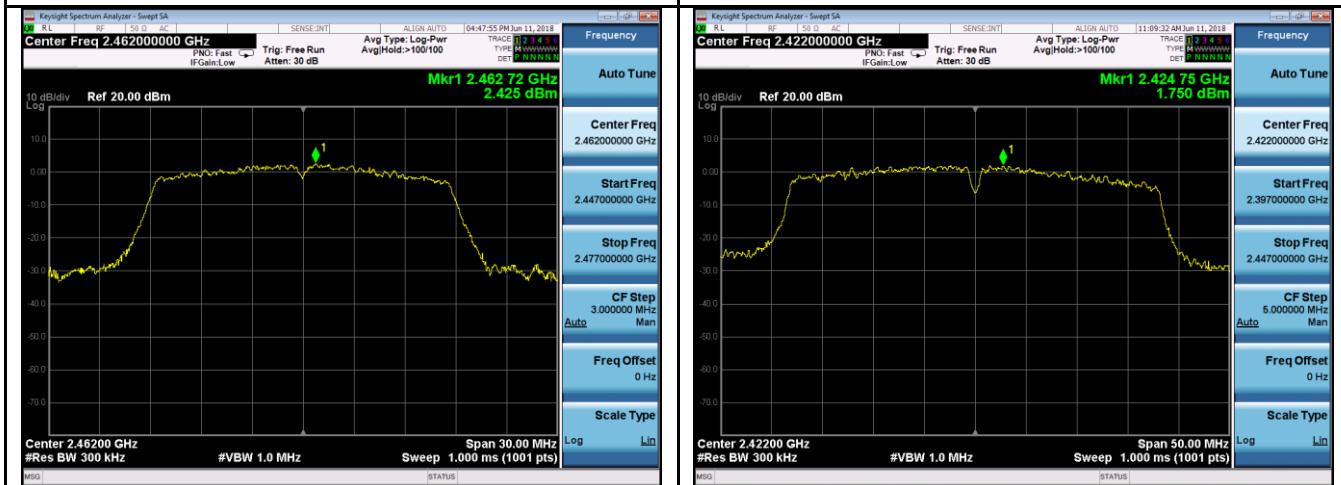


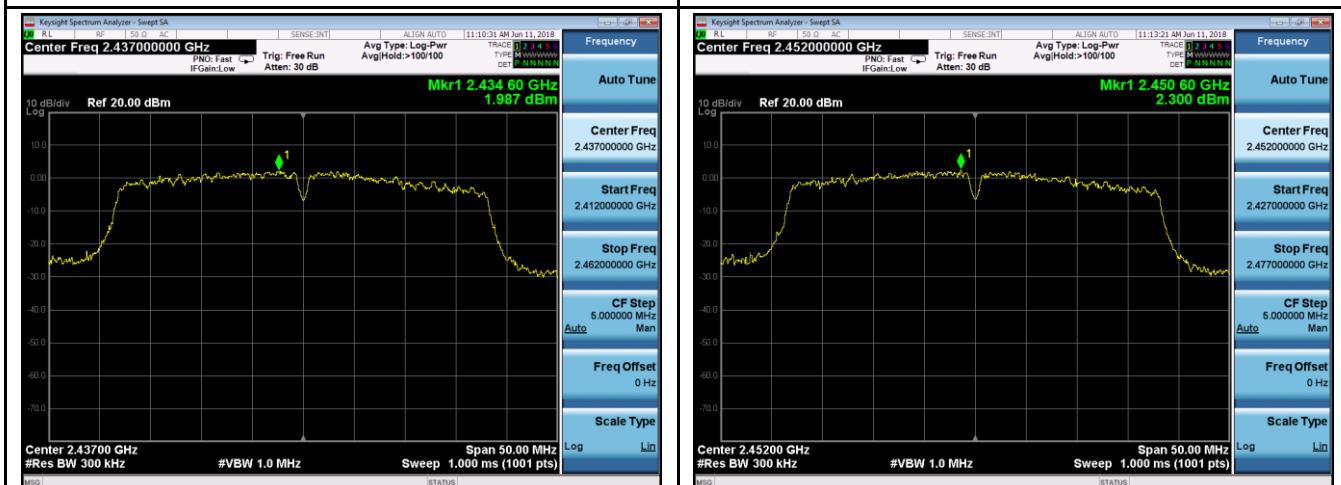
802.11n20 - AV Output power - Low CH 2412

