Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) TEST REPORT

<For T-Coil Measurement>

Applicant Name	L51
Address of Applicant	GREAT TALENT TECHNOLOGY LIMITED
Model No.	RM602,T3 Software Park,Hi-Tech Park South,Nanshan, Shenzhen,China
FCC ID	2ALZM-L51
Date of Receive	Mar. 07, 2019
Date of Test(s)	Mar. 29, 2019
Date of Issue	Apr. 11, 2019

Standards:

ANSI C63.19-2011

FCC RULE PART(S): 47 CFR PART 20.19(B)
HAC RATE CATEGORY: T4 (T Category)

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

Remarks:

This report details the results of the testing carried out on one sample, the results contained in this test report do not relate to other samples of the same product. The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report.

The test results of this report relate only to the tested sample (EUT) identified in this re-port.

The test Report of full or partial shall not copy. Without written approval of Compliance Certification Services Inc. (Wugu Laboratory).

Signed on behalf of SGS

Engineer

Stella Chang

Stella.Chang

Date: Apr. 11, 2019

Asst. Manager

Alex Wu

Alex.wu

Date: Apr. 11, 2019

Revision History

Report Number	Revision	Description	Issue Date
T190329W04-01	Rev.00	Initial creation of document	Apr. 11, 2019

Table of Contents

1. Introduction

The purpose of this standard is to establish categories for hearing aids and for WD (wireless communications devices) that can indicate to health care practitioners and hearing aid users which hearing aids are compatible with which WD, and to provide tests that can be used to assess the electromagnetic characteristics of hearing aids and WD and assign them to these categories. The various parameters required, in order to demonstrate compatibility and accessibility are measured. The design of the standard is such that when a hearing aid and WD achieve one of the categories specified, as measured by the methodology of this standard, the indicated performance is realized.
In order to provide for the usability of a hearing aid with a WD, several factors must be coordinated:

a) Radio frequency (RF) measurements of the near-field electric and magnetic fields emitted by a WD to categorize these emissions for correlation with the RF immunity of a hearing aid.
b) Magnetic field measurements of a WD emitted via the audio transducer associated with the T-coil mode of the hearing aid, for assessment of hearing aid performance.
c) Measurements with the hearing aid and a simulation of the categorized WD T-coil emissions to assess the hearing aid RF immunity in the T-coil mode.

The WD radio frequency (RF) and audio band emissions are measured.
Hence, the following are measurements made for the WD:

a) RF E-Field emissions
b) T-coil mode, magnetic signal strength in the audio band
c) T-coil mode, magnetic signal and noise articulation index
d) T-coil mode, magnetic signal frequency response through the audio band

Corresponding to the WD measurements, the hearing aid is measured for:

a) RF immunity in microphone mode
b) RF immunity in T-coil mode

2. Testing Laboratory

Company Name	Compliance Certification Services Inc.
Company address	No.11, Wugong 6th Rd., Wugu Dist., New Taipei City 24891, Taiwan. (R.O.C.)
Website	http://www.ccsrf.com

3. Details of Applicant

Applicant Name	GREAT TALENT TECHNOLOGY LIMITED
Applicant Address	RM602,T3 Software Park,Hi-Tech Park South,Nanshan, Shenzhen,China

4. Description of EUT

Model No.	L51			
FCC ID	2ALZM-L51			
Mode of Operation	☒CDMA 1xRTT ☒CDMA EVDO ☒LTE FDD ☒ LTE TDD ☒WLAN802.11b/g/n/(20M) ☒Bluetooth			
Duty Cycle	CDMA	1		
	LTE FDD	1		
	LTE TDD	0.633		
	WLAN802.11b/g/n(20M)	1		
	Bluetooth	1		
TX Frequency Range (MHz)	CDMA BC 0	824	—	849
	CDMA BC 1	1850	—	1910
	CDMA BC 10	815	—	826
	LTE FDD Band 13	777	—	787
	LTE FDD Band 25	1850	—	1915
	LTE FDD Band 26	814	—	849
	LTE FDD Band 41	2496	—	2690
	WLAN802.11 b/g/n(20M)	2412	—	2462
	Bluetooth	2402	—	2480

Channel Number (ARFCN)	CDMA BC 0	1013	—	777
	CDMA BC 1	25	—	1175
	CDMA BC 10	476	—	684
	LTE FDD Band 13	23205	—	23255
	LTE FDD Band 25	26047	—	26683
	LTE FDD Band 26	26697	—	27033
	LTE TDD Band 41	39675	—	41565
	WLAN802.11 b/g/n(20M)	1	—	11
	Bluetooth	0	—	78

5. Air Interfaces and Bands

Air Interface	Band (MHz)	Type	ANSI C63.19 Tested	Simultaneous Transmitter	Name of Voice Service	Power Reduction
CDMA	BC0	VO	Yes	BT or Wi-Fi	CMRS voice service*	NA
	BC1					
	BC10					
	EVDO	DT	NA		NA	
LTE FDD	13	DT	NA	BT or Wi-Fi	NA	NA
	25					
	26					
LTE TDD	41	DT	NA	BT or Wi-Fi	NA	NA
Wi-Fi	2450	DT	NA	WWAN	NA	NA
BT	2450	DT	NA	WWAN	NA	NA

VO: Legacy Cellular Voice Service from Table 7.1 in 7.4.2.1 of ANSI C63.19-2011
DT: Digital Transport (no voice)
VD: IP Voice Service over Digital Transport

Note
1. *: Ref Lev in accordance with 7.4.2.1 of ANSI C63.19-2011

6. Test Environment

Ambient Temperature	21.7° C
Relative Humidity	<80 %

7. Description of test system

7.1 Measurement System Diagram for SPEAG Robotic

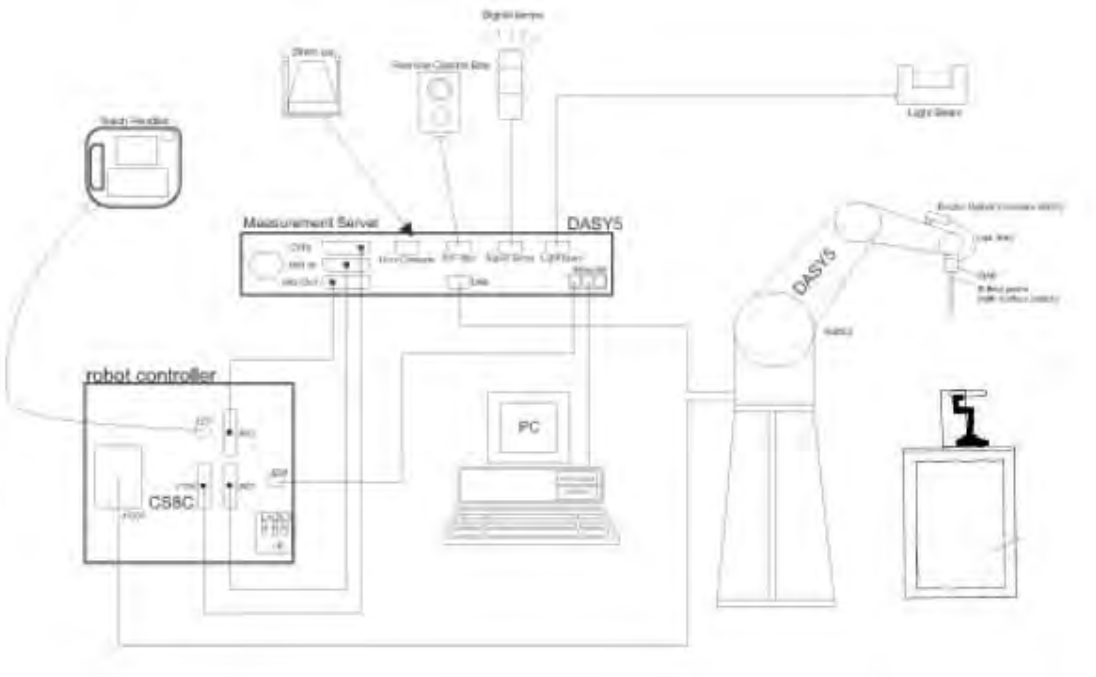


Fig. 1. The SPEAG Robotic Diagram

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stabile RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension is for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An Audio Magnetic probe.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to the DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY5 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The Test Arch SAM phantom
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

