



TESTING LABORATORY  
CERTIFICATE#4323.01



FCC PART 15.247

## TEST REPORT

For

**Qingdao Magene Intelligence Technology Co., Ltd.**

HaoQiGongChang No. 512 Xuzhou Road No. 79, Shinan District Qingdao, Shandong China

**FCC ID: 2ALZG-H64**

<b>Report Type:</b> Original Report	<b>Product Type:</b> Magene Heart Rate Monitor
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<b>Report Number:</b> RKSA190618001-00A	
<b>Report Date:</b> 2019-07-01	
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## GENERAL INFORMATION

### Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

Applicant	Qingdao Magene Intelligence Technology Co., Ltd.
Tested Model	H64
Series Model	H64CYCL1
Model difference	Model name
Product Type	Magene Heart Rate Monitor
Dimension	61.9mm(L)*34.3 mm(W)*10 mm(H)
Power Supply	DC 3V from battery

*\*All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from production sample serial number: 20190618001. (Assigned by BACL, Kunshan). The EUT was received on 2019-06-18.*

### Objective

This report is prepared on behalf of Qingdao Magene Intelligence Technology Co., Ltd. in accordance with Part 2-Subpart J, Part 15-Subparts A and C of the Federal Communications Commission rules.

The tests were performed in order to determine compliance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.209 and 15.247 rules.

### Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

FCC Part 15.249 DXX submissions with FCC ID: 2ALZG-H64.

### Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices and FCC KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02.

All emissions measurement was performed at Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Kunshan). The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters.

**Measurement Uncertainty**

Item		Uncertainty
AC Power Lines Conducted Emissions		3.19 dB
RF conducted test with spectrum		0.9dB
RF Output Power with Power meter		0.5dB
Radiated emission	30MHz~1GHz	6.11dB
	1GHz~6GHz	4.45dB
	6GHz~18GHz	5.23dB
	18GHz~40GHz	5.65dB
Occupied Bandwidth		0.5kHz
Temperature		1.0°C
Humidity		6%

Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty.

**Test Facility**

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Kunshan) to collect test data is located on the No.248 Chenghu Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu province, China.

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Kunshan) Lab is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025 by A2LA (Lab code: 4323.01) and the FCC designation No. CN1185 under the FCC KDB 974614 D01 and CAB identifier CN0004 under the ISED requirement. The facility also complies with the radiated and AC line conducted test site criteria set forth in ANSI C63.4-2014.

## SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

### Description of Test Configuration

Channel List for BLE mode:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	20	2442
1	2404	...	...
...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...
18	2438	38	2478
19	2440	39	2480

EUT was tested with channel 0, 19 and 39.

### Equipment Modifications

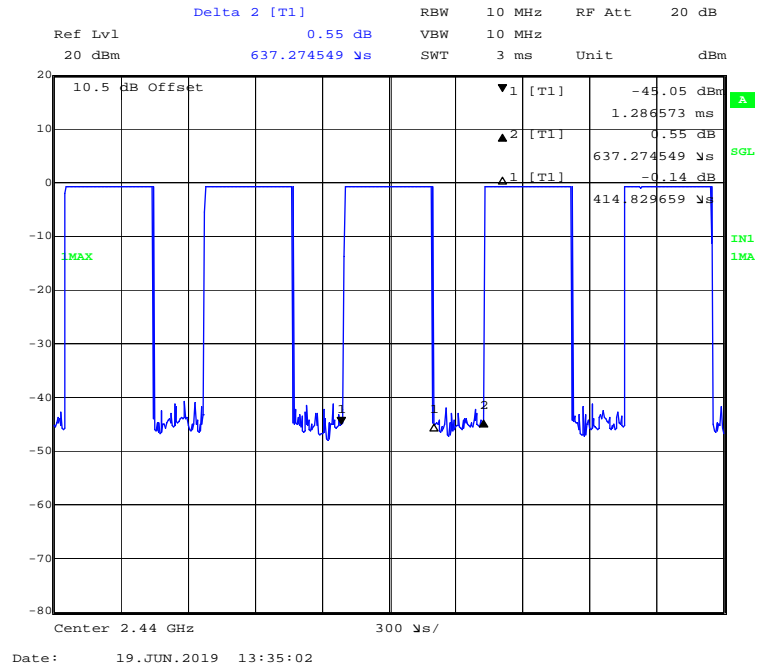
No modification was made to the EUT tested.

### EUT Exercise Software

“nRFgo.Studio”

**Duty Cycle:**

**Middle Channel**



Mode	Duty Cycle (%)	T(ms)	1/T(kHz)	10log(1/x)
BLE	65.09%	0.415	2.41	1.86

**Note:** “x” means the Duty Cycle.

**Support Equipment List and Details**

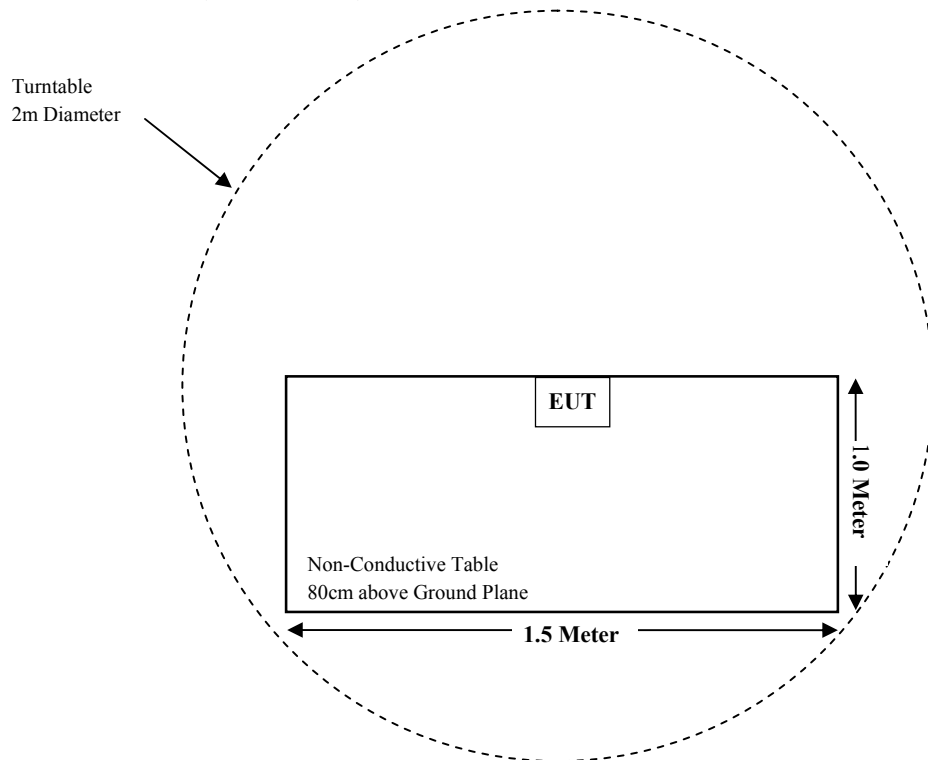
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
/	/	/	/

