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### **TEST REPORT**

Report Number: 19101304HKG-001

Application for Original Grant of 47 CFR Part 15 Certification

FCC ID: 2ALZ7-6075A1901

Prepared and Checked by:

Approved by:

Signed On File Wong Cheuk Ho, Herbert Lead Engineer

Wong Kwok Yeung, Kenneth Senior Lead Engineer Date: December 12, 2019

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### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

**Applicant Name:** CCL Electronics Ltd.

**Applicant Address:** Unit 1-3, 9/F., Wang Lung Industrial Building,

11 Lung Tak Street, Tsuen Wan,

N.T., Hong Kong

FCC Specification Standard: FCC Part 15, October 1, 2018 Edition

FCC ID: 2ALZ7-6075A1901 FCC Model(s): C6075A (WS-8480)

**Type of EUT:** Spread Spectrum Transmitter

**Description of EUT:** Wifi Weather Station

Serial Number: N/A

Sample Receipt Date: October 31, 2019

Date of Test: October 31, 2019 to December 12, 2019

**Report Date:** December 12, 2019

**Environmental Conditions:** Temperature: +10 to 40°C

Humidity: 10 to 90%

**Conclusion:** Test was conducted by client submitted sample. The submitted

sample as received complied with the 47 CFR Part 15 Certification.



# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

1.0	TEST RESULTS SUMMARY & STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE	4
	1.1 Summary of Test Results	4
	1.2 Statement of Compliance	4
2.0	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	5
	2.1 Product Description	5
	2.2 Test Methodology	6
	2.3 Test Facility	6
	2.4 Related Submittal(s) Grants	6
3.0	SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION	7
	3.1 Justification	7
	3.2 EUT Exercising Software	8
	3.3 Details of EUT and Description of Accessories	9
	3.4 Measurement Uncertainty	9
4.0	TEST RESULTS	10
	4.1 Maximum Conducted Output Power at Antenna Terminals	10
	4.2 Minimum 6dB RF Bandwidth	12
	4.3 Maximum Power Spectral Density	19
	4.4 Out of Band Conducted Emissions	26
	4.5 Field Strength Calculation	39
	4.6 Transmitter Radiated Emissions in Restricted Bands and Spurious Emissions	40
	4.6.1 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph	40
	4.6.2 Radiated Emission Data	40
	4.6.3 Radiated Emission Test Setup	51
	4.6.4 Transmitter Duty Cycle Calculation	52
	4.7 AC Power Line Conducted Emission	53
	4.7.1 AC Power Line Conducted Emission Configuration Photograph	53
	4.7.2 AC Power Line Conducted Emission Data	53
	4.7.3 Conducted Emission Test Setup	56
5.0	EQUIPMENT LIST	57



### 1.0 TEST RESULTS SUMMARY & STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

## 1.1 Summary of Test Results

Test Items	FCC Part 15 Section	Results	Details See Section
Antenna Requirement	15.203	Pass	2.1
Max. Conducted Output Power (Peak)	15.247(b)(3)&(4)	Pass	4.1
Min. 6dB RF Bandwidth	15.247(a)(2)	Pass	4.2
Max. Power Density (average)	15.247(e)	Pass	4.3
Out of Band Antenna Conducted Emission	15.247(d)	Pass	4.4
Radiated Emission in Restricted Bands and Spurious Emissions	15.247(d), 15.209 & 15.109	Pass	4.6
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	15.207 & 15.107	Pass	4.7

Note: Pursuant to FCC Part 15 Section 15.215(c), the 20dB bandwidth of the emission was contained within the frequency band designated (mentioned as above) which the EUT operated. The effects, if any, from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping, other modulation techniques and frequency stability over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage were considered.

## 1.2 Statement of Compliance

The equipment under test is found to be complying with the following standard:

FCC Part 15, October 1, 2018 Edition



### 2.0 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

### 2.1 Product Description

The C6075A (C6075A) is a Wifi Weather Station.

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) Model: C6075A is a Wifi Weather Station which can remote monitoring indoor and outdoor temperature and humidity. It contains a WiFi module and a 915MHz receiver. The EUT receive the weather information from the corresponding sensors (915MHz transmitter). Then the temperature and humidity data can be viewed on internet once the EUT is connected to the WiFi server.

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) operates at frequency range of 2412MHz to 2462MHz with 11 channels.

The applicant declares that 802.11n (with 40MHz bandwidth) is not used.

This report contains the test data of Wifi portion only.

For 802.11b mode, it operates at frequency range of 2412.000MHz to 2462.000MHz with 11 channels. It transmits via Direct-sequence spread spectrum (DSSS) modulation. Maximum bit rate can be up to 11Mbps.

For 802.11g mode, it operates at frequency range of 2412.000MHz to 2462.000MHz with 11 channels. It transmits via Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) modulation. Maximum bit rate can be up to 54Mbps.

For 802.11n (with 20MHz bandwidth) mode, it operates at frequency range of 2412.000MHz to 2462.000MHz with 11 channels. It transmits via Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) modulation. Maximum bit rate can support up to 65Mbps.

The EUT is power by an AC adaptor (Model: HX06-0501000-AU-001Input: 100-240VAC 50/60Hz 0.3A; Output: 5VDC 1A).

The antenna(s) used in the EUT is integral, and the test sample is a prototype.

The circuit description is saved with filename: descri.pdf.



### 2.2 Test Methodology

Both AC power line-conducted and radiated emission measurements were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.10 (2013). Preliminary radiated scans and all radiated measurements were performed in radiated emission test sites. All Radiated tests were performed at an antenna to EUT distance of 3 meters, unless stated otherwise in the "Justification Section" of this Application. Antenna port conducted measurements were performed according to ANSI C63.10 (2013) and KDB Publication No.558074 D01 v05r01 (11-Feb-2019) All other measurements were made in accordance with the procedures in 47 CFR Part 2 and RSS-Gen Issue 5 Amendment 1, March 2019.

### 2.3 Test Facility

The radiated emission test site and antenna port conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data and conductive data are at Workshop No. 3, G/F., World-Wide Industrial Centre, 43-47 Shan Mei Street, Fo Tan, Sha Tin, N.T., Hong Kong SAR, China. This test facility and site measurement data have been fully placed on file with the FCC.

### 2.4 Related Submittal(s) Grants

This is a single application for certification of a transceiver (WiFi portion)



### 3.0 SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

#### 3.1 Justification

For radiated emissions testing, the equipment under test (EUT) was setup to transmit / receive continuously to simplify the measurement methodology. Care was taken to ensure proper power supply voltages during testing. During testing, all cables (if any) were manipulated to produce worst case emissions.

The EUT was powered by 120VAC.

For the measurements, the EUT was attached to a plastic stand if necessary and placed on the wooden turntable. If the base unit attached to peripherals, they were connected and operational (as typical as possible).

The signal was maximized through rotation and placement in the three orthogonal axes. The antenna height and polarization were varied during the search for maximum signal level. The antenna height was varied from 1 to 4 meters. Radiated emissions were taken at three meters unless the signal level was too low for measurement at that distance. If necessary, a pre-amplifier was used and/or the test was conducted at a closer distance.

For any intentional radiator powered by AC power line, measurements of the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission was performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage.

