

# MEASUREMENT REPORT

## FCC PART 15 Subpart E WLAN 802.11a/n/ac

**FCC ID:** Q9DAPIN0303

**APPLICANT:** Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company

**Application Type:** Certification

**Product:** ACCESS POINT

**Model No.:** APIN0303

**Brand Name:**  a Hewlett Packard Enterprise company , 

**FCC Classification:** Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (UNII)

**FCC Rule Part(s):** Part15 Subpart E (Section 15.407)

**Test Procedure(s):** ANSI C63.10-2013, KDB 789033 D02v01r04,  
KDB 644545 D03v01, KDB 662911 D01v02r01

**Test Date:** October 16 ~ November 09, 2017

Reviewed By :   

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( Paddy Chen )

Approved By :   

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(Chenz Ker)



The test results relate only to the samples tested.

This equipment has been shown to be capable of compliance with the applicable technical standards as indicated in the measurement report and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in KDB 789033 D02v01r04. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.

The test report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of MRT Technology (Taiwan) Co., Ltd.

## Revision History

Report No.	Version	Description	Issue Date	Note
1711TW0103-U7	Rev. 01	Initial report	11-15-2017	Valid

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## §2.1033General Information

<b>Applicant:</b>	Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company
<b>Applicant Address:</b>	3000 Hanover St. Palo Alto, CA 94304, USA
<b>Manufacturer:</b>	Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company
<b>Manufacturer Address:</b>	3000 Hanover St. Palo Alto, CA 94304, USA
<b>Test Site:</b>	MRT Technology (Taiwan) Co., Ltd
<b>Test Site Address:</b>	No. 38, Fuxing Second Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333, Taiwan (R.O.C)
<b>FCC Registration No.:</b>	153292
<b>Test Device Serial No.:</b>	Conducted Sample S/N: CNDVK9T00F, Radiated Sample S/N: CNDVK9T00J

### Test Facility / Accreditations

Measurements were performed at MRT Laboratory located in Fuxing Rd., Taoyuan, Taiwan (R.O.C)

- MRT facility is a FCC registered (Reg. No. 153292) test facility with the site description report on file and is designated by the FCC as an Accredited Test Film.
- MRT facility is an IC registered (MRT Reg. No. 21723-1) test laboratory with the site description on file at Industry Canada.
- MRT Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (TAF) under the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation Program (TAF Cert. No. 3261) in EMC, Telecommunications and Radio testing for FCC, Industry Taiwan, EU and TELEC Rules.

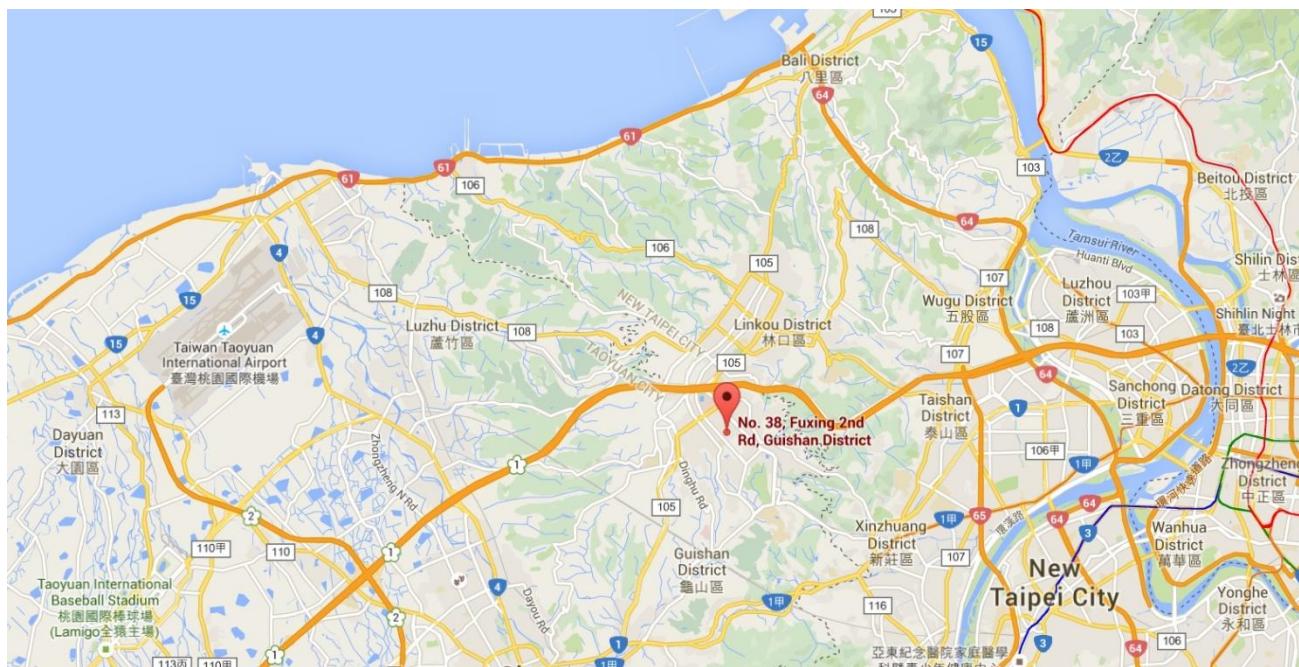
## 1. INTRODUCTION

### 1.1. Scope

Measurement and determination of electromagnetic emissions (EMC) of radio frequency devices including intentional and/or unintentional radiators for compliance with the technical rules and regulations of the Federal Communications Commission and the Industry Canada Certification and Engineering Bureau.

### 1.2. MRT Test Location

The map below shows the location of the MRT LABORATORY, its proximity to the Taoyuan City. These measurement tests were conducted at the MRT Technology (Taiwan) Co., Ltd. Facility located at No.38, Fuxing 2nd Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 33377, Taiwan (R.O.C.).



## 2. PRODUCT INFORMATION

### 2.1. Equipment Description

Product Name	ACCESS POINT
Model No.	APIN0303
Brand Name:	 a Hewlett Packard Enterprise company , 
Wi-Fi Specification:	802.11a/b/g/n/ac
Bluetooth Specification:	v4.0 single mode
Software Version:	v1.02
Operating Temperature:	0 ~ 40 °C
Power Type:	POE input or AC adapter input
Operating Environment:	Indoor Use
<b>Components</b>	
Adapter	Part No.: SDI30-12-U-P209-C1 Model No.: SDI30-12-U Input Power: 100 - 240V ~ 50/60Hz, 1.0A Output Power: 12VDC/2.5A

Note: The applicant provide one POE adapter (Manufacturer: MICROSEMI & Model: PD-9001GR/AT/AC) for approval testing, it is not for sale.

### 2.2. Product Specification Subjective to this Report

Frequency Range	For 802.11a/n-HT20/ac-VHT20: 5260~5320MHz, 5500~5720MHz For 802.11n-HT40/ac-VHT40: 5270~5310MHz, 5510~5710MHz For 802.11ac-VHT80: 5290MHz, 5530MHz, 5610MHz, 5690MHz
Type of Modulation:	802.11a/n/ac: OFDM
Data Rate	802.11a: 6/9/12/18/24/36/48/54Mbps 802.11n: up to 300Mbps 802.11ac: up to 866.6Mbps

Note: For other features of this EUT, test report will be issued separately.

### 2.3. Working Frequencies for this report

802.11a/n-HT20/ac-VHT20

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
52	5260 MHz	56	5280 MHz	60	5300 MHz
64	5320 MHz	100	5500 MHz	104	5520 MHz
108	5540 MHz	112	5560 MHz	116	5580 MHz
120	5600 MHz	124	5620 MHz	128	5640 MHz
132	5660 MHz	136	5680 MHz	140	5700 MHz
144	5720 MHz	--	--	--	--

802.11n-HT40/ac-VHT40

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
54	5270 MHz	62	5310 MHz	102	5510 MHz
110	5550 MHz	118	5590 MHz	126	5630 MHz
134	5670 MHz	142	5710 MHz	--	--

802.11ac-VHT80

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
58	5290 MHz	106	5530 MHz	122	5610 MHz
138	5690 MHz	--	--	--	--

## 2.4. Description of Available Antennas

Antenna Type	Frequency Band (GHz)	TX Paths	Max Peak Gain (dBi)	Beam-Forming Directional Gain(dBi)	CDD Directional Gain(dBi)	
					For Power	For PSD
<b>Wi-Fi Internal Antenna</b>						
PCB	2.4	2	2.1	3.01	2.1	5.11
	5	2	5.7	3.01	5.7	8.71
<b>Bluetooth Internal Antenna</b>						
PCB	2.4	1	4.5	--	--	--

Note:

1. The EUT supports Cyclic Delay Diversity (CDD) mode, and CDD signals are correlated.

For CDD transmissions, directional gain is calculated as follows,  $N_{ANT} = 2$ ,  $N_{SS} = 1$ .

If all antennas have the same gain,  $G_{ANT}$ , Directional gain =  $G_{ANT} + \text{Array Gain}$ , where Array Gain is as follows.

- For power spectral density (PSD) measurements on all devices,  
 $\text{Array Gain} = 10 \log (N_{ANT}/ N_{SS}) \text{ dB} = 3.01$ ;
  - For power measurements on IEEE 802.11 devices,  
 $\text{Array Gain} = 0 \text{ dB for } N_{ANT} \leq 4$ ;
2. The EUT also supports Beam Forming mode, and the Beam Forming support 802.11n/ac, not include 802.11a/b/g.

## 2.5. Description of Antenna RF Port

Antenna RF Port				
--	2.4GHz RF Port		5GHz RF Port	
Software Control Port	Ant 0	Ant 1	Ant 0	Ant 1

## 2.6. Test Mode

Test Mode	Mode 1: Transmit by 802.11a (6Mbps)
	Mode 2: Transmit by 802.11n-HT20 (MCS0)
	Mode 3: Transmit by 802.11n-HT40 (MCS0)
	Mode 4: Transmit by 802.11ac-VHT20 (MCS0)
	Mode 5: Transmit by 802.11ac-VHT40 (MCS0)
	Mode 6: Transmit by 802.11ac-VHT80 (MCS0)

5GHz Test Mode	Ant 0 + 1	
	CDD	Beam-Forming
802.11a	√	✗
802.11n-HT20	√	√
802.11n-HT40	√	√
802.11ac-VHT20	√	√
802.11ac-VHT40	√	√
802.11ac-VHT80	√	√

## 2.7. Description of Test Software

The test utility software used during testing was “QCARCT”, and the version was “v3.0.210.0”.

### Power Parameter Value:

Test Mode	Test Channel No.	Test Frequency (MHz)	Power Parameter Value for Ant 0 + 1	
			CDD Mode	Beam-Forming Mode
802.11a	52	5260	15.5	--
	60	5300	15.5	--
	64	5320	15.5	--
	100	5500	16.0	--
	120	5600	16.0	--
	140	5700	16.0	--
	144	5720	16.0	--
802.11n-HT20	52	5260	16.0	16.0
	60	5300	16.0	16.0
	64	5320	16.0	16.0
	100	5500	16.0	16.0
	120	5600	16.0	16.0
	140	5700	16.5	16.5
	144	5720	16.5	16.5
802.11n-HT40	54	5270	18.0	17.0
	62	5310	16.5	17.5
	102	5510	17.0	17.5
	118	5590	18.0	17.5
	134	5670	18.0	17.5
	142	5710	18.0	17.5
802.11ac-VHT20	52	5260	16.0	16.0
	60	5300	16.0	16.0
	64	5320	15.5	15.5
	100	5500	16.0	16.0
	120	5600	16.0	16.0
	140	5700	16.5	16.5
	144	5720	16.5	16.5

802.11ac-VHT40	54	5270	18.0	17.0
	62	5310	16.5	17.0
	102	5510	17.0	17.5
	118	5590	18.0	17.5
	134	5670	18.0	17.5
	142	5710	18.0	17.5
802.11ac-VHT80	58	5290	15.0	17.5
	106	5530	16.5	17.5
	122	5610	18.0	18.0
	138	5690	18.0	17.5

Note: For BF mode, the radiated emission and band edge using the radiated setup method shown on page 88, the conducted test item using the "QCARCT" software, both of them using the same power setting value. Based on these conditions as above, we found that the test result using the "QCARCT" software was worse than using radiated setup method within 0.3dB after verification.

