

FCC PART 15.247

TEST REPORT

For

**Guizhou Areox Technologies Co., Ltd.**

No.2 scientific research building,economic development zone software park,xinpu,

Zhunyi,Guizhou,China

**FCC ID: 2AJRUG2**

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**Note:** This test report is prepared for the customer shown above and for the equipment described herein. It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp.

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## GENERAL INFORMATION

### Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

The *Guizhou Areox Technologies Co., Ltd.*'s product, model number: *G2 (FCC ID: 2AJRUG2)* or the "EUT" in this report was a *Piro*, which was measured approximately: 128mm(L) × 90 mm (W) × 416 mm (H), rated with input voltage: DC 12.6V battery or DC 12V from adapter.

*\*All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from production sample serial number: 1603050 (Assigned by BACL, Kunshan). The EUT supplied by the applicant was received on 2016-09-25*

### Objective

This report is prepared on behalf of *Guizhou Areox Technologies Co., Ltd.* in accordance with Part 2-Subpart J, Part 15-Subparts A, B and C of the Federal Communication Commission's rules.

The tests were performed in order to determine compliance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 rules.

### Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

No related submittal.

### Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices.

All emissions measurement was performed at Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Kunshan). The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters.

### Measurement Uncertainty

Item		Uncertainty
AC Power Lines Conducted Emissions		±3.26 dB
RF conducted test with spectrum		±0.9dB
RF Output Power with Power meter		±0.5dB
Radiated emission	30MHz~1GHz	±5.91dB
	Above 1G	±4.92dB
Occupied Bandwidth		±0.5kHz
Temperature		±1.0°C
Humidity		±6%

## **Test Facility**

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Kunshan) to collect test data is located on the Chenghu Lake Road, Kunshan Development Zone No.248, Kunshan, Jiangsu, China

Test site at Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Kunshan) has been fully described in reports submitted to the Federal Communication Commission (FCC). The details of these reports have been found to be in compliance with the requirements of Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules on November 06, 2014. The facility also complies with the radiated and AC line conducted test site criteria set forth in ANSI C63.4.

The Federal Communications Commission has the reports on file and is listed under FCC Registration No.: 815570. The test site has been approved by the FCC for public use and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database.

## SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

### Description of Test Configuration

For BLE mode, 40 channels are provided to testing:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	20	2442
1	2404	21	2444
2	2406	22	2446
3	2408	23	2448
4	2410	24	2450
5	2412	25	2452
6	2414	26	2454
7	2416	27	2456
8	2418	28	2458
9	2420	29	2460
10	2422	30	2462
11	2424	31	2464
12	2426	32	2466
13	2428	33	2468
14	2430	34	2470
15	2432	35	2472
16	2434	36	2474
17	2436	37	2476
18	2438	38	2478
19	2440	39	2480

EUT was tested with Channel 0, 19 and 39.

### Equipment Modifications

No modification was made to the EUT tested.

### EUT Exercise Software

The software “uEnergy Test” was used.

### Support Equipment List and Details

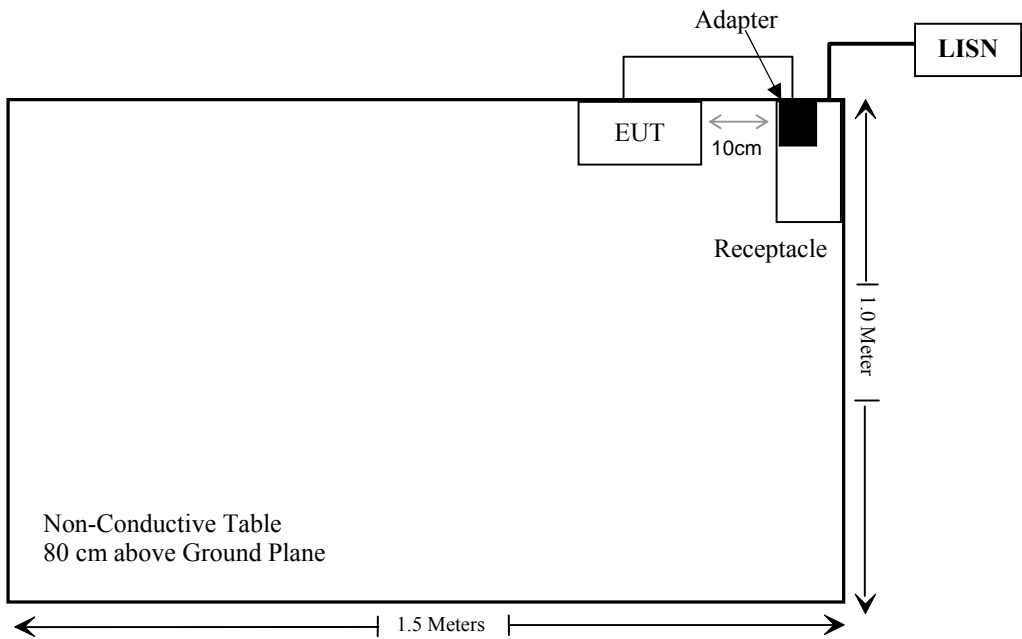
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
/	Adapter(auxiliary)	TS-A012-120010A5V	/

External I/O Cable

Cable Description	Length (m)	From Port	To
Un-Shielding Un-detachable DC Cable	1.1	EUT	Adapter

Block Diagram of Test Setup

For conducted emission



**SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS**

FCC Rules	Description of Test	Result
§15.247 (i), §1.1307 (b) (1)& §2.1093	RF Exposure	Compliance
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliance
§15.207 (a)	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Compliance
§15.205, §15.209, §15.247(d)	Spurious Emissions	Compliance
§15.247 (a)(2)	6 dB Emission Bandwidth	Compliance
§15.247(b)(3)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Compliance
§15.247(d)	100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge	Compliance
§15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	Compliance



