

# **FCC Part 15C Measurement and Test Report**

# For

# EASIER INDUSTRY CO., LIMITED

Room 2704, Building G1, Gelan Chuntian Community, South Tiantong Rd, Yinzhou, Ningbo, China

FCC ID: 2AKH5-GC136526

FCC Rule(s): FCC Part 15.247

**Product Description:** Bluetooth speaker

**Tested Model:** TEK190BK

Report No.: FCC-ATL20161118889-1

**Issued Date:** <u>2016-12-06</u>

Tested By: Si feifei / Engineer

Xie Lingling / EMC Manager Reviewed By:

Sifeifei Xielingling Xu Peng Approved & Authorized By: Xu peng / PSQ Manager

Prepared By:

Shenzhen ATL Testing Technology Co., Ltd.

F/4, Building 10, Dayuan Industrial Zone, Xili Town, Nanshan

District, Shenzhen, China (518055)

Tel.: +86-0755-26909822 Fax.: +86-0755-61605504 Website: www.atllab.org

Note: This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of Shenzhen ATL Testing Technology Co., Ltd.. This document may be altered or revised by Shenzhen ATL Testing Technology Co., Ltd. personnel only, and shall be noted in the revision section of the document. The test results in the report only apply to the tested sample



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. GENERAL INFORMATION	
1.1 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION FOR EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT)	
1.2 TEST STANDARDS	5
1.3 TEST METHODOLOGY	
1.4EUT SETUP AND TEST MODE	
1.5Measurement Uncertainty	
2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS	
3. RF EXPOSURE	
3.1 Standard Applicable	
3.2 TEST RESULT	
4. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT	10
4.1 Standard Applicable	
4.2 Evaluation Information	10
5. FREQUENCY HOPPING SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS	
5.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE	
5.2 Frequency Hopping System	
6. QUANTITY OF HOPPING CHANNELS AND CHANNEL SEPARATION	
6.1 Standard Applicable	
6.3 Environmental Conditions	
6.4 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS/PLOTS	
7. DWELL TIME OF HOPPING CHANNEL	18
7.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE	18
7.2 Test Procedure	
7.3 Environmental Conditions	
8. 20DB BANDWIDTH	
8.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE	
8.2 TEST PROCEDURE	
8.3 ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS	
8.4 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS/PLOTS	29
9. RF OUTPUT POWER	
9.1 Standard Applicable	33
9.2 Test Procedure	
9.4 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS/PLOTS	
10. FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	
10.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE	
10.1 STANDARD AFFEICABLE	
10.3 CORRECTED AMPLITUDE & MARGIN CALCULATION	
10.4 Environmental Conditions	
10.5 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS/PLOTS	
11. OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS	
11.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE	
11.2 Test Procedure	
11.4 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS/PLOTS	
12. CONDUCTED EMISSIONS	
12.1 TEST PROCEDURE	
12.1 12011 ROCEDORE	······································





12.2 BASIC TEST SETUP BLOCK DIAGRAM	49
12.3 Environmental Conditions	
12.4 Test Receiver Setup.	
12.5 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS/PLOTS	
12.6 CONDUCTED EMISSIONS TEST DATA	50





### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

# 1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

**Client Information** 

Applicant: EASIER INDUSTRY CO.,LIMITED

Address of applicant: Room 2704, Building G1, Gelan Chuntian Community,

SouthTiantongRd,Yinzhou,Ningbo,China

Manufacturer: Heritek Electronic Manufactory Co., Limited

Address of manufacturer: 2nd Floor, 11th Building, Huafeng Industrial Zone,

Xiaweiyuan, Gushu Village, Xixiang Town, Bao'an

District, Shenzhen City, China

General Description of EUT	
Product Name:	Bluetooth speaker
Trade Name:	1
Model No.:	TEK190BK
Adding Model(s):	/
	·
Note: The test data is gathered from a pro	oduction sample provided by the manufacturer.

Technical Characteristics of EUT	
Bluetooth Version:	V2.0+EDR
Frequency Range:	2402-2480MHz
RF Output Power:	6.0 dBm (Conducted)
Data Rate:	1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps
Modulation:	GFSK, Pi/4 QDPSK, 8DPSK
Quantity of Channels:	79
Channel Separation:	1MHz
Type of Antenna:	PCB
Antenna Gain:	0dBi
Lowest Internal Frequency of EUT:	



#### 1.2 Test Standards

The following report is prepared on behalf of the EASIER INDUSTRY CO., LIMITED in accordance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

The objective is to determine compliance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

**Maintenance of compliance** is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product, which result in lowering the emission, should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.

### 1.3 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices, and ANSI C63.4-2014, American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz. The measurement guide DA 00-705 for frequency hopping spread spectrum systems shall be performed also.

#### 1.4EUT Setup and Test Mode

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. All testing shall be performed under maximum output power condition, and to measure its highest possible emissions level, more detailed description as follows:

Test Mode L	ist	
Test Mode	Description	Remark
TM1	Low Channel	2402MHz
TM2	Middle Channel	2442MHz
TM3	High Channel	2480MHz
TM4	Hopping	2402-2480MHz

<b>Modulation Configure</b>			
Modulation	Packet	Packet Type	Packet Size
	DH1	4	27
GFSK	DH3	11	183
	DH5	15	339
	2DH1	20	54
Pi/4 DQPSK	2DH3	26	367
	2DH5	30	379
	3DH1	24	83
8DPSK	3DH3	27	552
	3DH5	31	1021



Normal mode: the Bluetooth has been tested on the modulation of GFSK, (Pi/4)DQPSK and 8DPSK, compliance test and record the worst case.

Accessories Equipment List and Details				
Description	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial Number	
/	/	/	/	
Accessories Cable List	Accessories Cable List and Details			
Cable Description	Length (m)	Shielded/Unshielded	With Core/Without Core	
Notebook	Lenovo	E23	EB12648265	
Power Adapter	VIVO	BBK-18ADUCN	/	
EUT Cable List and Details				
Cable Description	Length (m)	Shielded/Unshielded	With Core/Without Core	
/	/	/	/	

# 1.5Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty		
Parameter	Conditions	Uncertainty
RF Output Power	Conducted	±0.42dB
Occupied Bandwidth	Conducted	±1.5%
Conducted Spurious Emission	Conducted	±2.17dB
Conducted Emissions	Conducted	±2.88dB
Transmitter Spurious Emissions	Radiated	±5.1dB





# 1.6 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal Date	<b>Due Date</b>
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4407B	MY41440400	2016-06-04	2017-06-03
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP30	836079/035	2016-06-04	2017-06-03
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESVB	825471/005	2016-06-04	2017-06-03
Amplifier	Agilent	8447F	3113A06717	2016-06-04	2017-06-03
Amplifier	C&D	PAP-1G18	2002	2016-06-04	2017-06-03
Broadband Antenna	Schwarz beck	VULB9163	9163-333	2016-06-04	2017-06-03
Horn Antenna	ETS	3117	00086197	2016-06-04	2017-06-03
Horn Antenna	ETS	3116B	00088203	2016-06-04	2017-06-03
Loop Antenna	Schwarz beck	FMZB 1516	9773	2016-06-04	2017-06-03
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESPI	101611	2016-06-04	2017-06-03
L.I.S.N	Schwarz beck	NSLK8126	8126-224	2016-06-04	2017-06-03
Pulse Limiter	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH3-Z2	100911	2016-06-04	2017-06-03
Power Meter	R&S	NRVS	100444	2016-06-18	2017-06-17





# 2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Rules	Description of Test Item	Result
§ 2.1093	RF Exposure	Compliant
§ 15.203; § 15.247(b)(4)(i)	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§15.205	Restricted Band of Operation	Compliant
§ 15.207(a)	Conducted Emission	Compliant
§ 15.209(a)	Radiated Spurious Emissions	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Quantity of Hopping Channel	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)	Channel Separation	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell time)	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)	20dB Bandwidth	Compliant
§ 15.247(b)(1)	RF Power Output	Compliant
§ 15.247(d)	Band Edge (Out of Band Emissions)	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)	Frequency Hopping Sequence	Compliant
§ 15.247(g), (h)	Frequency Hopping System	Compliant

N/A: not applicable





# 3. RF Exposure

# 3.1 Standard Applicable

According to § 1.1307 and § 2.1093, the portable transmitter must comply the RF exposure requirements.

