FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : MOBIKE (HONG KONG) LIMITED

EQUIPMENT: Mobike Lock

BRAND NAME : mobike

MODEL NAME : LB4-5, LC4-5

FCC ID : 2AK4SLBC4-5

STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE 1528-2013

We, Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

mark Qu

Approved by: Mark Qu / Manager

TESTING NVLAP LAB CODE 600155-0

Report No. : FA771212

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FCC ID: 2AK4SLBC4-5

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Revision History

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| REPORT NO. | VERSION | DESCRIPTION | ISSUED DATE |
|------------|---------|-------------------------|---------------|
| FA771212 | Rev. 01 | Initial issue of report | Sep. 29, 2017 |
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1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for MOBIKE (HONG KONG) LIMITED, Mobike Lock, LB4-5, LC4-5, are as follows.

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| Equipment Class | Frequency Band | | Highest SAR Summary Body (Separation 25mm) 1g SAR (W/kg) | Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR (W/kg) | |
|--------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| Licensed | GSM | GSM850 | 0.88 | 0.00 | |
| Licensed | GSIVI | GSM1900 | 0.37 | 0.88 | |
| DSS | Bluetooth | Bluetooth | | 0.88 | |
| Date of Testing: | | 2017/9/15 ~ 2017 | 7/9/16 | | |

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

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2. Administration Data

| Testing Laboratory | | |
|--------------------|---|--|
| Test Site | Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc. | |
| Test Site Location | No.3-2 Ping-Xiang Rd, Kunshan Development Zone Kunshan City Jiangsu Province 215335 China TEL: +86-512-57900158 FAX: +86-512-57900958 | |

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| Applicant Applicant | | |
|---------------------|--|--|
| Company Name | MOBIKE (HONG KONG) LIMITED | |
| Address | 10/F HONGKONG OFFSHORE CENTRE NO.28 AUSTIN AVENUE TSIM SHA TSUI KL | |

| Manufacturer Manufacturer | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| Company Name | MOBIKE (HONG KONG) LIMITED | |
| Address | 10/F HONGKONG OFFSHORE CENTRE NO.28 AUSTIN AVENUE TSIM SHA TSUI KL | |

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

| Product Feature & Specification | | |
|--|---|--|
| Equipment Name | Mobike Lock | |
| Brand Name | mobike | |
| Model Name | LB4-5, LC4-5 | |
| FCC ID | 2AK4SLBC4-5 | |
| Wireless Technology and Frequency Range | GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz | |
| Mode | GPRS Bluetooth v4.0 LE, Bluetooth v4.1 LE, Bluetooth v4.2 LE | |
| HW Version | LB4-5, LC4-5 | |
| SW Version | 4.7.6 | |
| EUT Stage | Production Unit | |
| Remark: 1. This device does not support voice function. | | |

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^{2.} There are two types of EUT. Sample 1 with model name LB4-5 and sample 2 with model name LC4-5.

5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

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5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

| Whole-Body | Partial-Body | Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles |
|------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| 0.4 | 8.0 | 20.0 |

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

| Whole-Body | Partial-Body | Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles |
|------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| 0.08 | 1.6 | 4.0 |

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

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6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

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7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

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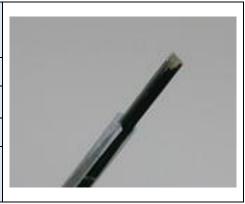
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7.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<EX3DV4 Probe>

| Construction | Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE) | |
|---------------|---|--|
| Frequency | 10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz) | |
| Directivity | ±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) | |
| Directivity | ±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis) | |
| Dynamic Range | 10 μW/g – >100 mW/g | |
| Dynamic Kange | Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g) | |
| | Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) | |
| Dimensions | Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) | |
| Dillichololio | Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 | |
| | l mm | |



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7.2 <u>Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)</u>

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

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7.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

| Shell Thickness | 2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm | |
|-------------------|---|-----|
| Filling Volume | Approx. 25 liters | |
| Dimensions | Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet | 7 5 |
| Measurement Areas | Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom | |

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The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

| Shell Thickness | 2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%) | |
|-----------------|--|--|
| Filling Volume | Approx. 30 liters | |
| Dimensions | Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm | |

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

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7.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





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Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

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8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

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8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

| | ≤ 3 GHz | > 3 GHz |
|--|--|---|
| Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface | 5 ± 1 mm | $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$ |
| Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location | 30° ± 1° | 20° ± 1° |
| | \leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm | 3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm |
| Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area} | When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution of x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test | on, is smaller than the above, must be ≤ the corresponding device with at least one |

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8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

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Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

| | | | ≤ 3 GHz | > 3 GHz |
|--|---|---|----------|--|
| Maximum zoom scan s | Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom} | | | $3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$ |
| | uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$ | | ≤ 5 mm | $3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$ |
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface | graded | Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface | ≤ 4 mm | $3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$ |
| | grid | Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points | ≤ 1.5·∆z | Z _{Zoom} (n-1) |
| Minimum zoom scan volume | x, y, z | | ≥ 30 mm | 3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm |

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

9. Test Equipment List

| Manager | Name of Facilities | T (88 - 4-1 | O and all Normals and | Calibra | ition |
|--------------|---------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|------------|------------|
| Manufacturer | Name of Equipment | Type/Model | Serial Number | Last Cal. | Due Date |
| SPEAG | 835MHz System Validation Kit | D835V2 | 4d091 | 2016/11/22 | 2017/11/21 |
| SPEAG | 1900MHz System Validation Kit | D1900V2 | 5d118 | 2016/11/24 | 2017/11/23 |
| SPEAG | Data Acquisition Electronics | DAE4 | 1279 | 2017/5/2 | 2018/5/1 |
| SPEAG | Dosimetric E-Field Probe | EX3DV4 | 3954 | 2016/11/28 | 2017/11/27 |
| SPEAG | Phone Positioner | N/A | N/A | NCR | NCR |
| SPEAG | ELI4 Phantom | QD OVA 001 BB | TP-1127 | NCR | NCR |
| Agilent | Wireless Communication Test Set | E5515C | MY52102706 | 2017/4/18 | 2018/4/17 |
| Agilent | ENA Series Network Analyzer | E5071C | MY46523671 | 2016/10/11 | 2017/10/10 |
| SPEAG | DAK Kit | DAK3.5 | 1144 | 2016/11/23 | 2017/11/22 |
| R&S | Signal Generator | SMR40 | 100455 | 2017/1/19 | 2018/1/18 |
| Anritsu | Power Senor | MA2411B | 1644003 | 2016/12/23 | 2017/12/22 |
| Anritsu | Power Meter | ML2495A | 1531197 | 2016/12/23 | 2017/12/22 |
| Anritsu | Power Senor | MA2411B | 1644004 | 2016/12/23 | 2017/12/22 |
| Anritsu | Power Meter | ML2495A | 1531198 | 2016/12/23 | 2017/12/22 |
| EXA | Spectrum Analyzer | N9010A | MY55150244 | 2017/4/18 | 2018/4/17 |
| WISEWIND | Hygrometer | WISEWIND 0905 | 0905 | 2017/4/20 | 2018/4/19 |
| JM | DIGITAC THERMOMETER | JM222 | AA1207166 | 2017/4/19 | 2018/4/18 |
| ARRA | Power Divider | A3200-2 | N/A | Not | e |
| Agilent | Dual Directional Coupler | 778D | 50422 | Not | е |
| PASTERNACK | Dual Directional Coupler | PE2214-10 | N/A | Note | |
| AR | Amplifier | 5S1G4 | 333096 | Not | е |
| MCL | Attenuation1 | BW-S10W5+ | N/A | Not | е |
| MCL | Attenuation2 | BW-S10W5+ | N/A | Not | е |
| MCL | Attenuation3 | BW-S10W5+ | N/A | Not | е |

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General Note:

Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

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10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.1.

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Fig 10.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR



10.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

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| Frequency (MHz) | Water (%) | Sugar (%) | Cellulose (%) | Salt (%) | Preventol (%) | DGBE (%) | Conductivity (σ) | Permittivity (εr) | |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|---------------------|----------------------|--|
| | For Body | | | | | | | | |
| 835 | 50.8 | 48.2 | 0 | 0.9 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.97 | 55.2 | |
| 1800, 1900, 2000 | 70.2 | 0 | 0 | 0.4 | 0 | 29.4 | 1.52 | 53.3 | |

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

| Frequency (MHz) | Tissue Type | Liquid Temp. (°C) | Conductivity (σ) | Permittivity (ε _r) | Conductivity Target (σ) | Permittivity Target (ε _r) | Delta (σ) (%) | Delta (ε _r) (%) | Limit (%) | Date |
|--------------------|----------------|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|-----------|
| 835 | Body | 22.6 | 0.975 | 55.398 | 0.97 | 55.2 | 0.52 | 0.36 | ±5 | 2017/9/15 |
| 1900 | Body | 22.5 | 1.515 | 53.679 | 1.52 | 53.3 | -0.33 | 0.71 | ±5 | 2017/9/16 |

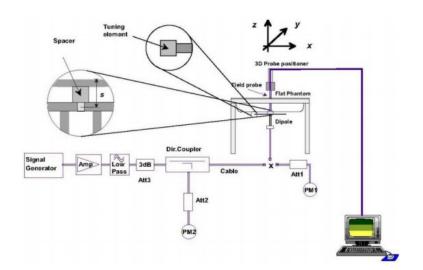
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10.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

| Date | Frequency (MHz) | Tissue Type | Input Power (mW) | Dipole S/N | Probe S/N | DAE S/N | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg) | Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg) | Deviation (%) |
|-----------|--------------------|----------------|------------------------|---------------|--------------|------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|
| 2017/9/15 | 835 | Body | 250 | 4d091 | 3954 | 1279 | 2.55 | 9.68 | 10.2 | 5.37 |
| 2017/9/16 | 1900 | Body | 250 | 5d118 | 3954 | 1279 | 10.5 | 40.8 | 42 | 2.94 |





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Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

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11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 Body Position

- (a) To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with Front, Back, Left Side and Right Side of the device.
- (b) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- (c) To adjust the distance between the device and the flat phantom to 25 mm.