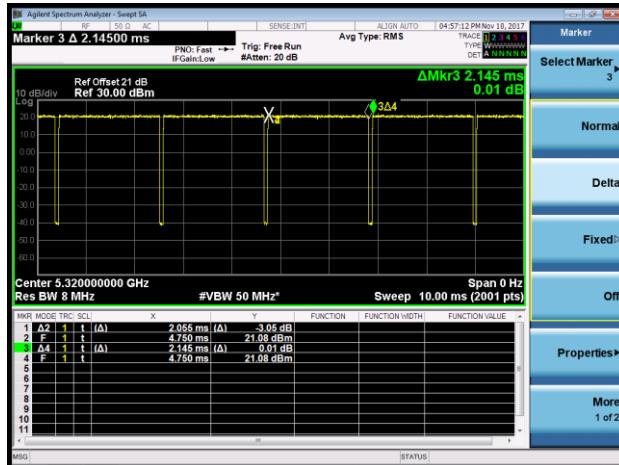
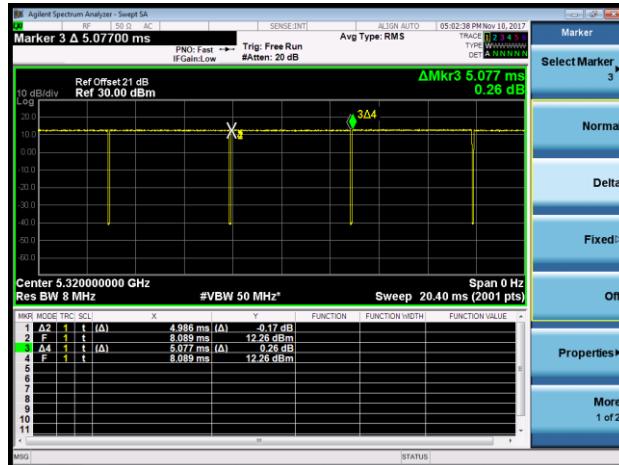
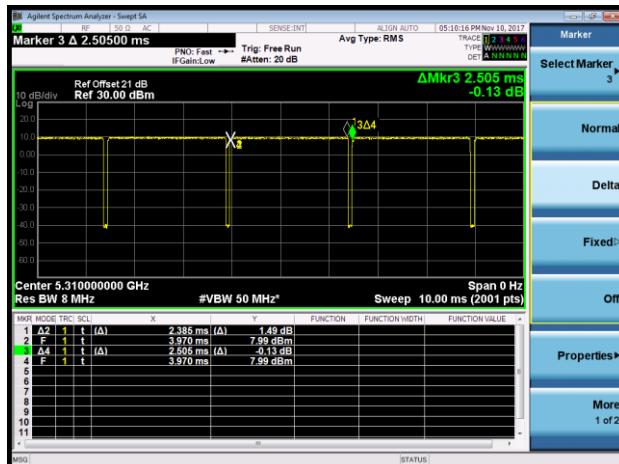
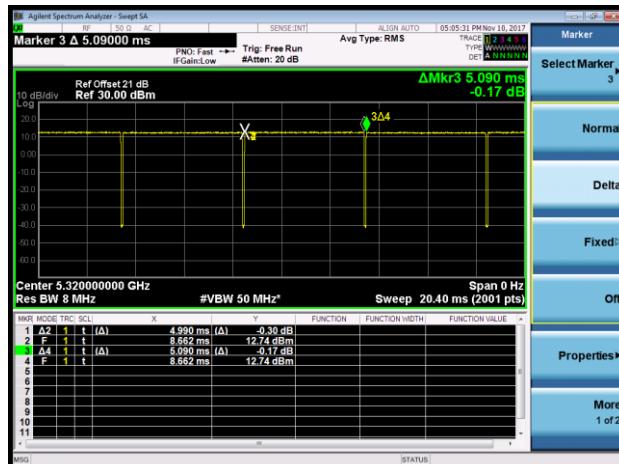
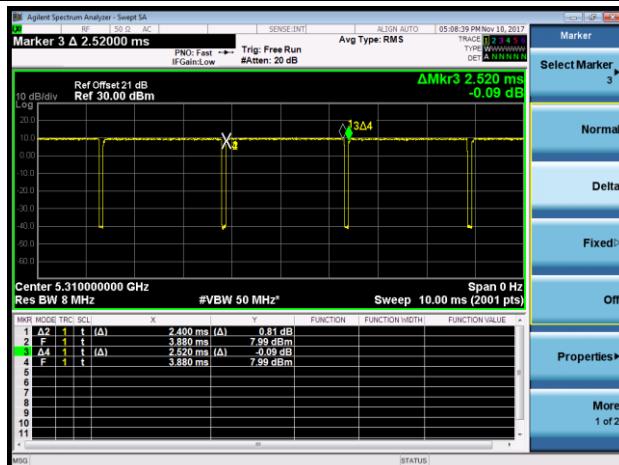
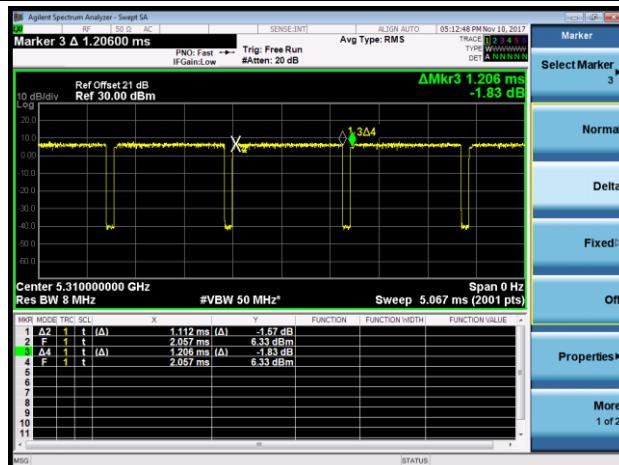
## 2.8. Device Capabilities

This device contains the following capabilities:

802.11a/b/g/n/ac Wi-Fi and BT v4.0 single mode

**Note:** 5GHz (NII) operation is possible in 20MHz, 40MHz and 80MHz channel bandwidths. The maximum achievable duty cycles for all modes were determined based on measurements performed on a spectrum analyzer in zero-span mode with RBW = 8MHz, VBW = 50MHz, and detector = average per the guidance of Section B2)b) of KDB 789033 D02v01r04. The RBW and VBW were both greater than 50/T, where T is the minimum transmission duration, and the number of sweep points across T was greater than 100. The duty cycles are as follows:

Test Mode	Duty Cycle
802.11a	95.80%
802.11n-HT20	98.21%
802.11n-HT40	95.21%
802.11ac-VHT20	98.04%
802.11ac-VHT40	95.24%
802.11ac-VHT80	92.21%

**802.11a (T = 2.055ms)**

**802.11n-HT20 (T = 4.986ms)**

**802.11n-HT40 (T = 2.385ms)**

**802.11ac-VHT20 (T = 4.990ms)**

**802.11ac-VHT40 (T = 2.400ms)**

**802.11ac-VHT80 (T = 1.112ms)**


## 2.9. Test Configuration

The **ACCESS POINT** was tested per the guidance of KDB 789033 D02v01r04.ANSI C63.10-2013 was used to reference the appropriate EUT setup for radiated spurious emissions testing and AC line conducted testing.

## 2.10. EMI Suppression Device(s)/Modifications

No EMI suppression device(s) were added and/or no modifications were made during testing.

## 2.11. Labeling Requirements

Per 2.1074 & 15.19; Docket 95-19

The label shall be permanently affixed at a conspicuous location on the device; instruction manual or pamphlets supplied to the user and be readily visible to the purchaser at the time of purchase. However, when the device is so small wherein placement of the label with specified statement is not practical, only the FCC ID must be displayed on the device per Section 15.19(a)(5). Please see attachment for FCC ID label and label location.

### 3. DESCRIPTION OF TEST

#### 3.1. Evaluation Procedure

The measurement procedures described in the American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices (ANSI C63.10-2013), and the guidance provided in KDB 789033 D02v01r04 were used in the measurement of the **ACCESS POINT**.

**Deviation from measurement procedure.....None**

#### 3.2. AC Line Conducted Emissions

The line-conducted facility is located inside an 8'x4'x4' shielded enclosure. A 1m x 2m wooden table 80cm high is placed 40cm away from the vertical wall and 80cm away from the sidewall of the shielded room. Two 10kHz-30MHz, 50Ω/50uH Line-Impedance Stabilization Networks (LISNs) are bonded to the shielded room floor. Power to the LISNs is filtered by external high-current high-insertion loss power line filters. These filters attenuate ambient signal noise from entering the measurement lines. These filters are also bonded to the shielded enclosure.

The EUT is powered from one LISN and the support equipment is powered from the second LISN. All interconnecting cables more than 1 meter were shortened to a 1 meter length by non-inductive bundling (serpentine fashion) and draped over the back edge of the test table. All cables were at least 40cm above the horizontal reference ground-plane. Power cables for support equipment were routed down to the second LISN while ensuring that those cables were not draped over the second LISN.

Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The RF output of the LISN was connected to the receiver and exploratory measurements were made to determine the frequencies producing the maximum emission from the EUT. The receiver was scanned from 150kHz to 30MHz. The detector function was set to peak mode for exploratory measurements while the bandwidth of the analyzer was set to 9kHz. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated to maximize each emission. Each emission was also maximized by varying: power lines, the mode of operation or data exchange speed, or support equipment whichever determined the worst-case emission. Once the worst case emissions have been identified, the one EUT cable configuration/arrangement and mode of operation that produced these emissions are used for final measurements on the same test site. The analyzer is set to CISPR quasi-peak and average detectors with a 9kHz resolution bandwidth for final measurements.

An extension cord was used to connect to a single LISN which powers the EUT. The extension cord was calibrated with LISN, the impedance and insertion loss are compliant with the requirements as stated in ANSI C63.10-2013.

Line conducted emissions test results are shown in Section 7.9.

### 3.3. Radiated Emissions

The radiated test facilities consisted of an indoor 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber used for final measurements and exploratory measurements, when necessary. The measurement area is contained within the semi-anechoic chamber which is shielded from any ambient interference. For measurements above 1GHz absorbers are arranged on the floor between the turn table and the antenna mast in such a way so as to maximize the reduction of reflections. For measurements below 1GHz, the absorbers are removed. A MF Model 210SS turntable is used for radiated measurement. It is a continuously rotatable, remotecontrolled, metallic turntable and 2 meters (6.56 ft.) in diameter. The turn table is flush with the raised floor of the chamber in order to maintain its function as a ground plane. An80cm high PVC support structure is placed on top of the turntable.

