

Qingdao Intelligent&Precise Electronics Co., Ltd

RF TEST REPORT

Report Type:

FCC Part 15.247 & ISED RSS-247 RF report

Model:

ZDGF7638GU-C

REPORT NUMBER:

190101102SHA-003

ISSUE DATE:

February 28, 2019

DOCUMENT CONTROL NUMBER:

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Intertek Testing Services Shanghai Building No.86, 1198 Qinzhou Road (North) Caohejing Development Zone Shanghai 200233, China

> Telephone: 86 21 6127 8200 www.intertek.com

Report no.: 190101102SHA-003

Applicant: Qingdao Intelligent&Precise Electronics Co., Ltd

No.218, Qianwangang Road, Qingdao Economic&Technological

Development Zone, Shandong, China.

Manufacturer: Qingdao Intelligent&Precise Electronics Co., Ltd

No.218, Qianwangang Road, Qingdao Economic&Technological

Development Zone, Shandong, China.

Factory: Qingdao Intelligent&Precise Electronics Co., Ltd

No.218, Qianwangang Road, Qingdao Economic&Technological

Development Zone, Shandong, China.

FCC ID: 2AJVQ-7638GUC **IC:** 22470-7638GUC

SUMMARY:

The equipment complies with the requirements according to the following standard(s) or Specification:

47CFR Part 15 (2018): Radio Frequency Devices (Subpart C)

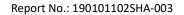
ANSI C63.10 (2013): American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices

RSS-247 Issue 2 (February 2017): Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence-Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices

RSS-Gen Issue 5 (April 2018): General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus

PREPARED BY:	REVIEWED BY:	
remb	Donnel	
Project Engineer	Reviewer	
Nemo Li	Daniel Zhao	

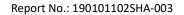
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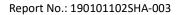
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Revision History

Report No. Version Description		Issued Date	
190101102SHA-003	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	February 28, 2019





Measurement result summary

TEST ITEM	FCC REFERANCE	IC REFERANCE	RESULT
Minimum 6dB Bandwidth	15.247(a)(2)	RSS-247 Issue 2 Clause 5.2	Pass
Maximum conducted output power and e.i.r.p.	15.247(b)(3)	RSS-247 Issue 2 Clause 5.4	Pass
Power spectrum density	15.247(e)	RSS-247 Issue 2 Clause 5.2	Pass
Emission outside the frequency band	15.247(d)	RSS-247 Issue 2 Clause 5.5	Pass
Radiated Emissions in restricted frequency bands	15.247(d), 15.205&15.209	RSS-Gen Issue 5 Clause 8.9&8.10	Pass
Power line conducted emission	15.207(a)	RSS-Gen Issue 5 Clause 8.8	Pass
Occupied bandwidth	-	RSS-Gen Issue 5 Clause 6.6	Tested
Antenna requirement	15.203	-	Pass

Notes: 1: NA =Not Applicable





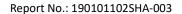
1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Description of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Product name:	Wireless Module
Type/Model:	ZDGF7638GU-C
_	EUT is a Wireless Module with WiFi function and Bluetooth function,
Description of EUT:	and has only one model.
Rating:	DC 5V
EUT type:	☐ Table top ☐ Floor standing
Software Version:	/
Hardware Version:	/
Sample received date:	January 14, 2019
Date of test: January 14, 2019 ~ February 28, 2019	

1.2 Technical Specification

Frequency Band:	2400MHz ~ 2483.5MHz		
Support Standards:	IEEE 802.11b, IEEE 802.11g, IEEE 802.11n(HT20), IEEE 802.11n(HT40)		
	IEEE 802.11b: DSSS (CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK)		
	IEEE 802.11g: OFDM (64-QAM, 16-QAM, QPSK, BPSK)		
	IEEE 802.11n(HT20): OFDM (64-QAM, 16-QAM, QPSK, BPSK)		
Type of Modulation:	IEEE 802.11n(HT40): OFDM (64-QAM, 16-QAM, QPSK, BPSK)		
	2412MHz to 2462MHz for IEEE 802.11b/g/n(HT20)		
Operating Frequency:	2422MHz to 2452MHz for IEEE 802.11n(HT40)		
	11 Channels for 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n(HT20)		
Channel Number:	7 Channels for 802.11n(HT40)		
Channel Separation:	5 MHz		
	PIFA Antenna		
Antenna:	Antenna 0: 1.5dBi, Antenna 1: 1.5dBi		





1.3 Antenna information

Mode	Tx/Rx Function	Beamforming function	CDD function	Directional gain (dBi)
802.11b	1Tx/1Rx	NO	NO	-
802.11g	1Tx/1Rx	NO	NO	-
802.11n(HT20)	2Tx/2Rx	NO	NO	1.5
802.11n(HT40)	2Tx/2Rx	NO	NO	1.5

Note: For 802.11b and 802.11g mode, it only supports 1TX.

For 802.11n modes, it can support 2TX, all the two transmit signals are completely uncorrelated with each other, so the directional gain = $10 \log ((10^{G1/10} + 10^{G2/10} + ... + 10^{Gn/10}) / N_{ANT} = 1.5 dBi$

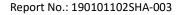




1.4 Description of Test Facility

Name:	Intertek Testing Services Shanghai
Address: Building 86, No. 1198 Qinzhou Road(North), Shanghai 200233, P.R. Ch	
Telephone:	86 21 61278200
Telefax:	86 21 54262353

The test facility is recognized,	CNAS Accreditation Lab Registration No. CNAS L0139
certified, or accredited by these organizations:	FCC Accredited Lab Designation Number: CN1175
organizations.	IC Registration Lab CAB identifier.: CN0051
	VCCI Registration Lab Registration No.: R-14243, G-10845, C-14723, T-12252
	A2LA Accreditation Lab Certificate Number: 3309.02





2 TEST SPECIFICATIONS

2.1 Standards or specification

47CFR Part 15 (2018) ANSI C63.10 (2013) KDB 662911 D01 (v02r01) KDB 558074 (v05) RSS-247 Issue 2 (February 2017) RSS-Gen Issue 5 (April 2018)

2.2 Mode of operation during the test

While testing transmitting mode of EUT, the internal modulation and continuously transmission was applied.