#### 3.2 Test Result

This product complied with the requirement of the RF exposure, please see the RF Exposure Report.





# 4. Antenna Requirement

### **4.1 Standard Applicable**

According to FCC Part 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

#### **4.2 Evaluation Information**

This product has an integral antenna, fulfill the requirement of this section.





# 5. Frequency Hopping System Requirements

#### 5.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

- (g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.
- (h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

#### 5.2 Frequency Hopping System

This transmitter device is frequency hopping device, and complies with FCC part 15.247 rule.

This device uses Bluetooth radio which operates in 2400-2483.5 MHz band. Bluetooth uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 79 bands (1 MHz each; centred from 2402 to 2480 MHz) in the range 2,400-2,483.5 MHz. The transmitter switches hop frequencies 1,600 times per second to assure a high degree of data security. All Bluetooth devices participating in a given piconet are synchronized to the frequency-hopping channel for the piconet. The frequency hopping sequence is determined by the master's device address and the phase of the hopping sequence (the frequency to hop at a specific time) is determined by the master's internal clock. Therefore, all slaves in a piconet must know the master's device address and must synchronize their clocks with the master's clock.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH-enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its piconet to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.





This device was tested with an bluetooth system receiver to check that the device maintained hopping synchronization, and the device complied with these requirements for DA 00-705 and FCC Part 15.247 rule.

#### **5.3 EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence**

Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence Table as below:

Channel: 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 56, 72, 09, 01, 09, 33, 41, 33, 41, 65, 73, 53, 69, 06, 22, 04, 20, 36, 52, 38, 46, 70, 78, 68, 76, 21, 29, 10, 26, 42, 58, 44, 60, 76, 13, 03, 11, 35, 43, 37, 45, 69, 77, 55, 71, 08, 24, 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 48, 72, 01, 72, 01, 25, 33, 12, 28, 44, 60, 42, 58, 74, 11, 05, 13, 37, 45 etc.

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.





# 6. Quantity of Hopping Channels and Channel Separation

### 6.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC 15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, and frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

#### **6.2 Test Procedure**

According to the DA 00-705, the number of hopping frequencies test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Set span = the frequency band of operation (2400MHz to 2483.5MHz)

RBW  $\geq$  1% of the span

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize, observed the band of 2400MHz to 2483.5MHz, than count it out the number of channels for comparing with the FCC rules.

The channel spacing test method as follows:

Set span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

Resolution (or IF) Bandwidth (RBW)  $\geq$  1% of the span

Video (or Average) Bandwidth (VBW) ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot.

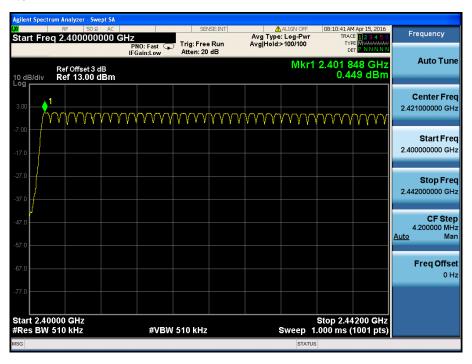
#### **6.3 Environmental Conditions**

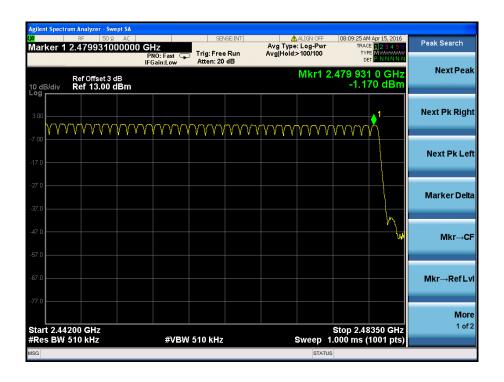
Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar



# 6.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots

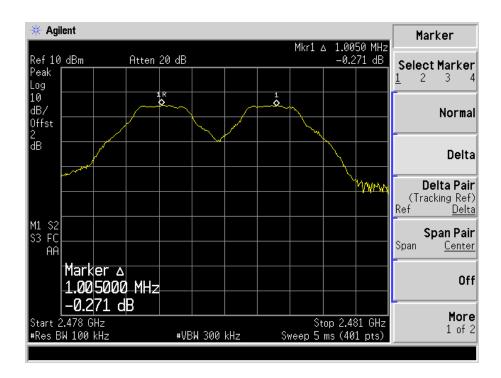
No. of Channel = 79



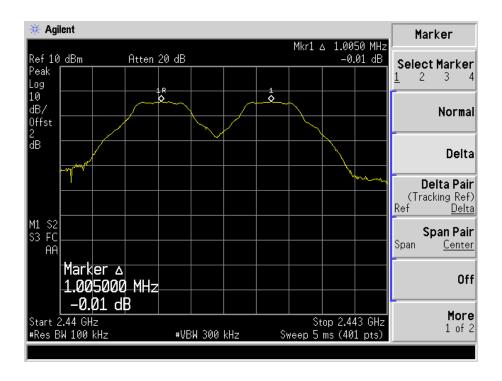




# For GFSK mode Channel Spacing (Low CH=1MHz)

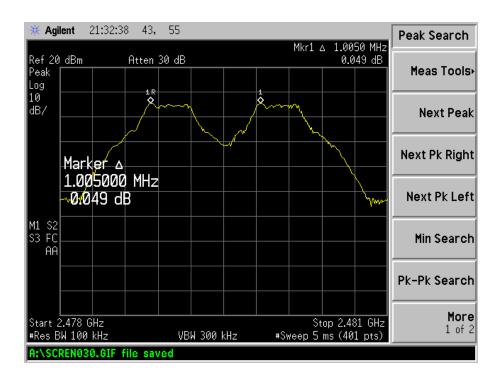


#### Channel Spacing (Middle CH=1MHz)

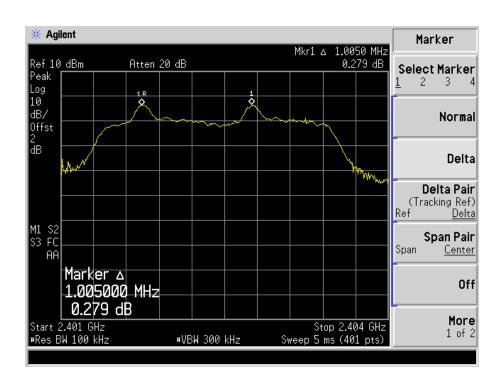




### Channel Spacing (High CH=1MHz)

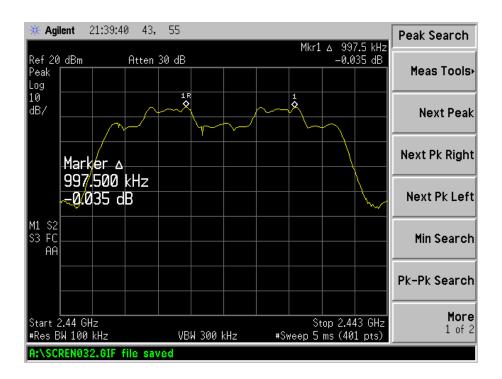


For 8DPSK mode Channel Spacing (Low CH=1MHz)