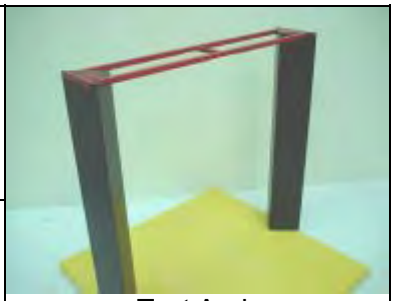
7.2 Audio Magnetic Probe AM1DV3

Description	- Active single sensor probe for both axial and radial measurement scans- Fully RF shielded, compatible with DAE, with adapted probe cup
Dynamic Range	0.1 KHz to 20 KHz
Sensitivity	<-50dB A/m @ 1KHz
Internal Amp	20dB
Dimensions	300X18mm

AM1DV3 Audio Probe

7.3 Test Arch

Description	Enables easy and well defined positioning of the phone and validation dipoles as well as simple teaching of the robot.
Dimensions	length: 370 mm width: 370 mm height: 370 mm



Test Arch

7.4 AMCC- Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil

Description	Allows calibration of the complete measurement setup, The two horizontal coils create a homogeneous magnetic field in the z direction. Refer to Appendix 5 for more detail on AMCC coil

AMCC

7.5 Phone Holder

Description	Supports accurate and reliable positioning of any phone Effect on near field <+/- 0.5 dB	 Phone Holder

7.6 AMMI - Audio Magnetic Measurement Instrument

Description	-USB interface to PC - Probe signal digitization and power supply- Test signal generation for wireless device (via base station simulator)- Auto-calibration and interfaces to AMCC for complete setup-calibration	 AMMI
Data Rate	48 KHz / 24bit	
Dynamic Range	85 dB	
Dimensions:	19” X 65 X 270mm	

8. Measurement Procedure

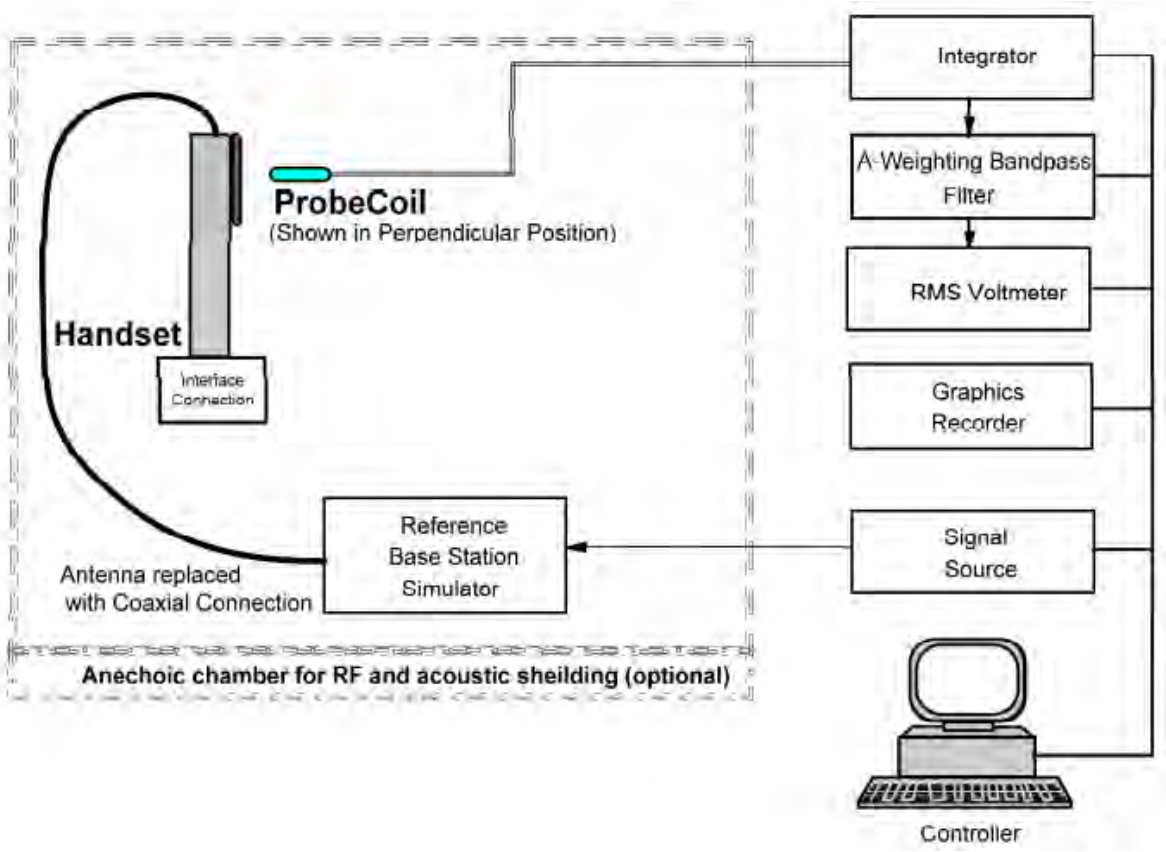


Fig. 2. T-coil signal measurement test setup

The sequence of the measurement is T-Coil testing procedure over a wireless communication device:

1. Confirm Geometry & signal check. Probe phantom alignment and check of accuracy.
2. Background noise measurement in the area of the WD.
3. Perform 50x50mm area scan with narrow band signal to determine ABM1, ABM2 and SNR for axial and radial orientation positions.

4. For Axial position, perform optimal SNR point measurement with a broadband signal – determine Frequency Response
5. Speech input level is -18dBm0.

Note.

#. The EUT do not use the special HAC SW.

#. Setting the maximum volume for EUT during the measurement.

#. For the measurement, it don't use the "post-test measurement processing of results".

#. Per KDB 285076 D01v05, handsets that that have the ability to support concurrent connections using simultaneous transmissions shall be independently tested for each air interface/band given in ANSI C63.19-2011. At the present time ANSI C63.19 does not provide simultaneous transmission test procedures.

9. System calibration

For correct and calibrated measurement of the voltages and ABM field, DASY will perform a calibration job as below.

In phase 1, the audio output is switched off, and a 200 mVpp symmetric rectangular signal of 1 kHz is generated and internally connected directly to both channels of the sampling unit (Coil in, Probe in).

In phase 2, the audio output is off, and a 20 mVpp symmetric 100 Hz signal is internally connected. The signals during phases 1 and 2 are available at the output on the rear panel of the AMMI. However, the output must not be loaded, in order to avoid influencing the calibration. An RMS voltmeter would indicate 100 mVRMS during the first phase and 10 mVRMS during the second phase. After the first two phases, the two input channels are both calibrated for absolute measurements of voltages. The resulting factors are displayed above the multi-meter window.