**External I/O Cable**

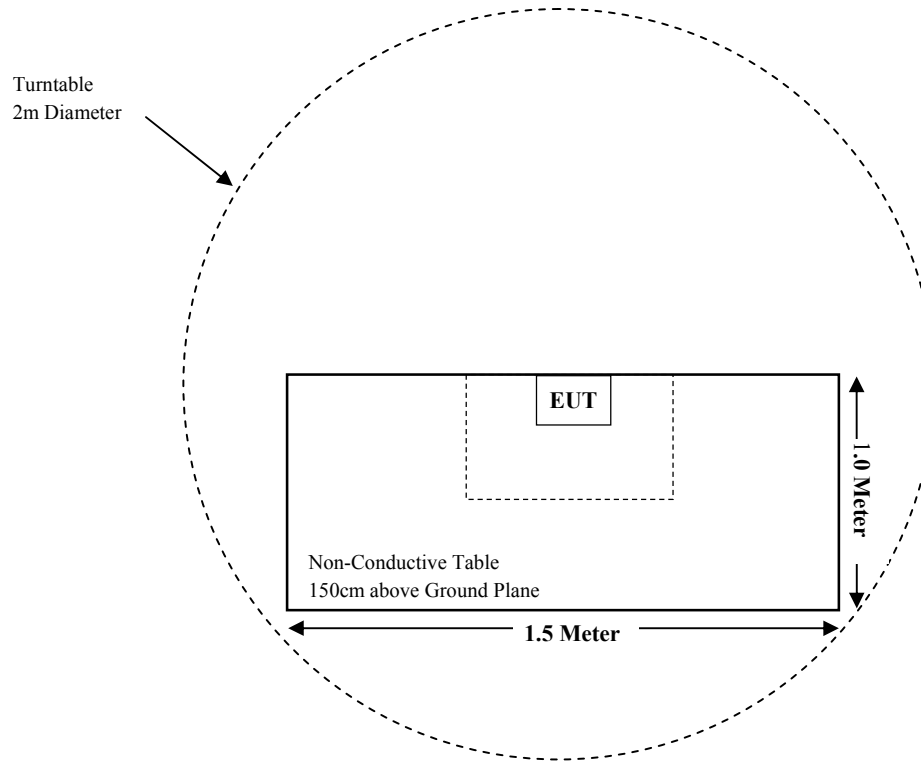
Cable Description	Length (m)	From Port	To
/	/	/	/

**Block Diagram of Test Setup**

For Radiated Emissions(Below 1GHz):



For Radiated Emissions(Above 1GHz):





**SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS**

<b>FCC Rules</b>	<b>Description of Test</b>	<b>Result</b>
§15.247 (I), §1.1310 & §2.1093	RF Exposure	Compliant
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§15.207 (a)	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Not Applicable (See Note)
§15.247(d)	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Port	Compliant
§15.205, §15.209, §15.247(d)	Spurious Emissions	Compliant
§15.247 (a)(2)	6 dB Emission Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.247(b)(3)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Compliant
§15.247(d)	Band Edge	Compliant
§15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	Compliant

Note: The EUT is powered by battery.

**TEST EQUIPMENT LIST**

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
<b>Radiated Emission Test (Chamber 1#)</b>					
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100195	2018-11-30	2019-11-29
Sunol Sciences	Broadband Antenna	JB3	A090413-1	2016-12-26	2019-12-25
Sonoma Instrument	Pre-amplifier	310N	171205	2018-08-14	2019-08-13
Rohde & Schwarz	Auto test Software	EMC32	100361	/	/
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	Cable-8	008	2018-08-15	2019-08-14
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	Cable-9	009	2018-08-15	2019-08-14
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	Cable-10	010	2018-08-15	2019-08-14
<b>Radiated Emission Test (Chamber 2#)</b>					
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSV40	101116	2018-07-23	2019-07-22
ETS-LINDGREN	Horn Antenna	3115	9207-3900	2017-07-15	2020-07-14
ETS-LINDGREN	Horn Antenna	3116	00084159	2016-12-12	2019-12-11
A.H.Systems, inc	Amplifier	2641-1	491	2019-02-20	2020-02-19
EM Electronics Corporation	Amplifier	EM18G40G	060726	2019-03-22	2020-03-21
MICRO-TRONICS	Band Reject Filter	BRM50702	G024	2018-08-05	2019-08-04
Narda	Attenuator	10dB	010	2018-08-15	2019-08-14
Rohde & Schwarz	Auto test Software	EMC32	100361	/	/
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	Cable-6	006	2018-08-15	2019-08-14
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	Cable-11	011	2018-08-15	2019-08-14
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	Cable-12	012	2018-08-15	2019-08-14
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	Cable-13	013	2018-08-15	2019-08-14
<b>RF Conducted Test</b>					
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESIB26	100146	2018-11-30	2019-11-29
Narda	Attenuator	10dB	010	2018-08-15	2019-08-14
Magene	RF Cable	/	/	Each Time	/

\* **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Kunshan) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements that traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

## **FCC§15.247 (i), §1.1310 & §2.1093 –RF EXPOSURE**

### **Applicable Standard**

According to §2.1093 and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensure that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guideline.

According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}]$   
 $\leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

1.  $f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
4. When the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

### **Measurement Result**

**For worst case:**

Mode	Frequency Range (MHz)	Max Tune-up Conducted Power		Calculated Distance (mm)	Calculated Value	Threshold (1-g SAR)	SAR Test Exclusion
		(dBm)	(mW)				
BLE	2402-2480	0.00	1.00	5.0	0.3	3.0	Yes

1. The target output power was declared by the manufacturer.
2. BLE and ANT+ cannot transmit simultaneously.

**So the stand-alone SAR evaluation is not necessary.**

## **FCC §15.203 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT**

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### **Applicable Standard**

According to § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the user of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with section §15.203 of the rules. §15.203 state that the subject device must meet the following criteria:

- a. Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b. Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.

Unit must be professionally installed, and installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

And according to FCC 47 CFR section 15.247 (b), if the transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

### **Antenna Connector Construction**

The EUT has a PCB antenna for BLE, which the antenna gain is 3 dBi, fulfill the requirement of this section. Please refer to the EUT photos.

