









# **TEST REPORT**

Test report no.: 1-3818/17-01-02



### **Testing laboratory**

#### **CTC advanced GmbH**

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#### **Accredited Testing Laboratory:**

The testing laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2005) by the Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS)

The accreditation is valid for the scope of testing procedures as stated in the accreditation certificate with

the registration number: D-PL-12076-01-01

### **Applicant**

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Phone: +33 1 55 80 31 63

#### Manufacturer

#### Axible

425 rue Jean Rostand 31670 Labège / FRANCE

#### Test standard/s

47 CFR Part 15 Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency

devices

RSS - 247 Issue 2 Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and

Licence - Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices

For further applied test standards please refer to section 3 of this test report.

**Test Item** 

Kind of test item: Tracker Model name: LVE

FCC ID: 2ALDGLVE IC: 22571-LVE

Frequency: ISM band 902 MHz – 928 MHz

Technology tested: Proprietary

Antenna: Integrated antenna

Power supply: 3.7 V DC by Li ion battery

Temperature: 22 °C



This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwriting signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

Test report authorized:	Test performed:		
Christoph Schneider	Tobias Wittenmeier		
Lab Manager	Testing Manager		
Radio Communications & EMC	Radio Communications & EMC		



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### 2 General information

### 2.1 Notes and disclaimer

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. CTC advanced GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item.

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### 2.2 Application details

Date of receipt of order: 2017-04-21
Date of receipt of test item: 2017-05-12
Start of test: 2017-05-16
End of test: 2017-05-16

Person(s) present during the test: -/-

#### 2.3 Test laboratories sub-contracted

None



# 3 Test standard/s and references

Test standard	Date	Description
47 CFR Part 15		Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices
RSS - 247 Issue 2	February 2017	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence - Exempt Local Area Network (LE- LAN) Devices

Guidance	Version	Description
DTS: KDB 558074 D01	v03r05	Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247
ANSI C63.4-2014	-/-	American national standard for methods of measurement of radio- noise emissions from low-voltage electrical and electronic equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ANSI C63.10-2013	-/-	American national standard of procedures for compliance testing of unlicensed wireless devices



### 4 Test environment

Temperature	:	T <sub>nom</sub> T <sub>max</sub> T <sub>min</sub>	+22 °C during room temperature tests No tests under extreme conditions required No tests under extreme conditions required
Relative humidity content	:		55 %
Barometric pressure : 1021 hpa		1021 hpa	
Power supply : V <sub>max</sub>		$V_{\text{max}}$	3.70 V DC by Li ion battery No tests under extreme conditions required No tests under extreme conditions required

### 5 Test item

## 5.1 General description

Kind of test item :	Tracker		
Type identification :	LVE		
HMN :	-/-		
PMN :	LOUIS VUITTON ECHO		
HVIN :	LVE		
FVIN :	-/-		
S/N serial number :	Rad. RC2 86 & RC4 81 Cond. RC2 79 & RC4 83		
HW hardware status :	2.0		
SW software status :	2.0		
Frequency band :	ISM band 902 MHz – 928 MHz		
Type of radio transmission: Use of frequency spectrum:	FHSS		
Type of modulation :	DBPSK		
Number of channels :	54 per frequency block		
Antenna :	Integrated antenna		
Power supply :	3.7 V DC by Li ion battery		
Temperature :	22 °C		

### 5.2 Additional information

The content of the following annexes is defined in the QA. It may be that not all of the listed annexes are necessary for this report, thus some values in between may be missing.

Test setup- and EUT-photos are included in test report: 1-3818/17-01-01\_AnnexA

1-3818/17-01-01\_AnnexB 1-3818/17-01-01\_AnnexD



### 6 Description of the test setup

Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Weekly chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, RF generating and signaling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analyzers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Lab/Item).

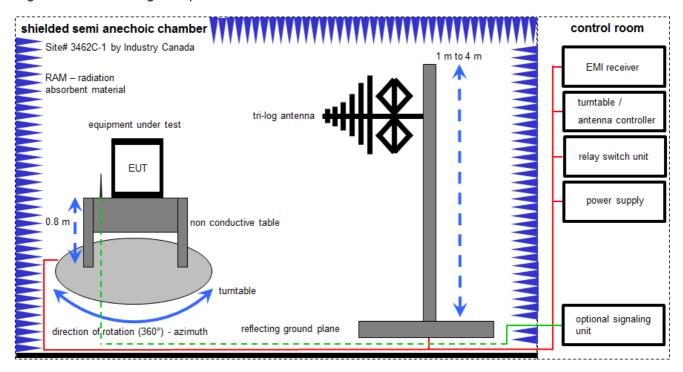
### Agenda: Kind of Calibration

k	calibration / calibrated	EK	limited calibration cyclical maintenance (external cyclical maintenance)
ne	not required (k, ev, izw, zw not required)	zw	
ev	periodic self verification long-term stability recognized	izw	internal cyclical maintenance
Ve		g	blocked for accredited testing
vlkl! NK!	Attention: extended calibration interval Attention: not calibrated	*)	next calibration ordered / currently in progress



### 6.1 Shielded semi anechoic chamber

The radiated measurements are performed in vertical and horizontal plane in the frequency range from 9 kHz to 1 GHz in semi-anechoic chambers. The EUT is positioned on a non-conductive support with a height of 0.80 m above a conductive ground plane that covers the whole chamber. The receiving antennas are conform to specifications ANSI C63. These antennas can be moved over the height range between 1.0 m and 4.0 m in order to search for maximum field strength emitted from EUT. The measurement distances between EUT and receiving antennas are indicated in the test setups for the various frequency ranges. For each measurement, the EUT is rotated in all three axes until the maximum field strength is received. The wanted and unwanted emissions are received by spectrum analyzers where the detector modes and resolution bandwidths over various frequency ranges are set according to requirement ANSI C63.



Measurement distance: tri-log antenna 10 meter

FS = UR + CL + AF

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CL-loss of the cable; AF-antenna factor)

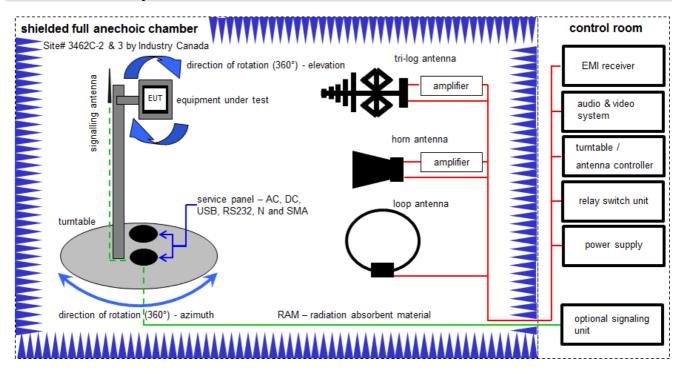
Example calculation:

FS  $[dB\mu V/m] = 12.35 [dB\mu V/m] + 1.90 [dB] + 16.80 [dB/m] = 31.05 [dB\mu V/m] (35.69 \( \mu V/m \))$ 

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Туре	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	Α	Switch-Unit	3488A	HP	2719A14505	300000368	ev	-/-	-/-
2	Α	Meßkabine 1	HF-Absorberhalle	MWB AG 300023		300000551	ne	-/-	-/-
3	Α	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI 3	R&S	100083	300003312	k	01.02.2017	31.01.2018
4	А	Analyzer-Reference- System (Harmonics and Flicker)	ARS 16/1	SPS	A3509 07/0 0205	300003314	Ve	02.02.2016	02.02.2018
5	Α	Antenna Tower	Model 2175	ETS-Lindgren	64762	300003745	izw	-/-	-/-
6	А	Positioning Controller	Model 2090	ETS-Lindgren	64672	300003746	izw	-/-	-/-
7	А	Turntable Interface- Box	Model 105637	ETS-Lindgren	44583	300003747	izw	-/-	-/-
8	А	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck	295	300003787	k	25.04.2016	25.04.2018



# 6.2 Shielded fully anechoic chamber



Measurement distance: tri-log antenna and horn antenna 3 meter; loop antenna 3 meter

FS = UR + CA + AF

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CA-loss of the signal path; AF-antenna factor)

### Example calculation:

 $FS [dB\mu V/m] = 40.0 [dB\mu V/m] + (-35.8) [dB] + 32.9 [dB/m] = 37.1 [dB\mu V/m] (71.61 \mu V/m)$ 

OP = AV + D - G + CA

(OP-radiated output power; AV-analyzer value; D-free field attenuation of measurement distance; G-antenna gain+amplifier gain; CA-loss signal path)

### Example calculation:

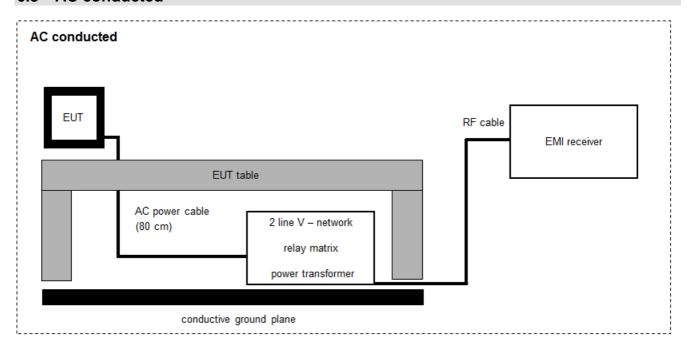
OP [dBm] = -65.0 [dBm] + 50 [dB] - 20 [dBi] + 5 [dB] = -30 [dBm] (1  $\mu$ W)



No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Туре	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	С	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	8812-3088	300001032	vIKI!	20.05.2015	20.05.2017
2	A,B,C	Anechoic chamber	FAC 3/5m	MWB / TDK	87400/02	300000996	ev	-/-	-/-
3	A,B,C	Switch / Control Unit	3488A	HP	*	300000199	ne	-/-	-/-
4	А	Active Loop Antenna 10 kHz to 30 MHz	6502	EMCO/2	8905-2342	300000256	k	24.06.2015	24.06.2017
5	С	Highpass Filter	WHKX2.9/18G- 12SS	Wainwright	1	300003492	ev	-/-	-/-
6	A,B,C	EMI Test Receiver 20Hz- 26,5GHz	ESU26	R&S	100037	300003555	k	31.01.2017	30.01.2018
7	С	Highpass Filter	WHK1.1/15G-10SS	Wainwright	3	300003255	ev	-/-	-/-
8	С	Highpass Filter	WHKX7.0/18G-8SS	Wainwright	19	300003790	ne	-/-	-/-
9	В	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck	371	300003854	vIKI!	29.10.2014	29.10.2017
10	В,С	Broadband Amplifier 0.5-18 GHz	CBLU5184540	CERNEX	22049	300004481	ev	-/-	-/-
11	A,B,C	4U RF Switch Platform	L4491A	Agilent Technologies	MY50000037	300004509	ne	-/-	-/-
12	A,B,C	NEXIO EMV- Software	BAT EMC V3.16.0.49	EMCO		300004682	ne	-/-	-/-
13	A,B,C	PC	ExOne	F+W		300004703	ne	-/-	-/-