After phases 1 and 2, the input channels are calibrated to measure exact voltages. This is required to use the inputs for measuring voltages with their peak and RMS value.

In phase 3, a multi-sine signal covering each third-octave band from 50 Hz to 10 kHz is generated and applied to both audio outputs. The probe should be positioned in the center of the AMCC and aligned in the z-direction, the field orientation of the AMCC. The “Coil In” channel is measuring the voltage over the AMCC internal shunt, which is proportional to the magnetic field in the AMCC. At the same time, the “Probe In" channel samples the amplified

signal picked up by the probe coil and provides it to a numerical integrator. The ratio of the two voltages in each third-octave filter leads to the spectral representation over the frequency band of interest. The Coil signal is scaled in dBV, and the Probe signal is first integrated and normalized to show dB A/m. The ratio probe-to-coil at the frequency of 1 kHz is the sensitivity which will be used in the consecutive T-Coil jobs.

10. T-coil testing for CDMA

RC1/SO68 was used for the testing as the worst-case configuration

Codec Investigation - CDMA						
Codec Setting:	**RC1/SO68**	**RC3/SO68**	**RC4/SO68**	**Orientation**	**Band**	**Channel**
ABM1 (dBA/m)	-2.14	-1.91	-1.97	Axial	BC0	777
ABM2 (dBA/m)	-41.11	-41.39	-41.2			
Frequency Response	Pass	Pass	Pass			
Signal Quality (dB)	**38.97**	39.48	39.23			

11. Justification of held to ear modes tested

a. The device doesn’t support VoLTE/VoWLAN, so T-coil test for VoLTE/VoWLAN is not required.

b. There is no OTT voice service pre-installed (installed and delivered) by the manufacturer.

c. There is no OTT voice service pre-installed (installed and delivered) by the manufacturer for the operating system manufacturer’s software partner.

d. There is no OTT voice service installed and delivered by the manufacturer at the direction of the service provider.

12. Test Standards and Limits

The measurements were performed to ensure compliance to the ANSI C63.19-2011 standard.

The limit values please follow in Table 2

Category	Telephone parameters WD signal quality
T1	0 dB to 10 dB
T2	10 dB to 20 dB
T3	20 dB to 30 dB
T4	> 30 dB

Table 2. Signal Quality Range

Signal strength

□ Axial field intensity

The axial component of the magnetic field, directed along the measurement axis and located at the measurement plane, shall be ≥ -18 dB (A/m) at 1 kHz, in 1/3 octave band filter.

□ Radial(Y) field intensity

The radial component of the magnetic field, as measured at the radial, measurement points shall be ≥ -18 dB (A/m) at 1 kHz, in 1/3 octave band filter.

13. Instruments List

Manufacturer	Device	Type	Serial Number	Date of Last Calibration	Date of Next Calibration
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Data acquisition Electronics	DAE4	914	Dec.11,2018	Dec.10,2019
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Software	DASY52 52.10.1	N/A	Calibration not required	Calibration not required
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV3	3115	Aug.16.2018	Aug.15.2019
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	AMMI	010 AB	1028	Calibration not required	Calibration not required
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	AMCC SD HAC	P01 BA	1026	N/A	N/A
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Test Arch SD HAC	P01	1047	N/A	N/A
R&S	Radio Communication Tester	CMW 500	143913	Apr.29.2018	Apr.28.2019

14. Summary of Results

Air interface investigation for CDMA									
Mode	Orientation	Channel	ABM1 [dB(A/m)]	ABM2 [dB(A/m)]	Ambient Noise [dB(A/m)]	Frequency Response Variation(dB)	Signal Quality (dB)	C63.19-2011 Rating	Plot page
CDMA BC0	Axial	384	-1.77	-38.09	-59.64	1.13	36.32	T4	-
		777	-2.14	-38.11		0.63	**35.97**	T4	21
		1013	-1.93	-39.15		1.06	37.22	T4	-
	Radial	384	-11.88	-44.25	-59.11	N/A	32.37	T4	-
		777	-13.66	-45.87			**32.21**	T4	22
		1013	-12.51	-45.89			33.38	T4	-
CDMA BC1	Axial	25	0.52	-37.85	-59.64	1.89	**38.37**	T4	25
		600	0.63	-38.59		2.03	39.22	T4	-
		1175	0.96	-38.59		1.92	39.55	T4	-
	Radial	25	-11.57	-45.46	-59.11	N/A	**33.89**	T4	26
		600	-10.09	-44.86			34.77	T4	-
		1175	-11.03	-45.89			34.86	T4	-
CDMA BC10	Axial	476	0.28	-40.42	-59.64	2.11	40.70	T4	-
		560	0.19	-40.77		2.07	40.96	T4	-
		684	-0.10	-39.60		2	**39.50**	T4	28
	Radial	476	-9.14	-44.89	-59.11	N/A	35.75	T4	-
		560	-8.84	-45.75			36.91	T4	-
		684	-10.46	-45.85			**35.39**	T4	29

15. Measurement Data

Date: 2019/3/29

HAC-T-Coil-CDMA Cellular (BC0) CH 777

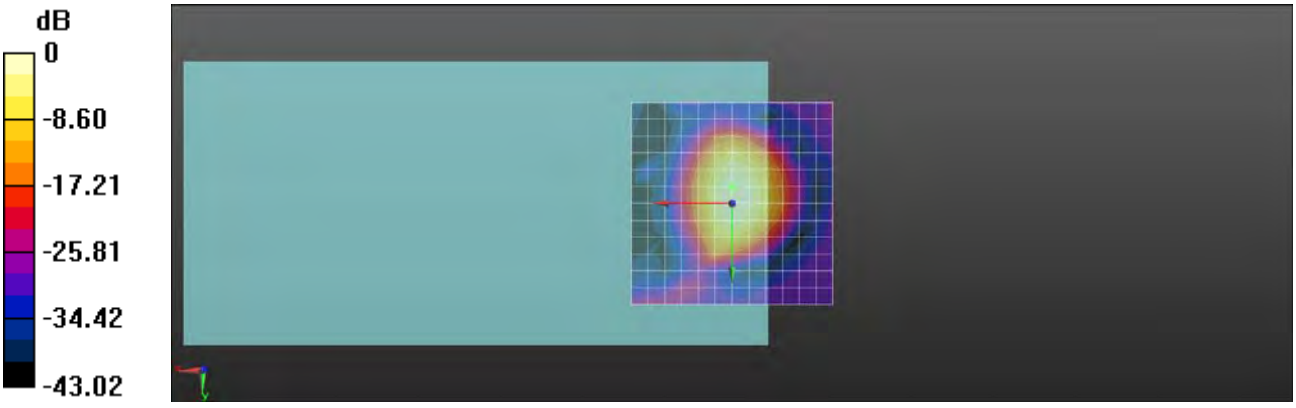
Communication System: CDMA 2000; Frequency: 848.31 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Phantom section: TCoil Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3115; ; Calibrated: 2018/8/16
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn914; Calibrated: 2018/12/11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 35.97 dB
ABM1 comp = -2.14 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 0, -4.2, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 62.87 = 35.97 dB