For all measurements, the spectrum was scanned through all EUT azimuths and from 1 to 4 meter receive antenna height using a broadband antenna from 30MHz up to the upper frequency shown in 15.33(b)(1) depending on the highest frequency generated or used in the device or on which the device operates or tunes. For frequencies above 1GHz, linearly polarized double ridge horn antennas were used. For frequencies below 30MHz, a calibrated loop antenna was used. When exploratory measurements were necessary, they were performed at 1 meter test distance inside the semi-anechoic chamber using broadband antennas, broadband amplifiers, and spectrum analyzers to determine the frequencies and modes producing the maximum emissions. Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The test set-up for frequencies below 1GHz was placed on top of the 0.8 meter high, 1 x 1.5 meter table; and test set-up for frequencies 1-40GHz was placed on top of the 1.5 meter high, 1 x 1.5 meter table. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated to maximize each emission. Appropriate precaution was taken to ensure that all emissions from the EUT were maximized and investigated. The system configuration, clock speed, mode of operation or video resolution, if applicable, turntable azimuth, and receive antenna height was noted for each frequency found.

Final measurements were made in the semi-anechoic chamber using calibrated, linearly polarized broadband and horn antennas. The test setup was configured to the setup that produced the worst case emissions. The spectrum analyzer was set to investigate all frequencies required for testing to compare the highest radiated disturbances with respect to the specified limits. The turntable containing the EUT was rotated through 360 degrees and the height of the receive antenna was varied 1 to 4 meters and stopped at the azimuth and height producing the maximum emission. Each emission was maximized by changing the orientation of the EUT through three orthogonal planes and changing the polarity of the receive antenna, whichever produced the worst-case emissions. According to 3dB Beam-Width of horn antenna, the horn antenna should be always directed to the EUT when rising height.

## 4. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

### Excerpt from §15.203 of the FCC Rules/Regulations:

"An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section."

- The antenna of the **ACCESS POINT** is **permanently attached**.
- There are no provisions for connection to an external antenna.

### Conclusion:

The **ACCESS POINT** unit complies with the requirement of §15.203.

## 5. TEST EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION DATE

### Conducted Emissions

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Asset No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR3	MRTTWA00045	1 year	2018/03/17
Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV216	MRTTWA00019	1 year	2018/03/23
Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV216	MRTTWA00020	1 year	2018/03/23
Temperature/Humidity Meter	TFA	35.1078.10.IT	MRTTWA00033	1 year	2018/06/08

### Radiated Emissions

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Asset No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
Signal Analyzer	R&S	FSV40	MRTTWA00007	1 year	2018/03/02
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR3	MRTTWA00009	1 year	2018/03/16
Broadband Preamplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV 9718	MRTTWA00005	1 year	2018/04/06
Broadband Amplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV 9721	MRTTWA00006	1 year	2018/04/06
Acitive Loop Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519B	MRTTWA00002	1 year	2018/04/06
Broadband TRILOG Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9162	MRTTWA00001	1 year	2018/04/06
Broadband Hornantenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	MRTTWA00003	1 year	2018/04/06
Breitband Hornantenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	MRTTWA00004	1 year	2018/04/06
Temperature/Humidity Meter	TFA	35.1078.10.IT	MRTTWA00033	1 year	2018/06/08

### Conducted Test Equipment

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Asset No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
EXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010A	MRTTWA00012	1 year	2018/07/10
X-Series USB Peak and Average Power Sensor	KEYSIGHT	U2021XA	MRTTWA00014	1 year	2018/03/18
X-Series USB Peak and Average Power Sensor	KEYSIGHT	U2021XA	MRTTWA00015	1 year	2018/03/18
Programmable Temperature & Humidity Chamber	TEN BILLION	TTH-B3UP	MRTTWA00036	1 year	2018/05/11
Temperature/Humidity Meter	TFA	35.1078.10.IT	MRTTWA00033	1 year	2018/06/08

Software	Version	Function
e3	V 8.3.5	EMI Test Software

## 6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following test uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of  $k = 2$ .

AC Conducted Emission Measurement - SR2
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U=2U_{c(y)}$ ): 150kHz~30MHz: 3.46dB
Radiated Emission Measurement - AC1
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U=2U_{c(y)}$ ): 9kHz ~ 1GHz: 4.18dB 1GHz ~ 25GHz: 4.76dB
Spurious Emissions, Conducted - SR1
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U=2U_{c(y)}$ ): 0.78dB
Output Power - SR1
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U=2U_{c(y)}$ ): 1.13dB
Power Spectrum Density - SR1
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U=2U_{c(y)}$ ): 1.15dB
Occupied Bandwidth - SR1
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U=2U_{c(y)}$ ): 0.28%

## 7. TEST RESULT

### 7.1. Summary

**Product Name:** ACCESS POINT

**FCC ID:** Q9DAPIN0303

FCC Section(s)	Test Description	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result	Reference
15.407(a)	26dB Bandwidth	N/A	Conducted	Pass	Section 7.2
15.407(a)(1)(ii), (3)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Refer to Section 7.3		Pass	Section 7.3
15.407(h)(1)	Transmit Power Control	< 24 dBm		Pass	Section 7.4
15.407(a)(1)(ii), (3), (5)	Peak Power Spectral Density	< 11dBm/MHz		Pass	Section 7.5
15.407(g)	Frequency Stability	± 20 ppm		Pass	Section 7.6
15.407(b)(1), (4)(i)	Undesirable Emissions	Refer to Section 7.7	Radiated	Pass	Section 7.7 & 7.8
15.205, 15.209 15.407(b)(5), (6), (7)	General Field Strength Limits(Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	Emissions in restricted bands must meet the radiated limits detailed in 15.209		Pass	
15.207	AC Conducted Emissions 150kHz - 30MHz	< FCC 15.207 limits	Line Conducted	Pass	Section 7.9

Notes:

- 1) All channels, modes, and modulations/data rates were investigated among all UNII bands. For radiated emission test, every axis (X, Y, Z) was also verified. The test results shown in the following sections represent the worst case emissions.
- 2) The analyzer plots shown in this section were all taken with a correction table loaded into the analyzer. The correction table was used to account for the losses of the cables and attenuators used as part of the system to connect the EUT to the analyzer at all frequencies of interest.
- 3) Test Items "26dB Bandwidth" & "6dB Bandwidth" have been assessed single and MIMO transmission, and showed the worst test data in this report.

## 7.2. 26dB Bandwidth Measurement

### 7.2.1. Test Limit

N/A

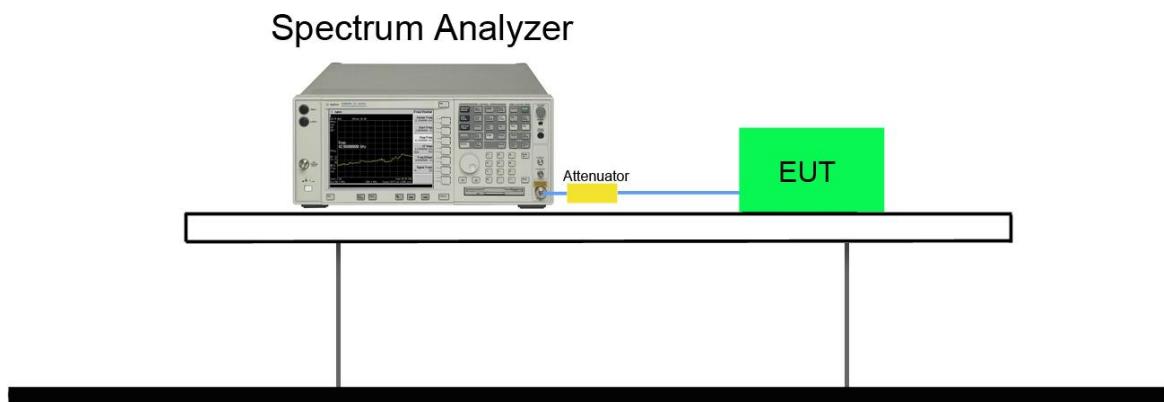
### 7.2.2. Test Procedure used

KDB 789033 D02v01r04 - Section C.1

### 7.2.3. Test Setting

1. The analyzers' automatic bandwidth measurement capability was used to perform the 26dB bandwidth measurement. The "X" dB bandwidth parameter was set to X = 26. The automatic bandwidth measurement function also has the capability of simultaneously measuring the 99% occupied bandwidth. The bandwidth measurement was not influenced by any intermediated power nulls in the fundamental emission.
2. RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.
3. VBW  $\geq$  3 $\times$ RBW.
4. Detector = Peak.
5. Trace mode = max hold.

### 7.2.4. Test Setup

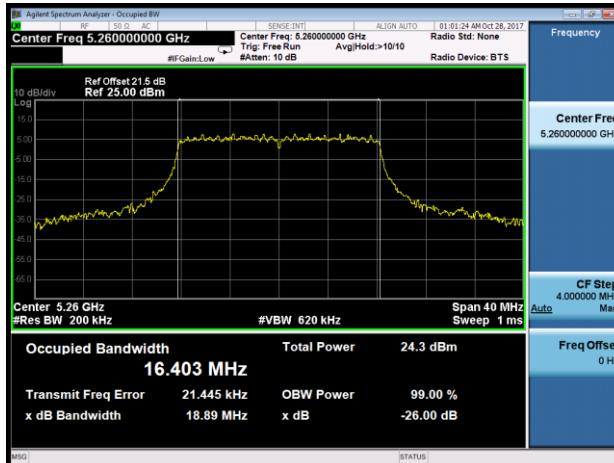
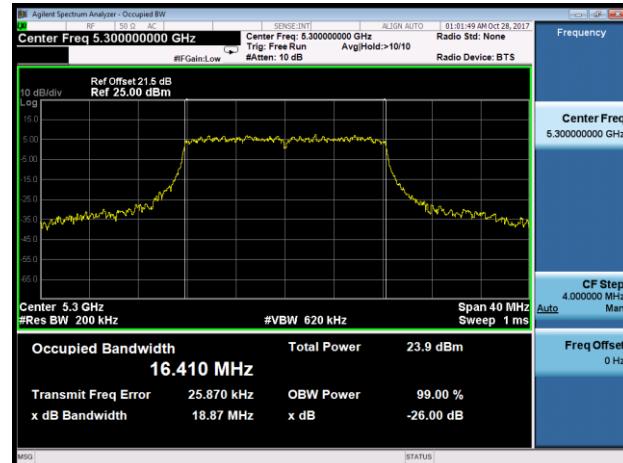
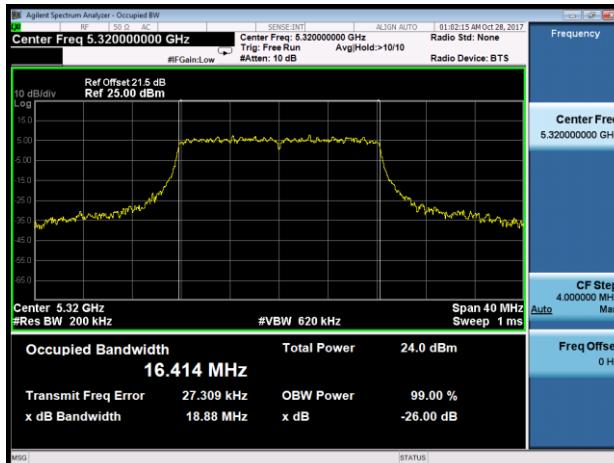
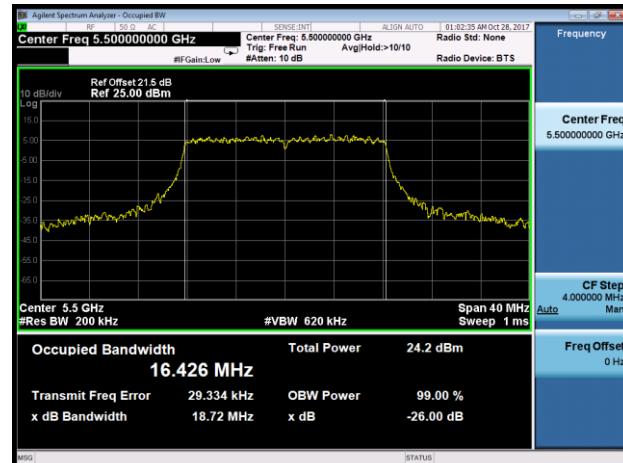
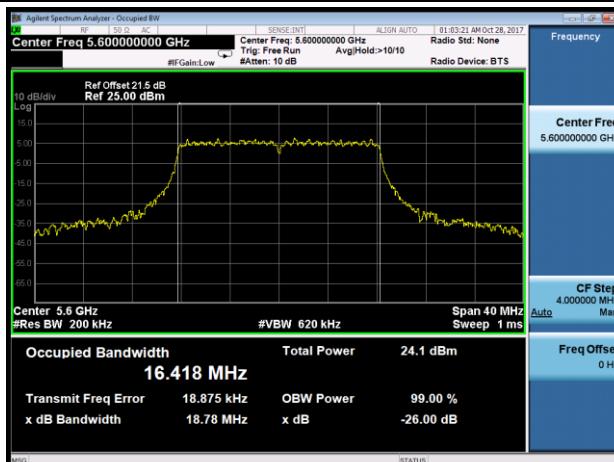
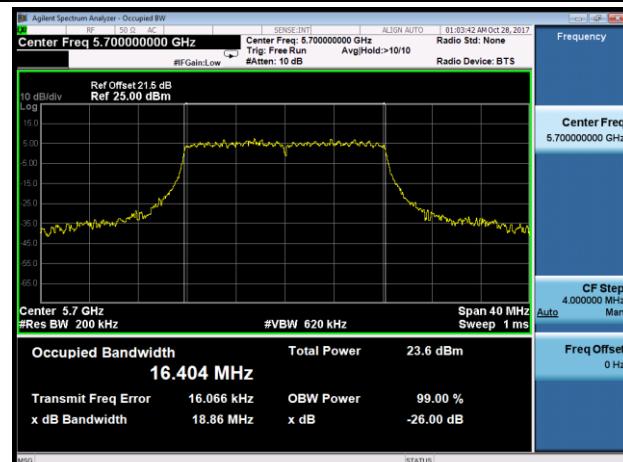