### 6.3 AC conducted



FS = UR + CF + VC

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CR-loss of the cable and filter; VC-correction factor of the ISN)

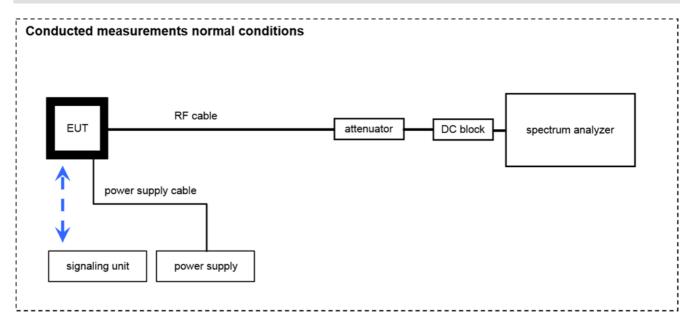
### Example calculation:

 $\overline{\text{FS [dB}\mu\text{V/m]}} = 37.62 \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} + 9.90 \text{ [dB]} + 0.23 \text{ [dB]} = 47.75 \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} (244.06 \mu\text{V/m})$ 

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Туре	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	А	Two-line V-Network (LISN) 9 kHz to 30 MHz	ESH3-Z5	R&S	893045/004	300000584	k	31.01.2017	30.01.2018
2	Α	RF-Filter-section	85420E	HP	3427A00162	300002214	k	27.11.2006	-/-
3	А	AC- Spannungsquelle variabel	MV2616-V	EM-Test	0397-12	300003259	k	11.12.2015	11.12.2017
4	А	Analyzer-Reference- System (Harmonics and Flicker)	ARS 16/1	SPS	A3509 07/0 0205	300003314	Ve	02.02.2016	02.02.2018
5	Α	Hochpass 150 kHz	EZ-25	R&S	100010	300003798	ev	08.04.2008	-/-
6	А	MXE EMI Receiver 20 Hz to 26,5 GHz	N9038A	Agilent Technologies	MY51210197	300004405	k	16.08.2016	16.08.2017



### **Conducted measurements**



OP = AV + CA

(OP-output power; AV-analyzer value; CA-loss signal path)

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Туре	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	А	DC Power Supply, 60V, 10A	6038A	HP	3122A11097	300001204	Ve	21.01.2015	21.01.2018
2	A.	EMI Test Receiver 9 kHz - 3 GHz incl. Preselector	ESPI3	R&S	101713	300004059	k	25.01.2017	24.01.2018
3	А	Signal- and Spectrum Analyzer	FSW26	R&S	101455	300004528	k	25.01.2017	24.01.2018
4	Α	Coaxial Attenuator	WA23-20-34	Weinschel Ass	B4661	400001130	ev	-/-	-/-
5	А	RF-Cable SRD021 No. 1	Enviroflex 316 D	Huber & Suhner		400001311	ev	01.02.2017	31.01.2018



### 7 Sequence of testing

### 7.1 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 9 kHz to 30 MHz

### Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

#### **Premeasurement**

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with positive-peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

### Final measurement

- Identified emissions during the premeasurement are maximized by the software by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. In case of the 2-axis positioner is used the elevation axis is also rotated from 0° to 360°.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with quasi-peak (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.



### 7.2 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 30 MHz to 1 GHz

### Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 10 m or 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

#### **Premeasurement**

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 m to 3 m.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

#### Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position ± 45° and antenna height between 1 and 4 m.
- The final measurement is done with quasi-peak detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.



### 7.3 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 1 GHz to 12.75 GHz

#### Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

#### **Premeasurement**

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with positive peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

#### Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximizes
  the peaks by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. This measurement is repeated for different EUT-table
  positions (0° to 150° in 30°-steps) and for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.



# 8 Measurement uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty						
Test case	Uncertainty					
Antenna gain	± 3 dB					
Carrier frequency separation	± 21.5 kHz					
Number of hopping channels	-/-					
Spectrum bandwidth	± 21.5 kHz absolute; ± 15.0 kHz relative					
Maximum output power	± 1 dB					
Detailed conducted spurious emissions @ the band edge	± 1 dB					
Band edge compliance radiated	± 3 dB					
Spurious emissions conducted	± 3 dB					
Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz	± 3 dB					
Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz	± 3 dB					
Spurious emissions radiated 1 GHz to 12.75 GHz	± 3.7 dB					
Spurious emissions radiated above 12.75 GHz	± 4.5 dB					



# 9 Summary of measurement results

$\boxtimes$	No deviations from the technical specifications were ascertained
	There were deviations from the technical specifications ascertained
	This test report is only a partial test report. The content and verdict of the performed test cases are listed below.

TC Identifier	Description	Verdict	Date	Remark
RF-Testing	CFR Part 15 RSS - 247, Issue 2	Passed	2017-05-30	-/-

Test specification clause	Test case	Temperature conditions	Power source voltages	Mode	С	NC	NA	NP	Remark
§15.247(b)(4) RSS - 247 / 5.4 (d)	Antenna gain	Nominal	Nominal	CW	×				-/-
§15.247(a)(1) RSS - 247 / 5.1 (b)	Carrier frequency separation	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK	×				-/-
§15.247(a)(1) RSS - 247 / 5.1 (d)	Number of hopping channels	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK	X				-/-
§15.247(a)(1) (iii) RSS - 247 / 5.1 (d)	Time of occupancy (dwell time)	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK	×				-/-
§15.247(a)(1) RSS - 247 / 5.1 (a)	Spectrum bandwidth of a FHSS system bandwidth	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK	×				-/-
§15.247(b)(1) RSS - 247 / 5.4 (b)	Maximum output power	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK	×				-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5	Detailed spurious emissions @ the band edge - conducted	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK	×				-/-
§15.205 RSS - 247 / 5.5 RSS - Gen	Band edge compliance radiated	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK	×				-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5	Spurious emissions conducted	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK	×				-/-
§15.209(a) RSS - Gen	Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK	×				-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5 §15.109 RSS - Gen	Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK / RX mode	×				-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5 §15.109 RSS - Gen	Spurious emissions radiated above 1 GHz	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK / RX mode	×				-/-
§15.107(a) §15.207	Conducted emissions below 30 MHz (AC conducted)	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK	$\boxtimes$				-/-

Note: C = Compliant; NC = Not compliant; NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed



### 10 RF measurements

### 10.1 Additional comments

Reference documents: None

Special test descriptions: The customer delivered two identical EUTs.

RC2 was used for the lower frequency block (902.13 MHz – 904.6625 MHz); RC4 was used for the upper frequency block (920.1375 MHz – 922.6625 MHz).

Configuration descriptions: For all single channel measurements we used the first micro channel in the

lowest macro channel block for the low channel, the 3<sup>rd</sup> micro channel in the 5<sup>th</sup> macro channel block for the middle channel and the 6<sup>th</sup> micro channel in the

highest macro channel block for the high channel.

For RC2 we measured the following frequencies: 902.1375MHz low, 903.3875

mid and 904.6625 high.

For RC4 we measured the following frequencies: 920.1375MHz low, 921.3875

mid and 922.6625 high.

Test mode: Special software is used.

EUT is transmitting pseudo random data by itself



### 11 Measurement results

### 11.1 Antenna gain

The antenna gain of the complete system is calculated by the difference of radiated power in EIRP and the conducted power of the module.

Measurement parameters			
Detector	Peak		
Sweep time	Auto		
Resolution bandwidth	1 MHz		
Video bandwidth	3 MHz		
Span	5 MHz		
Trace mode	Max hold		
Test setup	See sub clause 6.2B (radiated) See sub clause 6.4A (conducted)		
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8		

### **Limits:**

FCC	IC		
Antenna gain			

The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.



# Results RC2:

	Low channel 902.1375	Middle channel 903.3875	High channel 904.6625
Conducted power [dBm]	18.9	19.0	18.7
Radiated power [dBm]	21.6	22.9	22.7
Gain [dBi] Calculated	2.7	3.9	4.0

# **Results RC4:**

	Low channel 920.1375	Middle channel 921.3875	High channel 922.6625
Conducted power [dBm]	19.8	19.7	19.7
Radiated power [dBm]	20.9	20.6	21.2
Gain [dBi] Calculated	1.1	0.9	1.5



# 11.2 Carrier Frequency Separation

### **Description:**

Measurement of the carrier frequency separation of a hopping system. The carrier frequency separation is constant for all modulation-modes. We use DBPSK-modulation to show compliance. EUT in hopping mode.

Measurement parameters				
Detector	Peak			
Sweep time	Auto			
Resolution bandwidth	10 kHz			
Video bandwidth	30 kHz			
Span	See plots			
Trace mode	Max hold			
Test setup	See sub clause 6.4A			
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8			

### Limits:

FCC	IC			
Carrier frequency separation				
Minimum 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping system whichever is greater. The two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth for IC is only valid for the ISM band 2400 – 2483.5 MHz.				

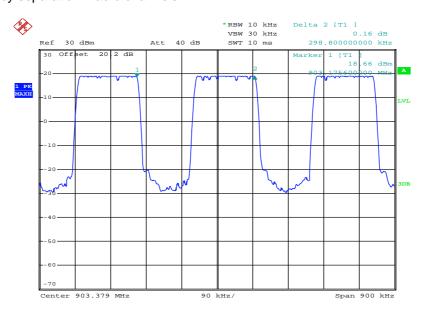
Result RC2: The channel separation is 299.8 kHz for the macro channels and 25.3 kHz for the micro channels.

Result RC4: The channel separation is 304.2 kHz for the macro channels and 25.0 kHz for the micro channels.