	Software name	Manufacturer	Version	Supplied by	
QA Tool		MTK	0.0.1.85	Client	

The lowest, middle and highest channel were tested as representatives.

Frequency Band (MHz)	Mode	Lowest (MHz)	Middle (MHz)	Highest (MHz)
2400-2483.5	802.11b	2412	2437	2462
	802.11g	2412	2437	2462
	802.11n(HT20)	2412	2437	2462
	802.11n(HT40)	2422	2437	2452

Data rate and Power setting:

The pre-scan for the conducted power with all rates in each modulation and bands was used, and the worst case was found and used in all test cases. After this pre-scan, we choose the following table of the data rata as the worst case.

Frequency Band (MHz)	Mode	Worst case data rate
	802.11b	1Mbps
2400-2483.5	802.11g	6Mbps
2400-2483.3	802.11n(HT20)	MCS8
	802.11n(HT40)	MCS8

Power Setting parameter					
Mode	Channel				
Mode	Lowest	Middle	Highest		
802.11b	1E	1E	1E		
802.11g	1E	1E	1E		
802.11n(HT20)	1E	1E	1E		
802.11n(HT40)	1A	1A	1A		





2.3 Test software list

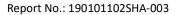
Test Items	Software	Manufacturer	Version	
Conducted emission	ESxS-K1	R&S	V2.1.0	
Radiated emission	ES-K1	R&S	V1.71	

2.4 Test peripherals list

Item No.	. Name Band and Model		Description
1	Laptop computer	DELL 5480	-

2.5 Test environment condition:

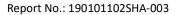
Test items	Temperature	Humidity
Minimum 6dB Bandwidth		
Maximum conducted output power and e.i.r.p.		
Power spectrum density	21°C	56%RH
Emission outside the frequency band		
Occupied bandwidth		
Radiated Emissions in restricted frequency bands	22°C	56%RH
Power line conducted emission	21°C	54%RH





2.6 Instrument list

Conducted Emission/Disturbance Power/Tri-loop Test/CDN method							
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Туре	Internal no.	Due date		
\boxtimes	Test Receiver	R&S	ESCS 30	EC 2107	2019-07-15		
	A.M.N.	R&S	ESH2-Z5	EC 3119	2019-11-30		
	A.M.N.	R&S	ENV 216	EC 3393	2019-07-04		
	A.M.N.	R&S	ENV4200	EC 3558	2019-06-10		
Radiated E	mission						
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type	Internal no.	Due date		
×	Test Receiver	R&S	ESIB 26	EC 3045	2019-09-12		
\boxtimes	Bilog Antenna	TESEQ	CBL 6112D	EC 4206	2019-06-10		
×	Pre-amplifier	R&S	AFS42- 00101800-25-S- 42	EC5262	2019-06-10		
\boxtimes	Horn antenna	R&S	HF 906	EC 3049	2019-11-17		
	Horn antenna	ETS	3117	EC 4792-1	2020-01-09		
\boxtimes	Horn antenna	TOYO	HAP18-26W	EC 4792-3	2020-07-09		
	Active loop antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1519	EC 5345	2019-03-07		
RF test							
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Туре	Internal no.	Due date		
\boxtimes	PXA Signal Analyzer	Keysight	N9030A	EC 5338	2019-03-05		
	Power sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	EC 5338-1	2019-03-05		
	Vector Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182B	EC 5175	2019-03-05		
	Spectrum analyzer	R&S	CMW500	EC5944	2019-12-22		
	MXG Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	EC 5338-2	2019-03-05		
	Mobile Test System	Litepoint	Iqxel	EC 5176	2020-01-08		
	Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI 7	EC 4501	2019-09-12		
Tet Site							
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Туре	Internal no.	Due date		
\boxtimes	Shielded room	Zhongyu	-	EC 2838	2020-01-14		
	Shielded room	Zhongyu	-	EC 2839	2020-01-14		
\boxtimes	Semi-anechoic chamber	Albatross project		EC 3048	2019-07-31		
	Fully-anechoic chamber	Albatross project	-	EC 3047	2019-07-31		
Additional	instrument						
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type	Internal no.	Due date		
\boxtimes	Therom- Hygrograph	ZJ1-2A	S.M.I.F.	EC 3783	2019-02-28		
	Therom-	ZJ1-2A	S.M.I.F.	EC 2122	2019-03-11		





	Hygrograph				
\boxtimes	Therom- Hygrograph	ZJ1-2A	S.M.I.F.	EC 5198	2020-01-18
\boxtimes	Therom- Hygrograph	ZJ1-2A	S.M.I.F.	EC 3326	2019-03-28
	Pressure meter	YM3	Shanghai Mengde	EC 3320	2019-07-01

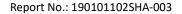




2.7 Measurement uncertainty

The measurement uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Test item	Measurement uncertainty
Maximum peak output power	± 0.74dB
Radiated Emissions in restricted frequency bands below 1GHz	±4.90 dB
Radiated Emissions in restricted frequency bands above 1GHz	± 5.02dB
Emission outside the frequency band	± 2.89dB
Power line conducted emission	± 3.19dB





3 Minimum 6dB bandwidth

Test result: Pass

3.1 Limit

For systems using digital modulation techniques that may operate in the 902 - 928 MHz, 2400 - 2483.5 MHz and 5725 - 5850 MHz bands, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

3.2 Measurement Procedure

The EUT was tested according to Subclause 11.8 of ANSI C63.10.