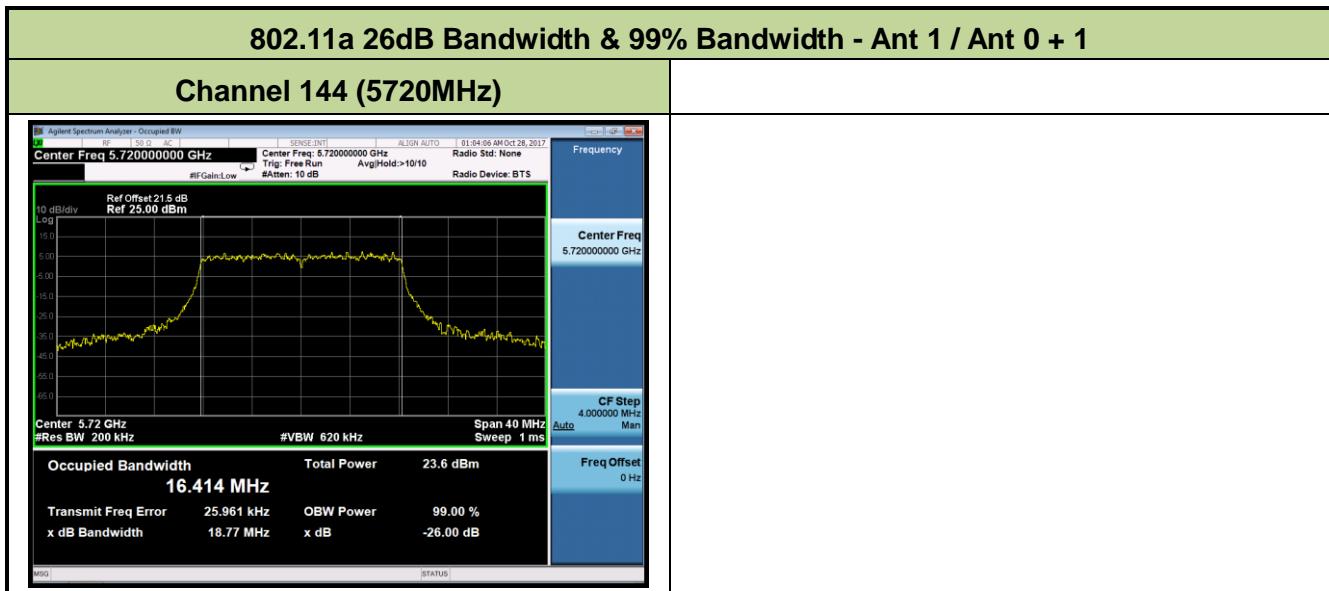
### 7.2.5. Test Result

Product	ACCESS POINT	Temperature	24°C
Test Engineer	Kevin Ker	Relative Humidity	53%
Test Site	SR2	Test Date	2017/10/18

Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1					
Test Mode	Data Rate/ MCS	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	26dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
802.11a	6Mbps	52	5260	18.89	16.40
802.11a	6Mbps	60	5300	18.87	16.41
802.11a	6Mbps	64	5320	18.88	16.41
802.11a	6Mbps	100	5500	18.72	16.43
802.11a	6Mbps	120	5600	18.78	16.42
802.11a	6Mbps	140	5700	18.86	16.40
802.11a	6Mbps	144	5720	18.77	16.41
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	52	5260	20.03	17.60
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	60	5300	19.86	17.59
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	64	5320	20.18	17.59
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	100	5500	20.08	17.59
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	120	5600	20.09	17.60
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	140	5700	20.01	17.61
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	144	5720	20.14	17.60
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	54	5270	39.54	35.95
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	62	5310	39.22	35.93
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	102	5510	39.16	35.89
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	118	5590	39.53	35.88
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	134	5670	39.21	35.90
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	142	5710	39.50	35.90
802.11ac-VHT20	MCS0	52	5260	19.85	17.61
802.11ac-VHT20	MCS0	60	5300	19.77	17.61
802.11ac-VHT20	MCS0	64	5320	19.75	17.60
802.11ac-VHT20	MCS0	100	5500	19.64	17.61
802.11ac-VHT20	MCS0	120	5600	19.96	17.61
802.11ac-VHT20	MCS0	140	5700	19.86	17.59
802.11ac-VHT20	MCS0	144	5720	20.00	17.60

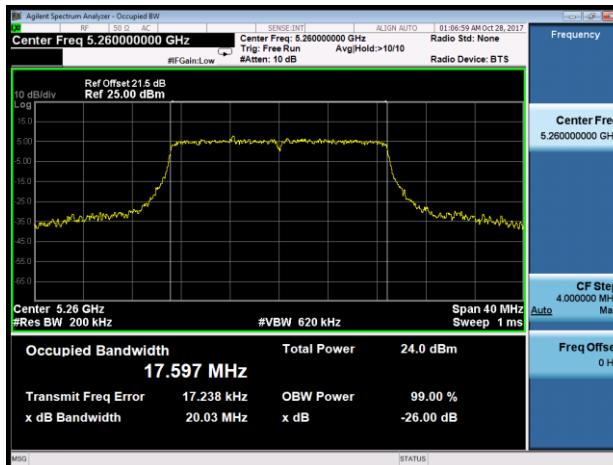
Test Mode	Data Rate/ MCS	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	26dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1					
802.11ac-VHT40	MCS0	54	5270	39.31	35.95
802.11ac-VHT40	MCS0	62	5310	39.28	35.94
802.11ac-VHT40	MCS0	102	5510	38.92	35.91
802.11ac-VHT40	MCS0	118	5590	39.62	35.89
802.11ac-VHT40	MCS0	134	5670	39.13	35.95
802.11ac-VHT40	MCS0	142	5710	39.54	35.94
802.11ac-VHT80	MCS0	58	5290	82.85	75.70
802.11ac-VHT80	MCS0	106	5530	82.45	75.61
802.11ac-VHT80	MCS0	122	5610	83.06	75.63
802.11ac-VHT80	MCS0	138	5690	82.87	75.66

**802.11a 26dB Bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth - Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1**
**Channel 52 (5260MHz)**

**Channel 60 (5300MHz)**

**Channel 64 (5320MHz)**

**Channel 100 (5500MHz)**

**Channel 100 (5600MHz)**

**Channel 140 (5700MHz)**


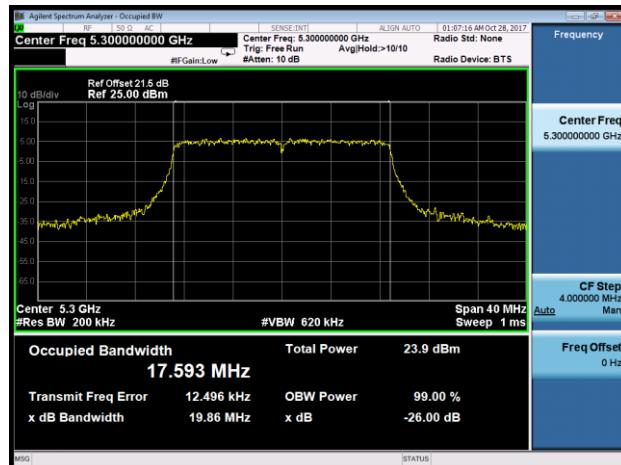


### 802.11n-HT20 26dB Bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth - Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1

#### Channel 52 (5260MHz)



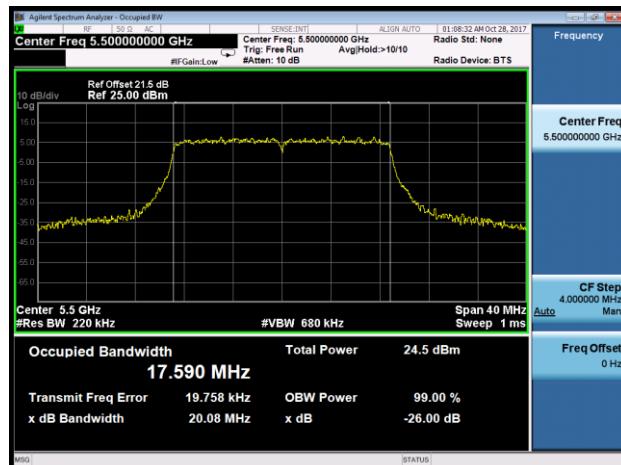
#### Channel 60 (5300MHz)



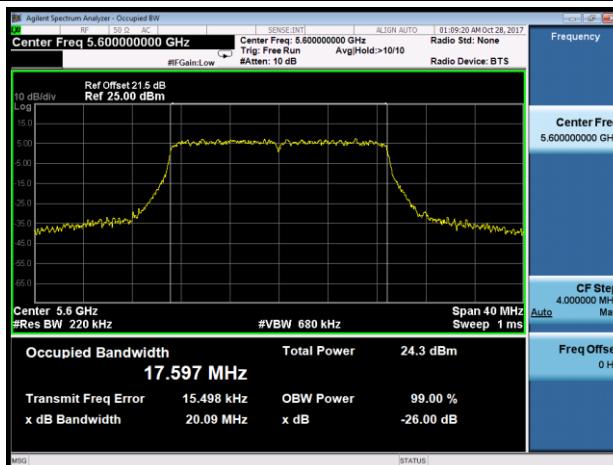
#### Channel 64 (5320MHz)



