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Guangdong, China 518057

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## FCC SAR TEST REPORT

**Application No.:** SZEM1710010551CR **Applicant:** Powervision Tech Inc.

Address of Applicant: Fifth floor, Building NO.33 YUNGU park, No.79 SHUANGYING west road,

Technology Park, Changping District, Beijing

**Manufacturer:** Powervision Tech Inc.

Address of Manufacturer: Fifth floor, Building NO.33 YUNGU park, No.79 SHUANGYING west road,

Technology Park, Changping District, Beijing

**Factory:** Powervision Tech Inc.

Address of Factory: Fifth floor, Building NO.33 YUNGU park, No.79 SHUANGYING west road,

Technology Park, Changping District, Beijing

**Equipment Under Test (EUT):** 

EUT Name: Remote Controller

Model No.: PRC10, PRC20

Trade mark: PowerVision

FCC ID: 2AKBMPRC10

Standard(s): FCC 47CFR §2.1093

**Date of Receipt:** 2018-09-04

**Date of Test:** 2018-09-05 to 2018-09-05

**Date of Issue:** 2019-01-21

Test Result: Pass\*

Authorized Signature:

Derek Yang

Derele young

Wireless Laboratory Manager

The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report. If the product in this report is used in any configuration other than that detailed in the report, the manufacturer must ensure the new system complies with all relevant standards. Any mention of SGS International Electrical Approvals or testing done by SGS International Electrical Approvals in connection with, distribution or use of the product described in this report must be approved by SGS International Electrical Approvals in writing.

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<sup>\*</sup> In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.



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### **REVISION HISTORY**

|         | Revision Record                      |            |  |          |  |  |  |
|---------|--------------------------------------|------------|--|----------|--|--|--|
| Version | Version Chapter Date Modifier Remark |            |  |          |  |  |  |
| 01      |                                      | 2019-01-21 |  | Original |  |  |  |
|         |                                      |            |  |          |  |  |  |
|         |                                      |            |  |          |  |  |  |



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### **TEST SUMMARY**

| Frequency Band                 | Test position | Test mode                 | Max Report<br>SAR<br>(W/kg) | SAR limit<br>(W/kg) | Verdict |
|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------|
| WI-FI (5GHz)                   | Body          | 802.11n(HT20)             | 0.44                        | 1.6                 | PASS    |
| WI-FI (5GHz) + WI-FI<br>(2.4G) | Body          | Simultaneous transmitting | 0.92                        | 1.6                 | PASS    |

Approved & Released by

Simon Ling

**SAR Manager** 

Tested by

Talkson ii

Jackson Li

SAR Engineer



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### 1 General Information

### 1.1 Details of Client

| Applicant:    | Powervision Tech Inc.  |
|---------------|--|
| Address:      | Fifth floor, Building NO.33 YUNGU park, No.79 SHUANGYING west road, Technology Park, Changping District, Beijing |
| Manufacturer: | Powervision Tech Inc.  |
| Address:      | Fifth floor, Building NO.33 YUNGU park, No.79 SHUANGYING west road, Technology Park, Changping District, Beijing |
| Factory:      | Powervision Tech Inc.  |
| Address:      | Fifth floor, Building NO.33 YUNGU park, No.79 SHUANGYING west road, Technology Park, Changping District, Beijing |

### 1.2 Test Location

Company: SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch

Address: No. 1 Workshop, M-10, Middle section, Science & Technology Park, Shenzhen,

Guangdong, China

Post code: 518057

Telephone: +86 (0) 755 2601 2053
Fax: +86 (0) 755 2671 0594
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### 1.3 Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

#### • CNAS (No. CNAS L2929)

CNAS has accredited SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch EMC Lab to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories (CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories) for the competence in the field of testing.

#### • A2LA (Certificate No. 3816.01)

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., Shenzhen EMC Laboratory is accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation(A2LA). Certificate No. 3816.01.

#### VCCI

The 10m Semi-anechoic chamber and Shielded Room of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. have been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: G-823, R-4188, T-1153 and C-2383 respectively.

#### FCC –Designation Number: CN1178

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., Shenzhen EMC Laboratory has been recognized as an accredited testing laboratory.

Designation Number: CN1178. Test Firm Registration Number: 406779.

#### • Industry Canada (IC)

Two 3m Semi-anechoic chambers and the 10m Semi-anechoic chamber of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch EMC Lab have been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 4620C-1, 4620C-2, 4620C-3.



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### 1.4 General Description of EUT

| Product Name:           | Remote Controller    | Remote Controller                                 |           |  |  |
|-------------------------|----------------------|---|-----------|--|--|
| Model No.(EUT):         | PRC10, PRC20         | PRC10, PRC20                                      |           |  |  |
| Trade Mark:             | PowerVision          |   |           |  |  |
| Product Phase:          | production unit      |   |           |  |  |
| Device Type :           | portable device      |   |           |  |  |
| Exposure Category:      | uncontrolled environ | ment / general population                         |           |  |  |
| FCC ID:                 | 2AKBMPRC10           |   |           |  |  |
| Hardware Version:       | V1.0                 |   |           |  |  |
| Software Version:       | V1.0                 | V1.0  |           |  |  |
| Antenna Type:           | · ·                  | WIFI 2.4G: Dipole Antenna;<br>WIFI 5G:PCB antenna |           |  |  |
| Device Operating Config | gurations :          |   |           |  |  |
| Modulation Mode:        | WIFI: OFDM           | WIFI: OFDM  |           |  |  |
|                         | Band                 | Tx (MHz)  | Rx (MHz)  |  |  |
| Frequency Bands:        | WIFI 2.4G            | 2412-2462   | 2412-2462 |  |  |
|                         | WIFI5G               | 5745-5825   | 5745-5825 |  |  |
|                         | Model:               | PT103450  |           |  |  |
| Dattam defamation       | Normal Voltage :     | 3.7V  |           |  |  |
| Battery Information:    | Rated Capacity:      | 1750mAh   |           |  |  |
|                         | Manufacturer:        | Guangdong Pow-Tech New Power Co., Ltd.            |           |  |  |

#### **Declaration of EUT Family Grouping:**

Model No.: PRC10, PRC20

Only the model PRC10 was tested, since the electrical circuit design, layout, components used and internal wiring and functions were identical for the above models. The only difference is model number.



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### 1.5 Test Specification

| Identity  | Document Title  |
|---|---|
| FCC 47CFR §2.1093   | Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices  |
| ANSI/IEEE Std C95.1 – 1992                                | IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.  |
| IEEE 1528-2013  | Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average<br>Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless<br>Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques |
| KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR<br>v02r02                 | SAR GUIDANCE FOR IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) TRANSMITTERS   |
| KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure<br>Guidance v06         | Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment<br>Authorization Policies  |
| KDB447498 D03 Supplement C Cross-<br>Reference v01        | OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C Cross-Reference   |
| KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement<br>100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04 | SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz   |
| KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure<br>Reporting v01r02            | RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations   |

### 1.6 RF exposure limits

| Human Exposure                               | Uncontrolled Environment General Population | Controlled Environment Occupational |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| Spatial Peak SAR*<br>(Brain*Trunk)           | <b>1.60</b> W/kg                            | 8.00 W/kg                           |
| Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)           | 0.08 W/kg                                   | 0.40 W/kg                           |
| Spatial Peak SAR*** (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist) | 4.00 W/kg                                   | 20.00 W/kg                          |

#### Notes:

**Uncontrolled Environments** are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

**Controlled Environments** are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

<sup>\*</sup> The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time

<sup>\*\*</sup> The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.



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## 2 SAR Measurements System Configuration

## 2.1 The SAR Measurement System

This SAR Measurement System uses a Computer-controlled 3-D stepper motor system (SPEAG DASY5 professional system). A E-field probe is used to determine the internal electric fields. The SAR can be obtained from the equation SAR=  $\sigma$  (|Ei|2)/  $\rho$  where  $\sigma$  and  $\rho$  are the conductivity and mass density of the tissue-Simulate.

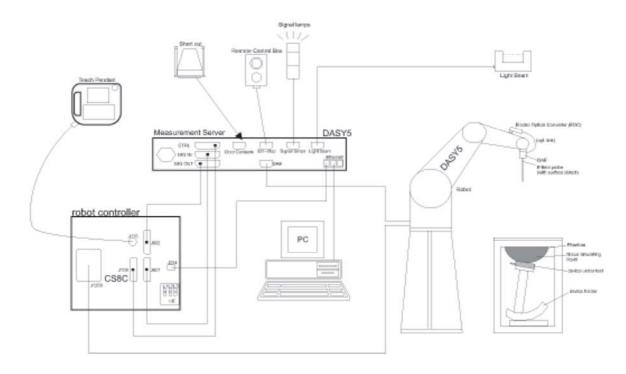
The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stabile RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software .An arm extension for accommodation the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.



F-1. SAR Measurement System Configuration



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- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY5 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand, right-hand and Body Worn usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validating the proper functioning of the system.

