

FCC SAR Test Report

FCC ID: 2ALT9161301

Project No. : 1705C168 Equipment : Notebook

Model Name : 161301, 161301-XX (X=0-9, A-Z, a-z, "+","-"," ")

Applicant: Timi Personal Computing Co.,Ltd.

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REPORT ISSUED HISTORY

Issued No.	Description	Issued Date
BTL-FCC-SAR-1-1705C168	Original Issue.	Jun. 06, 2017

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1. GENERAL SUMMARY

Equipment	Notebook
Model Name	161301, 161301-XX (X=0-9, A-Z, a-z, "+","-"," ")
Model difference	For marketing use only, with no impact on EMC compliance of the product.
Brand Name	MI
Manufacturer	Timi Personal Computing Co.,Ltd.
Address	No.3, 11th floor, The Rainbow City Office Building, 68 Qinghe Mid Street, Haidian District, Beijing, China
Standard(s)	FCC 47CFR §2.1093 Radio frequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices
	ANSI Std C95.1-1992 Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.(IEEE Std C95.1-1991)
	IEEE Std 1528-2013 Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
	KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 KDB616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02 KDB248227 D01 802. 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02 KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04 KDB865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02 KDB690783 D01 SAR Listings on Grants v01r03

The above equipment has been tested and found compliance with the requirement of the relative standards by BTL Inc.

The test data, data evaluation, and equipment configuration contained in our test report (Ref No. BTL-FCC-SAR-1-1705C168) were obtained utilizing the test procedures, test instruments, test sites that has been accredited by the Authority of TAF according to the ISO-17025 quality assessment standard and technical standard(s).

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2. RF EMISSIONS MEASUREMENT

2.1 TEST FACILITY

The test facilities used to collect the test data in this report is **SAR room** at the location of No. 68-1, Ln. 169, Sec.2, Datong Rd., Xizhi Dist., New Taipei City 221, Taiwan.

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2.2 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Note: Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04,when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.

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3. GENERAL INFORMATION

3.1 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for MI 161301 is as below Table.

Equipment Class	Mode	Highest Body (0mm) SAR-1g(W/kg)
DTS	2.4G WLAN	0.79
U-NII	5G WLAN	1.39

Note: The highest reported SAR for body, simultaneous transmission and product specific 1-g SAR exposure conditions are 1.576 W/kg respectively.

The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/ uncontraolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) according to the FCC rule §2.1093, the ANSI/IEEE C95.1:1992, the NCRP Report Number 86 for uncontrolled environment, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013.

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3.2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT

Equipment	Notebook				
Model Name	161301, 161301-XX (X=0-9, A-Z, a-z, "+","-"," ")				
Model Different	For marketing use only, with no impact on EMC compliance of the product.				
S/N	oem_drtu_04029_1	l_9_1g(Oakpeak_WiGig))		
HW Version	DVT2				
SW Version	DVT2				
Modulation	WiFi(DSSS/OFDM)	,BT(GFSK/π/4-DQPSK/	8-DPSK)		
	Band	TX (MHz)	RX (MHz)		
	Bluetooth	2400-	~2483.5		
Operation Fraguency	2.4G WiFi	2412	2~2472		
Operation Frequency Range(s)	5G Band I WiFi	5150)~5250		
Range(s)	5G Band II WiFi	5250)~5350		
	5G Band III WiFi	5470)~5725		
	5G Band VI WiFi	5725	5~5850		
	2.4G WiFi	1-6-11-12-13 (802.11b/g/n HT20)			
		3-6-9-11 (802.11n HT40)			
	5G WiFi Band I	36-40-44-48 (802.11a/n			
		38-46 (802.11n HT40/ad	c VHT40)		
		42 (802.11ac VHT40)			
	5G WiFi Band II	52-56-60-64 (802.11a/n	,		
		54-62 (802.11n HT40/ad	c VHT40)		
Operation Channel List		58 (802.11ac VHT40)			
Operation onarrier List		100-102-108-112-116-132-140 (802.11a/n			
	5G WiFi Band III	HT20/ac VHT20)			
	JO WILL Dalla III	102-134 (802.11n HT40/ac VHT40)			
		106-138 (802.11ac VHT80)			
		149-153-157-161-165 (802.11a/nHT 20/ac			
	5G WiFi Band IV	VHT20)			
	JO WII I Band IV	151-159 (802.11a/nHT 40/ac VHT40)			
		155 (802.11ac VHT80)			
Antenna Gain	BT/2.4G WiFi: 3.1dBi				
7 intornia Gain	5G WiFi: 2.8dBi				

3.3 LABORATORY ENVIRONMENT

Temperature	Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25°C		
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%		
Ground system resistance	< 0.5Ω		
Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.			

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3.4 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
1	E-field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	7369	Aug. 31, 2016	1 Year
2	Data Acquisition Electroni cs	Speag	DAE4	1486	Aug. 23, 2016	1 Year
3	System Validation Dipole	Speag	D2450V2	973	Aug. 14, 2015	3 Year
4	System Validation Dipole	Speag	D5GHzV2	1221	Aug. 11, 2015	3 Year
5	Oval Flat Phantom	Speag	Oval Flat Phantom ELI 5.0	1240	N/A	N/A
6	SAM Twin Phantom	Speag	Twin Sam Phantom V5.0	1897	N/A	N/A
7	8960 Series 10 Wireless Com Test set	Agilent	E5515C	GB47390193	Jul. 27, 2015	2 Years
8	Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZVE-2W-272+	N650001538	N/A	N/A
9	Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZVE-8G+	N628801631	N/A	N/A
10	ENA Network Analyzer	Keysight	E5071C	MY46524658	Dec. 06, 2016	1 Year
11	EXG Vector Signal Generator	Keysight	N5172B	MY53051229	Dec. 16, 2016	1 Year
12	Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1128008	Aug. 18, 2016	1 Year
13	Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1126001	Aug. 18, 2016	1 Year
14	Power Meter	Anritsu	4232A	10179	Nov. 25, 2016	1 Year
15	Power Sensor	Anritsu	51011	34150	Nov. 25, 2016	
16	Spectrum Analyzer	Keysight	N9010A	MY54200483	Oct. 04, 2016	2 Year
17	Dielectric Assessment Kit	Speag	DAK-3.5	1226	Dec. 09, 2015	N/A
18	Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent	85070E	2593	N/A	N/A
19	Low pass filter	Mini-Circuits	SLP-2950+	M108294	N/A	N/A
20	Attenuator	Worken	WFA0602-10	SA10-01	N/A	N/A
21	Attenuator	Worken	WFA0602-10	SA10-02	N/A	N/A
22	Attenuator	Worken	WFA0602-3	SA3-01	N/A	N/A
23	Dual directional coupler	Woken	0110A05601O-10	DOM5CIW3E2	N/A	N/A
24	Digital Thermometer	LKM electronic GmbH	DTM3000	1341359457	Jul. 20, 2016	1 Year
25	Thermo-hygrometer	Testo	608-H1	N/A	Oct. 19, 2016	1 Year

Remark: 1." N/A" denotes no model name, serial No. or calibration specified.