- a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) \geq 3 × RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Sweep = auto couple.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

3.3 Test Configuration



3.4 Test Results of Minimum 6dB bandwidth

Please refer to Appendix A



4 Maximum conducted output power and e.i.r.p.

Test result: Pass

4.1 Limit

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 W. (The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W)

If the transmitting antenna of directional gain greater than 6dBi is used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi. If there have a beam forming type, the limit should be the minimum of 30dBm and 30+ (6 –antenna gain-beam forming gain).

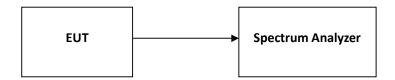
4.2 Measurement Procedure

The EUT was tested according to Subclause 11.9.2.2 of ANSI C63.10.

- a) Measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in Section 6.0.
- b) Set span to at least 1.5 x OBW.
- c) Set RBW = 1 % to 5 % of the OBW, not to exceed 1 MHz.
- d) Set VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
- e) Number of points in sweep $\geq 2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}$. (This gives bin-to-bin spacing $\leq \text{RBW/2}$, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
- f) Sweep time = auto.
- g) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.
- h) Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to "free run".
- i) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., RMS) mode; however, the number of traces to be averaged shall be increased above 100 as needed such that the average accurately represents the true average over the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- j) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the OBW band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at intervals equal to the RBW extending across the entire OBW of the spectrum.
- k) Add 10 log (1/x), where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times (because the measurement represents an average over both the on- and off-times of the transmission). For example, add 10 log (1/0.25) = 6 dB if the duty cycle is 25 %.



4.3 Test Configuration



4.4 Test Results of Maximum conducted output power

Please refer to Appendix A



5 Power spectrum density

Test result: Pass

5.1 Limit

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

If the transmitting antenna of directional gain greater than 6dBi is used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi. If there have a beam forming type, the limit should be the minimum of 8dBm/MHz and 8+ (6 –antenna gain-beam forming gain).

5.2 Measurement Procedure

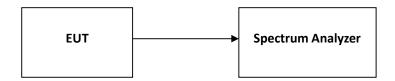
The EUT was tested according to Subclause 11.10 of ANSI C63.10.

This procedure is applicable when the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., duty cycle < 98 %), and when sweep triggering/signal gating cannot be used to measure only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level, and when the transmission duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ± 2 %):

- a) Measure the duty cycle (x) of the transmitter output signal as described in Section 6.0.
- b) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- c) Set span to at least 1.5 x OBW.
- d) Set RBW to: $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$.
- e) Set VBW $\geq 3 \times RBW$.
- f) Detector = power averaging (RMS) or sample detector (when RMS not available).
- g) Ensure that the number of measurement points in the sweep $\geq 2 \times \text{span/RBW}$.
- h) Sweep time = auto couple.
- i) Do not use sweep triggering. Allow sweep to "free run".
- j) Employ trace averaging (RMS) mode over a minimum of 100 traces.
- k) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
- l) Add 10 $\log (1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle measured in step (a, to the measured PSD to compute the average PSD during the actual transmission time.
- m) If resultant value exceeds the limit, then reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat (note that this may require zooming in on the emission of interest and reducing the span in order to meet the minimum measurement point requirement as the RBW is reduced).



5.3 Test Configuration



5.4 Test Results of Power spectrum density

Please refer to Appendix A



6 Emission outside the frequency band

Test result: Pass

6.1 Limit

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 30 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

6.2 Measurement Procedure

The EUT was tested according to Subclause 11.11 of ANSI C63.10.

Reference level measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

- a) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- b) Set the span to \geq 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- c) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- d) Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Sweep time = auto couple.
- g) Trace mode = max hold.
- h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

Emission level measurement

- a) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
- b) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- c) Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
- d) Detector = peak.
- e) Sweep time = auto couple.
- f) Trace mode = max hold.
- g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- h) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.



6.3 Test Configuration



6.4 The results of Emission outside the frequency band

Please refer to Appendix A



7 Radiated Emissions in restricted frequency bands

Test result: Pass

7.1 Limit

The radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified showed as below:

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 ~ 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 ~ 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 ~ 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	100	3
88 ~ 216	150	3
216 ~ 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

7.2 Measurement Procedure

The EUT was tested according to Subclause 11.12 of ANSI C63.10.

For Radiated emission below 30MHz:

- a) The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meters chamber room. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b) The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c) Both X and Y axes of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d) For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e) The test-receiver system was set to Quasi-Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

NOTE:

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 9kHz at frequency below 30MHz.

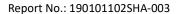


For Radiated emission above 30MHz:

- a) The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters (for 30MHz ~ 1GHz) / 1.5 meters (for above 1GHz) above the ground at 3 meters chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b) The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c) The height of antenna is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d) For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e) The test-receiver system was set to quasi-peak detect function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is below 1 GHz.
- f) The test-receiver system was set to peak and average detector function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is above 1 GHz. If the peak reading value also meets average limit, measurement with the average detector is unnecessary.

Note:

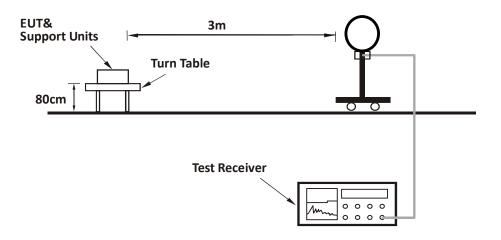
- 1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120kHz for Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1GHz.
- 2. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 3 MHz for Peak detection (PK) at frequency above 1GHz.
- The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is ≥ 1/T (Duty cycle < 98%) or 3 x RBW (Duty cycle ≥ 98%) for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1GHz.
- 4. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions were reported.