Date: 2019/3/29

HAC-T-Coil-CDMA Cellular (BC0) CH 777

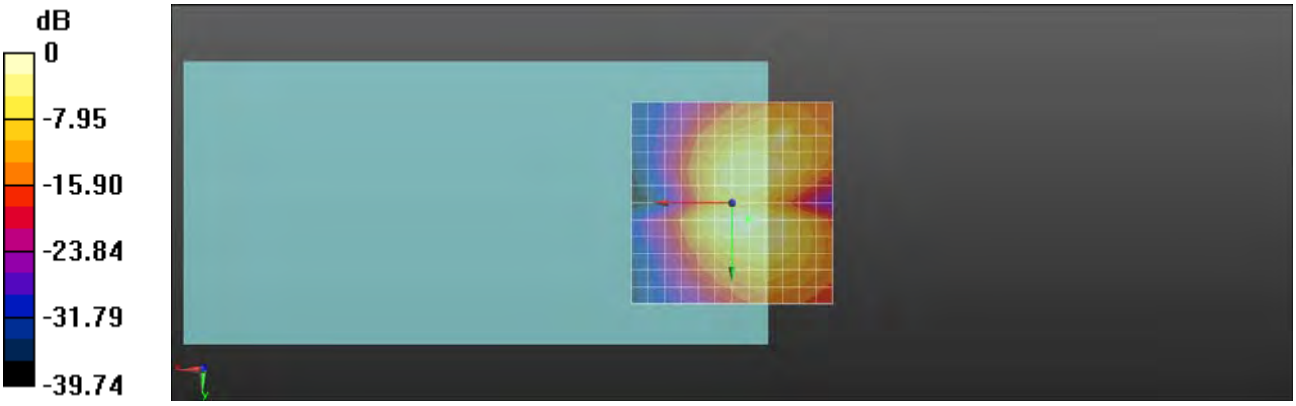
Communication System: CDMA 2000; Frequency: 848.31 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m^3
Phantom section: TCoil Section

DASY5 Configuration:

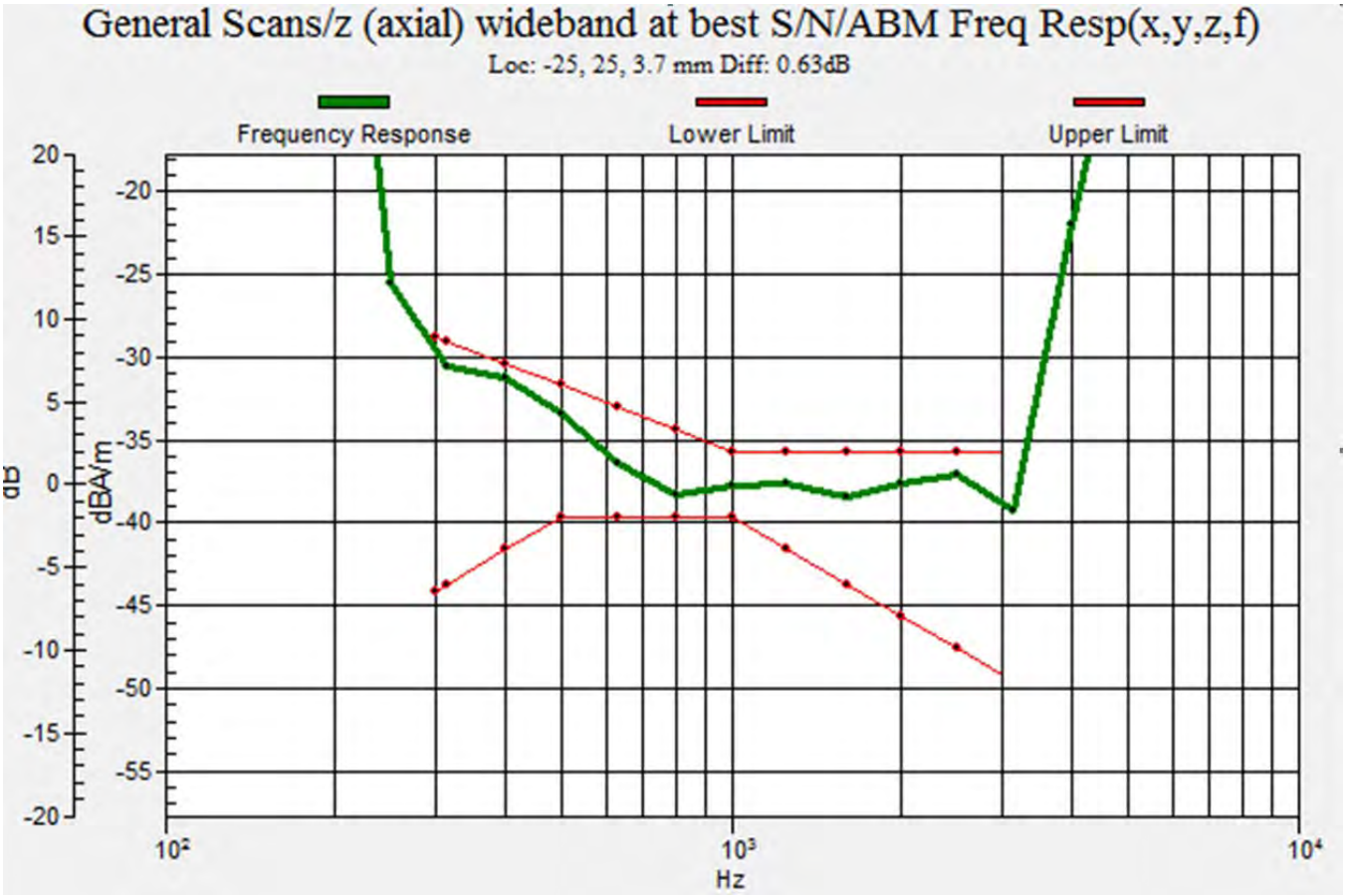
- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3115; ; Calibrated: 2018/8/16
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn914; Calibrated: 2018/12/11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