Radiated emission measurement for transmitter were performed from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device which is greater than 9 kHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

Emission that are directly caused by digital circuits in the transmit path and transmitter portion were measured, and the limit are according to FCC Part 15 Section 15.209. Digital circuitries used to control additional functions other than the operation of the transmitter are subject to FCC Part 15 Section 15.109 Limits.



### 3.1 Justification - Cont'd

Detector function for radiated emissions was in peak mode. Average readings, when required, were taken by measuring the duty cycle of the equipment under test and subtracting the corresponding amount in dB from the measured peak readings. A detailed description for the calculation of the average factor can be found in section 4.8.3.

Determination of pulse desensitization was made according to *Hewlett Packard Application Note 150-2, Spectrum Analysis... Pulsed RF.* The effective period (Teff) was referred to Exhibit 4.8.3. With the resolution bandwidth 1MHz and spectrum analyzer IF bandwidth 3dB, the pulse desensitization factor was 0dB.

For AC line conducted emission test, the EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0m(W)x1.5m(L) and 0.8m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane. The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN), which provided 50ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument. The LISN housing, measuring instrument case, reference ground plane, and vertical ground plane were bounded together. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled.

All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were manipulated to find the maximum emission.

Different data rates have been tested. Worst case is reported only.

All relevant operation modes have been tested, and the worst case data is included in this report.

All data rates were tested under normal mode of WiFi. Only the worst-case data is shown in the report for DSSS and OFDM

### 3.2 EUT Exercising Software

The EUT exercise program (if any) used during radiated and conducted testing was designed to exercise the various system components in a manner similar to a typical use.



### 3.3 Details of EUT and Description of Accessories

## **Details of EUT:**

An AC adaptor (provided with the unit) was used to power the device. Their description are listed

(1) An AC adaptor (Model: HX06-0501000-AU-001Input: 100-240VAC 50/60Hz 0.3A; Output: 5VDC 1A) (Provided by Client)

### **Description of Accessories:**

N/A

### 3.4 Measurement Uncertainty

When determining of the test conclusion, the Measurement Uncertainty of test at a level of confidence of 95% has been considered. The values of the Measurement uncertainty for radiated emission test and RF conducted measurement test are  $\pm$  5.3dB and  $\pm$ 0.99dB respectively. The value of the Measurement uncertainty for conducted emission test is  $\pm$ 4.2dB.

Uncertainty and Compliance - Unless the standard specifically states that measured values are to be extended by the measurement uncertainty in determining compliance, all compliance determinations are based on the actual measured value.

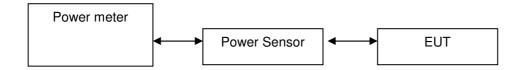


### 4.0 TEST RESULTS

## 4.1 Maximum Conducted (peak) Output Power at Antenna Terminals

**RF Conduct Measurement Test Setup** 

The figure below shows the test setup, which is utilized to make these measurements.



The antenna port of the EUT was connected to the input of a spectrum analyzer.

- The antenna power of the EUT was connected to the input of a power meter. Power was read directly and cable loss correction was added to the reading to the obtain power at the EUT antenna terminals. The measurement procedure 9.1.2 was used.
- The EUT should be configured to transmit continuously (at a minimum duty cycle of 98%) at full power over the measurement duration. The measurement procedure AVG1 was used.

IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps) Antenna Gain = 0 dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Output in dBm	Output in mWatt
Low Channel: 2412	13.8	24.0
Middle Channel: 2437	12.4	17.4
High Channel: 2462	11.0	12.6

IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps) Antenna Gain = 0 dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Output in dBm	Output in mWatt
Low Channel: 2412	15.5	35.5
Middle Channel: 2437	14.2	26.3
High Channel: 2462	12.8	19.1

IEEE 802.11n (20MHz) (OFDM, MCS0) Antenna Gain = 0 dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Output in dBm	Output in mWatt
Low Channel: 2412	15.4	34.7
Middle Channel: 2437	14.8	30.2
High Channel: 2462	13.6	22.9



4.1	Maximum Conducted Output Power at Antenna Terminals – Cont'd	
Cable	e loss : <u>0.5</u> dB External Attenuation : <u>0</u> dB	
Cable	e loss, external attenuation: included in OFFSET function added to SA raw reading	
	802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps) conducted (peak) output level = <u>13.8</u> dBm	
IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 9 Mbps) max. conducted (peak) output level = <u>15.5</u> dBm		
IEEE 802.11n (20MHz) (OFDM, MCS0) max. conducted (peak) output level = <u>15.4</u> dBm		
Limit	s: LW (30dBm) for antennas with gains of 6dBi or less	
	W (dBm) for antennas with gains more than 6dBi	



### 4.2 Minimum 6dB RF Bandwidth

The antenna port of the EUT was connected to the input of a spectrum analyzer. The EBW measurement procedure was used. A PEAK output reading was taken, a DISPLAY line was drawn 6dB lower than PEAK level. The 6dB bandwidth was determined from where the channel output spectrum intersected the display line.

IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps)

Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)
Low Channel: 2412	9.28
Middle Channel: 2437	9.28
High Channel: 2462	9.28

## IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps)

Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)
Low Channel: 2412	16.64
Middle Channel: 2437	16.44
High Channel: 2462	16.56

#### IEEE 802.11n (20MHz) (OFDM, MCS0)

Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)
Low Channel: 2412	17.76
Middle Channel: 2437	17.76
High Channel: 2462	17.76

### Limits

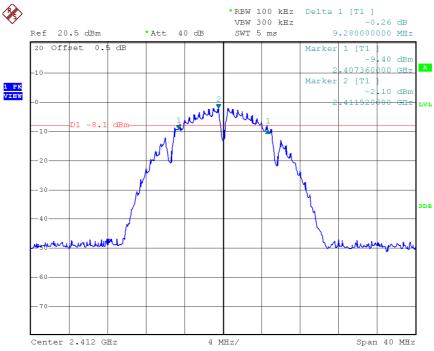
6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500kHz

The plots of 6dB RF bandwidth are saved as below.