### 2.2 Isotropic E-field Probe EX3DV4

|               | Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)   |
|---------------|---|
| Calibration   | ISO/IEC 17025 <u>calibration service</u> available.   |
| Frequency     | 10 MHz to > 6 GHz<br>Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)  |
| Directivity   | ± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)  |
| Dynamic Range | 10 μW/g to > 100 mW/g<br>Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)  |
| Dimensions    | Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)  Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)  Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm  |
| Application   | High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%. |
| Compatibility | DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI  |

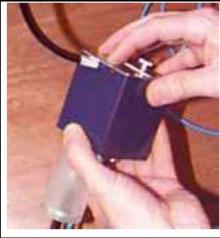


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### 2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

| Model  | DAE4   |
|--|--|
| Construction   | Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY4/5 embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop. |
| Measurement<br>Range-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and<br>range settings: 4mV,400mV) |  |
| Input Offset Voltage   | < 5μV (with auto zero)   |
| Input Bias Current   | < 50 f A   |
| Dimensions   | 60 x 60 x 68 mm  |



### 2.4 SAM Twin Phantom

| Material                                | Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)                            |  |
|---|---|--|
| Liquid Compatibility                    | Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type) |  |
| Shell Thickness                         | 2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)                                  |  |
| Dimensions<br>(incl. Wooden<br>Support) | Length: 1000 mm<br>Width: 500 mm<br>Height: adjustable feet           |  |
| Filling Volume                          | approx. 25 liters   |  |
| Wooden Support                          | SPEAG standard phantom table  |  |



The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.

Twin SAM V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as Twin SAM V4.0, but has reinforced top structure.



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### 2.5 ELI Phantom

| Material   | Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF) |
|--|--|
| Liquid Compatible with all SPEAG tissue            |  |
| Compatibility simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type) |  |
| Shell Thickness                                    | 2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)                |
| Dimensions   | Major axis: 600 mm                         |
| Difficilisions                                     | Minor axis: 400 mm                         |
| Filling Volume                                     | approx. 30 liters                          |
| Wooden Support                                     | SPEAG standard phantom table               |



Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

ELI V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as ELI4, but has reinforced top structure.



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### 2.6 Device Holder for Transmitters



F-2. Device Holder for Transmitters

- The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centres for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.
- The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\varepsilon$ =3 and loss tangent  $\delta$ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



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### 2.7 Measurement procedure

### 2.7.1 Scanning procedure

#### **Step 1: Power reference measurement**

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure.

#### Step 2: Area scan

The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 15mm\*15mm or 12mm\*12mm or 10mm\*10mm.Based on the area scan data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation.

### Step 3: Zoom scan

Around this point, a volume of 30mm\*30mm\*30mm (fine resolution volume scan, zoom scan) was assessed by measuring 5x5x7 points (≤2GHz) and 7x7x7 points (≥2GHz). On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure:

The data at the surface was extrapolated, since the centre of the dipoles is 2.0mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2mm. (This can be variable. Refer to the probe specification). The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points were interpolated to calculate the average. All neighbouring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std. 1528-2013.



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|  |                                      |   | ≤ 3 GHz  | > 3 GHz  |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface |                                      | 5 ± 1 mm  | $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$ |  |
| Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location              |                                      | 30° ± 1°  | 20° ± 1°   |  |
|  |                                      | ≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm<br>2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm  | 3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm<br>4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm                   |  |
| Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx <sub>Area</sub> , Δy <sub>Area</sub>                          |                                      | When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device. |  |  |
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx <sub>Zoom</sub> , Δy <sub>Zoom</sub>                          |                                      | ≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm<br>2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*   | 3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*<br>4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*                   |  |
|  | uniform grid: Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n) |   | ≤ 5 mm   | 3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm<br>4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm<br>5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm    |
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface graded                                 | graded                               | Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between<br>1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest<br>to phantom surface   | ≤ 4 mm   | 3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm<br>4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm<br>5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm  |
|  | t                                    | Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n>1):<br>between subsequent<br>points   | $\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$                      |  |
| Minimum zoom scan<br>volume  | x, y, z                              | 1   | ≥ 30 mm  | 3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm<br>4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm<br>5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm |

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

### Step 4: Power reference measurement (drift)

The Power Drift Measurement job measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max.  $\pm$  5 %

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



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### 2.7.2 Data Storage

The DASY software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DAE". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated. The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [m W/g], [m W/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

### 2.7.3 Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2

Conversion factorDiode compression pointDcpi

Device parameters: - Frequency f

- Crest factor cf Media parameters: - Conductivity

- Density ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

3

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V\iota = U\iota + U\iota^2 \cdot \epsilon f / d\epsilon p_l$$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Ui = input signal of channel i ( i = x, y, z )

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:

$$E_t = (V_t / Norm_t \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$$

H-field probes:

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 $H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2)/f$ 

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Normi = sensor sensitivity of channel I

[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

aij = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

Ei = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

Hi = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (Etot^2 \cdot \sigma) / (\varepsilon \cdot 1000)$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

Etot = total field strength in V/m

σ= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ε= equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770_{Or} P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

with Ppwe = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm2

Etot = total electric field strength in V/m

Htot = total magnetic field strength in A/m



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## 3 Description of Test Position

### 3.1 The Body Test Position

Per KDB inquiry, SAR can test the sides near the antenna, the surface of the device should be tested for SAR compliance with the device touching the phantom. The SAR Exclusion Threshold in KDB 447498 D01 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. The closest distance from the antenna to an adjacent device surface is used to determine if SAR testing is required for the adjacent surfaces, with the adjacent surface positioned against the phantom and the surface containing the antenna positioned perpendicular to the phantom.



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## 4 SAR System Verification Procedure

### 4.1 Tissue Simulate Liquid

### 4.1.1 Recipes for Tissue Simulate Liquid

The bellowing tables give the recipes for tissue simulating liquids to be used in different frequency bands:

| Ingredients                                       |                                  | Frequency (MHz)             |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| (% by weight)                                     |                                  | 2450                        |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tissue Type                                       |                                  | Body                        |  |  |  |  |  |
| Water   |                                  | 68.53                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salt (NaCl)                                       |                                  | 0.1                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sucrose   | 0                                |                             |  |  |  |  |  |
| HEC   | 0                                |                             |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bactericide                                       | 0                                |                             |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tween   |                                  | 31.37                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salt: 99+% Pure S                                 | odium Chloride                   | Sucrose: 98+% Pure Sucrose  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Water: De-ionized                                 | I, 16 MΩ⁺ resistivity            | HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tween: Polyoxyet                                  | hylene (20) sorbitan monolaurate |                             |  |  |  |  |  |
| MSL5GHz is composed of the following ingredients: |                                  |                             |  |  |  |  |  |
| Water: 64-78%                                     |                                  |                             |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mineral oil: 11-18%                               |                                  |                             |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emulsifiers: 9-15%                                | <b>%</b>                         |                             |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sodium salt: 2-3%                                 | 0                                |                             |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 1: Recipe of Tissue Simulate Liquid



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### 4.1.2 Measurement for Tissue Simulate Liquid

The dielectric properties for this Tissue Simulate Liquids were measured by using the Agilent Model 85070E Dielectric Probe in conjunction with Agilent E5071C Network Analyzer (300 KHz-8500 MHz). The Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ) and Permittivity ( $\rho$ ) are listed in Table 2.For the SAR measurement given in this report. The temperature variation of the Tissue Simulate Liquids was 22±2°C.

| Tissue    | Measured<br>Frequency | Target Tissue (±5%)   |                     | Measure | d Tissue | Liquid<br>Temp. | Measured |
|-----------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| Type      | (MHz)                 | ٤r                    | σ(S/m)              | ٤r      | σ(S/m)   | (°C)            | Date     |
| 5750 Body | 5750                  | 48.3<br>(45.89~50.72) | 5.94<br>(5.64~6.24) | 47.096  | 5.969    | 22.2            | 2018/9/5 |

Table 2: Measurement result of Tissue electric parameters

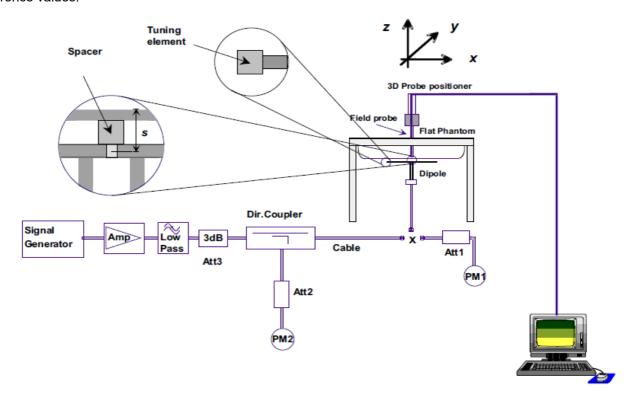


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### 4.2 SAR System Check

The microwave circuit arrangement for system Check is sketched in F-3. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom. A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within +/- 10% from the target SAR values. The tests were conducted on the same days as the measurement of the EUT. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the following table (A power level of 250mW (below 3GHz) or 100mW (3-6GHz) was input to the dipole antenna). During the tests, the ambient temperature of the laboratory was in the range 22±2°C, the relative humidity was in the range 60% and the liquid depth above the ear reference points was above 15±0.5 cm in all the cases. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values.



F-3. the microwave circuit arrangement used for SAR system check



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### 4.2.1 Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

1) Referring to KDB865664 D01 requirements for dipole calibration, instead of the typical annual calibration recommended by measurement standards, longer calibration intervals of up to three years may be considered when it is demonstrated that the SAR target, impedance and return loss of a dipole have remain stable according to the following requirements. Each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with the following criteria at least on annual interval in Appendix C.