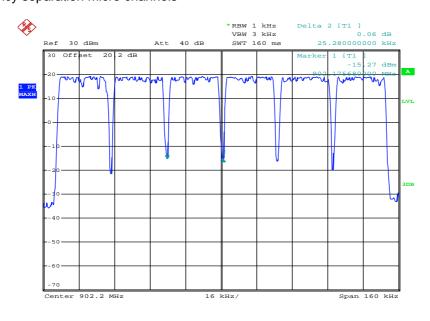
### Plots RC2:

Plot 1: Frequency separation macro channels



Date: 17.MAY.2017 12:52:52

Plot 2: Frequency separation micro channels

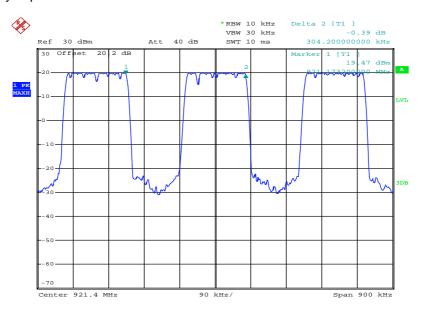


Date: 17.MAY.2017 12:42:44



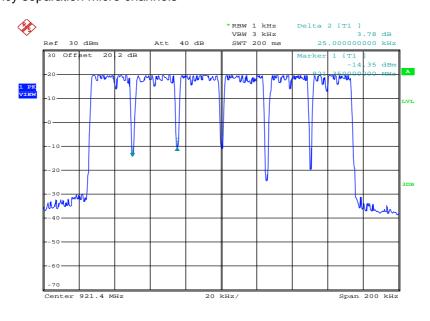
## Plots RC4:

Plot 1: Frequency separation macro channels



Date: 17.MAY.2017 11:41:27

Plot 2: Frequency separation micro channels



Date: 17.MAY.2017 12:06:04



# 11.3 Number of Hopping Channels

### **Description:**

Measurement of the total number of used hopping channels. The number of hopping channels is constant for all modulation-modes. We use DBPSK -modulation to show compliance. EUT in hopping mode.

Measurement parameters				
Detector	Peak			
Sweep time	Auto			
Resolution bandwidth	See plots			
Video bandwidth	See plots			
Span	See plots			
Trace mode	Max hold			
Test setup	See sub clause 6.4A			
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8			

### Limits:

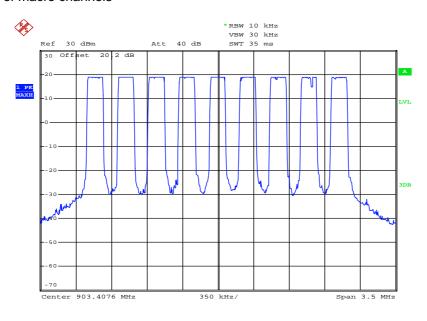
FCC	IC			
Number of hopping channels				
At least 15 non overlapping hopping channels. If the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping channels.				

Result RC2&RC4: In summary every EUT uses 54 channels (9 macro channels containing 6 micro channels).



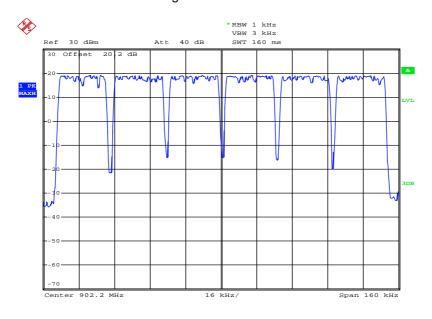
### Plots RC2:

Plot 1: Number of macro channels



Date: 17.MAY.2017 13:00:06

Plot 2: Number of micro channels in one single macro channel zoomed

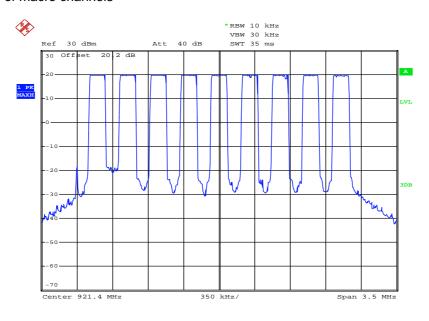


Date: 17.MAY.2017 12:41:48



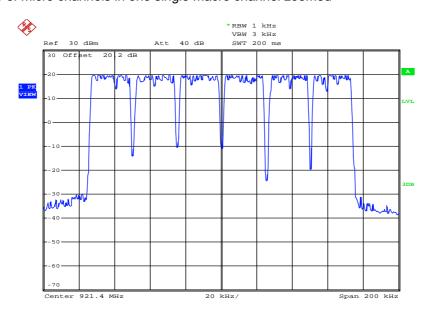
## Plots RC4:

Plot 1: Number of macro channels



Date: 17.MAY.2017 12:13:40

Plot 2: Number of micro channels in one single macro channel zoomed



Date: 17.MAY.2017 12:06:36



# 11.4 Average Time of Occupancy (dwell time)

### **Measurement:**

The measurement is performed in zero span mode to show that none of the 54 used channels is allocated more than 0.4 seconds within a 20 seconds interval (54 channels times 0.4s).

Measurement parameters				
Detector	Peak			
Sweep time	See plots			
Resolution bandwidth	See plots			
Video bandwidth	See plots			
Span	Zero			
Trace mode	Trigger single sweep			
Test setup	See sub clause 6.4A			
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8			

#### Limits:

FCC	IC			
Average time of occupancy				

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: If the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within 20 second period; if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within 10 second period.

Result RC2: The time slot length is = 356 ms
Number of hops / channel @ 20s = 1

Within 20 s period, the average time of occupancy is 356 ms

→ The average time of occupancy = 356 ms

Result RC4: The time slot length is = 358 ms
Number of hops / channel @ 20s = 1

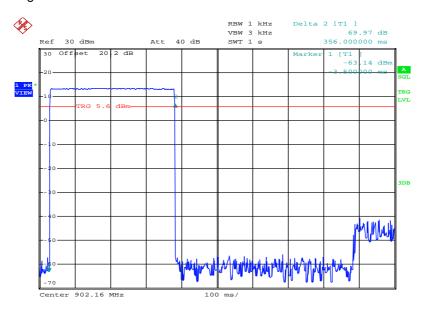
Within 20 s period, the average time of occupancy is 358 ms

→ The average time of occupancy = 358 ms



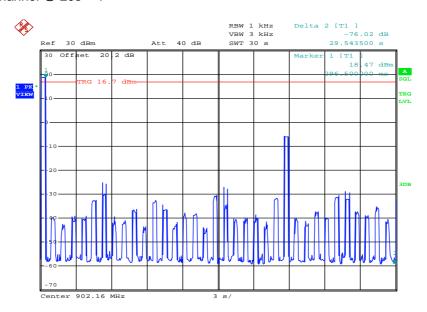
### Plots RC2:

Plot 1: Time slot length = 356 ms



Date: 17.MAY.2017 11:02:09

Plot 2: hops / channel @ 20s = 1

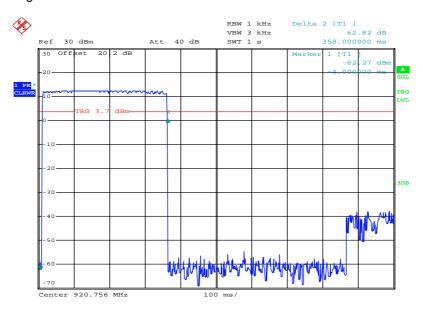


Date: 17.MAY.2017 11:14:58



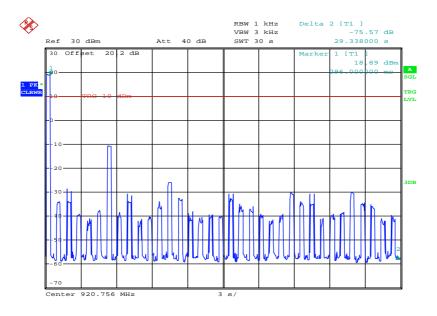
### Plots RC4:

Plot 1: Time slot length = 358 ms



Date: 17.MAY.2017 11:19:04

Plot 2: hops / channel @ 20s = 1



Date: 17.MAY.2017 11:25:15



# 11.5 Spectrum bandwidth of a FHSS system

### **Description:**

Measurement of the 20dB bandwidth and 99% bandwidth of the modulated signal. The measurement is performed according to the "Measurement Guidelines" (DA 00-705, March 30, 2000). EUT in single channel mode.

### **Measurement:**

Measurement parameters			
Detector	Peak		
Sweep time	Auto		
Resolution bandwidth	300 Hz		
Video bandwidth	1 kHz		
Span	See plots		
Trace mode	Max hold		
Test setup	See sub clause 6.4A		
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8		

### Limits:

FCC	IC	
Spectrum bandwidth of a FHSS system		
DBPSK < 1500 kHz		



# Result RC2:

Test Conditions		20dB BANDWIDTH [kHz]		
Test Co	manions	Low channel Middle channel High chann		High channel
T <sub>nom</sub>	$V_{nom}$	21.65	21.51	21.72

Test Co	onditions	9	9% BANDWIDTH [kHz]	
rest conditions		Low channel	Middle channel	High channel
T <sub>nom</sub>	$V_{nom}$	21.07	20.95	20.87

# Result RC4:

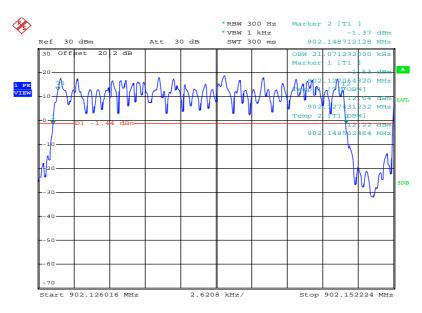
Test Conditions		20	OdB BANDWIDTH [kH	z]
Test Co	mantons	Low channel Middle channel High chan		High channel
T <sub>nom</sub>	$V_{nom}$	21.82	21.58	21.44

Test Conditions		99% BANDWIDTH [kHz]		
1 331 33		Low channel Middle channel		High channel
T <sub>nom</sub>	$V_{nom}$	21.18	20.99	20.70



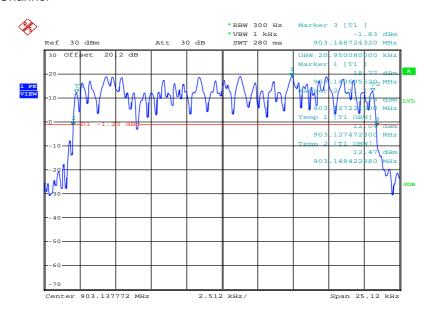
### Plots RC2:

Plot 1: Low Channel



Date: 16.MAY.2017 15:37:36

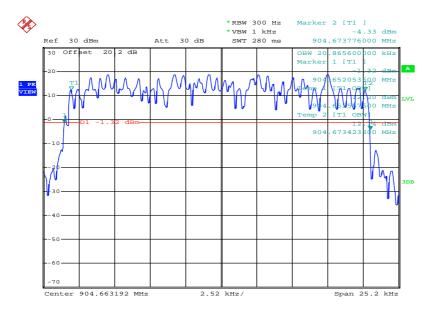
Plot 2: Middle Channel



Date: 16.MAY.2017 14:52:26



Plot 3: High Channel



Date: 17.MAY.2017 07:15:14



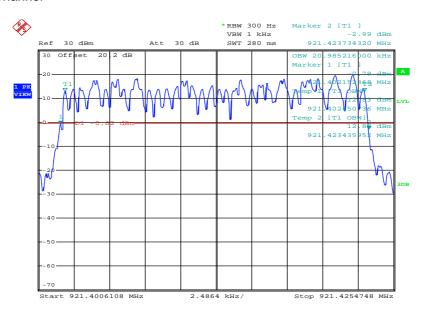
### Plots RC4:

Plot 1: Low Channel



Date: 17.MAY.2017 08:26:44

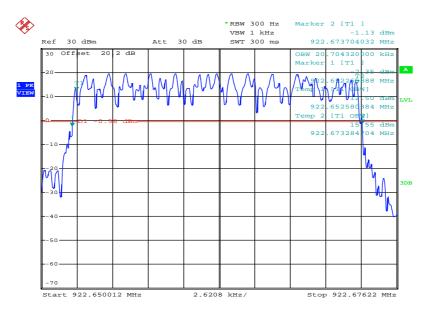
Plot 2: Middle Channel



Date: 17.MAY.2017 09:15:58



Plot 3: High Channel



Date: 17.MAY.2017 10:07:15



# 11.6 Maximum Output Power

### **Measurement:**

Measurement parameter			
Detector:	Peak		
Sweep time:	Auto		
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz		
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz		
Span:	5 MHz		
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold		
Used equipment:	See chapter 7.2B (radiated) See chapter 7.4A (conducted)		
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8		

### Limits:

FCC	IC	
Maximum Output Power Conducted		

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902–928 MHz band: 1 watt (30 dBm) for systems employing at least 50 hopping channels; and, 0.25 watts (24 dBm) for systems employing less than 50 hopping channels, but at least 25 hopping channels, as permitted under paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section.



# Result RC2:

Test Conditions		Maximum Output Power Conducted [dBm]		
r ook oonamone		Low channel	Middle channel	High channel
T <sub>nom</sub>	$V_{nom}$	18.9	19.0	18.7

Test Conditions			ERP [dBm]	
		Low channel Middle channel High		High channel
T <sub>nom</sub>	V <sub>nom</sub>	21.6	22.9	22.7

# Result RC4:

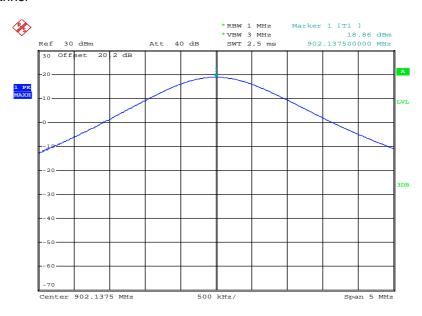
Test Conditions		Maximum	Output Power Conduc	ted [dBm]
Test Gondinons		Low channel	Middle channel	High channel
T <sub>nom</sub>	V <sub>nom</sub>	19.8	19.7	19.7

Test Conditions		ERP [dBm]		
		Low channel	Middle channel	High channel
T <sub>nom</sub>	V <sub>nom</sub>	20.9	20.6	21.2



### Plots RC2:

Plot 1: Low Channel



Date: 16.MAY.2017 13:31:21

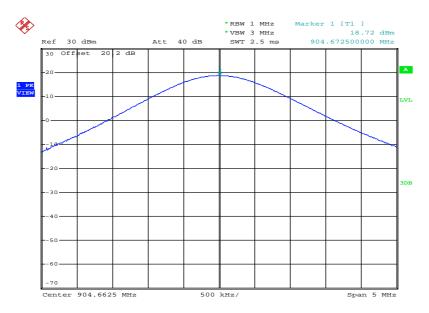
Plot 2: Middle Channel



Date: 16.MAY.2017 13:30:21



Plot 3: High Channel

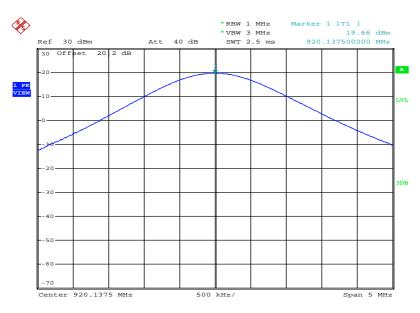


Date: 16.MAY.2017 13:32:23



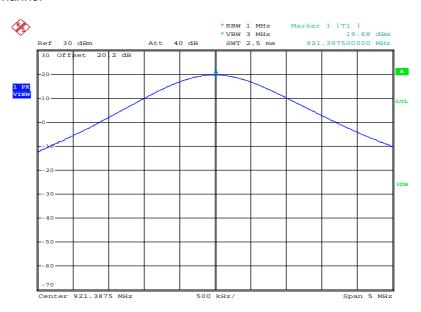
# Plots RC4:

Plot 1: Low Channel



Date: 16.MAY.2017 13:41:09

Plot 2: Middle Channel



Date: 16.MAY.2017 13:40:15



Plot 3: High Channel



Date: 16.MAY.2017 13:39:04



# 11.7 Detailed spurious emissions @ the band edge - conducted and radiated

#### **Description:**

Measurement of the conducted band edge compliance. EUT is measured at the lower and upper band edge in single channel and hopping mode. The measurement is repeated for all modulations.

Measurement parameters				
Detector	Peak			
Sweep time	Auto			
Resolution bandwidth	100 kHz			
Video bandwidth	300 kHz			
Span	Lower Band Edge: 902 MHz Upper Band Edge: 928 MHz			
Trace mode	Max hold			
Test setup	See sub clause 6.4 A			
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8			

#### Limits:

FCC	IC

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required.

#### **Results conducted RC2:**

Scenario	Spurious band edge conducted [dB]			
Modulation	lowest channel	middle channel	highest channel	
Lower band edge – hopping on	> 20 dB	> 20 dB	> 20 dB	
Upper band edge – hopping on	> 20 dB	> 20 dB	> 20 dB	

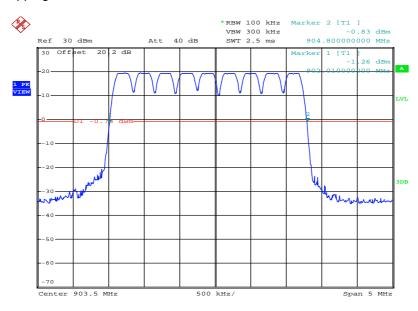
#### **Results conducted RC4:**

Scenario	Spurious band edge conducted [dB]				
Modulation	lowest channel	highest channel			
Lower band edge – hopping on	> 20 dB	> 20 dB	> 20 dB		
Upper band edge – hopping on	> 20 dB	> 20 dB	> 20 dB		



### Plots RC2:

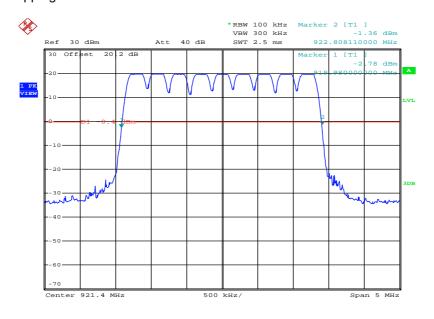
Plot 1: 20 dB - hopping on



Date: 17.MAY.2017 10:15:54

### Plots RC4:

Plot 1: 20 dB - hopping on



Date: 17.MAY.2017 10:11:45



### **Results radiated:**

No restricted band in the range  $\pm$  2 channel bandwidths of the Band-edges of the specified emission band! (608 MHz - 614 MHz and 960 MHz - 1240 MHz).

Section 15.205 Restricted bands of operation.

(a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
10.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2690 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	( <sup>2</sup> )
13.36 - 13.41	(C.C.) (C.C.) (C.C.)	25 CHEST IN THE STATE OF THE ST	



# 11.8 Spurious Emissions Conducted

#### **Description:**

Measurement of the conducted spurious emissions in transmit mode. The EUT is set to single channel mode. The measurement is repeated for low, mid and high channel.

#### **Measurement:**

Measurement parameter					
Detector:	Peak				
Sweep time:	Auto				
Video bandwidth:	F < 1 GHz: 1 MHz F > 1 GHz: 1 MHz				
Resolution bandwidth:	F < 1 GHz: 100 kHz F > 1 GHz: 100 kHz				
Span:	9 kHz to 12.75 GHz				
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold				
Used equipment:	See chapter 6.4A				
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8				

#### **Limits:**

FCC	IC
TX spurious emis	ssions conducted

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required



# Result RC2:

Emission Limitation						
Frequency [MHz]	Amplitude of emission [dBm]	Limit max. allowed emission power	actual attenuation below frequency of operation [dB]	Results		
Low	18.79	24 dBm		Operating frequency		
		-20 dBc	Noise floor	No emissions detected!		
Mid 18.82		24 dBm		Operating frequency		
		-20 dBc	Noise floor	No emissions detected!		
High	18.64	24 dBm		Operating frequency		
		-20 dBc	Noise floor	No emissions detected!		

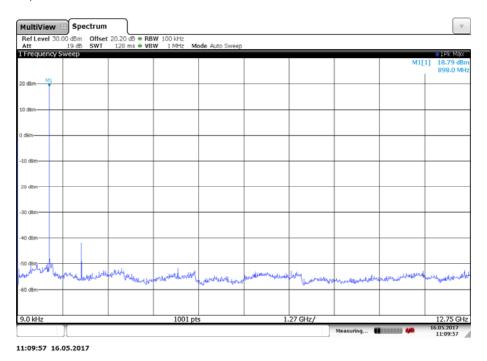
# Result RC4:

Emission Limitation						
Frequency [MHz] Amplitude of emission [dBm]		Limit max. allowed emission power	actual attenuation below frequency of operation [dB]	Results		
Low	19.51	24 dBm		Operating frequency		
		-20 dBc	Noise floor	No emissions detected!		
Mid 19.43		24 dBm		Operating frequency		
		-20 dBc	Noise floor	No emissions detected!		
High 19.24		24 dBm		Operating frequency		
		-20 dBc	Noise floor	No emissions detected!		

