# **FCC SAR Test Report**

**APPLICANT**: Essential Products Inc.

**EQUIPMENT**: Smartphone

**BRAND NAME**: Essential

MODEL NAME : A11

FCC ID : 2ALBB-A11

**STANDARD** : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

**ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992** 

**IEEE 1528-2013** 

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Manager

ENc huans

Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager





Report No.: FA770621-01

### SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

No.52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

FCC ID: 2ALBB-A11

Issued Date: Sep. 18, 2017 Form version.: 170509

Page 1 of 33

# SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

# **Table of Contents**

1. Statement of Compliance	
2. Administration Data	
3. Guidance Applied	
4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information	
4.1 General Information	6
4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations	
5. RF Exposure Limits	
5.1 Uncontrolled Environment	10
5.2 Controlled Environment	10
6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)	11
6.1 Introduction	11
6.2 SAR Definition	11
7. System Description and Setup	12
7.1 E-Field Probe	13
7.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	13
7.3 Phantom	
7.4 Device Holder	15
8. Measurement Procedures	16
8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation	16
8.2 Power Reference Measurement	17
8.3 Area Scan	
8.4 Zoom Scan	
8.5 Volume Scan Procedures	18
8.6 Power Drift Monitoring	18
9. Test Equipment List	19
10. System Verification	
10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids	20
10.2 Tissue Verification	
10.3 System Performance Check Results	22
11. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)	23
12. Antenna Location	
13. LTE UL CA SAR Verification Results	
13.1 Head SAR	27
13.2 Hotspot SAR	27
13.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR	
14. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis	
14.1 Head Exposure Conditions	29
14.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions	
14.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions	
15. Uncertainty Assessment	
16. References	33
Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check	
Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement	
Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate	
Appendix D. Test Setup Photos	

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

FCC ID: 2ALBB-A11

Report No. : FA770621-01

# **Revision History**

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA770621-01	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Sep. 07, 2017
FA770621-01	Rev. 02	Add Sim-Tx analysis in section14	Sep. 18, 2017

Page 3 of 33

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

FCC ID: 2ALBB-A11

Issued Date : Sep. 18, 2017 Form version. : 170509

Report No. : FA770621-01

# 1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for Essential Products Inc., Smartphone, A11, are as follows.

Report No.: FA770621-01

#### <LTE UL CA SAR verification>

		Hi	ghest SAR Summa	ary	Llighoot
Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Head (Separation 0mm)	Body-worn (Separation 10mm)	Hotspot (Separation 10mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
			1g SAR (W/kg)		ig SAR (W/kg)
Licensed	LTE Band 7	0.12	0.60	0.57	0.702
Licensed	LTE Band 38 / 41	0.15	0.41	0.41	0.703
Date of	Testing:		201	7/7/12	

#### Remark:

This device supports both LTE B38 and B41. Since the supported frequency range for LTE B38 falls completely within the supports frequency range for LTE B41, both LTE bands have the same target power, and both LTE bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for LTE B41.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications

# 2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory				
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.			
Test Site Location	No.52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978			

Report No. : FA770621-01

	Applicant
Company Name	Essential Products Inc.
Address	380 Portage Ave., Palo Alto, CA 94306, USA

Manufacturer				
Company Name	FIH Mobile Limited			
Address	No.4, Mingsheng St.,Tu-Cheng Dist., New Taipei City 23679, Taiwan			

# 3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D05A Rel.10 LTE SAR Test Guidance v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01