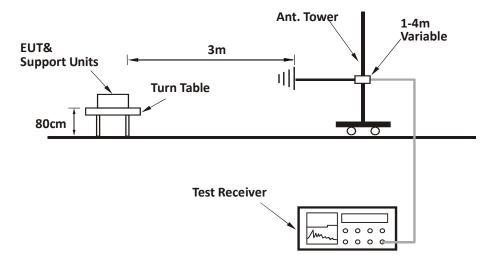


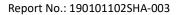
7.3 Test Configuration

For Radiated emission below 30MHz:



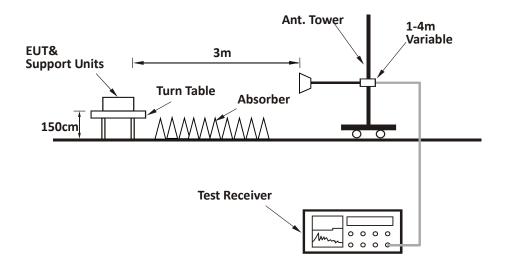
For Radiated emission 30MHz to 1GHz:







For Radiated emission above 1GHz:





7.4 Test Results of Radiated Emissions

The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

EUT was tested with Bluetooth on and off, and the worst data was listed in the report.

Test data below 1GHz

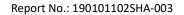
lest data below 1GHz							
Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	
Н	31.94	28.30	17.50	40	11.70	PK	
Н	134.97	25.90	12.60	43.5	17.60	PK	
Н	243.83	34.70	13.30	46	11.30	PK	
Н	247.72	35.00	13.80	46	11.00	PK	
Н	350.74	30.90	16.30	46	15.10	PK	
Н	959.18	31.30	24.10	46	14.70	PK	
V	30.00	25.80	18.60	40	14.20	PK	
V	43.61	25.30	11.50	40	14.70	PK	
V	92.20	31.50	10.30	43.5	12.00	PK	
V	125.25	29.10	13.00	43.5	14.40	PK	
V	255.49	29.70	14.70	46	16.30	PK	
V	959.18	29.50	24.10	46	16.50	PK	

Test result above 1GHz:

The emission was conducted from 1GHz to 25GHz

802.11b

СН	Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
	Н	2412	105.20	34.10	Fundamental	/	PK
	Н	2390	55.27	34.20	74.00	18.73	PK
L	Н	2390	41.13	34.20	54.00	12.87	AV
	Н	4824	44.95	-3.60	74.00	29.05	PK
	V	2390	51.50	34.20	74.00	22.50	PK





М	Н	2437	105.00	34.20	Fundamental	/	PK
IVI	Н	4874	46.50	-3.40	74.00	27.50	PK
	Н	2462	104.50	34.40	Fundamental	/	PK
	Н	2483.5	54.97	34.80	74.00	19.03	PK
Н	Н	2483.5	43.38	34.80	54.00	10.62	AV
	Н	4924	49.00	-3.30	74.00	25.00	PK

802.11g

CH	Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
	Н	2412	107.00	34.10	Fundamental	/	PK
L	Н	2390	68.00	34.20	74.00	6.00	PK
L .	Н	2390	52.77	34.20	54.00	1.23	AV
	Н	4824	42.50	-3.60	74.00	31.50	PK
М	Н	2437	106.00	34.20	Fundamental	/	PK
IVI	Н	4874	43.50	-3.40	74.00	30.50	PK
	Н	2462	105.50	34.40	Fundamental	/	PK
	н	2483.5	63.50	34.80	74.00	10.50	PK
Н	Н	2483.5	48.11	34.80	54.00	5.89	AV
	Н	4924	46.00	-3.30	74.00	28.00	PK

802.11n(HT20)

СН	Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
	Н	2412	108.00	34.10	Fundamental	/	PK
	Н	2390	66.53	34.20	74.00	7.47	PK
L	Н	2390	50.88	34.20	54.00	3.12	AV
	Н	4824	45.50	-3.60	74.00	28.50	PK
М	Н	2437	107.50	34.20	Fundamental	/	PK
IVI	Н	4874	45.50	-3.40	74.00	28.50	PK
	Н	2462	107.00	34.40	Fundamental	/	PK
Н	Н	2483.5	65.00	34.80	74.00	9.00	PK



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Н	2483.5	50.86	34.80	54.00	3.14	AV
Н	4924	46.50	-3.30	74.00	27.50	PK

802.11n(HT40)

СН	Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
	Н	2422	105.10	34.10	Fundamental	/	PK
L	Н	2389	73.50	34.20	74.00	0.50	PK
	Н	2390	53.60	34.20	54.00	0.40	AV
М	Н	2437	105.10	34.20	Fundamental	/	PK
	Н	2452	105.00	34.40	Fundamental	/	PK
Н	Н	2483.5	73.50	34.80	74.00	3.84	PK
	Н	2483.5	53.80	34.80	54.00	0.20	AV

Remark: 1. Correct Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (+ Amplifier, for higher than 1GHz), the value was added to Original Receiver Reading by the software automatically.

- 2. Corrected Reading = Original Receiver Reading + Correct Factor
- 3. Margin = Limit Corrected Reading
- 4. If the PK Corrected Reading is lower than AV limit, the AV test can be elided.

Example: Assuming Antenna Factor = 30.20dB/m, Cable Loss = 2.00dB,

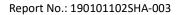
Gain of Preamplifier = 32.00dB, Original Receiver Reading = 10.00dBuV,

Limit = 40.00dBuV/m.