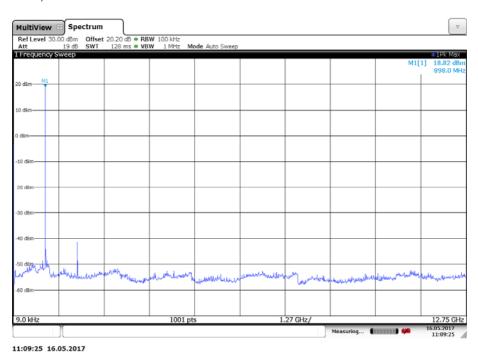


### Plots RC2:

Plot 1: Low channel, 9 kHz - 12.75 GHz

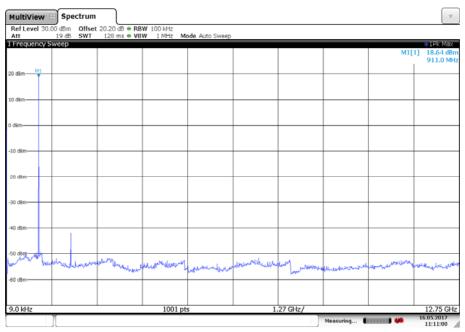


Plot 2: Middle channel, 9 kHz - 12.75 GHz





Plot 3: High channel, 9 kHz - 12.75 GHz

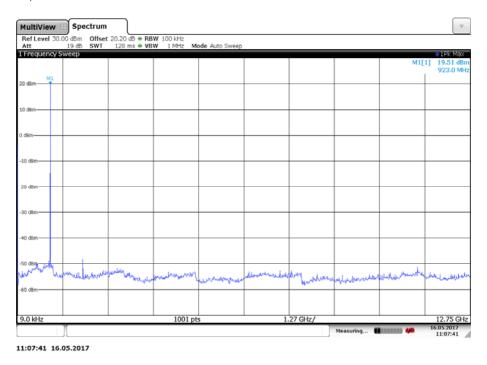


11:11:00 16.05.2017

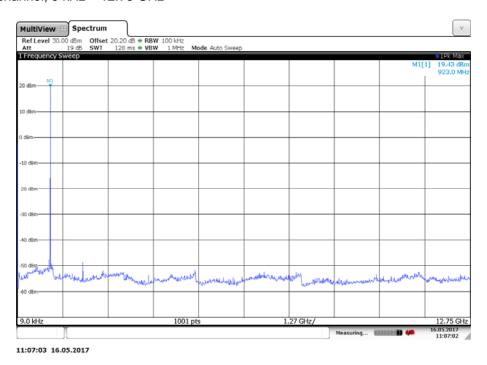


### Plots RC4:

Plot 1: Low channel, 9 kHz - 12.75 GHz

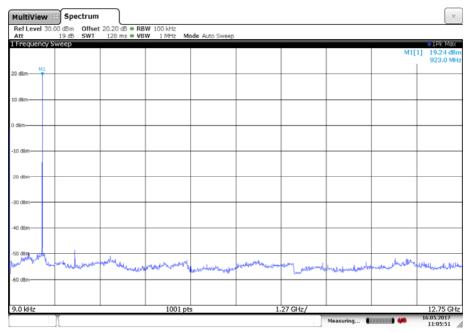


Plot 2: Middle channel, 9 kHz - 12.75 GHz





Plot 3: High channel, 9 kHz - 12.75 GHz





# 11.9 Spurious Emissions Radiated < 30 MHz

#### **Description:**

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode below 30 MHz. The EUT is set to single channel mode and the transmit channels are 00; 39 and 78. The measurement is performed in the mode with the highest output power. The limits are recalculated to a measurement distance of 3 m according the ANSI C63.10.

#### **Measurement:**

Measurement parameter					
Detector:	Peak / Quasi Peak				
Sweep time:	Auto				
Video bandwidth:	F < 150 kHz: 200 Hz F > 150 kHz: 9 kHz				
Resolution bandwidth:	F < 150 kHz: 1 kHz F > 150 kHz: 100 kHz				
Span:	9 kHz to 30 MHz				
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold				
Used equipment:	See chapter 6.2 A				
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8				

### Limits:

FCC			IC
TX spurious emissions radiated < 30 MHz			
Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (dBµV/m)		Measurement distance
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)		300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)		30
1.705 – 30.0	3	0	30

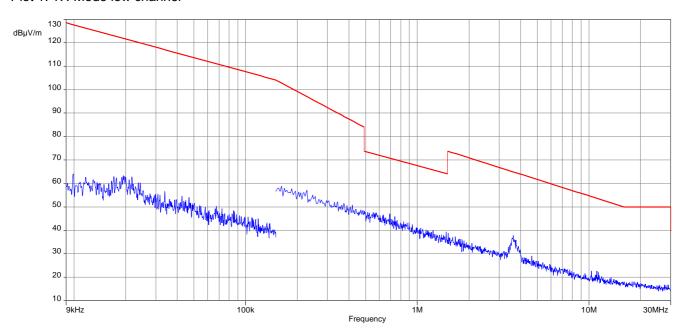
### Result RC2 & RC4:

SPURIOUS EMISSIONS LEVEL [dBμV/m]								
Lowest channel Middle channel			Highest channel		el			
Frequency [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]						Level [dBµV/m]
	All emissions were more than 10 dB below the limit.							

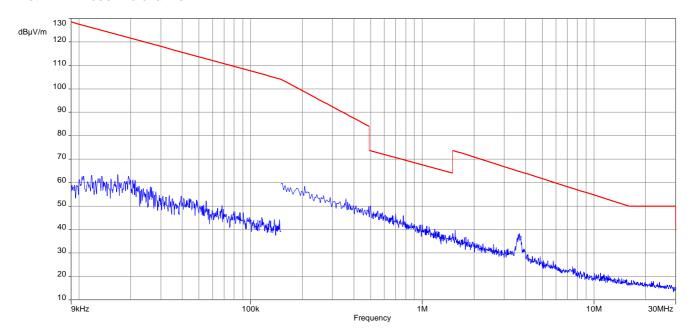


# Plots RC2:

Plot 1: TX-Mode low channel

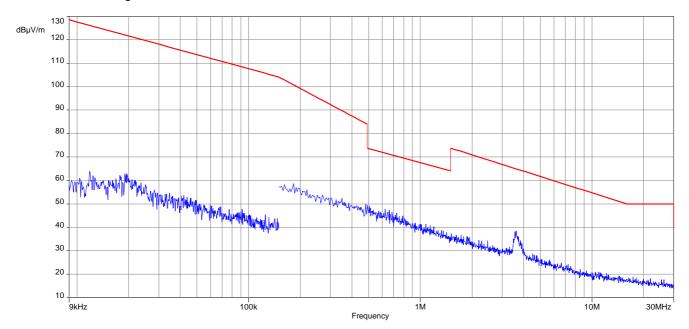


Plot 2: TX-Mode mid channel





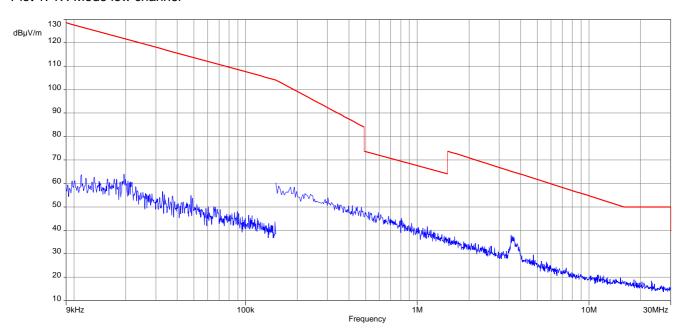
Plot 3: TX-Mode high channel



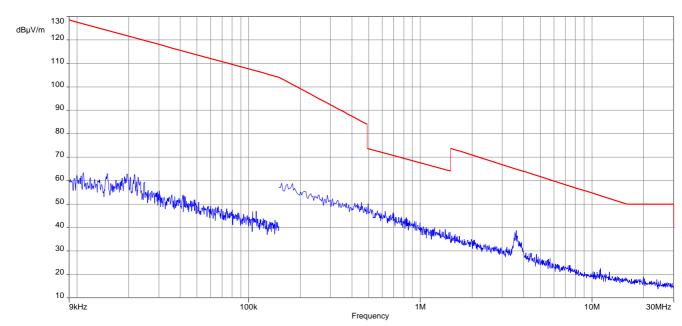


# Plots RC4:

Plot 1: TX-Mode low channel

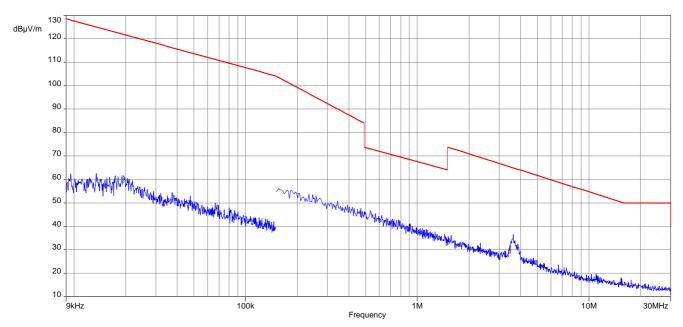


Plot 2: TX-Mode mid channel





Plot 3: TX-Mode high channel





### 11.10 Spurious Emissions Radiated > 30 MHz

#### 11.10.1 Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz

#### **Description:**

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode. The measurement is performed at channel low, mid and high.