**TEST EQUIPMENT LIST**

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
<b>AC Line Conducted test</b>					
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCS30	934115/007	2015-11-12	2016-11-11
Rohde & Schwarz	LISN	ESH3-Z5	862770/011	2015-11-12	2016-11-11
Rohde & Schwarz	Pulse limiter	ESH3-Z2	879940/0058	2016-06-19	2017-06-18
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial line	UFB-293B-1-0480-50X50	97F0173	2015-10-01	2016-10-01
Rohde & Schwarz	CE Test software	EMC 32	V 09.10.0	NCR	NCR
<b>Radiation test</b>					
Sonoma Instrunent	Amplifier	330	171377	2016-09-16	2017-09-16
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100195	2015-11-12	2016-11-11
Sunol Sciences	Broadband Antenna	JB3	A090314-2	2015-11-07	2016-11-06
Mini	Pre-amplifier	ZVA-183-S+	857001418	2016-09-16	2017-09-15
DUCOMMUN	Pre-amplifier	ALN-22093530-01	990147	2016-09-16	2017-09-15
EMCO	Horn Antenna	3116	9510-2384	2015-11-07	2016-11-06
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSIQ26	100048	2015-11-12	2016-11-11
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSV40	101116	2016-07-04	2017-07-03
ETS	Horn Antenna	3115	6229	2015-11-07	2016-11-06
R&S	Auto test Software	EMC32	V 09.10.0	NCR	NCR
BACL	RF cable	KS-LAB-012	KS-LAB-012	2015-06-16	2016-12-15
BACL	RF cable	KS-LAB-010	KS-LAB-010	2015-12-16	2016-12-15
<b>RF Conducted test</b>					
BACL	TS 8997 Cable-01	T-KS-EMC086	T-KS-EMC086	2015-12-10	2016-12-09
BACL	RF cable	KS-LAB-012	KS-LAB-012	2015-12-16	2016-12-15
WEINSCHL	3dB Attenuator	5326	N/A	2016-06-18	2017-06-18
Rohde & Schwarz	OSP120 BASE UNIT	OSP120	101247	2016-07-04	2017-07-03
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSIQ26	836131	2016-09-21	2017-09-21

\* **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Kunshan) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements that traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

## **FCC§15.247 (i), §1.1307 (b) (1) & §2.1093 – RF EXPOSURE**

### **Applicable Standard**

According to FCC §2.1093 and §1.1307(b) (1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensure that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guideline.

According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot$

$[\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

1.  $f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.

2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.

3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.

4. When the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

### **Measurement Result**

**For worst case:**

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Max Tune-up Conducted Power (dBm)	Max Tune-up Conducted Power (mW)	Calculated Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g SAR)	SAR Test Exclusion
BLE	2480	-8.0	0.16	5	0.1	3	Yes

**Result: No SAR test is required**

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## **FCC §15.203 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT**

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### **Applicable Standard**

According to § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the user of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with section §15.203 of the rules. §15.203 state that the subject device must meet the following criteria:

- a. Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b. Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.

Unit must be professionally installed, and installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

And according to FCC 47 CFR section 15.247 (b), if the transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

### **Antenna Connector Construction**

The EUT has an internal antenna arrangement, which was permanently attached and the antenna gain is 0 dBi, fulfill the requirement of this section. Please refer to the EUT photos.

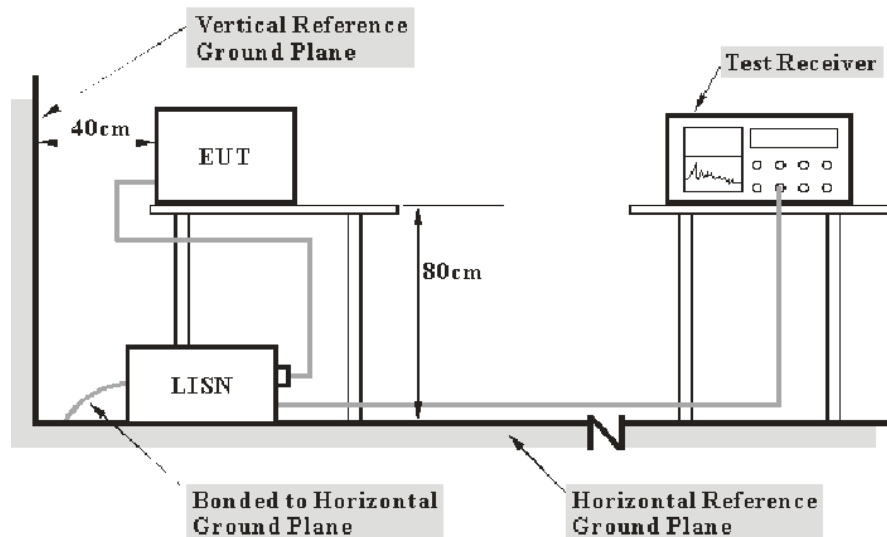
**Result:** Compliance.

## FCC §15.207 (a) – AC LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

### Applicable Standard

FCC§15.207

### EUT Setup



Note: 1. Support units were connected to second LISN.  
2. Both of LISNs (AMN) 80 cm from EUT and at the least 80 cm from other units and other metal planes support units.

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.207 limits.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

### EMI Test Receiver Setup

The EMI test receiver was set to investigate the spectrum from 150 kHz to 30 MHz.

During the conducted emission test, the EMI test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	IF B/W
150 kHz – 30 MHz	9 kHz

### Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions of the EUT.

All final data was recorded in the Quasi-peak and average detection mode.

## Corrected Factor & Margin Calculation

The Corrected factor is calculated by adding LISN VDF (Voltage Division Factor), Cable Loss and Transient Limiter Attenuation. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Correction Factor} = \text{LISN VDF} + \text{Cable Loss} + \text{Transient Limiter Attenuation}$$

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of 7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Corrected Amplitude}$$

## Test Results Summary

According to the recorded data in following table, the EUT complied with the FCC Part 15.207,

Refer to CISPR16-4-2:2011 and CISPR 16-4-1:2009, the measured level complies with the limit if

$$L_m + U_{(Lm)} \leq L_{lim} + U_{cispr}$$

In BACL,  $U_{(Lm)}$  is less than  $U_{cispr}$ , if  $L_m$  is less than  $L_{lim}$ , it implies that the EUT complies with the limit.