Then Correct Factor = 30.20 + 2.00 - 32.00 = 0.20dB/m;

Corrected Reading = 10dBuV + 0.20dB/m = 10.20dBuV/m;

Margin = 40.00dBuV/m - 10.20dBuV/m = 29.80dB.





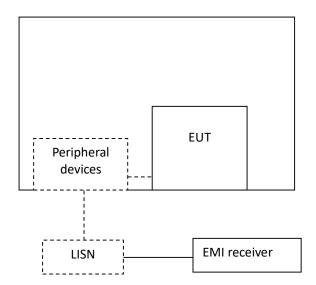
8 Power line conducted emission

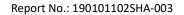
Test result: Pass

8.1 Limit

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Lir	mit (dBuV)			
Trequency of Emission (Witz)	QP	AV			
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46 *			
0.5-5	56	46			
5-30	60	50			
* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.					

8.2 Test Configuration





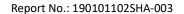


8.3 Measurement Procedure

Measured levels of ac power-line conducted emission shall be the emission voltages from the voltage probe, where permitted, or across the 50 Ω LISN port (to which the EUT is connected), where permitted, terminated into a 50 Ω measuring instrument. All emission voltage and current measurements shall be made on each current-carrying conductor at the plug end of the EUT power cord by the use of mating plugs and receptacles on the LISN, if used. Equipment shall be tested with power cords that are normally supplied or recommended by the manufacturer and that have electrical and shielding characteristics that are the same as those cords normally supplied or recommended by the manufacturer. For those measurements using a LISN, the 50 Ω measuring port is terminated by a measuring instrument having 50 Ω input impedance. All other ports are terminated in 50 Ω loads.

Tabletop devices shall be placed on a platform of nominal size 1 m by 1.5 m, raised 80 cm above the reference ground plane. The vertical conducting plane or wall of an RF-shielded (screened) room shall be located 40 cm to the rear of the EUT. Floor-standing devices shall be placed either directly on the reference ground-plane or on insulating material as described in ANSI C63.4. All other surfaces of tabletop or floor-standing EUTs shall be at least 80 cm from any other grounded conducting surface, including the case or cases of one or more LISNs.

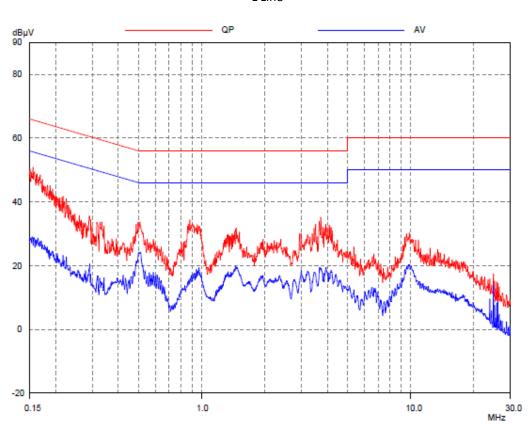
The bandwidth of the test receiver is set at 9 kHz.



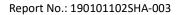


8.4 Test Results of Power line conducted emission



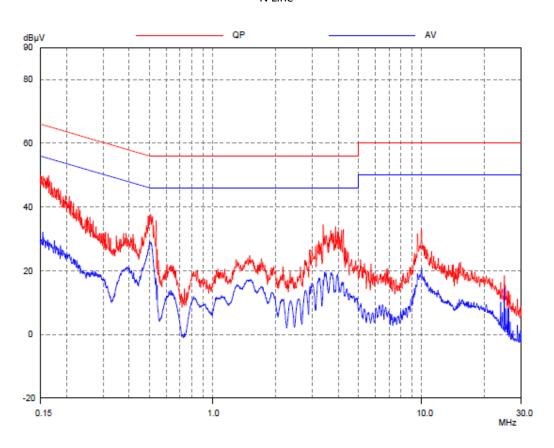


Frequency		Quasi-peak			Average	
(MHz)	level dB(μV)	Limit dB(μV)	Margin (dB)	level dB(μV)	limit dB(μV)	Margin (dB)
0.16	50.83	65.67	14.84	28.98	55.67	26.69
0.50	32.24	56.02	23.78	24.11	46.02	21.91
0.88	34.34	56.00	21.66	16.02	46.00	29.98
1.47	31.78	56.00	24.22	19.56	46.00	26.44
3.72	35.20	56.00	20.80	19.21	46.00	26.79
9.88	30.24	60.00	29.76	20.14	50.00	29.86





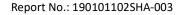
N Line



Frequency		Quasi-peak			Average		
(MHz)	level dB(μV)	Limit dB(μV)	Margin (dB)	level dB(μV)	limit dB(μV)	Margin (dB)	
0.16	49.83	65.24	15.41	28.40	55.24	26.84	
0.50	37.13	56.00	18.87	29.16	46.00	16.84	
3.39	34.42	56.00	21.58	17.06	46.00	28.94	
3.88	33.82	56.00	22.18	14.10	46.00	31.90	
9.57	31.56	60.00	28.44	19.04	50.00	30.96	
10.00	33.04	60.00	26.96	20.78	50.00	29.22	

Remark: 1. Correct Factor = LISN Factor + Cable Loss, the value was added to Original Receiver Reading by the software automatically.

- 2. Corrected Reading = Original Receiver Reading + Correct Factor
- 3. Margin = Limit Corrected Reading
- 4. If the PK Corrected Reading is lower than AV limit, the AV test can be elided.





9 Occupied Bandwidth

Test result: Tested

9.1 Limit

None

9.2 Measurement Procedure

The occupied bandwidth per RSS-Gen Issue 4 Clause 6.6 was measured using the Spectrum Analyzer.

The span of the analyzer shall be set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts.

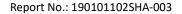
The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the occupied bandwidth (OBW) and video bandwidth (VBW) shall be approximately 3x RBW.