**Result:** Compliant.

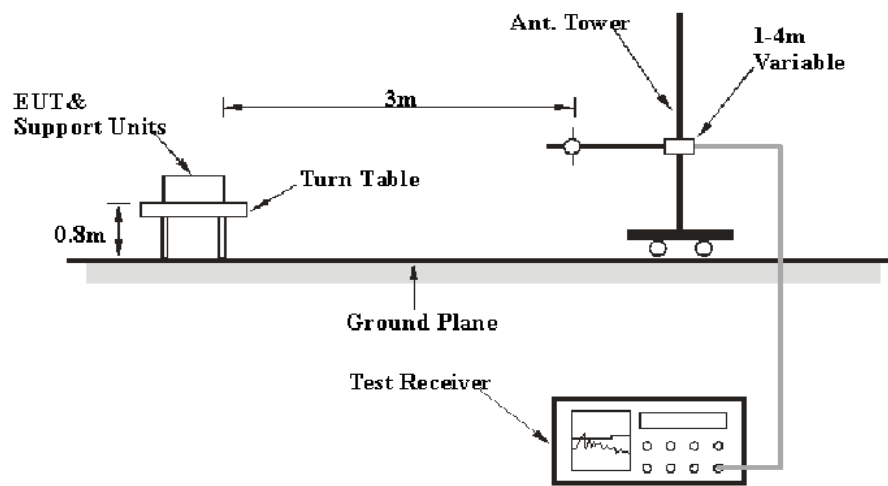
## FCC §15.209, §15.205 & §15.247(d) - SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

### Applicable Standard

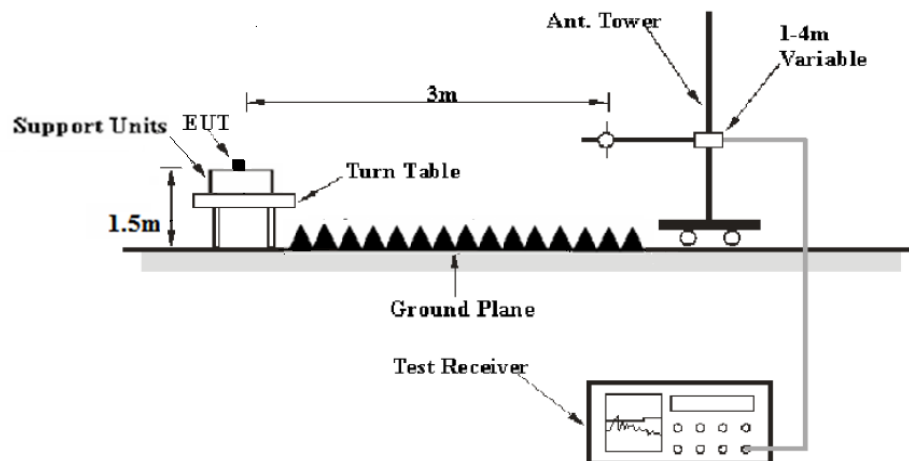
FCC §15.247 (d); §15.209; §15.205;

### EUT Setup

#### Below 1 GHz:



#### Above 1GHz:



The radiated emission tests were performed in the 3 meters test site, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10-2013. The specification used was the FCC 15.209, and FCC 15.247 limits.

## EMI Test Receiver Setup

The system was investigated from 30 MHz to 25 GHz.

During the radiated emission test, the EMI test receiver Setup was set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	RBW	Video B/W	IF B/W	Detector
30MHz – 1000 MHz	120 kHz	300 kHz	120kHz	QP
Above 1 GHz	1MHz	3 MHz	/	Peak
	1MHz	3 MHz	1MHz	AVG

## Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

All data was recorded in the Quasi-peak detector mode from 30 MHz to 1 GHz, Peak and average detection mode above 1 GHz.

## Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Meter Reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Corrected Amplitude (dB}\mu\text{V /m)} = \text{Meter Reading (dB}\mu\text{V)} + \text{Antenna Factor (dB/m)} + \text{Cable Loss (dB)} - \text{Amplifier Gain (dB)}$$

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of 7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin (dB)} = \text{Limit (dB}\mu\text{V/m)} - \text{Corrected Amplitude (dB}\mu\text{V /m)}$$

## Test Results Summary

According to the recorded data in following table, the EUT complied with the FCC Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C, section 15.205, 15.209 and 15.247.

**Test Data****Environmental Conditions**

<b>Temperature:</b>	24.2°C-25.6°C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	48%-51%
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	100.6kPa -101.2kPa

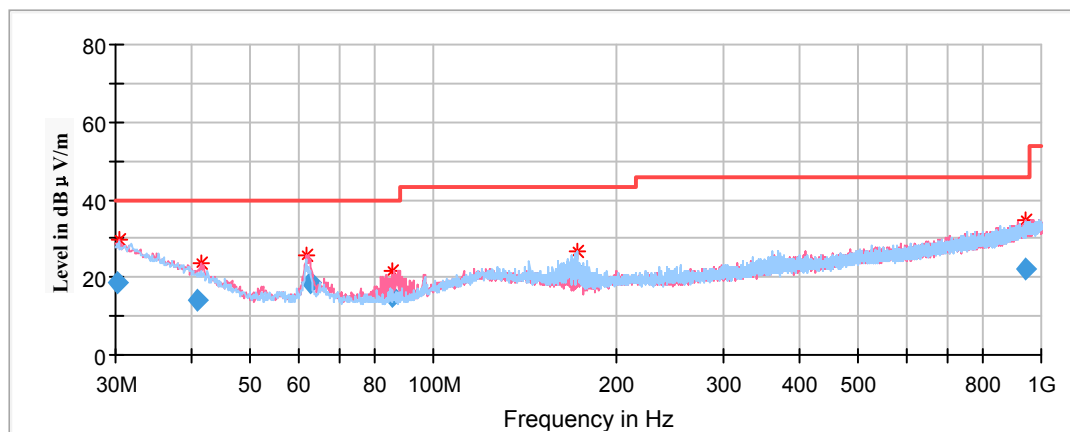
The testing was performed by Kyle Xu from 2019-06-19 to 2019-06-26.

**Test Result:** Compliant.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

**Spurious Emission Test:****30MHz-1GHz**

(Pre-scan with low, middle and high channels of operation in the X,Y and Z axes of orientation, the worst case **low** channel of operation in X-axis of orientation was recorded)



Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude	Rx Antenna		Turntable Degree	Corrected Factor (dB/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Height (cm)	Polar (H/V)				
30.284602	18.84	199.0	V	299.0	-4.1	40.00	21.16
41.397500	13.92	101.0	V	112.0	-11.3	40.00	26.08
61.767500	18.76	199.0	V	152.0	-17.8	40.00	21.24
85.521950	15.18	101.0	V	76.0	-17.6	40.00	24.82
172.115200	21.07	199.0	H	102.0	-13.3	43.50	22.43
943.823900	22.16	101.0	V	225.0	1.1	46.00	23.84

**1GHz-18GHz:**

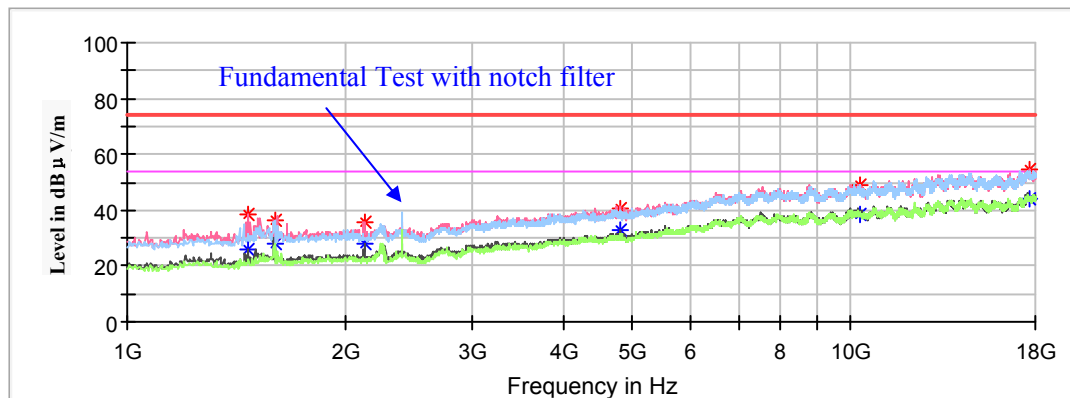
(Pre-scan in the X,Y and Z axes of orientation, the worst case **X-axis of orientation** was recorded)