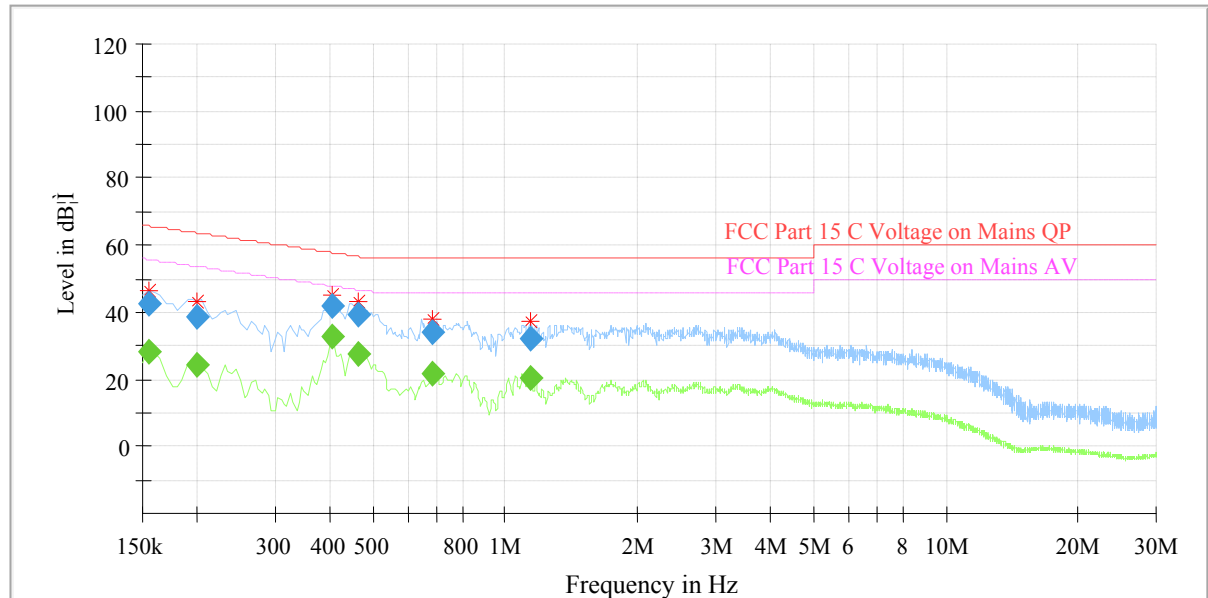
## Test Data

### Environmental Conditions

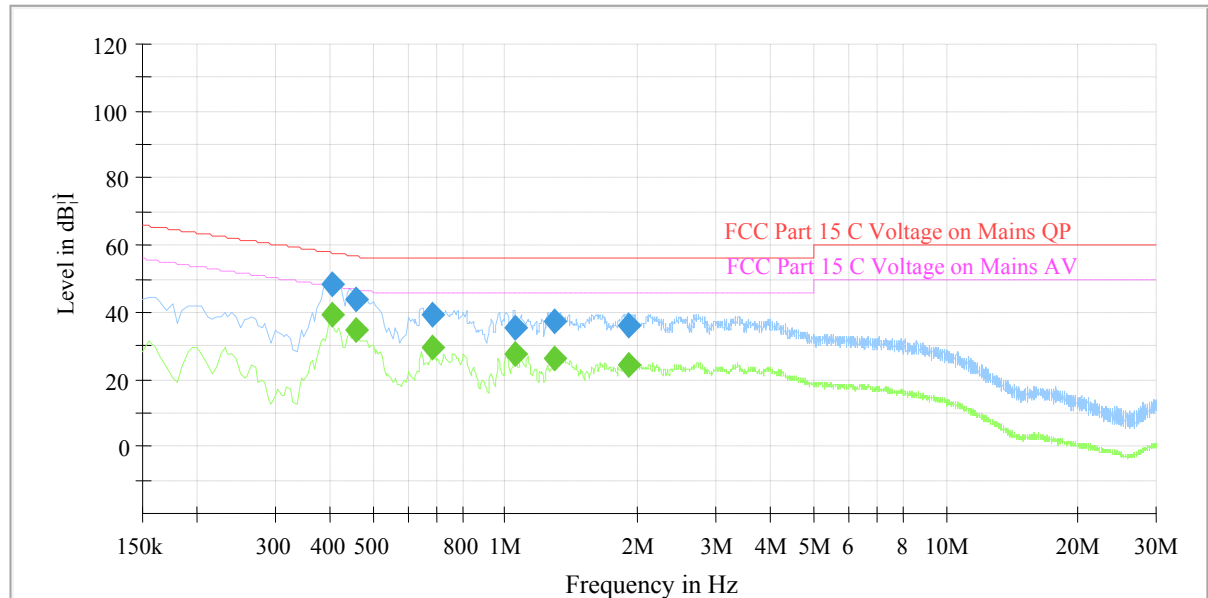
<b>Temperature:</b>	25°C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	56%
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Ada Yu on 2016-09-28.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