9.3 Test Configuration



9.4 The results of Occupied Bandwidth

Please refer to Appendix A





10 Antenna requirement

Requirement:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

Result:

EUT uses permanently attached antenna to the intentional radiator, so it can comply with the provisions of this section.



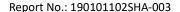


Appendix A: Test results

1. Duty Cycle

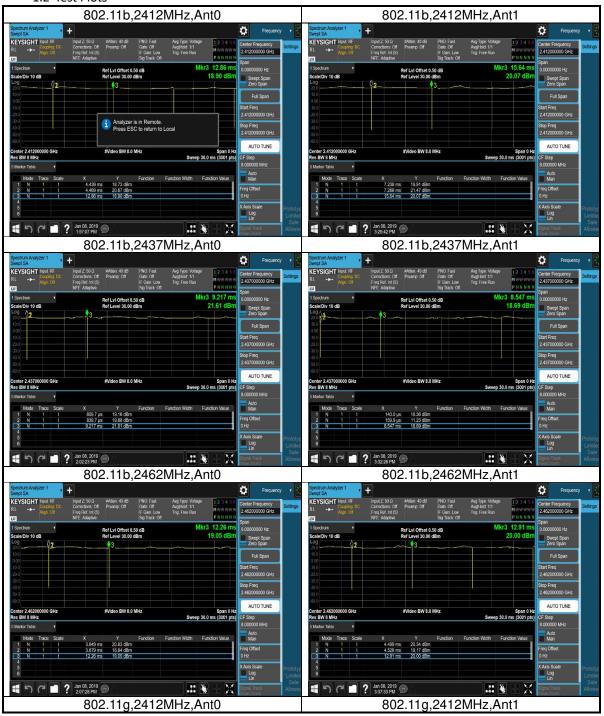
1.1 Test Data

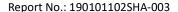
1.1 lest Data		WLAN Duty Cycle)	
Mode	Test Frequency (MHz)	Ant	Duty Cycle (%)	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)
802.11b	2412	Ant0	99.64	0.00
802.11b	2412	Ant1	99.64	0.00
802.11b	2437	Ant0	99.64	0.00
802.11b	2437	Ant1	99.76	0.00
802.11b	2462	Ant0	99.64	0.00
802.11b	2462	Ant1	99.64	0.00
802.11g	2412	Ant0	97.89	0.09
802.11g	2412	Ant1	97.20	0.12
802.11g	2437	Ant0	97.90	0.09
802.11g	2437	Ant1	97.20	0.12
802.11g	2462	Ant0	97.20	0.12
802.11g	2462	Ant1	97.20	0.12
802.11n (HT20)	2412	Ant0	97.01	0.13
802.11n (HT20)	2412	Ant1	97.01	0.13
802.11n (HT20)	2437	Ant0	97.74	0.10
802.11n (HT20)	2437	Ant1	97.74	0.10
802.11n (HT20)	2462	Ant0	97.74	0.10
802.11n (HT20)	2462	Ant1	97.01	0.13
802.11n (HT40)	2422	Ant0	94.74	0.23
802.11n (HT40)	2422	Ant1	94.74	0.23
802.11n (HT40)	2437	Ant0	94.74	0.23
802.11n (HT40)	2437	Ant1	94.74	0.23
802.11n (HT40)	2452	Ant0	94.74	0.23
802.11n (HT40)	2452	Ant1	95.15	0.22