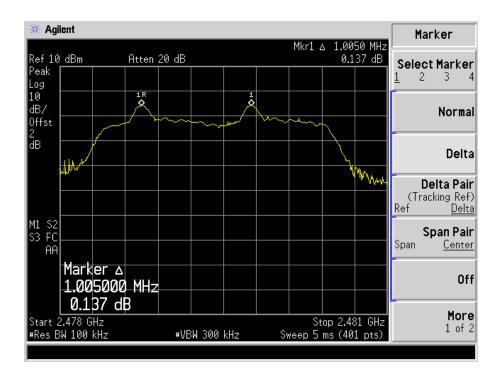




#### Channel Spacing (Middle CH=1MHz)



### Channel Spacing (High CH=1MHz)







# 7. Dwell Time of Hopping Channel

## 7.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

#### 7.2 Test Procedure

According to the DA 00-705, the dwell time of a hopping channel test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel

RBW = 1 MHz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time

#### 7.3 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar





# 7.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots

The dwell time within a period in data mode is independent from the packet type (packet length). Test data is corrected with the worse case, which the packet length is DH1, DH3, and DH5.

The test period: T = 0.4 Second \* 79 Channel = 31.6 s

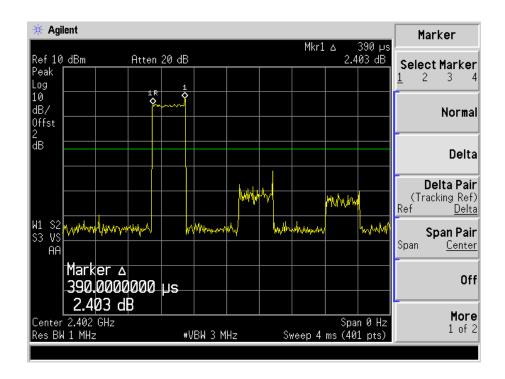
Dwell time = time slot length \* (Hopping rate / Number of hopping channels) \* Period

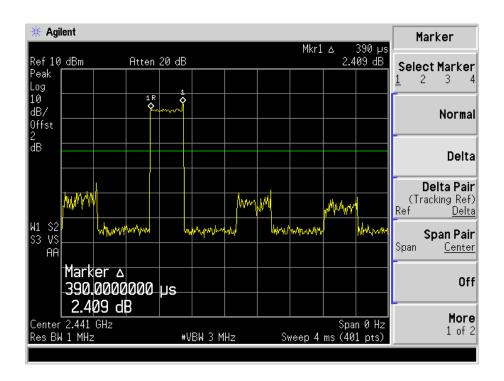
Ma dedation	Total Charmal	Do alas4	Time Slot Length	Dwell Time	Limit
Modulation	Test Channel	Packet	ms	ms	ms
	2402MHz	DH1	0.390	124.800	400
		DH3	1.680	268.800	400
		DH5	2.930	312.533	400
		DH1	0.390	124.800	400
GFSK	2442MHz	DH3	1.640	262.400	400
		DH5	2.950	314.667	400
	2480MHz	DH1	0.390	124.800	400
		DH3	1.640	262.400	400
		DH5	2.940	313.600	400
	2402MHz	3DH1	0.350	112.000	400
		3DH3	1.650	264.000	400
		3DH5	2.940	313.600	400
	2442MHz	3DH1	0.400	128.000	400
8DPSK		3DH3	1.630	260.800	400
		3DH5	2.940	313.600	400
	2480MHz	3DH1	0.390	124.800	400
		3DH3	1.640	262.400	400
		3DH5	2.940	313.600	400

Please refer to the test plots as below:

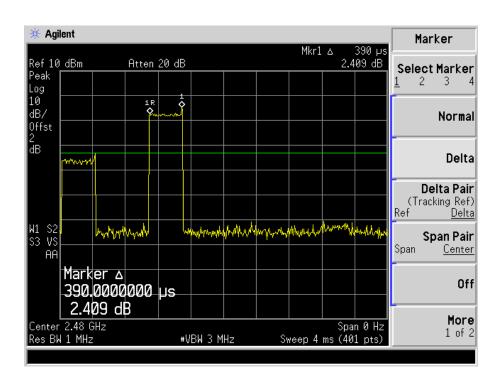


#### DH1 time slot (Low, Middle, High Channels)

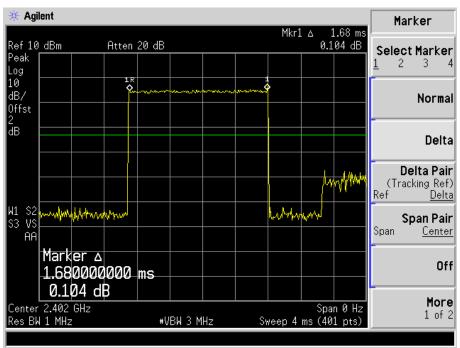




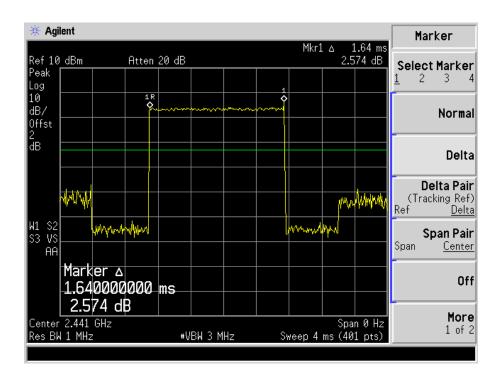


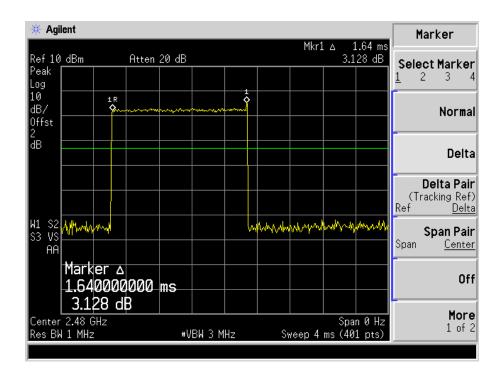


DH3 time slot (Low, Middle, High Channels)