# 4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

# 4.1 General Information

Brand Name Ess Model Name A1 FCC ID 2AI IMEI Code 001 GS GS WC	nartphone ssential  1  NLBB-A11  1064000162524  SM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz
Model Name A11 FCC ID 2AI IMEI Code 001 GS GS WC	1 LBB-A11 1064000162524
FCC ID 2AL IMEI Code 001 GS GS WC	LBB-A11 1064000162524
IMEI Code 001 GS GS W0	1064000162524
IMEI Code 001 GS GS W0	1064000162524
GS WC	SM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz
WCCCD CD CD CD LTE	SM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz CDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz CDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz CDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz DMA2000 BC0: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.31 MHz DMA 2000 BC1: 1851.25 MHz ~ 1908.75 MHz DMA 2000 BC1: 1851.25 MHz ~ 1908.75 MHz DMA 2000 BC10: 817.9 MHz ~ 823.1 MHz EB Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz EB Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz EB Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz EB Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz EB Band 12: 699.7 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz EB Band 13: 779.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz EB Band 13: 779.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz EB Band 16: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1914.3 MHz EB Band 26: 814.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz EB Band 26: 814.7 MHz ~ 2848.3 MHz EB Band 30: 2307.5 MHz ~ 2312.5 MHz EB Band 30: 2307.5 MHz ~ 212.5 MHz EB Band 41: 2498.5 MHz ~ 22687.5 MHz EB Band 41: 2498.5 MHz ~ 22687.5 MHz EB Band 41: 2498.5 MHz ~ 2540 MHz LAN 2.4GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz LAN 5.3GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5320 MHz LAN 5.5GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz ULAN 5.6GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz ULAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz ULAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz ULAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz ULAN 5.6GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5826 MHz
RM HS HS DC Mode CD LTE WL WL Blu	SM/GPRS/EGPRS/DTM MC/AMR 12.2Kbps SDPA SUPA C-HSDPA C-HSDPA C-HSDPA DMA2000: 1xRTT/1xEv-Do(Rev.0)/1xEv-Do(Rev.A) E: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM LAN 2.4GHz: 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 LAN 5GHz: 802.11a/n/ac HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 uetooth BR/EDR/LE FC:ASK
HW Version DV	Л
SW Version NM	MF26X 99
GSM / (E)GPRS Dual Transfer Cla	ass A – EUT can support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously.
EUT Stage Ide	entical Prototype

Report No.: FA770621-01

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date : Sep. 18, 2017

FCC ID: 2ALBB-A11 Form version. : 170509 Page 6 of 33

In this C2PC filing is for enable LTE uplink CA intra band function by SW.

For LTE UL CA SAR measurement was chosen the highest SAR configuration for each RF exposure conditions from original report, Sporton Report No:FA740822 (FCC ID: 2ALBB-A11).

# 4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarize	ed necessary items	s address	sed in KD	B 94122	5 D05 v0	2r05		
FCC ID	2ALBB-A11							
Equipment Name	Smartphone							
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 2: 1850 LTE Band 4: 1710 LTE Band 5: 824.7 LTE Band 7: 2502 LTE Band 12: 699 LTE Band 17: 706 LTE Band 25: 185 LTE Band 26: 814 LTE Band 30: 230 LTE Band 41: 249 LTE Band 66: 171	.7 MHz ~ 8 7 MHz ~ 8 5 MHz ~ .5 MHz ~ .5 MHz ~ .5 MHz ~ .5 MHz ~ .7 MHz ~ .7 MHz ~ .7 MHz ~	1754.3 M 48.3 MHz 2567.5 M 715.3 MH 784.5 MH - 1914.3 MH - 2312.5 MH - 2687.5 MH	Hz : Hz Hz Hz Iz WHz Hz MHz MHz				
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 02:1.4N LTE Band 04:1.4N LTE Band 05:1.4N LTE Band 07: 5MH LTE Band 12:1.4N LTE Band 17: 5MH LTE Band 17: 5MH LTE Band 25:1.4N LTE Band 26:1.4N LTE Band 30: 5MH LTE Band 41: 5MH LTE Band 66:1.4N	MHz, 3MH: MHz, 3MH: Hz, 10MH: MHz, 3MH: Hz, 10MH: Hz, 10MH: MHz, 3MH: MHz, 10MH: Hz, 10MH:	z, 5MHz, z, 5MHz, z, 5MHz, z, 15MHz, z, 5MHz, z z z, 5MHz, z, 5MHz, z, 5MHz, z	10MHz, 10MHz, 10MHz, 20MHz 10MHz 10MHz, 10MHz,	15MHz, 2 15MHz, 2 15MHz	0MHz 0MHz		
uplink modulations used	QPSK / 16QAM / 6	64QAM						
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Voice and Data							
	Modulation  QPSK	T		responsed thereto		bandwidth  15  MHz > 16		MPR (dB) ≤ 1
	16 QAM	≤5	≤4	≤8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤1
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	16 QAM	>5	>4	>8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤2
LTE MER permanently built-in by design	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH		-conductory viscous	(MPR) for	C. C. C. C. S. C.	
	Modulation				Commence of the latest and the lates	dwidth conf		MPR (dB)
		1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz		10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	-
	64 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 2
	64 QAM	> 5	>4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 3
LTE A-MPR Spectrum plots for RB configuration	In the base station A-MPR during SA (Maximum TTI) A properly config measurement; the not included in the	R testing gured ba refore, sp	and the see station ectrum pl	TTE SA	AR tests ator was	was trans	mitting or	all TTI frames  AR and power
LTE Carrier Aggregation Combinations	The detail Intra-Ba this report, other referred to original	ind UL CA	combina d and int	ra-band	combinat	ions and	power ve	rification please
LTE Carrier Aggregation Additional Information	Enable UL CA on Relay, HetNet, E Scheduling, Enhar	this devic	e. Additio MIMO, e	nal follov	ving LTE	Release fe	eatures ar	e not supported:

Report No. : FA770621-01



SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

			Transm	ission (H, I	M, L) cl	hann	el numbe		uenci	ies in	each LTE	band		
	Bandwidth	h 1.4 MH:	Bandwic	lth 3 MHz	Banc	lwidtl	h 5 MHz	Bandwidt	h 10 N	ЛНг	Bandwidt	th 15 MHz Bandwidt		dth 20 MHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch.		Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Fre	eq.	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	1850.7	18615	1851.5	1862	25	1852.5	18650	18		18675	1857.5	18700	1860
М	18900	1880	18900	1880	1890	00	1880	18900	18	80	18900	1880	18900	1880
Н	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	1917	'5	1907.5	19150	19	05	19125	1902.5	19100	1900
							LTE Ba	nd 4						
	Bandwidth	h 1.4 MH:	z Bandwic	lth 3 MHz	Band	dwidtl	h 5 MHz	Bandwidt	h 10 N	ЛHz	Bandwidt	h 15 MHz	Bandwi	dth 20 MHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch.	#	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Fre (MI		Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	19957	1710.7	19965	1711.5	1997	'5	1712.5	20000	17	15	20025	1717.5	20050	1720
М	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	2017	<b>'</b> 5	1732.5	20175	173	2.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5
Н	20393	1754.3	20385	1753.5	2037	'5	1752.5	20350	17	50	20325	1747.5	20300	1745
							LTE Ba	nd 5						
			hth 1.4 MHz Bandwidth 3 MHz						ndwid				dwidth 10	
	Ch. #	F	req. (MHz)	Ch. #		Fred	q. (MHz)	Ch. #		Fre	eq. (MHz)	Ch. #	F	req. (MHz)
L	20407	7	824.7	20415	5	8	325.5	20425			826.5	20450		829
М	20525	5	836.5	20525	5	8	336.5	20525			836.5	20525		836.5
Н	20643	3	848.3	20635	20635 847.5		20625	5		846.5	20600	)	844	
					LTE Ba									
		ndwidth 5			dwidth				Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 2			
	Ch. #		req. (MHz)	Ch. #			q. (MHz)	Ch. #			eq. (MHz)	Ch. #		req. (MHz)
L	20775		2502.5	20800			2505	20825			20850		2510	
M	21100		2535	21100			2535	21100			21100		2535	
Н	21425	5	2567.5	21400	)	2	2565	21375	5 2562.5		21350 2560			
	Pon	dwidth 1.	4 M⊔→	Po	ndwidth	2 M	LTE Baı		ndwid	th = 1	<b>1</b> □-	Por	dwidth 10	NU-
	Ch. #		req. (MHz)	Ch. #			пz q. (MHz)	Ch. #			eq. (MHz)	Ch. #		req. (MHz)
1	23017		699.7	23025			700.5	23035		1 16	701.5	23060		704
M	23095		707.5	23095			707.5	23095			707.5	23095		707.5
Н	23173		715.3	23165	-		714.5	23155			713.5	23130		711
							LTE Bar	nd 13						
		Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz												
		Channel	#		Freq.(N	ИHz)		Channel #			Freq.(MHz)			
L		23205			779.	5								
М		23230			782	2		23230			782			
Н		23255			784.	5								
							LTE Baı	nd 17						
				lth 5 MHz								h 10 MHz		
		Channel	#		Freq.(N				Chan				Freq. (MH	lz)
L		23755			706.				237				709	
M		23790			710				237				710	
Н		23825			713.	5	LTE Baı	ad 25	238	300			711	
	Bandwidth	h 1 4 MU	z Bandwie	lth 3 MHz	Rane	hwidt	h 5 MHz	nd 25 Bandwidt	h 10.4	/Hz	Randwidt	h 15 MHz	Randwi	dth 20 MHz
		Freq.		Freq.			Freq.		Fre			Freq.		Freq.
	Ch. #	(MHz)	Ch. #	(MHz)	Ch.	#	(MHz)	Ch. #	(MI		Ch. #	(MHz)	Ch. #	(MHz)
L	26047	1850.7	26055	1851.5	2606	35	1852.5	26090	18	55	26115	1857.5	26140	1860
М	26340	1880	26340	1880	2634	10	1880	26340	18	80	26340	1880	26340	1880
Н	26683	1914.3	26675	1913.5	2666	35	1912.5	26640	19	10	26615	1907.5	26590	1905