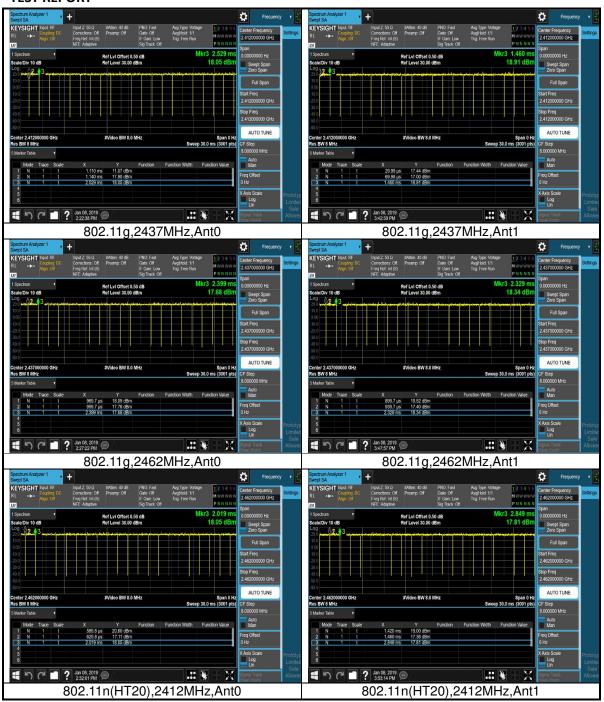


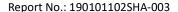
1.2 Test Plots



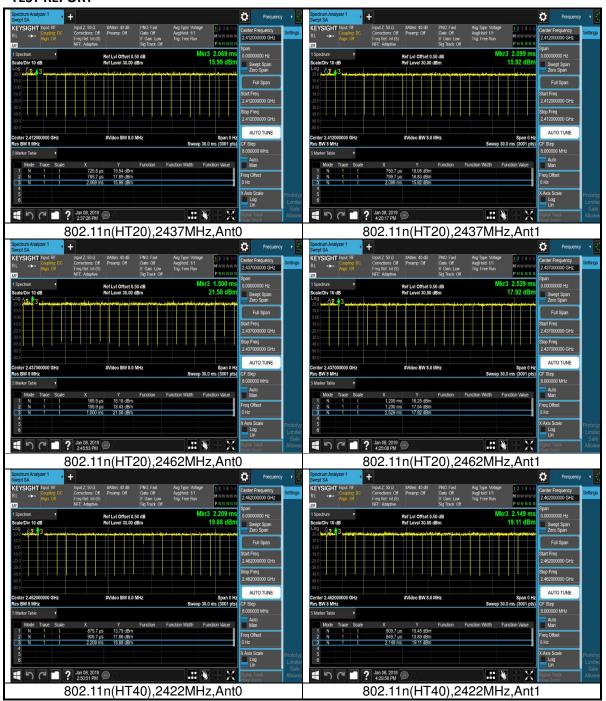


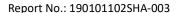




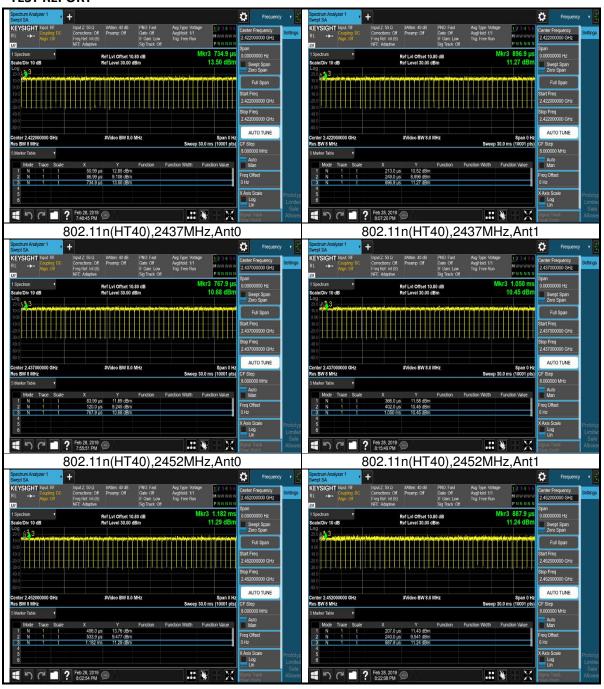


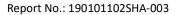














2. Minimum 6dB bandwidth

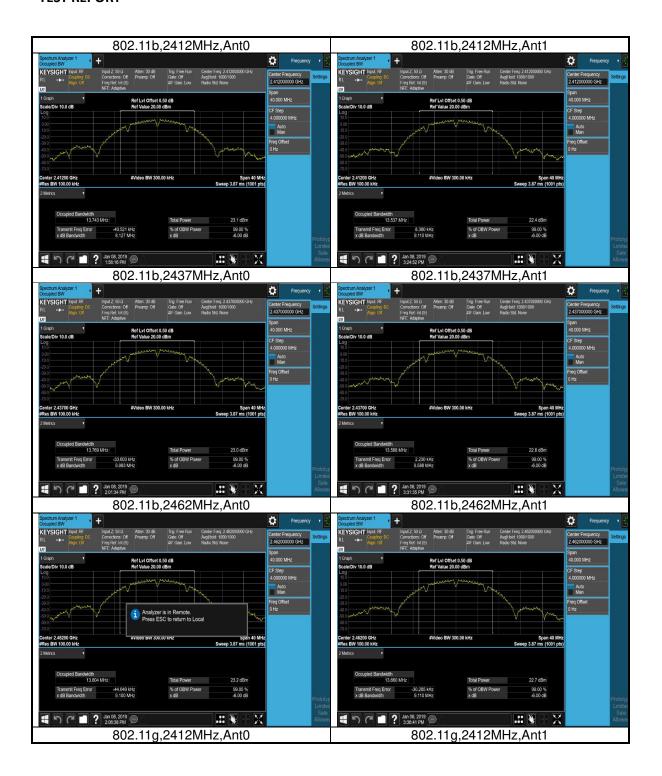
2.1 Test Data

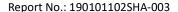
2.1 Test Data WLAN Occupied 6dB Bandwidth							
Mode	Test Frequency (MHz)	Ant	Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)	Result			
802.11b	2412	Ant0	8.13	Pass			
802.11b	2412	Ant1	9.11	Pass			
802.11b	2437	Ant0	9.06	Pass			
802.11b	2437	Ant1	9.59	Pass			
802.11b	2462	Ant0	9.10	Pass			
802.11b	2462	Ant1	9.11	Pass			
802.11g	2412	Ant0	15.16	Pass			
802.11g	2412	Ant1	15.16	Pass			
802.11g	2437	Ant0	15.16	Pass			
802.11g	2437	Ant1	15.15	Pass			
802.11g	2462	Ant0	15.16	Pass			
802.11g	2462	Ant1	15.16	Pass			
802.11n (HT20)	2412	Ant0	15.15	Pass			
802.11n (HT20)	2412	Ant1	15.16	Pass			
802.11n (HT20)	2437	Ant0	15.16	Pass			
802.11n (HT20)	2437	Ant1	15.16	Pass			
802.11n (HT20)	2462	Ant0	15.15	Pass			
802.11n (HT20)	2462	Ant1	15.16	Pass			
802.11n (HT40)	2422	Ant0	35.20	Pass			
802.11n (HT40)	2422	Ant1	35.22	Pass			
802.11n (HT40)	2437	Ant0	35.21	Pass			
802.11n (HT40)	2437	Ant1	35.21	Pass			
802.11n (HT40)	2452	Ant0	35.21	Pass			
802.11n (HT40)	2452	Ant1	35.21	Pass			