<EUT Setup Photos>

Please refer to Appendix D for the test setup photos.

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12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GPRS mode is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (2Tx slots) for GSM850 and the GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM1900 are considered as the primary mode.

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2. Other configurations of GPRS are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

| GSM850 | Burst Average Power (dBm) | | | Tune-up | Tune-up Frame-Average Power (dBm) | | | |
|---|---------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Tx Channel | 128 | 189 | 251 | Limit | 128 | 189 | 251 | Tune-up Limit |
| Frequency (MHz) | 824.2 | 836.4 | 848.8 | (dBm) | 824.2 | 836.4 | 848.8 | (dBm) |
| GPRS 1 Tx slot | 32.68 | 32.75 | 32.82 | 33.50 | 23.68 | 23.75 | 23.82 | 24.50 |
| GPRS 2 Tx slots | 31.69 | 31.77 | 31.89 | 32.50 | 25.69 | 25.77 | 25.89 | <mark>26.50</mark> |
| GPRS 3 Tx slots | 29.79 | 29.85 | 29.93 | 30.50 | 25.53 | 25.59 | 25.67 | 26.24 |
| GPRS 4 Tx slots | 28.03 | 28.11 | 28.21 | 28.50 | 25.03 | 25.11 | 25.21 | 25.50 |
| | Burst Average Power (dBm) | | | | | | | |
| GSM1900 | Burst Av | verage Powe | er (dBm) | Tune-up | Frame-A | verage Pov | ver (dBm) | Tune-up |
| GSM1900 Tx Channel | Burst Av | erage Powe | er (dBm) 810 | Tune-up Limit | Frame-A 512 | verage Pov 661 | ver (dBm) 810 | Tune-up Limit |
| | | | , , | | | | | |
| Tx Channel | 512 | 661 | 810 | Limit | 512 | 661 | 810 | Limit |
| Tx Channel Frequency (MHz) | 512 1850.2 | 661 1880 | 810 1909.8 | Limit (dBm) | 512 1850.2 | 661 1880 | 810 1909.8 | Limit (dBm) |
| Tx Channel Frequency (MHz) GPRS 1 Tx slot | 512 1850.2 30.02 | 661 1880 29.87 | 810 1909.8 29.68 | Limit (dBm) 30.50 | 512 1850.2 21.02 | 661 1880 20.87 | 810 1909.8 20.68 | Limit (dBm) 21.50 |

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied

| Mode Band | Average power(dBm) |
|------------------|---------------------------|
| Woue Dallu | Bluetooth v4.0/4.1/4.2 LE |
| 2.4GHz Bluetooth | 0.5 |

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Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

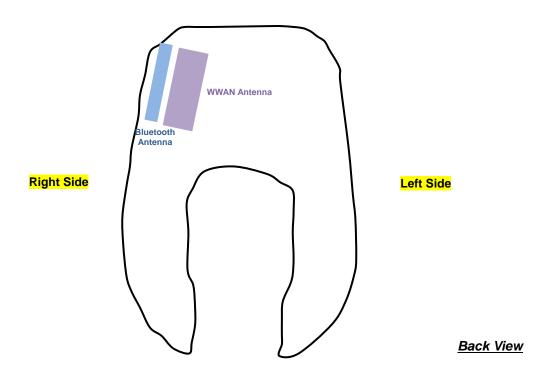
- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- · The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

| Bluetooth Max Power (dBm) | Separation Distance (mm) | Frequency (GHz) | Exclusion Thresholds |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| 0.5 | 25 | 2.48 | 0.1 |

Note: Per KDB 447498 D01v06, a distance of 25 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 0.1 which is <= 3, SAR testing is not required.