Report No. : FA770621-01

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date : Sep. 18, 2017 Form version. : 170509 FCC ID: 2ALBB-A11 Page 8 of 33



# SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

					LTE Ba	and 26						
	Bandwidt	th 1.4 MHz	Ban	ndwidth 3 MHz	Bandwid	dth 5 MHz	Bandwid	th 10 MHz	Bandw	vidth 15 MHz		
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch.	# Freq. (MF	łz) Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)		
L	26697	814.7	2670	815.5	26715	816.5	26740	819	26765	821.5		
М	26865	831.5	2686	831.5	26865	831.5	26865	831.5	26865	831.5		
Н	27033	848.3	2702	25 847.5	27015	846.5	26990	844	26965	841.5		
					LTE Ba	ınd 30						
	Bandwidth 5 MHz						Ва	andwidth 10 M	lHz			
	C	Channel #		Freq.(	MHz)	Cl	Channel #			Freq.(MHz)		
L		27685		230	7.5							
М		27710		23	10	:		2310				
Н		27735		231	2.5							
					LTE Ba	ind 41						
	Band	dwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidt	n 10 MHz	Bandw		Bandwidth 20 MHz				
	Ch. #	Freq. (N	1Hz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (I	MHz) (	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)		
L	39675	2498.	.5	39700	2501	39725	2503	3.5	9750	2506		
L M	40148	2545.	.8	40160	2547	40173	2548	3.3 4	0185	2549.5		
М	40620	2593	3	40620	2593	40620	259	3 4	0620	2593		
H M	41093	2640.	.3	41080	2639	41068	2637	7.8 4	1055	2636.5		
Н	41565	2687.	.5	41540	2685	41515	2682	2.5 4	1490	2680		

Report No. : FA770621-01

# 5. RF Exposure Limits

#### 5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

#### 5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

#### Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

#### Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Page 10 of 33

FCC ID: 2ALBB-A11

Issued Date: Sep. 18, 2017 Form version.: 170509

Report No.: FA770621-01

# 6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

### 6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

Report No.: FA770621-01

#### 6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

# 7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



Report No.: FA770621-01

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

# 7.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

#### <ES3DV3 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – 4 GHz; Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz)	
Directivity	±0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g – >100 mW/g; Linearity: ±0.2 dB	<i>A</i>
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm	



Report No.: FA770621-01

#### <EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic
	solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)
	±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)
	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm)
	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1
	mm



#### 7.2 <u>Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)</u>

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

FCC ID: 2ALBB-A11 Page 13 of 33

Issued Date : Sep. 18, 2017 Form version. : 170509

### 7.3 Phantom

#### <SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	7 5
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

Report No.: FA770621-01

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

#### <ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

#### 7.4 Device Holder

#### <Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





Report No.: FA770621-01

Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

#### <Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

# 8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

#### <Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

Report No.: FA770621-01

- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

#### <SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

#### 8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

#### 8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Report No.: FA770621-01

#### 8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz		
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$		
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°		
	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$		
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.			

#### 8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Report No.: FA770621-01

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$			$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm <sup>*</sup>	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
	graded grid	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note:  $\delta$  is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

#### 8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

#### 8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested

FCC ID: 2ALBB-A11 Page 18 of 33 Form version.: 170509

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is  $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$ ,  $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$ ,  $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$  and  $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$  zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