- 2. These test equipments have been recalibrated between the test periods. All these test equipments were within the valid period when the tests were performed.
- 3. Per KDB865664 D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the test laboratory has adopted three-year extended calibration interval. Each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with the following criteria at least on annual interval in Appendix C.
- a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
- c) The most recent return-loss result, measured at least annually, deviates by no more than 20% from the previous measurement;

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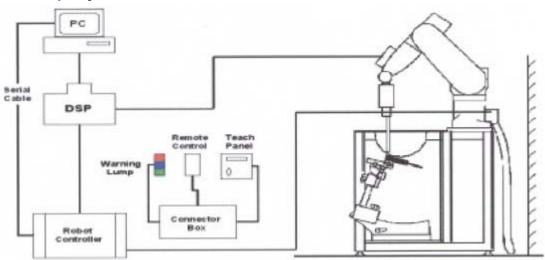
4.SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

4.1SAR MEASUREMENT SET-UP

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- 1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- 2. A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- 3. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- 4. A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- 5. The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.
- 6. TheDASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 7
- 7. DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- 8. Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- 9. The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- 10. The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- 11. Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- 12. System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

4.1.1Test Setup Layout



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4.2DASY5E-FIELDPROBESYSTEM

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4(manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

4.2.1EX3DV4 PROBE SPECIFICATION

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity:± 0.2dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm





EX3DV4 E-field Probe

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4.2.2E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \mathbf{C} \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where: $\Delta t = \text{Exposure time (30 seconds)}$,

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle), ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or
$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where: σ = Simulated tissue conductivity, ρ = Tissue density (kg/m3).

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4.2.3OTHER TEST EQUIPMENT

4.2.3.1. Device Holder for Transmitters

Construction: Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.) It is light weight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone 15ompensate. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin SAM, ELI4and SAM v6.0Phantoms.

Material: POM, Acrylic glass, Foam

4.2.3.2 Phantom

	·
Model	ELI4 Phantom
Construction	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.
Shell Thickness	2±0.1 mm
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters
Dimensions	Length: 600 mm; Width: 190mm Height: adjustable feet
Aailable	Special



Model	Twin SAM
Model Construction	Twin SAM The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup
	of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters
Dimensions	Length:1000mm; Width: 500mm Height: adjustable feet
Aailable	Special



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4.2.4SCANNING PROCEDURE

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. ± 5 %.

The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above \pm 0.1mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within \pm 30°.)

Area Scan

The "area scan" measures the SAR above the DUT or verification dipole on a parallel plane to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interpolation. The robot performs a stepped movement along one grid axis while the local electrical field strength is measured by the probe. The probe is touching the surface of the SAM during acquisition of measurement values. The standard scan uses large grid spacing for faster measurement. Standard grid spacing for head measurements is 15 mm in x- and y- dimension(\leq 2GHz) , 12 mm in x- and y- dimension(2-4 GHz) and 10mm in x- and y- dimension(4-6GHz). If a finer resolution is needed, the grid spacing can be reduced. Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result. For special applications where the standard scan method does not find the peak SAR within the grid, e.g. mobile phones with flip cover, the grid can be adapted in orientation.

Zoom Scan

A "zoom scan" measures the field in a volume around the 2D peak SAR value acquired in the previous "coarse" scan. This is a fine grid with maximum scan spatial resolution: Δx_{zoom} , $\Delta y_{zoom} \leq 2$ GHz - ≤ 8 mm, 2-4GHz - ≤ 5 mm and 4-6 GHz- ≤ 4 mm; $\Delta z_{zoom} \leq 3$ GHz - ≤ 5 mm, 3-4 GHz- ≤ 4 mm and 4-6GHz- ≤ 2 mm where the robot additionally moves the probe along the z-axis away from the bottom of the Phantom. DASY is also able to perform repeated zoom scans if more than 1 peak is found during area scan. In this document, the evaluated peak 1g and 10g averaged SAR values are shown in the 2D-graphics in Appendix B. Test results relevant for the specified standard (see chapter 1.4.) are shown in table form form in chapter 7.2.

A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 2 mm steps. This measurement shows the continuity of the liquid and can – depending in the field strength – also show the liquid depth.

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The following table summarizes the area scan and zoom scan resolutions per FCC KDB 865664D01:

	Maximun Area	Maximun Zoom	Maximun Zoom Scan spatial resolution			Minimum
Frequency	Scan	Scan spatial	Uniform Grid	Graded Grad		zoom scan
Trequency	resolution (Δx _{area} , Δy _{area})	resolution $(\Delta x_{Zoom}, \Delta y_{Zoom})$	Δz _{Zoom} (n)	Δz _{Zoom} (1)*	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1)*	volume (x,y,z)
≤2GHz	≤15mm	≤8mm	≤5mm	≤4mm	$\leq 1.5^*\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥30mm
2-3GHz	≤12mm	≤5mm	≤5mm	≤4mm	≤1.5*Δz _{Zoom} (n-1)	≥30mm
3-4GHz	≤12mm	≤5mm	≤4mm	≤3mm	≤1.5*∆z _{Zoom} (n-1)	≥28mm
4-5GHz	≤10mm	≤4mm	≤3mm	≤2.5mm	$\leq 1.5^*\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥25mm
5-6GHz	≤10mm	≤4mm	≤2mm	≤2mm	$\leq 1.5^*\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥22mm

4.2.5SPATIAL PEAK SAR EVALUATION

The spatial peak SAR – value for 1 and 10 g is evaluated after the Cube measurements have been done. The basis of the evaluation are the SAR values measured at the points of the fine cube grid consisting of 5 x 5 x 7 points(with 8mm horizontal resolution) or 7 x 7 x 7 points(with 5mm horizontal resolution) or 8 x 8 x 7 points(with 4mm horizontal resolution). The algorithm that finds the maximal averaged volume is separated into three different stages.

- The data between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom are extrapolated. This data cannot be measured since the center of the dipole is 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is about 1 mm (see probe calibration sheet). The extrapolated data from a cube measurement can be visualized by selecting "Graph Evaluated".
- The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10 g) are computed using the 3d-spline interpolation algorithm. If the volume cannot be evaluated (i.e., if a part of the grid was cut off by the boundary of the measurement area) the evaluation will be started on the corners of the bottom plane of the cube.
- All neighboring volumes are evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value is found.

Extrapolation

The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.168-180]. Through the points in the first 3 cm along the z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. These polynomials are then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1 mm from each other.

Interpolation

The interpolation of the points is done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.141-150] (x, y and z –direction) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p.123ff].

Volume Averaging

At First the size of the cube is calculated. Then the volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. 8000 points (20x20x20) are interpolated to calculate the average.

Advanced Extrapolation

DASY5 uses the advanced extrapolation option which is able to 17ompensate boundary effects on E-field probes.

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4.2.6DATA STORAGE AND EVALUATION

4.2.5.1Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DAE4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

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4.4.2 Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: Sensitivity Normi, a_{i0} , a_{i1} , a_{i2}

Conversion factor ConvF_i

Diode compression point Dcpi

Device Frequency f parameters:

Crest factor cf

Media parameters: Conductivity

Density

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot cf / dcp_i$$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 U_i = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

 dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:
$$E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$$

H-field probes:
$$H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f^2) / f$$

With
$$V_i$$
 = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i (
$$i = x, y, z$$
)
[mV/(V/m)²] for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

aij = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

 H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_X^2 + E_Y^2 + E_Z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

SAR =
$$(E_{tot})^2 \cdot \sigma / (\rho \cdot 1000)$$

With SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

= equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770 \text{ or } P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

With P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

 H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m

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5. SYSTEM VERIFICATION PROCEDURE

5.1 TISSUE VERIFICATION

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectic parameter are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within \pm 5% of the target values.

The following materials are used for producing the tissue-equivalent materials.