- a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
- c) Return-loss is within 10% of calibrated measurement;
- d) Impedance is within  $5\Omega$  from the previous measurement.
- 2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.



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### 4.2.2 Summary System Check Result(s)

| Validat | ion Kit           | Measured<br>SAR<br>100mW | SAR<br>100mW  | Measured<br>SAR<br>(normalized<br>to 1W) | Measured<br>SAR<br>(normalized<br>to 1W) | Target SAR<br>(normalized<br>to 1W)<br>(±10%) |                   | Liquid | Measured<br>Date |
|---------|-------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--|--|---|-------------------|--------|------------------|
|         |                   | 1g (W/kg)                | 10g<br>(W/kg) | 1g (W/kg)                                | 10g (W/kg)                               | 1-g(W/kg)                                     | 10-g(W/kg)        | )      |                  |
| D5GHzV2 | Body<br>(5.75GHz) | 7.35                     | 2.03          | 73.50                                    | 20.30                                    | 74.8<br>(67.32~82.28)                         | 21<br>(18.9~23.1) | 22.2   | 2018/9/5         |

Table 3: SAR System Check Result

### 4.2.3 Detailed System Check Results

Please see the Appendix A



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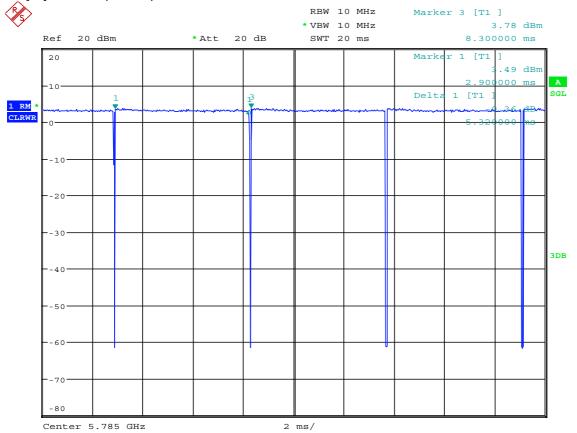
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### 5 Test results and Measurement Data

### 5.1 WiFi Test Configuration

A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement.

Duty cycle=5.32/(8.3-2.9)=98.52%





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#### 5.1.1.1 5 GHz WiFi SAR Procedures

#### U-NII-3 Bands

The frequency range covered by these bands is 115 MHz (5.735 – 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements.

When the same transmitter and antenna(s) are used for U-NII-3 band or 5.8 GHz band of §15.247, the bands may be aggregated to enable additional channels with 20, 40 or 80 MHz bandwidth to span across the band gap, as illustrated in Appendix B. The maximum output power for the additional band gap channels is limited to the lower of those certified for the bands. Unless band gap channels are permanently disabled, they must be considered for SAR testing. The frequency range covered by these bands is 115 MHz (5.735 – 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements. To maintain SAR measurement accuracy and to facilitate test reduction, the 5.8 GHz channels in U-NII-3 or §15.247 band to enable two SAR probe calibration frequency points to cover the bands, including the band gap channels. When band gap channels are supported and the bands are not aggregated for SAR testing, band gap channels must be considered independently in each band according to the normally required OFDM SAR measurement and probe calibration frequency points requirements.



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#### OFDM Transmission Mode SAR Test Configuration and Channel Selection Requirements

The initial test configuration for 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is determined according to the following steps applied sequentially.

- 1) The largest channel bandwidth configuration is selected among the multiple configurations with the same specified maximum output power.
- 2) If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power and largest channel bandwidth, the lowest order modulation among the largest channel bandwidth configurations is selected.
- 3) If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth and lowest order modulation, the lowest data rate configuration among these configurations is selected.
- 4) When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n. After an initial test configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following. These channel selection procedures apply to both the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s), with respect to the default power measurement procedures or additional power measurements required for further SAR test reduction. The same procedures also apply to subsequent highest output power channel(s) selection.
  - a) The channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.
  - b) For channels with equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

#### SAR Test Requirements for OFDM configurations

When SAR measurement is required for 802.11 a/n/ac OFDM configurations, each standalone and frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. When the same transmitter and antenna(s) are used for U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, additional SAR test reduction applies. When band gap channels between U-NII-2C band and 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band are supported, the highest maximum output power transmission mode configuration and maximum output power channel across the bands must be used to determine SAR test reduction, according to the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration requirements. In applying the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power and the channel within a test configuration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.

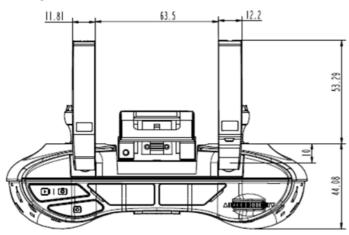


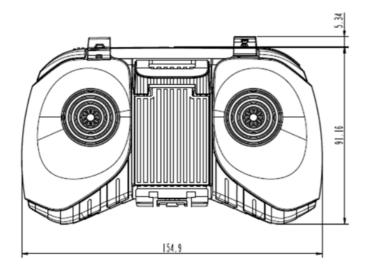
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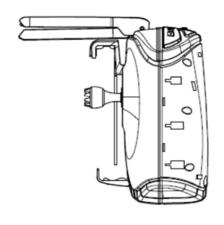
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### 5.1.2 DUT Antenna Locations

### WIFI 2.4G Antenna





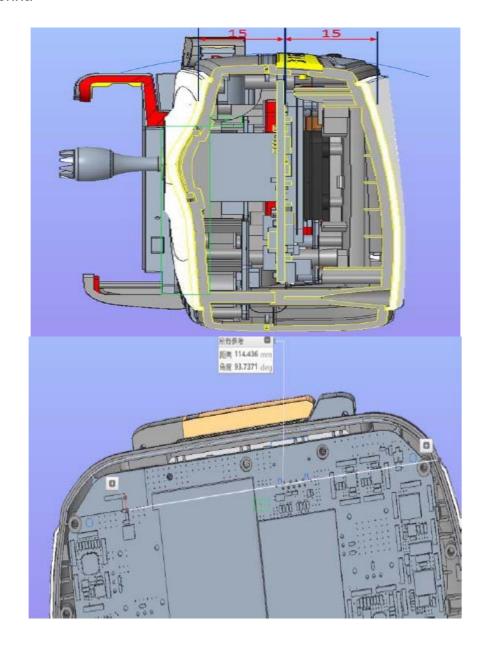




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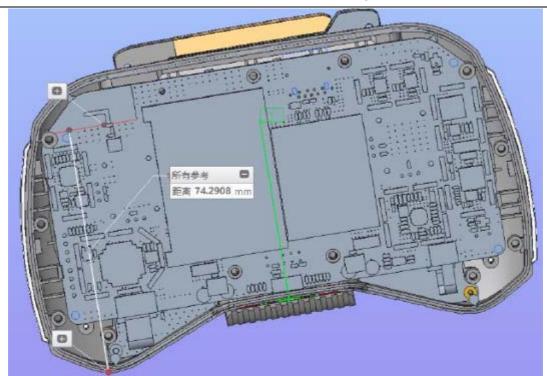
#### WIFI 5G Antenna

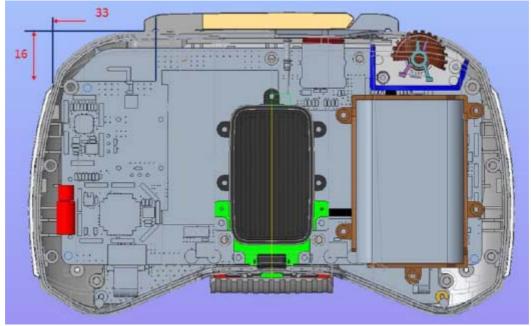




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The distance between Wi-Fi 5G antenna and the five sides as bellow:

Front side: 15mm; Back side: 15mm; Left side: 114.44mm; Right side: 33mm;

Top side: 16mm; Bottom side: 74.29mm



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### 5.1.3 EUT side for SAR Testing

| Freq.  | Frequency | Position    | Average | Power | Test<br>Separation | Exclusion<br>Threshold | Exclusion |  |
|--------|-----------|-------------|---------|-------|--------------------|------------------------|-----------|--|
| Band   | (MHz)     |             | dBm     | mW    | (mm)               | (mW)                   | (Y/N)     |  |
|        |           | Front side  | 9.00    | 7.90  | 15.00              | 1.27                   | N         |  |
|        | 5005      | Back side   | 9.00    | 7.90  | 15.00              | 1.27                   | N         |  |
| Wi-Fi  |           | Left side   | 9.00    | 7.90  | 114.44             | 740.00                 | Y         |  |
| VVI-F1 | 5825      | Right side  | 9.00    | 7.90  | 33.00              | 0.58                   | N         |  |
|        |           | Top side    | 9.00    | 7.90  | 16.00              | 1.19                   | N         |  |
|        |           | Bottom side | 9.00    | 7.90  | 74.29              | 338.50                 | Υ         |  |

(1) The SAR exclusion threshold for distances <50mm is defined by the following equation:

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) (min. test separation distance, mm) \*√ Frequency (GHz) ≤3.0

- (2) The SAR exclusion threshold for distances >50mm is defined by the following equation, as illustrated in KDB 447498 D01 Appendix B:
- a) at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz

[Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm)·( f(MHz)/150)] mW

b) at > 1500 MHz and ≤ 6 GHz

[Power allowed at numeric Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm)·10] mW