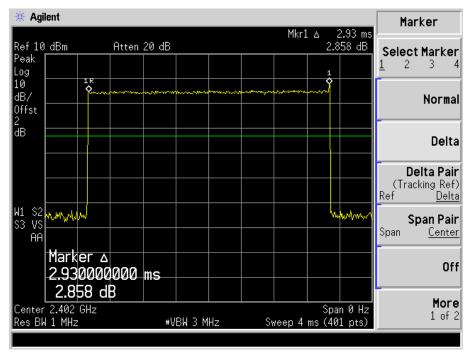


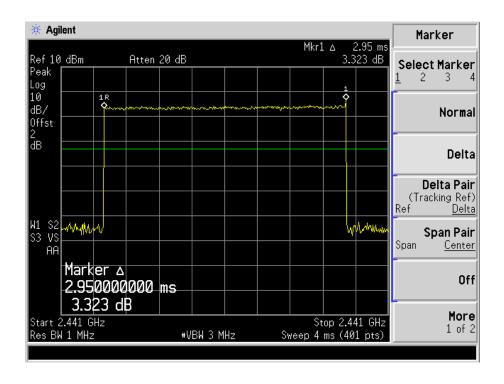




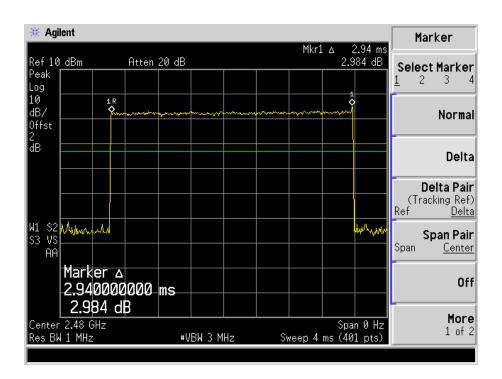




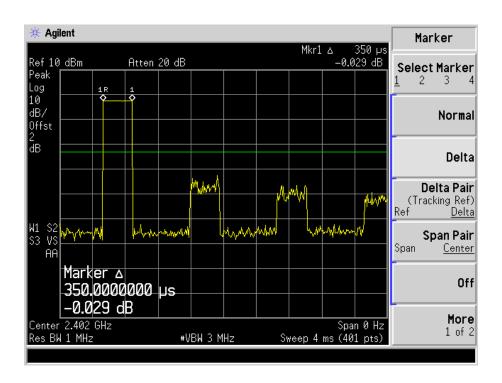




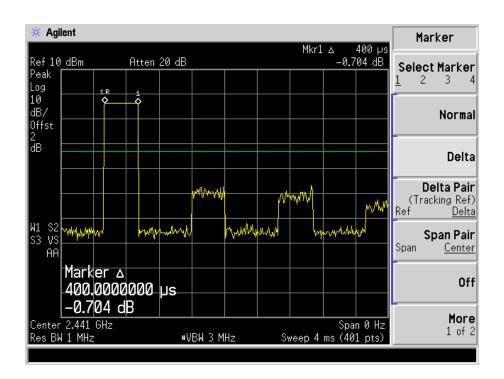


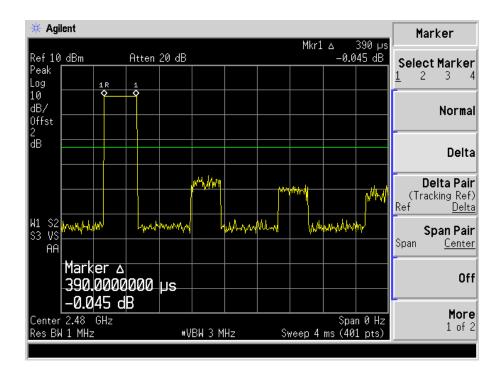


3DH1 time slot (Low, Middle, High Channels)



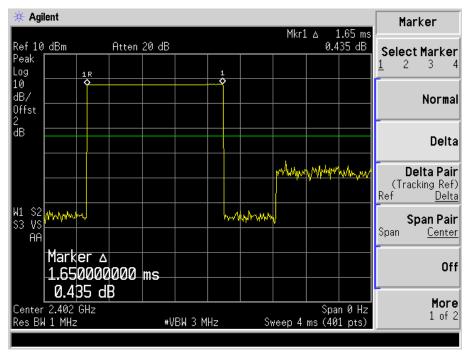


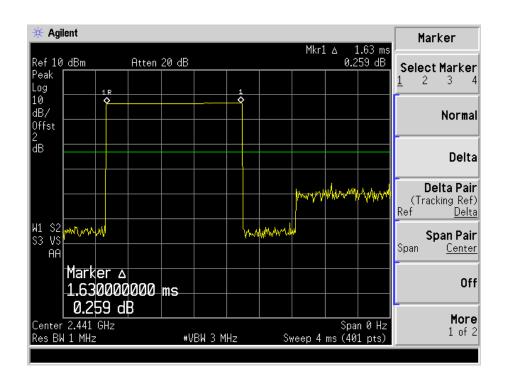




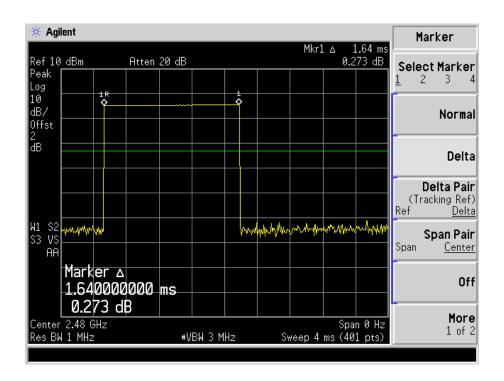




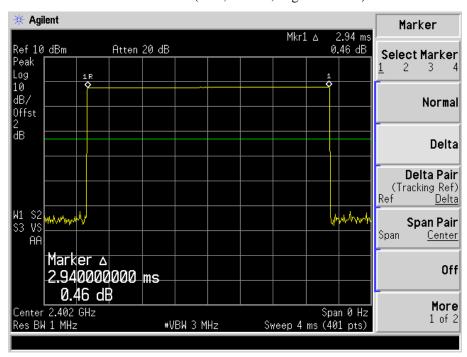




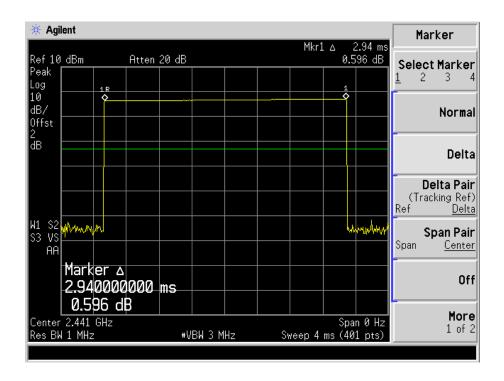


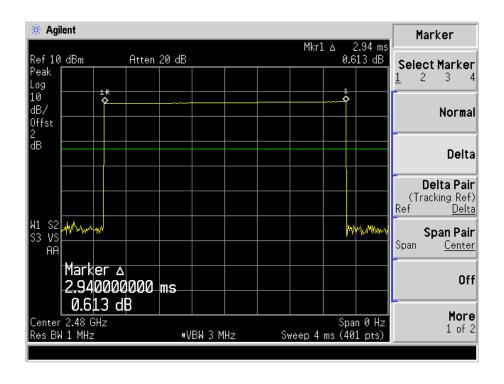


3DH5 time slot (Low, Middle, High Channels)













#### 8. 20dB Bandwidth

### 8.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a) and 15.215(c). 20dB bandwidth is recommended that the fundamental emission be kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.

#### **8.2 Test Procedure**

According to the DA 00-705, the 20dB bandwidth test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel

RBW  $\geq$  1% of the 20 dB bandwidth

 $VBW \ge RBW$ 

Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

All the trace to stabilize, use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission, use the marker-delta function to measure and record the 20dB down bandwidth of the emission.