#### Measurement:

Measurement parameters							
Detector	Peak / Quasi Peak						
Sweep time	Auto						
Resolution bandwidth	3 x VBW						
Video bandwidth	120 kHz						
Span	30 MHz to 1 GHz						
Trace mode	Max hold						
Measured modulation	DBPSK						
Test setup	See sub clause 6.1 A						
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8						

#### Limits:

FCC	IC

Band-edge Compliance of conducted and radiated emissions

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement distance
30 - 88	30.0	10
88 – 216	33.5	10
216 – 960	36.0	10
Above 960	54.0	3

**Note:** The limit was recalculated with 20 dB / decade (Part 15.31) for all radiated spurious emissions 30 MHz to 1 GHz from 3 meter limit to a 10 meter distance. (40dB/decade for emissions < 30MHz)

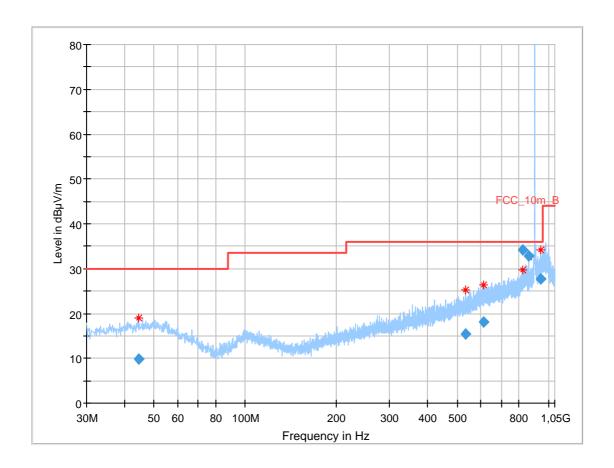
#### Result:

See result table below the plots.



# Plots RC2:

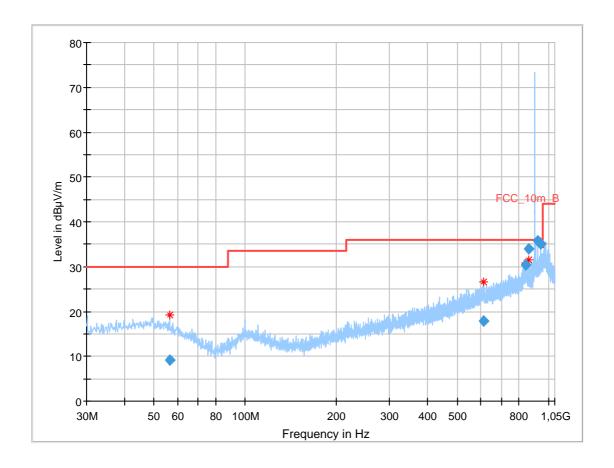
Plot 1: 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation (lowest channel)



Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
44.409600	9.79	30.00	20.21	1000.0	120.000	101.0	٧	10.0	13.6
534.287100	15.36	36.00	20.64	1000.0	120.000	101.0	Н	170.0	19.1
613.122150	18.03	36.00	17.97	1000.0	120.000	98.0	Н	80.0	20.8
822.110550	34.20	36.00	1.80	1000.0	120.000	170.0	٧	10.0	23.1
862.166400	32.89	36.00	3.11	1000.0	120.000	170.0	٧	280.0	23.7
942.107100	27.72	36.00	8.28	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	10.0	24.3



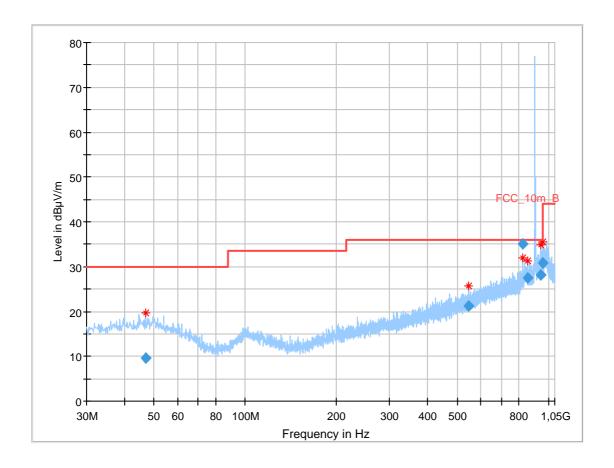
Plot 2: 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation (middle channel)



Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
56.420550	9.07	30.00	20.93	1000.0	120.000	170.0	٧	80.0	12.7
610.516650	17.90	36.00	18.10	1000.0	120.000	98.0	٧	190.0	20.8
840.001500	30.30	36.00	5.70	1000.0	120.000	170.0	V	190.0	23.4
863.404500	34.01	36.00	1.99	1000.0	120.000	170.0	V	100.0	23.7
919.983450	35.80	36.00	0.20	1000.0	120.000	170.0	V	-10.0	24.3
943.404900	35.17	36.00	0.83	1000.0	120.000	170.0	V	10.0	24.3



Plot 3: 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation (highest channel)

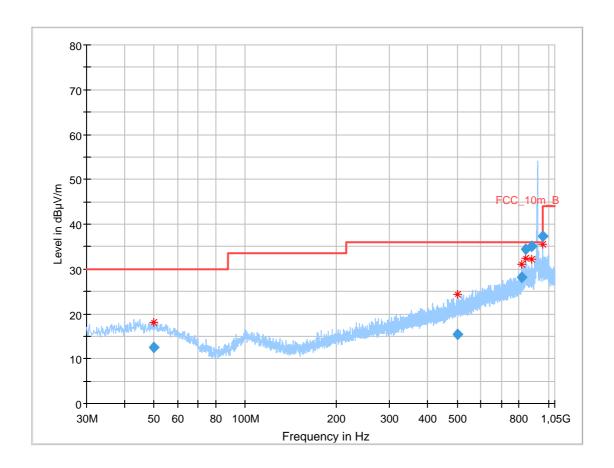


Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
47.147550	9.57	30.00	20.43	1000.0	120.000	170.0	٧	10.0	13.7
544.031250	21.18	36.00	14.82	1000.0	120.000	170.0	Н	100.0	19.3
824.686050	35.15	36.00	0.85	1000.0	120.000	170.0	٧	81.0	23.1
855.055050	27.50	36.00	8.50	1000.0	120.000	170.0	V	10.0	23.6
944.679000	28.13	36.00	7.87	1000.0	120.000	101.0	٧	190.0	24.3
956.012250	30.75	36.00	5.25	1000.0	120.000	170.0	V	262.0	24.4



# Plots RC4:

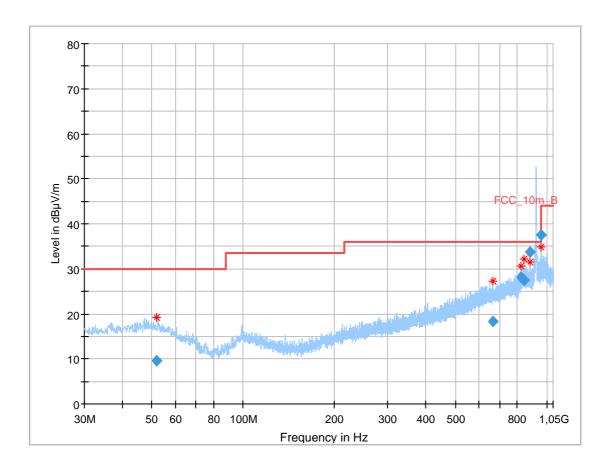
Plot 1: 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation (lowest channel)



Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
50.014500	12.45	30.00	17.55	1000.0	120.000	98.0	V	280.0	13.7
499.963350	15.36	36.00	20.64	1000.0	120.000	170.0	٧	190.0	18.7
817.192050	28.22	36.00	7.78	1000.0	120.000	170.0	V	172.0	23.0
840.113550	34.40	36.00	1.60	1000.0	120.000	170.0	٧	-8.0	23.4
880.124250	35.04	36.00	0.96	1000.0	120.000	170.0	٧	-10.0	23.9
960.015750	37.41	44.00	6.59	1000.0	120.000	170.0	٧	100.0	24.5



Plot 2: 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation (middle channel)

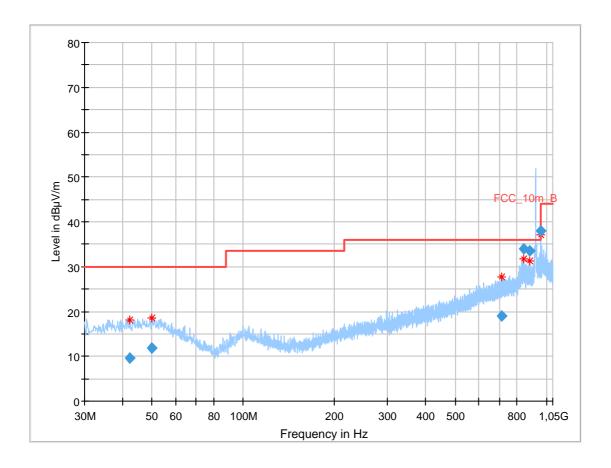


Final\_Result

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
51.965550	9.51	30.00	20.49	1000.0	120.000	170.0	Н	262.0	13.5
665.959200	18.41	36.00	17.59	1000.0	120.000	98.0	Н	260.0	21.3
820.689000	28.15	36.00	7.85	1000.0	120.000	170.0	V	10.0	23.1
844.948950	27.50	36.00	8.50	1000.0	120.000	170.0	V	10.0	23.5
881.398500	33.72	36.00	2.28	1000.0	120.000	170.0	٧	-8.0	23.9
960.009950	37.62	44.00	6.38	1000.0	120.000	170.0	٧	190.0	24.5



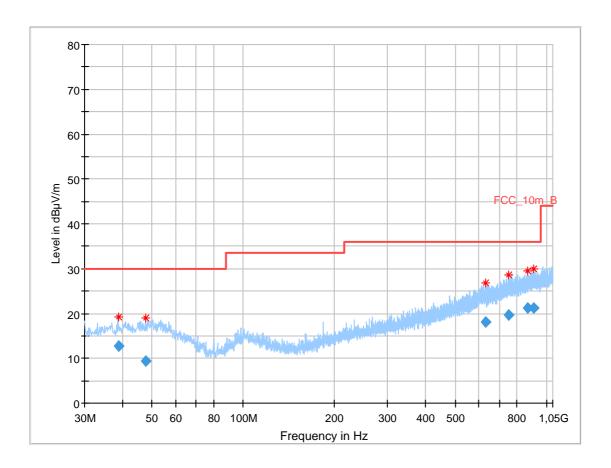
Plot 3: 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation (highest channel)



Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
42.108600	9.55	30.00	20.45	1000.0	120.000	170.0	Н	170.0	13.4
49.775700	11.75	30.00	18.25	1000.0	120.000	101.0	٧	100.0	13.7
709.939200	19.05	36.00	16.95	1000.0	120.000	170.0	٧	261.0	21.8
842.675100	34.00	36.00	2.00	1000.0	120.000	170.0	٧	10.0	23.4
882.689100	33.56	36.00	2.44	1000.0	120.000	170.0	٧	-8.0	24.0
960.005850	37.99	44.00	6.01	1000.0	120.000	170.0	V	172.0	24.5



Plot 4: 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation (RX-Mode)



Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
38.731800	12.63	30.00	17.37	1000.0	120.000	170.0	٧	170.0	13.1
47.737050	9.34	30.00	20.66	1000.0	120.000	170.0	Н	170.0	13.7
630.305700	18.15	36.00	17.85	1000.0	120.000	170.0	Н	280.0	21.0
749.281950	19.77	36.00	16.23	1000.0	120.000	170.0	V	170.0	22.7
867.028050	21.16	36.00	14.84	1000.0	120.000	98.0	V	10.0	23.8
906.687600	21.15	36.00	14.85	1000.0	120.000	170.0	Н	100.0	24.2



### 11.10.2 Spurious emissions radiated above 1 GHz

### **Description:**

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode. The measurement is performed in the mode with the highest output power.