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14. Antenna Location



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15. SAR Test Results

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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- b. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is not required when the measured SAR is < 0.8W/kg.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GPRS mode is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (2Tx slots) for GSM850 and the GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM1900 are considered as the primary mode.
- 5. Other configurations of GPRS are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ 1/4 dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

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15.1 **Body SAR**

<GSM SAR>

| Plot No. | Sample | Band | Mode | Test Position | Gap (mm) | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Average Power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|-------------|--------|---------|-----------------|------------------|-------------|-----|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | 1 | GSM850 | GPRS 2 Tx slots | Front | 25 | 251 | 848.8 | 31.89 | 32.50 | 1.151 | 0.03 | 0.037 | 0.043 |
| | 1 | GSM850 | GPRS 2 Tx slots | Back | 25 | 251 | 848.8 | 31.89 | 32.50 | 1.151 | 0.07 | 0.584 | 0.672 |
| | 1 | GSM850 | GPRS 2 Tx slots | Left Side | 25 | 251 | 848.8 | 31.89 | 32.50 | 1.151 | 0.02 | 0.012 | 0.014 |
| | 1 | GSM850 | GPRS 2 Tx slots | Right Side | 25 | 251 | 848.8 | 31.89 | 32.50 | 1.151 | 0.07 | 0.121 | 0.139 |
| | 2 | GSM850 | GPRS 2 Tx slots | Front | 25 | 251 | 848.8 | 31.89 | 32.50 | 1.151 | 0.04 | 0.046 | 0.053 |
| #01 | 2 | GSM850 | GPRS 2 Tx slots | Back | 25 | 251 | 848.8 | 31.89 | 32.50 | 1.151 | 0.03 | 0.761 | <mark>0.876</mark> |
| | 2 | GSM850 | GPRS 2 Tx slots | Left Side | 25 | 251 | 848.8 | 31.89 | 32.50 | 1.151 | 0.15 | 0.00562 | 0.006 |
| | 2 | GSM850 | GPRS 2 Tx slots | Right Side | 25 | 251 | 848.8 | 31.89 | 32.50 | 1.151 | 0.05 | 0.109 | 0.125 |
| | 2 | GSM850 | GPRS 2 Tx slots | Back | 25 | 128 | 824.2 | 31.69 | 32.50 | 1.205 | 0.01 | 0.494 | 0.595 |
| | 2 | GSM850 | GPRS 2 Tx slots | Back | 25 | 189 | 836.4 | 31.77 | 32.50 | 1.183 | 0.03 | 0.576 | 0.681 |
| | 1 | GSM1900 | GPRS 4 Tx slots | Front | 25 | 512 | 1850.2 | 25.51 | 26.00 | 1.119 | -0.04 | 0.00931 | 0.010 |
| | 1 | GSM1900 | GPRS 4 Tx slots | Back | 25 | 512 | 1850.2 | 25.51 | 26.00 | 1.119 | 0.04 | 0.324 | 0.363 |
| | 1 | GSM1900 | GPRS 4 Tx slots | Left Side | 25 | 512 | 1850.2 | 25.51 | 26.00 | 1.119 | -0.05 | 0.016 | 0.018 |
| | 1 | GSM1900 | GPRS 4 Tx slots | Right Side | 25 | 512 | 1850.2 | 25.51 | 26.00 | 1.119 | 0.02 | 0.103 | 0.115 |
| | 2 | GSM1900 | GPRS 4 Tx slots | Front | 25 | 512 | 1850.2 | 25.51 | 26.00 | 1.119 | -0.04 | 0.013 | 0.015 |
| #02 | 2 | GSM1900 | GPRS 4 Tx slots | Back | 25 | 512 | 1850.2 | 25.51 | 26.00 | 1.119 | 0.03 | 0.329 | <mark>0.368</mark> |
| | 2 | GSM1900 | GPRS 4 Tx slots | Left Side | 25 | 512 | 1850.2 | 25.51 | 26.00 | 1.119 | -0.08 | 0.011 | 0.012 |
| | 2 | GSM1900 | GPRS 4 Tx slots | Right Side | 25 | 512 | 1850.2 | 25.51 | 26.00 | 1.119 | 0.04 | 0.131 | 0.147 |

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16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

| NO. | Simultaneous Transmission Configurations | Body |
|-----|--|------|
| 1. | GPRS + Bluetooth | Yes |

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General Note:

- The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
- For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v06 based on the formula below.
 - i) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]· [√f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
 - ii) When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
 - iii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

| Bluetooth | Exposure Position | Body | |
|-----------|-------------------------|------------|--|
| Max Power | Test separation | 25 mm | |
| 0.5 dBm | Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg) | 0.008 W/kg | |

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16.1 Body Exposure Conditions

| WWAN Band | | | 1 | 2 | 1+2 |
|-----------|---------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| | | Exposure Position | WWAN | Bluetooth | |
| | | | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg) | Summed 1g SAR (W/kg) |
| GSM | GSM850 | Front | 0.053 | 0.008 | 0.06 |
| | | Back | 0.876 | 0.008 | <mark>0.88</mark> |
| | | Left Side | 0.014 | 0.008 | 0.02 |
| | | Right Side | 0.139 | 0.008 | 0.15 |
| | GSM1900 | Front | 0.015 | 0.008 | 0.02 |
| | | Back | 0.368 | 0.008 | 0.38 |
| | | Left Side | 0.018 | 0.008 | 0.03 |
| | | Right Side | 0.147 | 0.008 | 0.16 |