Tissue Type	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	Triton X-100	Water	Diethylene Glycol Mono- hexylether
Body 2450	-	31.4	-	0.1	-	-	68.5	-
Body 5G						10.7	78.6	10.7

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride; Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose; Water: De-ionized, 16M + resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose; DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether,[2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol] Triton X-100(ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

	Tissue Verification										
Tissue Type	Frequen cy (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity	Permittivity (εr)	Targeted Conductivit y (σ)	Targeted Permittivity (εr)	Deviation Conductivity (σ) (%)	Deviation Permittivity (εr) (%)	Date		
Body	2450	22.4	22.2	1.973	53.183	1.95	52.7	1.18	Jun. 02, 2017		
Body	5200	22.5	22.3	5.340	47.596	5.30	49.0	0.75	May. 31, 2017		
Body	5300	22.2	22.3	5.488	47.447	5.42	48.9	1.25	May. 31, 2017		
Body	5300	22.2	21.8	5.468	47.734	5.65	48.6	-3.22	Jul. 28, 2017		
Body	5600	22.4	22.3	5.885	46.751	5.77	48.5	1.99	Jun. 01, 2017		
Body	5600	22.2	21.8	5.920	46.900	5.77	48.5	2.60	Jul. 28, 2017		
Body	5800	22.4	22.3	6.163	46.419	6.00	48.2	2.72	Jun. 01, 2017		
Body	5800	22.2	21.8	6.209	46.515	6.00	48.2	3.48	Jul. 28, 2017		

Note

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¹⁾The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.

²⁾KDB 865664 was ensured to be applied for probe calibration frequencies greater than or equal to 50MHz of the EUT frequencies.

³⁾The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software to perform interpolation via the DASY software to determine actual dielectric parameters at the test frequencies. The SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above since the DASY rounds to three significant digits.

5.2 SYSTEM CHECK

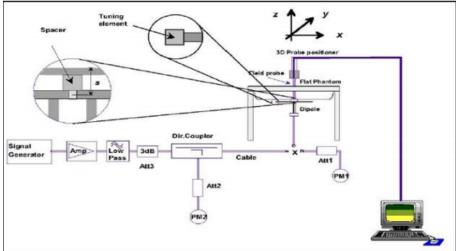
The system check is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The system check is performed with tissue equivalent material according to IEEE P1528 (described above). The following table shows system check results for all frequency bands and tissue liquids used during the tests.

System Check	Date	Frequency (MHz)	Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Dipole S/N
Body	Jun. 02, 2017	2450	51.70	12.20	48.80	-5.61	973
Body	May. 31, 2017	5200	74.70	7.17	71.70	-4.02	1221
Body	May. 31, 2017	5300	75.80	7.33	73.30	-3.30	1221
Body	Jul. 28, 2017	5300	75.80	8.18	81.80	7.92	1221
Body	Jun. 01, 2017	5600	80.60	7.51	75.10	-6.82	1221
Body	Jul. 28, 2017	5600	80.60	8.69	86.90	7.82	1221
Body	Jun. 01, 2017	5800	77.70	7.92	79.20	1.93	1221
Body	Jul. 28, 2017	5800	77.70	7.87	78.70	1.29	1221

5.3 SYSTEM CHECK PROCEDURE

The system check is performed by using a system check dipole which is positioned parallel to the planar part of the SAM phantom at the reference point. The distance of the dipole to the SAM phantom is determined by a plexiglass spacer. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 250 mW(below 5GHz) or 100mW(above 5GHz). To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system check to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the system check to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test.

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration (target SAR in table above) with the relevant liquids and test system.



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6.SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY AND UNCERTAINTY

6.1SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

6.2SAR MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is not required.

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7. OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST

7.1 WIFI 2.4G TEST CONFIGURATION

For WLAN SAR testing, WLAN engineering testing software installed on the DUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal.

Mode	802.11b	802.11g	802.11n (20M/40M)	802.11a	802.11a (20M/40M/80M)			
Duty cycle		100%						
Crest factor		1						

For the 802.11b SAR tests, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for WiFi mode test. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number(ARFCN) is allocated to 1,6 and 11 respectively in the case of 2450 MHz. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Each channel should be tested at the lowest data rate.

♦ 802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

♦ 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- 1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
- 2) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

♦ U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Band

For devices that operate in both U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, both bands are tested independently for SAR. When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, both bands are tested independently for SAR.

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7.2 TEST POSITION OF PORTABLE DEVICES

7.2.1 Test Position Requirements

The SAR Exclusion Threshold in KDB 447498 D01can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. According the KDB 616217, the antennas are incorporated in the keyboard section of a laptop computer, SAR is required for the bottom surface of the keyboard..

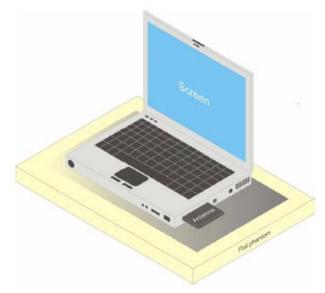


Fig 7.2.1: Test setup for bottom side

7.2.2 SAR test reduction and exclusion guidance

(1) The SAR exclusion threshold for distances < 50mm is defined by the following equation:

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤50mm and for transmission frequencies between 100MHz and 6GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is<5mm, a distance of 5mm according to 5) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

(2)The SAR exclusion threshold for distances>50mm is defined by the following equation, as illustrated in KDB 447498 D01 Appendix B:

a) at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz

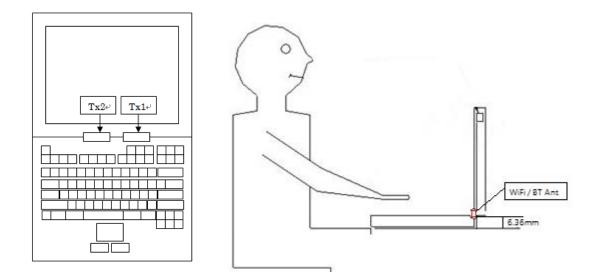
[Power allowed at numeric Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) · (f (MHz)/150)] mW

b) at >1500MHz and ≤6GHz

[Power allowed at numeric Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) ·10] mW

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The location of the antenna inside EUT is as below.



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The distance <50mm_2.4G

Dood	Freque	Turn-UP	Turn-U	Position	Bottom Side
Band	ncy	(dBm)	P(mW)	Antenna -to -edge distance(mm)	6.36
802.11b	2462	40		Exclusion considerations	15.6
602.110	02.11b 2462 18 50.1		50.12	Test requirements(Yes/No)	Yes
000 44 -			50.12	Exclusion considerations	15.6
802.11g	2462	18	50.12	Test requirements(Yes/No)	Yes
802.11n	0400	40	50.40	Exclusion considerations	15.6
HT20	2462	18	50.12	Test requirements(Yes/No)	Yes
802.11n	0.450	40	50.40	Exclusion considerations	15.6
HT40	2452	18	50.12	Test requirements(Yes/No)	Yes
				Exclusion considerations	1.39
ВТ	2483.5	7.5	5.62	Test requirements(Yes/No)	Yes

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The distance <50mm_5G Band I

	The distance \somm_so band i							
	Freque	Turn-UP	Turn-U	Position	Bottom Side			
Band	ncy	(dBm)	P(mW)	Antenna -to -edge distance(mm)	6.36			
000 44-	5040	45	31.62	Exclusion considerations	11.38			
802.11a	5240	15	31.02	Test requirements(Yes/No)	Yes			
802.11n	802.11n HT20 5240 15		31.62	Exclusion considerations	11.38			
HT20			31.02	Test requirements(Yes/No)	Yes			
802.11n	5240	5240 15	31.62	Exclusion considerations	11.38			
HT40				Test requirements(Yes/No)	Yes			
802.11ac	5040			Exclusion considerations	11.38			
VHT20	5240	15	31.62	Test requirements(Yes/No)	Yes			
000 44	5040	45	04.00	Exclusion considerations	11.38			
802.11ac VHT40	5240	15	31.62	Test requirements(Yes/No)	Yes			
802.11ac	50.40			Exclusion considerations	11.38			
VHT80	5240	15	31.62	Test requirements(Yes/No)	No			