Note:

1. This test was performed with the 2.4-2.5GHz notch filter.
2. Corrected Factor (dB/m) = Antenna factor (RX) (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB) – Amplifier Factor (dB)  
 Corrected Amplitude (dB $\mu$ V /m) = Corrected Factor (dB/m) + Reading (dB $\mu$ V)  
 Margin (dB) = Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m) – Corrected Amplitude (dB $\mu$ V /m)

**Low Channel: 2402MHz**

Full Spectrum

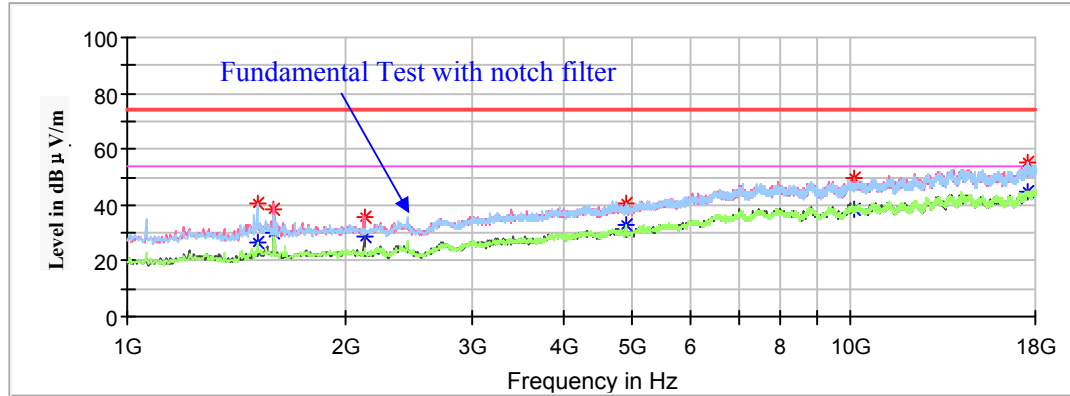


Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude		Rx Antenna		Turntable Degree	Corrected Factor (dB/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
	MaxPeak (dB $\mu$ V /m)	Average (dB $\mu$ V /m)	Height (cm)	Polar (H/V)				
1469.200000	38.13	---	200.0	V	201.0	-10.1	74.00	35.87
1469.200000	---	26.21	200.0	V	201.0	-10.1	54.00	27.79
1598.400000	---	28.19	100.0	H	49.0	-9.6	54.00	25.81
1598.400000	36.28	---	100.0	H	49.0	-9.6	74.00	37.72
2128.800000	35.89	---	250.0	V	163.0	-7.9	74.00	38.11
2128.800000	---	27.84	250.0	V	163.0	-7.9	54.00	26.16
4804.000000	40.61	---	150.0	V	318.0	-0.6	74.00	33.39
4804.000000	---	32.54	150.0	V	318.0	-0.6	54.00	21.46
10326.200000	---	38.61	100.0	H	278.0	8.7	54.00	15.39
10326.200000	49.11	---	100.0	H	278.0	8.7	74.00	24.89
17643.000000	---	44.18	150.0	V	269.0	14.1	54.00	9.82
17643.000000	54.50	---	150.0	V	269.0	14.1	74.00	19.50



**Middle Channel: 2440MHz**

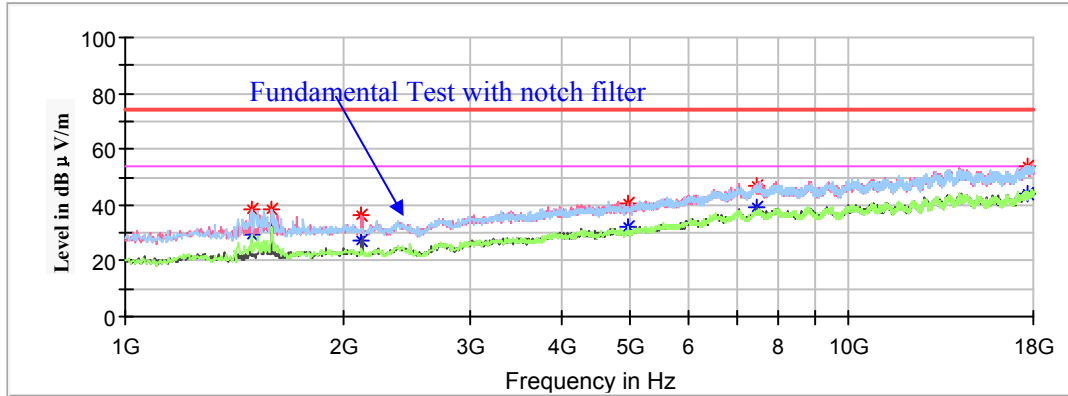
Full Spectrum



Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude		Rx Antenna		Turntable Degree	Corrected Factor (dB/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
	MaxPeak (dB $\mu$ V /m)	Average (dB $\mu$ V /m)	Height (cm)	Polar (H/V)				
1513.400000	---	26.44	250.0	H	46.0	-9.9	54.00	27.56
1513.400000	40.66	---	250.0	H	46.0	-9.9	74.00	33.34
1591.600000	38.61	---	100.0	V	134.0	-9.6	74.00	35.39
1591.600000	---	30.31	100.0	V	134.0	-9.6	54.00	23.69
2128.800000	---	28.80	200.0	V	163.0	-7.9	54.00	25.20
2128.800000	35.86	---	200.0	V	163.0	-7.9	74.00	38.14
4880.000000	---	33.20	150.0	H	9.0	-0.4	54.00	20.80
4880.000000	40.75	---	150.0	H	9.0	-0.4	74.00	33.25
10139.200000	---	38.63	100.0	V	94.0	8.4	54.00	15.37
10139.200000	49.36	---	100.0	V	94.0	8.4	74.00	24.64
17605.600000	---	44.99	150.0	H	276.0	14.1	54.00	9.01
17605.600000	55.13	---	150.0	H	276.0	14.1	74.00	18.87