2.2 Test Plots

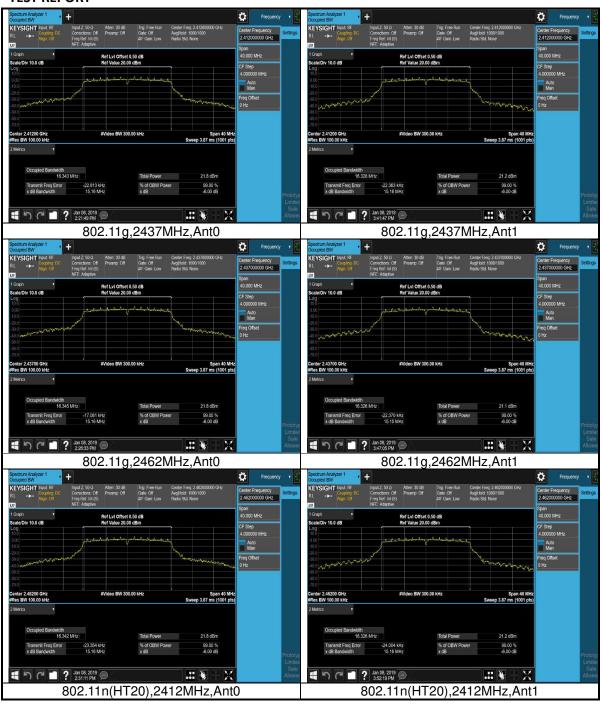


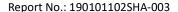




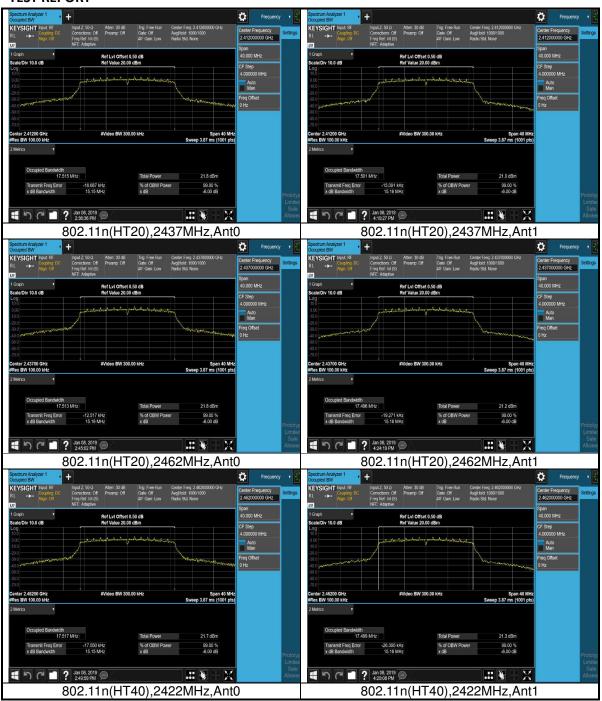


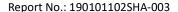




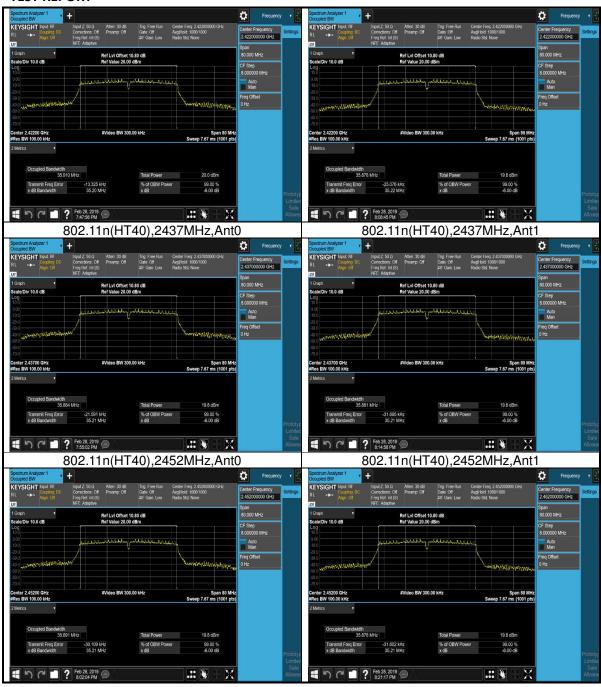














3. Occupied Bandwidth

3.1 Test Data

3.1 lest Data	WLAN 99% Occupied Bandwidth							
Mode	Test Frequency (MHz)	Ant	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)	Result				
802.11b	2412	Ant0	13.742	Pass				
802.11b	2412	Ant1	13.531	Pass				
802.11b	2437	Ant0	13.820	Pass				
802.11b	2437	Ant1	13.598	Pass				
802.11b	2462	Ant0	13.818	Pass				
802.11b	2462	Ant1	13.677	Pass				
802.11g	2412	Ant0	16.772	Pass				
802.11g	2412	Ant1	16.726	Pass				
802.11g	2437	Ant0	16.776	Pass				
802.11g	2437	Ant1	16.700	Pass				
802.11g	2462	Ant0	16.762	Pass				
802.11g	2462	Ant1	16.724	Pass				
802.11n (HT20)	2412	Ant0	17.709	Pass				
802.11n (HT20)	2412	Ant1	17.677	Pass				
802.11n (HT20)	2437	Ant0	17.721	Pass				
802.11n (HT20)	2437	Ant1	17.689	Pass				
802.11n (HT20)	2462	Ant0	17.720	Pass				
802.11n (HT20)	2462	Ant1	17.674	Pass				
802.11n (HT40)	2422	Ant0	36.295	Pass				
802.11n (HT40)	2422	Ant1	36.296	Pass				
802.11n (HT40)	2437	Ant0	36.308	Pass				
802.11n (HT40)	2437	Ant1	36.257	Pass				
802.11n (HT40)	2452	Ant0	36.343	Pass				
802.11n (HT40)	2452	Ant1	36.235	Pass				

3.2 Test Plots