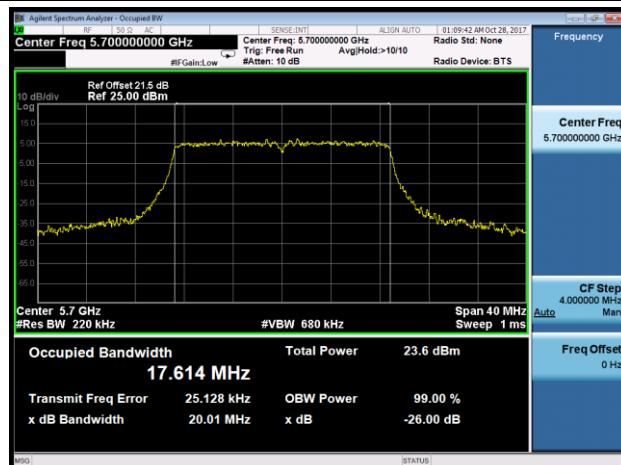
#### Channel 100 (5500MHz)

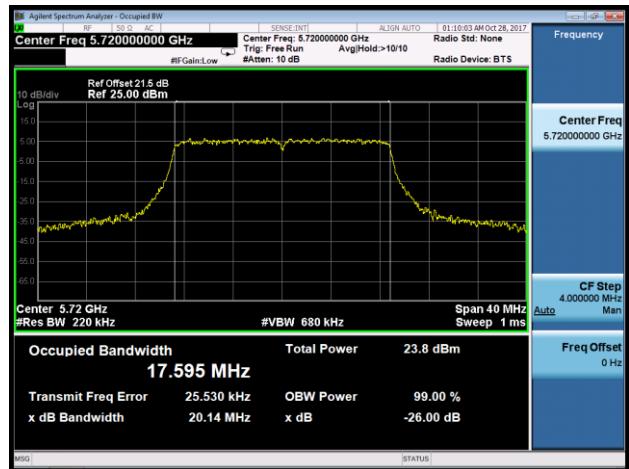


#### Channel 120 (5600MHz)

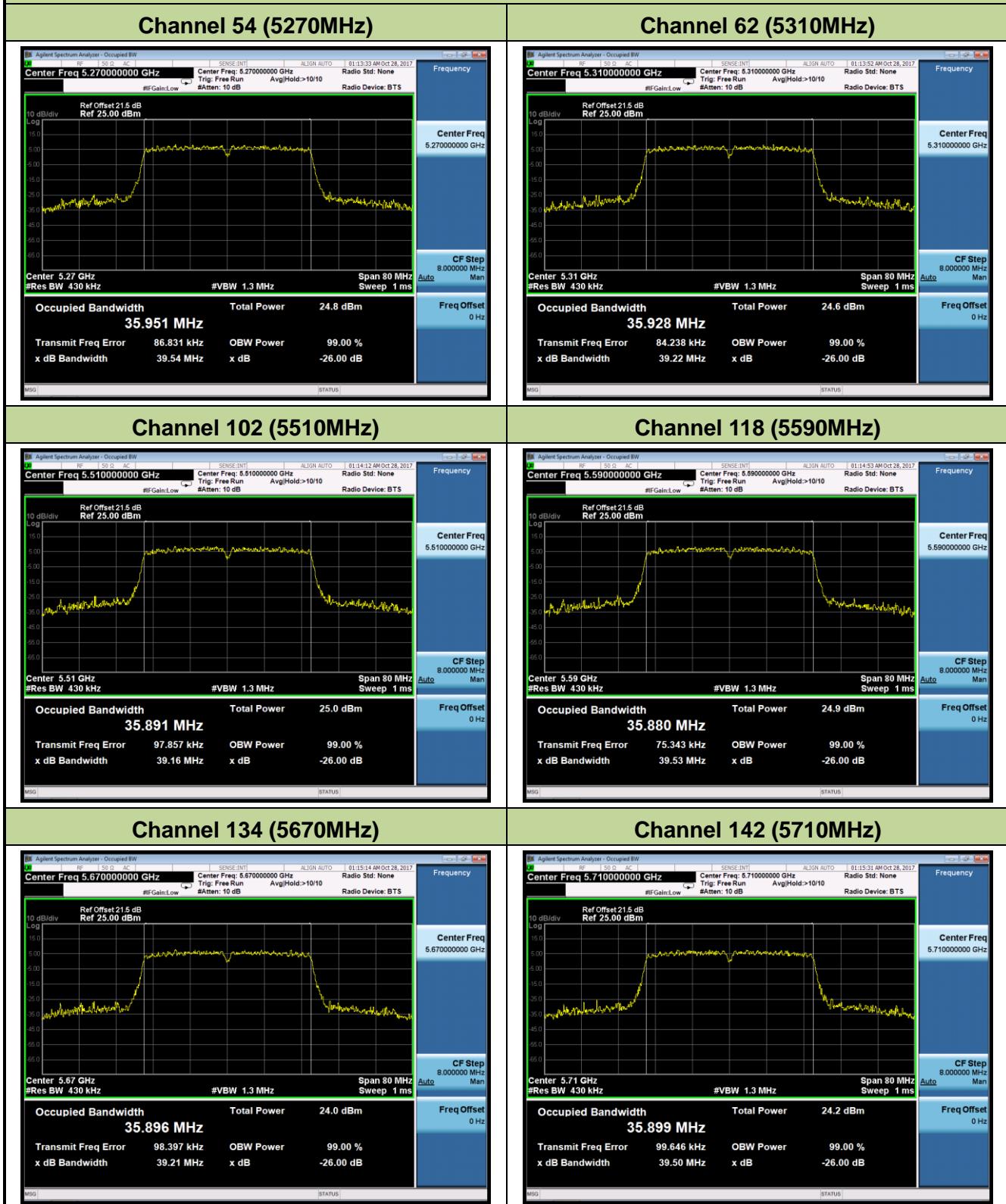


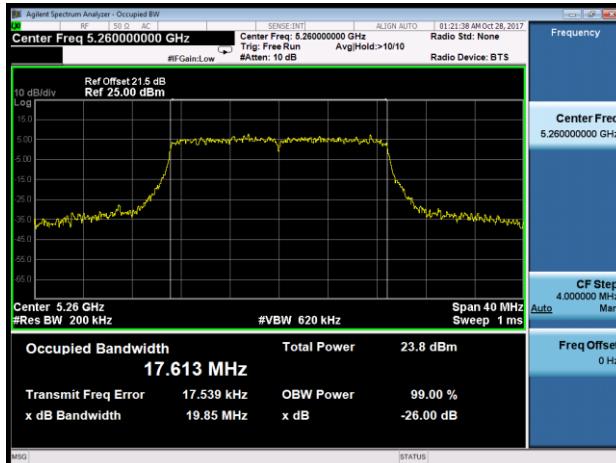
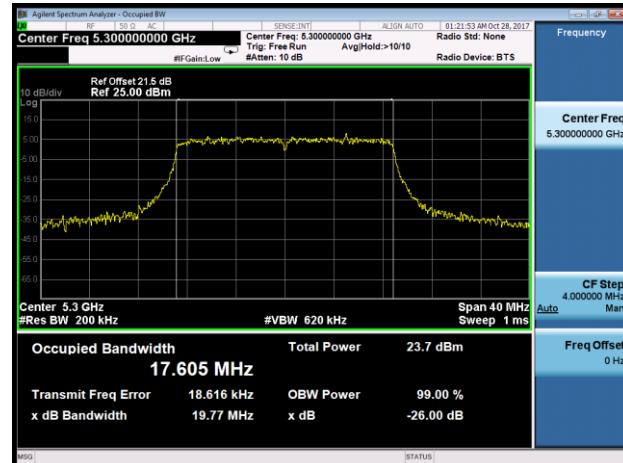
#### Channel 140 (5700MHz)

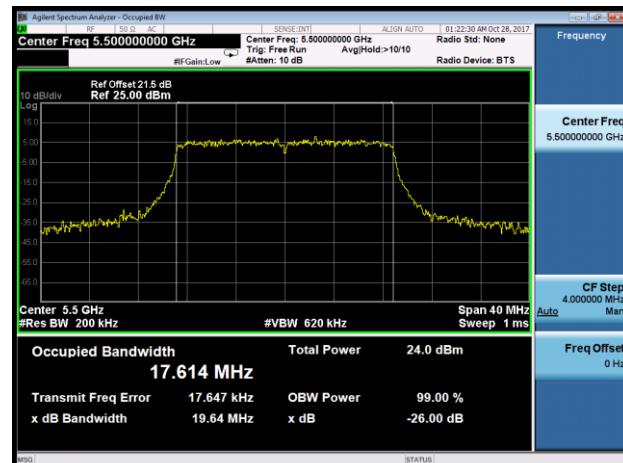


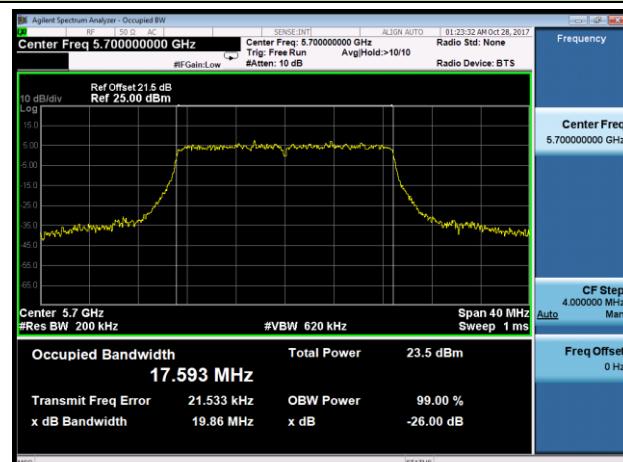
**802.11n-HT20 26dB Bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth - Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1**
**Channel 144 (5720MHz)**


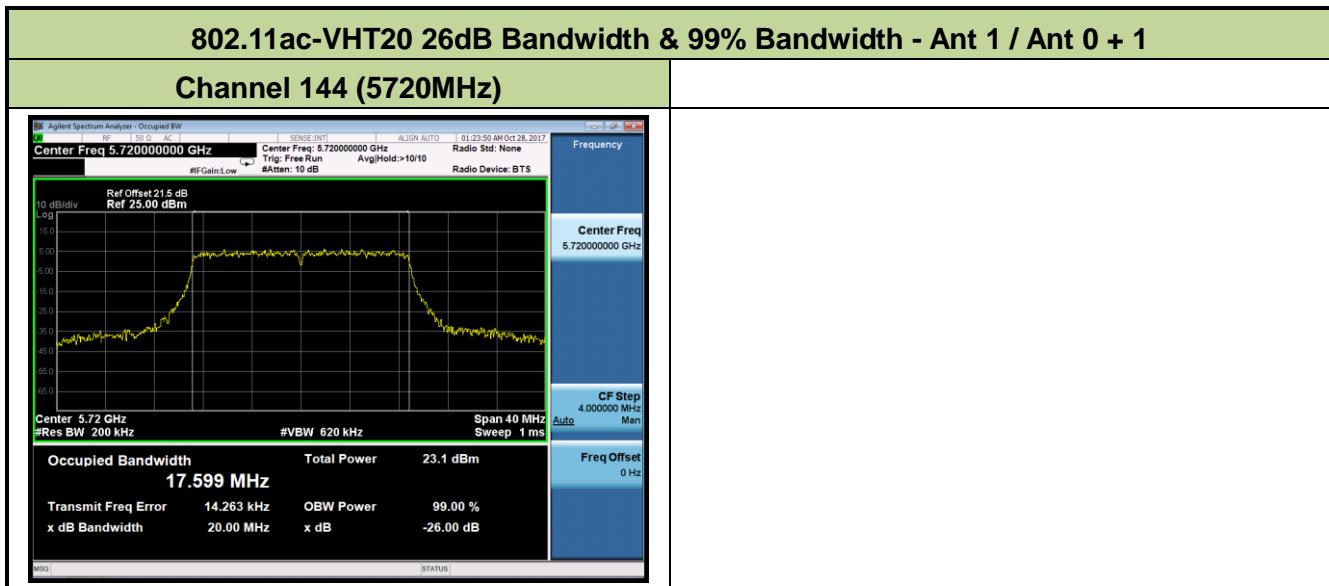
### 802.11n-HT40 26dB Bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth - Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1