**High Channel: 2480MHz**

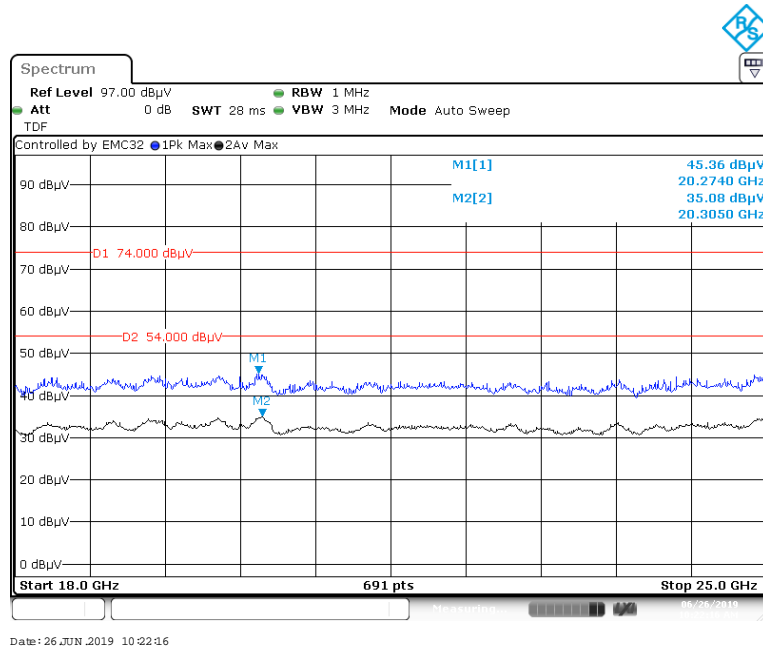
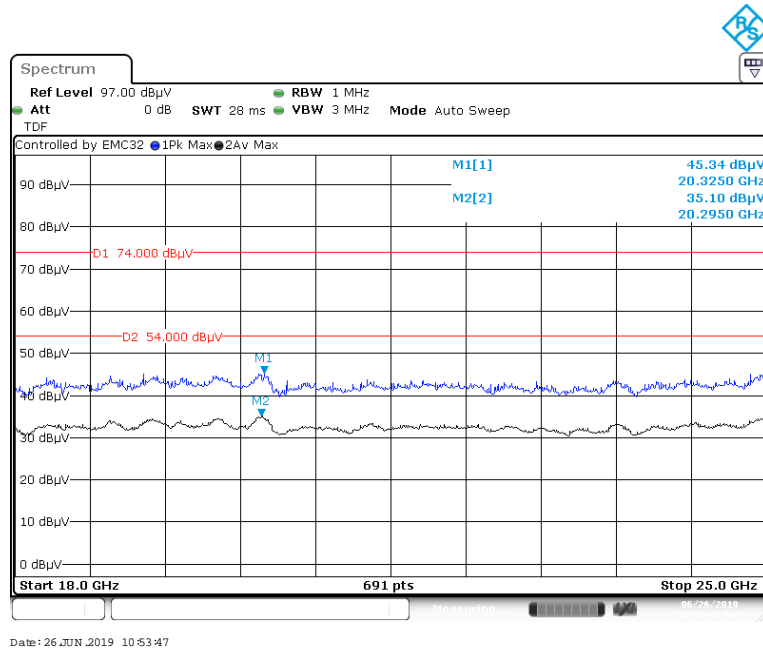
Full Spectrum



Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude		Rx Antenna		Turntable Degree	Corrected Factor (dB/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
	MaxPeak (dBμV /m)	Average (dBμV /m)	Height (cm)	Polar (H/V)				
1493.000000	---	29.16	200.0	H	71.0	-10.0	54.00	24.84
1493.000000	38.22	---	200.0	H	71.0	-10.0	74.00	35.78
1595.000000	---	32.33	150.0	H	52.0	-9.6	54.00	21.67
1595.000000	38.11	---	150.0	H	52.0	-9.6	74.00	35.89
2122.000000	---	27.26	100.0	V	145.0	-7.9	54.00	26.74
2122.000000	36.33	---	100.0	V	145.0	-7.9	74.00	37.67
4960.000000	---	32.25	250.0	V	135.0	-0.3	54.00	21.75
4960.000000	40.51	---	250.0	V	135.0	-0.3	74.00	33.49
7440.000000	---	39.09	100.0	V	332.0	6.0	54.00	14.91
7440.000000	46.77	---	100.0	V	332.0	6.0	74.00	27.23
17626.000000	---	44.13	150.0	H	90.0	14.1	54.00	9.87
17626.000000	54.10	---	150.0	H	90.0	14.1	74.00	19.90

**18GHz-25GHz**

(Pre-scan with low, middle and high channels of operation in the X,Y and Z axes of orientation, the worst case **low** channel of operation in X-axis of orientation was recorded)

**Horizontal****Vertical**

**Fundamental Test & Restricted Bands Emissions Test:**

(Pre-scan in the X,Y and Z axes of orientation, the worst case X-axis of orientation was recorded.)

Note:

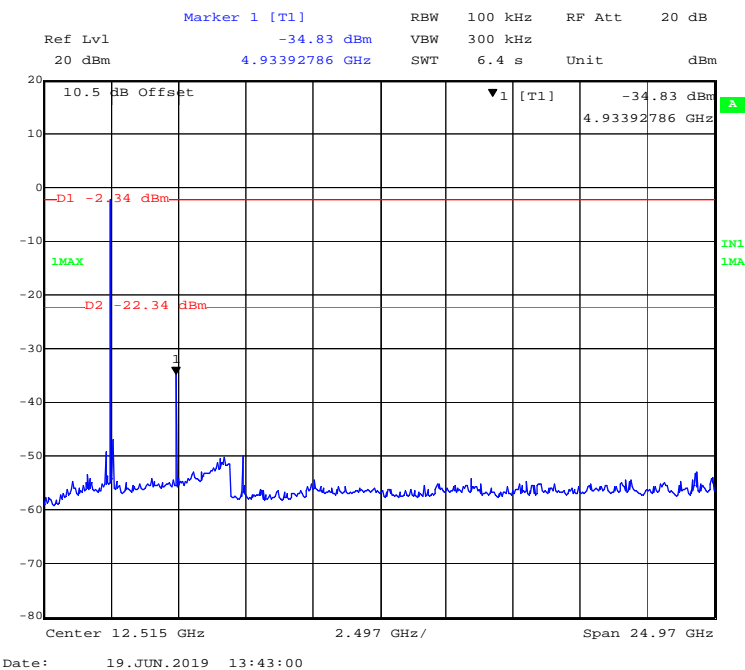
1. The test is performed with a 6dB Attenuator.
2. Corrected Factor (dB/m) = Antenna factor (RX) (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB) – Amplifier Factor (dB)  
 Corrected Amplitude (dBμV /m) = Corrected Factor (dB/m) + Reading (dBμV)  
 Margin (dB) = Limit (dBμV/m) – Corrected Amplitude (dBμV /m)

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude		Rx Antenna		Turntable Degree	Corrected Factor (dB/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
	MaxPeak (dBμV /m)	Average (dBμV /m)	Height (cm)	Polar (H/V)				
Low Channel: 2402MHz								
2389.300000	46.34	---	150.0	H	205.0	2.8	74.00	27.66
2389.300000	---	36.12	150.0	V	205.0	2.8	54.00	17.88
High Channel: 2480MHz								
2483.872000	---	37.66	150.0	H	296.0	3.0	54.00	16.34
2483.872000	56.47	---	150.0	H	296.0	3.0	74.00	17.53

### Low Channel



High Channel



## FCC §15.247(a) (2) – 6 dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH

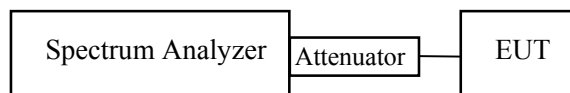
### Applicable Standard

Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

### Test Procedure

According to ANSI C63.10-2013 sub-clause 11.8.1

1. Set RBW = 100 kHz.
2. Set the video bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.
3. Detector = Peak.
4. Trace mode = max hold.
5. Sweep = auto couple.
6. Allow the trace to stabilize.
7. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.



### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	24.2°C
Relative Humidity:	51 %
ATM Pressure:	101.2 kPa

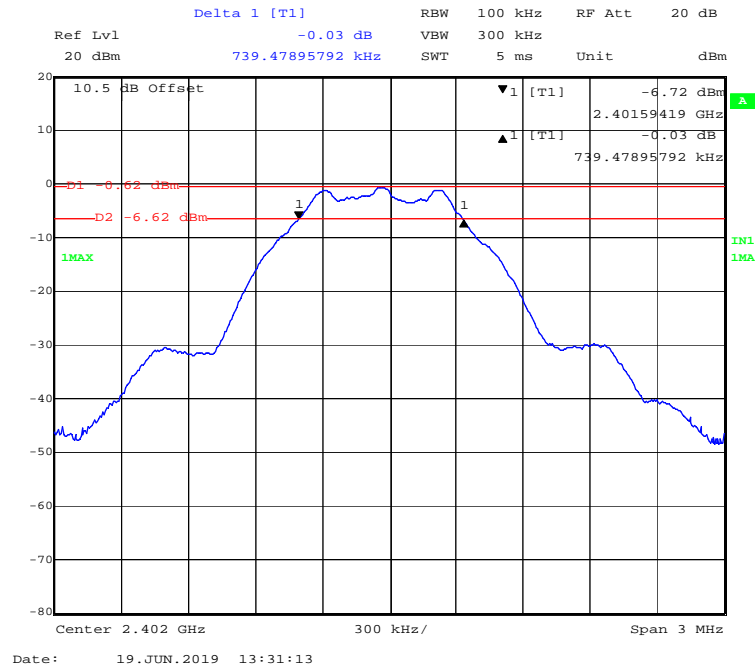
The testing was performed by Kyle Xu on 2019-06-19.

**Test Result:** Compliant.

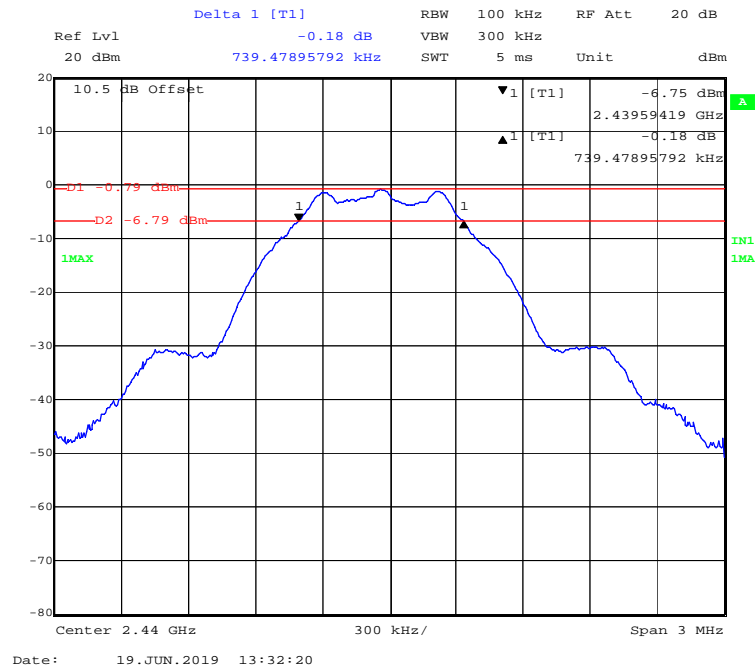
*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Emission Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)
Low	2402	0.739	$\geq 0.5$
Middle	2440	0.739	$\geq 0.5$
High	2480	0.733	$\geq 0.5$

### Low Channel

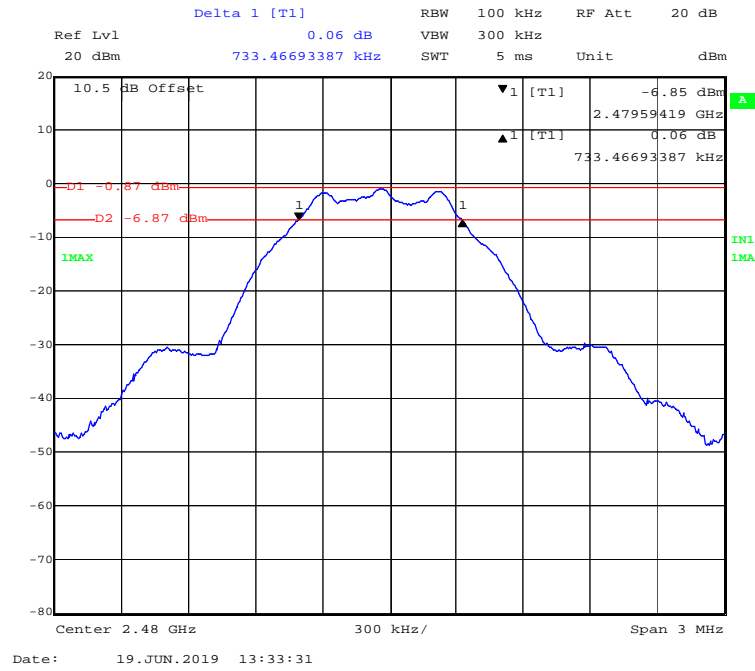


### Middle Channel





# High Channel



## **FCC §15.247(b) (3) - MAXIMUM CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER**

### **Applicable Standard**

According to FCC §15.247(b) (3), for systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

### **Test Procedure**

According to ANSI C63.10-2013 sub-clause 11.9.1.1

1. Set the RBW  $\geq$  DTS bandwidth.
2. Set VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.
3. Set span  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW
4. Sweep time = auto couple.
5. Detector = peak.
6. Trace mode = max hold.
7. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
8. Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.