802.11n20 - AV Output power - Mid CH 2437



802.11n20 - AV Output power - High CH 2462

802.11n40 - AV Output power - Low CH 2422



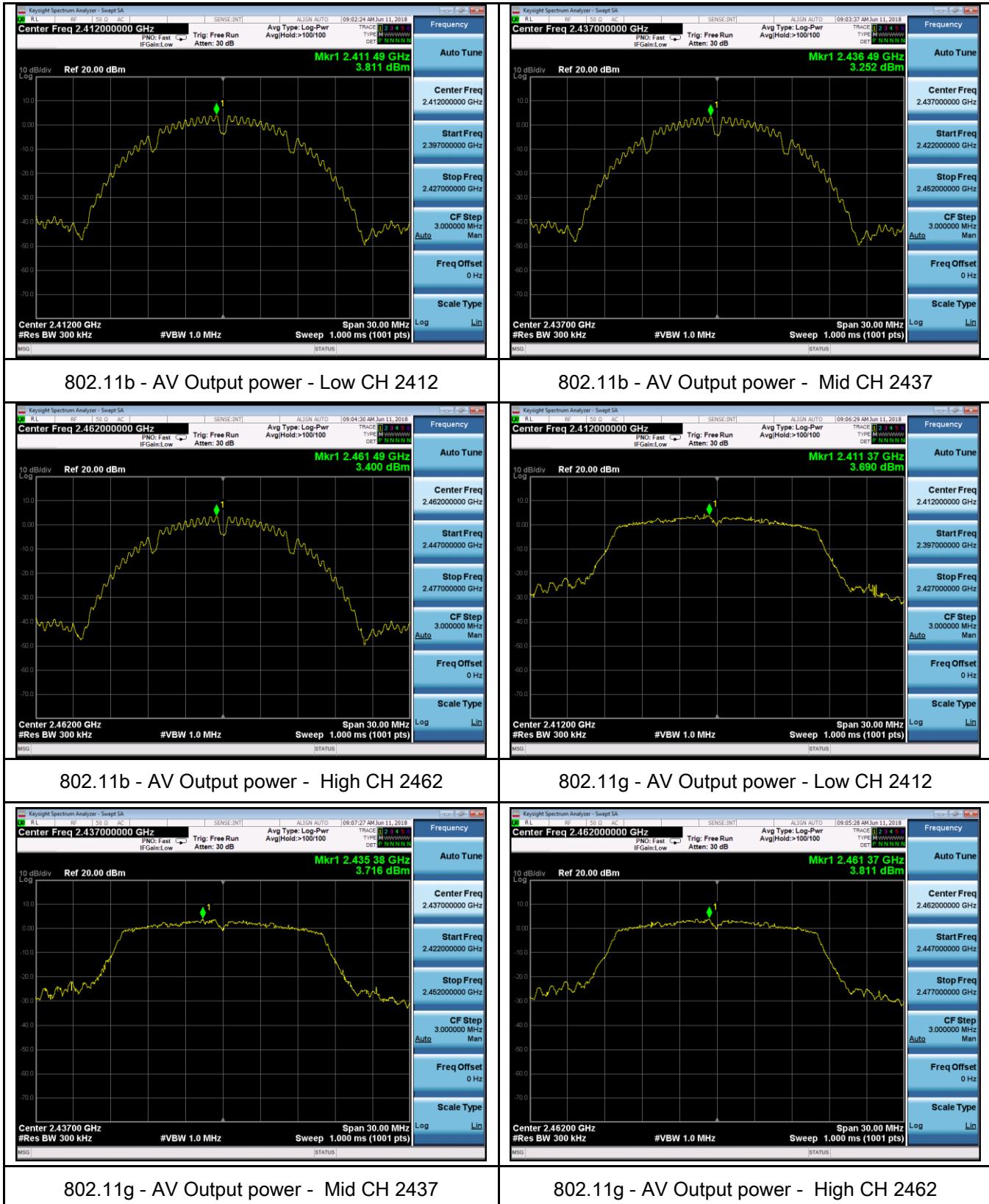
802.11n40 - AV Output power - Mid CH 2437

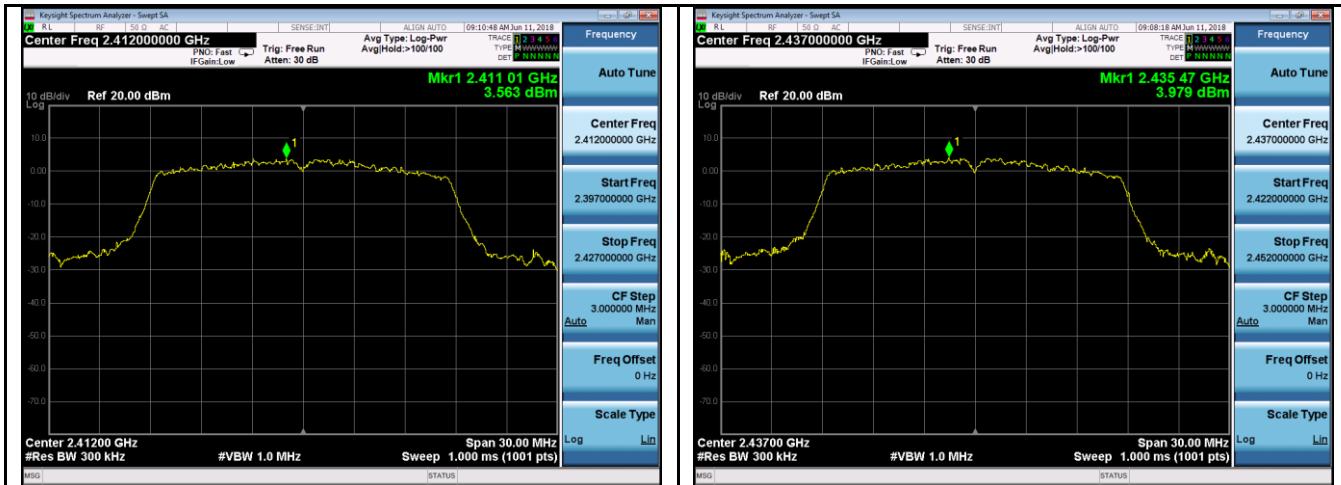
802.11n40 - AV Output power - High CH 2452

Ant. 2:

Test Plots

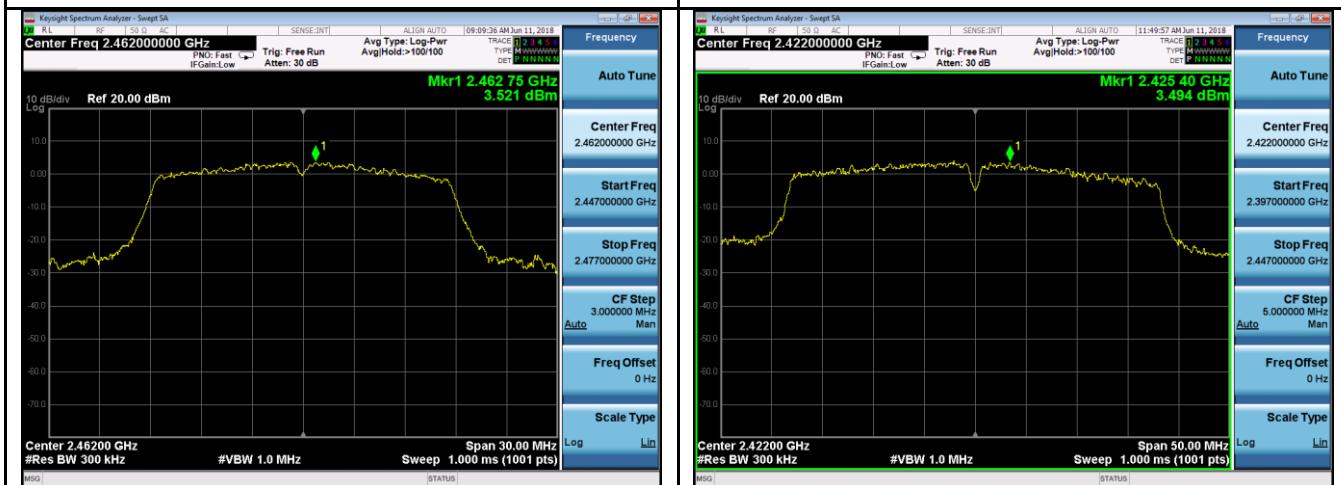
The Average Power





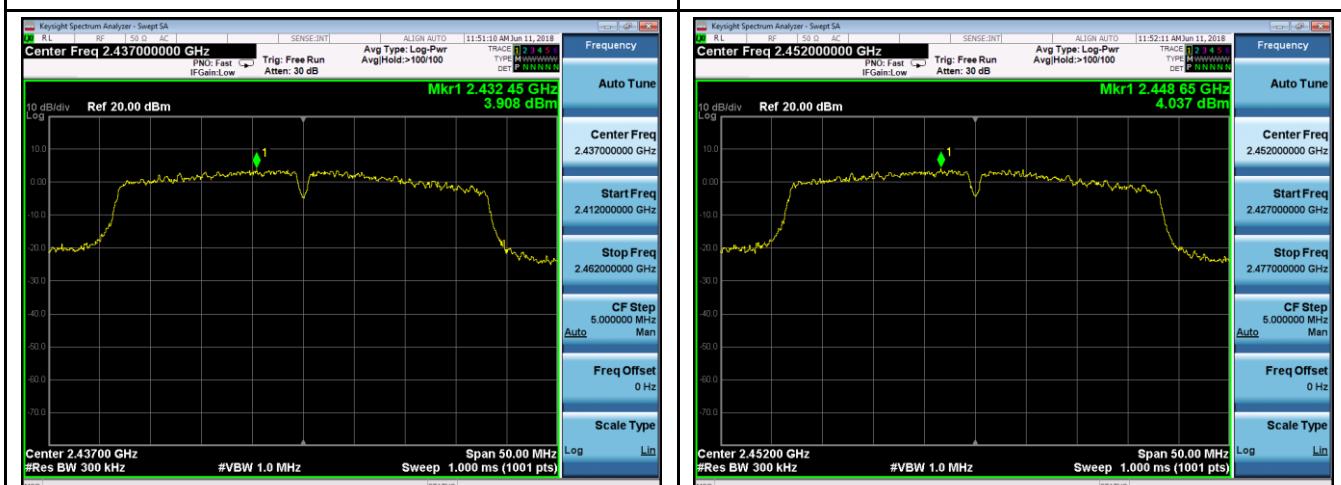
802.11n20 - AV Output power - Low CH 2412

802.11n20 - AV Output power - Mid CH 2437



802.11n20 - AV Output power - High CH 2462

802.11n40 - AV Output power - Low CH 2422

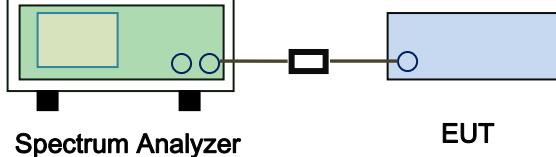


802.11n40 - AV Output power - Mid CH 2437

802.11n40 - AV Output power - High CH 2452

6.4 Power Spectral Density

Temperature	26°C
Relative Humidity	55%
Atmospheric Pressure	1020mbar
Test date :	June 11, 2018
Tested By :	Aaron Liang

Spec	Item	Requirement	Applicable
§15.247(e)	a)	The power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Test Setup		 <p style="text-align: center;">Spectrum Analyzer EUT</p>	
Test Procedure		<p>558074 D01 DTS MEAS Guidance v03r03, 10.2 power spectral density method power spectral density measurement procedure</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - a) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency. - b) Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth. - c) Set the RBW to: $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$. - d) Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$. - e) Detector = peak. - f) Sweep time = auto couple. - g) Trace mode = max hold. - h) Allow trace to fully stabilize. - i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW. - j) If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat. 	
Remark			
Result		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pass <input type="checkbox"/> Fail	

