Temperat	ure: 22.6	°C Liqu	id Temper	ature: 22.0°C	<u> </u>	
Frequ	ency	Test	Test	Figure	Conducted	Max.	Measured	Reported	Power
MHz	Ch.	Mode	Position	No.	Power (dBm)	tune-up Power (dBm)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Drift(dB)
2437	6	802.11 b	Left Touch	/	15.55	16	0.734	0.81	0.01
2437	6	802.11 b	Left Tilt	/	15.55	16	0.611	0.68	0.11
2437	6	802.11 b	Right Touch	/	15.55	16	0.348	0.39	-0.15
2437	6	802.11 b	Right Tilt	/	15.55	16	0.404	0.45	0.03
2462	11	802.11 b	Left Touch	Fig.13	15.33	16	0.701	0.82	0.08

Note1:For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel until the reported SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. A maximum transmission duty factor of 100% is achievable for WLAN in this project and the scaled reported SAR is presented as below.

Table 14.15: SAR Values (WLAN - Head) - 802.11b 1Mbps (Scaled Reported SAR)

Frequency		Test Position	Actual duty	maximum duty	Reported SAR	Scaled reported SAR
MHz	Ch.		factor	factor	(1g)(W/kg)	(1g)(W/kg)
2462	11	Left Touch	100%	100%	0.82	0.82

SAR is not required for OFDM because the 802.11b adjusted SAR ≤ 1.2 W/kg.