# 9. Test Equipment List

Manufactura	Name of Emilian and	Turne /Mandal	Carriel Number	Calibration		
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1008	Aug. 30, 2016	Aug. 29, 2017	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1424	Feb. 16, 2017	Feb. 15, 2018	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3976	Feb. 21, 2017	Feb. 20, 2018	
Gencom	Thermometer	TE1	TM685-1	Mar. 21, 2017	Mar. 20, 2018	
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6201341950	Apr. 20, 2017	Apr. 19, 2018	
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Anritsu	Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201502524	Dec. 09, 2016	Dec. 08, 2017	
Agilent	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46316648	Jan. 04, 2017	Jan. 03, 2018	
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1047	Nov. 29, 2016	Nov. 28, 2017	
LINE SEIKI	Digital Thermometer	LKMelectronic	DTM3000SPEZIAL	Sep. 05, 2016	Sep. 04, 2017	
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1438002	Dec. 06, 2016	Dec. 05, 2017	
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1419002	May. 15, 2017	May. 14, 2018	
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1339195	Dec. 06, 2016	Dec. 05, 2017	
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1339124	May. 15, 2017	May. 14, 2018	
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4408B	MY44211028	Aug. 22, 2016	Aug. 21, 2017	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	D120604	Mar. 09, 2017	Mar. 08, 2018	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	QA1344002	Mar. 09, 2017	Mar. 08, 2018	
ATM	Dual Directional Coupler	C122H-10	P610410z-02	No	te 1	
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	Note 1		
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	No	te 1	
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	No	te 1	

Report No.: FA770621-01

#### **General Note:**

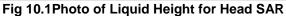
1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

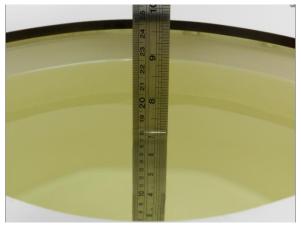
# 10. System Verification

# 10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.2.







Report No. : FA770621-01

Fig 10.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

# 10.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Report No. : FA770621-01

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)		
For Head										
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9		
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5		
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5		
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0		
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2		
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0		
				For Body						
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5		
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2		
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0		
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3		
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7		
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5		

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)		
Water	64~78%		
Mineral oil	11~18%		
Emulsifiers	9~15%		
Additives and Salt	2~3%		

# <Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

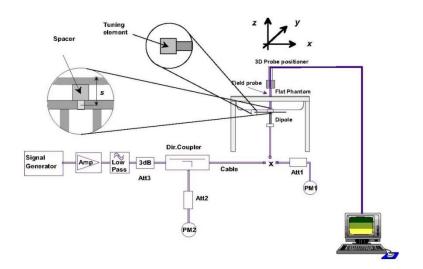
Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε <sub>r</sub> ) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
2600	HSL	22.3	2.011	37.931	1.96	39.00	2.60	-2.74	±5	2017/7/12
2600	MSL	22.3	2.181	54.157	2.16	52.50	0.97	3.16	±5	2017/7/12

FCC ID : 2ALBB-A11 Page 21 of 33 Form version. : 170509

### 10.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2017/7/12	2600	HSL	250	D2600V2-1008	EX3DV4 - SN3976	DAE4 Sn1424	13.50	56.80	54.00	-4.93
2017/7/12	2600	MSL	250	D2600V2-1008	EX3DV4 - SN3976	DAE4 Sn1424	13.60	55.20	54.40	-1.45





Report No. : FA770621-01

Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

# 11. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

### <LTE Carrier Aggregation (Uplink)>

#### **General Note:**

1. This device supports Carrier Aggregation on uplink for intra band. For the device supports bands and bandwidths and configurations are provided as follow table was according to 3GPP.

Report No. : FA770621-01

E-UTRA CA	Uplink CA	carrier fr	in order of increasing requency	Maximum aggregated	Bandwidth	
configuration	configurations	Channel bandwidths for carrier [MHz]	Channel bandwidths for carrier [MHz]	bandwidth [MHz]	combination set	
		15	15	40	0	
		20	20	40	U	
		10	20			
CA_7C	CA_7C	15	15, 20	40	1	
		20	10, 15, 20			
		15	10, 15	40	2	
		20	15, 20	40	2	
CA_38C	CA 38C	15	15	40	0	
CA_36C	CA_30C	20	20	40	0	
		10	20		0	
		15	15, 20	40		
		20	10, 15, 20			
		5, 10	20			
		15	15, 20	40	1	
CA_41C	CA_41C	20	5, 10, 15, 20			
		10	15, 20			
		15	10, 15, 20	40	2	
		20	10, 15, 20			
		10	20	40	3	
		20	20	40	3	

#### LTE Carrier Aggregation Conducted Power (Uplink)

1. This device supports uplink carrier aggregation for LTE CA\_7C, CA\_38C, CA\_41C with a maximum of two 20MHz component carriers. For intra band contiguous carrier aggregation scenarios, 3GPP 36.101 Table 6.2.2A-1 specifies that the aggregate maximum allowed output power is equivalent to the single carrier scenario. For the non-contiguously allocated resource blocks which the MPR level is determined by various RB separation and RB sizes requirement, and the allowed MPR levels, settings and the conducted powers are permanently implemented in this device per the 3GPP 36.36.101 section 6.2.3A.1.3 requirements.