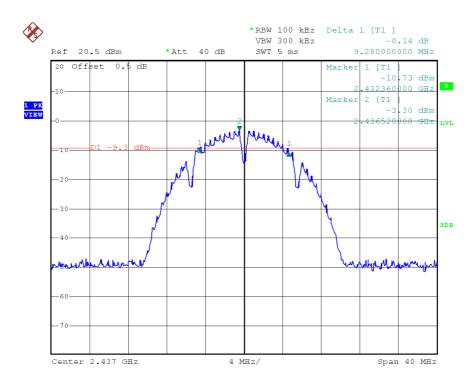
## **PLOTS OF 6dB RF BANDWIDTH**

802.11b, Lowest Channel



Date: 16.DEC.2019 12:34:40

## 802.11b, Middle Channel

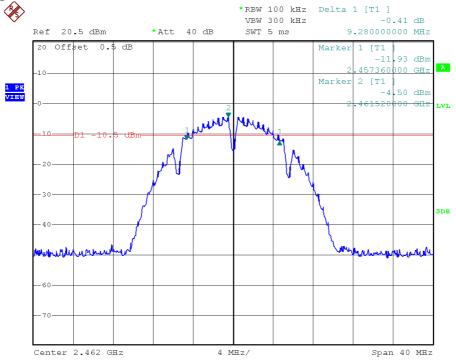


Date: 16.DEC.2019 12:36:29



# **PLOTS OF 6dB RF BANDWIDTH**

802.11b, Highest Channel

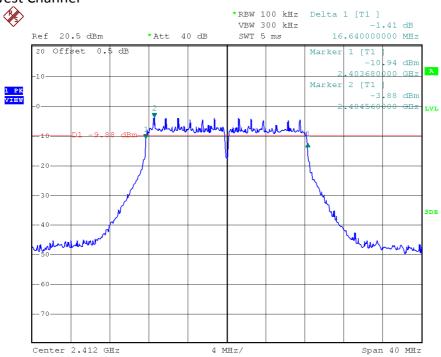


Date: 16.DEC.2019 12:38:03



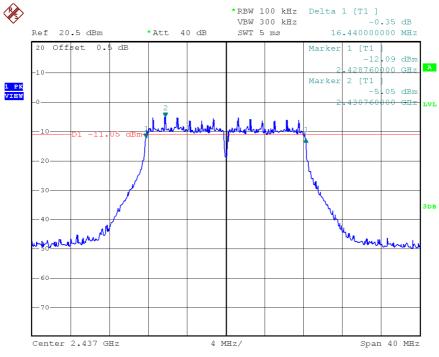
## **PLOTS OF 6dB RF BANDWIDTH**

802.11g, Lowest Channel



Date: 16.DEC.2019 12:40:58

# 802.11g, Middle Channel

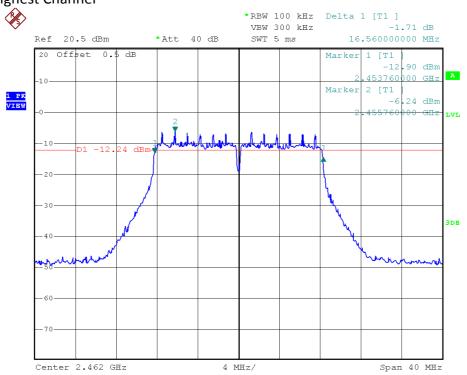


Date: 16.DEC.2019 12:42:31



# **PLOTS OF 6dB RF BANDWIDTH**

802.11g, Highest Channel

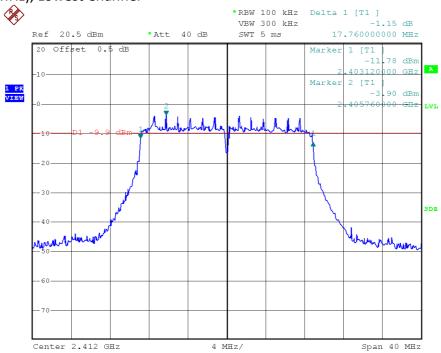


Date: 16.DEC.2019 12:47:21



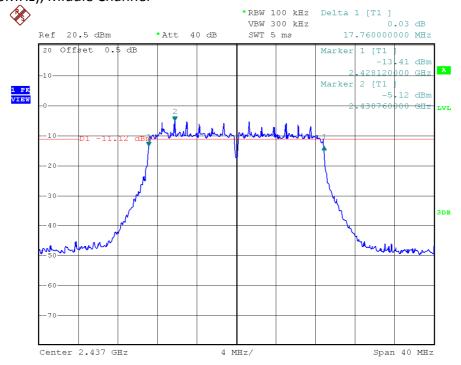
### PLOTS OF 6dB RF BANDWIDTH

802.11n (20MHz), Lowest Channel



Date: 16.DEC.2019 13:04:16

# 802.11n (20MHz), Middle Channel

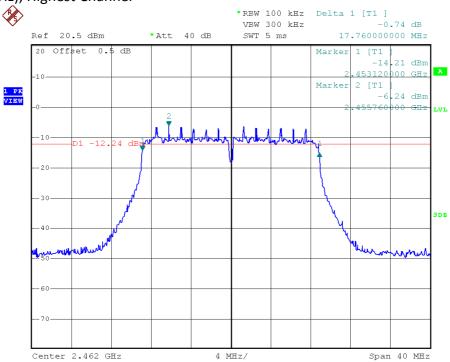


Date: 16.DEC.2019 13:07:36



## **PLOTS OF 6dB RF BANDWIDTH**

802.11n (20MHz), Highest Channel



Date: 16.DEC.2019 12:56:22



## 4.3 Maximum Power Spectral Density

Antenna output of the EUT was coupled directly to spectrum analyzer. The measurement procedure 10.2 PKPSD was used. If an external attenuator and/or cable was used, these losses are compensated for using the OFFSET function of the analyser.

## IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps)

Frequency (MHz)	PSD in 100kHz (dBm)
Low Channel: 2412	-1.34
Middle Channel: 2437	-2.86
High Channel: 2462	-3.86

## IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps)

Frequency (MHz)	PSD in 100kHz (dBm)
Low Channel: 2412	-3.82
Middle Channel: 2437	-5.16
High Channel: 2462	-6.16

## IEEE 802.11n (20MHz) (OFDM, MCS0)

Frequency (MHz)	PSD in 100kHz (dBm)
Low Channel: 2412	-3.72
Middle Channel: 2437	-5.06
High Channel: 2462	-6.28

Cable Loss: 0.5 dB

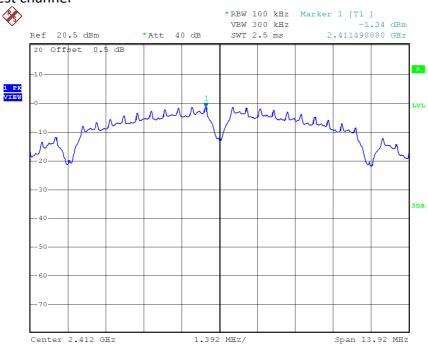
Limit: 8dBm

The plots of power spectral density are as below.



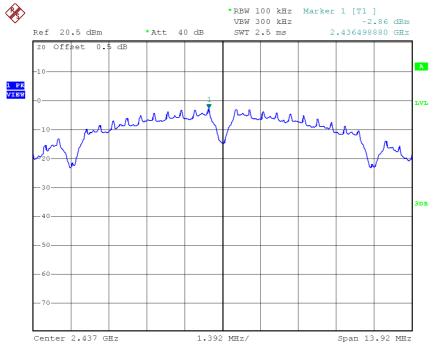
# PLOTS OF POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (100kHz RBW)

802.11b, Lowest channel



Date: 16.DEC.2019 13:34:24

# 802.11b, Middle channel



Date: 16.DEC.2019 13:35:44



# PLOTS OF POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (100kHz RBW)

802.11b, Highest channel

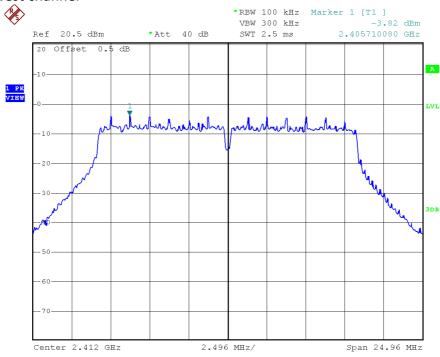


Date: 16.DEC.2019 13:36:39



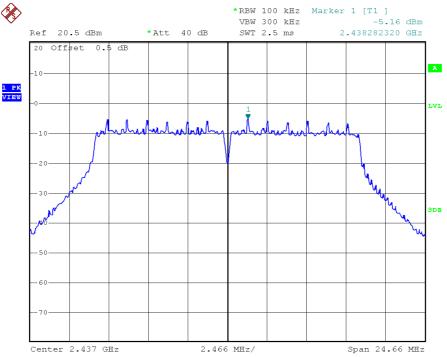
## **PLOTS OF POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY**