Measurement parameters								
Detector	Peak / RMS							
Sweep time	Auto							
Resolution bandwidth	1 MHz							
Video bandwidth	3 x RBW							
Span	1 GHz to 26 GHz							
Trace mode	Max hold							
Measured modulation	DBPSK							
Test setup	See sub clause 6.2 C (1 GHz – 12.75 GHz)							
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8							

The modulation with the highest output power was used to perform the transmitter spurious emissions. If spurious were detected a re-measurement was performed on the detected frequency with each modulation.

#### Limits:

#### ANSI C63.10 - FCC Public Notice DA 00-705

The average emission shall be determined by using Video averaging (VBW = 10 Hz). If the dwell time of the hopping signal is less than 100 ms (per channel), the VBW=10 Hz reading may be adjusted by a factor:  $F = 20\log (dwell time/100 ms)$ 

FCC			IC					
TX spurious emissions radiated  In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required.								
	all in the restricted b	ands, as defined in	fied in Section 15.209(a) is not required. §15.205(a), must also comply with the					
	§15	.209						
Frequency (MHz) Field strength (dBµV/m) Measurement distance								
Above 960	54.0 3							



#### Result:

For radiated spurious emission the limits of 15.209 applies for all frequencies mentioned in 15.205. According to FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 (ANSI C63.10) the average emission shall be determined by using Video averaging (VBW = 10 Hz). If the dwell time of the hopping signal is less than 100 ms (per channel), the VBW=10 Hz reading may be adjusted by a factor:

### F = 20\*log (dwell time/100 ms)

One pulse train is higher than 100 ms so the correction factor is 0 (see plots in chapter 12.4)

### **Result RC2:**

TX spurious emissions radiated [dBμV/m]								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	F [MHz] Detector Level [dBµV/m]			Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
2706	Peak	55.1	2710	Peak	58.8	2714	Peak	58.9
2706	AVG	48.1	2/10	AVG	53.2	2/14	AVG	52.5
2600	Peak	59.9	3614	Peak	58.2	264.0	Peak	59.1
3608	AVG	52.9	3014	AVG	52.9	3618	AVG	53.6
0110	Peak 54.4			Peak		01.10	Peak	53.9
8119	AVG	48.2		AVG		8142	AVG	48.7

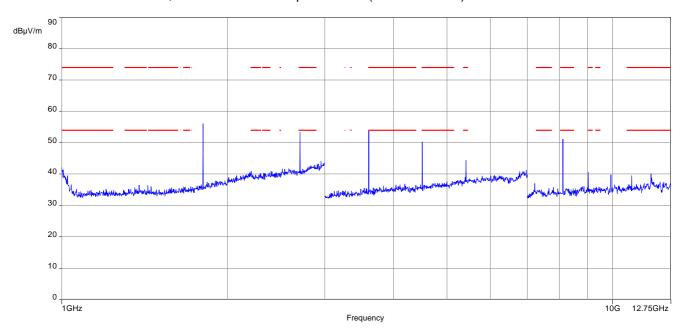
### Result RC4:

TX spurious emissions radiated [dBμV/m]							
Lowest channel Middle channel Highest channel							
					Level [dBµV/m]		
All emissions remeasured with Peak-Detector were more than 5 dB below the average limit.							

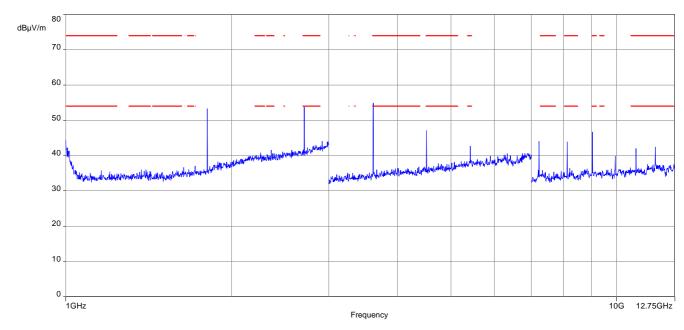


# Plots RC2:

Plot 1: 1 GHz – 12.75 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation (lowest channel)

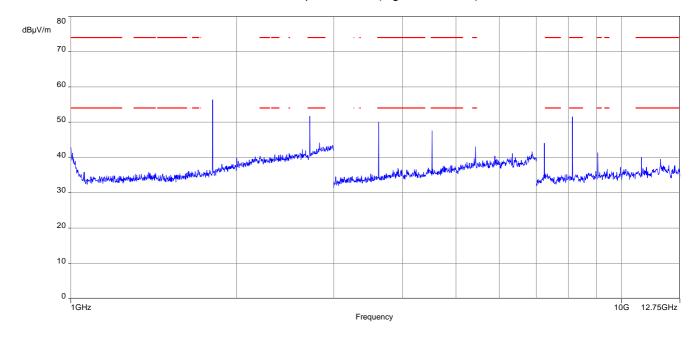


Plot 2: 1 GHz – 12.75 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation (middle channel)





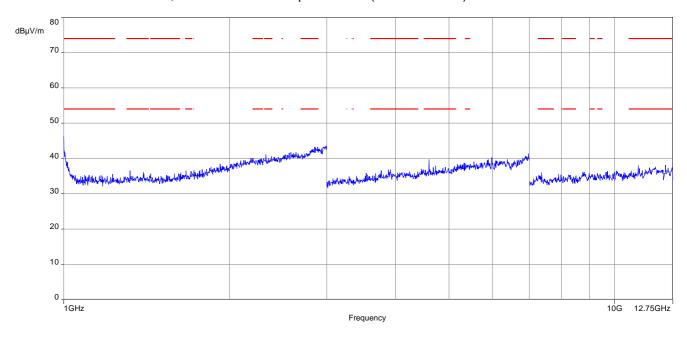
Plot 3: 1 GHz – 12.75 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation (highest channel)



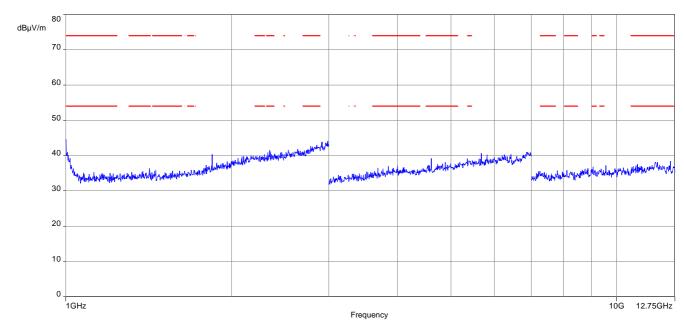


# Plots RC4:

Plot 1: 1 GHz – 12.75 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation (lowest channel)

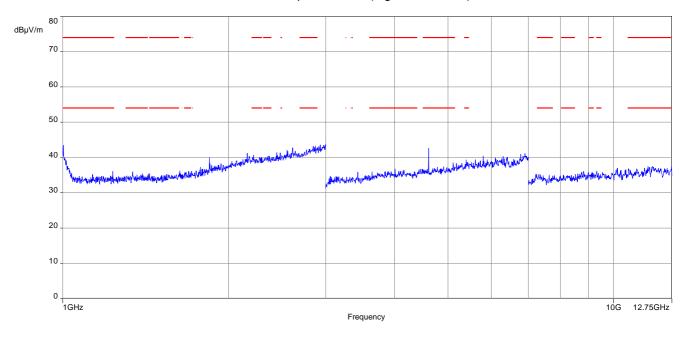


Plot 2: 1 GHz – 12.75 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation (middle channel)

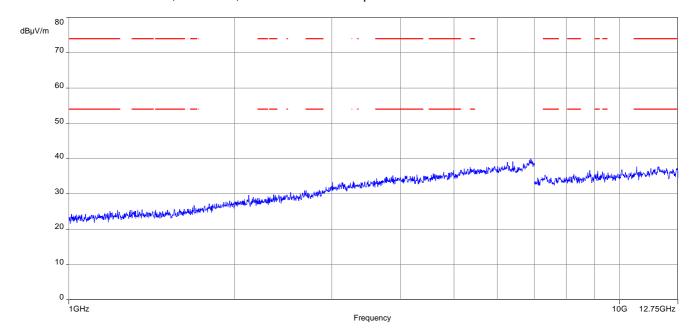




Plot 3: 1 GHz – 12.75 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation (highest channel)



Plot 4: 1GHz - 12.75 GHz, RX-Mode, horizontal & vertical polarisation





# 11.11 Spurious emissions conducted below 30 MHz (AC conducted)

### **Description:**

Measurement of the conducted spurious emissions in transmit mode below 30 MHz. The measurement is performed in the mode with the highest output power. Both power lines, phase and neutral line, are measured. Found peaks are remeasured with average and quasi peak detection to show compliance to the limits.

Measurement parameters						
Detector	Peak - Quasi peak / average					
Sweep time	Auto					
Resolution bandwidth	F < 150 kHz: 200 Hz F > 150 kHz: 9 kHz					
Video bandwidth	F < 150 kHz: 1 kHz F > 150 kHz: 100 kHz					
Span	9 kHz to 30 MHz					
Trace mode	Max hold					
Test setup	See sub clause 7.4 A					

#### Limits:

FCC			IC		
TX spurious emissions conducted < 30 MHz					
Frequency (MHz)	Quasi-peal	κ (dBμV/m)	Average (dBµV/m)		
0.15 – 0.5	66 to	56*	56 to 46*		
0.5 – 5	5	6	46		
5 – 30.0	6	0	50		

<sup>\*</sup>Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

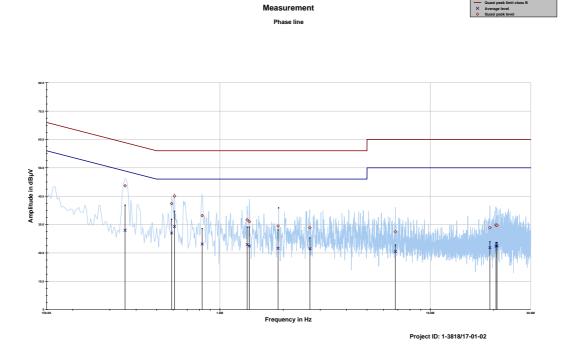
### Results:

Spurious emissions conducted < 30 MHz [dBµV/m]							
F [MHz]	F [MHz] Detector Level [dBµV/m]						
See result table below plots!							