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The distance <50mm_5G Band II

	The distance Southing 30 Band in							
	Freque	Turn-UP	Turn-U	Position	Bottom Side			
Band	ncy	(dBm)	P(mW)	Antenna -to -edge distance(mm)	6.36			
000 44-	5220	45	31.62	Exclusion considerations	11.47			
802.11a	5320	15	31.02	Test requirements(Yes/No)	Yes			
802.11n	802.11n HT20 5320 15		31.62	Exclusion considerations	11.47			
HT20			31.02	Test requirements(Yes/No)	No			
802.11n	5320	320 15	31.62	Exclusion considerations	11.47			
HT40				Test requirements(Yes/No)	No			
802.11ac	5000			Exclusion considerations	11.47			
VHT20	5320	15	31.62	Test requirements(Yes/No)	No			
000.44	5000	45	04.00	Exclusion considerations	11.47			
802.11ac VHT40	5320	15	31.62	Test requirements(Yes/No)	No			
802.11ac				Exclusion considerations	11.47			
VHT80	5320	15	31.62	Test requirements(Yes/No)	No			

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The distance <50mm_5G Band III

				-totiliii_oo Balla li	
	Freque Turn-UP		Turn-U	Position	Bottom Side
Band	ncy	(dBm)	P(mW)	Antenna -to -edge distance(mm)	6.36
000 44-	5700	15	31.62	Exclusion considerations	11.87
802.11a	5700		31.62	Test requirements(Yes/No)	Yes
802.11n	802.11n HT20 5700 15		24.62	Exclusion considerations	11.87
HT20			31.62	Test requirements(Yes/No)	Yes
802.11n	5700	15	31.62	Exclusion considerations	11.87
HT40				Test requirements(Yes/No)	Yes
802.11ac	5700		04.00	Exclusion considerations	11.87
VHT20	5700	15	31.62	Test requirements(Yes/No)	Yes
000 44	5700	45	04.00	Exclusion considerations	11.87
802.11ac VHT40	5700	15	31.62	Test requirements(Yes/No)	Yes
802.11ac		15		Exclusion considerations	11.87
VHT80	5700		31.62	Test requirements(Yes/No)	Yes

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The distance <50mm_5G Band III

			no alotanoc	<pre><pre><pre><pre>Soliliii_3G Ballu ii</pre></pre></pre></pre>	
	Freque	Turn-UP	Turn-U	Position	Bottom Side
Band	ncy	(dBm)	P(mW)	Antenna -to -edge distance(mm)	5
802.11a	5825		31.62	Exclusion considerations	12.00
602.11a	5625	15	31.02	Test requirements(Yes/No)	Yes
802.11n	E92E	Exclusion considerations			12.00
HT20	HT20 5825 15 3		31.62	Test requirements(Yes/No)	No
802.11n	5825	825 15	24.00	Exclusion considerations	12.00
HT40			31.62	Test requirements(Yes/No)	No
802.11ac				Exclusion considerations	12.00
VHT20	5825	15	31.62	Test requirements(Yes/No)	No
000 44	5005	45	04.00	Exclusion considerations	12.00
802.11ac VHT40	5825	15	31.62	Test requirements(Yes/No)	No
802.11ac	500	5 15		Exclusion considerations	12.00
VHT80	5825		31.62	Test requirements(Yes/No)	No

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8. POWER TEST RESULT

8.1 CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF 2.4G

SISO_Ant 0

Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune up	Average Power(dBm)	SAR Test(Yes/No)
	1	2412		18.0	17.85	
	6	2437		18.0	17.83	
802.11b	11	2462	1	18.0	17.78	Yes
	12	2467		16.5	16.11	
	13	2472		8.5	7.88	
	1	2412		18.0	17.77	
	6	2437		18.0	17.78	No
802.11g	11	2462	6	18.0	17.82	
	12	2467		11.5	10.98	
	13	2472		-2.0	-2.19	
	1	2412		18.0	17.83	No
	6	2437		18.0	17.83	
802.11n HT20	11	2462	6.5	18.0	17.80	
	12	2467		11.0	10.55	
	13	2472		-2.5	-2.98	
	3	2422		18.0	17.82	
	6	2437		18.0	17.75	No
802.11n HT40	9	2452	13.5	18.0	17.82	
	10	2457		12.5	12.11	
	11	2472		-2.5	-2.78	

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SISO_Ant 1

Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune up	Average Power(dBm)	SAR Test(Yes/No)
	1	2412		18.0	17.82	
	6	2437		18.0	17.83	
802.11b	11	2462	1	18.0	17.78	Yes
	12	2467		16.5	16.12	
	13	2472		8.5	7.94	
	1	2412		18.0	17.81	
	6	2437		18.0	17.83	No
802.11g	11	2462	6	18.0	17.49	
	12	2467		10.5	9.98	
	13	2472		-2.5	-2.77	
	1	2412		18.0	17.81	No
	6	2437		18.0	17.83	
802.11n HT20	11	2462	6.5	18.0	17.56	
	12	2467		11	10.82	
	13	2472		-2.5	-2.96	
	3	2422		18.0	17.77	
	6	2437		18.0	17.81	
802.11n HT40	9	2452	13.5	13	12.54	No
	10	2457		13	12.48	
	11	2462		-2.5	-2.83	

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MIMO Ant 0+1

Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune up	Average Power(dBm)	SAR Test(Yes/No)	
			rtate(mbp3)		, ,	1031(103/110)	
	1	2412		18.0	17.60		
	6	2437		18.0	17.70	No	
802.11n HT20	11	2462	13	18.0	17.60		
	12	2467		12.5	12.18		
	13	2472		-3.5	3.74		
	3	2422		18.0	17.60		
	6	2437		18.0	17.70	No	
802.11n HT40	9	2452	27	18.0	17.60		
	10	2457		15.0	14.88		
	11	2462		-2.5	-3.11		

Note:

- 1) The Average conducted power of WiFi is measured with RMS detector.
- 2) Per KDB248227, for WiFi 2.4GHz, the highest measured maximum output power Channel for DSSS modes(802.11b)was selected for SAR measurement.SAR for OFDM modes(2.4GHz 802.11g/n) was not required When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM modes(802.11g/n)to DSSS modes(802.11b)specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

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8.2 CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF 5G BAND I

SISO Ant 0

Mode Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune-up	Average Power(dBm)	SAR Test(Yes/No)
	36	5180		15.00	14.84	
802.11a	40	5200	6	15.00	14.85	Yes
	44	5220		15.00	14.78	
	48	5240		15.00	14.82	
	36	5180		15.00	14.79	
802.11n HT20	40	5200	6.5	15.00	14.78	No
	44	5220		15.00	14.82	
	48	5240		15.00	14.82	
802.11n HT40	38	5190	13.5	15.00	14.79	Yes
	46	5230		15.00	14.80	
	36	5180		15.00	14.78	
802.11ac	40	5200	6.5	15.00	14.77	No
VHT20	44	5220		15.00	14.78	
	48	5240		15.00	14.78	
802.11ac	38	5190	13.5	15.00	14.83	No
VHT40	46	5230		15.00	14.80	
802.11ac VHT80	42	5210	29.3	15.00	14.76	Yes