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### 5.2 Measurement of RF conducted Power

#### 5.2.1 Conducted Power of WIFI5G

| 5GHz         | mode    | Channel | Frequency(MHz) | Data<br>Rate(Mbps) | Tune up | Average<br>Power<br>(dBm) | SAR Test |
|--------------|---------|---------|----------------|--------------------|---------|---------------------------|----------|
|              |         | 149     | 5745           |                    | 9.00    | 8.83                      | No       |
|              |         | 153     | 5765           |                    | 9.00    | 8.78                      | No       |
| 802.11a      | U-NII-3 | 157     | 5785           | 6                  | 9.00    | 8.86                      | Yes      |
|              |         | 161     | 5805           |                    | 9.00    | 8.57                      | No       |
|              |         | 165     | 5825           |                    | 9.00    | 8.81                      | No       |
| 5GHz         | mode    | Channel | Frequency(MHz) | Data<br>Rate(Mbps) | Tune up | Average<br>Power<br>(dBm) | SAR Test |
|              |         | 149     | 5745           |                    | 9.00    | 8.67                      | No       |
|              |         | 153     | 5765           |                    | 9.00    | 8.71                      | No       |
| 802.11n-HT20 | U-NII-3 | 157     | 5785           | MCS0               | 9.00    | 8.82                      | No       |
|              |         | 161     | 5805           |                    | 9.00    | 8.59                      | No       |
|              |         | 165     | 5825           |                    | 9.00    | 8.49                      | No       |

Table 4: Conducted Power of WIFI5G

| Mode    | Antenna | Channel | Frequency(MHz) | Data<br>Rate(Mbps) | Tune up | Average<br>Power<br>(dBm) | SAR Test |
|---------|---------|---------|----------------|--------------------|---------|---------------------------|----------|
|         |         | 1       | 2412           |                    | 13.00   | 12.81                     | NO       |
| 802.11b | Ant1    | 6       | 2437           | 1                  | 13.00   | 11.81                     | NO       |
|         |         | 11      | 2462           |                    | 13.00   | 12.63                     | NO       |
|         |         | 1       | 2412           |                    | 13.00   | 11.97                     | NO       |
| 802.11b | Ant2    | 6       | 2437           | 1                  | 13.00   | 11.87                     | NO       |
|         |         | 11      | 2462           |                    | 13.00   | 11.91                     | NO       |
|         |         | 1       | 2412           | 6                  | 13.00   | 12.51                     | NO       |
| 802.11g | Ant1    | 6       | 2437           |                    | 13.00   | 12.06                     | NO       |
|         |         | 11      | 2462           |                    | 13.00   | 12.29                     | NO       |
|         |         | 1       | 2412           |                    | 13.00   | 12.01                     | NO       |
| 802.11g | Ant2    | 6       | 2437           | 6                  | 13.00   | 12.58                     | NO       |
|         |         | 11      | 2462           |                    | 13.00   | 11.94                     | NO       |
| 802.11n |         | 1       | 2412           |                    | 10.60   | 9.91                      | NO       |
| HT20    | Ant1    | 6       | 2437           | 13                 | 10.60   | 10.02                     | NO       |
| MIMO    |         | 11      | 2462           |                    | 10.60   | 10.48                     | NO       |
| 802.11n |         | 1       | 2412           |                    | 10.60   | 10.01                     | NO       |
| HT20    | Ant2    | 6       | 2437           | 13                 | 10.60   | 10.54                     | NO       |
| MIMO    |         | 11      | 2462           |                    | 10.60   | 10.55                     | NO       |

Table 5: Conducted Power of WIFI2.4G (The time based average power is calculated by Conducted Peak output power + Duty cycle factor. The maximum duty cycle is not over than 5%)



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#### 5.2.2 Stand-alone SAR test evaluation

Unless specifically required by the published RF exposure KDB procedures, standalone 1-g head or body and 10-g extremity SAR evaluation for general population exposure conditions, by measurement or numerical simulation, is not required when the corresponding SAR Test Exclusion Threshold condition is satisfied. These test exclusion conditions are based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power of the RF channel requiring evaluation, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, and the minimum test separation distance required for the exposure conditions.

| Freq.<br>Band | Frequency<br>(GHz) | Position      | Average | Power  | Separation (mm) |      | Exclusion<br>Threshold | Exclusion<br>(Y/N) |
|---------------|--------------------|---------------|---------|--------|-----------------|------|------------------------|--------------------|
|               |                    |               | dBm     | mW     | (11111)         |      |                        |                    |
| Wi-Fi         | 2.45               | Extremity     | 13      | 19.953 | 5               | 5.98 | 7.5                    | Υ                  |
| Wi-Fi         | 2.45               | Body-<br>worn | 13      | 19.953 | 10              | 2.99 | 3                      | Υ                  |

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot$  [ $\sqrt{f(GHz)}$ ]  $\leq$  3.0 for 1-g SAR and  $\leq$  7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Per FCC KDB 447498D01, the standalone SAR value must be estimated according to the following to determine the simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion criteria:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)]·[ $\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$ ] W/kg, for test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.



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#### **Estimated SAR Result**

| From Donal                 | Frequency | Test        | max.       |               | paration<br>m) | Estimated        |                   |  |
|----------------------------|-----------|-------------|------------|---------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------|--|
| Freq. Band                 | (GHz)     |             | power(dBm) | Body-<br>worn | Extremity      | 1g SAR<br>(W/kg) | 10g SAR<br>(W/kg) |  |
|                            |           | Top side    | 13.00      | 10            | 5              | 0.42             | 0.33              |  |
|                            |           | Back side   | 13.00      | 10            | 5              | 0.42             | 0.33              |  |
| 802.11b                    | 2.462     | Right side  | 13.00      | 10            | 5              | 0.42             | 0.33              |  |
|                            |           | Left side   | 13.00      | 10            | 5              | 0.42             | 0.33              |  |
|                            |           | Bottom side | 13.00      | 10            | 5              | 0.42             | 0.33              |  |
|                            |           | Top side    | 13.00      | 10            | 5              | 0.42             | 0.33              |  |
|                            |           | Back side   | 13.00      | 10            | 5              | 0.42             | 0.33              |  |
| 802.11g                    | 2.462     | Right side  | 13.00      | 10            | 5              | 0.42             | 0.33              |  |
|                            |           | Left side   | 13.00      | 10            | 5              | 0.42             | 0.33              |  |
|                            |           | Bottom side | 13.00      | 10            | 5              | 0.42             | 0.33              |  |
|                            |           | Top side    | 10.60      | 10            | 5              | 0.24             | 0.19              |  |
| 000 44=/LIT00)             |           | Back side   | 10.60      | 10            | 5              | 0.24             | 0.19              |  |
| 802.11n(HT20)<br>MIMO_ANT1 | 2.462     | Right side  | 10.60      | 10            | 5              | 0.24             | 0.19              |  |
| IVIIIVIO_AIVI I            |           | Left side   | 10.60      | 10            | 5              | 0.24             | 0.19              |  |
|                            |           | Bottom side | 10.60      | 10            | 5              | 0.24             | 0.19              |  |
|                            |           | Top side    | 10.60      | 10            | 5              | 0.24             | 0.19              |  |
| 000 44 (UT00)              |           | Back side   | 10.60      | 10            | 5              | 0.24             | 0.19              |  |
| 802.11n(HT20)<br>MIMO ANT2 | 2.462     | Right side  | 10.60      | 10            | 5              | 0.24             | 0.19              |  |
| WIIIVIO_ANTZ               |           | Left side   | 10.60      | 10            | 5              | 0.24             | 0.19              |  |
|                            |           | Bottom side | 10.60      | 10            | 5              | 0.24             | 0.19              |  |



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#### 5.3 Measurement of SAR Data

#### 5.3.1 SAR Result of WIFI 5G

| Test position | Test<br>mode                  | Test<br>Ch./Freq. | Duty   | Duty Cycle<br>Scaled<br>factor | SAR<br>(W/kg)<br>1-g | Power drift (dB) | Conducted power (dBm) | Tune up<br>Limit<br>(dBm) | Scaled factor | Scaled<br>SAR<br>(W/kg) | Liquid<br>Temp. |
|---------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------|--------------------------------|----------------------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
|               | Body Test data (Separate 0mm) |                   |        |                                |                      |                  |                       |                           |               |                         |                 |
| Front side    | 802.11a                       | 157/5785          | 98.52% | 1.015                          | 0.087                | 0.00             | 8.86                  | 9.00                      | 1.033         | 0.091                   | 22.2            |
| Back side     | 802.11a                       | 157/5785          | 98.52% | 1.015                          | 0.315                | -0.01            | 8.86                  | 9.00                      | 1.033         | 0.330                   | 22.2            |
| Right side    | 802.11a                       | 157/5785          | 98.52% | 1.015                          | 0.419                | -0.08            | 8.86                  | 9.00                      | 1.033         | 0.439                   | 22.2            |
| Top side      | 802.11a                       | 157/5785          | 98.52% | 1.015                          | 0.124                | -0.02            | 8.86                  | 9.00                      | 1.033         | 0.130                   | 22.2            |

Table 6: SAR of WIFI 5G for Body

Note:

1) Test positions of EUT(the distance between the EUT and the phantom is 0mm for all sides)

2) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B

| Mode        | Tune-up (dBm) | Tune-up (mW) | Max Reported SAR1-g(W/kg) | Adjusted<br>SAR1-g(W/kg) | SAR test |
|-------------|---------------|--------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------|
| 802.11a     | 9.00          | 7.94         | 0.439                     | 1                        | Yes      |
| 802.11n 20M | 9.00          | 7.94         | 1                         | 0.439                    | No       |

Note: Per KDB248227D01, for Body SAR test of WiFi 5G,when the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes are not required.