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Test Engineer: Nick Hu

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17. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

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A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

| Uncertainty Distributions | Normal | Rectangular | Triangular | U-Shape |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------|---------|
| Multi-plying Factor ^(a) | 1/k ^(b) | 1/√3 | 1/√6 | 1/√2 |

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 17.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

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| Error Description | Uncertainty Value (±%) | Probability | Divisor | (Ci) 1g | (Ci) 10g | Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%) | Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%) |
|--|------------------------------|-------------|---------|------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Measurement System | | | | | | | |
| Probe Calibration | 6.0 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6.0 | 6.0 |
| Axial Isotropy | 4.7 | R | 1.732 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| Hemispherical Isotropy | 9.6 | R | 1.732 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 3.9 | 3.9 |
| Boundary Effects | 1.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| Linearity | 4.7 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 2.7 | 2.7 |
| System Detection Limits | 1.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| Modulation Response | 3.2 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| Readout Electronics | 0.3 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| Response Time | 0.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Integration Time | 2.6 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| RF Ambient Noise | 3.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| RF Ambient Reflections | 3.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| Probe Positioner | 0.4 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Probe Positioning | 2.9 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| Max. SAR Eval. | 2.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | | |
| Device Positioning | 3.0 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.0 | 3.0 |
| Device Holder | 3.6 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.6 | 3.6 |
| Power Drift | 5.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 2.9 | 2.9 |
| Power Scaling | 0.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Phantom and Setup | | | | | | | |
| Phantom Uncertainty | 6.1 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 3.5 | 3.5 |
| SAR correction | 0.0 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 0.84 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Liquid Conductivity Repeatability | 0.2 | N | 1 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Liquid Conductivity (target) | 5.0 | R | 1.732 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 2.3 | 2.0 |
| Liquid Conductivity (mea.) | 2.5 | R | 1.732 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 1.1 | 1.0 |
| Temp. unc Conductivity | 3.4 | R | 1.732 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| Liquid Permittivity Repeatability | 0.15 | N | 1 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Liquid Permittivity (target) | 5.0 | R | 1.732 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.7 | 0.8 |
| Liquid Permittivity (mea.) | 2.5 | R | 1.732 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.3 | 0.4 |
| Temp. unc Permittivity 0.83 R 1.732 0.23 C | | | | | 0.26 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Cor | 11.4% | 11.4% | | | | | |
| Coverage Factor for 95 % | | | | | | | K=2 |
| Exp | 22.9% | 22.7% | | | | | |

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Table 17.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

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18. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"

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- ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure [2] to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- SPEAG DASY System Handbook [4]
- [5] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015
- [6] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [8] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2015

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Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

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System Check_Body_835MHz

DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d091

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL_850 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.975$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.398$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2017.9.15

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

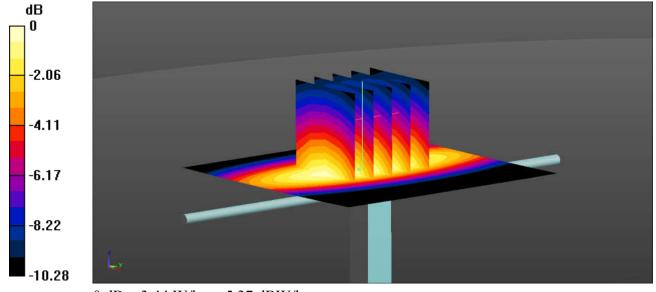
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(10.32, 10.32, 10.32); Calibrated: 2016.11.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2017.5.2
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.4 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 52.25 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.99 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.55 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.52 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.44 W/kg



0 dB = 3.44 W/kg = 5.37 dBW/kg

System Check_Body_1900MHz

DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d118

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.515$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.679$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2017.9.16

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

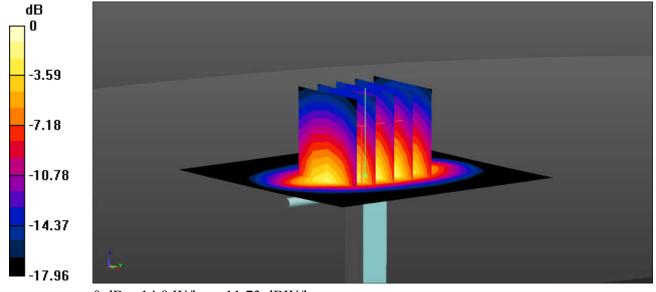
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(8.01, 8.01, 8.01); Calibrated: 2016.11.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2017.5.2
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.9 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 87.24 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.7 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 10.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.45 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.9 W/kg



0 dB = 14.9 W/kg = 11.73 dBW/kg

Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement

Report No. : FA771212

The plots are shown as follows.