Test Data Yes N/A
 Test Plot Yes (See below) N/A

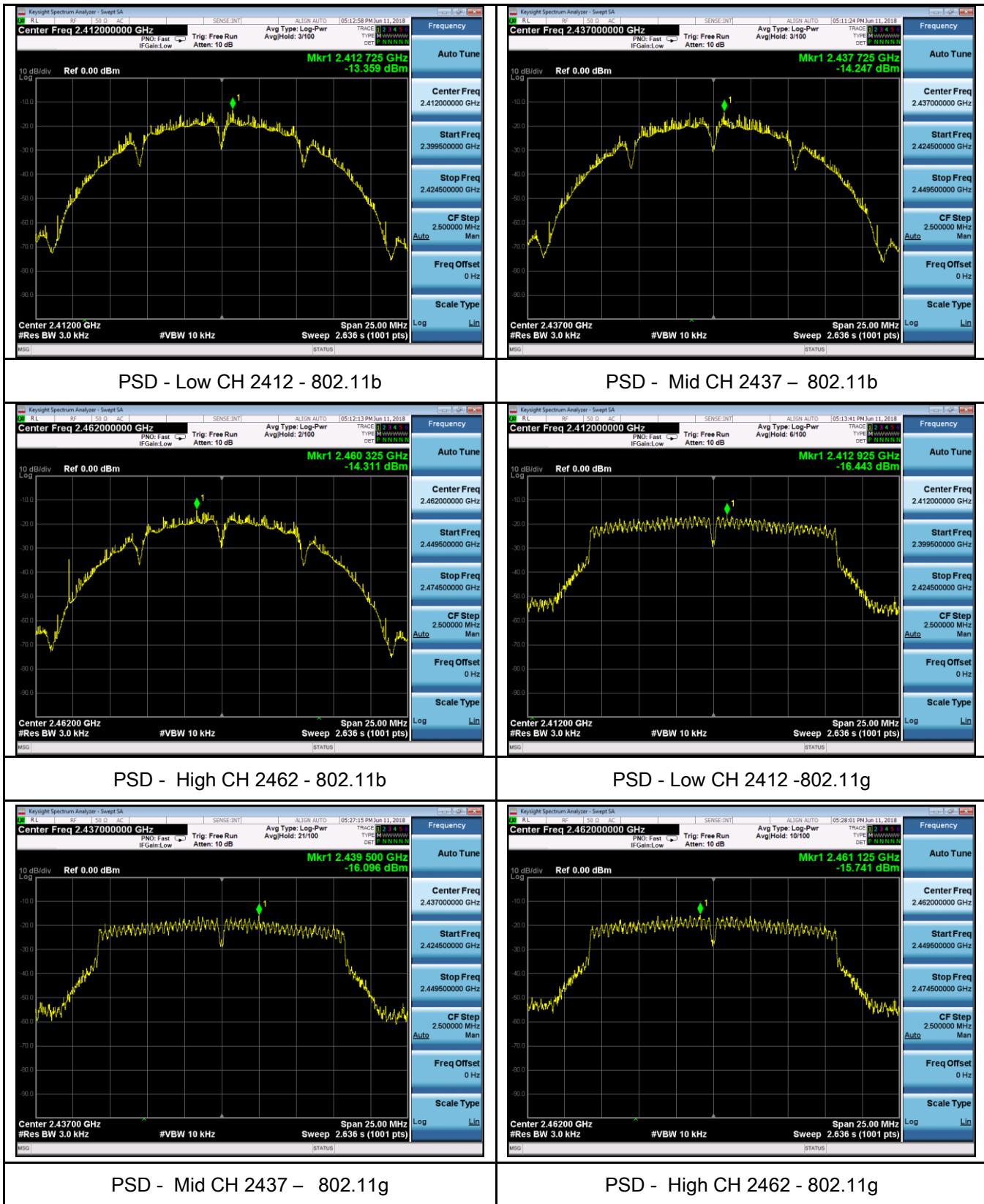
Power Spectral Density measurement result