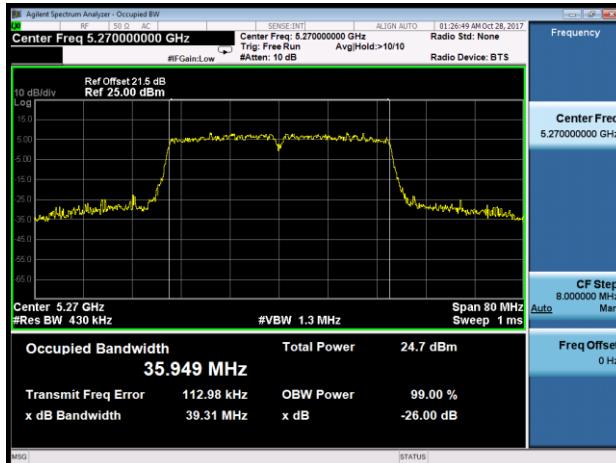
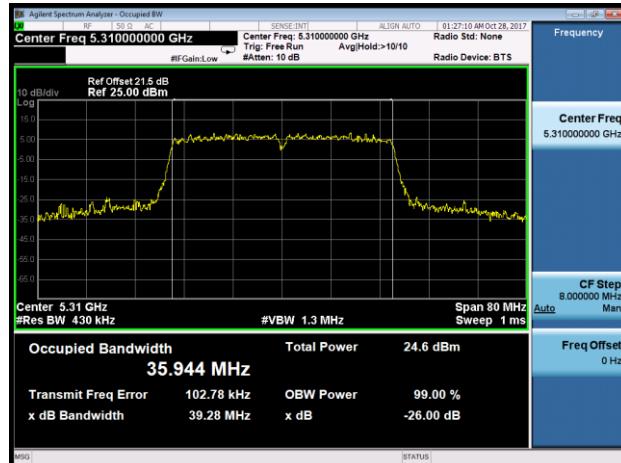
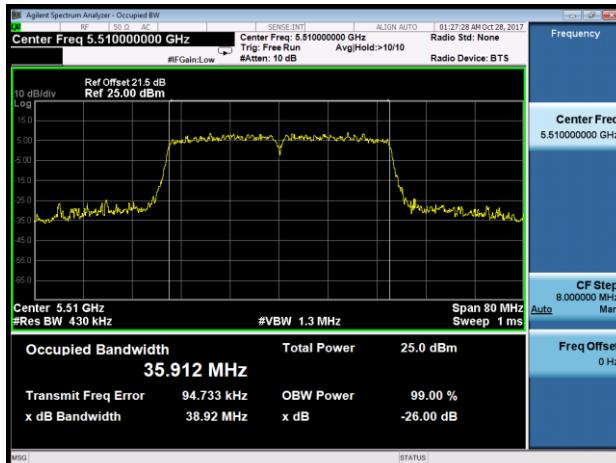
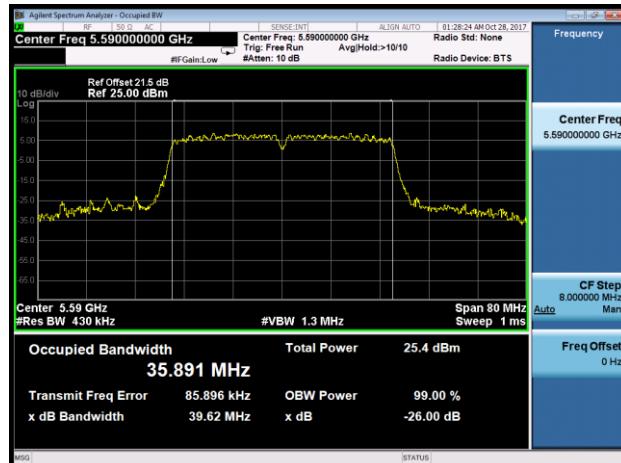
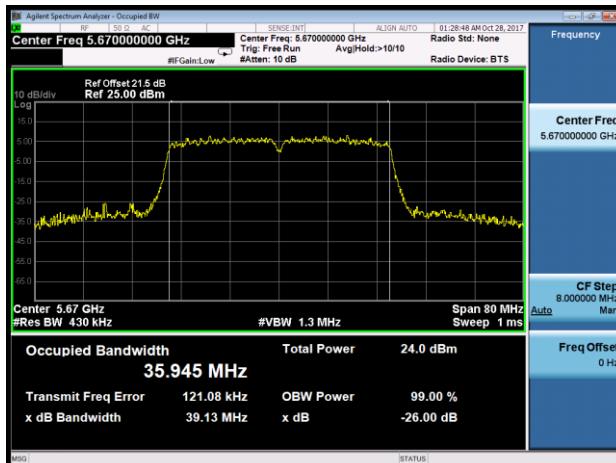
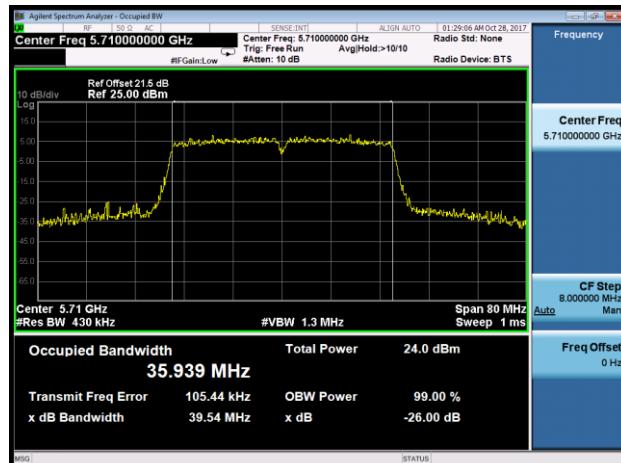


**802.11ac-VHT20 26dB Bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth - Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1**
**Channel 52 (5260MHz)**

**Channel 60 (5300MHz)**

**Channel 64 (5320MHz)**

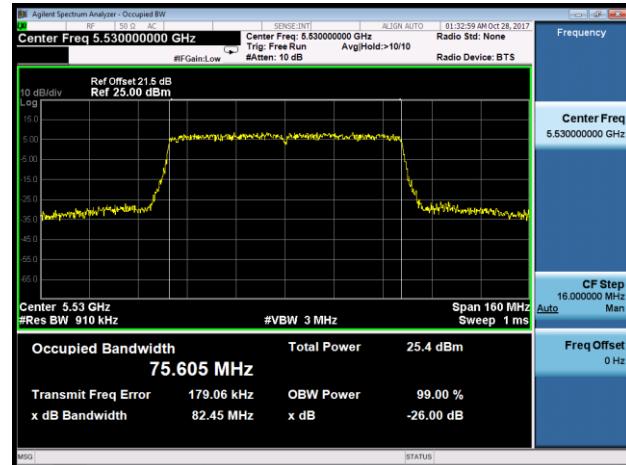
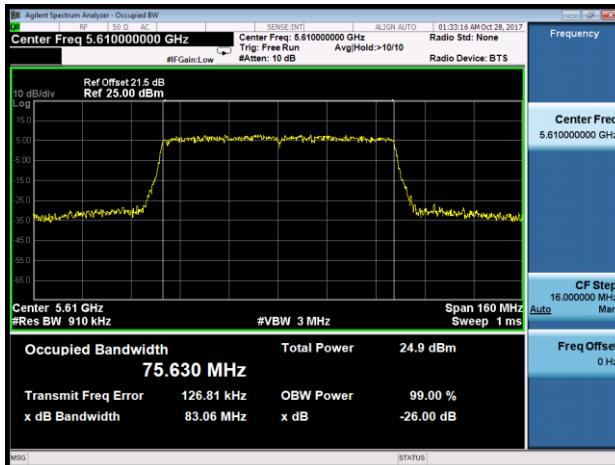
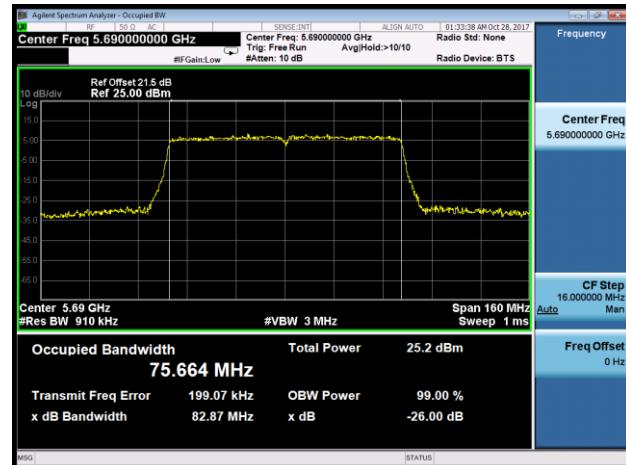
**Channel 100 (5500MHz)**

**Channel 120 (5600MHz)**

**Channel 140 (5700MHz)**




**802.11ac-VHT40 26dB Bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth - Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1**
**Channel 54 (5270MHz)**

**Channel 62 (5310MHz)**

**Channel 102 (5510MHz)**

**Channel 118 (5590MHz)**

**Channel 134 (5670MHz)**

**Channel 142 (5710MHz)**


**802.11ac-VHT80 26dB Bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth - Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1**
**Channel 58 (5290MHz)**

**Channel 106 (5530MHz)**

**Channel 122 (5610MHz)**

**Channel 138 (5690MHz)**


## 7.3. Output Power Measurement

### 7.3.1. Test Limit

For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW (23.98dBm) or 11dBm +10 log (26dB BW).

If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

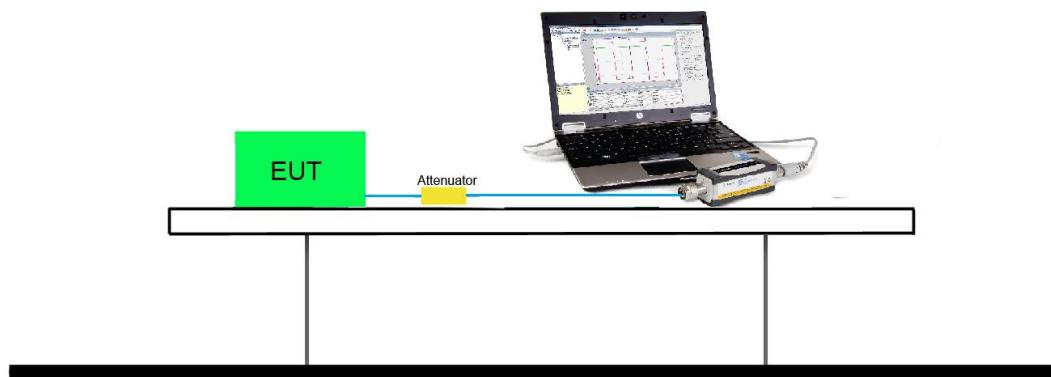
### 7.3.2. Test Procedure Used

KDB 789033D02v01r04- Section E)3)b) Method PM-G

### 7.3.3. Test Setting

Average power measurements were performed only when the EUT was transmitting at its maximum power control level using a broadband power meter with a pulse sensor. The power meter implemented triggering and gating capabilities which were set up such that power measurements were recorded only during the ON time of the transmitter. The trace was averaged over 100 traces to obtain the final measured average power.