**AC 120 V/60 Hz, Line:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV)	Average (dBµV)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Corr. (dB)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Comment
0.155000	---	28.43	9.000	L1	10.3	55.73	27.30	Compliance
0.155000	42.37	---	9.000	L1	10.3	65.73	23.36	Compliance
0.200000	---	24.17	9.000	L1	10.3	53.61	29.44	Compliance
0.200000	38.43	---	9.000	L1	10.3	63.61	25.18	Compliance
0.405000	---	32.54	9.000	L1	10.3	47.75	15.21	Compliance
0.405000	41.89	---	9.000	L1	10.3	57.75	15.86	Compliance
0.465000	---	27.79	9.000	L1	10.3	46.60	18.81	Compliance
0.465000	39.36	---	9.000	L1	10.3	56.60	17.24	Compliance
0.685000	---	21.96	9.000	L1	10.3	46.00	24.04	Compliance
0.685000	34.15	---	9.000	L1	10.3	56.00	21.85	Compliance
1.140000	---	20.15	9.000	L1	10.3	46.00	25.85	Compliance
1.140000	32.29	---	9.000	L1	10.3	56.00	23.71	Compliance

**AC 120V/ 60 Hz, Neutral:**

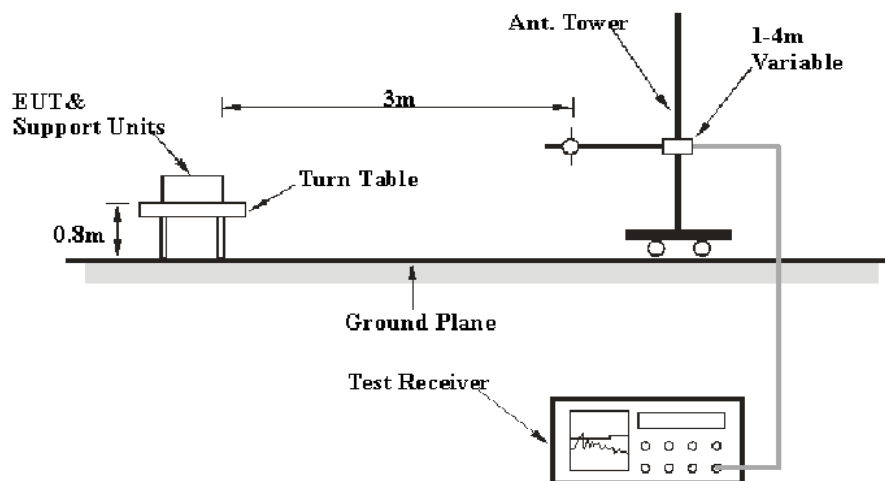
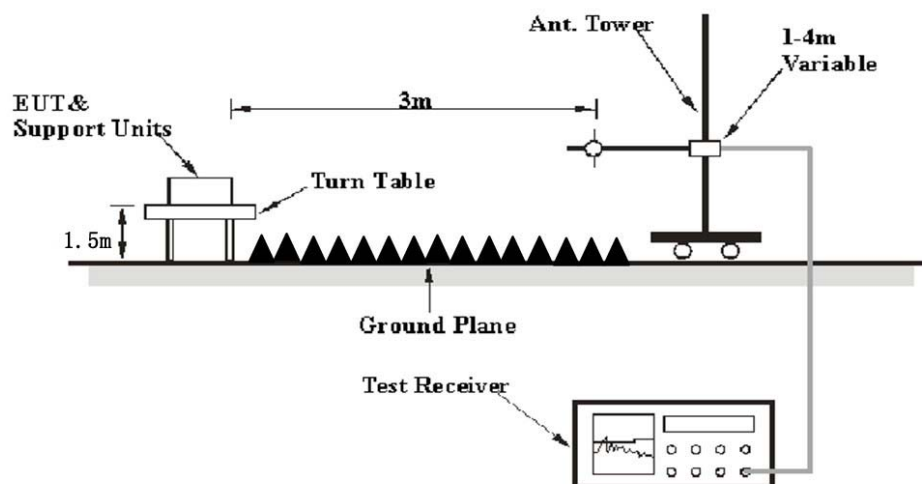
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV)	Average (dBµV)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Corr. (dB)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Comment
0.405000	---	39.19	9.000	N	10.3	47.75	8.56	Compliance
0.405000	48.30	---	9.000	N	10.3	57.75	9.45	Compliance
0.460000	---	34.71	9.000	N	10.3	46.69	11.98	Compliance
0.460000	43.82	---	9.000	N	10.3	56.69	12.87	Compliance
0.685000	---	29.24	9.000	N	10.3	46.00	16.76	Compliance
0.685000	39.17	---	9.000	N	10.3	56.00	16.83	Compliance
1.050000	---	27.61	9.000	N	10.3	46.00	18.39	Compliance
1.050000	35.23	---	9.000	N	10.3	56.00	20.77	Compliance
1.285000	---	25.93	9.000	N	10.3	46.00	20.07	Compliance
1.285000	37.51	---	9.000	N	10.3	56.00	18.49	Compliance
1.895000	---	24.55	9.000	N	10.4	46.00	21.45	Compliance
1.895000	35.73	---	9.000	N	10.4	56.00	20.27	Compliance

**Note:**

- 1) Correction Factor = LISN VDF (Voltage Division Factor) + Cable Loss + Transient Limiter Attenuation
- 2) Corrected Amplitude = Reading + Correction Factor
- 3) Margin = Limit – Corrected Amplitude

**FCC §15.209, §15.205 & §15.247(d) - SPURIOUS EMISSIONS****Applicable Standard**

FCC §15.247 (d); §15.209; §15.205

**EUT Setup****Below 1 GHz:****Above 1GHz:**

The radiated emission tests were performed in the 3 meters test site, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10-2013. The specification used was the FCC 15.209, and FCC 15.247 limits.



## EMI Test Receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup

The system was investigated from 30 MHz to 25 GHz.

During the radiated emission test, the EMI test receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup were set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	RBW	Video B/W	IF B/W	Detector
30 MHz – 1000 MHz	100 kHz	300 kHz	120 kHz	QP
Above 1 GHz	1MHz	3 MHz	/	PK
	1MHz	10 Hz	/	Ave.

## Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

Data was recorded in Quasi-peak detection mode for frequency range of 30 MHz-1 GHz, peak and Average detection modes for frequencies above 1 GHz.

## Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Meter Reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Corrected Amplitude} = \text{Meter Reading} + \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Loss} - \text{Amplifier Gain}$$

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of 7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Corrected Amplitude}$$

## Test Results Summary

According to the recorded data in following table, the EUT complied with the FCC Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C, section 15.205, 15.209 and 15.247.

Refer to CISPR16-4-2:2011 and CISPR 16-4-1:2009, the measured level complies with the limit if

$$L_m + U_{(Lm)} \leq L_{lim} + U_{cisp\text{r}}$$

In BACL,  $U_{(Lm)}$  is less than  $U_{cisp\text{r}}$ , if  $L_m$  is less than  $L_{lim}$ , it implies that the EUT complies with the limit.

**Test Data****Environmental Conditions**

<b>Temperature:</b>	25°C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	56%
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Ada Yu on 2016-10-08.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

**30 MHz-25 GHz:**

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Turntable Degree	Rx Antenna		Corrected Factor (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	FCC Part 15.247/205/209	
	Reading (dBμV)	Detector (PK/QP/Ave.)		Height (m)	Polar (H/V)			Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
Low Channel (2402 MHz)									
186.40	43.67	QP	329	1.8	V	-12.6	31.07	43.5	12.43
2402.00	78.40	PK	29	1.6	H	-3.04	75.36	/	/
2402.00	72.60	Ave.	29	1.6	H	-3.04	69.56	/	/
2402.00	65.67	PK	175	1.8	V	-3.04	62.63	/	/
2402.00	60.20	Ave.	175	1.8	V	-3.04	57.16	/	/
2390.00	48.51	PK	49	1.6	H	-3.05	45.46	74	28.54
2390.00	30.28	Ave.	49	1.6	H	-3.05	27.23	54	26.77
2389.67	48.04	PK	31	2.2	H	-3.05	44.99	74	29.01
2389.67	29.45	Ave.	31	2.2	H	-3.05	26.40	54	27.60
2486.64	47.42	PK	337	1.1	V	-2.99	44.43	74	29.57
2486.64	28.79	Ave.	337	1.1	V	-2.99	25.80	54	28.20
4804.00	43.65	PK	313	2.4	H	7.16	50.81	74	23.19
4804.00	32.78	Ave.	313	2.4	H	7.16	39.94	54	14.06
Middle Channel (2440 MHz)									
186.40	43.04	QP	137	1.3	V	-12.6	30.44	43.5	13.06
2440.00	80.06	PK	75	1.3	H	-3.02	77.04	/	/
2440.00	74.40	Ave.	75	1.3	H	-3.02	71.38	/	/
2440.00	69.61	PK	270	1.0	V	-3.02	66.59	/	/
2440.00	64.90	Ave.	270	1.0	V	-3.02	61.88	/	/
2390.00	52.04	PK	28	2.4	H	-3.05	48.99	74	25.01
2390.00	31.73	Ave.	28	2.4	H	-3.05	28.68	54	25.32
2489.67	49.88	PK	98	1.4	H	-2.99	46.89	74	27.11
2489.67	30.98	Ave.	98	1.4	H	-2.99	27.99	54	26.01
2486.64	45.59	PK	234	1.5	V	-2.99	42.60	74	31.40
2486.64	28.79	Ave.	234	1.5	V	-2.99	25.80	54	28.20
4880.00	47.51	PK	69	1.2	H	7.28	54.79	74	19.21
4880.00	38.67	Ave.	69	1.2	H	7.28	45.95	54	8.05

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Turntable Degree	Rx Antenna		Corrected Factor (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	FCC Part 15.247/205/209	
	Reading (dBμV)	Detector (PK/QP/Ave.)		Height (m)	Polar (H/V)			Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
High Channel (2480 MHz)									
186.40	43.44	QP	109	1.1	V	-12.6	30.84	43.5	12.66
2480.00	84.71	PK	183	1.9	H	-2.99	81.72	/	/
2480.00	77.44	Ave.	183	1.9	H	-2.99	74.45	/	/
2480.00	73.39	PK	78	1.6	V	-2.99	70.40	/	/
2480.00	68.09	Ave.	78	1.6	V	-2.99	65.10	/	/
2389.19	53.09	PK	50	1.9	H	-3.05	50.04	74	23.96
2389.19	35.03	Ave.	50	1.9	H	-3.05	31.98	54	22.02
2485.35	54.59	PK	54	1.5	H	-2.99	51.60	74	22.40
2485.35	35.32	Ave.	54	1.5	H	-2.99	32.33	54	21.67
2485.78	52.97	PK	45	1.9	V	-2.99	49.98	74	24.02
2485.78	34.15	Ave.	45	1.9	V	-2.99	31.16	54	22.84
4960.00	50.88	PK	54	1.6	H	7.40	58.28	74	15.72
4960.00	43.07	Ave.	54	1.6	H	7.40	50.47	54	3.53

**Note:**

Corrected Factor = Antenna factor (RX) + Cable Loss – Amplifier Factor

Corrected Amplitude = Corrected Factor + Reading

Margin = Limit - Corrected. Amplitude

The other spurious emission which is 20dB to the limit was not recorded.

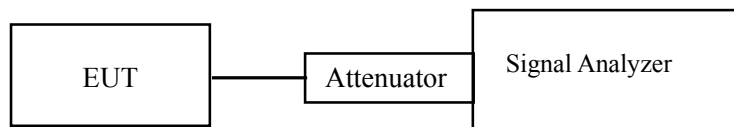
## FCC §15.247(a) (2) – 6 dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH

### Applicable Standard

Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

### Test Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
3. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 6 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.



### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25°C
Relative Humidity:	55 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Ada Yu on 2016-10-11.*

**Test Result:** Pass.

Please refer to the following table and plots.