**Test Data****Environmental Conditions**

<b>Temperature:</b>	24.2°C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	51 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.2 kPa

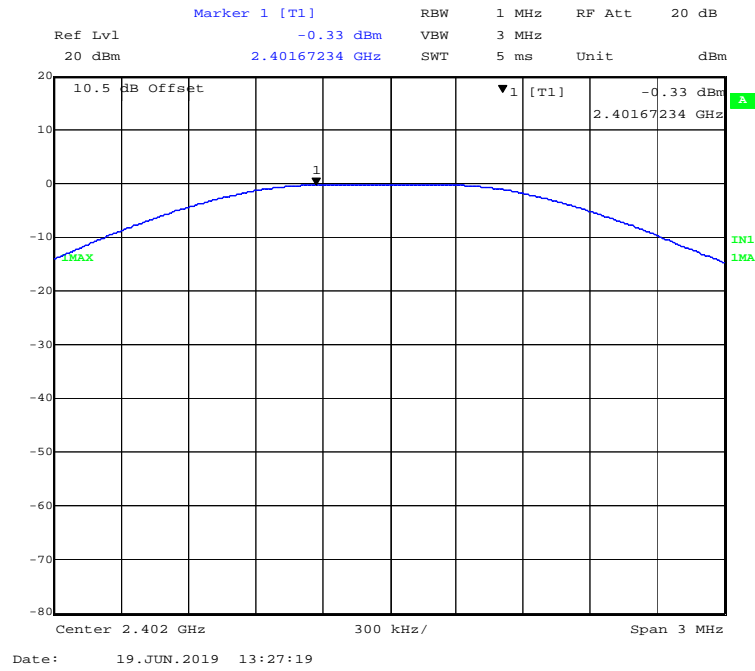
*The testing was performed by Kyle Xu on 2019-06-19.*

**Test Result:** Compliant.

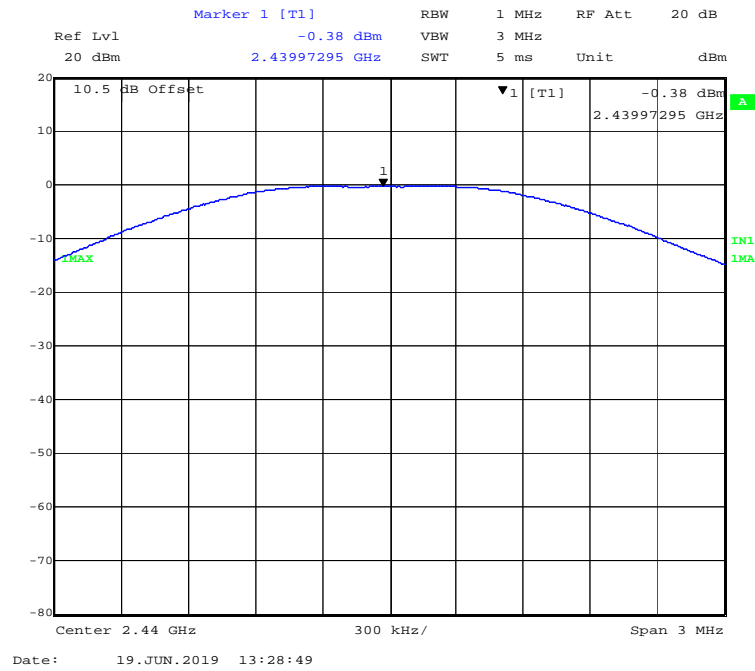
*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

<b>Channel</b>	<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>	<b>Max Conducted Peak Output Power (dBm)</b>	<b>Limit (dBm)</b>	<b>Result</b>
Low	2402	-0.33	30	Pass
Middle	2440	-0.38	30	Pass
High	2480	-0.71	30	Pass

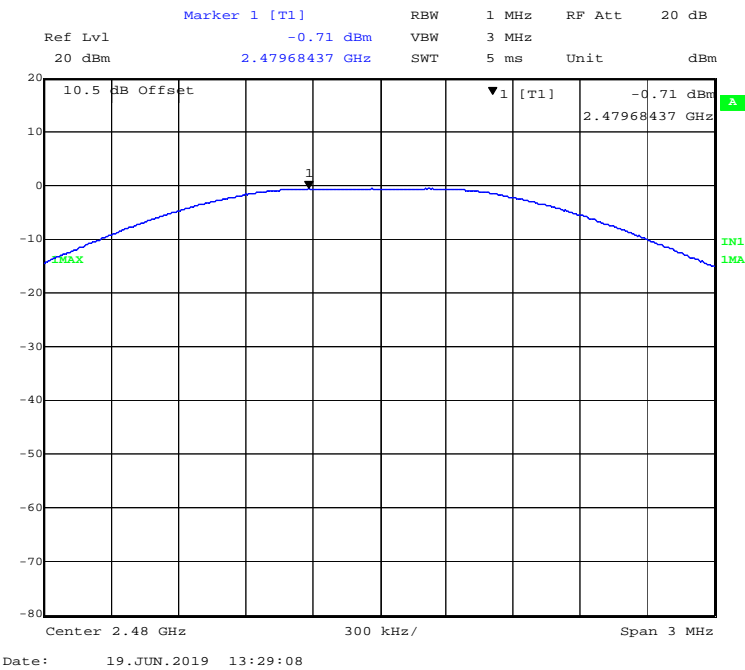
### Low Channel



### Middle Channel



High Channel



## FCC §15.247(d) – BAND EDGE

### Applicable Standard

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

### Test Procedure

According to ANSI C63.10-2013 sub-clause 6.10.

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW to 100 kHz and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 300 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

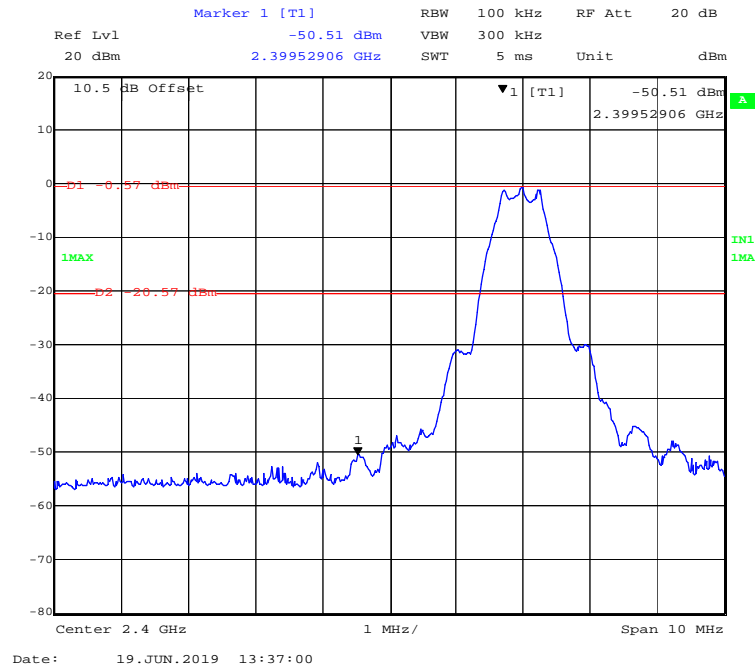
<b>Temperature:</b>	24.2°C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	51 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.2 kPa