Report No.: FA770621-01

- 2. According to FCC guidance, the output power with uplink CA active was measured for the high / middle / low channel configuration with the highest reported SAR for each exposure condition, the power was measured with wideband signal integration over both component carriers.
- 3. In applying the power measurement procedures of KDB 941225 D05A for DL CA to qualify for UL SAR test exclusion, power measurement is required only for the subset in each row with the largest combination of frequency bands and CCs
- 4. Maximum output power measurement is required for each UL CA configuration for the required test channels described in KDB 941225 D05. The required test channel should be associated with the UL PCC. For channels at the ends of a frequency band, the SCC and subsequent CCs are added to the side within the transmission band. Otherwise, the CCs should be added alternatively to either side of the PCC.



<Power Measurement Setup>

#### <LTE Band 7>

							CA_	7C							
	Combination 20MHz+20MHz (100RB+100RB)														
F	PCC SCC Modulation PCC SCC Total RB Size Target MPR Measured Tune up Power														
Ch	nannel	Channel	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	RB Size	RB offset	Total RD Size	Level (dB)	Power (dBm)	(dBm)				
2	0850	21048	QPSK	1	0	0	0	1	0	24.98	25.00				
2	1100	20902	QPSK	1	0	1	99	2	0	25.00	25.00				
2	1350	21152	QPSK	1	0	1	99	2	0	24.96	25.00				

#### <LTE Band 38>

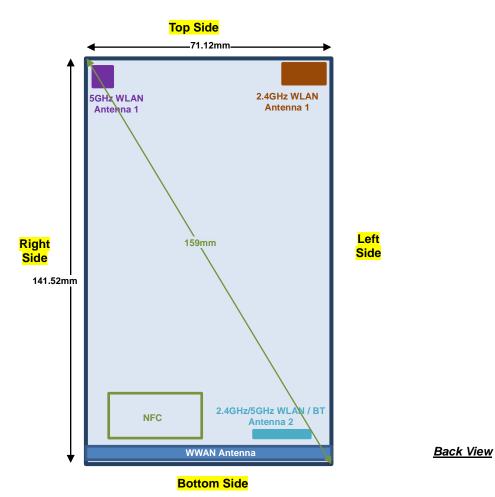
							CA_38	BC							
	Combination 20MHz+20MHz (100RB+100RB)														
PC	PCC SCC Modulation PCC SCC Total RB Size Target MPR Measured Tune up Power														
Char	nnel	Channel	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	RB Size	RB offset	Total ND Size	Level (dB)	Power (dBm)	(dBm)				
378	350	38048	QPSK	1	0	0	0	1	0	25.00	25.00				
379	901	38099	QPSK	1	0	0	0	1	0	24.98	25.00				
381	150	37952	QPSK	1	0	1	99	2	0	24.97	25.00				

#### <LTE Band 41>

						CA_4	IC								
	Combination 20MHz+20MHz (100RB+100RB)														
PCC	· · · I Modulation I · · · · · · I I Otal RB Size I · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·														
Channel	Channel	iviodulation	RB Size	RB offset	RB Size	RB offset	Total RD Size	Level (dB)	Power (dBm)	(dBm)					
39750	39948	QPSK	1	0	0	0	1	0	25.94	26.00					
40185	39987	QPSK	1	0	1	99	2	0	25.90	26.00					
40620	40422	QPSK	1	0	1	99	2	0	25.98	26.00					
41055	40857	QPSK	1	0	1	99	2	0	25.73	26.00					
41490	41292	QPSK	1	0	1	99	2	0	25.59	26.00					

#### SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

# 12. Antenna Location



Report No. : FA770621-01

# 13. LTE UL CA SAR Verification Results

#### **General Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

Report No.: FA770621-01

- b. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 63.3%/62.9% = 1.006 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The Reported TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)\* Tune-up Scaling Factor\* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
  - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.