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SISO Ant 1

Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune-up	Average Power(dBm)	SAR Test(Yes/No)
	36	5180		15.00	14.85	
802.11a	40	5200	6	15.00	14.87	Yes
	44	5220		15.00	14.80	
	48	5240		15.00	14.77	
802.11n HT20	36	5180	6.5	15.00	14.77	No
	40	5200		15.00	14.78	
	44	5220		15.00	14.76	
	48	5240		15.00	14.83	
802.11n HT40	38	5190	13.5	15.00	14.82	No
	46	5230		15.00	14.83	
	36	5180	6.5	15.00	14.84	No
802.11ac	40	5200		15.00	14.84	
VHT20	44	5220		15.00	14.76	
	48	5240		15.00	14.83	
802.11ac	38	5190	13.5	15.00	14.77	No
VHT40	46	5230		15.00	14.83	
802.11ac VHT80	42	5210	29.3	15.00	14.80	No

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MIMO_Ant 0+1

Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Ant 0 Avg Power	Ant 1 Avg Power	Tune-up	Average Power(dBm)	SAR Test(Yes/No)
	36	5180		11.64	11.70	15.00	14.68	
802.11n HT20	40	5200	6.5	11.50	11.77	15.00	14.65	Yes
602.1111 H120	44	5220	0.5	11.58	11.74	15.00	14.67	168
	48	5240		11.43	11.76	15.00	14.61	
802.11n HT40	38	5190	13.5	11.77	11.59	15.00	14.69	No
602.1111 H140	46	5230	13.5	11.42	11.71	15.00	14.58	INU
	36	5180		11.76	11.63	15.00	14.71	
802.11ac	40	5200	6.5	11.65	11.79	15.00	14.73	No
VHT20	44	5220	0.5	11.55	11.79	15.00	14.68	NO
	48	5240		11.42	11.81	15.00	14.63	
802.11ac	38	5190	12.5	11.79	11.71	15.00	14.76	No
VHT40	46	5230	13.5	11.44	11.72	15.00	14.59	No
802.11ac VHT80	42	5210	29.3	11.75	11.75	15.00	14.76	No

Note:

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¹⁾ The Average conducted power of WiFi is measured with RMS detector.

8.2 CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF 5G BAND II

SISO Ant 0

Mode Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune-up	Average Power(dBm)	SAR Test(Yes/No)
	52	5260		15.00	14.81	
902.44-	56	5280	6	15.00	14.86	Vaa
802.11a	60	5300	6	15.00	14.77	Yes
	64	5320		15.00	14.78	
	52	5260		15.00	14.73	
002 44 m LIT20	56	5280	6.5	15.00	14.79	No
802.11n HT20	60	5300	0.5	15.00	14.81	INO
	64 5320	5320		15.00	14.75	
802.11n HT40	54	5270	13.5	15.00	14.81	Yes
602.1111 H140	62	5310	13.5	15.00	14.76	162
	52	5260		15.00	14.80	
802.11ac	56	5280	6.5	15.00	14.79	No
VHT20	60	5300	0.5	15.00	14.79	INO
	64	5320		15.00	14.81	
802.11ac	54	5270	13.5	15.00	14.81	No
VHT40	62	5310	13.5	15.00	14.77	INU
802.11ac VHT80	58	5290	29.3	15.00	14.77	Yes

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SISO_Ant 1

Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune-up	Average Power(dBm)	SAR Test(Yes/No)
	52	5260		15.00	14.81	
902 44-	56	5280	6	15.00	14.75	Yes
802.11a	60	5300	O	15.00	14.76	165
	64	5320		15.00	14.80	
	52	5260		15.00	14.78	
802.11n HT20	56	5280	6.5	15.00	14.84	No
002.1111 H120	60	5300	0.5	15.00	14.82	INO
	64	5320		15.00	14.78	
802.11n HT40	54	5270	13.5	15.00	14.80	No
802.1111 H140	62	5310	13.3	15.00	14.83	INO
	52	5260		15.00	14.83	
802.11ac	56	5280	6.5	15.00	14.77	No
VHT20	60	5300	0.5	15.00	14.81	INO
	64	5320		15.00	14.76	
802.11ac	54	5270	13.5	15.00	14.77	No
VHT40	62	5310	13.3	15.00	14.75	INU
802.11ac VHT80	58	5290	29.3	15.00	14.81	No

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MIMO_Ant 0+1

Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Ant 0 Avg Power	Ant 1 Avg Power	Tune-up	Average Power(dBm)	SAR Test(Yes/No)
	52	5260		11.33	11.93	15.00	14.65	
802.11n HT20	56	5280	6.5	11.57	11.95	15.00	14.77	Yes
802.1111 П120	60	5300	0.5	11.55	11.77	15.00	14.67	162
	64	5320		11.58	11.74	15.00	14.67	
902 44m UT40	54	5270	13.5	11.39	11.88	15.00	14.65	No
802.11n HT40	62	5310	13.5	11.58	11.84	15.00	14.72	INO
	52	5260		11.35	11.90	15.00	14.64	
802.11ac	56	5280	6.5	11.50	11.95	15.00	14.74	No
VHT20	60	5300	0.5	11.65	11.91	15.00	14.79	No
	64	5320		11.64	11.80	15.00	14.73	
802.11ac	54	5270	12.5	11.41	11.98	15.00	14.71	No
VHT40	62	5310	13.5	11.56	11.85	15.00	14.72	No
802.11ac VHT80	58	5290	29.3	11.35	11.93	15.00	14.66	No

Note:

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¹⁾ The Average conducted power of WiFi is measured with RMS detector.

8.3 CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF 5G BAND III

SISO_Ant 0

Mode	Channol	Frequency(MHz)	Data	Tune-up	Average	SAR
Wode	Cilalillei	rrequency(winz)	Rate(Mbps)	rune-up	Power(dBm)	Test(Yes/No)
	100	5500		15.00	14.85	
	104	5520		15.00	14.79	
	108	5540		15.00	14.78	
	112	5560		15.00	14.81	
802.11a	116	5580		15.00	14.84	
	120	5600	6	15.00	14.80	Yes
	124	5620		15.00	14.78	
	128	5640		15.00	14.82	
	132	5660		15.00	14.83	
	136	5680	_	15.00	14.82	
	140	5700		15.00	14.84	
	100	5500		15.00	14.84	
	104	5520		15.00	14.77	
	108	5540		15.00	14.78	
	112	5560		15.00	14.82	
	116	5580		15.00	14.78	
802.11n HT20	120	5600	6.5	15.00	14.71	No
	124	5620		15.00	14.79	
	128	5640		15.00	14.77	
	132	5660		15.00	14.84	
	136	5680		15.00	14.81	
	140	5700		15.00	14.77	
	102	5510		15.00	14.78	
802 11n UT40	118	5590	13.5	15.00	14.74	Yes
802.11n HT40	126	5630	13.5	15.00	14.76	169
	134	5670		15.00	14.80	

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Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune-up	Average Power(dBm)	SAR Test(Yes/No)
	100	5500		15.00	14.82	
	104	5520		15.00	14.83	
	108	5540		15.00	14.81	
	112	5560		15.00	14.75	
000 44	116	5580		15.00	14.80	
802.11ac VHT20	120	5600	6.5	15.00	14.77	No
VH120	124	5620		15.00	14.80	
	128	5640		15.00	14.74	
	132	5660		15.00	14.81	
	136	5680		15.00	14.75	
	140	5700		15.00	14.79	
	102	5510		15.00	14.81	
802.11ac	118	5590	40 E	15.00	14.76	No
VHT40	126	5630	13.5	15.00	14.71	INO
	134	5670		15.00	14.78	
000 44-	106	5530		15.00	14.79	
802.11ac	122	5610	29.3	15.00	14.74	Yes
VHT80	138	5690		15.00	14.76	