#### **8.3 Environmental Conditions**

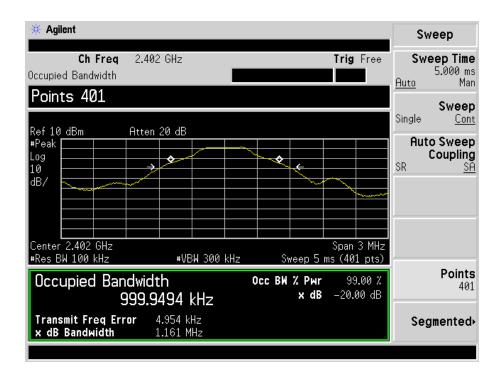
Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	53%
ATM Pressure:	1018 mbar

# 8.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots

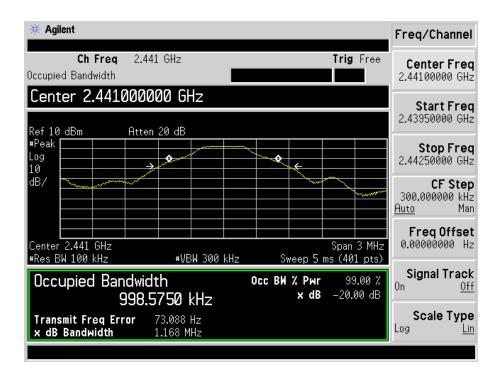
Test Mode	Test Channel MHz	20 dB Bandwidth kHz	99% Bandwidth kHz	Result
	2402	1161	999.95	Pass
GFSK	2441	1168	998.58	Pass
	2480	1144	993.45	Pass
	2402	1424	1296.6	Pass
8DPSK	2441	1407	1345.4	Pass
	2480	1424	1349.4	Pass



# For GFSK Low Channel:

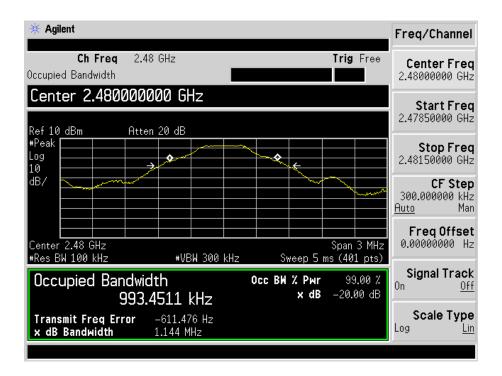


#### Middle Channel:

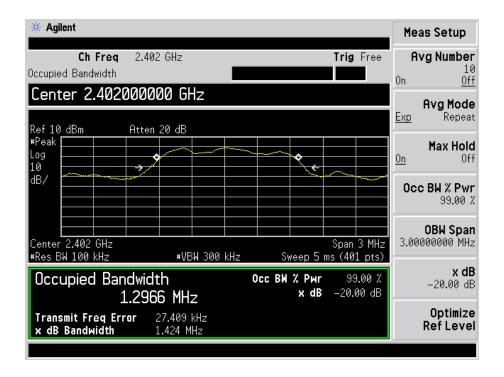




#### High Channel:

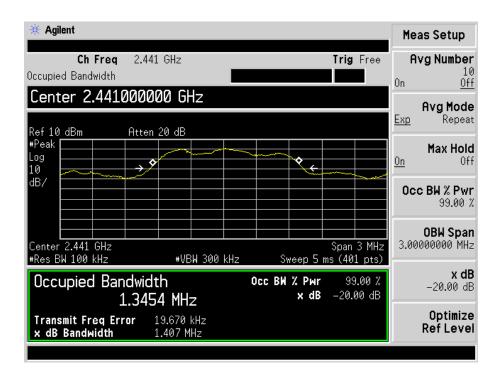


# For 8DPSK Low Channel:

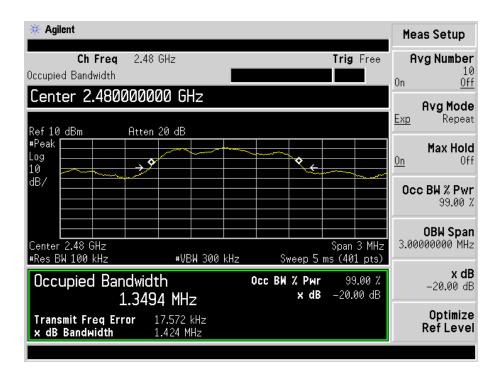




#### Middle Channel:



#### High Channel:







# 9. RF Output Power

### 9.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(b)(1). For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

#### 9.2 Test Procedure

According to the DA 00-705, the peak output power test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel

RBW > the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured

 $VBW \geqslant RBW$ 

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

All the trace to stabilize, use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission, the indicated level is the peak output power (the external attenuation and cable loss shall be considered).

#### 9.3 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	55%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

# 9.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots





### For GFSK

Channel	Frequency	Measured Value	Output Power	Limit
Chamiei	MHz	dBm	mW	mW
Low Channel	2402	6.0	4.0	1000
Middle Channel	2442	5.2	3.3	1000
High Channel	2480	5.8	3.8	1000

# For Pi/4 QDPSK

Channel	Frequency MHz	Measured Value dBm	Output Power mW	Limit mW
Low Channel	2402	5.6	3.6	1000
Middle Channel	2442	5.3	3.4	1000
High Channel	2480	5.3	3.4	1000

#### For 8DPSK

Channel	Frequency MHz	Measured Value dBm	Output Power mW	Limit mW
Low Channel	2402	5.6	3.6	1000
Middle Channel	2442	5.4	3.5	1000
High Channel	2480	5.2	3.3	1000

Note: the antenna gain of 0dBi less than 6dBi maximum permission antenna gain value based on 1 watt peak output power limit.



# 10. Field Strength of Spurious Emissions

#### 10.1 Standard Applicable

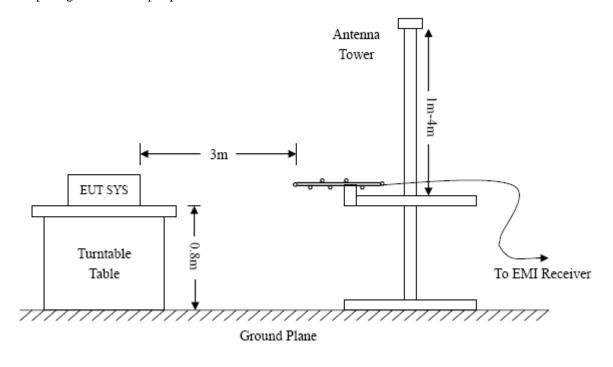
According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a).

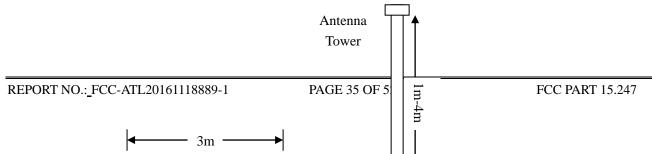
The emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector. The provisions in §15.35 for limiting peak emissions apply. Spurious Radiated Emissions measurements starting below or at the lowest crystal frequency.

#### 10.2 Test Procedure

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.4-2014 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.205 15.247(a) and FCC Part 15.209 Limit.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle. The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.









Frequency:9kHz-30MHz Frequency:30MHz-1GHz Frequency:Above 1GHz

RBW=10KHz, RBW=120KHz, RBW=1MHz,

VBW=30KHz VBW=300KHz VBW=3MHz(Peak), 10Hz(AV)

Sweep time= Auto Sweep time= Auto Sweep time= Auto Trace =  $\max$  hold Trace =  $\max$  hold Trace =  $\max$  hold

Detector function = peak, QP Detector function = peak, AV

#### 10.3 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and the Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Amplitude reading. The basic equation is as follows:

Corr. Ampl. = Indicated Reading + Ant. Factor + Cable Loss - Ampl. Gain

The "Margin" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of  $-6dB\mu V$  means the emission is  $6dB\mu V$  below the maximum limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin = Corr. Ampl. – FCC Part 15 Limit

#### **10.4 Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	52%
ATM Pressure:	1012 mbar

### 10.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots

According to the data below, the FCC Part 15.205, 15.209 and 15.247 standards, and had the worst cases:

Note: this EUT was tested in 3 orthogonal positions and the worst case position data was reported.