802.11g, Lowest channel



Date: 16.DEC.2019 15:24:51

# 802.11g, Middle channel

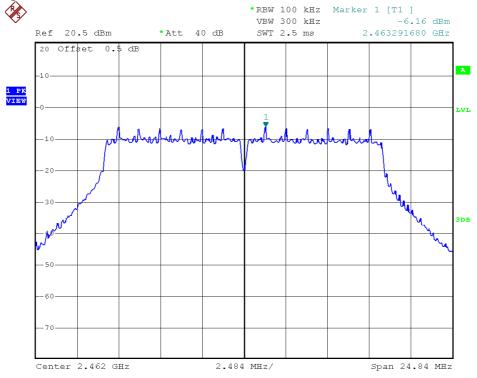


Date: 16.DEC.2019 15:26:30



# **PLOTS OF POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY**

802.11g, Highest channel

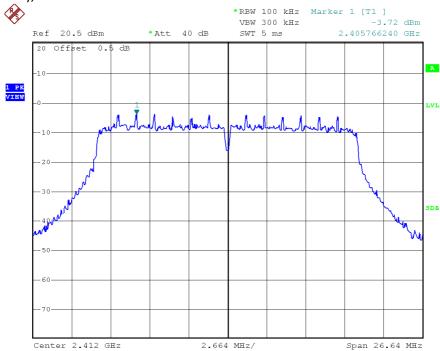


Date: 16.DEC.2019 15:28:49



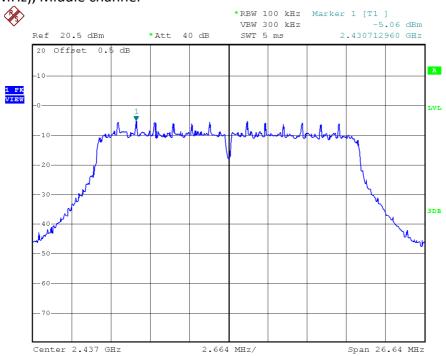
## PLOTS OF POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

## 802.11n (20MHz), Lowest channel



Date: 16.DEC.2019 15:30:23

# 802.11n (20MHz), Middle channel

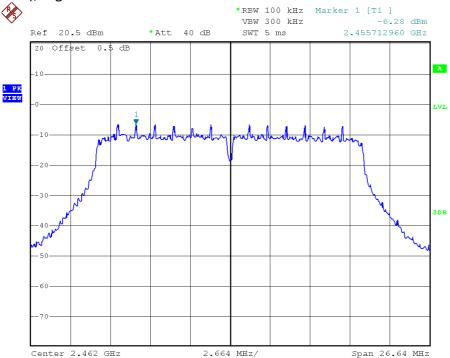


Date: 16.DEC.2019 15:32:50



# **PLOTS OF POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY**

802.11n (20MHz), Highest channel



Date: 16.DEC.2019 15:34:42



### 4.4 Out of Band Conducted Emissions

For 802.11b/g/n20MHz, the maximum conducted (peak) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1. Then the display line (in red) shown in the following plots denotes the limit at 20dB below maximum measured in-band peak PSD level in 100KHz bandwidth for 802.11b/g/n20MHz.

The measurement procedures under sections 11 of KDB Publication No.558074 D01 v05r01 (11-February-2019) were used.

Furthermore, delta measurement technique for measuring bandedge emissions was incorporated in the test of the edge at 2483.5MHz.

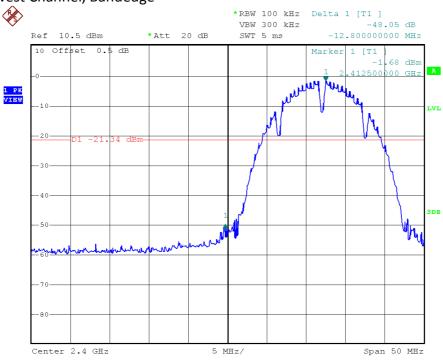
### Limits:

All spurious emission and up to the tenth harmonic was measured and they were found to be at least 20dB for 802.11b/g/n20MHz below the maximum measured in-band peak PSD level.



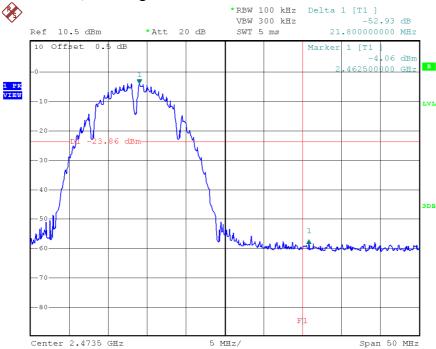
## PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11b, Lowest Channel, Bandedge



Date: 16.DEC.2019 16:27:57

# 802.11b, Highest Channel, Bandedge

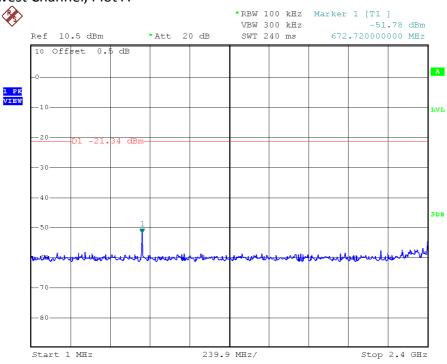


Date: 16.DEC.2019 16:29:58



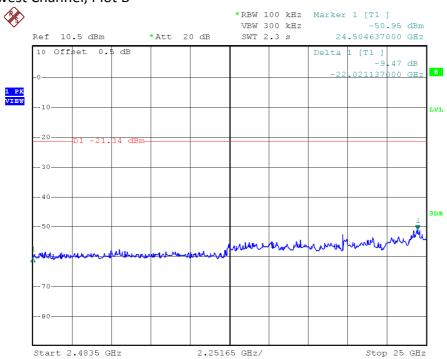
## PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11b, Lowest Channel, Plot A



Date: 16.DEC.2019 15:42:33

## 802.11b, Lowest Channel, Plot B

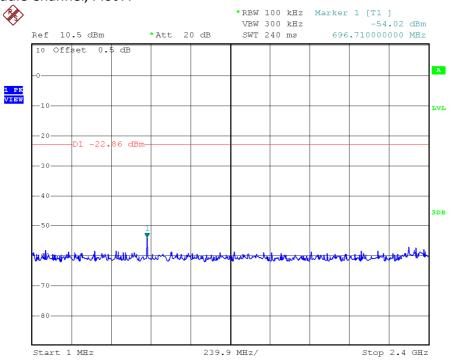


Date: 16.DEC.2019 15:48:04



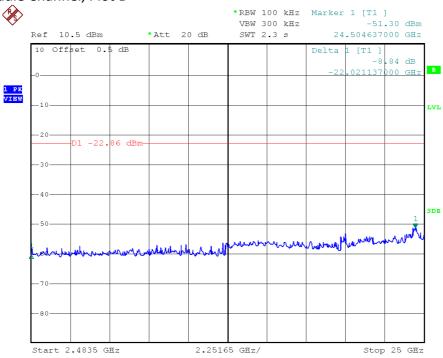
## PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11b, Middle Channel, Plot A