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SISO_Ant 1

Mada	Ole a series al	F	Data	T	Average	SAR
Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Rate(Mbps)	Tune-up	Power(dBm)	Test(Yes/No)
	100	5500		15.00	14.83	
	104	5520		15.00	14.78	
	108	5540		15.00	14.75	
	112	5560		15.00	14.75	
802.11a	116	5580		15.00	14.77	
	120	5600	6	15.00	14.63	Yes
	124	5620		15.00	14.70	
	128	5640		15.00	14.73	
	132	5660		15.00	14.80	
	136	5680		15.00	14.81	
	140	5700		15.00	14.79	
	100	5500		15.00	14.83	
	104	5520		15.00	14.82	
	108	5540		15.00	14.77	
	112	5560		15.00	14.79	
	116	5580		15.00	14.81	
802.11n HT20	120	5600	6.5	15.00	14.71	No
	124	5620		15.00	14.63	
	128	5640		15.00	14.76	
	132	5660		15.00	14.80	
	136	5680		15.00	14.84	
	140	5700		15.00	14.76	
	102	5510		15.00	14.81	
802 11n HT40	118	5590	13.5	15.00	14.77	No
802.11n HT40	126	5630	10.0	15.00	14.74	140
	134	5670		15.00	14.80	

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Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune-up	Average Power(dBm)	SAR Test(Yes/No)
	100	5500		15.00	14.77	
	104	5520		15.00	14.75	
	108	5540		15.00	14.78	
	112	5560		15.00	14.80	
000 44	116	5580		15.00	14.80	
802.11ac VHT20	120	5600	6.5	15.00	14.73	No
VH120	124	5620		15.00	14.66	
	128	5640		15.00	14.78	
	132	5660		15.00	14.81	
	136	5680		15.00	14.84	
	140	5700		15.00	14.84	
	102	5510		15.00	14.81	
802.11ac	118	5590	40 E	15.00	14.76	No
VHT40	126	5630	13.5	15.00	14.71	No
	134	5670		15.00	14.73	
000 44-	106	5530		15.00	14.83	
802.11ac	122	5610	29.3	15.00	14.75	No
VHT80	138	5690		15.00	14.80	

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MIMO Ant 0+1

	nt 0+1			Ant 0	Ant 1			
Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data	Avg		Tune-up	Average	SAR
			Rate(Mbps)	_	Power		Power(dBm)	Test(Yes/No)
	100	5500		11.71	11.83	15.00	14.78	
	104	5520		11.61	11.80	15.00	14.72	
	108	5540		11.72	11.84	15.00	14.79	
	112	5560		11.47	11.91	15.00	14.71	
	116	5580		11.67	11.89	15.00	14.79	
802.11n HT20	120	5600	6.5	11.64	11.81	15.00	14.74	Yes
	124	5620		11.56	11.79	15.00	14.69	
	128	5640		11.65	11.85	15.00	14.76	
	132	5660		11.51	11.94	15.00	14.74	
	136	5680		11.22	11.98	15.00	14.63	
	140	5700		11.21	11.95	15.00	14.61	
	102	5510		11.66	11.55	15.00	14.62	
000 44 m UT40	118	5590	13.5	11.68	11.61	15.00	14.66	N
802.11n HT40	126	5630		11.72	11.70	15.00	14.72	No
	134	5670		11.39	11.97	15.00	14.70	
	100	5500		11.69	11.81	15.00	14.76	
	104	5520		11.58	11.77	15.00	14.69	
	108	5540		11.65	11.96	15.00	14.82	
	112	5560		11.51	11.86	15.00	14.70	
802.11ac	116	5580		11.58	11.93	15.00	14.77	
	120	5600	6.5	11.57	11.86	15.00	14.73	No
VHT20	124	5620		11.59	11.68	15.00	14.65	
	128	5640		11.62	11.84	15.00	14.74	
	132	5660		11.46	11.97	15.00	14.89	
	136	5680		11.13	12.10	15.00	14.69	
	140	5700		11.34	12.08	15.00	14.71	
	102	5510		11.71	12.05	15.00	14.62	
802.11ac	118	5590	12.5	11.64	11.78	15.00	14.72	No
VHT40	126	5630	13.5	11.58	11.80	15.00	14.70	No
	134	5670		11.30	11.90	15.00	14.73	
000.44	106	5530		11.65	11.76	15.00	14.78	No
802.11ac	122	5610	29.3	11.62	11.80	15.00	14.72	
VHT80	138	5690		11.30	12.11	15.00	14.79	

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8.4 CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF 5G BAND IV

SISO_Ant 0

Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune-up	Average Power(dBm)	SAR Test(Yes/No)
	149	5745		15.00	14.77	
	153	5765		15.00	14.76	
802.11a	157	5785	6	15.00	14.78	Yes
	161	5805		15.00	14.74	
	165	5825		15.00	14.80	
	149	5745		15.00	14.79	
	153	5765		15.00	14.78	
802.11n HT20	157	5785	6.5	15.00	14.77	No
	161	5805		15.00	14.78	
	165	5825		15.00	14.77	
802.11n HT40	151	5755	13.5	15.00	14.82	Yes
002.111111140	159	5795	10.0	15.00	14.75	103
	149	5745		15.00	14.80	
802.11ac	153	5765		15.00	14.79	
VHT20	157	5785	6.5	15.00	14.78	No
VIIIZU	161	5805		15.00	14.81	
	165	5825		15.00	14.84	
802.11ac	151	5755	13.5	15.00	14.82	No
VHT40	159	5795	13.5	15.00	14.84	INU
802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	29.3	15.00	14.82	Yes

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SISO Ant 1

Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune-up	Average Power(dBm)	SAR Test(Yes/No)
	149	5745		15.00	14.77	
	153	5765		15.00	14.77	
802.11a	157	5785	6	15.00	14.80	Yes
	161	5805		15.00	14.76	
	165	5825		15.00	14.81	
	149	5745		15.00	14.78	
	153	5765		15.00	14.82	
802.11n HT20	157	5785	6.5	15.00	14.77	No
	161	5805		15.00	14.74	
	165	5825		15.00	14.81	
802.11n HT40	151	5755	13.5	15.00	14.79	No
002.111111140	159	5795	13.3	15.00	14.83	INO
	149	5745		15.00	14.74	
802.11ac	153	5765		15.00	14.81	
VHT20	157	5785	6.5	15.00	14.78	No
VIIIZU	161	5805		15.00	14.76	
	165	5825		15.00	14.83	
802.11ac	151	5755	13.5	15.00	14.80	
VHT40	159	5795	13.5	15.00	14.81	No
802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	29.3	15.00	14.82	INO

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MIMO_Ant 0+1

Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Ant 0 Avg Power		Tune-up	Total Avg Power(dBm)	SAR Test(Yes/No)
	149	5745		11.28	12.22	15.00	14.79	
	153	5765		11.24	12.14	15.00	14.72	
802.11n HT20	157	5785	6.5	11.41	11.81	15.00	14.62	Yes
	161	5805		11.44	12.10	15.00	14.79	
	165	5825		11.26	12.00	15.00	14.66	
802.11n HT40	151	5755	13.5	11.19	12.01	15.00	14.63	No
602.1111 H140	159	5795	13.5	11.35	11.93	15.00	14.66	INO
	149	5745		11.10	12.03	15.00	14.60	
902 4400	153	5765		11.22	12.07	15.00	14.68	
802.11ac VHT20	157	5785	6.5	11.35	11.82	15.00	14.60	No
VH120	161	5805		11.30	12.06	15.00	14.71	
	165	5825		11.36	12.02	15.00	14.71	
802.11ac	151	5755	13.5	11.15	12.02	15.00	14.62	
VHT40	159	5795	13.3	11.40	11.93	15.00	14.68	No
802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	29.3	11.27	12.01	15.00	14.67	IVO

Note:

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¹⁾ The Average conducted power of WiFi is measured with RMS detector.