# Plots RC2:

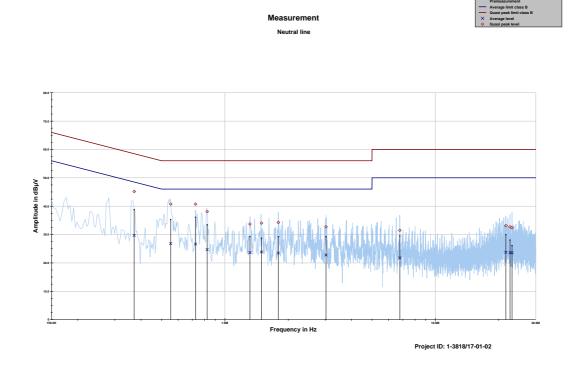
Plot 1: 150 kHz to 30 MHz, phase line – TX mode



Frequency	Quasi peak level	Margin quasi peak	Limit QP	Average level	Margin average	Limit AV
MHz	dΒμV	dB	dΒμV	dΒμV	dB	dΒμV
0.354355	43.64	15.22	58.860	27.96	22.20	50.161
0.589600	37.38	18.62	56.000	26.99	19.01	46.000
0.608353	40.02	15.98	56.000	29.28	16.72	46.000
0.824048	33.13	22.87	56.000	23.11	22.89	46.000
1.348114	31.64	24.36	56.000	22.94	23.06	46.000
1.379979	31.00	25.00	56.000	22.41	23.59	46.000
1.890188	29.47	26.53	56.000	21.63	24.37	46.000
2.676811	28.85	27.15	56.000	21.44	24.56	46.000
6.823633	27.47	32.53	60.000	20.45	29.55	50.000
19.185654	28.87	31.13	60.000	21.83	28.17	50.000
20.494376	29.81	30.19	60.000	22.39	27.61	50.000
20.744049	29.75	30.25	60.000	22.45	27.55	50.000



Plot 2: 150 kHz to 30 MHz, neutral line – TX mode

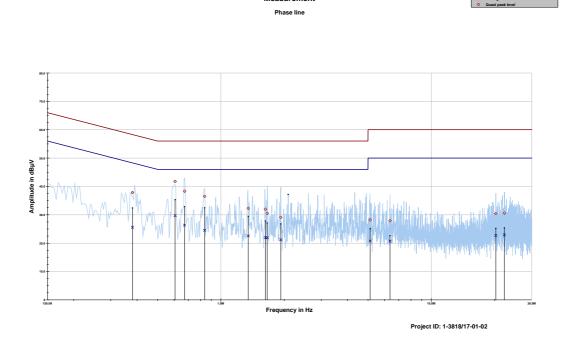


Frequency	Quasi peak level	Margin quasi peak	Limit QP	Average level	Margin average	Limit AV
MHz	dΒμV	dB	dΒμV	dΒμV	dB	dΒμV
0.370558	45.17	13.31	58.488	29.70	20.00	49.698
0.552563	40.76	15.24	56.000	26.78	19.22	46.000
0.725240	40.72	15.28	56.000	26.60	19.40	46.000
0.823459	38.07	17.93	56.000	24.68	21.32	46.000
1.315210	33.68	22.32	56.000	23.64	22.36	46.000
1.492108	34.04	21.96	56.000	23.86	22.14	46.000
1.795781	34.26	21.74	56.000	23.47	22.53	46.000
3.023978	32.73	23.27	56.000	22.78	23.22	46.000
6.780172	31.47	28.53	60.000	21.79	28.21	50.000
21.628287	33.11	26.89	60.000	23.73	26.27	50.000
22.633669	32.71	27.29	60.000	23.58	26.42	50.000
23.145020	32.36	27.64	60.000	23.57	26.43	50.000



# Plots RC4:

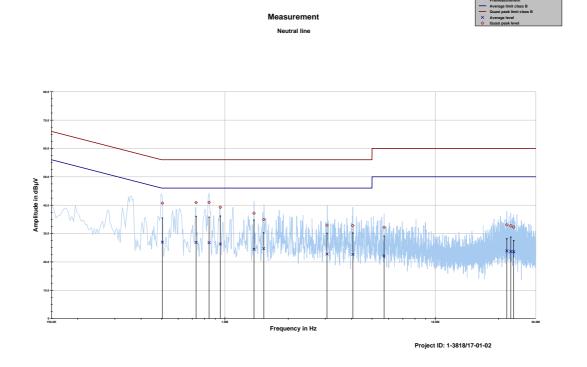
Plot 1: 150 kHz to 30 MHz, phase line – TX mode



Frequency	Quasi peak level	Margin quasi peak	Limit QP	Average level	Margin average	Limit AV
MHz	dΒμV	dB	dΒμV	dΒμV	dB	dΒμV
0.380137	37.86	20.42	58.276	25.57	23.85	49.425
0.605920	41.78	14.22	56.000	29.72	16.28	46.000
0.671933	38.33	17.67	56.000	26.34	19.66	46.000
0.837158	36.51	19.49	56.000	24.52	21.48	46.000
1.349212	32.29	23.71	56.000	22.56	23.44	46.000
1.627455	31.97	24.03	56.000	21.97	24.03	46.000
1.659922	30.52	25.48	56.000	21.90	24.10	46.000
1.924951	29.10	26.90	56.000	21.17	24.83	46.000
5.116414	28.19	31.81	60.000	20.72	29.28	50.000
6.362103	27.92	32.08	60.000	20.68	29.32	50.000
20.238986	30.43	29.57	60.000	22.71	27.29	50.000
22.231775	30.58	29.42	60.000	22.93	27.07	50.000



Plot 2: 150 kHz to 30 MHz, neutral line – TX mode



Final\_Result

Frequency	Quasi peak level	Margin quasi peak	Limit QP	Average level	Margin average	Limit AV
MHz	dΒμV	dB	dΒμV	dΒμV	dB	dΒμV
0.504538	40.70	15.30	56.000	26.96	19.04	46.000
0.729936	40.89	15.11	56.000	26.88	19.12	46.000
0.841221	40.99	15.01	56.000	26.77	19.23	46.000
0.950655	39.26	16.74	56.000	26.29	19.71	46.000
1.374845	37.16	18.84	56.000	24.44	21.56	46.000
1.529674	34.91	21.09	56.000	24.69	21.31	46.000
3.055062	32.93	23.07	56.000	22.77	23.23	46.000
4.053285	32.80	23.20	56.000	22.64	23.36	46.000
5.702801	32.21	27.79	60.000	22.06	27.94	50.000
21.858256	33.06	26.94	60.000	23.89	26.11	50.000
22.837712	32.74	27.26	60.000	23.63	26.37	50.000
23.574229	32.25	27.75	60.000	23.57	26.43	50.000



#### 12 Observations

No observations except those reported with the single test cases have been made.

# Annex A Document history

Version	Applied changes	Date of release
	Initial release	2017-05-30

#### Annex B Further information

#### **Glossary**

AVG - Average

DUT - Device under test

EMC - Electromagnetic Compatibility

EN - European Standard
EUT - Equipment under test

ETSI - European Telecommunications Standard Institute

FCC - Federal Communication Commission

FCC ID - Company Identifier at FCC

HW - Hardware

IC - Industry Canada
Inv. No. - Inventory number
N/A - Not applicable
PP - Positive peak
QP - Quasi peak
S/N - Serial number
SW - Software

PMN - Product marketing name HMN - Host marketing name

HVIN - Hardware version identification number FVIN - Firmware version identification number

OBW Occupied Bandwidth OC Operating Channel

OCW Operating Channel Bandwidth

OOB Out Of Band



#### **Annex C Accreditation Certificate**

first page

DAkkS Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH Beliehene gemäß § 8 Absatz 1 AkkStelleG i.V.m. § 1 Absatz 1 AkkStelleGBV Unterzeichnerin der Multilateralen Abkommen von EA, ILAC und IAF zur gegenseitigen Anerkennung Akkreditierung Die Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH bestätigt hiermit, dass das Prüflaboratori CTC advanced GmbH Untertürkheimer Straße 6-10, 66117 Saarbrücken die Kompetenz nach DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005 besitzt, Prüfungen in folgenden Bereichen durchzuführen: Funk Mobilfunk (GSM / DCS) + OTA Elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit (EMV) Produktsicherheit SAR / EMF Umwelt Umwelt
Smart Card Technology
Bluetooth\*
Automotive
Wi-Fi-Services
Kanadische Anforderungen
US-Anforderungen
Abustik Die Akkreditierungsurkunde gilt nur in Verbindung mit dem Bescheid vom 25.11.2016 mit der Akkreditierungsnummer D-Pt-12076-01 und int gülfig bis 17.01.2018. Sie besteht aus diesem Deckt der Rückseite des Deckblatts und der folgenden Anlage mit insgesamt 63 Seiten. Frankfurt, 25.11.2016

last page

#### Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH

Standort Frankfurt am Main Europa-Allee 52 60327 Frankfurt am Main

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Die Akkreditierung erfolgte gemäß des Gesetzes über die Akkreditierungsstelle (AkkStelleG) vom 31. Juli 2009 (BGB), 1.5. 2625) sowie der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 765/2008 des Europläschen Parlaments und des Rates vom 9. Juli 2003 Weber die Verschriften für die Akkrediterung und Marktiberwachung im Zusammenhang mit der Vermarktung von Produkten (Abl. 1.218 vom 9. Juli 2008, 5. 10). Die OAAAS ist Unterzeicherein der Multilateralen Abhommen zur gegenestligen Anrekennung der European co-operation for Accreditation (Ed), des International Accreditation Forum (IAF) und der International Laboratory Accreditation (Cooperation (ILAC), Die Unterzeichner dieser Abkommen erkennen ihre Akkreditierungen gegenseitig an.

Der aktuelle Stand der Mitgliedschaft kann folgenden Webseiten entnorr Eh: wew.european-accreditation.org ILAC: www.llac.org

#### Note:

The current certificate including annex can be received on request.