*The testing was performed by Kyle Xu on 2019-06-19.*

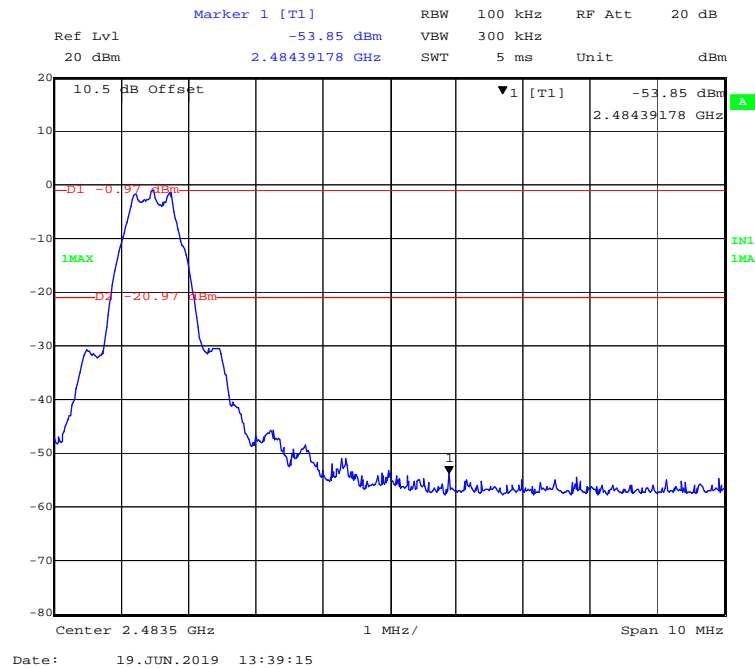
**Test Result:** Compliant.

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

### Left Side



### Right Side



## FCC §15.247(e) - POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

### Applicable Standard

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

### Test Procedure

According to ANSI C63.10-2013 sub-clause 11.10.2

The following procedure shall be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to determine compliance, and it is optional if the maximum conducted (average) output power was used to determine compliance:

1. Set the RBW to:  $3\text{kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100\text{ kHz}$ .
2. Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$ .
3. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
4. Detector = peak.
5. Sweep time = auto couple.
6. Trace mode = max hold.
7. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
8. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
9. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	24.2°C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	51 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.2 kPa

The testing was performed by Kyle Xu on 2019-06-19.

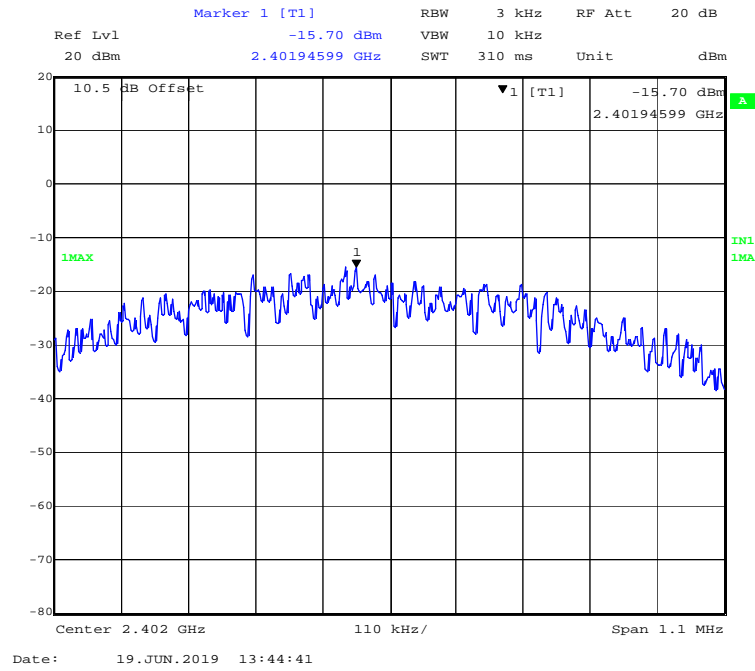
**Test Result:** Compliant.

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

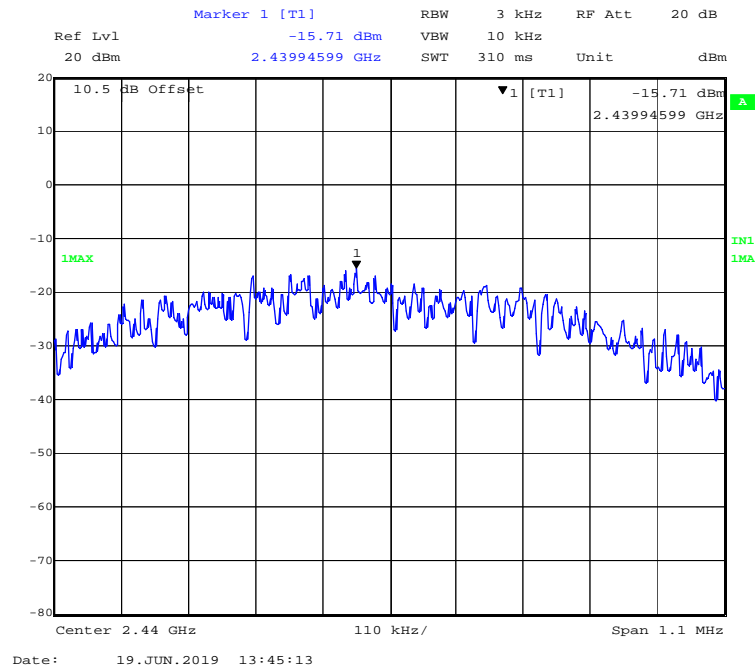
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PSD (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
Low	2402	-15.70	$\leq 8$
Middle	2440	-15.71	$\leq 8$
High	2480	-16.21	$\leq 8$



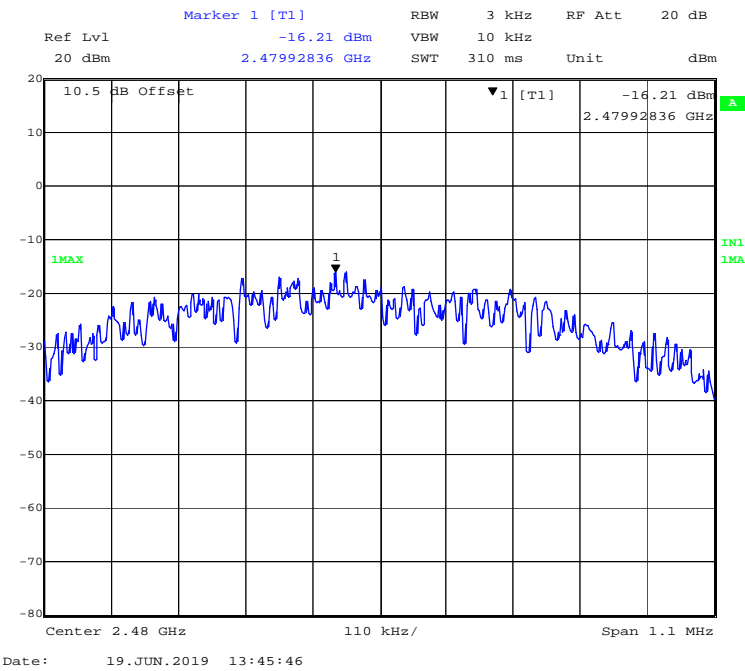
### Low Channel



### Middle Channel



High Channel



\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*