Date: 16.DEC.2019 15:51:58

## 802.11b, Middle Channel, Plot B

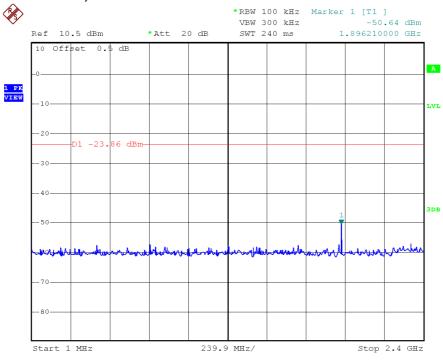


Date: 16.DEC.2019 15:50:31



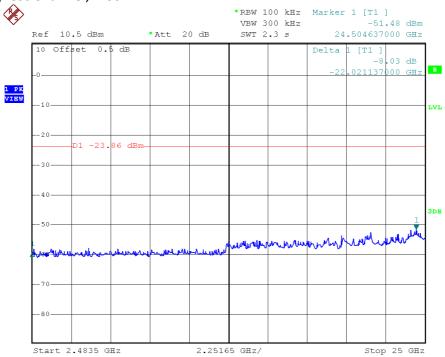
## PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11b, Highest Channel, Plot A



Date: 16.DEC.2019 15:52:54

# 802.11b, Highest Channel, Plot B

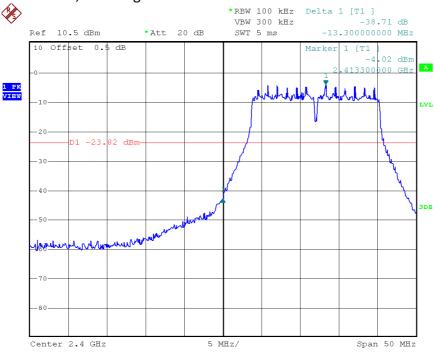


Date: 16.DEC.2019 15:54:55



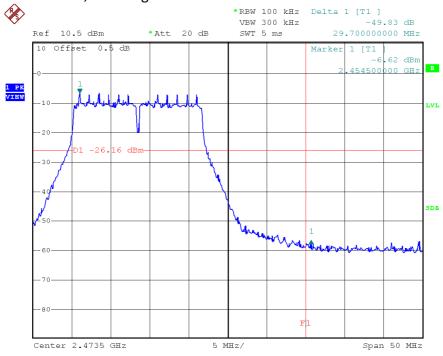
## PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11g, Lowest Channel, Bandedge



Date: 16.DEC.2019 16:31:44

# 802.11g, Highest Channel, Bandedge

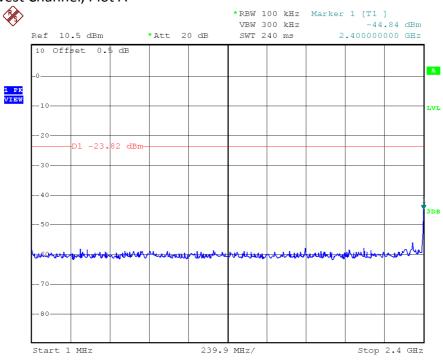


Date: 16.DEC.2019 16:36:00



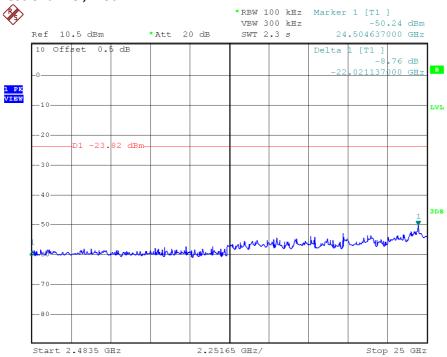
## PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11g, Lowest Channel, Plot A



Date: 16.DEC.2019 16:02:38

# 802.11g, Lowest Channel, Plot B

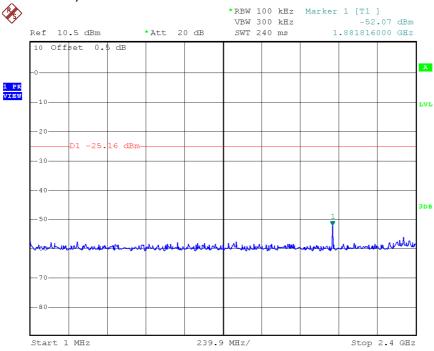


Date: 16.DEC.2019 16:03:37



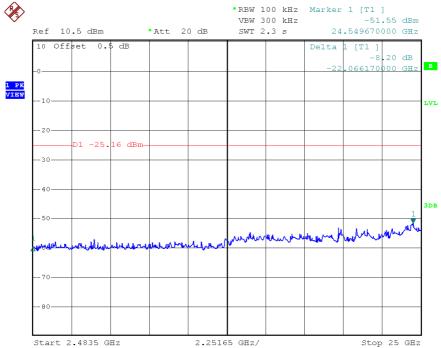
# PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11g, Middle Channel, Plot A



Date: 16.DEC.2019 16:05:51

## 802.11g, Middle Channel, Plot B

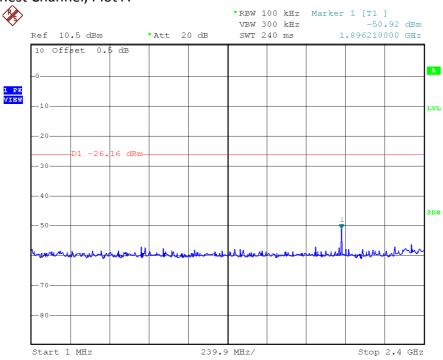


Date: 16.DEC.2019 16:07:49



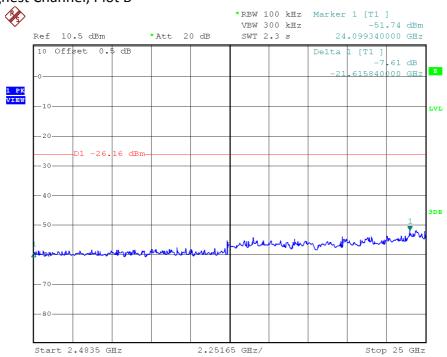
## PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11g, Highest Channel, Plot A