## Plot of Radiated Emissions Test Data (30MHz to 1GHz)

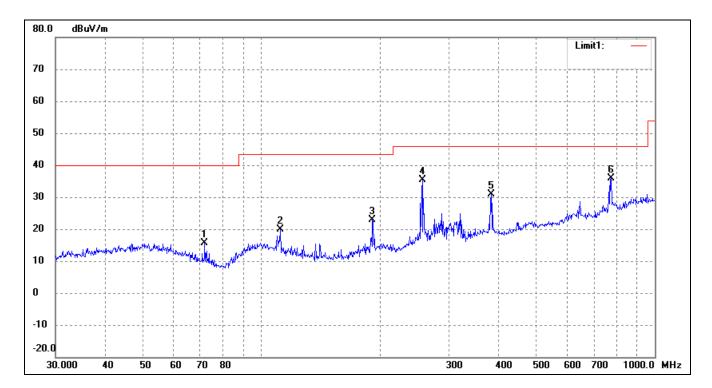
EUT: Bluetooth speaker

Tested Model: TEK190BK

Operating Condition: Transmitting Low Channel (2402MHz)

Comment:

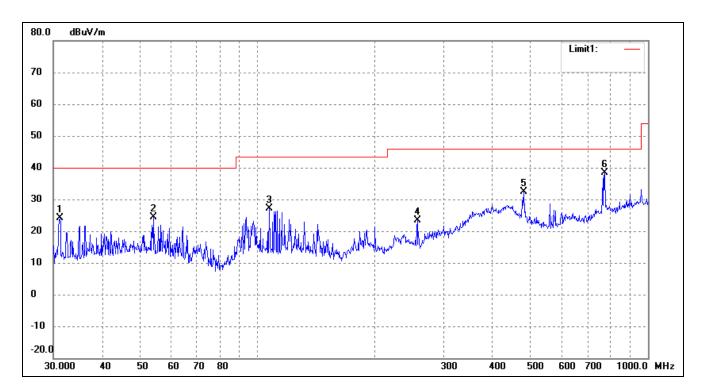
Test Specification: Horizontal



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Factor(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	( °)	(cm)	
1	71.8320	30.80	-15.09	15.71	40.00	-24.29			peak
2	111.7380	32.68	-12.75	19.93	43.50	-23.57			peak
3	191.7450	35.65	-12.68	22.97	43.50	-20.53			peak
4	256.5211	45.49	-10.22	35.27	46.00	-10.73			peak
5	383.9318	38.10	-7.12	30.98	46.00	-15.02			peak
6	774.1584	35.88	0.04	35.92	46.00	-10.08			peak



Test Specification: Vertical



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Factor(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	( •)	(cm)	
1	31.1798	38.79	-14.69	24.10	40.00	-15.90			peak
2	54.0711	37.13	-12.74	24.39	40.00	-15.61			peak
3	107.1337	39.32	-12.22	27.10	43.50	-16.40			peak
4	256.5211	33.72	-10.22	23.50	46.00	-22.50			peak
5	480.5276	37.70	-5.36	32.34	46.00	-13.66			peak
6	774.1584	38.28	0.04	38.32	46.00	-7.68			peak

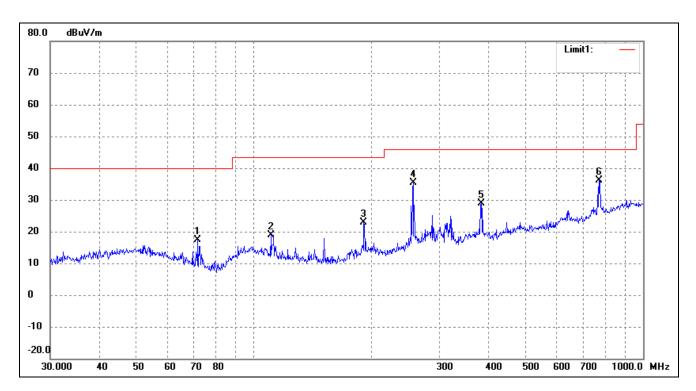




Operating Condition: Transmitting Middle Channel (2442MHz)

Comment:

Test Specification: Horizontal

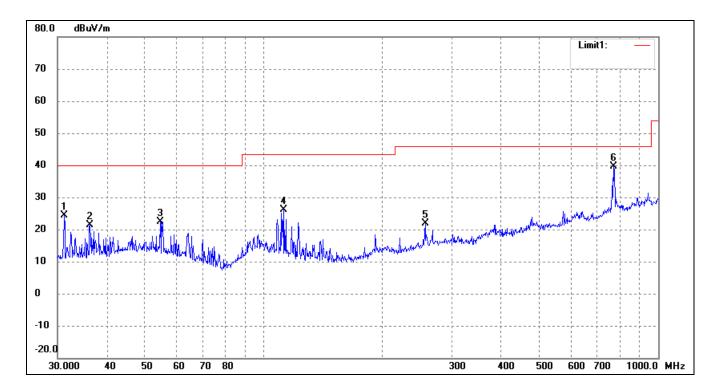


No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Factor(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	( •)	(cm)	
1	71.8320	32.44	-15.09	17.35	40.00	-22.65			peak
2	110.5687	31.39	-12.61	18.78	43.50	-24.72			peak
3	191.7450	35.61	-12.68	22.93	43.50	-20.57			peak
4	256.5211	45.54	-10.22	35.32	46.00	-10.68			peak
5	383.9318	35.92	-7.12	28.80	46.00	-17.20			peak
6	771.4486	36.35	-0.20	36.15	46.00	-9.85			peak





Test Specification: Vertical



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Factor(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	( )	(cm)	
1	31.1798	39.01	-14.69	24.32	40.00	-15.68			peak
2	36.2541	35.27	-13.77	21.50	40.00	-18.50			peak
3	54.6429	35.29	-12.83	22.46	40.00	-17.54			peak
4	112.5244	38.93	-12.84	26.09	43.50	-17.41			peak
5	256.5211	32.03	-10.22	21.81	46.00	-24.19			peak
6	771.4486	39.76	-0.20	39.56	46.00	-6.44			peak

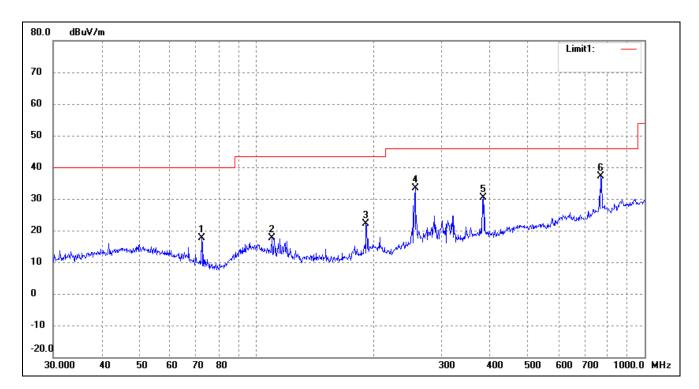




Operating Condition: Transmitting High Channel (2480MHz)

Comment:

Test Specification: Horizontal

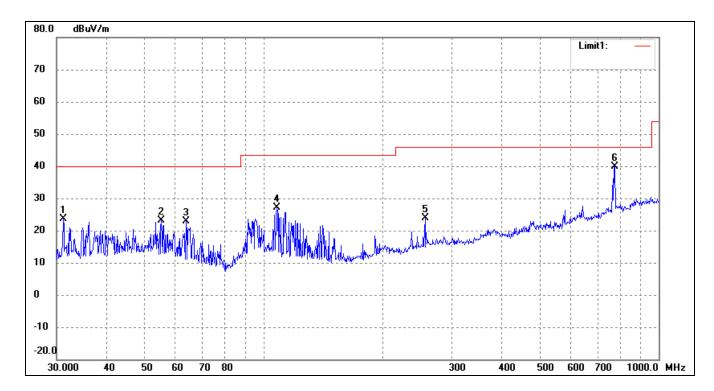


No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	( °)	(cm)	
1	72.3376	32.75	-15.18	17.57	40.00	-22.43			peak
2	109.7960	30.12	-12.52	17.60	43.50	-25.90			peak
3	191.7450	34.84	-12.68	22.16	43.50	-21.34			peak
4	256.5211	43.53	-10.22	33.31	46.00	-12.69			peak
5	383.9318	37.62	-7.12	30.50	46.00	-15.50			peak
6	771.4486	37.25	-0.20	37.05	46.00	-8.95			peak





Test Specification: Vertical



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	( °)	(cm)	
1	31.1798	38.30	-14.69	23.61	40.00	-16.39			peak
2	55.2207	36.13	-12.93	23.20	40.00	-16.80			peak
3	63.7588	37.65	-14.65	23.00	40.00	-17.00			peak
4	108.2667	39.59	-12.35	27.24	43.50	-16.26			peak
5	256.5211	34.05	-10.22	23.83	46.00	-22.17			peak
6	774.1584	39.87	0.04	39.91	46.00	-6.09			peak



### Spurious Emissions Above 1GHz

Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Polar	Detector
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	H/V	
			Low Channe	el-2402MHz			
4804	55.94	-3.59	52.35	74	-21.65	Н	PK
4804	44.82	-3.59	41.23	54	-12.77	Н	AV
7206	50.82	-0.52	50.30	74	-23.70	Н	PK
7206	40.36	-0.52	39.84	54	-14.16	Н	AV
4804	56.72	-3.59	53.13	74	-20.87	V	PK
4804	45.89	-3.59	42.30	54	-11.70	V	AV
7206	51.99	-0.52	51.47	74	-22.53	V	PK
7206	44.35	-0.52	43.83	54	-10.17	V	AV
			Middle Chan	nel-2441MHz			
4884	57.36	-3.49	53.87	74	-20.13	Н	PK
4884	46.14	-3.49	42.65	54	-11.35	Н	AV
7326	50.60	-0.47	50.13	74	-23.87	Н	PK
7326	41.12	-0.47	40.65	54	-13.35	Н	AV
4884	53.83	-3.49	50.34	74	-23.66	V	PK
4884	43.59	-3.49	40.10	54	-13.90	V	AV
7326	51.78	-0.47	51.31	74	-22.69	V	PK
7326	41.58	-0.47	41.11	54	-12.89	V	AV
			High Chann	el-2480MHz			
4960	56.62	-3.41	53.21	74	-20.79	Н	PK
4960	45.61	-3.41	42.20	54	-11.80	Н	AV
7440	50.87	-0.42	50.45	74	-23.55	Н	PK
7440	42.02	-0.42	41.60	54	-12.40	Н	AV
4960	54.66	-3.41	51.25	74	-22.75	V	PK
4960	44.54	-3.41	41.13	54	-12.87	V	AV
7440	52.72	-0.42	52.30	74	-21.70	V	PK
7440	41.32	-0.42	40.90	54	-13.10	V	AV

Note: Testing is carried out with frequency rang 9kHz to the tenth harmonics, other than listed in the table above are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.



Active Testing Lab Model: TEK190BK

#### 11. Out of Band Emissions

#### 11.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247 (d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a).

#### 11.2 Test Procedure

According to the DA 00-705, the band-edge radiated test method as follows.

Set span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the bandedge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation (2310MHz to 2410MHz for low bandedge, 2470MHz to 2500MHz for the high bandedge)

RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz for peak value measured

RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz for average value measured

Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold

All the trace to stabilize, set the marker on the emission at the bandedge, or on the highest modulation porduct outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the bandedge. Enable the marker-delta function, then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission. Those emission must comply with the 15.209 limit for fall in the restricted bands listed in section 15.205. Note that the method of measurement KDB publication number: 913591 may be used for the radiated bandedge measurements.

According to the DA 00-705, the band-edge conducted test method as follows:

Set span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the bandedge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation (2380MHz to 2410MHz for low bandedge, 2470MHz to 2500MHz for the high bandedge)

RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 300kHz

Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold

All the trace to stabilize, set the marker on the emission at the bandedge, or on the highest modulation porduct outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the bandedge. Enable the marker-delta function, then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission. Those emission must comply with the limit specified in this section (at least 20dB attenuation).



### 11.3 Environmental Conditions

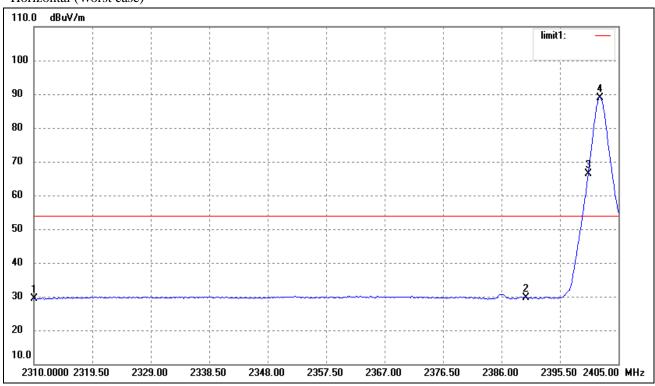
Temperature:	23°C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

# 11.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots

Bandedge (Radiated)

Lowest Bandedge

Horizontal (Worst case)

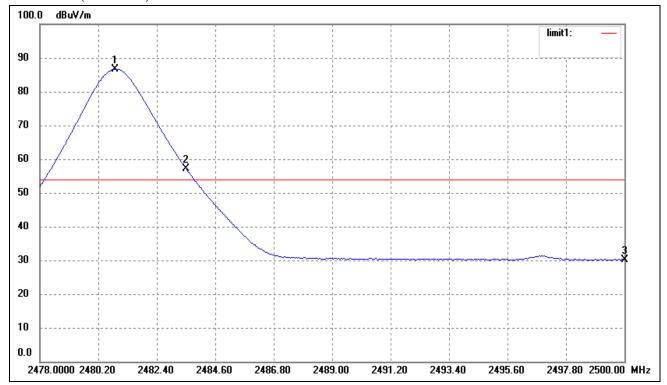


No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Factor(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	
1	2310.000	32.99	-3.71	29.28	54.00	-24.72	Average Detector
	2310.000	44.93	-3.71	41.22	74.00	-32.78	Peak Detector
2	2390.000	33.12	-3.54	29.58	54.00	-24.42	Average Detector
	2390.000	45.05	-3.54	41.51	74.00	-32.49	Peak Detector
3	2400.000	69.79	-3.51	66.28	Delta = 22	2.63 dBc	Average Detector
4	2402.000	92.42	-3.51	88.91	/	/	Average Detector



# Highest Bandedge

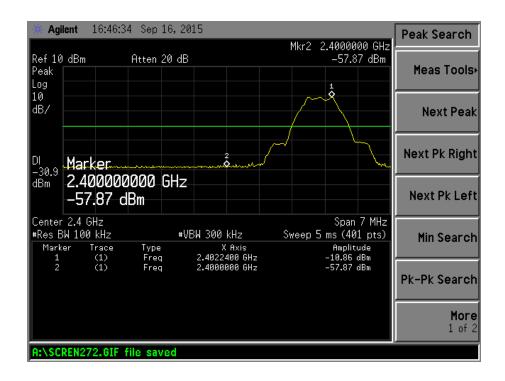
## Horizontal (Worst case)