8.5 CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF BT

		Average	Conducted Pow		
ВТ	Tune Up	СН0	CH39	CH78	SAR Test(Yes/No)
DH5	7.5	6.33	7.38	6.27	No
2DH5	6.0	4.77	5.69	4.37	No
3DH5	5.0	4.00	4.67	3.74	No

		Average	Conducted Pow		
ВТ	Tune Up	CH0	CH19	SAR Test(Yes/No)	
BLE	4.00	3.85	3.97	2.36	No

Note:

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¹⁾ The conducted power of BT is measured with RMS detector.

9. SAR TEST RESULTS

General Notes:

- 1) Per KDB447498 D01v06, all measurement SAR results are scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit to demonstrate compliant.
- 2) Per KDB447498 D01v06, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is: \leq 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is \leq 100 MHz. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > $\frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 3) Per KDB865664 D01v01r04,for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is \geq 0.8W/Kg; if the deviation among the repeated measurement is \leq 20%,and the measured SAR <1.45W/Kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 4) Per KDB865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is only required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination; Plots are also required when the measured SAR is > 1.5 W/kg, or > 7.0 W/kg for occupational exposure. The published RF exposure KDB procedures may require additional plots; for example, to support SAR to peak location separation ratio test exclusion and/or volume scan post-processing.

WLAN Notes:

- 1) For exposure conditions with multiple test positions, such as handset operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode, procedures for initial test position can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration, area scans are measured for all positions in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated(peak)SAR is used as the initial test position. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR position until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.
- 2) Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 for 2.4GHZ WIFI single transmission chain operations, the highest measured maximum output power Channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement.SAR for OFDM modes(2.4GHz 802.11g/n) was not required due to the maximum allowed powers and the highest reported DSSS SAR.
- 3) Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 for 5GHZ WIFI single transmission chain operations, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum allowed power. Other transmission modes were not investigated since the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration adjusted by the ratio of maximum output powers is less than 1.2 W/kg.

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9.1 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT OF BODY 2.4G

Test No.	Band	Mode	СН	Test Position At 0mm	Ant Status	Tune up (dBm)	Measured (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Area Scan Peak SAR	SAR Value (W/kg)1-g	Reported SAR
1	802.11b	-	1	Bottom Side	0	18	17.85	0	0.729	0.759	0.786
6	802.11b	-	6	Bottom Side	1	18	17.83	0	0.571	0.722	0.751
39	802.11b	HT20	6	Bottom Side	0+1	18	17.7	0	0.375	0.389	0.417

Note:

- 1) The adjusted SAR is $0.786 \times (63.10/63.10) = 0.786 \text{ mW/g}$, the OFDM is not required.
- 2) Per KDB248227D01, the highest SAR measured for the <u>initial test position</u> or <u>initial test configuration</u> should be used to determine SAR test exclusion according to the sum of 1-g SAR and SAR peak to location ratio provisions in KDB 447498. In addition, a test lab may also choose to perform standalone SAR measurements for test positions and 802.11 configurations that are not required by the <u>initial test position</u> or <u>initial test configuration</u> procedures and apply the results to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion, according to sum of 1-g and SAR peak to location ratio requirements to reduce the number of simultaneous transmission SAR measurements.

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9.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT OF BODY_5G BAND I

Test No.	Band	Mode	СН	Test Position At Omm	Ant Status	Tune up (dBm)	Measured (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Area Scan Peak SAR	SAR Value (W/kg)1-g	Reported SAR
2	802.11a	-	40	Bottom Side	0	15	14.85	0	1.06	1.13	1.17
11	802.11a	-	36	Bottom Side	0	15	14.84	0	1.03	1.09	1.13
36	802.11a (Repeated Test)	-	40	Bottom Side	0	15	14.85	0	1.06	1.11	1.15
7	802.11a	-	40	Bottom Side	1	15	14.87	0	1.09	1.11	1.14
37	802.11a	1	36	Bottom Side	1	15	14.85	0	1.09	1.03	1.07
38	802.11a (Repeated Test)	-	40	Bottom Side	1	15	14.87	0	1.09	1.05	1.08
40	802.11n	HT20	36	Bottom Side	0+1	15	14.68	0.09	0.55	0.602	0.65

Note:

- 1) Per KDB248227D01, the highest SAR measured for the <u>initial test position</u> or <u>initial test configuration</u> should be used to determine SAR test exclusion according to the sum of 1-g SAR and SAR peak to location ratio provisions in KDB 447498. In addition, a test lab may also choose to perform standalone SAR measurements for test positions and 802.11 configurations that are not required by the <u>initial test position</u> or <u>initial test configuration</u> procedures and apply the results to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion, according to sum of 1-g and SAR peak to location ratio requirements to reduce the number of simultaneous transmission SAR measurements.
- 2) Per KDB248227D01, When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.

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9.3 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT OF BODY_5G BAND II

Test No.	Band	Mode	СН	Test Position At Omm	Ant Status	Tune up (dBm)	Measured (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Area Scan Peak SAR	SAR Value (W/kg)1-g	Reported SAR
3	802.11a	-	56	Bottom Side	0	15	14.86	0	1.15	1.34	1.38
12	802.11a	-	52	Bottom Side	0	15	14.81	0	0.882	1.11	1.16
13	802.11a	-	60	Bottom Side	0	15	14.77	0	0.941	1.32	1.39
14	802.11a	-	64	Bottom Side	0	15	14.78	0	0.998	1.28	1.35
30	802.11a (Repeated Test)	-	56	Bottom Side	0	15	14.82	0	0.946	1.31	1.37
101	802.11n	HT40	54	Bottom Side	0	15	14.81	0	0.821	1.14	1.19
102	802.11ac	VHT80	58	Bottom Side	0	15	14.77	0	0.925	1.13	1.19
8	802.11a	-	52	Bottom Side	1	15	14.81	0	1.03	1.14	1.19
27	802.11a	-	64	Bottom Side	1	15	14.8	0	0.792	0.975	1.02
33	802.11a (Repeated Test)	-	52	Bottom Side	1	15	14.8	0	0.77	0.996	1.04
41	802.11n	HT20	56	Bottom Side	0+1	15	14.77	0.05	0.495	0.462	0.49

Note:

- 1) Per KDB248227D01, the highest SAR measured for the <u>initial test position</u> or <u>initial test configuration</u> should be used to determine SAR test exclusion according to the sum of 1-g SAR and SAR peak to location ratio provisions in KDB 447498. In addition, a test lab may also choose to perform standalone SAR measurements for test positions and 802.11 configurations that are not required by the <u>initial test position</u> or <u>initial test configuration</u> procedures and apply the results to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion, according to sum of 1-g and SAR peak to location ratio requirements to reduce the number of simultaneous transmission SAR measurements.
- 2) Per KDB248227D01, When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.