#### 5.3.2Simultaneous SAR test evaluation

#### **Simultaneous Transmission**

| NO. | Simultaneous Transmission Configuration | Body worn |
|-----|---|-----------|
| 1   | WiFi 5G + WiFi 2.4G (2x2 MIMO)          | Yes       |

Simultaneous SAR evaluation for WiFi 5G + WiFi 2.4G (2x2 MIMO) = 0.439 + 0.24\*2 = 0.919 (W/kg)



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## 6 Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.



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7 Equipment list

| Test Platform      | SPEAG DASY5 Professional  |
|--------------------|---|
| Location           | SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch |
| Description        | SAR Test System (Frequency range 300MHz-6GHz)                   |
| Software Reference | DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)                     |

#### **Hardware Reference**

| Equipment   |                                       | Manufacturer                             | Model       | Serial Number  | Calibration<br>Date | Due date of calibration |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|--|-------------|----------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
|             | Robot                                 | Staubli                                  | RX90L       | F03/5V32A1/A01 | NCR                 | NCR                     |
|             | ELI V5.0                              | SPEAG                                    | ELI         | 1123           | NCR                 | NCR                     |
|             | DAE                                   | SPEAG                                    | DAE4        | 1428           | 2018-01-17          | 2019-01-16              |
|             | E-Field Probe                         | SPEAG                                    | EX3DV4      | 3962           | 2018-01-11          | 2019-01-10              |
|             | Validation Kits                       | SPEAG                                    | D5GHzV2     | 1165           | 2016-12-13          | 2019-12-12              |
| $\boxtimes$ | Agilent Network<br>Analyzer           | Agilent                                  | E5071C      | MY46523590     | 2018-03-13          | 2019-03-12              |
|             | Dielectric Probe Kit                  | Agilent                                  | 85070E      | US01440210     | NCR                 | NCR                     |
| $\boxtimes$ | RF Bi-Directional<br>Coupler          | Agilent                                  | 86205-60001 | MY31400031     | NCR                 | NCR                     |
|             | Signal Generator                      | Agilent                                  | N5171B      | MY53050736     | 2018-03-13          | 2019-03-12              |
|             | Preamplifier                          | Mini-Circuits                            | ZHL-42W     | 15542          | NCR                 | NCR                     |
| $\boxtimes$ | Preamplifier                          | Compliance<br>Directions<br>Systems Inc. | AMP28-3W    | 073501433      | NCR                 | NCR                     |
|             | Power Meter                           | Agilent                                  | E4416A      | GB41292095     | 2018-03-13          | 2019-03-12              |
|             | Power Sensor                          | Agilent                                  | 8481H       | MY41091234     | 2018-03-13          | 2019-03-12              |
|             | Power Sensor                          | R&S                                      | NRP-Z92     | 100025         | 2018-03-13          | 2019-03-12              |
|             | Attenuator                            | SHX                                      | TS2-3dB     | 30704          | NCR                 | NCR                     |
|             | Coaxial low pass filter               | Mini-Circuits                            | VLF-2500(+) | NA             | NCR                 | NCR                     |
|             | Coaxial low pass filter               | Microlab Fxr                             | LA-F13      | NA             | NCR                 | NCR                     |
|             | 50 Ω coaxial load                     | Mini-Circuits                            | KARN-50+    | 00850          | NCR                 | NCR                     |
|             | DC POWER SUPPLY                       | SAKO                                     | SK1730SL5A  | NA             | NCR                 | NCR                     |
| $\boxtimes$ | Speed reading thermometer             | MingGao                                  | T809        | NA             | 2018-03-19          | 2019-03-18              |
| $\boxtimes$ | Humidity and<br>Temperature Indicator | KIMTOKA                                  | KIMTOKA     | NA             | 2018-03-19          | 2019-03-18              |

Note: All the equipments are within the valid period when the tests are performed.

### 8 Calibration certificate

Please see the Appendix C

## 9 Photographs

Please see the Appendix D



## SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch

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**Appendix A: Detailed System Check Results** 

**Appendix B: Detailed Test Results** 

**Appendix C: Calibration certificate** 

**Appendix D: Photographs** 

---END---



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# **Appendix A**

## **Detailed System Check Results**

1. System Performance Check

System Performance Check 5750MHz Body

Date: 2018-09-05

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

#### System Performance Check 5.75GHz Body

DUT: D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1165

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL5000; Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.969$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 47.096$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

 $kg/m^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 23.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17

• Phantom: ELI V5.0; Type: ELI; Serial: 1123

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

#### Body/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5750 MHz/Area Scan (10x10x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.0 W/kg

#### Body/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded),

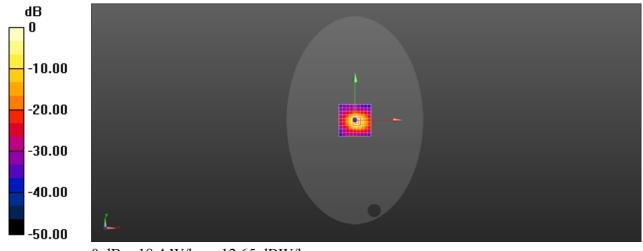
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 51.65 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.35 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.03 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.4 W/kg



0 dB = 18.4 W/kg = 12.65 dBW/kg

## SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch

Report No.: SZEM171001055104

# **Appendix B**

## **Detailed Test Results**

| 1.WIFI            |  |
|-------------------|--|
| WIFI5GHz for Body |  |

Date: 2018-09-05

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

#### PEGBS20 WIFI 802.11a 157CH Right side 0mm

DUT: PEGBS20; Type: Remote Controller; Serial: N/A

Communication System: UID 0, WI-FI(5GHz) (0); Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL5000; Medium parameters used: f = 5785 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.989$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 46.916$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

 $kg/m^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 23.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17
- Phantom: ELI V5.0; Type: ELI; Serial: 1123
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 W/kg

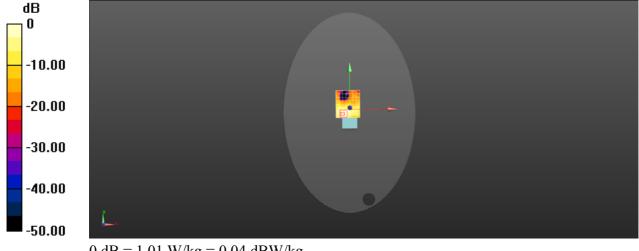
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 6.592 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.60 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.419 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.143 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 W/kg



0 dB = 1.01 W/kg = 0.04 dBW/kg



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# **Appendix C**

## **Calibration certificate**

| 1. Dipole                     |
|-------------------------------|
| D5GHzV2 - SN 1165(2016-12-13) |
| 2. DAE                        |
| DAE4- SN 1428(2018-01-17)     |
| 3. Probe                      |
| EX3DV4-SN 3962(2018-01-11)    |



国际互认 校准 CALIBRATION CNAS L0570

Client

SGS(Boce)

Certificate No:

Z16-97244

#### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D5GHzV2 - SN: 1165

Calibration Procedure(s)

FD-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

December 13, 2016

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3) To and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards       | ID#        | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------|------------|--|-----------------------|
| Power Meter NRP2        | 101919     | 27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)           | Jun-17                |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91    | 101547     | 27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)           | Jun-17                |
| ReferenceProbe EX3DV4   | SN 7307    | 19-Feb-16(SPEAG,No.EX3-7307_Feb16)       | Feb-17                |
| DAE4                    | SN 771     | 02-Feb-16(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z16-97011)       | Feb-17                |
| Secondary Standards     | ID#        | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Signal Generator E4438C | MY49071430 | 01-Feb-16 (CTTL, No.J16X00893)           | Jan-17                |
| NetworkAnalyzer E5071C  | MY46110673 | 26-Jan-16 (CTTL, No.J16X00894)           | Jan-17                |

Name Function Signature

Calibrated by: Zhao Jing SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by: Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Approved by: Lu Bingsong Deputy Director of the laboratory

Issued: December 15, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

#### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z16-97244 Page 2 of 14

#### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version                 | DASY52   | 52.8.8.1258                      |
|------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation                                   |                                  |
| Phantom                      | Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C                                 |                                  |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm  | with Spacer                      |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy = 4 mm, dz = 1.4 mm                               | Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction) |
| Frequency                    | 5250 MHz ± 1 MHz<br>5600 MHz ± 1 MHz<br>5750 MHz ± 1 MHz |                                  |

#### Head TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 35.9         | 4.71 mho/m       |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 36.3 ± 6 %   | 4.72 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C         |              |                  |

#### SAR result with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL   | Condition          |                           |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 7.64 mW / g               |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 76.6 mW /g ± 23.0 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                           |
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 2.18 mW / g               |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 21.9 mW /g ± 22.2 % (k=2) |

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#### Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 35.5         | 5.07 mho/m       |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 35.5 ± 6 %   | 5.17 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C         |              | 1444             |

#### SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL   | Condition          |                           |
|--|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured                                   | 100 mW input power | 8.03 mW / g               |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters            | normalized to 1W   | 80.4 mW /g ± 23.0 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                           |
| SAR measured                                   | 100 mW input power | 2.28 mW / g               |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters            | normalized to 1W   | 22.8 mW /g ± 22.2 % (k=2) |

#### Head TSL parameters at 5750 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 35.4         | 5.22 mho/m       |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 35.2 ± 6 %   | 5.37 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C         | 10000        | 12.              |

#### SAR result with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                           |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 8.00 mW / g               |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | 80.0 mW /g ± 23.0 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL        | Condition          |                           |
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 2.27 mW/g                 |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | 22.7 mW /g ± 22.2 % (k=2) |

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#### Body TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 48.9         | 5.36 mho/m       |
| Measured Body TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 47.9 ± 6 %   | 5.44 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C         |              | 1 Can            |

SAR result with Body TSL at 5250 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL   | Condition          |                           |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 7.58 mW / g               |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 75.6 mW /g ± 23.0 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL | Condition          |                           |
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 2.14 mW / g               |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 21.3 mW /g ± 22.2 % (k=2) |

#### Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 48.5         | 5.77 mho/m       |
| Measured Body TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 48.9 ± 6 %   | 5.74 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C         | ( )          |                  |

SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition          |                           |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 8.10 mW / g               |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | 81.1 mW /g ± 23.0 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Body TSL        | Condition          |                           |
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 2.28 mW / g               |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | 22.9 mW /g ± 22.2 % (k=2) |

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## Body TSL parameters at 5750 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 48.3         | 5.94 mho/m       |
| Measured Body TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 48.7 ± 6 %   | 5.91 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C         |              | 1                |

SAR result with Body TSL at 5750 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Body TSL            | Condition          |                           |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 7.47 mW / g               |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 74.8 mW /g ± 23.0 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL | Condition          |                           |
| SAR measured  | 100 mW input power | 2.10 mW / g               |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 21.0 mW /g ± 22.2 % (k=2) |

Certificate No: Z16-97244 Page 6 of 14 Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 Http://www.chinattl.cn

#### **Appendix**

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 49.1Ω - 6.49jΩ |  |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|--|
| Return Loss                          | - 23.6dB       |  |

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $54.1\Omega + 1.72j\Omega$ |  |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Return Loss                          | - 27.5dB                   |  |

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 52.4Ω - 3.51jΩ |  |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|--|
| Return Loss                          | - 27.6dB       |  |

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5250 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 45.7Ω - 4.04jΩ |  |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|--|
| Return Loss                          | - 24.2dB       |  |

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $54.9\Omega + 0.69j\Omega$ |  |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Return Loss                          | - 26.5dB                   |  |

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5750 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 53.3Ω - 3.65jΩ |  |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|--|
| Return Loss                          | - 26.4dB       |  |

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#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.313 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

| CANCEL CONTRACTOR AND CONTRACTOR |   |
|---|---|
| Manufactured by   | SPEAG                                     |
|   | S. C. |

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#### DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1165

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz,

Date: 12.12.2016

Frequency: 5750 MHz,

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 4.724 mho/m;  $\epsilon$ r = 36.26;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.172 mho/m;  $\epsilon$ r = 35.54;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3, Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.371 mho/m;  $\epsilon$ r = 35.17;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3,

Phantom section: Center Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7307; ConvF(5.32,5.32,5.32); Calibrated: 2016/2/19, ConvF(4.52,4.52,4.52); Calibrated: 2016/2/19, ConvF(4.45,4.45,4.45); Calibrated: 2016/2/19,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2016/2/2
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/3
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 69.25 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.64 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.18 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.1 W/kg

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 69.92 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.03 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg

Certificate No: Z16-97244 Page 9 of 14



Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 Http://www.chinattl.cn

#### Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan,

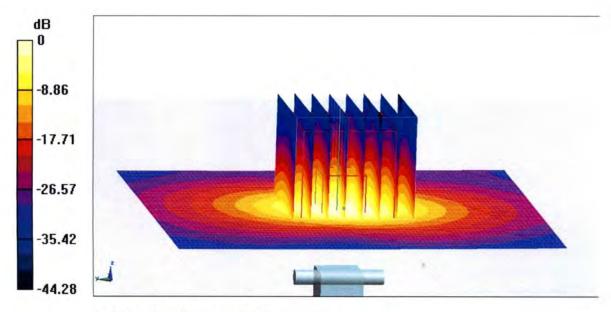
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 70.79 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.27 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg

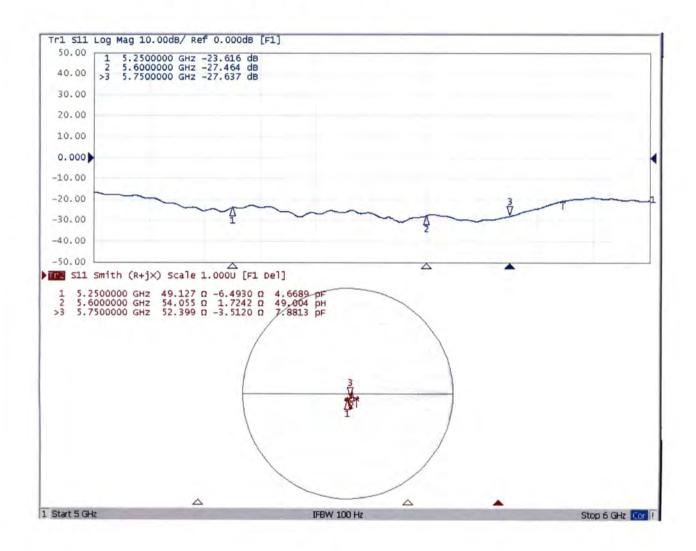


0 dB = 19.7 W/kg = 12.94 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z16-97244 Page 10 of 14

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#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



#### DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1165

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz,

Date: 12.13.2016

Frequency: 5750 MHz,

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.442$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 47.93$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m3, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.74$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 48.92$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m3, Medium parameters used:  $\epsilon r = 5750$  MHz;  $\epsilon r = 5.91$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 48.73$ ;  $\epsilon r = 1000$  kg/m3.

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7307; ConvF(4.48,4.48,4.48); Calibrated: 2016/2/19, ConvF(3.72,3.72,3.72); Calibrated: 2016/2/19, ConvF(3.91,3.91,3.91); Calibrated: 2016/2/19,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2016/2/2
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/3
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

#### Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 50.01 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.58 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.14 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.8 W/kg

#### Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 59.54 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg

Certificate No: Z16-97244 Page 12 of 14



Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan,

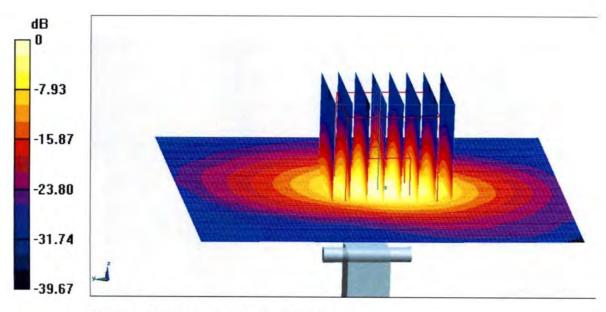
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 61.53 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.47 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.1 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 W/kg

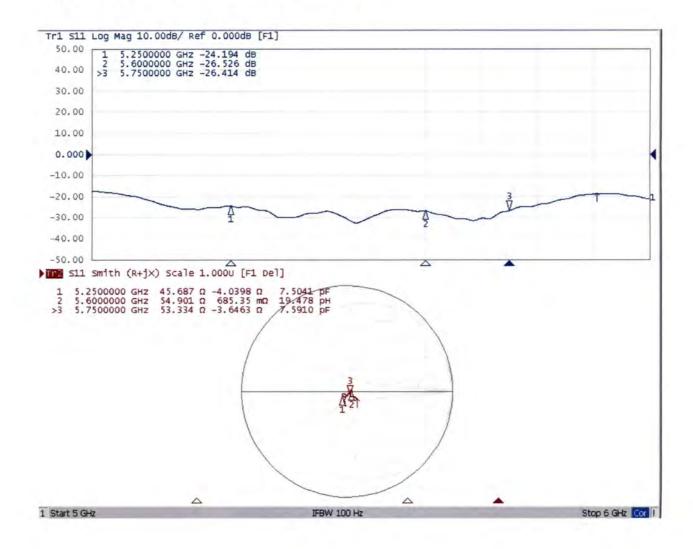


0 dB = 18.2 W/kg = 12.60 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z16-97244

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#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL







国际互认 校准 CALIBRATION CNAS L0570

Client:

SGS(Boce)

Certificate No: Z18-97013

#### **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

DAE4 - SN: 1428

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-002-01

Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics

(DAEx)

Calibration date:

January 17, 2018

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards      | ID#     | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|------------------------|---------|--|-----------------------|
| Process Calibrator 753 | 1971018 | 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05859)           | June-18               |
|                        |         | ***************************************  |                       |

Name

Function

Signature

Calibrated by:

Yu Zongying

SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by:

Lin Hao

SAR Test Engineer

Approved by:

Qi Dianyuan

SAR Project Leader

Issued: January 19, 2018

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Glossary:

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X

to the robot coordinate system.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.