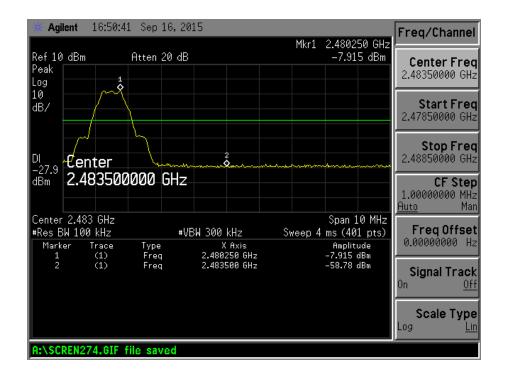
No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Factor(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	
1	2480.000	90.01	-3.33	86.68	/	/	Average Detector
	2480.000	96.58	-3.33	93.25	/	/	Peak Detector
2	2483.500	Dalta	10 22 JD =	37.36	54.00	-16.64	Average Detector
	2483.500	Delta = 2	19.32 dBc	43.93	74.00	-30.07	Peak Detector
3	2500.000	33.38	-3.28	30.10	54.00	-23.90	Average Detector
	2500.000	45.41	-3.28	42.13	74.00	-31.87	Peak Detector



## Bandedge (Conducted) Lowest

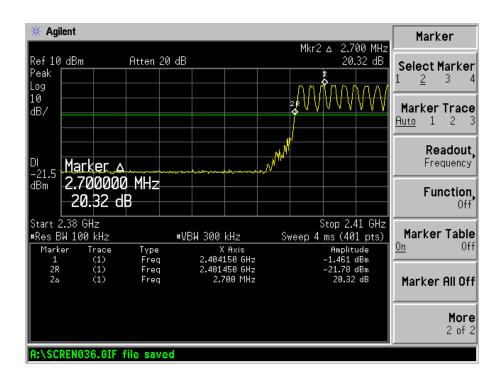


#### Highest

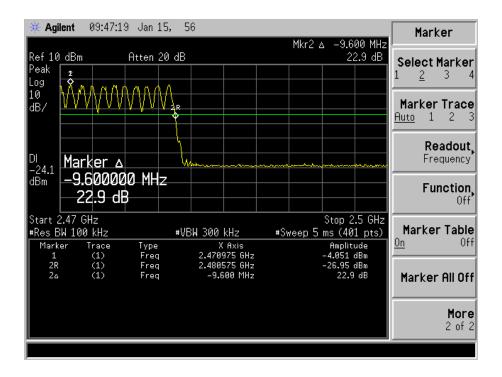




## Hopping Bandedge (Conducted) Lowest Bandedge



#### Highest Bandedge





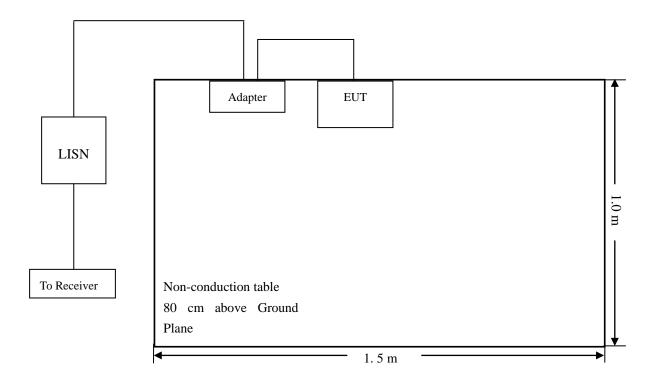
## 12. Conducted Emissions

#### **12.1 Test Procedure**

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.4-2014 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.207 Limit.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle. The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

## 12.2 Basic Test Setup Block Diagram



#### 12.3 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	52%
ATM Pressure:	1012 mbar





# 12.4 Test Receiver Setup

During the conducted emission test, the test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Start Frequency	150 kHz
Stop Frequency	30 MHz
Sweep Speed	Auto
IF Bandwidth	10 kHz
Quasi-Peak Adapter Bandwidth	9 kHz
Ouasi-Peak Adapter Mode	Normal

## 12.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots

According to the data in section 12.7, the EUT <u>complied with the FCC Part 15.207</u> Conducted margin for this device, with the *worst* margin reading of:

-3.41 dB at 0.5220 MHz in the Line mode, peak detector, 0.15-30MHz

#### 12.6 Conducted Emissions Test Data





### **Plot of Conducted Emissions Test Data**

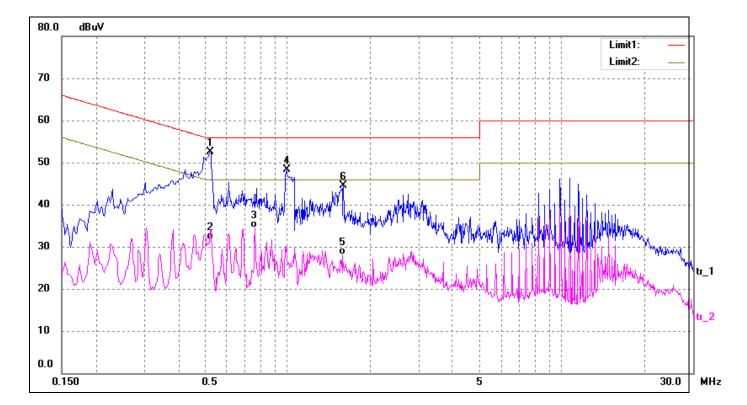
EUT: Bluetooth speaker

Tested Model: TEK190BK

Operating Condition: BT Transmitting

Comment: AC 120V/60Hz; adapter DC 5V/1A

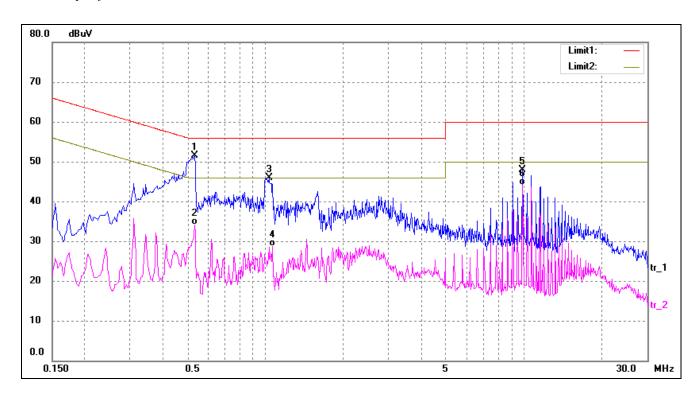
Test Specification: Line



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Detector
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	(dB)	
1*	0.5220	46.79	5.80	52.59	56.00	-3.41	peak
2	0.5260	25.89	5.80	31.69	46.00	-14.31	AVG
3	0.7620	28.74	5.78	34.52	46.00	-11.48	AVG
4	0.9900	42.53	5.76	48.29	56.00	-7.71	peak
5	1.5820	22.41	5.75	28.16	46.00	-17.84	AVG
6	1.5940	38.69	5.75	44.44	56.00	-11.56	peak



Test Specification: Neutral



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Detector
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	(dB)	
1*	0.5340	45.76	5.80	51.56	56.00	-4.44	peak
2	0.5340	28.35	5.80	34.15	46.00	-11.85	AVG
3	1.0340	40.21	5.76	45.97	56.00	-10.03	peak
4	1.0660	22.98	5.76	28.74	46.00	-17.26	AVG
5	9.9020	42.32	5.52	47.84	60.00	-12.16	peak
6	9.9020	38.65	5.52	44.17	50.00	-5.83	AVG

## \*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*