Date: 16.DEC.2019 16:12:08

# 802.11g, Highest Channel, Plot B

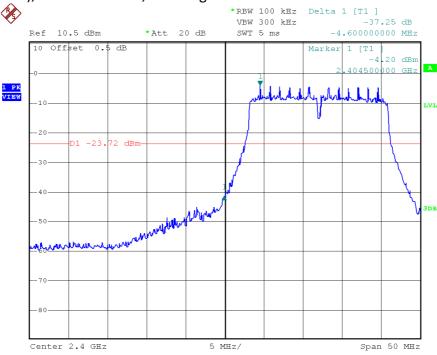


Date: 16.DEC.2019 16:09:11



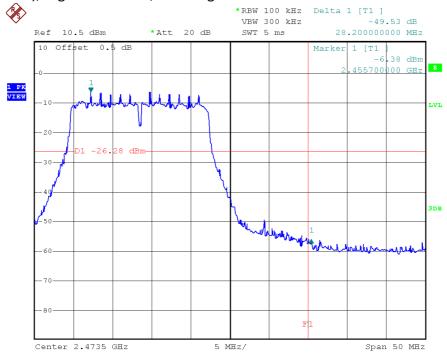
## PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802. 11n (20MHz), Lowest Channel, Bandedge



Date: 16.DEC.2019 16:37:24

# 802. 11n (20MHz), Highest Channel, Bandedge

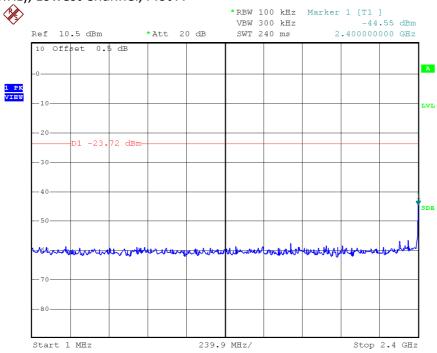


Date: 16.DEC.2019 16:39:05



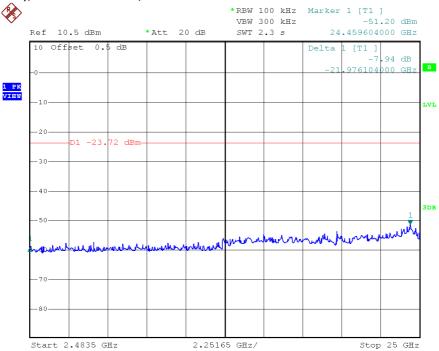
# PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11n (20MHz), Lowest Channel, Plot A



Date: 16.DEC.2019 16:13:34

# 802.11n (20MHz), Lowest Channel, Plot B

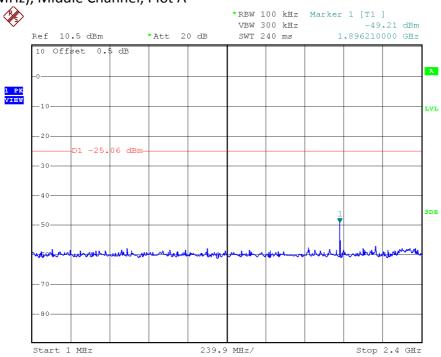


Date: 16.DEC.2019 16:14:20



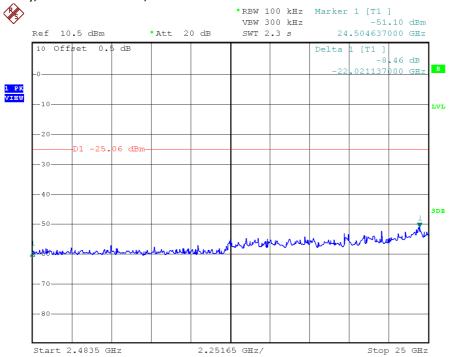
## PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11n (20MHz), Middle Channel, Plot A



Date: 16.DEC.2019 16:15:39

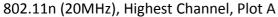
# 802.11n (20MHz), Middle Channel, Plot B

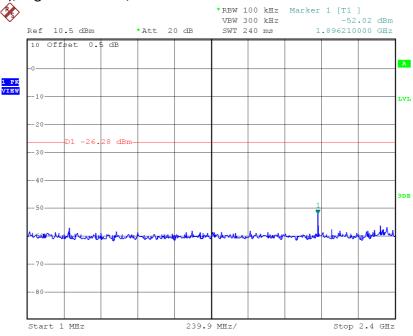


Date: 16.DEC.2019 16:17:06



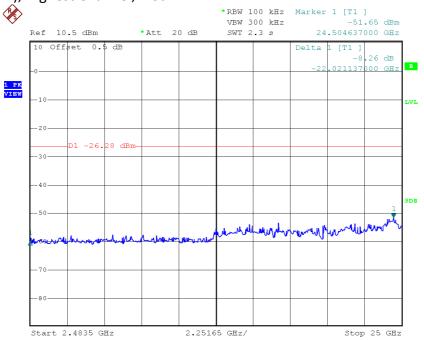
## PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS





Date: 16.DEC.2019 16:18:29

## 802.11n (20MHz), Highest Channel, Plot B



Date: 16.DEC.2019 16:19:15



#### 4.5 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the reading on the Spectrum Analyzer to the factors associated with preamplifiers (if any), antennas, cables, pulse desensitization and average factors (when specified limit is in average and measurements are made with peak detectors). A sample calculation is included below.

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

Where  $FS = Field Strength in dB\mu V/m$ 

RA = Receiver Amplitude (including preamplifier) in  $dB\mu V$ 

CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB

AF = Antenna Factor in dB

AG = Amplifier Gain in dB

PD = Pulse Desensitization in dB

AV = Average Factor in -dB

In the radiated emission table which follows, the reading shown on the data table may reflect the preamplifier gain. An example of the calculations, where the reading does not reflect the preamplifier gain, follows:

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

#### **Example**

Assume a receiver reading of 62.0 dB $\mu$ V is obtained. The antenna factor of 7.4 dB and cable factor of 1.6 dB is added. The amplifier gain of 29.0 dB is subtracted. The pulse desensitization factor of the spectrum analyzer is 0.0 dB, and the resultant average factor is -10.0 dB. The net field strength for comparison to the appropriate emission limit is 32.0 dB $\mu$ V/m. This value in dB $\mu$ V/m is converted to its corresponding level in  $\mu$ V/m.

 $RA = 62.0 dB\mu V$ 

AF = 7.4 dB

CF = 1.6 dB

AG = 29.0 dB

PD = 0.0 dB

AV = -10 dB

 $FS = 62.0 + 7.4 + 1.6 - 29.0 + 0.0 + (-10.0) = 32.0 \, dB\mu V/m$ 

Level in  $\mu V/m = Common Antilogarithm [(32.0 dB<math>\mu V/m)/20] = 39.8 \mu V/m$ 



### 4.6 Transmitter Radiated Emissions in Restricted Bands and Spurious Emissions

Data is included of the worst case configuration (the configuration which resulted in the highest emission levels). A sample calculation, configuration photographs and data tables of the emissions are included.

The data on the following pages list the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance.

#### 4.6.1 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph

Worst Case Restricted Band Radiated Emission at

#### 2390.000 MHz

The worst case radiated emission configuration photographs are saved with filename: config photos.pdf

#### 4.6.2 Radiated Emission Data

The data in tables 1-13 list the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance.