Certificate No: Z18-97013



Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2218 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2209

E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com

Http://www.chinattl.cn

#### **DC Voltage Measurement**

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB =  $6.1 \mu V$  ,

full range =

-100...+300 mV

1LSB = Low Range: 61nV, full range = -1.....+3mV DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| Calibration Factors X |                       | Y                     | Z                     |  |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|
| High Range            | 405.185 ± 0.15% (k=2) | 404.989 ± 0.15% (k=2) | 405.005 ± 0.15% (k=2) |  |
| Low Range             | 3.98842 ± 0.7% (k=2)  | 3.97098 ± 0.7% (k=2)  | 4.01027 ± 0.7% (k=2)  |  |

#### **Connector Angle**

| Connector Angle to be used in DASY system 163° ± 1 ° |
|--|
|--|

Certificate No: Z18-97013 Page 3 of 3 Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Fax: +86-10-62304633-2209

Tel: +86-10-62304633-2218 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn



SGS(Boce)



Certificate No: Z17-97271

#### **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3962

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-004-01

Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date:

January 11, 2018

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

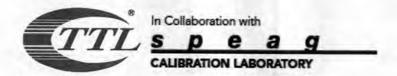
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards       | ID#                     | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|-----------------------|
| Power Meter NRP2        | 101919                  | 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857)           | Jun-18                |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91    | 101547                  | 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857)           | Jun-18                |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91    | 101548                  | 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857)           | Jun-18                |
| Reference10dBAttenuato  | r 18N50W-10dB           | 13-Mar-16(CTTL,No.J16X01547)             | Mar-18                |
| Reference20dBAttenuato  | r 18N50W-20dB           | 13-Mar-16(CTTL, No.J16X01548)            | Mar-18                |
| Reference Probe EX3DV   | 4 SN 7464               | 12-Sep-17(SPEAG,No.EX3-7464_Sep17)       | Sep-18                |
| DAE4                    | SN 1524                 | 13-Sep-17(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1524_Sep17      | 7) Sep -18            |
| Secondary Standards     | ID#                     | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| SignalGeneratorMG3700   | 경기 보기하다 시간 사람들은 수가 없었다. | 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05858)           | Jun-18                |
| Network Analyzer E50710 | MY46110673              | 13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00285)           | Jan -18               |
|                         | Name                    | Function                                 | Signature             |
| Calibrated by:          | Yu Zongying             | SAR Test Engineer                        | A THE                 |
| Reviewed by:            | Lin Hao                 | SAR Test Engineer                        | 林光                    |
| Approved by:            | Qi Dianyuan             | SAR Project Leader                       | and ,                 |
|                         |                         |  |                       |

Issued: January 13, 2018

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Certificate No: Z17-97271



Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A,B,C,D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization Φ Φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization  $\theta$   $\theta$  rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i

 $\theta$ =0 is normal to probe axis

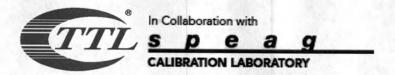
Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide).
   NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z\* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This
  linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the
  frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z;VRx,y,z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the
  data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor
  media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z\* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: Z17-97271 Page 2 of 11



# Probe EX3DV4

SN: 3962

Calibrated: January 11, 2018

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3962

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

|                         | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) |
|-------------------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| $Norm(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$ | 0.42     | 0.47     | 0.44     | ±10.0%    |
| DCP(mV) <sup>B</sup>    | 100.3    | 102.5    | 94.3     |           |

#### **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

| UID  | Communication System Name |   | A<br>dB | B<br>dBõV | С   | D<br>dB | VR<br>mV | Unc <sup>E</sup><br>(k=2) |
|------|---------------------------|---|---------|-----------|-----|---------|----------|---------------------------|
| 0 CW | CW                        | X | 0.0     | 0.0       | 1.0 | 0.00    | 154.3    | ±2.5%                     |
|      |                           |   | Y       | 0.0       | 0.0 | 1.0     |          | 162.9                     |
|      |                           | Z | 0.0     | 0.0       | 1.0 |         | 153.1    |                           |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>E</sup> Uncertainly is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3962

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f [MHz] <sup>C</sup> | Relative<br>Permittivity <sup>F</sup> | Conductivity<br>(S/m) <sup>F</sup> | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha <sup>G</sup> | Depth <sup>G</sup><br>(mm) | Unct.<br>(k=2) |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|----------------------------|----------------|
| 750                  | 41.9                                  | 0.89                               | 10.19   | 10.19   | 10.19   | 0.40               | 0.75                       | ±12.1%         |
| 835                  | 41.5                                  | 0.90                               | 9.96    | 9.96    | 9.96    | 0.16               | 1.25                       | ±12.1%         |
| 1750                 | 40.1                                  | 1.37                               | 8.54    | 8.54    | 8.54    | 0.21               | 1.15                       | ±12.1%         |
| 1900                 | 40.0                                  | 1.40                               | 8.26    | 8.26    | 8.26    | 0.26               | 1.00                       | ±12.1%         |
| 2300                 | 39.5                                  | 1.67                               | 8.03    | 8.03    | 8.03    | 0.35               | 0.80                       | ±12.1%         |
| 2450                 | 39.2                                  | 1.80                               | 7.62    | 7.62    | 7.62    | 0.41               | 0.88                       | ±12.1%         |
| 2600                 | 39.0                                  | 1.96                               | 7.52    | 7.52    | 7.52    | 0.42               | 0.92                       | ±12.1%         |
| 5250                 | 35.9                                  | 4.71                               | 5.68    | 5.68    | 5.68    | 0.35               | 1.55                       | ±13.3%         |
| 5600                 | 35.5                                  | 5.07                               | 4.89    | 4.89    | 4.89    | 0.40               | 1.50                       | ±13.3%         |
| 5750                 | 35.4                                  | 5.22                               | 5.05    | 5.05    | 5.05    | 0.40               | 1.60                       | ±13.3%         |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than  $\pm$  1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below  $\pm$  2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3962

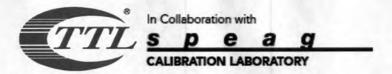
### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

| f [MHz] <sup>C</sup> | Relative<br>Permittivity <sup>F</sup> | Conductivity<br>(S/m) <sup>F</sup> | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha <sup>G</sup> | Depth <sup>G</sup><br>(mm) | Unct.<br>(k=2) |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|----------------------------|----------------|
| 750                  | 55.5                                  | 0.96                               | 10.37   | 10.37   | 10.37   | 0.40               | 0.85                       | ±12.1%         |
| 835                  | 55.2                                  | 0.97                               | 9.98    | 9.98    | 9.98    | 0.17               | 1.43                       | ±12.1%         |
| 1750                 | 53.4                                  | 1.49                               | 8.49    | 8.49    | 8.49    | 0.22               | 1.12                       | ±12.1%         |
| 1900                 | 53.3                                  | 1.52                               | 8.09    | 8.09    | 8.09    | 0.20               | 1.17                       | ±12.1%         |
| 2300                 | 52.9                                  | 1.81                               | 7.90    | 7.90    | 7.90    | 0.34               | 1.17                       | ±12.1%         |
| 2450                 | 52.7                                  | 1.95                               | 7.78    | 7.78    | 7.78    | 0.34               | 1.25                       | ±12.1%         |
| 2600                 | 52.5                                  | 2.16                               | 7.61    | 7.61    | 7.61    | 0.44               | 0.96                       | ±12.1%         |
| 5250                 | 48.9                                  | 5.36                               | 5.22    | 5.22    | 5.22    | 0.45               | 1.45                       | ±13.3%         |
| 5600                 | 48.5                                  | 5.77                               | 4.45    | 4.45    | 4.45    | 0.50               | 1.60                       | ±13.3%         |
| 5750                 | 48.3                                  | 5.94                               | 4.59    | 4.59    | 4.59    | 0.50               | 1.45                       | ±13.3%         |

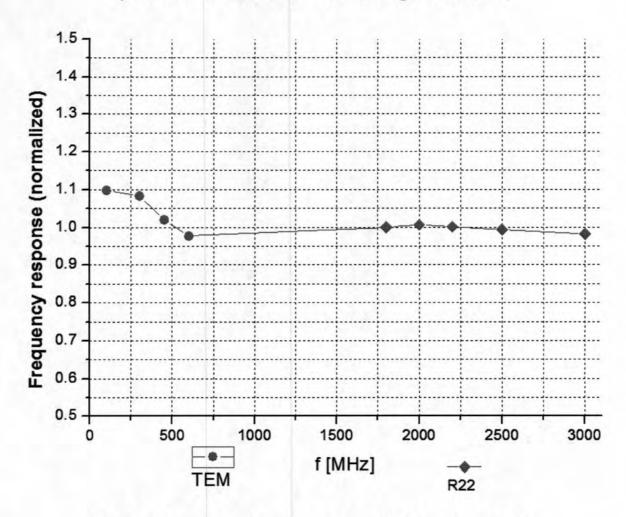
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

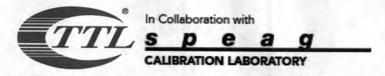
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



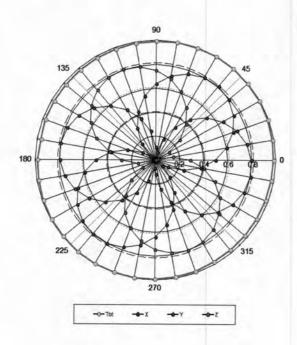
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.4% (k=2)