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.

#01_GSM850_GPRS 2 Tx slots_Back_25mm_Ch251

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (2 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:4.15 Medium: MSL_850 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 0.988$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.258$; $\rho = 1000 kg/m^3$ Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

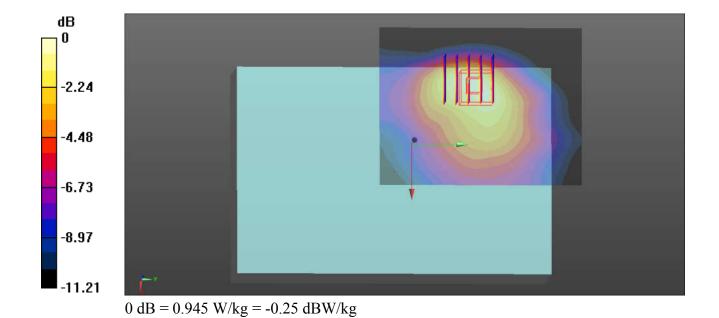
Date: 2017.9.15

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(10.32, 10.32, 10.32); Calibrated: 2016.11.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2017.5.2
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch251/Area Scan (71x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.948 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.730 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.09 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.761 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.494 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.945 W/kg



#02 GSM1900 GPRS 4 Tx slots Back 25mm Ch512

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:2.08 Medium: MSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.457$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.905$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

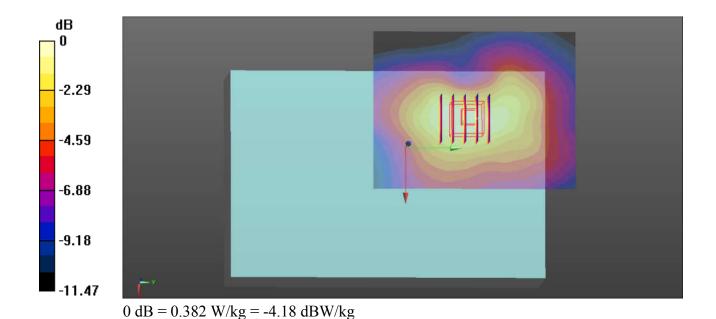
Date: 2017.9.16

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(8.01, 8.01, 8.01); Calibrated: 2016.11.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2017.5.2
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch512/Area Scan (71x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.384 W/kg

Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.472 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.453 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.329 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.216 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.382 W/kg



Appendix C. **DASY Calibration Certificate**

Report No. : FA771212

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

Issued Date : Sep. 29, 2017 Form version. : 170125 FCC ID: 2AK4SLBC4-5 Page C1 of C1



In Collaboration with

CALIBRATION LABORATORY





Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com

Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504

Http://www.chinattl.cn

Client

Sporton-CN

Certificate No:

Z16-97223

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D835V2 - SN: 4d091

Calibration Procedure(s)

FD-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

November 22, 2016

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|------------|--|--|
| 101919 | 27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777) | Jun-17 |
| 101547 | 27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777) | Jun-17 |
| SN 7433 | 26-Sep-16(SPEAG,No.EX3-7433_Sep16) | Sep-17 |
| SN 771 | 02-Feb-16(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z16-97011) | Feb-17 |
| ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| MY49071430 | 01-Feb-16 (CTTL, No.J16X00893) | Jan-17 |
| MY46110673 | 26-Jan-16 (CTTL, No.J16X00894) | Jan-17 |
| | 101919 101547 SN 7433 SN 771 ID# MY49071430 | 101919 27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777) 101547 27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777) SN 7433 26-Sep-16(SPEAG,No.EX3-7433_Sep16) SN 771 02-Feb-16(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z16-97011) ID # Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) MY49071430 01-Feb-16 (CTTL, No.J16X00893) |

Name **Function** Signature Calibrated by: Zhao Jing SAR Test Engineer Reviewed by: Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader Approved by: Lu Bingsong Deputy Director of the laboratory

Issued: November 26, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z16-97223



Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

| DASY Version | DASY52 | 52.8.8.1258 |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 15 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 835 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 41.5 | 0.90 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 41.4 ± 6 % | 0.92 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|--|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 2.36 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 9.31 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 1.54 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 6.09 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 55.2 | 0.97 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 54.2 ± 6 % | 0.95 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C | | |

SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|--|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 2.40 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 9.68 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 1.60 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 6.45 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2) |

Certificate No: Z16-97223

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 50.0Ω- 3.20jΩ | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Return Loss | - 29.9dB | |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 46.8Ω- 1.59jΩ | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Return Loss | - 28.7dB | |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.282 ns | |
|----------------------------------|----------|--|
|----------------------------------|----------|--|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|
| | |

Certificate No: Z16-97223



DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d091

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.916$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7433; ConvF(9.82, 9.82, 9.82); Calibrated: 9/26/2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2/2/2016
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Date: 11.21.2016