#### LTE Note:

- Per FCC KDB inquiry guidance, the following applied to intra-band contiguous UL CA only;
  - a. Maximum output power measurement is required for each UL CA configuration for the required test channels described in KDB 941225 D05. The required test channel should be associated with the UL PCC. For channels at the ends of a frequency band, the SCC and subsequent CCs are added to the side within the transmission band. Otherwise, the CCs should be added alternatively to either side of the PCC
  - b. UL CA SAR is measured for each exposure condition in each frequency band using the highest SAR configuration tested in standalone LTE mode to establish the UL CA PCC. The SCC and subsequent CC must use configurations similar to the PCC to establish conservative or worst case equivalent SAR test conditions and the highest SAR configuration is selected from original report, sporton report No.:FA740822 (FCC ID: 2ALBB-A11).
  - c. When the SAR configuration tested in step b) has a maximum output power specification more than ¼ dB lower than the highest maximum output power conditions measured in the power measurements in step a) above and the reported SAR in step b) is larger than 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is also required for the configuration in step a)
  - d. All standalone SAR configurations with SAR > 1.2 W/kg must also be tested by applying the procedures in step b)
- LTE band 38 SAR test was covered by Band 41; according to TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
  - a. The maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion.
  - b. The channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band.

Form version.: 170509 Page 26 of 33

# 13.1 Head SAR

#### <FDD LTE SAR>

	lot lo.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)				Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	
(	01	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	0mm	+	2560 (PCC) + 2540.2 (SCC)	24.96	25.00	1.009	0.01	0.116	0.117

Report No. : FA770621-01

#### <TDD LTE SAR>

Plo No		BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
								41490 (PCC)	2680 (PCC)								
02	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek			+	25.59	26.00	1.099	62.9	1.006	0.12	0.131	0.145
								41292 (SCC)	2660.2 (SCC)								

# 13.2 Hotspot SAR

#### <FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)				Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	
03	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	10mm		2510 (PCC) + 2529.8 (SCC)	24.98	25.00	1.005	0.16	0.564	0.567

#### <TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
04	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	+` ′	2636.5 (PCC) + 2616.7 (SCC)	25.73	26.00	1.064	62.9	1.006	-0.11	0.379	0.406

# 13.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

#### <FDD LTE SAR>

	lot lo.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Limit		Drift	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	
C	)5	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm		2510 (PCC) + 2529.8 (SCC)	24.98	25.00	1.005	-0.04	0.595	0.598

#### <TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Tune-up Scaling Factor				Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
								41055 (PCC)	2636.5 (PCC)								
06	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	+	+	25.73	26.00	1.064	62.9	1.006	-0.11	0.379	0.406
								40857 (SCC)	2616.7 (SCC)								

FCC ID : 2ALBB-A11 Page 27 of 33 Form version. : 170509

# 14. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO	0. 1. 7		Portable Handse	t
NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot
1.	GSM Voice + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	
2.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes
3.	WCDMA + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes
4.	LTE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes
5.	GSM Voice + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	
6.	GPRS/EDGE + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes
7.	WCDMA+ Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes
8.	LTE + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes
9.	GSM Voice + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes	
10.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes
11.	WCDMA + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes
12.	LTE + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes
13.	GSM Voice + WLAN2.4GHz Ant 2 + Bluetooth Ant 1	Yes	Yes	
14.	GPRS/EDGE + + WLAN2.4GHz Ant 2 + Bluetooth Ant 1	Yes	Yes	Yes
15.	WCDMA + WLAN2.4GHz Ant 2 + Bluetooth Ant 1	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.	LTE + WLAN2.4GHz Ant 2 + Bluetooth Ant 1	Yes	Yes	Yes
17.	GSM Voice + WLAN5GHz Ant 2 + Bluetooth Ant 1	Yes	Yes	
18.	GPRS/EDGE + + WLAN5GHz Ant 2 + Bluetooth Ant 1	Yes	Yes	Yes
19.	WCDMA + WLAN5GHz Ant 2 + Bluetooth Ant 1	Yes	Yes	Yes
20.	LTE + WLAN5GHz Ant 2 + Bluetooth Ant 1	Yes	Yes	Yes