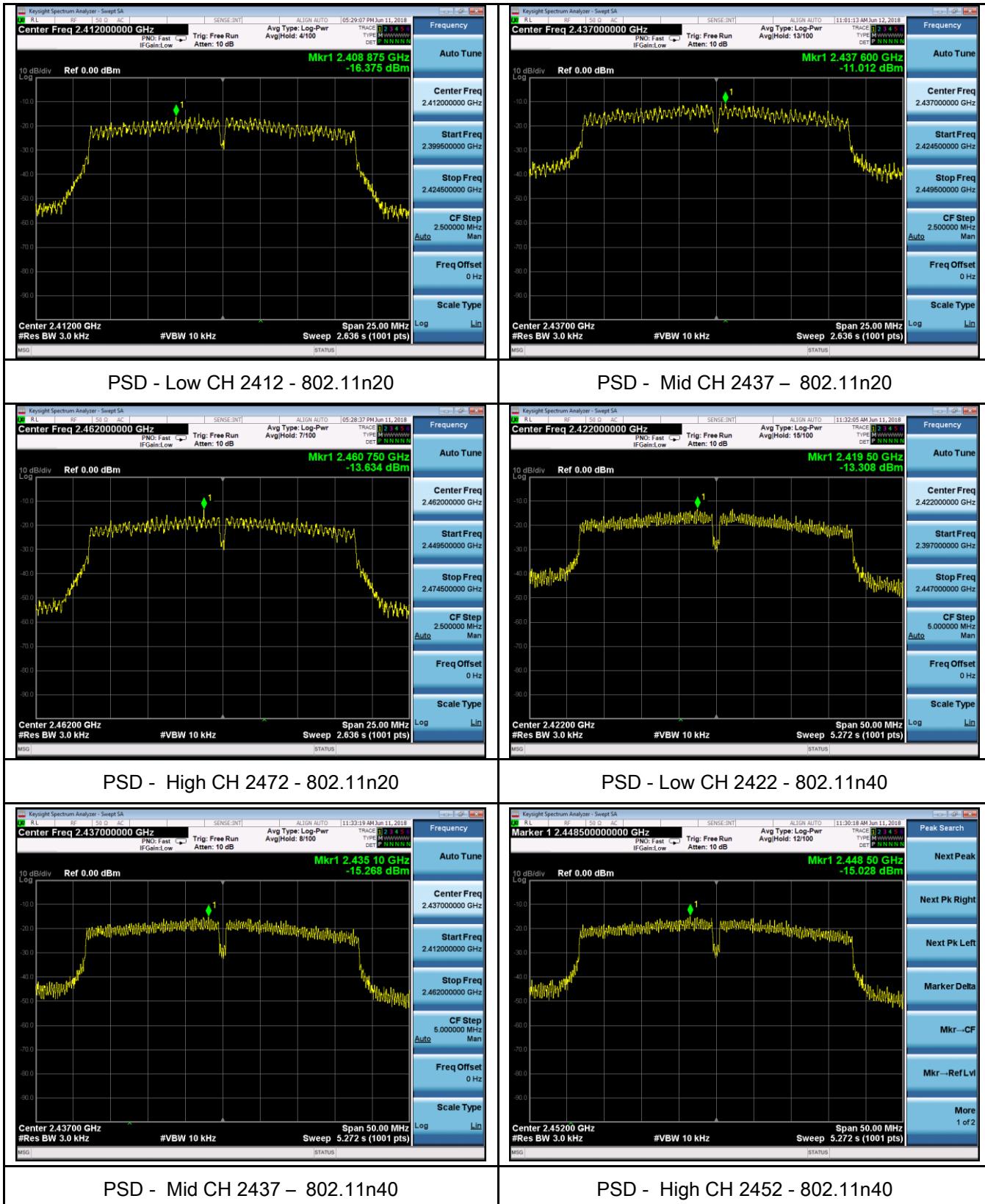
Type	Modulation	CH	Freq.(MHz)	Ant. 1	Ant. 2	Total	Limit(dBm)	Result
				PSD(dBm)	PSD(dBm)			
PSD	802.11b	Low	2412	-13.359	-11.905	/	8	Pass
		Mid	2437	-14.427	-13.152	/	8	Pass
		High	2462	-14.311	-13.04	/	8	Pass
	802.11g	Low	2412	-16.443	-14.743	/	8	Pass
		Mid	2437	-16.096	-16.357	/	8	Pass
		High	2462	-15.741	-15.097	/	8	Pass
	802.11n(20M)	Low	2412	-16.375	-14.562	-12.36	6	Pass
		Mid	2437	-11.012	-15.429	-9.67	6	Pass
		High	2462	-13.634	-15.709	-11.54	6	Pass
	802.11n(40M)	Low	2422	-13.308	-14.146	-10.70	6	Pass
		Mid	2437	-15.268	-14.124	-11.65	6	Pass
		High	2452	-15.028	-15.258	-12.13	6	Pass

Ant. 1:

Test Plots

Power Spectral Density measurement result

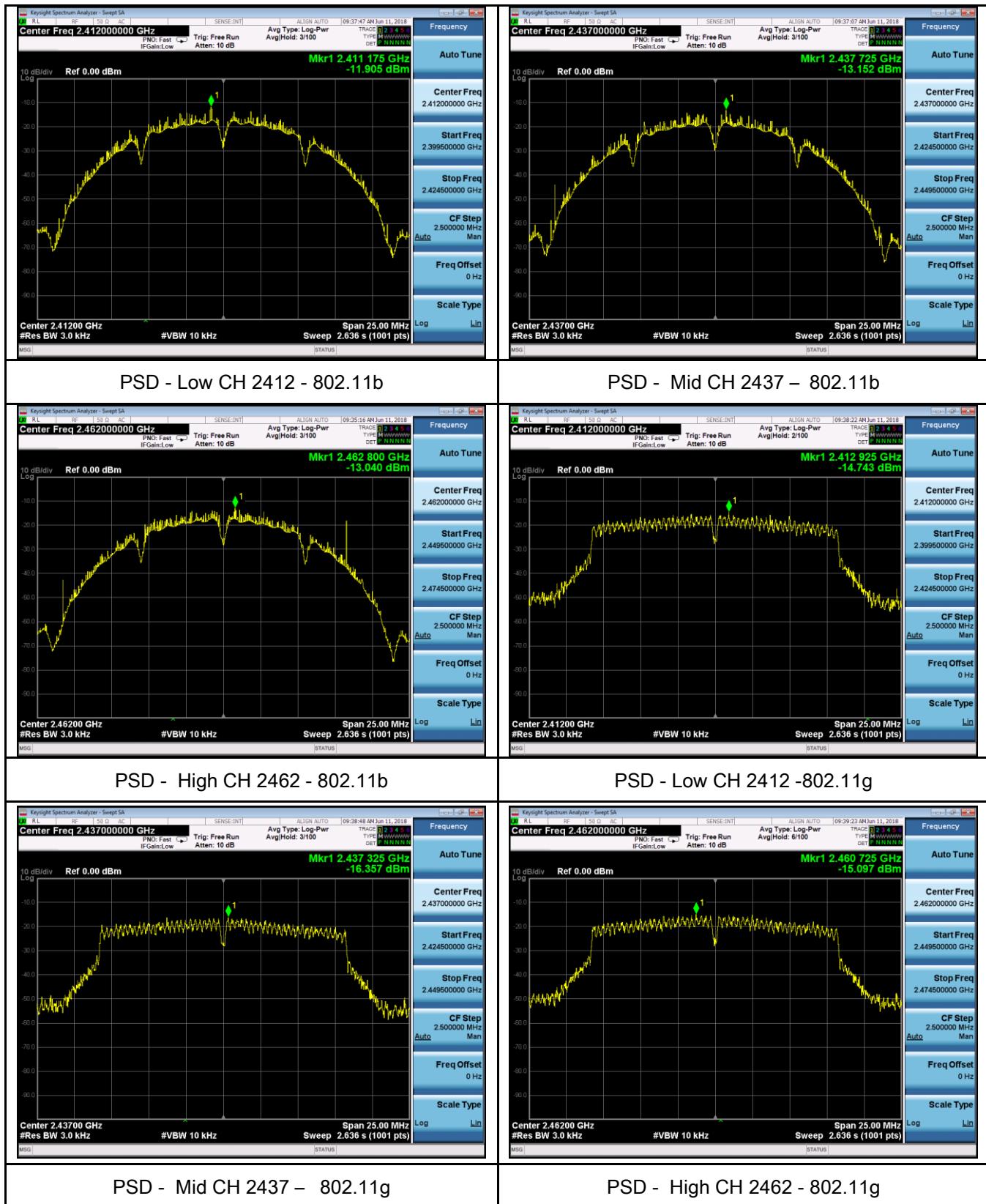


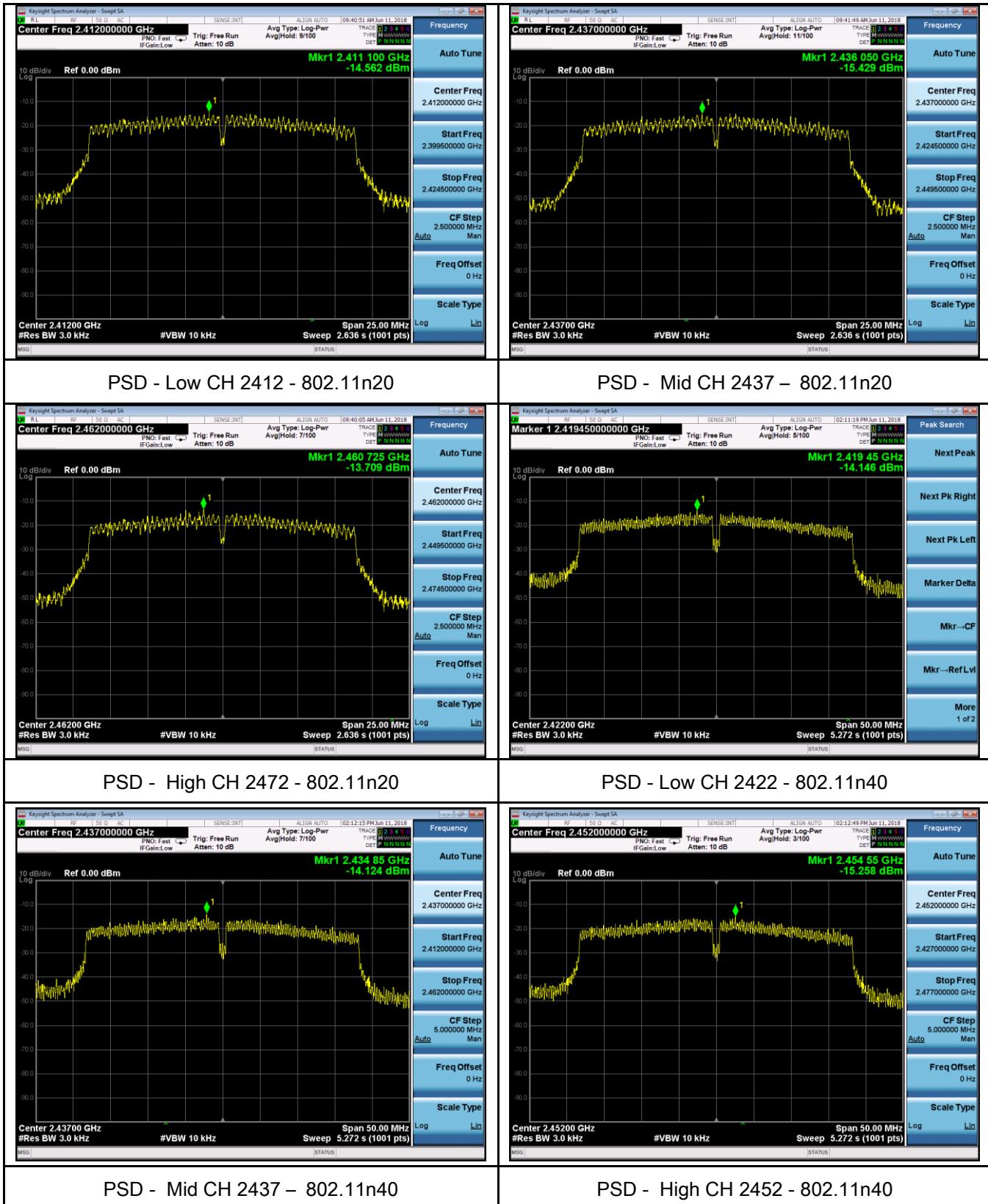


Ant. 2:

Test Plots

Power Spectral Density measurement result

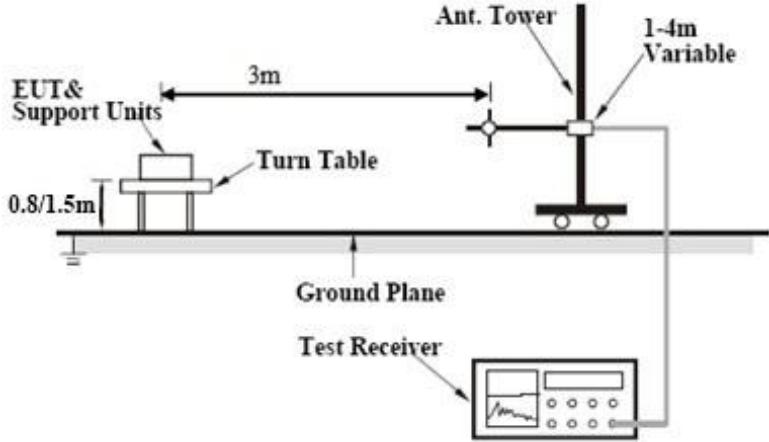




6.5 Band-Edge & Unwanted Emissions into Restricted Frequency Bands

Temperature	26°C
Relative Humidity	55%
Atmospheric Pressure	1020mbar
Test date :	June 11, 2018
Tested By :	Aaron Liang

Requirement(s):

Spec	Item	Requirement	Applicable
§15.247(d)	a)	In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Test Setup	 <p>The diagram illustrates the test setup. An Ant. Tower is positioned above a Turn Table, which is mounted on a Ground Plane. The distance between the EUT & Support Units (on the left) and the Ant. Tower is 3m. The height of the EUT & Support Units from the ground plane is 0.8/1.5m. A Test Receiver is connected to the system to measure the signal.</p>		
Test Procedure	<p>Radiated Method Only</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator. - 2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Put it on the Rotated table and turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range. 		

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 3. First, set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100kHz bandwidth from band edge, check the emission of EUT, if pass then set Spectrum Analyzer as below: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kHz for Quasiy Peak detection at frequency below 1GHz. b. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and video bandwidth is 3MHz with Peak detection for Peak measurement at frequency above 1GHz. c. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and the video bandwidth is 10Hz with Peak detection for Average Measurement as below at frequency above 1GHz. - 4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency. - 5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.
Remark	
Result	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pass <input type="checkbox"/> Fail