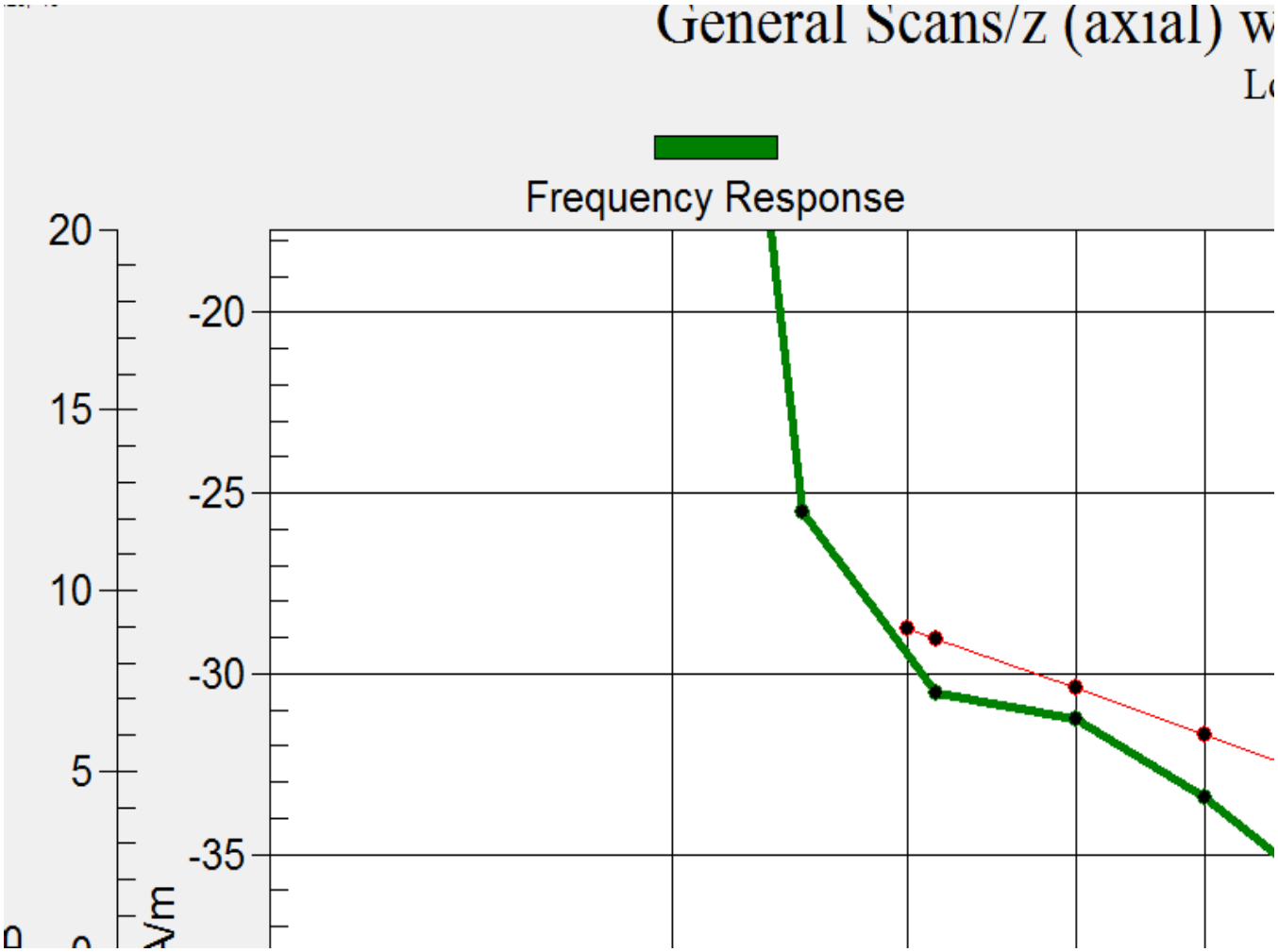
General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 32.21 dB
ABM1 comp = -13.66 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -4.2, 4.2, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 40.78 = 32.21 dB





Date: 2019/3/29

HAC-T-Coil-CDMA Cellular (BC1) CH 25

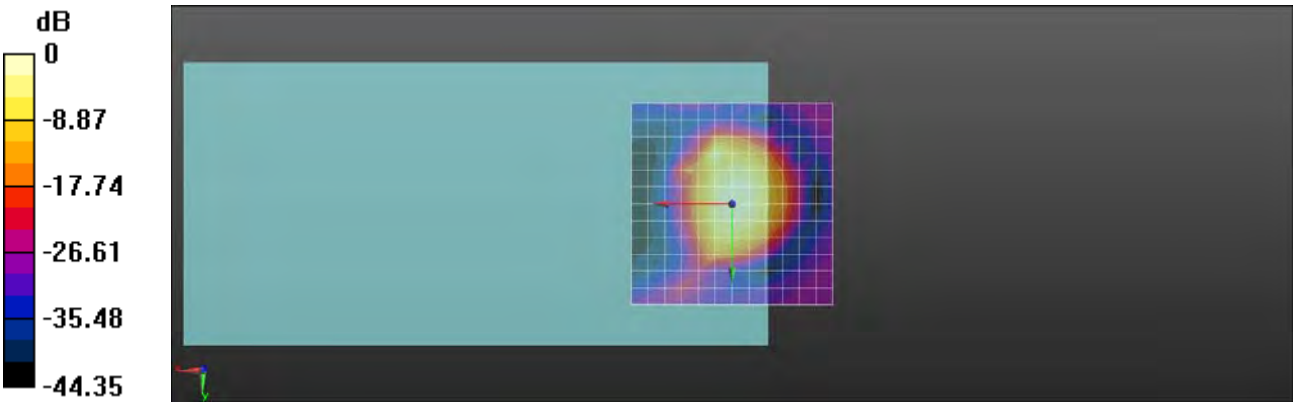
Communication System: CDMA 2000; Frequency: 1711.25 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m^3
Phantom section: TCoil Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3115; ; Calibrated: 2018/8/16
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn914; Calibrated: 2018/12/11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 38.37 dB
ABM1 comp = 0.52 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 0, 0, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 82.89 = 38.37 dB

Date: 2019/3/29

HAC-T-Coil-CDMA Cellular (BC1) CH 25

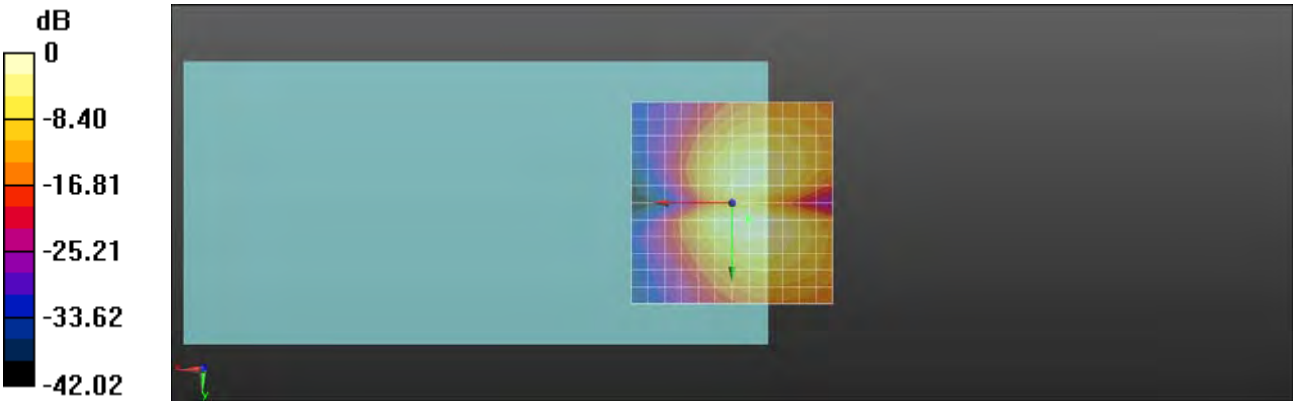
Communication System: CDMA 2000; Frequency: 1711.25 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m^3
Phantom section: TCoil Section

DASY5 Configuration:

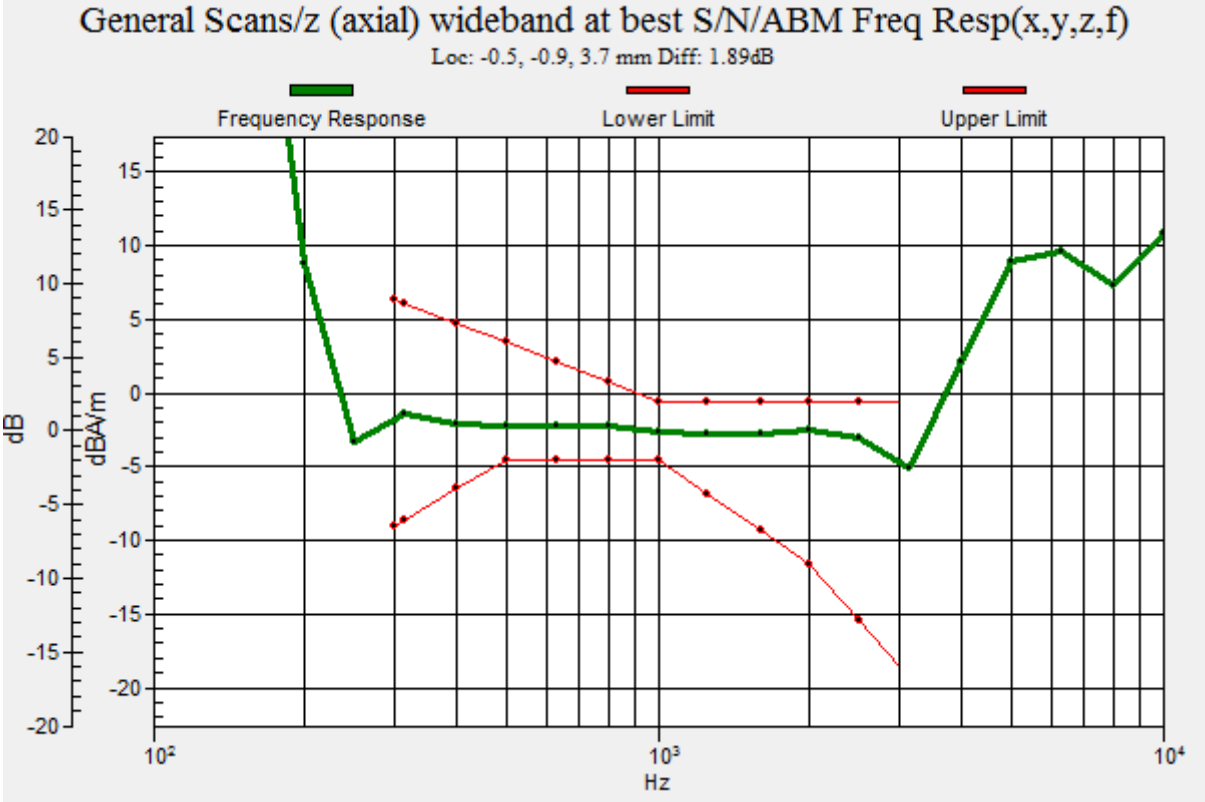
- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3115; ; Calibrated: 2018/8/16
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn914; Calibrated: 2018/12/11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 33.89 dB
ABM1 comp = -11.57 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -4.2, 4.2, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 49.46 = 33.89 dB



Date: 2019/3/29

HAC-T-Coil-CDMA Cellular (BC10) CH 684

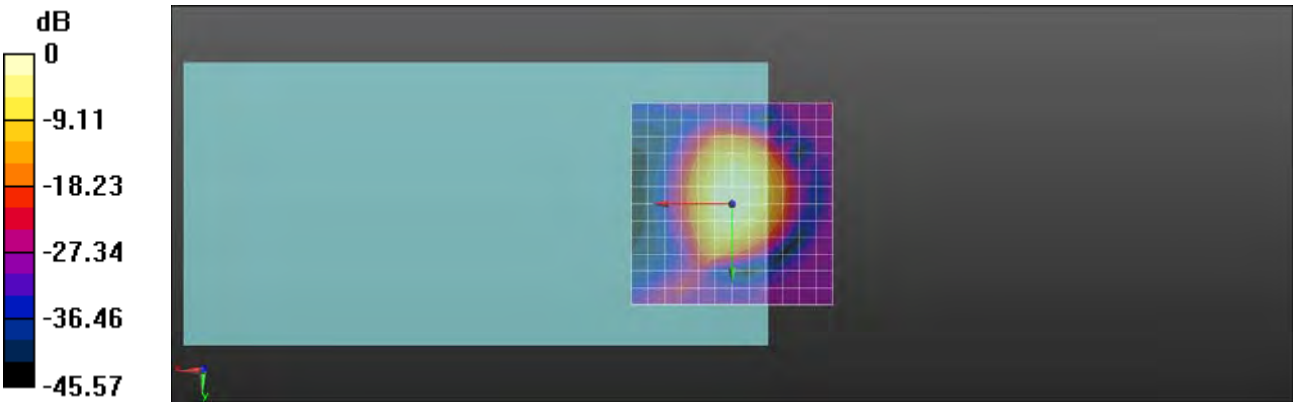
Communication System: CDMA 2000; Frequency: 823.1 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m^3
Phantom section: TCoil Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3115; ; Calibrated: 2018/8/16
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn914; Calibrated: 2018/12/11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 39.50 dB
ABM1 comp = -0.10 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 0, 0, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 94.40 = 39.50 dB

Date: 2019/3/29

HAC-T-Coil-CDMA Cellular (BC10) CH 684

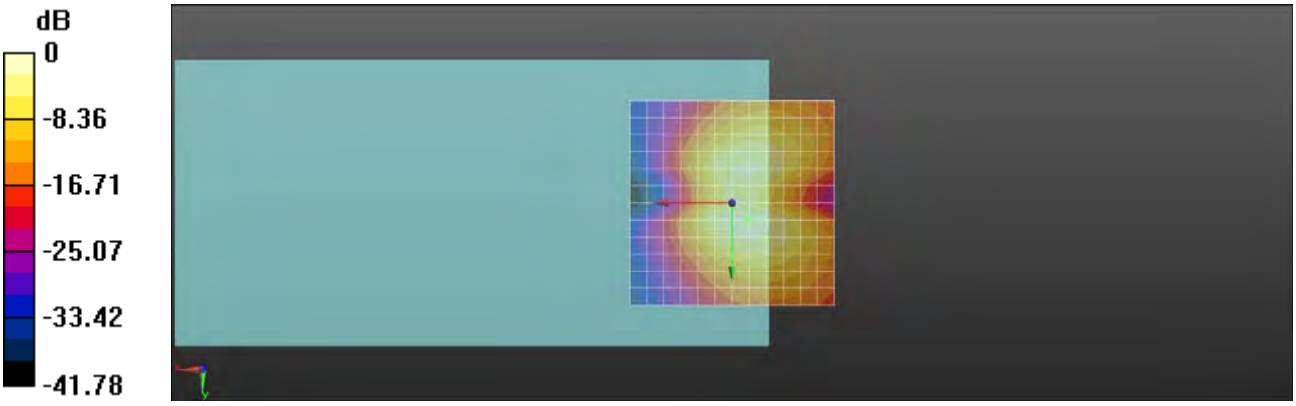
Communication System: CDMA 2000; Frequency: 823.1 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m^3
Phantom section: TCoil Section

DASY5 Configuration:

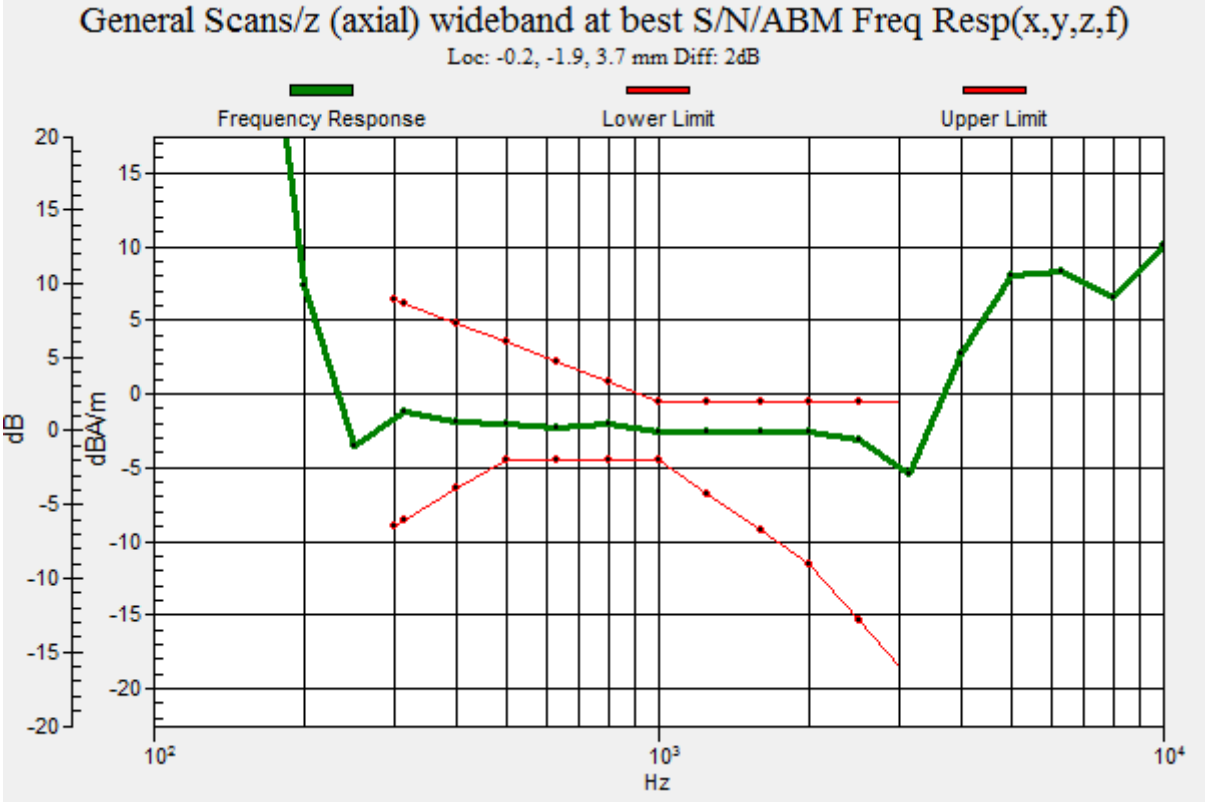
- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3115; ; Calibrated: 2018/8/16
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn914; Calibrated: 2018/12/11
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
ABM1/ABM2 = 35.39 dB
ABM1 comp = -10.46 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -4.2, 4.2, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 58.81 = 35.39 dB



16. DAE & Probe Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client Auden

Certificate No: DAE4-914_Dec18

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BK - SN: 914

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v29
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: December 11, 2018

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	03-Sep-18 (No:23488)	Sep-19
Secondary Standards	**ID #**	**Check Date (in house)**	**Scheduled Check**
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	04-Jan-18 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-19
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	04-Jan-18 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-19

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Eric Hainfeld	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Sven Kühn	Deputy Manager	

Issued: December 11, 2018

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Certificate No: DAE4-914_Dec18 Page 1 of 5

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S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Glossary

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty
  - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - *Input Offset Measurement*: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information: Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range:	1LSB =	6.1μV ,	full range =	-100...+300 mV
Low Range:	1LSB =	61nV ,	full range =	-1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	405.118 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.309 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.887 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.99249 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.98909 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.99066 ± 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	64.0 ° ± 1 °

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	199998.58	2.11	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	19998.57	-2.75	-0.01
Channel X	- Input	-20000.73	1.25	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	199998.17	2.01	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	19997.28	-3.97	-0.02
Channel Y	- Input	-20001.99	-0.10	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	199997.18	0.68	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	19998.61	-2.66	-0.01
Channel Z	- Input	-20002.03	-0.10	0.00

Low Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2001.17	0.30	0.02
Channel X	+ Input	200.57	-0.58	-0.29
Channel X	- Input	-199.13	-0.34	0.17
Channel Y	+ Input	2000.87	-0.05	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	200.49	-0.62	-0.31
Channel Y	- Input	-199.14	-0.42	0.21
Channel Z	+ Input	2000.66	-0.18	-0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	200.17	-0.94	-0.47
Channel Z	- Input	-200.12	-1.35	0.68

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	-12.83	-14.43
	- 200	15.19	13.34
Channel Y	200	-5.26	-5.22
	- 200	4.18	4.10
Channel Z	200	5.91	5.36
	- 200	-7.27	-7.63

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	3.18	-4.63
Channel Y	200	7.77	-	2.34
Channel Z	200	9.02	5.71	-

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16113	12727
Channel Y	16145	15429
Channel Z	16017	14873

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec
Input 10MΩ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	0.17	-0.89	1.03	0.39
Channel Y	1.31	-0.62	2.92	0.71
Channel Z	0.01	-1.10	1.53	0.60

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

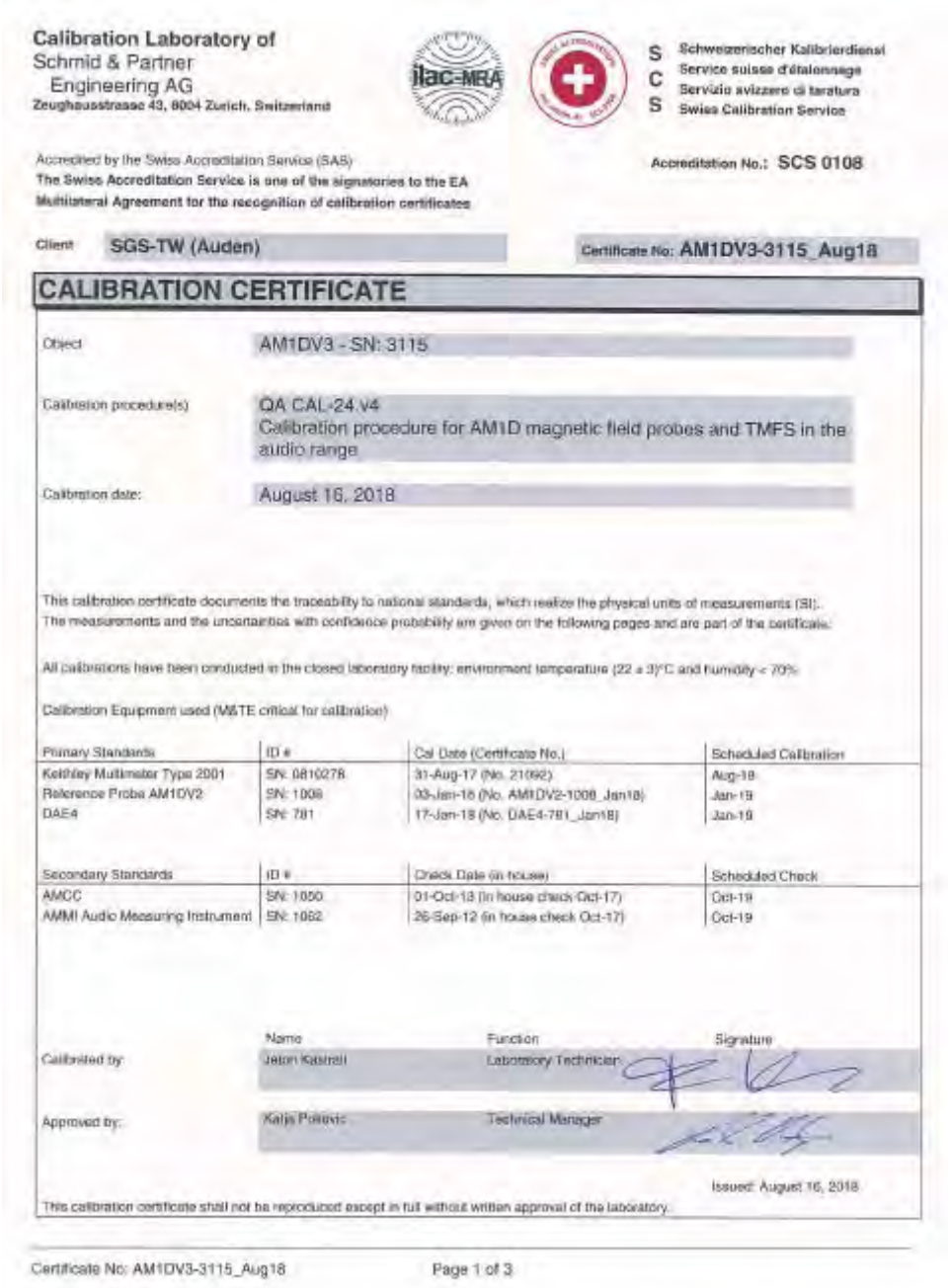
	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9