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9.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT OF BODY_5G BAND III

Test No.	Band	Mode	СН	Test Position At 0mm	Ant Status	Tune up (dBm)	Measured (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Area Scan Peak SAR	SAR Value (W/kg)1-g	Reported SAR
4	802.11a	-	100	Bottom Side	0	15	14.85	0	0.982	1.34	1.39
15	802.11a	-	104	Bottom Side	0	15	14.79	0	0.808	1.23	1.29
16	802.11a	-	108	Bottom Side	0	15	14.78	0	0.842	1.3	1.37
17	802.11a	-	112	Bottom Side	0	15	14.81	0	0.838	1.34	1.40
18	802.11a	-	116	Bottom Side	0	15	14.84	0	0.801	1.29	1.34
109	802.11a	-	120	Bottom Side	0	15	14.80	0	1.63	1.29	1.35
110	802.11a	-	124	Bottom Side	0	15	14.78	0	1.61	1.2	1.26
111	802.11a	-	128	Bottom Side	0	15	14.82	0	1.58	1.28	1.33
19	802.11a	-	132	Bottom Side	0	15	14.83	0	0.953	1.33	1.38
20	802.11a	-	136	Bottom Side	0	15	14.82	0	0.88	1.32	1.38
21	802.11a	-	140	Bottom Side	0	15	14.84	0	0.745	1.21	1.26
31	802.11a (Repeated Test)	-	100	Bottom Side	0	15	14.85	0	0.803	1.32	1.37
103	802.11n	HT40	134	Bottom Side	0	15	14.8	0	1.21	1.17	1.23
104	802.11n	HT40	102	Bottom Side	0	15	14.78	0	0.733	1.1	1.16
105	802.11ac	VHT80	106	Bottom Side	0	15	14.79	0	0.899	1.16	1.22
106	802.11ac	VHT80	106	Bottom Side	0	15	14.79	0	0.929	1.12	1.18
9	802.11a	1	100	Bottom Side	1	15	14.83	0	0.971	1.04	1.08
28	802.11a	-	136	Bottom Side	1	15	14.81	0	0.866	1.09	1.14
34	802.11a (Repeated Test)	-	100	Bottom Side	1	15	14.83	0	0.806	0.997	1.04
42	802.11n	HT20	108	Bottom Side	0+1	15	14.79	0.11	0.449	0.47	0.49

Note:

- 1) Per KDB248227D01, the highest SAR measured for the <u>initial test position</u> or <u>initial test configuration</u> should be used to determine SAR test exclusion according to the sum of 1-g SAR and SAR peak to location ratio provisions in KDB 447498. In addition, a test lab may also choose to perform standalone SAR measurements for test positions and 802.11 configurations that are not required by the <u>initial test position</u> or <u>initial test configuration</u> procedures and apply the results to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion, according to sum of 1-g and SAR peak to location ratio requirements to reduce the number of simultaneous transmission SAR measurements.
- 2) Per KDB248227D01, When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.

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9.5 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT OF BODY_5G BAND IV

Test No.	Band	Mode	СН	Test Position At Omm	Ant Status	Tune up (dBm)	Measured (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Area Scan Peak SAR	SAR Value (W/kg)1-g	Reported SAR
5	802.11a	ı	165	Bottom Side	0	15	14.8	0	0.921	1.33	1.39
22	802.11a	-	149	Bottom Side	0	15	14.77	0	0.807	1.24	1.31
23	802.11a	ı	153	Bottom Side	0	15	14.76	0	0.925	1.31	1.38
24	802.11a	-	157	Bottom Side	0	15	14.78	0	0.817	1.26	1.33
25	802.11a	-	161	Bottom Side	0	15	14.74	0	0.848	1.24	1.32
32	802.11a (Repeated Test)	-	165	Bottom Side	0	15	14.8	0	0.848	1.31	1.37
107	802.11n	HT40	159	Bottom Side	0	15	14.84	0	0.764	1.11	1.15
108	802.11ac	VHT80	155	Bottom Side	0	15	14.82	0	0.930	1.17	1.22
10	802.11a	-	165	Bottom Side	1	15	14.81	0	0.988	1.05	1.10
29	802.11a	-	157	Bottom Side	1	15	14.8	0	0.696	1.02	1.07
35	802.11a (Repeated Test)	1	165	Bottom Side	1	15	14.81	0	0.797	1.01	1.06
43	802.11n	HT20	149	Bottom Side	0+1	15	14.79	0.03	0.698	0.756	0.79

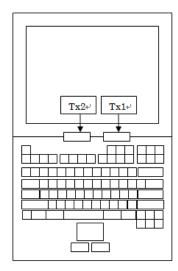
Note:

- 1) Per KDB248227D01, the highest SAR measured for the <u>initial test position</u> or <u>initial test configuration</u> should be used to determine SAR test exclusion according to the sum of 1-g SAR and SAR peak to location ratio provisions in KDB 447498. In addition, a test lab may also choose to perform standalone SAR measurements for test positions and 802.11 configurations that are not required by the <u>initial test position</u> or <u>initial test configuration</u> procedures and apply the results to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion, according to sum of 1-g and SAR peak to location ratio requirements to reduce the number of simultaneous transmission SAR measurements.
- 2) Per KDB248227D01, When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.

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10. MULTIPLE TRANSMITTER INFORMATION

The location of the antennas inside mobile phone is shown as below picture:



Antenna	Function
Tx1	WiFi / BT
Tx2	WiFi

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance,mm)][$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for product specific 10-g SAR, where:

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Standalone SAR test exclusion for BT

Mode	Position	P _{max} (dBm)*	P _{max} (mW)	Distance (mm)	f (GHz)	Calculation Result	SAR Exclusion threshold	SAR test exclusion
ВТ	product specific 10-g SAR	7.5	5.62	5	2.48	1.77	3.0	Yes

Note:

1)* - maximum possible output power declared by manufacturer

2) Held to ear configurations are not applicable to Bluetooth for this device.

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When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] • [$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm,where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion

According to KDB 447498 D01,when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standslone SAR was estimated according to following formula to result in substantially conservative SAR values of ≤0.4W/kg to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\text{Max.Tune up Power}_{(mW)}}{\text{Min.Test Separation Distance}_{(mm)}} \times \frac{\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}}{7.5}$$

Estimated SAR calculation

Mode	Position	P _{max} (dBm)*	P _{max} (mW)	Distance (mm)	f (GHz)	Х	Estimated SAR (W/kg)*
ВТ	Body_Bottom	8	6.31	5	2.48	7.5	0.186

Note: * - maximum possible output power declared by manufacturer

11. SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION CONDITIONS

About the WiFi / BT Simultaneous transmission

Co-Location	WiFi	ВТ
WiFi	No	Yes
ВТ	Yes	No

About BT and 2 4G / 5G antenna

	2.40 / 30 dilicilia
Test Position	Body
Reported SAR _{1g}	Bottom Side
2.4G WiFi	0.786
5.2G WiFi	1.17
5.3G WiFi	1.38
5.5G WiFi	1.39
5.8G WiFi	1.39
ВТ	0.186
MAX∑SAR1g	1.576

MAX. Σ SAR_{1g}=1.576 W/Kg<1.6 W/Kg, so the SAR to peak location separation ratio do not considered.

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APPENDIX

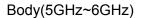
1. Test Layout

Specific Absorption Rate Test Layout



Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (≥15cm depth)

Body(2400MHz~2600MHz)





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(Pls See Appendix A.) Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement (Pls See Appendix B.) Appendix C. Calibration Certificate for Probe and Dipole (Pls See Appendix C.) Appendix D. Photographs of the Test Set-Up (Pls See Appendix D.) End

Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

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