Judgement -

Passed by 0.4 dB margin



#### **RADIATED EMISSION DATA**

Mode: TX-Channel 01

Table 1
IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m -	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	50.1	33	29.4	46.5	54.0	-7.5
Н	4824.000	47.3	33	34.9	49.2	54.0	-4.8
Н	12060.000	41.3	33	40.5	48.8	54.0	-5.2

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	62.4	33	29.4	58.8	74.0	-15.2
Н	4824.000	51.3	33	34.9	53.2	74.0	-20.8
Н	12060.000	44.9	33	40.5	52.4	74.0	-21.6

- 2. Average detector is used for the average data of emission measurement.
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.



Mode: TX-Channel 06

Table 2
IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m -	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	4874.000	47.9	33	34.9	49.8	54.0	-4.2
Н	7311.000	40.9	33	37.9	45.8	54.0	-8.2
Н	12185.000	41.7	33	40.5	49.2	54.0	-4.8

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	4874.000	52.3	33	34.9	54.2	74.0	-19.8
Н	7311.000	52.3	33	37.9	57.2	74.0	-16.8
Н	12185.000	44.9	33	40.5	52.4	74.0	-21.6

- 2. Average detector is used for the average data of emission measurement
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.



Mode: TX-Channel 11

Table 3
IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m -	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	49.4	33	29.4	45.8	54.0	-8.2
Н	4924.000	46.7	33	34.9	48.6	54.0	-5.4
Н	7386.000	40.6	33	37.9	45.5	54.0	-8.5
Н	12310.000	41.7	33	40.5	49.2	54.0	-4.8

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	60.4	33	29.4	56.8	74.0	-17.2
Н	4924.000	51.9	33	34.9	53.8	74.0	-20.2
Н	7386.000	51.7	33	37.9	56.6	74.0	-17.4
Н	12310.000	45.0	33	40.5	52.5	74.0	-21.5

- 2. Average detector is used for the average data of emission measurement
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.



Mode: TX-Channel 01

# Table 4 IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m -	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	55.2	33	29.4	51.6	54.0	-2.4
Н	4824.000	44.3	33	34.9	46.2	54.0	-7.8
Н	12060.000	41.9	<i>33</i>	40.5	49.4	54.0	-4.6

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	77.2	33	29.4	73.6	74.0	-0.4
Н	4824.000	48.5	33	34.9	50.4	74.0	-23.6
Н	12060.000	45.3	33	40.5	52.8	74.0	-21.2

- 2. Average detector is used for the average data of emission measurement
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.



Mode: TX-Channel 06

Table 5
IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m -	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	4874.000	44.9	33	34.9	46.8	54.0	-7.2
Н	7311.000	40.3	33	37.9	45.2	54.0	-8.8
Н	12185.000	41.9	<i>33</i>	40.5	49.4	54.0	-4.6

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	4874.000	48.5	33	34.9	50.4	74.0	-23.6
Н	7311.000	43.7	33	37.9	48.6	74.0	-25.4
Н	12185.000	45.1	33	40.5	52.6	74.0	-21.4

- 2. Average detector is used for the average data of emission measurement
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.



Mode: TX-Channel 11

Table 6
IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m -	Average Limit	İ
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	54.2	33	29.4	50.6	54.0	-3.4
Н	4924.000	44.9	33	34.9	46.8	54.0	-7.2
Н	7386.000	40.7	33	37.9	45.6	54.0	-8.4
Н	12310.000	41.1	33	40.5	48.6	54.0	-5.4

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	76.4	33	29.4	72.8	74.0	-1.2
Н	4924.000	48.9	33	34.9	50.8	74.0	-23.2
Н	7386.000	43.9	33	37.9	48.8	74.0	-25.2
Н	12310.000	44.9	33	40.5	52.4	74.0	-21.6

- 2. Average detector is used for the average data of emission measurement
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.



Mode: TX-Channel 01

# Table 7 IEEE 802.11n (20MHz) (OFDM, MCS0)

					Net at		l
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m -	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	51.2	33	29.4	47.6	54.0	-6.4
Н	4824.000	38.9	33	34.9	40.8	54.0	-13.2
Н	12060.000	32.3	33	40.5	39.8	54.0	-14.2

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	68.0	33	29.4	64.4	74.0	-9.6
Н	4824.000	45.9	33	34.9	47.8	74.0	-26.2
Н	12060.000	44.9	33	40.5	52.4	74.0	-21.6

- 2. Average detector is used for the average data of emission measurement
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.



Mode: TX-Channel 06

Table 8
IEEE 802.11n (20MHz) (OFDM, MCS0)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m -	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	4874.000	38.5	33	34.9	40.4	54.0	-13.6
Н	7311.000	34.5	33	37.9	39.4	54.0	-14.6
Н	12185.000	31.3	<i>33</i>	40.5	38.8	54.0	-15.2

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	4874.000	45.5	33	34.9	47.4	74.0	-26.6
Н	7311.000	42.7	33	37.9	47.6	74.0	-26.4
Н	12185.000	45.1	33	40.5	52.6	74.0	-21.4

- 2. Average detector is used for the average data of emission measurement
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.



Mode: TX-Channel 11

Table 9
IEEE 802.11n (20MHz) (OFDM, MCS0)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m -	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	Average	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	53.8	33	29.4	50.2	54.0	-3.8
Н	4924.000	38.9	33	34.9	40.8	54.0	-13.2
Н	7386.000	34.6	33	37.9	39.5	54.0	-14.5
Н	12310.000	32.1	33	40.5	39.6	54.0	-14.4

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	72.0	33	29.4	68.4	74.0	-5.6
Н	4924.000	43.9	33	34.9	45.8	74.0	-28.2
Н	7386.000	43.5	33	37.9	48.4	74.0	-25.6
Н	12310.000	46.1	33	40.5	53.6	74.0	-20.4

- 2. Average detector is used for the average data of emission measurement
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.



Mode: WIFI Operating

Table 13

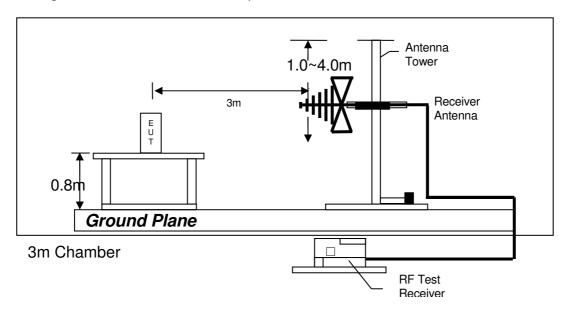
	_						
			Pre-	Antenna	Net	Limit	
	Frequency	Reading	amp	Factor	at 3m	at 3m	Margin
Polarization	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dB)
V	46.328	38.8	16	11.0	33.8	40.0	-6.2
V	69.484	41.0	16	7.0	32.0	40.0	-8.0
V	209.398	37.0	16	17.0	38.0	43.5	-5.5
Н	239.988	32.2	16	19.0	35.2	46.0	-10.8
Н	376.732	32.5	16	24.0	40.5	46.0	-5.5
Н	800.125	23.8	16	31.0	38.8	46.0	-7.2

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.