Report No.: FA770621-01

#### **General Note:**

- 1. For WLAN SAR testing record please refer to original report, Sporton Report No:FA740822 (FCC ID: 2ALBB-A11).
- 2. This device WLAN 2.4GHz / 5.2GHz / 5.8GHz supports Hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
- 3. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna 1, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 4. EUT will choose either WLAN 2.4GHz or WLAN 5GHz according to the network signal condition; therefore, 2.4GHz WLAN and 5GHz WLAN will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- 5. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 6. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
  - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
  - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
  - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
  - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
- 7. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v06 based on the formula below.
  - i) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[ $\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$ ] W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-q SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-q SAR.
  - ii) When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
  - iii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Bluetooth	Exposure Position	Hotspot	Body worn
Max Power	Test separation	10 mm	10 mm
8.0 dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.126 W/kg	0.126 W/kg

# 14.1 Head Exposure Conditions

	WWAN Band  LTE Band 7		1	2	3	4	5	6				
W		Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN Ant 1	2.4GHz WLAN Ant 2	5GHz WLAN Ant 1	5GHz WLAN Ant 2	Bluetooth Ant 1	1g SAR	1g SAR	1g SAR	1g SAR
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
1.75	LTE Band 7	Right Cheek	0.117	0.135	0.001	0.029	0.001	0.042	0.253	0.160	0.147	0.160
LIE	LTE Band 41	Right Cheek	0.145	0.135	0.001	0.029	0.001	0.042	0.281	0.188	0.175	0.188

Report No. : FA770621-01

# 14.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

			1	2	3	4	5	6				
WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN Ant 1	2.4GHz WLAN Ant 2	5GHz WLAN Ant 1	5GHz WLAN Ant 2	Bluetooth Ant 1	1g SAR	1+3+6 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+2+5 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)				
LTE	LTE Band 7	Bottom side	0.567	0.001	0.010	0.009	0.001	0.126	0.578	0.703	0.586	0.569
LIE	LTE Band 41	Back	0.406	0.072	0.026	0.047	0.001	0.126	0.504	0.558	0.479	0.479

# 14.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

			1	2	3	4	5	6				
WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN Ant 1	2.4GHz WLAN Ant 2	5GHz WLAN Ant 1	5GHz WLAN Ant 2	Bluetooth Ant 1	1+2+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+4+5 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+2+5 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)				
LTE	LTE Band 7	Back	0.598	0.072	0.026	0.051	0.001	0.126	0.696	0.650	0.675	0.671
LIE	LTE Band 41	Back	0.406	0.072	0.026	0.051	0.001	0.126	0.504	0.458	0.483	0.479

Test Engineer: San Lin, Poa Chen, Nick Yu, and Galen Chang

# 15. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

Report No.: FA770621-01

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

<b>Uncertainty Distributions</b>	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor <sup>(a)</sup>	1/k <sup>(b)</sup>	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b)  $\kappa$  is the coverage factor

#### **Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution**

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

# SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.00	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9
Boundary Effects	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.70	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Modulation Response	4.68	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
Readout Electronics	0.30	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.60	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.40	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning	2.90	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Max. SAR Eval.	2.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	3.03	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
Device Holder	3.60	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6
Power Drift	5.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
Power Scaling	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	6.10	R	1.732	1	1	3.5	3.5
SAR correction	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.03	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.00	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.50	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.68	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.7	1.5
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.02	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.00	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.50	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.84	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1
Cor	11.6%	11.6%					
Co	K=2	K=2					
Exp	23.2%	23.1%					

Report No. : FA770621-01

Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

# SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9
Boundary Effects	2.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Linearity	4.70	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Modulation Response	4.68	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
Readout Electronics	0.30	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.60	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.40	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning	6.70	R	1.732	1	1	3.9	3.9
Max. SAR Eval.	4.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.3	2.3
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	3.03	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
Device Holder	3.60	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6
Power Drift	5.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
Power Scaling	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	6.60	R	1.732	1	1	3.8	3.8
SAR correction	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.03	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.00	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.50	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.68	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.7	1.5
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.02	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.00	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.50	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.84	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1
Сог	12.7%	12.6%					
Co	K=2	K=2					
Exp	25.4%	25.3%					

Report No. : FA770621-01

Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 3 GHz to 6 GHz

# 16. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"

Report No.: FA770621-01

- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Oct 2015.
- [8] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2015
- [9] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2015
- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D05A v01r02, "Rel. 10 LTE SAR Test Guidance and KDB Inquiries", Oct 2015
- [11] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2015.
- [12] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [13] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.