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

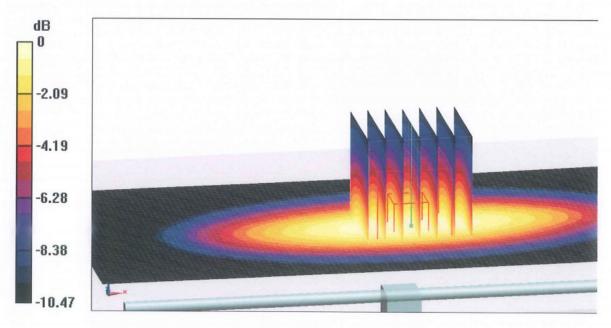
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 58.29V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.54 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.54 W/kg

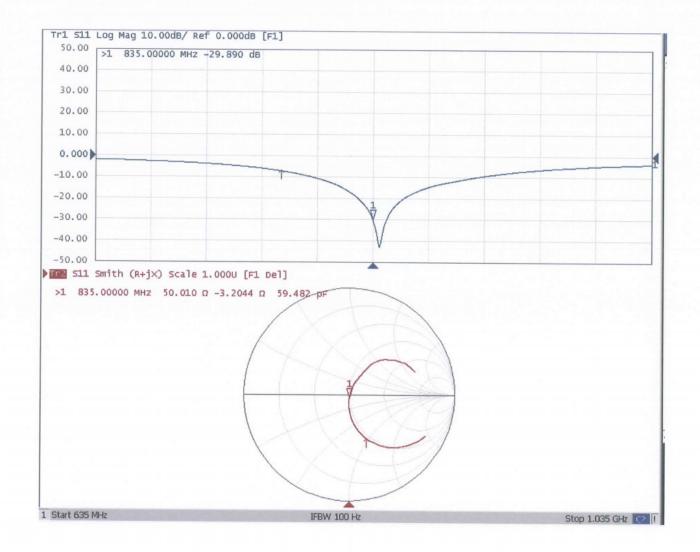
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.01 W/kg



0 dB = 3.01 W/kg = 4.79 dBW/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

poratory: CTTI. Beijing China

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d091

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.954$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.22$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7433; ConvF(9.5,9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 9/26/2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2/2/2016
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Date: 11.22.2016

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

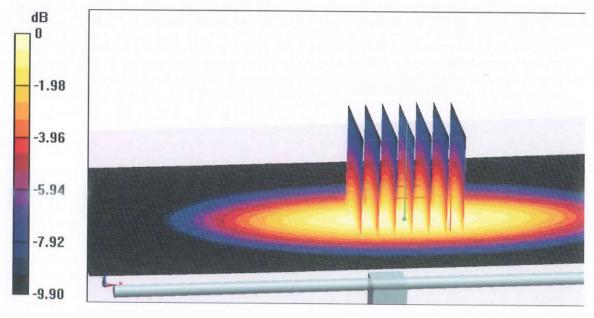
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.98 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.49 W/kg

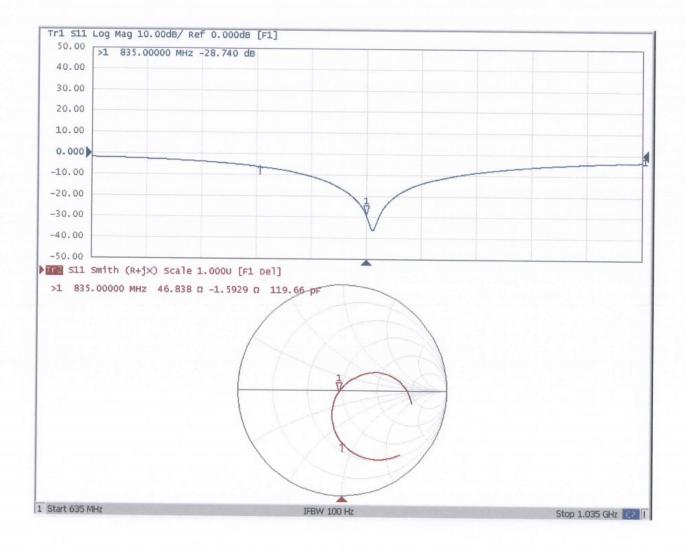
SAR(1 g) = 2.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.01 W/kg



0 dB = 3.01 W/kg = 4.79 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





In Collaboration with

CALIBRATION LABORATORY

Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 Http://www.chinattl.cn



Client

Sporton-CN

Certificate No:

Z16-97229

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079

E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com

Object

D1900V2 - SN: 5d118

Calibration Procedure(s)