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Emission Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)
Low	2402	0.725	$\geq 500$
Middle	2440	0.721	$\geq 500$
High	2480	0.733	$\geq 500$

3.5 dB Offset

Ref Lvl 13.5 dBm

Marker 1 [T1 ndB]

ndB 6.00 dB

BW 725.45090180 kHz

SWT 5 ms

Unit dBm

RBW 100 kHz

RF Att 20 dB

VBW 300 kHz

1 [T1] -17.53 dBm

2.40198998 GHz

2.40163327 GHz

2.40235872 GHz

T1 [T1] -17.52 dBm

1MAX

1MA

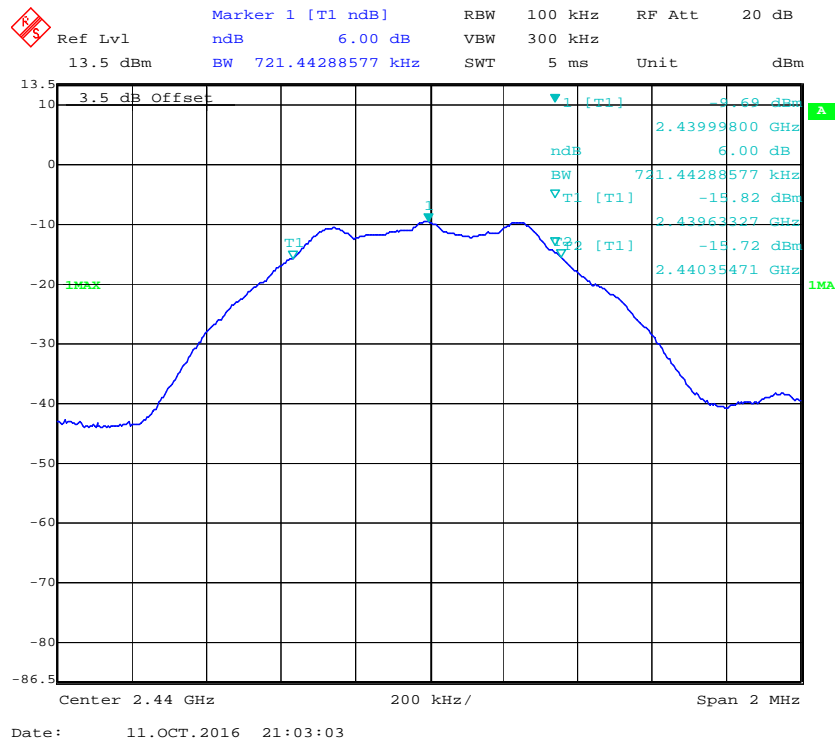
Center 2.402 GHz

200 kHz/

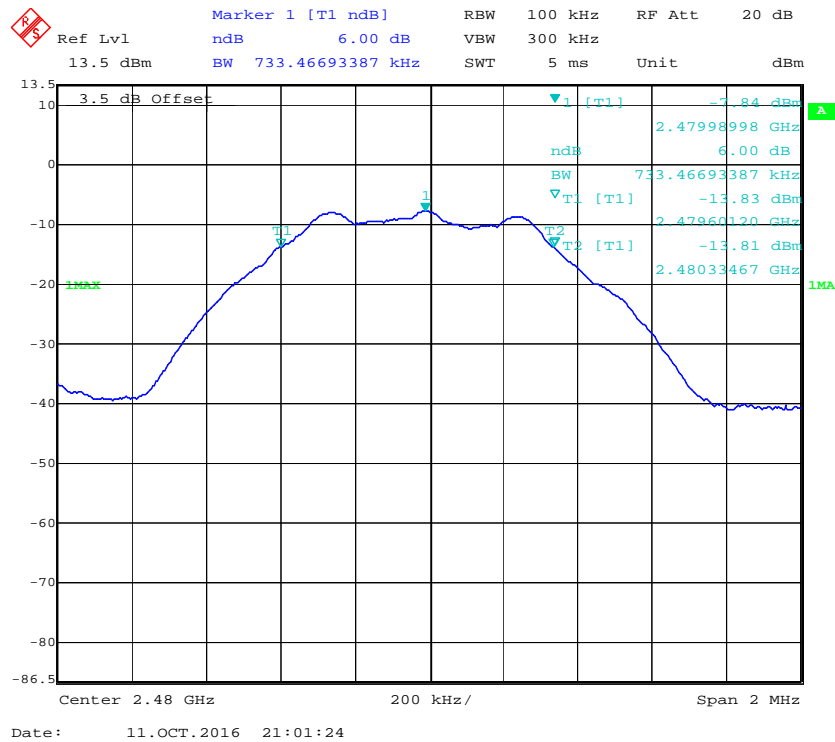
Span 2 MHz

Date: 11.OCT.2016 21:02:15

### Middle Channel



### High Channel



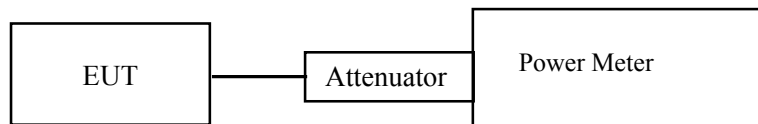
## FCC §15.247(b) (3) - MAXIMUM CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

### Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(b) (3), for systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

### Test Procedure

1. Place the EUT on a bench and set it in transmitting mode.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to one test equipment.
3. Add a correction factor to the display.



### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	25°C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	55 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Ada Yu on 2016-10-11.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

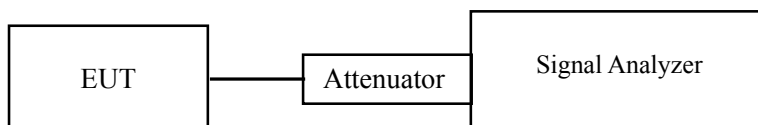
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Max Peak Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	2402	-12.14	30	Pass
Middle	2440	-10.41	30	Pass
High	2480	-8.38	30	Pass

**FCC §15.247(d) – 100 kHz BANDWIDTH OF FREQUENCY BAND EDGE****Applicable Standard**

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

**Test Procedure**

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW to 100 kHz and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 300 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

**Test Data****Environmental Conditions**

<b>Temperature:</b>	25°C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	55%
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Ada Yu on 2016-10-11.*

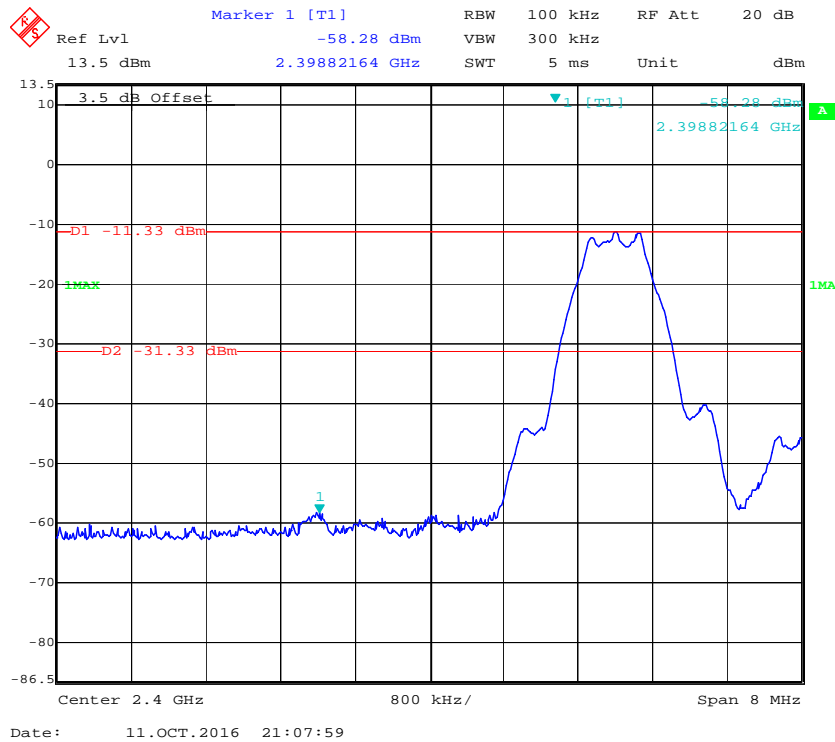
*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

**Test Result:** Compliance

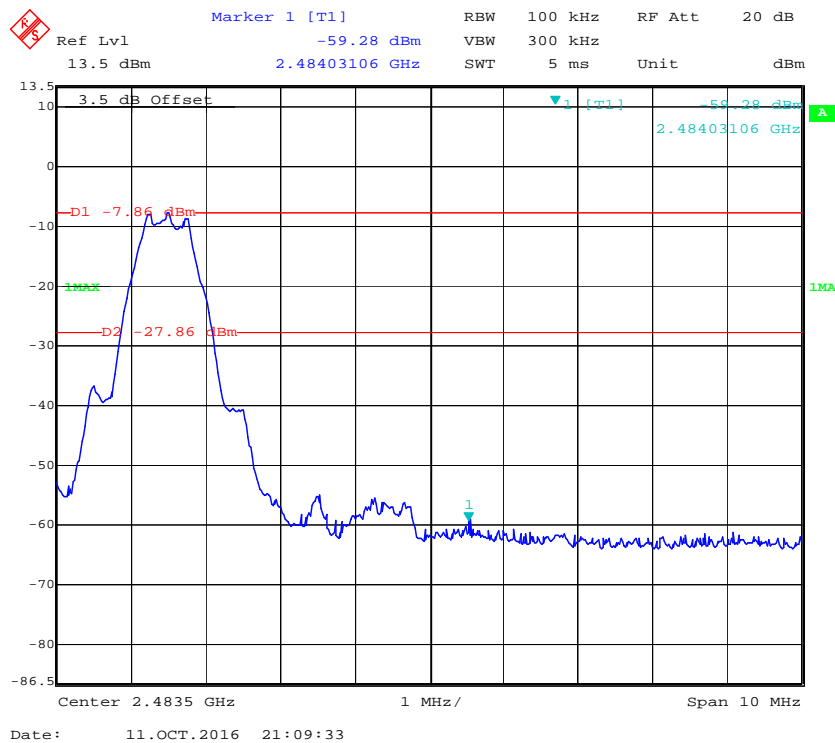
Please refer to the following plots.



### Band Edge, Left Side



### BLE: Band Edge, Right Side



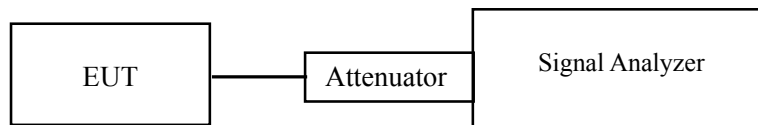
## FCC §15.247(e) - POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

### Applicable Standard

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

### Test Procedure

1. Use this procedure when the maximum peak conducted output power in the fundamental emission is used to demonstrate compliance.
2. Set the RBW to:  $3\text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100\text{ kHz}$ .
3. Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$ .
4. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
5. Detector = peak.
6. Sweep time = auto couple.
7. Trace mode = max hold.
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
10. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.



### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25°C
Relative Humidity:	55 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

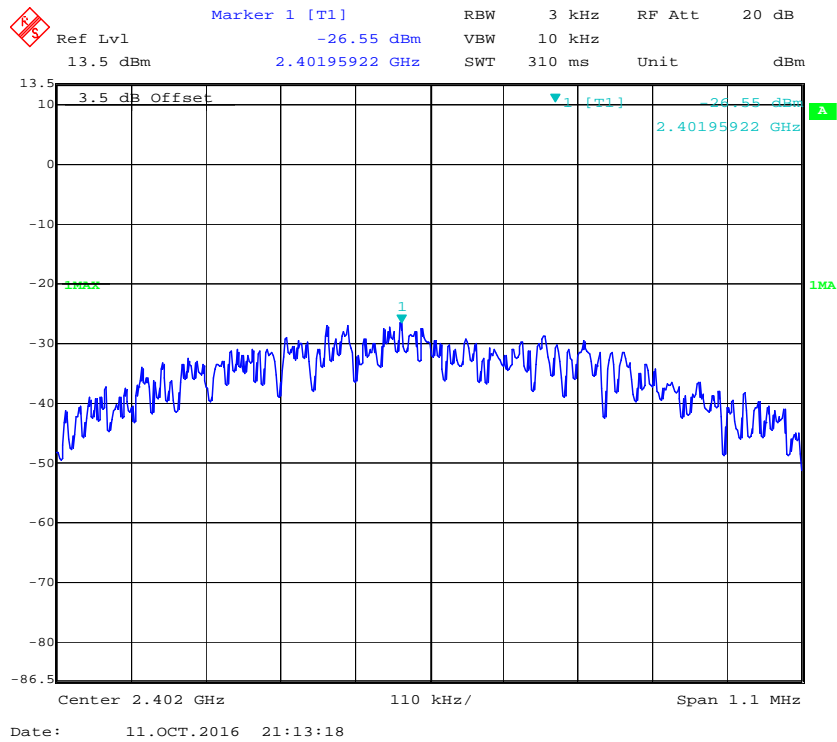
The testing was performed by Ada Yu on 2016-10-11.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

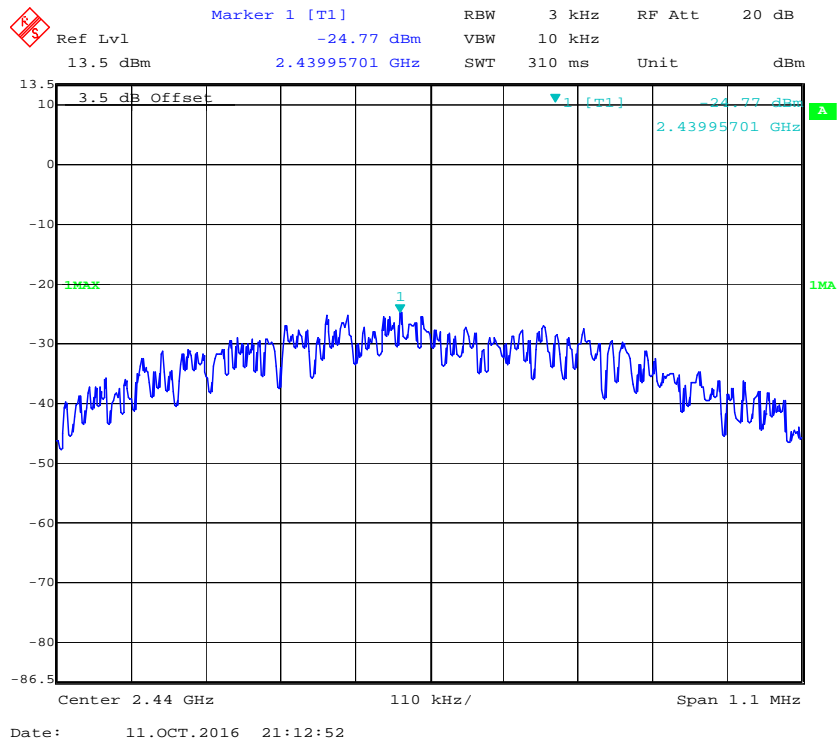
**Test Result:** Pass

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PSD (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
Low	2402	-26.55	$\leq 8$
Middle	2440	-24.77	$\leq 8$
High	2480	-22.86	$\leq 8$

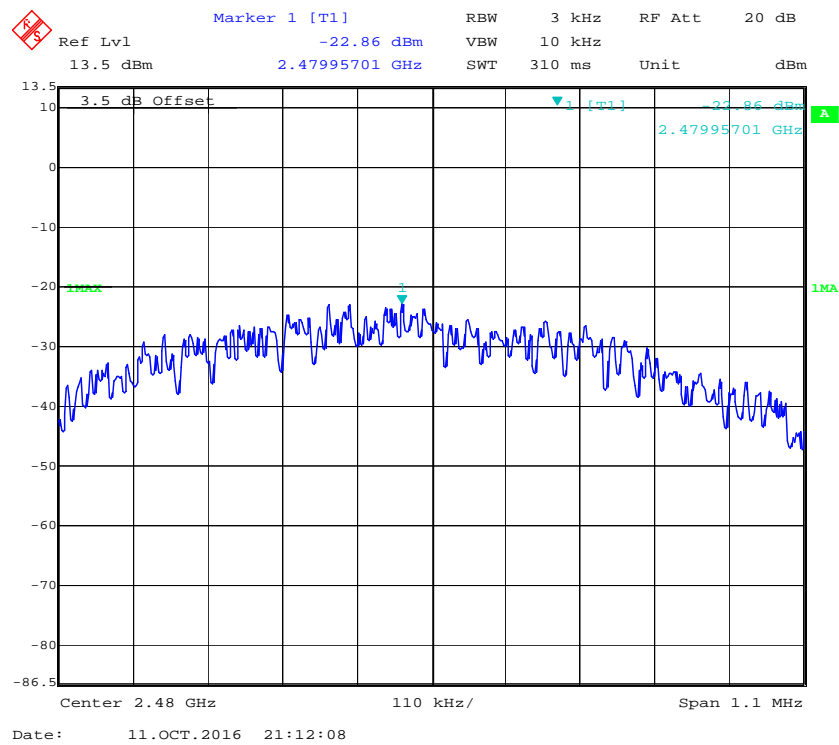
### Power Spectral Density, Low Channel



### Power Spectral Density, Middle Channel



Power Spectral Density, High Channel



3.5 dB Offset

▼ 1 [T1]

-22.86 dBm

2.47995701 GHz

1MA

1MA

\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*