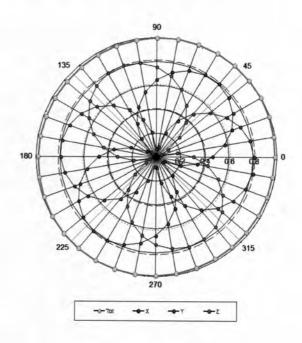


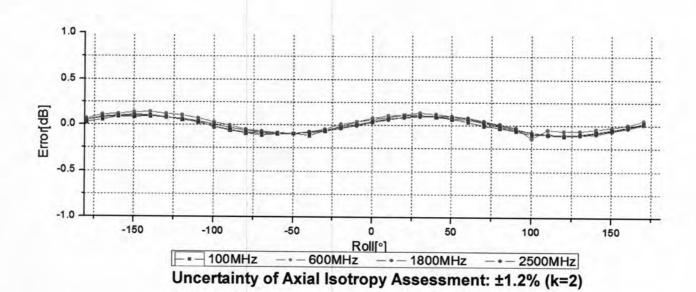
## Receiving Pattern (Φ), θ=0°

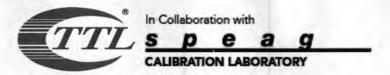
### f=600 MHz, TEM

## f=1800 MHz, R22

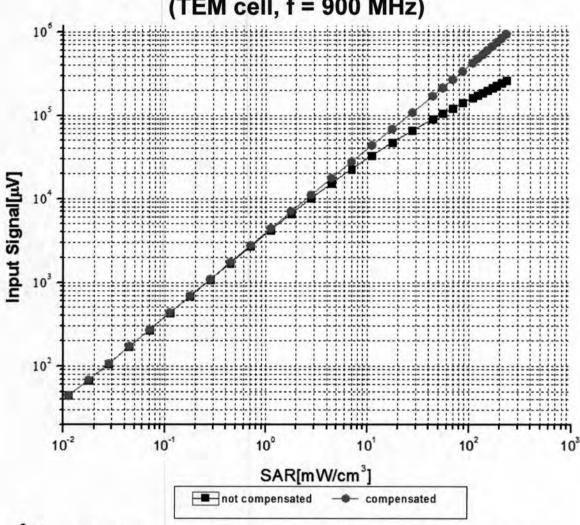


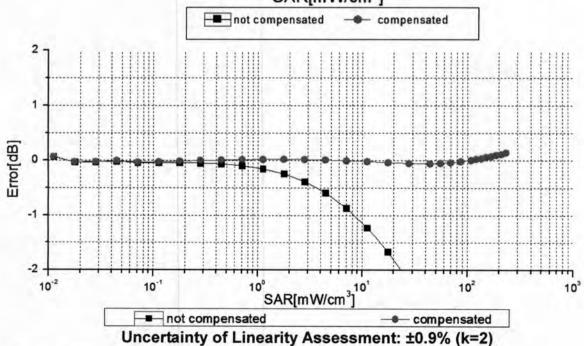




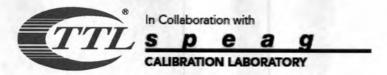


## Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)





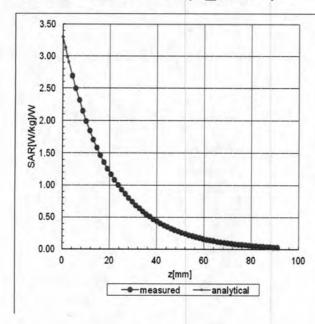
Certificate No: Z17-97271 Page 9 of 11

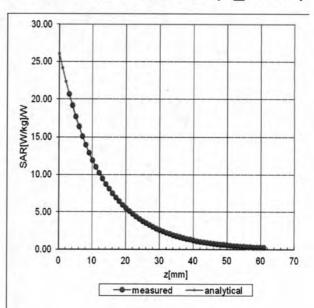


### **Conversion Factor Assessment**

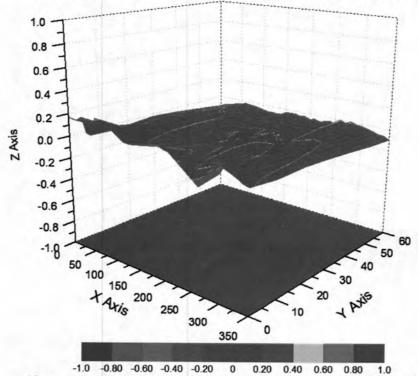
f=835 MHz, WGLS R9(H\_convF)

f=1750 MHz, WGLS R22(H\_convF)

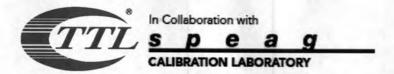




## **Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid**



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ±3.2% (K=2)



## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3962

#### **Other Probe Parameters**

| Sensor Arrangement                            | Triangular |
|---|------------|
| Connector Angle (°)                           | 152.2      |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode             | enabled    |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode                | disable    |
| Probe Overall Length                          | 337mm      |
| Probe Body Diameter                           | 10mm       |
| Tip Length                                    | 9mm        |
| Tip Diameter                                  | 2.5mm      |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point       | 1mm        |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point       | 1mm        |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point       | 1mm        |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 1.4mm      |

|                     | Dipole D5GHz        | zV2 SN 11  | 65                   |      |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------------|---------------------|------------|----------------------|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 5250MHz Head Liquid |                     |            |                      |      |  |  |  |  |  |
| Date of Measurement | Return Loss(dB)     | Δ%         | Impedance (Ω)        | ΔΩ   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2016-12-13          | -23.6               | /          | 49.1                 | 1    |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2017-12-12          | -24.2               | 2.54%      | 51.7                 | 2.6Ω |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2018-12-11          | -23.9               | 1.27%      | 51.1                 | 2.0Ω |  |  |  |  |  |
|                     | 5250MHz B           | ody Liquic | d                    |      |  |  |  |  |  |
| Date of Measurement | Return Loss(dB)     | Δ%         | Impedance $(\Omega)$ | ΔΩ   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2016-12-13          | -24.2               | /          | 45.7                 | 1    |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2017-12-12          | -24.7               | 2.07%      | 49.1                 | 3.4Ω |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2018-12-11          | -24.9               | 2.89%      | 49.5                 | 3.8Ω |  |  |  |  |  |
|                     | 5600MHz H           | ead Liquid | d                    |      |  |  |  |  |  |
| Date of Measurement | Return Loss(dB)     | Δ%         | Impedance $(\Omega)$ | ΔΩ   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2016-12-13          | -27.5               | /          | 54.1                 | 1    |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2017-12-12          | -28.3               | 2.91%      | 56.4                 | 2.3Ω |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2018-12-11          | -28.6               | 4.00%      | 56.7                 | 2.6Ω |  |  |  |  |  |
|                     | 5600MHz B           | ody Liquid | d                    |      |  |  |  |  |  |
| Date of Measurement | Return Loss(dB)     | Δ%         | Impedance $(\Omega)$ | ΔΩ   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2016-12-13          | -26.5               | /          | 54.9                 | 1    |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2017-12-12          | -27.3               | 3.02%      | 58                   | 3.1Ω |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2018-12-11          | -27.6               | 4.15%      | 58.2                 | 3.3Ω |  |  |  |  |  |
|                     | 5750MHz H           | ead Liquid | d                    |      |  |  |  |  |  |
| Date of Measurement | Return Loss(dB)     | Δ %        | Impedance $(\Omega)$ | ΔΩ   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2016-12-13          | -27.6               | /          | 52.4                 | 1    |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2017-12-12          | -28.5               | 3.26%      | 54.1                 | 1.7Ω |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2018-12-11          | -28.7               | 3.99%      | 54.6                 | 2.2Ω |  |  |  |  |  |
|                     | 5750MHz Body Liquid |            |                      |      |  |  |  |  |  |
| Date of Measurement | Return Loss(dB)     | Δ%         | Impedance (Ω)        | ΔΩ   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2016-12-13          | -26.4               | /          | 53.3                 | 1    |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2017-12-12          | -27.1               | 2.65%      | 55.9                 | 2.6Ω |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2018-12-11          | -27.5               | 4.17%      | 56.3                 | 3.0Ω |  |  |  |  |  |

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# **Appendix D**

## **Photographs**

- 1. SAR measurement System
- 2. Photographs of Tissue Simulate Liquid
- 3. Photographs of EUT test position
- 4. EUT Constructional Details



# SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch

Report No.: SZEM171001055104

## 1. SAR measurement System

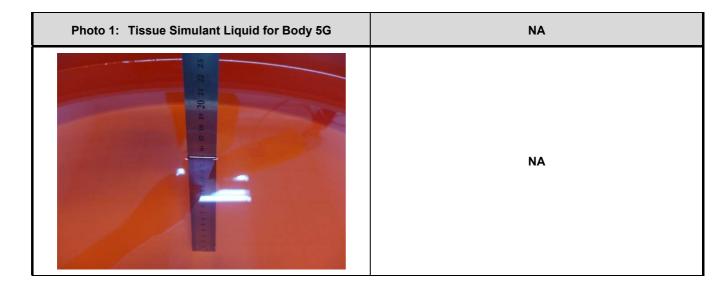




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## 2. Photographs of Tissue Simulate Liquid





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3. Photographs of EUT test position





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### 4. EUT Constructional Details