### 7.3.4. Test Setup



### 7.3.5. Test Result

Power output test was verified over all data rates of each mode shown as below table, and then choose the maximum power output (gray marker) for final test of each channel.

For Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1 port:

Test Mode	Bandwidth	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate/ MCS	Average Power (dBm)
802.11a	20	64	5320	6Mbps	16.02
				24Mbps	15.73
				54Mbps	15.56
802.11n	20	64	5320	MCS0	16.53
				MCS3	16.32
				MCS7	16.11
802.11n	40	62	5310	MCS0	16.64
				MCS3	16.41
				MCS7	16.23
802.11ac	20	64	5320	MCS0	16.07
				MCS4	15.89
				MCS8	15.65
802.11ac	40	62	5310	MCS0	16.61
				MCS4	16.43
				MCS9	16.24
802.11ac	80	58	5290	MCS0	14.89
				MCS4	14.72
				MCS9	14.54

Test Mode	Data Rate/ MCS	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Ant 0 Average Power (dBm)	Ant 1 Average Power (dBm)	Total Average Power (dBm)	Average Power Limit (dBm)	Result
Ant 0 + 1 (CDD Mode)								
11a	6Mbps	52	5260	15.77	16.29	19.05	≤ 23.72	Pass
11a	6Mbps	60	5300	15.69	16.21	18.97	≤ 23.72	Pass
11a	6Mbps	64	5320	16.02	16.33	19.19	≤ 23.72	Pass
11a	6Mbps	100	5500	16.24	16.54	19.40	≤ 23.72	Pass
11a	6Mbps	120	5600	16.07	16.31	19.20	≤ 23.72	Pass
11a	6Mbps	140	5700	16.26	16.41	19.35	≤ 23.72	Pass
11a	6Mbps	144	5720	16.24	16.50	19.38	≤ 23.72	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	52	5260	16.36	16.78	19.59	≤ 23.98	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	60	5300	16.27	16.79	19.55	≤ 23.98	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	64	5320	16.53	16.92	19.74	≤ 23.98	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	100	5500	16.26	16.52	19.40	≤ 23.98	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	120	5600	16.14	16.22	19.19	≤ 23.98	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	140	5700	16.70	16.88	19.80	≤ 23.98	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	144	5720	16.67	16.88	19.79	≤ 23.98	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	54	5270	18.22	18.75	21.50	≤ 23.98	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	62	5310	16.64	17.42	20.06	≤ 23.98	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	102	5510	17.24	17.92	20.60	≤ 23.98	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	118	5590	18.06	18.78	21.45	≤ 23.98	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	134	5670	18.22	18.56	21.40	≤ 23.98	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	142	5710	18.20	18.71	21.47	≤ 23.98	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	52	5260	16.38	16.79	19.60	≤ 23.93	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	60	5300	16.27	16.78	19.54	≤ 23.93	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	64	5320	16.07	16.42	19.26	≤ 23.93	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	100	5500	16.27	16.62	19.46	≤ 23.93	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	120	5600	16.13	16.28	19.22	≤ 23.93	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	140	5700	16.64	16.95	19.81	≤ 23.93	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	144	5720	16.63	17.02	19.84	≤ 23.93	Pass

Test Mode	Data Rate/ MCS	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Ant 0 Average Power (dBm)	Ant 1 Average Power (dBm)	Total Average Power (dBm)	Average Power Limit (dBm)	Result
Ant 0 + 1 (CDD Mode)								
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	54	5270	18.36	18.78	21.59	≤ 23.98	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	62	5310	16.61	16.61	19.62	≤ 23.98	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	102	5510	17.23	17.73	20.50	≤ 23.98	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	118	5590	18.06	18.73	21.42	≤ 23.98	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	134	5670	18.20	18.41	21.32	≤ 23.98	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	142	5710	18.06	18.57	21.33	≤ 23.98	Pass
11ac-VHT80	MCS0	58	5290	14.89	15.60	18.27	≤ 23.98	Pass
11ac-VHT80	MCS0	106	5530	16.40	16.86	19.65	≤ 23.98	Pass
11ac-VHT80	MCS0	122	5610	17.84	18.13	21.00	≤ 23.98	Pass
11ac-VHT80	MCS0	138	5690	17.85	18.08	20.98	≤ 23.98	Pass

Note 1: Total Average Power (dBm) =  $10^{\log_{10} \{10^{(\text{Ant 0 Average Power /10})} + 10^{(\text{Ant 1 Average Power /10})}\}}$ .

Note 2: For 5250-5350MHz & 5470-5725MHz, the conducted power limit is as below.

802.11a:  $11 + 10 \log_{10} (18.72\text{MHz}) = 23.72\text{dBm} < 23.98\text{dBm}$ ;

802.11n-HT20:  $11 + 10 \log_{10} (19.86\text{MHz}) = 23.98\text{dBm} = 23.98\text{dBm}$ ;

802.11n-HT40:  $11 + 10 \log_{10} B > 23.98\text{dBm}$ ;

802.11ac-VHT20:  $11 + 10 \log_{10} (19.64\text{MHz}) = 23.93\text{dBm} < 23.98\text{dBm}$ ;

802.11ac-VHT40:  $11 + 10 \log_{10} B > 23.98\text{dBm}$ ;

802.11ac-VHT80:  $11 + 10 \log_{10} B > 23.98\text{dBm}$ .

Test Mode	Data Rate/ MCS	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Ant 0 Average Power (dBm)	Ant 1 Average Power (dBm)	Total Average Power (dBm)	Average Power Limit (dBm)	Result
Ant 0 + 1 (Beam-Forming Mode)								
11n-HT20	MCS0	52	5260	16.36	16.78	19.59	≤ 21.27	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	60	5300	16.27	16.79	19.55	≤ 21.27	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	64	5320	16.53	16.92	19.74	≤ 21.27	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	100	5500	16.26	16.52	19.40	≤ 21.27	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	120	5600	16.14	16.22	19.19	≤ 21.27	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	140	5700	16.70	16.88	19.80	≤ 21.27	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	144	5720	16.67	16.88	19.79	≤ 21.27	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	54	5270	17.48	17.96	20.74	≤ 21.27	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	62	5310	17.88	18.44	21.18	≤ 21.27	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	102	5510	17.75	18.36	21.08	≤ 21.27	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	118	5590	17.68	18.23	20.97	≤ 21.27	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	134	5670	17.91	18.05	20.99	≤ 21.27	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	142	5710	17.86	18.22	21.05	≤ 21.27	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	52	5260	16.38	16.79	19.60	≤ 21.27	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	60	5300	16.27	16.78	19.54	≤ 21.27	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	64	5320	16.07	16.42	19.26	≤ 21.27	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	100	5500	16.27	16.62	19.46	≤ 21.27	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	120	5600	16.13	16.28	19.22	≤ 21.27	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	140	5700	16.64	16.95	19.81	≤ 21.27	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	144	5720	16.63	17.02	19.84	≤ 21.27	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	54	5270	17.52	17.97	20.76	≤ 21.27	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	62	5310	17.43	17.86	20.66	≤ 21.27	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	102	5510	17.76	18.36	21.08	≤ 21.27	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	118	5590	17.66	18.21	20.95	≤ 21.27	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	134	5670	17.87	18.04	20.97	≤ 21.27	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	142	5710	17.83	18.22	21.04	≤ 21.27	Pass
11ac-VHT80	MCS0	58	5290	17.68	18.06	20.88	≤ 21.27	Pass
11ac-VHT80	MCS0	106	5530	17.44	17.98	20.73	≤ 21.27	Pass
11ac-VHT80	MCS0	122	5610	18.03	18.21	21.13	≤ 21.27	Pass
11ac-VHT80	MCS0	138	5690	17.62	17.78	20.71	≤ 21.27	Pass

Note 1: Total Average Power (dBm) =  $10^{(\text{Ant 0 Average Power}/10)} + 10^{(\text{Ant 1 Average Power}/10)}$ .

Note 2: Average Power Limit (dBm) = 23.98dBm - (5.7dBi + 3.01dBi - 6dBi) = 21.27dBm.

## 7.4. Transmit Power Control

### 7.4.1. Test Limit

The U-NII device is required to have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below the mean EIRP value of 30 dBm.

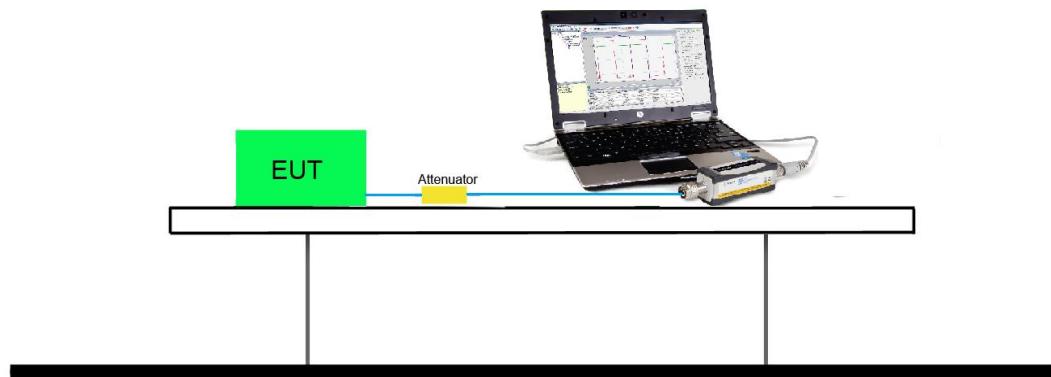
### 7.4.2. Test Procedure Used

KDB 789033 D02v01- Section E)3)b) Method PM-G

### 7.4.3. Test Setting

Average power measurements were performed only when the EUT was transmitting at its maximum power control level using a broadband power meter with a pulse sensor. The power meter implemented triggering and gating capabilities which were set up such that power measurements were recorded only during the ON time of the transmitter. The trace was averaged over 100 traces to obtain the final measured average power.

### 7.4.4. Test Setup



### 7.4.5. Test Result

It gets addressed in the operational description.

## 7.5. Power Spectral Density Measurement

### 7.5.1. Test Limit

For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band.

If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

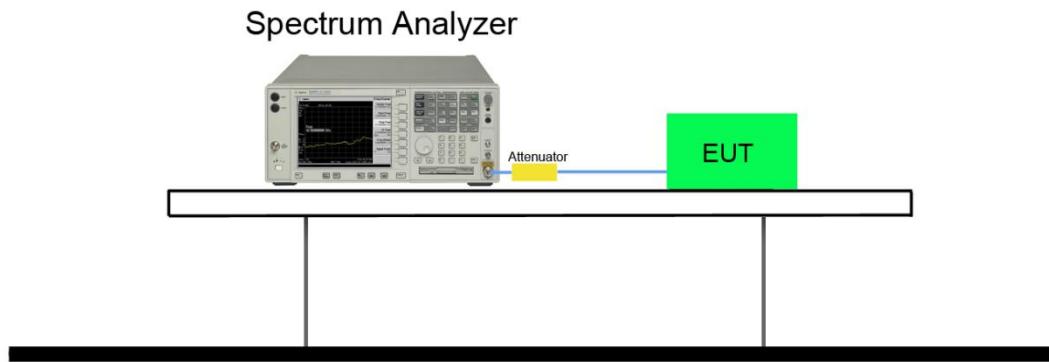
### 7.5.2. Test Procedure Used

KDB 789033 D02v01r04 - SectionF

### 7.5.3. Test Setting

1. Analyzer was set to the center frequency of the UNII channel under investigation
2. Span was set to encompass the entire 26dB EBW of the signal.
3. RBW = 1MHz, if measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz,  
RBW = 100 kHz
4. VBW = 3MHz
5. Number of sweep points  $\geq 2 \times (\text{span} / \text{RBW})$
6. Detector = power averaging (Average)
7. Sweep time = auto
8. Trigger = free run
9. Use the peak search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum and record its value.
10. Add  $10 \cdot \log(1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times (because the measurement represents an average over both the on and off times of the transmission). For example, add  $10 \cdot \log(1/0.25) = 6$  dB if the duty cycle is 25 percent.
11. When the measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz, add a constant factor  $10 \cdot \log(500\text{kHz}/100\text{kHz}) = 6.99$  dB to the measured result.