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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client SGS-TW (Auden)

Certificate No: AM1DV3-3115_Aug18

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object AM1DV3 - SN: 3115

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-24.v4
Calibration procedure for AM1D magnetic field probes and TMFS in the audio range

Calibration date: August 16, 2018

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	31-Aug-17 (No. 21092)	Aug-18
Reference Probe AM1DV2	SN: 1008	03-Jan-18 (No. AM1DV2-1008_Jan18)	Jan-19
DAE4	SN: 781	17-Jan-18 (No. DAE4-781_Jan18)	Jan-19

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
AMCC	SN: 1050	01-Oct-13 (in house check Oct-17)	Oct-19
AMMI Audio Measuring Instrument	SN: 1062	26-Sep-12 (in house check Oct-17)	Oct-19

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: August 16, 2018

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Certificate No: AM1DV3-3115_Aug18 Page 1 of 3

[References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2007
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.
[2] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.
[3] DASY5 manual, Chapter: Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) T-Coil Extension

Description of the AM1D probe

The AM1D Audio Magnetic Field Probe is a fully shielded magnetic field probe for the frequency range from 100 Hz to 20 kHz. The pickup coil is compliant with the dimensional requirements of [1+2]. The probe includes a symmetric low noise amplifier for the signal available at the shielded 3 pin connector at the side. Power is supplied via the same connector (phantom power supply) and monitored via the LED near the connector. The 7 pin connector at the end of the probe does not carry any signals, but determines the angle of the sensor when mounted on the DAE. The probe supports mechanical detection of the surface.
The single sensor in the probe is arranged in a tilt angle allowing measurement of 3 orthogonal field components when rotating the probe by 120° around its axis. It is aligned with the perpendicular component of the field, if the probe axis is tilted nominally 35.3° above the measurement plane, using the connector rotation and sensor angle stated below.
The probe is fully RF shielded when operated with the matching signal cable (shielded) and allows measurement of audio magnetic fields in the close vicinity of RF emitting wireless devices according to [1+2] without additional shielding.

Handling of the item

The probe is manufactured from stainless steel. In order to maintain the performance and calibration of the probe, it must not be opened. The probe is designed for operation in air and shall not be exposed to humidity or liquids. For proper operation of the surface detection and emergency stop functions in a DASY system, the probe must be operated with the special probe cup provided (larger diameter).

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *Coordinate System:* The AM1D probe is mounted in the DASY system for operation with a HAC Test Arch phantom with AMCC Helmholtz calibration coil according to [3], with the tip pointing to "southwest" orientation.
- *Functional Test:* The functional test preceding calibration includes test of
  Noise level
  RF immunity (1kHz AM modulated signal). The shield of the probe cable must be well connected.
  Frequency response verification from 100 Hz to 10 kHz.
- *Connector Rotation:* The connector at the end of the probe does not carry any signals and is used for fixation to the DAE only. The probe is operated in the center of the AMCC Helmholtz coil using a 1 kHz magnetic field signal. Its angle is determined from the two minima at nominally +120° and –120° rotation, so the sensor in the tip of the probe is aligned to the vertical plane in z-direction, corresponding to the field maximum in the AMCC Helmholtz calibration coil.
- *Sensor Angle:* The sensor tilting in the vertical plane from the ideal vertical direction is determined from the two minima at nominally +120° and –120°. DASY system uses this angle to align the sensor for radial measurements to the x and y axis in the horizontal plane.

Sensitivity: With the probe sensor aligned to the z-field in the AMCC, the output of the probe is compared to the magnetic field in the AMCC at 1 kHz. The field in the AMCC Helmholtz coil is given by the geometry and the current through the coil, which is monitored on the precision shunt resistor of the coil.

AM1D probe identification and configuration data

Item	**AM1DV3** Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe
Type No	SP AM1 001 BB
Serial No	**3115**

Overall length	296 mm
Tip diameter	6.0 mm (at the tip)
Sensor offset	3.0 mm (centre of sensor from tip)
Internal Amplifier	20 dB

Manufacturer / Origin	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG, Zurich, Switzerland

Calibration data

Connector rotation angle	(in DASY system)	**258.1°**	+/- 3.6 ° (k=2)
Sensor angle	(in DASY system)	**0.06 °**	+/- 0.5 ° (k=2)
Sensitivity at 1 kHz	(in DASY system)	**0.00791 V / (A/m)**	+/- 2.2 % (k=2)

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: AM1DV3-3115_Aug18 Page 3 of 3

17. Uncertainty Budget

Uncertainty of Audio Band Magnetic Measurements							
Error Description	Unc. Value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(c_i) ABM1	(c_i) ABM2	Std. Unc. ABM1	Std. Unc. ABM2
Probe Sensitivity							
Reference Level	±3.0%	N	1	1	1	±3.0%	±3.0%
AMCC Geometry	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%
AMCC Current	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%
Probe Positioning during Calibr.	±0.1%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.1,%	±0.1%
Noise Contribution	±0.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.0143	1	±0.0%	±0.4%
Frequency Slope	±5.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.1	1.0	±0.3%	±3.5%
Probe System							
Repeatability / Drift	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%
Linearity / Dynamic Range	±0.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.4%	±0.4%
Acoustic Noise	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.1	1	±0.1%	±0.6%
Probe Angle	±2.3%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%
Spectral Processing	±0.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%
Integration Time	±0.6%	N	1	1	5	±0.6%	±3.0%
Field Disturbation	±0.2%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.1%	±0.1%
Test Signal							
Ref. Signal Spectral Response	±0.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	1	±0.0%	±0.4%
Positioning							
Probe Positioning	±1.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.1%	±1.1%
Phantom Thickness	±0.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%
DUT Positioning	±1.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.1%	±1.1%
External Contributions							
RF Interference	±0.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.3	±0.0%	±0.0%
Test Signal Variation	±2.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%
Combined Uncertainty							
Combined Std. Uncertainty (ABM Field)						±4.1%	±6.1%
Expanded Std. Uncertainty						**±8.1%**	**±12.3%**

End of report