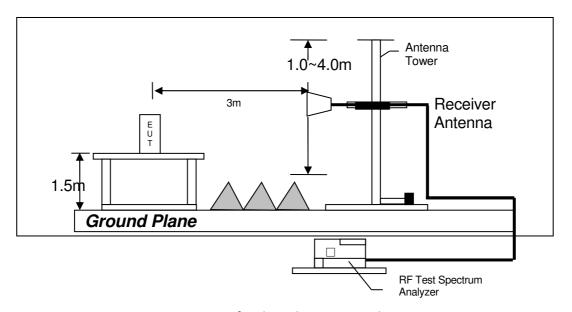


## 4.6.3 Radiated Emission Test Setup

The figure below shows the test setup, which is utilized to make these measurements.



Test setup of radiated emissions up to 1GHz



Test setup of radiated emissions above 1GHz



4.6.4 Transmitter Duty Cycle Calculation

Not applicable – No average factor is required.



4.7	AC Power Line Conducted Emission						
	Not applicable – EUT is only powered by battery for operation.						
	EUT connects to AC power line. Emission Data is listed in following pages.						
	Base Unit connects to AC power line and has transmission. Handset connects to AC power line but has no transmission. Emission Data of Base Unit is listed in following pages.						
4.7.1	AC Power Line Conducted Emission Configuration Photograph						
	Worst Case Line-Conducted Configuration at						
	0.429 MHz						
	worst-case line conducted configuration photographs are attached in the endix and saved with filename: config photos.pdf						

4.7.2 AC Power Line Conducted Emission Data

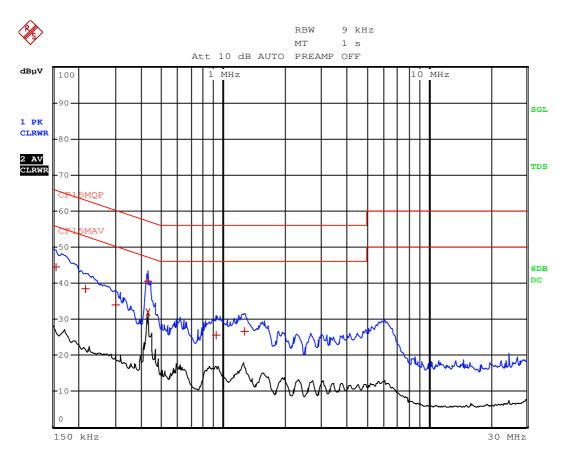
The plot(s) and data in the following pages list the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance.

Passed by 15.3 dB margin



## **AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION**

Worst Case: WIFI Operating



Date: 15.NOV.2019 09:17:51



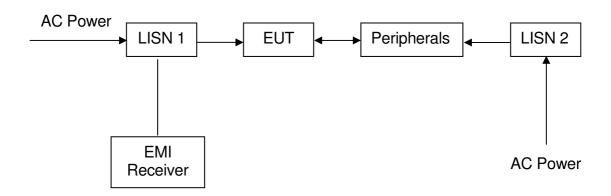
Worst Case: WIFI Operating

		EDIT	PEAK	LIST	(Final	Measure	ment	Results)		
Trace1:		CF15M	QP							
Trace2:		CF15M	CF15MAV							
Tra	ce3:									
	TRA	CE	F	REQUE:	NCY	LEVEL o	lΒμV	DI	ELTA LIMIT	dB
1	Quasi	Peak	154.5	kHz		44.38	L1	-2	21.37	
1	Quasi	Peak	217.5	kHz		38.41	N	-2	24.49	
1	Quasi	Peak	298.5	kHz		34.03	N	-2	26.25	
1	Quasi	Peak	429 k	Hz		40.59	L1	-1	16.67	
2	CISPR	Average	429 k	Hz		32.00	N	-1	15.27	
1	Quasi	Peak	919.5	kHz		25.49	N	-3	30.50	
1	Quasi	Peak	1.270	5 MHz		26.74	N	-2	29.25	

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## 4.7.3 Conducted Emission Test Setup





# **EQUIPMENT LIST**

## 1) Radiated Emissions Test

Equipment	EMI Test Receiver	Spectrum Analyzer	Biconical Antenna
Registration No.	EW-3156	EW-2466	EW-0571
Manufacturer	R&S	ROHDESCHWARZ	EMCO
Model No.	ESR26	FSP30	3104C
Calibration Date	August 01, 2019	January 06, 2019	July 23, 2019
Calibration Due Date	August 01, 2020	January 06, 2020	July 23, 2021

Equipment	Log Periodic Antenna	Double Ridged Guide Antenna	14m Double Shield RF Cable (20MHz - 6GHz)
Registration No.	EW-0447	EW-1133	EW-2074
Manufacturer	EMCO	EMCO	RADIALL
Model No.	3146	3115	Nm-RG142-
Calibration Date	September 25, 2019	November 29, 2018	March 31, 2019
Calibration Due Date	March 25, 2021	May 29, 2020	March 31, 2020

Equipment	15m 40GHz indoor RF Cable	RF Preamplifier (9kHz to 6000MHz)	Solid State Low Noise Preamplifier Assembly (1 - 18)GHz
Registration No.	EW-3032	EW-3424	EW-3229
Manufacturer	GREATBILLION	SCHWARZBECK	BONN ELEKTRO
Model No.	SMA(m) St-SMA (m) St, 15m long	BBV9744	BLMA 0118-5G
Calibration Date	May 14, 2019	July 23, 2019	June 28, 2019
Calibration Due Date	May 14, 2020	July 23, 2020	June 28, 2020

Equipment	Pyramidal Horn Antenna	Notch Filter (cutoff frequency 2.4GHz to 2.5GHz) 2 pieces	Active Loop H-field (9kHz to 30MHz)
Registration No.	EW-0905	EW-2213	EW-3326
Manufacturer	EMCO	MICROTRONICS	EMCO
Model No.	3160-09	BRM50701-02	6502
Calibration Date	July 23, 2019	July 12, 2019	March 21, 2019
Calibration Due Date	January 23, 2021	May 13, 2020	September 21, 2020

## 2) Conducted Emissions Test

Equipment	RF Cable 80cm (RG142) (9kHz to 30MHz)	Artificial Mains Network	EMI Test Receiver
Registration No.	EW-2453	EW-2874	EW-3156
Manufacturer	RADIALL	ROHDESCHWARZ	R&S
Model No.	RF Cable 120cm (RG142) (9kHz to 30MHz)	ENV-216	ESR26
Calibration Date	December 24, 2018	July 05, 2019	August 01, 2019
Calibration Due Date	December 24, 2019	July 05, 2020	August 01, 2020



## 3) Conductive Measurement Test

Equipment	Spectrum Analyzer	RF Power Meter with Power Sensor	40GHz 5m RF Cable
Registration No.	EW-2466	EW-2270	EW-2701
Manufacturer	R&S	AGILENTTECH	GREATBILLION
Model No.	FSP30	N1911A	sma m-m 5m 40G
Calibration Date	January 06, 2019	March 09, 2019	May 14, 2019
Calibration Due Date	January 06, 2020	March 09, 2020	May 14, 2020

# 4) Bandwidth/Bandedge Measurement Test

Equipment	40GHz 5m RF Cable	Spectrum Analyzer
Registration No.	EW-2701	EW-2466
Manufacturer	GREATBILLION	R&S
Model No.	sma m-m 5m 40G	FSP30
Calibration Date	May 14, 2019	January 06, 2019
Calibration Due Date	May 14, 2020	January 06, 2020

## **END OF TEST REPORT**