FD-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

November 24, 2016

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3) and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------|------------|--|-----------------------|
| Power Meter NRP2 | 101919 | 27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777) | Jun-17 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | 101547 | 27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777) | Jun-17 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4 | SN 7433 | 26-Sep-16(SPEAG,No.EX3-7433_Sep16) | Sep-17 |
| DAE4 | SN 771 | 02-Feb-16(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z16-97011) | Feb-17 |
| Secondary Standards | ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Signal Generator E4438C | MY49071430 | 01-Feb-16 (CTTL, No.J16X00893) | Jan-17 |
| Network Analyzer E5071C | MY46110673 | 26-Jan-16 (CTTL, No.J16X00894) | Jan-17 |

| S 45 17 | Name | Function | Signature |
|----------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by: | Zhao Jing | SAR Test Engineer | Lets. |
| Reviewed by: | Qi Dianyuan | SAR Project Leader | 362 |
| Approved by: | Lu Bingsong | Deputy Director of the laboratory | mast3 |

Issued: November 27, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z16-97229

Page 1 of 8

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z16-97229 Page 2 of 8



Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY52 | 52.8.8.1258 |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 1900 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 40.0 | 1.40 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) "C | 40.4 ± 6 % | 1.43 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C | ***** | |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 10.2 mW/g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 40.4 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.29 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 21.0 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 53.3 | 1.52 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 54.6 ± 6 % | 1.53 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C | | |

SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 10.2 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 40.8 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.32 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 21.3 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2) |

Certificate No: Z16-97229 Page 3 of 8

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 50.4Ω+ 6.22jΩ | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Return Loss | - 24.2dB | |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 47.5Ω+ 7.79jΩ | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Return Loss | - 21.6dB | |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.086 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|
|-----------------|-------|

Certificate No: Z16-97229 Page 4 of 8

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d118

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.426 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 40.35$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$

Phantom section: Center Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7433; ConvF(7.98, 7.98, 7.98); Calibrated: 9/26/2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2/2/2016
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Date: 11.24.2016

System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

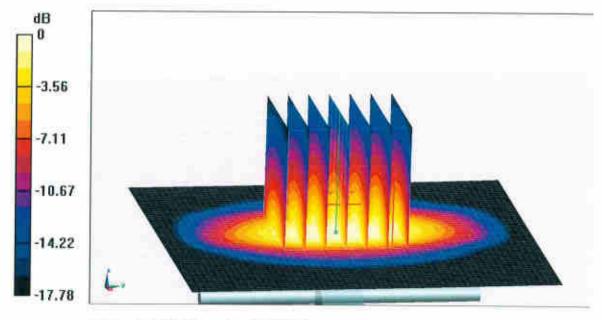
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 103.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.29 W/kg

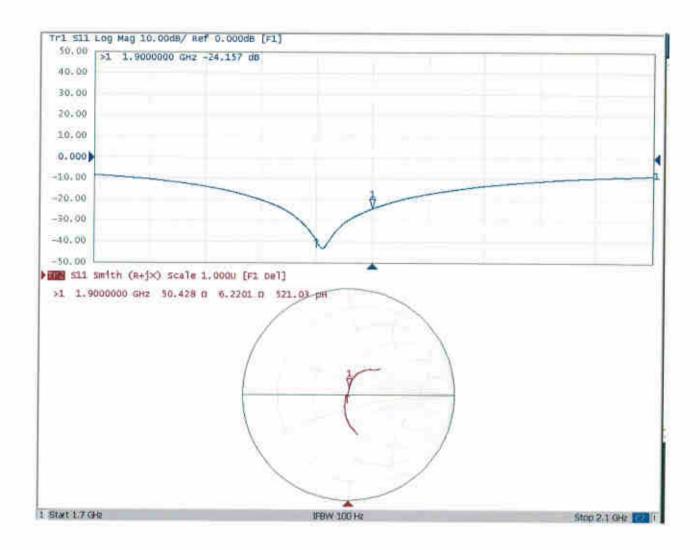
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.7 W/kg



0 dB = 14.7 W/kg = 11.67 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z16-97229 Page 5 of 8

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d118

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.531$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.57$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7433; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 9/26/2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2/2/2016
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Date: 11.23.2016

System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

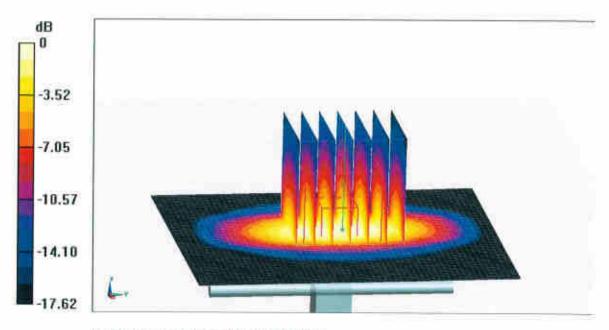
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98.23 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.32 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.6 W/kg



0 dB = 14.6 W/kg = 11.64 dBW/kg

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