#### 7.5.4. Test Setup



### 7.5.5. Test Result

Test Mode	Data Rate/ MCS	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Ant 0 PSD (dBm/ MHz)	Ant 1 PSD (dBm/ MHz)	Duty Cycle (%)	Total PSD (dBm/MHz)	PSD Limit (dBm/ MHz)	Result
Ant 0 + 1 (CDD Mode)									
11a	6Mbps	52	5260	4.46	4.88	95.80	7.87	≤ 8.29	Pass
11a	6Mbps	60	5300	4.95	4.87	95.80	8.11	≤ 8.29	Pass
11a	6Mbps	64	5320	4.38	5.06	95.80	7.93	≤ 8.29	Pass
11a	6Mbps	100	5500	4.53	5.30	95.80	8.13	≤ 8.29	Pass
11a	6Mbps	120	5600	4.53	5.36	95.80	8.16	≤ 8.29	Pass
11a	6Mbps	140	5700	4.67	4.64	95.80	7.85	≤ 8.29	Pass
11a	6Mbps	144	5720	4.50	4.68	95.80	7.79	≤ 8.29	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	52	5260	4.96	5.33	98.21	8.16	≤ 8.29	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	60	5300	4.77	5.34	98.21	8.07	≤ 8.29	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	64	5320	4.75	5.25	98.21	8.02	≤ 8.29	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	100	5500	4.61	5.15	98.21	7.90	≤ 8.29	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	120	5600	4.87	4.85	98.21	7.87	≤ 8.29	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	140	5700	4.95	4.99	98.21	7.98	≤ 8.29	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	144	5720	5.15	4.88	98.21	8.03	≤ 8.29	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	54	5270	4.30	4.39	95.21	7.57	≤ 8.29	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	62	5310	2.43	2.68	95.21	5.78	≤ 8.29	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	102	5510	3.09	3.55	95.21	6.55	≤ 8.29	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	118	5590	3.93	4.69	95.21	7.55	≤ 8.29	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	134	5670	3.40	3.72	95.21	6.79	≤ 8.29	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	142	5710	3.72	4.02	95.21	7.10	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	52	5260	4.80	5.47	98.04	8.16	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	60	5300	4.91	5.58	98.04	8.27	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	64	5320	4.64	4.91	98.04	7.79	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	100	5500	4.83	5.32	98.04	8.09	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	120	5600	4.56	4.91	98.04	7.75	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	140	5700	4.75	5.12	98.04	7.95	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	144	5720	5.05	5.02	98.04	8.05	≤ 8.29	Pass

Test Mode	Data Rate/ MCS	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Ant 0 PSD (dBm/ MHz)	Ant 1 PSD (dBm/ MHz)	Duty Cycle (%)	Total PSD (dBm/MHz)	PSD Limit (dBm/ MHz)	Result
Ant 0 + 1 (CDD Mode)									
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	54	5270	4.17	4.36	95.24	7.49	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	62	5310	2.54	2.85	95.24	5.92	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	102	5510	2.96	3.67	95.24	6.55	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	118	5590	3.81	4.35	95.24	7.31	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	134	5670	3.65	3.93	95.24	7.01	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	142	5710	3.69	3.99	95.24	7.06	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT80	MCS0	58	5290	-2.72	-2.29	92.21	0.86	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT80	MCS0	106	5530	-0.71	-0.37	92.21	2.83	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT80	MCS0	122	5610	0.26	0.43	92.21	3.71	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT80	MCS0	138	5690	-0.07	0.24	92.21	3.45	≤ 8.29	Pass

Note 1: When EUT duty cycle ≥ 98%, Total PSD (dBm/MHz) =  $10 \log \{10^{(\text{Ant 0 PSD}/10)} + 10^{(\text{Ant 1 PSD}/10)}\}$

Note 2: When EUT duty cycle < 98%, Total PSD (dBm/MHz) =  $10 \log \{10^{(\text{Ant 0 PSD}/10)} + 10^{(\text{Ant 1 PSD}/10)}\} + 10 \log (1/\text{duty cycle})$

Note 3: PSD Limit (dBm/MHz) = 11dBm/MHz - (8.71dBi - 6dBi) = 8.29dBm/MHz.

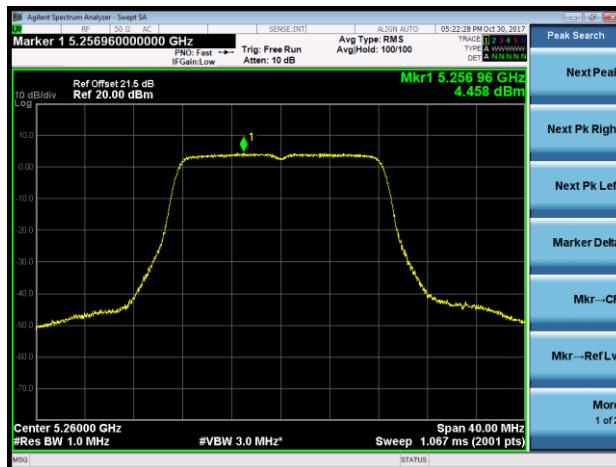
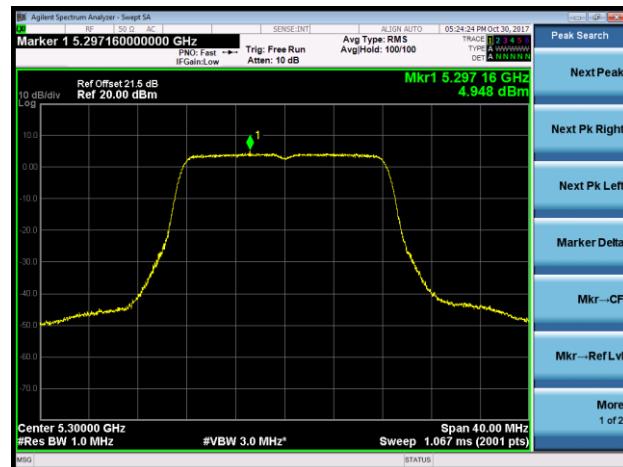
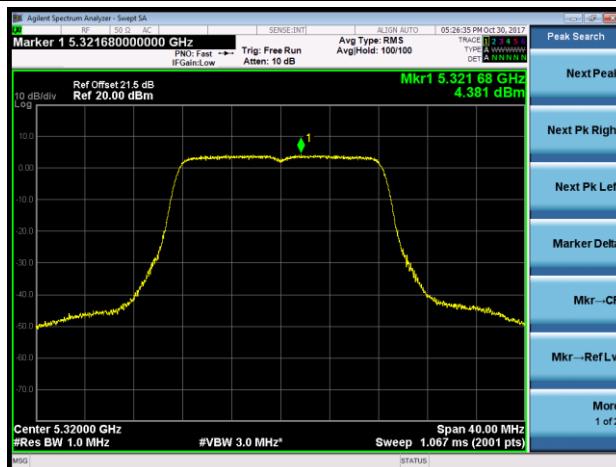
Test Mode	Data Rate/ MCS	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Ant 0 PSD (dBm/ MHz)	Ant 1 PSD (dBm/ MHz)	Duty Cycle (%)	Total PSD (dBm/MHz)	PSD Limit (dBm/ MHz)	Result
Ant 0 + 1 (Beam-Forming Mode)									
11n-HT20	MCS0	52	5260	4.96	5.33	98.21	8.16	≤ 8.29	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	60	5300	4.77	5.34	98.21	8.07	≤ 8.29	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	64	5320	4.75	5.25	98.21	8.02	≤ 8.29	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	100	5500	4.61	5.15	98.21	7.90	≤ 8.29	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	120	5600	4.87	4.85	98.21	7.87	≤ 8.29	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	140	5700	4.95	4.99	98.21	7.98	≤ 8.29	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	144	5720	5.15	4.88	98.21	8.03	≤ 8.29	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	54	5270	2.83	3.22	95.21	6.25	≤ 8.29	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	62	5310	3.21	3.56	95.21	6.61	≤ 8.29	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	102	5510	3.58	4.08	95.21	7.06	≤ 8.29	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	118	5590	3.61	4.28	95.21	7.18	≤ 8.29	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	134	5670	3.78	3.96	95.21	7.09	≤ 8.29	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	142	5710	4.01	4.08	95.21	7.27	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	52	5260	4.80	5.47	98.04	8.16	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	60	5300	4.91	5.58	98.04	8.27	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	64	5320	4.64	4.91	98.04	7.79	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	100	5500	5.32	4.83	98.04	8.09	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	120	5600	4.56	4.91	98.04	7.75	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	140	5700	4.75	5.12	98.04	7.95	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	144	5720	5.05	5.02	98.04	8.05	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	54	5270	2.92	3.28	95.24	6.33	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	62	5310	2.78	3.23	95.24	6.23	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	102	5510	3.73	3.98	95.24	7.08	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	118	5590	3.93	4.48	95.24	7.44	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	134	5670	3.77	3.75	95.24	6.98	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	142	5710	3.86	4.20	95.24	7.26	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT80	MCS0	58	5290	-0.25	0.10	92.21	3.29	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT80	MCS0	106	5530	-0.24	0.34	92.21	3.42	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT80	MCS0	122	5610	0.85	0.88	92.21	4.23	≤ 8.29	Pass
11ac-VHT80	MCS0	138	5690	0.29	0.21	92.21	3.61	≤ 8.29	Pass

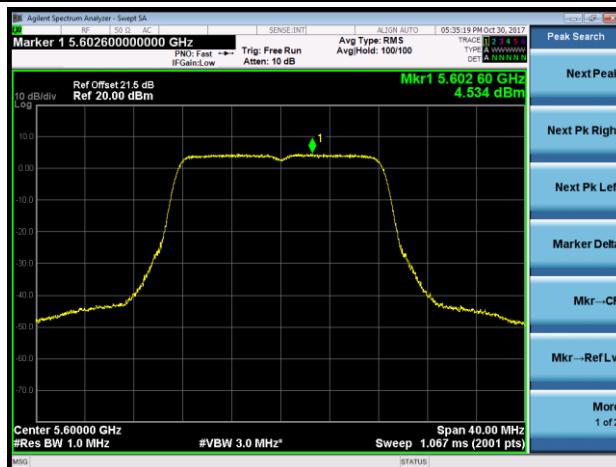
Note 1: When EUT duty cycle ≥ 98%, Total PSD (dBm/MHz) =  $10^{(\text{Ant 0 PSD}/10)} + 10^{(\text{Ant 1 PSD}/10)}$ .

Note 2: When EUT duty cycle < 98%, Total PSD (dBm/MHz) =  $10^{(\text{Ant 0 PSD}/10)} + 10^{(\text{Ant 1 PSD}/10)} + 10^{(\log \text{duty cycle} - 2)}$

(1/duty cycle).

Note 3: PSD Limit (dBm/MHz) = 11dBm/MHz - (5.7dBi + 3.01dBi - 6dBi) = 8.29dBm/MHz.

**802.11a Power Spectral Density - Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1 (CDD Mode)**
**Channel 52 (5260MHz)**

**Channel 60 (5300MHz)**

**Channel 64 (5320MHz)**

**Channel 100 (5500MHz)**

**Channel 120 (5600MHz)**

**Channel 140 (5700MHz)**