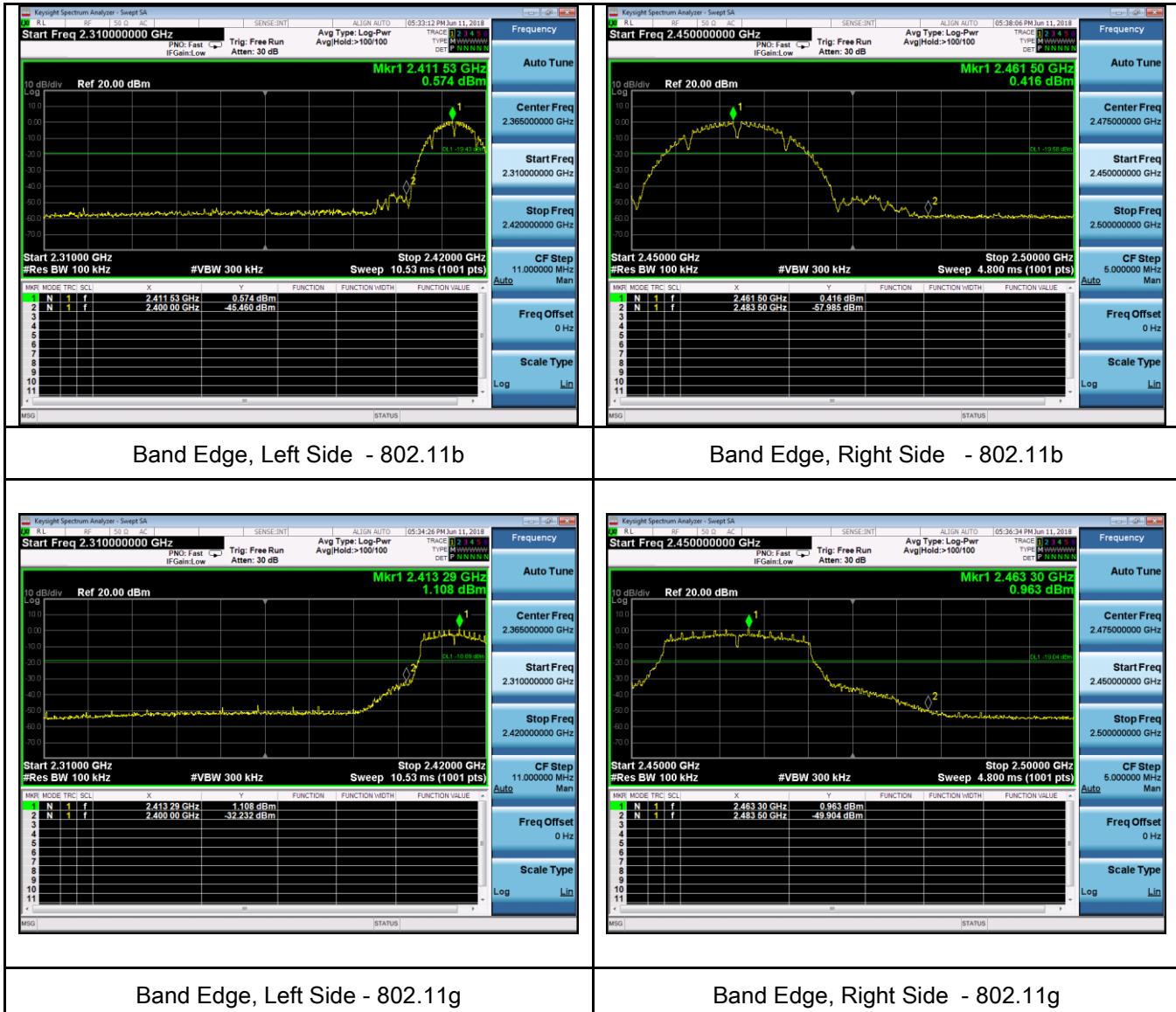
Test Data Yes N/A

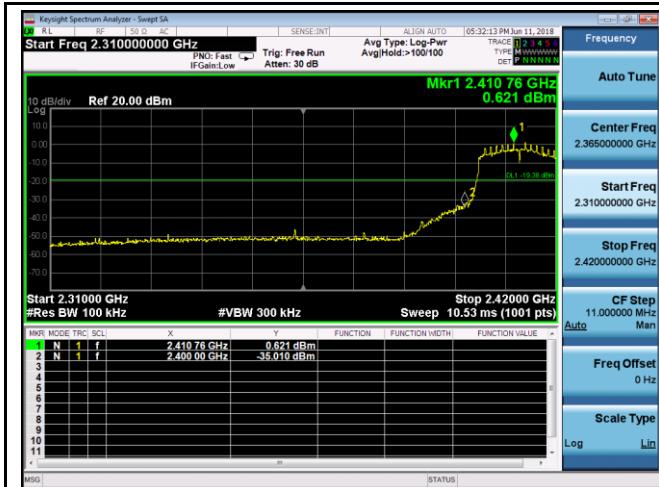
Test Plot Yes (See below) N/A

Ant. 1:

Test Plots

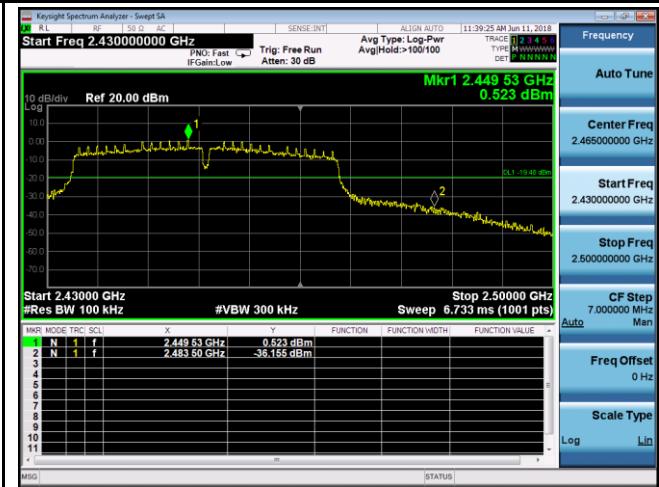
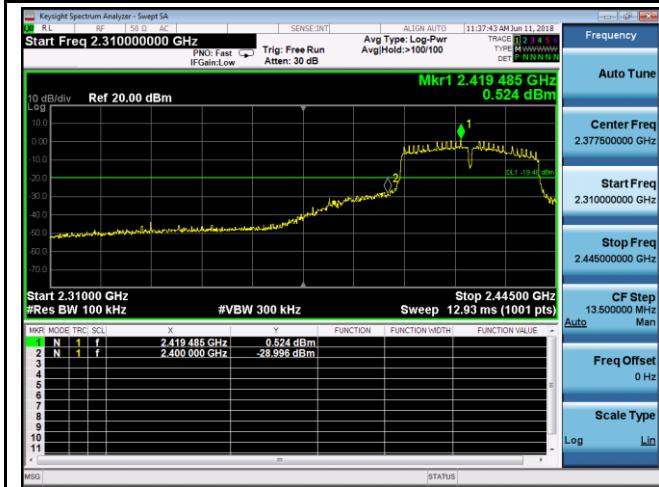
Band Edge measurement result





Band Edge, Left Side - 802.11n20

Band Edge, Right Side - 802.11n20



Band Edge, Left Side - 802.11n40

Band Edge, Right Side - 802.11n40

Note: Both Horizontal and vertical polarities were investigated

Ant. 2:

